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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
GENERAL STATISTICS BRANCH

MONTHLY REVIEW
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CANADIAN BUSINESS STATISTICS
JUNE 1926

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The collection and intermetation of statistics relating to the current trend production and of general economic conditions, heve in recent years been greatly ended. Statistics of current business, pith forecasts based thereon, are nor ing oublished by mumerous private agencies throughout the morld. Vorious governonts are also issuine periodical reviews of general statistics which give spedial Itention to the problem of business trends.

In recent years, Canada has taken its place among the leading trading and adustrial countrici, thus necessitatine a broad outlook on the part of those esponsible for directing business policy. As the central statistical office of the ountry, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has met this requirement as follows:
(1) Through its various branches it has collected a large amount of current information which throms light upon specific current phenomena. These data are issued separately to the public immediately they become available.
(2) In order to give a general conspectus of the situation and to view current develoments in their relation to each other, a general sumnary of the more important Canadian statistics is given in the present publication.

In a country as large as Canada, the collection of certain information is pecessarily slow, ut it is generally possible to issue a reviem like the present rithin the month folloming the end of the period to which most of the data relate.

The statistics herein set forth are limited to those which throw light directly on the general economic trend. These are brought together in three main groups as follows:

Group 1. Statistics of general business factors, including those which nost clearly indicate prevailing conditions, namely, (a) wholesale prices, which represent the visible resultant of the contending forces of "supoly" and "demand"; (b) employment, or the current activity of what may be called the"industrial army" of Canada; and (c)'miscellaneous factors, such as production ir reoresentative fields, construction operations, trade movements, also bank debits and business failures.

Group 2, Statistics of the most significant barleing and currency factors including the amount of demand deposits, the amount of notice deposits as compared rith that of current loans, and the note issue in the hands of the general public as compared with the gold and subsidiary coin available for its redemption.

Group 3. Statistics relating to investment and speculative factors, including the prices of stocks and bonds, compiled in about 22 groups, the number of shares traded and call loans.

The above presentation is suggested by investigation as to the order in Thich trends of related phenomena in the business world succeed each other, it having been observed that a pronounced trend under Group 3 is frषquently follomed by a similar trend under Group 1, and that in tum by a similar trend under Group 2. The Bureau of Statistics makes no attempt at the interpretation of these figures, its object being solely to place the materials required for interpretation readily at the disposal of the prolic.

In making such interpretations, the effect of crances due entirely to seasonal conditions mist be duly considered. In certain of the charts, ccordingly, the offect of seasonal chances has been eliminated by aonroved formulae. There are also added certain basic figures over a period of years, the murnose of phich is to enable the reader to measure the so-called"secular trend" of the country's orogress, i.e., the broad development that is taking place from year to year affecting the relative significance of current records. At the present stace of Canadian develooment it is difficult if not impossible to subject this trend to accurate analysis, but it should be considered. Certain governing records of the United States and the United Kingdom are also included.

The : Onthly Review of Business Statistics is prepared under the direction of S. A. Cudmore, K.A. F.S.S. Chief of the General Statistics 3ranch and editor of the Canada Year Book', by Sydney B. 'Smith, V.A. who has been engaged for some time in barometric work in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Susgestions are invited as to additional records which might be thought
2seful.
R.H. Coats,

Do:nirion Statisticiar.


## THE GENEREI RUSZNESS ST TJATION TN CANADA. JUNE 1926.

## Sunrary

According to the ontstancirg factors enerally regarded as sienificant. thess aciovity in Junada during Maj ras as a higiner levé than in previous months lic oresent yoar, a grabifing conchusion when tre genceally acive concitions pre ling in carlier montins are keri in mind. The b-ightes; spot in the curment Conadian Fomic situation is the asuivity oi the construction induetry, the contracts awmuod ing May being a record for all time. The nuvemery of revenue facight, as indicated

Mar, 1925. The primary iron and steel industry, favoured by rail orders, operated Whe at a he ther ?evel than it tho previous racnthe of the jeear. The inder: of intiria3. cmployment at June 1 mas hifter than in any month sirce 1920. The decline in dehits in May as compared with the preceding ronths was probably a result of the in smaniative activity.

## Trend of Speculative, Price anà Bankine Factors. <br> (Soe Chart on oppusite page)

If the buciness situction merz appraisca oniy by the thece prominent ctore, representative of the specalative, the generai jusiness and the benking situ ion, the conciusion mould not be sc optinistic as if nther methods were utilized. I17e notice deposits, one of the most significant of the bankins factors, shomed a leht gain in Aprit, the rmainine factors, consisting of che index of industrial focizs and the indcx of wholesele commodity prices, experienced a substantial declin3 Mey as compared with the oreceaing month.

Speculation:- The decrease of tho index of 31 industrial stocks in. May 18 in contimation of tile deciine oince the high point of the movement was reached February. According to the weeily irciex of 25 best seling stocks, this reprosents condition which is almeady, at least temporarily, reversed. The weekly index shomed -ouressive increases in oach oi the six weeks from Mey 1 to Tune 12. The tradine in W was tacre active then in April, and the call loans foachod, on Apri] 30, a record for all time.

Molesale Prices. - In viev of the great meight assigned in the Canadian bleselo price index to grain and oreadstuffe, this iadex has been, since Jamary 925. relet-vely hicher in comparison rith premar levels than the official index unbers ni most other countries or a gold basie. As a result of the declino of crain Fices from the high levels attained in 1925. and the first part of the present year, it is to be eapected that consjderabie comarara readustmoat risi be experionced. The lecino of more fian $\mathfrak{c} p, c$. in May as compered wjo the preceding mozth, is a part of lhet readjustmont. The comnard movment in Ma, however, was quite general, as seven fis the eigit, grouos deslined and one remainer seationary. The reekly indices of bericas prices indicate a stronsthenin tendency in fune, accounted for, in part, by ligher metal murcets, new high eround on the present movement having been reached by wr-fer rous metals

## Notive Depositg. A further relatively slight increace was recorded by

 doice demsits for Aorij. This increase was in contimatior of the upmard trend kintaimed since $S$ cptember 1924. Yesuitiug in a nor hi. h record for all time, As the Frices of commeities ard industrizi stocks have receded from the maxime roached in farmay and February, the course of the notice depnite since the beginnine of the year has differed in tzenf. from the other proninent factors consienrec in this connection.
## MYE STATE OF CNYADT AN INDUSTRISS.

Ariculture. - It ras mensuring, in vien of the important place of the Orofe in the naijonal econoryv of Caneda, that the prospects at the middle of June Trere senczaliy regaskad as bifoht: While the crons of the eastorn provinces were retarded by jow temperatures in \$ay, recent renorts indicate tinat considerable imorovement has been effected owing to wore fovourable reather during the narly meeks of Junc

The condition of the grain crops in the Praitie provinces is eenerally excellent, but not universally so. The number, eiresssine the chadition, of sprirg wheat in Saskatchewan at the end of May, mas ive as wripare? with 100 ot the correspording date of last joar. The condition numbe asciercl to fincerta for sprine wheat was 105 as comparod with 107, arai in lianjtova the eniresponing numbers were 101 and 102. Soil rifting in some localities was cusez by high winds, and $10 \pi$ tempem atures retardet growth. Satisfactory ralas in Juno furnishet sufficient moisturo, offsctting in como monsure the lnck of warm reather.

Tho marketings nf agricultural products, measured by the receipts of grain at the Head of the Lakes and at Vancouvor and the snles of live stack on the stcciyards, were in greater vilume in Miy than in the preceding menth. Owing to tho opeaing gi navig?tion about May l, the receipt of grain at the port arthur and Fort Milliam elevntors was greatly accelerated, indicating an incroase much in excess of seasonal tentencies. A weightod indox of agricultural marketings, corrocted for seasonal wariation, was 148.2 in May as compred with 10't. 2 in April. This incroase was tue to acceleration in the movemont of grain to the Head of the Lakes rather than in the live stock scetion, the sales in the stockyards declining about 3 p.c.. due allowance being made for seasonal variation.

Construction. An outstanding foature of the Canacian ecommic situm ation during May was the extent of the construction contracts amarted. The value of the contracts nwarded according to the compilation of Meclean Building Rerorte, LtA., was $\$ 57,135,700$, which was in cxcoss of any nther manth in history. The cumalative total for the first five minnihs of the year was $\$ 40,357,200$, which ex. ceeds the corresmading perint of 1925 by $52 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. As the cost if ouilding materm ials has anociably declined, boing in May at the lowest level since the ent of the war, it will be realized that the volume of building has attaince very lorge proportions.

The builiing permits in 60 cities were valuei at $\$ 18,500,000$ in May last, as cmpared with $\$ 15,500,000$ in May, 1925.

Manufacturing.- Canailan manufactures, juiged by the movement in 16 principal commodities, showed cncouraging improvement durine the first five monthe of the rresert year, aside from the effect of seasonal variation. The index was 146.7 in April as compared vith ar averace of 141.2 during the first quarter. Whilo statistics for severnl of the items for May are not avallable at timo of writing, it is anticipated that the May index rumber will not vary erectly from that of April. The index of employment in manufacturing inciustrics at Junc 1 was 93.9, an increase of 2.6 p.c. over Mey 1.

Transportation.- Railway operations continue to show inprovement; 3s compared with 1925, increasos were recorded for the first quarter in both gross and net rovenues, and although gross rovenues were slightly lower than in 1924 , rotucod oporating axpenses in 1926 pro tuced sutstantially increased net revenues nver those of 1924. Gross revenues for the threc minths mere $\$ 9,261,000$ over those of 1925 and $\$ 425,000$ under thase of 1924, and net revemues were $\$ 7,648,000$ greater than in 1925 and $\$ 7,357,000$ greater than in 1924.

Gross revenues for the two lorgo Cenadian railwayn to June 7 were greater this yoar than last by $\$ 18,958,000$, and greater then in 1924 by $\$ 2,922,000$.

Car losdings to June 12, 1926 nl bn show a gain aver those for the corresronding period in 1925 of $11 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. or $127,849 \mathrm{cars}$, and $\operatorname{sver}$ the same period in 1924 of $1 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. or 17.010 cars. Althounh congestion nt terminal elevators rem tarded the movoment of grain turing the firct four months of 1926, the stocks on hand to be moved at the end of Anril were loss then in 1924; they were homever, cousileratly heavier than in 1925.

External Traie. - The value of exmrts in Nay was less than in the corrospondin month of 1924 or 1925 . Then correction is made for seasonal variation, export values were alsn elichtly less than in Anril last. If further adjustment is mado to elimanate the effect of price chanees, it appears, in view of the substantial drop in wholesale prices in May, that the vnlume of exnorts was ereatur in May than in April, tue allomance being mile for seasonal tendencies. The imports showed increases both in value and volume over the nrecedine month and the onirespordine months of 1924 and 1925, which may indicato that the improvement in the economic situation is attractine foreign carital.

## - 7 - <br> YTMANS

Banizing. - the demand demisirs shoted a substantial decline during Anril Thile the Letice durats afain inteoted an increase of moderate proportions. As re
 in cotionusticti of the grin of the preceling montis. Current loans are now greater thaw fi any íme s-aco lozember, i924, wac the temparazy stabiliuation of current loans during Ig th to not ri thout sienticases; fur ther developments along this line mill be ratohed with aisuest. The cail oons in Dezada also showed an increase in April, anowling so $\$ 14 ?, 900,000$ as compared vith $\$ 134,600,000$ at the end of March. On the other hand, call lone elvovane vere mitharamis during the month to the extent of (14,500,00), anain the iavesticn holdings declined seasonally.

Engenc. - Ihrough the lapse of legislation desiened to conserve the
 coricizies, Caned = on Juin l artomaticaily recurns vo the gold standard. It is gratifring to krow that, arsuriing jo the latest statistics availabie, the notes actually 1t. the hands $Q_{i}$ tho Ganadian prolic are fully coversd by the gold held for redemption.

Iominion notes in the Central Gold Reserves and he? d by the chartered banks declined somewnat in Arril, while the total issues showed an increase, so that, the amouiti of Iominion notes in the hands of the puiblic increased in April by more than \$10,000, co. The chatge in bank notes in the hends of the public, though domnard, pas relntively slight. She eneral resuint being that the total notes in che hands of the piblic shower. a. constderable increase in April.

The gold heid by the Department of Finance against notes in circulation repin decinod in Apri, while the gh? i heid in the Gentral Gold Rescrves, as well as the amount of tae golu and subsidiary coin roporied as in the possession of the banks, shered increases. The enet lesult wes thot the total goic held for the redemption of notes or Ap=il 31 Wes $\$ 176,390,501$, as compared with $\$ 172,231,437$ on March 31. At the end of Arril the eold held for "edenption was about $\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. greater than the notes in the lands oi the winlic

Speculation... Accoxdines to the janex ruaber of 31 industrial common stocks, nozghted ivy the amount of surck outstanding, the avorage prices of industrial stocks on the Camadian oxclanges contimed the dommard course which has been in evijence sinco Pebruary, the indey heing iz2.8 in Nay as compared mith 186.7 in April. Apart from food and allied groducta, all groups participeted in tle declıne.

Whe veekn index number of 25 best selling common stocks, which is meighted scourding to sjock cal on in order to reflect speculative conditions more accurately, indicates that tinure whe e ra?ly in progress for the first meck in May to the second reek in June, the inde: being 175.0 for the lattor meek as compared with 157.7 in the first reek in May,
mic riblic services eroup moved up from 85.4 is April to 86.1 in May, the C.P.R. and Camadz Sionships choring incroases. The index of nine bank stocks was near:y maintajizuc in ikey, as comonred rith April.

The $\begin{aligned} & \text { ncer }\end{aligned}$ of 23 industriai preferred stocks was at 95.5 in May as compared Hith 98.? in April, dec!ines betne registiexcd in each of the seven groups.

Treding on the Wontreal exchange was more active ir May than in April, but as at a much lowex Icrel than from December to March. The rumber of shares traded, according to the 1 ontweai Gazet te, was $3.25,39 \%$ as compared mith 223.094 in April. leading in ate increace of neariy 10 T.C. dueine the month, call loans in Canada merc $\$ 147,800.000$ on ARO: zo, consuisutire a recons for all time.

Inestmert... The saie of nem : scue Canaisan bonds was $\$ 37,200,000$ in May
 In viow the comparetrite soancity of wew iscues anc otner intluences, including seatien money zetus et, iTer York, the index or is Canadian bonds increased slighty in



## 

It is now apmarent that the rivojoal. vclume of production in the United Stater $\nabla!11$ be at hich level durloe the finst six morith of the presen. year. If seasonel tendencies are djerefzided a recession has occurred from tize hich levols at the beginnire of the ysar, but thie deciine has been very moderate. The result is that industrisil operatinas duang the first part of 1926 are in cre cess of the corresponding periods of ig2 5 , and of 1924. Nost of the general indices show a hith current rate of operations, anc the few industrials which are not prosporous are perhaps less acuteiy fafectei than in periods when depressjon is moro pronounced. The rate of operation in the हiteel industry in May was 84 p.c. as compared with 88 p.c. in April, ant the unfillet orders on the books of the United Stetes Steel Corprration were $3,649,250$ tons, a decline of 6 p.c. from the preceding month while the decline in April from Nerch was l2 p.c. Automotile production on far this year has been extiemely active and the sales of most com?anies have fulfillez expectations. Carloarings in May indicate extensive rivement of frefohit, but construction contracts awarded show curtailment compared with preceding months.

Speculation.- The stock manket became more active during May; especialIy in the clnsing week there was a consiłerable revival of speculative activity and rising prices, whereas during the filst 15 or 20 days, the market was quiot, With prices tonim downert. The rails nere moderately strong, the to larger efrnings. The oil shares also manifested a rising tendency on the stealy ardance in the price of petroieum, gasolinc and kerosene, ant excellent reports of the earnings of ofl companies. The striking advance of the U.S. Stcel Corporation common stock also had a constructive influence on the market.

Tholesale Priccs. - The indcx of whalesale prices compiled by Bradstreets shnwat a further decline on Juae 1 , but the rate of decline was considerm ably less than in preceding months. The weokly indices indicate that prices are strengthening, except perhans in the case of building materials. The decline of wholesalo prices during the first six months of 1926, may be attributed to the pronounced cecreafes in Effiand end Germany, As well as to the widely-accented theory that manufecturing nutrut has been in excess of "normal" requirements. If the latter interpretation is correct, manufacturing will noed to drop somewhat belon nimal befnre a scarcity of goods begins to exert an influence toward stablizuing prices.

Money Rates.- The money market in May mas deroid of any striking feature, the casier tendency beine rell maintained. There was the usual call on the banks for nccomodation incilental to the spring. requirements in trade and agricuituro and the revival of speculative activity on the stock exchange. There was, howevor, no urgency of demand on efther account. The ercouncernent of Mr. Mellon, Sccretary of the Treasury, that the government would not make its usual quarterly wisit to tho money maiket in search of funds, served as an assurance that money rates would remain easy.

## UNITED KINGDON

Coal supplies most of the power which runs the gieantic industries of Breat Britain, so that a protracted coal strike mist prejudicially affect the livelihood of hundreds of thousands of persons not directly engaged. The unemployed on May 31 numbered 1,614,200. (exclusive of strikers), as compared with $1,034,00$ on April 26 .

Iron and steel production is naturally closely connected with coal production; so that the effects of the failure of the coal supply are speediy reflecter in the statistics of the iron and steel industry. The outpri of pig fron mas only 89,000 tons in May as commer ef with 575,000 tons in May 1925, and of stcel ingots nuly 46,000 tons as agairst 652,000 tons. Ratimay operasion is al so both directly and indirectly denendent umn the coal indweriy, and tie traffic receipte of the four leading British railway systems have show. $=10 \mathrm{ge}$ falling off in recent wecks.

Foreien trade figures of this great trading country for May are also very unsatisfactory, exports of domestic profucts being less than $\AA^{\prime}+G, 000,000$ as compared with $£ 64,000,000$ in the same month of last year, while impnrts are $\& 81,000,000$ as against $£ 104,000,000$. Thus the decline in improrts duating the month is larger than that in exports, a fact which may indicate that the British

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c are tightening their belts for a long strugsle, which will materially reduce irmediate purchasing power, and thus react upon Canadian export trade, thouch, itish imports from Canada are largely the necessaries of life, the offects upon rade may not be very pronounced

In spite of the geriousness of the situation and the advantaces arisine? $f$ it to Britain's competitors in the coal and the iron and steel maricets of the - there apmears to be no real eettinf together on the part of employers and. yees to reach a settlement. The Government does not appear to consider that ime is as yet ripe for brineing forward its proposals for a compromise, which probably be based upon the Report of the Coal Inquiry Comission, which red the miners' proposal: for the mationalization of the coal fielis, but recommente re-or zanization of the industry and its operation under nrivate enterprise.


2. Indices of the Mhysical Volume oi Business in vanada, gasgd on the Six Year Feriod from 1919 -is24 and ieightad
moorino Nime suded" and impyment, ard Coriected mere Vecessary ior Seasoral Variation.

| Lonth | Agricultural harketinge |  |  |  |  |  | Industirial Producticn |  |  | Prysical Volum of Eusinoss |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Grop Narketings | Animal harketings | Iutal | Consumers Goods | Producers Goods | Total | Forestry | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Construc- } \\ & \text { tion } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Total | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Carlod- } \\ -\quad \text { ings } \end{gathered}$ | Shares Traded |
| 1924 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jenusry | 150.2 | 164.1 | 110.4 | 116.2 | 123.4 | 92.6 | 112.8 | 124.2 | 70.8 | 108.9 | 105.5 | 131.4 |
| February | 173.4 | 186.3 | 117.1 | 126.0 | 126.2 | 125.0 | 128.6 | 136.3 | 163.4 | 120.7 | 115.1 | 116.4 |
| Warch | 147.0 | 155.6 | 122.3 | 130.6 | 125.6 | 145.5 | 129.0 | 138.6 | 74.8 | 112.0 | 115.6 | 80.2 |
| Apr*il | 174.3 | 188.0 | 135.0 | 129.9 | 127.6 | 136.5 | 123.1 | 130.6 | 111.2 | 114.9 | 122.2 | 66.2 |
| may | 155.9 | 166.8 | 124.6 | 133.0 | 131.5 | 137.9 | 124.1 | 122.6 | 104.7 | 215,7 | 120.2 | 65.8 |
| June | 198.4 | 216.7 | 126.0 | 113.1 | 121.0 | -7. 4 | 114.5 | 117.0 | 135.0 | 107.9 | 111.1 | 56.1 |
| July | 154.1 | $1,1.5$ | 104.9 | 110.4 | 117.5 | 87.0 | 108.8 | 119.1 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 106.4 | 54.4 |
| August | 56.5 | 38.8 | 107.4 | 100.5 | 112.5 | 61.4 | 103.0 | 117.5 | 111.4 | 100. 7 | 96.8 | $7 ?$ |
| September | 103:9 | 101.8 | 109.6 | 103.5 | 116.6 | 60.4 | 105.1 | 114. | 102.9 | 102 | 92.4 | 67.0 |
| October | 109:3 | 113.4 | 97.5 | 108.3 | 120.5 | 68.0 | 112.5 | 122. | 101.0 | 107.4 | 97.8 | 121.5 |
| November | 127.9 | 128.0 | 127.8 | 111.7 | 124.9 | 68.5 | 119.5 | 121.3 | 148.9 | 111.4 | 97.8 | 121.5 |
| Deceriber | 88.0 | 75.8 | 123:2 | 101.2 | 108.5 | 77.3 | 115.1 | 126.9 | 167.6 | 109.1 | 99.6 | 109.6 |
| $\frac{1925}{\text { January }}$ |  |  | 130.6 | 117.7 | 129.0 | 80.5 | 117.0 | 132.3 | 100.4 | 114.7 | 112.2 | 155.5 |
| January February | 91.3 157.8 | 168.7 | 123.0 | 118.7 | 121.9 | 108.0 | 127.6 | 149.3 | 87.5 | 115.6 | 114.6 | 117.5 |
| Iinrch | 143.5 | 149.5 | 126.4 | 117.4 | 135.5 | 58.2 | 115.9 | 123.9 | 89.2 | 110.7 | 105.5 | 104.9 |
| April | 140.5 | 145.9 | 125.0 | 118.9 | 131.9 | 76.4 | 115.1 | 137.2 | 93.4 | 111.5 | 113.5 | 14. 8 |
| May | 85.3 | 74.9 | 115.2 | 124.7 | 135.1 | 77.2 | 116.4 | 143.2 | 113.1 | 115.0 | 103.0 | 140.0 |
| June | 62.5 | 48.3 | 136.1 | 124.2 | 129.2 | 107.5 | 125.2 | 137.4 | 115.6 | 115.1 | 100.7 | 106.0 |
| July | 97.5 | 90.0 | 119.1 | 124.3 | 140.0 | 73.0 | 119.5 | 132.0 | 94.0 | 114.8 | 113.5 | 114.7 |
| August | 63.2 | 48.4 | 105.6 | 123.4 | 138.4 | 74.0 | 125.1 | 129.7 | 131.9 | 118.4 | 117.1 | 100.6 |
| September | 471.4 | 596.7 | 112.5 | 120.5 | 131.5 | 87.8 | 124.4 | 137.0 | 135.9 | 118.4 | 117.4 | 127.5 |
| October | 171.6 | 145.9 | 126.5 | 150.9 | 156.7 | 131.6 | 138.5 | 133.8 | 143.6 | 129.7 | 103.7 | 23.15 |
| November | 135.0 | 144.9 | 107.1 | 130.6 | 137.8 | 107.0 | 148.0 | 136.6 | 274.1 | 119.0 | 111.8 | 127.5 |
| December | 158.7 | 173.6 | 116.2 | 141.9 | 179.6 | 102.0 | 135.6 | 141.1 | 74.3 | 128.3 | 121.8 | 191.1 |
| 1226 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 138.1 | 146.5 | 140.8 | 127.8 | 114.1 | 204.1 |
| January | 162.3 164.8 | 175.7 | 123.7 123.1 | 139.5 142.8 | 148.1 | 110.9 | 144.1 | 146.5 | 106.5 | 135.7 | 118.1 | 323.0 |
| hiarch | 128.5 | 126.9 | 133.2 | 141.3 | 150.9 | 110.0 | 139.2 | 164.9 | 106.6 | 129.9 | 114.0 | 229.3 |
| April | 105.7 | 99.6 | 123.4 | 146.7 | 151.1 | 132.3 | 145.7 | 165.6 | 168.6 | 134.3 | 126.6 | 127.7 |
| Liay | 148.2 | 160.4 | 113.4 |  |  | 128.7 |  | 153.8 | 182.5 |  | 125. | 132. |
| June |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note:- The index for Manufacturing is computed from the physical movensat of 26 principal commodities. Industrial Production is basod on
 manufacturings, employment and wholesale and retail trade, imports, exports, carloadings, shares traded and bank debits,



First of inimal Products ionth

| 1924 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Juniary | 79.5 |
| Felruary | 81.1 |
| Liarch | 80.7 |
| swril | 81.0 |
| Luy | 86.5 |
| June | 97.0 |
| July | 101.3 |
| dugust | 98.4 |
| September | 100.2 |
| Oetcber | 97.0 |
| Noucuber | 92.3 |
| Doceaber | 91.5 |
| 1225 |  |
| Jaruary | 87.2 |
| Febrursy | 84.7 |
| intasch | 80.6 |
| ipril | 81.9 |
| lauy | 92.2 |
| Junc | 101.3 |
| July | 105.4 |
| $\therefore$ sugust | 105.7 |
| September | 10\%. 2 |
| October | 100.5 |
| November | 93.9 |
| Decomber | 94.1 |
| 1926 |  |
| Jaruary | 88.7 |
| Fouruary | $3 \% .6$ |
| kirch | Uir. 1 |
| ippril | 85.4 |
| wisy | $9 \% .7$ |
| June | 105.8 | $\therefore$.

3. Index Numbers of Employment in Fepresentative Industrues (continued), Jan. $1,20=100$

Leather Taxtila rough Prodicr Taxtilo Zough and Pulp and Pulp and

| 74.9 | 80.9 | 63.0 | 102.1 | 98.4 | 72.6 | 106.9 | 77.7 | 79.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80.5 | 86.6 | 35.5 | 103.1 | 99.7 | 78.5 | 112.0 | 81.7 | 81.5 |
| 81.0 | 86.4 | 87.1 | 105.1 | 100.3 | 80.6 | 112.0 | 85.2 | 80.6 |
| 80.8 | 86.9 | 88.6 | 102.1 | 98.0 | 82.0 | 110.6 | 04.6 | 86.2 |
| 79.4 | 85.6 | 104. 2 | 102.4 | 98.7 | 81.2 | 113.4 | 85.4 | 90.0 |
| 76.5 | 82.5 | 130.8 | 106.7 | 100.6 | 79.2 | 111.5 | 84.2 | 92.5 |
| 7 r .7 | 81.1 | 142.8 | 106.8 | 99.9 | 76.0 | 108.3 | 94.0 | 94.1 |
| 74.9 | 78.9 | 1.2 .1 | 107.3 | 99.9 | 72.5 | 106.0 | 80.2 | 91.8 |
| 73.7 | 79.9 | $1 \div 3.5$ | 107.: | 100.5 | 65.7 | 107.2 | 78.0 | 89.7 |
| 74.4 | 85.4 | 137.7 | 105.2 | 101.1 | 66:6 | 112.1 | 77.6 | 87.0 |
| 75.6 | 85.8 | 114.4 | 103.9 | 100.4 | 66.9 | 116.6 | 70.0 | U6.1 |
| 75.6 | 82.5 | 90.2 | 100.0 | 98.5 | $66 .{ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 123.1 | 76.1 | 81.2 |
| 71.0 | 80.1 | 76.1 | 95.3 | 95.6 | 60.0 | 120.0 | 73.3 | 68.5 |
| 74.8 | 85.8 | 79.0 | 98.1 | 96.7 | 65.2 | 116.5 | 76.1 | 66.5 |
| 75.8 | 87.8 | 82.3 | 101.4 | 97.3 | $70: 8$ | 114.9 | 79.2 | 68.1 |
| 75.9 | 90.2 | 88.7 | 101.9 | 98.0 | $7 \div .6$ | 112.5 | 79.9 | 75.0 |
| 70.5 | 89.4 | 113.9 | 105.1 | 99.6 | 75.0 | 110.4 | 80.0 | 82.7 |
| 70.3 | 87.9 | 135.6 | 107.5 | 100.9 | 75.0 | 109.7 | 79.8 | 88.9 |
| 69.8 | 87.7 , | 148.0 | 110.5 | 102.1 | 72.9 | 109.6 | 79.7 | 93.2 |
| 70.4 | 87.9 | 149.2 | 109.7 | 101.5 | 69.5 | 109.8 | 82.9 | 91.0 |
| 72.3 | 88.0 | $1 \div 5.5$ | 111.4 | 102.9 | 71.0 | 109.2 | 83.8 | 90.0 |
| 75.2 | 89.6 | $1 \% 2.1$ | 110.2 | 102.8 | 7 \%. 5 | 117.3 | 86.6 | 90.0 |
| 76.0 | 90.1 | 117.8 | 108.2 | 102.2 | $7 \div 2$ | 120.2 | 85.1 | 89.5 |
| 76.5 | 90.8 | $9: 9$ | 106.3 | 102. $\%$ | 7 r .7 | 119.6 | 93.3 | 89.3 |
| 73.3 | 87.7 | 83.2 | 104.6 | 100.8 | 70.0 | 115.8 | 86.1 | 78.2 |
| 75.9 | 91.6 | 85.1 | 108.3 | 103.2 | 75.5 | 116.1 | 88.5 | 74.1 |
| 79.0 | 92.5 | 37.7 | 108.8 | 102.7 | 78.9 | 116.5 | 92.0 | 79.7 |
| 78.9 | 94.0 | 93.6 | 111.1 | 103.3 | 81.1 | 115.7 | 93.8 | 88.5 |
| 76.5 | 93.2 | 105.5 | 114.9 | 105.3 | 83.0 | 115.9 | 95.3 | 98.0 |
| 72.4 | 91.9 | 134.5 | 121.1 | 108.4 | 84.1 | 117.0 | 92.6 | 103.6 |

Clay, Glass and Stone
1s.
$\qquad$ -

4. Index Numbers of Wrilesaie Prices (continued), $1913=100$


5. Prices of Representatjve Commodities (cortinued)

| morth | Saxony liontreal | Gingham Toronto | Wocl $\frac{1}{4}$ Bluna Torontc | Pulp-ground woor No. 1 | Pig Iron <br> Fessic | Steel <br> kerchant <br> Pars | Cofper <br> Electrolytic <br> inontreal. | Lead kiontreal | Tin Irgots Straits Toronto | Spelter kiontreal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pouric | Yard | Found | Ton | Ton | Ton | Cwt. | cut. | Found | Cwt. |  |
| 1924 | \$ | $\$$ | $\hat{8}$ | $\because$ | $\xi$ | $3$ | $\dot{8}$ | $\dot{j}$ | ; | 2 |  |
| January | . 9545 | .1912 | . 33 | 37.50-42. | 26.00 | ¢5.00 | 14.70 | 7.75 | .515 | 8.05 |  |
| February | . 9545 | . 1912 | . 33 | 30. ${ }^{\circ}-38$ : | 26.00 | 65,00. | 15.35 | $8.30{ }^{\circ}$ | . 58 | 8.60 |  |
| Liarch | . 9545 | . 1912 | . 33 | 30. -37.50 | 26.00 | 60.00 | 16.20 | 8.90 | . 60 | 8.30 |  |
| April | . 913 | .1912 | . 33 | 28. -35. | 26.00 | 60.00 | 15.50 | 7.25 | . 50 | 7.75 |  |
| lay | . 913 | . 175 | . 34 | 27. -36 | 24.00 | 60.00 | 15.20 | $7.10^{\circ}$ | - 50 | 7.50 |  |
| June | . 913 | . 175 | . 34 | 27. -36: | 22.00 | 60.00 . | 14.60 | 7.40 | $\therefore 625$ | 7.50 |  |
| July | . 913 | .175 | . 35 | 27. -30. | 21.00 | 60.00 | 14. 45 | $7 \times 8{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | . 4775 | 7.85 7.80 |  |
| August | . 913 | . 18 | . 35 | 27. $-35^{\circ}$ | 21.00 | 60.00 | 15.50 | 7,70. |  | 7.80 |  |
| September | . 8715 | . 18 | . 36 | 28. -35. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 15.15 | 7.75 | - 51 | 7.80 |  |
| Octcbar | . 8715 | . 18 | . 38 -. 40 | 30. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 15.00 | 8.15 | - 515 | 7.86 |  |
| Noverber | . 8715 | . 175 | . $38-.40$ | 27. -31. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 15.75 | 9.10 | . 565 | 8.45 |  |
| Decerioer | . 8715 | . 175 | $.44-.46$ | 28. -30. | 23.00 | 50.00 | 16.30 | 9.55 | . 575 | 9.10 |  |
| 1925 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16.85 |  | . 61 | $9 .+5$ | 1 |
| Junuary Feoruary | .8715 .8715 | . 175 | ( $4.88-.50$ | 29. -31. | 24.00 25.00 | 50.00 50.00 | 16.85 16.65 | 10.25 9.65 | . 59 | 9.45 9.05 | $\stackrel{\sim}{\infty}$ |
| liarch | . 8787 | . 175 | . .48 | 28. -30. | 24.00 | 50.00 | 16.30 | 9.40 | . 56 | 9.00 | 1 |
| April | . 8507 | . 175 | . $40-.42$ | 28. -30. | 23.00 | 50.00 | 15.40 | 8.10 | . 53 | 8.55 |  |
| Livay | .8507 | . 175 | . 3 ć-. 38 | 27. -30. | 22.00 | 50.00 | 15.50 | 8.10 | . 565 | 8.45 |  |
| June | . 8507 | . 175 | . $36-.38$ | 27. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 15.50 | 8.65 | . 56 | 8.60 |  |
| July | .8507 | . 175 | . $36-.38$ | 27. -30. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 16.15 | 8.70 | . 5825 | 8.65. |  |
| sugust | . 8507 | .175 | $.36-.37$ | 26. -30. | 21,00 | 50.00 | 16.55 | 9.30 | - 595 | 9.00 |  |
| Eeptenbor | . 8507 | .175 | . $32=.33$ | 26. -30. | 21.00 | 50.00 | 16.55 | 9.55 | . 595 | 9.30 |  |
| October | . 8507 | .1725 | . $35-.36$ | 26. -32. | 21.00 | 45.00 | 16.35 | 9.55 | - 6375 | 9.85 |  |
| November | .8507 | . 1725 | . $35-.36$ | 2t. -32. | 23.00 | 45.00 | 16.55 | 9.40 | . 645 | 9.85 |  |
| December | .8507 | .1725 | . 36 | 27. 23. | 23.00 | 45.00 | 15.80 | 8.85 | . 64 | 10.30 |  |
| 1926 |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | .8507 | .1725 | . 36 | 27. -33. | 23.00 | 45.00 | 15.90 | 9.10 | - 64625 | 10.15 |  |
| February | . 8507 | .1714 | . 36 | 27. -33. | 23.00 | 45.00 | 16.15 | 9.00 | - 655 | 8.35 |  |
| Liarch | .8507 | .1725 | $\cdot 32$ | 27. -33. | 23.00 | 45.00 | 16.00 | 8.60 | - 66 | 8.85 |  |
| April | . .7677 | . 1725 | . 31 | 27. -33. | 22.00 | 45.00 | 15.80 | 7. 75 | . 6525 | 8.675 |  |
| liay | . 7677 | . 1725 | .28-.29 | 27. -33 | 22.00 | 45.00 | 15.78 | 7.55 | . 65 | 8.35 |  |
| Tune |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Last day of lionth | Demand Deposits | Investments of Banks in Bonds, Debentures and Stocks | Notice Deposits | Current Loans | Surplus( $t$ ) or Deficit(-) of Notice Deposits over Current Loans | Percentage of Gurrent Loans to Notice Deposits | Total Gold and Coin Available for Redemption of Notes | Net Total <br> Notes in <br> Hands of <br> Public | Percentage of Total and Coin in hands of Government and Banks to Total Notes in Hands of Public |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Mil1ion | 01 | D0118 |  |  | Thousand of Dollars | Thousand of Dollars- |  |
|  | \$ | M1120 | - | -18 | \% | P. C. | - | ¢ | P. C. |
| $\frac{1924}{\text { January }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 84.4 |  | 170,100 | 100.1 |
| January | 516.6 .491 .7 | 435.5 $465: 8$ | $1,104.5$ $1,192.6$ | 999.4 987.9 | ¢ 185.1 +204.7 | 84.4 82.8 | 167,337 | 177,343 | 94.4 |
| liarch | 493.9 | 469.9 | 1,192.6 | 1,006:9 | f 185.7 | 84.4 | 166,077 | 181,265 | 92.1 |
| April | 504.3 | 484.1 | 1,211.5 | 1,005.4 | + 206.1 | 83.0 | 166,155 | 173,863 | 95.5 |
| Miay | 479,3 | 495.3 | 1,204.8 | 989.3 | + 215.5 | 82.1 | 165,715 | 181,397 | 91.4 |
| June | 529.1 | 510.0 | 1,189.0 | 986.4 | + 202.7 | 82.9 | 165,044 | 180,570 | 91.5 |
| July | 489.5 | 507.1 | 1,189.2 | 573.4 | + 215.7 | 81.9 | 163,985 | 170,547 | 96.2 |
| August | 485.4 | 511.6 | 1,178.9 | 963.3 | - 215.5 | 81.7 | 165,311 | 179,792 | 89.8 |
| September | 497.4 | 565.4 | 1,177.4 | 956.7 | + 220.7 | 81.3 | 166,634 | 175,312 | 95.1 |
| October | 518.8 | 554.3 | 1,189.1 | 981.1 | - 208.0 | 82.5 | 192,062 | 188,182 | 102.1 |
| November | 533.3 | 496.7 | 1,231.9 | 961.3 | + 270.5 | 78.0 | 215,379 | 189,799 | 113.4 |
| December | 595.3 | 535.7 | 1,237.6 | 938.7 | + 298.9 | 75.9 | 205,145 | 177,173 | 115.8 |
| $\frac{1925}{\text { January }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January Fouruary | 502.8 482.8 | 542.3 569.9 | $1,249.6$ $1,260.9$ | 910.7 908.4 | +338.9 +352.5 | 72.9 72.0 | 194,753 188,326 | 168,059 170,684 | 115.9 110.4 |
| Recruary | 491.4 | 569.0 | 1,266.2 | 917.6 | + 348.6 | 72.5 | 183,711 | 168,993 | 108.6 |
| April | 513.2 | 564.1 | 1,264.0 | 909.4 | + 354.6 | 71.9 | 179,912 | 163,476 | 110.1 |
| $\mathrm{Na}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{y}$ | 472.7 | 574.6 | 1,259.9 | 909.1 | + 350.8 | 72.2 | 181,751 | 172,741 | 105.1 |
| June | 495.5 | 574.1 | 1,253.7 | 895.6 | + 358.1 | 71.4 | 183,265 | 173,155 | 105.9 |
| July | 480.8 | 575.5 | 1,255:0 | 881.3 | + 373.8 | 70.8 | 185,409 | 171,362 | 108.1 |
| August | 494.6 | 571.0 | 1,261.4 | 878.9 | + 382.4 | 69.7 | 183,884 | 173,113 | 106.2 |
| September | 589.9 | 563.9 | 1,268.6 | 903.7 | f 364.8 | 71.2 | 169,399 | 182,028 | 93.1 |
| October | 598.7 | 573.1 | 1,277.6 | 906.? | ¢ 371.3 | 71.0 | 201,059 | 197,898 | 101.5 |
| November | 654.2 | 559:0 | 1,298.8 | 910.0 | f 388.9 | 70.1 | 235,204 | 192,538 | 122.3 |
| December | 597.4 | 549.6 | 1,318:9 | 903.3 | - 415.6 | 68.6 | 222,267 | 175,979 | 126.5 |
| $\frac{1926}{\operatorname{Jan} u a r y}$ | 524.0 | 562:7 | 1,316.3 | 869.6 | + 446.7 | 66.0 | 201,902 | 172,935 | 116.6 |
| February | 509.5 | 564.3 | 1,332.8 | 862.7 | + 470.0 | 64.8 | 198,763 | 176,245 | 112.8 |
| Niarch | 559.7 | 576.7 | 1,337.6 | 900.4 | +437.2 | 67.3 | 173,231 | 166,466 | $104 . \frac{1}{5}$ |
| April | 537.3 | 549.8 | 1,340.5 | 931.0 | + 409.5 | 69.5 | 176,390 | 175,264 | 100.5 |
| Nay June |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




7. Index Numbers of Security Prices, Weighted $1913=100$ (continued)
7. Index Numbers of Security Prices, Neighted $1913=100$ (continued)

| Month | I. Cotdion stocks (continued) |  |  | II. PREFERRED STOCKS, INDUSTRIALS |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { III. } \\ & \text { BONDS } \end{aligned}$ | Shares Trade and Call Loans |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Food and Allied Products | A11 other | No. | Total | Irsn \& Steel | Iron \& Steel Products and Construction | Pulp and Paper | Milling | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Textile } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Clothing } \end{array}\right.$ | Bonds | Shares <br> Trade Montreal | Call Loans <br> Canada, 000 's omitted |
| No. Stocks included | 6 | 6 | 50 | 23 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 18 |  |  |
| 1924 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Februar | 91.9 | 157.6 159.4 | 98.8 | 96.5 | 78.6 | 82.7 | 145.3 155.3 | 100.9 | 109.9 | 103.7 | 294,207 | 111,468 |
| March | 92.9 | 160.3 | 97.6 | 98.6 | 79.9 | 87.1 | 154.2 | 100.7 | 109.7 | 103.6 | 223,219 | 104,230 |
| April | 89.2 | 155.5 | 95.4 | 94.1 | 68.4 | 82.1 | 147.4 | 100.6 | 108.7 | 103.7 | 167,849 | 108,979 |
| May | 88.4 | 156.0 | 95.6 | 92.3 | 66.9 | 81.1 | 137.1 | 100.3 | 109.3 | 103.7 | 166,466 | 101,563 |
| June | 91.5 | 156.5 | 95.7 | 92.5 | 67.2 | 82.0 | 147.7 | 99.3 | 108.8 | 103.9 | 141,977 | 102,335 |
| July | 96.4 | 158.4 | 96.2 | 91.9 | 64.8 | 80.4 | 150.4 | 99.8 | 109.4 | 104.2 | 137,687 | 100,175 |
| August | 98.3 | 152.9 | 97.6 | 92.1 | 63.9 | 79.4 | 155.9 | 102.4 | 110.7 | 104.7 | 182,538 | 103,077 |
| September | 102.1 | 168.0 | 98.4 | 93.2 | 64.8 | 80.2 | 159.6 | 104.1 | 109.2 | 104.9 | 169,733 | 105,565 |
| October | 104.8 | 165.7 | 58.6 | 93.1 | 63.2 | 81.0 | 152.4 | 104.5 | 110.7 | 104.2 | 269,890 | 113,186 |
| November | 106.6 | 170.1 | 100.1 | 94.4 | 64.2 | 85.5 | 150.1 | $10-7$ | 110.9 | 105.1 | 307,917 | 122,537 |
| December | 111.0 | 172.8 | 99.9 | 95.7 | $6 \% ?$ | 8,6 | 153.? | 1036 | 17.],3 | 205.0 | 277,411 | 128,198 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 126.1 | 183.3 | 102.3 | 96.0 | 65.5 | 84.2 | 161.4 | 104.9 | 113.2 | 105.2 | 393,118 | 111,148 |
| February | 139.0 | 202.9 | 105.8 | 97.5 | 66.8 | 86.0 | 163.6 | 106.9 | 114.2 | 105.2 | 297,577 | 117,43? |
| March | 138.1 | 203.2 | 104.9 | 96.7 | 64.6 | 83.3 | 160.2 | 107.4 | 115.4 | 105.5 | 265,342 | 115,704 |
| April | 139.5 | 203.2 | 104.3 | 95.8 | 63.8 | 81.2 | 159.4 | 10<. 5 | 116.1 | 105.3 | 189,010 | 119.837 |
| Liday | 144.5 | 217.3 | 106.2 | 95.7 | 62.9 | 82.2 | 158.6 | 106.6 | 116.4 | 105.8 | 354,476 | 117,579 |
| June | 152.4 | $2: 2.2$ | 107.5 | 96.2 | 63.1 | 80.9 | 160.9 | 106.6 | 117.0 | 106.2 | 257,154 | 114,467 |
| July | 158.2 | 234.8 | 109.9 | 95.2 | 62.6 | 78.4 | 154.3 | 106.3 | 116.9 | 106.3 | 250,402 | 107:713 |
| August | 173.7 | 260.9 | 115.3 | 95.7 | 63.0 | 77.3 | 153.6 | 106.9 | 117.0 | 106.3 | 427,009 | 111,263 |
| September | 189.5 | 261.8 | 116.6 | 96.4 | 63.4 | 79.7 | 151.9 | 107.2 | 117.4 | $105 . ?$ | 398,367 | 119,730 |
| October | 191.9 | 295.3 | 121.1 | 97.5 | 67.5 | 78.9 | 153.4 | 107.1 | 118.5 | 105.5 | 637,447 | 130,087 |
| November | 197.7 | 295:3 | 120.9 | 98.8 | 68.0 | 77.1 | 152.7 | 104.8 | 118.0 | 106.0 | 322,674 | 143,397 |
| December | 196.5 | 297.1 | 122.6 | 98.5 | 65.6 | 75.1 | 156.3 | 105.6 | 118.5 | 106.3 | 484,003 | 135,674 |
| 1926 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 194:0 | $332: 1$ | 127.4 | 99.2 | 66.1 | 79:0 | 156.6 | 105:0 | 119.3 | 106.3 | 512,022 | 120,402 |
| February | 194:4 | 377.3 | 134.2 | 100.3 | 65.8 | 83.4 | 158:3 | $103: 8$ | 120.2 | 106.6 | 810,918 | 131,332 |
| March | 191:3 | 346:4 | 129.9 | 100:3 | 66.3 | 83.3 | 157:0 | 104.6 | 119.7 | 106.9 | 581,524 | 134,556 |
| April | 187.2 | 342.3 | 128.9 | 98.2 | 61.7 | 80.9 | 152.3 | 103.0 | 119.3 | 106.9 | 323,094 | 147.880 |
| Nay | 155.7 | 330.9 | 127.7 | 95.5 | 56.1 | 78.8 | 147.4 | 101.0 | 117.6 | 107.0 | 335,398 |  |



9. United States - General Busjress Factors.


11. Factors Indicatirs tiw Long Term Crowth in Canada.

| Year | Fopulation | Wheat Production | Acreage of Field Crops | value of Field Cro: | Value of Livestock or Farms | Total Value of Dairy Factory Production | Value of Fisheries Production | dinerai Prouuction |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gold | Silver | Copper |  |
|  | COO's orilitue | 010 bushel | 000 acres | 0u0, Juv | บuvu, UטU | . 040 | \$000 | 00002 | 00002 | $000-15$ | 000 Li . |
| 1871 | 3,689 | 16,724 | - |  |  | - | 7,573 | 105 | 35 |  |  |
| 1381 | 4,325 | 32,350 | - | - | . | - | 15,817 | 64 | 415 | 839 | 3,260 |
| 1891 | 4,833 | 42,223 | - | - | - | - | 18,978 | 45 | 3,205 | 4,035 | 9,529 |
| 1896 | 5,086 | , 22 | - | - |  | - | 20,407 | 133 | 5,539 | 3,397 | 9,393 |
| 1901 | 5,372 | 55,572 | - | 195 | 269 | 29,732 | 25,737 | 1,167 | 8,473 | 9,189 | 37,827 |
| 1906 | 6,1/1 |  | - | - |  | 35,458 | 20,279 | 556 | 32,559. | 21,491 | 35,610 |
| 1911 | 7,207 | 132,078 | - | 385 | 615 | 39,048 | 34,660 | 473 | 25,460 | 34,079 | 55, 648 |
| 1215 | 8,036 | 262,781 | 38,930 | 985 | 904 | - | 35,861 | 930 | 13,330 | 62,959 | 117,150 |
| 1920 | 8,631 | 263,189 | 52,831 | 1,455 | 1,041 | 146,336 | 49,241 | 765 | 13,543 | 61,336 | 01,601 |
| 1921 | 8,788 | 300,858 | 59,635 | 932 | 766 | 111,924 | 34,932 | 926 | 18,581 | 19,293 | 47,621 |
| 19.2 | .8,5,40 | 357,786 | 57,190 | 962 | 682 | 104,972 | 41,800 | 1,263 | 18,646 | 17,597 | 42,880 |
| 1923 | 9,083 | 4.74,199 | 56,445 | 859 | 613 | 120,111 | 42,565 | 1,233 | 18,602 | 52,453 | 86,882 |
| 1924 | 9,227 | 262,097 | 57,853 | 995 | 641 | 122,027 | 44,534 | 1,516 | 20,244 | 69,587 | 106,351 |
| 19.5 | 9,364 | 416.850 | 58,225 | 1,553 | 704 | -_-... |  | 1,730 | $19,4$ | $-73,150$ | $112,526$ |
|  | Ccal | Comont | Value of | Gross Valuo | Monthly | Pig Iron | Raw 1/ | rude 1/ | Cotton 1/ | troleum | traction |
|  | Production | Production | Ninerel | of iionufactu | Average | Ercduction | Sugar | uiober | Raw | $\text { ude } 1 /$ | tracts |
| 10.1 | 1,00'r | - | - | 222 | 187 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1881 | 1,537 | 70 | 10 | 310 | 255 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1891 | 3,578 | 93 | 19 | 369 | 272 | 24 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1356 | 3,746 | 149 | 22 | - | - | 67 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1901 | 6,486 | 450 | 66 | 401 | 339 | $27 \%$ | - | - | - | - 80 | - |
| 1906 | 9,763 | 2,128 | 79 | 706 | 384 | 598 | 210 | 2,492 | 67,550 | 19,806 | $\sim$ |
| 1711 | 11,323 | 5,653 | 103 | 2,265 | 515 | 918 | 272 | 2,304 | 81,262 | 54,311 | - |
| 1916 | 14,483 | 5,370 | 177 | - | - | 1,169 | 293 | 9,913 | 96,568 | 18,675 | 99,311 |
| 1920 | 16,632 | 6,652 | 228 | 3,667 | 583 | 1,090 | 541 | 24,434 | 96,472 | 290,541 | 255,605 |
| 1921 | 15,057 | 5,753 | 172 | 2,517 | 440 | 665 | 348 | 22,806 | 98,632 | 311,719 | 240;133 |
| 1922 | 15,157 | 6,943 | 184 | 2,440 | 463 | 429 | 432 | 18,953 | 95,386 | 321,293 | 331,843 |
| 1923 | 16,951 | 7,54\% | 214 | 2,781 | 525 | 985 | 572 | 25,391 | 125,262 | 397, 604 | 314,25 |
| 1924 | 13,617 | 7,499 | 210 | 2,695 | 509 | 604 | 420 | 28,877 | 95,597 | 418,775 440,609 | 276,261 |
| 1925 | 13,022 | 8,117 | 225 |  | - | 639 | 420 | 34,337 | 100,879 | 440,609 | 297,973. |
| 1926 | 13, |  |  | - | - | - | 579 | 46,813 | 128,561 | $470,57$. | - |



