

# D.B.S. WEEKLY BULLETIN

----- Dominion Bureau of Statistics

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OF STATISTICS

--- HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS ISSUE ---

CANADA'S DOLESTIC EXPORTS in January rose in value to \$285,100,000 from \$221,200,-000 in January, 1950, and imports increased to an estimated total of \$327,500,000 compared to \$211,900,000.

CARLOADINGS ON CANADIAN RAILWAYS during the week ending February 17 totalled 73,685 cars -- a new record for the period -- as compared with the previous peak for the week of 71,644 cars in 1950.

DEPARTMENT STORE SAILS rose 14 per cent during the week ending February 17 as compared with the corresponding week last year. All provinces shared in the rise.

STARTS ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW DWELLING UNITS were higher but there was a decline in the number completed in the first 10 months of 1950 than in the corresponding period of 1949. Estimated number of units in various stages of construction was substantially higher than a year earlier.

LANDINGS AND LANDED VALUE OF SEA-FISH (excluding Newfoundland) showed marked increases in January over the same month last year. The catch of all species in the month rose to 127,103,000 pounds from 76,186,000, and the value to \$3,219,000 as against \$2,209,000.

VISIBLE SUPPLIES OF CANADIAN WHEAT in North America on February 15 this year amounted to 211,567,052 bushels as compared with 215,853,245 a week earlier, and 149,409,838 on the corresponding date last year.

STOCKS OF CREAMERY BUTTER in nine cities of Canada on February 23 amounted to 8,093,000 pounds as compared with 25,871,000 on March 1, 1950.

STOCKS OF HONEY ON JANUARY 1 were lowor than on the same date last year, amounting to 8,434,073 pounds as compared with 10,419,710.

SHIPMENTS OF ASBESTOS from Canadian mines rose sharply in the full year 1950, amounting to 874,239 tons as compared with 574,906 in 1949.

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## PRELIMINARY STATEMENT OF FOREIGN TRADE IN JANUARY

A summary of foreign trade figures for January released by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows a rise in the value of Canada's total domestic exports to 285,-

100,000 from \$221,200,000 in January, 1950, and an increase in estimated total imports to \$327,500,000 compared to \$211,900,000.

Domestic exports to the United States rose in value to \$186,900,000 as against \$130,900,000, and to the United Kingdom declined to \$40,100,000 compared to \$48,600,000. Estimated imports from the United States amounted to \$234,100,000 as compared to \$154,500,000, and from the United Kingdom to \$34,200,000 as against \$26,100,000.

The import figures are only preliminary and therefore subject to revision. Final and detailed figures of imports will not be available for about three weeks. Those for exports will be issued in a few days.

The preliminary figures on the month's forcign trade are summarized in the following table:-

		1950 Foreign (Millions of	Contribution of the second sec	
Exports - United Kingdom Other Commonwealth countries United States Other foreign countries Total, all countries	130.9 28.0	0.3 0.03 2.1 <u>0.2</u> <u>2.6</u>	40.1 16.0 186.9 42.1 285.1	0.1 0.1 3.4 0.1 <u>3.7</u>
Imports -	January, 1950		January, 1951 **	
United Kingdom Other Commonwealth countries United States Other foreign countries Total, all countries	10.7 154.5 20.6		34 21 234 <u>37</u> <u>327</u>	7 1 5

\*\* Estimate only. Subject to revision.

## DEPARTMENT STORE SALES 14 PER CENT HIGHER

Department store sales rose 14 per cent during the week ending February 17 as compared with the corresponding week last year, according to preliminary figures. There

were increases in all provinces, Manitoba leading with a rise of 21 per cent, followed closely by Alberta with a gain of 20 per cent, and Saskatchewan 19 per cent. Sales in Ontario and British Columbia were 14 per cent higher in each, Quebec eight per cent, and the Maritimes three per cent. STARTS ON CONSTRUCTION OF NEW DWELLING UNITS HIGHER IN 10 MONTHS: COMPLETIONS LOWER

Starts on the construction of new dwelling units were higher but there was a decline in the number

completed in the first 10 months of 1950 than in the corresponding period of 1949, according to the monthly estimate by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Estimated number of units in various stages of construction was substantially higher than a year earlier.

Construction was started on an estimated 81,718 dwelling units in the 10 months ending October as compared with 76,826 in the same period of 1949, and an estimated 68,959 were completed as compared with 72,057. At the end of October, 70,017 were under construction as compared with 61,027 a year earlier.

In October starts totalled 9,773 units as compared with 8,964 in October, 1949, and completions totalled 9,528 as compared with 9,059. Newfoundland was not included in the survey in October, 1949.

Number of units started by regions in the 10 months was as follows, figures for the like period of 1949 being in brackets: Newfoundland, 1,676 (not available); Prince Edward Island, 329 (364); Nova Scotia, 2,244 (2,319); New Brunswick, 2,181 (1,800); Quebec, 25,848 (20,483); Ontario, 28,163 (29,117); Manitoba, 3,717 (4,328); Saskatchewan, 2,830 (2,897); Ontario, 7,985 (7,082); British Columbia; 6,745 (8,436).

Completions in the 10 months were: Newfoundland, 1,019 (not available); Prince Edward Island, 327 (238); Nova Scotia, 2,077 (2,499); New Brunswick, 2,192 (1,319); Quebec, 21,487 (19,191); Ontario, 23,852 (25,630); Manitoba, 3,530 (3,817); Saskatchewan, 1,868 (3,040); Alberta, 5,710 (7,697); British Columbia, 6,897 (8,626).

Dwellings under construction at the end of October were as follows by regions: Newfoundland, 1,971 (not available); Prince Edward Island, 308 (301); Nova Scotia, 2,468 (2,566); New Brunswick, 1,257 (1,549); Quebec, 18,528 (15,041); Ontario, 26,647 (24,494); Manitoba, 2,956 (3,060); Saskatchewan, 2,373 (1,827); Alberta, 6,566 (4,642); British Columbia, 6,943 (7,547). (1)

LANDINGS AND LANDED VALUE OF SEA-FISH HIGHER IN JANUARY species in the month rose to 127,103,000 pounds from 76,186,000, and the value to \$3,219,000 against \$2,209,000.

On the Pacific Coast the catch was sharply higher at 107,437,000 pounds as compared with 60,751,000 a year age, and the value, at \$1,532,000, was more than double the January, 1950 figure of \$742,000. Increased landings of herring were almost wholly responsible for these marked gains.

Atlantic Coast landings totalled 19,666,000 pounds, an increase of 27 per cent over the catch of 15,435,000 a year earlier, and the value rose to \$1,687,-000 from \$1,467,000, or by 15 per cent. There were large catches of all major species, with the exceptions of halibut, clams and smelts. (2)

EXPORTS OF FISH AND FISHERY PRODUCTS 12 PER CENT HIGHER IN VALUE IN 1950 Exports of fish and fishery products during 1950 increased 12 per cent in value to 118,500,000 from 105,900,000 in 1949.

Shipments of fresh and frozen, whole or dressed fish were \$10,200,000 higher at \$34,700,000, and fresh and frozen fillets were up \$3,800,000 at \$15,000,000. Smaller increases were shown for smoked and salted fish and moluses and crustaceans. On the other hand, shipments of canned fish were nearly 18 per cent lower at \$12,253,000 against \$14,858,000, foreign sales of canned salmon declining by nearly \$1,600,000. Exports of pickled fish, fish meal and vitamin oils were also lower. (2)

PRODUCTION, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS OF LUMBER AND TIES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA Production and shipmonts of sawn lumber and ties in British Columbia both increased in 1950 over the proceeding year, while the

year-end stocks also moved to higher levels. In December, production and shipments both advanced. The year's output amounted to 3,364,173 M feet as compared with 2,848,016 M in 1949, with larger increases in Douglas fir, henlock and spruce. Output of hardwoods was down. The year's shipments totalled 3,207,799 M feet against 2,703,655 M. Stocks at the end of the year aggregated 410,493 M feet against 362,874 M.

In Decomber, 270,307 M feet were produced as compared with 217,368 M a year oarlier, and 250,513 M feet were shipped compared with 195,325 M. (3)

SUGAR SUPPLIES IN JANJARY this year were higher than on the corresponding date last year, the former rising from 125,536,631 pounds to 131,803,559, and the latter from 212,984,738 to 280,254,344 pounds.

Stocks of raw sugar at the beginning of January amounted to 162,272,560 pounds as compared with 153,908,327, and the receipts during the month were slightly lower at 28,721,279 pounds compared with 28,980,308. Meltings and sales in January increased to 57,190,280 from 57,352,004 pounds.

At the beginning of January there were 323,046,708 pounds of refined sugar in the hands of refineries compared with 246,638,338 a year earlier, and the amount manufactured during the month was 55,485,124 pounds against 53,988,565. The month's sales amounted to 98,118,191 compared with 87,049,335 pounds. (4)

PRODUCTION OF EGGS IN JANUARY OOU dozen as compared with 30,155,000 dozen in the corresponding month last year. Producers sold 23,000,000 dozen eggs for market during the month and consumed 4,100,000 dozen. (Mem. 1)

STOCKS OF CREAMERY BUTTER Stocks of creamery butter in nine cities of Canada on February 23 anounted to 8,093,000 pounds as compared with 25,871,000 on March 1, 1950. Holdings were as follows by cities on February 23, figures for Earch 1 last year being in brockets (in thousands): Quebec, 276 (432) pounds; Eon real, 1,773 (5,695); Toronto, 1,216 (6,763); Winnipeg, 1,812 (7,995); Rogina, 169 (676); Saskatoon, 112 (249); Edmonton, 1,623 (2,055); Calgary, 447 (770); Vancouver, 665 (1,236).

## MORE CATTLE, SHEEP AND LAMBS, BUT FEWER HORSES ON CANADIAN FARMS

There were more cattle, sheep and lambs but fewer horses on Canadian farms on December 1, 1950, than on the corresponding date in 1949.

according to estimates by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. These estimates are based on farmers' replies to the annual December survey taken in co-operation with Provincial Government Departments. The figures are exclusive of Newfoundland.

The estimated total number of cattle and calves was slightly higher at 8,292,100 as compared with 8,243,300 in December, 1949, decreases in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Quebec and Saskatchewan being outweighed by slight gains in the other provinces. The number of milk cows declined to 3,496,700 from 3,570,000, all provinces showing a decline. Total other cattle was higher at 4,795,400 compared with 4,673,300, most of the increase being in Ontario and Manitoba.

The total number of shoep and lambs on Canadian farms reversed the downward trond shown since 1944, being estimated at 1,268,000 as compared with 1,259,100 in December, 1949. Increased numbers were recorded in all provinces with the exceptions of Quebec and Ontario.

The number of horses in December continued the steady decline since 1942. Estimated at 1,594,500 at December 1, the total decreased 8.3 per cent from 1,738,000 a year earlier. All provinces shared in the decline. (Abr. 2)

STOCKS AND MARKETINGS OF WHEAT AND COARSE GRAINS February 15 this year amounted to 211,567,052 bushels as compared with 215,853,245 a week earlier, and 149,-

409,838 on the corresponding date last year, according to the Dominion Buroau of Statistics.

Deliveries from farms in the Prairie Provinces during the week totalled 1,491,550 bushels against 2,201,276 a year ago, raising the total for the crop year to date to 259,074,296 bushels compared with 248,357,569 in the similar period a year earlier. Overseas export clearances in the week amounted to 3,092,-897 bushels compared with 2,426,542 a year ago, and in the cumulative period totalled 76,139,484 bushels against 95,252,692.

The following quantities of coarse grains were also delivered from farms in the Prairie Provinces during the week ending February 15, totals for the same date last year being in brackets: oats, 602,555 (602,756) bushels; barley, 492,357 (271,232); rye, 15,975 (59,942); flaxseed, 15,626 (4,378). (Mon. 3)

WHEAT FLOUR OUTPUT GAINS IN JANUARY

Canadian production of wheat flour in January increased to 1,973,354 barrels as compared with 1,537,955 in the same month

last year, bringing total production for the first half of the current crop year to 11,733,967 barrels from 10,570,019 in the same period of 1949-50, an advance of almost 10 per cent.

Exports of wheat flour in January rose to 1,313,025 barrels from 728,751 a year earlier, and for the six months of the 1950-51 crop year totalled 5,241,333 barrels compared to 4,976,940 in the corresponding period of the previous crop year. (Mem. 4)

Carloadings on Canadian railways during the CARLOADINGS ON CANADIAN RAILWAYS week ending February 17 totalled 73,685 cars -- a new record for the period -- as compared with the previous peak for the week of 71,644 cars in 1950. Cumulative loadings for the first seven weeks of the year totalled 511,777 cars against 458,722 in the like 1950 period.

Eastorn division loadings for the week rose from 47,933 cars to 50,510, while the western region with lighter coal and crude oil shipments declined from 23,711 cars to 23,175.

Railway revonue freight loadings in January this year totalled 331,000 cars as compared with 314,000 in December, and 271,000 in the same month last year. (5 and 6)

CANAL TRAFFIC IN 1950 Tonnage of freight through Canadian canal systems during the 1950 season of navigation reached a total of 27,417,849 tons. This was the largest volume since 1914, and was 12.5 per cent higher than the 1949 traffic total of 24,373.752 tons.

Freight passing through Canadian and United States locks of the Sault Ste. Marie canals totalled 106,195,738 tons as compared with 96,187,769 in 1949. Freight through the Canadian lock was little changed, totalling 2,301,763 tons. Total eastbound traffic advanced to 89,243,031 tons from 84,047,570 in 1949, with iron ore, steel, stone and other freight supplying the gain.

On the Welland Ship canel the amount of freight during the year was 14,719,346 tons compared with 13,692,209 in the preceding year. An active season of navigation was also shown for the St. Lawrence system, the total volume of freight amounting to 9,969,271 tons -- a new all-time high -- as compared with 7,960,194 in 1949, and compares with the previous peak of 9,236,318 tons attained in 1938. Traffic was also heavier in 1950 on the Ottawa, Murray, Trent and Rideau canals, while the St. Peter's, Richelieu and St. Andrew's were lower than in 1949. (7)

PRODUCTION OF ASPHALT ROOFING MATERIALS HIGHER IN JANUARY

Production of asphalt shingles and roll roofing was higher in January this yoar, amounting to 286,107 squares as compared with 226,316 in the corresponding month last year. The month's output of tar and asphalt felts

rose to 3,946 tons from 2,829 a year earlier. Output of shingles amounted to 140,966 squares compared with 102,237 in January, 1950; smooth surfaced roofing in rolls, 79,135 squares compared with 71,351; mineral surfaced roofing in rolls, 56,814 squares compared with 47,288; and roll type sidings, 9,192 squares compared with 5.450. (Mem. 5)

## Lirch 3, 1951

STOCKS OF CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES LOWER Aggregate stocks of canned fruits and vegetables held by canners, wholesalers and chain store warehouses on January 1 this year were lower than on the same date

last year. Stocks of canned fruits declined to 5,877,642 dozen cans from 6,020,-572 on January 1, 1950, and the stocks of canned vegetables fell to 17,488,693 dozen cans from 21,314,805.

Larked increases were recorded in the stocks of apricots, pears, plums, gages, etc., asparagus, beets, mixed vegetables (macedoine), spinach, carrots, carrots and peas combined, and lesser gains in baked beans, pineapple, and strawberries. There were large declines in cherries, peaches, raspberries, green or wax beans, corn, peas, pumpkin, tomatoes, infants foods, tomato juice, and tomato catsup, and a small decline in soups of all kinds.

Stocks of principal canned fruits were as follows on January 1 this year, totals for the corresponding date last year being in brackets: apricots, 187,470 (70,355) dozon containers; cherries, 240,714 (343,688); pears, 1,580,126 (1,242,070); poaches, 2,010,952 (2,525,119); pincapple, 330,156 (265,786); pluns, gages, etc., 514,172 (402,203); raspberries, 94,685 (211,154); strawberries, 130,851 (97,851).

Holdings of vegetables on January 1 included the following: asparagus, 252,022 (115,510) dozen containers; green or wax beans, 1,292,305 (1,424,936); baked beans, 1,649,093 (1,493,207); baets, 800,639 (445,378); carrots, 480,374 (365,157); carrots and peas combined, 372,211 (259,156); corn, 6,416,795 (7,019,697); mixed vegetables (macedoine), 641,034 (484,746); peas, 3,000,197 (4,640,891); pumpkin, 92,449 (161,742); spinach, 222,757 (105,515); tomatoes, 2,098,211 (4,713,966).

January 1 stocks of other canned foods included: apple juice, 1,515,765 (1,448,543) dozen containers; infants foods, 3,211,174 (4,099,316); jams, 443,599 (372,419); jellies, 91,225 (86,431); marmalades, 153,256 (137,202); pickles, 364,782 (316,766); relishes and sauces, 351,916 (324,720); ready dinners and stews, 226,248 (225,869); sauerkraut, 143,563 (131,333); soups of all kinds, 7,360,432 (7,383,219); spaghetti, 389,776 (391,381); tomate juice, 3,118,331 (5,294,062); tomate catsup, 1,683,634 (2,284,635). (8)

STOCKS OF HONEY LOWER ON JANUARY 1 Stocks of honoy'on January 1 were lower than on the same date last year, amounting to 0,434,073 pounds as compared with 10,419,710, according to figures released by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Stocks in Ontario -- largest among the provinces -- increased to 3,855,697 pounds from 2,293,996 in January last year, and in British Columbia to 274,269 pounds from 258,429, but were sharply lower in Manitoba to 1,365,294 pounds from 3,162,082, and in Quobec to 399,805 poundaidrog 1,028,365.

In Saskatchewan, stocks were lower at 1,292,226 pounds compared with 2,146,656, Alberta 1,225,487 pounds compared with 1,471,554; and in the MaritimesProvinces 26,295 pounds compared with 29,629. (8) 10rch , 1951

D.B.S. MEEKLY BULL TIN

OUTPUT OF PROCESSED FOODS IN 1950 Canadian food processors manufactured larger

quantities of soda biscuits, plain and fancy biscuits, chewing gum, chocolate confectionery in bars, sugar confectionery, and marshmallows in 1950 than in 1949, but turned out less chocolate confectionery in bulk and packages, foods prepared for infants, jellies, and spirit vinegar. Baked beans (including pork and beans), fruits and vegetables quick frozen, not for reprocessing, jams, marmalades, bottled olives, pickles and relishes, tomato catsup and canned meats were among the increases, but there were smaller quantities of dried and powdered eggs and food drinks.

Production of baking powder, ready-to-serve cereals, process cheese, dry and canned macaroni, prepared mustard, mincemeat, and salted and roasted peanuts was higher. More peanut butter was produced but less roasted coffee was manufactured. Jelly and pudding powders, salad dressing and mayonnaise, and fresh and dried yeast were also among the advances, but pie filling powders, sandwich spreads, blended and packed tea, and carbonated beverages decreased.

The following are preliminary figures for some main processed food items for 1950, quantities for 1949 being in brackets:

Biscuits and Confectionery: - soda biscuits, 51,338,330 (48,779,005) pounds; plain and fancy biscuits, 158,171,024 (143,569,457) pounds; chowing gum, 13,213,138 (12,612,669) boxes; chocolate confectionery in bars, 64,224,191 (51,689,716) dozon; chocolate confectionery in bulk and packages, 37,943,195 (41,521,367) pounds; sugar confectionery, 78,031,158 (74,928,875) pounds; marshmallows, 4,921,805 (4,405,893) pounds.

Fruit and Vegotable Preparations: - baked beans (including pork and beans), 90,135,252 (75,665,168) pounds; foods prepared for infants, 27,358,705 (27,579,554) pounds; fruits, quick frozen, not for re-processing, 6,346,525 (6,243,893) pounds; vogetables, quick frozen, not for re-processing, 10,345,077 (7,792,551) pounds; jam, 73,212,642 (64,015,013) pounds; jellies, 5,159,301 (5,377,562) pounds; marmalades, 19,803,046 (.16,865,184) pounds; bottled elives, 400,463 (325,377) gallons; pickles and relishes, 5,602,403 (4,581,826) gallens; tomate soup, 5,979,302 (4,142,642) dozen tins; vegetable soup, 5,103,753 (3,869,875) dozen tins; other soups, 8,411,889 (6,997,315) dozen tins; tomate catsup, 18,306,515 (17,831,405) pounds; spirit vinegar, 5,621,092 (6,131,628) gallens.

Miscellancous Foods:- baking powder, 11,248,544 (10,262,986) pounds; ready-toservo cereals, 68,427,574 (65,571,545) pounds; process choose, 36,232,234 (35,546,249) pounds; reasted coffee, 62,551,363 (75,948,930) pounds; dried and powdered eggs, 1,349,241 (5,763,431) pounds; food drinks, 1,383,415 (1,602,755) pounds; dry macaroni, 64,825,536 (58,528,321) pounds; cannod macaroni, 26,574,996 (24,930,747) pounds; mincemeat, 6,146,851 (5,609,630) pounds; propared mustard, 967,996 (920,835) gallens; salted and reasted peanuts, 15,905,246 (14,317,850) pounds; peanut butter, 21,893,896 (17,750,442) pounds; jelly powders, 14,292,390 (14,145,307) pounds; pie filling powders, 4,612,277 (4,668,099) pounds; pudding powders, 8,644,434 (7,724,704) pounds; salad dressing and mayonnaise, 19,210,898 (16,171,316) pounds; sandwich spreads, 3,063,843 (4,210,499) pounds; blended and packed tea, 38,893,520 (38,982,758) pounds; fresh yeast, 22,419,175 (21,769,792) pounds; dried yeast, 1,295,478 (1,047,188) pounds; carbonated beverages, 95,529,765 (98,371,250) gallens.

Canned Meats:- spiced pork and spiced ham, 17,554,187 (15,796,493) pounds; reast pork and ham, 6,680,119 (2,642,770) pounds; sausage, 1,225,350 (916,407) pounds; beef staws and boiled dinners, 11,045,050 (10,204,539) pounds; roast beef, 2,426,359 (2,785,178) pounds; spiced beef, 1,561,431 (1,670,552) pounds; weiners, 821,533 (773,640) pounds; meat paste, 3,929,998 (3,150,943) pounds; sundry, 4,806,978 (3,952,579) pounds. Total canned meat, 54,220,675 (46,906,996) pounds. (9)

## PRODUCTION, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF COAL HIGHER IN JANUARY

Production of coal in January this year was about eight per cent higher than in the corresponding month of 1950, while imports were sharply

higher, according to preliminary figures. The month's output amounted to 1,945,000 tons as compared with 1,801,536 in January last year, while the imports totalled 1,211,666 tons against 634,316. Exports in the month amounted to 18,515 tons as compared with 27,083 in January, 1950.

Production in Alberta totalled 835,000 tons as compared with 764,642 a year earlier, Nova Scotia 605,000 tons compared with 598,928, Saskatchewan 285,000 tons compared with 275,794, British Columbia 160,000 tons compared with 113,504, and New Brunswick 60,000 tons compared with 48,668. (10)

# PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS OF SALT HIGHER IN 1950

Production and shipments of common salt in the calendar year 1950 both wore higher than in the preceding year. The year's output amounted to 79%,902 tons as compared

with 749,717 in 1949, and the shipments totalled 799,216 tons against 749,727. In December, 71,323 tons were produced as compared with 61,409 a year ago, while shipments aggregated 72,310 tons compared with 60,998 in December, 1949. (11)

## SHIPLENTS OF ASBESTOS HIGHER IN DECLARER AND YEAR 1950

Shipments of asbestos from Canadian minos rose sharply in the full year 1950, amounting to 874,239 tons as compared with 574,906 in 1949. In Decomber,

75,056 tons were shipped against 61,961 in the same month of 1949. (12)

SHIPMENTS OF PRIMARY STEEL SHAPES IN NOVEMBER November shipments of primary steel shapes by Canadian steel mills, exclusive of producers' interchange, amounted to 255,644 net tons as compared with 257,802

in October, and 239,797 in November, 1949. During the first 11 months of 1950 shipments totalled 2,582,617 tons as against 2,473,907 in the same period of 1949.

Shipments in the month included 22,115 tons of semi-finished shapes, 10,959 tons of structurals, 15,422 tons of plates, 14,450 tons of rails, 3,724 tons of tie plates and track material, 46,683 tons of hot rolled bars, 19,543 tons of pipes and tubos, 25,011 tons of wire rods, 30,771 tons of black sheets, 9,009 tons of galvanized sheets, 9,367 tons of castings, and 14,747 tons of other rolled products. The amount of producers' interchange was 125,501 tons in November as against 123,547 tons in October. (13)

RELEASED DURING THE WEEK -- (The numbers in this list correspond with those at the end of news items, indicating the report on which an item is based).

### Reports and Bulletins

- 1. Now Residential Construction, October (25 cents).
- 2. Canadian Fisherics Statistics, January (30 cents).
- 3. Production, Shipments and SStocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, December (25 cents).
- 4. The Sugar Situation, January (10 cents).
- 5. Carloadings on Canadian Railways Weekly (1) cents).
- 6. Railway Revenue Freight Loadings, January (10 cents).
- 7. Summary of Canal Statistics for December and Season of Navigation, 1950 (25 cents).
- 8. Stocks of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, January, 1951 (25 cents).
- 9. Quarterly Report on Processed Foods, 1950 (35 cents).
- 10. Preliminary Report on Coal Production, January (10 cents).
- 11. Salt, December (10 cents).
- 12. Asbestos, December (10 cents).
- 13. Primary Iron and Steel, November (25 cents).
- 14. Mhite Motal Products Industry, 1949 (25 cents).
- 15. Trade of Canada: Imports, November -- Detailed Report -- (50 cents). 16. Trade of Canada: Imports, December and Year -- Detailed Report --
- 16. Trade of Canada: Imports, December and Year -- Detailed Report -- (50 cents).
- 17. Trade of Canada: Exports, December and Year -- Detailed Report -- (50 cents).
- 18. Operating Results of Chain Food Stores, 1949 (25 conts).
- 19. Operating Results of Miscellaneous Chain Stores, 1949 (25 cents).

## Memoranda

- 1. Poultry Estimates, January (10 cents).
- 2. Report on the Live Stock Survey of December 1, 1950 -- Cattle, Shoep and Horses -- (10 cents).
- 3. Grain Statistics Weekly (10 cents).
- 4. Grain Milling Statistics, January (10 cents).
- 5. Asphalt Roofing, January (10 cents).

