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External Trade: Canadian imports during July at \$975,739,000, the 1967 month total of \$1,111,809,000. During the cumulative period in 1968 valued at \$6,983,427,000 in 1968 and \$6,586,797,000 in 1967. (page 2)

Securities: Transactions in portfolio securities between Canada and other countries during the second quarter of 1968 gave rise to a net inflow of \$496 million, an increase to over two and one half times the \$175 million inflow for the first quarter. (page 3)

Prices: The investors price index (1956=100) with 114 stocks priced, stood at 193.8 on October 3, while the mining stock price index, with 24 stocks priced stood at 111.9 on the same date. (page 4)

Transportation: Twenty-four common carrier railways in Canada reported operating revenues of \$137,213,770 for May 1968, down less than 1% from May 1967. (page 5)

Labour: Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit totalled 321,000 on July 31. This exceeded by 10% the 291,000 recorded on June 28, 1968 and by 30% the 246,000 on July 31, 1967. (page 6)

Cheques: Total value of cheques cashed in 51 clearing centres in Canada during July was \$52,161,000,000, 15.7% higher than in July 1967. (page 6)

Construction: July construction starts of dwelling units in centres of 10,000 population and over numbered 15,317 compared to 14,965 in July 1967. (page 6)

Vital Statistics: Births recorded in provincial offices in August numbered 33,540, up from the August 1967 total of 32,713. August marriages registered numbered 20,557 and deaths 13,479. (page 6)

Manufacturing: Between 1957 and 1967, real net output in the pulp and paper mills industry increased by about 41%, while growth in the various measures of labour input ranged from 11% to 15%, so that overall productivity gains tended to be about 25%. (page 7)

Merchandising: Department store sales during the week ended September 21 were up 20.4% over the corresponding 1967 week, with increases recorded in all regions. (page 11)

Energy: During May, crude oil and equivalent net deliveries by pipe lines amounted to 41.8 million barrels. (page 12)

Food and Agriculture: Canadian wheat supplies for the crop year 1968-69 are expected to reach an all-time high of 1,317,200,000 bushels, assuming realization of the August forecast of production. (page 12)

1. Imports Canadian imports during July at \$975,729,000 were below the 1967 month total of \$1,111,809,000. During the cumulative period imports were valued at \$6,983,427,000 in 1968 and \$6,586,797,000 in 1967. Corresponding 1966 totals were \$736,742,000 and \$5,530,964,000.

	Summary of Imports			
	July 1967	1968	January-July 1967	1968
	thousands of dollars			
By Country				
All Countries	1,111,809	975,729	6,586,797	6,983,427
United States	716,063	695,096	4,770,297	5,190,873
United Kingdom	84,517	53,860	428,155	394,162
Venezuela	43,640	34,166	146,322	198,568
Japan	36,816	32,145	177,426	185,900
Federal Republic of				
Germany	29,491	25,057	146,252	160,368
France	17,246	9,724	73,604	64,434
Italy	13,795	8,794	65,388	61,286
Australia	8,107	7,422	34,990	38,750
Sweden	9,628	6,699	46,201	42,744
Hong Kong	7,382	5,500	30,766	31,381
By Commodity				
Motor vehicle parts, except engines	65,788	102,097	555,234	721,074
Closed sedans, new	46,297	47,229	398,787	564,609
Crude petroleum	56,758	33,916	214,753	221,110
Aircraft, complete with engines	18,578	20,376	57,463	126,463
Motor vehicle engines	9,587	17,679	77,134	126,595
Fuel oil	12,800	13,573	60,046	70,352
Trucks, truck tractors and chassis	14,452	12,301	80,883	95,276
Coal	17,668	9,488	66,922	63,695
Organic chemical	12,345	9,683	69,030	74,339
Steel plate, sheet and strip	11,518	9,267	72,391	58,206

2. Sales and Purchases of Securities Transactions in portfolio securities
Between Canada and Other Countries between Canada and other countries during
the second quarter of 1968 gave rise to
a net inflow of \$496 million, an increase to over two and half times the \$175 million
inflow for the first quarter. A net increase in non-resident holdings of Canadian
issues led to a \$615 million inflow compared with \$244 million for the first quarter.
Every category of transactions contributed to this large increase, however, the
higher level of new Canadian issues provided the major part. Net purchases of
foreign securities moved up over 17% to a \$119 million outflow in the second quarter
from a \$69 million outflow for the first quarter.

Sales of Canadian new issues rose sharply from \$408 million to \$711 million
largely on the strength of increased borrowing from European sources. This borrowing
has increased from about \$20 million in the fourth quarter of 1967 to over \$60
million in the first quarter of 1968 and almost \$300 million in the quarter under
review when Government of Canada issues were prominent. The currency distribution
of these issues placed in Europe in the second quarter was about \$153 million in
Deutsche marks, over \$108 million in other European currencies and more than \$30
million in United States dollars.

During the second quarter non-residents purchased \$225 million (expressed in
Canadian funds) of Government of Canada new issues. There were placements by the
Government of new issues in Germany, Italy and the United States - the first new
issues placed abroad by the Canadian Government since the foreign exchange crisis
of 1962 and its aftermath. New corporation bond issues more than doubled to \$231
million while new issues of provincial governments moved down to \$180 million from
\$240 million. During the second quarter of the year, trade in outstanding Canadian
securities produced a net inflow of \$23 million, a swing of over \$60 million from
the first quarter outflow of \$38 million. While there were net repatriations of \$11
million of Canadian bonds and debentures, these were more than offset by the \$34
million net sales of Canadian equities. Second quarter retirements of Canadian
securities held by non-residents remained at approximately the same level of \$119
million compared with \$126 million in the previous quarter. Retirements by municipal
governments and corporations fell somewhat, but this was offset to some extent by
the increase in retirements of Government of Canada direct and guaranteed issues.
The net outflow for purchases of foreign securities rose to \$119 million from \$69
million in the first quarter when there were large liquidations of the Government of
Canada's holdings of bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
Net purchases of outstanding foreign securities increased to \$116 million from \$55
million while Canadian purchases of foreign new issues decreased to \$10 million from
a high \$23 million occasioned by a new I.B.R.D. bond placement in Canada. Retirements
of Canadian holdings of foreign securities remained approximately the same in the
previous quarter.

3. Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	Oct. 3 1968	Sept. 26 1968	Sept. 5 1968
		This week	Week ago	Month ago
(1956=100)				
Investors price index	114	193.8	191.8	183.9
Industrials	80	199.0	197.1	190.6
Industrial mines	4	203.9	198.6	191.5
Foods	11	246.9	244.5	231.9
Beverages	7	296.1	295.5	284.1
Textiles and clothing	5	182.6	184.5	172.0
Pulp and paper	7	123.8	122.7	111.3
Printing and pub.	4	669.1	649.8	663.6
Primary metals	8	105.0	104.2	97.4
Metal fabricating	9	139.3	135.6	128.3
Non-metallic minerals	4	128.5	124.0	116.4
Petroleum	7	189.7	192.0	190.7
Chemicals	4	127.2	123.6	120.2
Construction	4	96.2	101.2	96.9
Retail trade	6	307.5	315.3	307.0
Utilities	20	182.1	178.0	168.5
Pipelines	5	203.2	197.8	185.5
Transportation	4	220.6	215.5	202.1
Telephone	3	109.3	108.5	108.3
Electric power	3	140.9	138.6	129.4
Gas distribution	5	458.4	441.8	406.8
Finance	14	183.3	183.5	171.1
Banks	6	190.8	191.7	176.0
Investment and loan ...	8	168.2	167.1	161.0
Mining stock price index:	24	112.9	114.4	108.7
Golds	13	156.6	160.7	153.9
Base metals	11	89.0	89.0	83.9
Uraniums price index	4	272.0	268.5	256.9
Primary oils and gas	6	247.8	246.9	230.9

4. Railway Operating Statistics Twenty-four common carrier railways in Canada reported operating revenues of \$137,213,770 for the month of May 1968, down less than 1% from the previous year month, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the May issue of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Railway Operating Statistics". Railway operating expenses at \$122,312,793 were down 2.3% resulting in a net operating income of \$14,900,977 compared to \$12,826,189 one year earlier.

Railway Operating Revenues, Expenses and Net Income

	<u>May 1968</u>		
	<u>Total 24 Railways</u>	<u>C.N.R.</u>	<u>C.P.R.</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Operating Revenues	137,213,770	69,249,207	50,148,118
Freight	115,387,303	56,037,588	42,950,173
Passenger	5,350,828	3,732,061	1,299,784
Payments relating to the National Trans- portation Act	7,922,863	4,587,620	3,225,697
Operating Expenses	122,312,793	62,240,570	45,876,077
Road and Equipment Maintenance	48,768,312	26,177,249	17,269,534
Transportation	46,344,547	24,570,110	17,481,951
Net Income	14,900,977	7,008,637	4,272,041
Operating Ratio	89.14	89.88	91.48

A total of 22.8 million tons of revenue freight was handled by railways in Canada during May, up 3.0% from the comparable 1967 month. The number of ton-miles generated during the month decreased to 8,559 million from 8,672 million and the average haul dropped to 375 miles from 392 miles. Average miles of road operated (first main track) was up to 44,038 from 43,911. Passengers carried decreased 3.9% to 1,951. Commuter traffic registered a 13.8% increase while non-commuter movements decreased 27.4% from the May 1967 figure which may have been influenced in part by travel associated with Expo '67. The length of journey of all passengers averaged 109 miles compared to 128 miles in the earlier year. May railway employment at 119,243 persons was down 10.5% from 1967, when 133,165 people were employed in the industry.

5. Carloadings Revenue freight carloadings during the seven days ended September 21 declined 3.3% to 77,031 cars from the previous year period. Among commodities requiring fewer cars were "other" grain, 1,181 cars (2,242 in 1967); coal, 1,856 (2,415); copper-nickel ores and concentrates, 1,661 (2,252); newsprint paper, 2,020 (2,544). Major commodities moved in more cars were crude gypsum, 1,399 (844) and automobiles, auto trucks and parts, 2,084 (1,536). Receipts from both Canadian and United States rail connections rose 0.7% to 23,854 cars. Piggyback loadings during the seven day period fell 3.7% to 3,964.

During the cumulative period carloadings dropped 2.7% to 2,694,304 from the corresponding 1967 total. Receipts declined 1.3% to 889,649 and piggyback loadings dropped 0.2% to 127,664 from the previous year period.

6. Passenger Bus Statistics Passengers carried by 48 intercity and rural bus companies during July numbered 4,629,485, a 12.3% drop from the 5,279,215 passengers transported by 45 companies in July 1967. Total operating revenue during the month amounted to \$8,482,864, down 11.4% from the \$9,576,777 revenue reported in the 1967 month.

7. Urban Transit Passengers (excluding transfers) reported by 62 urban transit systems during July, numbered 79,973,838, an 8.3% drop from the 87,234,768 passengers reported by 64 firms in July 1967. Total operating revenues for the current month fell to \$16,546,129, down 9.0% from the \$18,179,761 reported in July 1967.

LABOUR

8. Unemployment Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit totalled 321,000 on July 31. This exceeded by 10% the 291,000 recorded on June 28, 1968 and by 30% the 246,000 for July 31, 1967. A total of 124,000 initial and renewal claims were filed in local offices across Canada during July, in comparison with 93,000 in June and 102,000 in July 1967.

The average weekly number of beneficiaries was estimated at 148,000 for July, 229,000 for June and 180,000 for July 1967. Benefit payments amounted to \$18.9 million in July versus \$23.4 million in June and \$17.7 million in July 1967. The average weekly payments for these three dates were \$25.51, \$25.57 and \$24.64 respectively.

CHEQUES

9. Cheques Total value of cheques cashed in 51 clearing centres in Canada during July was \$52,161,000,000, 15.7% higher than in July 1967. Clearings in Ontario were up by 17.8%; Quebec, 15.4%; British Columbia, 14.1%; Atlantic Provinces, 13.1%; and the Prairie Provinces, 11.3%.

CONSTRUCTION

10. Residential Construction July construction starts of dwelling units in centres of 10,000 population and over numbered 15,317 compared to 14,965 in the 1967 month. During the cumulative period starts were up to 85,199 in 1968 from 71,235 last year. July completions numbered 11,053 and January-July completions rose to 70,961. Dwelling units under construction at July 31 numbered 95,399 in 1968 and 71,031 in 1967.

VITAL STATISTICS

11. Births, Deaths and Marriages Births recorded in provincial offices in August numbered 33,540, up from the August 1967 total of 32,713. This brought the total number registered for the first eight months of 1968 to 244,358, down 3.8% from the corresponding 1967 total of 254,011. August marriages registered numbered 20,557 compared with 19,845 in the 1967 month. During the cumulative period marriages reported rose 2.7% to 102,719 in 1968 from 100,027 in 1967. The number of deaths registered during August totalled 13,479 compared with 12,654 in the 1967 month. In the first eight months, six provinces recorded increases over the corresponding 1967 period.

12. Causes of Death Deaths by three-digit categories and four-digit subcategories of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases, Injuries and Causes of Death, Seventh Revision, 1955 by sex for the provinces and by sex and five-year age groups for Canada are shown in "Causes of Deaths, Canada, 1966" The second of an annual series, it expands two previous publications, "Causes of Deaths, Canada, 1950-60" (Catalogue No. 84-514) and "Causes of Death, Canada, 1958-64" (Catalogue No. 84-519), into a regular series in order to meet demands for more detailed statistics on mortality from specific diseases required for epidemiological and medical research. Copies of the earlier publications are still available.

MANUFACTURING

13. Steel Ingots Steel ingot production during the week ended October 5 totalled 203,199 tons, a 0.9% increase from the preceding week total of 201,436 tons. Output during the comparable week of 1967 was 196,513 tons. The index of production, based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 equalling 100, was 211 in the current week, 210 a week earlier and 204 one year ago.

14. Productivity Trends in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industry Indexes of real output, labour input and productivity in the Pulp and Paper Mills industry for the period 1957-67 shown in Tables 1 to 3 bring up to date those for the period 1947-61 which were originally released in Dominion Bureau of Statistics Catalogue No. 14-502, "Productivity Trends in Industry - Report No. 1: Synthetic Textile Mills, Breweries, Pulp and Paper Mills". They reflect the technical characteristics of the "new basis" measures for 1959-61 of the earlier report, which are now extended back to 1957 and forward to 1967. Further details are provided in footnote(1) of Table 3.

Between 1957 and 1967, real net output in the Pulp and Paper Mills industry increased by about 41%, while growth in the various measures of labour input ranged from 11% to 15%, so that overall productivity gains tended to be about 25%. Average annual rates of growth were 3.8% per annum for real net output, 1.6% and 1.8% for the total number of persons employed and their man-hours paid, and 2.2% and 2.0% for the corresponding measures of output per unit of labour input. Measures based on the employment and man-hours of production workers are also shown. The productivity performance of the industry was therefore substantially weaker than in manufacturing as a whole during the same period when, for instance, output per person employed increased at an average rate of about 4.1% per annum.

For the period 1957 to 1965, the most recent year for which productivity data relating to the Paper, Paperboard and Pulp Mills industry of the United States are available, the preferred measure of output per production worker increased by about 50%, while in Canada growth in the virtually identical measure of real gross output per production worker was approximately 30%. The relative increase of output in Canada came close to that of the United States, 39% as compared to 46%, but while the index of production workers in Canada increased by 6.5% between 1957 and 1965, the corresponding series for the United States industry declined by -2.8%.

Publication of the full range of tabular and graphic material contained in Catalogue No. 14-502 is not contemplated at the present time, but interested users may contact the Productivity Research and Analysis Section of the National Accounts, Production and Productivity Division for further details.

Table 1 - Indexes of Real Gross Output per Unit of Labour Input,
Pulp and Paper Mills, Canada, 1957-67(1)
(1961=100)

Item and Year	Real Gross Output Per				
	Person employed	Production worker	Man-hour paid of persons employed	Man-hour paid of production workers	Man-hour worked of production workers
1957	88.6	87.2	88.4	87.3	85.7
1958	89.0	88.3	90.2	89.9	88.7
1959	93.9	93.0	95.0	94.6	93.7
1960	98.0	98.2	97.6	97.7	97.0
1961(2)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1962	101.9	102.6	101.3	101.8	102.4
1963	105.3	106.3	104.4	105.1	106.1
1964	110.5	111.1	108.5	108.7	109.3
1965	112.6	113.5	111.2	112.0	113.0
1966 .....	..	..	..	..	..
1967 .....	..	..	..	..	..
1967 as % of 1957 ..	..	..	..	..	..
Annual trend rate of change(%)	3.2	3.5	2.9	3.1	3.5

(1) See table 3, footnote 1.

(2) From 1961 forward, figures represent total activity.

Table 2 - Indexes of Real Net Output per Unit of Labour Input,
Pulp and Paper Mills, Canada, 1957-67(1)
(1961=100)

Item and Year	Real net output per				
	Person employed	Production worker	Man-hour paid of persons employed	Man-hour paid of production workers	Man-hour worked of production workers
1957	90.0	88.5	89.8	88.6	87.1
1958	90.2	89.4	91.4	91.0	89.8
1959	95.3	94.3	96.3	95.9	95.0
1960	100.0	100.2	99.6	99.7	99.0
1961(2)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1962	99.4	100.1	98.8	99.3	99.9
1963	103.0	104.1	102.1	102.8	103.9
1964	105.8	106.4	104.0	104.2	104.8
1965	106.8	107.6	105.4	106.2	107.1
1966	110.9	112.1	109.3	109.8	111.4
1967	112.1	113.0	110.9	111.2	..
1967 as % of 1957 ..	124.6	127.7	123.5	125.5	..
Annual trend rate of change(%)	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.5

(1) See table 3, footnote 1.

(2) From 1961 forward, figures represent total activity.

Table 3 - Indexes of Real Output and Labour Input,
Pulp and Paper Mills, Canada, 1957-67(1)
(1961=100)

Item and Year	Real Output		Persons employed		Production workers		
	Gross	Net	Number(2)	Man-hours paid(2)	Number	Man-hours paid	Man-hours worked
1957	89.0	90.4	100.4	100.7	102.1	102.0	103.8
1958	86.9	88.0	97.6	96.3	98.4	96.7	98.0
1959	93.0	94.3	99.0	97.9	100.0	98.3	99.3
1960	98.0	100.0	100.0	100.4	99.8	100.3	101.0
1961	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1962	103.2	100.7	101.3	101.9	100.6	101.4	100.8
1963	107.4	105.1	102.0	102.9	101.0	102.2	101.2
1964	117.3	112.4	106.2	108.1	105.6	107.9	107.3
1965	123.4	117.0	109.6	111.0	108.7	110.2	109.2
1966 .....	..	127.7	115.2	116.8	113.9	116.3	114.6
1967 .....	..	127.8	114.0	115.2	113.1	114.9	..
1967 as % of 1957 ...	..	141.4	113.5	114.4	110.8	112.6	..
Annual trend rate of change (%)	4.3	3.8	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.7	1.3

- (1) Measures of real output and matching labour input for 1957 and 1958 consistent with those of later years were specially prepared for the purposes of this release. In the case of real net output, therefore, they differ slightly from those in the published Indexes of Industrial Production which reflect the use of the 1948 S.I.C. and a 1949 weight base. From 1959 to 1965, the two real output measures are based on annual benchmark data, while the single indicator of real net output for 1966 and 1967 is a projection based on monthly data. The 1967 labour inputs are derived from monthly employment survey sources.
- (2) From 1961 forward, figures represent total activity.

Periodicity	Production and Consumption of Rubber							
	Production of Rubber				Consumption of Rubber			
	Natural rubber	Synthetic rubber	Reclaimed rubber	Total	Natural rubber	Synthetic rubber	Reclaimed rubber	Total
	'000 lb.				'000 lb.			
Month of:								
August 1968	-	32,952	1,528	34,480	5,173	12,200	1,809	19,182
August 1967	-	35,615	2,510	38,125	6,686	16,584	2,609	25,879
% change	-	- 7.5	-39.1	- 9.6	-22.6	-26.4	-30.7	-25.9
8 months ended:								
August 1968	-	286,884	21,791	308,675	61,468	142,367	23,391	227,226
August 1967	-	294,906	20,146	315,052	64,582	153,716	26,462	244,760
% change	-	- 2.7	+ 8.2	- 2.0	- 4.8	- 7.4	-11.6	- 7.2

16. Floor Tile Production of asphalt and vinyl-asbestos floor tile amounted to 14,279,490 square feet in August compared to 19,632,229 in the 1967 month. During the cumulative period 1968 production totalled 118,924,271 square feet and 1967 production amounted to 139,844,680.

17. Concrete Products Production of specified concrete products during July was as follows: concrete brick, 8,750,909 (7,886,011 in the 1967 month); concrete blocks, 21,221,512 (18,849,273); concrete drain pipe, sewer pipe, water pipe and culvert tile, 82,140 tons (96,385); ready-mixed concrete, 1,490,404 cubic yards (1,121,551).

18. Major Appliances - August 1968

	Total Canada sales	Exports number of units	Stocks at end of month
Refrigerators (domestic) ..	42,106	833	71,472
Home and farm freezers	17,900	254	14,761
Washing machines:			
Automatic	27,071	62	32,367
Conventional	18,300	1,860	22,214
Clothes dryers:			
Electric	22,677	-	35,573
Gas	1,799	-	4,907

19. Major Appliances - August 1968

	Total Canada sales	Exports number of units	Stocks at end of month
Gas cooking stoves and ranges ...	3,038	40	5,476
Electric ranges	29,289	903	46,895
Electric wall ovens	665	-	1,944
Electric drop-in ranges	904	-	2,460

MERCHANDISING

20. Credit Statistics Balances outstanding on the books of selected credit holders at the end of June were as follows: sales finance companies, consumer goods, \$1,178,000,000 (\$1,182,000,000 at the end of June 1967); sales finance companies, commercial goods, \$692,000,000 (\$665,000,000); small loan companies cash loans, \$1,320,000,000 (\$1,166,000,000); small loan companies, instalment credit, \$83,000,000 (\$74,000,000); department stores, \$529,000,000 (\$527,000,000); furniture, appliance and radio stores, \$201,000,000 (\$203,000,000); chartered banks, personal fully secured loans, \$524,000,000 (\$516,000,000); chartered banks personal home improvement loans, \$72,000,000 (\$77,000,000); chartered banks personal other loans, \$3,241,000,000 (\$2,756,000,000).

21. Department Store Sales Department store sales during the week ended September 21 were up 20.4% over the corresponding 1967 week with increases recorded in all regions as follows: Atlantic Provinces, +10.8%; Quebec, +1.2%; Ontario, +6.4%; Manitoba, +0.8%; Saskatchewan, +10.1%; Alberta, +52.6%; British Columbia, +64.1%.

22. Oil Pipe Line Transport During May, crude oil and equivalent net deliveries by pipe lines amounted to 41.8 million barrels. Detailed information on movements of crude oil, refined products and liquefied petroleum gases for May, will be contained in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication No. 55-001 to be released shortly.

23. Energy Financial Statistics Net income of oil pipe line transport companies amounted to \$23.3 million in the first half of 1968. Gas transport companies reported a net income of \$17.3 million for the same period. Detailed financial data of these two transport systems will be contained in service bulletin 57-002, Vol. 3, No. 43 to be released shortly.

FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

24. Wheat Review Canadian wheat supplies for the crop year 1968-69 are expected to reach an all-time high of 1,317,200,000 bushels, assuming realization of the August forecast of production. This would exceed the 1967-68 total of 1,169,700,000 bushels by 13% and the previous peak of 1,247,500,000 bushels established in 1966-67. Supplies indicated for the current crop year reflect larger carryover stocks (from 576,800,000 bushels in 1967 to 667,500,000 in 1968), combined with a 10% increase in production, from 592,900,000 a year ago to 649,600,000 this year. Although the area seeded to wheat was lower this year, the average yield per acre increased from 19.7 bushels in 1967 to 22.1 in 1968.

Total shipments of wheat and flour in terms of wheat, from United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia amounted to some 1,391,300,000 bushels during the 1967-68 crop year (August-July) some 14% less than the 1966-67 level of 1,613,200,000 but 7% above the ten-year (1956-57 - 1965-66) average of 1,301,300,000. During the August-July period of 1967-68 each of the four major exporters, with the exception of the United States, shared in the decrease.

At the close of the Canadian crop year, total supplies of wheat remaining in the United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia, for export and carryover at the end of their respective crop years, amounted to 2,270,500,000 bushels compared with 2,019,800,000 at the same time a year ago.

25. Manufacturers' Sales of Packaged Margarine, Shortening and Salad Oils

August 1968	Retail	Commercial
	(20 lbs. and less)	(21-450 lbs.)
	thousands of pounds	
Margarine	14,323	290
Shortening(1) ...	3,270	13,143
Salad Oil	2,970	1,302

(1) Includes Baking and Frying Oils and Fats.

26. Forage Seed Report The following figures are reported by major processing firms in Canada for August 1968. Pedigreed seed is included with commercial seed.

Kind of Seed	Purchases from Growers and Primary Cleaners Aug. 1-31, 1968	Exports Reported Aug. 1-31, 1968	Inventory Aug. 31, 1968
Alfalfa	(1)	(1)	3,339
Bentgrass			87
Birdsfoot trefoil	(1)	(1)	104
Bluegrass, Kentucky	(1)		1,134
Bluegrass, Canada			28
Bluegrass, other varieties			192
Bromegrass	485	(1)	2,354
Clover, alsike	562	95	2,400
Clover, red, double cut	(1)		1,069
Clover, red, single cut	410	451	2,808
Clover, sweet, white blossom	57	(1)	335
Clover, sweet, yellow blossom	2,007	485	4,624
Clover, white, tall growing			55
Clover, white, low growing	101	(1)	248
Fescue, chewings			43
Fescue, creeping red	8,452	913	10,814
Fescue, meadow	1,060	262	4,851
Fescue, tall			37
Orchard grass	(1)		339
Red top			110
Reed canary grass	(1)	(1)	76
Russian wild ryegrass	34		183
Ryegrass, annual			210
Ryegrass, perennial	(1)	(1)	357
Timothy	561	231	6,588
Wheatgrass, crested	(1)		859
Wheatgrass, intermediate	(1)	(1)	84
Wheatgrass, pubescent			43
Wheatgrass, slender	(1)		57
Wheatgrass, tall			12

(1) Indicates less than 3 firms reporting.

Note: Exports of Fescue, meadow reported to the end of July should read 2,461,000 instead of 4,320,000.

Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles, except in cases where items are published as advance information. This information will be included in regular DBS publication, which will be released at a later date.

1. Trade of Canada: Summary of Imports, July 1968 (65-005), 20¢/\$2.00
2. Sales and Purchases of Securities Between Canada and Other Countries, June 1968 (67-002), 20¢/\$2.00
3. Weekly Security Price Indexes, October 3, 1968
4. Railway Operating Statistics, May 1968
5. Carloadings, September 21, 1968 (52-001), \$3.00 a year
6. Passenger Bus Statistics, July 1968 (53-002), 10¢/\$1.00
7. Urban Transit, July 1968 (53-003), 10¢/\$1.00
8. Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, July 1968 (73-001), 20¢/\$2.00
9. Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, July 1968 (61-001), 20¢/\$2.00
10. New Residential Construction, July 1968 (64-002), 30¢/\$3.00
11. Vital Statistics, August 1968 (84-001), 10¢/\$1.00
12. Causes of Death, Canada; Provinces by Sex and Canada by Sex and Age, 1966 (84-203), \$1.50
13. Steel Ingots, October 5, 1968
14. Productivity Trends in the Pulp and Paper Mills Industry, 1957-1967
15. Production and Consumption of Rubber, August 1968
16. Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, August 1968 (47-001), 10¢/\$1.00
17. Concrete Products, July 1968 (44-002), 10¢/\$1.00
18. Major Appliances, August 1968
19. Major Appliances, August 1968
20. Credit Statistics, June 1968 (61-004), 20¢/\$2.00
21. Department Store Sales by Regions, September 21, 1968 (63-003), \$2.00 a year
22. Oil Pipe Line Transport, May 1968
23. Energy Financial Statistics, First Half 1968
24. The Wheat Review, August 1968 (22-005), \$3.00 a year
25. Manufacturers' Sales of Packaged Margarine, Shortening and Salad Oils, August 1968
26. Forage Seed Report, August 1968
- Oils and Fats, July 1968 (32-006), 20¢/\$2.00
- Gas Utilities, June 1968 (55-002), 20¢/\$2.00
- Quarterly Shipments of Flush Type Doors (Wood) by Canadian Manufacturers, Quarter Ended June 30 (35-004), 25¢/\$1.00
- Radio and Television Receiving Sets, July 1968 (43-004), 20¢/\$2.00
- Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, July 1968 (35-001), 10¢/\$1.00
- Stoves and Furnaces, July 1968 (41-005), 10¢/\$1.00
- Service Bulletin: Fish Landings, Maritimes, August 1968, IND-SB-1-1(5), \$5.00 a year
- Products Made From Canadian Clays, July 1968 (44-005), 10¢/\$1.00
- Service Bulletin: Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, August 1968, IND-SB-1-5(6), \$5.00 a year
- Iron Ore, July 1968 (26-005), 10¢/\$1.00
- Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, July 1968 (41-008), 10¢/\$1.00
- Estimates of Labour Income, June 1968 (72-005), 20¢/\$2.00
- Second Estimate of the Commercial Production of Fruits, 1968 (22-003), \$1.00 for 1968 series
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, July 1968 (35-002), 10¢/\$1.00
- Primary Iron and Steel, July 1968 (41-001), 30¢/\$3.00
- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, July 1968 (35-003), 20¢/\$2.00

- Gypsum Mines, 1965 (26-221), 50c
- Service Bulletins: Energy Statistics, October 4, 1968 (57-002), Vol. 3 Nos. 41, 42, 43, \$5.00 a year
- Service Bulletins: Fish Landings, British Columbia, August 1968, IND-SB-1-1(5); Pack of Fruits and Vegetables as reported up to the end of August 1968, IND-SB-1-4(7); Total Acquirements of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables from the 1967 Crop, IND-SB-1-4(5), \$5.00 a year
- September Forecast of Production of Principal Field Crops (22-002), 20c/\$2.00
- Hardboard, August 1968 (36-001), 10c/\$1.00
- Civil Aviation, January 1968 (51-001), 30c/\$3.00
- Provincial Government Employment, April-June 1968 (72-007), 50c/\$2.00
- Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, June 1968 (46-003), 10c/\$1.00
- Federal Government Employment, December 1967 (72-004), 30c/\$3.00
- Musical Instrument and Sound Recording Industry, 1966 (47-203), 50c
- Corporation Profits, Second Quarter 1968 (61-003), 50c/\$2.00
- Railway Operating Statistics, April 1968 (52-003), 10c/\$1.00

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