# $11-: 02$ <br> DBS Weekly 

Friday, May 15, 1970

Industrial Production The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production $(1961=100)$ fell to 171.1 in March, a decline of $1.9 \%$ from the revised February level of 174.4 and a reversal of the upwards movements of the previous month.

Prices Canada's consumer price index ( $1961=100$ ) moved up $0.6 \%$ to 129.7 in April from 128.9 in March. The April 1970 index stood 4. $1 \%$ above its April 1969 level of 124.6 .

Transportation Revenue Ereight loaded onto railway cars in Canada during the 7 day period ended April 21 totalled 73,968 carloads, down $1.0 \%$ from a total of 74,727 in the comparable period in 1969.

Travel International travel between Canada and other countries increased generally during 1969. This growth was probably in part associated with the continued rise in levels of economic activity and personal incomes in the principal nations of the world in recent years.

Abortions The number of therapeutic abortions reported by Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for the three-month period January to March 1970 was 235.

Government Finance Gross general revenue of the 10 provincial governments and the two territories for the fiscal year ended March 31,1968 , amounted to $\$ 8,593,535,000$ for an increase of $\$ 1,426,717,000$ or $19.9 \%$ over the corresponding figure for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1967.

Labour Advance estimates show a decrease in average weekly wages in manufacturing and construction and an increase in mining in March over February 1970.

Manufacturing Steel ingot production for the week ended May 9,1970 totalled 228,490 tons, an increase of $6.6 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 214,379 tons.

Agriculture and Food The output of wheat flour in Canada in March amounted to $3,233,000$ hundredweight, $7 \%$ above the February 1970 output of $3,030,000$ hundredweight and $6 \%$ over the March 1969 total of 3,036,000 hundredweight.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

1. Index of Industrial Production The seasonally adjusted Index of Industrial

Production $(1961=100)$ fell to 171.1 in March, a decline of $1.9 \%$ from the revised February level of 174.4 and a reversal of the upwards movement of the previous month. Most of the decrease occurred in durables manufacturing.


|  | Number |
| ---: | ---: |
| Index | stocks |
| priced |  |


| May $7 / 70$ | April $30 / 70$ April $2 / 70$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| This week Week ago Month ago |  |

Investors price index ..... 114

Industrials .............. 0
Industrial mines ....... 4
Foods .................. 10
Beverages .............. 7
Textiles and clothing 5
Pulp and paper ........
7
Printing and pub. ..... 4
Primary metals ......... 8
Metal fabricating ...... 9
Non-metallic minerals
Petroleum
4

Chemicals .............. 4
Construction ........... . 4
Retall trade........... 7
Ltilities .................. 20
Pipelines .............. 5
Transportation ........ 4
Telephone .............. 3
Electric power........ 3
Gas distribution ...... 5
Finance .................... 14
Banks ..................
Investment and loan ... ह

Mining stock price index:
Golds ..................... Ú
Base metals ............... 18

Uraniums price index ...... 4

Primary ofls and gas ......
182.0
191.2
220.2
.43 .0
306.7
111.7
140.5
746.9
91.6
118.2
107.2
158. ©
77.0
43.8
201.2
149.4
173.5
186.6
101.0
110.1
321.1

1i0. 3
135.1
151.1
110.5
109.5
118.2
109.7
107.6
110. 9
$130 . \mathrm{C}$
150.4

12'5.6
199.2
212.4
243.
265.1
332.4
123.1
156.7
841.2
101. 3
127.9
121.2
182.1
33.9
58.8
222.7
158.7
132.5
205.4
103.8
217.7
346.7
$18: 8.4$
200.8
163.8
110.3
125.1
119.0
117.7
175.7
179.1

Canada's consumer price index (1961=100) moved up $0.6 \%$ to 129.7 in April from 128.9 in March. The April 1970 index stood $4.1 \%$ above its April 1969 level of 124.6 . The movement in the latest index from the preceding month, though only about half that for April 1969 , was equivalent $L o$ the average April change for the past five years. All major components, except tobacco and alcohol, contributed to the April 1970 rise in the index. The food component moved up $0.8 \%$ after declining by $0.6 \%$ a month earlier. Higher professional fees were the main cause of a $1.2 \%$ advance in the health and personal care index. Among other major components the clothing index incruased by $0.6 \%$, largely reflecting higher prices for outerwear items, while the housing and the transportation indexes each rose by $0.5 \%$. The recreation and reading component ciged up by 0.12.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

| ) | Index |  |  | Per Cent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1970 |  | 1969 | Apri | from |
|  | April | March | April | $\begin{array}{r} \text { March } \\ 1970 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { April } \\ 1969 \end{array}$ |
| All-items ...... 100 | $\overline{129.7}$ | $\overline{128.9}$ | $\overline{124.6}$ | +0.6 | $+4.1$ |
| Food ............ 27 | 131.5 | 130.5 | 125.0 | $+0.8$ | + 5.2 |
| Housing(2) ...... 32 | 129.8 | 129.2 | 123.7 | $+0.5$ | + 4.9 |
| Clothing ....... 11 | 126.8 | 126.0 | 124.3 | $+0.6$ | + 2.0 |
| Iransportation .. 12 | 124.6 | 124.0 | 119.9 | $+0.5$ | +3.9 |
| Hoalth and personal |  |  |  |  |  |
| care ........ 7 | 139.3 | 137.7 | 133.7 | $+1.2$ | $+4.2$ |
| Recreation and |  |  |  |  |  |
| reading ...... 5 | 129.6 | 129.5 | 125.4 | $+0.1$ | + 3.3 |
| Tobacco and |  |  |  |  |  |
| alcohol ...... 6 | 126.5 | 126.3 | 125.5 |  | $+0.8$ |

All-items consumer price index converted to $1949=100$ is 167.6 .
(1) Component weights indicate the relative importance of item groups.
(2) This index is composed of shelter and household operation.

The food index advanced by $0.8 \%$ to 131.5 in April from 130.5 in March. In the latest month higher prices for fresh fruits and vegetables, as well as for some meat ilems, outweighed smaller price declines for pork, eggs and some dairy products. Increases of $5 \%$ or more were recorded since March for onions, turnips, cabbage, tomatoes, lettuce and grapefruit. Partially offsetting these advances, price declines were recorded for carrots, celery and bananas. The price of beef rose $0.8 \%$ since the preceding month but was still $6.6 \%$ below its June 1969 peak. poultry, fish and other meats registered lesser increases. Pork, by contrast, recorded a seasonal decrease of $0.9 \%$ though its latest level was $10.1 \%$ higher than a year earlier. Egg prices declined for the fourth consecutive month to a level $30 \%$ below their December 1969 peak. Among dairy products, the price of fluidmilk edged down by $0.1 \%$ reflecting scattered declines in Toronto, while Canada average prices for ice sream, uvaporated milk and process cheese were also lower. Other movements of note since the preceding month included sugar, up $1.3 \%$ to reach its highest level since August 1969; regular coffee, up $1.8 \%$ in contrast to instant coffee which declined by $1.0 \%$; and lard, up $2.3 \%$ to reach a level $21.4 \%$ higher than a year earlier. Restaurant mols rose $0.8 \%$ since the preceding month to match the rise in the food at home component; however, in the latest twelve-month period, restaurant meals have advanced $6.8 \%$ compared to $5.0 \%$ for food consumed at home. The April food index stood $5.2 \%$ above its corresponding level a year earlier.

## P R I C E S (continued)

The housing index rose by $0.5 \%$ to 129.8 in April from 129.2 a month carlier. Increases were recorded for both the shelter and the household operation elements. The home-ownership component advanced by $0.9 \%$ due almost entirely to increased mortgage interest rates. On the other hand, tenant costs edged up by only $0.1 \%$ with isolated declines occurring in some Western cities. Among household operation items, the price of electricity rose $2.3 \%$ due to a substantial increase in rates in British Columbia. Furniture, household textiles and most supplies increased in price, while slightly lower quotations were recorded for appliancris, floor coverings and utensils. The April housing index was $4.9 \%$ higher than a year earlier.

The clothing index moved up by $0.6 \%$ to 126.8 in April from 126.0 a month earlier. Men's wear prices advanced by $1.1 \%$ reflecting increases on virtually all items except dress shirts and some underwear. Women's wear prices moved up by $0.5 \%$, with most increases restricted to outerwear items. Prices for footwear advanced by $1.0 \%$, but piece goods and clothing services remained unchanged. Children's wear prices registered a $0.2 \%$ decrease. The clothing index was $2.0 \%$ higher than twelve months previous.

The transportation index rose $0.5 \%$ to 124.6 in April from 124.0 a month earlier. Most of the increase in the latest month was associated with an advance in the travel and local transportation components. Inter-city train fares registered a seasonal rise, while local bus fares were increased in Vancouver and St. John's. The automobile operation component edged up by $0.1 \%$ reflecting minor advances for insurance and motor oil. The transportation index was $3.9 \%$ higher than twelve months previous.

The health and personal care index advanced by $1.2 \%$ to 139.3 in April from 137.7 a month earlier. Generally increased dentists' fees, together with higher doctors' and optical care fees in non-medicare provinces accounted for most of the rise in the latest month. In addition, increased prices for most toiletry items were registered in a number of regional cities. The health and personal care index stood $4.2 \%$ above its level of a year ago.

The recreation and reading index edged up $0.1 \%$ to 129.6 in Apr il from 129.5 a month carlier. Fractional increases were recorded for portable televisions and phonograph records. The recreation and reading index was $3.3 \%$ above its corresponding level twelve months earlier.

The tobacco and alcohol index in April was unchanged from its March level and stood only $0.8 \%$ higher than a year earlier.

## Security Price Indexes The investors index of common stock prices (1956=

 100) dropped $8.3 \%$ to 185.6 in the four-week period April 2nd to April 30th, its lowest level since the middle of 1969. Indexes for the three major groups and all of their respective sub-groups decreased, with industrials down $9.3 \%$ to 195.5 , utilities down $7.0 \%$ to 150.2 and finance dropping $4.3 \%$ to 184.0 . Nearly all sub-groups experienced noticeable drops in the week of April 23 rd , when major losses were recorded on many North American stock exchanges. Within industrials, decreases ranged from $13.2 \%$ for petroleum to 5.3 . for metal fabricating, although textiles and clothing, printing and publishing, and chemicals recovered slightly towards the end of the month. In utilities, indexes continued to be lower throughout the month, with electric power registering the largest decrease at $2.1 \%$. In finance, banks and investment and loan decreased 4.4\% and $4.0 \%$ respectively.
## P R I C E S (concluded)

In the same period, the index of mining stock prices dropped $8.4 \%$ to 109.8 in response to losses of $11.0 \%$ for golds and $7.0 \%$ for base metals.

Both supplementary price indexes fell, with uraniums down 13.0 , to 130.6 and primary oils and gas down $22.8 \%$ to 179.1 .

Wholesale Price Indexes ${ }^{1}$ The price index of thirty industrial materials (1935-1939 100 ), calculated as an unweighted geometric average, advanced fractionally to 276.6 , from 276.5 in the three-week period April 3rd to April 24th. Prices were higher for six commodities, lower for nine and unchanged for fifteen. Principal changes included increases for spruce lumber, unbleached pulp sulphite, tin and raw sugar, while decreases occurred for linseed oil, raw rubber, hogs, raw wool and beef hides.

In the same three-week period, the price index of Canadian farm products at terminal markets declined $0.1 \%$ to 276.3 from 276.6. The animal products index moved $0.8 \%$ lower to 361.4 from 364.4 reflecting price decreases for eggs on both Eastern and Western markets, for hogs in the East, and raw wool, calves and steers in the West. Higher prices were shown for calves in the East and lambs in the West. The field products index advanced $1.3 \%$ to 191.2 from 188.8 on higher prices for potatoes on both markets, for hay in the East and flax in the West. Lower prices were shown for rye on both Eastern and Western markets and for hay in the West.

1 All 1970 indexes are subject to revision. For Canadian farm products, indexes subsequent to July 1968 are subject to revision as and when participation payments are announced for Western grains.
4.

WHOLESALE PRICE INDEXES
$(1935-1939=100)$


[^0]Revenue freight loaded onto railway cars in Canada during the 7 day period ended Aptil 21 totalled 73,968 carloads, down $1.0 \%$ from a total of 74,727 in the comparable period in 1969. This decrease may be attributed mainly to Eastern Canadian loadings where there was a $6.8 \%$ drop to 43,971 cars, while loadings West of the Lakehead rusu $9.0 \%$ to 29,997 cars.

Year to date total carloadings were down $1.5 \%$ to $1,095,134$ from $1,112,225$ cars in the 1969 period. This decrease reflects a drop in Eastern loadings of $4.8 \%$ to 687,684 , while Western loadings rose $4.6 \%$ to 407,450 cars.

The following tables show carloadings and tonnages for lotal traffic and for piggyback traffic for the third week of April and for the year to date. Data are shown for 1969 only where comparable figures are available.

## Railway Carloadings of Revenue Freight in Canada



* 1969 carloads revised to correct understatement resulting from inproper counting multi-car units by one road.

6. Passenger Bus Statistics In March, 3,991,801 passengers were carried by

55 intercity and rural bus companies compared Lo $3,922,245$ passengers transported by 53 companies in March 1969 , an increase of $1.8 \%$.

Vehicle miles totalled $10,008,028$ compared with $9,315,528$ reported for March 1969. The consumption of diesel oil and gasoline amounted to $1,273,560$ and 93,257 gallons respectively, compared with $1,240,994$ and 81,486 used in the correspondind mongh last year.

Total operating revenue amounted to $\$ 6,501,497$, an increase of $18.4 \%$ from the $\$ 5,493,223$ revenue in 1969.

TRANSPORTATI ON (concluded)
7. Urban Transit A total of $88,036,006$ initial passenger fares (excluding transfers) was collected by 63 urban transit systems during March, a decrease of $4.4 \%$ from the $92,076,358$ passengers reported by 66 firms in 1969 Initial passenger fares on motor buses decreased to 60,058,716 from 61,239,873 last year. Trolley coaches reported 7,567,920 (9,770,005); street cars, 5,602,972 $(5,846,007)$; and subway cars, $14,123,416$ ( $14,440,129$ ).

Vehicle miles travelled by all types of urban transit vehicles totalled $21,259,249$ compared to $21,468,634$ miles in March 1969.

Total operating revenue for the current month rose to $\$ 20,198,512$, an increase of $0.2 \%$ from the $\$ 20,148,121$ reported in March 1969

## T R A VEL

8. 

## Non-Resident Vehicles Entering Canada

Entries of vehicles registered in other countries numbered 728,579 in March, an increase of 76,306 or $11.7 \%$ above last year. Long-term entries (vehicles staying one or more nights) increased by $32.4 \%$. Cumulative data for the first quarter show that total entries increased 9.4\%. Of these total entries, longtem traffic increased by $22.2 \%$ over the same period last year.
9. Travel International travel between Canada and other countries increased generally during 1969. This growth was probably in part associated with the continued rise in levels of economic activity and personal incomes in the principal nations of the world in recent years. Additional factors such as the increasing importance of chartered flights and other forms of cheaper travel through "package tours" promoted by tour operators also induced increased travel, with students, young people, and lower income groups travelling more than previously. Part of the higher level of travellers expenditures was undoubtedly a result of rising prices in many of the major tourist centres of the world.

Currency restrictions (\$130) imposed in 1966 on travel to other countries by residents of the United Kingdom were eased at the beginning of this year to allow each member of a family to spend up to $\$ 780$ per year. This action is expected to have an impact on the numbers and spending patterns of United Kingdom residents abroad during 1970.

The flow of travel between Canada and the United States in January was higher by $12 \%$ than in the same month of the previous year. Visitors from the United States numbered 1.6 million , a $9 \%$ increase, while Canadians returning totalled 2.0 million in January 1970, an increase of $14 \%$ above last year. Automobile continued to be the principle mode of transportation into Canada carrying 1.3 million or more than $85 \%$ of the total United States travellers to Canada. The number of United States visitors entering Canada by plane in January 1970 totalled 78,700 , an increase of $9 \%$ above the same period last year.

Canadians re-entering from the United States by automobile formed over $80 \%$ or 1.6 million of the total persons re-entering in January 1970. Canadian residents reentering from the United States by plane totalled 112,400 , an increase of $13 \%$ over the same month last year.

Overseas visitors entering Canada in January numbered about 14,700, a gain of $25 \%$ over the same period in 1969. The returns recorded increases in the numbers of visitors from most countries, especially the United Kingdom, Australia, France, Germany and Italy, when compared with January 1969.

Canadian residents returning direct from overseas countries numbered 79, 600, an increase of $81 \%$ over the same month in 1969. A very high proportion of the number returning in January represented travellers by air when about three quarters of the total re-entries occurred at Montreal and Toronto airports.

A 130 O I I ONS
10. Abortions The Dominion Bureau of Statistics collects figures relating to abortions from several sources including death records, hospital records and court records. Data from the separate Bureau publications in which these figures appear are summarized below, together with a brief description of the sources.

Deaths The following figures give the number of deaths for which abortion was reported as the underlying cause of death on official provincial death registrations. The method of certifying and classifying causes of death in Canada makes it possible to identify those specified as induced.

| Deaths due to abortion, Canada, 1964-68 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 160. 2 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 |
| Specified as induced | 10 | 9 | 9 | 4 | 9 |
| Spontaneous or not sp | 12 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Hospilal Statistics The figures below show the number of cases for which abortion was reported as the primary reason for care in Canadian general and special hospitals It is not possible at the present time to subdivide these into induced and spontaneous abortions but information available for several provinces suggest that not more than about $2 \%$ of these cases were induced for medical, or other legal reasons The remaining $98 \%$, approximately, would have been spontaneous or unspecified.

|  | 1961 | 1962 | 1964 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abortion as primary diagnosis | 57,376 | 57,617 | 54,136 | 45,482 |

Therapeutic Abortions may now be performed in Canada are specified in Section 18 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1969. The Minister of Health of a province may also require information on the carrying out of therapeutic abortions under the Act. According to information made available to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, six provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) have set up the appropriate reporting procedures. The number of therapeutic abortions reported by these provinces for the three-month period January to March 1970 was 235. It should be kept in mind that the figures reported are preliminary and subject to revision, and are influenced by the extent to which the approved procedures have been set up in a varying number of hospitals in each province.

Judicial Statistics Figures are provided by Canadian courts representing convictions under Sections 237 and 238 of the Criminal Code, including both criminal abortions and attempted abortions.

| Convictions for abortion and attempt, Canada, |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1967 |
| Abortions and Attempt | 33 | 32 | 43 | 40 | 54 |

CONSTRUCTION
11.

BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED IN CANADA


METROPOLITAN AREAS

| Calgary | 802 | 8,797 | 119 | 8,916 | 1,062 | 1,197 | 9,809 | 20,984 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Edmonton | 547 | 3,011 | 86 | 3,097 | 98 | 1,959 | 337 | 5,491 |
| Halifax | 186 | 1,841 | 32 | 1,873 | 5 | 4,080 | 197 | 6,155 |
| Hamilton | 218 | 3,469 | 160 | 3,629 | 300 | 923 | 674 | 5,526 |
| Hull | 80 | 909 | 37 | 946 | - | 148 | - | 1,094 |
| Kitchener | 154 | 2,009 | 28 | 2,037 | 387 | 975 | 135 | 3,534 |
| London | 324 | 3,086 | 44 | 3,130 | 1,528 | 590 | 938 | 6,186 |
| Montreal | 1,228 | 14,059 | 293 | 14,352 | 3,570 | 6,242 | 2,743 | 26,907 |
| Ottawa | 124 | 1,478 | 65 | 1,543 | 242 | 2,096 | 18,331 | 22,212 |
| Quebec | 359 | 4,001 | 227 | 4,228 | 135 | 842 | 42 | 5,247 |
| Regina | 8 | 162 | 71 | 233 | 40 | 247 | 11 | 531 |
| Saint John | 12 | 92 | 46 | 138 | 3,411 | 73 | 8 | 3,630 |
| St. Johns | 22 | 256 | 40 | 296 | - | 1,453 | 40 | 1,789 |
| Saskatoon | 10 | 130 | 25 | 155 | - | 17 | 30 | 202 |
| Sudbury | 34 | 658 | 23 | 681 | - | 136 | 637 | 1,454 |
| Toronto | 1,106 | 18,621 | 270 | 18,891 | 5,110 | 11,510 | 5,144 | 40,655 |
| Vancouver | 866 | 12,275 | 519 | 12,794 | 1,126 | 2,601 | 1,705 | 18,226 |
| Victoria | 81 | 1,821 | 119 | 1,940 | 100 | 547 | 25 | 2,612 |
| Windsor | 124 | 2,401 | 191 | 2,592 | 892 | 566 | 718 | 4,768 |
| Winnipeg | 516 | 5,687 | 4 | 5,691 | 665 | 5,672 | 5,058 | 17,086 |

Preliminary figures.
12. Preliminary Crime Statistics (Police) The total offence rate per 100,000 population 7 years and over for Canada
increased from 7,498.8 in 1968 to $8,085.0$ in 1969.
Under the Criminal Code, the rate for crimes against the person increased 6.2 per cent while that for crimes against property increased 8.8 per cent. Assaults (not indecent) and robbery showed the largest differences in rates for personal crimes, but the increase in property offences was largely across the board.

The rate for adults charged increased 1.9 per cent but decreased 8.3 per cent for juveniles charged.

The number of motor vehicles stolen was 58,861 , an increase of 16.4 per cent from the 50,566 stolen in 1968 . There were 90.2 per cent of these vehicles recovered, a decrease of 2.8 per cent from the percentage recovered in 1968.

More detailed information is contained in the booklet "Preliminary Crime Statistics (Police) - $1969^{\prime \prime}$ which is available from the Judicial Division, DBS

## 1. I Q U O R S

13. Beverage Spirits and Ethyl Alcohol

Stocks of beverage spirits and ethyl alcohol (finished goods of own manufacture) stood at $26,529,553$ proof gallons at the beginning of February and at 27,060,203 proof gallons at the end of February. Opening stocks of goods in process came to $182,463,207$ proof gallons and closing stocks reached $184,575,732$ proof gallons.

## SERVICES

14. Restaurants In March, restaurant receipts rose by $1.3 \%$ over Last March to an estimated value of $\$ 100,102,000$, with chain restaurants recniving $\$ 8,249,000$ and independent restaurants, $\$ 91,853,000$. The highest increase occurred in Prince Edward Island (7.0\%).

GOVERNMENTEINANCE
15. Provincial Government Finance Gross general revente of the 10 provincial the fiscal year ended March 31,1968 , amounted to $\$ 8,593,535,000$ for an increase of $\$ 1,426,717,000$ or $19.9 \%$ over the corresponding figure for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1967. Of this increase, $\$ 763,541,000$ or $10.6 \%$ was accounted fur by higher tax revenue.

Bring the same period, the total cost of services provided in all provinces and the territories amounted to $\$ 8,800,753,000$, an increase of $\$ 1,360,458,000$ or $18.3 \%$ over the previous fiscal year. Of this increase, $\$ 1,233,362,000$ or 16.6 percentage points was accounted for by higher expenditure by all provinces in the areas of education, health, welfare, transportation and communications.

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GOVERNMENT FINANCE (concluded)
Statement of Net General Revenue and Cost of Servicus
                                    Provided (Actual) of all frovinces
                                    Revenue Classified by Source

\section*{Property}

\section*{Sales}
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General

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Amusement and admissions . . . ...........................
1,259,626
791,923
Tobacco ..................................................... . . . . . .
Other commodities and services
Succession duties
Hospital insurance premiums
45,846
75,633
60,773
109. 287

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Total Taxes
Privileges, licenses and permits
225,583
25,839
$4,773,841$
150,553
Fines and penalties
17.835
Interest, discount premium and exchange ............ 203,529

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Other revenue. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7.685

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Unconditional transfers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 786,053

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Less:
Own source revenue deductions .........................
Conditional transfers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Expenditure Clessified by Function
General Government ...................................... 303, 338
Protection of persons and property ............................... 313,563

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Health

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Other ......
Total Health
Social Welfare
Aid to aged, blind and disabled persons ........... 119,720
Aid to unemployed and unemployables ................ 435,912

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Other . . . ............................................. .... 113,987

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Recreation and cultural services ................................. 104,751
Education ...................................................
Natural resources and primary industries $\ldots . . .$.
Trade and industrial development ...................... . . . . . 57,440
Local government planning and development .......... 26, 374
Debt charges (excluding retirement) .................. 387,259

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Other expenditures ......................................... .... 115,445
Unconditional transfers ....................................... 258,537

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Less
Own source revenue deductions .................... . . .
235,131
Cost of services provided .......................... 8, 800,753

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MERCHANDISING
16.

New Motor Vehicle Sales
Sales of new motor vehicles continued to decline during March 1970, both in number and in value of sales. For the fourth successive month, new motor vehicle sales were lower than in the same months a year earlier.

The 71,696 cars and trucks sold in March represented a drop of \(17.3 \%\) below the March 1969 figure of 86,696 units. The dollar value of sales stood at \(\$ 264,497,000\), \(16.5 \%\) below the comparable 1969 result of \(\$ 316,694,000\).

Continuing the previous months' trend, the decline was restricted to sales of Canadian and U.S.-made models, which fell by \(22.7 \%\) in number and \(20.2 \%\) in value. In sharp contrast, sales of overseas-manufactured vehicles rose during March by \(27.5 \%\) in terms of units sold and \(31.6 \%\) in value of sales.

For the year to date (January-March), new motor vehicle sales are down by \(21.1 \%\) in units sold and by \(20.2 \%\) in value of sales, as compared with the same period of 1969 . Sales of passenger cars fell by \(21.7 \%\) in number and \(23.4 \%\) in value; sales of commercial vehicles, on the other hand, declined by \(18.6 \%\) in number but only \(8.2 \%\), due to higher average prices, in value of sales.

L A B O U R
17. Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings

Advance estimates show a decrease in average weekly wages in manufacturing and construction and an increase in mining in March over February 1970. Higher average hourly earnings and lower average weekly hours were reported in these industries in March. All regions recorded higher average weekly wages in manufacturing except Quebec and Ontario which decreased.

Additional industry and area detail other than that presented in the table for March 1970 is not yet available.

February 1970 Average weekly wages in manufacturing rose \(\$ 1.03\) from \(\$ 116.30\) in January to \(\$ 117.33\) in February 1970 as average hourly earnings increased 1 cent and average weekly hours, 0.2 hours. Changes in the durable components ranged from a 2 -cent decrease for primary metal to a 4 -cent increase for metal fabricating. All non-durable components shown increased 1 cent. Average weekly hours increased in both durable and non-durable goods manufacturing, except for textiles. Compared with February 1969, average hourly earnings in manufacturing were 21 cents higher and average weekly hours were 0.3 hours lower.

Average weekly wages in mining increased \(\$ 1.38\) from \(\$ 148.72\) in January to \(\$ 150.10\) in February, reflecting gains of 3 cents in average hourly earnings and 0.1 hour in average weekly hours. Compared with February 1969, average hourly earnings were 39 cents higher and average weekly hours lower by 0.7 hours.

Average weekly wages in construction rose \(\$ 2.05\) from \(\$ 157.19\) in January to \(\$ 159.24\) in February as a result of a 3 -cent increase in average hourlyearnings and a 0.2 hour rise in average weekly hours. Average hourly earnings increased 5 cents in building but decreased 1 cent in engineering. Both components showed higher average weekly hours. Compared with February 1969, average hourly earnings rose 38 cents and average weekly hours declined 1.5 hours.

All regions recorded higher average weekly wages in manufacturing in February 1970 except British Columbia which reported a \(\$ 0.96\) decline. Increases ranged from \(\$ 0.30\) for Quebec to \(\$ 2.97\) for the Atlantic region.

Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, March 1970


\footnotetext{
The index number \((1961=100)\) of average hourly earnings in electrical industrial equipment in february was lal. 0
a Advance figures
P Preliminary figures
r Revised figures
}
18.
1970. Construction, manufacturing and mining recorded decreases and the remaining industries showed gains. All regions reported decreases except quebec and British Columbia where small increases occurred.

Seasonally-adjusted, the composite index of employment also indicated a decrease. With the exception of finance, insurance and real estate which increased, all the industry divisions declined. All regions recorded decreases except the Atlantic region which showed no change and Quebec which increased.

Average weekly wages and salaries at the composite level were lower in March than February 1970. Decreases were recorded in construction, manufacturing and services, and increases in the remaining industries shown. \(11 t\) regions reported decreases escept British Columbia, ware a slight gain waa recotded.

Additional industey and area detail other than that presented for Match 190 is not yet available.

February 1970 The unadjusted index of employment for the industrial composite at 124.2 wes \(0.2 \%\) lower in February than in January 1970 and \(2.3 \%\) higher than in February 1969. Decreases were recorded in forestry, trade, Lransportation, communication and other utilities and construction and increases in the remaining industries. All regions recorded declines except Ontario and British Columbia where sitall increases occurred. Seasonally-adjusted, the composite index of employment increased \(0.2 \%\), from 128.6 in January to 128.9 in February 1970. Increases were recorded in all industries except transportation, communication and other utilities which declined slightly and manufacturing which showed no change. Increases in the ranaining industries ranged from \(0.2 \%\) for service, trade and finance, insurance and real estate to \(1.0 \%\) for mining. Increases were recorded for Ontario ( \(0.7 \%\) ) and Quebec \((0.1 \%)\), and the remaining regions showed declines ranging from \(0.2 \%\) for the Prairies to \(0.8 \%\) for British Columbia.

Average weekly wages and salaries at the composite level rose \(\$ 1.41\) from \(\$ 123.18\) in January 1970 to \(\$ 124.59\) in February and increased \(\$ 9.29\) over the year. All industries showed higher average weekly wages and salaries in February 1970 except finance, insurance and real estate where a decrease of \(\$ 1.25\) was recorded. Forestry increased \(\$ 11.36\). Increases in the remaining industries ranged from \(\$ 0.99\) fo: twade to \(\$ 2.00\) Eer transportation, comunication and other utilitias.

Employment Index Numbers


Province
Nevfound 1 and Establishment Employees
…... ince Edward Island Establishments ...
Under
5
10
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 101 & 54 & 57 \\
\hline 92 & 426 & 1,650 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} Establishments Employees
New Brunswick Establistments .. Employee uebec Establishments ... Employees ........
ontario Establishments .. Employees.
Manitoba
Establishments ..
Employees
Saskatchewar Establishments .. Employees

Alberta
Establishments .. Employees
75 3
27
668
\begin{tabular}{rr}
200 \\
190 & 10 \\
199 & 499 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
500
to
999
\begin{tabular}{cc}
1,000 & 1,500 \\
10 & or \\
1,499 & over \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Head offices, wles officer and max- Total Bricish Columbia, Yuko 2 and Northwest Territories Establishments Employees
1,302
2,030 2,030 Carada
\(\begin{array}{rr}10,955 & 9,006 \\ 15,612 & 72,155\end{array}\) Employees
(1) "Total employed" include working owners and partners in addition to employees.

MANUFAC TURING (continued) 20.
\(\frac{\text { Major Appliances - February } 1970}{\text { Total }}\)

1,898
Gas cooking stoves and ranges ..
Electric ranges .................
Electric wall ovens .............
Electric drop in ranges ........

29,015
421
461

Exports number of units

Stocks at end of month

4,552
138
52,629
1,873
2,555
21. Garment Shipments During the quarter ended December 31, 1969, shipments of men's and youth's overcoats and topcoats (full length) came to 139,000. Shipments of women's Misses' and Juniors' dresses (all man-made fibres or over \(50 \%\) man-made fibres) amounted to \(1,400,000\).
22. Floor Tile March shipments of vinyl-asbestos floor tile came to 5,803 tons or feet in March \(12,103,202\) square feet compared to 6,774 tons or \(14,424,107\) square ( \(35,918,096\) square feet) compared to 24,327 tons ( \(51,890,614\) square feet) a year before.
23. Salt March production of dry salt and salt content of brine amounted to 332,461 tons, while production for the year to date, came to \(1,047,354\) tons. The quantity shipped or used by producers came to 342,583 tons in March and to 1,191,353 tons during the year to date. Producers' stocks at the end of the month stood at 285,878 tons.
24. Mineral Wool Production of granulated and bulk or loose mineral wool amounted to 541,243 cubic feet in March while shipments reached 331,330 cubicfeet. During the year to date, production came to \(2,247,420\) cubic feet, while shipments totalled \(1,815,087\) cubic feet
25. Production of Rubber March production of rubber decreased by \(2.7 \%\) to 41,089 thousand pounds from 42,216 thousand pounds in March 1969. For the year to date 1970, production increased by \(1.3 \%\) to 125,009 thousand pounds from 123,367 thousand in 1969. March consumption of rubber was \(0.4 \%\) less in 1970, standing at 38,301 thousand pounds compared to 38,436 thousand pounds in 1969. For the year to date, consumption increased by \(6.3 \%\) to 112,500 thousand pounds from 105,818 thousand pounds in 1969.
26. Plastic Bottles Plastic bottles produced during the first quarter of 1970 numbered \(84,121,000\) of which \(63,596,000\) were shipped to outside customers. These shipments were valued \(\mathrm{f} \cdot \mathrm{o} . \mathrm{b}\). plant at \(\$ 4,246,000\). Detailed information is available through special statement \(6507-756\) on request.
27.

Steel Ingots
Steel ingot production for the week ended May 9, 1970 totalled 228,490 tons, an increase of \(6.6 \%\) from the preceding week's total of 214,379 tons. The comparable week's total in 1969 was 234,746 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 of 96,108 tons equalling 100 was 238 in the current week, 223 a week earlier and 244 one year ago.
28. Gypsum Products March production of gypsum wellboard came to 66,870,016 square feet compared to \(67,863,221\) in March 1969. For the year to date, production rose to \(207,429,703\) square feet from \(196,200,032\) in the same period last year.
29. Concrete products Production of concrete brick expressed in terms of single brick equivalent fell to \(5,982,611\) bricks in March from 7,703,934 in March 1969. Year-to-date production also fell to 15,599,316 bricks from 18,074,001.

MANUFA C TVURING (continued)
30.

Asbestos March shipments of asbestos came to 117,914 fons compared to 118,514 tons in March 1969. Year-to-date shipments increased to 205,062 tons from 293,700 in the same period last year.
31. Cement Shipments of cement canle to 449,336 tons in March compared to 463,993 in March 1969. For the year to date, shipments decreased to \(1,097,801\) from 1, 161,069 in 1969.
32. Canadian Clay Products Producers' sales of products made from Canadian clays amounted to a value of \(\$ 1,729,331\) in January compared to \(\$ 2,305,671\) in January of 1969 .

\section*{33.} Pulpwood and Wood Residue

Production of roundwood during March increased by \(27.6 \%\) to \(1,384,412\) cunits from \(1,055,229\) in March 1969. Rnundwood and wood residue consunted increased by \(2.4 \%\) to 2,147,335 cunits from 2,097,593 and the clusing inventory of these two products fell by \(0.9 \%\) to \(10,354,805\) cunits Erom \(10,449,541\). Receipts of wood residue dropped by \(1.0 \%\) to 574,483 cunits from 579,259 in 1969.
34.

Shipments of Foundation Garments Manufactured in Canada during quarter ended March 31, 1970

\section*{Item}


Bandeaux bras ............
Longline bras .............
Girdles and pantie girdles
corsets and corselettes.
Garter belts .............
Bras slips ................
Total shipments .......

\section*{r Revised figures.}

\section*{35.}

Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes
Phonograph records produced during March numbered
\(3,921,037\); net sales for the same period amounted to \(3,419,487\) valued free on board at the plant at \(\$ 3,674,575\). For the year to date, production came to \(10,779,505\) and shipments to \(9,021,644\) valued at \(\$ 11,411,895\).

Pre-recorded tapes produced during March numbered 407,579 and net sales for the same period amounted to 335,759 valued free on board at the plant at \(\$ 1,316,205\). Similar data for the year to date are: production \(1,002,698\); shipments, 858,416 , valued at \(\$ 3,655,062\).
36. Cigarettes Production of cigarettes during April came to 4,662,467 thousands; inventory, 3,680,337 thousands. Sales were as follows: domestic, 4,040,205 thousands; ex-warehoused for ships' stores (including sales to embassies), 18,268 thousands; and ex-warehoused for export, 36,780 thousands.

MANUFACTURING (continued)
38.

Census af Manufactures
The following statistics represent a selection of those which will appear later in regular publications of the Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division.

Copper and Copper Alloy Rolling, Casting and Extruding (S.L.C, 297)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968p & \% change
\[
1968 / 1967
\] \\
\hline Establishments ................ No. & 57 & 56 & 52 & 7.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 3,411 & 3,171 & 3,073 & 3.1 \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\text {(0)OO }}\) & 7,665 & 6,899 & 6,394 & - 7,3 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\prime}{ }^{(000)}\) & 19,895 & 18,499 & 20,987 & \(+13.5\) \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 & 224,476 & 181,354 & 212,879 & +17.4 \\
\hline Value of shipments . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\prime} 000\) & 281,958 & 236,353 & 274,943 & +16.4 \\
\hline Value added .................. \({ }^{\text {' }}\) ( 000 & 59,903 & 51,968 & 59,103 & +13.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{101AL ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 4,199 & 4,027 & 3,947 & - 2.0 \\
\hline Total salaries and wages . . . . \({ }^{\text {'0000 }}\) & 25,663 & 25,092 & 28,031 & +11.7 \\
\hline Total value added . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\text {a }}\) (000 & 60,343 & 52,163 & 59,140 & +13.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

P Preliminary.
Wineries (S.I.C. 147)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968p & \% change 1968/1967 \\
\hline Establishments ............... No. & 23 & 24 & 24 & - \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 435 & 448 & 456 & \(+1.8\) \\
\hline Man-hours paid ............... '0no & 911 & 938 & 969 & + 3.3 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\prime}\) '000 & 2,097 & 2,299 & 2,469 & + 7.4 \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'00\% & 13,329 & 14,141 & 15,225 & + 7.7 \\
\hline Value of shipments . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}(000\) & 25,059 & 26,478 & 30,849 & \(+16.5\) \\
\hline Value added ................... \({ }^{\text {'000 }}\) & 13,289 & 13,139 & 17,299 & +31.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{TOTAL ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 755 & 801 & 834 & + 4.1 \\
\hline Total salaries and wages ..... \$ \({ }^{1} 000\) & 4,425 & 4,936 & 5,505 & +11.5 \\
\hline Total value added . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}\) ()00 & 14,029 & 14,649 & 17,677 & +20.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
p Preliminary.
Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry (S.I.C. 303)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968 F & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { chand } \\
& 1968 / 1967
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Establishments ............... No. & 648 & 652 & 641 & 1.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 9,605 & 9,247 & 8,916 & 3.6 \\
\hline Man-hours paid .............. '000 & 20,403 & 19,728 & 18,820 & - 4.6 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{1000}\) & 45,271 & 46,994 & 48,519 & + 3.2 \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 & 108,434 & 103,042 & 118,088 & \(+14.6\) \\
\hline Value of shipments . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}(0) 0\) & 226,144 & 224,772 & 243,479 & +8.3 \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}\) (0)00 & 116,209 & 120,229 & 124,810 & + 3.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{TOIAL ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . Nu. & 13,488 & 12,995 & 12,699 & - 2.3 \\
\hline Total salaries and wages ..... \$1000 & 69,710 & 72,180 & 75,712 & + 4.9 \\
\hline Tulal value added ........... \(\$^{10000}\) & 122,184 & 125,441 & 129,295 & + 3.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
p Preliminary.

MANUF A CIUKING (continued)
Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries (Major Group 20)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968p & 7. change
\[
1968 / 1967
\] \\
\hline Establishments ............ No. & 2,766 & 2,764 & 2,811 & \(+1.7\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{YANUFACIURING ACIIVITY} \\
\hline Froduction and related workers No. & 48,728 & 50,092 & 33,838 & \(+7.5\) \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . '(0)0 & 103,125 & 105,203 & 112,945 & + 7.4 \\
\hline Vages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime} 0\) (0) & 192,938 & 214,678 & 245,554 & +14.4 \\
\hline Cost of matrrials and supplicss'o(m) & 447,041 & 496,312 & 503,303 & \(+13.5\) \\
\hline Value of shiphents ........... Stox) & 984,986 & 1,083,797 & 1,257,665 & \(+16.0\) \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime} 000\) & 543,123 & 382,378 & 693,612 & +19.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Tor Al. ACIIVIIX} \\
\hline Total (mployees . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 67,534 & 69,407 & 74,025 & \(+6.7\) \\
\hline Total salaries and wages .....s soon & 316,473 & 348,236 & 393,002 & \(+12.9\) \\
\hline Tatal value added ............ \({ }^{\prime}\) ()oo & 596,360 & 645,657 & 761,281 & +17.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

P Pral inimary.
Fur Goods Industry (S.1.C. 246)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Setected frincipal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968F & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { clathr } \\
& 1966 / 1967
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Establishments ............. No. & 406 & 401 & 390 & - 2.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{HANUFACIURING ACIIVIIY 2.8} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 2,114 & 2,073 & 2,135 & \(+3.0\) \\
\hline Pan-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . ' 0 '00 & 4,065 & 4,097 & 4,154 & +1.4 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ \({ }^{\prime} 000\) & 9,614 & 10,173 & 10,700 & + 5.2 \\
\hline Cost of matirials and supplies\$'()tM) & 42,186 & 41,948 & 43,858 & + 4.6 \\
\hline Value of shipments .......... \$ \({ }^{\prime}\) (000) & 65,963 & 67,372 & 69,615 & + 3.3 \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\leqslant^{\prime}(000\) & 24,039 & 24,219 & 26, 262 & +8.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{IOLAL. ACIIVITY} \\
\hline Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 2,695 & 2,643 & 2,675 & \(+1.2\) \\
\hline Total salaries and wages ..... \$ 000 & 13,140 & 13,795 & 14,370 & \(+4.2\) \\
\hline Iotal value added ........... \(\$^{\prime}(0)(0)\) & 24,540 & 24,634 & 26,648 & + 8.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
p Preliminary.
Fish Products Industry (S.1.C.111)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sedected l':incipal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968 p & \% change
\[
1968 / 1967
\] \\
\hline Mstablishments .............. No. & 365 & 372 & 367 & - 1.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACIURING ACTIVIIY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 15,501 & 15,073 & 16,573 & \(+10.0\) \\
\hline Han-hours paid............... '()00 & 32,504 & 31,777 & 34,529 & \(+8.7\) \\
\hline Hages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { ( }\end{array}\right.\) ( \()\) & 44,696 & 44,687 & 52,255 & \(+16.9\) \\
\hline Cost o! mat erials and suppliess 0 (ox) & 203,073 & 196,145 & 217,816 & +11.0 \\
\hline \(V a l u e\) of shipments . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime}(0)(x)\) & 298,024 & 288,806 & 324,567 & \(+12.4\) \\
\hline Vilue added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ \({ }^{\prime}(0)(1)\) & 98,427 & 89,056 & 101,864 & \(+14.4\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{TOIAL ACIIVIJY} \\
\hline Tonal employees ............... No. & 18,304 & 17,960 & 19,486 & \(+8.5\) \\
\hline Total salaries and wages .... \$ \$ 000 & 59,525 & 60,726 & 68,543 & +12.9 \\
\hline Total vaiue added ............ \(\$^{\prime}(000\) & 104,443 & 93,639 & 108,681 & \(+16.1\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

MAN \(\triangle\) U C T U R I NG (continued)
Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers (S.I.C. 372)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & \[
1968 \mathrm{~F}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 2 chano: } \\
& 1968 / 1967
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Establishments .............. No. & 68 & 73 & 70 & 4.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACIIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 1,215 & 1,426 & 938 & \(-34.2\) \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . '000 & 2,692 & 3,063 & 2,033 & -33.7 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime} 000\) & 5,901 & 7,741 & 5,078 & -34.4 \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 & 73,068 & 73,415 & 52,730 & -28.2 \\
\hline Value of shipments .......... \({ }^{\prime}\) '000 & 99,766 & 101,160 & 78,220 & -22.7 \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{\prime} 000\) & 26,667 & 26,024 & 23,215 & -10.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{TOIAL ACTIVITY} \\
\hline lotal employees .............. No. & 2,053 & 2,352 & 1,644 & -30.1 \\
\hline lotal salaries and wages ..... \$'000 & 10,858 & 13,782 & 9,871 & -28.4 \\
\hline lotal value added............ \$ \({ }^{\prime} 000\) & 28,182 & 27,931 & 25,625 & - 8.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
p Preliminary.
Decreases in all items is the result of reclassification of two plants to the Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals Industry (S.I.C. 378).

Metal Fabricating Industries (except machinery and
transportation equipment industries) Major Group 13
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principil Statistics 1966 & 1967 & 1968p & \% change
\[
1968 / 1967
\] \\
\hline Establishments ............. No. 3,811 & 3,956 & 3,973 & \(+0.4\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. 107,187 & 103,116 & 101,317 & - 1.8 \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . . '000 229,977 & 208,407 & 216,809 & \(+4.0\) \\
\hline Wages ........................ \$'000 552,362 & 559,680 & 587,096 & + 4.9 \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies \$'000 1, 370,407 & 1,310,830 & 1,391,499 & \(+6.2\) \\
\hline Value of shipments ........... \$'000 2763,696 & 2,732,066 & 2,902,193 & \(+6.2\) \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$'000 1,387,936 & 1,404,551 & 1,496,261 & \(+6.5\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{IOTAL ACIIVITY} \\
\hline Total employees .............. No. 143,311 & 139,232 & 137,715 & -1.1 \\
\hline Tolal salaries and wages .....\$'000 794,770 & 817,639 & 869,515 & \(+6.3\) \\
\hline Total value added .............\$'000 1, 446,240 & 1,463,965 & 1,564,993 & + 6.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

p Preliminary

```

Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturers (S.I.C. 3814)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & 1968p & \% change
\[
1968 / 1967
\] \\
\hline Establishments ............... No. & 87 & 87 & 90 & \(+3.4\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers No. & 2,229 & 2,222 & 2,240 & \(+0.8\) \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . . '000 & 4,692 & 4,548 & 4,548 & - \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\prime}\) '000 & 7,969 & 8,563 & 8,949 & \(+4.5\) \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 & 14,723 & 16,535 & 16,623 & \(+0.5\) \\
\hline Value of shipments . .......... \$'000 & 29,799 & 31,969 & 33,007 & + 3.2 \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ \({ }^{\prime} 000\) & 15,095 & 15,260 & 16,228 & +6.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{IOTAL ACTIVITY} \\
\hline Total emplnyees .............. No. & 3,123 & 3,072 & 3,165 & \(+3.0\) \\
\hline Total salaries and wages . . . . \$ 000 & 12,672 & 13,228 & 14,255 & + 7.8 \\
\hline Total value added ............ \$ 000 & 20,529 & 21,208 & 23,792 & +12.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{p Preliminary}
is A NUFAC I URING (concluded)
Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals (S.I.C. 378)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Selected Principal Statistics & 1966 & 1967 & \(1968 p\) & \% change 1968/1967 \\
\hline Establishments . . . . . . . . . . . . No. & 138 & 137 & 139 & \(+1.4\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MANUEACIURING ACIIVITY} \\
\hline Production and related workers N o. & 12,573 & 12,580 & 12,963 & \(+3.0\) \\
\hline Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . 0000 & 27,368 & 27,517 & 28,066 & + 2.0 \\
\hline Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$^{1000}\) & 79,276 & 85,736 & 93,566 & + 9.1 \\
\hline Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 & 315,861 & 326,201 & 342,554 & + 5.0 \\
\hline Value of shipments ............ \({ }^{\prime} 000\) & 770,021 & 795,849 & 846,953 & \(+6.5\) \\
\hline Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1000\) & 392,190 & 417,208 & 431,212 & + 3.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{TOTAL ACITVIIY} \\
\hline Total employees .............. No. & 19,586 & 19,948 & 20,365 & \(+2.2\) \\
\hline Total salaries and wages . . . . \(\$^{\prime} 000\) & 132,153 & 144,439 & 157,258 & +8.9 \\
\hline Total value added ........... \(\$ 1000\) & 416,483 & 441,889 & 451,765 & + 2.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
p Preliminary.
AGRICULTURE AND FOO D
39. Grain Milling The output of wheat flour in Canada in March amounted to 3,233,000 hundredweight, \(7 \%\) above the February 1970 output
of \(3,030,000\) hundredweight, \(6 \%\) over the March 1969 total of \(3,036,000\) hundredweight but \(9 \%\) below the ten-year (1960-69) average production for the month of March of 3,568,000 hundredweight. Production of wheat flour during the first aight months of the current crop year amounted to \(26,485,000\) hundredweight, compared with the \(25,577,000\) hundredweight produced during the same period of the \(1968-69\) crop year, and \(4 \%\) less than the ten-year average for the same period.

Mill operations averaged \(77.3 \%\) of capacity when computed on a 25 -day working period in the month and a daily capacity of 167,000 hundredweight. Mills reporting for February 1970 operated at \(77.5 \%\) of their combined rated capacity for 24 days.
40. Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds

February shipments of dehydrated alfalfa clover and grass meals amounted to 4,029 tons compared to 5,051 tons in February 1969. For the year to date, shipments totalled 6,744 tons \((10,001)\).

\section*{RELEASED THIS WEEK}

Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles, except in cases where items are published as advance information. The information will be included in regular DBS publication, which will be released at a later date.
1. Index of Industrial Production, March 1970
2. Security Price Indexes, May 7, 1970
3. Price Movements, April \(1970(62-001), 10 c / \$ 1.00\)
4. Wholesale Price Indexes, April 1970
5. Carloadings, Week ended April 21, 1970
6. Passenger Bus Statistics, March 1970
7. Urban Transit, March 1970
8. Non-Resident Vehicles Entering Canada, March 1970 (66-002), 10c/\$1.00
9. Travel Between Canada, the United States and Other Countries, January 1970 \((66-001), 30 c / \$ 3.00\)
10. Abortions in Canada, Selected Years
11. Building Permils, March 1970
12. Preliminary Crime Statistics (Police), 1969
13. Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, January and Fubruary issues \((32-021), 10 c / \$ 1.00\)
14. Restaurant Statistics, March 1970 (63-011), 10é/\$1.00
15. Provincial Government Finance, Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1968
16. New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1970 ( \(63-007\) ), 20c/\$2.00
17. Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, February and March 1970
18. Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, February and March 1970
19. Establishments and Total employees in the Manufacturing Industries, by Province and Employment Size Group, 1967
20. Major Appliances, February 1970
21. Garment Shipments, Quarter ended December 31, 1969 (34-001), 25c/\$1.00
22. Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, March 1970 (47-001), 10 ( \(/ \$ 1.00\)
23. Salt, March 1970 (26-009), \(10 \mathrm{c} / \$ 1.00\)
24. Mineral Wool, March 1970 (44-004), 10 c \(/ \$ 1.00\)
25. Production of Rubber, March 1970
26. Plastic Bottles, First Quarter, 1970
27. Production of Steel Ingots, Week ended May 9, 1970
28. Gypsum Products, March 1970 (44-003), 10¢/\$1.00
29. Concrele Products, March 1970 (44-002), 10 c \(/ \$ 1.00\)
30. Asbestos, March 1970 (26-001), 10 c/\$1.00
31. Cement, March \(1970(44-001), 10 ¢ / \$ 1.00\)
32. Products Made from Canadian Clays, January 1970 (44-005), 10 ç/\$1. 00
33. Pulpwood and Wood Rusidue, March 1970
34. Shipments of Foundation Garments, Quarter ended March 31, 1970
35. Phonograph Records and Pre-Recorded Tapes, March 1970
36. Cigarettes, April 1970
37. Footwear, March 1970
38. Census of Manufactures, 1968: Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers; Copper and Copper Alloy Rolling, Casting and Extruding; Metal Fabricating Industries (Except Machinery and Transportation Equipment Industries); Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturers; Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industries; Wineries; Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals; Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries (Major Group 20); Fur Goods Industry; Fish Products Industry
39. Grain Milling Statistics, March 1970 (32-003), \$1.00 a year
40. Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, February 1970 (32-004), 20c/\$2.00
Supplement to the DBS Catalogue, 11-204/3, Free
Service Bulletins: Advance Release of Fish Landings, Maritimes and Quebec, March 1970; Energy Statistics, Vol. 5, Nos. 36 and 37 (57-002), \$5.00 a year; Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, March 1970
Released this week but sumarized in the Weekly earlier:
Railway Carloadings, January 1970 (52-001), 20c/\$2.00
Soaps and Sunthetic Detergents, January 1970 (46-003), 10¢/\$1.00
Biscuit Manufacturers, 1968 (32-202), 50¢
Oils and Fals, February 1970 (32-006), 20c/\$2.00
Stocks of Canned Foods, February 1970 (32-011), 20c/\$2.00
Preliminary Bulletins, 1968 Annual Census of Manufactures: Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers (46-220-P); Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry (41-221-P); Miscellaneous Wood Industries, N.E.S. (35-208-P); Copper and Alloy Rolling, Casting and Extruding (41-224-p); Fur Goods Industry (34-213-P); Fish Products Industry \((32-216\) - F\(), \$ 3.50\) for annual series on manufacturing industries```


[^0]:    * These indexes are preliminary.

