## Weekly

Priday, June 5, 1970

External Trade i:mprecedented quarterly rates.

For the first quarter of 1970 Canada's foreign trade registered an fabourable balance of trade of $\$ 670$ million, seasonally adjusted at Exports to the U.S.A. declined by $\$ 26$ million to $\$ 2,787 \mathrm{million}$.

P:rces The investors price index rose to 164.0 during the week ended May 28, 1970 f:om 163.6 recorded during the week ended May $21,1970$.

T:ansportation Revenue freight loaded onto railway cars in Canada during the 7 day period ended May 14 totalled 76,853 carloads, up $3.9 \%$ from a total of 73,491 in the comparable period in 1969.

Traffic Accidents Motor vehicle craffic accidents on Canada's streets and highways in February 1970 claimed 256 lives, an increase of $10.3 \%$ from the February 1969 total of 232.

Tuberculosis A total of 4,438 new active cases of tuberculosis were reported in 1969, a drop from the 4,824 cases reported in 1968.

Credit Membership in credit unions for 1968 stands at 4,632,400, an increase of 324,000 (or $6 \%$ above 1967's total).

Merchandising During April, department store sales rose in Canada by $5.4 \%$ over the corresponding month last year.

Manufacturing Steel ingot production for the week ended May 30, totalled 234,915 tons, a decrease of $0.7 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 236,660 tons.

Agriculture and Food Total mushroom production in 1969 was 22.6 million pounds down slightly from the record 1968 figure of 23.1 million pounds.

## 1. Canada's Foreign Trade in the First Quarter of 1970

The External Trade Division reports that for the first quarter of 1970 Canada's foreign trade registered an unprecedented favourable balance of trade of $\$ 670$ million, seasonally adjusted at quarterly rates. Exports to the U.S.A. declined by $\$ 26$ million to $\$ 2,787$ million. However, a more broadly based demand picture for Canada's exports is emerging from the other trading areas. Exports to the E.E.C. countries rose by $\$ 86 \mathrm{million}$, to U.K. by $\$ 109 \mathrm{million}$, other Commonwealth countries by $\$ 42$ million, Latin America by $\$ 19 \mathrm{million}$ and Japan by $\$ 56$ million. Thus, though the thrust of demand in the United States has weakened both in consumer durables and capital goods, other markets have increased their intake of goods from Canada.

In terms of broad commodity categories, the areas of strength are still centred in secondary manufactured products, forest products and energy materials. However, the performance of exports in the first quarter of 1970 seems to be more evenly distributed among all commodity sections than in previous quarters. This is partly due to the increased exports from the farm and mineral sectors. Exports of meat and dairy produce rose by $\$ 16$ million and wheat and flour by some $\$ 72$ million. The recently announced sale of wheat to the Soviet Union, along with the movement of grain to Mainland China, has markedly increased both the volume and value of Canadian wheat exports in the short run.

Energy materials show a continuing strong trend, especially crude petroleum which rose by $\$ 33$ million. Even though the United States of America continues to receive a large proportion of uranium and coal, Japan's demand for these products is beginning to broaden.

Secondary manufactured products have moderated their rate of growth. This is particularly noticeable in the decline in exports of motor vehicles and parts by $\$ 182$ million.

The decline of $\$ 53$ million in total imports to $\$ 3,590 \mathrm{million}$ in the first quarter of 1970 is primarily due to a reduction of $\$ 89 \mathrm{million}$ in imports from the United States. This was counterbalanced to some extent by the rising imports from the rest of the world. Imports from E.E.C. rose by $\$ 17$ million, from Latin America by $\$ 15$ million and from Japan by $\$ 13$ million. Rising imports from Japan reflect an acceleration of demand for motor vehicles from that country.

The substantial decline of $\$ 179$ million in imports of automotive products indicates that less buoyant conditions are now prevalling in the production and sale of 1970 model cars both in Canada and in the U.S.A.

Declines also occurred in imports of meat and fish, chemicals and products, (by $\$ 14$ million each), fabricated steel materials (by $\$ 24$ million), non-ferrous alloys, machinery, communication and related equipment, electric lighting and distribution equipment, and miscellaneous equipment and tools. However, imports of non-ferrous metals rose substantially by $\$ 34$ million and apparel and footwear by $\$ 7$ million. In general, though, there has been a definite abatement in the rate of increase in Canada's merchandise imports.

As a result of the nearly 10 per cent growth in exports and the 1.5 per cent decline in imports, the total favourable merchandise balance of trade in the first quarter of 1970 shows an improvement of $\$ 432$ million to $\$ 670 \mathrm{million}$. The trade balance with the United States rose by $\$ 63$ million to $\$ 209$ million, that with E.E.C. by $\$ 69$ million to $\$ 81$ million, with U.K. by $\$ 105$ million to $\$ 182$ million and with other countries by $\$ 47$ million to $\$ 198$ million.

|  |  |  |  |  | 1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Comunodily groupings | I | I I | I II | IV | 1 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 93.1 | 99.0 | 98.2 | 101. 5 | 1014 |
| Non-ferrous ores | 38.1 | 36.5 | 38.5 | 32.6 | 66.8 |
| Chemicals and products. | 103.3 | 103.5 | 101.9 | 112.2 | 98.3 |
| Synthetic rubber and plastics .......... | 59.2 | 61.0 | 59.5 | 61.8 | 60.0 |
| Fuel oil and other petroleu products | $58.9{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 55.3 | 55.3 | 54.0 | 52.4 |
| Fabricated steel materials | 102.1 | 107.7 | 103.7 | 147.4 | 123.3 |
| Non-ferrous alloys | 62.6 | 54.7 | 79.5 | 73.1 | 64.6 |
| General purpose machinery | 103.1 | 113.3 | 110.7 | 112.3 | 105.5 |
| Mining, construction and drilling machinery .... | 120.6 | 120.8 | 120.9 | 128.4 | 116.5 |
| Special industrial machinery ....... | 123.5 | 124.8 | 116.1 | 147.3 | 151.0 |
| Agricultural machinery except tractors ..... | 38.6 | 42.7 | 35.9 | 39.5 | 31.6 |
| Tractors and parts | 44.5 | 47.4 | 49.9 | 52.5 | 51.1 |
| Automobiles | 234.8 | 264.0 | 294.3 | 244.7 | 181.4 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 408.9 | 455.5 | 426.5 | 473.9 | 384.4 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 99.7 | 117.7 | 116.3 | 106.9 | 90.9 |
| Trucks, truck tractors, etc | 88.6 | 90.5 | 105.8 | 112.0 | 101.4 |
| Communication and related equipment | 95.2 | 96.3 | 95.6 | 106.3 | 96.9 |
| Air conditioning and refrigeration equipment | 20.7 | 19.1 | 22.3 | 18.9 | 22.6 |
| Scientific equipment ${ }^{\text {. . }}$ | 53.2 | 79.3 | 81.1 | 83.2 | 84.2 |
| Office machines | 56.6 | 65.8 | 69.3 | 76.1 | 73.6 |
| Electric lighting, distribu and control equipment .. | 59.9 | 60.4 | 61.6 | 62.0 | 56.9 |
| Miscellaneous equipment and tools | 101.6 | 74.7 | 89.9 | 92.8 | 87.2 |
| Apparel and footwear .... | 62.4 | 63.9 | 60.9 | 60.5 | 67.6 |
| Other personal and household goods .............. | 75.4 | 76.3 | 75.7 | 77.0 | 78.2 |
| Books and other printed matter | 55.6 | 58.4 | 58.5 | 61.4 | 63.5 |

[^0]
## EXTERNALTRADE (continued)

## DOMESTIC EXPORTS OF SELECTED COMMODITY GROUPINGS <br> Seasonally Adjusted at Quarterly Rates

| Commodity groupings | 1969 |  |  |  | $\frac{1970}{I}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |  |
|  |  |  | s of |  |  |
| Meat and dairy produce .. | 24.3 | 22.3 | 30.2 | 32.0 | 48.2 |
| Fresh fish and fish prep- 48.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| arations ............... | 61.3 | 65.3 | 64.5 | 61.3 | 65.3 |
| Wheat | 170.6 | 101.6 | 98.6 | 101.9 | 170.5 |
| Wheat flour | 12.6 | 12.1 | 14.9 | 13.9 | 17.0 |
| Whisky | 43.7 | 45.3 | 53.0 | 45.0 | 42.6 |
| Crude petroleum | 119.8 | 134.4 | 131.2 | 140.4 | 173.3 |
| Natural gas | 40.5 | 42.1 | 45.4 | 48.5 | 48.9 |
| Sulphur | 18.1 | 17.6 | 17.8 | 10.3 | 14.3 |
| Lumber | 209.0 | 191.1 | 142.0 | 158.5 | 177.3 |
| Shingles, venner and ply- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wood pulp | 179.5 | 186.7 | 185.7 | 201.3 | 206.1 |
| Newsprint | 282.8 | 269.2 | 287.2 | 286.6 | 296.2 |
| Chemicals | 45.4 | 50.9 | 48.1 | 51.5 | 63.5 |
| Synthetic rubber and |  |  |  |  |  |
| plastics | 19.3 | 23.0 | 22.7 | 22.6 | 23.9 |
| Iron and steel products | 84.2 | 76.4 | 71.7 | 68.5 | 84.0 |
| Industrial machinery .... | 85.2 | 86.0 | 89.0 | 106.4 | 107.7 |
| Agricultural machinery and |  |  |  |  |  |
| implements . | 41.5 | 49.8 | 41.3 | 47.9 | 42.8 |
| Automobiles | 372.7 | 423.2 | 493.2 | 505.7 | 426.0 |
| Other motor vehicles | 142.0 | 163.6 | 175.0 | 215.8 | 154.2 |
| Motor vehicle engines and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft engines and parts | 63.5 | 66.5 | 66.7 | 65.8 | 69.1 |
| Communication equipment . | 56.1 | 50.3 | 43.0 | 50.8 | 52.1 |
| Other equipment and tools | 49.2 | 53.2 | 61.4 | 56.9 | 68.4 |
| Scientific equipment ${ }^{1}$... | 21.8 | 26.0 | 25.3 | 24.2 | 28.6 |

1 Measuring, controlling, laboratory, medical and optical equipment.
2. Bolance of Trade a) Seasonally Adjusted. The External Trade Division reports for April 1970 a favourable foreign chandise exports for the month under review were est higher than in March 1970. Shipments to the U.S. were down by $\$ 12$ million to $\$ 908$ million and those to the U.K. dropped $\$ 32$ million to $\$ 119$ million. These decreases however were more than offset by an increase in exports to other countries of $\$ 75$ million to $\$ 414$ million. Worthy of notice is the fact that exports to countries other than the U.S. and U.K. have been increasing strongly since October 1969.
Seasonally adjusted imports at $\$ 1,185$ million were down by $\$ 57$ million from March 1970. Purchases fros the U.S. astimated at $\$ 851$ million were lower by $\$ 50$ million from the preceding month, and purchases from the $U$. $K$, at $\$ 59$ million were slightly lower than in March. Imports from other countries, also showed a decrease of $\$ 5$ million to $\$ 275$ million.

> concmang $\quad$ b) Unadiusted. Preliminary export estimates of $\$ 1,476$ million for the month under reviav implied a 24 per cent increase from last year. This increase was shared by all major deetinations. Shipments to the U.S. were $\$ 991$ million, up by 13 per cent from a year ago and the U.K. at $\$ 118$ million were 35 per cent higher. Exports to other Comonwealth countries showed a great improvement over the year reaching \$64 million, a 63 per cent increase and were closely followed by shipments to other countries which increased 56 per cent to $\$ 304$ million over the year. Among the more important contributors to the increased exports were wheat, nickel and alloys, fertilizer and fertilizer meeriale, copper and alloys and wood pulp.

Imports for the month of April 1970 were $\$ 1,292$ million, 4 per cent above the same period last year. Purchases fram the U.S. stood at $\$ 935$ milifon, up by 2 per cent from April 1969 , from the U.K., at $\$ 68$ million were 8 per cent higher and those from other Comonwealth countries at $\$ 53$ million increased by 28 per cent. The EEC and Japan with sales to Canada of $\$ 78$ million and $\$ 52$ million respectively stood 14 per cent and 16 per cent above last year. The only declines registered were in purchases from Latin America ( 5 per cent) and from Other Countries (under l per cent).

Imports of metals in ores, concentrates and scrap; food products; crude petroleum; chemicals and motor vehicle parts were substantlally higher than in the same period last year. Showing a weaker performance than last year were passenger autonobiles, industrial machinery and petroleum and coal products.

Trade of Canada
Seasonally Adjusted at Monthly and Quarterly Rates

|  | Exports |  |  |  | Imports |  |  |  | Trade Balance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All |  |  | Other | All |  |  | Other | A11 |  |  | Other |
| 1969 | Countries | U.S.A ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | U.K, | Countries | Countries | U.S.A $A_{8}$ | U.K. | Countries | Countries | U.S. ${ }_{\text {A }}$ | $U_{1} K_{2}$ | Countrios |
| November | 1,285 | 952 | 83 | 250 | 1,223 | 896 | 62 | 265 | + 62 | + 56 | $+21$ | - 15 |
| Dacamber | 1,313 | 880 | 103 | 330 | 1,214 | 878 | 57 | 279 | + 99 | + ${ }^{2}$ | + 46 | + 51 |
| J anuary 1970 | 1,448 ${ }^{5}$ | $938{ }^{5}$ | 111 | $399^{r}$ | 1,117 ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | $766^{\text {r }}$ | 61 | 290 | + $331{ }^{\text {r }}$ | $+172^{r}$ | + 50 | + $109{ }^{5}$ |
| , February | 1,403 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | $929{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 106 | 368 | 1,230 | $911^{r}$ | 63 | $256{ }^{\text { }}$ | + $173^{r}$ | $+18^{5}$ | $+43^{5}$ | + $112^{5}$ |
| March | 1,410 | $920^{5}$ | 151 | $339^{\text {r }}$ | 1,242 | 901 | 61 | 280 | + 168 | $+19^{r}$ | + 90 | + $59{ }^{\text {r }}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Papril }}$ | 1,441 | 908 | 119 | 414 | 1,185 | 851 | 59 | 275 | + 256 | + 57 | + 60 | +139 |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ rd Quarter | 3,634 | 2,570 | 275 | 789 | 3,513 | 2,530 | 210 | 773 | +121 | $+\quad 40$ $+\quad 5$ | +65 |  |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter | 3,638 | 2,584 | 270 | $70^{\prime \prime}$ | 3,523 | 2,539 | 209 | 775 | +115 | + 45 | + 61 | $+\quad 9$ $+\quad 13$ |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ st Quarter | 3,882 | 2,816 | 259 | 807 | 3,643 | 2,667 | 182 | 794 | +239 | + 149 |  | +13 |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 1970 | 4,261 | 2,787 | 368 | 1,106 | 3,589 | 2,578 | 185 | 826 | + 672 | + 209 | + 183 | + 280 |

$\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{preliminary}$
r = revised
Note: These estimates may not add because of rounding.


| Index | Number stocks priced | $\frac{\text { May } 28 / 70}{\frac{\text { this week }}{(1}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { May } 21 / 70}{\text { week ago }} \\ & 00 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } 30 / 70 \\ & \text { month ago } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investors price index | 114 | 164.0 | 163.6 | 185.6 |
| Industrials | 80 | 170.5 | 170.2 | 195.5 |
| Industrial mines | 4 | 198.2 | 185.2 | 222.1 |
| Foods | 10 | 225.6 | 220.1 | 249.4 |
| Beverages | 7 | 270.2 | 271.2 | 307.9 |
| Textiles and clothing | 5 | 101.7 | 101.0 | 114.0 |
| Pulp and paper .. | 7 | 124.2 | 128.2 | 144.6 |
| Printing and publishing | 4 | 671.8 | 677.9 | 792.5 |
| Primary metals ......... | 8 | 83.7 | 82.0 | 93.0 |
| Metal fabricating | 9 | 106.4 | 110.9 | 120.3 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 105.0 | 104.9 | 109.4 |
| Petroleum | 7 | 132.2 | 145.0 | 163.4 |
| Chemicals . .............. | 4 | 71.6 | 71.2 | 79.5 |
| Construction ............ | 4 | 48.1 | 45.4 | 54.2 |
| Retall Trade | 7 | 185.6 | 189.1 | 205.9 |
| Utilities ................. | 20 | 140.2 | 141.5 | 150.2 |
| Pipelines ............... | 5 | 155.0 | 161.4 | 171.9 |
| Transportation | 4 | 174.9 | 173.2 | 188.9 |
| Telephone | 3 | 96.7 | 94.3 | 100.9 |
| Electric power .......... | 3 | 110.7 | 114.1 | 112.2 |
| Gas distribution ........ | 5 | 294.9 | 298.0 | 325.4 |
| Finance | 14 | 163.5 | 160.1 | 184.0 |
| Banks | 6 | 178.5 | 173.8 | 197.5 |
| Investment and loan ..... | 8 | 133.9 | 133.0 | 157.4 |
| Mining stock price index: | 24 | 96.3 | 98.9 | 109.8 |
| Golds .................... | 6 | 97.3 | 106.6 | 107.8 |
| Base metals | 18 | 95.7 | 94.7 | 110.9 |
| Uraniums price index ...... | 4 | 110.8 | 110.7 | 130.6 |
| Primary ofls and gas ...... | 6 | 145.0 | 137.0 | 179.1 |

TRANSPORTATION
5. Railway Carloadings Revente freight loaded onto railway cars in Canada during the 7 day period ended May 14 totalled 76,853 carloads, up $3.9 \%$ from a total of 73,491 in the comparable period in 1969. This increase may be attributed mainly to Eastern Canadian loadings where there was a $5.1 \%$ rise to 46,758 cars, while loadings West of the Lakehead increased $2.2 \%$ to 30,095 cars. It should be noted that 1969 carloads in Eastern Canada were adversely affected by a strike at iron ore mines in Northeastern Quebec.

Year to date total carloadings were down $1.1 \%$ to $1,351,441$ cars from $1,366,808$ cars in the 1969 period. This decrease reflects a drop in Eastern loadings of $4.4 \%$ to 841,573 , while Western loadings rose $4.8 \%$ to 509,868 cars.

TRANSPORTATION (continued)
The following tables show carloadings and tonnages for total traffic and for piggyback traffic for the second period of May and for the year to date. Data are shown for 1969 only where comparable figures are available.

Railway Carloadings of Revenue Freight in Canada

| d ending | Year | East | West | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 14, 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| All traffic -cars | 1970 | 46,758 | 30,095 | 78,853 |
| All traffic - cars | 1969 | 44,491 | 29,450 | 73,941 |
| All traffic - tons | 1970 | 2,588,762 | 1,583,851 | 4,172,613 |
| Piggyback traffic - cars | 1970 | 2,849 | 1,509 | 4,358 |
| Piggyback traffic - tons | 1970 | 51,664 | 30,919 | 82,583 |
| Year to date |  |  |  |  |
| All traffic - cars | 1970 | 841,573 | 509,868 | 1,351,441 |
| All traffic - cars | 1969 | 880,163 | 486,645 | 1,366,808* |
| All traffic - tons | 1970 | 43,841, 249 | 26,297,790 | 70,139,039 |
| Piggyback traffic - cars | 1970 | 46,375 | 26,706 | 73,081 |
| Piggyback traffic - tons | 1970 | 863,861 | 551,193 | 1,415,054 |

* 1969 carloads revised to correct understatement resulting from improper counting of multi-car units by one road.


## 6. Railway Operating Statistics

Twenty-four common carrier railways in Canada reported operating revenues of $\$ 140.9$ million in December 1969, up 12.8 per cent from the December 1968 figure, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the December issue of the DBS report, "Railway Operating Statistics". Railway operating expenses at $\$ 127.6$ million were 4.5 per cent over those of December 1968 resulting in a net income of $\$ 13,244,704$ compared to one of $\$ 2,746,926$ in the year earlier period.

## Railway Operating Revenues, Expenses and Net Income

December 1969


A total of 19.9 million tons of revenue freight was handed by railways in Canada during December 1969, an increase of 7.3 per cent from the comparable 1968 month. Also the average haul, at 403 miles increased by 17 miles, so that freight tonmiles increased to 8,028 million from 7,171 miliion in the year earlier period. The average number of miles of road operated (first main track) increased to 44,153 miles from 44,046 in December 1968. Revenue passengers carried decreased 3.7 per cent to $2,023,087$ with commuter travel increasing 2.0 pel cent while noncommuter passengers declined 13.0 per cent from the 1968 month. There was a decline in the average passenger journey of 7 miles to 101 miles in December 1969. Employment in the industry dropped to 112,920 persons from 117,388 persons in December 1968.

## 7. Railway Operating Statistics Twenty-four common-carrier railways in Canada

 reported operating revenues of $\$ 1.58$ billion for the year 1969, an increase of 3.5 per cent over the previous year, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the annual issue of the DBS report, "Railway Operating Statistics". This increase occurred despite work stoppages that sharply curtailed shipments from iron ore mines in Northeastern Quebec and from copper-nickel mines in Northern Ontario. Railway operating expenses rose 3.9 per cent to $\$ 1,489 \mathrm{million}$ and as a result net operating income dropped to $\$ 92.6 \mathrm{million}$ from $\$ 94.6 \mathrm{million}$ in 1968.
## Railway Operating Revenues, Expenses and Net Income

## Year 1969

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { al } 24 \text { Railways } \\ & \$ \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | C.N.R. | $\begin{gathered} \text { C.P. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Revenues | 1,581,334,981 | 827,212,11.7 | 580,992,133 |
| Freight | 1,324,801,834 | 663,682,246 | 504,361,837 |
| Passenger | 65,923,977 | 46,978,398 | 13,733,573 |
| Payments relating to the |  |  |  |
| National Transportation Act | 81,181,803 | 47,020,227 | 33,063,262 |
| Operating Expenses | 1,488,773,502 | 791,513,391 | 546,105,252 |
| Road and Equipment Maintenance | 597,967,052 | 333,137,158 | 203,964,283 |
| Transportation | 582,322,214 | 311,047,348 | 221,882,545 |
| Net Operating Income | 92,561,479 | 35,698,726 | 34,886,881 |
| Operating Ratio | 94.15 | 95.68 | 94.00 |

A total of 231.2 million tons of revenue freight was handled by railways in Canada during 1969, down 4.7 per cent from 1968. The average haul however at 410 miles increased by 26 miles and ton-miles rose to $94,690 \mathrm{milition}$ from 93,147 million a year earlier. The average number of miles of road operated (first main track) increased to 44,131 miles from 44,030 in 1968.

Kevenue passengers carried decreased 3.7 per cent to 23.7 million with commuter travel dropping 2.4 per cent and non-commuter travel decreasing 6.1 per cent. The average passenger fourney dropped 5 miles to 102 miles while passenger-miles were 7.9 per cent lower at 2,418 million.
8. Motor Carriers - Freight $C 1 a s s 1$ and 2 common and contract intercity motor carriers reporting to DBS for the four quarters of 1969 reported annual operating revenues of $\$ 659.1$ million and operating expenses of $\$ 615.6$ million to give net operating revenues of $\$ 43.5$ million. An average of 400 carriers class 1 and 2 reported in each quarter of 1969 compared to an average of 360 carriers in each quarter of 1968. The operating ratio was $93.4 \%$ in 1969 compared to $92.4 \%$ in 1968. While these annual revenues and expenses are not measurements of the complete universe of class 1 and 2 common and contract; intercity motor carriers and exact relationships are extremely difficult to establish. It has been estimated that the revenues and expense measured by the quarterly report includes approximately $64 \%$ of the total revenues of class 1 and 2 intercity motor carriers both common and contract and about $60 \%$ of all intercity motor carriers of freight both common and contract in Canada. Many efforts were directed in the past year to improve the relationship of the quarterly report with the annual report on intercity motor carriers of freight.
L. $A B O$ U $R$
9.
Salaries and Qualifications of
Teachers in Universities and
Colleges, $1969-70$
salary was $\$ 13,265$.
Results of the 1969-70 detailed survey of the salaries of teachers in 65 Canadian universities and colleges show that the median salary for deans was $\$ 24,067$, for professors, $\$ 19,870$, for associate professors, $\$ 15,012$, for assistant professors, $\$ 11,837$, for ungraded professors, $\$ 14,050$, and for lecturers and instructors, $\$ 9,441$.

Salaries of university teachers by region shows the median for Ontario as $\$ 14,030$; in the Western Provinces, $\$ 13,288$; in Quebec, $\$ 13,016 ;$ and in the Atlantic Provinces, \$11,535.

Provincial Government Employment
The gross payrolls of provincial government employees for the period January-March 1970 amounted to $\$ 556.2$ million, a decrease of $2.1 \%$ from the $\$ 568.1$ million reported for the previous quarter of October to December. The number of employees reported for the last pay period in March 1970 was 333,040 , a decrease of $1.4 \%$ from the 337,182 for the same period in December 1969. These are normal decreases resulting from a seasonal reduction of part-time employees in both the salary and wage earning categories.

Total gross payrolls for the provincial government employees (included in this report) for the period April 1969 to the last pay period in March 1970 amount. ed to $\$ 2,211.5$ million. Employees in Departmental services were paid $\$ 1,290.9$ million ( $58.4 \%$ ) while those of institutions of higher education, provincial government enterprises and workmen's compensation boards respectively received $\$ 279.6$ million ( $12.6 \%$ ), $\$ 615.1$ milifon ( $27.8 \%$ ), $\$ 25.9$ million ( $1.2 \%$ ). Data for the Province of British Columbia are not available.

## TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

## 11. Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents

Motor vehicle traffic accidents on Canada's streets and highways in February 1970 claimed 256 . Lives, an increase of $10.3 \%$ from the February 1969 total of 232.

When comparing the number of traffic deaths in this release with those in the annual Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Vital Statistics" please note the explanation in the Dally Bulletin of May 7, 1969.

Motor Vehícle Tra: fic Accidents, Victims, and Value of :rege:cy Damage: (i)
for February 1970 and comparative igure for February 1964.

(1) Excludes property damage accidents under $\$ 100$.
(2) Excludes property damage accidents under $\$ 200$.
(3) Estimed figures.

TUBERCULOSIS
12.

Tuberculosis A total of 4,438 new active cases of tuberculosis were reported in 1969, a drop from the 4,824 cases reported in 1968. The number of reactivated cases reported decreases from 755 cases in 1968 to 680 cases in 1969. Total of new active and reactivaied cases together decreased from 5,579 cases in 1968 to 5,118 cases in 1969.

This infurmation is contained in the final edition of the monthly publication Incidence of Tuberculosis. In future, details will be published in the annual Tuberculosis Statistics, Volume I: Tuberculosis Morbidity and Mortality (No. 83-206), and summarized in preliminary releases in the DBS Daily and Weekly Bulletins.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Summary Stat } \\ & \text { Nutifications by } \\ & \text { case register } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | under $t$ Luberculo | ment <br> (a) | Persons Receiving |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ne: $w$ active cases | Reactivated cascos | Total | $\underset{\text { potients }}{\text { por }}$ | Out - <br> patients drug treatment | Preventive Outpatient Drug $\qquad$ |
| Province |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 4,438 | 680 | 12,573 | 2,599 | 9,974 | 9,999 |
| Nf1d. | 279 | 28 | 489 | 132 | 357 | 25 |
| P.E.I. | 12 | 2 | 52 | 17 | 35 | 27 |
| N.S. | 166 | 45 | 528 | 169 | 359 | 182 |
| N.B. | 150 | 14 | 486 | 107 | 379 | 96 |
| Québec | 1,374 | 149 | 4,508 | 853 | 3,655 | 1,858 |
| Ontario | 1,086 | 219 | 3,404 | 546 | 2,808 | 5,570 |
| Manitnba | 213 | 37 | 583 | 143 | 440 | 595 |
| Saskatchewan | 208 | 27 | 379 | 106 | 273 | 129 |
| Alberta ... | 339 | 36 | 622 | 218 | 404 | 371 |
| B.c. . . . . . | 426 | 83 | 1.096 | 135 | 961 | 817 |
| Yukon ..... | 21 | 4 | 51 | 13 | 38 | 56 |
| N.W.T. | 160 | $36$ <br> Rates | $\begin{array}{r} 375 \\ \times \quad 100,00 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110 \\ \text { Llation } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 265 | 273 |
| Canada | 21.1 | 3.2 | 59.1 | 12.2 | 46.9 | $4 ; .0$ |
| Nfid. | 54.3 | 5.4 | 94.8 | 25.6 | $69.2$ | 4.8 |
| P.E.I. | 10.9 | 1.8 | 47.3 | 15.5 | 31.8 | 26.5 |
| N.S. | 21.8 | 5.9 | 69.0 | 22.1 | 46.9 | 23.8 |
| N. 8. | 24.0 | 2.2 | 78.0 | 17.2 | 60.8 | 15.4 |
| Queber | 23.0 | 2.5 | 75.1 | 14.2 | 60.9 | 30.9 |
| Ontario | 14.6 | 2.9 | 45.0 | 7.9 | 37.1 | 73.6 |
| Manitoba | 21.8 | 3.8 | 59.6 | 14.6 | 45.0 | 60.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 21.7 | 2.8 | 40.0 | 11.2 | 28.8 | 13.6 |
| Alberta ... | 21.7 | 2.3 | 39.3 | 13.8 | 25.5 | 23.4 |
| B. C. | 20.6 | 4.0 | 51.8 | 6.4 | 45.4 | 38.6 |
| Yukon | 140.0 | 26.7 | 318.8 | 81.2 | 237.5 | 350.0 |
| N.W.T. | 500.0 | 112.5 | 1,136.4 | 333.3 | 803.0 | 827.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tozal ... | 4,438 | 680 | 12,573 | 2,599 | 9.974 | 9,999 |
| 0.14 | 571 | 11 | 1,130 | 247 | B83 | 2.192 |
| 15-24 | 613 | 31 | 1,306 | 232 | 1,074 | 2.126 |
| 25-44 | 1,308 | 196 | 3,810 | 585 | 3,225 | 2,370 |
| $\text { 45-64 } \ldots$ | 1,203 | 295 | 4,201 | 888 | 3,313 | 2,480 |
| 65 and over | 723 | 147 | 2,126 | 647 | 1,479 | 831 |
| Rates per 100,000 population |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 21.1 | 3.2 | 59.1 | 12.2 | 46.9 | 47.0 |
| 0-14 | 9.1 | 0.2 | 17.1 | 3.8 | 13.4 | 33.3 |
| 15-24 | 16.2 | 0.8 | 34.3 | 6.1 | 28.2 | 55.8 |
| 25-4,4 | 24.8 | 3.7 | 71.5 | 11.0 | 60.5 | 44.5 |
| 45-64 | 31.3 | 7.7 | 108.1 | 22.9 | 85.3 | 63.8 |
| 65 and over | 44.1 | 9.0 | 128.5 | 39.1 | 89.4 | 50.2 |
| Origin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 4,438 | 680 | 12,573 | 2,599 | 9.974 | 9.999 |
| 1 ndians | 527 | 102 | 1,212 | 390 | 822 | 415 |
| Eskimo | 161 | 32 | 374 | 97 | 277 | $23{ }^{\circ}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Indians | 12 | 15 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 9 |
| Eskimo | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| other ..... | 84 | 80 | 87 | 81 | 89 | 89 |

[^1] (a) Advance information

The following table summarizes the credit situation as at the end of March 1970. It shows balances outstanding reported in millions of dollars for selected holders of credit with amounts for the corresponding period last year and the percentage change.


* These outst anding balances not included in consumer credit totals.
** In order to refine the consumer compone nt of sales financing, passenger cars financed for commercial purposes (e.g. fleet sales to busillesses, etc.) have been transferted from consumer goods to commercial gorods conumencing January 1970. Consequently this discontinuity impairs conparisun with earlier corresponding periods.
Note More information will be released in the monthly catalogue "Credit Statistics" number 61-004.

14. Credit Unions Membership in credit unions for 1968 stands at 4,632,400, an increase of 324,000 (or $6 \%$ above 1967 s tolal).

Total assets increased by $10^{\circ}$ ( $\$ 322 \mathrm{million}$ ) in 1968 to $\$ 3,700 \mathrm{millin}$. Yost of this increase went out into loans ( $\$ 255 \mathrm{million}$ ); the test was held mainly in demand deposits. Loans on the whole increased by $11 \%$.

## C R E D I T (concluded)

On the liability side, deposits increased by $\$ 201 \mathrm{mdl1}$ (10n ( $11 \%$ ) and share capital increased by $\$ 77$ million to $\$ 1,346$ million. The remainder of the increase in liabilities was in retained earnings which jumped $\$ 17$ million and loans payable with a rise of $\$ 23$ million.

ENERGY
15. Sales of Natural Gas

March sales of natural gas to Canadian consumers by distribution companies amounted to 98.0 billion cubic feet. Detailed information on natural gas movements in Canada will be released shortly in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication number 55-002.

## 16. Electric Storage Batteries

Factory sales of automotive type electric storage batteries in March amounted to 85,570 for initial installation and 151,307 for replacement. In March 1969, these figures were 111,453 and 114,252 respectively. For the year to date, sales for initial installation amounted to $226,665(315,331$ in 1969$)$ and for replacement, to 522,466 (516,899).

A LCOHOL
17.

Beverage Spirits and Ethyl Alcohol
The opening inventory of goods in process of these products in March Was $184,575,732$ proof gallons and of finished goods of own manufacture, was $27,060,203$ proof gallons. The closing inventory of goods in process was $186,476,906$ proof gallons and of finished goods, 27,150,041 proof galluns.

MERCHANDISING
18.

Department Store Sales by Regions During April, department store sales rose in Canada by $5.4 \%$ over the corresponding month last year, with regional changes as follows: Atlantic provinces, $+20.2 \%$; Quebec, $+3.4 \%$; Ontario, $+2.5 \%$; Manitoba, $+4.8 \%$; Saskatchewan, $-0.3 \%$; Alberta, $+10.2 \%$ and British Columbia, $+8.2 \%$.
19.

Retail Chain Stores In 1967, the chain sector reported record total sales of over $\$ 6$ billion, a gain of $9.1 \%$ over the 1966 results, according to an advance release of data to be published shortly in the DBS report "Retail Chain Stores, 1967" (catalogue number 63-210). Chain store organizations accounted for one quarter of the approximately $\$ 24$ billion in total retail sales reported in 1967.

During the year, there were 713 chain store firms operating in Canada, a net decrease of 8 as compared to the 1966 total. The maximum number of retail outlets operated by these 713 chains rose to a record $13,395,700$ more than in the previous year.

All provinces registered increased sales through chain store outlets during 1967, ranging from a high of $30.8 \%$ in Prince Edward Island to a low of $1.9 \%$ in Nova Scotia. New Brunswick, Quebec and Newfoundland reported increased sales of $17.1 \%$, $15.1 \%$ and $10.2 \%$, respectively, all higher than the natiomal gain of $9.1 \%$.

In 1969, sales (based on actual price paid by consumers) of new motor vehicles amounted to $\$ 3,323$ million and totalled 917,525 units. This represents on increase over 1968 of $6.6 \%$ in dollar value and $3.2 \%$ in unit sales.

North dmerican manufactured vahicles have a $90.5 \%$ share of the Canadian market in terms of dollars, and an $86 \%$ share in terns of units. overseas manufactured vehicles continued their high rate of sales increases, $22.7 \%$ in dollars and $18.0 \%$ in units from 1968 to 1969 compared with sales increases of North Anerican vehicles of $5.2 \%$ and $1.1 \%$ respectively.

Commercial vehicle sales rose more substantially than sales of passenger cars: by $13.3 \%$ in dollar value and $6.2 \%$ in unit sales compared with $4.9 \%$ and $2.5 \%$ respectively. In 1969, sales of passenger cars of Canadian and U.S. manufacture showed only a marginal increase of $0.1 \%$ over 1968.

At the provincial level, British Columbia led the other provinces for the second consecutive year in sales increases: $+19.6 \%$ in dollar value, $+13.7 \%$ in units. Saskatchewan, on the other hand, showed declines for two years in a row: in 1969 by $12.3 \%$ in dollars and $15.3 \%$ in units. Dollar sales increases were average in Ontario and Alberta and below average in Quebec and Manitoba.

MANUFACTERINC
21. Steel Ingots Steel ingot production for the week ended May 30, totalled 234,915 tons, a decrease of $0.7 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 236,660 tons. The comparable week's lotal in 1969 was 226,705 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 of 96,108 tons equalling (100) was 244 in the current week, 246 a week earlier and 236 one year ago.
22. Canadian Clay Products The value of products made from Canadian clays was $\$ 1,985,913$ in February compared to $\$ 2,540,494$ in February 1969. For the year to date, their value fell to $\$ 3,715,444$ from $\$ 4,846,165$ in 1969.
23. Sawnills East of the Rockies

Production in samills East of the Rockies in March 1970 decreased to 355,876,000 feet board measure from 365,036,000 feet board measure in March 1969. For the three months to the end of March, production amounted to $959,952,000$ feet board measure compared co $968,124,000$ feet board measure during the same period of last year. Stocks on hand at the end of March totalled 916,953,000 feet board measure.
24. Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather Raw hides and skins held by packers, dealers and tanners at April 30, 1970 numbered: cattle hides, 257, 299; calf and kip skins, 155,554. April receipts of cattle hides numbered 177,646 and wettings amounted to 182,102. Production of upper leather totalled 5,816,037 square feet.
25. Stoves and Furnaces January production of domestic electric cooking stoves and ranges, all styles, with ovens, amounted to 26,807 units; shipments numbered 21,625 units, at a value of $\$ 2,486,735$. Production of warm air furnaces (gravity or forced air) amounted to 11,655 units, shipments totalled 9,945 units, valued at $\$ 1,755,856$.

MANUFACTURING (continued)
26.

Census of Manufactures
The following statistics represent a selection of those which will appear later in regular publications of the Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division.

Bakeries (S.I.C. 129)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1966 | 1967 | $1968{ }^{\text {P }}$ | \% change 1968/1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............... No. | 2,363 | 2,275 | 2,135 | 6.2 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 18,786 | 18,640 | 17,931 | - 3.8 |
| Man-hours paid ................ '000 | 40,226 | 39,883 | 38,640 | - 3.1 |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 72,205 | 75,899 | 79,281 | $+4.5$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 213,655 | 217,387 | 214,669 | - 1.3 |
| Value of shipments ........... ${ }^{\prime} 0000$ | 463,422 | 476,996 | 484,135 | $+1.5$ |
| Value added ................... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 237,726 | 247,404 | 257,062 | + 3.9 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 34,092 | 33,755 | 32,341 | - 4.2 |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 141,419 | 147,611 | 153,634 | +4.1 |
| Total value added ............ \$'000 | 247,541 | 256,657 | 269,419 | $+5.0$ |

p Preliminary.

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1966 | 1967 | $1968{ }^{\text {P }}$ | \% change 1968/1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............... No. | 142 | 126 | 115 | - 8.7 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 5,800 | 5,820 | 5,870 | $+0.9$ |
| Man-hours paid ............... '000 | 12,012 | 12,290 | 12,214 | - 0.6 |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1000$ | 17,222 | 19,367 | 20,728 | $+7.0$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 190,623 | 192,858 | 203,188 | + 5.4 |
| Value of shipments ........... \$'000 | 227,776 | 234,374 | 252,419 | + 7.7 |
| Value added ................... \$'000 | 38,793 | 40,141 | 48,822 | $+21.6$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees . .............. No. | 6,699 | 6,673 | 6,812 | $+2.1$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 22,238 | 24,582 | 26,597 | $+8.2$ |
| Total value added ............\$'000 | 41,301 | 42,859 | 51,030 | +19.1 |

p Preliminary.
Soft Drink Manufacturers (S.I.C. 141)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1966 | 1967 | $1968{ }^{\text {P }}$ | \% change $1968 / 1967$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 460 | 454 | 441 | - 2.9 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 5,570 | 5,784 | 5,965 | $+3.1$ |
| Man-hours paid ............... '000 | 12,126 | 12,589 | 12,844 | $+2.0$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 23,065 | 25,587 | 28,253 | +10.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 92,468 | 107,114 | 123,384 | +15.2 |
| Value of shipments .......... \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 254,005 | 288,589 | 305,398 | + 5.8 |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$'000 | 156,851 | 175,607 | 177,102 | + 0.9 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY . |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 14,311 | 15,020 | 14,921 | -0.7 |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 69,541 | 77,463 | 82,025 | $+5.9$ |
| Total value added ............\$'000 | 160,812 | 179,729 | 181,820 | $+1.2$ |

[^2]MANUFACTURING (continued)
Leather Industries (Major Group 4)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1966 | 1967 | $1968{ }^{\text {P }}$ | \% change 1968/1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 537 | 529 | 513 | - 3.0 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 27,847 | 26,773 | 27,017 | $+0.9$ |
| Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . '000 | 56,648 | 54,294 | 55,148 | $+1.6$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 90,329 | 92,039 | 100,034 | +8.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 192,696 | 179,435 | 192,767 | + 7.4 |
| Value of shipments ........... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 370,910 | 369,115 | 396,242 | $+7.3$ |
| Value added ................... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 181,760 | 183,808 | 201,908 | +9.8 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............... No. | 32,589 | 31,496 | 31,738 | $+0.8$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 117,671 | 121,760 | 131,879 | $+8.3$ |
| Total value added ............ \$'000 | 183,474 | 185,742 | 204,446 | +10.1 |

p Preliminary.
Primary Metal Industries (Major Group 12)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1966 | 1967 | $1968{ }^{\text {P }}$ | \% change $1968 / 1967$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............ No. | 408 | 415 | 405 | - 2.4 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 87,748 | 86,784 | 86,237 | - 0.6 |
| Man-hours paid............... ' ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 185,427 | 183,065 | 179,447 | - 2.0 |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 518,347 | 541,970 | 570,183 | + 5.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 1,593,497 | 1,544,684 | 1,733,409 | +12.2 |
| Value of shipments .......... $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 3,085,130 | 3,052,537 | 3,384,249 | +10.9 |
| Value added ................. ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 1,387,202 | 1,383,609 | 1,514,869 | $+9.5$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............... No. | 113,645 | 112,945 | 113,000 | $+0.05$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 716,557 | 754,681 | 803,111 | $+6.4$ |
| Total value added ............ \$'000 | 1,414,996 | 1,408,728 | 1,53,4,452 | + 8.9 |

p Preliminary.
Slaughtering and Meat Processors (S.I.C. 101)


[^3]MANUFAC TURING (concluded)
Factory shipments of unitary air conditioners of under
120,000 btu's numbered 555 in the quarter ended December 31,1969 ; their value was $\$ 487,185$. For the year 1969 the number sold was 3,354 and their value, $\$ 2,991,592$.
28.

Hardboard
Shipments of hardboard in April amounted to $45,297,003$ square feet ( $1 / 8$ inch basis) compared to $52,852,517$ square feet in
April 1969. This brought the year-to-date total to $170,359,324$ square feet
(191,739,400 in 1969).
29.

Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters
Oil burners shipped in March numbered 5,286, at a total plant value of $\$ 359,156$. For the year to date, these figures were 14,614 units and $\$ 956,867$. March shipments of oil-fired water heaters amounted to 3,806 units $(\$ 693,549)$ and year-tu-date shipments totalled 9,796 units $(\$ 1,819,323)$.
30. Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Eloor rile April production of vinyl-asbestos Eloor tile came to 7,393 tons or $16,066,683$ square feet compared to $8,707^{r}$ tons or $19,021,680$ square feet in 1969 . For the year to date 1970, production totalled 24,521 tons ( $52,231,482$ square feet), compared to $33,515^{r}$ tons $\left(73,208,184^{\text {r }}\right.$ square feet) in 1969.
$\bar{r}$ revised figures.
AGKICULTURE AND FOOD
31. Jams, Jollios and Marmalades

During the guarter ended March 31, domestic factory sales of jams were as follows: pure, $7,705,304$ pounds; peetin, $8,961,809$ pounds; compound, $2,069,784$ pounds. Sales of jellies amounted to $2,893,591$ pounds and those of marmalades, to $3,698,358$ pounds.
32. Biscuits and Confectionery Production of sweetened biscuits during the Eirst quarter of 1970 amounted to $69,516,996$ pounds, comparid to $71,486,524$ in the first quarter of 1969. Production of sugar confectionery (excluding marshmallows) was $15,269,518$ pounds in 1970 and $16,544,204$ in 1969.
33. Mushroun Growers Survey, 1969

Total mushroom production in 1969 was 22.6 million pounds down slightly from the record 1968 Eigure of 23.1 million pounds. The total value of the 1969 crop is estimated at 10.5 million dollars, a moderate increase Erom the 1968 value of 10.4 million dollars. Total area of mushroom beds increased by 79 thousand square feet in 1969 to 3.9 uillion square feet. The total value of investment in the Canadian mushroom industry has increased significantly over the past five years. The total investinent in 1964 was 12.0 million dollars compared with the 1969 reported figure of 15.1 million dollars.

Total imports of mushrooms inta Canada (fresh equivalent) in 1969 stood at 15.7 million pounds, a substantial increase from the 1968 import figure of 13.6 million pounds. In 1964 Canada imported 3.7 million pounds and produced 18.4 million pounds. These figures indicate that Canadian mushroom consumption has showed a marked increase since 1964.

The revised estimate for the 1969 honey crop stands at a
record 53.3 million pounds, an increase of 19.9 millon pounds from the revised 1968 figure of 33.4 mllli on pounds. The 1969 honey production is also significantly above the 1957-66 average of 36.2 million pounds. The increase in the 1969 outturn, as compared to that of 1968 , was primarlly due to a 46 pound increase in the average yield per colony; although the total number of colonies at 419,060 was also up from the 1968 figure of 414,060 .

The 1969 average yields per colony were higher than those of 1968 in Nova Scotia, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, while in Prince Edward Istand and New Brunswick the average production per colony was lower than that of the previous year. In Ontario the 1969 average yield remained at the 1968 level of 71 pounds per colony.
35. Salt April production of dry salt and salt content of brine came to 418,825 tons and during the year to date, to $1,490,736$ tons. The quantity shipped or used by producers was 371,097 tons in April and 1,587,007 tons in the year to date.
36.

Egg Production Canadian egg production rose by $6.2 \%$ to $41,924,000$ dozen in April 1970 from $39,481,000$ in April 1969. The average number of layers was up $3.6 \%$ to $27,982,000$ from $27,013,000$ and the number of eggs per 100 layers increased $2.5 \%$ to 1,798 in April this year from 1,754 in April 1969. Fann price of eggs sold for market was down $12.3 \%$ to 36.4 cents per dozen compared with 41.5 cents per dozen during the corresponding period in 1969.
37.

Margarine, Shortening and Salad Oil During April, retail sales ( 20 pounds
fis follows. maruarine, 15,022 and less) of these products were and Eats, 3,539 thousand pounds; and sal sales (21-450 pounds) were as fll baking and frying oils and fats, 11,594 a pounds.

RELEASED THIS WEEK
Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles, except in cases where items are published as advance information. The information will be included in regular DBS publication, which will be released at a later date.

1. Canada's Foreign Trade, First Quarter 1970
2. Balance of Trade, April 1970
3. Building Materials Price Indexes and Selected Components, April 1970
4. Security Price Indexes, May 28, 1970
5. Railway Carloadings, Week ended May 14, 1970
6. Railway Operating Statistics, December 1969
7. Railway Operating Statistics, 1969
8. Motor Carriers - Freight, 1969
9. Salaries and Qualifications of Teachers in Universities and Colleges, 1969-1970
10. Provincial Government Employment, First Quarter 1970
11. Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, February 1970
12. Incidence of Tuberculosis, December 1969 ( $82-001$ ), $10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$
13. Credit Statistics, May 1970
14. Credit Unions, 1968 (61-209), 75¢
15. Sales of Natural Gas, March 1970
16. Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, March 1970 (43-005), 10c/\$1.00
17. Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, March 1970 (32-021), 10 c/\$1.00
18. Department Store Sales, April 1970 (63-004), \$1.00 a year
19. Retail Chain Stores, 1967
20. New Motor Vehicle Sales, 1969
21. Steel Ingots, Week ended May 30, 1970
22. Products Made from Canadian Clays, February 1970 (44-005), 10¢/\$1.00
23. Sawmills East of the Rockies, March 1970
24. Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, April 1970
25. Stoves and Furnaces, January and February 1970 issues ( $41-005$ ), 20c/\$2.00
26. Census of Manufactures, 1968: Bakeries; Slaughtering and Meat Processors; Poultry Processors; Leather Tanneries (Major Group 4); Primary Metals Industries (Major Group 12); Soft Drink Manufacturers
27. Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Equipment, Quarter ended December 31, 1969 (43-006), 25c/\$1.00
28. Hardboard, April $1970(36-001), 10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$
29. Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, March 1970 (41-008), 10c/\$1.00
30. Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, April 1970
31. Jams, Jellies and Marmalades, First Quarter 1970
32. Biscuits and Confectionery, Quarter ended March 31, 1970 (32-016), 25ç/\$1.00
33. Mushroom Growers Survey, 1969 (22-003), \$1.00 for 1970 series
34. Estimated Value of Honey Production, 1969 (23-007), 25c/50c
35. Salt, April $1970(26-009), 10 c / \$ 1.00$
36. Production of Eggs, April 1970 (23-003), $10 c / \$ 1.00$
37. Margarine, Shortening and Salad Oil, April 1970

Service Bulletins: Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, April 1970; Advance release of Fish Landings, Maritimes, Quebec and British Columbia, April 1970; Fish Freezings and Stocks, Maritimes, Quebec, British Columbia, Ontario and Prairies, Canada, April 1970; Energy Statistics: Sales of Natural Gas, March 1970, Vol. 5, No. 42 ( $57-002$ ), $\$ 5.00$ a year; Retail Gasoline Statistics by Metropolitan Area, lst Quarter 1970, Vol. 5, No. 43 (57-002), \$5.00 a year; Fish Freesings and Stocks, April 1970, Newfoundland; Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, April 1970; Aviation Statistics: Aircraft Movement Statistics - Airports with Department of Transport Air Traffic Control Towers, Vol. 2, No. 19; 1969 Pack of Fruit and Vegetables as Reported up to the end of April 1970
1966 Census of Canada: Service Trades, Introduction and General Review (97-641), Vol. VIII (8-1), 75¢
Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 6; Telegraphic Crop Report, Prairie Provinces (22-002), 20¢/\$4.00
Released this week but summarized in the Weekly earlier:
Hospital Indicators, January-December 1969 (83-001), \$1.00/\$4.00
Oil Pipe Line Transport, March 1970 ( $55-001$ ), 20c/ $\$ 2.00$
Trade of Canada - Summary of Imports, March 1970 (65-005), 20c/\$2.00
Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1969 (61-006), $75 c ̧ / \$ 3.00$
System of National Accounts: Financial Flow Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1969 (13-002), $\$ 1.00 / \$ 4.00$
Farm Cash Receipts, 1969 (Fourth Quarter and Annual Totals (21-001), 25c/\$1.00
Salaries and Qualifications of Teachers in Public Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1968-69 (81-202), \$1.00
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, March 1970 (33-003), 20c/\$2.00
Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, February 1970 (35-001), 20¢/\$2.00

RELEASED JH I S WEEK (concluded)
Foundation Farment Shipments, Fourth Quarter 1969 and First Quarter 1970
(34-002), 25c/\$1.00
011 s and Fats, March 1970 (32-006), 20c/\$2.00
Advance Statement on Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, March 1970 (72-001), 10cc/\$1.00
Building Permits, February 1970 (64-001), 30c/\$3.000
Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, February 1970 (31-001), 40c/\$4.00
Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Jroduclion, October 1969 (26-006), 20c/\$2.00
Railway Carloadings, February 1970 (52-001), 20c/\$2.00
Fur Production, Season 1968-69 (23-207), 50c
Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, March 1970 (24-002), 30c/\$3.00
Preliminary Bulletins, 1968 Annual Census of Manufactures: Miscellaneous Leather Products Manufacturers (33-205-P); Shoe Factories (33-203-1); Veneer and Plywood Mills (35-206-P); Other Non-Melallic Mineral Products Industries ( $44-210-\mathrm{P}$ ); Embroidery, Pleating and Hemstitching Manufacturers (34-210-P); Wool Cloth Mills (34-209-P); Cordage and Twine: Industry (34-203-P); Breakfast Cereal Manufacturers (32-204-P), \$3.50 for annual series on manufacturing industries
Primary Iron and Steel, March 1970 (41-001), 30ç/\$3.00)


[^0]:    1 Measuring, controlling, laboratory, medical and optical equipment.

[^1]:    * Percentage distribution of population, 1961: Indians, 1.1\%; Eskimos, $0.1 \%$ Other, $98.8 \%$

[^2]:    p Preliminary.

[^3]:    p Preliminary.

