## Weekly

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## 1. Security Price Indexes, July 16, 1970 - Advance information

## Index

Number July 16/70 July 9/70 June 18/70 stocks priced This week Week ago Month ago

|  | ( $1956=100$ ) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investors price index .... | 114 | 165.2 | 163.3 | 169.0 |
| Industrials ............ | 80 | 169.7 | 167.4 | 173.6 |
| Industrial mines ..... | 4 | 193.3 | 192.1 | 200.3 |
| Foods . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 232.6 | 228.9 | 237.9 |
| Beverages | 7 | 277.8 | 277.4 | 282.3 |
| Textiles and clothing | 5 | 103.8 | 102.9 | 95.2 |
| Pulp and paper........ | 7 | 107.8 | 108.8 | 112.8 |
| Printing and pub. | 4 | 654.7 | 643.0 | 654.0 |
| Primary metals .. | 8 | 84.1 | 83.8 | 84.2 |
| Metal fabricating | 9 | 102.7 | 102.2 | 103.8 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 108.7 | 106.0 | 106.2 |
| Petroleum. |  | 145.0 | 137.0 | 149.9 |
| Chemicals | 4 | 65.8 | 63.7 | 63.9 |
| Construction | 4 | 46.9 | 47.4 | 48.3 |
| Retail trade ......... | 7 | 187.5 | 186.1 | 196.2 |
| Utilities | 20 | 146.0 | 145.1 | 146.7 |
| Pipelines | 5 | 169.4 | 167.3 | 167.1 |
| Transportation | 4 | 165.1 | 165.9 | 174.7 |
| Telephone ..... | 3 | 99.9 | 98.8 | 100.8 |
| Electric power | 3 | 112.1 | 112.5 | 114.3 |
| Gas distribution | 5 | 324.7 | 321.2 | 314.8 |
| Finance . . | 14 | 168.5 | 167.4 | 175.6 |
| Banks | 6 | 182.5 | 181.3 | 191.1 |
| Investment and loan | 8 | 140.8 | 139.9 | 145.1 |
| Mining stock price index: | 24 | 97.3 | 97.9 | 99.7 |
| Golds | 6 | 101.8 | 102.3 | 102.3 |
| Base metals | 18 | 94.9 | 95.5 | 98.2 |
| Uranture price index | 4 | 115.6 | 111.3 | 114.4 |
| Primary ofle and gas | 6 | 157.5 | 146.3 | 159.0 |


| 2. | Indexes |  |  |  | Percent changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { June } / 70}{\text { May } / 70}$ | $\frac{\text { June } / 69}{\text { May } / 69}$ | $\frac{\text { June } / 70}{\text { June } / 69}$ |
| Residential ( $1961=100$ ) | $\overline{138.9}$ | $\overline{138.5}$ | $\overline{142.4}$ | $\overline{145.0}$ | $+0.3$ | - 1.8 | - 2.5 |
| Lumber and lumber <br> products ............... $145.4144 .8155 .5160 .0+0.4-2.8-6.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plumbing and heating equipment $\qquad$ | 124.3 | 124.2 | 116.7 | 116.5 | + 0.1 | $+0.2$ | $+6.5$ |
| Wallboard and insulation | 129.7 | 129.7 | 129.0 | 129.0 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 | + 0.5 |
| Concrete products ..... | 131.9 | 131.9 | 127.8 | 127.7 | - | $+0.1$ | + 3.2 |
| Other . . . . . . . . | 132.7 | 132.7 | 124.6 | 124.3 | - | +0.2 | + 6.5 |
| Non-residential (1961=100) | 129.5 | 129.3 | 126.2 | 126.7 | $+0.2$ | - 0.4 | $+2.6$ |
| Steel and metal work Plumbing, heating and other equipment ..... | 128.7 | 128.7 | 121.8 | 121.9 | - | - 0.1 | $+5.7$ |
|  | 125.9 | 125.2 | 121.5 | 120.9 | $+0.6$ | $+0.5$ | + 3.6 |
| Electrical equipment... | 122.4 | 121.4 | 112.4 | 112.1 | + 0.8 | +0.3 | +8.9 |
| Concrete products . . <br> Lumber and lumber products .......... | 134.3 | 134.3 | 130.1 | 130.0 | - | +0.1 | $+3.2$ |
|  | 145.2 | 145.1 | 163.5 | 171.1 | $+0.1$ | - 4.4 | -11.2 |
| Other . ........... | 127.9 | 127.9 | 122.6 | 122.3 | , | + 0.2 | $+4.3$ |

## EXTERNALTRADE

3. Summary of Foreign Trade, June 1970 - Advance Information

The surpius of $\$ 1,246$ million in Canada's merchandise trade in the first half of 1970 was almost double that for all of 1969 and equalled that for the entire year 1968. Exports for the first six months of 1970 totalled $\$ 8,443$ million, up by $16 \%$ from 1969, while imports gained only $2 \%$ to $\$ 7,196$ million. The United States'share of Canadian exports declined from $71 \%$ to $67 \%$, more in line with the average for the first half of the four most recent years, while this country's share of Canada's imports narrowed marginally to $73 \%$.

Among commodities which contributed to the higher exports were wheat, barley, meat, rapeseed, iron ores, pulp, newsprint, fertilizers, chemicals, crude petroleum, copper, nickel and other non-ferrous metals, and automotive products.

Changes in the imports were distributed over many commodities. Imports of industrial machinery, aircraft, office machines and electronic computers rose significantly, while imports of agricultural machinery, passenger automobiles and vehicle parts declined.

After adjustment for seasonal variation, monthly exports and imports have fluctuated within a fairly narrow range in 1970. Both exports and imports declined $3 \%$ from May to June.

| Total Exports | Imports |  | Trade Balance |  | Percentage Change 1969 to 1970 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  |
| $1969-1970$ | 1969 | 1970 |  |  | 1969 | 1970 | Exports | Imports |
|  | 11ion) |  |  |  | \% | \% |

Month of June
Tinited Kingdom

| 84.3 | 121.9 | 87.0 | 66.3 | - | $2.7+$ | 55.6 | $+44.6$ | - 23.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 53.3 | 57.4 | 51.1 | 74.5 | + | 2.2 - | 17.0 | + 7.7 | + 45.8 |
| 913.3 | 1,024.5 | 906.0 | 930.8 | + | $7.3+$ | 93.7 | + 12.2 | +2.7 |
| 55.0 | 65.9 | 38.1 | 47.4 | + | $16.9+$ | 18.5 | + 19.8 | + 24.4 |
| 72.1 | 107.7 | 75.3 | 62.3 | - | $3.2+$ | 45.4 | + 49.4 | - 17.3 |
| 43.9 | 41.3 | 45.3 | 46.5 | - | 1.3 - | 5.2 | - 5.9 | + 2.6 |
| 62.5 | 112.9 | 62.1 | 63.1 | + | $0.4+$ | 49.8 | +80.6 | + 1.6 |
| 137.6 | 179.3 | 138.2 | 140.7 | - | $0.5+$ | 38.6 | +30.3 | +1.8 |
| 1,146.8 | 1,352.4 | 1,126.7 | 1,150.1 | $+$ | $20.1+$ | 202.2 | + 17.9 | $+\quad 2.1$ |
| 1,284.4 | 1,531.7 | 1,264.9 | 1,290.8 | + | $19.5 \pm$ | 240.8 | $+19.3$ | + 2.0 |

January-June
United Kingdom
Other C'wealth \& Pref

| 578.1 | 746.2 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 293.3 | 357.0 |
| $5,166.9$ | $5,622.3$ |
| 302.2 | 390.1 |
| 395.7 | 548.5 |
| 199.3 | 255.7 |
| 342.2 | 522.8 |
| 871.4 | $1,103.2$ |
| $6,406.3$ | $7,339.3$ |
| $7,277.7$ |  |


| 405.4 | 370.9 | + | 172.7 |  | 375.3 | $+29.1$ |  | 8.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 241.8 | 290.7 | + | 51.5 | + | 66.2 | + 21.7 |  | 20.2 |
| 5,249.0 | 5,278.4 | - | 82.1 | + | 343.9 | 8.8 | + | 0.6 |
| 219.7 | 273.0 | + | 82.5 | + | 117.1 | + 29.1 |  | 24.3 |
| 367.6 | 375.2 | + | 28.2 | + | 173.3 | + 38.6 |  | 2.1 |
| 267.9 | 273.8 | - | 68.7 | - | 18.1 | + 28.3 | + | 2. |
| 317.4 | 334.3 | + | 24.8 | + | 188.5 | + 52.8 | + | 5.3 |
| 647.2 | 661.6 | + | 224.2 | + | 441.5 | + 26.6 | + | 2.2 |
| 6,421.6 | 6,534.7 | - | 15.3 | + | 804.6 | + 14.6 |  | 1.8 |
| 7,068.8 | 7,196.3 | + | 208.9 |  | ,246.1 | +16.0 | + |  |

[^0]TRADE OF CANADA
Exports (including re-exports)
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months


TRADE OF CANADA

## Imports

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

|  |  | Total | U.S. | U.K. | Other Countries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (\$ | n) |  |
| 1969 | Third Quarter | 3,523 | 2,539 | 209 | 775 |
|  | Fourth Quarter | 3,643 | 2,667 | 182 | 794 |
| 1970 | First Quarter | 3,589 | 2,578 | 185 | 826 |
|  | Second Quarter | 3,571 | 2,555 | 181 | 835 |
| 1970 | January | 1,117 | 766 | 61 | 290 |
|  | February | 1,230 | 911 | 63 | 256 |
|  | March | 1,242 | 901 | 61 | 280 |
|  | April | 1,192 | 857 | 60 | 275 |
|  | May | 1,207 | 858 | 60 | 289 |
|  | June (preliminary) .. | 1,172 | 840 | 61 | 271 |

(Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)
Percentage

| Value in Millions | Percentage <br> Change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -1969 | $\frac{1970}{1969-1970}$ |

## Month of June

| United Kingdom | 84.3 | 121.9 | $+44.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other C'wealth \& Pref. | 53.3 | 57.4 | + 7.7 |
| United States | 913.3 | 1,024.5 | + 12.2 |
| Japan | 55.0 |  |  |
| European Economic Community | 72.1 | 327.8 | $+40.4$ |
| Latin America | 43.9 | 327.8 | $+40.4$ |
| Other Countries | 62.5 |  |  |
| Total C'wealth \& Pref. | 137.6 | 179.3 | $+30.3$ |
| Total Others | 146.8 | $1,352.4$ | +17.9 |
| Grand Total | 284.4 | 1,531.7 | $+19.3$ |

## January-June

| United Kingdom | 578.1 | 746.2 | + 29.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other C'wealth \& Pref. | 293.3 | 357.0 | $+21.7$ |
| United States | 5,166.9 | 5,622.3 | + 8.8 |
| Japan | 302.2 |  |  |
| European Economic Comunity | 395.7 | 1,717,0 | + 38.5 |
| Latin America | 199.3 | 1,717.0 | +38.5 |
| Other Countries | 342.2 |  |  |
| Total C'wealth \& Pref. | 871.4 | 1,103.2 | $+26.6$ |
| Total Others | 6.406.3 | 7.339 .3 | +14.6 |
| Grand Total | 7.277.7 | 8,442.5 | $\pm 16.0$ |

Note: Figures may not add because of rounding.
At $\$ 1,512$ million, the preliminary exports total tor $3 u_{1}, \rightarrow / U$ exceeded the \$lt billion level for the first time, and was $\$ 247 \mathrm{million}$ or 19 per cent above the June 1969 value. Shipments increased to the principal export areas abroad. Larger shipments of wheat to the U.S.S.R., of barley to some other countries, and of iron ore and manufactured goods to the United States contributed significantly to the overall gain. The buoyancy of exports, however, was somewhat restrained by the rise of the floating exchange rate of the Canadian dollar.

## Trade of Canada

Exports (including re-exports)
Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

|  | Total |  | U.S. |  | U.K. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## EXTERNAL TRADE (concluded)

## 5. Commodity Imports

During May, Canada's imports increased to a value of $\$ 1,275,836,000$ from $\$ 1,299,133,000$ and $\$ 1,127,191,000$ in the same month of 1969 and 1968 respectively. January-May imports increased to \$5,905, 471,000 in 1970, $\$ 5,803,919,000$ in 1969 and $\$ 5,026,555,000$ in 1968.

| May |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1969}$ | $\frac{1970}{(\$}$ January-May |  |  |

## SELECTED COUNTRIES

United States ........................ 940,596


Japan ................................................ 42,665


Italy ...................................... 13,800


| Sweden ............................ 7, 935 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Netherlands | 7,681 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hong Kong | 6,173 |



## ALL COUNTRIES

916,656

| $4,342,973$ | $4,347,574$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 318,383 | 304,643 |
| 181,672 | 225,568 |
| 127,543 | 138,858 |
| 140,781 | 136,638 |
| 53,934 | 60,939 |
| 57,261 | 59,194 |
| 31,454 | 45,807 |
| 37,150 | 38,509 |
| 30,639 | 33,517 |
| 27,013 | 31,524 |
| 32,552 | 31,313 |
| 33,225 | 28,340 |
| $5,803,919$ | $5,905,471$ |

SELECTED COMMODITIES

| tobacco . | 94,795 | 93,834 | 363,090 | 402,926 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coffee | 6,504 | 7,427 | 30,003 | 37,582 |
| Sugar, raw | 4,989 | 3,731 | 17,541 | 16,575 |
| Crude materials, inedible | 94,008 | 98,623 | 414,837 | 445,540 |
| Crude petroleum | 24,784 | 32,365 | 167,353 | 172,037 |
| Coal | 10,511 | 11,841 | 18,423 | 21,569 |
| Aluminum ores, concentrates and scrap $\qquad$ | 11,444 |  |  |  |
| Fabricated materials, inedible | 260,932 | 258,426 | 1,145,946 | 1,177,529 |
| Fuel oil | 9,920 | 8,986 | 40,776 | 36,334 |
| Organic chemicals | 11,875 | 11,179 | 55,689 | 54,479 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel. | 12,453 | 9,137 | 51,758 | 58,671 |
| Plastics materials, not shaped | 9,729 | 9,871 | 47,452 | 47,026 |
| End products, inedible .......... | 828,652 | 809,271 | 3,787,535 | 3,807,711 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines $\qquad$ | 178,281 | 170,354 | 756,201 | 739,870 |
| Sedans, new ................... | 94,812 | 85,716 | 419,463 | 331,101 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 13,196 | 26,110 | 140,681 | 168, 265 |
| Motor vehicle engines ... | 29,846 | 28,075 | 128,450 | 117,351 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis $\qquad$ | 25,293 | 23,083 | 106,156 | 108,115 |
| Electronic computers | 12, 268 | 22,470 | 63,057 | 83,887 |

6. Real Donestic Product, May 1970 - Ndvance infomation

The index of Canada's real domestic product ( $1961=100$ ) seasonallyadjusted, decreased $0.2 \%$ to 157.0 in May from 157.3 in April. This brought the index back to the January and February levels. Total production for the first five months increased by $4.1 \%$ over the same period in 1969.

Strikes and lockouts have again affected industrial output. Although less time was lost in work stoppages in the first three months of 1970 than in the first quarter of 1969, time lost in April and May was considerably higher, the net result: $27 \%$ more time was lost in the first five months of 1970 than in the corresponding 1969 period.

Production in May was characterized by strong and largely offsetting movements. Changes in the goods-producing industries dominated the change in R.D.P. index with decreases in manufacturing ( $1.2 \%$ below April), construction ( $5.0 \%$ ) and forestry ( $12.5 \%$ ) more than offsetting advances of $7.5 \%$ in agriculture and $12.1 \%$ in mining.

Manufacturing output fell back to its March level of 168.1 , which was lower than the previous four months. Noteworthy decreases were recorded for the wood industries and pulp and paper manufacturers (affected by the towboat strike in British Columbia): for the electrical products industries (a temporary plant shutdown in major appliances), and for the non-metallic mineral products industries (whose output was greatly affected by declines in the construction industry - both fell to the same extent). The most significant increase originated in the rubber industries, where sharp advances were made on the strength of exports to the United States, whose rubber industry was strike-affected.

Construction dropped sharply (5.0\%) in May after a small upturn in April following four consecutive monthly decreases. The index for May at 137.4 was considerably lower than for any month in 1969. A marked decrease in residential building was the main reason. The number of units complated declined substantially more than in the previous months; the number of units started and under construction also decreased. Strikes in British Columbia and Quebec and a temporary reduction in starts of government-initiated housing were major factors.

Forestry output fell $12.5 \%$ to a level only somewhat higher than it was during the middle months of 1969 , with the towboat strike seriously hampering or closing down several forest operations in British Columbia. Cuttings of wood for manufacture into sawn lumber and cuttings of pulpwood were both affected.

REALDOMESTIC PRODUC T (continued)
Agricultural output rose strongly (7.5\%) in May over April, with gains recorded for production of livestock, poultry and eggs, and dairy products. The sharp increase in livestock production came from larger cattle inventories, particularly in the Prairie provinces. Generally livestock inventories have been building up, especially in the last quarter of 1964. Prairie farmers have been adding to their breeding stock because of their diversification from grain production in response to large grain stocks.

Mining increased $2.1 \%$ in May, after declining in the previous two months. Miscellaneous metal mining, crude petroleum and natural gas increased, and coal production continued to rise as exports increased. Potach mining declined.

Within the service-producing industries, the May index for trade rose $1.4 \%$ on the strength of a fairly substantial advance in wholesale trade as well as an increase in retail trade. Noteworthy movements in wholesale trade were a large increase in the volume of grain sales, decreases in sales of patroleum, construction and newsprint products, and a continued decline in sales of household electrical appliances. Retail trade increased for the second consecutive month, following three months of steadily-declining sales. Department store trading again rose strongly, and motor vehicle dealers again reported a small monthly increase.

The decline in the transportation, storage and communication division came from decreases in railway freight (a slowdown in fertilizer shipments) and water transport (affected by the British Columbia towboat strike). These decreases more than offset an advance in air transportation. Other changes were a sizeable increase in the handing of grain in country e elevators, reflecting the rise in wheat shipments that started in January; a further decrease in oil pipeline transport, which continued to be affected by the restrictions on oil imports imposed by the United States; and a decrease in the Post office component, influenced by rotating strikes which started toward the end of May).

The following table provides revised monthly indexes for January to April. Revisions to the first three months of the year have caused no change in the $1.0 \%$ increase in R.D.P. for the first quarter of 1970 over the fourth quarter of 1969 (DBS Daily, June 30). Some of the industrial details within R.D.P., however, have changed. The revised quarterly indexes and the non-seasonally adjusted monthly indexes will be released in the DBS publication Index of Industrial Production, June 1970 (catalogue number $61-005,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ ). In the meantime, the revised indexes are available on request.

REALDOMESTICPRODUCT (concluded)
Index of Real Domest ic Product
(1961=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1961 \\ & \text { Percentage } \\ & \text { Weighes } \end{aligned}$ | 1970 |  |  |  |  | $\frac{{ }^{\%}}{\frac{\text { Change }}{}} \frac{\text { May }}{\text { April }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |  |
| Real Domestic Product | 100.000 | 157.0 | 157.0 | 155.9 | 157.3 | 157.0 | - 0.2 |
| Agriculture | 4.557 | 145.0 | 131.0 | 145.0 | 149.0 | 160.2 | $+7.5$ |
| Forestry | 1.257 | 154.9 | 153.8 | 150.5 | 152.5 | 133.4 | -12.5 |
| Fishing and trappling | . 262 | 111.3 | 103.1 | 99.7 | 92.4 | 88.5 | - 4.2 |
| Mines (including milling). quarries and oil wells.... | 4.298 | 170.7 | 174.3 | 170.6 | 164.0 | 167.4 | +2.1 |
| Manufacturing .............. | 24.741 | 169.5 | 171.9 | 168.1 | 170.1 | 168.1 | -1.2 |
| Non-durable manufacturing. | 13.608 | 154.5 | 154.8 | 152.8 | 154.7 | 155.6 | + 0.6 |
| Durable manufacturing ..... | 11.133 | 187.8 | 192.9 | 186.7 | 189.0 | 183.4 | - 3.0 |
| Construction | 5.840 | 148.4 | 148.0 | 143.0 | 144.7 | 137.4 | - 5.0 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities ............ | 2.812 | 202.0 | 203.9 | 203.0 | 206.4 | 203.4 | - 1.5 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.985 | 166.5 | 165.8 | 163.4 | 164.1 | 162.3 | - 1.1 |
| Transportation ............. | 7.039 | 169.1 | 166.2 | 163.8 | 164.1 | 161.3 | - 1.7 |
| Ait traneport | . 423 | 293. 1 | 311.6 | 325.6 | 324.6 | 338.1 | $+4.2$ |
| Railway transport . . ...... | 2.969 | 172.3 | 163.6 | 157.5 | 161.1 | 156.4 | - 2.9 |
| Sus transport interurban and rural | . 097 | 177.3 | 180.8 | 174.4 | 175.9 | 169.9 | - 3.4 |
| Urban iransit systems .... | . 348 | 102.0 | 105.7 | 102.7 | 107.6 | 98.3 | -8.6 |
| Pipeline transport .. | . 475 | 257.4 | 251.2 | 249.0 | 236.3 | 234.6 | -0.7 |
| Srorage ................... | . 363 | 115.2 | 122.5 | 122.9 | 121.5 | 124.9 | + 2.8 |
| Grain elevators | . 273 | 106.6 | 115.7 | 116.2 | 113.5 | 118.0 | $+4.0$ |
| Communication | 2.583 | 166.5 | 170.8 | 168.2 | 170.1 | 170.3 | + 0.1 |
| Trade | 12.721 | 148.2 | 145.1 | 144.1 | 147.5 | 149.5 | +1.4 |
|  | 4.788 | 149.4 | 146.2 | 144.9 | 151.0 | 154.6 | +2.4 |
| Wholesale mcrchants.... | 3.449 | 143.5 | 141.6 | 138.5 | 145.0 | 150.2 | + 3.6 |
| Retall trade ......... | 7.933 | 147.5 | 144.4 | 143.6 | 145.4 | 146.4 | + 0.7 |
| Food tores | 1.530 | 137.8 | 138.5 | 139.4 | 138.6 | 137.8 | - 0.6 |
| Department stores ....... | 1.160 | 156.4 | 150.8 | 145.8 | 157.9 | 165.6 | $+4.9$ |
| General store!.. | . 232 | 116.9 | 120.9 | 119.7 | 120.3 | 123.8 | + 2.9 |
| Variety tores | . 300 | 167.9 | 155.7 | 151.2 | 133.9 | 148.2 | +10.7 |
| Motor vehicle dealers... | . 918 | 157.8 | 144.3 | 153.2 | 155.5 | 157.4 | $+1.2$ |
| Clothing stores ......... | . 503 | 127.8 | 129.8 | 128.5 | 127.0 | 129.9 | + 2.3 |
| Shoe stores.. | . 118 | 116.6 | 121.9 | 112.2 | 117.9 | 118.9 | $+0.8$ |
| Hardware stores | . 164 | 131.5 | 127.1 | 127.2 | 125.3 | 136.3 | $+8.8$ |
| Furniture, television, radio and appliance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stores <br> Drus stores | . 336 | 144.4 167.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 136.1 \\ & 163.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 132.9 \\ & 161.0 \end{aligned}$ | 136.2 156.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 133.8 \\ & 164.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.8 \\ +\quad 5.1 \end{array}$ |
| Finance, insurance and real estate | 12.013 | 140.9 | 141.9 | 141.9 | 142.2 | 143.1 | 5.1 +0.6 |
| Community, business and personal service industries | 13.789 | 163.4 | 164.4 | 165.4 | 166.3 | 167.5 | $+0.7$ |
| Education and related services | 3.527 | 209.2 | 211.7 | 214.2 | 216.7 | 219.2 | $+1.2$ |
| Health and welfare services | 3. 563 | 145.8 | 146.0 | 146.5 | 146.4 | 146.3 | - 0.1 |
| Motion picture and recreational services ........... | . 389 | 159.6 | 154.5 | 164.0 | 164.9 | 169.7 | + 2.9 |
| Services to busineas management | 1.643 | 172.6 | 171.3 | 171.8 | 173.6 | 177.8 | $+2.4$ |
| Personal services | 3.623 | 127.3 | 128.9 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.6 | - 0.1 |
| Hotele, reetaurants and teverne | 2.326 | 130.7 | 132.7 | 133.0 | 133.1 | 133.0 | - 0.1 |
| Public adminietration and defence $\qquad$ | 7.725 | 124.7 | 124.7 | 125.4 | 126.6 | 126.3 | -0.2 |

## Special induarty indexes

| Agriculture | 95.443 | 157.6 | 158.2 | 156.5 | 157.7 | 156.9 | - 0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goode-producing induetries .. | 43.767 | 165.6 | 165.8 | 163.9 | 165.3 | 163.9 | 0.8 |
| Goode-producing industriee leas egliculture $\qquad$ | 39.210 | 168.0 | 169.9 | 166.1 | 167.2 | 164.3 | -1.7 |
| Service-producing industries | 56.233 | 150.4 | 150.0 | 149.7 | 151.1 | 151.6 | + 0.3 |
| Comercial inductrien | 84.355 | 158.0 | 157.8 | 156.4 | 157.9 | 157.5 | -0.3 |
| Comercial industries leos agriculture | 79.798 | 158.8 | 159.4 | 157.1 | 158.4 | 157.3 | - 0.7 |
| Mon-commercial Industries | 15.645 | 151.5 | 152.2 | 153.3 | 154.2 | 154.4 | +0.1 |
| Index of Induetrial Production | 31.851 | 172.5 | 175.1 | 171.5 | 172.5 | 171.1 | - 0.8 |

## TRANSPORTATION

7. Railway Operating Statistics, March 1970 - Advance information

Twenty-four common carrier railways in Canada reported operating revenues of $\$ 139.6$ million in March 1970, up $2.0 \%$ from March 1969. Railway operating expenses at $\$ 129.6$ million were $2.9 \%$ higher than in March 1969, resulting in a net income of $\$ 9,957,781$ ( $\$ 10,839,957$ a year earlifer).

Railway Operating Revenues, Expenses and Net Income
March 1970

|  | al 24 Railw \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { C.N.R. } \\ S \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { C.P.R. } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating revenues | 139,582,955 | 71,511,270 | 52,963,328 |
| Freight | 120,140,598 | 59,185,420 | 47,023,858 |
| Passenger | 4,628,357 | 3,426,679 | 826,594 |
| Payments relating to national transport- |  |  |  |
| ation act | 5,609,005 | 3,249,540 | 2,284,861 |
| Operating expenses | $129,625,174$ | 67,598,929 | 49,379,346 |
| Road and equipment maintenance ..... | 52,843,597 | 28,879,096 | 18,291,831 |
| Transportation | 50,358,802 | 26,165,021 | 19,767,802 |
| Net operating income . | 9,957,781 | 3,912,341 | 3,583,982 |
| Operating ratio | 92.87 | 94.53 | 93.23 |

A total of 19.1 million tons of revenue freight was handled by railways in Canada during March, $2.1 \%$ below March 1969. The average haul ( 451 miles) decreased by 7 miles and ton-miles decreased to 8,634 million from 8,948 million. The average number of miles of road operated (first main track) decreased to $44,150.4$ miles from $44,152.6$ miles in March 1969.

The number of revenue passengers carried decreased $1.0 \%$ to $2,016,200$, commuter travel decreasing $1.1 \%$ and non-commuter travel declining $0.7 \%$. The average passenger journey declined 4 miles to 83 miles. Employment in the industry dropped to 112,974 persons from 117,147 in March 1969.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication Railway Operating Statistics, March 1970 (catalogue number 52-003, $10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$ ).
8. Railway Carloadings - Advance information

Revenue freight carloadings during the week ended July 7 totalled 69,487 carloads, up $16.6 \%$ from 59,572 carloads in the comparable week of 1969. Loadings in Eastern Canada were up $17.1 \%$ to 42,271 cars, while loadings West of the Lakehead rose $15.9 \%$ to 27,216 cars.

Year-to-date loadings were up $3.5 \%$ to $1,943,478$ cars from 1,878,055 in the 1969 period. Western loadings rose $6.6 \%$ to 744,513 cars, while Eastern loadings increased $1.6 \%$ to $1,198,965$ cars.

Railway Carloadings of Revenue Freight in Canada

| 7-day Period ending |  | Year | East | West | Canada |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| July 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| All traffic | -cars | 1970 | 42,271 | 27,216 | 69,487 |
| All traffic | -cars | 1969 | 36,084 | 23,488 | 59,572 |
| All traffic | -tons | 1970 | $2,440,044$ | $1,483,413$ | $3,923,457$ |
| Piggyback traffic | -cars | 1970 | 2,442 | 1,265 | 3,707 |
| Piggyback traffic | -tons | 1970 | 44,318 | 26,321 | 70,639 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |  |  |
| All traffic | -cars | 1970 | $1,198,965$ | 744,513 | $1,943,478$ |
| All traffic | -cars | 1969 | $1,179,746$ | 698,309 | $1,878,055 *$ |
| All traffic | -tons | 1970 | $63,788,426$ | $38,701,952$ | $102,490,378$ |
| Piggyback traffic | -cars | 1970 | 71,801 | 38,072 | 109,873 |
| Piggyback traffic | -tons | 1970 | $1,334,282$ | 784,510 | $2,118,792$ |

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication Carloadings (catalogue number $52-001,10 ¢ / \$ 3.00$ )

L ABOUR
9. Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings with Average Weekly Wages, May 1970 - Advance information

Advance estimates of average weekly wages for May showed increases over April in manufacturing and construction, and a small decline in mining. Trends in average hourly earnings were up in mining and manufacturing, but down in construction. Average weekly man-hours were slightly lower in mining and higher in manufacturing and construction.

Comparing preliminary April 1970 figures with revised March data, average weekly wages in manufacturing increased $\$ 1.69$ to $\$ 118.83$ from $\$ 117.14$ as a result of a 0.3 -hour increase in the average weekly hours and a $2 c$ increase in the average hourly earnings. In mining, average weekly wages declined $\$ 4.04$ to $\$ 150.16$ from $\$ 154.20$ as average hourly earnings and average weekly hours decreased $7 c$ and 0.3 hours respectively. In construction average weekly wages rose $\$ 13.10$ to $\$ 160.40$ as a result of a 3.1 -hour increase in average weekly hours and a $2 c$ rise in average hourly earnings.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication "Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings with Average Weekly Wages", May 1970 (catalogue number $72-003,40 ¢ / \$ 4.00$ ).

LABOUR (continued)

|  | Average Weekly Hours |  |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  |  | Average Weekly Wages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y division and | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 a \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & \text { 1970p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1970 \mathrm{a} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apri1 } \\ & 1970 \text { p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1970 a \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1970 p \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1969 \end{array}$ |
| Industry division | Hours |  |  |  | Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining including milling | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 3.68 | 3.66 | 3.73 | 3.24 | 150.11 | 150.16 | 154.20 | 134.51 |
| Manufacturing | 40.1 | 39.8 | 3.95 | 40.4 | 3.01 | 2.98 | 2.96 | 2.77 | 120.44 | 118.83 | 117.14 | 111.97 |
| Durables | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 41.0 | 3.25 | 3.22 | 3.18 | 2.98 | 131.16 | 129.72 | 127.27 | 122.21 |
| Non-durables | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 2.77 | 2.74 | 2.73 | 2.55 | 109.98 | 107.88 | 106.83 | 101.48 |
| Construction | 40.3 | 38.8 | 35.7 | 40.7 | 4.07 | 4.14 | 4.12 | 3.61 | 164.07 | 160.40 | 147.11 | 146.61 |
| Building | 38.4 | 38.1 | 34.5 | 38.4 | 4.29 | 4. 23 | 4.22 | 3.70 | 164.72 | 161.01 | 145.59 | 142.24 |
| Engineering | 44.1 | 40.6 | 39.5 | 45.2 | 3.69 | 3.91 | 3.84 | 3.44 | 162.77 | 158.74 | 151.73 | 155.26 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.46 | 2.16 | 98.88 | 98.63 | 99.03 | 88.46 |
| Quebec | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 41.2 | 2.68 | 2.65 | 2.63 | 2.49 | 109.03 | 107.37 | 105.95 | 102.39 |
| Ontario | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 40.5 | 3.18 | 3.15 | 3.12 | 2.92 | 127.47 | 125.53 | 123.14 | 118.06 |
| Prairie Region | 39.7 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 39.6 | 2.98 | 2.91 | 2.88 | 2.68 | 117.99 | 113.68 | 112.19 | 106.22 |
| British Columbia | 36.9 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 37.8 | 3.71 | 3.67 | 3.68 | 3.42 | 136.88 | 137.40 | 136.74 | 129.26 |

[^1]The index number $(1961=100)$ of average hourly earnings for electrical industrial equipment for April 1970 was 148.6

Information
The advance unadjusted May estimate of employees in the non-agricultural sectorit indicates an increase from April 1970. All provinces and industry divisions contributed to the rise with the largest relative gains recorded in construction, trade, and in community, business and personal services.

Seasonally-adjusted, the May advance estimate of non-agricultural employment showed little change from April. Increases in trade, finance, insurance and real estate, commity, business and personal services, and in public administration and defence offset declines in the other industry divisions. At the provincial level, employment rose in Nova Scotia, Ontario, Manftoba, and in Alberta. PrinceEdward Island and Quebec remained virtually unchanged and the other provinces showed lower employment.

The April 1970 preliminary unadjusted est + ..te of $6,533,100$ employees in nonagricultural industries* was $0.7 \%$ higher $\because$..an che March total of $6,489,500$ employees. This rise resulted mainly from increases of $1.3 \%$ ( 24,300 employees) in community, business and personal services, and of $4,4 \%$ ( 14,500 employees) in construction. The largest relative change among the industry divisions was a decrease of $14.1 \%$ ( 7,000 employees) in forestry, reflecting greater than seasonal layoffs this month. Employment rose in all provinces except Prince Edward Islend and Manitoba, which recorded decreases.
lotal employment in April was 3.2\% (204,000 employees) larger than in April 1969. Most industry divisions contributed to the increase with the largest relative gains recorded in public administration and defence, $9.7 \%$ ( 38,700 employees) and in community, business and personal services, $6.2 \%$ ( 111,700 employees). Decreases occurred in forestry, $2.0 \%$ ( 900 employees), in construction, $2.0 \%$ ( 6,900 employees), and in manufacturing $0.6 \%(10,200$ employees). All provinces showed higher employment except Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan which recorded decreases.

Seasonally-adjusted, the April estimate of non-agricultural employment decreased $0.2 \%$ ( 11,000 employees) from March 1970. This change was partially due to declines in construction, $3.6 \%$ ( 14,000 employees); in manufacturing, $0.6 \%$ ( 10,800 employees) and in Trade, $0.9 \%$ ( 9,600 employees). The largest relative increases were recorded in community, business and personal services, $1.6 \%$ ( 29,800 employees) and in mines, quarries and oil wells, $2.1 \%(2,700$ employees). Other changes were small. Employment increased in Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia and declined in the other provinces.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, May 1970 (catalogue number 72-008, 20¢/\$2.00).

As defined in the publication "Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry" (catalogue number 72-008).

|  | SeasonallyAdjusted |  |  | Unadjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ma 1970 (a) | $\begin{gathered} \text { April } \\ 1970 \\ (\mathrm{p}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \\ & \text { (a) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Apri 1 } \\ 1970 \\ (p) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ |
| Canada (thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry |  | 68.0 |  | 42.8 | 64.2 | 43.7 |
| Mines, quarries and oill well | 128.2 | 129.3 | 128.4 | 124.2 | 118.8 | 119.6 |
| Manufacturing | 1,658.4 | 1,679.0 | 1,662.5 | 1,658.0 | 1,703.2 | 1,668.3 |
| Non-durables | 859.5 | 870.2 | 858.4 | 853.7 | 872.5 | 850.9 |
| Durables | 799.0 | 808.8 | 804.1 | 804.3 | 830.7 | 817.4 |
| Transportation, Communication and other utilities ........ | 360.0 | 372.2 | 368.9 | 339.8 | 364.2 | 346.7 |
|  |  | 666.9 |  | 651.0 | 671.3 | 639.2 |
| Trade <br> Finance, insurance and real estate | 1,136.6 | 1,092.5 | 1,133.8 | 1,071.2 | 1,052.5 | 1,026.7 |
|  | $311.4$ | 303.6 | 311.4 | 302.6 | 298.5 | 298.9 |
| Community, business and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| personal services | 1,951.7 | 1,915.7 | 1,958.8 | 1,898.9 | 1,816.1 | 1,787.2 |
| Non-commercial sector (1) | 1,193.1 | 1,189.4 | 1,195.3 | 1,195.2 | 1,129.5 | 1,132.3 |
| Commercial sector (2)... | 758.6 | 726.3 | 763.4 | 703.6 | 686.6 | 654.9 |
| Public administration and defence (civilian) ..... | 450.7 | 452.4 | 448.3 | 437.6 | 408.9 | 398.9 |
| Grand Total | 6,719.3 | 6,688.7 | 6,733.7 | 6,533.1 | 6,508.5 | 6,329.1 |
| Newfoundl and | 103.6 | 104.8 | 101.1 | 96.3 | 98.5 | 94.2 |
| Prince Edward Island | 21.6 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 19.8 | 22.1 | 20.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 204.7 | 200.0 | 206.9 | 192.9 | 196.7 | 191.0 |
| New Brunswick | 157.9 | 164.7 | 156.6 | 152.6 | 155.1 | 145.1 |
| Québec | 1,807.8 | 1,802.0 | 1,808.9 | 1,756.8 | 1,733.0 | 1,692.8 |
| Ontario | 2,761.0 | 2,734.8 | 2,775.9 | 2,692.3 | 2,672.4 | 2,621.4 |
| Manitoba | 300.7 | 229.0 | 301.0 | 290.7 | 294.6 | 281.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 186.2 | 193.3 | 188.7 | 185.3 | 197.1 | 192.6 |
| Alberta | 492.3 | 482.1 | 493.1 | 465.6 | 461.0 | 443.4 |
| British Columbia | 665.7 | 676.0 | 666.3 | 661.3 | 654.6 | 635.9 |
| Data for the Northwest Territor included in the Canada total. <br> - nil or zero <br> . . not available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (1) Includes hospitals, education and related services, welfare and religious organizations and private households. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (2) Includes health service services, services to bu miscellaneous services. | xcluding ness mana | hospital <br> gement, | motion ersonal | picture ervices | and recr xcept do | ional <br> stic and |
| (a) Advance figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

11. Estimates of Labour Income, May 1970

The seasonally-adjusted advance estimate of labour income for May was $\$ 3,854.3$ million, $\$ 13.7$ million less than the preliminary estimate of $\$ 3,868.0$ million for April. The revised estimate for March was $\$ 3,861.5$ million.

During April changes in wages and salaries varied from a decrease of $\$ 13.8$ million ( $4.8 \%$ ) in construction to an increase of $\$ 11.7 \mathrm{million}$ ( $1.4 \%$ ) in service.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication Estimates of Labour Income, (catalogue number $72-005,20 c / \$ 2.00$ ).

## Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification <br> (millions of dollars)

May/70(a) April/70(p) March/70(r) May/69
Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation

| Agriculture | 30.1 | 25.0 | 21.4 | 29.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forestry | 33.1 | 29.4 | 33.5 | 37.6 |
| Mining | 91.9 | 89.6 | 92.3 | 79.6 |
| Manufacturing | 985.9 | 975.0 | 973.0 | 938.2 |
| Construction | 273.3 | 252.7 | 245.5 | 252.8 |
| Transportation, Communication and other Utilities........... | 407.6 | 393.4 | 386.7 | 374.9 |
| Trade | 491.8 | 489.7 | 483.7 | 449.9 |
| Finance, Insurance and |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate. | 212.0 | 211.7 | 209.2 | 196.1 |
| Service | 868.0 | 856.9 | 849.3 | 766.7 |
| Public Administration |  |  |  |  |
| and Defence (1) | 269.3 | 260.5 | 259.7 | 239.5 |
| Total Wages and Salaries. | 3,666.2 | 3,585.4 | 3,552.5 | 3,367.3 |
| Supplementary Labour Income... | 211.0 | 204.6 | 206.4 | 185.0 |
| Total Labour Income. | 3,877. 2 | 3,790.0 | 3,758.9 | 3,552.3 |


| Agriculture | 30.2 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 29.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forestry | 36.0 | 45.2 | 44.9 | 41.1 |
| Mining | 92.3 | 91.7 | 91.1 | 79.9 |
| Manufacturing | 981.0 | 983.5 | 982.2 | 933.5 |
| Construction | 271.7 | 273.9 | 287.7 | 250.9 |
| Transportation, Communication and other Utilities ......... | 407.2 | 405.3 | 401.9 | 374.6 |
| Trade | 490.5 | 494.7 | 494.8 | 448.9 |
| Finance, Insurance |  |  |  |  |
| and Real Estate | 209.6 | 210.2 | 209.4 | 193.9 |
| Service | 864.4 | 864.3 | 852.6 | 763.3 |
| Public Administration and |  |  |  |  |
| Defence(1) | 269.0 | 266.6 | 263.4 | 239.1 |
| Total Wages and Salaries | 3,654.6 | 3,668.0 | 3,660.6 | 3,356.7 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 199.7 | 200.0 | 200.9 | 184.2 |
| Total Labour Income ......... | 3,854.3 | 3,868.0 | 3,861.5 | 3,540.9 |

(a) Advance estimates
(p) Preliminary figures
(r) Revised figures
(1) Excludes military pay and allowances
12. Federal Government Employment in Metropolitan Areas, Suptcmbur 1968 (catalogue number $7-205,50_{c}$ )
of the 234,400 civil servants employed by the federal government in September $30,1968,166,600$ or $71.0 \%$ were located in metropolitan areas. This was $6.2 \%$ more than the number employed in metropolitan areas on the same day of 1967.

Ottawa-Hull contained the largest group, 57,500 or $24.5 \%$ ( 56,300 or $23.8 \%$ in 1967), followed by Montreal with 26,300 or $11.2 \%(21,700$ or $9.2 \%$ in 1967); Toronto with 19,400 or $8.3 \% ~(17,100$ or $7.3 \%$ in 1967); Vancouver with 11,300 or $r .8 \%(10,000$ or $4.2 \%$ in 1967); and Halifax with 9,700 or $4.2 \%(10,000$ or $4.2 \%$ in 1967).
13. Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, May 1970 - Advance information

The advance estimate of the seasonally-adjusted composite index of employment indicated a drop to about 126.6 in May from 127.9 in April. With the exception of finance, insurance and real estate, all industry divisions surveyed reported decreases.

Average weekly wages and salaries at the composite level were estimated to be $\$ 126.78$, about $\$ 1.61$ higher in May than in April. Increases were recorded in manufacturing, construction, trade and service, and decreases in the remaining industries.
Employment
The unadjusted index of employment for the industrial composite at $124.5(1961=100)$ was $0.2 \%$ higher in April than in March 1970 and $0.9 \%$ higher than in April 1969. Increases were recorded in construction; transportation, communication and other utilities; and service and trade: decreases in the remaining industries. The regional change in employment varied from a decline of $0.6 \%$ in the Prairies to an increase of $1.8 \%$ in the Atlantic region.

Seasonally-adjusted, the April composite index of employment at 127.9 was down $0.5 \%$ from 128.6 in March 1970. Industry divisions that registered increases were mining ( $1.9 \%$ ), finance, insurance and real estate ( $0.1 \%$ ) and service ( $0.1 \%$ ) . The remaining industry divisions recorded decreases ranging from $0.4 \%$ in manufacturing to $2.0 \%$ in construction. The employment index for Atlantic region climbed by $2.4 \%$ in April from its March level. In all other regions it declined. Average Weekly Wages and Salaries

Average weekly wages and salaries at the composite level rose by $\$ 1.38$ to $\$ 125.17$ in April 1970 from $\$ 123.79$ in March, up $\$ 8.74$ from the April 1969 level of $\$ 116.43$. Among the industry divisions, increases in April over March occurred in construction ( $\$ 10.48$ ); forestry ( $\$ 3.96$ ); finance, insurance and real estate (\$1.55); manufacturing (\$1.37) and service (\$1.01). Decreases occurred in mining (\$2.72) and transportation, commication and other utilities (\$0.55). All regions showed increases.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries', May 1970 (catalogue number 72-002, $30 ¢ / \$ 3.00$ ).

LABOUR (continued)
Advance Employment Index Numbers and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, May 1970
$\frac{\text { Advance Employment }}{\text { Employment Index Numbers }}$

| Industry division and area |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average Weekly Wages and Salaries |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonallyadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May | April | May | April | May | April | May | April | May | April |
|  | 1970a | 1970p | 1969 | 1969 | 1970a | 1970p | 1970a | 1970p | 1969 | 1969 |
|  | $1961=100$ |  |  |  |  |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry .... |  | 57.7 | 86.8 | 58.1 | -• | 96.4 | -• | 148.83 | 129.61 | 136.80 |
| Mining . | 115.6 | 112.1 | 107.6 | 108.8 | 1!5.5 | 116.4 | 162.69 | 163.04 | 147.10 | 147.02 |
| Manufacturing | 122.0 | 122.3 | 126.2 | 123.6 | 121.7 | 124.1 | 132.70 | 131.45 | 122.58 | 121.84 |
| Durables | 132.8 | 134.0 | 138.8 | 136.5 | 132.0 | 134.9 | 141.96 | 140.94 | 131.81 | 130.65 |
| Non-durables | 113.3 | 112.7 | 116.0 | 113.2 | 113.5 | 115.4 | 123.92 | 122.31 | 113.64 | 113.24 |
| Construction | 113.4 | 105.5 | 114.4 | 111.3 | 112.2 | 114.3 | 166.36 | 163.38 | 149.54 | 147.49 |
| Transportation, commuication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade | 137.5 | 137.3 | 134.7 | 133.2 | 138.5 | 139.5 | 100.20 | 99.97 | 93.59 | 92.68 |
| Finance, insurance and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| real estate....... | 143.6 | 142.6 | 138.0 | 136.1 | 143.9 | 143.7 | 118.68 | 119.41 | 114.62 | 113.58 |
| Service | 178.7 | 174.3 | 171.3 | 163.4 | 177.2 | 178.7 | 90.51 | 90.39 | 83.59 | 83.16 |
| Industrial composite | 126.4 | 124.5 | 127.0 | 123.4 | 126.6 | 127.9 | 126.78 | 125.17 | 117.26 | 116.43 |
| Provinces and Regions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic region .... | 115.5 | 111.7 | 117.7 | 112.1 | 117.3 | 121.4 | 106.78 | 106.56 | 96.10 | 96. 54 |
| Newfoundland | 117.4 | 113.3 | 116.6 | 111.0 | 121.7 | 127.6 | 116.52 | 116.09 | 104.54 | 103.47 |
| Prince Edward Island. | 124.0 | 115.3 | 129.0 | 113.4 | 118.7 | 130.9 | 85.27 | 85.48 | 80.86 | 82.70 |
| Nova Scotia | 113.9 | 111.1 | 116.8 | 114.2 | 114.3 | 115.7 | 105.39 | 105.05 | 94.70 | 94.37 |
| New Brunswick | 115.4 | 110.9 | 118.4 | 110.2 | 118.0 | 123.2 | 104.04 | 104.03 | 93.86 | 95.99 |
| Quebec | 118.6 | 116.5 | 119.8 | 116.1 | 118.3 | 120.7 | 122.34 | 121.14 | 114.70 | 113.52 |
| Ontario | 131.6 | 130.0 | 131.5 | 129.1 | 131.4 | 132.1 | 131.28 | 129.03 | 121.25 | 120.27 |
| Prairie region | 124.6 | 122.2 | 126.1 | 121.1 | 124.7 | 127.2 | 121.55 | 119.70 | 111.45 | 110.94 |
| Manitoba. | 117.1 | 115.4 | 118.0 | 112.7 | 117.0 | 118.9 | 115.79 | 114.46 | 107.31 | 106.87 |
| Saskatchewan | 111.3 | 108.4 | 119.9 | 115.5 | 110.6 | 112.8 | 115.32 | 113.84 | 107.38 | 106.47 |
| Alberta | 136.5 | 133.6 | 135.5 | 130.5 | 137.2 | 140.1 | 127.78 | 125.47 | 115.98 | 115.55 |
| British Columbia | 138.3 | 137.9 | 137.6 | 132.6 | 138.5 | 141.2 | 138.00 | 137.39 | 127.89 | 126.95 |
| Yukon ................... | .. | 151.3 | 140.7 | 137.3 | .. | 166.0 | . . | 174.56 | 177.79 | 170.75 |
| Northwest Territories ... |  | 117.0 | 120.8 | 108.3 | -• | 122.9 | - | 176.49 | 162.99 | 165.16 |
| Canada | 126.4 | 124.5 | 127.0 | 123.4 | 126.6 | 127.9 | 126.78 | 125.17 | 117.26 | 116.43 |

[^2]14. Labour Costs in Canada:-- Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells, 1969 -Advance Information

The first survey of labour costs in mines, quarries and oil wells (Standard Industrial Classification 050-099) was carried out earlier this year on the basis of 1969 records of firms with 20 or more employees in any one month.

The survey is designed to produce estimates of labour costs for salaried employees and for wage-earners. The labour costs survey is conducted jointly by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the Canada Department of Labour.

According to this survey, employers in this industry division paid in 1969 an average of $\$ 1,916$ per employee in excess of basic or straight time pay for time worked. This amount represented $22.0 \%$ of the total of the labour cost items selected for study. This total averaged $\$ 8,702$ per employee in 1969. Direct cash payments in addition to basic or straight time pay for time worked amounted to $\$ 1,256$. Employer expenditures for payments required by law and payments to benefit plans were $\$ 347.00$ and $\$ 313.00$, respectively. The largest single cost item was vacation pay at $\$ 409.00$ per employee.

The following table summarizes the results of this survey. Additional information may be obtained from either: Information Division, D.B.S., or: Enquiries Section Economics and Research Branch, Canada Department of Laboir. A detailed report will be published in October 1970. (Catalogue No. 72-511).
$\mathrm{L} A \mathrm{~B} O \mathrm{U}$ (continued)

| Estimates of Selected Labour Costs in dollars per employee and as a percentage |
| :--- |
| of total labour cost. Mines, Quarries, and Oil Wells, Canada, 1969 (1) |



Direct payments to employees
in addition to basic pay for
time worked


Notes: 1. These estimates relate to all establishments whether or not they reported expenditures for specific items.
2. Time worked is the total time an employee spends at work and includes rest periods, wash-up time, travel time, etc. Basic (straight-time) pay includes commission, cost of living bonuses and similar payments.
3. "Other pay" comprises: Isolation allowances and premium pay for special duty, etc., for salaried employees. .-
4. Other components of gross payroll such as: severence pay, Christmas and similar bonuses, taxable benefits, etc.
5. Contributions deducted from employees' pay for shared cost programmes are excluded.
6. This item includes employer payments to certain Provincial medicare plans that are not classified as "Taxable Benefits" for income tax purposes.
N.B. Because of rounding sums of individual items may not equal totals.

- amount too small to be expressed.

AVI ATION
15. New DBS Report on Air Passenger Origin and Destination

A new report on airline revenue passenger origin and destination dealing with the travel habits and patterns of pasenger usage of commercial air services is now available from the Aviation Statistics Centre of the Dominion Bureau of statistics. The first report gives O\&D data for 1968.

Statistics in this report are based on a revenue passenger origin-destination survey conducted by the Aviation Statistics Centre of DBS for the Air Transport Committee of the Canadian Transport Commission, covering the two transcontinental carriers, five regional and two non-scheduled carriers.

This report whick is limited to "mainline" revenue passenger traffic, presents statistics in two parts: Part 1 deals with domestic or intraCanada traffic; Part 2 is concerned with the volume of passenger traffic originating at Canadian cities, regardless of the ultimate destination.

The first issue of this publication (DBS Catalogue No. 5l-204) is now avallable and is attached.

A second, companion report (DBS Catalogue No. 51-205) dealing with Canada-U.S.A. origin and destination data will be issued at a later date. Il will be the first comprehensive report covering this area of statistics.

H EALTH
16. Quarterly Hospital Indicators, January-March, 1970 Catalogue No. 83-001 The second report in the series, released today, showing 137 different ratios or indicators of Canadian hospital utilization, services, workloads, and unit costs, for the first quarter of 1970.

Data are presented for Canada, the provinces, regions, by type and size of hospital, in the form of average, median, and quartile values.

In the first 3 months of 1970 , for exemple, reporting public general hospitals averaged 24 emergency visits per day, ranging from 2.8 per day in $1-24$ bed non-teaching hospitals to 121.1 per day in teaching hospitals with 500 or more beds.

H E A L TH (concluded)
17. Hospital Statistics, Vol. IV - Balance Sheets, 1968 ( $83-213,75 c$ )

Revenue fund liabilities of 855 reported public general hospitals in 1968 exceeded assets by some $\$ 89$ million or $41 \%$, only a slight change from 1967 ( $42 \%$ ). Anounts due from provincial hospital insurance plans accounted for close to $23 \%$ of the $\$ 216$ million in revenue fund assets, compared with roughly $21 \%$ in 1967.

The value of buildings end building service equipment (less depreciation) reported by 850 public general hospitals totalled $\$ 1,399$ million or $63.0 \%$ of the $\$ 2,219$ million reported in plant fund assets: major equipment was $12 \%$.

Endowment fund assets as reported by 192 public general hospitals amounted to $\$ 105$ million, comprised mainly of bonds and debentures ( $65 \%$ ).
18. Hospital Statistics, Vol. VI - Hospital Expenditures, 1968 (83-215, \$1.50)

Public hospitals (excluding mental institutions and tuberculosis sanatoria) expended $\$ 1,724.1$ million in 1968 , a $16.5 \%$ increase over 1967 . This sum amounted to $2.4 \%$ of the Gross national product. Salaries and wages represented two-thirds of total expenditure and were $3.1 \%$ of the salaries and wages component of the GNP.

Cost per patient-day in public hospitals climbed $11.5 \%$ to $\$ 45.01$ from $\$ 40.38$ in 1967. Salaries and wages per patient-day were $\$ 30.16$ in 1968 , up $12.0 \%$ from 1967 . On a per capita bases, expenditures rose by $14.6 \%$ to $\$ 83.11$ from $\$ 72.55$.

The highest proportion of expenditures in public hospitals was allocated to general and special nursing services (39.2\%) and general service (33.6\%).

MIGRATION
19. Internal Migration in Canada: Demographic Analysis by M.V. George, (catalogue number 99-557, \$2.00)

This is the second of two volumes of the 1961 Census monograph on migration. It explores the types, volumes, trends, streams and patterns of internal migration in Canada, with special emphasis on interprovincial movement. Documenting such factors as age and sex of migrants, Dr . George analysis the interrelations of population growth with internal migration, and he lays a sound basis for further exploration of the demographic, economic and social effects of migration within Canada. His work is based on census data from 1931 through 1961, including estimates of migration based on birth-residence data.

Internal Migration in Canada complements first volune Migration in Canada: Some Regional Aspects by Dr. Leroy O. Stone (catalogue number 99-548, $\$ 3.00$ ) which was released in December 1969. Studying migration rates for provinces; for rural farm, rural non-farm, urban, and metropolitan areas; and for counties or census divisions, Dr. Stone linked economic factors with regional differences in inigration rates. He showed that migrants comprise a distinctive socio-economic segment of the Canadian population, and that local differences in migration are both symptoms and causes of local variations in economic conditions.

## 20. New Residential Construction

Residential construction starts in centres of 10,000 population and over dropped to 8,414 in May 1970 compared with 16,814 in May 1969. For the January-May period, starts totalled 37,686 in 1970 , versus 66,313 in 1969.

May completions numbered $12,222,(16,447$ in May 1969) while those for the year to date were 56,262 in 1970 and 61,889 in 1969.

## EDUCATION

21. Statistics of Private Elementary and Secondary Schools, 1969-70 (81-215) 25c

Enrolement in Canadian private elementary and secondary schools in 1969-70 came to 138,241 , down from 154,511 last year.

Excluding Quebec, 5,830 teachers taught in 492 schools attended by 74,666 day pupils and 9,175 boarders. The nine provinces had 41,787 male pupils and 42,054 female pupils, for a total of 83,841 .

S ERVICES
22. Moving and Storage Household Goods, 1968 (53-221), $50 c$

Operating revenues of 237 household moving and storage firms in 1968 increased to $\$ 65,583,919$, up $3.9 \%$ from 1967 . Long distance moving of household goods decreased by $2.7 \%$ to $\$ 25,759,204$, but local cartage increased by $8.7 \%$ to $\$ 17,494,343$. Household goods storage revenues increased by $4.4 \%$ to $\$ 5,923,318$.
23. Power Laundries, Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, 1968 - Advance information

The revenue of power laundries and of dry cleaning and dyeing plants combined was $\$ 270,628,560$ in 1968 , an increase of $2.1 \%$ from the previous year. A total of 34,488 employees were paid $\$ 124,605,691$ in salaries and wages compared with 35,165 employees paid $\$ 121,796,687$ in 1967. The number of plants operating increased $1.7 \%$ over 1967 to 2,554 plants. The cost of materials and supplies was $\$ 26,328,214$ in 1968 compared with $\$ 25,960,123$ in 1967.

The 378 ( 362 in 1967) power laundries operating in 1968 reported receipts of $\$ 108,714,737$ and paid $\$ 50,311,746$ to 13,734 employees. In the previous year, 362 firms received $\$ 105,256,189$ and paid $\$ 49,091,199$ to 13,961 employees.

Receipts of 2,176 dry cleaning and dyeing plants totalled $\$ 161,913,823$ in 1968 compared to receipts of $\$ 159,728,223$ by 2,150 plants in 1967. Salaries and wages of $\$ 74,293,945$ were up from $\$ 72,678,488$, but the number of employees decreased to 20,754 in 1968 from 21,204 in 1967.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication, Power Laundries, Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Plants (catalogue number 63-205, price 50 c).
24. Refined Petroleum Products May 1970 - Advance information

Refineries in Canada produced $37,408,060$ barrels of refined petroleum products in May, $23 \%$ more than in May 1969.

Detailed data will be contained in the May issue of Refined
Petroleum Products (Catalogue number 45-004, 30c/\$3.00
25. Coal and Coke production May, 1970-Advance information

Coal production for May amounted to $1,198,500$ tons, an increase of $56.7 \%$ from the May 1969 production of 764,835 tons. Landed imports were 2,932,398 tons (2,431,757 tons in May 1969.)

Consumption by industrial consumers amounted to $1,209,372$ tons of coal and 564,252 tons of coke, an increase of 142,416 tons of coal and a decrease of 1,126 tons of coke from May 1969.

Further information will be contained in the Energy Statistics Service Bulletin, (57-002, Vol. 5, No. 59) and in the DBS publication Coal and Coke Statistics, $(45-002,20 c / \$ 2.00)$.

MANUFACTURING
26. Steel Ingots

Steel Ingots production for the week of July 25 totalled 226,729 tons, a increase of $1.8 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 222,694 tons. The comparable week's total in 1969 was 216,879 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 of 96,108 tons equalling 100 was 236 in the current week, 232 a week earlier and 225 one year ago.
27. Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, May 1970 (41-004), $10_{c} / \$ 1.00$

Shipments of iron castings, pipe and fittings during May 1970 were 58,052 tons compared to 60,343 tons in May 1969. This brought the cumulative January-through-May total for 1970 to 286,732 tons compared to 291,917 tons in 1969 .
28. Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, June 1970-Advance information June 1970 production of vinyl-asbestos floor tile amounted to 7,093 tons or $15,386,571$ square feet compared to 8,157 tons or $17,213,629$ square feet in 1969. For the first half of 1970 , production totalled 38,091 tons ( $81,792,360$ square feet), compared to 49,952 tons ( $108,891,544$ square feet) in 1969.

Further details will be contained in the DBS publication - Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, Catalogue No. 47-001, Price: 10 cents, $\$ 1.00$ a year
29. Specified Chemicals - Correction

The number of pounds of hydrochloric (muriatic) acid produced in May was $11,907,136$, not 907,136 , as stated in item number 3 of the DBS Daily of Tuesday, July 21, 1970.

MANUFACTURING (concluded)
30. Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter ended June 30, 1970-Advance information

During the quarter ended June 30 , 1970, shipments of woven and/or needled papermakers' felts and jackets were: to Canadian mills, 448,448 pounds, valued at $\$ 3,388,170$; to foreign mills, 328,459 pounds $(\$ 1,957,269)$; to Canadian mills, of woven and/or needled felts used in asbestos pipe or sheet forming operations, 2,834 pounds ( $\$ 17,960$ ).

Shipments of papermakers' dryer felts and dryer fabrics (cotton, asbestos, synthetic) came to $1,502,304$ square feet at a value of \$2,748,078.
31.

Stoves and Eurnaces - April, 1970 - Advanced information


Further details will be contained in the D.B.S. publication Stove and Furnaces, (catalogue No. 41-005, 20¢/\$2.00)
32. Production and Disposition of Cigars, June 1970 - Advance information Production of cigars during June 1970 amounted to $39,446,000$; the opening inventory was $84,627,000$ and the closing inventory, 73,713,000 Sales were: domestic, 49,812,000; ex-warehoused for ships' stores (including sales to embassies), 221,000; and ex-warehoused for export, 327,000.
33. Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, May 1970 (32-021) 10c/\$1.00

The May opening inventory of beverage spirits and ethyl alcohol in process was $187,850,205$ proof gallons and of finished goods of own manufacture, $27,305,869$ proof gallons. The closing inventory of goods in process was $189,744,264$ proof gallons and of finished goods, 27,685, 262 proof ǵallons.

EOOD
34. Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, May 1970 (32-020), 10 ç/\$1.00

Net distributive sales of fresh and frozen meats during May 1970 increased to $164,626,000$ pounds from $158,384,000$ pounds during May 1969. From January-through-May $810,521,000$ pounds were sold in 1970 and $785,023,000$ pounds in 1969. The shipments of uncanned meat preparations amounted to $38,614,000$ pounds in May 1970 compared to 38,694,000 pounds in May 1969. The January-to-May total for 1970 was $172,723,000$ pounds compared to $171,700,000$ pounds last year.
35. The Dairy Reviews June 1970 (23-001, 20 $4 / \$ 2.00$ )

The preliminary estimate of milk produced in June was 2,093 million pounds, $0.3 \%$ below production in June 1969. The total estimate of production during the first six months of the year totalled 9,011 million pounds $0.9 \%$ above production in the same period in 1969.

Slightly over $73 \%$ of the milk produced in June, or 1,529 million pounds, was used for dairy factory products. This is $0.8 \%$ below factory use in June 1969. During the January-June period, $0.5 \%$ more milk was used for dairy factory products than in the corresponding period in 1969.

Fluid sales of milk and cream during June, are estimated at 416 million pounds of milk, an increase of $0.7 \%$ from the sales in June 1969.
36. Fluid Milk Sales, May $1970(23-002)$, $10 c / \$ 1.00$

Sales of standard, special and two per cent milk fell by $1 \%$ in May from May 1969, reaching $137,003,000$ quarts. Sales of cereal, table, whipping and sour cream fell by $4 \%$ to $5,631,000$ quarts.
37. Energy Statistics, Vol. 5, No. 58: Sales of Natural Gas, May 1970
Production and Inventory of Dry Milk Powder, June 1970 Advance Release of Fish Landings, Maritimes and Newfound land, June 1970
Fish Freezings and Stocks, Maritimes and Newfoundland, June 1970
Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, June 1970; Fish Freezings and Stocks, Quebec, June 1970 Energy Statistics, Vol. 5, No. 59: Preliminary Report on Coal Production, June 1970;
Energy Statistics, Vol. 5, No. 60: Refined Petroleum Products, May 1970;
Coal and Coke Statistics, May 1970, (57-002), \$5.00 a
year

RELEASED TH IS WEEK
38. Urban Transit, May $1970(53-003)$, $10 c / \$ 1.00$

Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1968 (44-205), 258
Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers, 1968 (36-207), 50c
Manufacturers of Corrugated Boxes, 1968 (36-213), 25¢
Stone Products Manufacturers, 1968 (44-213), 25c
Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Section G: Geographical Distribution, 1965 (31-209), \$3.00
Trade of Canada - Summary of Exports, May 1970, (65-002), 20c/\$2.00
Index of Industrial Production, May 1970, (61-005), 20c/\$2.00
7 ranscontinental and Regional Air-Carrier Operations, March 1970, (51-001), 30¢/\$3.00
Fish Freezings and Stocks, May 1970, (24-001), 20c/\$2.00
Pack, Shipments and Stock of Selected Canned Fruits and
Vegetables, May 1970, (32-011), 20¢ / $\$ 2.00$
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, May
1970, (33-003), 20c/\$2.00
Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, May 1970, (25-001),
10c/\$1.00
Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, January March 1970, (21-003), \$4.00 a year
Trade of Canada - Summary of Foreign Trade, May 1970, (65-001), 10c/\$1.00
Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, May 1970 (43-001), $10 \mathrm{c} / \$ 1.00$

Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 12: Telegraphic Crop Report, Canada (22-002), 20¢/\$4.00: Released at 3:00 p.m., Wednesday, July 22, 1970

Canadian Statistical Review, July 1970 (11-003),


[^0]:    Note: Export and Import values for 1970 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

[^1]:    a - advance figures
    p - preliminary figures

[^2]:    .. figures not available.
    a advance figures.
    p preliminary figures.

