Friday, January 22, 1971

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Preliminary Statement of Foreign Trade, December 1970 . Published only in the DBS Daily and Weekly

Canada's merchandise surplus reached an unprecedented $\$ 2,952$ million in 1970. This greatly exceeded the previous peacetime record of $\$ 1,266$ million in 1968 and the wartime high of $\$ 1,700$ million in 1945.

The External Trade Division reports that exports to the United Kingdom in 1970 were more than double imports from that country. For the third year in a row a trade surplus was recorded with the United States and, for the first time, this surplus exceeded one billion dollars. Exports to the European Economic Community were at a record high of $\$ 1.2$ billion and with imports increasing only marginally, a $\$ 400 \mathrm{million}$ surplus resulted -- over five times that of 1969. Trading deficits in 1969 with Latin America and Other Countries were transformed into surpluses in 1970. The magnitude of the 1970 surplus reflects not only the relative strength of Canadian exports, bolstered by particularly strong demand in Europe and Japan, but also the continuing softness of domestic demand.

At $\$ 13,934$ million, 1970 imports were down by somewhat aver $1 \%$, the first year to year decline since 1958. The December import figures, down $16 \%$ from December 1969, underline the extent of this weakness.
(see tables on next pages)


EXTERNAL TRADE (continued)

## TRADE OF CANADA <br> Exports (including re-exports)

## Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

|  |  | Total | $\frac{\text { U.S. }}{(\$ m}$ | $\frac{\text { U.K. }}{\text { ions) }}$ | Other Countries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 | Fourth quarter | 3,882 | 2,817 | 258 | 807 |
| 1970 | First Quarter | 4,259 | 2,788 | 368 | 1,103 |
|  | Second Quarter | 4,265 | 2,816 | 391 | 1,061 |
|  | Third Quarter | 4,151 | 2,674 | 367 | 1,110 |
|  | Fourth Quarter (preliminary).. | 4,208 | 2,786 | 476 | 1,146 |
| 1970 | April | 1,439 | 907 | 119 | 413 |
|  | May. | 1,434 | 969 | 145 | 320 |
|  | June | 1,392 | 940 | 127 | 325 |
|  | July | 1,423 | 888 | 135 | 400 |
|  | August | 1,321 | 821 | 118 | 382 |
|  | September | 1,406 | 965 | 114 | 327 |
|  | October | 1,416 | 908 | 116 | 392 |
|  | November | 1,479 | 903 | 150 | 426 |
|  | December (preliminary) | 1,312 | 875 | 111 | 326 |

## TRADE OF CANADA Imports

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

|  |  | Total | $\frac{\text { U. S. }}{1 \text { S m }}$ | $\frac{\text { U.K. }}{\text { ions) }}$ | Other Countries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 | Fourth Quarter | 3,643 | 2,667 | 182 | 794 |
| 1970 | First Quarter | 3,590 | 2,578 | 185 | 827 |
|  | Second Quarter | 3,582 | 2,565 | 182 | 835 |
|  | Third Quarter | 3,533 | 2,533 | 189 | 811 |
|  | Fourth Quarter (preliminary) | 3,213 | 2,213 | 180 | 820 |
| 1970 | April | 1,192 | 857 | 60 | 275 |
|  | May | 1,207 | 858 | 60 | 289 |
|  | June | 1,183 | 850 | 62 | 271 |
|  | July | 1,187 | 849 | 68 | 270 |
|  | August | 1,162 | 832 | 51 | 279 |
|  | September | 1,190 | 857 | 70 | 263 |
|  | October | 1,066 | 739 | 65 | 262 |
|  | November | 1,132 | 775 | 64 | 293 |
|  | December (preliminary) | 1,015 | 699 | 51 | 265 |

## CANADIAN IMPORTS OF SELECTED COMMODITIES Preliminary Figures for December 1970



## EXTERNAL TRADE (continued)

Summary of Imports, November 1970 - Advance information
During November, Canada's imports decreased to a value of $\$ 1,196,441,000$ from $\$ 1,222,065,000$ in the same month of 1969 and $\$ 1,161,535,000$ in 1968 . January-November imports increased to $\$ 12,893,727,000$ in 1970 from $\$ 12,888,371,000$ in 1969 and $\$ 11,268,459,000$ in 1968.

| November |  |  | January-November |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1970}{(\$ \text { thousands ) }} \frac{1969}{1970}$ |  |  |  |

## SELECTED COUNTRIES

| United States ..... | 865,796 | 791,004 | 9,361,114 | 9,201,471 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom | 62,299 | 66,914 | 731,083 | 681,842 |
| Japan | 50,553 | 62,153 | 434,677 | 532,325 |
| Germany, West | 38,258 | 47,996 | 323,419 | 342,071 |
| Venezuela. | 29,628 | 26,583 | 316,212 | 306,980 |
| Erance | 15,062 | 17,270 | 138,709 | 143,937 |
| Italy | 10,752 | 14,509 | 129,211 | 134,484 |
| Australia | 9,059 | 8,306 | 86,946 | 127,908 |
| Sweden | 6,013 | 8,287 | 77,539 | 95,599 |
| Switzerland | 6,016 | 8,039 | 75,937 | 74,550 |
| Hong Kong | 6,239 | 6,952 | 64,872 | 72,550 |
| Netherlands | 7,258 | 7,079 | 71,722 | 71,787 |
| Mexico | $4,505$ | $2,735$ | 58,959 | $44,488$ |
| ALL COUNTRIES | 1,222,065 | 1,196,441 | 12,888,371 | $12,893,727$ |
| SELECIED COMMODITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Food, feed, beverages and tobacco | 102,142 | 112,392 | 939,329 | 991,747 |
| Coffee | 8,922 | 12,857 | 72,165 | 88,671 |
| Sugar, raw | 9,751 | 13,818 | 62,138 | 73,152 |
| Crude materials, inedible | 89,281 | 102,583 | 989,736 | 1,071,476 |
| Crude petroleum | 32,916 | 29,423 | 363,199 | 379,650 |
| Coal | 11,845 | 18,886 | 103,306 | 136,526 |
| Aluminum ores, concentrates and scrap | 5,038 | 10,274 | 90,971 | 91,616 |
| Pabricated materials, inedible ... | 267,461 | 270,533 | 2,648,092 | 2,653,706 |
| Fuel oil | 13,142 | 14,753 | 114,320 | 106,327 |
| Organic chemicals | 14,292 | 13,634 | 126,689 | 124,001 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel... | 20,637 | 13,115 | 138,309 | 120,230 |
| Plastics materials, not shaped.. | 9,618 | 9,594 | 104,871 | 104,753 |
| End products, inedible ............. | 749,421 | 692,236 | 8,115,809 | 8,009,460 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except <br>  |  |  |  |  |
| Sedans, new | 97,697 | 58,550 | 831.530 | 727,508 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 1,467 | 1,726 | 169,795 | 203,908 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 27,904 | 22,683 | 284.101 | 253,210 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 19,047 | 13,656 | 217.341 | 219,377 |
| Electronic computers ............ | 13,298 | 12,533 | 144,618 | 164,751 |

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication summary of Imports (65-005, 20c/\$2.00).

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Exports, December 1970-Advance information

Canadian exports for 1970 reached a record $\$ 16,887$ million, increasing by $13 \%$ over 1969. The highlight of the year's trading performance was the strong acceleration in Canadian exports to overseas countries, which contrasted sharply with the lacklustre performance of sales to the United States.

Impressive gains were registered in 1970 for exports to the European Economic Community -- up $41 \%$ over last year, and the United Kingdom -. up 35\%. Meanwhile the U.S. market, which in 1969 accounted for $71 \%$ of total Canadian exports fell to $65 \%$ last year.

Exports for the month of December were down by almost $4 \%$ from December 1969, reversing the pattern of the first eleven months of 1970.

Compared with December 1969, exports for the month were lower to the U.S., Japan and Latin America; these declines were only partially offset by increased shipments to the remaining trading areas.

Commodity performance during December was mixed. Crude and fabricated nickel, wheat and crude petroleum shipments were strong, whereas exports of aluminum and the automotive sector declined sharply from the same month in 1969.

Seasonally adjusted export figures for the month were $\$ 1,312 \mathrm{million}$, showing a decline of $\$ 167$ million from November.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Summary of Exports ( $65-002,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ ).
(see tables on next pages)

|  | $\frac{\text { Value in Millions }}{1969-1970}$ | Percentage Change 1969-1970 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month of December |  | \% |
| United Kingdom | 118.3123 .6 | $+4.5$ |
| Other C'wealth \& Pref. | 57.958 .0 | $+\quad 0.2$ |
| United States | 958.2905 .5 | - 5.5 |
| Japan | $72.8 \quad 64.1$ | - 12.0 |
| European Economic Comminity | 100.3100 .5 | $+\quad 0.2$ |
| Latin America | $54.7 \quad 47.7$ | - 12.8 |
| Other Countries | $69.0 \quad 76.3$ | $+10.6$ |
| Total C'wealth \& Pref. | 176.3181 .6 | + 3.0 |
| Total Others | 1,254.9 1,194.1 | $-4.8$ |
| Grand Total | $1,431.21,375.7$ | - 3.9 |
| January-December |  |  |
| United Kingdom | $1,113.31,499.3$ | $+34.7$ |
| Other C'wealth \& Pref. | $613.9 \quad 777.1$ | $+26.6$ |
| United States | $10,614.110,987.2$ | + 3.5 |
| Japan . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 626.2795 .4 | $+27.0$ |
| European Economic Communty | 855.1 1,204.4 | $+40.8$ |
| Latin America | $443.5 \quad 566.3$ | $+27.7$ |
| Other Countries | 665.2 1,056.8 | + 58.9 |
| Total C'wealth \& Pref. | $1,727.2$ 2,276.4 | $+31.8$ |
| Total Others | 13,204.1 14,610.2 | $+10.6$ |
| Grand Total ..... | 14,931.3 16,886.6 | $+13.1$ |

Note: Figures may not add because of rounding.

## TRADE OF CANADA

## Exports (including re-exports)

## Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months



EXTERNALTRADE (continued)


EXTERNAL TRADE (concluded)
Summary of Exports, November 1970 - Advance information
The value of total exports increased to $\$ 1,530,962,000$ in November 1970 from $\$ 1,272,099,000$ one year earlier and $\$ 1,202,850,000$ in November 1968. January-to-November exports increased to $\$ 15,473,686,000$ from $\$ 13,500,120,000$ in 1969 and $\$ 12,368,677,000$ in 1968 .

| November |  | January-November |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 | 1970 |  |

## SELECTED COUNTRIES

| United States .... | 949,460 | 948,010 | 9,655,973 | 10,044,575 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdom | 77,504 | 150,625 | 995,023 | 1,375,737 |
| Japan | 40,823 | 65,409 | 553,409 | 731,317 |
| Germany, West | 20, 264 | 47,288 | 247,591 | 348,097 |
| Netherlands | 23,242 | 37,777 | 159,634 | 262,060 |
| Australia | 12,546 | 22,821 | 154,156 | 189,090 |
| Belgium and Luxembourg | 13,399 | 17,456 | 106,681 | 180,625 |
| Italy ................. | 11,691 | 20,506 | 122,189 | 168,621 |
| Norway | 703 | 31,258 | 97,600 | 166,275 |
| France | 10,363 | 15,054 | 118,743 | 144,499 |
| People's Republic of China | 5,324 | 4,358 | 113,164 | 139,320 |
| India | 5,934 | 10,010 | 88,570 | 124,067 |
| Venezuela | 5,985 | 5,234 | 76,656 | 100,442 |
| ALL COUNTRIES | 1,272,099 | 1,530,962 | 13,500,120 | 15,473,686 |

SELECTED COMMODITES

| Food, feed, beverages and |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tobacco ............... | 119,290 | 193,972 | 1,283,342 | 1,677,945 |
| Wheat | 36,447 | 63,725 | 435,713 | 636,957 |
| Whisky | 17,397 | 27,900 | 174,297 | 162,462 |
| Crude materials, inedible | 206,417 | 302,318 | 2,228,263 | 2,831,277 |
| Crude petroleum | 45,549 | 53,964 | 477,920 | 590,577 |
| Iron ores and concentrates | 45,489 | 46,646 | 298,336 | 449,212 |
| Nickel in ores, concentrates and scrap ....... | 7,355 | 58,348 | 213,156 | 348,048 |
| Fabricated materials, |  |  |  |  |
| inedible ... | 402,673 | 512,106 | 4,749,410 | 5,462,576 |
| Newsprint paper | 100,171 | 90,854 | 1,029,245 | 1,014,013 |
| Wood pulp, similar pulp . | 64,211 | 67,610 | 681,126 | 715,351 |
| Lumber, softwood | 41,704 | 53,415 | 608,520 | 592,792 |
| Aluminum, including alloys | 28,282 | 31,960 | 427,169 | 428,076 |
| Copper and alloys ... | 24,016 | 48,455 | 276,501 | 442,476 |
| End products, inedible ... | 534,573 | 514,479 | 5,152,847 | 5,404,860 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis $\qquad$ | 182,277 | 126,457 | 1,667,180 | 1,555,387 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 78,686 | 70,717 | 689,050 | 756,364 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis $\qquad$ | 52,239 | 39,332 | 503,759 | 505,329 |
| Other motor vehicles ..... | 24,452 | 29,786 | 123,702 | 162,799 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts $\qquad$ | 26,380 | 38,342 | 275,003 | 307,884 |
| Aircraft parts, except engines $\qquad$ | 14,679 | 19,331 | 162,335 | 182,792 |

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Summary of Exports $(65-002,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00)$.

The consumer price index for Canada $(1961=100)$ declined by $0.4 \%$ to 129.8 in December from 130.3 in November. This was the first decline between these two months in over a decade. The latest index, standing only $1.5 \%$ higher than its corresponding level in December 1969, reflected the lowest twelve-month rate of change since that ending in November 1964. In the latest month, among major index coruponents only housing and transportation rose marginally. Among the conponents that decreased, the food index moved down by $1.5 \%$ since November to record the fourth consecutive month of decline, thereby bringing food prices to a level $4.8 \%$ below their August 1970 peak. Clothing prices fell by $0.4 \%$ in the latest month largely as a result of some pre-Christmas sales. The health and personal care and the recreation and reading indexes each edged down $0.1 \%$. Among the components that increased, housing advanced fractionally due to higher shelter prices, while transportation moved up by $0.2 \%$ mainly as a result of increased rail fares.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components
(1961=100)

|  | Component weight* | Index |  |  | Per cent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1970 |  | $\frac{1969}{\text { Dec. }}$ | Dec. 1970 from <br> Nov. Dec. <br> 1970 1969 |  |
|  |  | Dec. | Nov. |  |  |  |
| All items | 100 | 129.8 | 130.3 | 127.9 | - 0.4 | $+1.5$ |
| Food | 27 | 125.6 | 127.5 | 129.8 | - 1.5 | - 3.2 |
| Housing** | 32 | 133.4 | 133.3 | 127.6 | + 0.1 | $+4.5$ |
| Clothing ....... | 11 | 127.9 | 128.4 | 126.4 | - 0.4 | $+1.2$ |
| Transportation . | 12 | 126.1 | 125.8 | 122.0 | $+0.2$ | $+3.4$ |
| Health and personal care. | 7 | 140.7 | 140.8 | 136.8 | - 0.1 | $+2.9$ |
| Recreation and reading ....... | 5 | 133.6 | 133.7 | 128.1 | - 0.1 | $+4.3$ |
| Tobacco and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| alcohol ....... | 6 | 126.4 | 126.4 | 126.3 | - | $+0.1$ |

All-items consumer price index converted to $1949=100$ is 167.7 .

* Component weights indicate the relative importance of item groups.
** This index is composed of shelter and household operation.
The food index fell $1.5 \%$ to 125.6 in December from 127.5 in November, thus registering the first decrease between these two months in over ten years. The price level for food for home consumption decreased by $1.9 \%$, while there was a $0.3 \%$ increase in restaurant meal prices. In the latest month, virtually all major food items decreased in price, with a few exceptions for fresh produce and fish. Among neat items, pork prices fell by $4.0 \%$ since November to a level $17 \%$ below 12 months earlier. Beef prices moved down by $2.9 \%$ over the month largely due to specials in many outlets. Among poultry items, chicken prices fell by $4.2 \%$ since the preceding month, although turkey prices edged up by $0.7 \%$. Produce items registered mixed price movements, with fruits, on average, decreasing 4.5\% and vegetables edging up by 0.2\%. All fresh fruits
priced recorded declines since November, with banana prices, in particular, dropping $15.3 \%$ to a level $33 \%$ below that of twelve months earlier. On the other hand, among vegetables, there were price rises of over $40 \%$ for tomatoes and $11 \%$ for cabbage since November, though all other items priced in this group moved downwards. Egg quotations were 1.3\% 1 ower than a month earlier and, at a level over $31 \%$ below December 1969, recorded the largest twelve-month decline in recent years. Bread prices dropped by $1.1 \%$, reflecting specials in a number of major Ontario and Quebec cities. Butter prices declined by $0.4 \%$, sugar by $3.4 \%$, infants' food and ground coffee each by $2.4 \%$, instant coffee by $2.2 \%$ and felly powders by $3.1 \%$. The food index for December 1970 was $3.2 \%$ below that of December 1969, thus marking the largest decrease in any consecutive twelve-month period in more than ten years. Over the year the price level of food purchased for home consumption declined by $4.6 \%$ while restaurant meal prices advanced by $5.5 \%$.

The housing index edged up by $0.1 \%$ to 133.4 in December from 133.3 in the preceding month. The major contributor to this rise was to be found in the home-ownership component, which advanced $0.3 \%$ as a result of increased property taxes, and higher prices for new houses and repairs. Rents, by contrast, rose by only $0.1 \%$ over the month. The price level for the group of household operation items as a whole was unchanged since November: higher prices for household textiles, furniture and some fuels were offset by declines for floor coverings, some appliances, as well as for many household supply items purchased from supermarkets such as toilet paper, detergents, and scouring powder. The housing index stood $4.5 \%$ above its corresponding level in December 1969, reflecting only a slight decrease in the twelve-month rate of change recorded throughout 1970.

The clothing index fell $0.4 \%$ to 127.9 in December from 128.4 in November to register its first downward movement between these two months since 1966. Lower prices for men's wear, women's wear and children's wear contributed to this decline which was offset, to some extent, by small increases in the price of footwear, piece goods and clothing services. A $1.1 \%$ reduction in the level of prices for men's wear was largely attributable to scattered pre-Christmas sales for suits, overcoats and slacks which outweighed price rises for men's hosiery and pyjamas during the month. Lower prices for ladies winter coats, both fur and cloth, and for hosiery were largely responsible for a decline of $0.5 \%$ in the index for women's wear. A similar decline of $0.5 \%$ in children's wear resulted from the collection of somewhat lower prices for a range of items including boys' parkas and trousers, girls' winter coats and stockings and infants diapers. The clothing index for December 1970 was $1.2 \%$ above that of 12 months earlier, displaying an annual rate of increase for this component about one-third that of the average of the preceding five years.

The transportation index moved up $0.2 \%$ to 126.1 in December from 125.8 in November largely on account of a $6.6 \%$ increase in passenger rail fares. Among automobile operation items, marginally higher prices were reported for gasoline and for chassis lubrication. In December, the transportation index stood $3.4 \%$ above its level of a year earlier.

The health and personal care index's decline of $0.1 \%$ to 140.7 in December from 140.8 in November was attributable to lower prices for a number of personal care items, many of which are purchased in supermarkets. In particular, shaving cream and razor blade prices fell $1.6 \%$ and $1.5 \%$ respectively, the largest month-to-month decreases for
these items in a number of years. In addition, smaller price decreases were recorded for cleansing tissues, toothpaste and toilet soap. In December 1970, the health and personal care index stood $2.9 \%$ above its level of a year earlier.

The recreation and reading index declined $0.1 \%$ to 133.6 in December from 133.7 in November. Several home entertainment items indluding portable televisions, radios and phonograph records registered small price declines from the preceding month. Toy prices, on the other hand, edged up marginally. Seasonally lower subscription rates reduced the price level for magazines by $1.3 \%$ between November and December but left it $7.0 \%$ higher than a year previously. Since December 1969, the recreation and reading index registered an advance of $4.3 \%$.

The tobacco and alcohol index was unchanged in December from its November level of 126.4 , and stood $0.1 \%$ above its level of December 1969.

TRANSPORTATION

Summary of Canal Statistics, November 1970 - Advance information
Canadian canal systems handled a reoord $110,465,497$ tons of cargo during the first eleven months of 1970. This was up from $91,546,792$ tons in the corresponding period of 1969 , and from $107,707,915$ tons, the previous eleven-month record set in 1966.

November traffic reached $14,438,223$ tons in 1970 , compared with $14,012,780$ a year earlier and $14,060,470$ in 1966.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Summary of Canal Statistics $(54-001,10 c / \$ 1.00)$.

TRAVEL

Non-Resident Vehicles Entering Canada, November 1970 (66-002, 10c/\$1.00)
A total of 704,470 vehicles registered in other countries entered Canada during November, 4.7\% fewer than the 739,524 in November 1969. Of these, 147,526 vehicles stayed one or more nights $-\mathbf{- 1 . 4 \%}$ fewer than the 149,590 a year earlier. For the year to date, the total number of vehicles entering increased by $3.9 \%$ to $12,046,405$ from $11,598,213$ and the number remaining one night or more rose by $8.6 \%$ to $3,895,173$ from $3,587,588$.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Index of Industrial Production, November 1970. Advance information
The seascnally adjusted index of industrial production for November 1970 rose by $1.3 \%$ to 171.5 from a revised October level of 169.3 . More than one quarter of the increase came from mining, while in manufacturing, an Increase in non-durables more than offet a decrease in durables. Utilities remained unchanged.

Further infomation will be contained in the DBS publication Index of Industrial Production ( $61-005,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ ).
(see table on next page)

INDUSTRIALPRODUCTION (concluded)
Seasonally Adjusted Index of Industrial Production

$$
(1961=100)
$$



LABOUR
Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, November 1970 - Advance information

The November advance estimate of the unadjusted composite index of employment indicated a decline from October 1970. It was also lower than in November 1969.

Seasonally-adjusted, however, the composite index of industrial employment showed no change from October 1970. Employment increased in mining, finance, insurance and real estate and services; decreased slightly in construction, manufacturing and trade. It edged up in Quebec, the Atlantic Region and British Columbia; down in the Prairie Region and Ontario.

Average weekly wages and salaries for the industrial composite were slightly lower in November than in October 1970. The largest changes were a decline in construction and an increase in mining. The remaining industry divisions showed little change. All regions recorded declines in November.

The October unadjusted index of employment ( $1961=100$ ) for the industrial composite was 128.6 . This was $0.8 \%$ less than the 129.6 reached in September and 1.1\% lower than the October 1969 level of 130.0. Employment in forestry decreased by $8.3 \%$; in trade it increased by $1.1 \%$ and in all other industry divisions, it declined slightly.

Seasonally-adjusted, the industrial composite index of employment maintained the September level of 126.1 . Changes within industries and provinces were all small except forestry which declined $4.8 \%$ and British Columbia which increased $1.9 \%$.

Average weekly wages and salaries at the industrial composite level rose $1.0 \%$ to $\$ 130.23$ in October 1970 from $\$ 128.94$ in September. All industry divisions recorded higher average weekly wages and salaries except construction and trade which were virtually unchanged. All regions experienced higher average weekly wages and salaries in (october.

For the industrial composite, average weekly wages and salaries were $\$ 9.52$ or $7.9 \%$ more in October 1970 than a year earlier. Construction increased $\$ 19.48$ ( $12.3 \%$ ); mining, $\$ 15.68$ or $10.2 \%$; forestry, $\$ 13.18$ or $9.6 \%$; manufacturing, $\$ 9.92$ or $7.9 \%$; transportation, communication and other utilities, $\$ 9.25$ or $6.8 \%$; finance, insurance and real estate, $\$ 8.54$ or $7.5 \%$; trade, $\$ 6.17$ or $6.5 \%$ and service, $\$ 7.35$ or $8.7 \%$.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries ( $72-002,30 \mathrm{c} / \$ 3.00$ ).
(see table on next page)

| Industry division and area | Employment Index Numbers ( $1961=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  | Average Weekly Wages and Salaries |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonallyadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. 1970 a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1970p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1969 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1970a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1970p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1970 \mathrm{a} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Oct. } \\ 1970 \mathrm{p} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1969 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1969 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | -• | 92.0 | 96.6 | 103.3 |  | 78.9 |  | 149.86 | 140.79 | 136.68 |
| Mining | 114.7 | 115.3 | 111.4 | 101.4 | 116.0 | 115.8 | 171.26 | 168.82 | 153.91 | 153.14 |
| Manufacturing | 120.6 | 122.3 | 126.4 | 126.7 | 120.1 | 120.8 | 136.34 | 135.85 | 127.18 | 125.93 |
| Durables ................. | 128.5 | 130.2 | 139.5 | 137.7 | 128.1 | 128.7 | 147.42 | 147.04 | 137.13 | 135.67 |
| Non-durables .............. | 114.2 | 115.8 | 115.9 | 117.7 | 114.0 | 114.4 | 126.25 | 125.65 | 117.49 | 116.70 |
| Construction | 118.9 | 126.5 | 126.0 | 133.3 | 114.5 | 114.6 | 175.69 | 178.26 | 160.00 | 158.78 |
| Transportation, communication and other utilities ...... |  | 114.5 | 112.5 | 112.7 |  | 113.4 |  | 145.86 | 137.00 | 136.61 |
| Trade ...................... | 144.2 | 141.1 | 145.2 | 141.0 | 138.1 | 139.0 | 100.98 | 101.18 | 94.79 | 95.01 |
| Finance insurance and real estate | 143.6 | 143.1 | 141.8 | 141.1 | 143.6 | 142.9 | 123.06 | 122.93 | 115.07 | 114.39 |
| Service | 179.0 | 181.5 | 175.3 | 179.3 | 180.8 | 179.1 | 92.39 | 92.30 | 86.34 | 84.95 |
| Industrial composite ....... | 127.6 | 128.6 | 130.1 | 130.0 | 126.1 | 126.1 | 129.88 | 130.23 | 121.42 | 120.71 |
| Industrial composite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic region ............ | 121.8 | 123.8 | 120.5 | 123.9 | 119.5 | 119.0 | 108.67 | 108.92 | 101.01 | 99.17 |
| Newfoundland ............. | 127.7 | 131.0 | 122.4 | 129.0 | 123.8 | 121.9 | 119.62 | 120.69 | 111.14 | 108.12 |
| Prince Edward Island .. | 143.9 | 148.0 | 132.8 | 145.2 | 133.2 | 134.2 | 83.16 | 82.60 | 82.76 | 79.38 |
| Nova Scotia | 117.0 | 117.8 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 115.5 | 115.3 | 106.72 | 107.06 | 97.99 | 96.61 |
| New Brunswick ............ | 121.6 | 124.0 | 120.5 | 123.5 | 120.4 | 120.1 | 106.18 | 105.79 | 99.71 | 98.20 |
| Quebec ...................... | 120.2 | 121.2 | 122.2 | 123.8 | 118.5 | 118.2 | 125.74 | 126.00 | 118.41 | 118.50 |
| Ontario | 131.2 | 131.8 | 134.9 | 132.8 | 129.3 | 130.0 | 134.53 | 134.73 | 125. 21 | 124.42 |
| Prairie region | 125.9 | 127.7 | 128.6 | 130.0 | 125.4 | 125.7 | 124.44 | 125.19 | 115.12 | 114.38 |
| Manitoba | 117.9 | 119.2 | 120.6 | 122.3 | 116.8 | 116.6 | 117.71 | 118.01 | 108.57 | 109.10 |
| Saskatchewan | 114.1 | 115.9 | 116.9 | 119.7 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 117.18 | 117.67 | 110.39 | 109.26 |
| Alberta | 137.5 | 139.6 | 140.2 | 140.7 | 137.8 | 138.6 | 131.79 | 132.62 | 121.51 | 120.07 |
| British Columbia ........... | 141.3 | 142.8 | 142.4 | 142.2 | 141.7 | 140.9 | 141.77 | 142.69 | 134.23 | 133.17 |
| Yukon | - | 159.5 | 136.0 | 135.2 | 。。 | 155.2 | .. | 178.97 | 167.88 | 170.70 |
| Northwest Territories ...... | - | 138.4 | 120.0 | 127.7 | - | 138.4 |  | 179.85 | 173.26 | 180.73 |
| Total | 127.6 | 128.6 | 130.1 | 130.0 | 126.1 | 126.1 | 129.88 | 130.23 | 121.42 | 120.71 |
| - figures not available. a Advance figures. p Preliminary figures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, November 1970 - Advance information
The November estimate of average weekly hours worked in manufacturing was less than that of October. The decrease was more than offset by an estimated increase in average hourly earnings, indicating a net rise in average weekly wages.

The mining estimates of both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings increased, indicating higher average weekly wages.

In construction, however, a decline in average weekly hours more than offset an increase in average hourly earnings, reducing average weekly wages.

In October, average weekly wages in manufacturing were $\$ 122.91$, which was $\$ 1.75$ (1.4\%) above September 1970. This increase resulted from a 4 -cent rise in average hourly earnings as average weekly hours were unchanged at 40.1 . Both durables and non-durables contributed to this gain in average weekly wages as average hourly earnings rose 3 cents and 5 cents respectively and average weekly hours were up 0.1 hours in durables and non-durables stayed at the previous month's level of 39.5. Over the year, average hourly earnings in manufacturing climbed 22 cents ( $7.7 \%$ ) and average weekly hours were lower by 0.3 hours. From September to October, all regions experienced increases in average weekly wages in manufacturing.

In mining, average weekly wages at $\$ 156.29$ were up $\$ 2.39$ ( $1.6 \%$ ) from the september level of $\$ 153.90$ as a result of a 0.4 hours increase in average weekly hours and a l-cent gain in average hourly earnings. The average hourly earnings over the year were higher by 46 cents (13.9\%) and average weekly hours lower by 0.4 hours.

Average weekly wages in construction were little changed at $\$ 178.11$ from $\$ 178.43$ in September. A reduction in average weekly hours ( 0.7 hours) was virtually offset by a 6 -cent increase in average hourly earnings. In the engineering component of construction average weekly wages declined to $\$ 82.91$ from $\$ 185.51$ in September. The building component recorded a marginal decrease of 72 cents in average weekly wages. Compared to October 1969, average hourly earnings in construction were 39 cents ( $12.4 \%$ ) higher and average weekly hours was unchanged.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings $(72-003,40 \mathrm{c} / \$ 4.00)$.
(see table on next page)


The Labour Force, December 1970 - Advance information
Total employment in Canada was estimated at $7,791,000 \mathrm{in}$ the week ended December 12, 1970, a decline of 133,000 from the corresponding November figure. The reduction was larger than the usual seasonal drop. The labour force of $8,329,000$ was 71,000 smaller than in November; this decrease was also in excess of the usual seasonal contraction. The total number of persons unemployed rose from 476,000 in November to 538,000 in December, representing, in percentage terms, a normal seasonal increase.

The seasonally-adjusted rate of unemployment edged up to $6.6 \%$ in December from $6.5 \%$ in November. The unadjusted rate of unemployment rose to $6.5 \%$ from $5.7 \%$.

Compared to December 1969, employment was up by 79,000 , or $1.0 \%$, and the labour force by 234,000 or $2.9 \%$. The year-to-year increase in the number of persons unemployed was 155,000 .

CENSUS
Estimates of Families in Canada, 1969 (91-204, 50c)
There were an estimated 4,807,000 families in Canada on June 1, 1969. This was 289,000 or $6.4 \%$ more than in June 1966. The average of 3.9 persons per family in 1969 was the same as shown by both the 1961 and 1966 Censuses, as was the average of 1.9 children per family.

The 1969 estimates show marked regional differences in the number of children per family. For example, only $26.2 \%$ of all families in Québec had no children, and $26.5 \%$ in the Atlantic Provinces, but the percentage jumped to $29.9 \%$ in Ontario, $31.7 \%$ in the Prairie Provinces, and $32.5 \%$ in British Columbia. On the other hand, families with five or more children accounted for $13.1 \%$ of all families in the Atlantic Provinces, $12.1 \%$ in Quebec, $6.8 \%$ in the Prairie Provinces, $6.1 \%$ in Ontario and $5.0 \%$ in British Columbia.

LIBRARIES

Survey of Libraries, Part I, Public Libraries, 1969-Advance information
Canadian public libraries stocked an average of about 1.5 books per person living in the areas they served in 1969. A total bookstock of $24,374,244$ volumes was reported by 729 libraries serving areas populated by $15,653,713$ people. Total circulation of these books was $92,767,940$ during the year, or 5.9 per person served.

The 11 braries reported current operating payments of $\$ 53,143,618$ or $\$ 3.36$ per person served -- up from $\$ 2.99$ in 1968 . Full-time staff totalled 5,147 , of whom 1,008 or $19.6 \%$ were professional librarians.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Survey of Libraries, Part I, Public Libraries ( $81-205,75 \mathrm{c}$ ).

THE MOTOR VEHICLE
The Motor Vehicle, 1969, Part IV: Revenues (53-220, 50c)
Taxes and licences cost an average of $\$ 169$ per motor vehicle in Canada during 1969; this had increased from $\$ 162$ in 1968. The lowest average was $\$ 110$ in British Columbia; Saskatchewan, \$132; Alberta, \$142; Manitoba, \$153; Nova Scotia, \$158; Prince Edward Island, \$172; Ontario, the Yukon and Northwest Territories, \$187; Quebec, \$190; New Brunswick, $\$ 197$ and Newfoundland, \$223.

In 1969, provincial and territorial governments collected $\$ 1,394,906,611$ from motive fuel taxes and the licensing of vehicles, drivers, dealers, etc. This was $9.1 \%$ more than the $\$ 1,277,984,919$ collected in 1968.

RESTAURANT

Restaurant Statistics, November 1970 ( $63-011,10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
Canadian restaurant receipts are estimated to have fallen to $\$ 98,279,000$ in November, $2.3 \%$ less than in November 1969. Chain restaurants received $\$ 11,379,000$ and independent businesses, $\$ 86,900,000$. All provinces reported a drop in receipts except Newfoundland, where they rose by $15.2 \%$. The largest decrease was $11.2 \%$ in British Columbia.
C. I GARETTES

Production and Disposition of Cigarettes, December 1970 - Advance information

Canadian manufacturers produced $4,008,889,000$ cigarettes during December compared to $3,739,524,000$ in December 1969. The opening inventory was $3,807,163,000(3,770,250,00$ in December 1969) and the closing inventory $2,281,446,000(2,577,386,000)$. Sales were as follows: domestic, $5,495,353,000$ (up from 4,881,343,000); ex-warehoused for ships' stores (including sales to embassies), 18,946,000 (versus 17,478,000); and ex-warehoused for export, $20,307,000$ (against $33,567,000$ a year earlier).

Further information will be contained in the service bulletin Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, IND-SB-1-45 \$5.00 a year.

ENERGY
Electric Power Statistics, November 1970 - Advance information
Net generati on in November 1970 rose $5.2 \%$ to $17,506,121,000 \mathrm{khw}$. from $16,634,669,000$ in November 1969. Increases in net generation occurred in all provinces except Ontario where there was a decrease of $2.5 \%$. The largest increases in generation occurred in Nova Scotia ( $28.5 \%$ ) and Yukon Territory ( $32.7 \%$ ) . Hydro generation increased by $2.4 \%$ from November 1969, while thermal generation increased $15.9 \%$.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Electric Power Statistics (57-001, $10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$ ) and in the Energy Service Bulletin, Vol. 6, No. 3 (57-002, \$5.00 a year).

Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, November 1970 (26-008, 10ç/\$1.00)
There were $3,797,905$ troy ounces of silver produced in Novenber, up from $2,877,339$ in November 1969. This brought the eleven month production to $40,562,852$ troy ounces, compared with $38,388,018$ in the same period in 1969.

Refined production of primary lead was up to 16,021 tons in November from 10,817 tons in November 1969, bringing the year-to-date output to 188,076 tons ( $168,075^{\circ}$ a year earlier).

Refined production of primary zinc dropped to 37,635 tons in November from 40,484 in the same month of 1969 ; the year-to-date production was 422,080 tons compared with 422,387 a year earlier.

Copper and Nickel Production, November 1970 (26-003, $10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
Canadian copper mines produced 61,940 tons of primary copper in November, compared with 36,698 tons a year earlier. The eleven-month production totalled 619,903 tons, up from 502,510 tons in the same period of 1969.

November production of nickel rose to 25,859 tons from 9,444 in November 1969, bringing the year-to-date total to 278,963 tons, up from 188,658 in 1969.

## BREWERIES

Breweries, November 1970 (32-019, 10¢/\$1.00)
In November, Canadian brewers shipped $24,611,000$ gallons of brewed products for normal sale and 320,000 gallons tax-exempt. Year-to-date shipments totalled $303,962,000$ gallons, and $3,658,000$ gallons taxexempt. (Tax-exempt sales include those to embassies ships' stores and other similar transactions).

MERCHANDISING

Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1 to October 31, 1970 (63-009, \$1.00 a year)

Sales of farm implements and equipment are estimated to have dropped by $11.6 \%$ to a value of $\$ 332,500,000$ in the January-through-October period from $\$ 376,021,000$ in the same period of 1969. Sales of repair parts fell by $2.8 \%$ to an estimated $\$ 58,756,000$ from $\$ 60,465$,(00 in 1969. The estimated number of wheel type farm tractors sold in the 10 month period was 16,727 compared to 18,659 in 1969 .

Wholesale Trade; November 1970 (63-008, \$1.00 a year)
Preliminary estimates show that Canadian wholesale sales rose by $5.2 \%$ in November to $\$ 1,536,914,000$ from $\$ 1,461,032,000$ in November 1969. The largest increase occurred in grain (91.4\%). During the

During the year to date, sales increased by $3.6 \%$ to $\$ 17,155,124,000$ from $\$ 16,562,848,000$ a year earlier, the highest gain again in grain (55.1\%).

MANUFACTURING
Steel Ingots, Week ended January 16, 1971 - Advance information
Steel ingot production for the week ended January 16,1971 totalled 227,095 tons, an increase of $0.2 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 226,724 tons. The comparable week's total in 1970 was 229,332 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 123.9 in the current week, 123.7 a week earlier and 125.2 one year ago.

Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, November 1970 - Advance information
Roundwood produced in November 1970 increased by $10.9 \%$ to $1,596,589$ cunits from 1,439,726 cunits in November 1969. Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by $2.7 \%$ to $2,135,146$ cunits from $2,078,762$ cunits and the closing inventory of these two products increased by $5.8 \%$ to $11,111,993$ cunits from $10,505,202$. Receipts of wood residue increased by $9.2 \%$ to 595,630 cunits from 545,199 .

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, 10c/\$1.00).

Footwear Statistics, November 1970 - Advance information
November 1970 production of footwear of all types decreased to 4,528,774 pairs from 4,636,842 pairs in November 1969. January-throughNovember production decreased to $49,992,225$ pairs in 1970 from $54,093,164$ in 1969.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Footwear Statistics (33-002, 20c/\$2.00).

Motor Vehicle Shipments, November $1970(42-002,10 c / \$ 1.00)$
Canadian manufacturers shipped 82,586 motor vehicles in November, a decrease from the November 1969 shipments of 128,268 vehicles. Year-to-date shipments also declined to $1,114,871$ units from $1,247,182$.

Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, November 1970 - Advance information

Manufacturers' shipments in November were estimated at $\$ 3,794.1$ million. This was $3.8 \%$ less than the revised October value of $\$ 3,942.1$ million and $0.8 \%$ less than the $\$ 3,825.8$ million estimated in November last year. Shipments for the first eleven months of 1970 were estimated at $\$ 41,601.9$ million, $0.6 \%$ more than the $\$ 41,350.5$ million estimated for the same period in 1969. Shipments, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at $\$ 3,747.6$ million, $0.8 \%$ more than the revised October value of \$3,719.2 million.

Total inventory owned in November, estimated at $\$ 7,904.6$ million, was $0.3 \%$ more than the revised October estimate of $\$ 7,877.2$ inillion and $2.9 \%$ more than the November 1969 estimate of $\$ 7,682.1$ million. Total inventory held was estimated at $\$ 8,472.3$ million, up 0.4 \% from the revised October estimate of $\$ 8,435.6$ million. The value of raw materials increased by $0.8 \%$ and finished products by $0.4 \%$ goods in process decreased slightly.

The seasonally adjusted estimates of total inventory owned and total inventory held in November both increased $0.2 \%$ from the revised October estimates. The seasonally adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 2.12 in November and 2.13 in October. The seasonally adjusted ratio of finished products to shipments was 0.76 in November and 0.77 in October.

New orders in November were estimated at $\$ 3,720.3$ million, $4.2 \%$ lower than the revised October estimate of $\$ 3,885.2$ million and $4.4 \%$ below the November 1969 value of $\$ 3,890.3$ million. Unfilled orders, estimated at $\$ 4,212.6$ million, were down $1.7 \%$ from the revised October value of $\$ 4,286.4$ million and $1.7 \%$ from the November 1969 estimate of $\$ 4,286.3$ million.

The seasonally adjusted estimate of new orders in November, $\$ 3,689.5$ million, was $0.2 \%$ below the revised October value of $\$ 3,696.8$ million. Unfilled orders, seasonally adjusted, decreased $1.3 \%$ to $\$ 4,294.3$ million from the revised October estimate of $\$ 4,352.4$.

The total value of manufacturers' shipments in November decreased $3.8 \%$ from the revised October value. All provinces except Alberta showed decreases ranging from $14.4 \%$ in Newfoundland to $2.8 \%$ in Nova Scotia. Alberta had the only increase ( $0.3 \%$ ). All provinces had year-to-date increases except British Columbia where a decrease resulted from strikes in the wood and paper and allied industries earlier in the year.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 30 ( $/ \$ 3.00$ ).

## Estimated Values of Shipments, Inventories and Orders

Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

| Nov. 1970 Preliminary | Oct. 1970 <br> Revised | $\begin{gathered} \text { September } \\ 1970 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | November $1969$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| 3,794.1 | 3,942.1 | 4,014.4 | 3,825,8 |
| 3,720.3 | 3,885.2 | 3,937.9 | 3,890.3 |
| 2,079.1 | 2,152.3 | 2,169.2 | 2,015.2 |
| 1,641.1 | 1,732.9 | 1,768.6 | 1,875.0 |
| 4,212.6 | 4,286.4 | 4,343.4 | 4,286.3 |
| 580.0 | 579.2 | 590.9 | 585.1 |
| 3,632.7 | 3,707.2 | 3,752.5 | 3,701.2 |
| 7,904.6 | 7,877.2 | 7,897.8 | 7,682.1 |
| 8,472.3 | 8,435.6 | 8,450.5 | 8,183.1 |
| 3,296.3 | 3,269.6 | 3,254.4 | 3,223.3 |
| 2,371.6 | 2,372.3 | 2,399.5 | 2,283.8 |
| 2,804.4 | 2,793.8 | 2,796.6 | 2,676.0 |

Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

| Nov. 1970 Preliminary | Oct. 1970 Revised | September 1970 | November $1969$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| 3,747.6 | 3,719.2 | 3,783.9 | 3,787.3 |
| 3,689.5 | 3,696.8 | 3,754.1 | 3,859.2 |
| 2,069.0 | 2,021.7 | 2,039.8 | 2,016.7 |
| 1,620.5 | 1,675.1 | 1,714.3 | 1,842.5 |
| 4,294.3 | 4,352.4 | 4,374.8 | 4,362.5 |
| 603.0 | 592.7 | 589.1 | 604.5 |
| 3,691.3 | 3.759 .7 | 3,785.7 | 3,758.0 |
| $7,930.6$ | 7,914.4 | 7,950.9 | 7,710.9 |
| 8,518.9 | 8,500.9 | 8,499.6 | 8,222.5 |
| 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 2.04 |
| 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.75 | 0.72 |

NOTE Figures may not add due to rounding.

## Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin



* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
(p) Preliminary.
(r) Revised.


## Census of Manufactures, 1969 - Advance information

Fur Dressing and Dyeing Industry (S.I.C. 395)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 18 | 19 | 18 | - 5.3 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 573 | 588 | 603 | + 2.6 |
| Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . . '000 | 1,192 | 1,154 | 1,204 | $+4.3$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 2,916 | 3,453 | 3,571 | $+3.4$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 1,189 | 1,651 | 1,933 | $+17.1$ |
| Value of shipments .......... \$'000 | 6,510 | 7,671 | 8,206 | $+7.0$ |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 5,126 | 5,891 | 6,188 | $+5.0$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............. No. | 662 | 699 | 704 | $+0.7$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 3,670 | 4,464 | 4,671 | $+4.6$ |
| Total value added ........... ${ }^{1} 000$ | 5,120 | 5,911 | 6,201 | + 4.9 |

p Preliminary.

Primary Iron and Steel, November 1970 - Advance information Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products

Monthly Shipments

|  | Monthly Shipments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic | Export | Total |
|  |  | of 2,000 pounds |  |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes . | 25,448 | 15,007 | 40,455 |
|  | 26,178 | 158 | 26,337 |
| Wire rods | 44,042 | 11,102 | 55,144 |
| Structural shapes: |  |  |  |
| Heavy ......... | 49,772 | 2,481 | 52,253 |
| Bar-sized shapes | 13,880 | 726 | 14,606 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars ....... | 57,301 | 133 | 57,434 |
| Other hot rolled bars: |  |  |  |
| Flats ............................................................................. <br>  | 62,341** | 7,069** | 69,410** |
| Tie plates and track material ... | 493 | 4 | 497 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | 75,374 | 10,567 | 85,941 |
| Hot rolled sheets .............. | 102,758 | 13,879 | 116,637 |
| Hot rolled strip............... | 27,492 | 256 | 27,748 |
| Cold finished bars | 4,821 | 249 | 5,070 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated |  |  |  |
| (excluding tin) .............. | 113,401 | 28,075*** | 141,476 |
|  | 46,961 | 8,432 | 55,393 |
| Total ......................... | 650,262 | 98,139 | 748,401 |

* Producers' shipments excluding producers' interchange.
** Separate breakdown not available.
***Includes 1,103 tons exported for conversion and return.
Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Primary Iron and Steel, (41-001, 30c/\$3.00).

Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, December 1970 (42-001, 10c/\$1.00)

Preliminary figures indicate that Canadian manufacturers produced 72,929 vehicles in December, compared with 109,654 in December 1969. Total 1970 shipments were $1,192,062$ units $(1,352,899$ for the year 1969).

Iron Ore, November 1970 (26-005, 10ç/\$l.00)
Producers' shipments of iron ore in November decreased to $4,651,575$ tons from $4,766,135$ a year earlier. This brought the year-to-date shipments to $49,472,638$ tons, up from $35,162,963$ in the 1969 period.

Phonograph Records and Pre-Recurded Iapes, November 1970 - Advance information

Canadian manufacturers produced $4,908,327$ phonograph records in November compared to $4,357,867$ in November 1969. This brought the year to date production to $39,483,369$ records $(43,626,614$ in 1969).

Net shipments were $4,961,239$ in November ( $4,023,802$ a year earlier) and $35,707,152$ in the year to date $(37,051,749$ in 1969).

In November, 393,570 pre-recorded tapes were produced.
Further information will be contained in Special Statament 6507747.

Qil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, November 1970 (41-008, 10c/\$1.00)

There were 9,155 oil burners shipped in November, compared with 9,480 in November 1969. This brought the year-to-date total to 76,240 , down from 78,494 in the same period a year earlier.

Shipments of oll-fired water heaters rose to 3,441 in November from 2,625 in November 1969 bringing the year-to-date total to 39,407 (29,669 in 1969).

Asphalt Roofing, November 1970 (45-001, 10ç/\$1.00)
Canadian manufacturers shipped 300,630 roof squares of asphalt shingles of 210 pounds and over in November, compared with 238,155 squares in November 1969. This brought the year-to-date total to $3,718,180$ squares, down from $3,759,594$ a year earlier. Shipments of shingles of less than 210 pounds decreased to 9,379 squares in November from 10,003 in November 1969, bringing the eleven-month total to 128,438 squares, down from 151,334 a year earlier.

Rigid Insulating Board, November 1970 (36-002, $10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
November 1970 shipments of wood fibre rigid insulating board decreased to $50,888,756$ square feet ( $1 / 2$ inch basis) from $50,998,977$ square feet in November a year earlier. Year-to-date shipments also declined to $474,600,427$ square feet from $533,593,391$ in the same period af 1969.
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Farage Seed Keport, November 1970 - Advance information
Farage Seed Report, November foported by major seed processing fimm in Canada for November 1970. C indicates crmmercial seed, $P$ indicates pedigreed and OECD seeds.

(1) Indicates less than 3 firms reporting.

# Grain Milling Statistıcs, November 1970 (32-003, $\$ 1.00$ a year) 

Canadian mills produced $3,083,000$ hundredweight of wheat flour in November 1970. This was a decrease of $6 \%$ from the October 1970 output of $3,282,000$ hundredweight, $15 \%$ from the ten-year (1960-69) average November production of $3,618,000$ hundredweight and $6 \%$ from the November 1969 total of $3,268,000$ hundredweight. Production of wheat flour during the August-November period of the current crop year amounted to $13,327,000$ hundredweight, $1 \%$ less than the $13,473,000$ hundredweight produced during the same four manths of the previous crop year and $4 \%$ less than the ten-year average for the same period.

Dairy Factory Production, December 1970 (32-002, 10ç/\$1.00)
Production of cremery butter fell by $13 \%$ in December to $16,548,000$ pounds from 19,066,000 pounds in December 1969. Cheddar cheese production increased by $7 \%$ to $10,415,000$ pounds from $9,718,000$ and production of ice cream mix rose by $0.2 \%$ to $1,835,000$ gallons from 1,832,000.

Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, January 1, 1971 (32-009, 20c/\$2.00)

Cold storage holdings of creamery butter increased $0.3 \%$ on lanuary 1 to $90,294,000$ pounds from $90,010,000$ pounds on January 1, 1970. Stocks of cheddar cheese were down $25,8 \%$ to $60,041,000$ pounds this year from $80,866,000$ pounds while skim milk powder stocks decreased $44.2 \%$ to $85,696,000$ pounds from $153,594,000$ pounds on January 1, 1970. Evaporated whole milk stocks were down $32.5 \%$ to $29,083,000$ pounds from $43,070,000$.

Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, January 1, 1971 (32-012, 30c/ $\$ 3.00$ )
Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first business day of January 1971 amounted to $93,351,000$ pounds as compared with $95,646,000$ pounds last month and $84,713,000$ a year ago.

The out-of-storage movement for December 1970 was 2.3 million pounds as compared with an opposite movement of 4.4 million pounds last year.

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, January 1, 1971 (32-010, 20c/\$2.00)
Stocks of fruit, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on January 1,1971 totalled $52,218,000$ pounds compared with last year's corresponding total of $57,255,000$ pounds. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled $109,822,000$ pounds (102,697,000 pounds in 1970).

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, November 1970 (62-003, 10c/\$1.00)

The index of farm prices $(1961=100)$ of agricultural products was 110.5 in November, 0.2 percentage points more than the revised October index of 110.3 , but 4.2 points lower than in November 1969. The OctoberNovember decrease for hogs was almost equal to the combined increase for cattle and poultry, resulting in the small change between the October and November indexes.

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Summarized in the Weekly earlier
Health Manpower in Hospitals - Social Workers, 1961-68 (83-515, 50c)
Health Manpower in Hospitals - Laboratory Technicians, 1961-68 (83-509, 50¢)
The Labour Force, December 1970 ( $71-001,20 c / \$ 2.00$ )
Corporation Financial Statistics, 1968 ( $61-207,75 c$ )
Building Permits, October 1970 ( $64-001,30 c / \$ 3.00$ )
Credit Statistics, October 1970 ( 6 l -004, 20c/\$2.00)
Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, July-September 1970 (21-003, \$4.00 a year)
Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawnills in British Columbia, October $1970(35-003,20 c / \$ 2.00)$
Mineral Wool, November 1970 (44-004, $10 \mathrm{c} / \$ 1.00$ )
Asphalt and Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tile, November 1970 (47-001, 10c/\$1.00)
Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, October 1970 (32-004, 20c/\$2.00)
Abrasives Manufacturers, 1969 (44-202, 50c )
Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, $1968(46-219,50 c)$
Other Chemical Industries, N.E.S., 1968 ( $46-216,50$ c $)$
Petroleum Refineries, 1968 ( $45-205$, 50c )
Corporation Taxation Statistics, 1968 ( $61-208,75$ c)
Air Passenger Origin and Destination, 1969, Canada. United States Report (51-205, \$4.50)
Air Carrier Operations in Canada, April-June 1970 (51-002, \$1.00/\$4.00)
Import Commodity Classification, Vol. I (12-524, \$5.00)
Battery Manufacturers, 1969 (43-208, 25c)
Gas Utilities, October $1970(55-002,20 c / \$ 2.00)$
New Motor Vehicle Sales, November 1970 ( $63-007,20 c / \$ 2.00$ )
Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, Third Quarter 1970 (61-006, $75 c / \$ 3.00$ )
Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, January-March 1970 (53-001, 75c/\$3.00)
Canadian Forestry Statistics, 1968 (25-202, 50c)
Railway Carlaadings, November 1970 (52-001, 20</\$2.00)
Railway Transport, 1969 (Freight Carried by Princial Commodity Classes) (52-211, \$1.50)
Shipping Statistics, October 1970 (54-002, 20c/\$2.00)
Salt, November 1970 ( $26-009,10 \mathrm{C} / \$ 1.00$ )
Steel Ingots and Pig Irnn, December 1970 (41-002, 10¢/\$1.00)
Coal and Coke Statistics, October 1970 ( $45-002,20 c / \$ 2.00$ )
Third Estimate of the Commercial Production of Fruits, 1970 (22-003, $\$ 1.00$ for 1970 series)
Gypsum Products, November 1970 (44-003, 10c/\$1.00)

Trade of Canada - Sumary of Foreign Trade, November 1970 (65-001, 10c/\$1.00) Urban Transit, November $1970(53-003,10 c / \$ 1.00)$
Passenger Bus Statistics, November 1970 ( $53-002,10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, October 1970 (43-003, 10c/\$1.00) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, November 1970 (41-00(1), 10c/\$1.00) Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, November 1970 (33-001, 10c/\$1.00) Service Bulletins: Stocks of Canned Fruits and Vegetables Held by Canners, by Geographical Areas, November 1970;
Pack of Processed Corn, 1970;
lack of Processed Peaches, 1970;
Pack of Canned Tomatoes and Tomato Juice, 1970;
lack of Fruits and Vegetables as Reported up to the End of November 1970;
Pack of Processed Plums, 1970;
Knergy Statistics: Vol. 6, No. 1: Fossil Fuel Production and Value, 1969-70

Vol. 6, No. 2: Crude Oil Requirements, 1970-71 (57-002, \$5.00 a year)
Preliminary Bulletins, 1969 Annual Census of Manufactures; Motor Vehicle Manufacturers (42-209-P); Lime Manufacturers (44-209-1); Candle Manufacturers (47-205-P); Railroad Rolling Stock Industry (42-211-P); Clock and Watch Manufacturers (47-206-1); Hair Goods Manufacturers (47-205-P); Automobile Fabric Accessory Manufacturers (34-210-P); Broom, Brush and Mop Industry (47-201-P, $\$ 3.50$ for annual series on manufacturing industries)

