Friday, March 26, 1971

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EXTERNAL TRADE
Canada's Eoreign Trade by Stage of Eabrication. By Quarters. 1968-1970
The following table shows quarterly values and percentage shares of Canada"s commodity exports and imports by stage of fabrication for the period 1968 to 1970. Annual figures from 1964 to 1970 were published earlier in the DBS Daily for March 4, 1971.

Because of the inherently erratic nature of the percentage series on a monthly basis, current information will be issued only quarterly in the future in the DBS Daily.

| Year |  | Domestic Exports |  |  |  | Imports |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Crude Materials | Fabricated Materials | End Products | Total | Crude Materials | ```Fabri- cated Materials``` | Fnd <br> Products |
| 1968: | First Q. | 2,944 | 692 | 1,167 | 1,085 | 2,810 | 358 | 580 | 1,872 |
|  | \% |  | 23.5 | 39.6 | 36.9 |  | 12.7 | 20.7 | 66.6 |
|  | Second Q. | 3,436 | 956 | 1,325 | 1,156 | 3,201 | 435 | 672 | 2,094 |
|  | \% |  | 27.8 | 38.6 | 33.6 |  | 13.6 | 21.0 | 65.4 |
|  | Third Q. | 3,265 | 992 | 1,247 | 1,026 | 2,884 | 422 | 652 | 1,809 |
|  | \% |  | 30.4 | 38.2 | 31.4 |  | 14.6 | 22.6 | 62.8 |
|  | Fourth Q. | 3,625 | 901 | 1,289 | 1,435 | 3,463 | 450 | 740 | 2,273 |
|  | \% |  | 24.8 | 35.6 | 39.6 |  | 13.0 | 21.4 | 65.6 |
|  | Year 1968 | 13,270 | 3,540 | 5,028 | 4,702 | 12,358 | 1,666 | 2,644 | 8,048 |
|  | \% |  | 26.7 | 37.9 | 35.4 |  | 13.5 | 21.4 | 65.1 |
| 1969: | First Q. | 3,387 | 746 | 1,296 | 1,345 | 3,241 | 348 | 681 | 2,213 |
|  | \% |  | 22.0 | 38.3 | 39.7 |  | 10.7 | 21.0 | 68.3 |
|  | Second Q . | 3,723 | 849 | 1,405 | 1,469 | 3,789 | 443 | 814 | 2,529 |
|  | \% |  | 22.8 | 37.7 | 39.5 |  | 11.7 | 21.5 | 66.8 |
|  | Third Q. | 3,454 | 856 | 1,286 | 1,312 | 3,337 | 44.4 | 770 | 2,123 |
|  | \% |  | 24.8 | 37.2 | 38.0 |  | 13.3 | 23.1 | 63.6 |
|  | Fourth Q. | 3,940 | 879 | 1,359 | 1,702 | 3,763 | $44 \%$ | 862 | 2,455 |
|  | \% |  | 22.3 | 34.5 | 43.2 |  | 11.3 | 22.9 | 65.2 |
|  | Year 1969 | 14,504 | 3,330 | 5,345 | 5,828 | 14,130 | 1,683 | 3,128 | 9,320 |
|  | \% |  | 23.0 | 36.8 | 40.2 |  | 11.9 | 22.1 | 66.0 |
| 1970: | First Q . | 3,859 | 907 | 1,463 | 1,490 | 3,333 | $38 \cdot$ | 706 | 2,243 |
|  | \% |  | 23.5 | 37.9 | 38.6 |  | 11.5 | 21.2 | 67.3 |
|  | Second Q. | 4,397 | 1,081 | 1,634 | 1,681 | 3,890 | 501 | 835 | 2,553 |
|  | \% |  | 24.6 | 37.2 | 38.2 |  | 12.9 | 21.5 | 65.6 |
|  | Third Q. | 3,956 | 1,180 | 1,465 | 1,311 | 3,346 | 449 | 760 | 2,137 |
|  | \% |  | 29.8 | 37.0 | 33.2 |  | 13.4 | 22.7 | 63.9 |
|  | Fourth Q. | 4,247 | 1,136 | 1,521 | 1,590 | 3,371 | 458 | 815 | 2,097 |
|  | \% |  | 26.8 | 35.8 | 37.4 |  | 13.6 | 24.2 | 62.2 |
|  | Year 1970 | 16,458 | 4,304 | 6,083 | 6,071 | 13,939 | 1,792 | $3,116$ | $9,031$ |
|  | \% |  | 26.1 | 37.0 | 36.9 |  | 12.9 | 22.3 | 64.8 |

[^0]EXTERNAL TRADE (concluded)

## Summary of Imports, January 1971 - Advance information <br> During January, Canada's imports decreased to a value of $\$ 1,024,701,000$ from $\$ 1,067,890,000$ in the same month of 1970 and $\$ 1,115,208,000$ in 1969.



Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Summary of Imports ( $65-005,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ ).

PRICES
Prices and Price Indexes (Security Price Indexes), Week ended March 18, 1971 - Advance information

| Index | Number stocks priced | Week ended |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Mar. $18 / 7$ | ar. 11/71 | Feb. $18 / 71$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials | 80 | 156.3 | 153.0 | 151.1 |
| Industrial mines | 4 | 160.4 | 137.3 | 152.9 |
| Foods | 10 | 140.9 | $1+1.1$ | 135.6 |
| Beverages | 7 | 189.3 | 187.0 | 186.5 |
| Textiles and clothing | 5 | 102.2 | 102.1 | 101.6 |
| Pulp and paper | 7 | 101.6 | 99.8 | 105.7 |
| Printing and publishing | 4 | 251.4 | 245.3 | 243.2 |
| Primary metals | 8 | 103.1 | 100.3 | 100.8 |
| Metal fabricating | 9 | 156.9 | 149.2 | 149.4 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 139.0 | 137.7 | 137.9 |
| Petroleum | 7 | 189.4 | 184.9 | 179.7 |
| Chemicals | 4 | 86.1 | 85.9 | 83.4 |
| Construction | 4 | 60.5 | 61.2 | 57.0 |
| Retail trade | 7 | 122.2 | 120.8 | 116.4 |
| Utilities | 20 | 149.9 | 147.9 | 147.1 |
| Pipelines | 5 | 167.8 | 161.5 | 161.3 |
| Transportation | 4 | 259.5 | 265.4 | 270.0 |
| Telephone | 3 | 99.0 | 97.9 | 95.4 |
| Electric power | 3 | 117.1 | 113.8 | 111.5 |
| Gas distribution | 5 | 223.7 | 219.6 | 219.4 |
| Finance | 14 | 133.7 | 131.7 | 124.7 |
| Banks | 6 | 153.9 | 152.0 | 142.3 |
| Investment and loan | 8 | 103.7 | 101.4 | 99.1 |
| Mining stock price index: | 24 | 118.6 | 112.9 | 112.3 |
| Golds Base metals |  | 111.9 | 109.4 | 113.4 |
|  |  | 123.4 | 113.8 | 112.7 |
| Uraniums price index ........... 4 |  | 175.5 | 172.0 | 171.8 |
| Primary oils and gas ......... 6 |  | 425.5 | 42\%.4 | 426.4 |

For further infomation, order publication $62-002,40 c / 54.00$.

Prices and Price Indexes (Price Indexes of Electric Utility Distribution Systems, Transmission Lines and Transformer Stations, Canada, 1970) Advance information

$r$ revised. $p$ preliminary. not yet available.
Revised 1969 and preliminary 1970 figures indicated that the total index of the prices of materials, labour and equipment used in construction of electric utility distribution systems increased to 129.0 from 120.3. That of transmission lines increased to 137.0 from 127.5 , while structures and improvements of transformer stations rose to 137.4 from 131.3.

Information on commodity indexes (except for power circuit breakers) is available on request and more complete details will be released in the DBS publication Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c/\$4.00) and in the Energy Statistics Service Bulletin (57-002, \$5.00 a year).

Prices and Price Indexes (Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities), February 1971 - Advance information

Between January and February, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city-combinations with the exception of Winnipeg whose index remained unchanged. The increases ranged from $0.2 \%$ in Montreal and Halifax to $0.9 \%$ in St. John's, Nfld. Food indexes registered advances in all cities except Winnipeg whose declined marginally. Transportation and recreation and reading indexes moved up in all cities, while the remaining components registered mixed movements across the country.

## St. John's

The all-items index advanced by $0.9 \%$ from January to a level of 121.6 which was $0.2 \%$ lower than a year earlier. An increase of $1.5 \%$ in the food index during the latest month reflected higher prices for beef, fresh produce, flour, bread and sugar. Increased fuel prices were mainly responsible for a $1.0 \%$ rise in the housing index, while the transportation component advanced by $1.7 \%$ in response to higher prices for new cars and increased automobile insurance rates. The clothing and the recreation and reading indexes each moved up by $0.2 \%$. Higher prices for most drugs and some toiletry items contributed to a rise of $0.5 \%$ in the health and personal care component, while the tobacco and alcohol index declined by $0.3 \%$ in response to lower prices for alcoholic beverages.

# CONSUMER PRICE INDEXES FOR REGIONAL CITIES OF CANADA 

(1)

FEBRUARI 1971
(Base $1961=100$ )
These indexes measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. (2)


> (1) A Thunder Bay consumer price index ( $1969=100$ ) is now available with explanatory notes, on request, from: Retail Prices Section, Prices Division.
> (2) For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13 of Prices and Price Indexes (DBS Catalogue $62-002$ ).
> (3) Includes shelter and household operation.

## Halifax

The Halifax consumer price index increased by $0.2 \%$ since January and by the same amount since February 1970. A rise of $0.2 \%$ in the food index was attributable to higher prices for restaurant meals and fresh produce items. Increased prices for men's suits and overcoats, and women's undergarments contributed to an advance of $0.4 \%$ in the clothing index, while the transportation component increased $0.7 \%$ in response to higher prices for some new automobiles. An advance of $1.8 \%$ in the recreation and reading index was attributable to higher cinema admission prices and to increased magazine subscription rates. Both the housing and the tobacco and alcohol components registered declines of $0.2 \%$; the former because of lower furniture prices, while the latter was attributable to lower prices for cigarettes. No change was registered in the health and personal care index in the latest month.

## Saint John

In February, the Saint John all-items index was $0.3 \%$ above its January level; but $0.2 \%$ below its February 1970 level. The food index moved up $0.3 \%$ in response to higher prices for poultry, eggs, bread, and canned fruits and vegetables. Increased prices for some new cars and higher automobile insurance rates contributed to an advance of $1.7 \%$ in the transportation index, while a $0.4 \%$ rise in the recreation and reading component reflected increased prices for camera film, including processing, and higher magazine subscription rates. The housing and the health and personal care indexes each moved up by $0.2 \%$, while the remaining components registered little or no change over the preceding month.

## Montreal

The consumer price index for Montreal moved up $0.2 \%$ in the latest month and stood $0.4 \%$ above its level of twelve months earlier. Higher prices for beef, poultry, bread and fresh produce contributed to a $0.8 \%$ increase in the food index. The housing index dipped $0.2 \%$ in response to lower prices for some home furnishings, while a decline of $0.7 \%$ in the clothing component was attributable to lower prices for men's suits and overcoats, women's hosiery, and men's and women's footwear. The transportation index increased by $1.0 \%$ in response to higher prices on certain new cars and increased automobile repair charges and insurance rates. The remaining indexes were virtually unchanged from the preceding month.

## Ottawa

The Ottawa consumer price index increased by $0.6 \%$ from the previous month to 128.3 in February; a level $1.4 \%$ above that of a year earlier. Higher quotations for beef cuts, poultry, fresh fruit, bread and milk were chiefly responsible for a $1.3 \%$ advance in the food index. The transportation component increased $2.9 \%$ in response to higher automobile operation costs, and taxi fares. A decline of $1.4 \%$ in the clothing index was attributable to lower prices for men's suits and overcoats, women's dresses and shoes. The remaining components registered virtually no change from the previous month.

## Toronto

The all-items index increased $0.4 \%$ since January to reach the same level as in February 1970 (127.2). An advance of $1.5 \%$ in the food index during the latest month reflected increased prices for some beef and pork cuts, poultry, fresh produce, milk, bread and other bakery products. Higher prices for automobile operation items resulted in a $1.0 \%$ increase in the transportation component, while higher household contents insurance rates and increased fuel oil prices contributed to a $0.2 \%$ rise in the housing index. The clothing index declined by $1.8 \%$ in response to lower prices for most items of men's apparel, women's dresses and hosiery, and some piece goods. Lower prices for many pharmaceutical and toiletry items contributed to a decrease of $0.4 \%$ in the health and personal care component. A rise of $0.2 \%$ in the recreation and reading index was attributable to increased magazine subscription rates and higher prices for camera film including processing. The tobacco and alcohol component edged up by $0.1 \%$ in response to higher cigarette prices.

## Winnipeg

In February 1971, the Winnipeg consumer price index was unchanged from its January level and stood $0.1 \%$ above its level of a year earlier. Both the housing

## P R I C E S (continued)

and the clothing indexes registered declines of $0.3 \%$; the former in response to lower prices for home furnishings and the latter mainly because of price decreases registered for men's suits and overcoats, women's dresses, and children's shoes. An advance of $1.1 \%$ in the transportation component was attributable to higher prices for some new cars and automobile repairs. The tobacco and alcohol index edged up $0.2 \%$, while the remaining components registered little or no movement since the previous month.

## Saskatoon-Regina

The all-items index rose by $0.3 \%$ since January. At its February 1971 level of 122.0 it was $0.1 \%$ below that for February 1970. The food index edged up by $0.2 \%$ in response to higher prices for beef, poultry, eggs, fresh vegetables and restaurant meals. An identical rise in the housing component was attributable to higher household contents insurance rates and increased fuel oil prices. Higher prices for some new cars and automobile repairs contributed to a $1.3 \%$ advance in the transportation index. The components for recreation and reading and for tobacco and alcohol each moved up by $0.2 \%$, while the indexes for clothing and for health and personal care remained unchanged.

## Edmonton-Calgary

The all-items index increased by $0.7 \%$ in February to reach a level $2.9 \%$ higher than a year previous. An advance of $1.1 \%$ in the food index reflected higher quotations for beef, turkey, fresh produce, eggs and restaurant meals. The housing component moved up by $0.2 \%$ in response to higher rents, while a similar rise in the clothing index was attributable to increased prices for men's overcoats and women's shoes. Some increased new car prices, and automobile operating costs contributed to a $2.0 \%$ advance in the transportation index. An increase of $0.8 \%$ in the recreation and reading component reflected higher prices for camera film and processing in Calgary and higher cinema admission prices in Edmonton. The indexes for health and personal care and for tobacco and alcohol moved up by $0.1 \%$ and $0.2 \%$ respectively.

## Vancouver

The Vancouver consumer price index increased by $0.8 \%$ in the latest month to a level $3.4 \%$ above that of a year earlier. Increased provincial taxes on tobacco products contributed to a $4.6 \%$ advance in the tobacco and alcohol index. Higher quotations for some beef cuts, poultry, fresh produce and canned vegetables contributed to a rise of $0.5 \%$ in the food index. The transportatbl component advanced by $2.3 \%$ in response to increased prices for new cars, gasoline, insurance and automobile repairs. An increase of $1.4 \%$ in the recreation and reading index was attributableto higher cinema admission prices and increased magazine subscription rates. The clothing index edged down by $0.2 \%$, while the remaining components were virtually unchanged since the preceding month.

Regional consumer price index point changes between January and February were as follows: St. John's +1.1 to 121.6 ; Vancouver +1.0 to 125.5; Edmonton-Calgary +0.9 to 127.3 ; Ottawa +0.8 to 128.3 ; Toronto +0.5 to 127.2 ; Saint John +0.4 to 123.0; Saskatoon-Regina +0.4 to 122.0; Montreal +0.3 to 124.7; Halifax +0.2 to 123.8; Winnipeg remained unchanged at 126.8 .

Index Numbers of Earm Prices of Agricultural Products, January 1971 (62-003, 10c/\$1.00)

The January index number of farm prices of agricultural products (1961= 100) for Canada remained unchanged from December at 109.1. The provinces, with the exception of Prince Edward Island and Manitoba, experienced changes of less than one percentage point between December 1970 and January 1971. The change in Prince Edward Island was the result of a large increase in the index for potatoes. For Canada as a whole, cattle and potatoes registered increases, while hogs, poultry and eggs showed decreases.

## FA L L URES

Commercial Failures Under the Provisions of the Bankruptcy and Winding Up Acts, Fourth Quarter and Year 1970 (61-002, 25c/\$1.00)

During 1970 the total number of business failures recorded under the provisions of the Bankruptcy and Winding Up Acts rose to 3,272 from 2,699 in 1969. The estimated total of defaulted liabilities increased from $\$ 211,105,000$ in 1969 to $\$ 255,884,000$ in 1970. Average liabilities per failure remained the same at $\$ 78,200$.

AGGREGATE PRODUCTIVITYTRENDS

Aggregate Productivity Trends, 1970 - Advance information
Preliminary data indicate that, in 1970, output per man-hour in the Canadian commercial industries increased by $3.1 \%$. Although this rate was higher than the 1969 increase, it did not reach the level of the average annual growth of the $1960^{\prime}$ s. In comparison, output per person employed grew by only $1.9 \%$ last year as average hours per week continued to decrease. In the commercial nonagricultural industries output per man-hour increased by $2.8 \%$ and output per person employed by $1.7 \%$.

Productivity in manufacturing lagged behing the industrial average in 1970. A $1.3 \%$ increase in output per man-hour and a $0.8 \%$ increase in output per person were lower than in any year during the past decade. In the nonmanufacturing component of the commercial industries, output per man-hour advanced by $3.5 \%$, while the increase of output per person was $2.3 \%$.

In the United States, preliminary data indicated that output per manhour increased by only $0.9 \%$ in the private economy in 1970 , and by $1.1 \%$ in the manufacturing sector.

For further information, order publication 14-201, 75c.
(see table on next page)

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A GGREGATE PRODUCTIVITY TRENDS (concluded) Preliminary 1970 Aggregate Productivity Estimates, Canada, 1969-70 (1961=100)

| Year | Indexes of |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Output | Persons employed | Man-hours | Output per person employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Output } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { man-hour } \end{gathered}$ |
| Commercial Industries |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 157.4 | 123.3 | 115.3 | 127.6 | 136.5 |
| 1970 | 161.2 | 124.0 | 114.6 | 130.0 | 140.7 |
| Per cent change | 2.4 | 0.6 | -0.6 | 1.9 | 3.1 |
| Agriculture |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 131.0 | 78.6 | 74.2 | 166.7 | 176.5 |
| 1970 | 124.1 | 75.1 | 70.1 | 165.2 | 177.0 |
| Per cent change | -5.3 | -4.5 | -5.5 | -0.9 | 0.3 |
| Commercial Nonagricultural Industries |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 158.8 | 130.8 | 124.5 | 121.4 | 127.5 |
| 1970 | 163.3 | 132.2 | 124.6 | 123.5 | 131.1 |
| Per cent change | 2.8 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 2.8 |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 168.4 | 124.1 | 122.2 | 135.6 | 137.8 |
| 1970 | 167.3 | 122.4 | 119.8 | 136.7 | 139.6 |
| Per cent change | -0.7 | -1.4 | -2.0 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| Nonmanufacturing Industries (Commercial Nonagricultural) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 154.5 | 134.2 | 125.6 | 115.1 | 123.0 |
| 1970 | 161.5 | 137.2 | 126.9 | 117.7 | 127.3 |
| Per cent change | 4.5 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 3.5 |

Commercial Goods-Producing Industries

| 1969 | 160.3 | 111.2 | 105.1 | 144.1 | 152.5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1970 | 161.9 | 109.2 | 102.5 | 148.3 | 158.0 |
| Per cent change | 1.0 | -1.8 | -2.5 | 2.9 | 3.6 |


| Commercial Nonagricultural Goods-Producing Industries |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 | 163.7 | 122.5 | 119.8 | 133.6 | 136.7 |
| 1970 | 166.3 | 121.0 | 117.9 | 137.4 | 141.1 |
| Per cent change | 1.6 | -1.2 | $-1.6$ | 2.8 | 3.2 |


| 1969 | 154.2 | 138.7 | 128.8 | 111.1 | 119.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 | 160.4 | 142.9 | 130.7 | 112.2 | 122.7 |
| Per cent change | 4.0 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 2.5 |

Railway Carloadings, Period ended March 7, $1971=$ Published only in the DBS Daily and Weekly

Railways in Canada reported a $3.6 \%$ decrease in tonnage of revenue freight loaded during the week ended March 7. Actual volume loaded totalled $3,527,251$ tons compared with $3,660,054$ tons in the same period of March 1970. The number of cars loaded decreased $5.8 \%$ to 67,930.

In Eastern Canada tonnage decreased $12.0 \%$ to 2,040,495, while volume West of the Lakehead increased $10.7 \%$ to $1,486,756$ tons.

Piggyback traffic declined $1.0 \%$ to 84,644 tons from 85,535 in the year earlier period.

Year-to-date total freight loadings declined $2.9 \%$ to $32,054,764$ tons as compared with $32,996,274$ tons in the same period of 1970 .

The number of cars loaded decreased by $3.4 \%$ to 622,682 cars.
In Eastern Canada loadings declined $9.6 \%$ to $18,837,065$ tons. Volume west of the Lakehead rose $8.8 \%$ to $13,217,699$ tons.

Piggyback traffic rose $9.5 \%$ to 788,929 tons from 720,433 tons in the year earlier period.

Railway Carloadings of Revenue Freight in Canada

|  |  | Year | East | West | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7-day Period |  |  |  |  |  |
| ending March 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| All traffic | - tons | 1971 | 2,040,495 | 1,486,756 | 3,527,251 |
| All traffic | - tons | 1970 | 2,317,595 | 1,342,459 | 3,660,054* |
| All traffic | cars | 1971 | 39,823 | 28,107 | 67,930 |
| All traffic | - cars | 1970 | 45,774 | 26,316 | 72,090* |
| Piggyback traffic | - tons | 1971 | 46,192 | 38,452 | 84,644 |
| Piggyback traffic | - tons | 1970 | 57,090 | 28,445 | 85,535* |
| Piggyback traffic | - cars | 1971 | 2,325 | 1,739 | 4,064 |
| Piggyback traffic | - cars | 1970 | 2,994 | 1,401 | 4,395* |


| Year-to-Date |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All traffic | - tons | 1971 | $18,837,065$ | $13,217,699$ | $32,054,764 \star \star$ |
| All traffic | - tons | 1970 | $20,848,925$ | $12,147,349$ | $32,996,274 *$ |
| All traffic | - cars | 1971 | 370,680 | 252,002 | $622,682 \star *$ |
| All traffic | - cars | 1970 | 406,528 | 237,947 | $644,475 *$ |
| Piggyback traffic | - tons | 1971 | 480,867 | 308,062 | 788,929 |
| Piggyback traffic - tons | 1970 | 461,326 | 259,107 | $720,433 \star$ |  |
| Piggyback traffic - cars | 1971 | 24,391 | 14,035 | 38,426 |  |
| Piggyback traffic - cars 1970 | 25,215 | 12,569 | $37,784 \star$ |  |  |

夫 Revised.
** Includes retroactive adjustments in respect of prior periods.
Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20¢/\$2.00).

Consumer Credit, January 1971 - Advance information
A significant change has been made in the preparation of figures for instalment financing of both consumer goods and large personal cash loans. Beginning with the January 1971 figures, these outstanding balances do not include unearned income, and are not directly comparable to the corresponding 1970 figures. Examination of reports for December 1970 showed that elimination of unearned income reduced outstandings of instalment financing by $13.5 \%$ and of large loans by $16.5 \%$

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January } \\ & 1970 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { January } \\ 1971 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { change } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Selected Credit Holders (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| (reporting monthly) |  |  |  |
| Sales finance and consumer |  |  |  |
| loan companies: |  |  |  |
| Instalment financing: |  |  |  |
| Personal cash loans (small) | 584 | 512 | - 12.3 |
| Personal cash loans (over $\$ 1,500$ ) | 1,070 | 969 | - 9.4** |
| Chartered banks (personal loans): |  |  |  |
| Fully-secured* . | 558 | 589 | + 5.6 |
| Home improvement* | 59 | 51 | - 13.6 |
| Other unsecured | 4,167 | 4,655 | + 11.7 |
| Quebec savings banks loans | 24 | 22 | 8.3 |
| Life-insurance companies (policy |  |  |  |
| loans) | 666 | 749 | $+12.5$ |
| Department stores ................. | 646 | 662 | + 2.5 |
| Furniture and appliance stores: |  |  |  |
| Instalment credit ............ | 171 | 167 | - 2.3 |
| Charge accounts | 36 | 35 | - 2.8 |
| Motor vehicle dealers (instalment |  |  |  |
| credit only) ..................... | 16 | 14 | -12.5 |
| Sub-total of monthly reporters ... | $(9,231)$ | $(9,374)$ | (+ 1.5) |
| Sub-total: consumer credit ....... | 8,614 | 8,734 | $+1.4$ |
| Other Credit Holders $\quad$ 4th Qr./69 4th Qr./ |  |  |  |
| (reporting quarterly) |  |  |  |
| Other retail dealers: |  |  |  |
| Instalment credit ................. | 104 | 103 | - 1.0 |
| Charge accounts . . | 388 | 401 | + 3.4 |
| Oil companies (credit cards) ...... | 153 | 186 | $+21.6$ |
| Credit unions and caisses populaires | 1,401 | . | .. |
| Sub-total of quarterly reporters. | 2,046 | - | . |
| Total Consumer Credit ............ | 10,856 | - |  |

* These outstanding balances not included in consumer credit totals.
** Altered by elimination of unearned income from 1971 figures.
. Figures not available.
Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Consumer Credit (61-004, 20c/\$2.00).

Provincial Government Finance, 1968-1969 - Advance information
The gross general revenu of provincial and territorial governments rose to $\$ 10,130 \mathrm{milli}$ on and expenditure to $\$ 10,331 \mathrm{million}$ in 1968-69. These amounts represent increases of $17.9 \%$ and $14.3 \%$ over the corresponding figures of the previous year. The following tables show how the main sources of provincial revenue and the main functions of provincial expenditure have grown from 1967-68 to 1968-69.

Gross General Revenue

| Source | 1967-68 | 1968-69 | Increase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (\$ $\left.{ }^{\prime} 000\right)$ | (\$1000) | (\%) |
| Personal Income Tax | 1,461,957 | 1,764,302 | 20.7 |
| Corporation Income Tax | 596,020 | 690,326 | 15.8 |
| Sales Taxes | 2,233,801 | 2,585,368 | 15.7 |
| Other Tax Revenues | 482,063 | 627,905 | 30.3 |
| Non-Tax Revenues from Own Sources | 1,686,084 | 2,085,344 | 23.7 |
| Transfers from Other Levels of |  |  |  |
| Government | 2,133,610 | 2,376,738 | 11.4 |
| Total | 8,593,535 | 10,129,983 | 17.9 |

Gross General Expenditure

| Function | 1967-68 | 1968-69 | Increase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (\$ $\left.{ }^{\prime} 000\right)$ | (\$'000) | (\%) |
| Education | 2,731,173 | 3,068,276 | 12.3 |
| Health | 2,140,593 | 2,502,861 | 16.9 |
| Social Welfare | 883,480 | 1,031,326 | 16.7 |
| Transport and Communications | 1,298,137 | 1,304,825 | 0.5 |
| Debt Charges (excluding retirements) | 387,259 | 566,188 | 46.2 |
| Others ........ | 1,595,242 | 1,857,563 | 16.4 |
| Total | 9,035,884 | 10,331,039 | 14.3 |

The publication also contains for the first time a full crossclassification of gross general revenue and expenditure to current revenue and expenditure as established for purposes of National Income and Expenditure Accounts (catalogue number 13-001); this crossclassification is done for each province and territory as well as on an all-Canada basis. The results of the cross-classification are reconciled at the all-Canada level with the pertinent series appearing in the above publication.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Provincial Government Finance - Revenue and Expenditure (68-207, \$1.00).

ENERGY

Oil Pipe Line Transport, January 1971 - Advance information
Canadian oil pipe lines received $2,310,300 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{D}$ of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products during January, an increase of $2.5 \%$ from 2,254,000 B/D in January 1970. They received 1,858,800 B/D of domestic oils (up $2.7 \%$ ) and $451,500 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{D}$ of imported oils (up $1.7 \%$ ). Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Oil Pipe Line Transport (55-001, 20¢/\$2.00).

Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, January 1971 - Advance information

The unadjusted advance estimate of employees in non-agricultural industries decreased from December 1970 to January 1971, but was higher than in January 1970. All industry divisions showed lower employment this month except manufacturing which increased. Employment declined in all provinces.

The seasonally-adjusted January advance estimate rose from last month. All industry divisions reported increases except mines, quarries and oil wells and public administration and defence, which declined. Employment was higher in all provinces except Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia where decreases occurred.

The December unadjusted preliminary estimate of $6,568,700$ employees in non-agricultural industries was $2.3 \%$ ( 153,500 employees) lower than the November total of $6,722,200$ employees. Decreases were recorded in all industry divisions except public administration and defence which showed very little change from November. The largest relative declines occurred in forestry, $18.8 \%$ ( 12,200 employees), in construction, $18.5 \%(71,100$ employees), in manufacturing, $1.6 \%$ ( 25,800 employees), and in community, business and personal services, $1.3 \%$ ( 24,600 employees). The decreases. were largely due to unpaid absences and layoffs associated with the yearend holidays. All provinces recorded lower employment.

Employment was $0.4 \%$ ( 24,500 employees) higher than in December 1969. The largest gain was $4.2 \%(76,400$ employees) in community, business and personal services. Decreases of $12.9 \%$ (7,800 employees) in forestry, and $8.4 \%(28,500$ employees) in construction reflected greater than seasonal layoffs this year, partially the result of very inclement weather. Higher employment was recorded in all provinces except Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia where decreases occurred.

The December estimate seasonally adjusted was $0.5 \%$ higher than in November. Most industry divisions showed gains; the $1.5 \%$ rise in manufacturing was mainly due to the settlement of the industrial dispute in motor vehicle manufacturing. Decreases were reported in forestry (5.2\%); in construction ( $2.7 \%$ ); and in trade ( $1.1 \%$ ). Community, business and personal services remained virtually unchanged. Increases occurred in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and in British Columbia. With the exception of Nova Scotia which remained unchanged, the other provinces recorded declines.

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry (72-008, 10c/\$1.00).
(see table on next page)


The Labour Force, Week ended February 20, 1971 - Advance information
There was little change in the unemployment situation between January and February 1971. The seasonally-adjusted rate of unemployment was unchanged at $6.2 \%$ while the unadjusted rate rose fractionally from 8.0 to 8.1 . A very slight and somewhat smaller-than-usual increase in the number of persons unemployed occurred between January and February bringing the total to 675,000. A slight and about average increase in employment over the same period resulted in a total of $7,677,000$ in February.

Estimates (not adjusted for seasonality)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { January } \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } \\ 1970 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labour Force (000's) | 8,352 | 8,336 | 8,031 |
| Employed ( $000{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ ) | 7,677 | 7,668 | 7,505 |
| Unemployed ( $000{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ ) | 675 | 66.3 | 526 |
| Unemployment Rate (Unemployed as a percentage of Labour Force) | 8.1 | 8.0 | 6.5 |

Between February 1970 and February 1971, the labour force expanded considerably by 321,000 or $4.0 \%$. This was comprised of year-to-year increases of $172,000(2.3 \%)$ in the number of people employed and of 149,000 in the number of unemployed.

## INCOME DISTRIBUTIONS

Income Distributions by Size in Canada, 1969 - Preliminary Estimates (13-542, 50ç)

Between 1967 and 1969, the average income of families (two or more persons living together and related by blood, marriage or adoption) is estimated to have increased by about $17 \%$ to $\$ 8,876$. The average income of unattached individuals (persons living by themselves or rooming in a household with no relationship with other household members) increased by about $23 \%$ to $\$ 4,003$ during the same period. A part of these increases however, was absorbed by the substantial rise in the consumer price index over the two years. The above changes in incomes are indicated by the preliminary estimates prepared from the 1970 survey of consumer finance which sampled some 12,000 households across Canada.

Average incomes in Ontario were highest while those in the Atlantic Provinces were lowest in Canada; however average family income in these provinces increased at a slightly faster rate. Units headed by males gained $18 \%$ and those headed by females $11 \%$.

A significant shift in the distribution of incomes is also indicated by the fact that the number of families receiving less than $\$ 5,000$ dropped from $29.7 \%$ in 1967 to $24.7 \%$ in 1969 and of those receiving $\$ 10,000$ or more increased from $22.6 \%$ in 1967 to $33.1 \%$ in 1969. A similar shift occurred in the incomes of unattached individuals.

The preliminary estimates also include some analysis of low income families and unattached individuals. Using the low income cut-offs, adopted by the Economic Council in its Fifth Annual Review and adjusted for the rise in the Consumer Price Index, the preliminary estimates indicate that the incidence of low incomes among families dropped from $18.6 \%$ in 1967 to $17.3 \%$ in 1969 and that of unattached individuals from $39.0 \%$ to $35.5 \%$ in the same two years.
(see table on next page)

Income Group


Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, January 1971 (26-(108, $10 \mathrm{c} / \$ 1.00$ )
January production of silver decreased ta $3,419,068$ troy ounces from $3,796,744$ troy ounces in January 1970 ; refined production of primary lead also decreased to 15,029 tons from 18,781 a year earlier. Refined production of primary zinc declined to 35,778 tons from 39,740.

Copper and Nickel Production, January 1971 (26-003, 10c/\$1.00)
January production of primary copper increased to 56,710 tons from 49,349 tons in January 1970; nickel production, on the other hand, declined to 22,284 tons from 25,403 a year earlier.

Gold Production, January 1971 (26-004, 10c/\$1.00)
The value of gold production in January, calculated at the average price paid by the Roayl Canadian Mint, was $\$ 6,855,712$. Production dropped to 193,630 troy ounces from the revised figure of 214,396 a year earlier.

MERCHANDISING

Wholesale Trade, January 1971 (63-008, \$1.00 a year)
Preliminary estimates show that wholesale trade fell by $3.2 \%$ in January to $\$ 1,233,543,000$ from $\$ 1,274,712,000$ in January 1970 . The largest drop was reported in farm machinery (33.5\%).

Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1971 ( $63-009$, \$1.00 a year)
Farm implement and equipment sales were estimated to have irisen 21.7\% to $\$ 13,703,000$ in January from $\$ 11,258,000$ in January 1970. The value of repair parts (included in the above total) rose by $14.5 \%$ to $\$ 4,853,000$ in January 1971 from $\$ 4,237,000$ a year earlier.

Retail Trade, January 1971 - Advance information
January retail sales decreased by $2.6 \%$ from January 1970 to $\$ 2,081,822,000$. The sharpest decrease occurred in sales of motor vehicle dealers ( $-16.0 \%$ ) followed by shoe stores ( $-9.0 \%$ ). All provinces with the exception of New Brunswick (which gained 2.8\%) registered decreased sales ranging from $5.7 \%$ in Newfoundland to $2.0 \%$ in Ontario.

The only sales increases occurred in service stations and garages (3.3\%); department stores ( $2.7 \%$ ); furniture, T.V., radio and appliance stores ( $2.3 \%$ ) ; and fuel dealers ( $2.2 \%$ ).

The $16.0 \%$ drop in January in sales of motor vehicle dealers marks the 15 th successive month in which sales declined compared to the same month of the previous years. The overall decrease for the year ending December 1970 over the previous year was $-12.0 \%$.

## MERCHANDIS I N G (concluded)

The sales estimates shown have been adjusted on the basis of the 1966 Census of Merchandising results. The revised monthly estimates for 1970 are contained in a special supplement in the January issue of Retail Trade (63-005, 30c/\$3.00).

Department Store Sales and Stocks, January 1971 - Advance information
Department stores registered sales of $\$ 183,360,000$ during January 1971, an increase of $2.7 \%$ from the $\$ 178,462,000$ in January 1970 ,

Sales increased in 13 departments and fell in 23. Highest increases were in women's and misses's sportwear ( $20.3 \%$ ), followed by T.V., radio and music ( $8.2 \%$ ) and stationary, books and magazines ( $8.0 \%$ ). Provinces showing the largest growth were New Brunswick ( $21.6 \%$ ) and Nova Scotia ( $12.3 \%$ ).

Sharpest declines were reported in millinery ( $24.2 \%$ ) and women's and girl's hosiery ( $23.1 \%$ ) and in the provinces of Prince Edward Island ( $8.9 \%$ ) and British Columbia ( $6.0 \%$ ) .

The selling value of stocks held in January 1971 was $\$ 651,045,000$, up 8.0\% from January 1970. Inventory increases were led by lamps, pictures, mirrors and all other home furnishings (31.6\%) and toiletries, cosmetics and drugs ( $25.0 \%$ ). Sharpest declines were recorded in millinery ( $46.5 \%$ ) and furs ( $13.1 \%$ ).

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, 20c/\$2.00).

## MANUFACTURING

Steel Ingots, Week ended March 20, 1971 - Advance information
Steel ingot production for the week ended March 20, totalled 212,884 tons, an increase of $0.8 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 211,237 tons. The comparable week's total in 1970 was 238,582 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 116.2 in the current week, 115.3 a week earlier and 130.2 one year ago.

Particle Board, January 1971 (36-003, 10c/\$1.00)
Canadian manufacturers produced $13,625,000$ square feet of particle board ( $5 / 8$ inch basis) compared with $13,670,000$ square feet in January 1970.

Iron Castlngs and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, January 1971 (41-004, 10c/(\$1.00)

Canadian producers shipped 49,487 tons of iron castings, pipe and fittings in January, down from 53,776 tons a year earlier.

Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, January 1971 - Advance information Canadian firms sold 29,019 refrigerators in Canada compared to 27,100 in 1970; 72 were sold for export ( 503 in 1970) and month-end stocks totalled 59,752 units, down from 99,982 in 1970. Domestic sales of home and farm freezers increased to 10,674 from 9,336 in 1970 , exports were down at 68 ( 409 in 1970) and month-end stocks decreased to 15,547 from 16,589 in 1970 .

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, 10c/\$1.00).

Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, January 1971 ~ Advance information

Canadian manufacturers sold 17,245 automatic washing machines domestically in January, up from 16,666 in January 1970. They exported 6 ( 15 in 1970) and their stocks at the end of January were 31,061 units (41,116 in 1970).

Domestic sales of conventional washing machines fell to 8,283 from 11,868 in January 1970, while exports decreased to 214 from 696 in 1970, and month-end stocks fell to 18,191 from 41,327 in 1970 .

Canadian sales of electric clothes dryers decreased to 16,450 units from from 16,491 in January 1970, 90 were exported ( $3^{\circ}$ in 1970) and stocks decreased to 22,947 from 35,733 in 1970 . Gas dryers sales on the domestic market fell to 910 units from 954 in 1970, and stocks at the end of the month were down at 2,314 units $(6,649$ in 1970). Exports for the month were nil (nil in 1970).

Further information will be contained in the DBS publication Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, 10c/\$1.00).

Footwear Statistics, January 1971 - Advance information
January 1971 production of footwear of all types decreased to 3,449,517 pairs from 3,546,975 in January 1970。

For further information, order DBS catalogue 33-002 (20¢ a copy; $\$ 2.00$ a year).

Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, January 1971 (46-001, 10c/\$1.00)
Producers' sales of paints, varnishes and lacquers during January were valued at $\$ 12,050,662$, down from $\$ 12,870,424$ a year earlier.

Asphalt Roofing, January 1971 (45-001, 10c/\$1.00)
Canadian manufacturers shipped 120,401 roof squares of asphalt shingles of 210 pounds and over, compared with 117,094 a year earlier. Shipments of shingles of less than 210 pounds were 2,678 roof squares, down from 5,512 squares in January 1970.

MANUFACTHRTNG (continued)- ${ }^{-22}$ -
Census of Manufactures, 1969-Advance information
Other Miscellaneous Industries (S.I.C. 3999)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............... No. | 55 | 56 | 61 | $+8.9$ |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 1,831 | 1,790 | 1,884 | + 5.3 |
| Man-hours paid ............... ' 000 | 3,974 | 3,588 | 4,044 | +12.7 |
| Wages ........................ . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 7,097 | 6,849 | 8,653 | +26.3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 11,194 | 11,443 | 16,094 | $+40.6$ |
| Value of shipments ........... ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 29,912 | 32,137 | 39,098 | +21.7 |
| Value added ................... ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 18,823 | 20,138 | 23,368 | +16.0 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 2,400 | 2,349 | 2,593 | +10.4 |
| Total salaries and wages ..... ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} 000$ | 10,961 | 11,020 | 13,874 | +25.9 |
| Total value added ............ ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 21,437 | 23,103 | 26,124 | +13.1 |

p Preliminary.
Thread Mills (S.I.C. 212)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............... No. | 14 | 15 | 15 |  |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 680 | 667 | 674 | + 1.0 |
| Man-hours paid ............... '000 | 1,495 | 1,421 | 1,474 | + 3.7 |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1000$ | 2,395 | 2,601 | 2,866 | +10.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 9,369 | 10,162 | 11,630 | +14.4 |
| Value of shipments . . . . . . . . $\$$ '000 | 18,270 | 19,090 | 21,014 | +10.1 |
| Value added ................... ${ }^{\text {'0 }} 000$ | 8,922 | 8,810 | 9,706 | $+10.2$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............. No. | 984 | 978 | 1,020 | $+4.3$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 4,398 | 4,905 | 5,428 | $+10.7$ |
| Total value added ............ \$'000 | 9,211 | 9,691 | 10,679 | $+10.2$ |

p Preliminary.

Wool Cloth Mills (S.I.C. 197)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments . .............. No. | 41 | 45 | 42 | 6.7 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 4,915 | 5,259 | 5,155 | - 2.0 |
| Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . . ' 000 | 11,150 | 11,828 | 11,545 | - 2.4 |
| Wages ......................... . ${ }^{\text {' }} 0000$ | 19,687 | 22,412 | 23,266 | +3.8 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 50,104 | 51,797 | 51,912 | + 0.2 |
| Value of shipments ........... $\$$ '000 | 96,638 | 106,478 | 109,975 | + 3.3 |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 45,612 | 53,753 | 57,591 | + 7.1 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 5,881 | 6,328 | 6,221 | - 1.7 |
| Total salaries and wages ..... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 25,559 | 29,853 | 31,534 | + 5.6 |
| Total value added . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime} 1000$ | 45,575 | 53,639 | 57,637 | + 7.5 |

p Preliminary.

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MANUFAC TURING (continued)
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Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers (S.I.C. 324)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 205 | 223 | 255 | $+14.3$ |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 5,376 | 6,549 | 7,995 | $+22.1$ |
| Man-hours paid .............. '000 | 11,292 | 13,950 | 16,848 | $+20.8$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 24,956 | 31,973 | 41,065 | $+28.4$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 85,373 | 107,539 | 143,924 | +33.8 |
| Value of shipments .......... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 145,717 | 179,371 | 235,853 | $+31.5$ |
| Value added .................. ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 62,265 | 73,555 | 93,651 | $+30.0$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. | 7,053 | 8,625 | 10,129 | +17.4 |
| Total salaries and wages .....\$'000 | 36,176 | 45,960 | 56,773 | $+23.5$ |
| Total valut added ...........\$'000 | 65,041 | 77,521 | 101,042 | $+30.3$ |

p Preliminary.
Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers (S.I.C. 334)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | \% change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments . .............. No. | 21 | 20 | 19 | - 5.0 |
| MANUFACIURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 4,327 | 4,412 | 5,401 | $+22.4$ |
| Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . ' 0000 | 8,670 | 9,142 | 11,006 | $+20.4$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\prime} 0000$ | 16,263 | 19,810 | 24,344 | +22.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 126,743 | 138,636 | 174,401 | $+25.8$ |
| Value of shipments .......... \$'000 | 189,377 | 207,472 | 242,933 | +17.1 |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$'000 | 55,185 | 68,745 | 80,895 | +17.1 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 6,918 | 7,003 | 8,087 | $+15.5$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$ 000 | 34,175 | 39,289 | 45,211 | +15.1 |
| Total value added ........... \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 77,445 | 88,149 | 108,707 | $+23.3$ |

p Preliminary.

Stamp and Stencil (Rubber and Metal) Manufacturers (S.I.C. 3995)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | $\%$ change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............. No. | 69 | 70 | 72 | + 2.9 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 738 | 784 | 788 | $+0.5$ |
| Man-hours paid .............. '000 | 1,564 | 1,648 | 1,653 | $+0.3$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 3,171 | 3,545 | 3,792 | $+7.0$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 2,508 | 3,314 | 3,526 | + 6.4 |
| Value of shipments ........... $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 9,843 | 12,069 | 13,057 | $+8.2$ |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 000 | 7,192 | 8,635 | 9,418 | $+9.1$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............... No. | 1,034 | 1,150 | 1,163 | $+1.1$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 5,058 | 6,128 | 6,477 | $+5.7$ |
| Total value added ............ \$'000 | 7,729 | 9,493 | 10,335 | + 8.9 |

p Preliminary.

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............. No. | 551 | 534 | 524 | - 1.9 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 1,559 | 1,643 | 1,635 | -0.5 |
| Man-hours paid ............... '000 | 3,241 | 3,377 | 3,389 | $+0.4$ |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 6,523 | 7,456 | 7,897 | + 5.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 4,771 | 5,135 | 5,741 | +11.8 |
| Value of shipments ........... \$ ${ }^{\text {d }} 000$ | 21,461 | 23,505 | 25,390 | $+8.0$ |
| Value added . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1000 | 16,480 | 18,173 | 19,439 | + 7.0 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. | 1,830 | 1,914 | 1,978 | $+3.3$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$'000 | 8,281 | 9,204 | 10,182 | $+10.6$ |
| Total value added ........... \$'000 | 16,355 | 18,064 | 19,337 | $+7.0$ |

p Preliminary.

## Miscellaneous Paper Converters (S.I.C. 2740)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments ............... No. | 215 | 214 | 213 | -0.5 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 10,022 | 10,087 | 10,393 | $+0.3$ |
| Man-hours paid ............... ${ }^{\text {P }} 000$ | 21,395 | 21,429 | 22,154 | +3.4 |
| Wages ........................ ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 47,049 | 50,591 | 55,112 | +8.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 175,510 | 183,411 | 198,091 | + 8.0 |
| Value of shipments ........... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 322,608 | 339,960 | 365,946 | $+7.6$ |
| Value added ................. ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 147,154 | 153,234 | 168,226 | +9.8 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees ............... No. | 14,744 | 15,003 | 15,560 | $+3.7$ |
| Total salaries and wages .....\$1000 | 80,178 | 86,642 | 96,347 | $+11.2$ |
| Total value added ............ \$ ${ }^{1} 000$ | 161,906 | 167,994 | 188,005 | +11.9 |

p Preliminary.

Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations (S.I.C. 377)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | 7. change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 66 | 62 | 69 | $+11.3$ |
| MANUFACTURING ACIIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 2,515 | 2,542 | 2,709 | $+6.6$ |
| Man-hours paid . . . . . . . . . . . '000 | 5,130 | 5,274 | 5,620 | $+6.6$ |
| Wages ....................... ${ }^{1} 000$ | 9,392 | 9,668 | 12,100 | $+25.1$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 42,879 | 46,331 | 52,622 | $+13.6$ |
| Value of shipments . . . . . . . . $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 117,201 | 126,900 | 149,225 | +17.6 |
| Value added ...................... $\$ 1000$ | 74,957 | 80,872 | 97,802 | $+20.9$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees . ............. No. | 4,869 | 4,887 | 5,222 | $+6.9$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... $\${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 25,594 | 27,788 | 32,433 | $+16.7$ |
| Total value added ........... \$'000 | 80,945 | 86,077 | 104,894 | $+21.9$ |

[^1]Wire and Wire Products Manufacturers (S.I.C. 305)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 234 | 230 | 231 | $+4.3$ |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 12,066 | 12,152 | 12,789 | $+5.2$ |
| Man-hours paid .............. ${ }^{1} 000$ | 25,802 | 26,588 | 27,455 | $+3.3$ |
| Wages ...................... $\$ 1000$ | 65,202 | 70,835 | 80,023 | +13.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 201, 987 | 204,600 | 225,249 | +10.1 |
| Value of shipments .......... \$'000 | 367,439 | 387,591 | 430,521 | +11.1 |
| Value added .................. ${ }^{\prime}$ '000 | 165,514 | 178,516 | 203,303 | +13.9 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 16,060 | 16,083 | 17,014 | $+5.8$ |
| Total salaries and wages .....\$'000 | 92,898 | 101,850 | 115,830 | $+13.7$ |
| Total value added ........... ${ }^{1} 000$ | 170,807 | 183,161 | 212,684 | $+16.1$ |

p Preliminary.
Signs and Displays Industry (S.I.C. 397)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969p | \% change 1969/1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments .............. No. | 412 | 405 | 418 | $+3.2$ |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 3,920 | 3,733 | 3,925 | $+5.1$ |
| Man-hours paid ............. '000 | 8,287 | 7,811 | 8,285 | +6.1 |
| Wages . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1000$ | 19,511 | 19,311 | 21,893 | +13.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 26,238 | 25,279 | 27,643 | +9.4 |
| Value of shipments .......... ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 68,591 | 66,908 | 74,661 | +11.6 |
| Value added ................. ${ }^{1} 000$ | 39,738 | 40,395 | 46,348 | $+14.7$ |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY 5 5,508 5, 515 |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees . . . . . . . . . . . . No. | 5,508 | 5,252 | 5,515 | $+5.0$ |
| Total salaries and wages . . . . ${ }^{\text {' }} 0000$ | 30,674 | 30,896 | 34,578 | $+11.9$ |
| Total value added ...........\$1000 | 56,900 | 57,482 | 64,664 | $+12.5$ |

p Preliminary.
Fabricated Structural Metal Industry (S.I.C. 302)

| Selected Principal Statistics | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 p | \% change $1969 / 1968$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments . . . . . . . . . . . . . No. | 119 | 116 | 138 | +19.0 |
| MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers No. | 13,470 | 12,119 | 13,390 | $+10.5$ |
| Man-hours paid ............... '000 | 28, 222 | 25,658 | 28,56,4 | +11.3 |
| Wages ....................... ${ }^{\prime} 0000$ | 85,681 | 81,699 | 98,472 | $+20.5$ |
| Cost of materials and supplies\$'000 | 172,344 | 166,002 | 192,136 | +15.7 |
| Value of shipments .......... \$ ${ }^{\prime} 000$ | 371,844 | 367,139 | 417,836 | +13.9 |
| Value added ................ $\$^{\prime} 000$ | 196,667 | 197,980 | 22:,194 | +11.7 |
| TOTAL ACTIVITY |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .............. No. | 18,547 | 17,150 | 18,204 | $+6.1$ |
| Total salaries and wages ..... \$ 000 | !22,687 | 120,217 | 138,110 | +14.9 +75 |
| Total value added ............ \$1000 | -10,420 | 223,827 | 240,502 | + 7.5 |

[^2]MANUFACTURING (concluded)- 26 - $^{-}$
Kigid Insulating Board, January 1971 ( $36-002,10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
January shipments of wood fibre rigid insulating ooard fell to
$25,340,560$ square feet (1/2 inch basis) from $37,446,468$ a year earlier.
Cement, January 1971 (44-001, 10 $/ \$ 1.00$ )
Canadian manufacturers shipped 333,103 tons of cement in January, up
from 286,375 tons a year earlier.
Yogurt Production, 1970 - Advance information
Preliminary indications are that yogurt production reached 1,761,000 gallons in 1970, compared with the revised production of $1,302,000$ gallons in 1969.

Fluid Milk Sales, January 1971 (23-002, 10c/ $\$ 1.00$ )
Sales of standard, special and two per cent milk fell by $1 \%$ in January from January 1970, reaching $141,132,000$ quarts. Sales of cereal, table, whipping and sour crean fell by $3 \%$ to $5,427,000$ quarts.

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, March 1, 1971 (32-010, 20c/\$2.00)
Stocks of fruit, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on March 1, 1971 totalled $45,078,000$ pounds compared with last year's corresponding total of $47,722,000$ pounds. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled $89,309,000$ pounds $(82,671,000$ pounds in 1970).

OTHER PUBLICATIONS RELEASED
Summarized in the Wcekly Earlier
The Labour Force, February 1971 (71-001, 20c/\$2.00)
Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments,
Fourth Quarter and Preliminary Annual, 1970 ( $67-001,50 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ )
Concrete Products, January 1971 (44-002, $10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$ )
Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, January 1971 (43-002, 10 C $/ \$ 1.00$ )
Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, January 1971 (43-001, 10c/\$1.00)
Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, January 1971 (41-008, $10 ¢ / \$ 1.00)$
Quarterly Shipments of Selected Furniture Products, Quarter ended December $31,1970(35-005,25 \mathrm{c} / \$ 1.00)$
Fish Freezings and Stocks, January 1971 ( $24-001,20$ / $\$ 2.00$ )
Motor Vehicle Manufacturers, 1969 (42-209, 50¢)
Leather Tanneries, 1969 (33-202, 25¢)
Trade of Canada - Exports by Commodities, January 1971 ( $65-004,75 c / \$ 7.50$ )
Electric Power Statistics, January 1971 (57-001, 20c/\$2.00)
Index of Industrial Production, December 1970 ( $61-005,20 ¢ / \$ 2.00$ )

System of National Accounts - National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter and Preliminary Annual, 1970 (13-001, 75c/\$3.00)
Chain Store Sales and Stocks, January 1971 ( $63-001,10 ¢ / \$ 1.00$ )
Passenger Bus Statistics, January 1971 (53-002, 10c/\$1.00)
Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, January 1971 ( $25-001,10 c / \$ 1.00$ )
Raw Hides, Skins and Finished Leather, January 1971 (33-001, 10c/\$1.00)
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, January 1971 (33-003, 20c/\$2.00)
Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, January 1971 (41-006, 10c/\$1.00)
Quarterly Shipments of Flush Type Doors (Wood) by Canadian Manufacturers, Quarter Ended December 31, 1970 (35-004, 25 ¢ $/ \$ 1.00$ )
Specified Chemicals, December $1970(46-002,10 ¢ / \$ 1.00)$
Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, December 1970 (43-003, 10c/\$1.00)
Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Equipment, Quarter ended December $31,1970(43-006,25 c / \$ 1.00)$
Stoves and Furnaces, December 1970 (41-005, 20c/\$2.00)
Trade of Canada - Exports by Countries, January-September 1970 (65-003, $\$ 1.00 / \$ 4.00)$
Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, July-September 1970 (53-001, 75c/\$3.00)
Provincial Government Employment, October-December 1970 (72-007, 50 / $\$ 2.00$ )
Shipping Report, Part III: Coastwise Shipping, 1968 (54-204, \$1.50) Sales Financing, 1969 (63-211, 50c)
Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, January 1971 (26-007, 10c/\$1.00)
Preliminary Bulletins, 1969 Annual Census of Manufactures: Aluminum Rolling, Casting and Extruding (41-204-P); Instrument and Related Products Manufacturers (47-206-P); Other Rubber Industries (33-206-P); Boatbuilding and Repair (42-205-P): Breweries (32-205-P); Heating Equipment Manufacturers (41-225-P); Manufacturers of Small Electrical Appliances (43-204-p); Clay Products Manufacturers (from Domestic Clays) (44-215-P); Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds (46-214-P, \$3.50 for annual series on manufacturing industries)
Aviation Service Bulletins: Vo1. 2, No. 67: Civil Aviation - December 1970 - Operations of Transcontinental and Regional Air Carriers; Vol. 2, No. 68: Aircraft Fleet - Canadian Commercial Air Carriers as of January 15, 1971; Vo1. 2, No. 69: Preliminary - Aircraft Movement Statistics for January 1971 at airports with DOT ATC Towers;

Vol. 2, No. 70: Airport Activity;
Vol. 2, No. 71: Airport Activity;
Vol. 2, No. 72: Airport Activity;
Vol. 2, No. 73: Civil Aviation - Special
Report on Helicopter Operations
Energy Statistics Service Bulletins: Vol. 6, No. 13: Oil Pipe Line Transport, January 1971;

Vol. 6, No. 14: Preliminary Report on Coal Production, February 1971 (57-002, $\$ 5.00$ a year)


[^0]:    Sums of rounded components may not add up to rounded totals.

[^1]:    P Preliminary.

[^2]:    p Preliminary.

