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Indexes of Real Domestic Product (Indexes of Industrial Production), May 1971 - Advance information

The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production increased by $0.6 \%$ to 174.6 in May from 173.6 in April. Both mining and manulacturing output increased while electric power, gas and water utilities registered their second consecutive decline. In manufacturing, both non-durables and durables manufacturing contributed to the increase.

These data are revised and are not continuous with previously published data for 1968 , 1969, 1970 and 1971. Revised indexes and additional detail will be published in the May issue of "Indexes of Real Donestic Product by Industry" (61-005, 20¢/\$2).
(see tables on next page)

Sales and Purchases of Securities Between Canada and Other Countries, April 1971 ( $67-002,20 ¢ / \$ 2$ ).

In contrast to a net outflow of $\$ 18$ million during March, international portfolio transactions in outstanding securities in April produced a small net inflow of less than half a million dollars. Net inflows of $\$ 13$ million from the United States and of almost $\$ 1$ million from other nonEuropean countries were largely offset by net outflows of $\$ 9$ million to the United Kingdom and $\$ 5$ million to other European countries.

The net outflow from trading in Canadian securities was fairly evenly split between debt issues and equities. Net repurchases of Canadian equities occurred for the sixth successive month, the net outflow of $\$ 10$ million equalling that of the previous month. A net outflow of $\$ 8$ million from trading in Canadian bonds and debentures compared with one of $\$ 14$ million in March.

Net inflows of $\$ 18$ million from trading in foreign securities continued a pattern, which had been briefly reversed in March, of net selling by Canadians on progressively higher values of gross transactions. United States equities represented over $90 \%$ of the value of trading in all foreign issues. They produced a net inflow of almost $\$ 19$ million, compared with a net outflow of $\$ 18$ million during March.

In the four months ended April 30, net repurchases of Canadian.issues of $\$ 92$ million and net sales of foreign issues of $\$ 68$ million resulted in a net capital outflow of $\$ 24$ million. Geographically, net inflows of $\$ 30$ million from the United States and $\$ 4$ million from other nonEuropean countries were more than offset by net outflows of $\$ 53$ million to the United Kingdom and \$5million to other European countries. In comparison, in the first four months of 1970, net inflows of $\$ 112$ million consisted of net sales of $\$ 95$ million, to the United States, $\$ 8$ million to United Kingdom and $\$ 9$ million to other European countries, and net purchases of less than half a million dollars from all other countries.

# INDEXES OP INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (1961=100) 

(Seamonally Adjusted)

Index of Industrial Production ................... 32.415

| wells | 4.564 | 178.0 | 174.9 | 177.8 | +1.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Metal mines | 2.484 | 143.8 | 144.2 | 147.6 | +2.4 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.281 | 250.2 | 240.2 | 240.6 | +0.2 |
| Non-metal mines except coal mines | 0.377 | 208.2 | 199.9 | 209.8 | +5.0 |
| Manufacturing | 24.943 | 170.5 | 170.2 | 171.5 | +0.8 |
| Non-durable manufacturing | 13.933 | 152.6 | 152.6 | 154.3 | +1.1 |
| Foods and beverages | 3.605 | 146.3 | 148.4 | 152.2 | +2.6 |
| Tobacco products industries | 0.220 | 129.4 | 129.5 | 131.3 | +1.4 |
| Rubber industries | 0.419 | 182.8 | 189.2 | 201.9 | $+6.7$ |
| Leather industries | 0.308 | 82.2 | 85.3 | 88.1 | +3.3 |
| Textile industries | 0.919 | 171.9 | 175.4 | 174.4 | -0.6 |
| Knitting mills | 0.218 | 155.6 | 155.3 | 155.4 | +0.1 |
| Clothing industries | 0.862 | 119.0 | 122.5 | 124.1 | +1. 3 |
| Paper and allied industries | 2. 701 | 129.0 | 127.2 | 126.9 | -0.2 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1. 346 | 135.5 | 126.9 | 127.4 | +0.4 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | 0.737 | 155.5 | 157.7 | 167.5 | $+6.2$ |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.751 | 198.9 | 196.7 | 194.3 | -1.2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 0.847 | 212.8 | 214.3 | 213.7 | -0.3 |
| Durable manufacturing | 11.010 | 193.1 | 192.5 | 193.2 | +0.4 |
| Wood industries | 1.114 | 145.9 | 152.8 | 148.0 | -3.1 |
| Furniture and fixtures industries | 0.450 | 163.2 | 163.9 | 164.7 | +0.5 |
| Primary metal industries | 2. 207 | 165.2 | 165.3 | 172.2 | +4. 2 |
| Metal fabriceting industries (except anchinery and transportation equipment |  |  |  |  |  |
| industries). | 1.835 | 177.2 | 177.0 | 178.9 | +1.1 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 0.981 | 202.3 | 207.2 | 208.3 | +0.5 |
| Transportation equiprent industries | 1.981 | 287.8 | 271.4 | 264.7 | -2.5 |
| Electrical products industries | 1. 560 | 199.0 | 203.5 | 205.0 | $+0.7$ |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | 0.882 | 137.7 | 144.9 | 148.9 | +2. 8 |
| Electric Power, Gas and Water | 2.908 | 203.9 | 200.0 | 196.4 | $-1.8$ |

Canadian Statistical Review Tape, July 1971
The July 1971 issue of the Canadian Statistical Review tap : is now available. This tape contains 5,168 series, including all statistics published in the July issue of the CSR, except Financial Flows, with historical data for each series. It also contains Income and Expenditures Accounts (revised), quarterly from 1946, annual from 1926; and 685 series provided by the Bank of Canada including Canadian financial statistics and selected U.S. statistics.

The total CANSIM data bank (currently some 28,000 series) is updated on continuing monthly, quarterly and annual cycles. Entry of current information for individual series coincides approximately with the release of statistics in the DBS Daily.

Customers may purchase the CSR tape at $\$ 150.00$ on user-supplied tape, or may select for purchase any series from the total data bank. For further information, please write or telephone: T. Tanaka, Head, CANSIM Users Service, General Time Series Staff, Ottawa 3 (Tel。613-995-7406).

## NAIONALINCOME

Federal Government Expenditures on Science, 1970-72 - Advance information
The federal Government's total expenditures on science (forecast at $\$ 753.1$ million for the current year) continue to grow, but the rate of increase is declining, For the fiscal years ended, 1964 to 1969 the annual rate of growth averaged $15 \%$ : since then it has averaged about $7 \%$.

Both current expenditures ( $\$ 673.0$ million this year) and capital expenditures ( $\$ 180.1$ million) increased by an average of about $15 \%$ per year from 1964 through 1969. Since then the increase in current expenditures has been only about $10 \%$, and capital expenditures, reflecting reduced spending on prototype nuclear power plants, have actually declined.

For further information order Federal Government Expenditures on Science, 1970-72 (13-202, 75¢), or contact the Education Division, DBS, Ottawa 3 (telephone 994-5287) for advance statement.
Federal Government Expenditures on Science, 1963-64 to 1971-72

| Scientific activity | $\begin{gathered} 1963- \\ 64 * \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,364- \\ 65 * \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1965- \\ 66^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1966- \\ 67 * \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1967- \\ 68^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1968- \\ 69 * \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Est } \\ 1969 \\ 70 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { mated } \\ 1970- \\ 71 \end{gathered}$ | Forecast 1771. 72 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Research \& |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Development: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures.... <br> Capital | 180.5 | 204.2 | 259.9 | 286.7 | 338.0 | 382.6 | 421.6 | 478.6 | 510.6 |
| Expenditures.... | 46.4 | 56.2 | 61.5 | 73.3 | 88.8 | 98.2 | 78.3 | 69.1 | 65.5 |
| Related scientific activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current expenditures... | 69.9 | 68.0 | 79.3 | 92.7 | 102.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Capital expenditures... | 3.0 | 4.6 | 6.8 | 9.6 | 10.7 | 12.3 | 13.2 | 15.6 | 14.6 |
| Total: | 299.8 | 333.0 | 407.5 | 462.4 | 540.2 | 610.4 | 653.6 | 710.1 | 753.1 |

[^0]General Wholesale Index, June 1971, Advance information
The General Wholesale Index $(1935-39=100)$ moved up $0.8 \%$ in June to 289.7 from the May index of 287.5 . It was $0.9 \%$ higher than the June 1970 index of 287.0. Six of the eight major group indexes were higher, one declined, while the remaining group, non-metallic mineral products was unchanged at 225.5

The wood products group index rose $2.7 \%$ in June to 397.0 from 386.7 on higher prices for spruce, building board, and pine, reinforced by increases in newsprint and wood-pulp due to movements in the exchange rate for U.S. dollars. A rise of $0.8 \%$ to 321.0 from 318.6 in the animal products group index reflected price increases for fresh meats, fishery products and livestock. The textile products group index moved up $0.6 \%$ to 261.5 from 260.0 on higher prices for raw cotton. The chemical products group index advanced $0.6 \%$ to 239.8 from 238.4 on price increases for soaps and detergents. An increase of $0.3 \%$ to 262.4 from 261.6 in the non-ferrous metal products group index was mainly attributable to price increases for domestic zinc. The iron products group index advanced slightly to 315.5 from 314.8 .

The vegetable products group index moved $0.2 \%$ lower to 237.4 from 237.8.

For further information, order the June issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c/\$4).

Percentage changes
Commodity group and sub-group
$\frac{\text { June 1971 }}{\text { May 1971 }} \quad \frac{\text { June } 1970}{\text { May 1970 }} \quad$ June 1971

| Wood products group | $+$ | 2.7 | + | 0.6 |  | 3.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Building board | + | 9.3 |  | - |  | 9.6 |
| Spruce | + | 5.5 |  | - |  | 19.4 |
| Pine | + | 1.0 | + | 0.3 | + | 3.2 |
| Cedar | - | 1.7 | - | 1.1 | + | 12.3 |
| Animal products group | + | 0.8 | - | 1.1 | - | 1.6 |
| Meats, fresh ... | + | 2.5 | - | 1.0 | - | 1.3 |
| Fishery products | + | 2.3 | + | 2.4 | + | 2.6 |
| Poultry | + | 1.2 | - | 0.6 | - | 14.9 |
| Eggs ... | - | 9.6 | - | 7.5 | - | 11.1 |
| Hides and skins | - | 1.6 | - | 4.1 | + | 1.6 |
| Meats, cured | - | 1.3 |  | - | - | 16.4 |
| Textile products group | $+$ | 0.6 | - | 0.2 | $+$ |  |
| Cotton, raw....... | + | 4.8 | - | 1.6 | + | 3.9 |
| Chemical products group | + | 0.6 | - | 0.1 | + |  |
| Soaps and detergents. | + | 3.5 | - | 0.7 | - | 0.2 |
| Organic chemicals .. | + | 1.8 | + | 0.6 | $+$ | 0.3 |
| Industrial gases | - | 1.0 | - | 0.6 | + | 10.5 |

Prices and Price Indexes, Industry Selling Price Indexes, June 1971 - Advance information.

Industry selling price indexes $(1961=100)$ were higher in June than in May for 42 manufacturing industries, lower for 14 and unchanged for 44.

In terms of the relative importance of industries within manufacturing, the more notable changes in June were incresses recorded in the foods and beverages group reflecting higher price levels in the slaughtering and meat packing, pasteurizing plants and poultry processors industries. Prices were generally higher in the wood products group with the more pronounced increases occurriag in the sammilis industry. Advances in the paper and allied industries group were mainly attributable to higher prices registered in the pulp and paper mills industry, associated with increases in the price of U.S. dollars in Canadian funds. Moderate declines occurred in the miscellanequs manufacturing, rubber products, and non-metallic mineral products groups.

The arithmetic average of the 100 industry indexes increased in June to 122.2 from 121.9 in May. The average increase for those industries showing higher price movements was $0.4 \%$ while the comparable figure for those showing decreases was $0.3 \%$.

For further information, order the June issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40e/\$4).


[^1]
## (1961=100)

|  |  | Index |  |  |  | ent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June <br> 1971 | May 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1971}{\text { May } 1971}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1970}{\text { May } 1970}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1971}{\text { May } 1970}$ |
| Residential Building Materials | 144.2 | 142.6 | 137.4 | 137.0 | + 1.1 | $+0.3$ | $+4.9$ |
| Lumber and Lumber Products . | 151.6 | 149.2 | 141.1 | 140.6 | + 1.6 | + 0.4 | + 7.4 |
| Plumbing and Heating Equipment | 133.9 | 134.1 | 134.8 | 134.7 | - 0.1 | + 0.1 | - 0.7 |
| Wallboard and Insulation ..... | 131.2 | 131.2 | 130.4 | 130.4 | - | - | + 0.6 |
| Concrete Products .... | 130.0 | 131.1 | 129.3 | 129.3 | - 0.8 | - | + 0.5 |
| other | 133.8 | 131.9 | 129.9 | 129.9 | + 1.4 | - | + 3.0 |
| Non-residential Building Materials | 133.7 | 133.25 | 129.6 | 129.6 | $+0.4$ | - | $+\quad 3.2$ $+\quad 4$ |
|  | 132.5 | 131.9 | 127.3 | 127.3 | + 0.5 | - 0. | $+\quad 4.1$ $+\quad 2.5$ |
| Plumbing, Heating and Other Equipment | 141.4 | $141.2^{\text {r }}$ | 138.0 | 137.7 | + 0.1 | + 0.2 | + 2.5 |
| Electrical Equipment .................. | 106.3 | 106.5 | 106.8 | 106.8 | - 0.2 | - | - 0.5 |
| Concrete Products .................... | 131.0 | 132.2 | 130.5 | 130.5 | - 0.9 $+\quad 1.8$ | - 0.1 | $+\quad 0.4$ +10.3 |
|  | 161.9 | 159.1 | 146.8 | 146.7 | $+\quad 1.8$ $+\quad 0.6$ | 0.1 | +10.3 +1.8 |
| Other | 129.1 | 128.3 | 126.8 | 126.8 | + 0.6 | - | + 1.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| building materials and wage rates Residential | 175.3 | 174.1 | 162.5 | 162.1 | + 0.7 | + 0.2 | + 7.9 |
| Non-residential | 167.4 | 166.7 | 156.5 | 156.3 | $+\quad 0.4$ | $+0.1$ | + 7.0 |

[^2]PRICES AND PRICE INDEXES, July 1971 - Advance information Weekly Security Price Indexes


Railway Operation Statistics, March 1971 - Advance information
Twenty-four common carrier railways in Canada reported operating revenues of $\$ 150,851,359$ in March 1971, up $8.1 \%$ from March 1970. Operating expenses rose $10.1 \%$ to $\$ 142,684,672$ leaving a net operating income of $\$ 8,166,687$, down from $\$ 9,902,544$ a year before. Revenue freight carried rose $1.5 \%$ to $21,072,462$ tons while revenue passengers carried rose $17.8 \%$ to $2,377,361$ :

Further details will be contained in the March issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, $10 ¢ / \$ 1$ ).

Weekly Railway Carloadings, July 7, 1971 - Advance Information
Canadian railways loaded $4,628,734$ tons of revenue freight during the 7 -day period ended July 14 . This was $12.2 \%$ than in the comparable period of 1970. Year-to-date loadings increased $1.9 \%$ to $\mathbf{1 0 8}, 358,912$.

For further information order the July issue of Railway Carloadings, (52-001, 20c/\$2).

| 7-Day period ending July 14 | East | West | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All traffic: | 2,704,367 | 1,924,367 | 4,628,734 |
| Tons, 1971 ........................ | 2,561,494 | 1,563,681 | $4,125,175$ |
| 1970 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,56,6 | +23.1 | +12.2 |
| \% change . | 46,174 | 35,238 | 81,412 |
| Cars, 1971 | 45,230 | 29,911 | 75,141 |
| \% change.. | +2.1 | $+17.8$ | $+8.3$ |
| Piggyback traffic(1): | 71,537 | 39,774 | 111,311 |
| tons, 1971 | 54,784 | 28,785 | 83,569 |
| 1970 | +30.6 | +38.2 | +33.2 |
| Cars, | 3,554 | 1,385 | 5,389 |
| rs, 1971 | 2,789 | 1,390 | 4,179 |
| \% change . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+27.4$ | +32.0 | +29.0 |
| Year to date |  |  |  |
| All traffic: |  |  |  |
| Tons, 1971 | $66,171,054$ | $40,193,621$ | $106,364,675$ |
| 1970 | $-2.5$ | +9.0 +918.507 | +1.9 |
| \% change | 1,202,172 | 818,507 | 2,020,679 |
| Cars, 1971 | $1,244,842$ | 775,044 | 2,019,886 |
| legyback traffic | -3.4 | +5.6 | - |
| ggyback traffic |  |  |  |
| Tons, 1971 | 1,597,963 | 1,025,495 | 2,623,458 |
| 1970 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,386,970 | 826,794 | 2,213,764 |
| \% change | +15.2 | $+24.0$ | +18.5 |
| Cars, 1971 | 80,452 | 47,243 | 127,695 |
| 1970 | 74,997 | 39,511 | 114,508 |
| \% change . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | +7.3 | +19.6 | $+11.5$ |

(1) Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

Dictionary of 1971 Census Terms - Advance information
Many geographical areas covered in the 1971 Census have changed since the 1966 mini-census. These changes have led to the enlargement of most of the 1966 census Metropolitan Areas (CMA's), and to the addition of three CMA's to the list: Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Niagara-St. Catherines and Thunder Bay.

Also the concept of "Major Urban Area" existing in 1966, has been replaced by that of "Census Agglomeration" which allows the presentation of data for any size of closely related urban communities separated from each other by administrative limits. There are 90 Census Agglomerations with populations varying between 2,000 and 100,000 .

For further information on these classifications or for listings of these areas and their component municipalities, write to Geography Section, Census Division, D.B.S., Ottawa 3.

LABOUR

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, May 1971 (73-001, 20c/\$2).

There were 155,000 initial and renewal claims for benefit liled in May. This was $26 \%$ fewer than the 209,000 filed in April and $7 \%$ fewer than the 166,000 filed in May 1970.

The 496,000 claimants on May 31, were $2 \%$ fewer than the 505,000 at the end of May, 1970. Due to the termination of seasonal benefit in mid-May, a comparison between April and May is not valid.

Benefit payments totalled $\$ 78$ million in May, $\$ 100$ million in April and $\$ 74$ million in May 1970. The average weekly benefit payments for these three months were $\$ 35.26, \$ 36.14$ and $\$ 35.13$ respectively.

The supplementary Unemployment Insurance Benefit of $10 \%$, effective January 3,1971 , is not included in the benefit payment data.

HOS PI TAL
Quarterly Hospital Indicators, January-March 1971 - Advance information
In short-tem units of public general hospitals the rate of admissions per rated bed per year decreased to 7.5 in the first quarter of 1971 from 7.9 a year earlier. The occupancy rate increased $2.4 \%$ to $85.5 \%$ from 83.5\%.

Analysis of radiology departments showed greater costs of examinations in large hospitals. For example, the cost per examination was $\$ 11.07$ in general teaching hospitals with 500 or more beds, but was only $\$ 8.13$ in the 100-199 bed, non-teaching hospitals with no long-term units. The difference lay mainly in gross salaries and wages ( $\$ 8.32$ per examination versus $\$ 6.27$ in this example) and in "other supplies and expenses" ( $\$ 1.03$ against . 51c).

For further information, order Quarterly Hospital Indicators, JanuaryMarch, 1971 (83-001, \$1/\$4).

Gas Utilities, May 1971 - Advance infomation
Canadian consumers purchased 71.7 billion cubic feet of natural gas in May 1971, up from 66.8 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 76.6 billion cubic feet from 64.0 billion.

For further information order May 1971 issue of Gas Utilities,(55-002, 20¢/\$2); or Energy Service Bulletin, Vol. 6 no. 36 (57-002, $\$ 5$ a year).

COHHNICATIONS
IClegraph and cable tatistics, 1970 - Advance information
The nine Canadian companies in the telegraph and cable industry reported operating revenues totaling $\$ 136.9$ million in 1970 , up $8.2 \%$ from $\$ 126.6$ million a year earlier. Their total operating expenses rose by $7.9 \%$ to $\$ 100.0$ million from $\$ 92.8$ million, resulting in $9.1 \%$ increase in net operating revenue, to $\$ 36.9$ million from $\$ 33.8$ million.

Total cost of property and equipment, before allowing for depreciation, rose by $4.6 \%$ to $\$ 570.6$ million from $\$ 545.7$ million, and investment in new construction and repair work increased to $\$ 57.1$ million from $\$ 47.1$ million.

For further information order Telegraph and Cable Statistics, 1970 (56-201, 50¢).

YANUFACTURING

Steel ingots, Week ended July 24, 1971 - Advance information
Steel ingot production for the week ended July 24, 1971, totalled 220,656 tons, an increase of $0.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 219,749 tons. The comparable week's total in 1970 was 226,729 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 120.4 in the current week, 119.9 a week earlier and 123.7 one year ago.

Decorative Laminate Sheet, Quarter Ended June 30, 1971 -- Advance information.

Canadian factories shipped, to domestic customers, $18,179,559$ square feet of $1 / 8$ inch high pressure laminate sheet, valued at $\$ 5,104,418$ (up from $15,934,423$ square feet and $\$ 4,684,559$ in the same quarter of 1970); and $3,721,177$ square feet of baching laminate valued at $\$ 244,637$ (up from $3,589,561$ square feet and $\$ 207,571$ a year earlier).

Further information will be contained in the quarterly DBS Special Statement number 6507-752.

Production and Lisjusilio. Of Tobacco Yroducts (Cigarettes), June 1971 Advance information.

During June $1971,5,235,665,000$ cigarettes were produced, up from 4,912,765,000 a year earlier.

Further details will be contained in the DBS Service Bulletin, Production and Dispositijon of Tobacco Products, June 30, 1971, $\$ 5.00$ D $1 \cdot \cdots$

Coal and Coke Statistics, May 1971 - Advance information
May coal production increased $14.9 \%$ to $1,377,318$ tons from 1,198,500 tons a year earlier. Imports decreased to $2,386,121$ tons from 2,932,398. Industrial consumers used $1,061,349$ tons of coal (down by 148,023 tons) and 533,682 tons of coke, (down 30,570 ).

For further information, order the May 1971 issue of Coal and Coke Statistics, 45-002 at 304 a copy, $\$ 3.00$ a year, or Energy Statistics Service Bulletin, 57-002, \$5.00 a year.

Production and isposition of Tobacco Products (Cigars), June 1971 Advance information.

Canadian cigar manufacturers produced $43,154,000$ cigars during June 1971, up from 39,446,000 in June 1970.

Further details will be contained in the DBS Service Bulletin, 6507-774 No. 53, Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, June 30, 1971, $\$ 5.00$ per year.

Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended June 30, 1971 - Advance information.

During the second quarter of 1971, Canadian manufacturers shipped 359,910 pounds of woven and/or needled papermakers' felts and jackets valued at $\$ 3,225,807$ to Canadian mills; this compared with 409,366 pounds and $\$ 3,388,170$ in the same quarter of 1970 .

Further information will be contained in the Special Statement 6507-753.

Feldspar and Quartz Mines, (S.I.C. 0792) 1969 Census of Nines Aduance information.

The feldspar and quartz mining industry produced $\$ 11.8$ million worth of products in 1969. This was $19.6 \%$ more than in 1968 . The total value added by the industry increased $23.2 \%$ to $\$ 9.1$ million, the number of employees increased $6.3 \%$ to 388 , and total salaries and wages increased $11.4 \%$ to $\$ 2.4$ million.

For further information, order the 1969 Census of Mines publication Feldspar and Quartz Mines (26-208, 50¢)

AGRICULTURE

Iluid M..1k Sales, May 1971 (23-002, $10 c / 51$ ).
Sales of standard, special and two per cent milk rose by $2 \%$ in May over May 1970 , reaching $140,150,000$ quarts. Gales of cereal, table, whipping and sour cream rose by $2 \%$ to $5,756,000$ pounds.

Dairy Review, June 1971 (23-001, 20c/\$2).
An estimated 1,995 million pounds of milk were produced in May, $3.6 \%$ less than a year earlier. This brought the total estimate of production during the first six months of the year to 8,622 million pounds or $3.8 \%$ below production in the January-June period of 1970 .

Report on Livestock Surveys: Pigs, June $1_{2} 1971$ Advance information
Total pig numbers for Canada (excluding Newfoundland) on June 1, 1971 were estimated at $7,374,000$. This was $4 \%$ more than a year earlier and $32 \%$ more than the 1965-1969 average. In the West numbers were up by $3 \%$, and in the East by $5 \%$. These increases, much smaller than last year, indicated a slowing down of the expansionary phase.

The 1971 spring crop (pigs saved from litters farrowed December 1 to June 1) was estimated at $5,884,000$ head, up $2 \%$ from the corresponding period last year and $30 \%$ above the $1965-1969$ average. It represented the largest spring crop since 1943. In the West the crop was up $3 \%$ but in the East there was only a $1 \%$ increase.

An estimated 725,300 sows farrowed during the first half of 1971 , up, $1 \%$ from a year earlier, and 29\% more than the 1965-1969 average. The 1970-1971 increase was well below last year's increase of $20 \%$.

If farmers' intentions materialize, 1971 fall farrowings could be down $2 \%$ to 730,500 . Farrowings for the June-August period are estimated to be 361,200 , up $1 \%$. These estimates, if realized, indicate the downward swing of the cycle which began to rise in 1969.
For further information order the June issue of "Report on Livestock Surveys: Pigs (23-005, 25¢/\$1).

## OTHER PUBLICATIONS RELEASHi

Summarized in the Weekly earlier
Prices and Price Indexes, May 1771 (62-002, 40c/\$4).
Seasonally Adjusted Employment Indexes, January 1961-
December 1970 ( 72-206, \$2.00).
Department Store Sales and Stocks, May 1971 (63-002, 20¢/\$2).
Wholesale Trade, May 1971 (63-008, \$1.00)
Summary of Foreign Trade, May 1971 (65-001, 10c/\$1).
Transcontinental and Regional Air-Carrier Operations, April 1971 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)。
New Residential Construction, May 1971 ( $64-002,304 / \$ 3$ ),
Electric Power Statistics, May 1971 (57-001, 20c/\$2).
Service Bulletin ( $\$ 5.00$ for the series):
Food and Beverage Processing:
Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, June 1971, Pack of Apples and Apple Products, 1970.
Retail Trade, Revisions, 1966-70 (63-519, \$2.00).
Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, May 1971 (43-005, 10¢/\$1).
The Mechanical Contracting Industry, 1969 ( $64-204$, 75 ) . Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, May $1971(32-020,104 / \$ 1)$. Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, May 1971 (26-008, 10¢/\$1). Civil Aviation, 1969 ( $51-202,504$ ).
Fisheries Statistics, Prince Edward Island, 1969 (24-203, 50c). Field Crop Report, Canada, No. 12 (22-002, $\$ 4.00$ the series). (continued on next page)

Retail Trade, May 1971 (63-005, 30c/\$3)
New Residential Construction, April 1971 ( $64-002,306 / \$ 3$ )。 Refined Petroleum Products, April 1971 (45-004, 306/\$3). Products Made from Canadian Clays, May 1971 (44-005, 10c/\$1). Oils and Fats, May 1971 (32-006, 206/\$2).
Report on Livestock Surveys: Pigs, June 1, 1971 (23-005, \$1).
Summary of Exports, May 1971 ( $65-002,20 \subset / \$ 2$ ).
Shipping Report, Part IV, Origin and Destination for
Selected Ports, 1969 (54-206, \$2.50).
Fisheries Statistics, Quebec, 1969 (24-206, 506).
Service Bulletins: Aviation (51-004, $\$ 5$ for annual series):
Aircraft Movement Statistics, May 1971
Aircraft Fleet Canadian Comercial Air Carriers, April 1971.
Internationl Air Charter Statistics, 1970
Civil Aviation, May 1971
Grude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, March 1971
(26-006, 20c/\$2).
Fish Freezings and Stocks, May 1971 (24-001, 30c/\$3).
Particle Board, May 1971 (36-003, $10 c / \$ 1$ ).
Summary of Imports, May 1971 ( $65-005,20 \mathrm{c} / \$ 2$ )
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, May
1971 (33-003, 20c/\$2)
Canadian Statistical Review, July 1971 (11-003, 50¢/\$5)
Service Bulletin; Food and Beverage Processing ( $\$ 5$ for the series):
Production and Inventory of Dry Skim Milk Powder. June 1971
Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, May 1971 (46-003, 10c/S1).
Stoves and Fumaces, May 1971 (41-005, 20c/\$2).
Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, May 1971 (32-004, 20c/\$2).
Shipping Report, Part I, 1969 (54-202, 754).

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[^0]:    * revised to exclude indirect costs.

[^1]:    (1) Indexes not avallable at this level of aggregation.

[^2]:    Further infomation will be contained in the DBS publication Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c/\$4.00).
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