



Statistics Canada weekly

Friday, November 24, 1972

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Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, October 1972 — Advance Information.

Note: A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 13 of Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 62-002 monthly Prices and Price Indexes.

October consumer price indexes were lower than September's in eight regional cities, remained unchanged in Saint John and Edmonton-Calgary, and rose in Vancouver and Saskatoon-Regina. The movements ranged from a decline of 1.1% in Ouebec City to a rise of 0.1% in Vancouver and Saskatoon-Regina. Lower quotations for most fresh vegetables, apples and many beef cuts and turkey were the main contributors to the decline of food prices in all the cities surveyed. On the other hand, higher prices were recorded for restaurant meals, many pork cuts, bread and, in Winnipeg and St. John's, fluid milk. Increased rents and higher prices for some cleaning supplies were partly responsible for the increase in the housing indexes of nine regional cities. The clothing indexes which normally move up in October increased in all cities, except in Quebec City where it remained unchanged and in St. John's where it decreased 0.1%. The increases in the clothing components were chiefly due to higher women's and children's wear price levels, especially for outerwear items. The transportation components for all of the regional cities, except Quebec City, showed little movements; the 1.4% decline for Quebec City chiefly reflected lower gasoline quotations. The health and personal care components rose in all of the regional cities; the contributing factors were higher dentists' fees and increased prices for toilet soap, toothpaste, and razor blades. Higher hockey ticket prices and increased bowling fees resulted in rises in the recreation and reading indexes of nine cities; they remained unchanged in three others. The tobacco and alcohol indexes were unchanged in all regional cities.

Ottawa

The all-items dipped 0.2% in the latest month to a level 4.6% above that of October 1971. The main cause of the decline in the latest month was a 1.5% decrease in the food index. This decline mainly resulted from lower quotations for a number of fresh vegetables, apples, some beef cuts, poultry and restaurant meals. Higher prices for mean's quits, girls' winter coats and women's cotton dresses contributed to a 1.0% rise in the clothing index. The components for housing and for health and personal care each moved up 0.3%, the former partly in response to increased rents and higher prices for curpoiss and the latter because of higher dentists' fees and increased prices for razor blades. The remaining indexes showed little or no movement.

Toronto

Lower food prices were chiefly responsible for a 0.3% decline in the all-items index during the latest month. At its October 1972 level of 136.2 (1961=100), it stood 4.6% higher than a year earlier. Between September and October, the food index decreased 2.7% as a result of lower quotations for apples, many fresh vegetables, beef, eggs, and such items as vegetable soup and tea. The clothing index moved up 2.8% because of higher prices for women's fur coats and woollen dresses, men's suits boys' slacks, and woollen dress material. The housing index rose 0.3% partly as a result of higher prices for a number of furniture and cleaning items together with increased rents. The health and personal care component crept up 0.2% chiefly as a result of higher dentists' fees. The remaining indexes showed little or no movement since the preceding month.

Thunder Bay

The all-items for Thunder Bay decreased 0.4% between September and October 1972 to reach a level 3.5% higher than that of October 1971. A 2.0% decline in the food index in the latest month was attributable to lower prices for a number of beef cuts, apples and some fresh vegetables. A 0.3% decrease in the transportation component mainly reflected reduced prices for gasoline. The health and personal care component rose 0.9% as a result of higher dentists' fees and increased prices for toilet soap and cleansing tissues, and the clothing index moved up 0.7% mostly due to higher quotations for men's suits, boys' parkas and women's fur coats. The housing index rose 0.2% because of higher prices for some cleaning supplies, carpets and mattresses. The remaining indexes registered little or no movement.

Employment, Earnings and Hours, September 1972 – Advance Information.

The advance September 1972 seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment for Canada (1961=100) rose 0.6% from the August level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except construction and finance, insurance and real estate (which declined) and trade (which showed no change). The level rose in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia and declined in the Atlantic Region, while a decline in Alberta more than offset gains in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

(Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.)

Average weekly earnings, seasonally-adjusted, increased in September at the Canada composite level.

(continued)

There were advances in all industry divisions except construction and service, and in all regions.

Average weekly hours of hourly-rated wageearners, not adjusted for seasonal variations, rose in mining and manufacturing and decreased in construction in September. Average hourly earnings rose in all three industries.

Preliminary data for August 1972 showed no change from July in the seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment for Canada. With the exception of an 8.1% gain in forestry, the month-to-month changes in employment among the industry divisions were small. Declines were recorded in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Ontario and Manitoba, offsetting gains in the remaining provinces.

Average weekly earnings, seasonally-adjusted, rose 0.8% in August to \$150.81 at the Canada composite level. The largest relative changes were the gains in construction (1.9%) and manufacturing (1.6%) and the declines in transportation, communication and other utilities (1.2%) and trade (1.1%). Gains were recorded in all provinces except Newfoundland and

Alberta, which declined; the advances ranged from 0.1% (Manitoba) to 3.0% (Prince Edward Island).

Average weekly hours, unadjusted for seasonal variations, rose in mining to 40.0 in August from 39.3 in July while average hourly earnings advanced slightly to \$4.34. Compared with August 1971, weekly hours were up 0.1 hours and hourly earnings had increased 344.

In manufacturing, average weekly hours rose by 0.7 hours to 40.1 in August (the August 1971 level was 39.8); average hourly earnings showed a 3¢ gain to \$3.56 (up 28¢ over the year).

Both average weekly hours and average hourly earnings rose in August in construction (by 0.8 hours to 43.1 and 8¢ to \$5.10). The August 1971 levels were 41.5 hours and \$4.67.

Detailed information for July and August will be published in the September 1972 issue of *Employment*, *Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40\$\psi\$/\$\$\$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA OV2.

(see table on next page)

WHOLESALE PRICE INDEXES

(1935 - 1939 = 100)

					% Change			
	Oct.* 1972	Sept.* 1972	Oct. 1971	Sept. 1971	Oct./72 Sept./72	Oct./72 Oct./71		
General Wholesale Index	318.5	314.0	291.3	291.4	1.4	9.3		
Vegetable products	259.2	252.9	231.6	232.8	2.5	-11.9		
Animal products	380.2	376.4	331.5	330.6	1.0	14.7		
Textile products	283.8	280.9	264.3	262.6	1.0	7.4		
Wood products	454.5	443.5	401.7	403.0	2.5	13.1		
Iron products	327.4	323.2	319.0	318.1	1.3	2.6		
Non-ferrous metals	271.1	271.6	259.0	260.3	-0.2	4.7		
Non-metallic minerals	234.6	234.8	227.4	227.1	-0.1	3.2		
Chemical products	245.2	245.6	238.8	238.9	-0.2	2.7		
fron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold)	357.5	355.4	346.6	347.1	0.6	3.1		
Raw and partly manufactured goods	282.1	277.0	252.0	254.4	1.8	11.9		
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods	339.1	335.0	313.5	312.3	1.2	8.2		

^{*} These indexes are preliminary.

For further information, order the October issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002, 40\$\psi/\$4) or contact Mr. A.J. Byrne (613-992-6216), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Farm Cash Receipts, January-September, 1972 (21-001, 20¢/\$2).

Preliminary estimates indicated that during the January-September period of 1972, farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled \$3,662.8 million, 14.8% more than the \$3,189.3 million realized during the same period of 1971. These estimates included

cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

(see table on page 6)

Advance Employment, Farnings and Hours Data, September 1922

									Emp	ployment	Index Num	bers			
Industry Division and Area				Unadjusted for seasonal variations Seasonally-adjusted											
					ept 172a	Aug 1972P	July 1972	íp	June 1972P	Sept. 1971	1971	Sept 19724	1972P	July 1972P	June 1972P
Industry Division:										196	1=100				
Forestry Mining Manufacturing Durables Non-durables Construction Transportation, Communication Trade Finance, Insurance and Real Lista Service	and Oth	er Utilit	os	10 13 13 11 12 11 14 14 20	96.8 19.8 26.7 37.2 18.1 22.6 17.1 46.4 17.8	97.0 110.7 126.0 135.8 118.1 126.1 118.0 143.3 149.7 203.6	90.110.123.132.115.117.1143.150.202.	3 2 5 7 0 1 2 5 7	76.2 111.6 125.2 134.8 117.4 119.8 118.9 146.5 149.9 201.8	96.9 115.4 125.0 134.8 117.1 129.2 117.3 142.0 146.4 194.0	98,3 120.1 125.3 133.7 118.5 130.3 119.0 138.4 146.8 200.2	79.6 109.7 124.5 136.1 114.7 108.7 114.4 145.9 148.2 196.8 129.9	78.4 107.2 123.3 134.9 113.5 111.6 113.6 145.9 149.1 192.9	72.5 106.2 123.5 135.4 113.6 111.9 113.8 145.7 148.8 194.0	64.8 108.4 122.6 132.1 114.6 112.2 115.8 146.2 148.7 194.8 129.3
Industrial Composite:				L	13.1	133.0	130.	8	132.4	131.7	132.3	17.4.9	1291	129.1	12%2
Atlantic Region Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Prairic Region Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia				13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	26.8 12.7 13.5 19.1 19.7 13.0 16.5 12.2 19.2 12.2 17.1	132.6 139.6 157.3 126.4 133.2 122.8 135.0 133.8 119.3 122.9 150.3 154.3	130. 134. 156. 125. 132. 118. 133. 133. 119. 121. 149.	0 0 6 9 9 9 0 4 7	129.8 134.2 151.7 125.3 130.3 122.4 137.4 133.1 120.7 120.2 148.7	126.8 135.6 152.1 117.7 129.6 122.4 134.8 131.4 120.5 117.2 146.3 151.3	128.8 137.9 154.1 118.1 133.6 123.0 134.6 133.1 120.8 121.2 148.3 152.6	120.4 122.1 136.8 115.6 123.1 119.3 134.3 128.4 115.8 117.9 143.1 150.7	123.2 127.0 137.5 121.2 122.3 118.4 132.8 128.6 115.4 117.1 144.6 148.3	123.6 123.9 139.1 120.6 124.5 117.6 134.4 128.2 116.1 115.9 142.7 146.8	124.2 124.3 140.4 121.6 124.0 119.6 134.8 129.7 118.2 116.1 144.8 139.0
Yukon				17	7.5	183.2	180.	4	178.2 165.8	166.7 161.9	173.8 156.9	165.9 151.3	172.1 144,6	165.5 145.7	164,4 154,6
Canada					3.1	133,0	130.		132.4	131.7	132.3	129.9	129.1	129.1	129.2
									As	rerage Wei	ekly I arnin	k.			
Industry Division	and Arc	a		C.	a f		ljusted fo			sept.	Aug	Cont		y-adjusted July	June
					pt. 72a	Aug. 1972P	July 1972F		972P	1971	Aug. 1971	Sept. 1972a	Aug. 1972P	1972	1972P
Forestry Mining Mining Manufacturing Durables Non-durables Construction Transportation, Communication Trade Finance, Insurance and Real I sta Service Industrial Composite Industrial Composite Industrial Composite Atlantic Region Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Prairie Region Manifoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territorics Canada	and Oth	er Utilish	cs	195 166 175 144 222 166 115 144 100 153 100 124 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14	9.91 9.81 5.25 5.36 9.20 9.20 9.20 9.21 9.21 9.21 9.22 9.23 9.24 9.25 9.25 9.25 9.26 9.37 9.38 9.49 9.49 9.40 9.55 9.44 9.55	165.13 188.86 157.01 170.29 144.58 220.49 167.08 120.15 140.26 107.72 150.92 124.86 132.77 101.67 122.64 124.49 144.14 156.66 145.22 138.61 135.78 155.79 168.70 204.32 150.92	16 1.1' 186.6' 154.5' 166.2' 143.5' 169.5' 169.5' 107.6' 149.6' 124.6' 133.4' 100.5' 122.8' 123.3' 145.1' 139.0' 155.3' 145.1' 139.0' 155.2' 152.6' 165.2' 192.5' 204.3' 149.6'	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	53.57 57.57 56.18 68.21 44.93 06.42 67.16 19.47 41.29 49.05 23.65 31.30 00.43 21.37 23.76 43.31 55.12 43.42 36.12 36.12 43.42 43.42 43.42 44.93 64.93 64.93 65.13 66.13 67.16 67	160.92 180.23 146.78 159.21 135.15 200.96 158.05 110.01 129.49 99.32 140.99 116.00 126.56 87.55 114.40 113.45 146.64 134.55 146.64 159.19 123.32 141.54 159.19 190.94	148.16 174.31 144.07 155.96 133.15 193.73 157.50 110.24 129.54 98.81 139.11 113.44 125.16 89.31 112.59 109.00 132.86 126.15 144.77 132.86 126.15 140.93 156.13 159.68 193.76	179.64 197.17 159.98 172.59 147.98 214.23 169.03 120.02 143.04 107.66 152.21 127.74 137.24 104.42 123.82 129.07 144.98 157.73 144.97 139.60 152.42 171.18 207.86 207.55	168.84 192.38 158.47 170.89 146.48 214.61 166.98 119.54 140.46 108.16 150.81 126.43 133.40 103.55 123.16 127.94 144.10 156.33 143.84 136.95 136.07 151.79 168.88 204.64 203.26 150.81	169.30 191.05 155.91 167.85 144.32 210.57 169.04 118.77 142.03 107.26 149.63 125.91 135.39 100.54 122.79 124.74 143.39 154.83 143.63 136.87 134.26 151.80 164.19 118.67 208.76	162.73 189.41 155.40 167.02 144.47 206.46 167.46 117.61 140.56 106.01 148.37 124.52 132.40 102.15 121.57 125.36 143.04 153.83 142.21 134.56 196.00 148.37
Industry, Distance and Associated		Averag	e Weekly	Hours			Average i					imber of He	ourly-rated	Wage-carne	rs.
Industry Division and Area	Sep1 722	Aug	Jul	Jun	Sepi	Sept	Aug	Jul	Jun	Sept	Sept	Aug 1972P	July	June	Sept
	722	721	72P number	135	71	7 23	72P	72P dollar	72P	1971	19723	19720	1972P thousands	1972P	1971
Industry Division: Mining including milling Manufacturing Durables Non-durables Construction Building Lingineering	40.5 41.0 41.8 40.2 42.7 40.3 46.9	40.0 40.1 40.8 39.4 43.1 40.2 48.2	39.3 39.4 40.0 38.8 42.3 39.2 47.2	40.2 40.3 40.9 39.7 41.2 38.7 45.4	40.8 40.8 40.8 39.7 41.6 39.1 46.5	4.48 3.59 3.91 3.26 5.19 5.43 4.82	4.34 3.56 3.86 3.25 5.10 5.36 4.71	4,33 3,53 3,80 3,26 5,02 5,25 4,71	4.26 3.51 3.78 3.24 4.93 5.21 4.52	4.09 3.32 3.61 3.04 4.83 5.00 4.56	76.9 1,099.8 548.6 551.2 190.0 121.2 68.7	77.0 1.091.5 539.7 551.8 196.3 125.8 70.4	76. 2 1.059 6 521.5 538 1 178 8 109 7 69 1	77.7 1.081.7 533.6 548.2 184.3 116.6 67.8	81,7 1,077,4 531,5 545,9 202,1 134,3 67,8
Manufacturing: Atlantic Region Quebed Ontario Prairie Region British Columbia	41.1 41.5 41.2 39.5 39.0	39.8 40.8 40.3 38.8 37.5	39.2 40.0 39.6 38.5 37.1	40.8 40.6 39.4 37.6	39.3 41.0 40.5 39.4 37.5	2.85 3.12 3.81 3.53 4.53	2.86 3.09 3.77 3.53 4.56	2.86 3.08 3.70 3.54 4.59	2.81 3.12 3.72 3.48 4.41	2.68 2.90 3.51 3.27 4.24	56.5 333.7 538.3 76.1 95.1	62 I 332 k 524 9 75.3 96.3	61.8 320.7 507.7 74.8 94.5	61.5 334.2 531.1 75.8 79.0	56.5 328.4 525.6 12.7 94.1

advance figures P - preliminary figures P - revised figures.

Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, October 1972 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted exports in October reached a record level of \$1,853 million, up \$284 million from September. The previous record was \$1,750, set in June. Shipments to the United States and the United Kingdom accounted for 35%, of the increase and those to other overseas countries for 65%, or \$184 million.

Unadjusted October exports at \$1,955 million were some 27%, or \$418 million, higher than October 1971. Exports rose to all trading areas, with the United States accounting for more than half (\$227 million) of the increase, and overseas countries for \$191 million.

Close to half of the export gain over October 1971 was accounted for by relatively few commodities: wheat (up \$50 million), lumber (\$46 million), automotive products (\$34 million), ores of nickel, iron and copper (\$41 million) and pulp and newsprint

(\$29 million). Grain shipments to the People's Republic of China and the U.S.S.R. and its satallites increased nearly \$40 million. Export declines were recorded for metals.

In the 10 months to October, exports climbed almost 11%, or \$1,557 million, with the United States accounting for 92%, or \$1,434 million, of the increase. In exports to other countries there was a net gain of \$123 million with increases to Japan (\$103 million), and Latin America (\$48 million) and "other countries" (\$116 million) partially offset by export losses with Commonwealth and Preferential Countries (\$120 million) and the European Economic Community (\$24 million). Cumulative domestic export increases for automotive products accounted for \$359 million of the change from the first 10 months of 1971, lumber contributed some \$245 million, crude petroleum and natural gas added \$222 million, and newsprint expanded \$76 million.

For further information, order the October issue of Summary of Exports (65-002, 20\$\psi\$/\$2).

Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports – October, 1972 (Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Va	lue	Change	
	1971	1972	1971-1972	
	(\$ mil	lions)	%	
Month of October				
United Kingdom	110.3	135.8	23.1	
Other Commonwealth and Preferred	50.0	72.1	44.2	
United States	1,060.5	1,287.0	21.4	
Japan	64.1	100.0	56.0	
European Economic Community	93.6	122.4	30,8	
Latin America	46.0	64.7	40.7	
Other Countries	112.0	172.8	54.3	
Total Commonwealth and Preferred	160.3	207.9	29.7	
Total Others	1,376.1	1,747.0	27.0	
Grand Total	1,536.5	1,954.9	27.2	
January - October				
United Kingdom	1,132.5	1,069.8	-5.5	
Other Commonwealth and Preferred	560.2	503.2	-10.2	
United States	9,879.8	11,313.4	14.5	
Japan	665.5	769.0	15.5	
European Economic Community	920 1	895.7	-2.7	
Latin America	459.7	507.9	10.5	
Other Countries	960.4	1,076.7	12.1	
Total Commonwealth and Preferred	1,692.8	1,573.0	-7.1	
Total Others	12,885.7	14,562.7	13.0	
Grand Total	14,578.5	16,135.7	10.7	

Note: Figures may not add because of rounding.

Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations January-September

	1972	1971			
	(\$ thousands)				
P.E.I	30,266	29,539			
N.S	49,785	46,443			
N.B	43,157	38,336			
Quebec	570,751	516,014			
Ontario	1,107,857	1,007,808			
Manitoba	307,905	247,363			
Saskatchewan	773,890	605,219			
Alberta	612,025	550,281			
British Columbia .	167,213	148,300			
Canada	3,662,849	3,189,303			

Retail Trade, September 1972 - Advance Information.

Seasonally adjusted retail trade reached \$2,837.3 million in September 1972, up 0.2% from the August. Shoe stores registered the highest gain (8.4%) followed by family clothing stores (8.1%) and general merchandise stores (6.0%). Decreases ranged from 10.8% for fuel dealers to 0.8% for drug stores. Increases were reported in 5 of the ten provinces the largest in Newfoundland (4.5%) followed by Ontario (2.1%) and Nova Scotia (0.4%). Declines ranged from 2.0% in British Columbia to 0.1% in New Brunswick with Prince Edward Island unchanged from the previous month.

Not adjusted for seasonality, total retail trade reached \$2,848.7 million, 11.6% more than a year earlier. The largest increase was registered by department stores (20.6%) followed by grocery and combination stores (16.2%) and family clothing stores (14.0%). The only decline reported was by fuel dealers (2.9%). All provinces registered increased retail sales ranging from 17.8% in Newfoundland to 8.2% in Prince Edward Island. Sales for the first nine months of the year stood at \$24,230.7 million, 11.6% more than in the same period last year.

Further details will be contained in Retail Trade, September 1972 (63-005, 30¢/\$3).

Chain Store Sales and Stocks, September 1972 – Advance Information.

Chain store organizations reported sales of \$1,177.3 million during September 1972, an increase of 19.1% from September 1971. All trades except fuel dealers registered increased sales ranging from a high of 41.1% for service stations and garages to a low of 5.9% for general merchandise stores. Fuel dealers' sales decreased 24.4% to \$4.1 million from \$5.4 million. It should be noted that September 1972 had 5 shopping weekends as compared to only 4 during September 1971.

The value of stocks held on August 31, 1972 stood at \$1,914.6 million, 14.1% more than a year earlier.

Inventory held by grocery and combination stores, decreased by 8.8%, men's clothing stores 1.3% and fuel dealers 11.6% respectively while all other trades reported increased stock values ranging from a gain of 32.1% for women's clothings stores to 2.3% for variety stores.

Further details will be contained in Chain Store Sales and Stocks, September 1972 (63-001, 10¢/\$1).

Department Store Sales and Stocks, September 1972 - Advance Information.

Department stores registered sales reached \$340.4 million in September 1972, up 20.6% from \$282.3 million a year earlier.

Sales increased in all departments with largest increases in sales of plumbing, heating, and building materials (38.8%), and women's sportswear (37.5%). All provinces reported increases ranging from a high of 25.8% in Alberta to a low of 17.2% in Ontario.

The value of stocks held increased 17.3% to \$857.5 million. Inventory increases were led by plumbing, heating, and building materials (42.2%) and draperies, curtains, and floor coverings (35.2%). Declines were registered in millinery (7.5%), women's and misses' dresses (3.9%), men's furnishings (3.9%), and girls' and teenage girls' wear (2.8%).

Further details will be contained in *Department Store Sales and Stocks*, September 1972 (63-002, 20¢/\$2).

Labour Costs in Canada; Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities, 1970 – Advance Information (New Survey).

Preliminary estimates indicate that employees were paid an average of \$7,780 in gross payroll and \$673 as contributions to employees' welfare and benefit plans in the transportation, communication and other utilities industry in 1970. Vacation pay, averaging \$408, was the largest single "fringe benefit" in the direct payment category and the cost of private pension plans, averaging \$369, was the largest item in the welfare and benefit plan category.

Further information from this new survey of firms with 20 or more employees, conducted jointly by Statistics Canada and the Canada Department of Labour, will be published in the Statistics Canada publication Labour Costs in Canada; Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities (72-611, \$1.50).

Trusteed Pension Plans, Financial Statistics, 1971 – Advance Information.

Assets of trusteed pension funds in Canada increased by over \$1.4 billion to \$12.46 billion in 1971 from a book value of over \$11.05 billion in 1970.

Total income from the 3,946 trusteed pension funds covering 1,901,260 members, rose sharply to over \$1,946 million in 1971 from \$1,625 million in 1970, most of which represented contributions paid

(continued)

into the funds. Nearly two-thirds of the \$1.26 billion in contributions (some \$797 million) was paid by employers, while the employees' share totalled \$462.5 million. Investment income from the accumulated assets yielded over \$622 million.

As in the past two years there was evidence of considerable trading in the portfolios in that the profits and losses on sales of securities were inordinately high. However, whereas net profit on sales of securities was \$15 million in 1970, it rose to \$34 million in 1971, reflecting better market performance over the period.

As in the past, asset holdings continued to shift

from bonds to stocks. Bond holdings accounted for 51.3% of assets in 1971 compared with 52.2% in 1970 while stocks increased to 25.8% from 24.3%. Mortgage holdings increased to \$1,170 million from \$1,022 million but in relative terms they remained virtually unchanged at 9.3% of total assets. Pension funds generally continued to retain some liquidity in their portfolios in that aggregate cash and short term securities amounted to \$479 million in 1971.

For further information, order Trusteed Pension Plans, Financial Statistics, 1971 (74-201, 75¢), or contact Mr. H. Weitz, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA OVI (613-992-2776).

Summary of Income and Expenditures, Trusteed Pension Funds 1960, 1970 and 1971

Income and Expenditures	1960	1970	1971
		(\$ million)	
Income			
Employer contributions	230 160	658 396	798 462
Total	390	1,054	1,260
Investment income	152 2 6	546 15 10	622 34 30
Total	160	571	686
Total income	550	1,625	1,946
Expenditures			
Pension payments out of funds Cost of pensions purchased Cash withdrawals Administration costs Net loss on sale of securities Other expenditures	107 5 30 1 8	377 16 110 12 99	482 21 115 15 60 57
Total expenditures	153	629	750

Weekly Railway Carloadings, October 31, 1972 - Advance Information.

Railways in Canada loaded 6,558,038 tons of revenue carload freight during the 10-day period ending October 31. This was 5.9% more than in the comparable period of 1971. Year-to-date loadings decreased 1.6%. For further information order the October issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20¢/\$2).

Oil Pipe Line Transport, August 1972 - Advance Information.

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2,526,000 barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in August. This was 16.2% more than the 2,173,300 B/D received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 18.1% to 2,092,800 B/D, and imported oils increased 7.9% to 433,200

B/D.

For further information, order the August issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport (55-001, 204/\$2) or Energy Service Bulletin, Vol.7, No.85 (57-002, \$3 a year) or contact Mr. A.J. Côté, Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA OV6 (613-992-0491).

Refined Petroleum Products, September 1972 – Advance Information.

Canadian refineries produced 46,490,226 barrels of refined petroleum products in September 1972, 6.7% more than a year earlier.

For further information, order the September 1972 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, 30¢/\$3), or Energy Service Bulletin, Vol. 7, No. 90, (57-002, \$3 a year), or contact Mr. A.J., Côté, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA OV6 (613-992-4021).

Prices and Price Indexes, November 1972 - Advance Information.

Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced		Nov. 9/72 Week ago	Oct. 19/72 Month ago	
	1961=100				
Investors price index	114	180.2	179.3	176.5	
Industrials	80	187.0	186.6	183.9	
Utilities	20	150.7	150.0	148.4	
Finance	14	190.3	186.9	181.9	
Mining stock price index	24	103.8	105.6	107.4	
Uraniums price index	4	161.6	171.1	176.8	
Primary oils and gas	6	543.7	535.4	524.3	

For further information, order the November issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62.002, 404/\$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA OV6.

Publications Released

Railway Transport, 1970 (52-211, \$1.50)

Radio and Television Receiving Sets, September 1972 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, October 1972 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)

Concrete Products, September 1972 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)

Products Made from Canadian Clays, September 1972 (44-005, 10¢/\$1)

Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, September 1972 (33-003, 204/\$2)

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, August 1972 (35-002, 204/\$2)

Miscellaneous Food Processors, 1970 (32-224, 50¢)

Canadian Statistical Review Tape, November 1972 (\$150.00)

Forest Products from Census - Farm Wood lots, 1971 Census of Agriculture (96-736, 25¢)

Prices and Price Indexes, September 1972 (62-002, 40¢/\$4)

International Air Charter Statistics, April-June 1972 (51-003, 75¢/\$3)

Federal Government Finance, 1969 (68-211, 754)

Stoves and Furnaces, September 1972 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)

Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, September 1972 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)

Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1972 (24-001, 30¢/S3)

Railway Freight Traffic, 1970 (52-205, \$2)

Fish Products Industry, 1970 (32-216, 50¢)

Peat Industry, 1970 (26-212, 50¢)

(continued)

Miscellaneous Feed Processors, 1970 (3,-224, 50¢)

Raw Hides, Skins, and Finished Leather, September 1973 (33-001, 10¢/51)

Rigid Insulating Board (Wood Fibre and Mineral Products), September 1972 (36-002,10¢ \$1)

Fluid Milk Sales, September 1972 (2002-10651)

Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings (Including, steel pipe tubing and fittings), September 1972 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)

Breweries, September 1972 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)

Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, September 1972 (32-011, 20¢/\$2)

Copper and Nickel Production, September 1972 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)

Causes of Death, 1971 (84-203, \$2)

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, November 1, 1972 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)

Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, November 1, 1972 (32-012, 30¢/\$3)

Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, September 1972 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)

Gypsum Products, September 1972 (44-003, 10¢/\$1)

Preliminary Report on the Production of Motor Vehicles, October 1972 (42-001, 10¢/\$1)

Communications Equipment Manufacturers, 1970 (43-206, 50¢)

Estimates of Labour Income, January-March 1972 (72-005, 20¢/\$2)

Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, August 1972 (61-001, 20¢/\$2)

Building Permits, August 1972 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)

Air Passenger Origin and Destination, 1971 (51-205, \$5)

United States Vehicles Entering Canada, September 1972 (66-002, 10¢/\$1)

Preliminary Bulletin - (44-207-p, Free to subscribers), 1971 Census of Manufactures, Glass Manufacturers

Service Bulletin — Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 per year). Vol. 1, No. 15, Pack of Fruits and Vegetables as Reported up to the end of September 1972:

Miscellaneous Industries (47-003, \$1 per year), Vol. 1, No. 19, Shipments of Woven Shirts, 1971;

Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 1, No. 9, Builders and Shelf Hardware, September 1972;

Aviation Statistics (51-004, \$3 pc) year). Vol. 4, No. 59, Aircraft Fleet. Canadian Commercial Air Carriers as of October 15, 1972.

Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 8, Railway Operating Statistics, July 1972

Aviation (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 4, No. 60, Air Carrier Operations in Canada, 2nd quarter 1972

Communications (56-001, \$1 per year) Monthly 4 lephone to soc September 1972