## Statistics Canada weekly

## Page

Consumers ........................... 1
Prices ................................. 4
Cheques Cashed ..................... 6
Governments ........................ 6
Merchandising ...................... 6
Transportation ..................... 6

Ftiday, February 4, 1972

Education ......................... 8
Construction ...................... 8
Hospitals ......................... 9
Industry ........................... 9
Other Publications Released .... 10

Family Expenditure in Canada, 1969 - Advance information
For the first time in Canadian statistics, a national expenditure pattern representative of all persons living in private households in the ten provinces becomes available with the release of results from the 1969 survey of family expenditure. These results were derived from a sample of 15,140 families and unattached individuals at the beginning of 1970, referring to expenditures in the year 1969. The sample covered all areas of Canada, both urban and rural, except the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

For all families and unattached individuals living in both urban and rural areas of Canada, total expenditure averaged $\$ 8,161$ per spending unit for 1969. Average total expenditures ranged from $\$ 5,784$ in P.E.I. and $\$ 5,792$ in Newfoundland to $\$ 9,112$ in Ontario. The pattern of expenditure showed market variation as between provinces. Although Canadians on average allocated 18.7 per cent of family expenditure to food, the percentage varied provincially from 25.8 per cent in Newfoundland to 16.8 per cent in Alberta, reflecting differences in family size as well as income level. The percenta= ge spent on shelter ranged from 15.6 in Saskatchewan to 13.1 in Newfoundland. In the latter province almost three quarters of families were home-owners and the majority of these were mortgage-free. Other categories of expenditure which showed marked variations as between provinces were clothing, travel and transportation, and personal taxes.

Three publications of tabulations and an analytical volume are being prepared under the general title of Family Expenditure in Canada, 1969: Subtitles and catalogue numbers will be as follows: Volume 1, All Canada: Urban and Rural (Catalogue No.62-535), Vol.2, Regions (Catalogue No.62-536), Vol.3, Major Urban Centres (Catalogue No.62-537), Vol.4, The Analysis of Family Expenditure (Catalogue No.63-538).

Patterns of Expenditure of Families and Unattached Individuals, 1969
Canada Nfld. P.E.I. N.S. N.B. Quebec Ont. Man Sask. Alta. B.C.

Family Characteristics


Patterns of Expenditure of Families and Unattached Individuals, 1969.

|  | Canada | Nfld. | P.E.I. | N.S. | $\xrightarrow[\text { P.B. }]{\text { Percen }}$ | Quebec | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food | 18.7 | 25.8 | 23.1 | 21.2 | 21.9 | 20.9 | 17.3 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 16.8 | 17.6 |
| Shelter | 15.2 | 13.1 | 14.9 | 14.9 | 13.7 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 14.6 | 15.6 | 14.7 | 15.5 |
| Rented living quarters | 5.1 | 2.8 | - 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| Owned living quarters | 6.2 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 5.6 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.3 |
| Other housing | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 6 | . 5 | . 7 | . 9 | 6. .7 | - 8 | . 6 .8 | $.7$ |
| Water, power and fuel. | 3.1 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Hpusehold operation.... | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Furnishings and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equipment. | 4.6 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.0 |
| Household appliances | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| Other | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Clothing. | 8.1 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 7.1 |
| Personal care | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Medical and Health care. | 3.4 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.9 |
| Smoking and Alcoholic 3.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beverages. | 3.8 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 3.5 |
| Travel and transportation | 13.1 | 11.9 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 12.1 | 13.0 | 13.7 | 13.6 | 14.3 | 13.9 |
| Automobile. | 10.8 | 10.0 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 11.2 |
| Purchase | 5.0 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.1 |
| Operation | 5.8 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| Other... | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Recreation | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Reading .. | . 6 | . 4 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 |
| Education | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 | .9 |
| Miscellaneous expenses. | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Total Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption. | 79.5 | 84.6 | 85.4 | 82.0 | 82.5 | 81.1 | 78.2 | 78.7 | 80.0 | 78.8 | 79.0 |
| Personal Taxes.. | 13.5 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 12.7 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 11.8 | 13.7 | 14.0 |
| Security ............... | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| Gifts and Contributions. | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| Total Expenditure.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Household Facilities and Equipment, May 1971 ( $64-202,506$ ).
Possession of colour television sets by Canadian households increased more than that of any other household facility between May 1970 and May 1971. A survey of some 30,000 houselolds showed that $18.4 \%$ had colour sets where only $12.2 \%$ had them a year earlier, indicating a national increase of about 369,000 households, or more than 1,000 per day.

FM radios also advanced to $57.6 \%$ of all households from $52.9 \%$.
Households with two or more automobiles increased to $18.1 \%$ from $16.8 \%$, but those with one car declíned to $59.5 \%$ from $60.9 \%$.

Among items added to the study for the first time in 1971, snowmobiles were owned by $7.3 \%$ of the households, boats by $12.4 \%$ overnight camping equipment (shelter) by $17.7 \%$ and tape recorders by $24.6 \%$.
(see table on page 5)

Prices and Price Indexes (General Wholesale Index), December 1971 - Advance information

The general wholesale index (1935-39=100) moved up $0.8 \%$ in December to 295.9 from the revised November index of 293.6. Seven of the eight major group indexes were higher, while one declined.

The vegetable products group index advanced $1.6 \%$ in December to 236.5 from 232.8 on higher prices for sugar and its products, unmanufactured tobacco and livestock and poultry feeds. A rise of $1.5 \%$ to 341.0 from 336.0 in the animal products group index was mainly attributable to price increases for livestock. fishery products, fresh and cured meats, and eggs. Higher prices for soaps and detergents, and fertilizer materials were the principal items responsible for an increase of $0.9 \%$ to 240.4 from 238.2 in the chemical products group index. The wood products group index moved up $0.7 \%$ to 413.7 from the revised November index of 410.9 on higher prices for newsprint and cedar shingles. Increases amounting to $0.4 \%$ moved the textile products group index to 265.7 from 264.6 , and the iron products group index to 321.0 from 319.7. The non-metallic mineral products group index advanced slightly to 27.6 from 227.4 .

The non-ferrous metal products group index declined 0.9\% to 255.2 from 257.6 on lower prices for copper and its products.

For further information, order the December issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c/\$4).

Prices and Price Indices (Weekly Security Price Indexes). January 1972 -
Advance information $\quad(1961=100)$
Number Jan. 27/72 Jan. 20/72
stocks
This week


For further information, order the January issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40c/\$4).
$\frac{1971(\mathrm{May})}{\text { Number of } \% \text { of tota1 }}$

| households |
| :--- |
| $\left(000^{\prime} \mathrm{s}\right)$ |

$\frac{1970(\text { May })}{\text { Number of \% of total }}$

| households |
| :--- |
| (000's) households |


| Total households . ..................... . 5,779 | 100.0 | 5,646 | 100.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Principal Heating Facilities |  |  |  |
| Furnaces ........................... 4,656 | 80.6 | 4,531 | 80.3 |
| 0i1 ................................ . 2,747 | 47.5 | 2,672 | 47.3 |
| Gas ................................ . 1, 1,812 | 31.6 | 1,729 | 30.6 |
| Other equipment ..................... 1,124 | 19.4 | 1,115 | 19.7 |
| 011 ................................. 559 | 9.7 | 587 | 10.4 |
| Gas ................................. 145 | 2.5 | 167 | 3.0 |
| Hlectricity ...................... 282 | 4.9 | 226 | 4.0 |
| Cooking Fuel |  |  |  |
| E1ectric .......................... . 4,561 | 78.9 | 4,467 | 79.1 |
| Piped gas .......................... 661 | 11.4 | 643 | 11.4 |
| Bottled gas ......................... 148 | 2.7 | 127 | 2.2 |
| Wood or coal . ...................... . 177 | 3.1 | 195 | 3.5 |
| Kerosene or oil .................... 217 | 3.6 | 188 | 3.3 |
| Fuel Used for Piped Hot Water Supply |  |  |  |
| Electrictty ....................... 2,817 | 48.7 | 2,905 | 51.5 |
| Gas ................................. . 1,829 | 31.6 | 1,749 | 31.0 |
| 011 ................................ . . 700 | 12.1 | 596 | 10.6 |
| Coal or wood . ...................... 54 | 0.9 | 86 | 1.5 |
| No hot water supply ................ 375 | 6.5 | 310 | 5.5 |
| Refrigerators and Home Freezers |  |  |  |
| Electric refrigerators ............. 5, 577 | 98.2 | 5,557 | 98.4 |
| Home freezers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,971 | 34.1 | 1,879 | 33.3 |
| Washing Machines |  |  |  |
| Automat ic . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2, 281 | 39.5 | 2,284 | 40.5 |
| Other electric ...................... . 2,342 | 40.5 | 2,440 | 43.2 |
| Clothes Dryers ........................ 2,491 | 43.1 | 2,365 | 41.9 |
| Telephones .... ........................ . . 5,445 | 94.2 | 5,304 | 93.9 |
| Radios |  |  |  |
| A11 types, except car .............. 5, 622 | 97.3 | 5,489 | 97.2 |
| FM receivers ......................... 3, 330 | 57.6 | 2,989 | 52.9 |
| T.V. Sets |  |  |  |
| A11 types ............................ 5, 55 54 | 96.1 | 5,419 | 96.0 |
| Colour . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,065 | 18.4 | 686 | 12.2 |
| Record Players ...................... 4,049 | 70.0 | 3,932 | 69.6 |
| Automobiles .......................... . . 4, 481 | 77.5 | 4,388 | 71.7 |
| One automobile ..................... 3,437 | 59.5 | 3,438 | 60.9 |
| Two or more automobiles ............ 1,044 | 18.1 | 955 | 16.8 |
| Miscellaneous ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Tape recorders (including cassettes) 1,422 | 24.6 | - | - |
| Automatic dishwashers .............. 498 | 8.6 | 426 | 7.5 |
| Window-type air conditioners ...... 309 | 5.3 | 241 | 4.3 |
| Vacuum cleaners .................... 4, 788 | 82.9 | 4,472 | 81.1 |
| Electric sewing machines .......... 3, 719 | 64.4 | 3,222 | 58.4 |
| Snowmobiles ........................ 423 | 7.3 | - | - |
| Overnight camping equipment (shelter) 1,025 | 17.7 | - | - |
| Boats . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 716 | 12.4 | - | - |

(1) 1969 estinates. Data not collected in 1970.

Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, November 1971 ( $61-001,201 /\{2$ )
During November, $\$ 87.3$ billion worth of cheques were cashed in Canada, $20.0 \%$ more than a year earlier. Payments increased $16.3 \%$ in Ontario, 28.4\% in Quebec, $17.2 \%$ in British Columbia, $18.9 \%$ in the Prairie Provinces and 22.4\% in the Atlantic Provinces.

The turnover ratio (compiled on an annual basis) for currentaccountsreached 118.38 in November down from 119.00 a year earlier, while that for savings accounts rose to 2.97 from 1.89 .

Provincial Government Finance - Assets, Liabilities, and Sources and Uses of Funds, Fiscal years ended March 31, 1969 and 1970 (formerly Provincial Government Finance - Debt) - Advance information

The financial assets of provincial and territorial governments increased $18.2 \%$ to $\$ 10,056.1$ million on March 31,1970 from $\$ 8,509.1$ million a year earlier. Liabilities grew $12.4 \%$ to $\$ 13,422.8$ million from $\$ 11,937.2$ million during the same period.

Further information can be obtained from the Governments Division of Statistics Canada, Ottawa KIA OT6, and will be published in the 1968-69 and 1969-70 (bilingual) issue of Provincial Government Finance - Assets, Liabilities, and Sources and Uses of Funds (68-209, \$1).
(see tables on next page)

Department Store Sales by Regions; December 1971 ( $63-004$, S1 a year)
During December 1971, department store sales rose in Canada by 12.8\% over the corresponding month last year, with regional changes as follows: Atlantic Provinces, 14.7\%; Quebec, 12.0\%; Manitoba, 9.8\%; Ontario, 12.7\%; Saskatchewan, 12.2\%; Alberta, 14.9\% and British Columbia, 13.0\%.

Railway Carloadings, December 1971 - Advance information
Railways in Canada loaded 16,242,567 tons of revenue freitht during December, $0.9 \%$ more than in December 1970. Carloads rose $0.9 \%$ to 293,677. Receipts from U.S. connections decreased $1.8 \%$ to $1,954,728$ tons leaving total tons carried up $0.6 \%$ at $18,199,295$ tons.

Major increases occurred in loadings of wheat, potash and lumber, while there were significant declines in loadings of coal, fuel oil, aand, gravel, crushed stone and gypsum.
Year-to-date tonnage increased $2.3 \%$ to $212,038,102$ tons while carloads were ahead $1.1 \%$ at $3,772,851$.

For further information, order the December issue of Rallway Carloadings (52-001, 20ct\$2).

Weekly Railway Carloadings, January 14, 1972 - Advance information
Railways loaded $3,691,411$ tons of revenue freight in Canada during the 7 -day period ending January 14. This was $6.1 \%$ more than in the comparable period of 1971. Year-to-date loadings increased 7.0\%. Figures for this and and subsequent weeks will exclude non-carload traffic (i.e. small ehipments of less than a carload) which accounted for less than $5 \%$ of tetal tonnge loadd. Piggyback figures continue on the same basis as previously.
For further information, order the January issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20c/\$2).

# Financial Assets and Liabilities of Provincial and Territorial Governments as at March 31, 1969 and 1970 



Financial assets
Cash on hand and on deposit
Receivables
Loans and advances
Canadian investments:
Treasury bills
Bonds and debentures
Mortgages and agreements of sale
Capital stock
Notes
Other
Sub-total

Other Total financial assets Liabilities
Short term bank loans and overdrafts
Payables
Loans and advances
Treasury bills
Savings bonds
Bonds and debentures
Notes
Deposits and other
liabilities
Total liabilities

| 75.7 | 47.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 631.5 | 734.0 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| 455.5 | 527.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| 190.8 | 127.9 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 233.3 | 190.0 | 2.0 | 1.4 |
| $9,508.1$ | $10,885.1$ | 79.6 | 81.1 |
| 54.3 | 56.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| 788.0 |  |  |  |
| $11,937.2$ | $13,422.8$ | 6.6 | 6.4 |
|  |  | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Main Sources and Uses of Funds of Provincial and Territorial Governments during the Fiscal Year 1969-70 (Preliminary Data)

| Sources | Millions of dollars | Yer cent of total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excess of revenue over expenditure | 26.3 | 1.2 |
| Recoveries of previous years' expenditure less |  |  |
| refunds of previous years' revenue | 20.7 | 0.9 |
| Sinking fund earnings | 39.0 | 1.7 |
| Proceeds from sales of bonds and debentures | 1,709.5 | 74.7. |
| Increase in other liabilities | 290.7 | 12.7 |
| Decrease in assets | 201.4 | 8.8 |
| Total sources of funds Uses | 2,287.6 | 100.0 |
| Retirements of savings bonds | 43.3 | 1.9 |
| Retirements of bonds and debentures | 339.1 | 15.0 |
| Decrease in other liabilities | 138.8 | 6.1 |
| Increase in assets | 1,748.2 | 77.0 |
| Total uses of funds | 2,269.4 | 100.0 |
| Statistical Discrepancy | 18. |  |

Education In Canada's Northland, 1960-70 (81-549, 51).
Perhaps the largest single education system in the world serves 1.5 million square miles - $40 \%$ of Canada's total land mass - in the Yukon and Northwest Territories. The population of 52,000 people is thinly scattered over the area, two thousand miles away from urban centres, and speaks many languages - the majority group of 13,000 Eskimos speak 20 different dialerts.

Yet enrolment in elementary-secondary schools increased $68 \%$ to 13,077 students in 1969-70 from 7,784 ten years earlier, and that in Grade XII to 260 from 100. Staff increased $156 \%$ to 775 teachers from 320 , reducing the student-to-teacher ratio to $17: 1$ from $24: 1$. Enrolment in public trade schools and on-the-job training programs grew 70\% between 1963-64 and 1969-70 to 757 from 445. The registered apprenticeship program established in 1963 had 143 apprentices registered in 1970.

Direct responsibility for education was shifted from ottawa to Yellowknife in 1969 with the establishment of the Northwest Territories Department of Education. School construction is expanding, and there is a continuing program to develop innovative curricula relevant to the cultural heritage of the Eskimo, Indian and Métis students.

New Residential Construction, Decomber 1971-Advance Information
Dwelling Starts and Completions
in Centres of 10,000 Population \& Over

| $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | Starts |  |  |  |  | Completions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total |
| Newfoundland | 34 | 64 | - | 80 | 178 | 61 | 62 | 9 | 152 | 284 |
| Prince Edward Island | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 21 | 6 | - | - | - | 6 |
| Nova Scotia | 71 | 26 | 72 | 265 | 434 | 51 | 12 | - | 54 | 117 |
| New Brunswick | 48 | 44 | - | 41 | 133 | 107 | 14 | 10 | 61 | 192 |
| Quebec | 1,858 | 174 | 114 | 1,768 | 3,914 | 880 | 110 | 79 | 3,225 | 4,294 |
| Ontario | 1,741 | 513 | 622 | 3,439 | 6,315 | 1,901 | 451 | 569 | 2,830 | 5,751 |
| Manitoba | 172 | 129 | 7 | 313 | 621 | 323 | 69 | 168 | 713 | 1,273 |
| Saskatchewan | 142 | 2 | - | - | 144 | 229 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 249 |
| Alberta | 776 | 42 | 130 | 385 | 1,333 | 588 | 77 | 99 | 683 | 1,447 |
| British Columbia | 576 | 32 | 52 | 1,254 | 1,914 | 605 | 82 | 9 | 622 | 1,318 |
| Canada | 5,421 | 1.032 | 1,003 | 7.551 | 15,007 | 4,751 | 887 | 949 | 8,344 | 14,931 |

For further information, order the December issue of New Residenthal Construction (64-002, 30c/\$3).

Hospital Statistics, Breliminary Annual Report, 1970 - Advance information
(This edition of the publication contains information related to mental hospitals and tuberculosis sanatoria = not included in previous editions of this report, as well as data pertaining to general and allied special hospitals).

In 1970, there were 1,264 general and allied special hospitals in operation in Canada, 3 more than in 1969. The number of beds increased $2.4 \%$ to 148,999 or 7.0 per 1,000 population. The occupancy rate in public general and allied special hospitals increased slightly in 1970 to $80.9 \%$ from $80.7 \%$ the previous year and average length of stay decreased from 11.7 to 11.4 days. These hospitals employed over 296,000 employees in 1970 (up $2.1 \%$ over the 1969 level): paid hours of work per patient-day of care remained the sane at 13.3.

Total operating expense for public general and allied special hospitals climbed to $\$ 2,248,467,000$, or $\$ 56.25$ per patient-day, in 1970 , an increase of $11.0 \%$ over the 1968 per diem rate of $\$ 50.69$. Gross salaries and wages represented $70.7 \%$ of total expense.

For further information, order the 1970 issue of Hospital Statistics, Preliminary Annual Report (83-217, 75c).

Steel Ingots, Week ended January 29, 1972 - Advance information
Preliminary Steel ingot production for the week ended January 29, totalled 242,451 tons, an increase of $1.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 239,064 tons. The comparable week's total in 1971 was 208,382 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 132.3 in the current week, 130.5 a week earlier and 113.7 one year ago.

Tobacco Products Manufacturers (S.I.C. 153), 1970 (Census of Manufactures) Advance information

The Tobacco Products Manufacturers shipped $\$ 376$ million worth of products of own manufacture in 1970. This was $8.7 \%$ more than in 1969. The total value added by the industry increased $9.0 \%$ to $\$ 191 \mathrm{mililion}$, the number of employees increased $0.3 \%$ to 8,483 , and total salaries and wages increased $11.6 \%$ to $\$ 66$ million.

For further information, order 1970 Census of Manufactures Preliminary Bulletins ( $\$ 3.50$ for the series), or the publication Tobacco Products Manufacturers, $1970(32-225,50 ¢)$.

## Oil Pipe Line Transport, November 1971 - Advance information

Canadian oil pipe 1 ines received $2,319,000$ barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in November. This was $3.4 \%$ more than the $2,241,900 \mathrm{~B} / \mathrm{D}$ received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased $5.9 \%$ to $1,886,400 \mathrm{~B} / 0$, and imported oils decreased $6.3 \%$ to 432,600 B/D.

For further information order the November issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport, (55-001, 20¢/\$2), or Energy Service Bulletin, Vol.7, No. 7 (57-002, \$5 a year).

Electric Power Statistics, December 1971 - Advance information
In December 1971 net generation rose $5.6 \%$ to $20,554,786$ thousand kwh. From $19,465,690$ thousand kwh. in December 1970. There were increases in net generation in most provinces but decreases in New Brunswick, Quebec, Saskatchewan, Yukon and Northwest Territories. The largest decreases occurred in New Brunswick (8.9\%) and Quebec (3.2\%). Newfoundland with $39.8 \%$ and Nova Scotia with $17.1 \%$. Hydro generation decreased by $0.3 \%$ while thermal production increased $22.1 \%$.

For further infomation, order the December issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, 10¢/\$1), or Energy Statistics Service Bulletin (57-002, \$5 a year).

Stoves and Furnaces, October 1971 (41-005, 20c/\$2).
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, November 1971 (33-003, 20¢/\$2).
Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, November 1971 (43-005, 10¢/\$1).
Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe Fittings, November 1971 (41-004, 10¢/\$1).
Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, November 1971 (41-008, 10¢/\$1).
Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, November 1971 (43-002, 10¢/\$1).
Prwducts Made from Canadian Clays, November 1971 (44-005, 10¢/\$1).
Service Bulletin, Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year): Sales of Natural Gas, November 1971; Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas, October 1971.
Consumption of Chemicals in Municipal Waterworks, 1968-69 (46-401, 25C).
The Dairy Review, December (23-001, 20c/\$2).
Indexes of Real Domestic Product, November 1971 (61-005, 20¢/\$2)
Wholesale Trade, October 1971 (63-008, \$l a year)
New Residential Construction, November 1971 ( $64-002$, 30c/\$3)
Statistics of Private Schools, 1969-70 (81-214, 25c)
Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, December 1971 (32-001, 10ç/\$1)
Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, November 1971 (32-020, 10c/\$1)
Radio and Television Sets, November 1971 (43-004, 20c/\$2)
Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, November 1971 (46-003, 10c/\$1)
Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, November 1971 (43-003, 10c/\$1)
Production of Eggs, December 1971 (23-003, 10c/\$1)
Motor Carriers - Freight, Third Quarter 1971 (53-005, 25c/\$1)
Stoves and Furnaces, November 1971 (41-005, 20c/\$2)
Canadian Forestry Statistics, Revised, 1969 (25-504, 75c)
Iravel between Canada, the United States and other Countries, October 1971 ( $66-001,30 c / \$ 3$ )
Local Government Finance, 1969-70 (68-203, 75c)
Fisheries Statistics, New Brunswick, 1970 ( $24-204$, 50c )
Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, November 1971 ( $24-002,30 c / \$ 3$ )
Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, October 1971 (35-002, 20c/\$2)

