Statistics Canada weekly

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CONTENTS	Page
The Labour Force, December 1972	1
Canadian Exports by Region of Lading, January-September 1971-72 - Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly Bulletin	2
Sales and Purchases of Securities Between Canada and Other Countries, September 1972	3
1971 Census of Agriculture - Advance Information	4
Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and Provinces, October 1972	4
Summary Housing Characteristics, 1971 Census	4
Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1971 – Advance Information	5
Prices and Price Indexes, Weekly Security Price Indexes, January 1973 – Advance Information	5
Canada's Mineral Production (Preliminary Estimate), 1972 - Advance Information	5
New Residential Construction, November 1972 – Advance Information	6
Department Stores Sales by Regions, November 1972	6
Transportation - Advance Information	6
Industries – Advance Information	7
Other Publications Released	8

The Labour Force, Week ended December 9, 1972 - Advance Information.

Between November and December, there was a less-than-usual decrease in employment but a greater-than-usual increase in unemployment. The latter caused an increase in the seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate to 6.8 in December from 6.6 in November.

The labour force, increased by 42,000 to 8,929,000 in December, whereas it usually decreases at this time of year, and the number of employed persons decreased by 18,000 to 8,345,000.

There were 584,000 unemployed persons in December compared to 524,000 in November. The unadjusted unemployment rate, representing the actual number of unemployed as a percent of the labour force, was 6.5 in December up from 5.9 in November.

Estimates (not adjusted for seasonality)

	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.
	1972	1972	1971
Labour Force (000's)	8,929	8,887	8,655
Employed (000's)	8,345	8.363	8,125
Unemployed (000's)	584	524	530
Unemployment Rate (Unemployment as a percentage of labour force)	6.5	5.9	6.1

Compared to a year ago, the labour force was up 274,000 (3.2%); employment was up 220,000 (2.7%); and unemployment was up 54,000.

For further information, order The Labour Force, December 1972 (71-001, 30¢/\$3).



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Canadian Exports by Region of Lading, January-September 1971-72 Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly Bulletin.

In the first nine months of 1972 domestic exports from Canada increased 8.6% over the same period of 1971. A strong second quarter followed by a temporary slowing of growth in the third quarter was apparent nationally and in regional patterns, particularly in Ontario and the Prairies. Among the factors contributing to the sharp third-quarter reduction were a long closing for model changeover in the Ontario automotive industry and shipping strikes on the Pacific coast, affecting the movement of wheat, coal and other bulk commodities from Western Canada.

Exports laded in the Atlantic region to the end of September 1972 were up 15.8% (\$94 million) from a year earlier, largely on \$34-million increases in shipments of both paper and fuel oil to the United States, with new or extended refinery capacity. Exports of chemicals, fishery products and lumber also increased, while moderate declines were recorded in shipments of asbestos and metals.

Exports laded in Quebec declined by \$8.3 million or about 3%. Iron ore shipments dropped \$70 million, partially as a result of strikes in both shipping and mining. Automotive products—with the conversion of the Ste. Thérèse plant to assemble a new carline—were down some \$60 million, aluminum about \$45 million, and pulp \$15 million. On the other hand, exports improved for paper (up \$35 million), lumber (\$25 million), and more moderately for copper and aircraft and parts.

Ontario exports increased 10.7% or \$593 million. Automotive products accounted for most of the growth, increasing by about \$390 million. Shipments of aircraft and parts rose some \$80 million, and sales of office machines and computer parts increased about \$40 million. Exports of farm machinery and nickel each gained \$20 million. Declines of some \$20 million each were recorded for copper and for iron and steel fabricated shapes, following strike-hedge purchasing in 1971 in the United States.

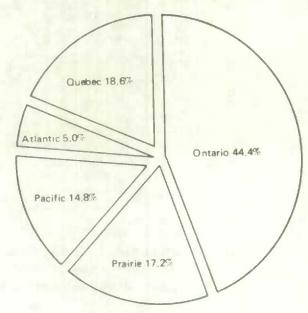
Prairie exports rose by \$188 million or 8.6%. Deliveries of crude petroleum and natural gas to the United States represented roughly \$170 million of the increase. Increases of some \$15 million each occurred for meat, wheat, lumber, and pulp and paper. However, shipments of oilseeds and nickel metal each dropped by some \$25 million.

The Pacific region growth rate, at 17.4% was twice that for the country as a whole. Lumber sales accounted for over \$140 million or nearly half of the \$304-million growth. Exports of copper ore were about \$50 million higher, followed by fisheries products and by crude petroleum and natural gas. each group rising by \$25 million.

For further information, contact Mr. Wm. MacLeod (613-992-8896) External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z9.

Exports by Region*

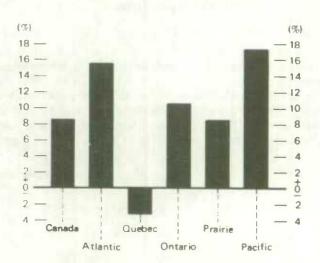
(First Nine Months, 1972)



Canada (100 % = \$13,832.2 million)

Exports Growth by Region*

(First Nine Months, 1972)



* Commodity classes 61 (cereels) and 212 (oilseeds) assigned to Prairie region. This tends to overstate values since handling, cleaning, storage and transportation charges to ocean port of lading are included.

Domestic Exports by Region of Lading

Quarters		Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie	Pacific	Canada
The state of the same of the s					(\$ millio	n)	
First	1971 1972	188.1 192.0	774.6 804.4	1,818.3 1,964.2	660.7 681.9	533.7 633.9	3,975.4 4,276.4
	Change %	2.1	3.8	8.0	3.2	18.8	7.6
Second	1971 1972	201.1 251.2	995.0 931.1	1,984.9 2,383.9	725.9 857.6	609.2 753.5	4,516.1 5,177.2
	Change %	24.9	-6.4	20.1	18.1	23.7	14.6
Third	1971 1972	202.2 241.8	883.8 834.7	1,754.7 1,802.6	806.2 841.2	598.9 658.2	4.245.8 4,378.5
	Change %	19.6	-5.6	2.7	4.3	9.9	3.1
Commodity Section 9 months							
Live animals	1971 1972	1.4	9,3 11.1	30.2 29.9	9.1 12.2	2.7	52.6 56.2
Food, feed, beverages, tobacco*	1971 1972	171.4 178.3	147.7 138.2	242.5 245.6	776.4 800.0	74.0 105.3	1,411.9 1,467.4
Crude materials*	1971 1972	77.9 75.5	470.4 403.6	505.1 466.0	971.5 1,100.2	361.4 441.3	2,386.3 2,486.7
Fabricated materials	1971 1972	321.5 409.4	1,285.4 1,336.7	1,157.5 1,205.5	353.9 374.9	1,224.9 1,419.2	4,343.2 4,745.8
End products	1971 1972	18.2 18.9	737.1 673.5	3,609.6 4,187.0	76.9 89.9	77.0 75.0	4,518.8 5,044.3
Special transactions	1971 1972	1.0	3.5 7.0	13.1 16.6	5.0 3.6	1.9 3.2	24.5 31.8
Total	1971	591.4	2,653.4	5,557.9	2,192.8	1,741.8	12,737.3
	1972	685.0	2,570.2	6,150.7	2,380.7	2,045.6	13,832.2
	Change %	15.8	- 3.1	10.7	8.6	17.4	8.6

^{*}Adjusted to assign all exports of commodity groups 61 (cereals) and 212 (oilseeds) to Prairie Region.

Sales and Purchases of Securities Between Canada and Other Countries, September 1972 (67-002, 204/\$2).

International transactions in all long-term portfolio securities resulted in a net inflow to Canada of \$313 million in the third quarter of 1972. This was down sharply from the previous quarter when the net inflow of \$611 million reflected the placement abroad of a record \$491 million of new issues of provincial governments and their enterprises. Geographically, there were net inflows of \$8 million from the United States, \$17 million from the United Kingdom, \$200 million from continental Europe and \$88 million from all other countries.

International transactions in the Canadian money market during the third quarter gave rise to a net outflow of \$133 million compared to a net outflow of \$248 million in the previous quarter. The large net

sales of Canadian money market paper abroad which occurred during the first quarter of the year did not continue into the second and third quarters. The reduction in net sales was coincident with a narrowing of covered interest rate differentials between Canada and the United States.

Trade in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during September resulted in a net capital inflow of \$81 million as Canadian investors sold, on balance, \$55 million of Canadian securities and \$26 million of foreign securities. In the previous month the net inflow was \$26 million lower with total turnover \$161 million higher. Geographically, trading in all outstanding issues led to net inflows of \$9 million from the United States, \$8 million from the United Kingdom, \$50 million from continental Europe and \$14 million from all other countries.

1971 Census of Agriculture – Acreages of Forage Seed – Advance Information.

There were 736,292 acres of forage seed harvested in Canada in 1970. Slightly more than half the total was reported in Alberta, with important acreages in Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and British Columbia. Red clover, creeping red fescue and alsike were the crops with the highest reported acreages.

Further information will be published in the Volume Series of Census reports, but advance details, including acreages by census divisions and subdvisions (where confidentiality can be maintained) are available from Mr. H.K. Scott, Census of Agriculture Subdivision. Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0T7 (613-996-5478).

Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and Provinces, October 1972 (91-001, 25¢).

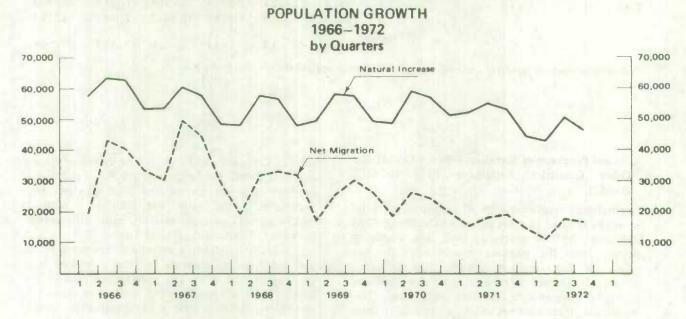
Canada's population reached an estimated 21,912,000 on October 1, 1972. This was 247,000

1971 Census of Agriculture - Mortgages or Agreements for Sales - Advance Information.

Of the 366,128 farmers enumerated in the 1971 Census, 346,928 owned or partly owned the land they farmed. Of these, 155,650, or 44.9% reported mortgages or agreements for sale on at least part of their agricultural land and buildings. Government agencies held 61.5% of the encumbrances reported; private individuals 25.3%; banks and insurance, loan, trust and mortgage companies 15.1%; and other sources 9.9%.

Further information will be published in the Volume Series of census reports, but advance details, including data for census divisions and subdivisions (where confidentiality can be maintained) are available from Mr. H.K. Scott, Census of Agriculture Subdivision, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0T7 (613-992-5478).

more than a year earlier. British Columbia had the fastest growth over the year -2.9% to 2,269,000 – and Saskatchewan was the only province to show a decrease -1.3% to 912,000.



Summary Housing Characteristics. 1971 Census (93-744, 50¢).

More Canadian households lived in apartments or flats and rented dwellings at the time of the 1971 Census than ever before. Rented dwellings of all types increased by nearly 850,000 to represent 40% of total housing, up from 34% in 1961.

The number of occupied apartments increased by

548,000 between 1961 and 1971, rising to 28% of Canadian dwellings, from 25%.

Occupied apartments increased 137% in British Columbia, 134% in Newfoundland, and 86% in Ontario.

The number of attached dwellings (including town houses and garden homes) also increased particularly in Quebec (up 124%), British Columbia (60%), Ontario (46%), and Alberta (45%).

(continued)

Mobile homes multiplied from two to six times their 1961 levels in every province but Ontario and Saskatchewan. They increased 79% in Saskatchewan and 77% in Ontario. The national total jumped to 64,000 in 1971 from fewer than 20,000 ten years earlier.

While the total number of dwellings grew by a third in the ten-year period, dwellings equipped with and flush toilets 47%. As a result, by 1971, 96% of Canadian households had running water, 93% the use of a bath or shower and 94% had flush toilets. Comparable figures for these facilities in 1961 were 89% for running water, 80% for bath or shower and 85% for flush toilets.

running water increased by 43%, bath or showers 53%

Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1971 – Advance Information.

Sales of new farm implements, equipment, attachments and repair parts increased by 17.1% to \$402,978,169 in 1971 from \$344,012,361 in 1970. The value of repair parts, included in these totals,

Canada's Mineral Production (Preliminary Estimate), 1972 Advance Information.

The value of Canada's mineral production increased 7.0% to a record high of \$6.4 billion in 1972. The largest gain was in the fuels sector, which grew 15.6% to \$2.3 billion. At \$3 billion, the metals sector continued to have the largest value, up 1.8% from the previous year. The non-metals group gained 6.3% to \$532 million, and structural materials 4.8% to \$534 million.

For further information order Canada's Mineral Production, Preliminary Estimate, 1972 (26-202, 50¢) or contact Mr. A.J. Symons, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0V6 (613-992-0491).

increased to \$76,812,675 from \$65,031,758, and the value of sales of tractors and engines increased to \$117,369,565 from \$102,597,240.

Detailed information will be released in the publication Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1971 (63-203, 50¢).

Total Sales

	1970	1971	Change 1971-1970
	(\$ mi	illion)	(%)
Canada	344.0	403.0	17.1
Atlantic Provinces	13.9	13.8	-1.1
Ouchec	57.3	56.9	-0.7
Ontario	100.3	110.8	10.5
Manitoba	34.8	37.6	7.9
Saskatchewan	64.3	88.4	37.7
Alberta	62.9	82.3	30.9
British Columbia	10.6	13.2	24.2

Prices and Price Indexes, January 1973 - Advance Information.

Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	Jan. 4/73 This week	Dec. 28/72 Week ago 1961=100	Dec. 7/72 Month ago
Investors price index	114	193.1	189.8	188.7
Industrials	80 20	203.2 155.8	199.2 154.2	196.2 154.8
1 inance	14	198.1	195.3	201.1
Mining stock price index	24	114.0	104.5	104.1
Uraniums price index	4	177.4	163.6	158.0
Primary oils and gas	6	544.3	555-1	565.1

For further information, order the January issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 406-84)

New Residential Construction, November 1972 - Advance Information

Dwelling Starts and Completions in Centres of 10,000 Population & Over

		Starts Comple			ompletio	letions				
November 1972	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total	Single	Double	Row	Apt.	Total
Newfoundland	36	4	4	-	44	54	4		106	164
Prince Edward Island	7			~	7	7	2	-	-	9
Nova Scotia	80	26	206	48	360	25	22	18	34	99
New Brunswick	102	14		159	275	187	26		62	275
Quebec	1,878	149	107	2,723	4,857	1,449	134	244	1.976	3,803
Ontario	2,266	508	396	3,953	7,123	2,483	834	847	3,825	7,989
Manitoba	228	63	25	782	1,098	428	1.21		458	1,007
Saskatchewan	286				286	309	5			314
Alberta	859	62	222	194	1,337	854	87	29	1,148	2.118
British Columbia	762	36	163	1,003	1,964	1,045	46	196	845	2,132
Canada	6,504	862	1,123	8,862	17.351	6,841	1,281	1,334	8,454	17,910
Metropolitan Areas										
Calgary	441	22	9	60	532	423	34		184	641
Idmonton	318	38	213	47	616	311	32	25	911	1,279
Halifax	64	18	206	48	336	18	2		22	42
Hamilton	294	40	24	456	814	290	25	115	354	784
Hull	245	4		37	286	161	2		84	247
Kitchener	124	36	12	373	545	190	37	29	154	410
London	102		_	226	328	159	18	23	374	574
Montreal	663	59	103	1,611	2,436	541	64	244	893	1,742
Ottawa	69	-	105	276	450	136	3	413	487	1,039
Ouebec	303	50	3	711	1,067	272	22		576	870
Regina	103	1027	-	00 =	103	150		90.		150
Saint John	41	6	21	144	191	73	12	100	36	121
St. Johns	32	2	4	-	38	43	4		106	153
Saskatoon	91	-	-		91	80	2	-	- 44	82
Sudbury	7()	6		113	189	77	99		203	280
Toronto	619	288	182	1,591	2,680	697	568	112	1,332	2,709
Vancouver	452	16	163	515	1,146	772	36	159	575	1,542
Victoria	107	2		44()	549	102	2	37	211	352
Windsor	64	-		66	130	100	40	39	288	467
Winnipeg	195	59	25	706	985	369	120	-	418	907
Sub-Total	4,397	646	1,049	7,420	13,512	4,964	1,023	1,196	7,208	14,391
Major Urban Areas	1,140	120	24	722	2,006	864	189	122	701	1,876
Other Areas 10,000+	967	96	50	720	1,833	1,013	69	16	545	1,643
All Areas 10,000+	6,504	862	1,123	8,862	17,351	6,841	1,281	1,334	8,454	17,910

For further information, order New Residential Construction, November 1972 (64-002, \$4 a year, \$6.40 outside Canada).

Department Store Sales by Regions, November 1972 (63-004, \$1 a year).

During November 1972, department store sales rose in Canada by 16.3% over the corresponding month last year, with regional changes as follows: Atlantic Provinces, 17.8%; Quebec, 21.6%; Ontario, 13.2%; Manitoba, 13.6%; Saskatchewan, 14.9%; Alberta, 20.7% and British Columbia, 16.2%.

Passenger Bus Statistics, November 1972 – Advance Information.

In November, 43 intercity and rural bus companies carried 3,033,149 passengers. This was 13.5% less than the 3,506,287 carried a year earlier. Their busses travelled 9,304,180 vehicle miles (down 1.5%) and consumed 1,232,404 gallons of diesel oil (down from 1,241,684) and 86,863 gallons of gasoline (down from 91,147). Total operating revenue increased 4.2%

to \$6,617,249.

For further information, order the November issue of *Passenger Bus Statistics* (53-002, 50¢/\$2).

Railway Operating Statistics, September 1972 – Advance Information.

Railway operating revenues of \$161.9 million were reported for the month of September by 24 common carrier railways operating in Canada. This was 1.7% higher than the \$159.2 million reported for September 1971. Operating expenses, however, rose 6.9% to \$154.7 million leaving net operating income 49.9% lower at \$7.3 million.

Revenue freight ton-miles rose 1.7% to 10,711 million, but revenue passenger-miles declined 5.6% to 172.3 million.

For further information order the September issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, 104/\$1).

Total revenue freight loaded by all common carrier railways in Canada during 1971 rose 2.3% to 212.6 million tons compared with 207.9 million tons in 1970. Receipts from United States railways declined 8.4% to 23.8 million tons leaving total tonnage carried up 1.1% at 236.4 million tons.

Major increases occurred in the volume of food, feed, beverages and tobacco; inedible end products; special types of traffic and non-carload freight. There was a substantial decline in the tonnage of live animals handled.

For further information, order Railway Transport, 1971, Part V (Freight Carried by Principal Commodity Classes) (52-211, \$1.50).

Weekly Railway Carloadings, December 21, 1972 - Advance Information.

Railways in Canada loaded 4,429,229 tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending December 21. This was 19.6% more than in the comparable period of 1971. Year-to-date loadings increased 0.1%. For further information order the December issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20\$\ell\$/\$2).

7-day period ending Dec. 2t	East	West	Canada
Total Carload Traffic:			
Tons, 1972	2,275,582	2,153,647	4,429,229
Tons, 1971	2,112,410	1,590,620	3,703,030
% change	7.7	35.4	19.6
Cars, 1972	41.781	35.583	77,364
Cars, 1971	40,678	28.342	69.020
% change	2.7	25.5	12.1
Piggyback traffic1:			
Tons, 1972	107.308	44,736	152.044
Tons, 1971	101,510	37,454	138,964
% change	5.7	19.4	9.4
Cars, 1972	4.438	2.159	6.597
Cars, 1971	4,573	1,801	6,374
% change	-3.0	19.9	3.5
Year-to-date			
Total Carload Traffic:			
Tons, 1972	108,342,534	99,376,289	207.718.823
Tons, 1971	121,012,243	86,536,457	207,718,823
% change	-10.5	14.8	0.1
Cars, 1972	2.033.255	1.693.959	3,727,214
Cars, 1971	2.170.090	1.574.697	3,744,787
% change	~6.3	7.6	-0.5
Piggyback traffic1:			0.5
Tons. 1972	4.881.474	2.200.514	7,081,988
Tons, 1971	3,738,448	1.993.045	5.731.493
% change	30.6	1,223,043	23.6
Cars, 1972	214.001	107.173	321.174
Cars, 1971	177.177	92.264	269,441
% change	20.8	16.2	19.2
	0.0.0	10.2	17.6

¹ Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

Canadian Pacific Limited, 1923-71 - Advance Information

Rail revenues of Canadian Pacific Limited have more than tripled since 1923 reaching \$727.4 million in 1971. Net rail operating income after income taxes but before fixed charges showed a much smaller increase to \$49.1 million in 1971 from \$40.3 million in 1923. Including net income from non-rail operations, however, corporate net income before fixed charges nearly doubled over the period to \$95.2 million from \$49.0 million. Final net income after fixed charges recorded a similar gain to \$61.5 million in 1971 from \$34.4 million in 1923.

Revenue freight carried more than doubled over the period from 32.9 million tons to 78.8 million tons, however revenue passengers carried dropped sharply from 16.2 million to 5.2 million.

For further information, order Canadian Pacific Limited, 1923-1971 (52-202, 50¢).

Electric Power Statistics, November 1972 – Advance Information.

In November 1972 net generation rose 14.5% to 21.6 billion kwh. from 18.9 billion a year earlier. There were increases in net generation in all provinces. The largest increases were 244.1% in Newfoundland and 17.1% in Northwest Territories. Hydro generation

rose 21.4% while thermal production dropped 2.6%.

For further information, order the November issue of *Electric Power Statistics* (57-001, 20¢/\$2), or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, \$3), or contact Mr. M.I. Cavanagh, Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0V6 (613-992-4021).

Iron Ore, November 1972 Advance Information.

Canadian mines shipped 4,907,057 tons of iron ore in November 1972, compared to 4,383,759 tons a year earlier. This brought the eleven month output to 39,607.563 tons from 44,906,594 tons a year earlier.

For further information, order the November issue of *Iron Ore* (26-005, 10d/\$1), or contact Mr. A.J. Symons. Manufacturing and Primary Industries Divi-

sion, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0V6 (613-992-0491).

Industrial Chemicals, November 1972 – Advance Information.

Manufacturers produced 40,259,567 pounds of polyethylene type synthetic resins in November of 1972, and 35,164,783 pounds a year earlier.

For further information, order the November issue of *Specified Chemicals* (46-002, 10¢/S1), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-1853), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0V6.

Other Publications Released

Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, October 1972 (61-005, 30¢/\$3)

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries. September 1972 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)

Retail Trade, October 1972 (63-005, 30¢/\$3)

Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods (35-001, 20¢/\$2)

Iron and Steel Mills, 1970 (41-203, 50¢)

Silver-Cobalt Mines and Silver-Lead-Zinc Mines 1970 (26-216, 50¢)

Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, October 1972 (24-002, 30 §/\$3)

Hardboard, November 1972 (36-001, 10¢/\$1)

Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, November 1972 (32-001, 10¢/\$1)

Department Store Sales and Stocks, October 1972 (63-002, 20¢\$2)

Consumer Credit, October 1972 (61-004, 20eS2)

Cable Television, 1971 (56-205, 50¢)

Manufacturing Industries of Canada, Atlantic Provinces, 1969 (31-204, \$1)

Imports by Commodities, October 1972 (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50)

Trade of Canada - Summary of Foreign Trade, October 1972 (65-001, 10¢/\$1)

Wholesale Trade, October 1972 (63-008, \$1 a year)

Canadian Statistical Review, Historical Summary 1970 (11-505, \$1.50)

Railway Freight Traffic, Fourth Quarter 1971 (52-002, 754/83)

Miscellaneous Non-Metal Mines, 1970 (26-220: 50¢)

Tobacco and Tobacco Products Statistics, September 1972 (32-014, 50¢/S2)

Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Annual Report, Year ended March 31, 1971 (11-201, no charge)

Employment Earnings and Hours, June 1972 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)

Federal Government Employment, April 1969 – June 1970 (72-004, 50¢/\$2)

Provincial Government Employment, July - September 1972 (72-007, 50¢/\$2)

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, August 1972 (66-001, 40¢/\$4)

Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, October 1972 (51-001, 30¢/\$3)

Service Bulletins - Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 16, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, November 1972; Vol. 1, No. 17, Production and Inventory of Dry Skim Milk Powder, November 1972;

(continued)

Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year); Vol. 1, No. 68, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Quebec, November 1972; Vol. 1, No. 69, Advance Release of Fish Landings, Newfoundland, November 1972;

Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 2, Coal Production and Landed Imports, November 1972.

Fish and Fish Products (24-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 66, Advance Release of Fish Landings, British Columbia, November 1972;

Energy (57-002, S3 a year), Vol. 7, No. 96, Supply and Disposition of Propane and Butanes, September 1972; Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, October 1972.

Fish and Fish Products (24-003, S1 a year), Vol. 1, No 67, Advance release of fish landings, Maritimes, November 1972

Aviation (51-004, \$3 a year), Vol. 4, No. 67, Airport Activity Statistics, 1972.

Water Transport (54-003, \$1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Canadian Water Carriers, 1971.

Preliminary Bulletins, Census of Manufactures, 1971 (\$3.50 a year): Fur dressing and dyeing (47-205-p); Motor Vehicle Manufacturers (42-209-p)

