

CANADA CANADA

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Canada's Foreign Trade, First Quarter 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Canada's estimated trade balance, seasonally adjusted. showed a surplus of \$332 million for the 1973 first quarter, indicating a moderate decline from levels reached in the last half of 1972. The growth rate for imports continued to outpace that for exports and Canada's trading position with the United States continued to show considerable fluctuation.

The positive merchandise trade balance declined steadily from \$1.6 billion in the second half of 1970 to the first half of 1972, when it stood at \$609 million. In the last half of the year it increased 17% to \$712 million.

With the United States, the trade surplus stood at \$660 million in the first half of 1972 and dipped to \$391 million in the final half. In the 1973 first quarter it reached \$321 million, indicating a return to about the average level of the first half of 1972.

Canada's Exports, Imports, Trade Balance 1971-73

### (seasonally adjusted)

		Inited States		All Countries		
	Exports	Imports	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance
			(S mil	lions)		
1971 - 1st half	5,820	5,230	590	8,673	7,401	1.272
1971 - 2nd half		5,714	490	9,130	8.207	923
1972 - 1st half		6,130	660	9,645	9.036	609
1972 - 2nd half		6,740	391	10.331	9,619	712
1972 - 4th qtr	3,807	3,547	260	5,564	4.995	569
1973 - 1st qtr	4,108	3,787	321	5,845	5,513	332

Both exports and imports rose to record levels in the first quarter of 1973, with exports gaining 5% to \$5,845 million while imports increased some 10% to \$5,513 million. Canadian exports for the United States rose 8% to \$4,108 million and imports 6 1/2% to \$3,787 million. Shipments overseas declined slightly to \$1,737 million, while imports advanced 19% to \$1,726 million.

Between the first quarters of 1972 and 1973 unadjusted exports to the United States increased by \$765 million or 23.5% to \$4,003 million, while imports advanced by \$793 million or 27% to \$3,717 million. Some 60% of the export gain was due to a few commodities: automotive and associated products (\$204 million), lumber (\$109 million), crude petroleum (\$89 million) and newsprint (\$59 million).

A big part of the 54% rise in lumber shipments was due to sharply rising prices. The increase of 37% in crude oil deliveries occurred in response to fuel shortages in the United States and to a rise in price of some 8%. Exports of industrial machinery increased \$20 million but those of nickel declined nearly \$30 million.

About 40% of the increase in imports from the United States of \$793 million was in automotive and associated commodities, which rose more than \$300 million to \$1,284 million. Imports of industrial machinery and tractors increased \$106 million to \$483 million and the value of aircraft imports doubled to \$102 million with the arrival of some new model commercial aircraft. Smaller increases were recorded for a number of other commodities including food, communication equipment, plastics and chemicals.

Unadjusted exports to overseas markets rose \$373 million (32%) to \$1.550 million while imports moved up \$217 million (16.5%) to \$1,520 million. Wheat shipments increased over 60% to \$180 million, but average wheat prices rose 26% to \$3.62/cwt. from \$2.88/cwt. in the first quarter of 1972. Exports of non-ferrous ores and metals were \$120 million higher and coal shipments rose nearly \$20 million. Yearover-year increases in exports to the United Kingdom were significant in metal ores and concentrates, non-ferrous metals and tobacco. Increased sales to Japan resulted from higher demand and prices for metal ores and concentrates, grains and coal. The rise in imports from overseas countries between the first quarters of 1972 and 1973 was distributed over a large number of commodities. Imports of crude petroleum and food were each roughly \$30 million higher and included in the latter increases were meat, fish, dairy products and fruits. Imports of automotive products rose \$22 million and fabric imports \$14 million.

For further information, order the March issue of Exports by Commodities (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50) and Imports by Commodities (65-007, 75¢/\$7.50), or contact W. M. MacLeod (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OZ9.

Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, April 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted exports of \$1,981 million in April were practically unchanged from the record of \$1,986 million in March. Shipments to the United States declined approximately \$50 million and those to the United Kingdom \$35 million, offset by a rise of more than \$80 million in deliveries to other countries.

Unadjusted April exports, at \$1,973 million, were \$446 million or 29% higher than in April 1972. Export gains were recorded to all trading areas with the United States, up \$243 million, and Japan, up \$96 million, accounting for three-fourths of the increase.

Exports of lumber and crude petroleum to the United States each advanced some \$40 million, the former due mainly to sharp price increases amounting to about 40% for all lumber exports between March of 1972 and 1973. Iron ore shipments climbed \$23 million from an unusually low level of April 1972, and newsprint rose \$14 million. Moderate declines were recorded in exports of whisky, nickel and communication and office equipment.

Wheat exports to overseas countries rose \$56 million. Less substantial increases showed for several other commodities: copper ores (\$28 million), oil seeds (\$19 million) and pulp (\$17 million). These changes accounted for \$120 million or some 60% of the increase to overseas markets.

In the first four months of 1973, exports reached \$7,525 million, up \$1,583 million or 27%. The United States market was responsible for \$1,008 million or over three-fifths of the increase, including a rise of some \$600 million in automotive products, lumber, crude oil, newsprint and industrial machinery. In exports to other countries there was a gain of \$575 million, with increased shipments of wheat, copper and nickel ores, pulp and oil seeds accounting for over half of the surge in overseas exports. Japan accounted for some \$230 million or 40% of the change.

For further information, order the April issue of Summary of Exports (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

# Exports (including re-exports) Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
		(\$ mill	ions)	
1971				
First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter	4,315 4,358 4,551 4,579	2,841 2,979 3,069 3,135	337 331 370 344	1,137 1,048 1,112 1,100
1972				
First Quarter	4,650 4,995 4,767 5,564	3,313 3,477 3,324 3,807	276 367 306 378	1,061 1,151 1,137 1,379
1973				
First Quarter	5,845	4,108	379	1.358
1972				
October	1,841 1,889 1,834	1,216 1,298 1,293	142 123 113	483 468 428
1973				
January	1,907 1,952 1,986 1,981	1,368 1,371 1,369 1,318	108 116 155 119	431 465 462 544

(see tables on page 3)

# Preliminary Statement of Total Canadian Exports, 1972. (Domestic Exports plus Re-exports)

	Va	lue	
	1972	1973	Change 1972-1973
	(\$ mil	lions)	(%)
Month of April			
United Kingdom	113.8	120.6	6.0
Other Commonwealth and Preferential	46.2	70.4	52.4
United States	1 137.5	1,381.0	21.4
Japan	49.6	145.7	193.8
European Economic Community*	71.0	97.1	36.8
Latin America	36.5	40.6	11.2
Other Countries	72.0	117.0	62.5
Total Commonwealth and Preferential	160.0	191.0	19.4
Total Others	1,366.5	1,781.5	30.4
Grand Total	1,526.6	1,972.5	29.2
January-April			
United Kingdom	365.6	462.9	26.6
Other Commonwealth and Preferential	181.5	268.2	47.8
United States	4,375.9	5,384.1	23.0
Japan	224.8	455.1	102.4
European Economic Community*	311.7	356.6	14.4
Latin America	171.5	175.4	2.3
Other Countries	310.7	422.7	36.0
Total Commonwealth and Preferential	547.2	731.1	33.6
Total Others	5,394.6	6,794.0	25.9
Grand Total	5,941.8	7,525.1	26.6

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973, Figures may not add because of rounding.

## Summary of Exports, March 1973 - Advance Information.

The External Trade Division reports that the value of total exports increased to \$1,931 million in March 1973 from \$1,552 million a year earlier; January to March total exports rose to \$5,553 million in 1973 from \$4,415 million in 1972.

## **Domestic Exports**

	March		January	to March
	1972	1973	1972	1973
		(\$ m	illions)	
Selected Countries				
United States	1,124.4	1,354.9	3,150,3	3,905.1
United Kingdom	90.1	131.7	247.1	337.6
Japan	55.4	117.5	173.5	307.4
Germany, West	17.8	29.3	49.4	74.0
Belgium and Luxembourg	6.2	24.1	25.7	61.5
People's Republic of China	14.1	15.7	25.9	58.9
India	5.6	13.3	19.3	45.0
Australia	12.7	11.9	37.1	44.4
Italy	[4.9	11.3	39.5	42.2
Norway	18.3	14.4	39.4	40.9
Netherlands	20.4	10,4	91.8	39.3
France	10.9	10.9	30.6	37.2
Venezuela	8.7	7.3	25.1	27.3
All Countries	1,513.5	1,888.2	4,308.3	5,432.6
Re-Exports	38.6	42.9	107.0	120.0
Total Exports	1,552.1	1,931.0	4,415.3	5,552.6

Further information will be contained in Summary of Exports (65-002, 20¢/\$2).

Consumer Price Index for Regional Cities, April 1973 – Advance Information.

A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movements in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. Inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 14 of the monthly Prices and Price Indexes.

Between March and April, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities and city-combinations, with increases ranging from 0.8% in the prairie provinces to 1.9% in Saint John, N.B. Food indexes advanced in all cities reflecting higher prices for most meat, fish and poultry, fresh produce items, milk, eggs and butter, together with increased restaurant meal prices. Lower prices, however, were registered for bread, tomatoes, celery, ice cream, chocolate bars and soft drinks. Housing components moved up in ten cities and city-combinations, declined in one and were unchanged in one other. The increases were attributable to increased rents and higher prices for some home furnishings and supplies, particularly living room and bedroom suites, electric ranges, carpeting, toilet paper and detergents. Clothing indexes advanced in all cities reflecting higher prices for footwear, and many items of men's and women's wear. Lower prices, however, were registered for many items of children's apparel in all cities surveyed. Health and personal care components rose in ten cities and city-combinations in response to increased dentists' fees and higher prices for some pharmaceuticals, toilet soap and, in Thunder Bay and Edmonton-Calgary, increased charges for men's haircuts and women's hairdressing. Transportation indexes moved up in eight cities and city-combinations, declined in one and were unchanged in three others. Train fares were higher across the country and, in many cities, increased prices were registered for new cars, gasoline and motor oil. Recreation and reading indexes rose in seven cities, while the tobacco and alcohol components were unchanged in all centres.

City indexes are not as comprehensive in price content as the Canada consumer price index and may underestimate slightly the degree of price movements occurring. In this connection, the shelter component of the city indexes moves on the basis of changes in rents only, whereas changes in both rents and home ownership costs are included in the Canada index. As a result of ownership costs having increased more rapidly than rents, the housing and all-items indexes for cities have tended to underestimate somewhat the rates of price increase, particularly over long periods.

Studies are underway to incorporate home ownership prices in city indexes.

(see table page 5)

Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1973 (21-001, 20¢/\$2).

Preliminary estimates indicated that during the first quarter of 1973, farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland reached \$1,331.5 million, up from \$1,083.8 million a year earlier. These estimates included cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and supplementary payments to dairy producers. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations

January-March

1972 (\$ millions) 21.7 Prince Edward Island 11.0 Nova Scotia . . . . . 18.4 15.6 24.0 13.2 New Brunswick . . . 156.9 148.7 Quebec . . . . . . . 365.5 431.3 Ontario . . . . . . . 107.5 78.2 Manitoba . . . . . . 199.5 262.9 Saskatchewan . . . . 250.4 201.5 Alberta . . . . . . . . British Columbia . . 50.6 58.4

Farm Cash Receipts, 1972 - Advance Information

Canada . . . . . . . . . . 1,331.5

Farmers received an estimated \$5,307 million in cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland in 1972. This was 17.2% higher than the revised value of \$4,530 received during 1971. The estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, net cash advances on farm-stored grains in western Canada, supplementary payments to dairy producers and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deductions were made for the cost of production of commodities sold. Estimates of expenses involved in farming operations and total farm income are published annually in the Statistics Canada publication Farm Net Income (21-202).

In 1972, there were increases in all categories of cash receipts except oats, flaxseed, and Canadian Wheat Board participation payments for barley. The most notable increases occurred in wheat, cattle and calves, hogs and dairy products.

In addition to the above income, tarmers received supplementary payments of \$76.8 million during 1972, compared to \$18.3 million in 1971. These

### Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in both tables measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.\*

	All items	Food	Hous-	Cloth- ing	Transporta-	Health and personal care	Recre- ation and reading	Tobacco and alcohol
				(1961	=100)			
St. John's								
April 1973 index March 1973 index © change from March 1973 © change from April 1972	137.2 135.7 1.1 7.6	144.1 140.1 2.9 15,7	126.7 126.7 2.8	139.7 138.2 1.1 2.6	127.5 127.5 0.9	151.8 152.7 - 0.6 7.8	120.4 120.1 0.2 4.5	161.4 161.4 10.2
Halifax								
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973	137.4 135.6 1.3	154.2 148.0 4.2	126.3 126.1 0.2	133.9 132.6 1.0	128.2 128.0 0.2	150.9 151.0 - 0.1	145.5 145.4 0.1	134.2
Gehange from April 1972	5.8	14.8	2.3	2.8	2.5	0.3	3.1	3.5
Saint John April 1973 index March 1973 index Change from March 1973 Shange Iron April 1972	138.1 135.5 1.9 6.6	157.2 148.8 5.6 16.2	124.0 123.6 0.3 2.6	141.3 139.9 1.0 5.4	131.9 132.0 - 0.1 1.0	147.2 144.3 2.0 5.7	147.0 147.0 4.9	129.6 129.6 2.0
Montreal								
April 1973 index March 1973 index © change from March 1973 © change from April 1972	137.2 135.8 1.0 5.2	152.4 148.6 2.6 13.1	122.2 122.1 0.1 1.6	133.3 131.8 1.1 3.4	132.4 131.9 0.4 0.5	146.3 145.7 0.4 2.6	153.5 153.4 0.1 3.3	134.8
Ottawa	- 2							
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973 % change from April 1972	142.5 141.2 0.9 5.5	154,4 151.6 1.8 11,5	131.4 131.2 0.2 2.8	140.7 138.8 1.4 5.1	136.2 135.7 0.4 2.2	156.0 153.6 1.6 3.5	148.1 148.1 - 4.9	144.7
Toronto	0.0	* * *	2.0	5.4	0.0	5.5	4.7	1.0
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973	141.3 140.1 0.9	153.2 150.6 1.7	129.8 129.5 0.2	140.4 137.8 1.9	140.1 140.1	153.1 152.2 0.6	139.4 138.8 0.4	142.7
% change from April 1972	5.9	13.1	3.5	4.9		4.3	4.2	2.1
Winnipeg April 1973 index March 1973 index  Change from March 1973  Change from April 1972	139.3 138.2 0.8 5.6	151.3 148.1 2.2 12.5	123.3 123.4 - 0.1 2,7	145.2 143.0 1.5 4.8	136.9 136.8 0.1 0.4	167.0 166.4 0.4 4.5	143.1 142.8 0.2 3.4	137.9 137.9 6.1
Saskatoon-Regina								
April 1973 index March 1973 index 3 change from March 1973 4 change from April 1972	133,6 132,6 0,8 4,9	150.8 148.4 1,6 10.0	120.1 119.8 0.3 3.1	138.3 135.7 1.9 4.9	126.0 126.0	140.9 140.7 0.1 1.7	141.9 141.8 0.1 5.0	125.5 125.5 2.0
Edmonton-Calgary			2.1	1.7	4,0		6.74	4.17
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973 % change from April 1972	139.2 138.1 0.8 5.5	153.9 152.5 0.9 10.1	126.3 125.9 0.3 1.8	138.2 136.3 1.4 4.8	133.7 133.5 0.1 3.0	158.7 155.3 2.2 3.9	145.7 142.5 2.2 4.7	133.5 133.5 6.5
Vancouver								0.0
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973	138.6 137.2 1.0	158,3 154.0 2.8	125.3 125.0 0.2	139.8 138.9 0.6	135.2 135.1 0.1	)49.8 148.5 0.9	129.1	125.1 125.1
% change from April 1972	5.3	10.4	3.0	4.6	3.1	4.6	2.6	2.2
Quebec City								
April 1973 index March 1973 index % change from March 1973	112,0 110,8 1,1	120.1 117.0 2.6	108.4 108.1 0.3	106.0 104.6 1.3	114,0 113.5 0.4	108.8 108.6 0.2	111.2	107.5 107.5
2 change from April 1972	4.7	12.7	1,3	1,6	1.4	2.0	2.5	1.8
Thunder Bay April 1973 indea Murch 1973 index 3 change from March 1973 change from April 1972	112.2 111.1 1.0 4.9	121.9 118.7 2.7 11.1	109.3 108.9 0.4 4.4	104.7 104.3 0.4 3.1	109.1 109.0 0.1 - 0.4	117.7 114.9 2.4 3.7	111.0	107.4 107.4
Committee to the control of the cont	4.3	, , ,	4.4	5.1	VV	.,,,,	1.4	1.3

payments included those made under the provisions of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act and the Lower Inventory for Tomorrow (LIFT) program in 1971 and 1972, the Manitoba Farm Acreage Payment Program in 1971 and the two-price wheat program and the Quebec and Ontario rain damage program in 1972. When added together, farm cash receipts from farming operations and supplementary payments totalled \$5,384 million, 18.4% more than the estimate of \$4,548 million for 1971.

Many estimates of cash receipts from the sale of farm products are based indirectly on census indications. This year, while every attempt has been made to take into account the findings of the 1971 census

<sup>\*</sup> For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 14 of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40 \$\frac{e}{2}\$4).

\* Includes shelter and household operation. The shelter element of regional city housing indexes moves on the basis of changes in rents only, whereas in the Canada index this movement is derived from changes in both rents and homeownership costs.

of agriculture, this has not been possible for all items. These revisions will be completed and published early in 1974.

# Provincial Total Farm Receipts

(\$'000)

	1972	1971
Prince Edward Island	44,017	39,111
Nova Scotia	70,147	64,383
New Brunswick	64,151	51,633
Quebec	774,156	686,044
Ontario	1,581,364	1,387,619
Manitoba	484,370	378,415
Saskatchewan	1,200,782	915,457
Alberta	921,794	803,673
British Columbia	243,447	221,668

Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, First Quarter 1973 — Advance Information.

In the first quarter of 1973 there were 66,500 full-time job vacancies in Canada. This was 5% less than the previous quarter, but 76% more than a year earlier.

Between the fourth quarter of 1972 and the first quarter of 1973 vacancies decreased in the Atlantic, Ontario and Prairie regions and increased in the Quebec and Pacific regions. The largest decrease, 4,100, occurred in Ontario and the largest increase, 1,700, in the Pacific region. The year-to-year comparison indicated substantial improvement in labour demand in all economic regions. Ontario and Quebec accounted for 73% of the overall increase of 28,700.

Vacancies from all major occupational groups were up on a year-to-year basis. In the white-collar group, (up 12,200), clerical and related occupations accounted for 39% of the increase and sales occupations for 24%. In the blue-collar group, (up 16,500), product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations accounted for 24% of the increase, service occupations for 21% and machining and related occupations for 18%.

All industrial sectors shared in the year-to-year increase. Vacancies in manufacturing increased by 10,500, services by 6,700 and trade by 5,000, together contributing 77% to the increase.

For further information, order Quarterly Report on Job Vacancies, First Quarter 1973 (71-002, 75¢/\$3), or contact E. van der Walt (613-992-8698), Job Vacancy Survey Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

#### Current Full-time Job Vacancies in Canada and Regions

			1973	72	
			1st quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter
Canada			66,500	70,200	37,800
Prairie .			4,600 18,900 24,800 11,400 6,700	5,600 18,600 28,900 12,100 5,000	3,300 10,300 12,400 6,800 4,900

(see tables on pages 7 & 8)

Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, March 1973 – Advance Information.

Manufacturers' shipments in March 1973, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at \$5,264.0 million, 0.6% more than the revised February value of \$5,233.7 million. Durable goods shipments, estimated at \$2,584.7 million, rose 1.2% from \$2,553.0 million while non-durable goods shipments decreased 0.1% to \$2,679.3 million from \$2,680.7 million.

Seasonally adjusted new orders declined 0.7% in March to \$5,344.1 million from the revised February estimate of \$5,379.2 million. New orders of nondurable goods decreased 1.7% to \$2,703.2 million while those of durable goods increased 0.4% to \$2,640.9 million. Seasonally adjusted unfilled orders at the end of March rose 1.4% to \$5,736.9 million from \$5,656.8 million.

Seasonally adjusted total inventory owned in March was estimated at \$9,290.3 million, up 1.3% from \$9,167.1 million, and total inventory held increased 1.5% to \$9,762.1 million with increases of 0.5% in raw materials, 1.4% in goods in process and 2.9% in finished products.

The seasonally adjusted ratio fo total inventory owned to shipments was 1.76 in March and 1.75 (revised) for February. The finished products to shipments ratio in March was 0.61 compared to 0.60.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in March were estimated at \$5,414.1 million, 11.4% more than the revised February value of \$4,861.7 million. For the first quarter of 1973, total shipments of \$15,038.2 million were 16.9% higher than the 1972 first quarter estimate of \$12,868.8 million.

For further information, order the March 1973 issue of *Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries* (31-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, KIA 0V6.

(see tables on pages 8 & 9)

Steel Ingots, Week ended May 19, 1973 – Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended May 19, totalled 257,468 tons, a decrease of 6.4% from the preceding week's total of 275,140 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 238,787 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 140.5 in the current week, 150.2 a week earlier and 130.3 one year ago.

Railway Transport, Part VI, 1972 - Advance Information.

Railway employment in Canada continued to decline by 0.2% in 1972, to an average of 130,814 persons. The aggregate payroll, however, rose 8.6% to \$1,219.0 million. The average hourly wage per employee was \$4.23, up 33¢ from 1971 and average annual earnings increased 8.8% to \$9,318.

(continued page 8)

### Current Fulf-time Job Vacancies by Selected Occupations

	1973	1972		
	1st quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter	
All Occupations	66,500	70,200	37,800	
White-collar	27,500	27,700	15,300	
Managerial, administrative and related occupations Occupations in natural sciences, engineering and mathematics Occupations in social sciences, teaching and related Occupations in medicine and health Clerteal and related occupations Sales occupations Other	2,700 3,500 1,000 2,900 10,300 6,700 500	2,400 2,600 1,200 3,200 9,500 8,500 300	1,300 1,700 800 1,800 5,600 3,800 200	
Blue-collar	39,000	42,400	22,500	
Service occupations Forestry and logging occupations Mining and quarrying including oil and gas field occupations Processing occupations Machining and related occupations	7,800 2,200 900 3,000 4,700	7,400 3,100 800 2,700 5,200	4,400 600 400 2,000 1,800	
Product fabricating, assembling and repairing occupations	11.600	13,000	7,700	
Construction trades occupations Transport equipment operating occupations Materials handling and related occupations	2,300 1,900	4.508 2,009 2,300 1,600	2,000 1,900 1,000 800	
Other	1,500	1.01111	000	

### Current Full-time Job Vacancies by Selected Industries

	1973	1972	
	1st quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter
All Industries	66,500	70,200	37,800
Goods-producing	27,500	29,500	14,400
Forestry, mines, quarries and oil wells Manufacturing Construction	2,700 22,100 2,700	2,700 21,400 5,400	1,200 11,600 1,600
Service-producing	38,900	40,600	23,200
Transportation, communication and other utilities Trade Finance, insurance and real estate Community, business and personal services Public administration and defence	3,300 11,800 4,400 14,900 4,500	2,700 13,400 7,200 13,800 3,500	2.800 6.800 2.900 8,200 2,600

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, March 1973 - Advance Information.

Initial and renewal claims for unemployment insurance reached 158,000 in March, up 2% from the February total of 155,000 but 13% less than the 182,000 received in March 1972.

At the end of March, 1,003,000 claimants were registered for unemployment insurance benefit, 5% less than the February count of 1,055,000. Registrations, however, were 10% higher than the 914,000 claimants reported for March 31, 1972.

Benefit paid to claimants in March declined to \$214 million, 4% less than the \$233 million disbursed in February but 7% more than the \$200 million for March 1972. Claimants received 3.15 million weeks of benefit in March, down 4% from the February total of 3.27 million and 3% less than the 3.26 million in March 1972. The average weekly payment rose fractionally to \$68.67 from the previous month's average of \$68.49 and was 11% more than the year-earlier payment of \$61.69.

	Initial and Renewal Claims Received				ants(a) Rep District Off		Benefit Paid(b) (\$000)		
Province	Mar. 1973	Feb. 1973	Маг. 1972	Mar.31 1973	1-eb.28 1973	Mar. 31 1972	Mar. 1973	1 Feb. 1 1973	Mar. 1972
		Claims			Claimants			(\$000)	
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Outside Ceanada Adjustments(c)	4,026 688 5,971 4,776 47,372 55,826 5,845 3,849 10,511 18,368 160 148 56	3,140 789 5,522 4,712 43,048 57,897 6,059 3,968 10,574 18,733 198 213 75	4,219 627 6,063 5,769 56,238 64,257 6,709 4,260 11,786 21,904 157 123 57	45,509 9,486 49,976 49,240 294,970 299,594 37,274 32,166 58,876 122,859 1,374 1,110 314	48,210 10,063 51,758 50,912 310,805 307,277 39,817 34,698 63,475 134,979 1,437 1,150	38,377 8,018 42,963 40,599 265,456 277,495 37,569 30,039 58,831 122,298 1,090 646 176	9,598 1,876 9,854 9,782 67,480 63,888 7,446 6,955 11,754 26,891 400 180 78	9,774 1,876 9,827 9,683 68,257 66,640 7,772 7,110 12,268 29,962 355 185 79	8,149 1,506 8,549 7,785 60,734 63,350 7,505 6,656 12,142 24,141 273 131 48
Total	157,596	154,928	182,169	1,002,748	1,054,875	913,557	214,380		

		Weeks Paid	Average Weekly Payment			
Province	Mar. 1973	Feb. 1973	Mar. 1972	Mar. 1973	Feb. <sup>r</sup> 1973	Mar. 1972
		Weeks			(\$)	
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Outside Canada	151,279 33,582 158,442 161,673 977,123 905,185 110,511 105,673 165,934 370,887 4,758 2,353 933	154,932 33,415 157,844 159,592 1,004,211 945,753 115,335 107,555 171,931 409,014 4,467 2,425 1,049	145,596 31,012 155,382 145,174 972,479 1,009,219 127,837 113,031 187,112 364,436 3,757 1,934 581	63.44 55.86 62.19 60.50 69.06 70.58 67.38 65.81 70.84 72.51 84.12 76.36 83.43	63.09 56.13 62.26 60.67 67.97 70.46 67.38 66.11 71.35 73.25 79.38 76.29 75.50	55.97 48.56 55.02 53.63 62.45 62.77 58.71 58.89 64.89 66.24 72.61 67.98 82.84
Total	3,148,333	3,267,523	3,257,550	68.67	68.49	61.69

(a) These figures are overstated by 20% to 25% in terms of active files. If a claimant does not report due to becoming re-employed, a period of 5 weeks is allowed to clapse before his claim is transferred to the inactive file. (b) May not add to "Canada" totals due to rounding.

(c) Cancelled warrants and collection of overpayments.

For further information, order the March 1973 issue of Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, 20c/\$2), or contact Mr. George Finchman (613-992-7461), Labour Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Total service hours edged up 0.2% to 288.0 million, while hours actually worked declined 0.5% to 255.9 million.

Canadian National Railway employed an average of 75,849 persons in all rail operations, up by 710, but Canadian Pacific Railway showed a decline of 3.0% (1,366 employees) to 44,084. Class 2 railways as a group employed 391 more persons in 1972, an increase of 3.9% for an average of 10,452.

For further information, order Railway Transport, Part VI, 1972 (52-212, 50¢), or contact Mr. L. F. Robbins (613-992-0681), Transportation Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

### Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries (Based on 1971 Census of Manufactures Benchmarks)

March 1973P   1973F   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1972   1973   1973   1972   1973
Shipments - Total       5,414.1       4,861.7       4,762.6       4.625.9         New Orders:
Shipments - Total       5,414.1       4,861.7       4,762.6       4,625.9         New Orders:
Total
- Total 5,859.3 5,714.4 5,520.3 4,967.4 - Non-durable 961.5 923.5 867.6 752.0 - Durable 4,897.8 4,790.9 4,652.7 4,215.4 - Inventory Owned - Total 9,390.7 9,285.8 9,174.6 8,699.3 - Inventory Held - Total 9,854.9 9,718.3 9,607.8 9,161.8 - Raw materials 3,989.3 4,016.1 3,958.4 3,571.9 - Goods in process 2,581.4 2,524.8 2,502.0 2,446.3 - Finished products 3,284.2 3,177.4 3,147.5 3,143.6 - Adjusted for seasonal Variation - Shipments - Total 5,264.0 5,233.7 5,149.3 4,413.1 New Orders: - Total 5,344.1 5,379.2 5,308.7 4,525.8 - Non-durable 2,703.2 2,749.1 2,651.8 2,345.2
Adjusted for seasonal Variation       Shipments - Total     5,264.0     5,233.7     5,149.3     4,413.1       New Orders:         - Total     5,344.1     5,379.2     5,308.7     4,525.8       - Non-durable     2,703.2     2,749.1     2,651.8     2,345.2
New Orders: - Total 5,344.1 5,379.2 5,308.7 4,525.8 - Non-durable 2,703.2 2,749.1 2,651.8 2,345.2
- Total
Untilled Orders:  - Total
Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments 0.61 0.60 0.61 0.70

VOII L'igures may not add due to rounding.

### Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation

	tion regulated for beautiful variation					
	March 1973P	Feb. 1973 <sup>r</sup>	% change	JanMar. 1973P	JanMar. 1972	% change
	(\$ millions)					
Newfoundland	25.8 88.7 · 83.1 1.402.7	26.1 81.4 74.8 1.268.4	-1.2 9.0 11.1 10.6	74.5 252.3 238.4 3.888.2	62.9 215.9 202.0 3.433.7	18.4 16.9 18.0 13.2
Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta	2.884.0 144.4 57.7 229.2	2,580.2 131.8 51.0 198.1	11.8 9.6 13.1 15.7	8,033.2 396.6 160.2 617.4	6,865.3 331.6 133.0 509.5	17.0 19.6 20.5 21.2
British Columbia	492.1	443.8	10.9	1,359.1	1,098.5	23.7
Canada*	5,414.1	4,861.7	11.4	15,038.2	12,868.8	16.9

<sup>\*</sup> Included Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

Wholesale Trade, March 1973 - Advance Information.

Wholesale merchants' March sales were estimated at \$2,804 million, up 21.6% compared with March last year. In the consumer goods trades the most significant sales change was a 49.0% increase in the

motor vehicles component. In the industrial goods trades a notable item was an increase of 57.8% in the farm machinery category. Wholesale inventories were valued at \$4,275 million, an increase of 17.0% over March of last year.

For further details, order Wholesale Trade, (63-008, 10¢/\$1).

### Other Publications

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, March 1973 (62-003, 10¢/\$1)

Building Permits, January 1973 (64-001, 40¢/\$4)

Housing Starts and Completions, March 1973 (64-002, 30¢/\$3)

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, April 1973 (41-002, 10¢/\$1)

Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, March 1973 (25-001, 10¢/\$1)

Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, March 1973 (41-006, 10¢/\$1)

Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, March 1973 (41-004, 10¢/\$1)

Pack, Shipments and Stocks of Selected Canned Fruits and Vegetables, March 1973 (32-011, 204/\$2)

Radio and Television Receiving Sets, March 1973 (43-004, 20¢/\$2)

Folding Carton and Set-up Box Manufacturers, 1971 (36-214, 50¢)

Census of Agriculture, 1971 Part I, Prince Edward Island (96-703, \$2)

Instructional Media in Universities of the Atlantic Provinces, 1972 (81-231, 75¢)

Traveller Accommodation Statistics, 1970 (63-204, 75¢)

Index Number of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, March 1973 (62-003, 10¢/\$1)

Boiler and Plate Works, 1971 (41-223, 50¢)

Grain Milling Statistics, March 1973 (32-003, S1)

Stoves and Furnaces, March 1973 (41-005, 20¢/\$2)

Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, March 1973 (32-021, 10¢/\$1)

Particle Board, March 1973 (36-003, 10¢/\$1)

Specified Chemicals, March 1973 (46-002, 10¢/\$1)

Coffin and Casket Industry, 1971 (35-210, 50¢)

Merchandising Inventories, February 1973 (63-014, 20¢/\$2)

Peat Industry, 1971 (26-212, 50¢)

Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers, 1971 (36-207, 50¢)

P Preliminary figures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>T</sup> Revised figures.

Iron Ore, March 1973 (26-005, 10¢/\$1)

Breweries, March 1973 (32-019, 10¢/\$1)

Copper and Nickel Production, March 1973 (26-003, 10¢/\$1)

Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, March 1973 (26-008, 10¢/\$1)

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, May 1973 (32-010, 20¢/\$2)

Employment, Earnings and Hours, November 1972 (72-002, 40¢/\$4)

Households, 1971, Census Information on Households and Family Status of Individuals (93-712, 50¢)

Income Distributions by Size in Canada, 1971 (13-207, \$1.50)

Exports by Commodities, March 1973 (65-004, 75¢/\$7.50)

Summary of Imports, February 1973 (65-005, 20¢/\$2)

Canadian Statistical Review Tape, May 1973 (\$150)

Concrete Products, March 1973 (44-002, 10¢/\$1)

Gold Production, March 1973 (26-004, 10¢/\$1)

Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, March 1973 (26-007, 10¢/\$1)

Miscellaneous Clothing Industries, 1971 (34-218, 50¢)

Industrial Organization and Concentration in the Manufacturing, Mining and Logging Industries, 1968 (31-514, \$2)

Selected Meat and Meat Preparations, March 1973 (32-020, 10¢/\$1)

Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, March 1973 (43-003, 10¢/\$1)

Miscellaneous Food Preparations, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973 (32-018, 25¢/\$1)

Soaps and Synthetic Detergents, March 1973 (46-003, 10¢/\$1)

Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, March 1973 (33-003, 204/\$2)

Preliminary Bulletins – 1971 Census of Manufactures (\$3.50 for the series): Biscuit Manufacturers (32-202-p); Frozen Fruit and Vegetable Processors (32-218-p); Thread Mills (34-210-p)

Service Bulletins -- Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 a year), Vol. 2, No. 3, Sanitary-ware, March 1973;

Phonograph and Records and Pre-recorded Tapes (47-004, \$1 a year), Vol. 1, No. 2, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, March 1973; Energy Statistics (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 2, Net Cash Expenditures of the Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry, 1971-72; No. 28, Preliminary Electric Energy Statistics, March 1973

Fabricated Metal Products (41-009, \$2 per year), Vol. 2, No. 3, Heating

Boilers and Radiators, March 1973;

Railway Transport (52-004, \$1 per year), Vol. 3, No. 5, Railway Operating Statistics, February 1973;

Aviation (51-004, \$3 per year), Vol. 5, No. 21, International Air Charter Statistics 1972 Totals Passenger Origin and Destination;

Fruit and Vegetable Preservation (32-023, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 5, Acquirements of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, April 1, 1972 to February 16, 1973 from 1972 Crop.

Road Transport (53-006, \$2 per year), Vol. 3, No. 3, Road and Street Mileage, December 31, 1971;

Electrical Products (43-007, \$1 per year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Electric Lamps, March 1973.

Construction Price Statistics (62-006, \$3 a year), Vol. 2, No. 6, Price In-

dexes of Machinery and Equipment, 1972;

Metals and Minerals (41-010, \$2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 6, Consumption of Chrome Ore and Manganese Ore, 1972;

Energy (57-002, \$3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 29, Oil Pipe Line Supply and Disposition, February 1973; Salient Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Statistics, January 1973.