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November 1, 1974 CATALOGUE 11-002

Weekly Bulletin

Department Store Sales by Regions

Department store sales in September rose to \$422.7 million, up 13.5% from a year earlier. Increases were recorded in all regions.

Department store sales by regions in the latest month, with percentage gains over September 1973:

Ontario, \$157.9 million (11.6%); Quebec, \$78.0 million (10.3%); British Columbia, \$70.6 million (18.0%); Alberta, \$51.1 million (16.1%); Atlantic Provinces, \$27.3 million (22.5%); Manitoba, \$27.0 million (8.8%); and Saskatchewan, \$10.7 million (16.4%).

For further information, order the September 1974 issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50 per year),

Labour Income

Total labour income for August was estimated at \$6.35 billion, up 19.0% from a year earlier.

Adjusted for seasonal variations, the August estimate of \$6.33 billion showed an increase of 1.6% from the July level. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries advanced by 1.0% and those in the service-producing industries, reflecting in part the inclusion of large retroactive payments, by 2.1%.

For further information, order the August 1974 issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2,

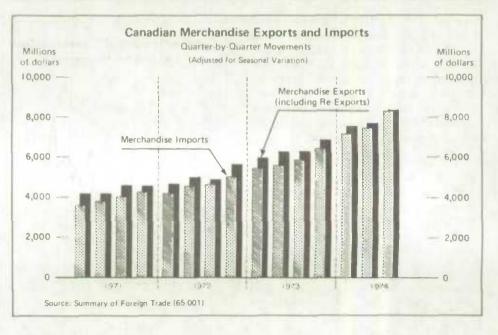
Radio Time Sales

Sales of advertising to national advertisers on AM and FM radio stations totalled \$5.65 million in July, down 4.7% from June. Sales to local advertisers showed a 5.6% decline to \$10.5 million.

Agency and other commissions left net national sales at \$4.82 million and local sales at \$10.98 million in the latest month.

For further information, order Communications Service Bulletin (56-001, \$1,40 a year), or contact Patrick Crosby (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

	u Illia			
LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS			Previous	Change From Year Ago
		st Month	Month	%
EMPLOYMENT, INCOME			141011111	
Average Weekly Earnings (\$)	Aug.	180.14P	178.63P	12.2
Labour Income (\$ million)	Aug.	6,351P	6,262P	19.0
Persons with Jobs (million)		9.22	9.71	4.8
Unemployed	Sept.	431,000	447,000	2.4
INVENTORIES				
Department Store (\$ million)	Aug.	1,358	1,298	37.1
Manufacturers' Owned (\$ million)	Aug.	13,040P	F2,711r	30.5
Wholesale (\$ million)	Aug.	5,719	5,614	34.0
ORDERS				
Manufacturers' New Orders (\$ million)	Aug.	6,658P	6,6891	24.2
Manufacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million)	Aug.	9,852P	9,626r	46.7
PRICES		.=0.6	1000	100
Consumer Price Index (1961=100)		170.6	169.6	10.9
Industry Selling Price Index (1961=100) Wholesale Price Index (1935-39=100)	Aug.	175.7 469.3	173.1° 462.7°	18.8
CONSTRUCTION	Aug.	409.3		r-to-date
Building Permits (\$ million)	A 110	856.7	6.32	
Housing Starts – Urban Centres (units)		14.857	121.96	n m n 1 1 1 1 1
ENFRGY	rug.	14,007	121,70	70 - 7,2
Electricity Generation (billion Kwh.)	Aug	21.6	184	.9 7.1
Gas Utilities' Sales (billion cu. ft.)	Inly	72.9	805	
Petroleum Refining (million barrels)	Aug.	52.3	432	
FOREIGN TRADE				
Exports (\$ million)	Sent.	2.653	23,17	28.0
Imports (\$ million)		2,602	22,66	
PRODUCTION				
Motor Vehicles (thousand units)	Aug.	77.1	1.025	.8 - 3.2
Steel (ingots - thousand tons)	Sept.	1,211	10,88	37 0.5
SALES				
Department Store Sales (\$ million)	Sept.	423	3,33	37 18.9
Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ million)	Aug.	6,433P	50,94	
New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million)	Aug.	503	4.23	
Retail Sales (\$ million)	Aug.	3,714	27,89	
Whotesale Sales (\$ million)		3,640	28,55	54 29.8
Statistics are not seasonally adjusted.	p.pr	reliminary.	r · revised.	



Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade

September exports at \$2.81 billion and imports at \$2.80 billion, seasonally adjusted, were each down by more than 1% from the record August levels, leaving the small trade surplus virtually unchanged.

In terms of quarterly data, exports were 8.5% above the second-quarter level, primarily to the United States; and imports increased 12%, distributed between the United States and overseas countries. Canada's surplus fell to \$31 million from \$268 million in the second quarter, the change being entirely attributable to overseas trade.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, total exports for nine months of 1974 were \$23.17 billion, up 28.0% from \$18.10 billion in January-September 1973. Shipments to the United States made up two-thirds of exports this year but a smaller share (59%) of export expansion.

Shipments of crude oil, pulp, newsprint and petroleum products accounted for 30% of the nine-month exports of \$15.39 billion to the United States, but as much as 70% of the increase in exports. Lumber shipments recorded a year-to-date decline of \$225 million and deliveries of automotive and related products were off \$60 million.

Wheat, copper, lumber, pulp and petroleum products made up almost onehalf of exports of \$7.78 billion to overseas markets in the first nine months of 1974, and two-thirds of the export gains.

Imports in the first three quarters of 1974 at \$22.66 billion were 35.6% above a year earlier. Purchases from the United States of \$15.28 billion represented twothirds of the cumulative imports in 1974, but less of the rise over 1973. Automotive and related products, machinery and equipment and fabricated industrial materials imported from the United States rose strongly. Crude oil purchases accounted for more than one-half of the higher import bill from overseas.

The 28% rise in the value of exports in the first nine months of 1974 included a decline of some 6% in volume when account is taken of an average price increase of about 37%. Real imports were up over 5% as average prices advanced by approximately 30%.

For further information, order the September 1974 issues of Summary of Exports (65-002, 30¢/\$3) and Summary of Imports (65-005, 30¢/83).

THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

Consumer Credit, September

Consumer Price Movements, Oc-

General Wholesale Price Index. September

Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, September

Retail Trade, September

The Labour Force, October

Major Appliance Sales

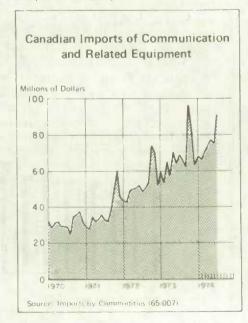
Television set sales were up in August but Canadian manufacturers' domestic sales of other major appliances ran below year-earlier levels.

Major appliance sales recorded by these manufacturers in the latest month, with percentage changes from August 1973:

- Refrigerators 40,359 (-20.5%); home and farm freezers - 18,963 (-23.7%).
- Stoves and ranges 37,423 (-7.7%).
- Automatic washing machines 21,614 (-30.2%): electric and gas clothes dryers - 22,969 (-15.6%).

 Television sets - 59,080 (up 4.1%).
 Manufacturers' sales in August of 41,808 colour television sets reflected a drop of 3.4% from a year earlier; blackand-white set sales rose 28.0 % to 17,272 units.

For further information, order the August 1974 issues of: Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, 15¢/\$1.50); Stoves and Furnaces (41-005, 30¢/\$3); Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, 15¢/\$1.50); and Radio and Television Receiving Sets (43-004, 30¢/\$3).



New Motor Vehicle Sales

Retail sales of new motor vehicles reached 85,193 units in September, up 2.6% from a year earlier. Total sales value rose 11.1% to \$407.8 million.

Sales of passenger cars produced in Canada and the United States dipped 2.1% to 50,766 units while those of overseas-manufactured automobiles fell 7.0% to 13,172 units.

Commercial vehicle sales in September rose 24.9% from a year earlier to 21,255 units; included were 19,630 manufactured in Canada and the United States (up 27.2%) and 1,625 manufactured overseas (up 2.7%).

For the first nine months of 1974, sales of new motor vehicles reached 989,737 units with an accumulated value of \$4.65 billion. This represents an increase of 5.8% in units and 14.8% in value over sales for the January-September 1973 period.

For further information, order the September 1974 issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, 30¢/\$3).

Canadian and Foreign Control of Manufacturing, 1970

A special study of the 1970 Census of shows that foreign-Manufactures controlled establishments accounted for 51.9% of all manufacturing shipments, 52.4% of value added by total (manufacturing and non-manufacturing) activity and 44.3% of total employees.

The degree of foreign control of manufacturing varied across Canada, ranging from a low of 26.7% in New Brunswick to a high of 61.2% in Ontario.

For further information, order Canadian and Foreign Control of Manufacturing Establishments, 1969 and 1970 (31-401), planned for publication late in 1974.

Railway Carloadings

Rail carload freight totalled 20.2 million tons in September, a decrease of 4.1% from September 1973. Car usage was down 4.4% to 331,434 units.

Commodities registering notable tonnage percentage decreases in the latest month included: wheat (-53.9%); sand, gravel and crushed stone (- 45.3%); and iron ore (-7.7%). Substantial increase were recorded for: phosphate rock (more than 300%); coal (38.4%); sulphui (31.2%); newsprint (29.7%); and potasl (26.1%).

For the first nine months of 1974 carload traffic rose 3.6% to 180.4 million tons and cars loaded at 3.1 million were up 4.2% from January-September 1973

For further information, order the September 1974 issue of Railway Carloading (52-001, 304/83).

Provincial Government Finance, 1974-75

Canada's provincial governments estimate their gross general revenues for 1974-75 at \$24.97 billion, up 19.8% from the previous fiscal year.

Gross general expenditures are expected to rise 21.1% to \$25.92 billion.

For further information, order Provincial Government Finance—Revenue and Expenditure (Estimates), 1974-75 (68-205, \$2.10), or contact Public Finance Division, (613-995-0718), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Traveller Accommodation

Total receipts of full-year hotels (50 rooms or more) were 11.4% higher in the first half of 1974 than in the corresponding period a year earlier.

Receipts were up in all provinces in the latest period with the following percentage increases recorded: Manitoba, 15.6%; Saskatchewan, 13.7%; Nova Scotia, 13.2%; Quebec, 12.5%; Alberta, 11.7%; Newfoundland, 10.4%; Prince Edward Island, 10.4%; British Columbia, 10.3%; Ontario, 10.2%; and New Brunswick, 5.2%.

For further information, contact C. Bordeleau (613-996-9298), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Coal and Coke Statistics

Coal production in August at 1.64 million tons showed an increase of 15.0% from August 1973. Imports dropped 55.2% to 783,124 tons.

Industrial consumers used 447,941 tons of coal (down 5.3% from a year earlier) and 502,884 tons of coke (up 4.7%) in the latest month.

For further information, order the August 1974 issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, 40¢/\$4), or Energy Statistics Service Bulletin (57-002, \$4.20 a year), or contact lan Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KIA 0V6.

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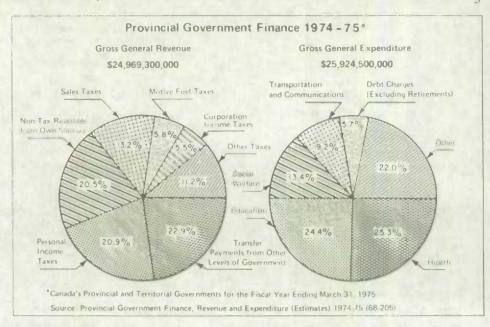
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Canada's Foreign Trade with Latin American Countries

Canadian exports to Latin America rose to \$606 million in the first seven months of 1974, up 64% from January-July 1973. Imports increased even more dramatically, up 128% to \$1.08 billion, due primarily to a tripling in the price of crude oil imports.

Canada's trade deficit with the area expanded to \$471 million in the latest period from \$103 million. There was an imbalance of \$207 million for the full year 1973, following smaller deficits of between \$30 million and \$40 million in the two preceding years.

Exports to Latin America in 1973 were almost evenly divided between crude materials (including live animals, most food and inedible crude materials), fabricated materials and end products. But because of substantially-higher shipments in the first seven months of 1974 of wheat at some \$125 million (principally to Brazil), foodstuffs gained in share. Exports of fabricated products more than doubled to \$218 million in the period under review with higher shipments of newsprint, chemicals, metals and other fabricated products. Exports of finished products rose 14% to \$160 million

At \$725 million, crude petroleum accounted for two-thirds of the total value of Canadian imports from Latin America in the first seven months of 1974.

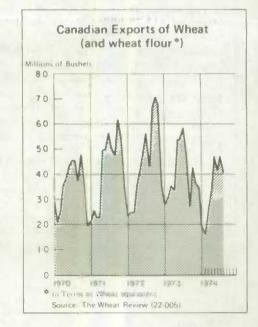
Railway Operating Statistics

Operating revenues of the six major railways in Canada totalled \$196.2 million in August, an increase of 125.7% from the strike-affected 1973 month. Railway expenses rose 58.2% to \$191.4 million, resulting in a net income of \$4.8 million compared with a deficit of \$34.0 million in August 1973.

Revenue freight ton-miles were up 97.3% to 11.4 billion in the latest month and passenger-miles totalled 218.2 million compared with 17.4 million a year earlier.

For the first eight months of 1974, the railways reported net income of \$14.0 million, down 14.2 from January-August 1973.

For further information, order the August 1974 issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, 304/83).



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he Wheat Review, September 1974	22-005	40¢/\$4	1974	24-001	40¢/\$4
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			Fish and Fish Products – Vol. 3,		
ENERAL TIME SERIES			No. 83, Advance Release of Fish		
anadian Statistical Review,			Landings, Newfoundland, September		
October 1974	11-003	704/\$7	1974; Vol. 3, No. 84, Fish		C1 40
			Freezings and Stocks, Quebec, September 1974	24.002	\$1.40
			Selected Dairy By-products – Vol. 3,	24-003	per year
EALTH AND WELFARE			No. 17, Production and Inventory		
ospital Indicators, January-June			of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder,		\$1.40
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ife Tables, Canada and Provinces,			September 1774	JE VET	per year
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