

## Employment, Earnings and Hours

Average weekly earnings in Canadian industry at $\$ 198.15$ in April were up $14.8 \%$ from $\$ 172.56$ a year earlier.

First estimates show that average weekly earnings (by province) were highest in British Columbia ( $\$ 222.95$ ), followed by Alberta ( $\$ 200.54$ ), Ontario ( $\$ 200.07$ ), Newfoundland (\$196.99), Quebec (\$192.53), Saskatchewan ( $\$ 183.28$ ), New Brunswick ( $\$ 181.58$ ), Manitoba (\$181.32), Nova Scotia (\$171.43) and Prince Edward Island (\$147.23).

Average weekly earnings in April (by industry division) were as follows: construction, \$276.16; mining, \$271.52; forestry, $\$ 265.20$, transportation, communication and other utilities, $\$ 227.42$; manufacturing, $\$ 208.54$; finance, insurthee and real estate, $\$ 188.98$; trade, $\$ 157.28$; and service, $\$ 137.35$.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours $172-002,704(\$ 7)$, or contact $R$. Ouellette ( 613. 992.56131. Labour Division, Statistics Canada. Otrawe K1A OV2.

## Retail Trade

Seasonally-adjusted April retail sales decreased $1.4 \%$ from March to a level of $\$ 3.90$ billion.

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 3.95$ billion, an increase of $10.5 \%$ from a year earlier. All provinces except Saskatchewan ( $-0.3 \%$ ) had sales increases over April 1974 with the largest advance in Prince Edward Island ( $16.4 \%$ ). Sales were up $17.7 \%$ in Vancouver, $11.9 \%$ in Montreal, $7.0 \%$ in Winnipeg and $6.6 \%$ in Toronto.

Year-to-year gains were registered in 24 of the 28 trade groups with the largest increases shown by used car dealers ( $36.3 \%$ ) and combination stores ( $19.0 \%$ ).

Revised data for March show retail pales for the month at $\$ 3.64$ billion, up 5.0\% from March 1974.
for further information, order the April 1975 issue of Retail Trade ( $63.005 .40 \$ / \$ 4$ ), or contact B. Theriault ( 613.996 .9304 ). Mer. chandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.


## Consumer Credit

Consumer credit outstanding on the books of selected credit holders reporting monthly reached $\$ 16.57$ billion at the end of April, an increase of $13.7 \%$ from a year earlier.

Outstanding balances held by these credit grantors in the latest month, with percentage changes from April 30, 1974: - Chartered banks' personal loans, \$11.39 billion (up 18.7\%);

- Sales finance and consumer companies: - small loans, $\$ 275$ million ( $-15.4 \%$ );
- large loans, $\$ 1.49$ billion (up $2.5 \%$ );
- retail instalment sales paper, $\$ 1.12$ billion (-4.1\%);
- Life insurance companies' policy loans, $\$ 1.10$ billion (up 19.5\%);
- Department stores and furniture, television, radio and household appliances stores, $\$ 1.15$ billion (up $6.9 \%$ );
- Quebec savings banks' personal loans, $\$ 48$ million (up 23.1\%).
For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Consumer Credit 161-004. 30 $\$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact Consumer Credit Section (613.996.9278 or Telex 053.3585), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottewa Kla ov6.


## Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries

Manufacturers' seasonally-adjusted new orders in April were estimated at $\$ 6.70$ billion, up $0.4 \%$ from the revised value for March of $\$ 6.67$ billion. New orders for durable goods increased $0.5 \%$ to $\$ 2.94$ billion, while those for non-durable goods rose $0.3 \%$ to $\$ 3.75$ billion.

Total unfilled orders were estimated at $\$ 10.01$ billion, down $1.9 \%$ from the previous month.

Total inventory owned, seasonally adjusted, was $0.6 \%$ higher at $\$ 15.19$ billion.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned - to shipments declined to 2.20:1 in April from 2.23:1 (revised) in March, while the finished products - to shipments ratio remained steady at $0.75: 1$ in both months.

Manufacturers' shipments in the latest month, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at $\$ 6.89$ billion, an increase of $1.8 \%$ from March.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in April were estimated at $\$ 7.10$ billion. Shipments in the first four months of 1975 totalled $\$ 26.91$ billion, up $7.2 \%$ from $\$ 25.10$ billion in January-April 1974.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31.001, 55 \$/\$5.50), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa Kla $0 V 6$.

## THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

Department Store Sales by Regions, May
Estimates of Labour Income, April New Motor Vehicle Sales, May Railway Carloadings, May Summary of Foreign Trade, May

## Consumer Price Indexes <br> for Regional Cities

Consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities in May with increases ranging from $0.5 \%$ in St. John's and Halifax to $1.1 \%$ in Saint John and Vancouver.

The food index rose in all 14 centres, reflecting generally-higher prices for fresh produce, meat, poultry and dairy products. Increased shelter costs (for both owned and rented accommodation), higher prices for tobacco products, increased movie admission charges and higher prices for recreation equipment were other major contributors to the advances recorded for the all-items indexes at the city level. The health and personal care component of the index also increased in most cities.

Between May 1974 and May 1975, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities, with increases recorded as follows: Winnipeg, 11.2\%; Saint John, $11.1 \%$; Vancouver, $10.9 \%$; Thunder Bay, $10.7 \%$; St. John's, 10.5\%; Calgary, 10.2\%; Toronto, $10.2 \%$; Saskatoon, $10.2 \%$; Montreal, $9.8 \%$; Edmonton, $9.6 \%$; Quebec City, 9.2\%; Regina, 9.2\%; Halifax, $8.9 \%$; and Ottawa, $8.9 \%$.

For further information, order the May 1975 issue of Prices indexes 162-002, 55\$/\$5.50).

## Trust and Mortgage Companies



## Federal Government Employment

Canada's federal government had 450,790 employees on December 31, 1974, an increase of $17,064(3.9 \%)$ from a year earlier.

Total payroll for the latest quarter amounted to $\$ 1.36$ billion, up $\$ 257.1$ million ( $23.3 \%$ ) from October-December 1973.

For further information, order Federal Government Employment, Fourh Quarter 1974 (72.004, 70 $/$ /82.80).

## Refined Petroleum Products

Canadian refineries produced 52.4 million barrels of refined petroleum products in April, up $4.2 \%$ from a year earlier.

Net sales of refined petroleum products at 47.6 million barrels in the latest month showed an increase of $2.4 \%$ from April 1974.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004. 40\$/\$4), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613.992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KlA 0V6.

## Canadian Balance

## of International Payments

Canada's seasonally-adjusted current account deficit widened to $\$ 1.53$ billion in the first quarter of 1975 from $\$ 998$ million in the previous quarter. The main factor in the increased deficit was a risy of $\$ 520$ million in the merchandise trad deficit to $\$ 537$ million.

Merchandise exports were especially weak in the latest quarter, showing a $6 \%$ drop in value that reflected both the slackness in demand in foreign countries, particularly the United States, and supply restraints in Canada, especially labour problems at West Coast Ports. Merchandise imports rose less than $1 \%$.

Among non-merchandise accounts, the major movements on a seasonallyadjusted basis were an increase in travel expenditures abroad of $\$ 100$ million and a decrease in freight and shipping receipts. These were more than offset by a reduction in payments for interest and dividends and by small increases in receipts from service accounts.

Total capital movements, unadjusted for seasonal variations, led to a net capital inflow of $\$ 2.00$ billion in the first quarter of 1975 , up from $\$ 830$ million in the previous quarter. This inflow largely financed the unadjusted current account deficit of $\$ 2.03$ billion, so that the imbalance covered by a decrease in Canada's official monetary assets was $\$ 3$ million.

For fiurther information, onter Quarterly Estimatis of the Canadian Balane of Imter national Payments, First Quarter 1975 167-001, \$1.05/\$4.20).

## Gross National Product (GNP)

Canada's Gross National Product (at market prices) grew by $0.3 \%$ in the first quatter of 1975 to reach a level of \$146.5 billion, seasonally adjusted at annual rates. In real terms, however, GNP declined on the quarter by $1.4 \%$ and was down $2.0 \%$ from the peak achieved in the first quarter of 1974.

The latest quarter was characterized by a recovery in consumer expenditure, further deterioration in residential construction activity and in the external trade sector, and some moderation in the rate of price inflation.

Despite the continuation of the recessionary pattern that began in the second quarter of 1974 , growth was reasonably strong in the first quarter of 1975 , with the exception of exports and the rate of inventory accumulation. Thus final domestic demand - which excludes these components - was up $1.3 \%$ in real terms in the quarter and $1.5 \%$ on the year.

Some first-quarter highlights:

- Consumer spending on goods and services showed an increase of $3.4 \%$ from last year's fourth quarter. This increase was considerably larger than the corresponding rise in personal disposable income of $2 \%$, resulting in a drop of almost \$1 billion in personal savings.
- Business investment in machinery and equipment remained strong, increasing by $7.4 \%$ from the previous quarter. However, business residential construction declined by $4.8 \%$. Total gross fixed capital formation was moderately strong in the first quarter, rising by $3.6 \%$ to a level of $\$ 35.45$ billion.
- Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income rose by $1.5 \%$ to a level of $\$ 82.36$ billion; the relatively-weak growth rate was mainly attributable to declining employment. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries showed virtually no change in the first quarter while those in the serviceproducing industries rose by $2.1 \%$.
- Corporation profits (before taxes) declined for the second successive quarter, falling $4.7 \%$ from the fourth quarter to an annual level of $\$ 16.61$ billion.
For further information, order National Income and Expenditure Accounts, First Quarser. 1975 (13-001. \$1.05/\$4.20).


## Oil Pipe Line Transport

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2.37 million barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in April, a decrease of $16.5 \%$ from a year earlier.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport (55.001, 30(183).


Source: National Income and Expenditure Accounts ( $13-001$ )

## Labour Income

Total labour income for March was estimated at $\$ 6.79$ billion, up $14.4 \%$ from a year earlier.

Adjusted for seasonal variations, the March estimate of $\$ 6.92$ billion showed an increase of $1.1 \%$ from the February level.

Seasonally adjusted, labour income for the first quarter of 1975 increased by $1.5 \%$, as compared with an advance of $4.1 \%$ recorded in the fourth quarter of 1974. Wages and salaries in the goodsproducing industries increased $0.4 \%$ in the latest quarter and those in the serviceproducing industries moved up $2.1 \%$.

For further information, order the January. March 1975 issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, 40 $/ \$ 4$ ), or contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-996-4147), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KlA OV2.

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## Unemployment Insurance Payments

Net benefit paid to claimants under the Unemployment Insurance Act reached $\$ 357$ million in April, an increase of $69 \%$ from $\$ 211$ million a year earlier. The average weekly payment was up $12 \%$ to $\$ 83.85$ from $\$ 74.78$.

Initial and renewal claims received in April numbered 230,000 , up $48 \%$ from the April 1974 total of 156,000 .

For the first four months of 1975, net payments under the act amounted to $\$ 1.25$ billion, an increase of $39 \%$ from the $\$ 900$ million disbursed in JanuaryApril 1974.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemplesment Insurance Act (73-001, 40d/\$4). or contact George Fincham (613-992.7461), Labcur Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa KlA UVI.

## Wholesale Trade

Wholesale merchants' sales in April were estimated at $\$ 3.65$ hillion, up $7.6 \%$ from April 1974.

One of the most nolable sales changes in the consumer goods trades was registered by the motor vehicles component, showing an increase of $45.1 \%$. In the industrial goods trades, sales of industrial and transportation equipment and supplies were up 40.0 : from a year earlier.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 6.41$ billion in the latest month, an increase of $24.7 \%$ uver April of last year.

For further information, order the April 1975 issue of Wholesale Trade 163.008. 15\$181.501.

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