Canada Weekly Bulletin

Unemployment Insurance Statistics

Net benefit paid to claimants under the Unemployment Insurance Act reached \$245 million in August, an increase of 14% from the \$215 million disbursed a year earlier. The average weekly benefit at \$91.73 was up 10% from August 1975.

Persons receiving unemployment insurance benefits in August totalled 570,000, virtually unchanged from July but down 13% from August 1975.

Claims filed by persons seeking benefit in August numbered 171,000, down 19% from July and down 2% from a year earlier.

For the first eight months of 1976, net payments under the act amounted to \$2,390 million, an increase of 7% from \$2,226 million paid out in the corresponding period last year

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Statistical Report on the peration of the Unemployment Insurance ct (73-001, 40¢/\$4), or Advance Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p, no charge to subscribers).

Income Distributions by Size in Canada Preliminary Estimates, 1975

Average family income (total money income before taxes or other deductions) rose to \$16,263 in 1975 from \$14,833 in 1974, an increase of 10%. In terms of real purchasing power, however, there was no improvement as rising consumer prices completely eroded the income increment.

The average income of unattached individuals moved up 9%, advancing to \$6,664 in 1975 from \$6,099 in 1974.

Average income for all units, families and unattached individuals combined, moved to \$13,573 in 1975 from \$12,437 in 1974, an increase of 9% over the year.

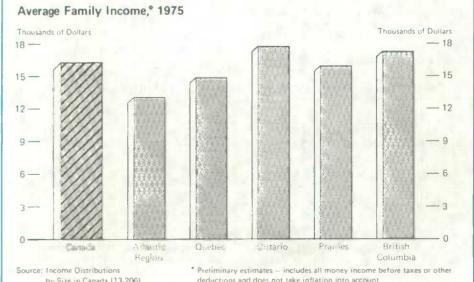
On an individual basis, average income in 1975 amounted to \$8,137. Men received an average income of \$10,770 while the corresponding figure for women was \$4,710. (These figures exclude persons without income and children less than 15 years of age.)

For further information, order Income Distributions by Size in Canada, Preliminary Estimates, 1975 (13-206, 70¢).

lew Alberta Number

The Edmonton office of the User Advisory Services of Statistics Canada may now be reached free of charge from any Alberta point by dialing a new telephone number: 1-800-222-6400.

LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS			Previous	Change From Year Ago
	Latest Month		Month	%
EMPLOYMENT, INCOME Average Weekly Earnings (\$)	July*	230.19p	229.41p	12.2
Labour Income (\$ million)	June	9.053p	8,825p	16.8
Persons with Jobs (million)	Sept.	9.69	10.06 709.000	1.9 6.2
INVENTORIES	эері.			
Department Store (\$ million)	July Aug.*	1,785 16,300p	1,663 16,185r	31.4 6.6
Manufacturers' Owned (\$ million)	July	6,968	6,851	7.0
ORDERS (A million)	A	0.007-	7.000=	13.7
Manufacturers' New Orders (\$ million)	Aug."	8,037p 9,587p		-7.5
PRICES		1507	1500	6.5
Consumer Price Index (1971=100)		150.7 162.4	150.0 162.2r	6.5 4.6
Wholesale Price Index (1935-39=100)	Aug.	513.5	517.1r	2.7
CONSTRUCTION Building Permits (\$ million)	July	1.035.0p		to-date 9 25.1
Housing Starts — Urban Centres (units)	July	20,630	119,74	
ENERGY	liste	1.739	15.06	9 -4.5
Coal Production (thousand tons)	July Aug.*	21.7	192.	0 6.1
Natural Gas Production (billion cu. ft.)	May	281.6 53.9	1,504.1 364.1	
Petroleum Refining (million barrels) FOREIGN TRADE	July	53.9	304,0	0.5
Exports — Customs Basis (\$ million)		3.029	24,740 25.04	
Imports — Customs Basis (\$ million) PRODUCTION	Aug.	2,959	23,04	9.3
Motor Vehicles (thousand units)		112.0	1,095.	
Steel (ingots — thousand tons)	Sept.*	1,182	10,66	8 -0.3
Department Store Sales (\$ million)		487.3	3,737.	
Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ million) New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million)		7,971p 569.0	64,33 5,252	
Retail Sales (\$ million)	Aug.	4,679	36,19	9 13.4
Wholesale Sales (\$ million)	,	4,208	28,84	
Statistics are not seasonally adjusted. p - prelimi	nary.	r - revised	. " - new t	his week.



by Size in Canada [13-206]

deductions and does not take inflation into account

Population, 1976

Preliminary counts from the June 1 Census show Canada's population reached 22,598,000 compared with the final June 1971 census tally of 21,568,311.

(These figures are preliminary. They do not include persons absent from their usual place of residence on Census Day or who were overseas in the diplomatic corps or armed services. Any necessary adjustments will be included in final figures to be published in the spring of 1977.)

Following are 1976 preliminary population counts for the provinces (with final 1971 population in brackets): Ontario, 8,132,000 (7,703,106); Quebec, 6,141,500 (6,027,764); British Columbia, 2,406,250 (2,184,621); Alberta, 1,799,800 (1,627,874); Manitoba, 1,006,000 (988,247); Saskatchewan, 907,650 (926,242); Nova Scotia, 812,000 (788,960); New Brunswick, 664,500 (643,557); Newfoundland, 549,000 (522,104); Prince Edward Island, 116,250 (111,641).

For further information, contact Stan Boswell (613-994-5793 or 613-994-5744). For a copy of the publication Population, Preliminary Counts, free of charge, contact Census User Inquiry Service (613-996-5254), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Railway Operating Statistics

Canada's six major railways reported combined net income of \$15.7 million in August, up from \$7.5 million in August 1975. Operating revenues rose 12.2% to \$246.6 million while operating expenses advanced 8.8% to \$230.9 million.

Revenue freight ton-miles increased 4.5% in the latest month to 11.22 billion; passenger-miles — the total distance travelled by railway passengers — declined 17.3% to 171.9 million.

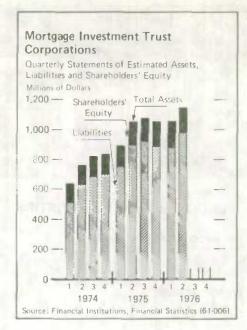
During the first eight months of 1976, railway operating revenues rose 11.5% from the year-earlier period while expenses increased 10.5%. Cumulative net income at \$35.3 million was more than double that posted in the January to August period of 1975.

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, 30¢/\$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

Building Permits, August Estimates of Labour Income, July Motor Vehicle Production, September

New Motor Vehicle Sales, September Summary of Foreign Trade, September



Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities

Between August and September, consumer price indexes rose in 13 regional cities and declined in one. Movements ranged from a decrease of 0.2% in Halifax to an increase of 1.2% in Vancouver.

Higher prices for gasoline and fuel oil along with increased shelter charges were major contributing factors to these advances. Other important contributing factors included higher prices for clothing, postage, magazines and cigarettes. Food for home consumption prices were generally lower across the country.

Between September 1975 and September 1976, consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities with increases recorded as follows: Vancouver, 9.3%; Thunder Bay, 8.5%; Halifax, 7.8%; Winnipeg, 7.8%, Regina, 7.4%; Saskatoon, 6.9%; Edmonton, 6.7%; Calgary, 6.7%; St. John's, 6.5%; Ottawa, 6.4%; Toronto, 6.4%; Saint John, 5.6%; Montreal, 5.6%; and Quebec City, 5.3%

For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities (62-009, 30¢/\$3).

Index of Industrial Production

(1971=100)

The seasonally-adjusted index of industrial production increased 1.3% to 120.3 in August from its downward-revised level of 118.8 in July.

Total manufacturing output rose 1.1% in the latest month; durables manufacturing climbed 1.7% while non-durables manufacturing was up 0.4%. Mining production increased 2.7% and output of electric power, gas and water utilities advanced 0.6%.

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the index of industrial production), (61-005, 40¢/\$4), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Employment, Earnings and Hours

Average weekly earnings in Canadian industry at \$230.19 in July were up 12.2% from \$205.18 a year earlier.

First estimates show that (unadjusted average weekly earnings (by province), were highest in British Columbia (\$263.37) followed by Alberta (\$240.41), Orland (\$230.21), Newfoundland (\$224.92), Quebec (\$224.87), Saskatchewan (\$217.84), Manitoba (\$210.59), New Brunswick (\$201.83), Nova Scotia (\$196.47) and Prince Edward Island (\$163.43).

Average weekly earnings in July (by industry division) were as follows: construction, \$336.96; mining, \$312.11; forestry, \$282.02; transportation, communication and other utilities, \$263.68; manufacturing, \$239.53; finance, insurance and real estate, \$215.96; trade, \$181.54; and service, \$166.18.

Compared with July 1975, average hourly earnings were up 15.3% in contruction, 14.6% in manufacturing, and 13.7% in mining.

For further information, order the July 1976 issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 70¢/\$7), or contact R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

Consumer Credit

Consumer credit outstanding on the books of selected credit holders reporting monthly reached \$20,924 million at the end of August, an increase of 17.8% from a year earlier.

Outstanding balances held by these credit grantors in the latest month, with percentage changes from August 31, 1975.

- Chartered banks' personal loans, \$15,485 million (24.3%).
- Sales finance and consumer companies'

 small loans, \$229 million (-11,2%).
 - large loans, \$1,517 million (0.1%).
 - retail instalment sales paper, \$1,156 million (0.5%).
- Life insurance companies' policy loans, \$1,202 million (6.8%).
- Department stores and furniture, television, radio and household appliance stores, \$1,265 million (5.8%).
- Quebec savings banks' personal loans, \$70 million (25,0%).

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Consumer Credit (61-004, 30¢/\$3), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304 or Telex 053-3585), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Radio Air-Time Sales

Gross national AM and FM radio air-time sales totalled \$7.1 million in July, up 26.8% from a year earlier. Agency and other commissions left national sales at \$6.1 million.

Net local air-time sales were reported at \$13.5 million in the latest month, ar increase of 18.4% from July 1975.

For further information, order the Communications Service Bulletin (56-001, \$1.40 per year), or contact P.T. Crosby (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Labour Costs in Canada

The results of the first survey of employer labour costs in the Services to Business Menagement group show that total compensation in 1975 amounted to \$11,242 for each employee of which \$10,615 represented salaries, wages and other direct payments and the remaining \$627 represented employer payments to employee welfare and benefit plans.

Average costs per employee are derived from total employment. Information obtained in this survey shows that part-time and casual employment in Employment Agencies and Personnel Suppliers, and in Security and Investigation Services represented 90% and 34% of the total employment in these two activities, respectively. Consequently, the average employer costs for the full year for the industry group as a whole are biased downwards. With these two activities removed, the average total compensation amounted to \$12,877 of which \$12,142 represented direct payments and \$735 represented employer payments to welfare and benefit plans.

Full details of employee compensation in this industry group are now available in the publication Labour Costs in Canada: Services to Business Management, 1975 (72-617, \$1.05).

The Labour Costs Survey is designed to provide information regarding the composition of total employee compensation and to measure the significance of those items frequently referred to as "fringe benefits".

Total employee compensation comprises not only wages and salaries but also the costs to employers of a number of compulsory and voluntary welfare benefit plans. The survey also divides wages and salaries into remuneration paid for services actually rendered and that for paid absences such as Vacations, Holidays and Sick Leave. Total employee compensation also includes a number of cash payments to employees which are over and above regular salaries and wages.

In addition to the above-noted report there are nine other publications available in the Labour Costs in Canada series. For information regarding these publications, please contact the User Advisory Service Division (613-992-4734), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or the regional offices.

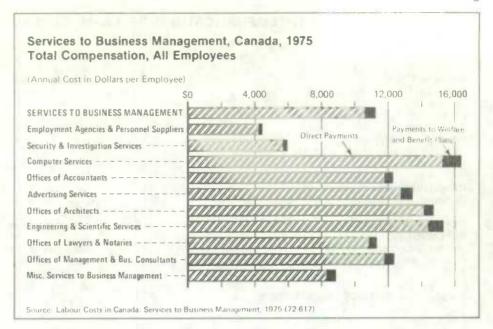
Wholesale Trade

Wholesale merchants' sales in August were estimated at \$4,083.3 million, up 14.4% from August 1975.

In the consumer goods trades, sales of tobacco, confectionery and soft drinks rose 38.9% from the corresponding month last year. In the industrial goods trades, the component for other construction materials and supplies, including lumber showed an increase of 30.1%.

Wholesale inventories were valued at \$6.872.5 million in August, up 8.0% from a year earlier.

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, 15¢/\$1.50).



Department Store Sales and Stocks

Department store sales reached \$487.3 million in August, an increase of 6.0% from \$459.9 million in August 1975.

Sales rose in 28 of the 40 departments in the latest month; the largest gains were posted by hardware, paints, wallpaper, etc. (27.4%) and plumbing, heating and building materials (27.2%).

All provinces except Manitoba (-0.4%) reported increased sales over August 1975 with a high of 11.4% for Quebec. Increases for metropolitan areas included: Montreal, 14.6%; Toronto, 4.7%; and Vancouver, 0.1%. Sales in Winnipeg showed no change from the previous year.

Inventories held in August (at selling price) were valued at \$1,885.8 million, up 30.4% from August 1975.

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

Restaurant Statistics

Restaurants in Canada had total estimated receipts of \$220.7 million in August, an increase of 9.6% from a year earlier. Sales were up in all provinces.

Restaurant receipts for the latest month, by province and with parcentage gains over August 1975 in brackets:

Ontario, \$83.2 million (11.1%); Quebec, \$68.2 million (11.4%); British Columbia, \$22.8 million (4.0%); Alberta, \$16.0 million (5.9%); Manitoba, \$11.5 million (8.3%); Saskatchewan, \$7.0 million (8.2%); Nova Scotia, \$5.2 million (15.2%); New Brunswick, \$3.4 million (2.5%); Newfoundland, \$2.7 million (5.0%); and Prince Edward Island, \$691,000 (1.5%).

Cumulatively, restaurant receipts for the first eight months of 1976 totalled an estimated \$1,463.9 million, up 11.5% from the corresponding period in 1975.

For further information, order the August 1976 issue of Restaurant Statistics (63-011, 15¢/\$1.50).

Housing Starts

New residential construction activity remained strong in July with housing starts in Canadian centres of 10,000 population and over increasing 9.8% to 20,630 units from 18,784 a year earlier.

Housing starts recorded in the latest month, by province and with July 1975 figures in brackets: Ontario, 6,116 (6,774); Quebec, 5,624 (3,784); Alberta. 2,894 (1,599); British Columbia, 2,552 (3,398); Saskatchewan, 1,206 (1,138); Manitoba, 950 (431); New Brunswick, 498 (521); Newfoundland, 425 (361); Nova Scotia, 341 (755); and Prince Edward Island, 24 (23).

For the first seven months of 1976, housing starts in urban centres totalled 119,742 units, up 43.3% from 83,578 in January-July 1975.

For further information, order the July 1976 issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 40¢/\$4).

Campus Book Stores, 1975-76

Retail sales of campus book stores rose to \$73.3 million in 1975-76, up 19.6% over the previous year. Text books accounted for 61.8% of total sales, trade books 12.7% and stationery and supplies 17.1%.

Further details will be published in Campus Book Stores, 1975-76 (63-219, 70¢), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9305), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

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AGRICULTURE			Miscellaneous Metal Mines.		
Fruit and Vegetable Production			1974	26-219	70c
October 1976 Production of Eggs and Poultr	22-00	03 40¢/\$		55-001	30¢/\$3
August 1976 Production of Maple Products,	23-00	30¢/\$		00 001	334740
1976 and Value of Maple Produ	ucts,		August 1976	32-011	30¢/\$3
1975	22-20	04 35		26-007	15¢/\$1.50
CONSTRUCTION Construction in Canada, 1974-	1976 64-20	01 \$1.4	Production, Shipments and Stocks	20 007	104741.00
CONSUMER INCOME AND			Columbia, July 1976 Refined Petroleum Products,	35-003	30¢/\$3
EXPENDITURE			May 1976	45-004	40¢/\$4
Income Distributions by Size in Canada, Preliminary Estimates			3	36-002	15¢/\$1.50
1975	13-20	06 70		46-001	15¢/\$1.50
EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND	CULTURE		Silver, Lead and Zinc Production,		
Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation — A Statistical Dig	est		August 1976 Steel Ingots and Pig Iron,	26-008	15¢/\$1.50
1974 and 1975	66-20	02 \$2.8	September 1976	41-002	15¢/\$1.50
EXTERNAL TRADE				32-013 34-209	15¢/\$1.50 70¢
Summary of External Trade,	05.0	04			
August 1976	65-0	01 40¢/\$	4 SERVICE BULLETINS Electrical Products — Vol. 5, No. 16,		
FINANCIAL FLOWS AND MUL	TI-			43-007	/\$1.40
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Information, August 1976	66-0	02 15¢/\$1.5		32-023	/\$1.40
HEALTH			Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded	02.020	7 91 40
Hospital Indicators, January- March 1976	83-0	01 \$1.75/\$	tapes — Vol. 5, No. 8, Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and		
Nursing in Canada: Canadian			Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada,	17.004	(0.1.40)
Nursing Statistics, 1975	83-2	26 \$2.1	0 August 1976	47-004	/\$1.40
INDUSTRY PRODUCT	d A		MERCHANDISING AND SERVICES		
Indexes of Real Domestic Proc by Industry (Including the Inde				63-004	/\$1.50
Industrial Production), July 19 Survey of Production, 1974	76 61-0 61-2			63-009	15¢/\$1.50
	-01-2	υ2 Ψ1.0	Merchandising Inventories,		
The Labour Force, September	1976 71-0	01 55¢/\$5 .5		63-014 63-013	40¢/\$4 30¢/\$3
MANUFACTURING AND PRIM	MARY		POPULATION ESTIMATES		
INDUSTRIES			AND PROJECTIONS		
Asphalt Roofing, August 1976 Breweries, August 1976	45-0 32-0			91-206	70¢
Cement, August 1976	44-0				
Coal and Coke Statistics, June 1976	45-0	02 40¢/\$			
Concrete Products Manufactu 1974	rers, 44-2	05 70	Regional Cities, September 1976 Construction Price Statistics,	62-009	30¢/\$3
Copper and Nickel Production	,		Quarterly Report, Third Quarter		
August 1976 Corrugated Boxes and Wrappe	26-0 ers.	03 15¢/\$1.5	0 1976	62-008	\$1.40/\$5.60
August 1976	36-0	04 15¢/\$1.5			
Distilled Beverage Spirits and Industrial Ethyl Alcohol, Augus	st .		COMMUNICATIONS Airport Activity Statistics,		
1976 Domestic Washing Machines 8	32-0.	21 15¢/\$1.5	0 1975 Railway Operating Statistics,	51-203	\$1.05
Clothes Dryers, August 1976	43-0		0 July 1976	52-003	30¢/\$3
Gold Production, August 1976 Inventories, Shipments and Or	26-0 ders	04 15¢/\$1.5	O Railway Transport — Part II: Financial Statistics, 1975	52-208	704
in Manufacturing Industries, J	une	04 554 105 5	Railway Transport - Part Vi		
1976 Machine Shops, 1974	31-0 42-2			52 211	\$2.10
Manufacturers of Electrical			Transcontinental and Regional		
Industrial Equipment, 1974 Manufacturers of Toilet	43-2		1976	51-001	40¢/\$4
Preparations, 1974	46-2	15 70	C Urban Transit, August 1976	53-003	15¢/\$1.50