## F. 0.4 Statistics Statistique

Canada Canada

## -InFOMAT <br> Weekly Bulletin

## The Labour Force

Canada's seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate climbed to $7.6 \%$ in October from $7.3 \%$ in September

Last month the unemployment rale for men 25 years of age and over rose to $4.9 \%$ from 4.3\% in September while for women 25 and over it declined to $69 \%$ from $7.8 \%$. For persons aged 15 to 24, the unemployment rate increased to $13.0 \%$ from $11.9 \%$

Belween September and October, the seasonally-adjusted participation rate percentage of the population 15 and over included in the labour force - decreased to $61.1 \%$ from $61.2 \%$.

On a actual basis, the number of persons employed declined to 9.66 million in October from 9.69 million in September but was up from 9.52 million in October 1975.
The actual unemployment total was 879.500 or $6.6 \%$ of the 10.34 million acluded in the labour force last month. By rovirice, unemployment rates were: Newfouncland, 12.0\%; Nova Scotia, 9.6\%: New Brunswick. 9.6\%; Quebec, 8.6\%: Prince Edward Island, 8.1\%; British Columbia, $7.1 \%$; Ontario, $5.7 \%$, Manitoba, $3.8 \%$ : Alberta. $3.4 \%$; and Saskatchewan. 2.9\%

For further information, order the October 1976 issue of The Labour Force (71.001, $554 / \$ 5.50)$.

## New Motor Vehicle Sales

Retail sales of new motor vehicles totalled 73,954 units in September, down 17.1\% from a year earlier. Total sales value decreased $13.5 \%$ to $\$ 438.0$ million.

Sales of passenger cars produced in Canada and the United States fell $23.5 \%$ to 38.682 units while those of overseasmanufactured automobies rose $6.0 \%$ to 15,499 units.

Commercial vehicles sales in September dropped 17.6\% from a year earlier to 19,773 units; included were 18,466 produced in Canada and the U.S. (down 17.6\%) and 1,307 manufactured overseas (down 16.5\%).

For the first nine months of 1976, sales of new motor vehicles reached 957,468 units wilh an accumulated value of \$5,690.4 millior. This represents an increase of $0.1 \%$ lu:s and $9.5 \%$ in value compared with ales for January-September 1975.
Eor further information, order the SeptemSys 1976 issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007,304/\$3). or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KIA OV6.


## Canada Pension Plan

(Data Seasortally Adjusted at Annual Rates)


Source: National Income and Expenditure Acculnts \{13.001\}

## Department Store Sales by Regions

Department store sales rose to $\$ 578.0$ million in September, up $15.4 \%$ from a year earlier. Increases were recorded in all regions of Canada.

Department store sales by regions for the latest month, with percentage changes from September 1975 in brackets:

- Ontario, $\$ 210.0$ million ( $11.8 \%$ ); Quebec, $\$ 117.7$ million (22.4\%); British Columbia, $\$ 91.3$ million ( $17.2 \%$ ): Alberta, $\$ 71.2$ million (13.5\%): Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 36.0$ million (11.7\%): Manitoba. $\$ 35.1$ million ( $14.7 \%$ ); and Saskatchewan, $\$ 16.7$ million (22.2\%).
For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004. \$1.50 per year).


## General Wholesale Price Index

(1935-39=100)
The general wholesale price index decreased 0.4\% in September to 512.0 from 513.8 (revised) in August but was still up 2.0\% from the September 1975 level of 502.0 . Three of the major groups included in the total index declined while the other five increased.

The vegetable products group index dropped $3.3 \%$ in September, mainly due to lower prices for potatoes ( $-26.5 \%$ ), fresh vegetables (-22.5\%), sugar and its products $(-14.1 \%)$ and grains $(-7.8 \%)$. Decreases of $0.1 \%$ were recorded for iron products and non-ferrous metals.

The textile products group index rose $1.6 \%$, reflecting price increases for miscellaneous cotton products ( $7.2 \%$ ), domestic raw wool ( $4.5 \%$ ) and raw cotton (3.6\%). The non-metallic minerals group advanced $1.4 \%$ with increases for asphalt ( $4.0 \%$ ) and petroleum and its products ( $3.7 \%$ ). Increases were also noted for animal products ( $0.3 \%$ ), chemical products ( $0.2 \%$ ) and wood products $(0.1 \%)$.

Over the 12 months from September 1975, the major group indexes showed the following percentage changes:

- Textile products. $10.9 \%$; non-metallic minerals, $10.4 \%$, iron products, $8.2 \%$; wood products. $7.6 \%$, non-ferrous metals including gold, $4.6 \%$, chemical products, $2.5 \%$; animal products, $-4.2 \%$ and vegetable products, $-9.0 \%$.
For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 55c $/ \$ 5.50$ ).


## THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities, October
Department Store Sales and Stocks, September
Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing industries. September Real Domestic Product, September Summary of Foreign Trade, October


Source: Primaty Iron and Steel (4).001)

## Business Conditions Survey,

 Canadian ManufacturingAccording to the October business conditions survey of the opinion of management of Canadian manufacturing establishments, 23\% of the weighted response anticipates an increase in the volume of production from November through January when compared with the activity in the immediately preceding three months, and $32 \%$ expects production will decline. The balance expected it to be about the same in both periods.

The preceding survey taken in July indicated that for $27 \%$ of the weighted response an increase in production was anticipated from August through October when compared with the May-July period. and just $26 \%$ forecast a decline. No tigures of a directly comparable nature are available for the same periods of earlier years, but management is asked to allow for normal seasonal conditions when responding.

The proportion reporting new orders to be declining, at $31 \%$, was $7 \%$ higher than in July, while the percentage reporting the level of new orders was increasing dropped to $21 \%$ in October from 26\% in July. The remainder reported that the level of new orders being received was about normal.

There was very little change over the period in the over-all opinion of the level of backlog of unfilled orders. This backlog was higher than normal for $11 \%$ of the response in both periods and lower than normal for $33 \%$ in October and $32 \%$ in July.

The proportion reporting the level of finished products inventory was too high grew from 20\% to 24\% from July to October, and there was no change in the $6 \%$ value of weighted response indicating it was too low.

The response to the October survey was from management representing more than 6,000 establishments whose shipments account for about $50 \%$ of all Canadian manufacturing shipments. For further details on this survey, see the November 9 issue of the Statistics Canada Daily Bulletin (11-001-E, 10c per copy/\$25 a year).

## Farm Cash Receipts

Farmers' cash rece pts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundlaits totalled an estimated $\$ 7,477.2$ million at it January-September period of 1976.
$0.9 \%$ from $\$ 7.408 .4$ million in the contesponding period of 1975 .

These estimates include: cash receipts from the sale of farm products; Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops; cashadvances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada; and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction was made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

Total payments made to farmers in the first nine months of 1976, by province and with year-earlier figures in brackels:

- Ontario, $\$ 1,957.2$ million ( $\$ 1,884.8$ million): Saskatchewan, $\$ 1,900.0$ million ( $\$ 2,014.6$ million): Alberta, $\$ 1.397 .2$ million ( $\$ 1,397.6$ million); Quebec $\$ 1,024.9$ million (\$954.6 million); Manitoba, \$665.4 million ( $\$ 677.9$ million); British Columbia, $\$ 285.9$ million ( $\$ 281.2$ million); Nova Scotia, $\$ 91.0$ million ( $\$ 80.9$ million); New Brunswick, $\$ 83.3$ million ( $\$ 63.6$ million); and Prince Edward Island, $\$ 72.3$ million ( $\$ 53.2$ million).
For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21001, 30c/\$3), or contact E.S. Boyko (613-9949876). Agriculture Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


## Domestic Mobile Homes

Canadian shipments of domestic motale homes decreased to 3,941 single units in the third quarter of 1976 from 4,121 in JulySeptember 1975.

Shipments of double-wide units increased to 1,093 in the latest period from 1,090.
For further information, order Fabricated Metal Products Service Bulletin (41-009, $\$ 2.80$ per year), or contact Mrs. I. Groom (6+3-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Farm Input Price Indexes



Source: Farm Input Price Indexes (62-004)

## Farm Implement Sales

Sales of farm implements and equipment ior January to September 1976 were valued Si \$901.2 million (dealers' cost), up 26.3\% irom $\$ 713.6$ million in the first nine months of 1975.

Sales of repair parts for farm equipment rose $4.3 \%$ in the latest period to $\$ 128.2$ million.
For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Farm Implement and Equipment Sales (63-009, 150/\$1.50), or contact Y. Lebel (613-996-9307), Merchandisng and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OTE.

## Telephone Industry Statistics

Canadian telephone systems posted net operating revenue of $\$ 90.7$ million in August. an increase of 5.8\% from August 1975.

Gross operating revenues of the 13 major telephone companies rose $18.3 \%$ to $\$ 280.3$ million in the latest month; operating expenses advanced $25.3 \%$ to $\$ 189.5$ million.

Construction expenditures of these firms totalled $\$ 129.5$ million in August, a decrease of $8.8 \%$ from a year earlier.

These systems reported a total of 93,439 employees, up by 5,517 from August 1975 .
For further inlormation, order Communications Service Bulletin ( $56-001, \$ 1.40$ per year), Vol.6. No 24. Monthly Telephone Statistics. Alugust 1976.

## Farm Input Price Index

(1961=100)
The Farm Input Price index for Canada rose $0.5 \%$ in the third quarter of 1976. moving to 227.6 from the revised second-quarter level of 226.4. On a regional basis, the eastern and western indexes rose $0.6 \%$ and $0.5 \%$, respectively.

Higher prices for building repairs, fencing and hired tarm labour were responsible for most of the increase in the index.

Over the 12 months from September 1975, the Canada index showed an increase of $4.8 \%$. During this period, production costs rose $4.6 \%$ for farmers in Eastern Canada and $5.0 \%$ for farmers in the West.

For further information, order Farm input Price Indexes, Third Quarter 1976 (62-004, $35 \$ / \$ 1.40$ ).

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## Retail Trade

Seasonally-adjusted September retail sales increased $1.0 \%$ from August to a level of $\$ 4,833.3$ million.

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 4.728 .3$ million, up $13.7 \%$ from a year earlier. All provinces reported increased sales over September 1975 with the largest advance in British Columbia ( $24.6 \%$ ). Sales were up $24.2 \%$ in Vancouver, $14.3 \%$ in Winnipeg, $11.0 \%$ in Toronto and $10.2 \%$ in Montreal.

Year-to-year increases were registered in 26 of the 28 trade groups with the largest gains posted by grocery, contectionery and sundries stores (29.6\%) and garages (28.9\%)

For further information, order the SeptemDer 1976 issue of Retail Trade (63-005, $55 \Phi / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa kIA OV4.

## Snowmobile Accidents

After several years of little change, the number of snowmobile fatalities in Canada dropped 20\% to 110 during the 1975-76 winter season from the 132 fatalities of the previous year. The number of tatal accidents due to snowmobiling decreased to 104, the lowest level in the past six years.

For further information, contact M. McRae (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa kta otg.

## Iron Ore

Canadian mines shipped 6,494,829 short tons of iron ore in September compared with $3,989,389$ short tons a year earlier.

Output for the first nine months of 1976 at $46,222,588$ short tons was up $31.6 \%$ from $35,120,723$ short tons in the corresponding period of 1975 .

For further information, order the September 1976 issue of Iron Ore (26-005, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact Art Symons (613-9920491), Manufacturing and Primary industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Canadian Production of Motor Vehicles



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## AGRICULTURE

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables,
October 1. 1976

## BUSINESS FINANCE

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## EXTERNAL TRADE

Imports by Countries. January.
June 1976

## MANUFACTURING AND PRIMARY

 INDUSTRIESAsbestos, September 1976
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## Additional Informallon

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory stafl of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).


Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Calgary. Charlottetown, Moncton, Saint Jthn and Sydney by calling the operator and asking for ZENITH 22066. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reachef by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.


[^0]:    Source: Motor Vehicle Shipments 142.0021

