## Department Store Sales by Regions

Department store sales rose to $\$ 348.8$ million in February, up 14.0\% from a year earlier. Increases were recorded in all regions of Canada

Department store sales by regions for the latest month, with percentage increases over February 1975 in brackels:

- Ontario, \$126.8 million ( $12.1 \%$ ): Quebec, $\$ 64.9$ million ( $13.4 \%$ ); British Columbia. $\$ 57.7$ million ( $12.4 \%$ ); Alberta, $\$ 49.1$ million (23.3\%): Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 20.4$ million (16.8\%): Manitoba, $\$ 19.6$ million $(6.1 \%)$; and Saskatchewan, $\$ 10.2$ million (22.6\%).

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50 per year

## Farm Equipment Sates

Sales of farm implements and equipment in January-February 1976 were valued at $\$ 96.7$ million (dealers' cost). up $47.0 \%$ from $\$ 65.8$ million in the first two months of 1975

Sales of repair parts for farm equipment rose $8.5 \%$ to $\$ 20.5$ million in the latest period.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Farm Implement and Equipment Sales (63-009, $150 / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Y. Lebel (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Trusteed Pension Plans

Trusteed pension plans had a record $\$ 936.7$ million cash flow in the fourth quarter of 1975 , up from $\$ 835.7$ million in the corresponding period in 1974.

Assets of trusteed pension plans which had a book value of $\$ 2.3$ billion in 1957 have snowballed to a level of almost $\$ 21$ billion in 1975 and cash flows into these funds have increased in a similarly dramatic fashion. Combined contributions from employers sud employees have grown from $\$ 390$ million in 1960 to \$2.5 billion in 1975 and as -rision plans matured, cash outflow in the Am ol pension payments has increased to an finnual level of $\$ 850$ million.

For further information, order Quarterly Survey of Trusteed Pension Plans, Fourth Quarter 1975 (74-001 35c/\$1.40).


Quarteriy Estimates of Income and Expenditures of Trusteed Pension Plans


[^0]
## Retall Trade

Seasonally-adjusted February retail sales increased $0.5 \%$ from January to a level of $\$ 4.57$ billion.
Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 3.73$ billion, up $15.7 \%$ from a year earlier. All provinces recorded increased sales over February 1975 with the largest advance in Alberta ( $26.6 \%$ ). Sales were up $18.1 \%$ in Winnipeg, $13.1 \%$ in Toronto, $9.4 \%$ in Montreal and $7.9 \%$ in Vancouver

Year-10-year gains were registered in all 28 trade groups with the largest increases recorded by sporting goods and accessories stores (29.3\%) and service stations (28.6\%).

Revised data for January show retail sales for the month at $\$ 3.87$ billion, up 18.0\% from January 1975.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Retail Trade (63$005,55 ¢ / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Consumer Credit

Consumer credit outstanding on the books of selected credit holders reporting monthly totalled $\$ 18.72$ billion at the end of February, an increase of $14.7 \%$ from a year earlier. Outstanding balances held by these credit grantors in the latest month, with percentage changes from February 28, 1975

- Chartered banks' personal loans, \$13.33 billion (20.8\%);
- Sales finance and consumer companies
-small loans. $\$ 243$ million ( $-14.4 \%$ );
-large loans, \$1.50 billion ( $0.3 \%$ );
-retail instatment sales paper, $\$ 1.12$ billion (-1.8\%);
- Life insurance companies policy loans, $\$ 1.17$ billion ( $7.7 \%$ );
- Department slores and furniture, television, radio and household appliance stores, $\$ 1.30$ billion ( $5.3 \%$ );
- Quebec savings banks' personal loans. $\$ 59$ million ( $34.1 \%$ ).
For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Consumer Credit (61-004, 30¢/\$3).


## Wholesale Trade

Wholesale merchants' sales in February reached an estimated $\$ 3.60$ billion, up 13.3\% from February 1975.

One of the most notable changes in the consumer goods trades was registered by the groceries and food specialties component, showing an increase of $10.9 \%$. In the industrial goods trades, sales of other construction materials and supplies, including lumber rose $36.3 \%$ from a year earlier.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 6.47$ billion in the latest month, up $4.2 \%$ from February of last year.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, 15 $/ \$ 1.50$ ).


## Real Domestic Product

(1971=100)
The seasonally-adjusted index of real domestic product increased $0.5 \%$ to 119.1 in February from 118.6 in January. Output of goods-producing industries rose $1.1 \%$ and service-producing industries showed an $0.1 \%$ advance.

Within the goods-producing industries, increases were recorded in manufacturing, agriculture and forestry.

Manufacturing output rose $1.6 \%$ in February with non-durables manufacturing up $1.9 \%$. Resumption of production at a number of pulp and paper mills that were previously strike-bound accounted for a $16 \%$ jump in output in that industry: and the rubber products industries also registered strong growth in the month. Durables manufacturing increased $1.3 \%$ due to significant advances by iron and steel mills, wood products industries and electrical products industries. Agricultural production was up $2.1 \%$, while increased logging operations led to an $8.7 \%$ rise in forestry.

Service-producing industries remained relatively unchanged from the January level. Small increases took place in trade ( $0.2 \%$ ), finance, insurance and real estate ( $0.4 \%$ ) and community. business and personal services ( $0.1 \%$ ) while public administration and defence declined (-0.5\%).

Within trade, wholesale trade rose 1.3\% mainly on the strength of higher sales of farm and industrial machinery and equipment. Retail trade declined $0.5 \%$, reflecting decreases for department stores, motor vehicle dealers and furniture, television. radio and appliance stores.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production), (61-005, 40¢ / \$4), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa kTA OT6.

## The Labour Force

Canada's seasonally-adjusted unemplov ment rate edged down to $6.9 \%$ in Margh from $7.0 \%$ in February.

Last month the unemployment rata men 25 years of age and over decreated io $3.8 \%$ from $4.0 \%$ in February while for women 25 and over it increased to 6 : $\%$ from $5.9 \%$. For persons aged 15 to 24, the unemployment rate decreased to 12.8\% from 13.1\%.

Between February and March, the seasonally-adjusted participation ratepercentage of the population 15 and over included in the labour force-rose to 61.6\% from $613 \%$

On an actual basis, the number of persons employed increased 109.26 million in March from 9.18 million in February and was up from 8.94 million in March 1975.
The actual unemployment lotal was 759.000 or $7.6 \%$ of the 10.02 million included in the labour force last month. By province, unemployment rates were: Newfoundland, 14.7\%; New Brunswick, 12.6\%; Nova Scotia, $9.5 \%$; British Columbia, $9.1 \%$; Quebec, $8.4 \%$; Ontario, $6.8 \%$; Manitoba, $5.7 \%$; Saskatchewan, $5.1 \%$; and Alberta. 4.7\%.

For further information, order the March 1976 issue of The Labour Force (71-001,554/\$5.50).

## Housing Starts

New residential construction activity yama ned at a high level in February with heusir starts in Canadian centres of 10.000 population and over more than doubing is 11.615 units from 4.973 a year earlier.

Housing starts recorded in the latest month, by province and with February 1975 figures in brackets: Ontario, $3,313(1,656)$; Alberta, 2.516(671); Quebec, 2,222 (1,369); British Columbia, 1,747 (930): Nova Scotia, 415 (87): Manitoba, 596 (118): Saskatchewan, 498 (97); Newfoundland. 57 (28); New Brunswick, 22 (17): and Prince Edward Island, 3 (-).
For the first two months of 1976, housing starts in urban centres totalled 24,065 units. up $98.8 \%$ from 12.106 in January-February 1975.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 40¢/\$4).

## THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

## Estimates of Labour Income,

## February

Motor Vehicle Production, March:
New Motor Vehicle Sales, March
Railway Carloadings, March
Summary of Foreign Trade, Marbn

## NEW . . . NOW AVAILABLE

Domestic and Foreign Control of Manufacturing Eslablishments in Canada is the title of a new biennial ieries of reports that will provide a wealth of information on control of manufacturing at the national, provincial and Census Metropolitan Area levels.

Until now, statistics issued on a regular basis pertaining to domestic and foreign control of manufacturing have been based on company relurns. By utilizing relurns of individual establishments (plants). this new series is able to distribute the data geographically and industrially in a lineness of delail not possible with data for entire companies, which may be active in several industries and regions. Additionally, this system makes available new data on employment and value added at the previously-mentioned levels.
The first issue of this new publication covers 1969 and 1970 and contains extensive analytical comment on these new series. For further information. order Domestic and Foreign Control of Manufacturing Establishments in Canada, 1969 and $1970(31-401, \$ 3.50)$ or contact HD Potter (613-992-9654), Manuiacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6

A publication on a related subject, Industrial Organization and Concentration in the Manufacturing. Mining and Logging Industries, begun as an occasional paper for 1968, will now also become a biennial series. This publication shows, among other things, the relative importance of the largest four, eight, etc., enterprises in selec ted industries. The latest issue of this report ( $31-402, \$ 2.10$ ) covers 1970. with publication of 1972 data expected within the next few months

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Employment, Earnings and Hours
Average weekly earnings in Canadian industry at $\$ 21839$ in February were up 12.5\% from \$194.18 a year earlier.

First estimates show that (unadjusted) average weekly earnings (by province) were highest in British Columbia ( $\$ 247.30$ ). followed by Alberta ( $\$ 225.91$ ). Ontario ( $\$ 219.63$ ), Newfoundland ( $\$ 212.74$ ), Quebec (\$212.69), Saskatchewan (\$204.23). Manitoba ( $\$ 199.04$ ). New Brunswick (\$197.13). Nova Scotia (\$185.14), and Prince Edward island ( $\$ 165.88$ ).

Average weekly earnings in February (by industrial division) were as follows: construction, \$318.65; mining, \$309.34: forestry, $\$ 284.27$; transportation, communication and other utilities, \$248.91: manufacturing, $\$ 230.90$; finance, insurance and real estate, $\$ 206.63$; trade, $\$ 169.35$; and service, $\$ 156.33$.

Compared with February 1975, average hourly earnings were up $18.6 \%$ in mining. $16.3 \%$ in consiruction and $13.3 \%$ in manufacturing.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 704/\$7), or contact R, Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

## Inventories, Shipments and Orders <br> In Manufacturing Industries

Manufacturers' seasonally-adjusted new orders in February were estimated at $\$ 7.39$ billion, down $2.0 \%$ from $\$ 7.55$ billion (revised) in January. New orders for durable goods decreased $1.4 \%$ to $\$ 3.34$ billion and those for non-durable goods fell $2.6 \%$ to $\$ 4.05$ billion

The backlog of unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries in February, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 9.60$ billion, down $0.9 \%$ from the previous month.

Total inventory owned by manufacturers, seasonally adjusted, was $1.2 \%$ higher at $\$ 15.68$ billion.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned - to shipments rose to $2.09: 1$ in February from the revised January ratio of 2.01:1, while the finished productsto shipments ratio increased to 0.70 .1 from $0.67: 1$ (revised).

Manufacturers' shipments in February, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at $\$ 7.48$ billion. a decline of $2.9 \%$ from January.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in February at an estimated $\$ 7.30$ billion were up $12.2 \%$ from a year earlier Cumulative shipments for the first two months of 1976 totalled $\$ 14.28$ billion, up $10.7 \%$ from January-February 1975.

For further information, order the February 1976 issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 55¢/\$5.50).

## Mortgage Investment Trust Corporations

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets. Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity
Millums of Dotlars


## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities

Between February and March, consumer price indexes rose in 11 regional cities, declined in two and remained unchanged over-all in Thunder Bay. Movements ranged from an $0.3 \%$ decrease in Montreal to a 2.4\% rise in Vancouver

Main contributors to these latest increases include 1 higher charges for shelter and household operation items, increased clothing prices, higher automobile insurance premiums in some western provinces and increased local transit tares in some Ontario centres. Food at home prices generally declined in most cities while restaurant meal charges were up

Between March 1975 and March 1976 consumer price indexes rose in all regional cities with increases recorded as follows. Vancouver, $11.3 \%$; Calgary, 10.3\%; Halifax, $10.2 \%$; Winnipeg, $10.1 \%$; Thunder Bay. $9.9 \%$, Regina, $9.7 \%$; Edmonton, $9.7 \%$; Saskatoon, $9.5 \%$; St. John's, $9.2 \%$; Saint John, $9.0 \%$; Ottawa, $8.7 \%$; Toronto, $8.6 \%$; Montreal, 7.9\%; and Quebec City, 7.7\%
For further information, order the March 1976 issue of Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities (62-009, 30 / $/ \$ 3$ ).

## Unemployment Insurance Payments

Net benefit pais to charnants under the Unemployment Insurance Acl leached $\$ 342$ million in January, an increase of $12 \%$ from the $\$ 307$ million disbursed a year earlier. The average weekly benelit at $\$ 91.63$ was up $11 \%$ from January 1975

Persons receiving unemployment insurance benefits in January numbered 860.000. up $22 \%$ from December Some $35 \%$ of beneficiaries were under 25 years of age-almost equal proportions of males and females.
There were 277,000 claims filed in January by persons seeking unemployment insurance benefits, down 22\% from 356,000 in January 1975.

## AGRICULTURE

Production of Eggs and Poultry, February 1976

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS
Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Fourth Quarter 1975

## BUSINESS FINANCE

Industrial Corporations, Financial
Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1975

## CONSUMER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Survey of Consumer Finances:
Volume 11 - Selected Reports, 1970
13-551
$\$ 2.10$

## CURRENT ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Canadian Statistical Revue, March
1976
11-003-E
$70 c / \$ 7$
EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE
Literary and Journalistic Awards
in Canada, 1923-1973
81-407
$\$ 3.50$

## FINANCIAL FLOWS AND MULTI-

 NATIONAL ENTERPRISESFinancial Flow Accounts, Advance
Release No. 2, Fourth Quarter
1975 (Preliminary Data)

## GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

National Income and Expenditure
Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1975
$\$ 1.05 / \$ 4.20$

## LABOUR

Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, October 1975

73-001

$$
40 ¢ / \$ 4
$$

## MANUFACTURING AND PRIMARY

 INDUSTRIES| Asphalt Roofing, February 1976 | 45-001 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Breweries, 1974 | 32-205 | 704 |
| Cement, February 1976 | 44.001 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Coal and Coke Statistics, December |  |  |
| 1975 | 45-002 | 40¢/\$4 |
| Concrete Products, February 1976 | 44-002 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Copper and Nickel Production, |  |  |
| February 1976 | 26-003 | 154/\$1.50 |
| Cordage and Twine Industry, 1974 | 34-203 | $70 \Phi$ |
| Domestic Refrigerators and |  |  |
| Freezers, February 1976 | 43-001 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Domestic Washing Machines and |  |  |
| Clothes Dryers, February 1976 | 43-002 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Factory Sales of Electric Storage |  |  |
| Batteries, February 1976 | 43-005 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Footwear Statistics, January 1976 | 33-002 | 304/\$3 |
| Gas Utilities, December 1975 | 55-002 | 304/\$3 |
| Gold Production, February 1976 | 26.004 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Iron Ore, February 1976 | 26-005 | 15¢/\$1.50 |
| Manufacturing Industries of Canada: |  |  |
| Sub-provincial Areas, 1972 | 31-209 | \$4.50 |
| Manufacturing Industries of Canada: |  |  |
| Type of Organization and Size of |  |  |
| Establishments, 1973 | $31-210$ | \$1.40 |


[^0]:    Source: Quarferly Survev of Trusteed Pension Plans 174.0011

