## $80^{2} 10 \mathrm{O}$

## Mineral producion, 1976.

Preliminary estimates show Canada's1976 mineral production ivas yatheg at a fecord $\$ 15.39$ billion. up $15.4 \%$ from $\$ 3.34$ billion in 1975.

The fuels sector provided the largest component value at almost $\$ 8.0$ billion in 1976 while metals were valued at $\$ 5.2$ billion, non-metals amounted to $\$ 1.1$ billion and structural materials accounted for $\$ 1.0$ billion.

These highlights are taken from the publication Canada's Mineral Production, Preliminary Estimate 1976 (26-202, 704) to be released later this month. For further details, call Art Symons (613-992-0491). Manufactu. ring and Primary Industries Division, Stalistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Motor Vehicle Production

Cariadian production of motor vehicles lotalled 157,440 units in November, up $15.2 \%$ from 136,702 a year earlier.
Passenger car production increased to 108,423 units in the latest month from 99,815 and production of commercial vehicles rose to 49,017 units from 36,887 in November 1975.
For the first 11 months of 1976, Canadian production of motor vehicles reached 1,509,002 units, an increase of $15.2 \%$ from $1,309,459$ in the January to November period of 1975.

For further information, order the Novernber 1976 issue of Motor Vehicle Shipments (42-002, 154/\$1.50), or contact Mrs. I. Groom (613-992-0388). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Import and Export

## Price and Volume Indexes

Both import and export prices remained stable in October as they have throughout 1976. In the three-month period ending in October, import prices were at about the same level as in the corresponding period in 1975 while export prices were about $2 \%$ higher.

Irport and export volumes in October ehowed sharp drops of $11 \%$ and $18 \%$, espectively, from September levels. Deslle ihis, import volume stood 5.5\% higher han in the three months ending in October 1975 and export volume was $17.2 \%$ ahead.
For further information, order the November 1976 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40c/\$4).

## LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

## EMPLOYMENT, INCOME



## Housing Starts

New residential construction activity decreased in October as housing starts in Canadian centres of 10,000 population and over dropped 28.9\% to 16,471 units from 23,181 a year earlier

Housing starts recorded in the latest month, by province and with October 1975 figures in brackets: Ontario, 6,107 (9,139); Quebec, 2,584 (5,667); British Columbia, 2,869 (2,631); Alberta, 2,518 (2,253); Saskatchewan, 962 (1,125); Manitoba. 488 (1.069); Newfoundland, 390 (209); New Brunswick, 287 (716); Nova Scotia, 254 (332); and Prince Edward Island, 12 (40).

For the first 10 months of 1976, housing starts in centres of 10,000 population and over totalled 171,350 units, up $19.7 \%$ from 143,153 in the corresponding period of 1975.

For further information, order the October 1976 issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 406/\$4).

## Residential Building Construction Input Price Index <br> (1971=100)

The residential building construction input price index for Canada advanced to 165.7 in November, an increase of $0.7 \%$ from October and up 9.5\% from a year earlier.

Prices of materials used in residential building construction increased $7.2 \%$ over the 12 months from November 1975; labour costs rose 13.3\%.

During this period, residential building construction input price indexes advanced in all regions of Canada, with increases recorded as follows:

- Prairie Provinces, 12.1\%; Atlantic Provinces, $11.8 \%$; British Columbia, $9.6 \%$; Ontario, 9.2\%; and Quebec, 7.4\%.
Labour cost indexes showed the following increases (by region): Atlantic Provinces, 18.3\%; Prairie Provinces, 17.1\%; Ontario, 14.5\%; British Columbia, 10.4\%: and Quebec, 7.3\%.

For further information, order the November 1976 issue of Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, $\$ 4$ per year), or contact L.J. Seary (613-994-5807), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KTA OV5.

## International Toll Bridges, 1975

Total operating revenue of $\$ 24.35$ million was reported for 1975 for 12 bridges and one tunnel operating as toll facilities between Canada and the United States. Operating expenses amounted to $\$ 15.6$ million, leaving net operating income at $\$ 8.7$ million. Final net income after interest and taxes totalled $\$ 4.3$ million.

The total number of vehicle fares collected by these facilities was 27.8 million in 1975; private passenger vehicles numbered 25.2 million and there were 2.6 million trucks and buses.

For further information, contact R.J. StaveIy (613-996-9271). Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Olfawa KIA OT6.

## THESE REPORTS SCHEDULED FOR COMING TWO WEEKS

Consumer Credit, November Consumer Price Index, December Department Store Sales by Regions, November<br>General Wholesale Price Index, November Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, November Real Domestic Product, November Retail Trade, November The Labour Force, December

## Radlo and Television Broadcasting,

 1975Preliminary results on financial data for privately-owned broadcasting for the year ended August 31, 1975 show radio broadcasting revenue up $14 \%$ from the previous year at $\$ 208$ million. Net profit before taxes was estimated at $\$ 30$ million, an increase of 7\% from 1974.
Television broadcasting revenues increased $21 \%$ in 1975 to $\$ 233$ million. Net prolits belore taxes were estimated at $\$ 39$ million, up from $\$ 24$ million the year before.

CBC operations produced revenue from sales of air time totalling $\$ 53$ million in the 1975 fiscal year compared with $\$ 49$ million in the previous period. Net cost of operating the CBC during the year was $\$ 268$ million compared with $\$ 253$ million in 1974

Final information will be included in Radio and Television Broadcasting, 1975 (56-204, 704). For further information, contact Patrick Crosby (613-996-9274), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Cable Television, 1975

Preliminary results on financial data on cable television operations (over 1,000 subscribers) for year ended August 31, 1975 show total revenue at $\$ 159$ million, up $22 \%$ from $\$ 130$ million in 1974. Net profits before income taxes rose $7 \%$ to $\$ 30$ million from $\$ 28$ million.
Final information will be included in Cable Television, 1975 (56-205, 70¢).

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## Industry Selling Price Index

## (1971=100)

The Industry Selling Price Index for Mansfacturing stood at 163.5 in November, increase of $0.1 \%$ from 163.4 (revised) October and up $3.9 \%$ from the Novemt is 1975 level of 157.3 .

The food and beverage industries index declined $0.3 \%$ in November as prices fell in the feeds industry ( $-2.5 \%$ ), in slaughtering and meat processing ( $-0.6 \%$ ) and in the poultry processing industry ( $-3.8 \%$ ).
This decline was mainly offset by index increases of $0.3 \%$ in the primary metal industries where prices were higher in smelting and refining ( $0.5 \%$ ), iron and steel mills ( $0.3 \%$ ) and iron foundries (1.3\%), and $0.4 \%$ in the chemical products industries due largely to an increase for toilet preparations (5.9\%).
Over the 12 months from November 1975, the largest price increases were recorded for the following group indexes:.

- Petroleum and coal products industries, $12.7 \%$; wood industries, $10.4 \%$; nonmetallic mineral products industries, $9.3 \%$; leather industries, $7.8 \%$; furniture and fixture industries, $5.8 \%$; textile industries, $5.5 \%$; primary metal industries, $5.3 \%$; and knitting mills, $5.0 \%$.
For further information, order the November 1976 issue of Industry Price Indexes (62011,55 $/ \$ 5.50$ ).


## Railway Carloadings

Canadian railways hauied a total of 23 million tons of revenue freight in Novernbe an increase of $8.4 \%$ from a year carlier. Tratfic received from United States connections (included above) declined $0.7 \%$ to 2.0 million tons.

Among commodities loaded in increased volume in the latest month were: newsprint paper (up 93.3\%); pulpwood chips (up $50.8 \%$ ); copper-nickel ore (up 38.7\%); lumber (up 36.7\%); grains other than wheat (up $26.1 \%$ ); and coal (up 23.2\%). Wheat loadings were down $10.2 \%$, the only notable decline from November 1975.

Cumulatively, rail freight traffic in the first 11 months of 1976 totalled 245.0 million tons, up $5.2 \%$ from January to November 1975.

For further information, order the November 1976 issue of Railway Carloadings (52001, 30\$/\$3), or for seasonally-adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## The Dairy Review

Canadian production of milk produced for all purposes in October amounted to an estimated $1,267,564,000$ pounds, a decrease of $11.2 \%$ from a year earlier.

For the first 10 months of 1976, mil production reached an estimat $14,717,271,000$ pounds, up $1.0 \%$ its January-October 1975.
For further information, order the October 1976 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, 40c/\$4), or contact C.M. Riach (613-9949974). Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

## Real Domestic Product

## (1971=100)

The seasonally-adjusted index of real tornestic product at 123.9 in October was unchanged from the September level. Output of the goods-producing industries declined $0.3 \%$ while that of the serviceproducing industries increased $0.1 \%$.

Within the goods-producing industries, the major changes in October were a decrease in manutacturing output ( $-2.1 \%$ ) and an increase in construction (5.2\%). In manufacturing, the most notable decline was in motor vehicle manufacturing. Production also tell in the primary metals industries, reflecting decreases in iron and steel mills and in smelting and refining. For construction, the increase was the first since May.

Other notable movernents in the goodsproducing industries were a decline in forestry output ( $-7.4 \%$ ) and an increase in mining $(2.5 \%)$, due to increased output of the crude petroleum and natural gas industry.

Over-all output of the service-producing industries in October was little changed from September and this pattern extended 10 most components. In transportation, storage and communication, pipeline transport showed an increase but railway transport decreased due to lower haulings if a number of commodities including wheat and other grains and automobiles. In communications, post office output dereased, partly because of strikes.

Total trade output was up only slightly in Dotober - retail trade advanced $1.5 \%$ from the previous month but wholesale trade dropped 1.5\%.

For further information, order the October 1976 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry fincluding the index of industrial production), (61-005, 40¢/\$4), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa KIA OT6.

## Non-Residential Bullding Construction Input Price Index <br> (1971=100)

The non-residential building construction input price index for Canada rose to 169.7 in November, an increase of $0.7 \%$ from October and up $7.7 \%$ from a year earlier.

The materials component of the total index advanced 4.4\% over the 12 months from November 1975; labour costs rose $11.2 \%$

Prices of concrete products used in nonresidential building construction climbed $33 \%$ during this period; smaller increases totere recorded for: lumber and lumber products ( $7.4 \%$ ); plumbing, healing and air oonditioning ( $5.1 \%$ ); steel and metal work ( $3.7 \%$ ); and other materials ( $4.1 \%$ ). ElectriSal equipment prices declined $0.8 \%$.
For further information, order the Novernber 1976 issue of Construction Price Statisfics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact L.J. Seary (613-994-5807), Prices Division. Statistics Canada, Otlawa K1A OV5.

## Canada's Mineral Production, 1976

$\$ 15,392,839,000$


Source: Canadn's Mineral Aroduction, Preliminary Estimste 1976 (26-202)

## Summary of External Trade

At $\$ 2.985$ million Canada's November exports, seasonally adjusted on a balance-of-payments basis, were down $4.5 \%$ from October while imports rose $5 \%$ to $\$ 3,089$ million. The merchandise trade balance accordingly changed to a deficit of $\$ 104$ million from the surplus of $\$ 190$ million recorded in October.

For the three months ending in November, however, the trade surplus totalled $\$ 357$ million, up from $\$ 331$ million in the preceding three months.

Seasonally-adjusted exports, on a customs basis, fell $1.5 \%$ from October to $\$ 3,035$ million in November, with the decline concentrated in overseas trade. Wheat clearances were lower in November as were exports of industrial materials, notably non-ferrous metals. Increases were recorded for shipments of metallic ores, asbestos and forestry products.

At $\$ 2,042$ million, exports to the United States were nearly $1 \%$ higher than in October. Deliveries of motor vehicles and parts recovered considerably following the settlement of local strikes and start-up problems, but shipments of metallic ores and fertilizer materials declined.

Seasonally-adjusted imports (on a customs basis) rose $7 \%$ to $\$ 3,139$ million in November. The advance was due almost wholly to the 9.5\% rebound in imports from the United States to $\$ 2,175$ million. Imports of motor vehicles and parts, which regained pre-strike volumes, accounted for about half the over-all increase. Also higher were imports of machinery and other equipment.

Imports from overseas countries rose nearly $2 \%$ to $\$ 964$ million in November. Crude oil imports recovered from the low levels of September and October, possibly reflecting stockpiling in anticipation of the OPEC price adjustment.
For further information on area and commodity trade, order the November 1976 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001. 40¢ (\$4).

## Building Permits

Building permits taken out in Canada in October totalled $\$ 1.015 .2$ million, down $10.8 \%$ from $\$ 1,1381$ million in October 1975.

Lower totals were recorded in the latest month for residential permits at $\$ 626.2$ million ( $\$ 664.4$ million in October 1975), institutional and governmental permits at $\$ 97.1$ million ( $\$ 152.9$ million) and industrial permits at $\$ 82.2$ million ( $\$ 114.6$ million); the value of commercia: building permits rose to $\$ 209.7$ million from $\$ 206.2$ million.

Provincial totals for building permits taken oul in October, with year-earlier figures in brackets: Ontario, $\$ 344.3$ million ( $\$ 466.2$ million); Quebec. $\$ 207.2$ million ( $\$ 221.8$ million); Alberta, $\$ 177.7$ million ( $\$ 157.6$ million); British Columbia, $\$ 150.3$ million ( $\$ 136.0$ million); Saskatchewan, $\$ 51.7$ million ( $\$ 47.9$ million); Manitoba, $\$ 31.4$ million ( $\$ 31.9$ million); New Brunswick, $\$ 20.8$ million ( $\$ 243$ million); Nova Scotia, $\$ 19.0$ million ( $\$ 33.0$ million); Prince Edward Island, $\$ 6.7$ million ( $\$ 9.7$ million); and Newfoundland, $\$ 4.7$ million ( $\$ 9.1$ million).

For the first 10 months of 1976 , building permits taken out in Canada reached $\$ 10,233.1$ million, up $15.4 \%$ from $\$ 8,867.0$ million in the corresponding period of 1975 .
For further information, order the October 1976 issue of Bullding Permits (64-001. 706/\$7).

## Asbestos

Canadian producer: shipments of asbestos decreased to 149,881 short tons in November from 15,280 short tons a year earlier.

Cumulative shipments for the first 11 months of 1976 totalled $1,540,275$ short tons, up $50.5 \%$ from $1,023,419$ short tons in the corresponding period of 1975.

For further information, order the Noverber 1976 issue of Asbestos (26-001. 156/\$1.50), or contact Art Symons (613-992. 0491). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

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