# Statistics $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Statstrque } \\ \text { Canada } \\ \text { Canada }\end{array}\right]$ <br> InFOMAT Weekly Bulletin 

## Industrial Corporations' Statistics

Canadian industrial corporations recorded alter-lax profits of $\$ 2.173$ miltion in the fourth quarter of 1976 , a decrease of $\$ 302$ million ( $12.2 \%$ ) from the corresponding period in 1975.
Total sates of $\$ 61.0$ billion in OctoberDecember 1976 showed an increase of $\$ 5.0$ billion ( $8.9 \%$ ) from the fourth quarter of 1975. Assets were up $\$ 4.2$ billion ( $2.6 \%$ ) from the third quarter of 1976 and $\$ 12.9$ billion ( $8.5 \%$ ) from the fourth quarter of 1975.
(Please note that these figures represent the latest data for the fourth quarter of 1976 and supersede preliminary estimates released last month.)
For further intormation, order Industrial Corporations, Financial Statisfics, Fourth Duarter 1976 (61-003, \$1.75/\$7), or contact R.3. Smadella (613-996-2130), Business flance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa 4. A OT6.

## Unemployment insurance Statistics

Net benefit paid to claimants under the Unemployment Insurance Act reached $\$ 395$ million in January, an increase of $16 \%$ from the $\$ 271$ million disbursed a year earlier. The average weekly benefit at $\$ 100.56$ was up 10\% from January 1976.

Persons receiving unemployment insurance benefits in January totalled 878,000, virtually unchanged from a year earlier

Persons seeking benefit filed 267,000 claims in the latest month, down $12 \%$ from December and 4\% less than in January 1976

For turther information, order the January 1977 issue of Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, 40c /\$4) or Advance Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p. no charge to subscribers), or contact George Fincham (613-992-7461), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ollawa K1A OV1.

## The Dairy Review

Cencadian production of milk produced for all purposes in January amounted to an estimated 1,106,383,000 pounds, down 9 5\%\% from January 1976

Gor further information, order the February 1977 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, 40¢/\$4), of contact C.M. Riach ((613-9949974), Agricullure Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

## LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

EMPLOYMENT, INCOME
Average Weekly Earnings (\$) Labou: Income (\$ million).
 Persons with Jobs (million).
Unemployed

## INVENTORIES

Department Store (\$ million)
Manulacturers' Owned (\$ million)
Wholesale ( $\$$ milion)
ORDERS
Manutacturers' New Orders (\$ million) . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Manufacturers' Untilled Orders (\$ million). . . . .

## PRICES


Wholesale Price Index $(1935-39=100) \ldots . .$. . . . . . . Jan $533.0 \quad 5265 r \quad 56$

## CONSTRUCTION

Building Permits (\$ million)
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Housing Starts - Urban Centres (units) . . . . . . . . . . Dec. Dec. } 17.658 & \text { 209,762 } & 15.4\end{array}$

## ENERGY

Coal Production (thousand ions).
Electricity Generation (terawat1 hours)
Nalural Gas Production (billion cu. ft.)
Petroleum Refining (million barrels)
FOREIGN TRADE
Exports - Customs Basis (\$ million).
Imports - Customs Basis (\$ million). . . . .

## PRODUCTION

Motor Vehicles (thousand units)
. ........ . .

Sleel (ingots - thousand tons)


## SALES

Department Store Sales (\$ million) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ million).
New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million).
Retaıl Sales (\$ million).
Wholesale Sales (\$ million)
Statistics are not seasonally adjusted. p-preliminary.
$533.0 \quad 5265 r$
Year-lo-date

1 -
revised
Jan. 238.25 p 234.49p

| 1.634 | 2.118 | 21.1 |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $16.891 p$ | $16.749 r$ | 6.7 |
| 7.137 | 7.144 | 14.5 |
|  |  |  |
| $8.367 p$ | $8.233 r$ | 18.0 |
| $9.427 p$ | $9.207 r$ | -6.5 |
|  |  |  |
| 155.4 | 154.0 | 6.7 |
| 166.1 | $165.1 r$ | 4.9 |
| 533.0 | $5265 r$ | 5.6 |

Year-10-date $\begin{array}{rr}12.187 .4 & 15.0 \\ 209,762 & 15.4\end{array}$
$293.4 \quad 7.6$
$\begin{array}{ll}3,138.7 & 0.4\end{array}$
$58.3 \quad 7.4$
$6.272 \quad 8.0$
$6,189 \quad 4.9$
288.45 .4
$2,379 \quad 4.0$
130.29 .5
$8.147 \quad 13.3$
$598.3 \quad 42.3$
$4.243 \quad 9.5$
3,665 5.8

- new this week.


Source: National Income and Expenditure Accounts (13-00t)

## Summary of External Trade

Both exports and imports of merchandise (seasonally adjusted on a balance-ofpayments basis) recorded gains in February of $5 \%$ to $6 \%$ to reach the high levels of $\$ 3,490$ million and $\$ 3,381$ million, respectively. For exports, February was the third successive month of advance and for imports, the fourth.

Canada's merchandise lrade surplus stood at $\$ 109$ million in February, down slightly from $\$ 130$ million in January. At $\$ 369$ million, the surplus for the three months ending in February compared with surpluses of $\$ 522$ million for the September-November period and $\$ 354$ million for the inree months ending in August 1976

The increase to $\$ 2,363$ million in exports (on a customs basis) to the United States accounted for less than $10 \%$ of the moderate over-all increase in February exports. Among largely-offsetting changes, increases were recorded in exports of automotive goods, natural gas, pulp, other industrial materials and machinery. Exports of metallic ores and concentrates (mainly of iron), lumber and crude oil declined, the last due in part to an apparent change in sourcing by U.S. west coast refineries.

Exports to overseas countries rose almost $6 \%$ to $\$ 1,074$ million in February, following a sharper recovery in the previous month. Except for the United Kingdom, exports increased to all overseas areas. Seasonally-adjusted wheat shipments rose for the third successive month.

Following a $4 \%$ decline in January, seasonally-adjusted imports (on a customs basis) from the U.S. rose almost $9 \%$ to reach the highest-recorded level of $\$ 2.445$ million in February. Well over half of this increase was due to automotive products and, in particular, to parts. Industrial machinery imports rebounded from the low level of January.

Imports from overseas countries rose $9.5 \%$ to $\$ 1,031$ million in February, with all the areas contributing. While there was a drop in crude oil landings from the high January level, increases occurred in imports of meat, industrial materials, motor vehicle parts and other equipment.

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the February 1977 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40¢/\$4).

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Ratio of Manutacturing inventories Owned to Shipments


## Motor Vehicie Production

Canadian production of motor vehicles reached 143,585 units in February, up 5.7\% from 135,900 a year earlier.
Passenger car production increased to 96,363 units in the latest month from 95,120 while production of commercial vehicles rose to 47,222 units from 40,780 in February 1976.

For the first two months of 1977, Canadian production of motor vehicles reached 288,350 units, an increase of $5.4 \%$ from 273,683 in January-February 1976.

For further information, order the February 1977 issue of Motor Vehicle Shipments (42002, 15¢/\$1.50), or contact T.R. Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa k1A OV6.

## Residentiai Building Construction input Price Index

(1971=100)
The residential building construction input price index for Canada rose to 168.1 in February, an increase of $0.3 \%$ from January and up $9.0 \%$ from a year earlier

Prices of materials used in residential building construction increased 6.4\% over the 12 months from February 1976; labour costs rose $13.2 \%$.

During this period, residential building construction input price indexes advanced in all regions of Canada, with increases recorded as follows

- Prairie Provinces, $10.9 \%$; Allantic Provinces, $10.6 \%$; British Columbia, $9.6 \%$; Ontario, 8.8\%; and Quebec, 7.1\%.
Labour cost indexes showed the following increases (by region): Prairie Provinces, 15.4\%; Atlantic Provinces, 14.4\%; Ontario, $14.0 \%$; British Columbia, 11.7\%; and Quebec, 10.3\%.

For further information, order the February 1977 issue of Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G. John (613-994-5807), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Oftawa K1A OV5.

## Housing Starts

New residential construction activity declined in January with housing starte, in Canadian centres of 10,000 population end over decreasing $7.9 \%$ to 11,470 units fror 12.450 in January 1976.

Housing starts recorded in the Isiest month, by province and with January 19 i6 figures in brackets: Quebec, 3,733 (4,056), Ontario, 3,182 ( 3,931 ); British Columbia, $2,493(1,780)$; Alberta, $848(1,376)$; Manitoba, 476 (354); Saskatchewan, 458 (362): Nova Scotia, 196 (382); Newfoundland, 45 (47); New Brunswick, 33 (158); and Prince Edward Island, 6 (4)
For further information, order the January 1977 issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 404/\$4).

## Railway Carloadings

Carload and non-carload revenue freight originating on lines in Canada in February totalled 17.5 million short tons, an increase of $3.5 \%$ from a year earlier. Traffic received from United States connections was down by $12.1 \%$.

On a commodity basis. February loadings of forest products continued to show fairly significant increases compared with the previous year, reflecting again the labour problems of that industry in 1976. Sulphur movements increased $116.0 \%$ and loadings of fertilizers (excluding potash) rose $114.9 \%$.

In the first two months of 1976, rail freigh loadings totalled 34.5 million short tor (carload and non-carload), up 3.5\% Fer January-February 1976. Among commodities showing notable increases were pulpwood, fertilizers and sulphur. Shipments of phosphate rock declined.

For further information, order the February 1977 issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, $30 ¢ / \$ 3$ ) or, for seasonally-adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa kTA OTG.


## Employment, Earnings and Hours

Average weekly earnings in Canadian industry at $\$ 238.25$ in January were up 9.8\% from \$217.03 a year earlier

First estimates show that (unadjusted) average weekly earnings (by province) were highest in British Columbia (\$270.26), foilowed by Alberta (\$248.07). Ontario (\$238.18), Newfoundland (\$234.19), Quebec (\$232.26), Saskatchewan (\$224.47), Manitoba (\$217.59), New Brunswick (\$218.64), Nova Scotia (\$204.86) and Prince Edward Island ( $\$ 185.01$ ).

Average weekly earnings in January (by industry division) were as follows: mining, $\$ 340.31$; construction, $\$ 336.95$; forestry, $\$ 308.92$, transportation, communication and other utilities. $\$ 273.54$; manufacturing. $\$ 255$.96; finance, insurance and real estate. \$219.01; Irade, \$185.11; and service, \$166.86

Compared with January 1976, average hourly earnings were up $12.7 \%$ in manufacturing, $10.6 \%$ in construction and $9.9 \%$ in mining.

For further information, order the January 1977 issue of Employment, Earnings and Mours (72-002, 700 (\$7), or contact P. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A OV2.

## Sales Financing

Sales finance companies purchased $\$ 181.4$ million of retail finance paper in Jormary, down $2.8 \%$ from $\$ 186.6$ milion in Jen:ary 1976.

The total for the latest month comprised $\$ 41.0$ million for passenger cars ( $\$ 45.6$ million a year earlier). $\$ 25.4$ million for other consumer goods ( $\$ 24.0$ million), $\$ 69.8$ million for commercial vehicles (\$72.9 million) and $\$ 45.1$ million for other commercial and industrial goods ( $\$ 44.1$ million).

Wholesale financing undertaken by these companies during the fourth quarter of 1976 amounted to $\$ 1,810.4$ million, a decrease of $7.7 \%$ from the $\$ 1,961.1$ million financed in October-December 1975.

For further information, order the January 1977 issue of Sales Financing (63-013, $30 c / \$ 3$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Asbestos

Canadian producers' shipments of asbeslos increased to 132,482 short tons in February from 127.188 short tons in February 1976
Shipments for the first two months of 1977 lotalled 254,338 short tons, up 2.0\% irom 249,375 short tons in JanuaryFebruary 1976.

For further information, order the February 1977 issue of Asbestos (26-001, 154/\$1.50), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491). Manufacturing and Primary industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa KTA OV6.


## Major Appliances

Sales of television sets and freezers continued to decline in January but Canadian manufacturers' sales of other major appliances ran above year-earlier levels

Major appliance sales recorded by these manufacturers in the latest month, with January 1976 figures in brackets:

- Refrigerators, 32,765 units (32,161): home and farm freezers, $16.524(34,297)$.
- Stoves and ranges (electric), 29,045 $(24,466)$.
- Automatic washing machines, 27.283 (25,442); electric and gas clothes dryers 26,957 (23,859).
- Television sets, 27.986 (32,479)

Canadian manufacturers sold 25,458 colour television sets on the domestic market in January, a decrease of $12.6 \%$ from a year earlier; black-and-white set sales fell $24.9 \%$ to 2.528 units.

For further information, order the January 1977 issues of: Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, 154/\$1.50); Stoves and Furnaces (41-005, 304/\$3); Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, 159 (\$1.50); and Radio and Television Receiving Sots (43-004, 30\$/\$3): or contact T.R. Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OVG.

## Crude Petroleum

## and Natural Gas Production

Crude petroleum production for December amounted to 1.68 million barrels per day, up 4.5\% from a year earlier.

Natural gas production averaged 10.50 billion cubic feel per day in the latest month, an increase of $2.0 \%$ from December 1975

For further information, order the December 1976 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, 30c/\$3), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Real Domestic Product
(1971=100)
The seasonally-ad,usted index of real domestic product remained relatively unchanged in January at a level of 125.0 compared to 124.9 in December. Output of goods-producing industries decreased $0.3 \%$ while service producing industries rose 0.3\%

In goods-producing industries, agriculture, forestry and mining declined. Manufacturing, constructimn, utilities and fishing and trapping each recorded increases.
In agriculture, lower crop estimates for 1977 compared to 1976 were mainly responsible for the trop. The decrease in mining was due to a sharp decline in production of crude petroleum. In manufacturing, non durables increased $0.6 \%$ while durables remained unchanged. The advance in non-durabies manufacturing was due mainly to oulput gains in food and beverages, tobacco products, paper and allied industries, peiroleum and coal products, and chemical and chemical products industries. In durables manufacturing, significant increases were recorded in the wood industrie: and primary metals industries. These gains were offset by significant declines in the transportation equipment, electrical products and nonmetallic mineral products industries.

In service-producing industries, increases were recorled in almost all components.

In transportation, istorage and communication, the communication component advanced, but trans portation and storage were down primarily because of declines in railway transport. pipeline transport and grain elevators. In trade, both wholesale and retail trade werr up, due to increases for wholesale merchants, wholesalers of petroleum products and motor vehicle dealers. The only significant decline in retail trade occurred in thod stores (coinciding with a sharp rise in the consumer price index for food).

For further information, order the January 1977 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Productionl), (61-005, 404/\$4), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa kIA OTG.

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$56.001 \quad \$ 1.60$

