

TO THE Weekly Bulletin

STATISTICS STATISTICUS CANADA CANADA LIBRARY BIBLIOTHEQUE

Building Permits, Adjusted

Total value rose 9.1% to a \$1,080 million level in April from \$991 million in March. In April 1977 the level reached \$1,028 million.

The gain was entirely in the nonresidential sector of construction, \$502 million from \$411 million in March, Commercial projects that included a \$15 million shopping centre in Calgary and a \$10 million office building in Scarborough rose to a level of \$296 million (\$253 million in March). Institutional projects that included a dental arts building (\$13 million) on the campus of Dalhousie University, a college in Lévis (\$7 million) and a detention centre in Edmonton (\$8 million) reached a level of \$138 million (\$81 million in March). New industrial installations, estimated at \$68 million, are down from March (\$77 million)

Residential permits remained unchanged at \$578 million (\$579 million). Compomillion by type of dwelling changed: single detached homes, 9,340 in March, fell to 8,263 in April and collective dwellings went from 6,895 to 8,467. In annual terms, the April program suggests a volume of 200,800 new dwellings (194,800 in March). New dwellings started in 1977 was 245,724.

Preliminary returns for May indicate no major changes in the general level of permits issued though some increases are expected in the Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg and Victoria areas.

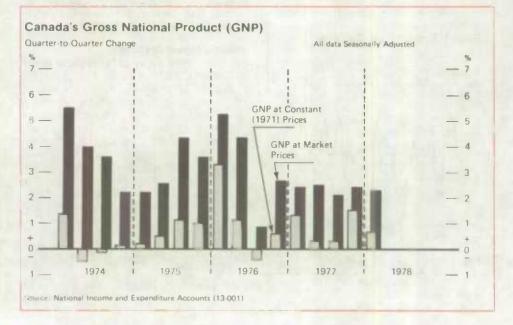
For further information, order the April 1978 issue of Building Permits (64-001, 70¢/\$7).

GNP: First Quarter

Gross National Product, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, increased 2.3% in the first quarter of 1978 to a level of \$222.3 billion; measured in real terms, GNP advanced 0.7%. This real growth was the result of a further improvement in the balance of merchandise trade and renewed strength in personal expenditure and government current expenditure offsetting lower gross capital formation, and is a continuation of the pattern of fairly mild quarterly growth rates the economy has exhibited since first quarter 1976. Prices, as measured by the GNE implicit price index. 1058 by 1.6% compared with an increase of 0.9% in the fourth quarter of 1977, leaving prices in the first quarter 6.6% above their level in the first quarter of the previous year.

For further information, order National Income and Expenditure Accounts, First Quarter 1978 (13-001, \$1.05, \$4.20)

LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS			nange Year Ago
EMPLOYMENT, INCOME Average Weekly Earnings (\$) Apr. Labour Income (\$ million) Apr. Persons with Jobs (million) May Unemployed May INVENTORIES	262.09p	261 01	6.1
	10,499.9p	10,366.2	8.7
	10.12	9.75	3.0
	933,000	999,000	13.2
Department Store (\$ million) Feb. Manufacturers' Owned (\$ million) Apr. Whofesale (\$ million) Mar. ORDERS	1,734.2	1,582.1	1.7
	19,231p	19,066.9r	8.3
	13,611.5	7,784.3	8.5
Manufacturers' New Orders (\$ million) Apr Manufacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million) Apr PRICES	10,824.1p 11,881.0p	9,118.2r 10,624r	18.7 11.8
Consumer Price Index (1971=100)	171.2	170.8	8.4
	185.0	182.8	7.1
	599.3	588.5	6.9
CONSTRUCTION Building Permits (\$ million)	1,133.5 13,781	Year-to 3,153.4 47,197	-3.1 33.0
Coal Production (thousand tons)	2,745.6	2,745.6	3.6
	30.7	94.2	11.0
	315.9p	963.8p	0.2
	47.2	210.4	-2.3
Exports — Customs Basis (\$ million)	4,616	16,155	16.4
	4,649	15,272	13.0
Motor Vehicles (thousand units) Apr. Steel (ingots — thousand tons) May	169.3	630.3	-2.9
	1,423.4	6,744.7	7.8
Department Store Sales (\$ million). Apr. Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ million) Apr. New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million). Apr. Retail Sales (\$ million). Apr. Wholesale Sales (\$ million) Apr.	560.0p	1.945.9p	6.8
	10.423.9p	39,350.5p	13.2
	931.0	2,997.5	6.9
	5,575.5p	19,740.3p	9.8
	4,942.2	18,553.7	9.7
Statistics are not seasonally adjusted. p - preliminary.	r - revised.	* - new this week	



Automotive/Foreign Trade

Exports of motor vehicles and parts to the United States gained 10.5% to \$2,709 million in the January-March period of 1978 from \$2,452 million in the first quarter of 1977. A 40% rise in truck exports to \$622 million with a 12% increase in automotive parts shipments to \$1,010 million accounted for the advance. Exports of passenger cars declined about 3% to \$1,039 million and tire shipments at \$38 million were \$1 million lower.

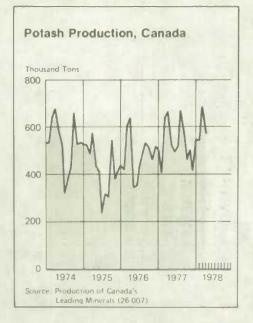
Imports of automotive products rose 6.8% to \$2,762 million from \$2,587 million. The increase was attributable to parts imports, up 12% to \$1,814 million. At \$640 million, imports of passenger cars were a shade below the total for the first quarter of 1977 and a 25% decline in tire imports was recorded.

With the expansion of exports surpassing that of imports, the automotive trade deficit declined to \$53 million from \$135 million between the first quarters of the two years. The surplus in the trade in trucks, which more than doubled to \$347 million, was partially offset by the continuing increase in the parts deficit to \$804 million and a 5.5% contraction in the passenger car surplus to \$399 million. There was also a \$10 million turnabout in the tire balance to a surplus of \$5 million.

Exports of automotive products to overseas countries rose 4.5% to \$190 million of 1978 from \$182 million. A gain of \$21 million in trucks was partially offset by a decline in parts exports. Exports of passenger cars and tires and re-exports were each \$1 million higher in 1978.

Imports of motor vehicles and parts increased by one-third to a record level of \$307 million, with most of the rise accounted for by passenger cars. Imports of parts and tires together increased by \$5 million to \$93 million.

For further information, contact H.W. Iwasaki (613-992-2663), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.



Real Domestic Product

The seasonally adjusted index of real domestic product increased 0.4% to 130.5 in April from 130.0 in March. The index of industrial production declined 0.2% and goods-producing and service-producing industries rose 0.4%.

Goods-producing industries: agriculture. forestry, fishing and trapping, manufacturing and construction recorded increases. Mining and utilities output declined. In agriculture, higher livestock and dairy production accounted for the increase. Forestry operations advanced due to increased logging and pulpwood activity. The fishing industry experienced higher than normal catches in scallops, herring and cod. Manufacturing: widespread increases with non-durables and durables up significantly. Manufacturers of transportation equipment, electrical products and non-metallic mineral products recorded significant gains. Most of the increase in the electrical products industry lay with major appliances and household radio and television sets. The construction industry recorded the strongest monthly increase since October 1977

Service-producing industries: trade, finance, insurance, real estate, community business, personal services, public administration and defence services increased; transportation, storage and communication declined. Wholesale and retail trade rose significantly. Finance, insurance and real estate services increased marginally. Community, business and personal services advanced primarily due to increases in accommodation and food services. In public administration and defence services. all levels of government administration recorded increases. Within transportation, storage and communications declines were concentrated in air, railway, bus and pipeline transport and included grain elevators. Communications component: up considerably

For further information, order the April 1978 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (61-005, 40¢/\$4), or contact R.W. Colling (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Valuing Housekeeping

Estimating the Value of Household Work in Canada, 1971, a study undertaken by Professor Oli Hawrylyshyn of Queen's University and sponsored by Statistics Canada, describes the potential for measuring the economic value of household work and delineates the theoretical and methodological foundations for such evaluation. The paper contains various estimates for such household work in 1971 and analyzes their statistical quality. This paper continues the exploration into the measurement of economic non-market activities that started with the occasional paper: Review of Recent Porposals for Modifying and Extending the Measure of GNP, 13-558. \$1.05.

For further information, order Estimating the Value of Household Work in Canada, 1971 (13-566, \$1.05).

Average Earnings

Average weekly earnings rose 6.1% to \$262.09 in April from \$246.93 in 1977. Average hourly earnings in manufacturing reached \$6.75 (from \$6.27), in construction \$10.18 (\$9.62) and in mining \$8.54 (\$7.27).

First estimates show average weekly earnings were highest in British Columbia (\$295.86) and followed by Alberta (\$271.02), Ontario (\$262.36), Québec (\$258.34), Saskatchewan (\$245.77), Newfoundland (\$237.56), Manitoba (\$235.90), New Brunswick (\$229.89), Nova Scotia (\$221.75) and Prince Edward Island (\$195.54).

Average weekly earnings by industry division were: construction, \$382.93; mining \$363.39; forestry \$341.69; transportation, communication and other utilities, \$305.89; manufacturing, \$283.83; finance, insurance and real estate \$241.67; trade \$200.88; and service \$176.99

For further information, order the April 1978 issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 70¢/\$7), or contact R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

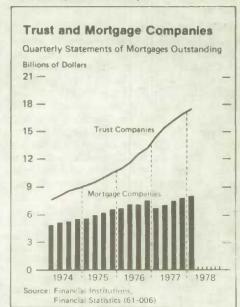
Labour Income

April labour income rose 8.7% from April 1977's \$9,655.7 million to \$10,499.9 million.

Preliminary estimates for wages and salaries (millions of dollars) were: primary industries \$80.0; forestry \$83.5; mines, quarries, oil wells \$239.5; manufacturing \$2,208.1; construction \$692.6; transportation, communication, other utilities \$1.012.8; trade \$1,280.6; finance, insurance, real estate \$639.6; commercial, personal service \$906.8; education, related services \$1,049.3; health, welfare services \$614.4; federal administration, other government offices \$378.2; local administration \$229.7; and provincial administration \$289.9.

Supplementary income for April reached \$794.8 million.

See detailed estimates in the April-June 1978 issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, \$1.05/\$4.20), or contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8067).



Unemployed: A Portrait

In 1977, the annual average number of unemployed was 862,000. Almost 72% were working before becoming transployed. The remaining unemployed were from outside the labour force. Of the 862,000 unemployed, 420,000 (48.7%) were job losers, 198,000 (22.9%) were job leavers. 48,000 (5.6%) were new entrants and 196,000 (22.7%) were re-entrants. Of the 196,000, 120,000 (61.2%) were short-term re-entrants and 76,000 (38.8%) were long-term re-entrants.

The new classification of the unemployed analysed in The Labour Force: Flows into Unemployment (71-001, 55¢) describes the labour market situation of unemployed persons prior to their becoming unemployed, dividing them into four groups: job losers, job leavers, labour force re-entrants and new entrants to the labour force. The article, covering 1977, is organized in six sections. The first section presents the definitions of the four groups for guidance in the interpretation of the resulting statistics. The second section indicates the degree of comparability with similar data produced in the United States. The third section provides a general decomposition of the unemployed into the four groups clus a finer breakdown of the composition of the job loser, job leaver and labour force re-entrants groups. The fourth section looks at the personal characteristics (i.e. sex, age, marital status and educational level) and provincial distribution of the four groups. The fifth section examines previous work history - when last worked and industry, occupation, duration of last job and hours worked per week. The sixth section looks at the duration of unemployment and type of work sought for the four groups.

To order this or any other Statistics Canada publication, please send request to:

Publications Distribution, Room 1405, Main Building. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

State:

Title of Report, Month, Quarter or Year of issue; Catalogue Number.

Please enclose money order or cheque made payable to the order of: Receiver General for Canada.

Eggs

First saw egg production decrease 2.6% from 1977. Average number of layers: down 3.5% to 23.3 million from 24.1 million.

For lurther information, order the April 1978 issue of Production of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, 30¢/\$3).

Key Economic Series

During July, release of key economic series data is to be as outlined below. Where a range of dates applies, this represents the period within which publication can be reasonably expected given the circumstances peculiar to each series. (A range may be exceeded on occasion.)

July 5 to 13: Industry Selling Price Index, May:

July 7 to 18: General Wholesale Price Index, May;

July 11: Labour Force Survey, June;

July 12: Consumer Price Index, June;

July 12 to 14: Wholesale Trade, May;

July 13 to 20: Retail Trade, May:

July 17 to 21: Building Permits, May;

July 18 to 20: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, May:

July 18 to 21: Employment, Earnings and Hours, May;

July 20: Consumer Price Indexes (Regional), June:

July 20 to 25: Index of Industrial Production, May:

July 20 to 25: Real Domestic Product, May;

July 21 to 24: Consumer Credit, May:

July 24 to 26: Labour Income, May; July 26: Private and Public Investments i

July 26: Private and Public Investments in Canada, mid-year 1978;

July 28: Preliminary Statement on Canadian Trade, June;

July 28 to August 9: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, May.

Financial Flows, 1st quarter 1978, advance information I on July 3 to 7; Financial Flows, 1st quarter 1978, advance information II on July 10 to 14; Field Crop Reporting Series No. 9, Telegraphic Crop Report, Canada, July 6, at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series No. 10, Telegraphic Crop Report, Prairies, July 13, at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series No. 11, Telegraphic Crop Report, Canada, July 27, at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.

For any inquiry concerning the release of these series, contact J. Kerr (613-992-1548), Production Planning and Scheduling Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Coai/Coke Statistics

February coal production decreased 0.3% to 2.903,559 tons (2 643 064t) from 2.913,013 (2 642 641) a year earlier. Imports: 9,833 tons (8 920t) from 68,496 (62 139). Industrial consumers used 2,843,952 tons (2 579 990t) of coal, up 161,103 (146 150) and 454,548 tons (412 359t) of coke, down 8,764 (7 950t).

For further information, order the February 1978 issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact David Madsen (613-992-4021). Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

Records/Pre-recorded Tapes

Manufacturers produced 6,506,195 phonograph records in April (5,714,437 in 1977) and 1,266,661 pre-recorded 8-track cartridges and cassettes (1,107,955).

For further information, order the April 1978 issue of Phonograph Records and Prerecorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, 15¢/\$1.50).

Railway Operating Statistics

Six major railways net income rose 19.9% to \$33.1 million in March from \$27.6 million a year earlier. Operating revenues rose 8.1% to \$328.6 million and operating expenses 6.9% to \$295.5 million. Freight ton-miles increased 3.3%, average revenue received per ton-mile 2.1% from 2.284 cents to 2,332 cents and though freight train-miles showed a decline of 0.4%, a percentage gain of 0.4% was recorded for freight car-miles. Passenger miles dipped 1.8% with both commuter and non-commuter services registering declines.

In the first quarter, operating revenues rose 8.7% from a year earlier. Expenses increased 7.3%, net income at \$44.6 million was up 43.0%, cumulative ton-miles rose 2.2% and passenger-miles 14.8%.

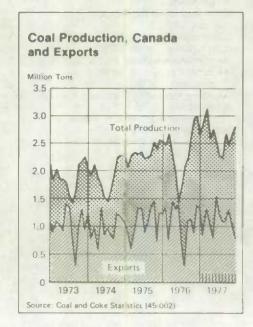
For further information, order the March 1978 issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, 30¢/\$3), or contact J. R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa K1A 076.

Employment/Earnings/Hours

First estimates, Industrial Composite Index of employment, April, show a 0.2% decline from March. Manufacturing, trade and service registered decreases; remaining industry divisions posted gains, Ontario and British Columbia recorded losses, Prairie region remained unchanged and Québec and Atlantic region registered increases.

Average weekly earnings rose 0.4% with gains in all industry divisions except forestry, mining (including milling), trade and service, all down. All regions contributed to the general advance. Average weekly hours: up in manufacturing and in construction but down in mining (including milling). Average hourly earnings: up in mining (including milling) but down in manufacturing and construction.

For further information, order the April 1978 issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 70¢/\$7), or contact R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.





These publications released June 23 — 29

	Cata- logue	Price per issue/year	
AGRICULTURE			02-14-4
Dairy Factory Production, May 1978	32-002	15¢/\$1.50	Oils and Fats, April 1978 Primary Iron and Steel, Apr
Dairy Products Industry, 1976	32-209	70¢	Production and Disposition
Farm Cash Receipts, April 1978	21-001	30¢/\$3	Tobacco Products, May 19
Production of Poultry and Eggs, 1977	23-202	70¢	Production and Inventories
Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables,	20 202	100	Process Cheese and Instan
June 1, 1978	32-010	30¢/\$3	Milk Powder, May 1978
00.10.10.10	02 010	3007 40	Production and Shipments
CONSTRUCTION			Tiles, May 1978
Capacity Utilization Rates in			Shipments of Prepared Sto
Canadian Manufacturing, First			Poultry Feeds, April 1978
Quarter 1978	31-003	\$1.40/\$5.60	Shoe Factories and Boot ar
Construction in Canada, 1976-1978	64-201	\$1.40	Findings Manufacturers, 19
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March 1978	64-002	55¢/\$5.50	The Sugar Situation, May 1
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EXTERNAL TRADE	05 004	000 (00	Statistics, January-March 19
Exports by Commodities, March 1978 Imports by Commodities, March 1978	65-004 65-007	80¢/\$8 80¢/\$8	Wooden Box Factories, 197
imports by Commodities, March 1976	03-007	006/20	SERVICE BULLETIN
FINANCIAL FLOWS AND MULTI-			Minerals — Vol. 6, No. 3,
NATIONAL ENTERPRISES			Consumption of Cobalt, 19
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HEALTH			Wholesale Trade, April 1978
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LABOUR			Estimating the Value of Hor
Employment, Earnings and Hours,	70.000	70 + 10 T	hold Work in Canada, 1971
March 1978	72-002	70¢/ \$ 7	
MANUFACTURING AND PRIMARY			PRICES
INDUSTRIES			Consumer Price Indexes fo
Boatbuilding and Repair, 1976	42-205	70¢	Regional Cities, May 1978
Canned and Frozen Fruits and	42 200	, 04	Industry Price Indexes,
Vegetables, April 1978	32-011	30¢/\$3	February 1978
Coal and Coke Statistics,			
January 1978	45-002	40¢/\$4	TRANSPORTATION AND
Confectionery Manufacturers, 1976	32-213	70¢	COMMUNICATIONS
Gas Utilities, March 1978	55-002	30¢/\$3	Air Carrier Traffic at Canad
Miscellaneous Wood Industries, 1976	35-208	70¢	Airports, Fourth Quarter 197
Monthly Production of Soft			Public Warehousing, 1976
Drinks, May 1978	32-001	15¢/\$1.50	Telephone Statistics — Pre
Monthly Review of Canadian Fish-	04.000	400/00	Report on Large Telephone 1977
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	Cata- logue	Price per issue/year
Oils and Fats, April 1978 Primary Iron and Steel, April 1978 Production and Disposition of	32-006 41-001	30¢/\$3 40¢/\$4
Tobacco Products, May 1978 Production and Inventories of	32-022	15¢/\$1.50
Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, May 1978 Production and Shipments of Floor	32-024	15¢/\$1.50
Tiles, May 1978 Shipments of Prepared Stock and	47-001	15¢/\$1.50
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The Sugar Situation, May 1978 Tobacco and Tobacco Products	32-013	15¢/\$1.50
Statistics, January-March 1978 Wooden Box Factories, 1976	32-014 35-209	70¢/\$2.80 70¢
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Airports, Fourth Quarter 1977	51-005	\$1.75/\$7
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Report on Large Telephone Systems, 1977	56-202	35¢
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