

# Infomat Weekly Builetin

November 23, 1979

# Consumer Price Index

The Consumer Price Index, October, rose 0.7% from 194.5 in September to 195.9, the 12-month rise being 9.3%, down from 9.6% registered in the previous 12-month period. The index for all items excluding food advanced 0.8%, down from 1.1%; the food index increased 0.7%, up from 0.2%.

Higher prices for fresh vegetables especially for lettuce and tomatoes resulting from the end of local supplies for these items — and for selected beef cuts, cereal products, sugar and coffee were largely responsible for the 0.6% increase in the food-at-home index. Dampening the impact of these increases were lower prices for fresh fruit and turkey. In October, the food-at-home index stood 12.3% above October 1978. The food-away-from-home index rose 0.9%, resulting in an increase of 12.5% over October 1978.

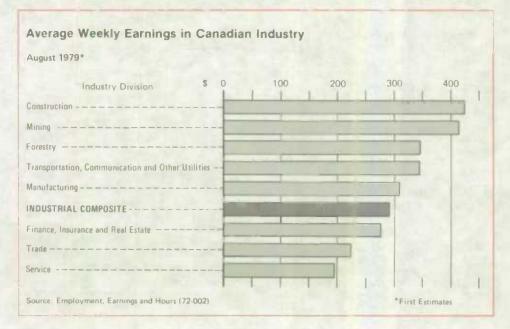
Increased housing charges and transportation costs together accounted for about three-fifths of the 0.8% increase in the index for all items excluding food. Within the housing component, higher owned accommodation charges were registered reflecting, among other things, increased 1979 property taxes in all provinces except Newfoundland, Alberta and British Columbia, coupled with higher rates for water and domestic gas in several cities. Within the transportation component, increases were recorded for air fares, selected new 1979 North American model cars and for gasoline. Other notable contributing factors included higher prices for seasonal outdoor recreation items, increased theatre and sports admission prices and, in several provinces, higher university tuition fees. Increased prices were also registered for selected men's and women's seasonal clothing items. Between October 1978 and October 1979 the index for all items excluding food advanced 8.4%, slightly less than the 8.6% increase registered in the previous 12-month period.

In terms of goods and services the price level for goods, including food, advanced 0.5% that for services 0.9%. Between October 1978 and October 1979 the price level for goods advanced 10.4%, that for evices 7.5%.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the Consumer Price Index rose 0.6% between September and October: a 1.0% increase in the food index and a 0.5% increase in the

# LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

	The second second	Previous From Ye  Month A	
EMPLOYMENT, INCOME  Average Weekly Earnings (\$) Aug.  Labour Income (\$ million) July  Persons with Jobs (million) Oct.  Unemployed Oct.  INVENTORIES	291.9p 12,130.7p 10.59 743,000	12,373r 10	9.0 0.5 4.3 5.7
Department Store (\$ million)	2,385.0p 24,506.5p 10,338.5p	24,096.2r 2	9.2 3.2 3.9
Manufacturers' New Orders (\$ million)	t 3,040.7p 16,540.9p		7.6 6.2
Consumer Price Index (1971=100) Oct.*  Non-food (CPI) Component Oct.*  New House Price Index (1976=100) Sept.  22-city Composite Wage, Building (1971=100) Aug.  Industry Selling Price Index (1971=100) Sept.	195.9 181.5 111.4 230.2 222.1p	180.1 11 <b>0.6</b> 230.2	9.3 8.4 4.1 6.6 4.5
CONSTRUCTION Building Permits (\$ million)	1,292.7 12,742		7.4 9.0
Coal Production (thousand metric tonnes)	2 567.1 26.8 7 950.2 8.12p	232.4 62 400.2	9.8 5.8 8.6 9.5
Exports — Customs Basis (\$ million) Sept. Imports — Customs Basis (\$ million) Sept. PRODUCTION	<b>5,627.</b> 5p <b>4,811.6</b> p		1.8 7.5
Steel (ingots — thousand metric lonnes) Oct. SALES	1 392.4p		5.5
Department Store Sales (\$ million)	722.4p 13,111.9p 830.2 6.388.5p 6,679.4p	110,842.2r 18 8,676.1 18 55,336.5p 12 55,786.1p 2	0.9 8.3 8.2 2.2
Statistics are not seasonally adjusted. p - preliminary.	- revised.	- new this week.	



index for all items excluding food.

All cities for which CPIs are produced saw increases, from 0.1% in Vancouver to 1.0% in Québec. A decline in property taxes resulting from an increase in provincial rebates was the principal factor accounting for the lower increase in Vancouver. In Québec, the larger than national average increase in consumer prices resulted primarily from an increase in admission prices for spectator sports. Property taxes increased in most other cities with the exception of Edmonton and Calgary where decreases were observed and in St. John's where they remained unchanged. The increase in new 1979 North American model car prices and in air fares affected all

Percentage increases with annual change in brackets: St. John's 0.3% (9.3%). Charlottetown/Summerside 0.8% (8.7%), Halifax 0.5% (8.5%), Saint John 0.7% (9.4%). Québec 1.0% (10.1%), Montréal 0.8% (10.3%), Ottawa 0.6% (8.9%), Toronto 0.9% (9.3%), Thunder Bay 0.9% (9.1%), Winnipeg 0.9% (8.7%), Saskatoon 0.7% (9.6%), Regina 0.5% (9.1%), Edmonton 0.6% (8.9%), Calgary 0.5% (9.0%), and Vancouver 0.1% (7.4%).

For further information, order the October 1979 issue of The Consumer Price Index (62-001, \$2.50/\$25; outside Canada, \$3/\$30).

# Census Families, 1977-1979

The estimated number of census families — 5,970,700 — continues to increase but at a slower rate. The average increase in the number of families decelerated from 1.5% in 1977-78 to 1.2% in 1978-79. At the provincial level, increases in 1977-78 ranged from 0.8% in Québec to 3.9% in Alberta and, in 1978-79, from no change in Manitoba to an increase of 3.8% in Alberta.

The smaller increase in the number of families since the last census appears to be mostly the result of a decline in the number of marriages along with a diminished volume of net international migration.

For further information, order the 1979 issue of Estimates of Families in Canada (91-204, \$4.50).

#### Index of Industrial Production

The seasonally-adjusted Index of Industrial Production increased 2.0%, 142.1 in September 1979 from 139.3 in August: mining and manufacturing contributed, utilities recorded little change.

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (61-005, \$3/\$30), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## **Tobacco Products**

Production of cigarettes, October, totalled 6.0 billion against 5.5 billion a year earlier. Production, cigars: 44.6 million (41.3 million).

For further information, order the October 1979 issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

#### 1976 Census Profiles

A set of 1976 Census tables has been developed to appeal to users requiring comparative data between study areas such as provincial electoral districts, school zones, market areas and municipal planning areas. One hundred and forty-seven data elements covering population, housing, family and labour force variables are custom tabulated for user specified geographic areas. This service provides:

- Informative profile for user areas
- Highly readable, photocomposed output ready for immediate use or printing with bilingual, English or French stub-text
- Data-tabulated from microdata to eliminate rounding errors available on magnetic tape for further analysis, thematic mapping or input to CANSIM
- · Fast turnaround.

Users wishing to take advantage of this service may enquire about cost and delivery from any of our regional offices or from Customer Services Section (613-995-2411), CANSIM Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

### **Restaurant Statistics**

Restaurants throughout Canada increased their January-September receipts a total of 9.3% to \$2,223.3 million from a year earlier. Breakdown per province: Ontario \$848.3 million (9.9%), Québec \$661.0 million (8.3%), British Columbia, Yukon and Territories \$248.1 million (11.4%). Alberta \$200.6 million (10.2%), Manitoba \$105.7 million (7.5%), Saskatchewan \$58.1 million (6.9%), New Brunswick \$38.9 million (5.1%). Nova Scotia \$40.1 million (10.6%), Newfoundland \$17.4 million (6.9%) and Prince Edward Island \$5.2 million (6.9%).

September over September 1978: Canada increased receipts 11.6% to \$283.2 million, Ontario \$103.6 million (12.6%), Québec \$89.4 million (10.1%), British Columbia, Yukon and Territories \$36.1 million (15.5%), Alberta \$20.3 million (11.4%), Manitoba \$15.9 million (11.9%), Saskatchewan \$6.6 million (6.4%), New Brunswick \$4.2 million (5.3%), Nova Scotia \$4.7 million (5.4%), Newfoundland \$1.7 million (1.2%) and Prince Edward Island \$546,000 (7.9%).

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Restaurant Receipts (63-011, \$1.50/\$15).

# Inventories/Shipments/Orders

Manufacturers' shipments, September, \$13,111.9 million, 6.9% higher than revised August's \$12,267.6 million. Shipments months, \$110,842.2 million, 18.3% input than January-September 18.78 (\$93,729.2 million).

Manufactures' shipments sees nally adjusted \$13,0741 million, up 3.25 from \$12,671.1 million. Durable goods shipments rose 4.9% to \$5,965.9 million from \$5,689.2 million and non-durable goods shipments 1.8% to \$7,108.2 million from \$6,981.9 million.

New orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, rose 1.9% to \$13,040.7 million from \$12,794.7 million with durable goods new orders increasing 3.1% to \$5,971.3 million from \$5,791.4 million and non-durable goods new orders 0.9% to \$7,069.4 million from \$7,003.3 million.

Unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, dropped fractionally to \$16,540.9 million from the revised August estimate (\$16,574.3 million).

Total inventory owned in September, seasonally adjusted, rose 1.7% to \$24,506.5 million from \$24,096.2 million. Total inventory held rose 1.6% to \$25,494.9 million from \$25,088.4 million with increases of 1.7%, 0.5% and 2.5% in raw materials, goods in process and final products, respectively.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments: 1.87 in September against 1.90:1 for revised August (finished products to shipments ratio: 0.63:1, unchanged from August).

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

#### **Department Store Sales and Stocks**

Department store sales totalled \$722.4 million in September, an increase of 3.3% from \$699.6 million recorded in 1978. Sales rose in 30 of the 40 departments with the largest increases posted by girls' and teenage girls' wear (25.8%) and jewellery (21.3%). Increased sales: Alberta (11.1%), British Columbia, the Yukon and Northwest Territories (10.8%), Saskatchewan (7.0%) and Québec (1.7%). All other provinces had decreases. Sales and percentage gains for metropolitan areas: Montréal \$86.8 million (1.3%), Toronto \$109.9 million (2.7%) and Vancouver \$78.1 million (10.0%). Winnipeg. \$36.4 million, fell 6.5%.

Selling value of stocks held in September (\$2,247.4 million) rose 15.0% from 1978

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

#### **Building Permits**

Seasonally-adjusted, the value of September building construction authorized fell to \$1,244.4 million from a record \$1,297.9 million in August but rose 11.1% from 1978 (\$1,120.0 million).

September's performance amounts to an 8.8% drop in residential permit value from \$725.5 million to \$662.0 million with a 1.7% tipe in non-residential permit value from \$572.4 million to \$582.4 million. A year earlier, residential was all a seasonally-adjusted \$612.9 million and non-residential at \$507.1 million.

By category, the value of authorized residential construction decreased as a result of fewer permits applications for new single-detached homes from 9,908 units in August to 8,700. Permits for multiple dwellings also dropped but moderately — 7,563 to 7,200 units.

Industrial projects (which include a \$30 million factory in Varennes, Québec, and a \$15 million plant in Windsor, Ontario) rose to \$135.6 million (\$107.5 million in August). New commercial construction estimated at \$352.8 million in August decreased to \$318.8 million (an absence of major projects in Québec and Saskatchewan). Institutional projects (includes new hospitals in Saint John and Windsor) rose to a seasonally-adjusted \$128.0 million (\$112.5 million in August).

During nine months, municipalities issued permits for a value of \$10,440 million, up 7.4% against \$9,719 million a year either. In 1979, residential permits are up 8% industrial permits rose 35.2% and ammercial projects 16.9%. Publicly-initiated projects have fallen 2.6%.

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Building Permits (64-001, \$3.50/\$35), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-995-8215), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

#### **Railway Operating Statistics**

Seven major railways' May net income from operations: \$35.4 million, up from \$22.1 million in 1978. Operating revenues rose 26.4% to \$404.4 million, operating expenses 23.9% to \$369.0 million.

Revenue freight ton-miles rose 17.8%, freight train-miles 5.5% and freight car-miles 10.8%. Average revenue per ton-mile of freight: 2.339 cents (2.322 in 1978). Passenger-miles fell 7.3% to 127.9 million.

For further information, order the May 1979 issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, \$2.50 | \$25), or contact M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

Import, Export/Price, Volume Indexes
Import prices rose 2.4% and export prices
2.9% (fixed weight basis) August over July.
Import volume, seasonally adjusted, increased 2.7%. Export volume fell 1.6%
though remaining somewhat higher than a
char earlier (percentages do not reflect
orthopming revisions affecting data on
petraligum and coal product exports following disclosure of unreported shipments).

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, \$3/\$30).

#### International Travel

Nine months saw earnings of \$2,380 million from international travel, up 18.8% from 1978. Canadians travelling abroad spent 4.7% less — \$3,214 million — resulting in an international travel account deficit of \$834 million, down sharply from 1977 and 1978.

After two consecutive years of deficits third quarter 1979 brought an estimated surplus of \$306 million. Preliminary data indicate a moderate increase in receipts from the United States to \$904 million. Receipts from countries other than the U.S. jumped substantially to \$481 million. Payments by Canadian travellers dropped 13.9% to the U.S. (\$600 million) and 3.4% to other countries (\$479 million).

Larger than normal revisions followed second quarter preliminary figures due to rapid changes in tourism — a combination of exchange rate changes, energy shortages, price increases and Customs exemption increases for U.S. residents.

For further information, order the July-September 1979 issue of Travel Between Canada and Other Countries (66-001, \$7.50/\$30), or contact M.W. Valiquette (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

#### Oil Pipeline Transport

Oil pipelines received 410 604 cubic metres daily of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum product in July, up 17.9% from 348 188 m3D a year earlier. Receipts of domestic petroleum and products increased 22.1% to 371 277 m3D, those of imported petroleum and products decreased 10.6% to 39 327 m3D.

For further information, order the July 1979 issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport (55-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact G. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

# **Refined Petroleum Products**

Preliminary data, September, show that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 8 124.7 thousand cubic metres, up 6.9% from 1978's 7 598.1 thousand cubic metres.

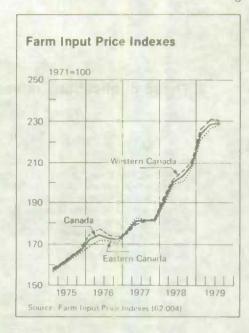
Refineries produced 8 488.2 thousand cubic metres of refined petroleum products, up 7.9% from 7 859.9 cubic metres,

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, \$2.50/\$25), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

# Wholesale Trade

Wholesale sales, September: \$6,679,417,000, up 21.7% from \$5,488,078,000 in 1978. Wholesale inventories: \$10,338,483,000, an increase of 23.9% from stocks of \$8,346,407,000 a year earlier.

For further information, order the September 1979 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.



# Trade — Trading Partner Analysis

Total exports (seasonally adjusted, Customs basis) to the United States increased 1.3% or \$50 million in September to \$3.77 billion, following a 5.3% increase in August. Exports to the United Kingdom were up 47% to \$299 million following a decline in August and exports to "Other EEC" rose 8.3% to \$441 million. Exports to Japan advanced 87% to \$491 million after a decline of more than 30% in the previous month and exports to "Other OECD" rose 70% to \$200 million following an 11% decline in August. Exports to "Other America" were up 24% to \$286 million.

The trend cycle for exports to the U.S. rose 1.5% in July, following increases of 1.1% in June and 0.4% in May. As well, the trend cycles for each of the other major geographic areas showed increasing strength over the May-July period. The trend cycles in July rose 9.5% to the U.K., 4.8% to "Other EEC", 3.6% to Japan, 4.4% to "Other OECD" and 4.1% to "Other America".

Total imports (seasonally adjusted, Customs basis) from the U.S. decreased 3.6% or \$144 million in September to \$3.83 billion following a 7.3% increase in August. Imports from the U.K. declined 5.9% to \$181 million and imports from "Other EEC" 1.9% to \$297 million. Imports from Japan rose 5.6% to \$200 million and imports from "Other OECD" advanced 15% to \$169 million. Imports from "Other America" fell 6.2% to \$286 million.

The trend cycle for imports from the U.S. increased 1.5% in July following increases of 0.9% in June and 0.2% in May. The trend cycle rose in July for the U.K. by 2.8% (following growth rates of over 3% in May and June) and by 1.1% for Japan following negative growth in the previous two months.

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the September 1979 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, \$3/\$30).

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# These publications released November 16-22

	Cata	In Canada:	Elsewhere
	logue	Price per	Price per
	No.	issue/year	issue/vear
		100007,000	100007,000
AGRICULTURE			
Farm Cash Receipts, January Io September 1979	21-001	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Fruit and Vegetable Production, November 1979	22-003	\$2.50/\$25	\$3/\$30
Grains and Oilseeds Review, September 1979	22-007	\$2.50/\$25	
Report on Livestock Surveys, October 1, 1979	23-008	\$4/\$16	\$4.80/\$19.20
The Dairy Review, September 1979	23-001	\$2.50/\$25	
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BUSINESS FINANCE			
Cheques Cashed, September 1979	61-001	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Cheques Cashed, September 1979	01-001	Ψ1.507Ψ15	Ψ1.007Ψ10
CONSTRUCTION			
Housing Starts and Completions, September 1979	64-002	\$3/\$30	
The Heavy Engineering Contracting Industry, 1977	64-209	\$7	\$8.40
The Non-residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1977	64-207	\$6	\$7.20
The Residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1977	64-208	\$6	\$7.20
The Residential deficial balloting Contracting modestry, 1917	04 200	Ψ0	Q1.LU
DEMOGRAPHY			
Estimations of Population for Canada and the Provinces, June 1, 1979	91-201	\$3	\$3.60
Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and the Provinces,	01 20.		
July 1979	91-001	\$2.50/\$10	\$3/\$12
odiy 1070			
INDUSTRY PRODUCT			
Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, August 1979	61-005	\$3/\$30	\$3.60/\$36
Survey of Production, 1977	61-202	\$6	\$7.20
LABOUR			
Employment, Earnings and Hours, August 1979	72-002	\$4/540	
Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, August 1979	72-008	\$3/\$30	
Estimated of Employees by Fronties and Mesony, Asgust Fore			
MANUFACTURING AND PRIMARY INDUSTRIES			
Asphalt Roofing, September 1979	45-001	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Construction Type Plywood, September 1979	35-001	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, September 1979	33-003	\$1,50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Detailed Energy Supply and Demand in Canada, 1977	57-207	\$6	
Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, September 1979	43-002	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Electric Power Statistics, August 1979	57-001	\$2.50/\$25	
Gypsum Products, September 1979	44-003	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
International Travel — Advance Information, September 1979	66-002	\$15¢/\$1.50	41.0014.0
Oils and Fats, September 1979	32-006	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Particle Board, September 1979	36-003	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded	00-000	Ψ1.007Ψ10	Ψ1.00/Ψ10
Tapes in Canada, September 1979	47-004	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Production of Biscuits and Cones, Quarter Ended September 1979	32-026	\$2.50/\$10	\$3/\$12
Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the	02-020	Ψ2.007 Ψ10	φοιψιΕ
Rockies (Excluding Nfld. and P.E.I.), August 1979	35-002	\$2.50/\$25	\$3/\$30
	57-003	\$6/\$24	\$7.20/\$28.80
Quarterly Report on Energy Supply-demand in Canada, 1978-II	36-002		\$1.80/\$18
Rigid Insulating Board, September 1979		\$1.50/\$15	
Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, October 1979	41-002	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, September 1979	41-006	\$1.50/\$15	\$1.80/\$18
MEDOLIANDIONIO AND CEDUCEO			
MERCHANDISING AND SERVICES	63-007	\$2.50/\$25	
New Motor Vehicle Sales, September 1979		\$4.50	\$5.40
Restaurants, Caterers and Taverns Industry Survey, 1977	63-535	\$4.50	\$5.40
DRICES			
PRICES Consumer Prices and Price Indexes, July-September 1979	62-010	\$6/\$24	\$7.20/\$28.80
	62-011	\$3.50/\$35	ψ1.201 ψ20.00
Industry Price Indexes, September 1979	02-011	φυ.υυ/ φυυ	
TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS			
TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS  Pailway Operating Statistics April 1979	52-003	\$2.50/\$25	\$3/\$30
Railway Operating Statistics, April 1979 Telecommunications Statistics 1978	56-201	\$4.50	\$5.40
Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations June 1979	51-961	\$3/\$30	\$3.60/\$36
Transcontinental and negional All Carrier Operations. 3073 1979	J. 1984	907 800	Second Second