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## infomat

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## Consumer Price Index

March's Consumer Price Index ( $1971=100$ ) increased $1.1 \%$ to 204.0 from 201.8 in February, This was higher than the advance of $0.8 \%$ in February. The $9.3 \%$ 12-month rise fell marginally from $9.4 \%$ registered in the previous 12 -month period. Higher housing charges with increased clothing and flood prices were again major factors in the monthly CPI rise. The index for all-items-excluding food rose $1.1 \%$ ( $0.8 \%$ in the previous month). The food index advanced $0.9 \%$ between early February and early March, down from February's 1.4\%.

Dairy products - especially for milk in Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, Quebec whit sugar and soft drinks were largely responsible for the $0.9 \%$ increase in the d-at-home index: also contributing, eased cereal and bakery products. frey and fish. Impact of the increases was slightly offset by lower prices for selected beet and pork cuts, chicken and fresh fruit. In March, the food-at-home index stood 7.7\% above March 1979. The lood-away-from-home index rose $1.1 \%$ in early March. 11.1\% over March 1979.

Higher prices for gasoline and fuel oil largely reflecting the lagging impact of the January 1 oil price increases - with increased shelter charges and clothing prices were significant contributing factors to the $1.1 \%$ increase in the index for all-items-excluding food. Within the clothing component, increases were recorded for selected women's and men's wear items reflecting, in part, increases for jewellery. seasonal wear items and for selected items "on special" in the previous month. Other notable increases: air fares on selected routes. dental care charges and home furnishings and equipment. Higher prices for selected home entertainment products and travel holiday expenses were also recorded. Prices also rose for tobacco products, especially in Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan. New car prices declined from the combined effect of rabales on certain models and in Brisith plus: bia the reduction in provincial retail es taxes on selected models. Between Arch 1979 and March 1980 the index for all-lien s-excluding food advanced $9.6 \%$.

In terms of goods and services, the price level for goods advanced $1.2 \%$ and that for services $0.9 \%$. March 1979 to March 1980,


Percentage Change in the Consumer Price Index and its Major Components
March 1979 Io March 1980


[^0]the price level for goods advanced $10.0 \%$, that for services $8.1 \%$.
On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the CPI rose $1.1 \%$ between February and March. with a $0.8 \%$ increase in the food index and a $1.2 \%$ increase for all-items-excluding food.
Consumer prices rose in all cities for which CPIs are produced, from $0.6 \%$ in Calgary to $2.0 \%$ in CharlottetownSummerside. Increases equalling or greater than the national average were registered in 12 of the 15 cities. Calgary primarily reflected a slight decline in food prices and health care expenses. CharlottetownSumerside reflected - among other things - the increase in provincial retail sales taxes on consumer goods and services. In Vancouver, reductions in provincial retail sales taxes on selected items had a dampening impact.
Percentage increases with annual change in brackets: St. John's $1.6 \%$ (10.6\%), Charlottetown-Summerside 2.0\% (9.5\%), Halifax 1.4\% (10.1\%), Saint John $\mathrm{t} .2 \%(9.5 \%)$, Québec $1.1 \%(10.0 \%)$. Montreal $1.1 \%$ ( $9.5 \%$ ). Otlawa $1.1 \%$ ( $8.9 \%$ ). Toronto 1.1\% ( $9.6 \%$ ), Thunder Bay 0.8\% ( $9.1 \%$ ). Winnipeg $1.2 \%$ ( $9.6 \%$ ), Saskatoon $1.3 \%$ ( $10.0 \%$ ), Regina $1.4 \%$ ( $9.2 \%$ ), Edmonton $1.1 \%(8.5 \%)$. Calgary $0.6 \%(8.6 \%)$ and Vancouver $1.0 \%$ (7.5\%).
For further information, order the first quarter 1980 issue of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, \$6/\$24).

## Provincial Payrolls

General government services in provincial and territorial governments report gross payrolls, fourth quarter 1979, of $\$ 1.657$ million ( $\$ 1,654.2$ million for July-September 1979) Employees, last pay period. December 1979: 390,250 (408,202 in September).
For further information, order Provincial Government Employment, OctoberDecember 1979 (72-007, \$1.05), or contact A.G. Kerr (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa K1A OT6.

## Sugar Sales

For March, refineries sold 75643436 kilograms ( $166,765,2591 \mathrm{bs}$ ) of sugar. 74595049 (164.453.961) in domestic sales and $1048387(2.311 .298)$ exported.
For further information, contact R.E. Ralph (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa k1A ot6.

## Inventories/Shipments / Orders

Manufacturers shipments, February, rose $3.5 \%$ to $\$ 12.938 .0$ million from revised January's $\$ 12,503.1$ million.
Shipments seasonally adjusted were estimated at $\$ 13,309.4$ million, up $0.4 \%$ from the revised January level of $\$ 13,251.9$ million. Durable goods increased $1.5 \%$ to $\$ 5,940.8$ million from $\$ 5,854.8$ million and non-durable goods shipments dropped $0.4 \%$ to $\$ 7.368 .6$ million from $\$ 7.397 .1$ million.

New orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted: $\$ 13,626.6$ million, down $1.3 \%$ from $\$ 13.8066$ million. New orders for durable goods decreased $1.9 \%$ to $\$ 6,262.4$ million from $\$ 6,386.7$ million and non-durable goods new orders fell $0.8 \%$ to $\$ 7.364 .2$ million from $\$ 7.419 .9$ million

Unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted: up $1.8 \%$ to

## Financial Flows

Additional advanced information. fourth quarter 1979. for selected sectors, is now available from the Financial Flows Section. For further information, contact $P$. Odenbach (613-995-0851). Financial Flows Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa.
$\$ 18,173.2$ million from $\$ 17,856.0$ million. Unfilled orders for durable goods increased $2.0 \%$ to $\$ 16.182 .1$ million from $\$ 15,860.5$ million. Those for non-durable goods dropped fractionally.

Total inventory owned in February. seasonatly adjusted: $\$ 26.483 .7$ million. $0.7 \%$ higher than revised January's $\$ 26,311.0$ million. Total inventory held rose $0.7 \%$ to $\$ 27.553 .8$ million from $\$ 27.348 .9$ million with increases of $1.2 \%$ in goods in process, $1.4 \%$ in finished products, and a fractional decrease in raw materials.
The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was 199:1. as in January. Finished products to shipments ratio: 0.67:1, unchanged from revised January.
For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Inventories, Shipmenis and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001. $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008).

## On Avoiding The Pitfalls

## NEW HANDBOOK OFFERS HELP IN INTERPRETING STATISTICS

Released this week by the User Services Division is a new handbook Finding and Using Statistics - that provides 60 pages of basic directions on how to obtain and interpret statistics.

Directions on finding statistics include the use of the Statistics Canada Catalogue and various compendia. Microfiche and computer access to data are also described.

Suggestions for using statistics include advice on reading statistical tables, some simple mathematical procedures and some common pitfalls to avoid in drawing conclusions from data.

Finding and Using Statistics can be obtained through any of the Statistics Canada regional reference centres. There is a $\$ 1.00$ handling fee for each copy of this handbook.

## Labour Income

Labour income, February, was estimated at $\$ 12,379.8$ million, up $\$ 1,234.6$ miline (11.1\%) from 1979.

Breakdowns for wages and selartis (millions of dollars) were: primary industh? \$70.6; forestry \$123.1: mines, quarrigs, wells \$342.0; manufacturing $\$ 2.06 i=0 ;$ construction \$681.6; transportation, communication, other utilities $\$ 1,257.9$; trade $\$ 1.5145$ : finance, insurance, real estate \$804.5: commercial, personal services \$1,097.7: education, related services $\$ 1.164 .6$ : health, welfare services $\$ 741.6$; federal administration, other government offices \$417.2; local administration \$262.7: and provincial administration \$329.6.

Supplementary income for February reached $\$ 930.2$ million. Adjusled for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 123.6$ million between January and February to $\$ 11,777.1$ million.
See detailed estimates in the JanuaryMarch 1980 issue of Estimates of Labour income ( $72-005, \$ 5 / \$ 20$ ), or contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Radio Broadcasting

Gross radio air-time sales, February: $\$ 8.0$ million, up $23.1 \%$ from $\$ 6.5$ million in 1979 After commissions, net national sales amounted to $\$ 6.8$ million, up $23.6 \%$ from $\$ 5.5$ million. Net local air-time sales rose $20.4 \%$ to $\$ 20.1$ million from $\$ 16.7$ militon.

Gross January-February sales: up 15.0\% to $\$ 52.0$ million from $\$ 45.2$ million in 197 Net sales rose $15.9 \%$ to $\$ 48.9$ million in $\$ 42.2$ million.
For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Radio Broadcasting (56-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-9969271).

## Refined Petroleum

February saw net sales of all refined petroleurn products amount to 8970.5 thousand cubic metres, $0.9 \%$ over last year ( 8885.9 thousand). Refineries produced 9350.5 thousand cubic metres of products. up $7.7 \%$ from 8680.0 thousand in 1979.
For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, \$2.50/\$25), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613-996-3139).

## Urban Transit

February saw 62 urban transit systems collect 104,701,486 initial passenger fares. with total distance run $33,358,761$ miles ( 53685722 km ) and operating revenues of $\$ 44,253,977$.

For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Urban Transit (53-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact the Surface Transport Section (613-995-1976).

## Mineral Wool

Manufacturers shipped 6525042 square metres ( $70,234.967$ square feet) of inineral wool (all R-factors) during February, don from $8649444(93,101,840)$ in 1973.

For further information, order the Fibbruar) 1980 issue of Mineral Wool (44-004, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ) or contact John Dornart in19-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada.

## Trading Partner Analysis

Total exports (seasonally adjusted. Customs basis) to the United States grew 1.5\% ( $\$ 60$ million) to $\$ 4,212$ million in February. owing a 40\% decline in January, exports apan increased 33\% (\$90 million) to million. Exports to "Other EEC" incieased 20\% (\$90 million) to $\$ 540$ million. Exports to the United Kingdom rose 6\%. Exports 10 both "Other OECD" and "Other America" countries fell 20\% (about $\$ 100$ million in (otal).

On a short-term trend cycle basis, exports to the U.S. showed steady growth of about $2 \%$ each month from August through December. Exports to "Other EEC" countries rose from monthly growth of $2 \%$ in August and September to almost $4 \%$ by December. The short-term trend cycle for exports to the U.K. peaked in October and dropped off $1 \%$ in November and $2 \%$ in December, while exports to Japan peaked in November and declined 1\% in December. Exports 10 "Other OECD" and "Other America" slowed from increases of 6\% and $5 \%$ in August to increases of $3 \%$ and $1 \%$ in December.

Total February imports (seasonally adjusted, Customs basis) from the U.S. dropped $8 \%$ to $\$ 3.744$ million following growth of $7 \%$ in January. Imports from "Other EEC" fell $1 \%$ to $\$ 333$ million and imports from Japan and "Other OECD" countries fell $22 \%$ to $\$ 162$ million and $5 \%$ to 67 we million. Imports from the U.K. increa$22 \%$ after falling 5\% in January and Dorts from "Other America" countries eesed $33 \%$ ( $\$ 93$ million) $10 \$ 375$ million -obruary.
On a short-term trend cycle basis, irmports from the U.S. peaked in October, had zero growth in November and dropped $1 / 2 \%$ in December. Imports from the U.K. peaked in September and dropped off $1 \%$ per month in November and December and imports from Japan peaked in November and declined marginally in December. Imports from "Other OECD" and "Other America" continued growing but slowed from 3\% and 8\% increases in September to increases of about $2 \%$ and $4 \%$ respectively in December. Imports from "Other EEC" countries grew at about $2 \%$ per month from October through December.

For lurther information on area and commodity frade, order the February 1980 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ).

Infomat is bringing out a once-a-month 8 -page issue aimed at going beyond Bureau-originated numbers to keep readers abreast of general developments on the statistics scene. News items foreseen as adding to Infomat's coverage include appointments, newly-approved publications and reports on activities in the statistics world generally - speeches, papers, conferences and seminars that may reasonably be expected to interest stalistics users, internalionally. Send items to: George Dufour, 4N, Coats Building, Tunney's Paslure, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Export/Import, Price/Volume Indexes

On a fixed weight, Customs basis, import and export February price indexes continued to grow at a strong pace. Export prices increased $1.9 \%$, close to the $2.0 \%$ monthly compound rate of growth experienced in the 16 months since October 1978. Import prices increased $2.2 \%$ compared with the $1.37 \%$ compound rate of growth experienced in the same 16 -month period. The compound growth rate has been significantly higher for export prices than for import prices in contrast to the 29 -month period before October 1978 when export prices grew at a $0.75 \%$ compound growth rate compared with a $1.11 \%$ growth rate for import prices. On a Paasche current weighted basis, export prices increased $1.9 \%$ in February and import prices fell 0.8\%.

Seasonally-adjusted domestic export volume increased $4.0 \%$ following an $8.3 \%$ decrease in January and import volume fell 2.5\% following a slight increase in January.

For further information, order the March 1980 issue of Summary of External Trade (65001, \$3/\$30).

## Feed Price Indexes

Feed price indexes, February, Canada and five geographical regions, are now available. For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Farm Products Price Index

Monthly index numbers of farm prices of agricultural products have been released for 1979 (CANSIM matrix 176). Measuring as closely as can be determined prices received by farmers at the farm gate, the Index averaged $248.8(1971=100)$, a $14 \%$ increase from 1978's revised 217.6, with increases arising from most crops and livestock items.
For further information, contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agricullure Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa k1A OT6.

## Stocks of Fruit/Vegetables

Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on March 1 totalled 45.4 million Ibs ( 40.0 million last year). Vegetables totalled 154.8 million Ibs ( 122.8 million).
For further information, order the March 1980 issue of Stocks of Fruif and Vegetables (32-010, \$1.50/\$15), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859). Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

## Cement

February saw manufacturers ship 444123 tonnes (489 561 tons) of Portland cement (371 622 tonnes a year earlier).
For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Cement (44-001, \$1.50/\$15) or contact J. Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Canadian Domestic Exports of Wood Pulp



## Department Store Sales/Stocks

Department store sales, February, rose $16.2 \%$ to $\$ 521.4$ million from $\$ 448.7$ million in 1979. Sales rose in all sectors but furs (down 26.0\%). Largest increases: girls and teenage girls' wear (38.1\%), china and glassware ( $32.0 \%$ ), men's and boys' footwear $(26.0 \%)$. All provinces reported increased sales, from $27.6 \%$ for British Columbia, Yukon and Northwest Territories $106.2 \%$ for Prince Edward Island. Sales and percentage changes for metropolitan areas were: Montréal $\$ 58.1$ million ( $8.6 \%$ ). Toronto $\$ 75.9$ million ( $12.4 \%$ ). Winnipeg $\$ 24.0$ million ( $12.4 \%$ ) and Vancouver $\$ 61.4$ million (25.8\%).

Selling value of stocks reached $\$ 2.300 .3$ million, up $14.3 \%$ from 1979. Inventories increased in 37 of 40 departments.
For further information, order the February 1980 issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304). Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Canadian Exports to Japan

(Seasonally Adjusted)
Millions of Dollars


[^1]
## BUSINESS FINANCE

Cheques Cashed, February 1980

## CENSUS

Administrative Report, Part II. 1976 Census of Canada

## CONSTRUCTION

Housing Starts and Completions, January 1980

## CONSUMER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Income Distributions by Size in Canada, 1978

## DEMOGRAPHY

Estimates of Population by Marital Stalus. Age and Sex.
Canada and Provinces. June 1, 1977 and 1978

## EXTERNAL TRADE

Exports by Commodities, January 1980
Imports by Commodities, January 1980
Summary of External Trade, February 1980
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FINANCIAL FLOWS AND MULTINATIONAL ENTERPRISES International Travel. February 1980

66-002

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 No.61-001

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\$4.20/\$42
$\$ 960$
$\$ 960$
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$\$ 7.20$
$56-003 \quad \$ 1.50 / \$ 15 \quad \$ 1.80 / \$ 18$
$53-003 \$ 1.50 / \$ 15 \quad \$ 1.80 / \$ 18$


[^0]:    Source: Consumer prices and price indexes (62-010)

[^1]:    Source: Summary of External Trade (65-001)

