##  Gemada Carvetr



## Capital Expenditure, 1980

A mid-year review of intended capital expenditures shows some added strength over earlier estimates for this year. The new vial of \$65,936 million (in current dollars) is $2.5 \%$ higher than the first expectations of $\$ 64.337$ million and $14.8 \%$ above the $\$ 57.441$ million of 1979.

Construction is expected to reach $\$ 39.817$ million. $2.6 \%$ above the first estimate of $\$ 38.797$ million and $12.2 \%$ over the $\$ 35.471$ million last year. In this construction activity, the housing portion at $\$ 11.366$ million is down $1.4 \%$ from the initial projection of $\$ 11,530$ million and $1 \%$ below the $\$ 11,482$ million for 1979. The current estimate for housing is based on 165.000 starts, compared with the 175,000 used earlier for 1980 and the 197,000 used for the 1979 estimates Non-residential construction, at $\$ 28.451$ million, is $4.3 \%$ Hove the first estimate of $\$ 27,267$ million and $186 \%$ over the $\$ 23,989$ million in 1979 .
Capital spending for machinery and Equipinent is expected to continue al the 1979 rate of increase with the current total of $\$ 26.119$ million increasing by a further $23 \%$ over the $\$ 25,540$ million estimated earlier for 1980 to reach 18.9\% above $\$ 21,970$ million last year. The 1979 -over1978 increase was $19.1 \%$.

Both the business and social capital groups register a further increase in total outlays at mid-year, business increasing $20.9 \%$ over 1979 compared with $16.8 \%$ reported earlier for $1980(21.1 \%$ in 1979 over 1978) and institutions and government departments rising another 2.3\% for a lotal gain of $8.5 \%$ over 1979 (still below the $9.7 \%$ gain of last year over 1978). The increases for the business sector are evident in most groups except for agriculture and fishing where 1980 is now expected to be up only $59 \%$ over 1979 compared with $25.4 \%$ shown for last year over 1978. The mining, petroleum and gas group reports the most strength with an added $8.7 \%$ al mid-year, raising the group to $47.7 \%$ over 1979 after a year-over-year gain of $35.1 \%$ last year
Manufacturing, as the second-ranking increase, has added a further $\$ 469$ million - $3.1 \%$ to capital spending intentions so Thal 1980 is now reported at $30.3 \%$ over 1979 compared with the $18.5 \%$ last year oves 1978. Enlarged programs for the paper products group (up $\$ 212$ million. $19.1 \%$ ) make up a large part of the gain at mid-year followed by chemical products ( $\$ 48$ million.

## LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

## EMPLOYMENT, INCOME

| EMPLOYMEN |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average Weekly Earnings (\$) | May | $312.39 p$ | $310.76 \mathrm{r}$ | $9.2$ |
| Labour income (\$ million). .. Persons with Jobs (million) | Mune |  | $\begin{gathered} 12.903 .8 \mathrm{p} \\ 10.61 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.0 \\ 30 \end{array}$ |
| Unernploved | June | 887.000 | 904.000 | 11.2 |
| INVENTORIES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store (\$ million) | Mar. | 2.412 .411 | $2.300 .3 p$ | 7.8 |
| Manutaclurers' Owned (\$ milli | Apr | 27.4444 | 27.025.8p | 22.0 |
| Wholesale (\$ million) | May | 14,097.20 | 13,635.2 | 27.5 |
| ORDERS |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturers' New Orders (\$ miltion) | Apr. | 13.189.3n | 12,369.2r | 6.6 |
| Manufacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million) | Apr. | 18,396.41 | 18,539.5r | 16.7 |
| PRICES |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer Price Index (1971 | June | 2099 | 207.6 | 10.1 |
| Non-food (CPI) Component | June | 1939 | 192.4 | 10.2 |
| New House Price Index (1976=100 | May | 117.1 | 116.4 | 7.1 |
| 22 -city Composite Wage, Building (1971=100) |  | 230.9 | 230.9 | 49 |
| Indusiry Selling Price Index ( $1971=100$ ) | June* | 244.0 p | 24308 | 13.0 |
| CONSTRUCTION |  |  | Year-to | -date |
| Building Permits (\$ million) | May | 1.174 .80 | 5,079.6p | 1.2 |
| Housing Starts - Urban Centres (unis) | June | 11,406 | 53.745 | 20.0 |
| ENERGY |  |  |  |  |
| Coal Production (thousand metric tonnes) | May | 29076 | 14186.6 |  |
| Electricity Generation (terawat1 hours). | May | 27.5 | 159.9 | 3.7 |
| Natural Gas Production (million cubic me | Apr ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 7742.2 | 36370.9 | -4.5 |
| Petroleum Refining (million cubic metres) | May | 8.541) | 46.26p | 0.7 |
| FOREIGN TRADE |  |  |  |  |
| Exports - - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) |  | 6,366.0p | 37.230.0r |  |
| Itrports - Balance ol Payments Basis (\$ million) | . June* | 5,594.0p | 34,598.0f | 15.1 |
| PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |
| Steel (ingots - thousand melric tonnes) | June | 1322.30 | $8062.1 p$ | 1.8 |
| SALES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store Sales (\$ million) | June* | 702.4p | $3.850 .8 p$ | 9.5 |
| Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ millich) |  | 13.332 .50 | 52,947.1p | 11.4 |
| New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million) | June* | 1.0051 p | 5,868.4p | -2.1 |
| Retail Sales (\$ million) | May | $7.319 .9 p$ | 31,406.6p | 8.4 |
| Wholesale Sales (\$ million) .............. |  | 6.894 .8 p | 31,517.1p | 12.9 |
| Statistics are not seasonally adjusted. p-prein | ary | revised. | new this wee |  |

## Canadian Merchandise Exports and Imports*

Quarter-by-Quarter Movaments


[^0]4.4\%), non metallic mineral products (\$35 million, 9.5\%), machinery (\$34-million, $13 \%$ ), food and beverages ( $\$ 22$ million. $3.0 \%$ ) and metal fabricating ( $\$ 21$ million, $6.9 \%$ ). All other groups in manufacturing register increases except for transportation equipment, products of petroleum and coal and furniture. In the case of transportation equipment the decline of only $\$ 15$ million or $1.1 \%$ at mid-year does not change significantly their currently large 1980 program of $\$ 1,412$ million after capital expenditures of $\$ 660$ million in 1979.
The trade-finance-commercial group also indicates some further strength ( $\$ 415$ million. $4.8 \%$ ) in acquisitions of machinery and equipment for leasing, in real estate development and in wholesale and retail trade. Increases ior the group of transportation, communications and other utilities are dominant in the transportation group (\$257 million, $8.0 \%$ ) where pipelines report significant upward revisions for 1980 and further gains are shown for air transport and gas distribution. Railways report a lower total of $\$ 998$ million, down 3.9\% from earlier expectations for this year but still 37.6\% above 1979. The capital spending programs for electric power in the category of other utilities remains almost unchanged in the new total of $\$ 6,620$ million at $2.6 \%$ above 1979.
In the social capital group of institutions and government departments the largest mid-year revision is for municipal governments ( $\$ 118$ million, $4.1 \%$ ) to raise the 1980 program to $\$ 3,019$ million ( $10.5 \%$ above 1979). Government departments at all three levels are currently expected to reach $\$ 6,829$ million ( $7.7 \%$ ) over last year. Institutions will now total $\$ 1,953$ million ( $11.5 \%$ ) after a further gain of $\$ 60$ million for hospitals and $\$ 13$ million for universities.

Provincially, the following are the new year-over-year changes for 1980 with the mid-year revision in parenthesis: British Columbia $26.7 \%$ ( $7.7 \%$ ). Yukon and the Northern Territories 22.9\% (12.1\%), Alberta $22.4 \%(5.9 \%)$, Newfoundland $18.0 \%(8.3 \%)$, Ontario $16.2 \%$ (1.7\%), Saskatchewan 9.9\% $(-4.6 \%)$, Manitoba $5.2 \%(0.2 \%)$, Québec $5.0 \%(-1.0 \%)$. Nova Scotia $4.8 \%(-3.7 \%)$. Prince Edward Island $2.7 \%(-7.1 \%)$. New Brunswick -7.9\% (2.0\%).

For further information, contact Duncan Lusick (613-995-9013), Construction Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Crude Petroleum/Natural Gas

Crude petroleum production, April, averaged 231700 cubic metres/day, down 11.5\% from 261900 cubic metres/day, a year earlier. Net new production of natural gas averaged 258000 thousand cubic metres/day, down 14.6\% from 302300 thousand cubic metres/day

For further information, order the April 1980 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact G. Kitchen (613-992-4021). Manufacturing and Primary industries Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa K1A OT6.

## Raw Materials Price Index

The Raw Materials Price Index ( $1977=100$ ) declined $0.1 \%$ from May to June to stand at 145.9. Most of the component indexes moved in the same direction, only the indexes for vegetable products and nonferrous metals showing an increase. Higher prices for grains, rapeseed and fresh vegetables more than offset declines in price for fresh fruit. sugar and coffee in the vegetable component. Precious metals raised the non-ferrous metals index despite a general decrease in the rest of the commodities in this group. The ferrous materials index decreased the most ( $6.1 \%$ ) mainly due to a fall in prices for ferrous scrap. This is the third consecutive month's fall for this index. Indexes for non-metallic minerals and coal, crude oil and natural gas showed no change.

Over 12 months, the index rose $9.0 \%$, most components increasing, led by vegetable products, up $22 \%$, and non-terrous metals, up 31\% mainly due to precious metals prices. Two components declined: animals and animal products. down 6\%, and ferrous materials, down $10 \%$.
Data users: indexes for six months are subject to revision. For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact the information Unit, Indusirial Prices (613-9955738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Urban Transit

June saw 62 urban transit systems collect 102,360,639 initial passenger fares with total distance run $33,457.062$ miles ( 53843922 km ) and operating revenues of $\$ 42,466,185$.
For further information, contact the Head (613-995-1976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1, or order the June 1980 issue of Urban Transit (53-003, \$1.50/\$15).

## Farm Input Price Index

Unusual second quarter 1980 downward movement in the Index deriving from the animal production component results from a rather large drop in feeder cattle prices ( $12.6 \%$ from first quarter, Canada iavel) Two possible explanations for this are lower prices for finished cattle and / or droughts in the West. On an annual basis, higher prices for new machinery and petroleum products were responsible for the increase in the machinery and motor vehicles index whereas virtually all items in the crop production index rose considerably. grass seed being the only exception. The mortgage interest component rose somewhat faster than its non-mortgage counterpart.
For further information, order the second quarter issue of Farm Input Price Indexes (62004, \$4/\$16), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Electric Power Statistics

May's net generation decreased to 27.5 TW.h from 27.7 TW.h a year earlier. Hydro generation fell 2.6\% and thermal production rose $5.1 \%$. Year-to-date total generation: 159.9 TW. h, up 3.7\% from 1979.

For further information, order the May 1980 issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ). or contact David Madsen (613-996-31391. Manufacturing and Primary Industries Ebistor, Stutsties Cmiada. Orawa K1AOTB

## Washing Machines Clothes Dryers

June production of washing machines (electric, automatic): 47.760 , clothes dryers, 36,862.
For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacfuring and Primary industries Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa K1A OT6.

## Canadian Exports of Natural Gas to the United States



[^1]
## Industry Selling Price Index

The industry Selling Price Index for manufacturing $(1971=100)$ increased $0.4 \%$ to 2s:50 in June from revised May's level of 243.0. Against last year the June index shows an increase of 13\% - the lowest it has been since the January 1979 level of $128 \%$. (After having peaked this January, the year-lo-year comparison has shown a decline each month except for May.)
Most industries showed increases in June, the most prominent being the wood industries and primary metals. However, significant contributions to the change in the Index were made by the food and beverage industries, leather industries and the paper and allied industries, all of which showed decreases.

The food and beverage industries declined $0.2 \%$ from May 10 a level of 248.9 from 249.5. The major group rose $7.7 \%$ from a year earlier. The main contributors to the decrease were slaughtering and meat processors (down 0.7\%). lish products industries (down $2.1 \%$ ) and cane and beet sugar processors (down 6.3\%).

- Fish product industries fell for the second month in a row. 2.1\% from May and $2.2 \%$ below June 1979
- Leather industries declined $1.0 \%$ to a level of 238.3 (compared 10 1979, the major group declined $4.0 \%$ )
- Paper and allied industries declined $1.1 \%$ llargest downward influence on the total Industry Selling Price Index manufaciuAing level - compared to 1979 it has a $168 \%$ increase)
- Primary metal industries increased 0.9\% - the primary metal industries had the second largest upward influence on the total manufacturing Indusiry Selling Price Index with the strongest contributor to the major group, the smelting and refining industry, increasing $2.4 \%$ from May and 26.1\% from 1979.

Data users: indexes for six months are subiect to revision. For further information, order the June 1980 issue of industry Price indexes (62-011. $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact the information Unit, Industrial Prices (613-9955738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Otlawa K1A OT6.

## Refrigerators/Freezers

Domestic production of refrigerators and freezers. June, was 55,322 and $35,137$.

For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Proston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Cement

hune saw manufacturers ship 1044771 matuic tonnes ( $1,151,672$ Ions) of Portland cement.

For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Cement (44-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J. Dornan (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Otlawa K1A OT6.

> Internatlonal Al Charter Slatistics for March, 1980 are now available. For additional intormation, contact the Aviation Statistics Centre (819-9971986), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

## New Motor Vehicie Sales

New motor vehicles sold in June fell 22.3\% to 111,875 from 1979. Automobiles made in the United States and Canada fell $25.0 \% 10$ 67,043 and Canadian and U.S. commercial vehicles $29.5 \%$ to 27.522 .

Automobiles from overseas rose $9.1 \% 10$ 15.574 from 1979 and overseas-made commercial vehicles $43.4 \%$ to 1,736. Value of the cars rose $17.6 \%$ to 118.4 million and the commercial vehicles $52.1 \%$ to $\$ 13.3$ million. Value of U.S. and Canadian cars sold decreased $16.4 \%$ to $\$ 549.6$ million: commercial vehicles $17.9 \%$ to $\$ 323.8$ million.

Sales value of all vehicles fell $13.4 \%$ to $\$ 1,005.1$ million, including 543 coaches and buses valued at $\$ 17.1$ million. Seasonally-adjusted sales of automobiles manufactured in Canada and the U.S. rose $7.6 \%$ from May to 54,760 and those of cars from overseas decreased $0.8 \%$ to 12,618 . Commercial vehicles rose $3.6 \%$ to 24,307.

For six months, sales reached 663,844 units ( 751.819 in 1979), value $\$ 5,868.4$ million, down $2.1 \%$ from 1979.

For further information, see the June 1980 issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007. $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-9969304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Department Store Sales

June sales totalled $\$ 702.4$ million. Increasing $3.6 \%$ from a year earlier, sales were up in all regions but Manitoba.

Department store sales by regions. with percentage changes from 1979 in brackets:

- Ontario, \$249.0 million (1.4\%)
- Québec. $\$ 131.9$ million ( $5.6 \%$ )
- British Columbia, $\$ 120.4$ million ( $7.6 \%$ )
- Alberta, \$101.6 million (6.9\%)
- Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 45.7$ million (1.8\%)
- Manitoba, $\$ 349$ million (down 4.9\%)
- Saskatchewan. $\$ 18.8$ million ( $0.4 \%$ ).

Half-year Canada sales total $\$ 3.850 .8$ million, up $9.5 \%$ from a year earlier.

For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50/\$15).

## Mineral Wool

June saw manufacturers ship 5592753 square metres (all R-factors).
For further information, order the June 1980 issue of Mineral Wool (44-004. $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact J. Dornan (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Road Vehicles: Fuel Saies, 1979
Total gross sales of gasoline in Canada during 1979 were teported at 8,429 million gallons ( 388190000001 ), up $3.8 \%$ from 8,119 million gallons ( 369090000001 ) in 1978

Reported (bar Alberta) net sales of gasoline decreased $1.32 \%$ to 7,005 million gallons ( 31847000000 I) in 1979 from 7.099 million gallons ( 32273000000 I) reported in 1978. Reported (bar Alberta) net sales of diesel fuel rose $7.7 \%$ to 1.138 million gallons (5 172000000 I) from 1,055 million gallons (4801000 000 1). Measured in 1979 barrels: net gasoline, 200 million; gross gascline, 241 million; diesel, 33 million.

For further information, contact W.R. Burr (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1, or order the 1979 issue of Road Motor Vehicles - Fuel Sales (53-218, \$4.50).

## Divorces, 1978-1979

Divorce decrees (absolute) granted in 1979 totalled 59.474, an increase of $4.1 \%$ from 1978's 57.155 . The rate per 100,000 population rose to 251.3 in 1979 from 243.4 in 1978, up 3.2\%. British Columbia maintained the highest rate $(343.4)$ with Alberta second (324.5). Newfoundland continues to have the lowest rate ( 84.2 ). Quebec and Manitoba declined in numbers and rates with the other provinces showing increases of varying magnitude, Nova Scotia registering the highest percentage increase.

Detail tabulations on divorce will appear in the Vital Statistics, Volume II. Marriages and Divorces (84-205, \$6).

## Papermakers Other Felts

Second quarter 1980 saw manulacturers ship 162860 kg ( 359,045 pounds) of woven and needle (paperniakers' felts and jackets valued at \$7.813,612 - previous year totals: 154647 kg . ( 340,939 pounds) and $\$ 6,139,584$.

For further information, order the second quarter 1980 issue of Papermakers' and Other Felts (47-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$ ).

## Dairy Review

An estimated 691735 kilolitres of milk were sold off farms in May, 3.8\% over May 1979. Five months' sales - 2862341 kilolitres - rose $6.0 \%$ from a year earlier.

For further information, order the June 1980 issue of the Dairy Review (23-001, \$2.50/\$25).

## Estimates Of Employees

Monthly detailed data is published in the calalogue $72-008, \$ 3 / \$ 30$. Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry. For further informa tion, contact G Mahoney (613-9956868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

## These publications released August 1 - 7

## AGRICULTURE

Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, May 1980

## BUSINESS FINANCE

Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1980

## CONSTRUCTION

The Electrical Contracting Industry. 1978
The Mechanical Contracting Industry. 1978
The Special Trades Contracting Industry, 1978
CONSUMER INCOME AND EXPENDITURE
Incomes, Assets and Indebtedness of Families in Canada, 1977

MANUFACTURING AND PRIMARY INDUSTRIES
Coal and Coke Statistics, April 1980
Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, June 1980
Gas Utilities, April 1980
Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1978
Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended June 1980
Production of Selected Biscuits, Quarter Ended June 1980
Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, July 1980
The Sugar Situation, June 1980

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE BULLETINS

Communications, Vol. 10, No. 5, Telecommunication Statistics, 1979

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[^0]:    * Balance of Payments Basis

    Source: Summary of Extarnal Trade (65.001)

[^1]:    Source: Summary of External Trade (65-001)

