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## November 6. 1981

## Canada's Merchandise Trade

On a seasonally adjusted balance-ofpayments basis, preliminary results indicate that Canada s exports increased 0.2\% or $\$ 14$ million $10 \$ 6,962$ million in Seprember 1981. following a $1.3 \%$ decrease in August. a 4.4\% decrease in July and a 6.5\% increase in June. Imports also increased in September with a $4.9 \%$ or $\$ 321$ miltion increase to $\$ 6.897$ million following a $1.9 \%$ decrease in August, a 2.5\% decrease in July and a $7.1 \%$ increase in June. The surplus on merchandise trade of $\$ 65$ million in September was down from a surplus of $\$ 372$ million in August. This brings the merchandise trade surplus at the threequarier mark of the year to $\$ 3.51$ billion. down from $\$ 5.02$ billion for the same period in 1980

Third quarter 1981 exports decreased $1.2 \%$ or $\$ 260$ million from the second yarter to $\$ 20.95$ billion, following a $4.6 \%$ orealse in the second quarter, a $1.0 \%$ decrease in the first quarter and a 6.9\% inciedse in the fourth quarter of 1980. Third quarter 1981 imports showed little change with a $0.1 \%$ or $\$ 20$ million decrease to $\$ 20.2$ biltion following an $8.9 \%$ increase in the second quarter, a 4.9\% increase in the first quarter and a $48 \%$ increase in the 1980 fourth quarter. As a result the third quarter 1981 merchandise trade balance continued to decelerate to $\$ 770$ million after surpluses of $\$ 1.0$ billion in the second quarter. $\$ 1.8$ billion in the first quarter, and $\$ 2.8$ billion in the lourth quarter of 1980.

## Commodity Analysis

On a customs basis, for seasonally adjusted domestic exports, the largest decreases in value for September were for aircraft and other transportation equipment (down $51 \%$ or $\$ 155$ million to $\$ 150$ million following a $\$ 95$ million increase in August). passenger cars (down $26 \%$ or $\$ 150$ million at $\$ 430$ million) and non-ferrous metals (down $15 \%$ or $\$ 85$ million at $\$ 470$ million) Exports of petroleum and coal products were up $60 \%$ or $\$ 110$ million to $\$ 285$ million and lorest products exports showed a partial strike-recovery with an $11 \%$ or $\$ 95$ inillion increase $10 \$ 905$ million following a $\$ 180$ million decrease in August. The largest increases for September poits were for aircraft and other transportalion equipment (up $41 \%$ or $\$ 100$ million 10 $\$ 59.0$ million). industrial machinery (up $17.0 \%$ or $\$ 95$ million $10 \$ 660$ million (continued on next page)

| LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS |  |  | Previous Month | \% Change From Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Ago |
| EMPLOYMENT, INCOME |  |  |  |  |
| Average Weekly Earnings (\$) | July | 35497p | 355.86p | 11.7 |
| Labour income (\$ million). | July | 15.4918 p | 15.769 .7 p | 13.9 |
| Persons with Jobs (million) | Sept. | 11.03 | 11.48 | 2.1 |
| Unemployed . ..... | Sept. | 891.000 | 790,000 | 16.5 |
| INVENTORIES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store (\$ m | Aug. | 2.983 .1 | 2.9847 | 15.9 |
| Manufacturers' Owned (\$ million) | Aug. | 32.346 .7 p | 31.622 .11 16.9231 | 14.9 |
| Wholesale (\$ milion)............................... May 17.091.0 16.923.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufaclurers' New Orders (\$ million) | Aug. | 14,258.3p | 15.485.2r | 10.8 |
| Manufaclurers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million) | Aug.* | 19,280.4p | 19.565.1r | 6.6 |
| PRICES |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer Price Index ( $1971=100$ ) | Sept. | 242.4 | 240.6 | 12.5 |
| Non-food Component (CPI) | Sept. | 224.9 | 222.6 | 13.5 |
| New House Price Index ( $1976=100$ ) | Sept. | 134.7 | 135.0 | 12.1 |
| 22 -cily Composite Wage, Building ( $1971=100$ ) | June | 273.3 p | 273.3 p | 9.3 |
| Industry Selling Price Index ( $1971=100)$ | Aug. | 275.2p | 273.8 r | 10.3 |
| CONSTRUCTION Year-to-date |  |  |  |  |
| Buliding Permils (\$ million | Aug. | 1,297.3p | 12,141.3p | 29.9 |
| Housing Stails - Urban Centres (units) ............ Sept. 13.272 $\quad 110,536 \quad 26.1$ |  |  |  |  |
| Coal Production (ihousand metric tonne | Aug. | 2894.7 | 25831.8 | 9.6 |
| Electricity Generation (terawatl hours). | Aug. | 28.7 | 248.2 | 3.5 |
| Nalural Gas Production (millon cubic metr | July | 7187.1 | 56997.0 | -1.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) | Aug. | $5.981 p$ | $54.844 \rho$ | 12.3 |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Imports - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) .. Aug. } & 5.679 \mathrm{p} & \mathbf{5 1 . 9 1 9 p} & 15.7\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store Sales (\$ milition) | Aug. | 786.5 | 5.898 .9 | 11.6 |
| Manufacturers' Shipments (\$ million) | Aug.* | 14.543 .00 | 124,423.9p | 16.2 |
| New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million) | Aug. | 851.9 | 8,376.4 | 7.6 |
| Retail Sales (\$ million). | Aug. | 7.785.2p | 60.264 .8 p | 14.4 |
| Wholesale Sales (\$ million) | May | 9.7016 p | 44,570.1p |  |
| tistics are not seasonally adjusted. p-preliminary. p-revised. - new this week |  |  |  |  |

Canadian Exports of Natural Gas to the United States


Source Statistics Caneda, Summary ol External Trade (65-001)
following a $\$ 65$ million decrease in August) and precious metals (up 157\% or $\$ 95$ million to $\$ 155$ million following a $\$ 30$ million decrease in August). The largest decreases were for crude oil (down $26 \%$ or $\$ 205$ million to $\$ 595$ million following a $\$ 140$ million increase in August) and motor vehicle products (down $14 \%$ or $\$ 215$ million to $\$ 1.35$ billion following an $\$ 85$ million decrease in Augus!).

## Trading Partner Analysis

Exports to the United States declined 7.3\% or $\$ 360$ million to $\$ 4.54$ billion in September after increasing 2.5\% in August. There was an increase of $13 \%$ or $\$ 75$ million to $\$ 640$ million in exports to the United Kingdom and "Other EEC" countries. Exports to Japan decreased $6.5 \%$ to $\$ 345$ million following a $13.7 \%$ increase in August. Exports 10 "Other OECD" countries rose $19.5 \%$ to $\$ 245$ million following an August increase of $34 \%$.
imports from major sources - with the exception of imports from "Other America" - showed increases in September. Imports from the U.S. increased $8.6 \%$ or $\$ 385$ million to $\$ 4.85$ billion, after decreasing $7.2 \%$ in August. Imports from "Other EEC" countries rose $36 \%$ or $\$ 105$ million to $\$ 400$ million. Imports from Japan increased 20\% to $\$ 400$ million and imports from "Other OECD" countries increased $38 \%$ to $\$ 205$ million.
For further information on area and commodity trade, order the September 1981 issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, $\$ 3 / \$ 30)$.

## The Dairy Review

An estimated 680182 kilolitres of milk were sold off Canadian farms for all purposes in August 1981. up 1.0\% from a year earlier.

This brought the total estimate of milk sold off farms during the first eight months of 1981 to 5066036 kilolitres, an increase of $2.0 \%$ over the January-August 1980 period.

For further information, order the September 1981 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ).


## Department Store Sales

Department store sales for September 1981 were $\$ 848.4$ million, up $5.3 \%$ from a year earlier. Increases were recorded in all regions excepl Québec.

Sales by regions for the latest month were as follows, with percentage changes from September 1980 in brackets:

- Ontario, $\$ 302.0$ million ( $+7.6 \%$ )
- British Columbia, $\$ 156.1$ million ( $+9.0 \%$ )
- Québec. \$146.9 million ( $-3.9 \%$ )
- Alberta. $\$ 125.2$ million ( $+8.7 \%$ )
- Atlantic provinces, $\$ 50.9$ million $(+3.8 \%)$
- Manitoba, $\$ 44.7$ million ( $+5.4 \%$ )
- Saskatchewan. $\$ 22.6$ million ( $+0.8 \%$ ).

Data users should note that figures for the Yukon and Northwest Territories are included with British Columbia. Order the September 1981 issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50/\$15).

## Wholesale Trade

Wholesale merchants' sales in July 1981 fell by $5.3 \%$ from the June level. Lower sales totals were posted in seven provinces, losses ranging from $0.4 \%$ for Alberta to $11.9 \%$ for Nova Scotia. The largest sales increase was in Manitoba ( $6.1 \%$ ).

Wholesale inventories in July showed a decrease of $0.6 \%$ from the previous month.

For further information, order the July 1981 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307). Merchandising and Services Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Government Enterprises

Federal government enterprises (including their foreign subsidiaries) had income of $\$ 19.945$ million in the fiscal year ended nearest to December 31, 1980. Expenditure for the corresponding period amounted to $\$ 17,121$ million. On a financial management basis, this resulted in a net profit of $\$ 1,477$ million after provision for income tax.

The publication, Federal Government Enterprise Finance, $1980(61-203, \$ 4.50)$, will be released at a later date. For further information, contact G.M. Mcllveen (613-995-9894), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Business Conditions

Canadian manufacturers reporting to the Business Condifions Survey in Octoher were generally pessimistic about production in the fourth quarter of 1981. Exce 3 ig the export-based and non-durable cuns mer goods industries, the proportions pi il weighted response expecting higher production were less than those anticipzting lower production. The fourth quarter outlook of the export-based industries was strongly influenced by the expected improved performance reported by the automobile establishments surveyed

The level of new orders was reported 10 be declining by $47 \%$ of the weighted response and rising by only $13 \%$. In July, $28 \%$ noted declining new orders with $21 \%$ indicating that they were rising.

Response indicaling a higher than normal backlog of unfilled orders decreased to $9 \%$ in October from 14\% in July and those reporting a lower than normal backlog increased to 46\% from 35\%.

The level of finished products inventory was fell to be 100 high by $33 \%$ of the weighted response, 100 low by $4 \%$ and about right by $62 \%$. In July. $26 \%$ reported stocks of finished goods as too high, $4 \%$ too low and 70\% about right.

A shortage of skilled labour continued to be a major impediment to production with $11 \%$ noting this difficulty. As well, the proportion indicating "other difficulties" increased to $7 \%$ in October from $3 \%$ in 2.4 In this category there was a considarable increase in the proportion of respondent expressing concern about high inere rates.

Historical data from the Business Condt fions Survey at the Canada and economicuse group level as well as provincial data at the all-industry level are now available from matrices 2840 and 2842 of the CANSIM data bank. For further information, contact $T$. Newton (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada. Ollawa K1A OT6.

## Refrigerators / Home Freezers

Domestic production of refrigerators in September 1981 amounted to 57,892 units. Home freezer production was 31.158 units.

For further information, order the September 1981 issue of Domestic Retrigerators and Freezers (43-001. \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manulacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Washers / Dryers

Canadian production of electric automatic washing machines during the month of September 1981 was 41,482 units.

Production of electric automatic clothes dryers for the latest month totalled 23.009 units.

For further information, order the Sep: ber 1981 issue of Domestic Washing Whor chines and Clothes Dryers $(43-00)$. $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industrios Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Manufacturing Industries

Preliminary estimales show the value of new orders received by all Canadian inanufacturing industries was at a seasogally adjusted level of $\$ 15,567.2$ million in ggut 1981, down $7.5 \%$ from the July alue of $\$ 16.837 .6$ million. New orders aceived by durable goods producing industries dropped $15.3 \%$ to $\$ 6.562 .8$ million from $\$ 7.744 .9$ million in July, reflec ling steep dectines in primary metals electrical producis and machineries industries. New orders received by non-durable goods producing industries were down $1.0 \% 10 \$ 9.004 .4$ million from $\$ 9.092 .7$ million.

Canadian manufacturers' shipments in August were $\$ 15.905 .7$ million. seasonally adjusted. 3.9\% lower than the July value of $\$ 16.5583$ million. The decrease was mainly attributable to declines in the wood and primary metals industry groups, where many large establishments were shut down by strikes Durable goods shipments were down $6.8 \%$ to $\$ 6.935 .9$ million from $\$ 7.442 .9$ million in July while non-durable goods shipments declined $1.6 \%$ to $\$ 8,969.8$ million from \$9,115.4 million.

The total value of unfilied orders for all manufacturing, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 19.274 .9$ million at the end of August, 1.7\% lower than the July value of \$19,613.4 million.

Total inventory owned by manufacturers at the end of August was up $1.5 \%$ to 533.461 .7 million from $\$ 31.978 .3$ million in Wh, with increases in slocks in 17 of the 20 hajor industrial groups. The largest relative builctups were in non-metallic minerals. tolohing, machinery, leather, furniture and fixtures and wood industries.

The seasonally adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments increased to 2.041 in August from 1.93 : in July. The finished producis to shipments ratio rose to $0.67: 1$ from 0.631

Not adjusted for seasonal variation. manufacturers shipments in August 1981 were estimated at $\$ 14.543 .0$ million. Shipments for the first eight months of 1981 totalled $\$ 124.423 .9$ million, up $16.2 \%$ from $\$ 107,008.3$ million in the January-August 1980 period.

Data users should note that because of revisions of all series to new benchmarks developed from current census of manufacpures data, all estimates from January 1978 to August 1981 have, for the first time with this release, been adiusted to 1978 and 1979 benchmarks. For further information, order the August 1981 issue of Inventories. Shipments and Orders in Manufacluring Industries (31-001. $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Shipments, inventories and Orders Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Estimates of Employees

Gonthly summary data are released on a agular basis in the Statistics Canada Dally while detailed monthly information is published in the publication Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry (72-008, \$3/\$30)

## Air Carriers of All Financial Levels



Source Statistics Canoda. Air Cartier Financial Statements (51-206)

## Canadian Air Carriers

The Canadian air transport industry recorded an after-tax net income of $\$ 112.4$ million in 1980. The two largest Canadian air carriers - Air Canada and CP Air reported after-tax net income of $\$ 57.0$ million and $\$ 6.8$ million, respectively

A total of $\$ 3.985$ million was earned by Canadian air carriers in 1980, up 22.4\% from revenues of $\$ 3.256$ million in 1979. Total operating expenses rose 22 .9\% over the same period to $\$ 3.798$ million from $\$ 3,091$ million.
For further information, order Air Carrier Financial Statements. 1980 (51-206, \$6).

## Railway Operating Statistics

Canada's seven major railways reported a combined net income from operations of $\$ 47.2$ million in April 1981, up $60.7 \%$ from a year earlier. Operating revenues at $\$ 508.1$ million were up 18.5\% from April 1980.

Revenue freight ton-miles were up $3.1 \%$ in the latest month; freight train-mites showed an increase of 2.5\%; and freight car-miles rose $4.3 \%$. Average revenue per tor-mile of freight was 3.034 cents compared to 2.671 cents in April 1980. Passengermiles increased $0.7 \%$ to 127.0 million.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003. $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ) or contact W.R. Burr (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa kiA OV1.

## Urban Transit

Canadian urban transit systems (59) collected 122.800.629 initial passenger fares in September 1981. The total distance run was 60823448 km and operating revenues amounted to $\$ 57,020,203$.

For further information, order the September 1981 issue of Urban Transit (53-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact the head (613-9951976), Surlace Transport Unit, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Offawa K1A OV1.

## Coal/Coke Statistics

Production of coal in Canada decreased $6.7 \%$ in August 1981102894667 tonnes from 3102476 tonnes a year earlier. Landed imports were down $16.3 \%$ to 1530308 tonnes from 1828794 tonnes.

Domestic coal production in the first eight months of 1981 totalled 25831813 tonnes. up 9.6\% from 23568680 tonnes in the January-August 1980 period.

For further information, order the August 1981 issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45002, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), of contact Dave Madsen (613-996-3139). Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Electric Power Statistics

Net generation of electricily in Canada increased to 28.7 TW.h in August 1981 from 27.5 TW.h a year earlier. Hydro generation rose $8.1 \%$ while thermal production decreased $3.4 \%$.

Total generation during January-August 1981 was 248.2 TW.h. up $3.5 \%$ from the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the August 1981 issue of Electric Power Statistics (57. 001. $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or conlact David Madsen (613-996-3139). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Oil Pipeline Transport

Net recerpts of crude oil. condensates, pentanes plus, liquefied petroleum gases and petroleum products through Canadian oil pipelines during August 1981 increased $0.9 \%$ to 12366907 cubic metres from 12256952 cubic metres in August 1980.

For further information, order the August 1981 issue of Oil Pipeline Transport (55-001. $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact I. Cavanagh (613-9963139). Manulacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
These publications released October 30 - November 5
Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics. Second Quarter 1981ESS FINANCE
CANSIMCanadian Statistical Review, Annual Supplement to Section I. 1980
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Building Permits, July 1981Housing Starts and Completions. August 1981
CURRENT ECONOMIC ANALYSIS
Current Economic Analysis, October 1981
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Water Transport, Vol. 11, No. 8, International Vessel
Traffic Statistics. Third Quarter 1980

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Price per
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32-001
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32-022
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45-004
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63-004
63-007
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2-009

54-205
$\$ 150 / \$ 15$

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$\$ 3 / \$ 30$
$\$ 3 / \$ 30$
$\$ 12 / \$ 48$
$\$ 7.20$
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N/C
53.40

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