# juiva act 

## December 31, 1981

Canadian Corporations, 1979
By all measurements, the leading 500 nonfinancial enterprises maintained their market share in 1979. Their percentage of industry sales, assets and profits moved utriginally to $53.8 \%, 65.3 \%$ and $67.0 \%$, Falpectively. Payments 10 non-residents increased by 0.7 of a percentage point to $74.4 \%$. The foreign-controlled sector was sominant within the leading 500, in financial terms and accounted for 271 enterprises, a secrease from 272 in 1978

Sifferences between Canadian-and 30teign-controlied enterprises were particularly evident in the leading 25 enterprises. Within this group, which accounted lor $21 \%$ of sales. $30 \%$ of assets, and $28 \%$ of profits, the foreign-controlled sector had a inmover ratio nearly two limes higher than lis Canadian counterpart and was more profitabte
The sinare of total assets held by nonIfnancial, foreign-controlled corporations declined by 0.3 percentage points to $28.5 \%$ a: 19:9 Assels of foreign-controlled corporations rose by $15.7 \%$ to $\$ 115.5$ billion whie those of Canadian-controlled corporations rose by $17.8 \%$ to $\$ 275.5$ billion.

The foreign-controlled share of total nonfinancial sales declined 0.2 of a percentage point to $33.3 \%$. Foreign-controlled corporations reported sales of $\$ 160.4$ billion, an increase of $17.7 \%$ over 1978. Canadiancontrolled corporations reported sales of $\$ 295.8$ billion, an increase of $19.5 \%$ over 1978.

The share of prolits of foreign-controlled corporations, at $384 \%$ was up by 1.5 percentage points from 1978. Profits earned by foreign-controlled corporations rose by $47.5 \%$ to $\$ 14.6$ billion while profits of corporations identified as Canadiancontrolled rose by $38.6 \%$ to $\$ 22.3$ billion. Profits recorded by small businesses rose $293 \%$.

Within the foreign sector, corporations classified to United States control have ha: a dominant position, particularly in terms of profits. In 1979 such corporations accounted for $74.5 \%$ of the assets and $78.2 \%$ of setes and $82.9 \%$ of profits of foreignconirolled, non-financial firms. CorporaVons classified to Brilish control accounted r a turther $9.4 \%$ of assets, $9.6 \%$ of sales and $7.3 \%$ of profils
The share of total taxable income of nonfinancial industries generated by foreign-
(continued on next page)

## LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

EMPLOYMENT INCOME

| Average Weekly Farnings | Sept | $363.81 \text { ! }$ | 358.110 | 11.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labour Income (\$ million) |  | , 1995 | 5.45200 | 153 |
| Persons with Jobs | Nov. | 1085 | 10.99 | 1.0 |
| Unemployed | Nov. | 928,000 | 891.000 | 17.9 |
| INVENTORIES |  |  |  |  |
| Uepartment Store (\$ million) | Oct | 3,769.4 | 2.775 .9 | 20.8 |
| Manutacturers' Owned (\$ million) | Oct. | 32,626.9p | 32.352.4r | 16.0 |
| Wholesale (\$ million) | May | 17.0910 | 16.923.1 |  |
| ORDERS |  |  |  |  |
| Manutacturers' New Orders (\$ million) | Oct.* | 16,314.7p | 16.558.6r | 3.5 |
| Manulacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million) | Oct. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 19.213.4p | 19.480.3r | 4.8 |
| PRICES |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer Price Index (1974 | Nov. | 246.9 | 244.8 | 12.2 |
| Non-food Component (CPI) | Nov. | 2305 | 227.8 | 13.6 |
| New House Price Index (1976=100) | Oct | 1344 | 134.7 | 10.4 |
| 22 -city Composite Wage, Building (1971 | Sepl. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $273.5 p$ | $273.3 p$ | 8.1 |
| Indusiry Selling Price Index (1971=100) | Oct. | 278.3p | $2766 r$ | 8.7 |
| CONSTRUCTION |  |  | Yea | -date |
| Building Permits (\$ million) | Oct: | 1.281.6p | 14.983.8p | 19.3 |
| Housing Starts - Urban Centres (units) | Nov.* | 9,535 | 128,342 | 11.9 |
| ENERGY |  |  |  |  |
| Coal Production (thousand metric tonnes) | Sept | 3147.4 | 28978.3 | 8.4 |
| Electricity Generation (terawalt hours). | Sepl. | 28.5 | 276.8 | 3.6 |
| Naiural Gas Production (million cubic me | Sept. | 70846 | 79025.6 | -0.9 |
| Petroleum Relıning (million cubic metres) | Oct. | $7.7 p$ | $86.8 p$ | -6.3 |
| FOREIGN TRADE |  |  |  |  |
| Exports - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) | Oct. | 7,317p | 69,400p | 11.0 |
| Immorts - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) | Oct | 6,753p | $65.217 p$ | 14.6 |
| PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |
| Steel (ingots - thousand merric tonnes) | Nov." | 944.7 | 13562.3 | $-5.7$ |
| SALES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store Sales (\$ million) | Oct | 8923 | 7.639 .6 | 10.4 |
| Manuracturers' Shipments (\$ million) | Oct.* | 16.581.7p | 157,508.10 | 14,4 |
| New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million). | Oct. | 890.7 | 10,145.0 | 3.9 |
| Retail Sales (\$ million). | Oct. | $8.318 .6 p$ | 76,297.8p | 13.3 |
| Wholesate Sales (\$ millon) | May | 9,7016p | 44,570.10 |  |
| Statisfics are not seasonally adiusted. p | ary | evised. | is |  |

\% Change Previous From Year Month Ago
1.7 0 17.9
20.8
$32.352 .4 r \quad 16.0$
16.923 .1
3.5

## Manułacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million)... <br> .

Consumer Price Index (1974=100)
Nov.
Compl
30.5

1344
$273.5 p$
13.6

New House Price Index (1976=100) ............... . Oct.
22-city Composite Wage, Building $(1971=100) \ldots$. Sept.
CONSTRUCTION
Year-1o-date
ousing Starts - Urban Centres (units)
$2816 p$
3147.4
28978.3
8.4

Electricity Generation (terawatt hours) ............. Sept
Naiural Gas Production (million cubic meires). . . . . . Sept.
Petroleum Refining (million cubic metres)
846
$7.7 p$
255 9

Exports - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) . . Oct. Imports - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) . . Oct. PRODUCTION

## SALES

Department Store Sales (\$ million)
Oct.
New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million).
Oct
Wholesate Sales (\$ million)
revised.
new this week.

## Non-Residential Construction Expenditures

Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates


Source: Statistic: Canada. National Income and Expenditure Accounts (13-001)
controlled corporations amounted to $43.1 \%$, down 0.4 percentage points from 1978. The full impact if tiscal changes introduced in previms iearsseduced the effective tax corporations with miltion. The effective tax shedter than $\$ 10$ to $25.8 \%$ for large foreign-controlled corporations and from 18.2\% to 17.3\% for their Canadian-controlled counterpart.
payments * 10 non-résidents lotalling $\$ 5,778$ million, were $\$ 366$ million higher than in 1978. Interest payments continued to rise in 1979 , reaching $\$ 1,123$ million. This represented an increase of $\$ 35$ million over 1978. Dividend payments to nonresidents rose by $\$ 91$ million to $\$ 2,385$ million in 1979. Business service payments increased by $\$ 242$ million to $\$ 2,272$ million in 1979

For further information, order the 1979 edition of Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, Part 1. Corporations (61-210, \$15), or contact W.E. Krause (613-995-9547), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa KTA OT6.

## Refined Petroleum Products

Preliminary data show net sales in Canada of all refined petroleum products fell $10.4 \%$ in October 1981 to 7823.1 thousand cubic metres from 8729.8 thousand cubic metres a year earlier

Canadian refineries produced 7671.3 thousand cubic metres of refined petroleum products in the latest month, down 14.4\% from 8967.5 thousand cubic metres in October 1980.
For further information, order the October 1981 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact G. O'Connor (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary industries Division, Statistics Canada, Otrawa K1A OTG.

## Wholesale Trade

Sales by wholesale merchants for October 1981 rose $2.4 \%$ from September 1981 increased sales were recorded in four provinces, gains ranging from $2.0 \%$ for Alberta to $16.1 \%$ for Saskatchewan.

Wholesale inventories in October 1981 were up $0.3 \%$ from the preceding month.
For further information, order the October 1981 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Oltawa K1A OV4.

## Petroleum/Natural Gas

Canadian production of crude petroleum and equivalent hydrocarbons during September 1981 lotalled 6454700 cubic metres, down $6.0 \%$ from 6866300 cubic metres a year earlier.

Net new production of natural gas rose $4.0 \%$ to 7084.6 million cubic metres in the latest month from 6814.8 million cubic metres in September 1980.

For further information, order the September 1981 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, \$2.50/\$25), or contaci M. Lefebvre (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Oftawa K1A OT6.

## Consumer Price Index

The All-hems Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Canada ( $1971=100$ ) increased $0.9 \%$ to 246.9 in November 1981 from 244.8 in October. As a result, the 12 -month rise between November 1980 and November 1981 stood at $12.2 \%$, down from the increase of $12.7 \%$ registered in Oclober. The latest monthly advance was largely allributable to higher transportation costs (up 2.5\%), increased prices for tobacco and alcohol products (up 2.6\%) and to higher housing charges (up $0.4 \%$ ). Largely as a result of these increases, the atl-items-excluding-food index advanced $1.2 \%$ in the latest month (down marginally from $1.3 \%$ in the previous month). For the third consecutive month, food prices registered a decline (down 0.2\% after decreases of $0.1 \%$ in October and $0.2 \%$ in September).

Lower prices for fresh fruit, selected beef and pork cuts, sugar, butter, coffee and for tea were largely responsible for the 0.4\% decrease in the food-for-homeconsumption index. Dampening the impact of these price declines were higher prices for milk (especially in the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan) and for fresh vegetables. In November, the index stood $7.1 \%$ above its level of November 1980. The food-away-from-home index advanced $0.9 \%$ in November, up $9.9 \%$ over the corresponding month of 1980. As a result, the aggregate food index was up $7.7 \%$ over the latest 12 months

Higher 1982 new car retail purchase prices which on average, after adjustment for quality changes, were up $6.0 \%$ over 1981 model car prices, were largely responsible for the $1.2 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index. Between November 1980 and November 1981, the index increased $13.6 \%$, down slightly from the increase of $13.7 \%$ recorded between October 1980 and October 1981

Viewed in terms of goods and services. the price level for goods advanced by $0.8 \%$ while that for services increased by $1.0 \%$. As a result, between November 1980 and November 1981, the price level for goods advanced by $11.6 \%$, while that for services rose by $13.3 \%$.

On a seasonally adjusted basis, the allitems CPI rose 0.7\% between October and November; this comprised a $0.1 \%$ increase in the food index and a $0.9 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index.

## City Highlights

Between October and November, consumer prices rose in all cities for which CPIs are produced with increases ranging from $0.5 \%$ in both Toronto and Winnipeg to $1.3 \%$ in Halifax. Saskatoon and Edmonton. City CPI increases for the $12-$ month period November 1980 to November 1981 ranged from $10.8 \%$ in Regina to $14.5 \%$ in Vancou ver.

[^0]
## Building Permits

Bulding permits issued by Canadian municipalities were at a seasonally adjusled level of $\$ 1,170.6$ million in Ocidees 1981, up marginally from $\$ 1.167 .8$ mifion in September, but down $16.6 \%$ from $\$ 1,4039$ million in October 1980.

Residential permits continued to then downward and dropped $5.8 \%$ in October to an 18 -month low of $\$ 520.7$ million froth $\$ 552.7$ million in September. Month-tomonth decreases occurred in both singledetached dwellings (to 3.763 units from 4.432 ) and multiples (to 5.921 units from 6,341 ) and were reflected in all provinces except Quebec and Alberta

Non-residential permits recovered slightly in October but remained weak at a seasonally adjusted level of $\$ 649.9$ million, up $5.7 \%$ from September's $\$ 615.1$ million. By category, industrial projects value dropped $21.3 \%$ to $\$ 117.7$ million from $\$ 147.7$ million, and decreases were recorded in all provinces except Quebec and Alberta. Commercial developments rose $13.1 \%$ to $\$ 387.5$ million from $\$ 342.5$ million; the most notable increases were in New Brunswick - where a commercial complex of $\$ 15.6$ million was authorized in Saint John - and in Quebec and Alberta where construction of several office buildings and hotels was approved. Government-initiated projects rose $15.8 \%$ to $\$ 144.8$ million from $\$ 125.0$ million in September
For further information, order the Oct.bes 1981 issue of Building Permits (64-001.
 8213), Construction Olvalors Smistlos Chy da, Ottawa K1A 0Z:-

## Trusteed Pension Plans, 1980

 The book value of assets of trusteed pension funds amounted to $\$ 51.7$ billion at December 31, 1980, an increase of $\$ 8.5$ billion from a year earlier. These assets were held for three million pension plan members, equivalent to an average of $\$ 16,956$ of invested reserves for each member. As in 1978 and 1979, the market value of the assets, $\$ 54.0$ billion, exceeded book value.For further information, contact Hubert Frenken (613-995-4476). Pensions Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, or order the publication Trusteed pension plans, Financial Statistics, 1980 (74-201, \$6).

## Computer Service Industry

In 1980, the 1.036 companies in Canada primarily engaged in providing processing. software and systems and other computerrelated services had total operating revenues of $\$ 819.8$ million.

Another 29 companies primarily engaged in the sale, lease and rental of hardware reported total operating revenue of $\$ 1.110 .7$ million.
For further information, order Comp: Service industry, 1980 (63-222, \$4.5il confact R. Bennelt (613-996-9301), Merchim dising and Services Division, Statistics C.sulada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Manufacturing Industries

Preliminary estumates show the value of new orders received by all Carladran manufactuing industries fell $2.6 \%$ in October 1981 to a seasonally adjusted level of $\$ 15,493.0$ niflicion from the revised September value of
5.906 .7 million. New orders received in Urable goods industries dropped $5.3 \%$ to $\$ 6.401 .2$ million from $\$ 6.755 .9$ million, with tha cecrease largely centred in machinery industries. New orders in non-durable goods industries declined $0.6 \%$ to $\$ 9,091.8$ million from \$9,150.8 million.

Canadian manufacturers shipments in October 1981, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at \$15.646.8 million, 0.2\% lower than the revised September value of $\$ 15,679.2$ million

The level of the orders backlog in all manutacturing industries decreased 0.8\% to $\$ 19,468.3$ million at the end of October from the revised September estimate of $\$ 19,622.1$ million. Unfilled orders for durable goods decreased 0.5\% $10 \$ 17.148 .2$ million from $\$ 17,239.0$ million, while those: for non-durable goods were down $2.6 \%$ to $\$ 2,320.1$ million from $\$ 2,383.1$ million

The seasonally adjusted value of total inventory owned by manufaclurers increased $1.2 \%$ to $\$ 33,211.4$ million in October from $\$ 32,809.9$ million as revised for Seplember, with increased levels in 16 of the 20 major groups of industries. Total inventory held rose $1.2 \%$ to $\$ 34.914 .3$ million from $\$ 34,486.7$ million (revised), with theraases in the value of raw materials of $1.5 \%$, in joods in process of $1.2 \%$ and in phed products of $1.0 \%$.
The stasonally adjusted ratio of lolal Thventory owned to shipments at the end of October at $212: 1$ was up from $2.09: 1$ (revised] in September. The finished products to shipments ratio increased to 0.70:1 from 0.69:1

Not adjusted for seasonal variation. manufaclurers' shipments in October 1981 were estimated at $\$ 16,581.7$ million. Cumulative shipments for the first 10 months of 1981 were $\$ 157.508 .1$ million, up $14.4 \%$ from the corresponding 1980 value of $\$ 137.670 .2$ million
For further information. order the October 1981 issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manulacturing Industries (31-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ). or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008). Shipments, inventories and Orders Section. Manulacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Industrial Production

The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production ( $1971=100$ ) declined by $1.1 \%$ to 132.8 in October 1981 from 134.3 in September. Mining, manufacturing and electric power. gas and water utilities all contributed to the decrease. This marked the wurth consecutive monthly decline of inore than $1 \%$ for industrial production

Fo: further information, order the October 231 issue of Gross Domestic Product by latiostry (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Erike fowing (613-995-0568), Industry Product Sivision, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing


## Gross Domestic Product

Preliminary estimates indicate that Gross Domestic Product in constant 1971 prices fell 0.6\% to 142.5 in October 1981 from 143.4 in Seplember. Economic aclivity has declined substantially in three of the latest four months, dropping to a level $2.3 \%$ below the peak recorded in June 1981. In October, widespread declines were recorded in all sectors except forestry, and public administration and delence services. Industrial production, which fell for the fourth consecutive month, has declined $6.1 \%$ since June 1981 and was $1.5 \%$ below the year-earlier level.

The weakening trend in October was most pronounced in the manufacturing sector, which fell a further $1.0 \%$ following decreases of $1.3 \%$ in September, $3.0 \%$ in August and $2.2 \%$ in July. Main contributors to the output decline included producers of primary metals, rubber and plastics, metal fabricated products, food and beverages and petroleum products.

Construction was down sharply for the fourth consecutive month, mostly due to a further drop in residential building activity. Housing starts for both single and multiple dwellings were down over $40 \%$ from the September level.

Most of the decrease in transportation. storage, communication and public utilities was attributable to declines in telephone systems, electric power generation, and truck and pipeline transport.

For further information, order the October 1981 issue of Gross Domestic Product by industry ( $61-005, \$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Ron Kennedy (613-995-0568), Industry Producl Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OTG.

## Cigarette/Cigar Production

Canadian production of cigarettes for the month of November 1981 was 6.9 billion, up from 6.2 billion a year earlier. Production of cigars declined to 40.2 million from 41.6 million.

For further information, order the November 1981 issue of Proauclion and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1.50/\$15),

## 1982 Release Dates Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Index for the Month. of Release Date
December 1981
January 1982
January 19, 1982
February 1982
February 19, 1982
March 1982
March 19, 1982
April 1982 April 21. 1982

May 1982 May 21. 1982

June 1982 June 22, 1982 July 20. 1982
July 1982
August 1982
September 1982
October 1982
November 1982
December 1982
August 17, 1982 September 21. 1982

October 19. 1982
November 16, 1982
December $21 \quad 1982$

## Labour Force Survey (LFS)

Survey for the
Month of
Release Date
December 1981
January 1982
February 1982
January 8, 1982

March 1982
February 5, 1982

April 1982
March 12, 1982
7. 1982

May 1982
May 7, 1982
June 1982
June 4, 1982
July 1982
August 1982
September 1982
October 1982
November 1982
December 1982
July 9, 1982
August 6,1982
Seplember 10, 1982
October 8, 1982
November 5, 1982
December 3, 1982
January 7. 1983

## Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade

| Reference Month | Release Date |
| :--- | ---: |
| November 1981 | January 7, 1982 |
| December 1981 | February 3, 1982 |
| January 1982 | March 4, 1982 |
| February 1982 | April 6, 1982 |
| March 1982 | May 6, 1982 |
| April 1982 | June 4, 1982 |
| May 1982 | July 6, 1982 |
| June 1982 | August 5, 1982 |
| July 1982 | September 3, 1982 |
| August 1982 | October 6, 1982 |
| September 1982 | November 4, 1982 |
| October 1982 | December 7, 1982 |
| November 1982 | January 11, 1983 |
| December 1982 | February 4, 1983 |

## Gross National Product (GNP)

| Stalistical Quarter | Approximate <br> Release Date |
| :--- | ---: |
| Oct.-Dec. 1981 | March 1. 1982 |
| Jan.-Mar. 1982 | June 14. 1982 |
| Apr.-June 1982 | August 30, 1982 |
| July-Sept. 1982 | N.e.ember 29, 1982 |
| Oct.-Dec. 1982 | Fubruary 28, 1983 |



## These publications released December $18-29$ <br> AGRICULTURE STATISTICS <br> Cataogue

Farm Cash Receipts. January-October 1981
Fruit and Vegetable Production, December 1981
Grains and Oilseeds Review. October 1981
Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products. October 1981

## SUSINESS FINANCE

Chequés Etathech October 1981

61-00
61-210

64-001
13-577
65-003
65001

66-001

11-006

12-201

72-005

36-205
5-002
57-001
43-005
31-001
55
36-003
32-024

35-002
57-003
46-002

63-218
63-014

62-007

68-202

52-212
52-214
53.003
$\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$
$\$ 10 / \$ 40$
$7.50 / \$ 30$
$\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$
$\$ 5 / \$ 20$
$\$ 6 / \$ 24$
$\$ 8.40$
$\$ 6 / \$ 24$
N/C
$\$ 5.40$ $\$ 1.80 / \$ 1.8$
\$3/\$3i
$\$ 4.20 / \$ 4$.
$\$ 1.80 / \$ 1 \varepsilon$
$\$ 3 / \$ 30$
$\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$
$\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$
$\$ 3 / \$ 30$
$7.20 / \$ 28.80$
$\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$
$\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$
$\$ 5.40$
\$3/\$30
$\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$
$\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$
$\$ 7.20$
$\$ 5.40$
$\$ 9.60$
$\$ 180 / \$ 18$


[^0]:    For further information, order the November 1981 issue of the Consumer Price Index (62-001, \$2.50/\$25).

