

## $\%$  CANABHANEABE <br> 1010 waty

June 28. 1985

## Gross Domestic Product (Including Industrial Production)

## (Based on Seasonally Adjusted Data)

Gross Domestic Product in constant 1971 prices advanced $0.4 \%$ in April 1985 following an upwardly revised growth rate ol 0.5\% in March. The level of GDP in April stood $0.8 \%$ above the first quarter average. Industrial production advanced 0.8\% in April. the first monthly increase in 1985.

About three-quarters of the April GDP gain originated within goods-producing industries which grew a strong $0.8 \%$. These industries have now recovered all the output lost over the previous two months and are at their highest level since July 1984. The major contributors to the gain among goods producing industries were manufacluring and construction. Output of servicepiotiucing industries was virtually vichanged in April.

Manufacturing output increased by $1.0 \%$ in April with almost $85.0 \%$ of the manufacfuring growth due to the resumption of production in two industries following labour dispules - breweries and manulacturers of rubber and plastic products. Other increases were recorded by manulacturers of motor vehicles, furnifure and fixtures. metal fabricated products, chemicals and primary melals. In April, 57 of 107 component industries in manufacturing increased their output compared to 50 in March. Among industries which reported output declines, the most significant were manulacturers of motor vehicle parts and accessories, pulp and paper mills, sawmills and producers of office and store machinery. Export volumes of woodpulp. newsprint and office machinery decreased during April.
Output in the construction industry increased $1.7 \%$ in April, marking the first substantial rise since the same month one year ago. Both residential and non-residential building activity recorded advances this month.
The strongest increase in the service indultries was in finance, insurance and real estais, where output increases among insurance and real estate agencies, and security brokers and dealers contributed largely to the gain. An active housing market accounted for the growth among insurance and real estale agencies which have grown strongly in three of the last four months.
(continued page 2, col. 1)

## LATEST MONTHLY STATISTICS

## EMPLOYMENT, INCOME

| Average Weekly Earnings (\$) | Apr* | 416.4 | 41399 | 42 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labour Income (\$ million). | Mar | 19.7.60 | 19,565.3 | 74 |
| Persons with Jobs (million) | May | 1141 | 1102 | 3.6 |
| Unmmployed | May | 1.329.000 | 1.437.000 | 9.0 |
| INVENTORIES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store (\$ million) | Apr. | 3.540 .7 | 3.275 .6 | 1.8 |
| Manutaciurers' Owned (\$ million) | Apr. | 34,049.5 | 34,181.2 | 47 |
| ORDERS |  |  |  |  |
| Manutacturers' New Orders (\$ million) | Apr | 19.9948 | 20.458 .3 | 8.4 |
| Manutacturers' Unfilled Orders (\$ million) | Apr. | 22,390.0 | 22.458 .9 | 4.8 |
| PRICES |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer Price Index ( $1981=100$ ) | May | -126.5 | 126.2 | 3.9 |
| New House Price Index ( $1981=100$ ) | Apr | 95.3 | 95.2 | -0.2 |
| Raw Materials Price Index ( $1977=100$ ) | Apr | 2232 | 2231 | 2.2 |
| Excl coal, crude oil, nat gas | Apr. | 1586 | 158.2 | -3.8 |
| Industry Selling Price Index (1971=100) | Apr. | 317.8 | 317.6 | 2.4 |
| CONSTRUCTION |  |  | Year- | date |
| Building Permils (\$ milion) | Mar. | 1.1848 | 2,788.7 | 5.2 |
| Housing Starls - Urban Centres (units) | Apr | 11.714 | 32,715 | 6.9 |
| ENERGY |  |  |  |  |
| Coal Production (thousand tonnes) | Mar* | 5592 | 15951 | 14.6 |
| Electicily Generation (terawatt hours) | Mar ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 40766 | 123353 | 5.9 |
| Natural Gas Production (mitlion cubic metres) | Mar. | 8962 | 28248 | 12.5 |
| Perroleum Refining (thousand cubic metres) | Mar ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 6960 | 20407 | - 10.5 |
| FOREIGN TRADE |  |  |  |  |
| Exputs - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) | Apr | 10,360 | 39,141 | 12.2 |
| wrovrts - Balance of Payments Basis (\$ million) | Apr. | 8.907 | 32,581 | 9.9 |
| PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |
| Pailway Carloadings (million tonnes) | Apr | 20.5 | 76.2 | 2.5 |
| Steel (ingots - thousand tonnes) | May ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1250 | 6029 | -4.9 |
| SALES |  |  |  |  |
| Department Store Sales (\$ million) | Apr | 901.4 | 3,089.7 | 6.9 |
| Manulacturers' Shipments (\$ million) | Mar | 20.15 .4 | 56,730.6 | 4.5 |
| New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$ million) | Apr | 2.0295 | 6,126.3 | 21.5 |
| Retail Sales (\$ million) | Apr. | 10.3700 | 37,352.8 | 11.6 |

Retall Sales ( $\$$ milion) . . ............................... Apr. 10.370 .0
Statistics are in current dollars and are not seasonally adiusted.

- new this week.


## Gross Domestic Product

## (Seasonally Adjusted)



Source: Statistics Canada, Gross Domestic Producl by Industry (61-005)

## ...Gross Domestic Product

The major decline-in-services was-in wholesale trade which had strong month-to-month fluctuations, after a significant $5.9 \%$ increase the month before. Wholesale trade output in April was 0.9\% above its average level in the previous six months. Strong output decreases were reported by wholesalers of tarm products, electrical machinery and equipment: lumber and building materials, and miscellaneous products. A slight decrease in retail trade this month follows a large $3.4 \%$ jump in March. Among retailers. department stores, clothing stores. service stations and garages all recorded output declines. New motor vehicle dealers reported a substantial $6.0 \%$ gain in April following an equally large increase in March. Output of new motor vehicle dealers in April 1985 stood $21.0 \%$ above the same month last year.

Users should note that Gross Domestic Product will be revised beginning with the data for 1983 to incorporate more recent annual estimates, as well as new seasonal factors. As a result, the release of data for May 1985 will be delayed until sometime during the week of August 5.
Order the April 1985 issue of Gross Domesfic Product by Industry (61-005, \$10/\$100) of contact Ron Kennedy (613-990-9145), Industry Measures and Analysis Division.

## Retail Trade

## Unadjusted Sales:

Preliminary estimates of total retail trade for April 1985 show an increase of $11.6 \%$ over the same month last year, lotalling $\$ 10.370 .0$ million in current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). All types of businesses surveyed reported increased sales in April 1985 as compared to last year, with the exception of florists whose sales remained unchanged. The most notable increases were reported in household appliance stores ( $+27.7 \%$ ), motor vehicle dealers ( $+27.2 \%$ ) and book and stationery stores ( $+17.9 \%$ ).
All provinces and territories reported sales increases in April 1985 over the corresponding month in 1984, with gains ranging from 3.9\% in Prince Edward Island to $15.4 \%$ in Nova Scotia. At the metropolitan area level, sales advanced in all cities for which data are published: Winnipeg $(+15.2 \%)$; Toronto ( $+13.3 \%$ ); Vancouver $(+10.4 \%)$, and Montreal $(+8.7 \%)$.

Cumulative retail sales for the first four months of 1985 were $\$ 37,352.8$ million, up $9.4 \%$ over the same period a year earlier.

The revised sales estimates for March 1985 amounted to $\$ 9,999.5$ million, an increase of $9.1 \%$ over March 1984

## Seasonally Adjusted Sales:

Adjusted tor seasonal fluctuations, holidays and the number of selling days, retail sales totalled $\$ 10,463.3$ million in current dollars in April 1985, a decrease of $1.0 \%$ over the preceding month's revised total of $\$ 10.564 .1$ million. The largest sales decreases were recorded by household furniture stores ( $-6.4 \%$ ); sporting goods and
accessories stores ( $-4.4 \%$ ), and women's clothing stores ( $-4.3 \%$ ). The most notable increases were reported by: used car dealers ( $+5.3 \%$ ): household appliance stores $(+3.5 \%)$; and combination stores (groceries and meal) ( $+1.2 \%$ ).

Higher sales were reported in Quebec $(+0.9 \%)$. Alberta $(+0.8 \%)$ and Prince Edward Island ( $+0.4 \%$ ) in April 1985 compared to March; the remaining provinces and territories recorded lower sales with declines ranging from $0.1 \%$ in Newloundland to 2.3\% in Saskatchewan. In the metropolitan areas surveyed, gains were posted in Montreal ( $+1.0 \%$ ) and in Vancouver ( $+0.7 \%$ ), while declines were reported in Toronto ( $-1.4 \%$ ) and in Winnipeg (-0.4\%).

Order the April 1985 issue of Retail Trade (63-005, \$14/\$140), or contact Lina Di Pietro, (613-990-9665). Industry Division.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours

The preliminary estimates of employment for the Canada industrial aggregate increased by 0.5\% from March to April 1985. All industry divisions contributed to the increase except forestry, mining and services which decreased. Newfoundland, Quebec. Alberta. British Columbia and the Northwest Territories all registered decreases, while the remaining provinces registered increases.

Average weekly earnings, at the Canada industrial aggregate level, increased by $0.6 \%$ from $\$ 413.99$ in March $10 \$ 416.54$ in April. All industry divisions contributed to the increase except manutacturing which decreased slightly. All provinces and territories registered increases except for Newfoundland and New Brunswick.

Order the April 1985 issue of Employment. Earnings and Hours ( $72-002, \$ 35 / \$ 350$ ) available the third weok of July. Contact Jack Beauregard (613-990-9900), Labour Division.

## Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production

During March 1985. production of crude oil and equivalent hydrocarbons amounted to $7952.8^{1}$ thousand cubic metres. up $3.0 \%$ from the previous year. Exports were up $45.1 \%$ to 2540.3 thousand cuble metres, and imports fell $\mathbf{4 4 . 3 \%}$ to 874.1 thousand cubic metres. Canadian refinery receipts of crude oil totalled 6150.8 thousand cubic metres, down 16.8\% from the previous year.

During the same month, net withdrawals of natural gas rose $13.3 \% 108961.8$ million cubic metres. Marketable production of natural gas after treatment at processing plants amounted to 7177.4 million cubic metres, up $15.0 \%$, while net withdrawals of natural gas liquids (propane, butanes and ethane), reached $1335.9^{\text {p }}$ thousand cubic metres, up $7.8 \%$ from the previous year. Exports of natural gas amounted 102460.3 million cubic metres, up $42.2 \%$, and sales in Canada rose $3.1 \%$ from last year 105355.4 million cubic metres.

## $\rho=$ preliminary figures.

Order the March 1985 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, $\$ 8 / \$ 80$ ), or contact Gerard O'Connor (613-990-9823), Indusiry Division.

## Estimates of Labour Income

Labour income for the month of March 138 s was estimated at $\$ 19.756 .0$ million, atl increase of $\$ 1,360.4$ million or $7.4 \%$ from March 1984.

Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 63.8$ million between February and March 1985 to $\$ 18.205 .4$ million.

Order the January - March, 1985 issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, \$15/\$60), or contact Georgette Gauthier (613-9909900 ), Labour Division.

## Average Weekly Earnings in Canadian Industry


(continued col. 2)

Union Wage Rate Indexes,
The Caniada qual Union Wage Rate Index $(3981=100)$ tor construction trades (includince supplements) increased by $3.3 \%$ to 1320 in May from April's level of 127.8. The ciry index level for Halifax rose $9.7 \%$ and $0.3 \%$ in Saint John. In Quebec. Ontario and Ertish Columbia city index levels advanced $4.4 \%$ on average. Winnipeg moved $20 \%$. while indexes in Saskatchewan, Alberta and Newfoundland showed no change.

On a year-to-year basis, the Canada total level rose $3.2 \%$. On a city basis, the largest annual increase was reported in Halifax ( $12.6 \%$ ) Cities in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia increased 4.5\% on average. Winnipeg advanced slightly (2.0\%) as did the Saint John index (1.5\%). Cities in Saskatchewan and Alberta reported no change. Conversely, the index for SI John's posted a decrease of $9.8 \%$. This decline was the result of a roll-back in contract settlements for select trades in August 1984.

Associated increases in the "basic only" Union Wage Rate indexes approximated those displayed for the basic plus supplement indexes. The only exceptions were Vancouver and Victoria where the monthly "basic only" indexes increased by $2.9 \%$ and $3.0 \%$, respectively.

It should be noted that the estimates of year-over-year change are derived from onntract agreements which have already been signed in all survey provinces except Saskatchewan and Alberta. Rates for these (wo provinces remain at their last contract livel. Users are reminded that these indexes have a two-year revision policy.

Order, the second quarter issue of Construction Price Statistics (62-007, \$15/\$60). or contact Lisa Gay Tremblay (613-990. 9601). Prices Division.

## Community Colleges and Vocational Schools: Educational Staff and Median Salary

Preliminary data on full-time educational staft in Canadian community colleges and vocational schools in the fall of 1983 indicate a slight increase of $1.0 \%$ or 184 staff members over the preceding year Only one province (Saskatchewan at 13.6\%) showed a noticeable increase in both postsecondary and trade level programs

The number of educational staff for postsecondary programs rose by $1.6 \%$ (167 members) to 10.135. New Brunswick and Saskatchewan showed respective increases of $18.1 \%$ and $14.6 \%$. other prounces showedincreases of less than $6.0 \%$, thite Newtoundland, Manitoba and British Coiumbia recorded respective declines of $4.3 \%, 4.4 \%$ and $3.2 \%$.

At the postsecondary level, increases in The median salaries ranged from 3.5\% in British Columbia to $13.2 \%$ in Saskatchewan. New Brunswick and Manitoba showed respective increases of $12.1 \%$ and $11.2 \%$.

## Wholesale Trade

## Sales

Spurred by a strong increase in the sales of machinery and equipment components and imported motor vehicles, wholesale merchants' sales rose significantly for the second consecutive month, resulting in a $13.7 \%$ advance in April 1985 over the same period last year. Revised sales for March 1985 were up 12.0\% from the March 1984 level.

In April 1985, all major trade groups registered increased sales from a year earlier, with the exception of lumber and building materials $(-4.8 \%)$. The most notable gains were reported by the following major trade groups: Other machinery, equipment and supplies ( $+24.8 \%$ ); motor vehicles and accessories ( $+24.5 \%$ ) : and metals, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment $(+21.6 \%)$. All regions posted sales increases from a year earlier, ranging from $17.5 \%$ in the Atlantic provinces to $9.1 \%$ in British Columbia (including the Yukon and Northwest Territories).

Cumulative sales by wholesale merchants for the first four months of 1985 were up a significant $10.2 \%$ over the January-April 1984 period. Notable gains were reported by wholesalers of other machinery, equipment and supplies $(+20.1 \%)$; and metals, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment ( $+19.5 \%$ ).

## Inventories

Wholesale inventories in April 1985 increased by $6.2 \%$ from the corresponding period in 1984. Revised inventories for March 1985 were up $6.4 \%$ from the March 1984 level.
The ratio of inventories to sales at the end of April 1985 was 1.65:1, down significantly from 1.76:1 a year earlier.

Order the April 1985 issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$5/\$50), or contact Gilles Berniquez (613-990-9679), Industry Division.

The number of educational staff for trade level programs increased by 17 to 6.687, a marginal gain of less than 0.5\%. Saskalchewan and Alberta were the only two provinces showing increases of more than $6.0 \%$ Newtoundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scolia and Manitoba showed the largest decreases, between 7.0\% and 8.0\% each.

The median salaries of educational slalf in trade level programs all increased by more than $5.0 \%$. British Columbia showed the smallest increase at $5.7 \%$, while Saskatchewan showed the largest increase at $13.5 \%$. Five provinces showed increases of more than $10.0 \%$, namely: Nova Scotia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan.

Order the 1983-84 edition of Educational Staff of Community Colleges and Vocational Schools (81-254, \$20), or contact R. Lortio or D. Lynd (613-990-8283), Education, Culture and Tourism Division.

## Benefit Periods under the Unemployment Insurance Act

In 1383 . over 112 wallion persons contributed to unemployment insurance and one out of three contributors received benefits during that year.

The number of persons receiving unemployment benefits continued to increase in 1983. albeit at a lower rate than in 1982. After advancing by $28.4 \%$ in 1982, the number of beneficiaries rose by $8.7 \%$ to 3.4 million in 1983; compared with 1981, the increase is $39.6 \%$.

Females continued to remain on claim longer than males. The average duration of a benefit period terminated in 1983 was 26.3 weeks for females and 24.9 weeks for males.

Order the 1983 issue of Benefit Periods Established and Terminated Under the Unemployment Insurance Acl. (73-201, $\$ 30$ ), or contact J.-P. Maynard or H. Stiebert (613-9909900). Labour Divisiort

## Department Store Sales

Department stores in Canada reported sales totalliny $\$ 901.4$ million in April 1985. an increase of $6.9 \%$ from a year earlier.

Cumulative sales for the period January to April 1985 totalled $\$ 3.089 .7$ million, up 4. 4\% from the same period in 1984.

On a regional basis, department store sales during the month were as follows (percentage change from April 1984 in parentheses)

- Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 64.2$ million ( $+3.8 \%$ ):
- Quebec. \$175.4 million (+8.1\%);
- Ontario, $\$ 329.7$ million ( $+8.8 \%$ );
- Manitoba. $\$ 48.6$ million ( $+7.1 \%$ );
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 29.3$ million ( $+6.9 \%$ );
- Alberta, $\$ 117.6$ million $(+3.8 \%)$; and
- British Columbia. $\$ 136.7$ million ( $+7.1 \%$ )

Order the April 1985 issue of Department Store Sales and Slocks (63-004, \$4/\$40), or contact the Industry Division (613-990-9665).


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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED JUNE 21-27

## AGRICULTURE/NATURAL RESOURCES

Farm cash receipts. January-April 1985
Index numbers of farm prices of agricullural products. April 1985
Production of poultry and eggs. 1984

| Cata- | In Canada: | Elsewhere: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| logue | Price per | Price per |
| No. | issue/year | issue/year |
| 21.001 | \$7/\$70 | \$8/\$80 |
| 62-003 | \$6/\$60 | \$7/\$70 |
| 23-202 | \$30 | \$31 |
| $61.003 P$ | \$15/\$60 | \$16/\$64 |
| 35.001 | \$4:540 | \$5/\$50 |
| 43-005 | \$4/540 | \$5/\$50 |
| 36-003 | \$4/\$40 | \$5/\$50 |
| 35-002 | \$8/\$80 | \$9/\$90 |
| 45-004 | \$15/\$150 | \$16/\$160 |
| 41-006 | \$4/\$40 | \$5/\$50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 66-001 P \\ & 58-001 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5, \$ 50 \\ 3135 / 81+0 \end{array}$ | $\$ 6 \$ 6$ <br>  |
| 85-008 | $575 / 3000$ | 985/3640 |
| 65-001 | \$15i\$150 | \$16.\$160 |
| 72-002 | \$35/\$350 | \$36 50/\$365 |
| 7.4.001 | \$10/\$.40 | \$11/\$44 |
| 62.007 | \$15. \$60) | \$16/\$64 |
| 61.204 | \$25 | \$26.50 |
| 51-205 | \$74 | \$87 |
| 52-005 | \$75 | \$100 |
| 52-005 | \$75 | \$100 |

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