

WEEKLY BULLETIN

Dominion Bureau of Statistics

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Export Clearances of Wheat

Clearances of wheat during the week ending May 19 totalled 4,631,152 bushels compared with 3,880,666 for the previous week. Clearances by ports were as follows, the figures in brackets being those of a year ago: Week ending May 19: Montreal 1,478,582 (1,525,189), Vancouver 959,052 (1,541,841), Sorel 1,064,718 (193,600), Quebec 621,800 (nil), United States Atlantic seaboard ports 507,000 (755,000), Total 4,631,152 (4,015,630). Forty-two weeks ending May 19: Vancouver 82,966,654 (62,647,869), Montreal 52,136,536 (34,551,760), United States ports 22,176,000 (26,780,000), Sorel 14,395,084 (5,024,122), Saint John 6,864,873 (2,017,008), Quebec 3,278,748 (120,248), Churchill 2,736,030 (544,769), Halifax 1,655,901 (45,189), Victoria 1,166,721 (nil), Prince Rupert 677,813 (nil), Total 188,054,360 (131,730,965).

Most Wheat for Great Britain Going Via Vancouver

Most of the Canadian wheat shipped to the United Kingdom during the nine months ending April of the present crop year has gone via the Port of Vancouver. The amounts by ports were as follows in bushels, the figures within brackets being the volume sent to other countries: Vancouver 47,973,880 (31,649,655), Montreal 18,675,665 (23,042,259), Sorel 7,896,447 (1,591,429), Saint John 3,675,969 (3,144,324). The total to the United Kingdom via all Pacific ports was 49,973,084 bushels and to other countries 32,227,473, while the total to the United Kingdom via Canadian Atlantic ports was 31,259,133 and to other countries 29,515,285. The grand total to the United Kingdom was 83,377,143 bushels and to all other countries 62,333,771.

Canada Still Leads in British Flour Market

Canada still leads strongly in the British market with wheat flour. During the first four months of 1933 British imports of Canadian flour totalled 1,127,579 cwts., with Australia second at 743,246 cwts. During the corresponding four months of 1932 Australia led in the British market with 1,355,505 cwts. and Canada was second with 820,604.

Zinc Spelter Export Increases

Zinc spelter export in April was 140,578 cwt. valued at \$338,439, compared with 133,408 cwt. at \$275,622 in April, 1932.

Large Increase in British Imports of Canadian Cattle

April cattle imports by Great Britain numbered 50,909 head, of which 47,611 were consigned from the Irish Free State and 3,298 from Canada. This compared with 43,957 from the former in April last year and 986 from Canada. During the four months of 1933 Great Britain received 190,385 head from the Irish Free State compared with 227,054 in the same period of 1932 and 10,162 from Canada compared with 1,395.

British Imports in the First Quarter of 1933

British imports in the first quarter of 1933 totalled in value £159,240,699, of which £97,391,969 was received from foreign countries and £61,848,730 from British countries. The following were the chief countries whence the imports were consigned, the figures in brackets being those of the same period of 1932: United States £18,358,987 (£24,433,567), Australia £12,153,143 (£13,775,223), Argentina £11,860,208 (£14,328,857), Canada £10,495,505 (£8,359,924), New Zealand £9,934,303 (£11,530,952), Denmark £7,981,673 (£10,199,910), British India £7,785,870 (£9,452,108), Germany £6,590,763 (£9,390,376), British South Africa £4,990,170 (£4,047,654), France £4,330,376 (£5,814,778), Irish Free State £4,006,134 (£7,379,359). It will be noted that of all those leading trading countries the only two to show increased imports by Great Britain are Canada and British South Africa.

Creamery Butter Production

Creamery butter made in April totalled 12,815,434 pounds compared with 9,405,532 in March and 13,715,060 in April, 1932, a decline of nearly 7 per cent from a year ago. The four months production this year was 37,793,384 pounds compared with 38,397,902 in the same period last year, a decline of nearly 2 per cent. The provinces which have increased their production in the four months are British Columbia, Alberta, Ontario, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

Increased Lead Export

The export of lead in April totalled 257,459 cwt. valued at \$345,196, compared with 123,316 cwt. at \$194,607 in April last year, an increase of 108 per cent in volume but only 77 per cent in value.

Heavy Increase in Export of Platinum

The export of platinum in April was 6,344 ounces valued at \$253,756 compared with nil in March and 627 ounces at \$50,216 in April, 1932. With the exception of 94 ounces at \$3,756 sent to Norway the rest of the April export went to Great Britain.

Important Gain in Automobile Production in April

Production of automobiles in Canada during April at 8,255 units marked an improvement of 24 per cent over the 6,652 cars of the previous month and of 21 per cent over the 6,810 cars produced in April of a year ago.

Remarkable Change in Low Priced Auto Importations in April

A remarkable change has come over the importation of the low priced automobiles, that is, those priced at \$1,200 or less. In the month of April 60 came from the United Kingdom valued at \$32,298 and 53 from the United States valued at \$21,193. During the whole of the last fiscal year only 44 of these came from Great Britain and 743 from the United States. The April importation a year ago was 2 from Great Britain and 129 from the United States.

Four Months Exports to the British Empire

The domestic exports to British Empire countries during the first four months of 1933 totalled in value \$53,173,474 as compared with \$49,714,283 in the corresponding period of 1932, an increase of \$3,459,191 or almost 7 per cent. The following are the British countries to which increased value exports went, the figures in brackets being those of the four months of 1932: United Kingdom \$43,029,003 (\$38,140,220), Gambia \$1,375 (\$211), Nigeria \$20,536 (\$10,129), Sierra Leone \$12,109 (\$2,349), Straits Settlements \$109,064 (\$78,703), British Guiana \$282,664 (\$206,066), Trinidad and Tobago \$526,180 (\$520,681), other British West Indies \$768,386 (\$650,699), Malta \$58,984 (\$35,002), Australia \$2,319,673 (\$2,006,703), Fiji \$42,849 (\$29,344), New Zealand \$1,012,184 (\$886,531), Palestine \$9,891 (\$7,672).

Foreign Countries to Which Increased Exports have Gone in 1933

The following are the foreign countries to which increased exports have gone in the first four months of 1933, the figures in brackets being those of the corresponding period of 1932: Belgian Congo \$11,486 (\$3,107), Bolivia \$21,562 (\$17,302), Brazil \$633,696 (\$424,704), Chile \$65,090 (\$63,865), China \$2,840,348 (\$1,917,163), Colombia \$165,979 (\$148,458), Ecuador \$9,849 (\$7,398), French Oceania \$324,326 (\$318,270), Germany \$1,887,299 (\$1,608,434), Hayti \$29,851 (\$26,880), Iceland \$1,024 (\$225), Italy \$596,517 (\$373,353), Korea \$2,009 (\$760), Latvia \$10 (nil), Liberia \$1,519 (\$867), Mexico \$501,416 (\$384,802), Dutch West Indies \$27,803 (\$20,129), Norway \$1,155,251 (\$866,790), Persia \$4,934 (\$452), Portuguese Asia \$155 (\$74), Spain \$772,888 (\$338,287), Canary Islands \$4,423 (\$368), Syria \$11,665 (\$7,099), Hawaii \$221,455 (\$77,074), Yugoslavia \$762 (\$449).

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