

Vol. 33 -- No. 44

Friday, November 5, 1965

DOMINION BUREAU  
OF STATISTICS

NOV 5 1965

PROPERTY OF THE  
LIBRARY

### HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS ISSUE

External Trade: Commodity exports rose 1.7% in August to \$704,200,000 from \$692,500,000 a year earlier, while imports climbed 16.5% to \$659,400,000 from \$566,200,000. January-August exports increased 1.8% to \$5,512,900,000 from \$5,415,600,000 a year ago, while imports advanced 11.4% to \$5,463,000,000 from \$4,905,700,000. There were export balances both in August and January-August of \$44,800,000 and \$49,900,000, respectively. (Page 2)

. . .

Securities: There was a sales balance in August this year from transactions in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries, the first one since October 1964. (Pages 2-3)

. . .

Labour: Paid workers in Canada received an estimated \$2,146 million in the form of salaries and wages in August this year, reflecting gains of 1.3% from the preceding month and 10.6% from the same month last year ... Unemployment insurance benefit was claimed by 172,500 persons at August 31, fewer than a month and year earlier ... Civilian employees of the federal government numbered 356,000 in July this year, up by 2% from June and by 1% from July 1964. (Pages 3-4)

. . .

Manufacturing: Shipments of Canadian-made motor vehicles decreased by 11.1% in September from a year earlier to 44,347 units, but increased by 16.1% in January-September to 598,876 units ... Steel ingot output aggregated 192,135 tons in the week of October 30, down by 2.8% from the preceding week. (Pages 4-7)

. . .

Construction: Building permits issued in July and January-July covered construction estimated at \$390,830,000 and \$2,127,314,000, respectively, reflecting gains from a year earlier of 28.7% in the month and 29.1% in the cumulative period. (Page 8)

. . .

Merchandising: Retailers' sales were estimated at \$1,732,131,000 in August and at \$13,708,955,000 in January-August, up from the preceding year by 7.0% in the month and by 6.1% in the eight months ... Department stores had sales in the week of October 16 valued 10.6% higher than a year earlier (Page 8)

. . .

Travel: Travellers' vehicle permits were issued to 5.5% more vehicles in September and to 4.0% more in the January-September period this year as compared to last. (Page 9)

. . .

\*1. Commodity Exports & Imports  
In August & January-August Canada's commodity exports rose 1.7% in value in August to \$704,200,000 from \$692,500,000 in August last year, while commodity imports increased more steeply (16.5%) to \$659,400,000 from \$566,200,000. As a result, last year's August export balance of \$126,400,000 was cut sharply to \$44,800,000 in August this year.

January-August exports were up 1.8% from a year ago to \$5,512,900,000 from \$5,415,600,000 in the corresponding span of 1964, while imports advanced more significantly (11.4%) to \$5,463,000,000 from \$4,905,700,000. This year's January-August export balance was only one-tenth as large as last year's at \$49,900,000 versus \$509,900,000.

Sales to the United States increased 9.0% in August to \$421,700,000 from \$386,900,000 a year earlier and purchases 15.7% to \$433,800,000 from \$375,000,000. There was an import balance of \$12,100,000 in the month as compared to an export balance of \$11,900,000 in the same month last year. January-August sales to the United States advanced 12.5% to \$3,220,900,000 from \$2,862,200,000 a year ago and purchases 12.9% to \$3,853,100,000 from \$3,413,000,000. The eight-month import balance was greater than last year's at \$632,200,000 versus \$550,800,000.

Exports to the United Kingdom dropped 15.1% in August to \$85,800,000 from \$101,100,000 a year earlier, while imports climbed 15.7% to \$51,800,000 from \$44,800,000. The usual export balance with the United Kingdom was smaller than a year earlier at \$34,000,000 versus \$56,300,000. Deliveries to Britain in the January-August period fell 2.4% to \$778,500,000 from \$797,800,000 in the same period of 1964, while receipts from there rose 2.0% to \$400,300,000 from \$392,300,000. The eight-month export balance was below a year ago at \$378,200,000 versus \$405,500,000.

August exports to other Commonwealth and preferential rate countries jumped 30.6% to \$48,900,000 from \$37,400,000 in the same month last year, while month's imports rose 5.3% to \$36,200,000 from \$34,400,000. There was an export balance of \$12,700,000 in the month as compared to one of \$3,000,000 last year. Eight-month exports to this group increased 9.8% to \$345,500,000 from \$314,500,000 in the corresponding 1964 period, while imports from there decreased 13.0% to \$226,900,000 from \$260,900,000. As a result, the export balance more than doubled in the eight months, rising to \$118,500,000 from \$53,700,000 a year ago.

Sales to all other countries as a group dropped 11.5% in August to \$147,900,000 from \$167,200,000 in August last year, while purchases from them climbed 22.8% to \$137,600,000 from \$112,000,000. This year's August export balance was smaller than last year's at \$10,300,000 versus \$55,200,000. January-August exports to these countries decreased 18.9% to \$1,168,100,000 from \$1,441,100,000 in the first eight months of 1964, while imports increased 17.1% to \$982,700,000 from \$839,500,000. This year's export balance was \$185,400,000 as compared to last year's \$601,600,000.

## SECURITIES

2. Sales & Purchases Of Securities  
Between Canada & Other Countries Transactions in outstanding securities during August showed a sales balance for the first time since October 1964. The net inflow of \$6.4 million came mainly from a sales balance of \$5.8 million with "other foreign countries" with net sales to United States residents contributing \$1.0 million. The purchase balance with the United Kingdom continued, although at \$0.4 million was substantially down from the July figure.



A similar pattern was evident in dealings in outstanding Canadian securities which showed a net inflow of \$6.0 million, the first sales balance in nine months. Net sales of \$5.8 million and \$0.8 million were recorded to "other foreign countries" and the United States, respectively, while net purchases of \$0.6 million were made from the United Kingdom. At \$11.4 million, net sales of Government of Canada bonds were significantly higher and appeared to reflect their increased attractiveness. The net repatriation of Canadian equities at \$9.7 million reached its lowest level since October 1964 while gross sales and purchases both declined to amounts last reached two years ago.

Trade in outstanding foreign securities showed a small inflow of \$0.4 million which was more or less evenly provided by United States and United Kingdom investors. The overwhelming proportion of all transactions continued to be with residents of the former country mainly in United States equities.

During the first eight months of 1965, trade in outstanding securities resulted in a net capital outflow of \$174.5 million with the United States, the United Kingdom and other foreign countries showing purchase balances of \$132.1 million, \$38.9 million and \$3.5 million, respectively. Purchases of foreign domiciled Canadian equities accounted for a net outflow of \$187.4 million and sales of Canadian bonds and debentures for a net inflow of \$39.8 million. Trade in foreign securities resulted in a net outflow of \$26.9 million, which consisted of net purchases of outstanding United States equities at \$32.4 million and net sales of all other outstanding foreign securities of just over \$5.5 million. The capital outflow arising from trade in all classes of outstanding securities during the first eight months of 1965 was over three times as large as that for the corresponding period in 1964.

## LABOUR

\*3. Estimates Of Labour Income Canada's paid workers received an estimated \$2,146 million in August in the form of salaries and wages, reflecting increases of 1.3% from the July total of \$2,118 million and 10.6% from the August 1964 figure of \$1,940 million, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the August issue of the DBS report "Estimates of Labour Income". This brought estimated labour income in the January-August period to \$16,243 million, higher by 10.6% than the corresponding 1964 total of \$14,682 million. The table following contains data for August and January-August this year and last and July this year on the unadjusted basis, and data for July and August this year on the seasonally adjusted basis.

	Unadjusted					Seasonally Adjusted	
	August 1965	July 1965	August 1964	January to August 1965	August 1964	August 1965	July 1965
	Millions of Dollars						
Newfoundland .....	37	36	31	250	221	34	32
Prince Edward Island	6	6	6	43	40	6	6
Nova Scotia .....	57	56	52	436	401	56	55
New Brunswick .....	46	45	41	336	304	44	44
Quebec .....	571	561	517	4,331	3,922	562	557
Ontario .....	877	865	803	6,753	6,124	873	868
Manitoba .....	93	92	85	700	652	90	89
Saskatchewan .....	68	68	63	503	469	65	65
Alberta .....	147	144	130	1,082	966	140	139
British Columbia ...	239	239	207	1,760	1,541	230	229
CANADA .....	2,146	2,118	1,940	16,243	14,682	2,104	2,088

4. Unemployment Insurance Claimants for unemployment insurance benefit numbered 172,500 on August 31, down from the 184,400 recorded on July 30. One year ago, the total was 182,000. Females accounted for almost two-thirds of the July 30 to August 31 decline; however, 90% of the year-over-year decrease reflected lower totals for males. Initial and renewal claims filed during August totalled 83,900, in comparison with 86,100 in July and 79,000 in August a year ago.

The average weekly estimate of beneficiaries was 130,200 for August, in comparison with 118,200 for July and 139,400 for August 1964. Benefit payments amounted to \$12.8 million in August, \$11.8 million in July and \$13.2 million a year ago. The average weekly benefit payment was \$23.39 for August, \$23.83 for July and \$23.66 for August 1964.

\*5. Federal Government Employment Civilian staff strength of the federal government, including its agencies and corporations, was 356,000 in July this year, up by 2% from the June total of 350,000 and by 1% from the July 1964 total of 353,000, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the July issue of the DBS report "Federal Government Employment". Payroll of these employees amounted to \$153,000,000 in July, up by 3% from the month-earlier total of \$148,000,000 and 6% from the year-earlier figure of \$145,000,000. Cumulative payroll for the first seven months of this year aggregated \$1,021,000,000, an increase of 5.6% from the comparable 1964 total of \$967,000,000.

Agency and proprietary corporations and other agencies employed 143,000 people at the end of July, 3,000 or 5% more than at the end of June and virtually the same as at the end of July last year. Total monthly payroll increased to \$68,600,000 from \$65,600,000 a month earlier and \$64,600,000 a year ago. January-July payroll at \$448,000,000 was up by 8% from the preceding year.

Employees of departmental branches, services and corporations numbered 212,000 at the end of July, reflecting gains of 1% from June and July last year, respectively. The July payroll at \$84,700,000 was up by 2% or \$1,900,000 from a month earlier and by 5% or \$4,300,000 from a year ago. January-July payroll at \$573,000,000 was greater by 4% than the comparable 1964 figure of \$551,000,000.

## M A N U F A C T U R I N G

6. Motor Vehicle Shipments Shipments of Canadian-made motor vehicles dropped 11.1% in September to 44,347 units from 49,862 in the same month last year. With decreases in January and February and increases in all other preceding months, shipments in the January-September period climbed 16.1% to 598,876 units from 515,614 in the first nine months of 1964. Shipments of vehicles imported from the United States increased in the month to 4,712 units from 1,784 and in the nine months to 25,628 units from 9,049.

September shipments of Canadian-made passenger cars fell to 37,039 units from 39,732 a year earlier, number for sale in Canada declining to 28,739 units from 37,425 and number for export rising to 8,300 units from 2,307. January-September shipments advanced to 499,815 units from 429,944 a year ago, total for sale in Canada increasing to 457,607 units from 406,208 and for export to 42,208 units from 23,736.

Shipments of domestically-produced commercial vehicles declined in September to 7,308 units from 10,130 in September last year, comprising 7,073 units versus 9,552 for sale in Canada and 235 units versus 578 for export. Nine-month shipments climbed to 99,061 units from 85,670 a year ago, with number for sale in Canada advancing to 87,498 units from 81,298 and for export to 11,563 units from 4,372.



\*7. Anticipated Crude Oil Requirements Anticipated crude oil requirements for 1965 amounted to 353.8 millions of barrels or 969,219 barrels per day representing an increase of 3.0% over 1964, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the September issue of the DBS publication "Canadian Crude Oil Requirements".

Actual refinery receipts for the first 8 months of 1965 amounted to 234.9 millions of barrels or 966,868 barrels per day representing an increase of 3.9% over the same period in 1964.

Imports of crude oil for 1965 are expected to be 145.7 millions of barrels or 399,255 barrels per day representing an increase of 1.2% over 1964.

### CANADIAN CRUDE OIL REQUIREMENTS

September 1965

Anticipated and actual refinery receipts of crude oil,  
condensate and pentanes plus

	1965 Actual 1st 8 mos.	Anticipated					Actual 1964	Anticipated Jan. 1966
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year 1965		
'000 barrels per day								
<u>BY SOURCE</u>								
Domestic:								
Prairies .....	535	576	483	524	530	532	508	568
B.C. ....	34	28	29	26	24	32	33	36
N.W.T. ....	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1
Ont. ....	4	4	3	3	4	4	3	4
TOTAL .....	575	611	517	554	559	570	546	609
Imported:	392	366	414	444	431	399	394	421
REQUIREMENT ..	967	977	931	998	990	969	940	1,030
<u>BY LOCATION</u>								
Atlantic .....	105	84	109	125	119	106	108	111
Que. ....	285	279	302	319	312	291	285	310
Ont. ....	303	322	277	302	308	302	283	320
Man. ....	39	41	40	42	42	40	37	43
Sask. ....	59	69	39	49	58	57	55	60
Alta. ....	90	87	89	93	84	90	88	90
B.C. ....	84	92	73	67	66	81	82	95
N.W.T. ....	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1
REQUIREMENT ..	967	977	931	998	990	969	940	1,030
EXPORTS: (1) ..	291	305	307	320	285	295	278	..

(1) Reported by the pipeline companies.

.. Figures not available.

\*8. Refined Petroleum Products Output of refined petroleum products rose 4.6% in August to 31,463,438 barrels from 30,076,997 in the same month last year, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the August issue of the DBS report "Refined Petroleum Products".

Receipts of crude oil advanced 5.2% in August to 30,633,678 barrels from 29,132,876 a year earlier, comprising 15.2% more domestic crude at 18,857,007 barrels versus 16,370,888 and 7.8% less imported crude at 11,776,671 barrels versus 12,761,988. Domestic disappearance of finished petroleum products rose 12.1% to 33,033,942 barrels from 29,461,464 in the same month last year.

## REFINERY PRODUCTION In Canada Of Selected Petroleum Products, August 1965

	Motor gasoline	Kerosene stove oil	Fuel Oil			Total all products
			Diesel	Light	Heavy	
	barrels of 35 Canadian gallons					
Newfoundland	(1)	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Maritimes ..	923,717	115,946	(2)	687,760	682,787	3,245,242
Quebec .....	2,846,460	343,523	1,193,541	1,687,502	1,464,934	8,908,031
Ontario .....	3,765,594	286,422	1,182,458	1,602,011	1,612,138	10,101,418
Manitoba ...	473,944	55,797	147,062	150,449	120,426	1,162,465
Saskatchewan	956,367	157,119	357,512	207,722	108,683	2,078,326
Alberta ....	1,337,108	7,803	725,014	234,467	74,358	3,023,427
N.W.T. and Yukon .....	7,887	-	8,531	17,433	35,505	85,514
B.C. ....	1,100,776	216,465	695,488	118,146	354,844	2,839,311
CANADA TOTAL	11,411,853	1,183,075	4,309,606	4,705,490	4,453,675	31,443,734

(1) Included with the Maritimes. (2) Included with Quebec.

## NET SALES In Canada Of Selected Petroleum Products, August 1965

	Motor	Kerosene	Fuel Oil			Total all products
	gasoline	stove oil	Diesel	Light	Heavy	
barrels of 35 Canadian gallons						
Newfoundland	177,728	37,915	150,693	27,943	361,278	888,259
Maritimes ..	873,460	80,150	303,161	258,429	913,480	2,749,495
Quebec .....	2,799,181	113,429	712,982	826,173	2,399,808	8,289,822
Ontario ....	4,738,195	139,354	645,641	773,484	1,978,383	10,188,753
Manitoba ...	756,887	9,204	300,871	20,286	63,074	1,360,813
Saskatchewan	1,144,638	23,766	423,935	28,081	20,818	1,866,301
Alberta ....	1,395,534	18,578	470,316	13,254	56,380	2,615,481
N.W.T. and Yukon .....	26,338	30,034	52,381	28,833	32,897	201,675
B.C. ....	1,379,106	47,111	548,328	78,548	305,882	2,819,305
CANADA TOTAL	13,291,067	499,541	3,608,308	2,055,031	6,132,000	30,979,904

## IMPORTS Into Canada Of Selected Petroleum Products, August 1965

	Motor gasoline	Kerosene stove oil	Fuel Oil			Total all products
			Diesel	Light	Heavy	
	barrels of 35 Canadian gallons					
Maritimes ..	-	69,178	109,758	145,992	678,171	1,174,280
Quebec .....	75,197	57,115	459,272	437,243	1,731,394	3,152,973
Ontario ....	-	-	-	40,978	456,884	679,060
All other ..	10,213	30,423	1,364	6,593	125,772	212,624
CANADA TOTAL	85,410	156,716	570,394	630,806	2,992,221	5,218,937



- \*9. Steel Ingot Production Production of steel ingots in the week of October 30 amounted to 192,135 tons, a decrease of 2.8% from the preceding week's total of 197,745 tons. Output in the comparable 1964 period was 174,371 tons. The index of production, based on the average weekly output during 1957-59 of 96,108 tons equalling 100, was 200 in the current week versus 206 a week earlier and 181 a year ago.
10. Rubber Consumption Consumption of all types of rubber increased 11.2% in August to 22,293,000 pounds from 20,045,000 in the same month last year and 1.5% in the January-August period to 218,437,000 pounds from 215,290,000 a year ago. August consumption was: natural, 6,255,000 pounds (5,118,000 in August 1964); synthetic, 13,682,000 (12,539,000); and reclaimed, 2,356,000 (2,388,000).

## BUSINESS

11. Credit Statistics Balances outstanding on the books of sales finance companies for both consumer and commercial goods, small loan companies for both cash loans and instalment credit, department stores, furniture and appliance stores, and chartered banks for personal loans were greater at the end of July this year as compared to last.

End-of-July outstandings (in millions) were: sales finance companies for consumer goods, \$1,222 (\$1,022 a year ago); sales finance companies for commercial goods, \$644 (\$568); small loan companies for cash loans, \$922 (\$801); small loan companies for instalment credit, \$64 (\$50); department stores, \$463 (\$416); furniture and appliance stores, \$192 (\$189); and chartered banks for personal loans, \$2,674 (\$2,182).

12. Business Financial Statistics Commencing with the second-quarter 1965 publication of "Business Financial Statistics: Balance Sheets", a new table was introduced showing a selected number of balance sheet items covering the investment dealers' group. The table which provides estimates by quarters back to the third quarter of 1962, indicates the fluctuations in and nature of investment dealers' inventories, and also indicates the source of funds used to finance these inventories. The second quarter of 1965 shows a slight reversal in trend in inventories of finance and commercial paper which previously was increasing at a rapid rate.

Trust companies continued to show a high growth rate in the second quarter of 1965. Total assets rose by 23.4% over the same period a year earlier. Demand and term deposits, which rose by approximately 25% during the year, were the chief source of funds. These funds were used primarily to increase holdings of mortgages by some \$400 million and finance paper by approximately \$40 million.

Total assets of mortgage companies rose by 33.4% over the same quarter in the previous years. This growth was attributed mainly to increases in demand and term deposits which permitted mortgage holdings to rise by 27.5% or by some \$360 million.

The sales finance and consumer loan group, which in the second quarter of 1965 includes the liabilities in default of one company in receivership and the reorganization of another company, showed an increase of 13.7% over the previous year as measured by total assets. Receivables, which increased by 15% during the year to \$3.6 billion, were financed mainly by increases in long term debt and capital stock issues. This indicates a change in trend from short-term borrowings to longer term issues.

Mutual funds, as measured by total assets at market value, increased by 28.3% over the previous year. Capital stock issued rose by 33% during the year, or by approximately \$300 million. For the closed-end funds, total portfolio at market rose by approximately 10% from the previous year.

## C O N S T R U C T I O N

13. Building Permits Municipalities in Canada issued building permits in July to cover construction estimated at \$390,830,000, an increase of 28.7% from last year's July total of \$303,776,000. This put the total in the January-July period at \$2,127,314,000, greater by 29.1% than the corresponding 1964 total of \$1,647,326,000.

Value of residential construction covered by permits issued increased 11.1% in August to \$158,099,000 from \$142,332,000 a year earlier and 16.2% in January-August to \$959,287,000 from \$825,802,000 a year ago. Non-residential construction climbed 44.2% in the month to \$232,731,000 from \$161,444,000 and 42.2% in the seven months to \$1,168,027,000 from \$821,524,000.

August values were up from the preceding year in all provinces except Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia. Month's totals (in thousands) were: Newfoundland, \$2,328 (\$2,258 in July 1964); Prince Edward Island, \$869 (\$323); Nova Scotia, \$15,500 (\$5,139); New Brunswick, \$29,702 (\$5,454); Quebec, \$81,120 (\$60,830); Ontario, \$171,381 (\$136,046); Manitoba, \$7,582 (\$14,036); Saskatchewan, \$17,780 (\$9,847); Alberta, \$29,176 (\$30,053); and British Columbia, \$35,392 (\$39,790).

## M E R C H A N D I S I N G

14. Retail Trade Sales by Canada's retailers estimated at \$1,732,131,000 in August this year were 7.0% above the August 1964 total of \$1,618,422,000. This followed increases of 5.4% in the first half of the year and 9.0% in July, resulting in a rise of 6.1% in sales in the January-August period to \$13,708,955,000 from \$12,922,058,000 in the first eight months of last year.

Both August and January-August sales were greater than a year earlier in all provinces. Month's percentage increases (eight-month gains bracketed) were: Atlantic Provinces, 7.3% (6.0%); Quebec, 6.4% (5.7%); Ontario, 5.8% (6.6%); Manitoba, 3.6% (2.7%); Saskatchewan, 11.0% (5.5%); Alberta, 9.9% (4.5%); and British Columbia, 9.2% (8.4%).

Sales in August of grocery and combination stores, and fuel dealers were smaller than in the same month last year by 0.1% and 2.9%, respectively, while sales of the remaining 16 specified kinds of business were larger. Month's gains ranged from 1.3% for general stores to 18.2% for motor vehicle dealers.

All specified groups had greater sales in January-August as compared to a year earlier, with increases ranging from 1.9% for lumber and building material dealers to 13.1% for variety stores.

15. Department Store Sales Department store sales in the week of October 16 were valued 10.6% above those in the corresponding 1964 period. Increases were common to all provinces and were as follows: Atlantic Provinces, 14.1%; Quebec, 13.9%; Ontario, 9.2%; Manitoba, 6.3%; Saskatchewan, 10.6%; Alberta, 7.2%; and British Columbia, 12.8%.



16. Travellers' Vehicle Permits Travellers' vehicle permits issued to admit foreign vehicles into Canada numbered 848,940 in September, an increase of 5.5% from the September 1964 total of 804,468. This brought total issuances in the January-September period to 7,000,356, up by 4.0% from the corresponding year-earlier total of 6,733,033.

More permits were issued in September versus a year earlier in all regions except Saskatchewan and Alberta. Month's totals were: Newfoundland (by ship), 159 (96 in September 1964); Nova Scotia (by ship), 1,914 (1,533); New Brunswick, 50,522 (47,626); Quebec, 77,609 (75,143); Ontario, 630,225 (595,064); Manitoba, 10,903 (10,698); Saskatchewan, 5,374 (6,091); Alberta, 5,623 (5,859); British Columbia, 63,200 (59,600); and the Yukon, 3,411 (2,758).

January-September issuances were: Newfoundland, 708 (815 a year ago); Nova Scotia, 12,091 (10,868); New Brunswick, 405,383 (377,484); Quebec, 576,373 (560,375); Ontario, 5,234,764 (5,080,488); Manitoba, 103,424 (98,239); Saskatchewan, 50,582 (51,887); Alberta, 69,343 (58,303); British Columbia, 523,961 (474,637); and the Yukon, 23,727 (19,937).

## T R A N S P O R T A T I O N

17. Railway Carloadings Cars of railway revenue freight loaded on lines in Canada in the seven days ended October 21 numbered 92,905, an increase of 10.7% from the comparable year-earlier total. This placed the January 1-October 21 total at 3,179,521 cars, little changed from the corresponding 1964 total of 3,180,620 cars but up by 9.9% from the comparable 1963 figure. Receipts from both Canadian and United States rail connections increased by 21.2% in the seven-day period to 25,881 cars and rose by 2.6% in the year-to-date to 1,005,234 cars.

Principal commodities loaded in greater volume in the seven days ended October 21 included: wheat, 9,137 cars (7,595 a year ago); iron ore, 12,112 (9,904); building sand, gravel and crushed stone, 4,760 (4,157); automobiles, trucks and parts, 1,433 (817); and miscellaneous carload commodities, 10,090 (9,101). Loadings in the period of logs, posts, poles and piling declined to 1,501 cars from 1,988.

18. Railway Freight Traffic Revenue freight loaded on lines in Canada and received from United States rail connections totalled 18,290,600 tons in June this year, down by 2.8% from a year earlier, placing the January-June total at 93,342,900 tons, up by 0.5% from a year ago.

Of this year's June total, 16,181,600 tons were loaded in Canada (including receipts from water lines), a drop of 3.4% from the preceding year; 981,800 tons were receipts from U.S. rail connections destined to points in Canada, a rise of 10.9%; and 1,127,200 tons were overhead freight (U.S. to U.S. through Canada), a decline of 5.4%.

19. Railway Operating Statistics Operating revenues for 24 common carrier railways totalled \$120,278,900 in June (up by 2.0% from a year ago), while operating expenses at \$111,489,400 were up by 1.8%. Net operating income advanced in June to \$8,789,500 from \$8,387,700 in the same month last year. Railway operating expenses in June this year amounted to 92.69¢ per dollar of revenue.

Rail operating revenues, comprising railway, express, commercial communications, and highway transport (rail) services, rose by 2.3% from the preceding year in June to \$131,546,600, while operating expenses advanced by 2.2% to \$122,143,100. As a result, the net rail operating income climbed in June to \$9,403,600 from \$9,093,100 a year earlier.

\*20. Civil Aviation Six Scheduled Canadian air carriers that accounted for approximately 90% of total operating revenues of all Canadian air carriers in June reported increases of 11.6% in operating revenues and 11.3% in operating expenses as compared to June last year, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the June issue of the D.B.S. report "Civil Aviation".

		June		January-June	
		1965	1964	1965	1964
<u>Revenue Traffic</u>					
Departures	No.	23,809	22,561	122,919	116,131
Hours flown	"	31,506	29,532	159,350	148,262
Miles flown	'000	8,180	7,615	41,410	38,232
Passengers carried	"	536	487	2,774	2,447
Goods carried	tons	8,989	7,190	50,348	47,349
<u>Passenger-Miles (Unit Toll)</u>					
Domestic	million	236	203	1,104	967
International	"	184	154	990	800
<u>Passenger-Miles (Bulk)</u>					
Domestic	"	4	2	14	10
International	"	52	50	124	139
<u>Goods ton-miles (Unit Toll)</u>					
Domestic	'000	4,627	3,781	25,952	22,121
International	"	3,330	2,301	18,999	14,503
<u>Goods ton-miles (Bulk)</u>					
Domestic	"	443	489	9,096	2,493
International	"	-	74	213	172
<u>Revenues and Expenses</u>					
Operating revenues	\$'000	32,535	28,168	157,616	135,855
Operating expenses	"	27,113	24,030	150,709	135,105
Operating income (loss)	"	5,422	4,138	6,907	749
Net income (deficit)	"	4,611	3,312	1,903	(4,121)

Passengers flown into and out of Canada during June increased 11.1%, cargo and excess baggage 13.8%, and mail 11.2% compared with the same month in 1964. Canadian carriers transported 156,596 revenue passengers, 1959 tons of cargo and excess baggage and 220 tons of mail in international traffic. Foreign carriers transported 121,935 passengers, 1,436 tons of cargo and excess baggage and 158 tons of mail.

Passenger Air Traffic Leaving and Entering Canada

	Passengers		Cargo and Excess Baggage		Mail	
	(000's)		(tons)		(tons)	
	June		June		June	
	1965	1964	1965	1964	1965	1964
<u>Leaving Canada for:</u>						
The United States	92.7	85.8	392.3	252.1	76.8	65.1
Europe	38.6	32.9	332.9	299.9	67.5	58.8
All other countries	4.6	4.8	129.7	63.4	12.8	8.9
Total	135.9	123.5	854.9	615.4	157.1	132.8
<u>Entering Canada from:</u>						
The United States	95.6	87.6	1,434.8	1,175.4	123.4	117.7
Europe	33.4	35.3	1,020.3	615.5	84.5	76.2
All other countries	5.3	5.3	85.0	59.1	13.1	9.8
Total	134.3	128.2	2,540.1	1,850.0	221.0	203.7



21. Wheat Exports & Supplies Exports of wheat and flour in terms of wheat from the four major wheat exporting countries totalled 162.0 million bushels in August this year, an increase of 33.8% from the August 1964 total of 121.1 million bushels. Shipments from the four major exporters in August were (in millions): United States, 74.6 bushels (54.5 a year ago); Canada, 45.4 (46.0); Argentina, 21.3 (8.7); and Australia, 20.7 (11.9).

Total supplies of wheat remaining in the United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia at September 1 this year for export and for carryover at the end of their respective crop years amounted to 2,640.6 million bushels, up by 7% from the preceding year's corresponding total of 2,473.1 million bushels. Stocks at the beginning of September in the four major wheat exporting countries (in millions) were: United States, 1,368.2 bushels (1,423.8 a year ago); Canada, 1,023.5 (868.3); Argentina, 168.9 (118.6); and Australia, 80.0 (62.4).

22. Soft Drink Production Production of soft drinks in August increased 11.2% to 19,768,131 gallons from 17,784,007 in August last year. Gains in February, March, May and June more than offset declines in the other months, and output in January-August rose 1.0% to 122,575,565 gallons from 121,328,958 a year ago.

\*23. Instant Skim Milk Powder Production of instant skim milk powder, packed in consumer-size containers of 24 pounds or less, increased 4.5% in September to 2,822,074 pounds from 2,699,891 a year earlier, comprising 1,975,940 pounds versus 2,149,552 packed in containers of five pounds or less and 846,134 pounds versus 550,339 in containers of six to 24 pounds, inclusive. January-September output fell 1.2% to 25,049,621 pounds from 25,352,016 a year ago, with 18,569,862 pounds versus 19,368,706 packed in containers of five pounds or less and 6,479,759 pounds versus 5,983,310 in containers of six to 24 pounds. September 30 stocks were 15.9% smaller than a year ago at 3,894,291 pounds versus 4,632,577, amount packed in containers of five pounds or less declining to 2,868,576 pounds from 3,891,821 while that packed in containers of six to 24 pounds, inclusive, rising to 1,025,625 pounds from 740,756.

24. Shipments Of Prepared Stock & Poultry Feeds Shipments of primary or concentrated feeds and secondary or complete feeds were larger in August and January-August this year as compared to last. August totals were: primary feeds, 38,203 tons (36,616 in August 1964); secondary feeds, 408,440 (389,470); and other animal feeds, 38,057 (41,919). January-August: primary feeds, 322,743 tons (290,161 a year ago); secondary feeds, 3,373,925 (3,097,090); and other animal feeds, 315,795 (291,679).

25. Stocks Of Canned Foods Cannery's stocks of canned fruit at the end of August this year were (in thousands): solid pack apples, 2,792 pounds (3,375 a year ago); apple juice, 23,488 (19,009); apple sauce, 7,183 (4,247); apricots, 5,856 (6,783); sour cherries, 8,210 (6,605); sweet cherries, 2,283 (4,240); peaches, 14,783 (18,721); bartlett pears, 4,267 (2,468); klieffer pears, 3,396 (1,519); plums, 1,621 (2,463); raspberries, 2,703 (2,896); and strawberries, 1,289 (2,645).

End-of-August stocks of canned vegetables held by canners were (in thousands): asparagus, 4,597 pounds (3,597 a year earlier); green beans, 23,681 (26,321); wax beans, 33,289 (42,459); beets, 13,644 (10,242); whole kernel corn, 11,917 (16,038); cream style corn, 17,268 (16,217); peas, 120,711 (103,196); tomatoes, 14,363 (5,631); and tomato juice, 76,961 (43,745).

26. Production Of Eggs Production of eggs decreased 9.0% in September to 31,525,000 dozen from 34,655,000 a year earlier, but edged up 0.2% in January-September to 325,906,000 dozen from 325,319,000 in the first nine months of 1964. Average number of layers was down 7.3% in September at 25,506,000 versus 27,504,000 a year earlier and the rate of lay per 100 layers was down 2.0% at 1,493 eggs versus 1,523.

\*27. Stocks Of Honey Stocks of honey held by packers at September 30 this year aggregated 16,077,530 pounds, an increase of 22.1% from the corresponding 1964 total of 13,164,296 pounds. This year's end-of-September stocks comprised 1,844,857 pounds packed in containers of less than 25 pounds and 14,232,673 pounds packed in containers of 25 pounds and over.

## PRICES

### \*28. Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number of Stocks Priced	October 28	October 21 (1956 = 100)	September 30
<u>Investors' Price Index</u>				
Total Index .....	111	178.5	176.9	175.5
Industrials .....	77	184.6	182.9	180.4
Utilities .....	20	175.6	173.6	174.1
Finance (1) .....	14	151.9	151.6	152.6
Banks .....	6	137.2	137.4	140.2
<u>Mining Stocks Price Index</u>				
Total Index .....	24	110.2	109.7	107.3
Golds .....	16	124.4	124.8	130.0
Base metals .....	8	102.4	101.4	94.9
<u>Supplementary Indexes</u>				
Uraniums .....	6	151.5	150.1	139.2
Primary oils and gas .....	6	106.4	107.0	98.8

(1) Composed of Banks, and Investment and Loan.

### \*29. Wholesale Price Indexes

	Oct.* 1965	Sept.* 1965	Oct. 1964	Sept. 1964
			(1935 - 1939 = 100)	
<u>General Wholesale Index</u> .....	252.0	251.0	244.3	244.3
Vegetable products .....	216.0	213.7	215.8	214.4
Animal products .....	281.8	278.3	251.4	253.9
Textile products .....	245.7	245.5	247.9	248.0
Wood products .....	333.6	333.1	329.9	330.4
Iron products .....	266.4	267.4	258.3	257.9
Non-ferrous metals .....	219.0	219.2	210.2	209.5
Non-metallic minerals .....	192.6	192.4	191.4	191.0
Chemical products .....	201.0	200.7	192.1	191.4
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold) .....	284.1	284.7	272.8	272.0

\*These indexes are preliminary.

## MINING

30. Gold Production Production of gold in August aggregated 299,928 troy ounces, a decrease of 7.0% from the August 1964 total of 322,415 troy ounces. This brought output in the January-August period to 2,409,509 troy ounces, smaller by 4.6% than the corresponding year-earlier total of 2,526,253 troy ounces.



31. Copper & Nickel Output Production of copper was smaller in August and larger in January-August this year as compared to last, while output of nickel was greater in both periods. August totals were: copper, 43,047 tons (44,480 a year earlier); and nickel, 22,643 tons (18,354). January-August: copper, 339,735 tons (321,918 a year ago); and nickel, 180,800 tons (151,052).

32. Mineral Production In 1964 Value of mineral production in Canada in 1964 reached a new high of \$3,397,155,000, an increase of 11.4% from 1963's preceding peak total of \$3,050,429,000. Value of production of metallics advanced 12.9% in 1964 to \$1,704,623,000 from \$1,509,537,000 in 1963, non-metallics 13.2% to \$268,901,000 from \$253,452,000, mineral fuels 10.7% to \$1,005,190,000 from \$908,428,000 and structural materials 5.7% to \$400,441,000 from \$379,011,000.

All provinces and territories posted higher values of mineral production in 1964 as compared to the preceding year. Year's values (in thousands) were: Newfoundland, \$191,922 (\$137,797 in 1963); Prince Edward Island, \$843 (\$798); Nova Scotia, \$66,952 (\$66,318); New Brunswick, \$49,856 (\$28,343); Quebec, \$671,882 (\$540,615); Ontario, \$911,098 (\$873,828); Manitoba, \$175,042 (\$169,639); Saskatchewan, \$279,996 (\$272,355); Alberta, \$747,348 (\$669,311); British Columbia, \$269,294 (\$261,146); Yukon, \$15,211 (\$14,367); and the Northwest Territories, \$17,710 (\$15,911).

## FISHERIES

\*33. Advance Release Of Fish Landings - September 1965 - Quebec

<u>Major Species</u>	<u>Quantity</u> <u>'000 lb.</u>	<u>Value</u> <u>\$'000</u>
Groundfish -		
Cod .....	7,151	289
Lingcod .....	-	-
Haddock .....	5	--
Pollock .....	-	-
Hake .....	82	2
Redfish .....	7,606	215
Halibut .....	45	9
Flounders & soles .....	616	21
Other unspecified .....	131	4
TOTAL .....	15,636	540
Pelagic & Estuarial -		
Herring .....	421	9
Mackerel .....	307	9
Salmon .....	-	-
Swordfish .....	-	-
Other unspecified .....	135	36
TOTAL .....	863	54
Molluscs & Crustaceans -		
Crabs .....	1	--
Lobster .....	-	-
Oysters .....	-	-
Scallops .....	161	96
Other unspecified .....	165	8
TOTAL .....	327	104
<u>TOTAL - ALL SPECIES</u> .....	<u>16,826</u>	<u>698</u>
-- Too small to be expressed.		

34. Consolidated Public Finance A publication titled "Consolidated Public Finance: Federal, Provincial and Municipal Governments, Revenue, Expenditure and Debt" for 1962 was released today by DBS. The report consolidates public finance statistics of federal, provincial and municipal governments, and, for each province, it provides a consolidation of provincial-municipal governments for the fiscal years ended nearest to December 31, 1962. Inter-government transfers and debt relationships have been eliminated to show the appropriate net positions of the levels of governments in the consolidations.

Net general revenue increased in 1962 to \$11,248,088,000 from \$10,282,093,000 in 1961, and net general expenditure advanced to \$12,701,280,000 from \$11,760,054,000.

Debenture or bonded debt, excluding inter-government debt, increased to \$25,-096,077,000 in 1962 from \$23,706,174,000 in the preceding year, against which sinking funds were held in the amounts of \$900,660,000 versus \$833,026,000. Total direct debt, less sinking funds, was \$34,331,908,000 versus \$31,687,363,000. Indirect (guaranteed) debt, less sinking funds, was \$10,177,793,000 versus \$9,633,-990,000.

35. Principal Taxes & Rates The Dominion Bureau of Statistics today released a report titled "Principal Taxes and Rates: Federal, Provincial and Selected Municipal Governments" for the year 1965. The report presents data, including bases of measurement, on rates, exemptions, etc., for the major revenue-producing taxes in Canada. It incorporates tax revisions announced by the federal, provincial and certain municipal governments up to June 3, 1965, whether or not the relevant legislation had been given official approval.

## UTILITIES

\*36. Gas Utilities Field gathering systems and processing plants delivered 72,-932,085,000 cubic feet of natural gas to gas utilities in August this year, with transport systems accounting for 61,120,334,000 cubic feet and distribution systems for 12,811,751,000 cubic feet, according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the August issue of the DBS report "Gas Utilities". Natural gas received from storage aggregated 60,644,000 cubic feet. Total supply of gas utilities in August was 75,382,080,000 cubic feet, 12.9% greater than in August 1964.

## STATISTICS ON CHILDREN

37. Selected Statistics On Children A special report "Selected Statistics on Children" is released today by DBS. This report was prepared at the request of the Canadian Conference on Children presently meeting in Montreal. The report contains statistics on the number of children by age, years of schooling, type of family, and so on, by provinces, as well as data on births and deaths, morbidity, family and mothers' allowances, and juvenile delinquency.



- \*1. Commodity Exports & Imports, August 1965
- 2. Sales & Purchases of Securities Between Canada & Other Countries, August 1965,
- \*3. Estimates of Labour Income, August 1965 (67-002), 20¢/\$2.00
- 4. Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, August
- \*5. Federal Government Employment, July 1965 1965, (73-001), 20¢/\$2.00
- 6. Motor Vehicle Shipments, September 1965, (42-002), 10¢/\$1.00
- \*7. Canadian Crude Oil Requirements, September 1965
- \*8. Refined Petroleum Products, August 1965
- \*9. Steel Ingot Production, October 30, 1965
- 10. Consumption, Production & Inventories of Rubber, August 1965, (33-003),
- 11. Credit Statistics, July 1965, (61-004), 20¢/\$2.00 20¢/\$2.00
- 12. Business Financial Statistics: Balance Sheets, Selected Financial Institutions  
2nd Quarter 1965, (61-006), 50¢/\$2.00
- 13. Building Permits, July 1965, (64-001), 30¢/\$3.00
- 14. Retail Trade, August 1965, (63-005), 20¢/\$2.00
- 15. Department Store Sales, October 16, 1965, (63-003), \$2.00 a year
- 16. Volume of Highway Traffic Entering Canada on Travellers' Vehicle Permits,  
September 1965, (66-002), 10¢/\$1.00
- 17. Railway Carloadings, October 21, 1965, (52-001), 10¢/\$3.00
- 18. Railway Freight Traffic, June 1965, (52-002), 30¢/\$3.00
- 19. Railway Operating Statistics, June 1965, (52-003), 10¢/\$1.00
- \*20. Civil Aviation, June 1965
- 21. The Wheat Review, September 1965, (22-005), 30¢/\$3.00
- 22. Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, August 1965, (32-001), 10¢/\$1.00
- \*23. Instant Skim Milk Powder, September 1965
- 24. Shipments of Prepared Stock & Poultry Feeds, August 1965, (32-004), 30¢/\$3.00
- 25. Stocks of Canned Foods, August 1965, (32-011), 20¢/\$2.00
- 26. Production of Eggs, September 1965, (23-003), 10¢/\$1.00
- \*27. Stocks of Honey, September 30, 1965
- \*28. Weekly Security Price Indexes, October 28, 1965
- \*29. Wholesale Price Indexes, October 1965
- 30. Gold Production, August 1965, (26-004), 10¢/\$1.00
- 31. Copper & Nickel Production, August 1965, (26-003), 10¢/\$1.00
- 32. Preliminary Report on Mineral Production, 1964, (26-203), 75¢
- \*33. Fish Landings: Quebec, September 1965
- 34. Consolidated Public Finance: Federal, Provincial & Selected Municipal Govern-  
ments, Revenue, Expenditure & Debt, 1962, (68-202), 50¢
- 35. Principal Taxes & Rates: Federal, Provincial & Selected Municipal Governments,
- \*36. Gas Utilities, August 1965 1965, (68-201), 50¢
- 37. Selected Statistics on Children, 1965, (91-508), 75¢
  - Grain Statistics Weekly, October 13, 1965, (22-004), 10¢/\$3.00
  - Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, August 1965, (24-002),
  - Fisheries Statistics: Quebec, 1963, (24-206), 75¢ 30¢/\$3.00
  - Pulpwood & Wood Residue Statistics, August 1965, (25-001), 10¢/\$1.00 --  
Summarized in issue of October 29
  - Peeler Logs, Veneers & Plywoods, August 1965, (35-001), 10¢/\$1.00 --  
Summarized in issue of October 22
  - Iron & Steel Mills, 1962, (41-203), 50¢
  - Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1962, (46-219), 50¢
  - Trade of Canada: Exports By Commodities, July 1965, (65-004), 75¢/\$7.50
  - Employment & Payrolls, July 1965, (72-002), 30¢/\$3.00 -- Summarized in issue  
of October 8
  - DBS Service Bulletin: Foods & Beverages, Vol. I (10), October 29

STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY  
BIBLIOTHÈQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA

## PUBLICATIONS ORDER FORM

Catalogue  
No.

1

OR

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa.

City \_\_\_\_\_ Province \_\_\_\_\_