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HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS ISSUE

External Trade: Canada's domestic commodity exports were valued at \$701,036,000 in September 1965 and at \$6,058,278,000 in the January-September period
This reflected a decrease of 3.2% in the month from a year earlier, but an
increase of 0.9% in the nine months. (Page 2)

Merchandising: In the week ending December 18 last year, department stores had sales valued 6.1% above those in the corresponding period of 1964.

(Page 2)

Securities: Canada's trade with other countries in outstanding securities in October last year resulted in a net capital outflow of \$24.0 million. This compares to a small inflow in August and a smaller outflow of \$2.8 million in September. (Page 3)

Industrial Production: Canada's index of industrial production (seasonally adjusted) reached 235.4 in October, up by 0.4% from September. The third-quarter adjusted index of real domestic product less agriculture was 211.3, a rise of 1.8% from the second quarter. (Page 3)

Travel: Some 3,132,300 vehicles entered Canada from the United States in August and 15,238,000 in the January-August period, reflecting gains from a year earlier of 6.1% in the month and 3.8% in the eight months. (Page 3)

Manufacturing: Steel ingot output in the week of January 1 totalled 189,728 tons, up by 20.2% from the preceding week's total of 157,886 tons. (Page 5)

Mining: Mineral production in Canada was valued at a record \$3,737,056,000 in 1965, an increase of 10.3% from 1964's preceding peak. Values were higher in 1965 as compared to the preceding year for copper, iron ore, lead, zinc, nickel, natural gas, crude petroleum and lower for gold, uranium, asbestos and coal.

(Page 7)

Transportation: Railway revenue freight was loaded on 76,599 cars in the week ended December 21 and on 3,887,163 in the January 1-December 21 period, registering gains from a year earlier of 8.3% in the week and 1.2% in the cumulative period.

(Page 8)

Canada's domestic commodity exports were valued at \$701,036,—000 in September this year, a decrease of 3.2% from the September 1964 total of \$724,022,000. This placed the value in the January-September period at \$6,058,278,000, a slight (0.9%) rise from the comparable year-earlier total of \$6,003,946,000. The decline in the month was due primarily to a drop in volume as that index (1948=100) fell 4.5% to 206.4 from 216.1 a year earlier, while the price index rose 1.4% to 133.8 from 132.0.

Among the principal destinations, exports were higher in value in September and January-September as compared to a year earlier for shipments to the United States, the Netherlands, Norway and the Republic of South Africa, while values were lower in both periods for the United Kingdom, Japan, Federal Republic of Germany, and Communist China. Values were down in the month and up in the cumulative period for shipments to Australia and Belgium and Luxembourg.

Exports of newsprint, wood pulp, and crude petroleum were greater than a year earlier both in September and January-September, while those of wheat, softwood lumber, and aircraft and parts were smaller in both periods. Shipments of iron ores and concentrates, aluminum and alloys, nickel and alloys, and copper and alloys were down in the month and up in the nine months.

SUMMARY	OF DOMESTIC	EXPORTS

	Sept	ember	January -	September
	1964	1965	1964	1965
		Thou	s ands	
Total Domestic Exports	\$724,022	\$701,036	\$6,003,946	\$6,058,278
By Country				
United States	378,853	410,596	3,132,609	3,506,508
United Kingdom	105,780	89,133	898,289	860,287
Japan	27,158	23,478	241,822	223, 174
Germany, Federal Republic	20,075	13,132	158,130	127,329
Australia	13,580	9,312	104, 142	106,503
Netherlands	10,212	11,705	72,494	87,925
Belgium & Luxembourg	14,293	6,539	65,221	81,587
China, Communist	17,220	11,566	102,360	79,280
Norway	7,875	8,149	51,890	64,356
Republic of South Africa	4,460	6,677	53,423	60,703
By Commodity				
Newsprint	72,861	74,891	607,762	635,478
Wheat	92,870	53,824	808,347	480,390
Wood pulp	39,594	39,829	341,216	365,051
Lumber, softwood	38,673	36,755	345,218	344,792
Iron ores & concentrates	35,176	32,066	256, 177	268,619
Aluminum & alloys	33,869	29,931	247,038	262,419
Petroleum, crude	21,386	24,242	196,275	207,668
Aircraft & parts	19,458	11,742	184,235	168,080
Nickel & alloys	15,133	14,893	149,627	155,654
Copper & alloys	18,247	17,821	142,565	144,700

#### MERCHANDISING

2. Department Store Sales Department store sales in the week ending December 18 were valued 6.1% above those in the corresponding period last year. A decrease of 4.1% in the Atlantic Provinces was more than offset by increases in the other provinces as follows: Quebec, 7.0%; Ontario, 3.1%; Manitoba, 5.0%; Saskatchewan, 0.2%; Alberta, 11.5%; and British Columbia, 14.5%.

3. Sales & Purchases Of Securities Canada's trade in outstanding securities in Between Canada & Other Countries October last resulted in a net capital outflow of \$24.0 million. This compares with August's inflow of \$6.4 million and the small outflow of \$2.8 million in September. Net purchases from United States residents at \$14.8 million accounted for the bulk of this outflow, while \$5.5 million and almost \$3.7 million went to the United Kingdom and other foreign countries, respectively. The volume of trade continued to expand from the low level reached in July, but at \$243 million was still down from June's \$251 million.

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

4. Index Of Industrial Production Canada's seasonally adjusted index of industrial production (1949=100) was 0.4% higher in October last year as compared to September, rising to 235.4 from 234.5. The gain left the index more than 7% higher for the year-to-date than for the same period in 1964 and about 5% higher than in January 1965. Returning to September-October movements, the 1.4% rise in manufacturing was largely offset by a 6.1% drop in mining; electric power and gas utilities rose by 3.0%.

The seasonally adjusted index of real domestic product less agriculture (1949= 100) reached a level of 211.3 in the third quarter of 1965, an increase of 1.8% from 1965's second-quarter index of 207.6. Most of the major industry divisions contributed to this gain.

#### TRAVEL

Travel Between Canada And The United States In August United States increased 6.1% in August to 3,132,300 vehicles from 2,952,500 in the corresponding month last year, comprising 4.2% more vehicles of foreign registry at 1,822,600 versus 1,-748,500, and 8.8% more vehicles of Canadian registry at 1,309,700 vehicles versus 1,-204,000. Entries in the January-August period rose 3.8% to 15,238,000 vehicles from 14,784,800, with foreign vehicles rising 2.9% to 7,926,500 from 7,704,100 and Canadian vehicles 4.7% to 7,311,500 from 6,980,700.

Persons entering Canada from the United States by plane, bus, rail or boat in August numbered 572,500, a rise of 8.5% from 527,700 in the same month last year; the month's entries comprised 389,000 foreign travellers versus 357,300, and 183,500 returning Canadians versus 170,400. January-August entries by long distance common carrier advanced 7.9% to 2,535,400 from 2,350,600, with foreign travellers up to 1,-498,200 from 1,372,600 and returning Canadians to 1,037,200 from 978,000.

#### LABOUR

\*6. Municipal Government Employment One hundred and forty-three urban municipalities with populations over 10,000 (1961
Census) employed some 86,218 persons in their departmental services at the end of
September 1965. Payrolls in the third quarter of 1965 amounted to \$106,549,000, an
increase of 10.5% from the preceding quarter. The following tables do not include
information relative to municipal enterprises, school boards and municipally-owned
hospitals.

Number of Employees and Gross Payrolls of Urban Municipalities with Populations Greater than 10,000 - Departmental Services

TABLE 1. By Province - July - September 1965

TABLE 1. Dy TIOVINGE - Day - Deptember 1707										
Province	r of ci-	Number of employees at end of the month			BEER	Gross payrolls				
	Number muni	July	August	September	July	August	September	Total		
						thousands	of dollars			
Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island(1) Nova Scotia New Brunswick	4 8 8	1,051 2,414 2,149	1,026 2,404 2,153	874 2,288 1,995	298 821 740	334 796 697	279 824 590	911 2,441 2,027		
Quebec(2) Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	73 12 7 7 24	51,003 6,871 4,793 10,364 12,643	51,691 6,591 4,221 10,447 13,840	48,793 6,489 3,899 9,859 12,021	21,678 2,491 1,671 5,569 5,481	19,523 2,489 1,646 3,867 5,450	18,579 2,394 1,553 3,674 5,105	59,780 7,374 4,870 13,110 16,036		
Totals	143	91,288	92,373	86,218	38,749	34,802	32,998	106,549		

<sup>(1)</sup> Summerside, which had a population less than 10,000 (1961 Census), has been included in order to strengthen the data for Prince Edward Island.

.. Figures not available.

TABLE 2. By Metropolitan Area - July - September 1965

Metropolitan area	r of	Number of employees at end of the month			Gross payrolls				
Mediopolitan area	Number munic paliti		August	September	July August		September	Total	
						thousands	of dollars		
Montreal	27 18 10 9 4 5	24,069 9,399 6,342 3,639 4,165	25,355 10,618 6,070 3,722 4,120	23,213 9,079 5,974 3,773 3,967	11,361 4,172 2,338 1,376 1,439	10,480 4,138 2,334 1,490 1,341	9,609 3,878 2,237 1,404 1,343	31,450 12,188 6,909 4,270 4,123	
Quebec Edmonton Windsor Halifax Kitchener Victoria Saint-John Others(2)	7 3 4 3 4 4 5	5,043 1,888 1,892 1,549 1,547 1,079 8,190	5,095 1,857 1,868 1,529 1,528 1,086 7,991	4,831 1,868 1,737 1,413 1,473 1,023 7,423	2,841 727 631 484 659 434 3,856	1,888 746 637 477 680 343 2,884	1,815 672 647 490 649 329 2,848	6,544 2,145 1,915 1,451 1,988 1,106 9,588	

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include the Quebec portion (2 municipalities) of metropolitan Ottawa.

TABLE 3. By Population Group - July - September 1965

Population group	er of ici- ties		of employ of the mo	rees at end	Gress payr		payrolls	rolls		
ropulation group	Numb munj pal11	July	August	September	July	August	September	Total		
				HUISINE		thousands	of dollars			
10,000 - 24,999 25,000 - 49,999 50,000 ~ and over	30	10,995 11,719 68,574		10,242 10,931 65,045	3,791 4,424 30,534	3,534 3,990 27,278	3,499 3,855 25,644	10,824 12,269 83,456		
Totals	143	91,288	92,373	86,218	38,749	34,802	32,998	106,549		

<sup>(2)</sup> Insufficient information available. There were 67 Quebec municipalities in this group.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes metropolitan areas of Calgary, London, Sudbury, and St. John's not shown separately in order to avoid identifying data for individual municipalities.
.. Figures not available.

- \*7. Steel Ingot Output Production of steel ingots in the week ended January 1 this year amounted to 189,728 tons, an increase of 20.2% from the preceding week's total of 157,886 tons. Output in the comparable 1965 period was 172,009 tons. The index of production, based on the average weekly output during 1957-59 of 96,108 tons equalling 100, was 197 in the current week versus 164 a week earlier and 179 a year earlier.
- 8. Cement Shipments of Portland and masonry and other cement eased down 1.7% in October to 902,861 tons from 917,840 in the corresponding month in 1964, while January-October shipments rose 4.9% to 7,124,401 tons from 6,802,889 a year earlier. End-of-October stocks totalled 540,546 tons, up sharply (40%) from the comparable 1964 figure of 386,319 tons.
- 9. Concrete Products
  Production of concrete products in October included the following: concrete brick, 8,541,855 (10,226,719 a year earlier); concrete blocks (except chimney blocks), 18,113,360 (17,403,138); concrete drain pipe, sewer pipe, water pipe and culvert tile, 129,753 tons (159,650 tons); and ready-mixed concrete, 1,498,089 cubic yards (1,418,325 cubic yards).
- 10. Soaps & Synthetic Detergents Factory shipments of soaps and synthetic detergents increased 15.4% in value in October last to \$10,557,100 from \$9,151,100 a year earlier and 8.8% in the January-October period to \$91,161,500 from \$83,799,000 in the comparable 1964 period.
- 11. Asphalt Roofing Shipments of asphalt shingles amounted to 266,701 roof squares in October compared with 281,433 roof squares a year earlier, while those of smooth surfaced rolls totalled 88,182 roof squares in comparison with 65,860 roof squares the previous year's comparative month, mineral surfaced rolls 57,891 roof squares from 58,705 and roll type sidings 6,106 roof squares from 9,090. January-October totals: shingles, 2,606,104 roof squares (2,788,547 a year ago); smooth surfaced rolls, 606,972 (684,666); mineral surfaced rolls, 546,690 (604,031); and roll type sidings, 65,468 (80,651).

## \*12. Industry & Production Notes, 1963 & 1964

The following advance releases will later appear in regular publications of the Industry Division. As in the 1963 reports statistics are presented separately for both manufacturing and total activities. Prior to 1961 the data covered manufacturing activity only. Comparable statistics for total activity are available for the three years 1961-1963. Pending the publication of the regular 1964 reports, an account of present practice and explanation of recent changes can be found in the 1962 Industry Division publications.

Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers (Cat. 36-205): Factory shipments from the manufacturers of asphalt roofing increased in 1964 to \$55,579,000 from \$49,036,000 in 1963. Cost of materials, fuel and electricity rose in the year to \$27,779,000 from \$25,573,000 in the preceding year and value added by manufacturing activity (value of production less value of materials, fuel and electricity) to \$27,420,000 from \$24,494,000. Industry value added (manufacturing plus non-manufacturing activity) advanced from \$26,934,000 to \$30,508,000.

Twenty establishments (19 in 1963) reported 1,839 employees (1,739), including 1,237 directly employed in manufacturing operations (1,195). Salaries and wages for all employees aggregated \$9,119,000 (\$8,436,000) with manufacturing employees accounting for \$5,745,000 (\$5,368,000). Paid man-hours in manufacturing operations numbered 2,765,000 versus 2,676,000 the previous year.

\*13. Anticipated Crude Oil Requirements Anticipated crude oil requirements for 1965 amounted to 355.0 millions of barrels or 972,614 barrels per day representing an increase of 3.4% over 1964 according to an advance release of data that will be contained in the November issue of the DBS publication "Canadian Crude Oil Requirements".

Actual refinery receipts for the first 10 months of 1965 amounted to 292,6 millions of barrels or 962,523 barrels per day representing an increase of 3.0% over the same period in 1964.

Imports of crude oil for 1965 are expected to be 146.2 millions of barrels or 400,424 barrels per day representing an increase of 1.5% over 1964.

#### CANADIAN CRUDE OIL REQUIREMENTS

NOVEMBER 1965

Anticipated and actual refinery receipts of crude oil, condensate and pentanes plus

	1965 Actual	Actual Actual 196				nticipate 1966		
	1st 10 mos.	Nov.	Dec.	Year 1965	1964	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
			1000	barrels	s per day			
BY SOURCE Domestic:								
Prairies	533	538	556	536	508	576	559	554
B.C	34	25	12	31	33	32	33	30
N.W.T	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ont	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	4
TOTAL	572	568	573	572	546	613	598	590
Imported:	390	442	463	400	394	432	449	449
REQUIREMENT	962	1,010	1,036	972	940	1,045	1,047	1,039
BY LOCATION								
Atlantic	103	118	125	106	108	106	111	127
Que	285	325	338	292	285	326	339	323
Ont	300	302	314	302	283	321	314	308
Man	39	39	38	39	37	42	42	42
Sask	58	58	60	58	55	67	62	60
Alta	91	93	89	91	88	83	83	80
B.C	84	74	70	82	82	98	94	97
N.W.T	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
REQUIREMENT	962	1,010	1,036	972	940	1,045	1,047	1,039
EXPORTS: (1)	293	322	291	295	278	322		

<sup>(1)</sup> Reported by the pipeline companies.

<sup>..</sup> Figures not available.

MINING Page 7

14. Mineral Production In 1965 Canada's mineral production in 1965 was valued at a record \$3,737,056,000, an increase of 10.3% over 1964's previous peak of \$3,387,811,000, according to preliminary DBS estimates. Among leading mineral products, values were higher in 1965 than in the preceding year for copper, iron ore, lead, nickel, zinc, natural gas, crude petroleum, cement, and cand and gravel, and lower for gold, uranium, asbestos, and coal.

Metals, ores and concentrates as a group were valued at \$1,923,306,000, higher by 12.9% than the preceding year's \$1,701,649,000. Nickel was highest in value in the group at \$435,332,000, up sharply from 1964's \$379,321,000. Iron ore was next in order at \$422,193,000 versus \$404,952,000, followed by copper at \$388,005,000 versus \$324,468,000, zinc \$251,234,000 versus \$193,991,000, gold \$136,143,000 versus \$144,788,000, lead \$88,911,000 versus \$54,759,000, uranium \$64,300,000 versus \$83,-509,000, silver \$46,117,000 versus \$41,864,000, and platinum \$35,678,000 versus \$25,-404,000.

Non-metallic minerals as a group rose in value to \$310,827,000, up 9.5% from \$284,337,000 in 1964. Asbestos, the leading non-metal, dropped to \$139,805,000 from the preceding year's record high of \$145,193,000. Potash was valued at \$54,400,000 versus \$31,162,000, elemental sulphur \$23,482,000 versus \$18,477,000, salt \$21,565,-000 versus \$20,204,000, titanium dioxide \$19,955,000 versus \$21,270,000, and peat \$8,400,000.

Output of mineral fuels advanced to \$1,079,738,000 from \$998,768,000 the year before. Crude petroleum rose to \$718,248,000 from \$674,377,000, natural gas to \$197,297,000 from \$172,967,000, natural gas by-products to \$92,547,000 from \$78,-689,000, while coal eased down to \$71,645,000 from \$72,735,000.

Structural materials as a group rose in value to an estimated \$423,185,000 from the preceding year's \$403,058,000. Cement rose in value to \$144,582,000 from \$130,-704,000, sand and gravel to \$129,330,000 from \$125,232,000, stone to \$88,337,000 from \$86,883,000, clay products (brick, tile, etc.) to \$43,206,000 from \$40,831,000, while lime fell to \$17,730,000 from \$19,409,000.

Output of minerals in Ontario climbed in value to \$986,183,000 from \$901,583,000 in the preceding year, while the province's share of the all-Canada total eased down to 26.4% from 26.6%. Alberta's value rose to \$799,345,000 from \$735,896,000, while its share of the total also eased down to 21.4% from 21.7%. Quebec, next in order of value, had a production total of \$704,704,000 as against \$684,583,000, while the province's share sloped off to 18.8% from 20.2%.

Value of production in the other provinces, in order of size, in 1965 was as follows: Saskatchewan, \$327,326,000 (\$292,213,000 in 1964); British Columbia, \$279,-236,000 (\$268,659,000); Newfoundland, \$220,483,000 (\$182,153,000); Manitoba, \$182,-011,000 (\$173,873,000); New Brunswick, \$83,944,000 (\$48,677,000); Northwest Territories, \$72,863,000 (\$18,065,000); Nova Scotia, \$66,634,000 (\$66,074,000); Yukon, \$13,341,000 (\$15,204,000); and Prince Edward Island, \$985,000 (\$831,000).

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15. Bread Industry shipments of bread in the third quarter of 1965 amounted to 428,165,000 pounds valued at \$59,228,000, compared with 422,339,000 pounds valued at \$58,833,000 in the corresponding 1964 quarter. The average industry selling value of all types of bread amounted to 13.8¢ in the third quarter versus 13.9¢ a year earlier.

- Shipments Of Prepared Shipments of primary or concentrated stock and poultry feeds feeds increased in October last to 40,997 tons from 40,922 a year earlier and secondary or complete feeds to
  430,318 tons from 423,322, while other animal feeds decreased to 44,185 tons from
  44,883. January-October shipments were: primary feeds, 404,550 tons (367,752 a year earlier); secondary feeds, 4,232,779 (3,905,453); and other animal feeds, 402,601 (380,782).
- 17. Miscellaneous Food Preparations

  Production of tea bags, roasted and blended coffee, instant coffee, ready-to-serve cereals, food drink powders, prepared cake and candy mixes, and salad dressing and mayonnaise was greater in the January-September 1965 period as compared to a year earlier. Output of blended tea was smaller in this period.

Output of these foodstuffs in the first nine months of 1965 (in thousands) was: blended tea, 7,583 pounds (8,310 a year earlier); tea bags, 27,897 pounds (25,900); roasted and blended coffee, 70,670 pounds (70,499); instant coffee, 14,561 pounds (13,323); ready-to-serve cereals, 93,540 pounds (91,977); food drink powders, 16,078 pounds (13,783); prepared candy and cake mixes, 111,230 pounds (110,758); and salad dressing and mayonnaise, 41,038 pounds (36,951).

18. Stocks Of Canned Foods

Canners' stocks of canned fruit at the end of September 1965 included the following (in thousands): solid pack apples, 2,477 pounds (3,267 at September 30, 1964); apple juice, 20,313 (15,123); apple sauce, 8,430 (4,810); sour cherries, 6,832 (5,987); sweet cherries, 1,961 (4,-034); peaches, 28,710 (43,795); bartlett pears, 4,383 (2,022); kieffer pears, 2,709 (1,130); raspberries, 2,539 (2,546); and strawberries, 1,164 (2,241).

End-of-September stocks of vegetables held by canners included (in thousands): asparagus, 4,206 pounds (3,426 a year earlier); green beans, 29,980 (34,193); wax beans, 37,367 (44,172); beets, 12,780 (12,771); whole kernel corn, 35,252 (38,767); cream style corn, 50,142 (50,296); peas, 103,189 (96,168); tomatoes, 50,139 (36,837); and tomato juice, 358,072 (169,748).

#### TRANSPORTATION

19. Railway Carloadings
Cars of railway revenue freight loaded on lines in Canada in the seven days ended December 21 last numbered 76,599, up by 8.3% from a year earlier. This placed the number loaded in the January 1-December 21 period at 3,887,163 cars, a rise of 1.2% from the corresponding 1964 total. Receipts from both Canadian and United States rail connections numbered 23,258 cars in the seven-day period (down by 1.7% from a year earlier) and aggregated 1,219,504 cars in the cumulative period (up by 3.9%).

#### 1961 CENSUS

20. Earnings & Education A special study titled "Earnings and Education" was released this week. This is an advance release of two chapters of a census monograph entitled "Incomes of Canadians" that is now in preparation. These two chapters analyze the relationship between the level of earnings and the sex, age, occupation and education of the labour force. The report also discusses the estimation of private costs and private returns to education and presents some estimates of lifetime earnings by occupation as well as rates of return to investments in schooling. The analysis is based upon statistics on earnings collected in the 1961 Census of Canada.

21. Building Permits Building permits issued by Canadian municipalities in September covered construction estimated at \$339,136,000, a decrease of 9.5% from the September 1964 total of \$374,579,000. This placed the value in the January-September period at \$2,782,838,000, greater by 20.2% than the corresponding 1964 total of \$2,315,108,000.

#### VITAL STATISTICS

22. Registrations Of Births, November registrations of births in provincial offices were only slightly below a year earlier at 35,808 versus 35,945; this put the January-November total 6.9% below a year ago (392,529 versus 421,638) as compared to a 7.5% drop in the January-October period.

Registrations of marriages increased 5.1% in November to 12,839 from 12,217 a year earlier and 4.4% in January-November to 135,816 from 130,153 a year ago, while registrations of deaths rose 2.5% in the month to 12,340 from 12,043 and 0.5% in the 11 months to 134,764 from 134,115.

#### FISHERIES

### \*23. Advance Release Of Fish Landings, November 1965

	Newfound	land	Maritimes		Québec		British	Columbia
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
					'000 lb.			
Groundfish -								
Cod	7,457	304	9,073	447	1,564	68	957	57
Lingcod	040		_	-	_	846	258	28
Haddock	48	2	3,970	279			-	-
Pollock	39	1	8,603	326	94	-	-	
Hake	3		742	21	3	and desc	-	-
Redfish	6,616	160	1,906	57	1,347	40	-	-
Halibut	86	17	82	30	4	1	57	14
Flounders & soles	8,503	263	10,122	342	526	15	363	25
Other unspecified	827	28	732	14	7	unt des	299	48
TOTAL	23,579	775	35,230	1,516	3,451	124	1,914	172
Pelagic & Estuarial	-							
Herring	5,820	64	10,943	104	151	2	18,078	235
Mackerel	65	3	878	35	_	-	040	-
Salmon	11	7	-	-		-	57	23
Swordfish	-	-	1,009	442	_	848	_	-
Other unspecified	4	-	787	52	33	3	1,068	39
TOTAL	5,900	74	13,617	633	184	5	19,203	297
Molluscs & Crustacea			10,011	033	104		17,203	231
Crabs	_	_			5		185	28
Lobster	-		431	377	_	-	-	•••
Oysters	-	des .	849	124	-	-	1,099	62
Scallops			2,264	1,238	-	- tree		
Other unspecified	702	14	148	10	2		638	79
TOTAL	702	14	3,692	1,749	7		1,922	169
TOTAL - ALL SPECIES		863	52,539	3,898		129	23,039	638
Amount too small								

-- Amount too small to be expressed.

(Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles. Starred items are releases for which no corresponding publications were issued this week).

- 1. Trade Of Canada: Summary of Exports, September 1965, (65-002), 20\$\delta\$/\$2.00
- 2. Department Store Sales, December 18, 1965, (63-003), \$2.00 a year
- Sales & Purchases of Securities Between Canada & Other Countries, October 1965 3. (67-002),  $20\phi/\$2.00$
- 4. Index Of Industrial Production, October 1965 (including Real Domestic Product less Agriculture, 3rd Quarter 1965), (61-005), 20¢/\$2.00
- 5. Travel Between Canada & The United States, August 1965, (66-001), 20¢/\$2.00
- \*6. Municipal Government Employment & Payrolls, 3rd Quarter 1965
- \*7. Steel Ingot Production, January 1, 1966 8. Cement, October 1965, (44-001), 10\$\phi\$1.00
- Concrete Products, October 1965, (44-002), 10¢/\$1.00 9.
- Soaps & Synthetic Detergents, October 1965, (46-003), 10¢/\$1.00 10.
- Asphalt Roofing, October 1965, (45-001), 10¢/\$1.00 11.
- \*12. Industry & Production Notes, 1964
- \*13. Canadian Crude Oil Requirements, November 1965
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- Bread & Other Bakery Products, Quarter Ended September 30, 1965, (32-015), 15.
- Shipments of Prepared Stock & Poultry Feeds, October 1965, (32-004), 30¢/\$3.00
- Miscellaneous Food Preparations, 3rd Quarter 1965, (32-018), 256/\$1.00 17.
- 18. Stocks of Canned Foods, September 1965, (32-011), 20¢/\$2.00
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