# D B S 

EE FORM ON BACK PAGE R ORDERING PUBLICATIONS
5. Commodity Imports Canadian commodity imports during June rose $4.6 \%$ to $\$ 941,343,000$ from $\$ 900,909,000$ in the 1966 month and during the January-June period increased $14.2 \%$ to $\$ 5,475,308,000$ from $\$ 4,794,222,000$. Corresponding 1965 totals were $\$ 794,692,000$ for the month and $\$ 4,070,187,000$ for the January-June period.

United States provided goods in greatest quantity during the month followed by the United Kingdom, Japan, Federal Republic of Germany, Venezuela, France Italy, Australia, Netherlands Antilles and the Netherlands. Commodities in greatest demand included motor vehicle parts, except engines, new closed sedans, coal, crude petroleum, trucks, truck tractors, and chassis, motor vehicle engines, fuel ofl, new wheel tractors, electronic computers, combine reaper-threshers.

|  | June |  | January-June |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1966 | 1967 |
|  | thousands of dollars |  |  |  |
| Total | 900,909 | 941,342 | 4,794,222 | 5,475,308 |
| By country |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 660,347 | 694,094 | 3,536,342 | 4,054,439 |
| United Kingdom | 48,938 | 63,268 | 316,698 | 343,637 |
| Japan | 23,142 | 25,062 | 116,137 | 140,610 |
| Federal Republic of Germany | 20,940 | 20,812 | 104,176 | 116,771 |
| Venezuela | 22,981 | 16,198 | 116,422 | 102,682 |
| France | 9,291 | 9,880 | 45,227 | 56,389 |
| Italy | 7,085 | 9,233 | 38,020 | 51,593 |
| Australia | 3,893 | 7,599 | 19,012 | 26,895 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 2,544 | 6,475 | 11,207 | 24,071 |
| Netherlands | 4,736 | 5,647 | 26,189 | 29,472 |
| By commodity |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 68,092 | 79,392 | 441,542 | 489,446 |
| Closed sedans, new | 18,117 | 59,555 | 113,128 | 352,490 |
| Coal | 17,703 | 19,981 | 41,042 | 49,255 |
| Crude petraleum | 32,587 | 18,776 | 151,973 | 157,995 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 7,620 | 15,167 | 35,310 | 66,431 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 7,618 | 12,125 | 51,094 | 67,547 |
| Fuel ofl Wheel tractors, new | 8,903 15,159 | 12,064 | 37,274 | 47,246 |
| Electronic computers | 15,159 7,745 | 11,853 11,401 | 77,598 40,501 | 83,320 68,165 |
| Combine reaper-threshers | 8,994 | 10,913 | 35,816 | 34,615 |

TOLL FACILITIES
6. International Toll Bridges, Tunnels and Ferries

Twelve bridges, one tunnel and seven ferries functioning as toll facilities for vehicles and pedestrians between Canada and the United States had a net income of $\$ 4,391,948$ in 1966. Operating revenues totalled $\$ 16,135,316$ and operating expenses, $\$ 7,950,423$. Employees numbering 812 received $\$ 3,554,852$ in salaries and wages.

Comparable 1965 figures for 21 facilities show net income totaling $\$ 4,554,391$ with operating revenues amounting to $\$ 15,306,178$ and operating expenses, $\$ 7,319,972$. Employees numbering 736 received salaries totalling $\$ 3,179,907$.

Decreasing importance of the primary occupations for the male Canadian labour force over the 1951-1961 decade was much greater for the younger than for the older age groups. The proportion of the male labour force in these occupations was reduced from 23 to $13 \%$ for 20 to 24 year olds but only from 35 to $32 \%$ for those 65 and over. For younger males the proportions in white-collar occupations, especially "Professional and technical" and "Clerical" increased over the decade from 21 to $29 \%$ with 1 ncreases from 4 and $9 \%$ to 8 and $12 \%$ for the two groups mentioned. For 15 to 19 year old males the "Sales" and "Service and recreation occupations" groups showed the greatest increases in importance over the decade. Males past the usual retirement age ( 65 and over) had lower proportions in the "Craftsmen, production process and related workers" group in 1961 than in $1951(21 \%$ in 1961 and $28 \%$ in 1951$)$ and a larger percentage in "Service and recreation occupations" ( $13 \%$ in 1961 and $10 \%$ in 1951). In the middle age groups the shifts were less dramatic with the general drop in the proportions in "Primary" occupations resulting in increases in the percentages in white-collar (especially for 25 to 34 year old males the "Professional and technical" group) and "Service and recreation occupations".

Distribution of the married female labour force of 1961 (much greater in size than in 1951) showed greater percentages of these females in white-collar (especially "Clerical" and "Professional and technicai") occupations and smaller proportions in the "Craftsmen" group than in 1951. Proportions in white-collar occupations increased from 49 to $53 \%$ with an increase from 23 to $27 \%$ for the "Clerical" portion and from 9 to $12 \%$ for the "Professional and technical" portion. About $19 \%$ of the married female labour force were reported as "Craftsmen" in 1951 as contrasted with only 13\% in 196l. For single females, in contrast, although there was a drop in the percentage found in the "Craftsmen" group from 15 to $11 \%$ the "Clerical" group increased only marginally in importance. However, the percentage of single women reporting "Professional and technical" occupations increased from 18 to $21 \%$ reflecting in part the greater importance of these occupations for the 20 to 24 year old age group of women who formed a significant portion of the single female labour force. For all 20 to 24 year old females in the labour force the proportion reporting "Professional and technical" occupations increased from 16 to $22 \%$.

These and other aspects of the changes in the occupational structure of the labour force as revealed by Census statistics are reviewed in report 7.1-12 "The Canadian Labour Force" of the General Review Volume of the 1961 Census, Catalogue No. 99-522, released recently. In addition to the material on trends this report also contains analytical material on various features of the labour force as found in the 1961 Census, including previously unpublished data on the industrial distribution of occupation groups for regions.

MANUEACTURING
4. Gypsum Products Factory shipments of gypsum products during August were as follows: wallboard, $72,977,014$ square feet $(54,287,920$ in August 1966); Lath, $23,220,980$ square feet $(22,822,284)$; sheathing, $2,100,992$ square feet $(1,275,000)$; plasters, 18,575 tons $(24,684)$.
*5. Samills East of the Rockies Production of lumber by sawnills East of the Rockies increased to 303,795,000 feet board measure in August from $279,701,000$ in the 1966 month and during the eight month period dropped to $2,115,327,000$ feet board measure from $2,140,345,000$. Stocks on hand at August 31 totalled 521,707,000 feet board measure.
*6. Sawmills of British Columbia Production of lumber and ties in coast and interior mills of British Columbia dropped to $659,900,000$ feet board measure in August from $681,600,000$ in the 1966 month. During the eight-month period production increased to $5,096,600,000$ feet board measure from 5,054,800,000.
*7. Shipments of Rubber Footwear


Rubber Footwear Manufacturers (Cat. 32-206): Factory shipments from the rubber footwear manufacturers industry increased in 1966 to $\$ 43,234,000$ from $\$ 43,228,000$ in 1965. Cost of materials, fuel and electricity rose in the year to $\$ 16,959,000$ from $\$ 15,780,000$ in the preceding year and value added by manufacturing activity (value of production less value of materials, fuel and electicity) to $\$ 27,319,000$ from $\$ 27,061,000$. Industry added (manufacturing plus non-manufacturing activity) advanced from $\$ 28,869,000$ to $\$ 29,012,000$.

Seven establishments ( 7 in 1965) reported 4,810 employees ( 4,876 ), including 3,967 directly employed in manufacturing operations $(4,035)$. Salaries and wages for all employees aggregated $\$ 17,594,000(\$ 16,902,000)$ with manufacturing employees accounting for $\$ 13,160,000(\$ 12,770,000)$. Paid man-hours in manufacturing operations numbered $7,677,000$ versus $8,022,000$ the previous year.

Garment Shipments

$x$ figures deleted to ensure anonymity.
*1. Veneers and Plywoods Plywood shipments during August rose $23 \%$ to $223,357,000$ square feet from 181,476,000 in the 1966 month and veneer shipments dropped $8 \%$ to $143,525,000$ square feet from $155,740,000$ according to advance information which will be included in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods". End-of-August stocks of veneers were up $41 \%$ to $193,923,000$ square feet from $137,828,000$ and stocks of plywoods were upl7\% to $172,607,000$ square feet from 147,327,000.
4. Rubber Consumption Consumption of rubber during July rose $16.9 \%$ to $28,687,000$ pounds from 24,540,000 in the 1966 month. Stocks on hand at the end of July totalled $19,797,000$ pounds compared with $23,034,000$ in the same period last year.


## (1) Breakdown not available

(2) Includes 2,647 tons exported for conversion and return.
2. Concrete Products Production of specified concrete products during August was as follows: concrete bricks, 8,860,542 (9,484,060 in the 1966 month); concrete blocks, except chimney blocks, 20,501,27, (20,787,172); concrete drain pipe, sewer pipe, water pipe and culvert tile, 120,539 tons ( 128,697 ); ready $-m i x e d$ concrete, $1,361,565$ cubic yards ( $1,635,380$ ).

## 1. Cement Cement shipments during August dropped $\mathbf{1 2 . 3 \%}$ to 939,548 tons from

 1,071,738 in the 1966 month. Stocks on hand at the end of the month totalled 950,669 tons this year against 782,107 in the 1966 month. Shipments during the eight-month period dropped to $5,087,928$ tons this year from $5,874,805$.7. Asphalt Roofing Shipments of asphalt roofing during August totalled 461,847 roof squares, up from the August 1966 total of 401,225 . During the eight month period shipments increased to $2,474,386$ roof squares this year from 2,101,631.
8. Salt Shipments of dry salt and salt content of brine totalled 401,004 tons during August and $3,224,676$ in the January-August period. Producers' stocks at the end of August totalled 434,623 tons.
*2. Steel Ingots Steel ingot production during, the week ending October 21 totalled 198,162 tons, a $5.6 \%$ increase over the preceding week's total of 187,644 . Output during the comparable week of 1966 was 187,097 tons. The index of production, based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 of 96,108 equalling 100, was 206 in the current week, 195 a week earlier and 195 one year ago. to an advance release of data that will be contained in the July issue of the D.B.S. report, "Railway Operating Statistics". Railway operating expenses rose 8.1 per cent during July, resulting in an operating profit of $\$ 1,826,926$ compared to one of $\$ 3,867,068$ in July 1966.

## Railway Operating Revenues, Expenses and Net Income

$$
\text { July, } 1967
$$

|  | Total 23 railways | C.N.R. | C.P.R. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Revenues | 125,262,186 | 64,070,623 | 45,582,120 |
| Freight (1) | 97,684,285 | 46,223,766 | 37,106,425 |
| Passenger | 10,176,595 | 7,224,298 | 2,641,908 |
| Operating Expenses | 123,435,260 | 68,048,244 | 42,660,415 |
| Road and equipment maintenance | 47,627,533 | 27,543,418 | 15,388,496 |
| Transportation | 48,607,513 | 27,476,070 | 17,350,075 |
| Net Income | 1,826,926 | DR. 3, 977,621 | 2,921,705 |
| Operating ratio \% | 98.54 | 106.21 | 93.59 |

(1) Includes payments related to the National Transportation Act.

A total of $20,357,705$ tons of revenue freight was handled by the railways during July, up 8.7 per cent from the 1966 month, while ton-miles increased 2.2 per cent to $8,092,550$. Average miles of road operated (first main track) fell from 43,987 to 43,907 . Passengers carried at $2,068,208$ were up 4.4 per cent from July 1966. Commuter movemeats registered a 4.3 per cent increase and non-commuter traffic rose 4.5 per cent.

HOUSEHOLD FACILITIES
*1. Household Facilities and Equipment Proportions of Canada's households with electrical and other modern conveniences are continuing to increase in 1967 according to advance information which will be contained in the annual Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Household Facilities and Equipment".

Electricity is used for cooking in $73.0 \%$ of Canadian homes this year compared with $70.7 \%$ in 1966 while home freezers are found in $27.8 \%$ agalnst $24.8 \%$ last year. Automatic washing machines are used in $30.0 \%$ of Canadian households, up from 1966's $25.6 \%$ while other electric washing machines are used in $55.2 \%$ a decline from last year's 59.5\%. Clothes dryers are found in $34.5 \%$ of all household this year as compared to 30.1\% in 1966.
F.M. radio receivers are found in $34.3 \%$ of all household this year as compared tu $28.4 \%$ last year while phonograph record players are found in $64.4 \%$ against $61.2 \%$. One or more automobiles are owned by $75.8 \%$ of all households, an increase from last year's $75.1 \%$, while two are owned by $15.0 \%$, a rise from 1966's $14.1 \%$.

| $\frac{17}{17}$ | $1967$ <br> Number of households | (May) <br> \% of total households | 1966 <br> Number of households | (May) <br> \% of total households |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (000's) |  | (000's) |  |
| Total households | 5,034 | 100.0 | 4,938 | 100.0 |
| Principal heating Eacilities |  |  |  |  |
| Furnaces | 3,888 | 77.2 | 3,752 | 76.0 |
| 011 | 2,368 | 47.0 | 2,260 | 45.8 |
| Gas | 1,290 | 25.6 | 1.197 | 24.2 |
| Coal or coke | 141 | 2.8 | 185 | 3.7 |
| Wood . | 85 | 1.7 | 102 | 2.1 |
| Other equipment | 1,146 | 22.8 | 1,186 | 24.0 |
| O11......... | 627 | 12.5 | 654 | 13.2 |
| Gas | 177 | 3.5 | 169 | 3.4 |
| Coal or coke | 57 | 1.1 | 68 | 1.4 |
| Wood ..... | 171 | 3.4 | 211 | 4.3 |
| Electricity.... | 113 | 2.2 | 82 | 1.7 |
| Cooking equipment |  |  |  |  |
| Electric........ | 3,673 | 73.0 | 3.492 | 70.7 |
| Plped gas | 678 | 13.5 | 693 | 14.0 |
| Bottled gas | 151 | 3.0 | 158 | 3.2 |
| Wood or coal | 320 | 6.4 | 391 | 7.9 |
| Kerosene or oll | 190 | 3.8 | 183 | 3.7 |
| Fuel used for hot water supply |  |  |  |  |
| Electricity............. | 2,623 | 52.1 | 2,538 | 51.4 |
| Piped gas | 1,283 | 25.5 | 1,210 | 24.5 |
| Coal or coke | 63 | 1.3 | 77 | 1.6 |
| 011 | 411 | 8.2 | 387 | 7.8 |
| Other (mostly wood \& bottled gas) | 138 | 2.7 | 152 | 3.1 |
| Refrigerators and home freezers |  |  |  |  |
| Electric refrigerators ......... | 4,893 | 97.2 | 4,763 | 96.5 |
| Home freezers .................... | 1,400 | 27.8 | 1,225 | 24.8 |
| Automatic dishwashers. | 220 | 4.4 | 156 | 3.2 |
| Washing machines |  |  |  |  |
| Automatic... | 1,510 | 30.0 | 1. 266 | 25.6 |
| Other electric | 2,778 | 55.2 | 2,936 | 59.5 |
| Clothes dryers. | 1,736 | 34.5 | 1,485 | 30.1 |
| Vacuum cleaners | 3,945 | 78.4 | (2) | (2) |
| Sewing machines | 3,558 | 70.7 | (2) | (2) |
| Electric.... | 2,802 | 55.7 | (2) | (2) |
| Foot-treadle and hand-operated | 756 | 15.0 | (2) | (2) |
| Window-type air conditioners ... | 160 | 3.2 | 130 | 2.6 |
| Telephones ................. | 4,615 | 91.7 | 4,464 | 90.4 |
| Radios |  |  |  |  |
| All types, except car | 4,867 | 96.7 | 4,763 | 96.5 |
| F.M. recelvers, except car | 1,728 | 34.3 | 1,404 | 28.4 |
| T.V. sets (1) | 4,759 | 94.5 | 4,635 | 93.9 |
| Phonographs and record players.. | 3,240 | 64.4 | 3,024 | 61.2 |
| Cabinet model | 1,837 | 36.5 | 1,678 | 34.0 |
| Table model ..................... | 256 | 5.1 | 267 | 5.4 |
| Portable ......... | .. 1,147 | 22.8 | 1,079 | 21.9 |
| Automobiles | 3,814 | 75.8 | 3,709 | 75.1 |
| One automobile... | 3,060 | 60.8 | 3,011 | 61.0 |
| Two or more automobiles... | 754 | 15.0 | -698 | 14.1 |

(1) Included are 101,000 households with colour T.V. sets in May 1967 and 35,000 in

May 1966. (2) Data not collected in 1966.

In 31 manufacturing industries, industry selling price indexes ( $1956=100$ ) were higher in September, 7 more than the 24 increases recorded in the July-August period. Industry indexes which decilned numbered 19 in September, 1 more than the 18 decreases recorded in the previous month. Of the 102 industry indexes, 52 remained the same in September, 8 less than in August when 60 were unchanged. The average level of the 102 industry indexes rose slightly to 115.4 from the August average of 115.3 . The median moved lower to 114.9 from the August median of 115.1 .
*9. General Wholesale Index The general wholesale index ( $1935-39=100$ ) moved up sifghtly in September to 264.7 from the August Index of 264.6 , and was $1.5 \%$ higher than the September 1966 index of 260.7 . Five of the eight major group indexes increased while three declined.

Non-ferrous metals products group index rose $1.9 \%$ in September to 244.6 from the August index of 240.0 in response to higher prices for nickel. The chemical products group index moved up $0.7 \%$ to 213.8 from 212.3 reflecting price increases for paint and paint materials, and organic chemicals. An advance of $0.4 \%$ to 295.4 from 294.1 occurred in the animal products group index as a result of price increases for fishery products, livestock, fresh meats and milk. The wood products group index rose $0.4 \%$ to 349.3 from 348.0 on higher prices for cedar, and pine lumber. An increase of $0.1 \%$ occurred in the 1 ron products group Index to 274.3 from 273.9.

The vegetable products group index moved $1.4 \%$ lower in September to 228.0 from the August index of 231.2 on price decreases for grains, potatoes, and milled cereal foods. A decline of $0.5 \%$ in the textile products group index to 251.6 from 252.9 reflected lower prices for cotton fabrics, domestic and imported raw wool, and worsted and wool cloth. The non-metallic minerals products group index moved down slightly to 200.0 from 200.1.
*3. Building Materials Price Indexes \& Selected Components

|  | Wt. | Sept. 67 | Aug. 67 | Sept. 66 | Aug. 66 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential 1935-39=100 | 100 | 367.4 | 366.5 | 357.9 | 356.7 |
| Lumber \& Lumber Products | 43 | 547.3 | 545.2 | 532.1 | 529.4 |
| Flumbing \& Heating Equipment | 18 | 254.2 | 264.2 | 257.5 | 257.5 |
| Wallboard \& Insulation ...... | 11 | 170.0 | 170.0 | 166.6 | 166.6 |
| Concrete Products | 8 | 182.3 | 182.3 | 177.7 | 177.4 |
| Other | 20 | 251.2 | 260.8 | 255.8 | 255.8 |
| Residential 1949=100 | 100 | 161.1 | 100.7 | 157.0 | 156.4 |
| Non-residential 1949=100 | 100 | 154.2 | 154.2 | 151.9 | 151.9 |
| Steel \& Metal Work | 20 | 177.7 | 177.7 | 130.9 | 180.9 |
| Plumbing, Heating \& Other Equid | 21 | 145.5 | 145.7 | 142.2 | 142.5 |
| klectrical Equipment | 12 | 129.8 | 130.6 | 129.5 | 129.3 |
| Concrete Products. | 11 | 143.4 | 143.4 | 140.4 | 140.1 |
| Lumber \& Lumber Products | 10 | 170.6 | 168.7 | 162.7 | 161.9 |
| Other ............... | 26 | 152.1 | 152.0 | 147.9 | 148.1 |


| Number |
| :--- |
| Stocks |
| Priced |$\quad$ Oct. $19 / 67$ Oct. $12 / 67$

This week Sept. $21 / 67$
Week ago Month ago

(1) Composed of Banks, and Investment and loan.

BUSINESS
9. Cheques Value of cheques cashed in 51 clearing centres in July totalled $\$ 45,088,495,000,4.9 \%$ above last year's corresponding total of $\$ 42,987,017,000$. Clearings in the Atlantic Provinces were up $14.8 \%$; British Columbia, $5.2 \%$; Prairie Provinces, $5.0 \%$; Ontario, $4.6 \%$; and Quebec, $4.4 \%$. Value of cheques cleared during the January-July period at $\$ 339,189,814,000$ was $11.7 \%$ higher than last year's $\$ 303,633,628,000$ total.

MERCHANDISING
7. Department Store Sales Department store sales during September rose $7.3 \%$ over the corresponding 1966 month with regional changes as follows: Atlantic Provinces, $+4.5 \%$; Quebec, $-0.5 \%$; Ontario, $+7.4 \%$; Mant toba, $+6.9 \%$; Saskatchewan, $+9.7 \%$; Alberta, $+16.2 \%$; British Columbia, $+9.7 \%$.
7. Radio and Television Sets

Sales of domestic radio receiving sets during July totalled 61,042 units and during the January-July period numbered 729,011 units. Total sales of television receiving sets numbered 34,147 during the month and 298,548 during the seven-month period.
2. Department ofore Sales Department store sales by regions in the week ending October 7 were up $9.7 \%$ over the same week last year with regional changes as follows: Atlantic Provinces, $+5.1 \%$; Quebec, $-0.4 \%$; Ontario, $+10.2 \%$; Manitoba, $+1.3 \%$; Saskatchewan, $+5.4 \%$; Alberta, $+19.8 \%$; British Columbia, $+20.4 \%$.
6. Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers Sales of paints, varnishes and lacquers totalled $\$ 18,357,648$ in August, a rise from the 1966 month total of $\$ 17,115,547$. During the January-August period sales increased to $\$ 137,810,707$ this year from $\$ 131,393,520$ last year.

## C ONSTRUCCTION

Building Permits
Building permits for 16,573 units were issued during July, a rise over the July 1966 total of 11,327 . Value of residential and non-residential construction during the month totalled $\$ 344,203,000$, up from the 1966 month total of $\$ 332,509,000$. During the seven-month period permits increased to 97,008 from 75,776 last year and the value of residential and nonresidential construction was up to $\$ 2,236,571,000$ from $\$ 2,094,930,000$.

Fish Freezings and Stocks - Canada Summary
September
September 30
Freezings Stocks

|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1966 | 1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | thousand pounds |  |  |  |
| Halibut Pacific - |  |  |  |  |
| dressed | 164 | 1,368 | 11,468 | (2) |
| fillets | (2) | 23 | 341 | 374 |
| steaks | (2) | (2) | 22 | (2) |
| Salmon Pacific | 3,188 | 4,003 | 13,473 | 12,506 |
| Fillets - |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Cod | 2,471 | 1,563 | 5,073 | 3,448 |
| Haddock | 1,476 | 1,071 | 2,674 | (2) |
| Ocean Perch | 5,719 | 8,014 | 7,059 | 7,831 |
| Soles(1) | 4,301 | 3,510 | 4,524 | 7,641 |
| Blocks and slabs | 8,801 | 9,022 | 32,019 | 19,283 |
| Fish sticks | 388 | 281 | 500 | 443 |
| Portions | 375 | (2) | 697 | 934 |
| Scallops | 1,022 | (2) | 1,928 | (2) |
| Other frozen fish and shellfish | 6,440 | 6,515 | 22,453 | 39,293 |
| Total frozen fresh | 34,345 | 35,370 | 102,231 | 91,753 |
| Total smoked | 339 | 327 | 1,960 | 1,657 |
| Total bait and animal feed | 5,698 | 6,476 | 18,393 | 17,793 |
| Total | 40,382 | 42,173 | 122,584 | 111,203 |

(1) Including all small flatfish.
(2) Confidential figures, included with "Other"

## *3. Fish Freezings and Stocks




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|  | September <br> Freezings |  | September 30 Stocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1966 | 1967 | 1966 | 1967 |
|  | thousand pounds |  |  |  |
| Halibut Pacific - |  |  |  |  |
| dressed | 164 | 1,368 | 10,811 | 11,391 |
| fillets .. | (2) | 23 | 254 | 301 |
| steaks | (2) | (2) | 14 | 53 |
| Salmon Pacific | 3,188 | 4,003 | 12,288 | 11,909 |
| Fillet - |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Cod | - | 88 | - | 249 |
| Haddock | - | - | (2) | (2) |
| Ocean Perch | - | - | - | - |
| Soles(1) ......................... | 247 | 90 | 507 | 616 |
| Blocks and slabs | 170 | 191 | 2,640 | 466 |
| Fish sticks | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Portions ............................ | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Scallops ............................. | - | - | 19 | (2) |
| Other frozen fish and shellfish ..... | 752 | 977 | 6,102 | 5,856 |
| Total frozen fresh .... | 4,521 | 6,740 | 32,635 | 30,841 |
| Total smoked ......................... | 76 | 70 | 106 | 146 |
| Total bait and animal feed ......... | 1,270 | 917 | 1,548 | 2,328 |
| Total........................... | 5,867 | 7,727 | 34,289 | 33,315 |

(1) Including all small flatfish.
(2) Confidential figures, included with "Other"

* 1. Tobacco Consumption Production of tobacco products during September as indicated by the sale of excise duty stamps showed a $10.7 \%$ decline in cigarette consumption to $3,848,156,175$ from $4,308,164,270$ in September 1966 while cigar consumption rose $12 \%$ to $42,086,085$ from $37,544,835$. Other tobacco products entered for consumption were as follows: cut tobacco, $1,313,151$ pounds (1,552,444 in September 1966); plug tobacco, 52,935 pounds (80,305) snuff, 82,056 pounds $(78,033)$ and Canadian raw leaf tobacco, 53,830 pounds ( 64,600 ). Cigarettes released for export during the month numbered $26,735,200$ and for ships' stores, 13,105,000.


## 2. Farm Wages Averages wages of male farm help per hour as of August 15 in

 Canada (excluding Newfoundland) were $\$ 1.18$ with board and $\$ 1.38$ without board. Corresponding 1966 hourly wages were $\$ 1.10$ with board and $\$ 1.27$ without board.10. FluidMilk Sales Sales of standard, special and two per cent milk, excluding skim milk, buttermilk and chocolate drink, totalled $130,104,000$ quarts in August, $3 \%$ higher than the corresponding 1966 total and during the January-August perlod totalled $1,030,290,000$ quarts, $1 \%$ higher than that of last year.

* 4. Process Cheese Production of cheddar base and other hard or cream cheese base during September totalled $8,754,209$ pounds, up $24.1 \%$ from September $1966^{\prime}$ s total of $7,055,561$. During the nine-month period output rose $6.5 \%$ t. $64,618,458$ pounds from $60,699,507$. Stocks on hand at September totalled $5,276,242$ pounds, up $26.0 \%$ from last year's $4,187,842$ pounds total.


6. Milk Production Production of milk in September is estimated at $1,712,000,000$ pounds, $1.5 \%$ below production in the corresponding month last year. This brings the total estimated production for the nine-month period to $14,213,000,000$ pounds or $1.3 \%$ below that for last year's same period. Revised figures for August place the month's output at $1,882,045$ pounds against $1,878,167$.

## 8. Coarse Grains Total supplies of Canadian feed grains rose $9 \%$ in 1966-67 due

 to higher levels in production of most of the feed grains, barley, rye, corn, buckwheat and mixed grains, as well as larger carryover stocks of barley and rye.RELEASEDTHIS WEEK

Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles. Starres items are releases for which no corresponding publications was issued this week.

1. Trade of Canada: Summary of Imports, June 1967, (65-005), 20c/\$2.00
2. International Toll Bridges, Tunnels and Ferries, 1966, (53-202), 50c
*3. Census of Canada: The Canadian Labour Force, 1961 (99-522)
3. Gypsum Products, August 1967, (44-003), 10c/\$1.00
*5. Sawmills East of the Rockies, August 1967
*6. Samills in British Columbia, August 1967
*7. Shipments of Rubber Footwear, 1966
*8. Industry and Production Notes, 1966: Rubber Footwear Manufacturers
*9. Shipments of Selected Items, Quarter Ended June 30, 1967
*10. Veneers and Plywoods, August 1967
4. Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, July 1967, (33-003), 20¢/\$2.00
*12. Summary of Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, August 1967
5. Concrete Products, August 1967, (44-002), 10,/\$1.00
6. Cement, August 1967, (44-001), 104/\$1.00
7. Asphalt Roofing, August 1967, (45-001), 10c/\$1.00
8. Salt, August 1967, (26-009), $10 c / \$ 1.00$
*17. Steel Ingots, October 23, 1967
*18. Rallway Operating Statistics, July 1967
*19. Household Facilities and Equipment, 1967
*20. Industry Selling Price Indexes, September 1967
*21. General Wholesale Index, September 1967
*22. Building Materials Price Indexes \& Selected Components, September 1967
*23. Weekly Security Prices Indexes, October 19, 1967
9. Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, July 1967, (61-001), 206/\$2.00
10. Department Store Sales by Regions, September 1967, (63-004), \$2.00 a year
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14. Building Permits, July 1967, $(64-001), 30</ \$ 3.00$
*30. Fish Freezings and Stocks, Canada Summary, September 1967
*31. Ontario and Prairie Provinces, Preliminary Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1967
*32. Fish Freezings and Stocks, Preliminary Quebec and Maritimes, September 1967
*33. British Columbia Preliminary Fish Freezings and Stocks, September 1967
*34. Tobacco Consumption, September 1967
15. Farm Wages in Canada, August 1967, (21-002), 25c/\$754
16. Fluid Milk Sales, August 1967, (23-002), 10y/\$1.00
*37. Process Cheese, September 1967
*38. Fish Landings for Maritimes, September 1967
17. The Dairy Review, September 1967, (23-001), 20¢/\$2.00
18. Coarse Grains Quarterly, August 1967, (22-001), \$2.00 a year
-- Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, June 1967,
(31-001), 30c/\$3.00
-- Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, July 1967, (72-003), 30c/\$3.00
-- Service Bulletin: Food and Beverage Processing, October 19, 1967,
(IND-SB-1 57 ), $\$ 5.00$ a year
-- Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, July 1967, (35-001), 10c/\$1.00
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Areas, 1962-1964
-- Preliminary Report on Coal Production, September 1967, (26-002), $106 / \$ 1.00$
-- 0118 and Fats, May 1967, (32-006), $106 / \$ 1.00$
-- Lime Manufacturers, 1965, (44-209), 50c
-- Trade of Canada: Imports by Commodities, June 1967, (65-007), 75¢/\$7.50
-- Service Bulletin: Energy Statistics, Wednesday, October 25, 1967, (IND-SB-2-25), \$5.00 a year
-- Grain Statistics Weekly, October 4, 1967, (22-004), \$3.00 a year
-- Canadian Pacific Rallway Company, 1923-1966, (52-202), 506
-- Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawills in British Columbia, July 1967, (35-003), 20c/\$2.00
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