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External Trade: Canadian commodity exports rose 12.5% in July to \$937,193,000 from \$833,191,000 in the 1966 month and during the cumulative period increased to \$6,416,169,000 from \$5,525,240,000 in 1966. Corresponding 1965 values were \$770,355,000 during the month and \$4,671,559,000 in the seven-month period. (Page 2)

Construction: Starts during August in centres of 10,000 population and over increased by more than half to 13,343 from 8,477 in August 1966, and during the cumulative period rose to 84,578 this year from 65,570. (Page 2)

Labour: Estimated number of employees in the commercial non-agricultural sector in the last week of August was 4,768,800, an increase of 8,400 or 0.2% compared to the last week in July. Paid workers in Canada received an estimated \$2,638,000,000 in August in the form of salaries and wages, an 0.9% increase from the preceding month total of \$2,615,000,000. (Page 3)

Tuberculosis: New reported tuberculosis cases in July numbered 532 as compared to 392 in the 1966 month. (Page 4)

Travel: A total of 1,267,741 entries of vehicles registered in other countries was recorded in September, an 18.8% rise over the September 1966 total of 1,067,360. (Page 4)

Transportation: Total intercity passenger-miles in 1966 numbered 65,854,000,000, an increase of 4.9% over the previous year's total of 62,804,000,000. Revenue freight carloadings during the seven-day period ending October 21 were down 12.7% to 77,429 from the same period in 1966. (Page 4)

Census: Total population on all census-farms located in both urban and rural areas, declined to 1,960,365 in 1966 from 2,128,400 in 1966. (Page 6)

Hospitals: Volume and types of services provided for patients by general and allied special hospitals are dealt with in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Hospital Statistics, Volume II: Hospital Services 1965". Public hospitals in Canada reported assets of \$2,032,000,000 in 1965, comprising \$161,000,000 in revenue fund, \$1,790,000,000 in plant fund and \$81,000,000 endowment fund. (Page 7)

Manufacturing: Production of pulpwood and wood residue during June dropped 17% to 1,589,033 cunits from 1,907,304 in the 1966 month. Steel ingot production during the week ending November 4 totalled 196,025 tons, a 3.5% increase over the preceding week's total of 189,313 tons. (Page 7)

Agriculture & Food: Production of refined beet and cane sugar during September totalled 170,015,000 pounds, down from the corresponding 1966 total of 174,639,000. (Page 9)

1. Commodity Exports Canadian commodity exports rose 12.5% in July to \$937,193,000 from \$833,191,000 in the 1966 month and during the cumulative period increased to \$6,416,169,000 from \$5,525,240,000 in 1966. Corresponding 1965 values were \$770,355,000 during the month and \$4,671,559,000 in the seven-month period.

Largest buyers of Canadian goods during July were the United States, United Kingdom, Japan, Netherlands, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of South Africa, Communist China, Australia, Italy and India.

Goods in greatest demand included wheat, newsprint paper, passenger automobiles and chassis, soft wood lumber, iron ores and concentrates, wood pulp and similar pulp, other motor vehicles, crude petroleum, copper and alloys, and aluminum, including alloys.

Summary of Exports

	July		January-July	
	1966	1967	1966	1967
	Thousands of dollars			
Total	833,191	937,193	5,525,240	6,416,169
By Country				
United States	485,094	577,720	3,336,610	3,980,059
United Kingdom	90,590	90,383	640,927	679,386
Japan	36,552	50,140	212,047	341,619
Netherlands	11,478	19,854	75,093	96,800
Germany, Federal Republic	13,708	14,413	95,371	91,511
Republic of South Africa	2,875	12,941	37,127	54,181
China, Communist	11,992	12,368	80,189	83,166
Australia	10,150	11,398	62,718	90,103
Italy	6,481	10,650	61,353	78,581
India	14,440	10,538	44,579	108,912
By Commodity				
Wheat	110,350	91,438	527,645	515,333
Newsprint Paper	77,361	77,132	540,447	550,361
Passenger automobiles and chassis	21,708	63,168	205,156	501,883
Lumber, softwood	43,522	49,073	281,009	273,538
Iron ores and concentrates	30,948	47,956	162,684	182,631
Wood pulp and similar pulp	43,981	43,342	298,407	318,346
Other motor vehicles	17,017	36,508	88,059	187,052
Crude petroleum	27,365	34,023	180,379	213,788
Copper and alloys	24,419	23,782	148,655	182,322
Aluminum, including alloys	25,215	22,797	216,216	229,837

CONSTRUCTION

2. New Residential Construction Starts during August in centres of 10,000 population and over increased by more than half to 13,343 from 8,477 in August 1966 and during the cumulative period rose to 84,578 this year from 65,570. Completions during August numbered 10,728 and during January-August totalled 73,855. During the eight-month period of 1966 completions numbered 93,965. Units under construction at August 31 numbered 81,652 as compared to 69,960 at the same date in 1966.

*3. Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry Estimated number of employees in the commercial non-agricultural sector in the last week of August 1967 was 4,768,800, an increase of 8,400 or 0.2% compared to the last week in July, according to an advance summary to be contained in the August 1967 issue of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report "Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry". Losses in trade and service and some other industries were more than offset by gains in manufacturing, mainly caused by seasonal activity in fruit and vegetable canning and in the motor vehicle industry. Gains were recorded in the industry totals in Newfoundland, Quebec and Ontario. From August 1966 to August 1967 employment rose by 55,000 or 1.2%. All industries except forestry, manufacturing and construction and all provinces but Newfoundland and Nova Scotia reported gains.

*4. Advance Statement on Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries The August unadjusted composite index of employment (1961 = 100) increased to 126.7 from 125.8 in July and was 0.8% higher than in August of last year. Seasonally-adjusted, the index at 121.8 was 0.6% lower than last month.

Seasonally-adjusted employment indexes. All industry divisions showed decreases from July except mining, where a 0.6% increase was recorded, and forestry, where there was no change. The largest decrease occurred in service (1.9%), transportation, communication and other utilities (0.8%) and construction (0.7%). All regions showed decreases except the Prairie Region, where a slight increase was recorded.

Average Weekly Wages and Salaries. At the composite level, average weekly wages and salaries at \$103.43 were virtually unchanged from July and \$8.91 higher than in August of last year. Most industry divisions showed little change over July, the largest changes being a decrease of \$1.56 in forestry and an increase of \$1.21 in mining. Changes among the regions were negligible.

*5. Estimates of Labour Income Paid workers in Canada received an estimated \$2,638,000,000 in August in the form of salaries and wages, an 0.9% increase from the preceding month total of \$2,615,000,000 and a 9.3% rise from the corresponding 1966 month total of \$2,413,000,000, according to information that will be contained in the August issue of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Estimates of Labour Income."

This placed the total for the January-August period at \$20,150,000,000, up 10.0% from the previous year's \$18,312,000,000.

	Estimates of Labour Income						
	Unadjusted			Seasonally Adjusted			
	August 1967	July 1967	August 1966	January to August 1967	August 1966	August 1967	July 1967
	Millions of Dollars						
Nfld	41	41	40	300	291	38	38
P.E.I.	8	8	7	54	48	7	7
N.S.	67	67	62	517	475	67	66
N.B.	55	56	51	414	387	53	54
Que.	707	695	642	5,388	4,881	695	693
Ont.	1,076	1,065	992	8,323	7,574	1,068	1,064
Man.	113	113	100	854	762	110	110
Sask.	85	84	78	627	571	82	81
Alta.	181	180	163	1,360	1,220	175	173
B.C.	296	299	273	2,254	2,051	285	286
Canada	2,638	2,615	2,413	20,150	18,312	2,590	2,577

*6. Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings Average weekly wages in manufacturing increased slightly from July to \$97.14 in August, according to data that will be published shortly in the monthly Dominion Bureau of Statistics report "Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings". This was the result of a 0.2 hour increase in average weekly hours; average hourly earnings showed no change at \$2.40. Compared with August 1966, average weekly hours were 0.7 hours lower and average hourly earnings 16 cents higher.

In construction, average weekly wages increased slightly from July to \$133.10 in August as a result of a 0.2 hour increase in average weekly hours; average hourly earnings were unchanged at \$3.08. In the year-over-year comparison, average weekly hours were 1.1 hours lower and average hourly earnings 34 cents higher.

	Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings			Average Weekly Wages		
	Aug. 1967	July 1967	Aug. 1966	Aug. 1967	July 1967	Aug. 1966	Aug. 1967	July 1967	Aug. 1966
	(number)			(dollars)			(dollars)		
Manufacturing	40.4	40.2	41.1	2.40	2.40	2.24	97.14	96.47	91.95
Durables	40.9	40.6	41.5	2.60	2.58	2.43	106.13	104.74	101.04
Non-durables	40.0	39.9	40.6	2.21	2.22	2.05	88.42	88.44	83.15
Mining	41.6	40.9	42.0	2.85	2.87	2.58	118.60	117.45	108.29
Construction	43.2	43.0	44.3	3.08	3.08	2.74	133.10	132.33	121.55
Building	40.6	40.3	41.5	3.15	3.14	2.85	127.97	126.59	118.22
Engineering	47.7	47.8	49.0	2.98	2.98	2.69	141.83	142.17	131.92

The index number (1961 = 100) of average hourly earnings in electrical industrial equipment in August was 123.8

T U B E R C U L O S I S

7. Tuberculosis New reported tuberculosis cases in July numbered 532 as compared to 392 in the 1966 month. Of these 439 were new active (325 in July 1966) and 93 reactivated (67). During the January-July period new reported cases numbered 2,631 (2,611) with 2,244 being new active (2,216) and 387 reactivated (395).

T R A V E L

8. Non-Resident Vehicles Entering Canada A total of 1,267,741 entries of vehicles registered in other countries was recorded in September, an 18.8% rise over the September 1966 total of 1,067,360. Substantial increases are reported for Quebec (129.9%) and Manitoba (39.4%) while Ontario, after declines in July and August, registered an increase of 7.3%. Cumulative data for the January-September period shows a total of 10,066,300 entries, 12.5% higher than 1966's 8,949,491.

T R A N S P O R T A T I O N

*9. Inter-City Passenger Miles by Mode of Transport Total intercity passenger-miles in 1966 numbered 65,854,000,000, an increase of 4.9% over the previous year's total of 62,804,000,000. Percentage increases in passenger-miles performed by each mode of transport are as follows: passenger automobiles, 3.9%; intercity bus, 11.2% and air 19.7%. Rail passenger-miles showed a decrease of 2.9%.

The following table presents estimates of passenger miles performed by passenger automobile, intercity bus, air and rail for the eighteen-year period from 1949 to 1966 inclusive.

Intercity Passenger-Miles Performed In Canada By Type Of Carrier, 1949-1965

<u>Year</u>	<u>Passenger Automobiles</u>	<u>Intercity Bus</u>	<u>Total Motor Vehicles</u>	<u>Air (1)</u>	<u>Rail (2)</u>	<u>Grand Total</u>
<u>Millions of Passenger Miles</u>						
1949 ...	15,695	3,327	19,022	385	3,193	22,600
1950 ...	17,364	3,386	20,750	445	2,816	24,011
1951 ...	20,521	3,459	23,980	555	3,110	27,645
1952 ...	23,699	3,258	26,957	679	3,151	30,787
1953 ...	26,180	3,217	29,397	787	2,986	33,170
1954 ...	27,842	2,857	30,699	862	2,863	34,424
1955 ...	30,227	2,801	33,028	995	2,892	36,915
1956 ...	33,250	2,725	35,975	1,240	2,908	40,123
1957 ...	34,347	2,593	36,940	1,405	2,925	41,270
1958 ...	36,522	2,446	38,968	1,585	2,486	43,039
1959 ...	39,095	2,532	41,627	1,886	2,446	45,959
1960 ...	41,351	2,593	43,944	2,143	2,264	48,351
1961 ...	42,990	2,654	45,644	2,519	1,961	50,124
1962 ...	44,845	2,713	47,558	2,708	2,019	52,285
1963 ...	47,180	2,862	50,042	2,826	2,070	54,938
1964 ...	49,679	2,886	52,565	3,109	2,681	58,355
1965 ...	53,438	3,147	56,585	3,555	2,664	62,804
1966 ...	55,510	3,501	59,011	4,256	2,587	65,854

Percentage Distribution

1949 ...	69.5	14.7	84.2	1.7	14.1	100.0
1950 ...	72.3	14.1	86.4	1.9	11.7	100.0
1951 ...	74.2	12.5	86.7	2.0	11.3	100.0
1952 ...	77.0	10.6	87.6	2.2	10.2	100.0
1953 ...	78.9	9.7	88.6	2.4	9.0	100.0
1954 ...	80.9	8.3	89.2	2.5	8.3	100.0
1955 ...	81.9	7.6	89.5	2.7	7.8	100.0
1956 ...	82.9	6.8	89.7	3.1	7.2	100.0
1957 ...	83.2	6.3	89.5	3.4	7.1	100.0
1958 ...	84.8	5.7	90.5	3.7	5.8	100.0
1959 ...	85.1	5.5	90.6	4.1	5.3	100.0
1960 ...	85.5	5.4	90.9	4.4	4.7	100.0
1961 ...	85.8	5.3	91.1	5.0	3.9	100.0
1962 ...	85.8	5.2	91.0	5.2	3.8	100.0
1963 ...	85.9	5.2	91.1	5.1	3.8	100.0
1964 ...	85.1	5.0	90.1	5.3	4.6	100.0
1965 ...	85.1	5.0	90.1	5.7	4.2	100.0
1966 ...	84.3	5.3	89.6	6.5	3.9	100.0

(1) Includes passenger-miles performed by foreign carriers licenced to operate in Canada.

(2) Includes railway commuter services, which accounts for approx. 5% of total rail passenger-miles

10. Carloadings Revenue freight carloadings during the seven day period ending October 21 were down 12.7% to 77,429 from the same period of 1966. During the year-to-date carloadings decreased 5.5% to 3,090,449 from the preceding 1966 period. Piggyback loadings dropped 1.1% to 3,672 during the current period and 6.2% to 143,419 during the cumulative period.

Receipts from Canadian and United States rail connections were down 4.5% to 23,137 cars during the seven day period and 0.7% to 1,002,306 in the year-to-date. Commodities contributing to the decline in loadings during the current period were: wheat, 2,909 (8,780 in 1966); "other" agricultural products, 1,103 (1,802); building sand, gravel and crushed stone, 3,115 (4,201) and miscellaneous carload commodities, 8,023 (9,267).

11. Urban Transit Initial passenger fares, excluding transfers, collected by urban transit systems during August rose to 94,126,488, a rise of 19.6% from the 78,673,086 reported in the 1966 month. Total operating revenues rose to \$19,562,645, a rise of 46.3% from the \$13,370,375 reported in August 1966.

C E N S U S

12. Population on Census-farms; Tenure Age and Residence of Operators, Part-time Operators for Provinces and Counties Total population on all census-farms located in both urban and rural areas, declined to 1,960,365 in 1966 from 2,128,400 in 1961 according to a 1966

Census of Agriculture report released today by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Information on tenure, age and residence of census-farm operators, the number of part-time operators and a distribution of census-farm operators by the number of days of off-farm work is included in the report. These data are reported for the counties or census divisions of Canada's ten provinces.

Of Canada's 430,522 census-farms only 4.6% were classed as tenant farms in 1966 against 5.8% in 1961, while 94.8% were fully or partly owned by their operators in 1966 compared with 93.7% in 1961. Hired managers operate one-half of 1% of Canadian farms. Non-resident operators (farmers who do not live on their farms) of farms increased slightly from 7.7% in 1961 to 8.2% in 1966. Most of these are found in the Prairie Provinces where 14.3% of the operators were classed as non-resident in 1966.

Median age of farmers increased to 49 years in 1966 compared with 48 years in 1961 and 46 years in 1951. This resulted from a decrease in operators under 45 years of age, an increase in operators in the 45 to 65 year age group and a maintenance of the percentage of operators that were older than 65 years of age. Operators under 45 years of age comprised 39.1% of the total; 49.2% were in the 45 to 65 year age group and 11.7% in the 65 year and over group in 1966.

In 1966, 38.5% of the operators reported working off their farms compared with 32.0% in 1961. Census-farm operators reporting \$750.00 or more income from off-farm work or 75 or more days of off-farm work were classified as part-time operators in the 1966 Census of Agriculture. Of all the census-farms enumerated 30.1% were classed as part-time operators. The frequency of occurrence of part-time operators varied with provinces. Only 19.1% of the operators of farms in Saskatchewan were classed as part-time operators compared with 50.0% in Newfoundland, 32.7% in Prince Edward Island, 42.2% in Nova Scotia, 41.3% in New Brunswick, 34.0% in Quebec, 35.3% in Ontario, 22.6% in Manitoba, 26.4% in Alberta and 48.4% in British Columbia.

13. Hospital Services Volume and types of services provided for patients by general and allied special hospitals are dealt with in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Hospital Statistics, Volume II: Hospital Services, 1965". Service departments such as laboratory, radiology, surgery and obstetrics are discussed in some detail.

More than 151,400,000 units of laboratory work were reported for patients in 1965. This amounted to 4.4 units per patient day as against 3.9 in 1964. In 1965 7,700,000 radiology examinations were reported and more than 18,900,000 films taken. There were more than 2,500,000 operations reported or 45.3 operations per 100 adult and child admissions. The number of obstetrical patients delivered fell by 6.7% to 404,375. Hospital deaths (81,041) accounted for 76.6% of the 36,558 autopsies reported and autopsies were performed on 34.5% of all hospital deaths.

14. Hospital Statistics Public hospitals in Canada reported assets of \$2,032,000,000 in 1965, comprising \$161,000,000 in revenue fund, \$1,790,000,000 in plant fund and \$81,000,000 endowment fund. Current and long-term liabilities amounted to \$710,000,000, exclusive of balance of fund (capital) of \$1,322,000,000. Main items of revenue fund were accounts and notes receivable of 38% (37.6 in 1964) and inventory of supplies of 22.4% (21.3%). The majority of plant fund assets were in the form of buildings and building service equipment, amounting to 65.8% (66.6%). Inventory of supplies per rated bed climbed by 6.1% to \$346 and buildings and service equipment advanced by 6.0% to \$14,184.

MANUFACTURING

*15. Industry & Production Notes, 1966 The following summarized statistics for the candle manufacturers industry will appear later in detail in a regular publication of the Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Concepts and definitions employed together with an account of recent changes will also be included in the report.

Candle Manufacturers (Cat. 47-205): Factory shipments from the candle manufacturers industry increased in 1966 to \$3,834,000 from \$3,746,000 in 1965. Cost of materials, fuel and electricity rose in the year to \$1,718,000 from \$1,712,000 in the preceding year and value added by manufacturing activity (value of production less value of materials, fuel and electricity) to \$2,224,000 from \$2,011,000. Industry value added (manufacturing plus non-manufacturing activity) advanced from \$2,540,000 to \$2,646,000.

Eighteen establishments (18 in 1965) reported 325 employees (330), including 203 directly employed in manufacturing operations (200). Salaries and wages for all employees aggregated \$1,331,000 (\$1,331,000) with manufacturing employees accounting for \$688,000 (\$651,000). Paid man-hours in manufacturing operations numbered 449,000 versus 486,000 the previous year.

*16. Pulpwood and Wood Residue Production of pulpwood and wood residue during June dropped 17% to 1,589,033 cunits from 1,907,304 in the 1966 month according to information that will be contained in the June issue of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics report, "Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics". The amount consumed during the month was 1,331,691 cunits (6% above last year's 1,256,659), while closing inventory totalled 9,759,388 cunits (up 6% from 9,244,510). Receipts of wood residue rose 4% to 408,386 cunits from 390,832.

*17. Steel Ingot Production Steel ingot production during the week ending November 4 totalled 196,025 tons, a 3.5% increase over the preceding week's total of 189,313 tons. Output during the comparable week of 1966 was 184,205 tons. The index of production, based on the average weekly output during 1957-1959 of 96,108 equalling 100, was 204 in the current week, 197 a week earlier and 192 one year ago.

18. Mineral Wool Factory shipments of mineral wool during September were as follows: six-inch batts, 2,856,258 square feet; four-inch batts, 4,472,077 square feet; three-inch batts, 16,929,331 square feet; two-inch batts, 22,005,508 square feet; granulated wool, 759,061 cubic feet; bulk or loose wool, 189,874 cubic feet.

19. Radio and Television Sets Sales of domestic radio receiving sets totalled 142,326 in August and 871,337 in the January-August period. Television receiving set sales numbered 44,024 during the month and 342,572 during the eight-month period.

20. Iron Ore Producers' shipments of iron ore dropped in August to 4,578,106 tons from 4,980,711 in the 1966 month and during the cumulative period increased to 25,674,492 tons from 24,211,345. Stocks at the end of the period totalled 10,411,159 tons, up substantially from the corresponding 1966 total of 6,949,744.

MERCHANDISING

*21. Major Appliances - September 1967

	Total Canada Sales	Exports Number of units	Stocks at end of month
Refrigerators (domestic)	39,573	847	58,614
Home and farm freezers	21,515	620	13,672
Washing machines			
- Automatic	23,340	9	23,038
- Conventional	20,177	1,924	22,836
Clothes dryers			
- Electric	23,887	1	26,888
- Gas	1,776	-	4,933

22. New Motor Vehicle Sales New motor vehicle sales during the January-August period numbered 572,759, up 0.4% from the 1966 total of 570,453. Commercial vehicle sales numbered 96,068 units, 2.0% higher than last year's 94,169 unit total and passenger vehicles numbered 476,691 units, 0.1% higher than 476,284 in the eight-month period last year.

23. Department Store Sales Department store sales during August were up 9.1% to \$181,967,000 from \$166,835,000 in the 1966 month with increases reported in all provinces except Newfoundland which was down 4.4%. Among the 29 specified categories aprons, housedresses and uniforms dropped 7.2% in the August period. This was the only decrease. Increases ranged from 0.6% in women's and misses' coats and suits to 29.0% in photographic equipment and supplies.

24. Department Store Sales Department store sales by regions during the week ending October 21 increased 1.4% over the corresponding 1966 week with regional changes as follows: Atlantic Provinces, +6.7%; Quebec, -3.7%; Ontario, -1.7%; Manitoba, +2.4%; Saskatchewan, -1.2%; Alberta, +7.3%; British Columbia, +6.6%.

25. November Forecast of Production of Canada's Principal Field Crops Based on conditions on or about October 15, the 1967 production of principal grain crops in Canada is estimated, in millions of bushels, as follows, with 1966 totals within brackets: winter wheat, 15.5 (15.2); spring wheat, 577.4 (812.1); all wheat, 592.9 (827.3); oats for grain, 304.2 (374.7); barley, 248.7 (301.2); fall rye, 12.2 (15.2); spring rye, 1.1 (2.0); all rye, 13.3 (17.2); flaxseed, 10.2 (22.0); mixed grains, 76.4 (81.4); corn for grain, 74.1 (66.3); buckwheat, 1.3 (1.2); dry peas, 1.1 (1.1); dry beans, 2.2 (2.9); soybeans, 8.1 (9.0); and rapeseed, 26.5 (25.8).

The estimated production of root and fodder crops in 1967, with 1966 totals within brackets, are as follows: potatoes, 44.4 (54.7) million cwts.; tame hay, 25.4 (26.0) million tons; fodder corn, 7.3 (6.6) million tons; field roots, 171 (195) thousand tons; and sugar beets, 1,067 (1,167) thousand tons.

26. Sugar Situation Production of refined beet and cane sugar during September totalled 170,015,000 pounds, down from the corresponding 1966 total of 174,639,000. Sales during the month dropped to 206,389,000 pounds from 210,777,000. During the cumulative period production increased to 1,330,491,000 pounds from 1,326,988,000 and sales rose to 1,577,614,000 pounds from 1,564,183,000. Meltings and sales of raw cane sugar moved upwards to 179,499,000 pounds in September from 176,177,000 and during the January-September period increased to 1,360,376,000 pounds from 1,348,526,000 last year.

27. Wheat Review Total exports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of wheat from the four traditional major exporters during August amounted to 119,500,000 bushels, a decrease of 31% from the previous peak of 174,100,000 bushels exported during the 1966 month, up 21% over the ten-year (1956-65) average shipments for same month of 99,100,000 bushels. Exports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of wheat were as follows: United States, 66,000,000 bushels (82,500,000 in the 1966 month); Canada, 28,100,000 (67,100,000); Argentina, 1,100,000 (9,500,000); Australia, 24,300,000 (15,000,000). Total supplies of wheat remaining in the four countries at September 1 for export and for carryover at the end of their respective crop years, with last year's comparable figures in brackets, were as follows: United States, 1,114,800,000 bushels (1,014,000,000); Canada, 981,900,000 (1,026,300,000); Argentina, 27,300,000 (25,400,000) and Australia, 162,300,000 (58,600,000).

*28. Dry Skim Milk Powder Production of dry skim milk powder in containers up to and including 24 pounds dropped 19.7% during September to 2,664,151 pounds from 3,316,606 in the 1966 month. During the nine month period production was up 6.8% to 29,677,595 pounds from 27,795,909. Stocks on hand at September 30 totalled 4,654,054 pounds, up 21.5% from last year's corresponding total of 3,829,792.

29. Composite Index of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers Canada's composite index of commodities and services used by farmers rose 0.7% in August to 326.1 from the April index of 323.8 and was 5.2% higher than the August 1966 index of 309.9. The composite index exclusive of the living component declined 0.1% to 367.1 from 367.5 in the April-August period and was 5.2% higher than the August 1966 index of 349.0.

1. Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds Shipments of prepared stock and poultry feeds during August were as follows: primary concentrates and premixes, 45,553 tons (44,607 in the 1966 month); secondary or complete feeds, 181,111 tons (158,262); and other animal feeds, 37,336 tons (39,359).

*2. Weekly Security Price Indexes

	Number Stocks Priced	Nov. 2/67 This week	Oct. 26/67 Week ago	Oct. 5/67 Month ago
(1956 = 100)				
Investors Price Index				
Total index	114	169.4	172.5	180.4
Industrials	80	179.2	182.8	191.5
Utilities	20	162.6	165.0	171.3
Finance(1)	14	130.0	131.5	137.7
Banks	6	129.7	131.3	138.4
Mining Stocks Price Index				
Total index	24	102.3	104.5	107.9
Golds	13	134.9	140.6	142.3
Base metals	11	84.5	84.7	89.1
Supplementary Indexes				
Uraniums.....	6	276.6	276.0	293.9
Primary oils and gas	6	188.3	196.9	213.1

(1) Composed of Banks, and Investment and loan.

R E L A S E D T H I S W E E K

Catalogue numbers and prices are shown following the titles. Starred items are releases for which no corresponding publications was issued this week.

1. Trade of Canada: Summary of Exports, July 1967, (65-002), 20¢/\$2.00
2. New Residential Construction, August 1967, (64-002), 30¢/\$3.00
- *3. Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, August 1967
- *4. Advance Statement of Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, August 1967
- *5. Estimates of Labour Income, August 1967
- *6. Man-Hours and Hourly Earnings, August 1967
7. Tuberculosis, July 1967, (82-001), 10¢/\$1.00
8. Non-Resident Vehicles Entering Canada, September 1967, (66-002), 10¢/\$1.00
- *9. Inter-City Passenger Miles by Mode of Transport, 1966
10. Carloadings, October 21, 1967, (52-001), \$3.00 a year
11. Urban Transit, August 1967, (53-003), 10¢/\$1.00
12. Census of Canada: Agriculture, Population on Census-Farms; Tenure, Age and Residence of Operators, Part-Time Operators for Provinces and Countries, 1966, (96-625), 75¢
13. Hospital Statistics: Volume II Hospital Services, 1965, (83-211), \$1.00
14. Hospital Statistics, Volume IV - Balance Sheets, 1965, (83-213), 75¢
- *15. Industry and Production Notes, 1966: Candle Manufacturers
- *16. Pulpwood and Wood Residue, June 1967
- *17. Steel Ingots, November 4, 1967
18. Mineral Wool, September 1967, (44-004), 10¢/\$1.00
19. Radio and Television Receiving Sets, August 1967, (43-004), 20¢/\$2.00
20. Iron Ore, August 1967, (26-005), 10¢/\$1.00

- *21. Major Appliances, September 1967
- 22. New Motor Vehicle Sales, August 1967, (63-007), 20¢/\$2.00
- 23. Department Store Sales and Stocks, August 1967, (63-002), 20¢/\$2.00
- 24. Department Store Sales by Regions, October 21, 1967, (63-003), \$2.00 a year
- 25. Crop Reporting Series, No. 20, November 1967, (22-002), \$4.00 for series of 20 reports.
- 26. The Sugar Situation, September 1967, (32-013), \$1.00 a year
- 27. The Wheat Review, September 1967, (22-005), \$3.00 a year
- *28. Dry Skim Milk Powder, September 1967
- 29. Price Index Numbers of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers, August 1967, (62-004), 75¢
- 30. Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, August 1967, (32-004), 30¢/\$3.00
- *31. Weekly Security Price Indexes, November 2
 - Oils and Fats, August 1967, (32-006), 10¢/\$1.00
 - Service Bulletin: Food and Beverage Processing, November 3, 1967, (IND-SB-1(58)), \$5.00 a year
 - Stocks of Canned Foods, June 1967, (32-011 Supplement), 20¢/\$2.00
 - Index of Industrial Production, August 1967, (61-005), 20¢/\$2.00
 - Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, August 1967, (35-002), 20¢/\$2.00
 - Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, August 1967, (35-001), 10¢/\$1.00
 - Service Bulletin: Energy Statistics, November 6, 1967, (IND-SB-(2), Vol. 2-26, \$5.00 a year
 - Railway Operating Statistics, July 1967, (52-003), 10¢/\$1.00
 - Fish Freezings and Stocks, August 1967, (24-001), 20¢/\$2.00
 - Mental Health Statistics: Volume II - Patients in Institutions, 1964 (83-208), 75¢
 - Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, July 1967, (31-001), 30¢/\$3.00
 - Grain Statistics Weekly, October 18, 1967, (22-004), \$3.00 a year
 - Coal and Coke Statistics, August 1967, (45-002), 20¢/\$2.00
 - Cotton Yarn and Cloth Mills, 1965, (34-205), 50¢
 - Advance Statement on Employment and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, August 1967, (72-001), 10¢/\$1.00
 - Logging, 1963, (25-201), 50¢

