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THE GANADA YEAR BOOK 1914



THE CANADA

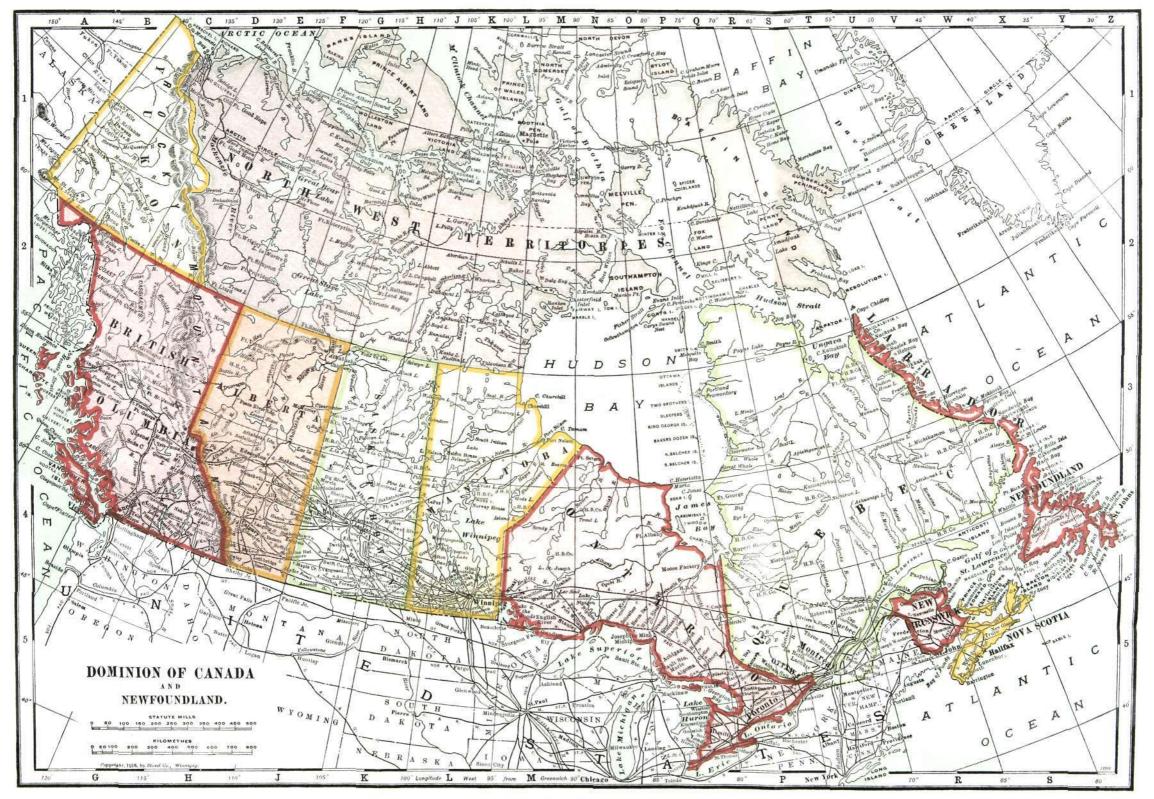
YEAR BOOK 1914

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THE CANADA YEAR BOOK, 1914

Amongst the special features of the Canada Year Book of 1914 are: (1) an illustrated article on the Constitution and Government of Canada; (2) an illustrated article on Geology in Relation to Agriculture in Canada; and (3) a General Survey of the Climate of Canada.

In deciding upon the retention or omission of material forming part of the edition of the previous year, the general rule followed has been the omission from the volume for 1914 of articles and tables which are complete in themselves and which do not require bringing up to date. A list of articles and tables in the Year Book of 1913, which are not repeated in the present volume, is given on page xii. For 1914, new tables have been given; old ones have been revised; and all the tables in the volume have been brought up to date by inclusion of the latest figures available.

Section IV (Education) is entirely new. It has been compiled with the assistance of Canadian education authorities, including the Deputy Ministers or Chief Superintendents of Education of most of the provinces.

To the list of the principal publications of the Dominion Government, which appeared last year, has been added a list of the principal publications of each of the Provincial Governments.

Acknowledgments are due to officers of Departments of the Dominion and of the Provincial Governments for valuable co-operation. As in former years, the tables have been compiled by Mr. James Skead and Mr. Joseph Wilkins; and the diagrams have been drawn by Mr. R. E. Watts.

ERNEST H. GODFREY, Editor.

Census and Statistics Office, Ottawa, August 4, 1915.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA.

Area of the Dominion of Canada in square miles:—Land, 3,603,910; Water, 125,755; Total, 3,729,665.

				~		
Items.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Population—						
Males Females	2,460,471 2,372,768	2,751,708 2,619,607	3,821,995 3,384,648	-	-	
Total	4,833,239	5,371 ,315	7,206,643	7,467,000	7,758,000	8,075,000
Immigration	82,165	49,149	311,084	354,237	402,432	384,878
Agriculture-						
Wheat	2,701,246 3,961,348 868,464 450,190 5,931,548 42,212,811 83,428,202 17,209,989 10,711,380 53,490,857 7,693,733 1,470,572 1,857,112 2,263,474 2,563,781 1,733,850 6,267,203	5,367,655 871,800 360,758 448,743,423 55,572,368 151,497,407 22,224,366 25,875,919 55,362,635 7,852,731 - - 1,577,493 2,408,677 3,167,774 2,510,239 2,353,828 220,833,469	293,775 465,903 8,281,932 243,506,292 243,506,292 28,846,425 14,321,33,000 132,949,000 24,704,000 2,259,912 2,594,179 2,175,302 3,610,428 1,363,261 138,098,534	2,692,357 2,604,488 3,827,373 2,082,381 3,447,310 - -	11,015,000 10,434,000 1,613,000 278,140 473,500 231,717,000 404,669,000 48,319,000 16,772,600 10,859,000 20,144,000 20,144,000 124,696,000 2,866,008 2,740,434 3,915,686,008 4,915,686	10,293,000 10,061,500 1,495,600 256,000 475,000 313,078,000 313,078,000 313,078,000 313,078,000 313,078,000 315,672,000 10,259,000 10,557,000 10,557,000 21,557,000 2
Total value \$	-	1 94,953,420	597,926,000	557,344,100	552,771,500	638,580,30
Fisheries— Total value\$	18,977,878	25,737,154	29,965,433	34,667,872	33,389,464	33,207,748
Minerals—			, 770 45^	044.00=	000.000	800.004
Gold. oz. Silver. " Copper. lb. Lead. " Nickel. " Pig Iron. Tons Coal. " Cement. bbl. Gold. \$ Silver. \$ Copper. \$ Lead. \$ Nickel. \$ Pig Iron. \$ Copper. \$ Sopper. \$ Copper. \$ Copper. \$ Sopper. \$ Copper. \$ Sopper. \$ Copper. \$ Sopper. \$ So	45,018 414,523 9,529,401 88,665 4,035,347 23,891 3,577,379 930,614 409,549 1,226,703 337,901 7,019,425 108,561	5,539,192 37,827,019 51,900,858 9,189,047 274,376 6,486,325 450,394 24,128,503 3,265,354 6,096,581 2,249,387 4,594,523	32,559,048,011 23,784,969 34,098,744 917,535 11,323,388 5,692,915 9,781,077 17,355,272 6,886,717 10,229,623 12,307,125 26,467,646 7,644,537	77,832,127 35,763,476 44,841,542 1,014,587 14,512,829 7,132,732 12,684,794 19,440,165 12,718,548 1,597,554 13,452,463 14,550,999 36,019,044 9,106,556	76,976,925 37,662,703 49,676,772 1,128,967 15,012,178 8,658,805 16,598,923 19,040,924 11,753,606 1,754,705 14,903,032 16,540,012 37,334,940 11,019,418	27,544,231 75,738,386 36,337,765 45,517,937 783,164 13,594,984 7,172,480 15,925,044 15,097,269 10,301,935 1,627,568 13,655,381 10,002,856 33,433,108 9,187,924
Total value	18,976,616	65,797,911	103,220,994	135,048,296	145 ,63 4,812	128,475,499
			I .	I		

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—con.

Items.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Manufactures!—	!		,			
EmployeesNo. Capital\$ Salaries and wages\$ Products\$	353.213.000	113,249,350	515,203 1,247,583,609 241,008,416 1,165,975,639	- - - -	- - -	
Trade—						
Exports ² \$ Imports ² \$	98,417,296 119,967,638	196,487,632 190,415,525	297,196,365 472,247,540	315,317,250 559,320,544	393,232,057 692,032,392	478,997,928 650,746,797
Total ² \$	218,384,934	386,903,157	769,443,905	874,637,794	1,085,264,449	1,129,744,725
Exports, domestic—			1			! !
Wheat. Bush. Wheat flour. bbl. Oats. Bush. Hay. Tons Bacon. lb. Butter. "Cheese. Wheat. \$ Wheat flour. \$ Oats. \$ Hay. \$ Bacon. \$ Fisheries. \$ Forest produce. \$ Manufactures. Minerals. Gold. \$ Silver. oz. Copper. lb. Nickel. " Cooper. silver. Copper. silver. Copper.	290, 784 260, 569 65,083 7,150,756 3,768,101 106,202,140 1,583,678 129,917 590,582 602,175 9,508,800 9,715,401 24,282,015 6,296,249 5,784,126 6,296,249 5,784,126 6,296,249 5,784,126 6,296,249 5,784,126 6,296,249 5,784,126 6,296,249 5,385,204 8,385,204 8,386,204 8,386,387 8,38	4,015,226 2,490,521 2,097,882 11,493,888 3,295,663 20,696,951 10,720,352 30,009,857 16,012,208 40,367,268 40,367,455 1,588,538 2,420,750 2,559,261 958,361	3,049,046 5,431,662 326,132 56,088,607 3,142,682 181,895,724 45,521,134 13,854,790 2,144,846 2,723,291 8,019,454 45,439,057 35,283,118 42,787,561 5,344,465 33,731,010 55,005,342 2,315,121 17,269,168 3,842,382 3,842,382	3,738,336 8,880,675 784,864 55,979,963 8,844,402 163,450,684 62,590,563 16,034,064 3,819,642 2,077,916 20,888,818 16,704,678 40,892,674 35,836,284 41,324,516 7,193,392 30,882,716 56,426,980 33,230,708 33,230,708 1,494,756 15,908,409 5,646,266	10,478,554 394,208 36,212,180 2828,323 155,216,392 88,608,730 19,970,689 5,067,950 3,950,088 5,350,845 223,578 20,987,144 16,336,721 43,255,264,018 35,264,018 38,664,420 48,168,090 2,055,993 20,202,559 9,911,542 5,045,197	4,832,183 34,996,684 191,515 23,859,754 1,228,753 144,478,340 117,719,20 1,778,7050 3,763,195 20,623,560 42,792,137 57,443,452 413,326,755 36,758,276 38,250,198 50,580,536 1,498,850,198 50,580,536 1,498,850,198 50,580,536 1,498,850,198 50,580,536 1,498,536 1,498,536 1,498,536 1,498,536 1,498,536 1,498,536 1,536
Imports for consumption— Agricultural produce	- - -	21,416,371 12,068,321 972,938 3,549,927 112,505,188 16,363,494 14,361,748	23,258,364 1,995,091 12,873,875 298,757,039 44,020,074	29,499,117 2,409,618 15,201,526 340,573,248 54,935,717	41,088,978 2,674,776 20,138,388 456,463,594 65,820,233	29,880,211 2,331,772 16,789,413 417,555,537 71,694,173
Steam Railways— Miles in operation	13,222,568 21,753,021 48,192,099	816,110,837 18,385,722 36,999,371 72,898,749	1,528,689,201 37,097,718 79,884,282 188,733,494	1,588,937,526 41,124,181 89,444,331 219,403,753	1,531,830,692 46,230,765 106,992,710 256,702,703	1,808,820,761 46,702,280 101,393,989 243,083,539
Electric Railways— Miles in operation. Capital. Passengers carried. No. Freight. Tone Earnings. Expenses.	5 -	553 120,934,656 287,926 5,768,283 3,435,162	111,532,347 426,296,792 1,228,362 20,356,952	122,841,946 488,865,682 1,435,525 23,499,250	141,235,631 597,863,801 1,957,930 28,216,111	147,595,342 614,709,819 1,845,923 29,691,007

¹ See note at foot of page xvi. ² Coin and bullion included.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF CANADA—concluded.

Items.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canals— Passengers carried No Freight	146,336 2,902,526	190, 42 8 5,665, 2 59	30 4 ,90 4 38,030, 35 3	292,267 47, 587,2 4 5	335,799 52,053,913	287,326 37,023,23 7
Shipping (sea-going)— Entered	5,273,935 5,421,261 10,695,196	7 ,514,732 7,028 ,330 14,543,062	11,919,339 10,377,847 22,297,186	12,768,191 11,821,414 24,589,60 5		14,982,393 14,586,093 29,568,486
Telegraphs, Government, miles of line	2,699	5,744	8,44 6	8,639	9,729	10,356
Telegraphs, other, miles of line	27,866	30,194	33,905	34,841	36,604	38,503
Postal— Letters sent	97,975,000 20,300,000 12,478,178	191,650,000 26,842,000 17,956,258	49,313,000	566,140,000 54,727,000 84,065,891	60,644,000	64,493,000
Revenue \$ Expenditure \$ Gross debt \$ Assets \$ Net debt \$	38,579,311 36,343,568 289,899,229 52,090,199 237,809,030	52,514,701 46,866,368 354,732,433 86,252,429 268,480,004	134,899,435	136,108,217 98,161,441 508,338,592 168,419,131 339,919,461	112,059,537 483,232,555 168,930,929	127,384,473 544,391,369 208,394,519
Chartered Banks— Capital paid up\$ Assets\$ Liabilities (excluding capital and reserves)\$ Deposits ¹ \$	60,700,697 269,307,032 187,332,325 148,396,968		1,303,131,260		1,530,093,671 1.287.372.534	1,555,676,395
Savings Banks— Deposits in Post Office \$ Government \$ Special \$	21,738,648 17,661,378 10,982,232	39,950,813 16,098,144 19,125,097	43,330,579 14,763,752	43,563,764 14,655,564	42,728,942 14,411,541	41,591,287 13,976,317
Loan Companies— Assets	125,041,146 123,915,704 18,482,959	158,523,307	389,701,988 389,701,988 33,742,513	395,652,787	478,658,228	
Fire Insurance— Amount at risk \$ Income for the year \$	759,602,191 6,168,716		2,279,868,346 20,575,255		3,151,930,389 25,745,947	3,448,606,887 27,546,880
Life Insurance— Amount at risk\$ Income for the year\$	261,475,229 8,417,702			1,070,308,669 35,709,516	1,168,590,027 38,641,206	1,216,955,432 41,129,724

¹ Including amounts deposited elsewhere than in Canada, not included in deposits prior to 1901.

NOTES.

The statistics of manufactures in 1891, 1901 and 1911 are for works employing five hands and over, except in the case of butter and cheese factories, flour and grist mills, electric light plants, lumber, lath and shingle mills, lime kilns, brick and tile works and fish preserved. The figures in 1891 for all industries are as follows:—Capital \$354,620,750, number of employees 370,256, salaries and wages \$100,663,650, and value of products \$476,198,886.

In the foregoing Summary the statistics of immigration, fisheries, trade, shipping, the Post Office, the public debt, revenue and expenditure and the Post Office and Government Savings banks relate to the fiscal years ended June 30 in 1891-1901 and ended March 31 in 1911-14. Mineral, banking, insurance, loan companies and building societies' statistics relate to the calendar years and arailway statistics to the years ended June 30. The statistics of population, agriculture, dairying industries and manufactures are either those of the Census from 1901 to 1911, or are estimates based thereon for 1912 to 1914. Canal statistics are those of the navigation seasons. The telegraph statistics relate to the fiscal years for Government lines and to the calendar years for other lines.



Canada Year Book, 1914.

HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT, OTTAWA, CANADA

By Thomas Barnard Flint, M.A., LL.B., D.C.L., Clerk of the House of Commons of Canada, Ottawa.



HE British Empire consists of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, India, the Protectorate of Egypt, the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Union of South Africa, the Dominion of New Zealand, the Colony of Newfoundland and numerous colonies and

protectorates in all parts of the world.

Territorially, Canada is all that part of the North American Continent north of the United States and east of the Territory of Alaska. In area it is the largest of the dominions of the Empire beyond the seas, and the greatest in white population.

There are several classes of territory and government under the Imperial sway, the first and highest class being composed of those former colonies possessing self-governing powers with legislatures freely elected and administrations responsible to the electorate through

the parliaments or legislatures.

Responsible Government.—This system is styled "Responsible Government" in contradistinction to other forms wherein the executive powers are controlled to a greater or less extent by the Imperial Government and are not fully responsible to the local electorate. In the first class are Canada, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand and Newfoundland. The first three above named are federal in their character, with legislative and other jurisdictions strictly defined in their Acts of Union. In all these, the Governor-General, or Governor, as the case may be, is the direct representative of the Sovereign and responsible to the Imperial Government for the proper discharge of his important functions.

Imperial Veto.—In addition to the right of appointment of Governors-General, the Imperial Power, or the "Crown," as it is called, reserves certain powers of veto upon the Acts of the Dominion, Commonwealth or other parliaments, which might be held to be at variance with, or prejudicially affect, the general or foreign policy of the Empire as a whole, or be deemed to be beyond the powers granted to the Dominion, Union or Colony in question. The veto power is, however, rarely exercised, partly because the colonial parliaments freely recognize Imperial rights, claims and policies, and carefully avoid trenching upon them, and partly because in doubtful cases precedents, judicial decisions and friendly discussions have long since practically settled almost all disputed points. In all essential respects, at any rate as far as domestic affairs are concerned, the government of each Dominion is independently exercised by a parliament and administration responsible to the electorate.

Crown Colonies.—Other colonies are known as Crown Colonies, Dependencies and Protectorates, and these have various degrees of self-government. The executive power is here carried on under the close supervision of the Colonial Secretary and the Imperial Government

in London. In some, the Home Government concedes to local representative assemblies the power of legislation, but in others the Crown reserves the right of legislation by Orders-in-Council and of directing executive action by the Governor without interference from local authorities.

India.—The case of India, as a portion of the Imperial Dominion, is quite exceptional, its system of government having but little in common with that of most of the other British territories. Its history under the native kings and princes, the peculiar character and disposition of the diverse races occupying its territory, and its ancient connection with the East India Company and British Empire under circumstances of conquest and annexation, account for the methods of rule applicable to it, which are altogether different from those of either Crown Colonies or the self-governing Dominions.

Colonial Office.—In 1794, the Imperial Colonial Office became an active Department of State. Representative institutions had been granted to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick anterior to that date as also to the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada. Complete responsible government was finally established in these provinces by 1847, a conclusion which had been powerfully influenced through Lord Durham's famous report of 1839. The powerful influence of the Colonial Office in delaying the complete installation of responsible government in the colonies led to many bitter controversies. The story of the development of the Governors' Cabinet in the colonies into the Peoples' Cabinet, responsible to the peoples' representatives forms a number of the most interesting chapters in our political history. It was accomplished without revolution and with scarcely the shedding of a drop of blood. Lord Durham's report forms one of the landmarks of constitutional history "The problem," Lord Durham asserted in 1839, "was to bring the influence of a vigorous public opinion to bear on every detail of public affairs and to secure harmony instead of collision between the various powers of the State." Bradshaw remarks, "In these simple words Durham laid the foundation of the new colonial policy of Great Britain."

Canada before Confederation.—The provinces and territories of Canada came into the Empire at different times and under varying circumstances. The province of Nova Scotia, first colonized by the French in 1598, was taken by the English in 1629, restored to France in 1632, and again ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Utrecht in 1713. Cape Breton, now a part of Nova Scotia, was not finally taken over by the English until 1758, and formed a separate colony until 1820. Representative institutions were granted to Nova Scotia in 1758, and A portion of New in 1867 that province entered the federal union. Brunswick was ceded to Great Britain by the French in 1713; but the province did not wholly become British until after the fall of Quebec in 1759-1763. It was largely colonized from New England in 1762. At one time a part of Nova Scotia, it became a separate province in 1784, and joined the federal union in 1867. Prince Edward Island, at first settled by the French, was annexed to Nova Scotia in 1713, but was a separate colony in 1769 and became a province of the Dominion by virtue of the British North America Act in 1873. Ontario and

Quebec, referred to as Old Canada, are the two largest of the original provinces which formed the Dominion in 1867. Quebec was founded by the French in 1608. It fell to the British in 1759, and in 1763 was formally ceded to Great Britain. From 1763 to 1774 it was governed under military rule or authority, but in later years a Council of Government was established by the British Parliament. In 1791 an Imperial Act was passed dividing Canada into two provinces, Upper Canada and Lower Canada, and a constitution was provided for each province. Each province was granted a legislature consisting of two Houses, a nominative council and a popular assembly. These two provinces were however again united in 1841. From February 10 of this year until the federation of the provinces in 1867 they continued as one province. At the union in 1867 they were again separated, Upper Canada becoming "Ontario," and Lower Canada "Quebec."

British Columbia.—British Columbia, on the shores of the Pacific,

British Columbia.—British Columbia, on the shores of the Pacific, was granted a colonial Government in 1858. In 1859, Vancouver Island became a colony with a separate government. In 1866, British Columbia and Vancouver Island were united under one government and as such entered the Federal Union in 1871. At the time of joining the union, all these provinces were in the full exercise of the principles of

responsible government.

Northwest Territories.—That vast region to the north of British Columbia and Old Canada, known as Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territory, was taken over by the new Dominion in 1869, on the payment of \$1,500,000 for certain claims of the Hudson's Bay Company, to which were also reserved large areas of land in the ceded territory. Out of this territory the present provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have been carved, viz., Manitoba in 1870 and the other two in 1905. There remain the extensive districts of the Yukon and the Northwest Territory which are still under territorial administration as adjusted by certain Dominion legislation.

Fathers of Confederation. — The distinguished Canadian statesmen who participated in the conferences of 1864 at Charlottetown and Quebec, which led to the passage of the British North America Act in the Imperial Parliament, are now affectionately and admiringly remembered as the "Fathers of Confederation." Among the most prominent of these are such wellknown names as those of Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir Charles Tupper¹, the Hon. George Brown, Sir Leonard Tilley, Sir George E. Cartier, Sir Oliver Mowat, the Hon. D'Arcy McGee and Sir E. P. Taché. Others who held high positions in the public life of Canada during the years immediately preceding



¹The Right Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bt., P.C., at one time Prime Minister of Canada, is the last survivor (1915) of the "Fathers of Confederation."

and following the date of the Union,—men of great attainments and strong character, who had shared largely in the preparation of the public mind for the proposed union and had done much to shape its form,—do not at the present time fill so large a space in the public memory as they will in history when the full account of Confederation is written.

Federal Union.—Previous to 1861 many suggestions for the union of the North American provinces had been put forward, but the first legislative action looking to this end was taken by the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia in 1861 under the leadership of the Hon. Charles Tupper, then a member of that body and Provincial Secretary of the Province.

Early in 1864 delegates from the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island assembled in Charlottetown, authorized by their respective governments to confer in reference to a union of these provinces. Nothing, however, on this line was at that time accomplished, except that as a result of certain conferences, another convention was called by the Governor-General to meet at Quebec on October 10, 1864, in which Upper and Lower Canada and the Maritime Provinces were all represented. Seventy-two resolutions, afterwards formulated as the British North America Act, 1867, were adopted by this convention, and these were subsequently presented to the respective legislatures for concurrence. The Canadian Parliament in March of the following year adopted the resolutions,



VISCOUNT MONCK

but in the Maritime Provinces much opposition was shown to the scheme. In 1866, however, the province of New Brunswick, after a general election, also concurred in the resolutions. The Legislature of Nova Scotia adopted the measure without referring The Bill for the to the electorate. Union was presented for the first time in the Imperial Parliament in February, 1867, and passed the two Houses on March 29 in the same year. The Act, officially cited as "The British North America Act, 1867," came into force by proclamation on July 1 in This date has since in that year. each succeeding year been celebrated throughout Canada as a statutory holiday styled "Dominion Day." The

Right Hon. Charles Stanley, Viscount Monck, who at the time of the union was Governor of Canada, became the first Governor-General of the new Dominion.

Canada and the Federal System.—Under a federal system the constitution of a country includes not merely the framework of a federal arrangement, but the principle of the whole political constitution in its practical operations. It implies independent co-ordinate powers,

each sovereign in its own sphere. The provincial governments are not subordinate to the federal, but in their own spheres are perfectly independent. In the case of Canada the practice of constitutional parliamentary government was thoroughly established as the fundamental law long before the date of the political union of the provinces, and so the same continued in both the federal and provincial spheres after the union was effected.

Representation of Provinces.—The Dominion of Canada, now a federal union of nine provinces, viz., Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, controls all the rest of the territory of Canada, governing it either through local commissions and councils or directly through the Governor-General in Council. Each of the above named provinces has its own Governor, Executive Council (or Cabinet) and Legislature, as established by the British North America Act, or by virtue of powers contained therein, or by subsequent Imperial Acts. These provinces are represented in the Federal Parliament as follows, viz., in 1914:

Province	Senators	Members of the House of Commons
	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	4	4
Nova Scotia	10	18
New Brunswick	10	13
Quebec	24	65
Ontario	24	86
Manitoba	4	10
Saskatchewan	4	10
Alberta		7
British Columbia	3	7
Yukon Territory	_	1
Total	87	221

The Yukon Territory, though not a province, is an electoral district and returns one member to the House of Commons. The total number of senators in 1914 was therefore 87 and the total number of members of the House of Commons 221.

Representation Act, 1914.—The result of the census of 1911 necessitated a redistribution of the representation in the House of Commons under the provisions of the British North America Act. In 1914, therefore, an Act was passed styled the "Representation Act, 1914," which will come into force upon the dissolution of the present parliament. This provides that the House of Commons in the ensuing parliament shall consist of 234 members, of whom 3 shall be elected from Prince Edward Island, 16 from Nova Scotia, 11 from New Brunswick, 65 from Quebec, 82 from Ontario, 15 from Manitoba, 16 from Saskatchewan, 12 from Alberta, 13 from British Columbia

and one from Yukon Territory. A schedule to the Act defines the various electoral districts throughout Canada.

British North America Act.—The Dominion of Canada, being a federal union of provinces, one of the most important studies in connection with its constitution is that of ascertaining as clearly as possible how the various powers of legislative and executive action are distributed between the provincial and federal authorities. The Act of the Imperial Parliament, which constitutionally brought the Dominion into being as a political entity and furnished it with the authority and power to create new provinces out of the vast territory committed to its charge, is known as the British North America Act 1867.

This important piece of legislation is frequently referred to as "the Constitution." In a very limited sense, however, can it be properly termed a constitution. The constitutional rules and principles under which government and legislation are carried on are not



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at all set forth in this Act, nor in the nature of things could they be. Act, while carefully defining the powers of the Dominion and of the provinces respectively, and distributing those powers definitely between the provincial and federal authorities. leaves their practical working out to the general principles of British constitutional law. As stated above the constitution of a country under the federal system includes not only the framework of the federal arrangement, but the principles of the whole political organization in its operation. In Canada the practice and usages of parliamentary responsible government were thoroughly established long before the Union of 1867. The Imperial

Act merely confirmed these in a preamble which declared that the provinces to be united desired a constitution "similar in principle to that of the United Kingdom."

This phrase imports into the Act the whole code of the written and unwritten law of the constitution of the United Kingdom as virtually in practice in all the provinces of Canada at the union. The Union Act consequently contains but a portion of the constitution of the country. Even so thoughtful a writer as Sydney Low, whose book, entitled "The Governance of England," is of great value, is betrayed into defining the constitution of Canada as "a written constitution"—as a constitution "created by parliamentary enactment." This writer goes on to insist that the statute which created the Federal Union of Canada is a "constitution like that of the United States." His reference to it as a "written" constitution, and in that respect differing "fundamentally" from that of the Mother

Country, shows the error into which he has been betrayed. The fact is that, except in such details as naturally arise from a federal system and the absolute necessity in such a system of settling certain business questions and of clearly dividing the legislative, executive and judicial jurisdictions between the Dominion and the provinces, the constitution of Canada is in all essential points the constitution of the United Kingdom. There are numerous constitutional rules and principles, fundamental in their character and constantly appealed to in parliamentary and judicial discussion, which are not alluded to in the British North America Act. The only new principles added to the constitution of the Canadian provinces as they existed before 1867 is the federal principle. It merely divides up those portions of the sovereign powers of the State left to Canada between the general and provincial authorities in accordance with the agreements made between the provinces previous to the Union.

The Act united the provinces politically, distributed constitutional powers already existing, defined the jurisdictions of authority as between the Union and the units, and adjusted certain financial relations among them. The preamble of the Act states that certain provinces have expressed a desire to be federally united, "with a constitution similar in principle to that of the United Kingdom." They might have asked for a constitution similar in principle to that already existing in each of the provinces, parties to the agreement, which would have meant precisely the same thing. Each province had a constitutional government in working order at the time of the proclamation of the Act. The law uniting them into one Dominion merely transferred the constitutional principles already in existence to the new organization. The nature of the new legislative authority and of the new executive government thus provided was along old lines, and former powers and functions were distributed and arranged to meet new conditions. No new principle of authority or government or new function was established. It no more created a new constitution for Canada than it created Canada itself. Like Canada itself, the constitution was created long before the Union by no single agency, by no special statute, but through political forces acting upon the practical necessities of the case throughout the whole history of the country. The principles were settled by means of political and judicial decisions dealing with innumerable cases and covering long periods of time in the old as well as the new world.

In its application to Canada the constitution is operated through a federal system merely as a business arrangement and as a matter of convenience. The Act, as has been said, is merely "a skeleton," the flesh, blood, nerves, muscles and spirit being supplied from other sources. A study of this constitution in its numerous phases, altogether outside the statute, is of the greatest value; but our attention at present is to be drawn more directly to a consideration of the terms of the Act itself.

Executive and Legislative Powers.—The Imperial Act, after providing for the union of the provinces originally entering into the confederation, among its earliest enactments arranged for the taking of

a general census of the Dominion in the year 1871 and every tenth vear thereafter.

It next provided for the Executive Government of the Union. This was to consist of a Governor-General and a Council to aid and advise in the administration of the Government. This Council is styled the "Privy Council" and is composed of such persons as may be from time to time summoned for that purpose by the Governor-General. All the powers of the administration are to be exercised by the Governor-General and by the advice of his Council, subject, of course, to the laws of the land.

All military and naval forces are under the command in chief of the Sovereign, who acts through his representative the Governor-General, who in turn is advised by the Government of Canada in carrying into effect the established laws relating to military and

naval service.

Legislative Power.—The legislative power of Canada is declared to be vested in one parliament. This parliament (Sec. 17) consists of the King, the Senate and the House of Commons. The parliament must be called together at least once a year (Sec. 20), so that twelve months shall not intervene between two sessions of parliament.

Senate.—At the beginning of the Union the Senate consisted of 72 members. At present it consists of 87 members as follows:



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Maritime Provinces 24, Quebec 24, Ontario 24, and the Western Provinces 15. A senator must be, at the time of his appointment (Sec. 23), at least thirty years of age, a British subject, a resident of the province for which he is appointed and worth \$4,000 over and above his debts and liabilities. His appointment is for life, subject to certain restrictions set forth in Sections 31 and 39. The Speaker of the Senate must be a senator. He is appointed by the government of the day, which may also remove him and appoint another in his place. Fifteen senators form a quorum.

House of Commons.—The House of Commons, at the time of confederation, consisted of 181 members, but

at the general election after the conclusion of the twelfth parliament it will be composed of 234 members. The Speaker of the House of Commons is elected by the members of the House, twenty of whom constitute a quorum for the despatch of business (Secs. 44 and 48).

Speaker and Deputy Speaker.—In pursuance of legislation and according to the rules of the House of Commons, a deputy speaker is selected at the commencement of each parliament. This official is required to possess a full and practical knowledge of the language which is not that of the Speaker. As a custom growing out of this

rule the speakership of the House is, during one parliament, held by an English-speaking member and during the succeeding parliament by a French-speaking member. The Speaker is nominated by the government of the day, as is also the Deputy Speaker; but they are not supposed, during their terms of office, to take an active share in party strife.

Privileges of Members.—The British North America Act (Sec. 50) provides that every House of Commons shall continue for five years unless sooner dissolved by the Governor-General. The privileges, immunities and powers of the House of Commons and its members, and those of the Senate and its members, are such as may be defined by act of parliament, but they must never exceed those held and enjoyed by the Commons of England and its members at the time any such act is passed in Canada. Among the sole rights of the Canadian Commons is that of initiating the grants of public money and of directing and limiting the appropriations without the Senate having any power to change them. The members of parliament also have certain rights and privileges, such as exemption from arrest during sessions of parliament and for a certain number of days before and after the meeting of parliament. This does not apply to cases of treason, felony, or charges generally of a criminal nature. of speech in parliament (subject to its own rules) is also guaranteed.

Rule of Representation.—Representation of the people in the House of Commons is readjusted from time to time by the parliament, subject to rules laid down in Sections 51 and 52 of the Act. One of these rules is that the province of Quebec shall have the fixed number of 65 members. Each of the other provinces is to have such a number of members as will bear the same proportion to the number of its population as the number 65 bears to the population of Quebec, as ascertained at the regular decennial census. (Sub-section 3 provides for fractional parts of the population required for membership or otherwise.)

Dominion Finances.—Among the most important provisions of the British North America Act are those relating to the appropriation of public money and the raising of taxes for federal purposes. All bills on these subjects must originate in the House of Commons, yet it is not lawful for even the House of Commons (Section 54) to adopt or pass any vote, bill, resolution or address for the payment of any part of the public funds for any purpose that has not first been recommended to the House by message from the Governor-General during the session in which such vote or bill is proposed. is of the most vital and far-reaching importance, forming in many respects the key to responsible government as worked out in practice under the British constitutional system. The Governor-General may. in the Sovereign's name (Sec. 55), either assent at once to a bill passed by the Houses of Parliament or he may reserve it for the consideration of the King. The King may (Sec. 56) disallow an act passed by the Parliament of Canada, but such disallowance must be signified to each House of Parliament in Canada by speech, message or proclamation, and such disallowance must be made within two

years from the date of the receipt of the act by the Imperial Secretary of State.

Constitution of the Provinces.—The executive powers of the various provinces are dealt with by Sections 58 to 68. They may be generally summed up as follows:—

Each province is to have a lieutenant-governor appointed by the Government of Canada, who shall not be removable from his office within five years from the date of his appointment, except for cause assigned. His salary is fixed from time to time by the Parliament of Canada. At present the Lieutenant-Governors of Quebec and Ontario receive \$10,000 each and those of the other provinces \$9,000 each, except Prince Edward Island's Governor, whose salary is \$7,000. The executive powers and authority of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council are practically exercised under the general principles of responsible government as understood throughout the British Dominions, subject always to the laws of the province in question. In case of the absence, illness or other inability of the Lieutenant-Governor to act, the Governor-General in Council may appoint temporarily an administrator of the office under the same limitations as would apply to a lieutenant-governor.

Legislative Powers of Provinces.—The legislative powers of the four original provinces are (Sec. 146) extended to any other provinces or colonies which may be admitted into the union hereafter. Provision is made (Sec. 147) for the representation of Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland in the Senate in case of their entering the union, and provision is also made for the future admission of the Northwest Territories.

By an Imperial Act entitled the British North America Act, 1871, power is vested in the Parliament of Canada to establish new provinces and provide for the constitution and administration thereof and for their representation in parliament. Parliament is also empowered to alter the boundaries of any province with the consent of the legislature of the province, and also to legislate generally for the territories.

The provinces originally forming the union were Quebec, Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Ontario and Quebec were one province at the time of the passing of the Act, and were created anew (Sec. 6) out of the old province of Canada. Ontario was provided with a legislature consisting of a lieutenant-governor and one House styled the Legislative Assembly, composed of 82 members, elected by the 82 electoral districts set forth in the first schedule of the Act. The present number of members is 111. The Legislature of Quebec consists of a lieutenant-governor and two Houses, a Legislative Council and a Legislative Assembly. The qualifications for membership in the Council and for the speakership, and the regulations concerning a quorum and voting, with other particulars of organization, are also contained in the Act (Secs. 71-80).

At Confederation, the number of members of the Legislative Assembly of Quebec was settled at 65. The number at present is 81. The election laws in force in Quebec and Ontario at the time of the union continued in force until the respective legislatures otherwise

provided (Sec. 84). The legislative assemblies were to continue for four years after every general election unless sooner dissolved (Sec. 85). The same rules as to the requirement of a yearly session, as settled for the Dominion Parliament, were established (Sec. 86), as were also the rules as to the election of the Speaker, as to quorum and voting. The provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick continued the constitution of their legislatures as existing at the time of the union.

The important constitutional provisions above referred to as to the preliminaries necessary to the passing of the money votes, the disallowance of acts and the assent of bills reserved were made applicable to the provincial legislatures (Sec. 90) in the same manner as to the Dominion Parliament. In these cases the lieutenant-governor stands in the same relation to the provinces as does the King to the Dominion.

Distribution of Legislative Powers.—The title of the sixth division of the British North America Act is "Distribution of Legislative Powers." This distribution is essential to a federal system and has necessarily given rise to many of the most difficult questions that have arisen as to the powers of the Dominion Parliament and local legislatures respectively. These questions have been settled by judicial decisions of the greatest practical importance. The well-known sections (Secs. 91 and 92) cover a large part of this very extensive battle ground.

Powers of Parliament.—The powers of the Federal Parliament include all subjects not assigned exclusively to the provincial legislatures. In this respect the Canadian federal system differs from that

of the United States and also from that of the Commonwealth of Australia, wherein the powers of the respective states, generally speaking, cover all matters not especially or exclusively assigned to the union. The exclusive legislative authority of the Parliament of Canada extends to all matters coming within the following class of subjects (Sec. 91): public debt and property; trade and commerce; the raising of money by taxation for federal purposes; the borrowing of money on the public credit; the postal service and census and statistics; military and naval service and defence; the fixing and paying salaries of the officers of the government; navigation; beacons; light-



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houses; quarantine and the establishment and maintenance of marine hospitals; sea coast and inland fisheries and ferries between provinces or between a province and any other country; currency; coinage; banks and banking; issue of paper money; savings banks;

weights and measures; bills of exchange, promissory notes, interest; legal tender; bankruptcy and insolvency; patents and copyrights; Indians and Indian lands; naturalization and aliens; marriage and divorce; the criminal law, including procedure in criminal matters, but not the constitution of courts of criminal jurisdiction; the establishment, maintenance and management of penitentiaries and generally such classes of subjects as are by the Act expressly excepted in the enumeration of the classes of subjects assigned exclusively to the provincial legislatures. It declares that any matters coming within any of the classes above enumerated shall not be deemed to be of a local or private nature as mentioned in the classes of subjects assigned exclusively to the legislatures of the provinces.

Exclusive Powers of the Legislatures.—Section 92 furnishes a list of the subjects of legislation assigned exclusively to the provincial legislatures, viz., the amendment of the constitution of the province. except as regards the office of the lieutenant-governor; direct taxation within the province for revenue purposes; the borrowing of money on the credit of the province; the establishment of provincial offices and the payment of the officials; the management and sale of public lands of the province and the timber and wood thereon; the establishment and control of provincial reformatories, hospitals, asylums and charitable institutions in and for the province other than marine hospitals; municipal institutions within the province; shop, saloon, tavern, auctioneer and other licenses for local or provincial purposes; local works and undertakings other than: (a) Lines of ships, railways, canals, telegraphs and other works connecting the province with other provinces or extending beyond the province; (b) Lines of steamships between the province and any British or foreign country; (c) Such works as, although wholly within the province, may be declared by the Parliament of Canada to be for the general advantage of Canada or for the advantage of two or more of the provinces. This clause has been extensively made use of in the matter of railway lines. Other exclusive powers assigned to the provincial legislature are: The incorporation of companies with provincial objects; the solemnization of marriage in the province; property and civil rights in the province; the administration of justice in the province, including the constitution, maintenance and organization of provincial courts both for civil and criminal jurisdiction, and including procedure in civil matters in those courts; the punishment by fine or imprisonment for enforcing any law of the province and generally all matters of a merely local or private nature in the province.

Education.—Education, treated of in Section 93 of the Act, has been the subject of many long and able controversies both in parliament and in the courts. The first section of this celebrated enactment is as follows:

[&]quot;In and for each province the legislature may exclusively make laws in relation to education, subject and according to the following provisions:—

⁽¹⁾ Nothing in any such law shall prejudicially affect any right or privilege with respect to denominational schools which any class of persons have by law in the province at the union.

(2) All the powers, privileges and duties at the union by law conferred and imposed in Upper Canada on the separate schools and school trustees of the Queen's Roman Catholic subjects shall be, and the same are hereby extended to the dissentient schools of the Queen's Protestant and Roman Catholic subjects in Quebec.

(3) Where in any province a system of separate or dissentient schools exist by law at the union or is thereafter established by the legislature of the province, an Appeal shall lie to the Governor-General in Council from any act or decision of any provincial authority affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's subjects in

relation to education.

(4) In case any such provincial law as from time to time seems to the Governor-General in Council requisite for the due execution of the provisions of this Section is not made, or in case any decision of the Governor-General in Council on any appeal under this Section is not duly executed by the proper provincial authority in that behalf, then and in every such case, and as far only as the circumstances of each case require, the Parliament of Canada may make remedial laws for the due execution of the provisions of this Section and of any decision of the Governor-General in Council under this Section.'

The purpose of these sections was to preserve to a religious minority in any province the same privileges and rights in regard to education which it had at the date of Confederation, but the provincial legislatures were not debarred from legislating on the subject of separate schools provided they did not thereby prejudicially affect privileges, previous to Confederation, enjoyed by such schools in the province.

As to the legal and other controversies affecting these questions the student may consult Hansard between 1890 and 1897, "Wheeler's Privy Council Cases," pp. 370 to 388, Supreme Court Reports, Vol. 19,

and other authorities of a like nature.

Agriculture and immigration may be legislated upon by both the parliament and the legislatures, but any provincial law on these subjects shall remain in effect in the province only so far as it is not repugnant to any Act of the Parliament of Canada.

Judicature.—Sections 96-100 deal with the appointment, salaries

and pensions of the judiciary. The judges (except of courts of probate) are to be appointed by the Dominion Government from the respective Bars of the provinces and to hold office during good behaviour, but may be removed only on an Address by the Senate and the House of Commons. Parliament also fixes their salaries.

The Federal Parliament, being empowered by Sec. 101 to establish a general Court of Appeal and other courts as may be necessary, passed an Act in 1875 establishing the Supreme Court of Canada and conferring upon the judges of the court the powers of an Exchequer Court which was at the same time set up. In 1877, however, these courts were



separated and the Exchequer Court of Canada, with one judge, a registrar and other proper officers, was established. In 1912 a second judge was added to this court under the title of Assistant Judge.

The Supreme Court of Canada has appellate jurisdiction from all the courts of the provinces. The Governor-General in Council may refer questions to this court. The judgment of the Supreme Court is final in criminal matters. This court has also jurisdiction in cases of controversies between the provinces and the Dominion, and in certain cases between the provinces themselves. There is an appeal from the Supreme Court in civil cases, under certain limitations, to the Privy Council in England. The Privy Council also entertains appeals direct from the provincial Appeal Courts without the intervention of the Supreme Court of Canada. The decisions of the Supreme Court of Canada and of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council of England form a mass of most valuable and important declarations of law as to the constitution of Canada and as to the varied powers of the Federal and provincial legislatures.

Provincial Finances.—The revenues, debts, assets and taxation of the Dominion are regulated and administered under the provisions of Part VIII of the British North America Act, 1867, and the Amending Act of 1907.

The provincial debts and sources of revenue, except those especially reserved to the provinces, were assumed by the Dominion, as were also the public works, cash assets and other property of the provinces, except lands, mines, minerals and royalties belonging to the old provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick at the union.

The Dominion pays yearly to the several provinces sums of money for the support of their governments and legislatures, details of which are set out in the above mentioned Acts and in the various Acts under which new provinces were taken into the confederation. The amounts of these various payments and subsidies are annually set forth in the Public Accounts and submitted to Parliament at each session by the Minister of Finance.

The following amounts are payable in 1915:—

Province.	Amount.	Province.	Amount.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick	636,666.86 $637.976.16$	SaskatchewanAlbertaBritish Columbia	\$ 1,710,675.00 1,401,575.00 723,135.06
Quebec Ontario Manitoba	1,969,630.28 2,396,378.88 1,401,391.36	Total	11,259,360.48

Miscellaneous Provisions.—The Imperial Act of 1867, among its miscellaneous provisions, established the following rules: The oath of allegiance is to be taken by every member of the House of Commons and the Senate, and by every member of a legislative council or legislative assembly of a province. Members of the Senate and of the

Legislative Council of Quebec are also required to take and subscribe the oath of qualification for office as set forth in a schedule to the Act.

The Parliament and Government of Canada have all the powers necessary (Sec. 132) as a part of the British Empire for performing the obligations of Canada or any province towards foreign countries arising under treaties between the Empire and foreign countries. A department of State called the Department of External Affairs has recently been established (1912). The Prime Minister for the time

being is the Minister in charge of this department.

On the subject of language, Section 133 declares that either the English or the French language may be used by any person in the debates of the Houses of Parliament and of the Houses of the Legislature of Quebec and that both these languages shall be used in the records and journals of those Houses. It also provides that either of those languages may be used by any person, or in any pleading or process in any court of Canada established under the Act, and in all the courts of Quebec. All Acts of the Parliament of Canada and of the Legislature of Quebec are to be printed in both French and English.

Intercolonial Railway.—The construction of the Intercolonial Railway was made by the British North America Act one of the duties of the Parliament of Canada. The railway has been constructed and

extended at a total cost up to 1915 of \$101,467,501.85.

Admission of Other Colonies.—Power was given by the Act to the Sovereign to admit Newfoundland and other colonies to the union upon address from the Parliament of Canada and from the colonies interested. Under this power British Columbia was admitted in 1871 and Prince Edward Island in 1873. Rupert's Land was admitted in 1870 by Imperial Order-in-Council based upon the above provisions as confirmed by a special Imperial Act in 1868. Subsequently Manitoba became a province of the confederation (1870) by virtue of an Act of Parliament of Canada passed in pursuance of the powers above referred to.

Federal Administration.—Among the earliest Acts of Parliament were those establishing the various departments of government. The history of these is of considerable interest. Some additions and changes in the number, designations and powers of these departments have from time to time been made as circumstances demanded. present there are fifteen ministers of the Crown presiding over Each of these ministers must be a member of one or departments. other of the Houses of Parliament. These departments are as follows: Privy Council (presided over by the Prime Minister, who is also head of the Department of External Affairs recently established); Trade and Commerce; Public Works; Railways and Canals; Finance; Insurance; Marine; Naval Service, which includes Fisheries; Justice; Militia and Defence; Interior, the head of which department is also Superintendent General of Indian Affairs; Labour, Customs; Agriculture; Mines; Secretary of State, under which the Department of Public Printing and Stationery is included; Postmaster-General; Inland Revenue. All the Ministers of these departments are Privy Councillors and members of the Cabinet. The Governor-General also

may call to the Cabinet other Privy Councillors who hold no portfolio. At the present time (1915) there are three of these cabinet ministers. The Solicitor-General, although a member of Parliament, is not a member of the Cabinet. The "Privy Council" is a permanent body which in practice never meets or transacts any business, but the "Cabinet" formed from among the Privy Councillors is, though a fluctuating body as regards its personnel, the real executive power of the State. It is the actual government of the day, and continues in authority as long as it is supported by a majority of the House of Commons.

The rise and fall of provincial administrations, the many important statutes passed by the provincial legislatures dealing with the amendments of their constitutions and with the numerous subjects under provincial jurisdiction and the methods adopted in different provinces to meet the varied circumstances and conditions of the people, are topics upon which much could profitably be written. Of these the most important would be



those dealing with municipal and local taxation, education, the management of public property, roads and bridges and financial administration. All of these matters come very close to the people, affecting as they do so directly their daily life and activities. Consequently, questions regarding procedure and legislation in these matters, though generally esteemed as of mere local importance, are widely discussed and powerfully affect public opinion. There are a few subjects, such as agriculture and immigration, in which the parliament and the legislatures have concurrent jurisdiction, but the provincial laws in these matters must give way to the

federal when they happen to conflict.

In a federal system like that of Canada, which is in itself a portion of a world-wide Empire, each government must act and each legislature must undertake to pass laws only upon subjects assigned to them respectively under the union pact. To that extent the provinces must carefully scrutinize Dominion legislation in order to see that their domain is not invaded. The Dominion must take care that the provinces do not enter the federal sphere, and the Mother Country, at the seat of the Empire, is also bound in justice to Canada and to the interests of the Empire as a whole, to see that Canada does not by executive or legislative act cross the lines of Imperial responsibility. Individual members of the Canadian community and corporate bodies transacting every kind of business have a similar stake in the observance of this principle. They must be cautious in their action to observe the boundaries of jurisdiction; and these are not always easy

to ascertain. The limits of power between the federal and provincial authorities are not always so sharply defined as to prevent wide differences of opinion as to their true bearings and relations. language of statute makers is not invariably a perfect medium of expression; consequently the task of settling questions arising out of apparent conflicts of laws is one of delicacy as well as of vast import-Costly litigation in the courts of Canada and Great Britain frequently affords illustration of the heavy penalties paid for misunderstanding the true sanctions of statutes and their relations to each other as deriving their authority from different powers in the federal system. All laws are to be interpreted in cases of dispute by the courts, the final court of appeal being the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in England. Our courts, governments and legislatures are bound to consider the final decisions of this court as precedents for their future action. Here the duties of the judiciary are of the gravest importance, the exercise of the powers assigned to the judges under the constitution demanding high intelligence, great learning and thorough impartiality. The courts, as one able writer has declared, are the custodians of the constitution. They may decide as to whether a statute is valid or void, and their considered decisions thus become a part of the constitution. As a result of this procedure certain litigated cases stand out with great prominence as landmarks in the judicial and constitutional history of the country. They have settled not merely the precise questions in dispute at the time, but have laid down general principles of interpretation upon which future executive and legislative action must be based. For ampler information the student may be referred to "Cartwright's Cases under the British North America Act," the Reports of the Supreme Court of Canada and other similar works.

The above outline of the form and system of government in Canada has aimed merely to sketch in a general way the framework of The intelligence, moral character and spirit of the our constitution. people who live under it, who must impel and guide its operations and who are responsible for its failure or success as an instrument of national prosperity, are in reality of supreme importance. They, and not the system, must count principally in the working out of the great But their share in the work is a subject for the consideration rather of the philosopher, historian and statesman than of the jurist. The constitution itself, in its entirety, has not been of sudden growth, but has developed slowly and has been tested by time and experience under many diverse circumstances. It has proved itself not only strong but adaptable, capable of sustaining patriotic feeling at its highest pitch, and of inspiring public confidence in its value as a solid basis of security for the healthful development of the state in all its varied interests. Under it, our opportunities for social culture and spiritual progress, based upon the virtues of industry, economy, sobriety and patriotism, have full scope for their freest exercise. forms at once a safeguard of liberty and an enduring monument to the statesmen whose labours and genius were devoted to the welfare of their country.

CHRONOLOGY.

- (A more detailed list of events appeared in the Statistical Year Book of Canada for 1904, pp. 4-24).
- 1497.—June 24, eastern coast of North America discovered by John Cabot.
- 1498.—Second expedition of Cabot.

 Discovery of Hudson Strait
 and coast of New England.
- 1534.—Jacques Cartier ascends the St. Lawrence as far as Hochelaga (Montreal).
- 1535.—Second voyage of Cartier.
- 1541.—Third voyage of Cartier.
- 1543.—Fourth voyage of Cartier.
- 1557.—September 1, death of Cartier.
- 1603.—June 22, first arrival of Champlain at Quebec.
- 1608.—Second visit of Champlain, and foundation of Quebec.
- 1615.—Champlain ascends the Ottawa river, passes through Lake Nipissing into the Georgian Bay, and through Lake Simcoe and Rice Lake into Lake Ontario.
- 1627.—Creation of "Company of 100 Associates."
- 1628.—Port Royal (Acadia) taken by Sir David Kirke.
- 1629.—April 24, Treaty of Peace between France and England signed at Susa. July 31, Quebec surrenders to Sir David Kirke. Champlain returns to France.
- 1632.—Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye; Canada and Acadia restored to France. Champlain returns to Canada as Governor.
- 1634.—Settlement at Three Rivers.
- 1635.—December 25, death of Champlain.
- 1639.—Ursulines and Hospital nuns arrive at Quebec.
- 1640.—Discovery of Lake Erie by Brébeuf and Chaumonot.
- 1642.—Foundation of Montreal.
- 1654.—By Cromwell's orders expedition from New England under Major Robert Sedgwick seizes Acadia.
- 1655.—November 13, Treaty of Westminster, establishing peace between England and France.
- 1659.—Arrival of M. de Laval as Vicar-Apostolic, with title of Bishop of Petrœa in partibus.

- 1663.—Dissolution of Company of "100 Associates." February 5, severe earthquake, lasting several days.
- 1667.—Treaty of Breda; Acadia restored to France. White population of New France, 3,918.
- 1670.—May 13, Hudson's Bay Company receives its charter.
- 1672.—Frontenac appointed Governor. Population, 6,705.
- 1682.—Frontenac recalled.
- 1689.—August 5, Lachine Massacre. Oct.12, Frontenac, re-appointed Governor, arrives at Quebec.
- 1690.—Massacres by French and Indians on New England frontier.
 Attack on Quebec by New Englanders under Sir William Phipps repulsed.
- 1697.—September 20, Treaty of Ryswick between France and England, providing for mutual restoration of conquered territories.
- 1698.—November 28, death of Frontenac. Population, 13,355.
- 1699.—M. de Callières appointed Governor.
- 1711.—Naval expedition under Sir Hovenden Walker against Quebec meets disaster.
- 1713.—Treaty of Utrecht gives Acadia to England.
- 1745.—Louisbourg, Cape Breton, taken by English under Sir William Pepperell and Sir Peter Warren.
- 1748.—October 18, Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle restores Louisbourg to France in exchange for Madras.
- 1749.—June 21, Foundation of Halifax by Lord Halifax.
- 1756.—War (Seven Years) between England and France. Montcalm in Quebec.
- 1758.—Representative government granted to Nova Scotia.

 July 26, capture of Louisbourg by British expedition under Amherst and Boscawen.

CHRONOLOGY

- 1759.—Capture of Fort Niagara by the English under General Prideaux, who was killed during the assault. July 26, siege of Quebec began. September 13, battle of the Plains of Abraham; death of Wolfe. September 14, death of Montcalm. September 18, surrender of Quebec.
- 1760.—September 8, surrender of Montreal.
- 1763.—February 10, Treaty of Paris signed. Conspiracy of Pontiac.
- 1768.—Sir Guy Carleton (afterwards Lord Dorchester), appointed Governor-General.
- 1774.—Passage of Quebec Act.
- 1775.—May 1, Quebec Act takes effect.
 American Revolution and invasion of Canada under Montgomery and Arnold. Montreal taken. December 31, attack on Quebec repulsed; death of Montgomery.
- 1776.—Retreat of American forces from Canada.
- 1783.—September 3, Treaty of Versailles, recognizing American Independence and regulating Newfoundland Fisheries.
 Kingston founded by U.E. Loyalists.
- 1791.—Passage of Constitutional Act by British Parliament; division of Province of Quebec into Upper and Lower Canada.
- 1792.—First legislatures summoned in Upper and Lower Canada. Vancouver Island circumnavigated by Captain George Vancouver.
- 1793.—Act passed forbidding importation of slaves into Upper Canada.
- 1794.—Jay's Treaty between Great Britain and the United States signed.
- 1811.—Foundation of McGill College.
 Grant of 74,000,000 acres of land from Hudson's Bay Co.
 to Earl of Selkirk for establishment of Red River Colony.
- 1812.—June 19, war declared against England by United States. August 16, capture of Detroit by General Brock. October 13, battle of Queenston Heights; death of General Brock.

- 1813.—June 24, memorable action of Laura Secord brings about surrender of American troops at Beaver Dam. September 10, battle of Lake Erie. October 26, battle of Chateauguay. November 11, battle of Chrysler's Farm.
- 1814.—July 25, battle of Lundy's Lane. September 11, battle of Lake Champlain. December 24, Treaty of Ghent makes peace between England and United States.
- 1817.—First Treaty with Northwest Indians.
- 1818.—October 30, London Convention regulating North American Fisheries.
- 1820.—Cape Breton re-annexed to Nova Scotia.
- 1821.—Commencement of Lachine Canal.
- 1829.—Foundation of Upper Canada College. First Welland Canal opened.
- 1833.—Crossing from Nova Scotia to England of the Royal William, the first vessel to cross the Atlantic entirely by steam.
- 1834.—March 1, Incorporation of Toronto.
- 1837.—Outbreak of Rebellion in Upper and Lower Canada.
- 1838.—May 29, Lord Durham arrives at Quebec.
- 1839.—February 11, Report of Lord Durham. October 19, Charles Poulett Thompson (afterwards Lord Sydenham) arrives in Canada.
- 1840.—July 23, passage of Act of Union. July 28, death of Lord Durham.
- 1841.—February 10, Union of Upper and Lower Canada. June 13, the first joint parliament meets at Kingston. September 3, adoption of Baldwin's resolutions respecting responsible government. Population of Upper Canada 455,688; of Lower Canada (1844), 697,084. September 19, death of Lord Sydenham.
- 1842.—August 9.—Ashburton Treaty.
- 1843.—Foundation of Victoria, British Columbia.

CHRONOLOGY

- 1848.—Opening of Navigation of St. Lawrence Canals.
- 1849.—April 25, rioting in Montreal over passing of Rebellion Losses Bill. Vancouver Island made a Crown colony.
- 1850.—Clayton-Bulwer Treaty.
- 1851.—Responsible government goes into effect in Prince Edward Island.
- 1852.—Commencement of Grand Trunk Railway.
- 1854.—Abolition of Seigniorial Tenure in Lower Canada; settlement of Clergy Reserves question. June 5, Reciprocity Treaty with United States.
- 1855.—March 16, Reciprocity Treaty with U.S. comes into effect. Incorporation of City of Ottawa.
- 1858.—Adoption of decimal currency.
 Ottawa selected by Queen
 Victoria as capital of the
 Dominion. Parliamentary
 government established in
 British Columbia. April,
 discovery of gold in British
 Columbia.
- 1860.—September 1, corner stone of Parliament Buildings at Ottawa laid by the Prince of Wales.
- 1861.—Prince Edward Island Land Commission.
- 1863.—Separate School Act (Canada).
- 1864. September, Convention at Charlottetown on Union of Maritime Provinces; October
 10, adjourned to Quebec to consider Union of all British North American provinces.
- 1865.—February 3, resolution of Legislature for address to Her Majesty praying that act may be passed for the Union of the B.N.A. provinces. October, transfer of seat of government from Quebec to Ottawa.
- 1866.—March 17, termination of Reciprocity Treaty by the United States. May 31, invasion of Canada by Fenians. June 8, the Legislature of Canada meets in new Parliament Buildings at Ottawa. August 11, address to Her Majesty the Queen, embodying resolutions providing for

- the local governments and legislatures of Lower and Upper Canada, respectively, under proposed Union of B.N.A. provinces. November 17, Union of Vancouver Island with British Columbia.
- 1867.—February 10, passing of British North America Act. July 1, Proclamation of the Union; Dominion Day established.
- 1868.—April 7, assassination at Ottawa of D'Arcy McGee. July 31, Rupert's Land Act.
- 1869.—Red River Rebellion.
- 1870.—May 11, purchase by Dominion of Hudson's Bay Company's rights in Rupert's Land, £300,000. July 15, addition to the Dominion of the Northwest Territories and creation of new province of Manitoba. September 24, arrival at Fort Garry of Col. Wolseley's expedition. Collapse of Rebellion.
- 1871.—May 8, Treaty of Washington.
 July 20, admission of British
 Columbia to Confederation.
- 1873.—July 1, admission of Prince Edward Island to Confederation.
- 1875.—A Lieut.-Governor appointed for Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territories.
- 1876.—Opening of the Intercolonial Railway from Quebec to Halifax. Establishment of Royal Military College at Kingston.
- 1877.—First exportation of wheat from Manitoba to Great Britain.
- 1878.—November, arrival of Marquis of Lorne as Governor-General accompanied by H. R. H. Princess Louise.
- 1879.—Adoption of the "National Policy."
- 1880.—British possessions on the North American continent annexed to Canada. May 11, first High Commissioner for Canada appointed (Sir A. T. Galt). May 10, death of Hon. George Brown.
- 1881.—May 2, first sod turned of Canadian Pacific Railway.
- 1882.—May 8, Provisional Districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Athabasca created.

CHRONOLOGY

- 1883.—May 30, Sir Charles Tupper appointed High Commissioner for Canada, in London.
- 1884.—August 11, settlement of boundary between Ontario and Manitoba. August 27, British Association meets in Montreal.
- 1885.—March 26, outbreak of second Northwest Rebellion. November 16, execution of Louis Riel.
- 1887.—Jubilee of Queen Victoria.
 Interprovincial Conference at
 Quebec. April 4, first Colonial Conference in London.
- 1888.—February 15, signing of Fishery Treaty at Washington. August, rejection of Fishery Treaty by United States Senate.
- 1890.—Legislature of Northwest Territories obtains control of all territorial expenditure. October 6, McKinley Tariff Act came into operation in the United States.
- 1891.—June 6, death of Sir John A. Macdonald.
- 1892.—Treaty of Washington (Behring Sea) providing for arbitration. Boundary Convention signed between Canada and United States.
- 1894.—June 28, Colonial Conference at Ottawa.
- 1895.—Proclamation naming the unnamed portions of the Northwest Territories as Ungava, Franklin, Mackenzie and Yukon Districts.
- 1896.—April 24, Lord Strathcona appointed High Commissioner for Canada. July 6, boundaries of Quebec extended to shores of Hudson Bay. November 24, Behring Sea Commission met at Victoria, B.C.
- 1897.—June 22, Diamond Jubilee of Queen Victoria. Second Colonial Conference in London. July 30, commercial treaties with Belgium and Germany denounced. August 18, British Association meets at Toronto. December 8, Privy Council decision upholding right of Provinces to create Queen's Counsel.

- 1898.—August 1, Preferential Tariff (reduction of 25 p.c. in favour of Great Britain) comes into force. August 23, Joint High Commission meets at Quebec for adjustment of questions between Canada and United States.
- 1899.—October 11, outbreak of the Boer War. October 30, first Canadian contingent for service in South Africa embarks at Quebec. May 23, first celebration of Empire Day.
- 1900.—April 26, great fire in Ottawa and Hull. July 7, British Preferential Tariff reduced to two-thirds of the General Canadian Customs Tariff.

 Modus viventi between Great Britain and France respecting Newfoundland Fisheries.
- 1901.—January 22, death of Queen Victoria and accession of King Edward VII. September 16, Duke and Duchess of Cornwall arrive at Quebec.
- 1903.—February 11, Alaskan Boundary Treaty ratified by the United States Senate. October 17, Alaskan Boundary settled (in part).
- 1905.—September 1, creation of new provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. January 25, change of government in Ontario.
- 1906.—June 24, first census of Northwest Provinces. September 10, Interprovincial Conference at Ottawa.
- 1907.—March 22, Industrial Disputes Investigation Act passed. April 15 - May 14, Colonial Conference in London. Adjustment of Parliamentary representation in Saskatchewan and Alberta. New Customs Tariff, including introduction of Intermediate Tariff. August 29, collapse of Quebec Bridge. September 19, new Commercial Convention with France signed at Paris. October 17. establishment of trans-Atlantic communication by wireless telegraphy.

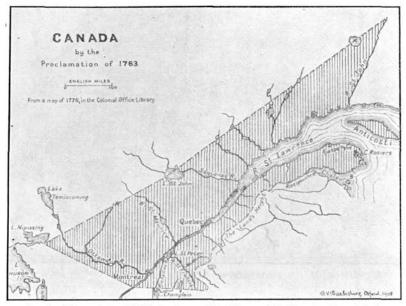
CHRONOLOGY.

- 1908.—January 2, establishment of Ottawa Branch of Royal Mint.
 May 4, ratification of Treaty for demarcation of boundary between Canada and the United States. June 21-23, Bicentenary of Bishop Laval celebrated at Quebec. July 20-31, Quebec Tercentenary Celebrations; visit to Quebec of Prince of Wales, representing the King.
- 1909.—May 19, appointment of Canadian Commission of Conservation. July 28, Conference on Imperial Defence in London. Establishment of International Joint Waterways Commission.
- 1910.—February 1, ratification of Commercial Treaty with France. February 1, International Opium Commission met at Shanghai. May 4, passing of Naval Service Bill.

 May 6, death of King Edward VII and accession of King George V. June 7, death of Goldwin Smith. September 7, North Atlantic Coast Fisheries Arbitration award of the Hague Tribunal. New trade agreements made with Germany, Belgium, Holland and Italy.
- 1911.—January 21, proposals for reciprocity with United States submitted to the Canadian Parliament. March 21, Duke of Connaught appointed Governor-General of Canada. May 20-June 20, Imperial Conference in London. July 11, disastrous forest fires in

- Porcupine mining districts. October 11, electrical energy generated by Niagara Falls first used in Canada. October 13, the Duke and Duchess of Comnaught land at Quebec.
- 1912.—April 15, loss of the steamship *Titanic*. May 15, extension of the boundaries of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba. June 17, judgment delivered by the Imperial Privy Council on the marriage question raised by the Ne Temere Decree.
- 1913.—April 10, Japanese Treaty Act assented to. June 2, trade agreement with West Indies came into force. July 26, King's Prize at Bisley won by Canadian. September 1-3, visit to Montreal of British Lord Chancellor (Viscount Haldane). October 4, New Customs tariff of United States goes into force.
- 1914.—January 21, death of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, aged 94. May 29, loss of the steamship Empress of I. eland. August 3, acquisition by Canada of two submarines on the Pacific Coast. War with Germany, August 4; with Austria-Hungary, August 12; and with Turkey, November 5. August 18-22, special war session of Canadian Parliament. October 16, first Canadian contingent of over 33,000 troops land at Plymouth, England. November 1, loss of 4 Canadian midshipmen by sinking of H.M.S. Cape of Good Hope in action off the coast of Chile.

MAPS ILLUSTRATING THE POLITICAL DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA FROM 1763 TO 1915

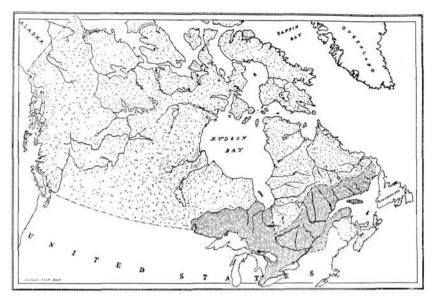


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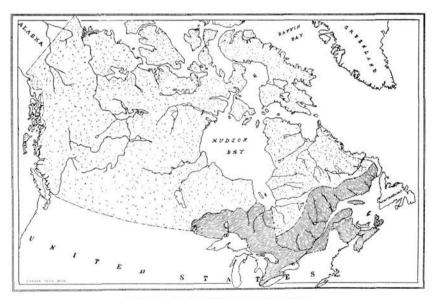
CANADA IN 1763



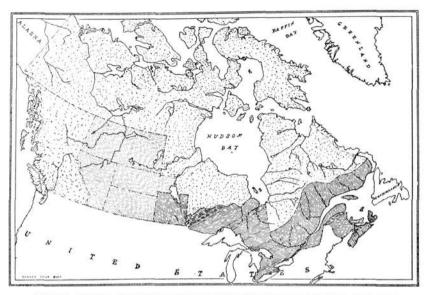
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THE TWO CANADAS IN 1791



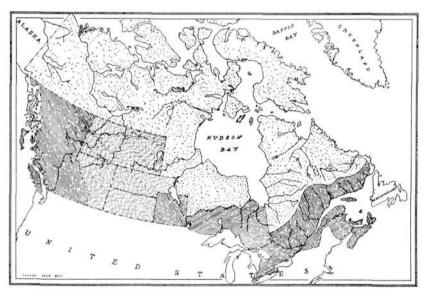
PROVINCE OF CANADA, 1841-1866



CANADA AT CONFEDERATION IN 1867 (Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick)



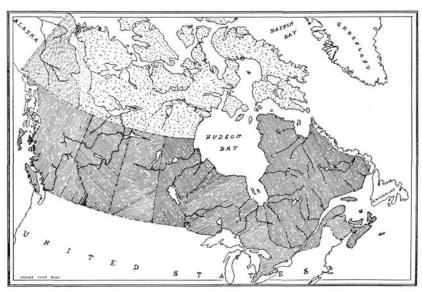
CANADA IN 1870, SHOWING THE NEW PROVINCE OF MANITOBA AND THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES AS THEN ORGANIZED



CANADA IN 1873, SHOWING THE ADDITION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA (1871) AND OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (1873)



CANADA IN 1905, SHOWING THE NEW PROVINCES OF SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA AND THE YUKON TERRITORY



CANADA IN 1915, SHOWING THE EXTENSION OF BOUNDARIES OF QUEBEC, ONTARIO AND MANITOBA, AS EFFECTED IN 1912

II.—PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CANADA. GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

General Formation.—On the eastern coast of the North American continent the Appalachian range of mountains gives shape to the eastern coast of the United States and, extending into Canada, forms the Gaspé peninsula and the Maritime Provinces. Around Hudson bay is a V-shaped plateau constituting the Laurentian highland and extending from Labrador down to the St. Lawrence river and thence northwestward to the Arctic ocean. In the west are the Cordillera ranges of the Pacific coast, extending into British Columbia and the Yukon territory. They occupy a large area in Canada, and comprise several parallel ranges. In British Columbia they are over 400 miles in width, and consist of the Coast range along the coast; the Rocky mountains, properly so called, and, between them, the Selkirk, Gold, Cariboo, Cassiar and other ranges. To the north of British Columbia lies the Yukon territory, including a great mountain area drained by the Yukon river and the Klondike valley, famous for its gold. West of the Canadian Yukon lies the United States territory of Alaska. Canada may further be conveniently divided into five sections: (1) the peninsula which in Canada includes the Gaspé and the three Maritime provinces; (2) the lowlands of southern Ontario and southern Quebec, with the Great Lakes and the Ottawa and St. Lawrence rivers draining the interior into the Atlantic ocean; (3) the Central plain; (4) the Laurentian highland; (5) the western Cordillera.

Mountains.—In the western Cordillera are found the highest mountain ranges and peaks of Canada. In the Yukon territory and forming part of the St. Elias range, is mount Logan, 19,539 feet, the highest known point in Canada. In the Rocky mountains are many peaks rising to heights of 11,000 or 12,000 feet, and mount Robson, 13,700 feet, in the Yellowhead pass, is the highest of that range. The Selkirk range contains heights of from 9,000 feet to over 11,000 feet.

Waterways.—The waterways of Canada constitute one of the most remarkable of its geographical features. East of the Rocky mountains the southern part of the Dominion slopes northeastward towards Hudson bay; and the rivers in the south flow eastward. Thus the Saskatchewan river, with its northern and southern branches, flows eastward into lake Winnipeg and thence northward by the Nelson river into Hudson bay. On the north the Great Plain has a northerly slope, and the Mackenzie river, with its tributaries, the Slave, Liard, Athabaska and Peace rivers, flows into the Arctic ocean. The Mackenzie, exclusive of its tributaries, but including the Slave, Peace and Finlay rivers of which it is the continuation, has a total length of 2,525 miles. The Yukon river in the Yukon territory also flows northward, passing through Alaska into Behring strait after a course of 2,300 miles. In British Columbia, the Fraser, Columbia, Skeena and Stikine rivers flow into the Pacific ocean.

Drainage Basins.—The large drainage basins of Canada are the Atlantic (554,000 square miles), the Hudson bay (1,486,000 square miles), the Arctic (1,290,000 square miles), the Pacific (387,300 square miles), and the gulf of Mexico (12,365 square miles). Table 1 gives a list of the river drainage basins, and Table 2 gives the lengths of the principal rivers with their tributaries and sub-tributaries.

1.—Drainage Basins of Canada.

Drainage Basins.	Area Drained.	Drainage Basins.	Area Drained.
Atlantic Basin.	Sq. miles.	Pacific Basin.	Sq. miles
Hamilton	29,100	Yukon	145,800
Miramichi	5,400	Porcupine	24,600
St. John	21,500	Stewart	21,900
St. Lawrence	309,500	Pelly	21,300
Saguenay	35,900	Lewes	35,000
St. Maurice	16,200	White	15,000
French	8,000	Alsek	11,200
Nipigon	9,000	Taku	7,600
Ottawa	56,700	Stikine	20,300
Lievre	3,500	Naas	7,400
Gatineau	9,100	Skeena	19,300
Gatincau	3,100	Fraser	91,700
Total	554,000	Thompson	21,800
10001	004,000	Nechaco	15,700
Hudson Bay Basin.		Blackwater	5,600
Tradout Day Daoini		Chilcotin	7,500
Koksoak	62,400	Columbia	39,300
George	20,000	Kootenay	15,500
Big	26,300	1100 tolidy	
Eastmain	25,500	Total	387,300
Rupert	15,700		_
Broadback	9,800	Arctic Basin.	
Nottaway	29,800		
Moose	42,100	Backs	47,500
Abitibi	11,300	Coppermine	29,100
Missinaibi	10,600	Mackenzie	682,000
Albany	59,800	Liard	1,700
Kenogami	20,700	Hay	25,700
Attawapiskat	18,700	Peace	117,100
Winisk	24,100	Athabaska	58,900
Severn	38,600	_	1 222 222
Nelson	370,800	Total	1,290,000
Winnipeg	44,000		10.005
_ English	20,600	Gulf of Mexico Basin	12,365
Red	63,400		
Assiniboine	52,600		
Saskatchewan	158,800		
N. Saskatchewan	54,700		
S. Saskatchewan	65,500		
Red Deer	18,300		
Bow	11,100		
Belly	8,900		
Churchill	115,500		
Kazan	32,700		
Dubawnt	58,500		
Total	1,486,000		

Note.—Owing to overlapping, the totals of each drainage basin do not represent an addition of the drainage areas as given. Tributaries and sub-tributaries are indicated by indentation of the names.

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

2.—Lengths of Principal Rivers and Tributaries in Canada.

Names.	Miles.	Names.	Miles
Flowing into the Atlantic Ocean.		Flowing into the Hudson Bay-	
Clamilton (to head of Ashuanini)	350	${ m concluded}.$	1
Hamilton (to head of Ashuanipi) Natashkwan	220	Winnipeg (to head of Firesteel)	47
Romaine	270	English	33
Moisie	$\frac{210}{210}$	Saskatchewan (to head of Bow)	1,20
St. Marguerite	130	North Saskatchewan	76
St. John	390	South Saskatchewan (to head	10
Miramichi	135	of Bow),	86
St. Lawrence (to head of St.	100	Bow	31
Louis)	1,900	Belly	18
Manikugan	310	Red Deer	38
Outarde	270	Churchill	1,00
	$\frac{270}{240}$	Beaver	30
Bersimis	240	Kazan	45
Saguenay (to head of Peri-	405	Dubawnt	58
bonka)			
Peribonka	280	Severn	42
Mistassini	185	Winisk	29
Ashwapmuchuan	165	Attawapiskat	46
Chaudière	120	Albany (to head of Cat river)	61
St. Maurice	325	Moose (to head of Mattagami)	34
Mattawin	100	Mattagami	27
St. Francis	165	Abitibi	34
Richelieu	210	Missinaibi	26
Ottawa	685	Harricanaw	25
North	70	Nottaway (to head of Waswanipi)	40
Rouge	115	_ Waswanipi	19
North Nation	60	Rupert	38
Lièvre	205	Eastmain	37
Gatineau	240	Big	52
Coulonge	135	Great Whale	36
Dumoine	80	Leaf	29
South Nation	90	Koksoak (to head of Kaniapiskau)	
Mississippi	105	Kaniapiskau	44
Madawaska	130	George	36
Petawawa	95	_	
Moira	60	Flowing into the Pacific Ocean.	1
Trent	150		
Grand	140	Columbia (total)	1,15
Thames	135	Columbia (in Canada)	46
French (to head of Sturgeon)	180	Kootenay	40
Sturgeon	110	Fraser	69
Spanish	153	Thompson (to head of North	[
Mississagi	140	Thompson)	27
Thessalon	40	North Thompson	18
Nipigon (to head of Ombabika)		South Thompson	12
,		Chilcotin	14
Flowing into the Hudson Bay.		Blackwater	14
,	1	Nechaco	25
Nelson (to Lake Winnipeg)	390	Stuart	22
Nelson (to head of Bow)	1,660	Skeena	33
Red (to head of lake Traverse)	355	Nass	20
Red (to head of Sheyenne)	545	Stikine	33
Assiniboine	450	Alsek	26
Souris	450	Yukon (mouth to head of Nisutlin)	1,76
Qu'Appelle		Yukon (Int. boundary to head of	
	10	Nisutlin)	65

2.—Lengths of Principal Rivers and Tributaries in Canada—concluded.

Names.	Miles.	Names.	Miles.
Flowing into the Pacific Ocean—concluded.		Flowing into the Arctic Ocean—concluded.	
Stewart	320	Liard	550
White	185	Fort Nelson	260
Pelly	330	Athabaska	765
Macmillan	200	Pembina	210
Lewes	338	Slave	265
		Peace (to head of Finlay)	
Flowing into the Arctic Ocean.	[Finlay	250
		Parsnip	145
Mackenzie (to head of Finlay		Smoky	245
Peel		Little Smoky	185
Arctic Red	230	Coppermine	525
		Backs	605

Nore.—In the above table the tributaries and sub-tributaries are indicated by indentation of the names. Thus the Ottawa and other rivers are shown to be tributary to the St. Lawrence, and the Gatineau and other rivers as tributary to the Ottawa.

St. Lawrence River System.—Most important of the lakes and rivers in Canada is the chain of the Great Lakes with their connecting rivers, the St. Lawrence river and its tributaries. This chain is called the St. Lawrence River System. The Great Lakes, separating the province of Ontario from the United States and connected by a series of artificial canals with the St. Lawrence river, allow of access from the Atlantic ocean to the interior of the Dominion at Fort William and Port Arthur, twin cities situated at the head of lake Superior.

The Great Lakes.—Table 3 shows the length, breadth, areas and elevation above sea-level of each of the Great Lakes.

3.—Area and Elevation of the Great Lakes.

Lakes.	Length.	Breadth.	Area.	Elevation above Sea-level.
	Miles.	Miles.	Sq. Miles.	Feet.
Superior	354 316 207 26 239 193	162 118 101 24 59 53	31,800 22,400 23,200 445 10,000 7,260	602 581 581 575 572 246

Lake Superior, with its area of 31,800 square miles, is the largest body of fresh water in the world. As the international boundary between Canada and the United States passes through the centre of lakes Superior, Huron, Erie and Ontario, only half of the areas of these lakes given in the above statement is Canadian. The whole of lake Michigan is within United States territory. From the western end of lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Lawrence there is, with the aid of the canal system, a continuous navigable waterway. The total length of

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

the St. Lawrence river from the head of the St. Louis river to the Pointedes-Monts, at the entrance to the gulf of St. Lawrence, is 1,900 miles The tributaries of the St. Lawrence, several of which have themselves important tributaries, include the Ottawa river, 750 miles long; the St. Maurice river, 400 miles long; and the Saguenay, 100 miles long.

Other Inland Waters.—In addition to the Great Lakes there are large bodies of inland water in other parts of Canada. Of these only the following principal lakes with their respective areas need be mentioned here: in Quebec, Lake Mistassini (975 square miles); in Ontario, lake Nipigon (1,730 square miles); in Manitoba, lake Winnipeg (9,457 square miles); lake Winnipegosis (2,086 square miles) and lake Manitoba (1,817 square miles); in Saskatchewan, Reindeer lake (2,437 square miles); in Alberta, lake Athabaska (2,482 square miles). All these are within the boundaries of the provinces as at present constituted, and are exclusive of lakes situated in the Northwest Territories, as, for instance, the Great Bear lake (11,821 square miles) and the Great Slave lake (10,719 square miles) in the Mackenzie District.

Table 4 gives a list of the principal lakes of Canada by provinces,

with the area of each in square miles.

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces.

Names of Lakes.	Areas.	Names of Lakes.	Areas.
	Square		Square
	$_{ m Miles}.$		Miles.
Nova Scotia—		Quebec (con.)—	
Bras d'Or	230	Megantic	14
Little Bras d'Or	130	Melville, part	649
		Memphremagog, portion in	
	360	Quebec	28
New Brunswick—		Menihek, part	56
Grand	74	Mistassini	975
		Mistassinis	206
		Nemiskau	
Quebec-	~ =	Nomining	9
Abitibi, part	25	Obatogamau	56
Ashuanipi	319	Olga	50
Attikonak	331	Ossokmanuan	
Aylmer	- 8	Papineau	
Baskatong	171	Patamisk	44
Burnt	56	Petitsikapau, part	47
Champlain, portion in Quebec	3	Pipmaukin	100
Chibouganau	138	Pletipi	138
Evans	231	Quinze, Lac des	46
Expanse	59	St. Francis, Beauce county	13
Gull	125	St. Francis river, St. Law-	50
Grand Victoria	57	rence, part	59 350
Ishimanikuagan	87	St. John	
Kakabonga	65 117	St. Louis	$\frac{56}{130}$
Kipawa		St. Peter	
Matapedia	16 113	Sandgirt, part	95 12
Manouan	87	Simon	65

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces—con.

Names of Lakes.	Areas.	Names of Lakes.	Areas.
	Square		Square
Quebec (con.)—	Miles.		Miles.
Temiscouata	29	Manitoba—	}
Thirty-one Mile	23	Dauphin	200
Two Mountains	63	Dog	64
Wakonichi	44	Ebb-and-flow	39
Waswanipi	100	Manitoba	1,817
Whitefish	19	St. Martin	125
		Shoal	102
	5,480	Swan	84
Ontario—		Waterhen	83
Abitibi	331	Winnipeg, part	5,525
Bald	2	Winnipegosis, part	1,306
Balsam	17	Woods, lake of the, part	60
Buckhorn	14		l ——
Cameron	6		9,405
Couchiching	19		
Deer	7		
<u>D</u> og	61	Saskatchewan—	ļ
Eagle	128	Amisk	111
Erie, portion in Ontario	5,019	Athabaska, part	1,801
George, portion in Ontario	11	Buffalo	281
Huron, including Georgian	14001	Candle	150
bay, portion in Ontario	14,331	Chaplin	
La Croix, portion in Ontario	23	Cree	406
Long	75	Cumberland	$\frac{166}{242}$
Manitou, Manitou island	38 104	Dove	187
Mille Lacs, Lac de	104	Johnston	131
Mud	54	Last Mountain	98
Muskoka Namakau, portion in Ontario	19	Little Quill	
Nipigon	1.730	Manitou	67
Nipissing	330	Montreal	138
Ontario, portion in Ontario	3,727	Nameu, part	54
Panache	35	Plonge, Lac la	383
Pigeon	15	Quill	163
Rainy, portion in Ontario	260	Red Deer on Red Deer river	97
Rice	27	Reindeer, part	2,302
St. Clair, portion in Ontario.	257	Ronge, Lac la	343
St. Francis, river St. Law-	24	White Loon	97
rence, part	24	Witchikan	70
St. Joseph, part	122	Wollaston	906
Saganaga, portion in Ontario	21		
Seul, part	196		8,329
Simcoe	271		
Scugog	391		
Stony	19	Alberta—	1.041
Sturgeon, English river	106	Athabaska, part	1,041
Sturgeon, Victoria county	18	Beaver	89
Superior, portion in Ontario	11,178	Biche, Lac la	125
Temagami	90	Buffalo	55 404
Timiskaming, part	52	Claire	404 480
Wanapitai	45	Lesser Slave	72
Woods, lake of the, part in	1 205	Pakowoki	94
Ontario	1,325	oumvan	94

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES.

4.—Areas of Principal Canadian Lakes by Provinces—concluded.

Names of Lakes.	Areas.	Names of Lakes.	Areas
	Square		Squar
	Miles.		Miles
British Columbia—	1	Northwest Territories—con.	
Adams	52	Melville, part	649
Atlin, part	331	Menihek, part	56
Babine	306	Minto	73.
Chilko	172	Mishikamau	615
Harrison	122	Mishikamats	125
Kootenay	220	Moose	552
Lower Arrow	64	Nameu, part	1:
Okanagan	135	Nichikun	208
Owikano	98	North Indian	184
Quesnel	147	Nueltin	300
Shuswap	124	Nutavawit	343
Stuart	220	Pavne	74
Tacla	135	Pelly	33
Tagish, part	91	Petiesikapau, part	4
	123		224
Teslin, part	99	Playgreen	80
Upper Arrow	99	Reed	
	0.420	Red Deer, west of lake Winni-	0,
	2,439	pegosis	80
N. 11 17D mile mine		Reindeer, part	134
Northwest Territories—		Richmond	269
Aberdeen	514	St. Joseph, part	123
Apiskigamish	392	Sandgirt, part	55
Atikameg	90	Sandy	24
Aylmer	612	Schultz	123
Baker	1,029	Setting	58
Cedar	284	Seul, part	196
Clearwater	478	South Indian	1,53
Clinton-Colden	674	Thaolintoa	184
Cormorant	141	Todatara	208
Dubawnt	1,654	Trout English river	134
Etawney	625	Trout Severn river	233
Franklin	122	Upper Seal	270
Garry	980	Wekusko	83
Gods	319	Winnipeg, part	3,934
Great Long	245	Winnipegosis, part	780
Gras, Lac de	674	Yathkyed	858
Great Bear	11.821	Tubing out	
Great Slave	10,719		51,669
Granville	392		01,000
Indian House	306	Yukon	
Island	551	Aishihik	107
Kaminuriak	368	Atlin, part	12
	441	Kluane	184
Kaniapiskau	441		
Kiekitto	69	Kusawa	56
Kiskitto		Laberge	87
Kiskittogisu	122	Marsh	32
Lansdowne	98	Tagish, part	48
Lower Seal	220	Teslin, part	123
Macdougall	318		
Maguse	490		649
Martre, Lac la	1,225		
Mackay	980	Canada	120,924

Islands.—The northern and western coasts of Canada are skirted by clusters of islands. Those on the north are mostly within the Arctic circle. On the west Vancouver and Queen Charlotte Islands are the largest and most important. On the east, besides the separate island colony of Newfoundland, there are the Cape Breton Island, forming part of the province of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, forming one of the nine provinces of Canada, the Magdalen Islands and the island of Anticosti. To the south of Newfoundland are the two small islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon belonging to France. In lake Huron is the island of Manitoulin and the so-called Thirty Thousand Islands of Georgian Bay. In the St. Lawrence river, just below lake Ontario, are the picturesque Thousand Islands.

GEOLOGY IN RELATION TO AGRICULTURE IN CANADA.

By WYATT MALCOLM, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

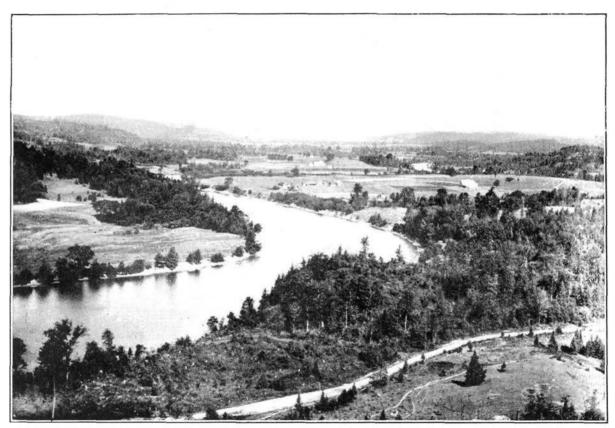
The agricultural possibilities of any country are dependent upon the character of the soil and on the physiographic features. Both of these are closely related to the geology and geological history of the country.

Soils.—Soil, strictly speaking, consists of but a thin surface layer of loose material containing humus, derived from the decomposition of organic matter and other compounds suitable for plant growth. The great proportion of both the soil and the subsoil consists of mineral matter. From the mineral constituents are derived potash and phosphoric acid, two of the chief compounds essential to the growth of vegetation. The mineral constituents are derived from rocks that through various processes have been decomposed into incoherent particles. Soils may be wholly residual, that is, they may consist of material derived from the decay of immediately underlying rocks; or they may consist of transported material or of a mixture of residual and transported material.

The level, hilly or mountainous character of the country is dependent on the nature of the rocks and on the processes of uplift, folding and erosion to which they have been subjected. Sedimentary rocks like sandstones and shales yield readily to the action of such destructive agents as variations of temperature, frost, rain, wind, running water and ice, and of chemical processes such as oxidation, hydration and carbonation. The harder rocks, on the other hand, such as quartzites, slates and granites are more resistant; mountains composed of these are therefore more slowly subdued than are those composed of sandstones and shales.

Agricultural Regions.—The portion of Canada, the climatic conditions of which are favourable to agriculture, may be divided into five great regions:

1. The Laurentian plateau, consisting of the vast upland surrounding Hudson bay and underlain chiefly by igneous rocks, such as granite, together with a less amount of hardened sediments.



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LAURENTIAN PLATEAU AND VALLEY OF LIEVRE RIVER.

GEOLOGY IN RELATION TO AGRICULTURE IN CANADA

- 2. The Appalachian region, occupying the Maritime Provinces and eastern Quebec and underlain by folded sediments and igneous rocks.
- 3. The St. Lawrence lowlands of southern Quebec and southern Ontario underlain by nearly horizontal sediments.
- 4. The Plain region of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta underlain by flat-lying sediments.
- 5. The Cordilleran region, the mountainous region extending from the Rocky mountains to the Pacific coast and underlain by folded sediments and igneous rocks.

These five regions have all been exposed to weathering for a long time. The Laurentian plateau is the oldest land area of any great extent in Canada.

During the long ages that this Laurentian continent has been exposed, the area to the southeast, south and west has been submerged for long periods beneath the sea, and great thicknesses of sandstones, shales, and limestones have been laid down. These sediments have been elevated subsequently above sea level, certain sections such as southwestern Quebec, southern Ontario and the plains of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta rising so gently as to produce little disturbance of the rock strata; while in eastern Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and British Columbia the strata have been folded and crushed into mountain ranges and intruded by igneous rocks.

The soils derived from these rocks by long subjection to decomposing agencies were greatly disturbed in recent times by glaciation. Nearly the whole of Canada was covered by ice, which in the southern part of the country had a general southerly movement. The result of the glaciation was that great stretches of country were denuded of soil, and other areas received accessions of a great quantity of transported material. Towards the close of the Glacial period the outlets of many depressions were closed by lobes of the retreating glaciers and became filled with water. These lakes formed areas for the deposition of fine sediments, such as clay and silt, and on the final melting of the glaciers large stretches of level fertile land remained.

Laurentian Plateau.—The most extensive physiographic unit of Canada is the subdued Laurentian plateau. This is a gently sloping plateau of rather even surface, comparatively low and seldom rising 2,000 feet above the sea. The hills breaking the even surface rise but a few hundred feet at most above the general level.

It is a great U-shaped area surrounding Hudson bay and extends from the Atlantic ocean, on the Labrador coast, west to a line running northwest through Lake Winnipeg, Lake Athabaska, Great Slave lake and Great Bear lake. It extends south to Lake Huron and Lake Superior, and occupies nearly all the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, except the area southwest of a line running from Kingston to Georgian bay, that part of eastern Ontario forming the angle between the Ottawa and St. Lawrence rivers, and that part of Quebec south of St. Lawrence river.

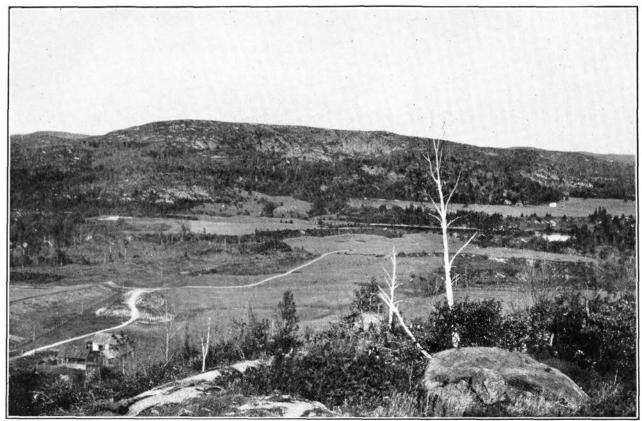
This plateau is underlain by hardened sediments and igneous rocks. The latter are much more widespread than the former, and granitic types predominate. The rocks of this region are among the oldest rocks of which geologists have any knowledge. They are very resistant, and although they have been exposed to weathering since very early in the earth's history the inequalities in the surface features have not been wholly reduced. These inequalities have been augmented by glacial action. A further effect of glaciation was the denuding of much of this region of its soil. Generally speaking, therefore, the physiographic and soil conditions are not favourable to agricultural pursuits. Over a great part of the area, however, sufficient soil has been retained to support a forest growth, although insufficient for agriculture, and it is to be regretted that large stretches of such land have been depleted of their forests and have become dreary, barren wastes.

Within the plateau there are valleys where areas of softer rock have afforded a greater abundance of soil that has not been removed by glaciation, and beautiful cultivated fields lend a pleasing contrast to the surrounding forest. In places the sediments deposited in the basins of glacial lakes have reduced the inequalities of the surface and produced large level areas of arable land. Interesting examples of these are furnished by the Clay Belt of northern Ontario and Quebec, traversed by the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, and by the flat section of country along the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway a few miles north of Sudbury.

Appalachian Region.—The Appalachian region occupies the hilly part of southeastern Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. Here during remote geological ages the sedimentary beds of limestone, sandstone and shale that had been deposited beneath the sea were folded into mountain ranges, and were much altered and hardened and intruded by igneous rocks. During long succeeding ages these mountains have been subdued, and little is left that may be regarded as mountains except the Notre Dame range of Quebec with a general elevation of 1,000 to 2,000 feet and with peaks rising above 3,500 feet, the broken hilly country of the northwestern part of New Brunswick, a section of this province bordering the Bay of Fundy and a central ridge in Nova Scotia.

In the ordinary processes of erosion much of the loosened material resulting from rock decay was carried seaward, and in recent times glaciation denuded a great deal of the more elevated sections of country, leaving barely enough soil to support a forest growth.

In some places sediments have been deposited subsequently to the great folding processes of earlier ages; they are unaltered, easily attacked by weathering agencies and are overlain by an ample depth of soil. The soils of Prince Edward Island, the Annapolis-Cornwallis valley and other sections are derived from these sandstones and shales of later deposition, the shales producing the clayey constituents and the sandstones yielding the sand that renders the soil porous and tillable. Calcareous slates have in places, such as in Carleton and York counties, New Brunswick, broken down into fertile soils. In



Canada Year Book, 1914.

DEFORESTED LAURENTIAN AREA.

GEOLOGY IN RELATION TO AGRICULTURE IN CANADA

eastern Quebec sufficient soil has been retained in the valleys to render the land arable.

The great fertility of the reclaimed marshes of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick is due to the fine silt deposited by the tides by which they were formerly submerged.

St. Lawrence Lowlands.—The St. Lawrence lowlands consist of the generally level, arable land south of the Laurentian plateau. This lies on both sides of the St. Lawrence above Quebec, reaching south to the international boundary, occupies the eastern part of Ontario, east of a line running southward from a point about 50 miles west of Ottawa, and forms that portion of Ontario lying southwest of a line extending from Kingston to Georgian bay.

These lowlands are among the most fertile of Canada's agricultural sections. They are underlain by flat-lying shales and limestones which yield readily to weathering. The physiographic features are favourable, and the residual material derived from the decomposition of limestones and shales results in a fertile, calcareous, clayey soil. The loose surface deposits are of great depth, in places exceeding 200 feet.

The lowlands were overridden by the great glacier. This glaciation, however, had apparently slight denuding effect on this part of the country, but served to mix the loose materials resulting from the weathering of the shales and limestones, and contributed the potash-bearing ingredients transported from the granitic areas of the Laurentian plateau.

In some sections, as in the vicinity of the Great Lakes, sedimentation took place in large lakes produced by the blocking of the outlets of the present lake basins by lobes of the retreating glacier. Recent sedimentation took place also over southwestern Quebec and eastern Ontario during submergence beneath the sea about the close of the Glacial period.

Plain Region.—The plains of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta are underlain by nearly flat-lying shales and sandstones. These have weathered down into the clays and clay loams that have made the plains one of the great wheat-producing districts of the world. This part of Canada was also subjected to glaciation, but the great proportion of the surface deposits is derived from the underlying rocks.

Some large stretches of the Plains region were submerged by glacial lakes in which fine silts and clays carried down from the surrounding land and introduced by glacial streams were deposited. Such is the very fertile Red River valley. This is a part of the bed of a great lake that extended from the Laurentian plateau west to the Manitoba escarpment; it reached southward into the United States and northward 100 miles beyond Lake Winnipeg.

The great fertility of the prairie provinces is due in part to the mineral constituents of the soil and in part to the great accumulation of nitrogenous organic matter, the remains of ages of vegetable growth.

Cordilleran Region.—The Cordilleran region, extending from the Rocky mountains to the Pacific ocean, is underlain by igneous rocks of various kinds and by sediments that have been folded into mountain

ranges and much altered. The whole region remains mountainous, though the interior section is reduced to an elevated plateau. Agricultural pursuits are therefore limited to the valleys. In these there are numerous terraces composed of silt carried down by streams issuing from former glaciers, the latter acting as eroding agents on the underlying rocks. These valley deposits are fertile and are well adapted to fruit culture. The soil of the lower Fraser is a heavier soil and consists chiefly of alluvium.

Thus is Canada's rich heritage in green forests and broad waving fields of grain the result of the geological processes of ages. Nature in her sterner moods produced those great upheavals, foldings and crushings of the earth's crust that resulted in the rugged and uneven stretches of country suited to the growth of forests; in her kindlier moments she slowly and gently and with little disturbance elevated above the sea the level or slightly undulating areas so well adapted to agriculture. Ages before man appeared upon the earth had the geological processes already determined what his pursuits should be and where they should be carried on.

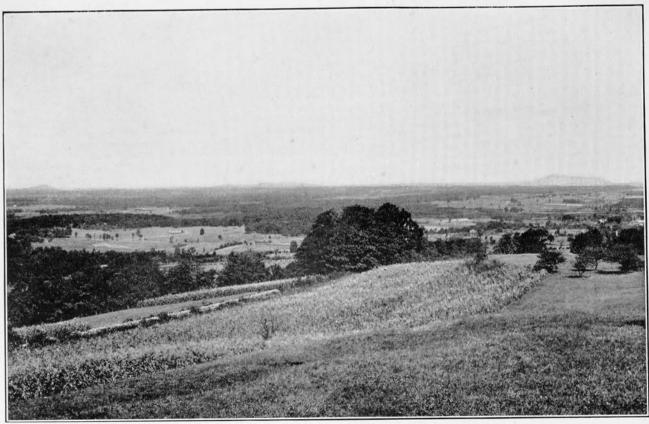
FLORA AND FAUNA.1

By James Macoun, C.M.G., F.L.S., Assistant Botanist and Naturalist, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

Arctic Zone.—Canada, for the purpose of this sketch, may be roughly divided into three zones, the Arctic, the Canadian and the Transition, the Hudsonian zone being included in the first two, and the northern limit of trees serving to define the southern boundary of the Arctic zone. The great majority of the plants of the Arctic zone are circumpolar in their distribution, the species of the extreme north being practically identical with those of the same latitudes of Europe and Asia. The chief breeding grounds of nearly all the waders and of the larger game birds, with the exception of the grouse family, are in the Arctic zone, though many stragglers nest further south. The ptarmigan is the only game bird inhabiting the region during the winter menths. The characteristic mammals are the arctic fox and hare, the polar bear, the barren-ground caribou, the musk ox and the lemming.

Canadian Zone.—The Canadian zone, as the term is used here, includes the sub-Arctic forest, and extends from northern Quebec north-westerly across the continent to the Mackenzie river; parts of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia may also be included in this zone. Spruce, poplar, birch and jack pine are the characteristic trees, and the flora exhibits so little variety that at least 90 per cent. of the species collected in one locality would be found in any other. It is from this zone that the bulk of the pulpwood is now being taken and will be taken in the future; and the sub-Arctic forest is the natural home of all Canadian big game and fur-bearing animals, except the Arctic species and those found in the Rocky mountains and British Columbia, the antelope alone being peculiar to the prairie region. Elk, moose, woodland

¹The illustrations for this article were furnished by the Dominion Parks Branch of the Department of the Interior.



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ST. LAWRENCE LOWLANDS FROM NEAR DUNHAM, QUEBEC.

FLORA AND FAUNA.

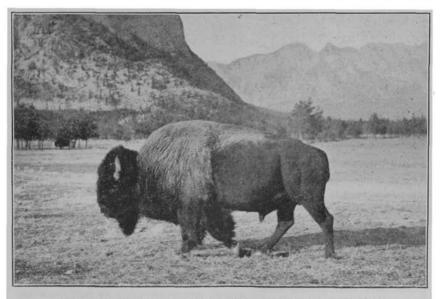
caribou and one or other of the true deer are now found in, or in recent



times ranged over nearly the whole region, and it is in this zone that the black bear, beaver, otter, marten, mink, ermine and fox are found in the greatest abundance. Grouse may be seen anywhere, and the lakes and streams teem with food fishes.

Transition Zone.—What is here called the Transition zone is so varied in character that it must be dealt with more in detail. The literal flora of the Atlantic coast is almost identical with that of the Pacific coast; but the plants of the forest are widely different, although it should be noted that many species found on the mountains of Gaspé also

occur in British Columbia. From Prince Edward Island to Lake Huron the Transition zone includes all the so-called "hardwoods," beech, maple,



BUFFALO BULL IN ROCKY MOUNTAINS PARK, BANFF, ALBERTA.

ash, oak, hickory, elm and yellow birch being economically the most important and of the widest distribution. In southern Ontario the sycamore, the tulip-tree and the magnolia, with many species of plants, notably Opuntia on Pelee Point, are of the Carolinian zone, and indicate a warmer climate. Many species of birds and small mammals not found elsewhere in Canada also occur in this region. From Lake Huron to the prairies the flora and fauna are of the Canadian zone, but from thence westward the flora gradually changes until in the southern parts of Saskatchewan and Alberta it is only along streams and in marshes that many species are seen which occur in the wooded districts. The prairie flora of eastern Manitoba includes a large number of species not found farther west, but very few of these are true prairie plants. Nearly all of them are found south of the Canadian zone in eastern Ontario, showing them clearly to be survivors from the period when the whole of Manitoba was wooded. That they are entirely replaced farther west by characteristic prairie species indicates the greater age of the western prairies. The flora of the prairies of the lower Peace river region is very like that of Manitoba, and a herd of several hundred buffalo still finds its home there. Parts of scuthwestern Saskatchewan and southern Alberta are clearly referable to the Sonoran zone. The rainfall is light, alkali lakes and marshes are frequent, and the flora and fauna resemble that of Arizona or New Mexico. The larger mammals of the prairie region-antelope, badger, skunk, coyotes, kit fox and wolvesare nowhere very abundant, and are not of great fur value. Geese, ducks and prairie chicken abound; only few fish inhabit the lakes and streams; suckers and jack-fish are the principal species.

British Columbia.—The flora of the highest mountains of British Columbia is essentially Arctic in its character, but the general alpine flora varies greatly with the longitude. On the eastern slopes of the Rockies it resembles that of Montana and Wyoming, while in the humid Coast range Alaskan species predominate. The dry plateaus of the interior exhibit many species of the Sonoran zone, and in the Okanagan region, where the rainfall is light, the flora is comparable with that of the arid parts of southern Alberta. Though sometimes specifically distinct, the same mammalian genera inhabit the whole of British Columbia, sheep. goats, deer and grizzly bear being the most important.



YOUNG MOUNTAIN GOAT AT ELEVATION OF 9,000 FEET.



Canada Year Book, 1914.

FOREST OF INTERIOR PLATEAU, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

FLORA AND FAUNA.

There are few game birds but grouse, except near the coast. Trout of several species are found in all the lakes and streams.

Vancouver Island.—The flora and fauna of Vancouver Island differ little from those of the adjacent mainland, except about Victoria and on the islands in the Gulf of Georgia, where many species are found that do not grow elsewhere in Canada. Some of these are characteristic of the Californian flora and are not found in Washington or Oregon. The Yukon district may in some respects be considered as a continuation of the Canadian zone, almost wholly so as regards the general fauna. Many species of plants and some genera are, however, peculiar to the district. This is supposed to be due to the fact that much of the area has escaped glaciation.

III.—AREA AND POPULATION.

Area by Provinces and Territories.—Table 1 shows the total area of the Dominion in land and water and the distribution into provinces and territories:

Provinces.	Land.	Water.	Total Land and Water.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	sq. miles. 2,184 21,068 27,911 690,865 365,880 231,926 243,382 252,925 353,416 206,427 1,207,926	sq. miles. 360 74 15,969 41,382 19,906 8,318 2,360 2,439 649 34,298	sq. miles. 2,184 21,428 27,985 706,834 407,262 251,832 251,700 255,285 355,855 207,076 1,242,224
Total	3,603,910	125,755	3,729,665

The water area is exclusive of Hudson Bay, Ungava Bay, the Bay of Fundy, the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and all other tidal waters, excepting that portion of the River St. Lawrence which is between Pointedes-Monts in Saguenay and the foot of Lake St. Peter in Quebec.

Increase of Population.—According to the corrected returns of the fifth Census, the total population on June 1, 1911, was 7,206,643, representing an increase of 1,835,328 since the previous Census of April 1, 1901. For the period covered, the rate of increase, viz., 34.17 p.c., is the largest in the world, and is due to the heavy tide of immigration which set in with the beginning of the present century. The countries next in order, in respect of the percentage rates of increase during the same decade, are: New Zealand 30.5, the United States 21, Germany 15.2, Holland 14.8, Switzerland 13.2, Denmark 12.6, Belgium 10.9, Austria 9.3, United Kingdom 9.1, Hungary 8.5,

AREA AND POPULATION

Sweden 7.5. Italy and Norway 6.8 and France 1.6. Ontario and Quebec continue to be the most largely populated of the nine provinces, the former having 2,523,274 and the latter 2,003,232 inhabitants. None of the other provinces has yet reached half a million; but Saskatchewan has the third largest population with 492,432. the provinces show an increase since 1901, excepting Prince Edward Island, where the population has decreased by 9,531, or 9.23 p.c. The Yukon and Northwest Territories, with relatively sparse populations, show decreases as compared with 1901. The greatest relative increase is in the western provinces, especially in Saskatchewan and The population of Saskatchewan, 492,432, as compared Alberta. with 91,279 in 1901, shows an increase of 401,153, or over 439 p.c. Alberta has grown from 73,022 in 1901 to 374,663 in 1911, an increase of 301,641, or 413 p.c. Manitoba, 455,614, shows an increase of 200,403 from 255,211, or 78.5 p.c., and British Columbia one of 213.823, or over 119 p.c., the population having grown from 178,657 in 1901 to 392,480 in 1911.

Average Density.—The average density of the population works out to 1.93 per square mile, calculated upon the total of 3,729,665 square miles, as shown in Table 1. This figure may be compared with the density per square mile of other new countries, as, for instance, the United States 30.69, the Argentine Republic 5.99, the Commonwealth of Australia 1.53, the Dominion of New Zealand 9.63 and Newfoundland 1.47. Prince Edward Island has a density of 42.91, Nova Scotia of 22.98, New Brunswick of 12.61, Ontario of 9.67, Manitoba of 6.18 and Quebec of 5.69. The other three provinces, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, are each below 2 per square mile.

2.—Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories in the years 1871-81-91-1901-11.

				<u> </u>	
Provinces.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon	94,021 387,800 285,594 1,191,516 1,620,851 25,228 - 36,247	108,891 440,572 321,233 1,359,027 1,926,922 62,260 ————————————————————————————————————	109,078 450,396 321,263 1,488,535 2,114,321 152,506 98,173	103,259' 459,574' 331,120' 1,648,898' 2,182,947' 255,211' 91,279' 73,022' 178,657' 27,219'	93,728 492,338 351,889 2,003,232 2,523,274 455,614 492,432 374,663 392,480 8,512
Northwest Territories Totals for Canada	48,000 3,689,257	56,446 4,324,810	98,967 	20,129 5,371,315	18,481 7,206,643

POPULATION

3.—Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories in 1871 and 1911 and increase in each decade from 1871 to 1911.

Provinces.	Popula- tion in 1871.	1871 to 1881.	1881 to 1891.	1891 to 1901.	71 to1911. 1901 to 1911.	Popula- tion in 1911.	Increase 1871 to 1911.
Pr. Ed. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta Brit. Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,191,516\\1,620,851\\25,228\\ \\ & \\36,247\\ \end{bmatrix}$	14,870 52,772 35,639 167,511 306,071 37,032 - 13,212 - 8,446	187 9,824 30 129,508 187,399 90,246 - 48,714 - 42,521	-5,819 9,178 9,857 160,363 68,626 102,705 91,279 73,022 80,484 27,219	32,764 $20,769$ $354,334$ $340,327$	492,338 351,889 2,003,232 2,523,274 455,614 492,432 374,663 392,480 8,512	104,538 66,295 811,716 902,423 430,386 492,432 374,663 356,233 8,512
Totals for Canada	3,689,257	635,553	508,429	538,076	1,835,328	7,206,643	3,517,386

4.—Population of Canada by Provinces and Territories, 1901 and 1911.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	Increase.	Increase p.c.
Prince Edward Island	103,259	93,728	-9,531	-9.23
Nova Scotia	459,574	492,338	32,764	7.13
New Brunswick	331,120	351,889	20,769	6.27
Quebec	1,648,898	2,003,232	354,334	21.49
Ontario	2,182,947	2,523,274	340,327	15.58
Manitoba	255,211	455,614	200,403	78.52
Saskatchewan	91,279	492,432	401,153	439.48
Alberta	73,022	374,663	301,641	413.08
British Columbia	178,657	392,480	213,823	119.68
Yukon	27,219	8,512		-68.73
Northwest Territories	20,129	18,481	-1,648	-8.18
Totals for Canada	5,371,315	7,206,643	1,835,328	34 17

5.—Area and Population of Canada in 1911 by Provinces and Districts and Population in 1901.

Provinces and Districts.	Area	Population in 1911.						
	in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	Popula- tion in 1901.		
CANADA	2,386,985,3951	3,821,995	3,384,648	7,206,643	1.93	5,371,315		
Prince Edward Island.	1.397.991	47,069	46,659	93.728	42.91	103,259		
Kings		11,598	11,038	22,636	35.31	24,725		
Prince	498,065	16,551	16,228	32,779	42.12	35,400		
Queens		18,920	19,393	38,313	50.09	43,134		

Note—The totals of areas for Canada and the provinces and territories are as measured by a planimeter on the map, and embrace land and water; while those for districts are the totals of their respective subdistricts, excepting as may be indicated by footnotes where large areas are unsurveyed and unoccupied, and are land areas only.

Note.—The sign (-) denotes a decrease.

¹By map measurement.

AREA AND POPULATION

			POPULATIO	n in 1911		Popula-
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	tion in 1901.
Nova Scotia.	13,713,9201	251,019	241,319	492,338	22.98	459,574
Annapolis	847,280	9,374	9,207	18,581	14.04	18,842
Antigonish	355,840	5,915	6,047	11,962	21.51	13,617
Cape Breton N. and	005 004					
Victoria	867,264	15,435	14,453	29,888	22.06	24,650
Cape Breton S	462,016	28,853	24,499	53,352	73.90	35,087
Colchester Cumberland	$928,640 \mid 1,077,120 \mid$	11,746 20,708	$11,918 \\ 19,835$	$23,664 \\ 40,543$	$16.31 \\ 24.09$	$24,900 \\ 36,168$
Digby	640,000	10,206		20,167	$\frac{24.03}{20.17}$	
Guysborough	1,059,840	8,858		17,048	10.29	18,320
Halifax City and	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,	0,200	21,020	20.20	20,020
County	1,358,960	40,061	40,196	80,257	37 .80	74,662
Hants	786,560	10,016		19,703	16 .03	20,056
Inverness	910,600	13,079	12,492	25,571	18.15	24,353
Kings	552,960	10,995	10,785	21,780	25.21	
Lunenburg	769,280	17,121	16,139	33,260	27.67	32,389
Pictou	719,360	18,213	17,645	35,858	$31.90 \\ 27.14$	
Richmond Shelburne & Queens	$312,960 \\ 1,294,387$	6,828 $12,261$	6,445 $11,950$	$13,273 \\ 24,211$	11.97	24.428
Yarmouth	549,604	12,201 $11,350$	11,870	23,220		
1 amount	010,001	11,000	11,010	20,220	21.01	22,000
New Brunswick.	17,910,400 ¹	179,867	172,022	351,889	12.61	331,120
Carleton	838,785	11,034		21,446		21,621
Charlotte	821,376	10,774		21,147	16.48	22,415
Gloucester	1,196,676	16,588	16,074	32,662		27,936
Kent		12,435		24,376		
Kings and Albert	1,345,110 $3,033,985$	15,470 $16,150$		$30,285 \\ 31,194$	$ \begin{array}{r} 14.41 \\ 6.58 \end{array} $	32,580 28,548
Restigouche	2,092,595	8,434		15,687	4.80	10,536
St. John City and		0,101	1,200	10,001	1.00	10,000
County	394,163	26,082	27,490	53,572	86 .98	51,759
Sunbury and Queens	1,618,742	8,986		17,116		16,906
Victoria and Mada- waska	2,153,549	15,086	13,136	28,222	8.39	21,136
Westmorland	922,993	22,703		44,621	30.94	42,060
York	2,307,367	16,125		31,561	8.75	31,620
Ouches	225,198,5611	1,011,502	991,730	2,003,232	5 69	1,648,898
Quebec. Argenteuil	501,355	8,657	8,109	16,766	21.43	
Bagot	221,530	9,135		18,206	52.60	
Beauce	1,210,266	26,035	25,364	51,399	27.18	43,129
Beauharnois	94,105	10,640	10,162	20,802	141.47	21,732
Bellechasse	417,690	10,632		21,141	32.39	18,706
Berthier	1,403,359	9,950	9,922	19,872	9.06	19,980
Bonaventure		14,379		28,110		24,495
Brome	312,422	6,871	6,345	13,216	27.07	13,397
Chambly and Ver-	01 # 000	14.00=	14.000	00 715	OE 01	24,318
chères	215,680	14,327	14,388	28,715 $42,758$	$85.21 \\ 4.31$	$\frac{24,318}{32,015}$
Champlain	6,353,248	$23,293 \\ 10,649$		$\frac{42,738}{20,637}$	$\frac{4.31}{9.08}$	19,334
Charlevoix	1,455,034 $169,779$	6,647				13,583
Chateauguay Chicoutimi and	100,110	0,047	0,010	10,022	00.22	22,000
Saguenay	87,795,034	32,729	30,612	63,341	0.46	48,291
	2.,. 33,031	-2,		·		

¹By map measurement.

POPULATION.

Provinces and Districts.	Area		Popula-			
Districts.	in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	tion in 1901.
Quebec-con.			1			
Compton	920,986	15,655	13,975	29,630	20.59	26,460
Dorchester	602,624	12,930	12,166	25,096	26.65	21,007
Drummond and Ar-	,	, 1	1		ļ į	
thabaska	766,607	21,233	20,357	41,590	34.72	38,999
Gaspé	2,912,941	18,195	16,806	35,001	7.69	30,683
Hochelaga	1,784	36,707	38,342	75,049	26,918.58	56,919
Huntingdon	231,200	6,707	6,533	13,240		13,979
Jacques-Cartier	73,803	32,737	32,286	65,023	563.86	26,168
Joliette	1,928,640	11,841	12,070	23,911		22,255
Kamouraska	664,006	10,619	10,269	20,888		19,099
Labelle	2,456,052	21,131	19,220	40,351	10.52	32,901
Laprairie and	,,	,	,	,	i i	,
Napierville	204,288	9.937	9.398	19,335	60.57	19,633
L'Assomption	157,854	7,577	7,587	15,164		13,995
Laval	95.287	15,370	14,607	29,977	201.34	19,743
Lévis	173,977	14,319	14,594	28,913		26,210
L'Islet	494,596	8,538	7,897	16,435	21.27	14,439
Lotbinière	464,895	11,144	11,014	22,158	30.50	20,039
Maisonneuve	6,338	85,577	85,401		17,265.27	65,178
Maskinonge	1,881,600	8,265	8,244	16,509		15,813
Megantic	499,304	16,439	14,875	31,314		23,878
Missisquoi	240,140	8,893	8,573	17,466	46.55	17,339
Montcalm	2,698,120	7,066	6,796	13,862	3.30	13,001
Montmagny	403,286	8,729	8,627	17,356	27.54	14,757
Montmorency	1,367,654	6,606	6,609	13,215		12,311
Montreal-Ste. Anne	829	11,402	10,274		16,738.22	23,368
Montreal-		22,202		=1,0.0	20,100.22	20,000
St. Antoine	1,062	23,709	24,929	48.638	29,317.66	47,653
Montreal-	1,002	20,100	21,020	10,000	20,01,.00	17,000
St. Jacques	438	22,028	22,029	44 057	64,410.82	42,618
Montreal-	100	22,020	22,020	11,001	01,110.02	12,010
St. Laurent	544	27,637	28,223	55 860	65,717.65	48,808
Montreal-	011	21,001	20,220	00,000	00,111.00	10,000
Ste. Marie	621	27,282	27,628	54 910	56,608.25	40,631
Nicolet	400,690	15,077	14,978	30,055		27,209
Pontiac	12,747,098	15,634	13,782	29,416		25,722
Portneuf	952,832	15,336	15,193	30,529	20.51	27,159
Quebec Centre	824	9,522	12,141		16,793.02	20,366
Quebec East	594	22,457	24,972	47,429		39,325
Quebec West	503	4,370	5,248		12,236.64	9,149
Quebec County	1,746,239	12,858	12,986	25,844		22,101
Richelieu	141,602	10,332	10,354	20,686		19,518
Richmond and	111,002	10,002	10,001	20,000	20.00	10,010
Wolfe	783,565	20,230	19,261	39,491	32.26	34,137
Rimouski	3,574,468	26,491	24,999	51,490	9.22	40,157
Rouville	155,505	6,609	6.522	13,131	54.12	13,407
St. Hyacinthe	177,671	10,633	11,709	22,342	80.48	21,543
St. John and Iber-	2,0.1	10,000	14,,00	22,012	00.40	21,010
ville	257,934	11,062	10,820	21,882	54.29	20,679
Shefford	363,008	12,145	11,831	23,976		23,628
Sherbrooke	152,064	11,648	11,563	23,211		18,426
Soulanges	87,111	4,640		9,400		9,928

AREA AND POPULATION.

			Populatio	N IN 1911.		Popula-
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	tion in 1901.
Quebec-con.						
Stanstead	276,786	10,301	10,464	20,765		18,998
Temiscouata	1,155,961	18,650	17,780	36,430	20.17	
Terrebonne	500,366	14,592	14,426	29,018	37.12	26,816
Three Rivers and St. Maurice	1,643,552	18,203	17,950	36,153	14.08	29,311
Two Mountains	178,725	7,002	6,866	13,868		14,438
Vaudreuil	128,414	5,585	5,454	11,039	55 .02	10,445
Wright	1,553,711	24,771	23,561	48,332		42,830
Yamaska	233,578	9,805	9,706	19,511		20,564
Quebec unorganized	<u>-</u>	1,332	734	2,066	- 1	2,405
Ontario,	166,951,636 ¹	1,299,290	1,223,984	2,523,274	9 67	2,182,947
Algoma E		28,938	15.690	44,628		25,211
Algoma W	14,248,389	17,948	10,804	28 ,752		17,894
Brant	213,905	9,735	9,524	19,259		18,273
Brantford		13,750	12,867	26,617	306.44	19,867
Brockville	175,919	8,990		18,531	67.42	18,721
Bruce N	608,608	12,166		23,783		27,424
Bruce S	447,655	13,284	12,965	$26,249 \\ 28,406$		
CarletonDufferin	$\frac{416,558}{356,248}$	$14,762 \\ 9,229$	$13,644 \\ 8,511$	17,740		
Dundas	245,199	9,229	9,117	18,165		'
Durham	402,549	13,617	12,794	26,411	42.00	27,570
Elgin E	232,014	9,002	8,595	17,597	48.54	
Elgin W	228,849	13,469	13,246	26,715		25,685
Essex N	153,133	19,497	18,509	38,006	158.84	28,789
Essex S	299,222	15,070	14,471	29,541	63.18	29,955
Frontenac	1,021,380	11,492	10,452	21,944		24,746
Glengarry	305,660	10,608	10,651	21,259		22,131
Grenville	296,209	8,479	9,066 9,505	$17,545 \\ 19,650$		$21,021 \\ 23,663$
Grey EGrey N	$\frac{440,356}{286,784}$	10,145 $13,778$	13,213	26,991	$\frac{23.37}{60.23}$	24,874
Grey S.	365,885	9,725	9,525	19,250		21,053
Haldimand	313,203	11,045	10,517	21,562	44.18	21,233
Halton	232,120	11,535	10,673	22,208	61.23	19,545
Hamilton E	1,724	20,989	18,804	39,793		24,000
Hamilton_W	2,266	18,644	18,635	37,279	1,053.08	28,634
Hastings E	826,504	13,075	11,903	24,978	19.34	27,943
Hastings W	660,205	15,437	15,388	30,825	29.89	31,348
Huron E	274,073	8,090	8,199	16,289	$38.04 \\ 41.82$	19,227 22,881
Huron W	298,535 $256,455$	$9,764 \\ 8,452$	$9,744 \\ 8,734$	19,508 $17,186$		19,712
Kent E	265,336	12,137	11,561	23,698	57.16	25,328
Kent W	321,963	16,414	15,883	32.297	64.21	31,866
Kingston	2,266	9,825	10,835	20,660	5,836.16	19,788
Lambton E	351,140	11,267	10,956	22,223	40.51	26,919
Lambton W	368,363	14,901	14,208	29,109	50.58	29,723
Lanark, N	362,641	7,018	7,606	14,624	25.82	17,236
Lanark S	365,666	9,904	9,847	19,751	34.57	19,996
Leeds	399,876	9,157	9,065	18,222	29.14	19,254
Lennox and Adding-	748,654	10,131	10,255	20,386	17.42	23,346
ton	740,004	10,131	10,200	20,000	40.32	

¹By map measurement.

POPULATION

		Popula-				
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square	tion in 1901.
Districts.	in acres.	marc.	I cimuic.	10001.	mile.	1001.
Ontario—con.						
Lincoln	212,739	17,902	17,527	35,429	106.58	30,552
London	4,252	21,901	24,399	46,300		37,976
Middlesex E	264,718	10,666	10,148	20,814	50.32	20,228
Middlesex N	279,332	7,011	6,726	13,737	31.47	16,419
Middlesex W	242,994	8,164	8,050	16,214		18,079
Muskoka	1,014,650	11,204	10,029	21,233		20,971
Nipissing	20,206,767	43,284	30,846	74,130		28,309
Norfolk	405,927	13,702	13,408	27,110	42.74	29,147
Northumberland E.	280,737	10,307	9,620	19,927	45.44	20,495
Northumberland W.	170,007	6,356	6,609	12,965		13,055
Ontario N	323,086	8,797	8,344	17,141	33.95	18,390
Ontario S	222,523	12,263	11,602	23,865	68.64	22,018
Ottawa City	3,043	34,790	38,403		15,396.21	57,640
Oxford N	. 262,756	12,691	12,386	25,077	61.08	25,644
Oxford S	226,554	11,355	10,939	22,294	62.98	22,760
Parry Sound	2,514,109	14,460	12,087	26,547	6.76	24,936
Peel	299,849	11,644	10,458	22,102	47.18	21,475
Perth N	275,051	15,241	14,994	30,235	70.35	29,256
Perth S	262,281	9,677	9,270	18,947	46.23	
Peterborough E	570,479	8,028	7,471	15,499	17.39	16,291
Peterborough W	354,437	12,936	13,215	26,151	47.23	20,704
Prescott	316,344	13,669	13,299	26,968	54.46	27,035
Prince Edward	249,853	8,448	8,702	17,150	43.93	17,864
Renfrew N	676,998	12,091	11,526	23,617	22.32	24,556
Renfrew S	1,052,770	14,209	13,643	27,852	16.93	27,676
Russell	447,152	20,188	19,246	39,434	56.44	35,166
Simcoe N	338,805	18,324	16,970	35,294	66.67 42.96	29,845
Simcoe S	367,917	12,664	12,035	24,699	42.90	26,071
Stormont	357,508	$12,621 \ 12,273$	12,439 $12,502$	$25,060 \\ 24,775$	60.10	26,399 $27,042$
Thunder Bay and	263,890	12,210	12,502	24,770	00.10	21,042
Rainy River	46,450,167	42,293	24,956	67,249	0.93	28,987
Toronto Centre	651	$\frac{42,233}{27,550}$	25,575		52,083.33	43,861
Toronto E	2,198	33,888	35,024	68,912		40,194
Toronto N.	1,867	24,499	31,970		19,338.70	40,886
Toronto S.	2,917	24,312	19,644	43,956	9,639.47	38,108
Toronto W	3,144	51,593	53,698	105,291		44,991
Victoria	1,813,908	19,068	17,431	36,499	12.89	38,511
Waterloo N	174,849	16,616	17,003	33,619	123.06	27,124
Waterloo S	155,271	14,475	14,513	28,988	119.47	25,470
Welland	247,849	22,272	19,891	42,163		31,588
Wellington N	371,496	11,366	10,926	22,292	38.40	26,120
Wellington S	280,882	16,265	15,935	32,200	75.36	29,526
Wentworth	289,257	17,724	16,910	34,634	76.63	26,818
York Centre	213,586	13,827	12,221	26,048	78.05	21,505
York N	275,554	11,456	10,959	22,415	52.05	22,419
York S	69,745	34,703	33,315	68,018	624.13	20,699
Manitoba.	47,188,2981	250,056	205,558	455,614	6.18	255,211
Brandon	$1,864,902^2$	22,127	17,607	39,734	13.64	25,047
Dauphin	$13,193,249^2$	24,384	19,616	44,000	2.14	22,631
Lisgar	$1,093,197^{2}$	12,304	11,197	23,501	13.76	24,736

¹By map measurement. ²Total land area.

AREA AND POPULATION

5.—Area and Population of Canada in 1911 by Provinces and Districts and Population in 1901.—concluded.

			Populatio	n in 1911		Popula-
Provinces and Districts.	Area in acres.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Per square mile.	tion in 1901.
Manitoba—con.						
Macdonald	$2,392,612^{2}$	19,984	15,857	35,841	9.59	23,866
Marquette	3,333,8892	18,829	14,769	33,598	6.45	20,431
Portage la Prairie	$1,754,456^{2}$	15,565	12,385	27,950	10.20	23,483
Provencher	$3,610,628^{2}$	21,732	18,961	40,693	7.21	24,434
Selkirk	$11,444,171^{2}$	28,879		53,091	2.97	24,021
Souris	$2,469,244^{2}$	16,142	12,907	29,049	7.53	24,222
Winnipeg City	12,750	70,110	58,047	128,157	6,432.94	42,340
Saskatchewan.	161,088,000	291,730		492,432	1.95	91,279
Assiniboia	4,803,514	24,619	17,937	42,556	5.67	9,332
Battleford	34,889,994	28,734	18,341	47,075	0.86	6,171
Humboldt	$7,489,869^2$	30,405	21,790	52,195	4.45	2,166
Mackenzie	5,404,8392	22,204	18,354	40,558	4.80	
Moosejaw	$21,664,196^{2}$	55,101	32,624	87,725	2.59	5,761
Prince Albert	66,087,8032	20,847	15,472	36,319	0.35	12,795
Qu'Appelle	$3,429,965^{2}$	20,053	15,555	35,608	6.64	17,178
Regina	$5,075,695^{2}$	44,478		70,556	8.90	7,703
Saltcoats	$2,687,635^{2}$	16,019		28,695	6.83	9,479
Saskatoon	4,230,9702	29,270		51,145	7.74	7,157
Alberta.	163,382,400 ¹	223,989			1.47	
Calgary	$3,671,520^{\circ}$	36,991		60,502		
Edmonton	78,034,8862	34,567	22,478	57,045		
MacLeod	$6,020,634^{2}$	20,516	13,988	34,504		
Medicine Hat	$16,396,476^{2}$	43,724	26,882	70,606		10,804
Red Deer	13,977,4872	37,085				10,314
Strathcona	$6,880,155^{2}$	28,536	20,937	49,473		12,345
Victoria	36,890,8432	22,570	18,591	41,161	0.71	10,518
British Columbia.	227,747,2001	251,619		392,480		
Comox-Atlin	$91,680,886^{2}$	30,969	11,294	42,263	0.30	
Kootenay	$17,290,420^{\circ}$	33,974		50,772	1.88	
Nanaimo	1,738,8802	20,124	11,698	31,822	11.71	22,293
New Westminster	3,100,4802	35,906	19,773	55,679	11.50	
Vancouver City	417,2802	74,390	49,512	123,902	190.03	
Victoria City	1,8942	19,089		31,660	10,695.95	
Yale and Cariboo		37,167	19,215	56,382	0.32	29,155
Yukon.	132,528,6401	6,508	2,004	8,512	0.041	27,219
N.W. Territories.	1,229,878,4001	9,346	9,135	18,481	0.010	20,129

Distribution of Urban Population.—In Tables 6-8 is shown the distribution of the urban population into cities, towns, and villages. There are now four cities in Canada with an aggregate population exceeding 100,000: Montreal (470,480), Toronto (376,538), Winnipeg (136,035) and Vancouver (100,401), as compared with only two in 1901: Montreal (267,730) and Toronto (208,040). There are three

¹By map measurement. ²Total land area.

POPULATION

cities with populations in 1911 exceeding 50,000: Ottawa (87,062), Hamilton (81,969) and Quebec (78,710). Two towns with a population in 1911 exceeding 5,000, viz., North Vancouver, B.C. (8,196), and Cobalt, Ont. (5,638), were not in existence in 1901, whilst 14 other towns had no existence in 1891, viz., Regina (30,213), Edmonton (24,900), Maisonneuve (18,684), Fort William (16,499), Moosejaw (13,823), Saskatoon (12,004), Port Arthur (11,220), Lethbridge (8,050), North Bay (7,737), Thetford Mines (7,261), Prince Albert (6,254), Medicine Hat (5,608), Strathcona (5,579) and North Toronto (5,362).

Division of the population into urban and rural gives 3,280,964 of the former and 3,925,679 of the latter. The increase in the urban population is indeed one of the most striking facts revealed by the Census of 1911. Whilst during the decade 1901 to 1911 the rural population increased by 576,163, or 17.20 p.c., the increase in the urban population was 1,259,165, or at the rate of 62.28 p.c. In the Maritime Provinces and in Ontario the urban population increased at the expense of the rural, for the latter has actually declined since 1901, in Prince Edward Island by 10.81 p.c., in Nova Scotia by 7.26 p.c., in New Brunswick by 0.58 p.c. and in Ontario by 4.18 p.c. The urban population of these provinces increased during the same period by the following percentage ratios: Prince Edward Island 0.1, Nova Scotia 45.43, New Brunswick 28.81 and Ontario 41.93.

Table 8 analyses the urban population of Canada for each of the census years 1901 and 1911. It shows that, in 1911, of the total population of 7,206,643, not less than 2,354,131, or 32.70 p.c., were dwelling in cities or towns with a population exceeding 5,000, the total urban population being 3,280,964, or 45.53 p.c. of the entire population.

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901.

Cities and Towns.	Provinces.	Population.						
		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.		
Toronto¹. Winnipeg¹. Vancouver¹. Ottawa¹. Hamilton¹. Quebec. Halifax. London. Calgary.	Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. British Columbia. Ontario. Quebec. Nova Scotia. Ontario. Alberta. New Brunswick.	115,000 59,000 241 - 24,141 26,880 59,699 29,582 18,000 41,325	155,238 96,196 7,985 31,307 36,661 62,446 36,100 26,266 41,353	219,616 181,215 25,639 13,709 44,154 48,959 63,090 38,437 31,977 3,876 39,179	267,730 208,040 42,340 27,010 59,928 52,634 68,840 40,832 37,976 4,392 40,711	470,480 376,538 136,035 100,401 87,062 81,969 78,710 46,619 46,300 43,704 42,511		

Population of the city municipality.

AREA AND POPULATION

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901—con.

Cities and Towns.	Provinces.		Pos	PULATION	г.	
		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Victoria	British Columbia.	3,270	5,925	16,841	20,919	31,660
Regina		-	-		2,249	30,213
	Alberta	-	_		2,626	24,900
Brantford		8,107	9,616	12,753	16,619	23,132
Kingston	"	12,407	14,091	19,263	17,961	18,874
Maisonneuve	Quebec	′ -	·	-	3,958	18,684
Peterborough		4,611	6,812	9,717	11,239	18,360
Hull	Quebec	3,800	6,890	11,264	13,993	18,222 17,829
	Ontario	4,253	6,561	10,322	12,153	
Sydney	Nova Scotia	-	1,480	2,427	9,009	17,723
Glace Bay		-	-	2,459	6,945	16,562
Fort William		4 420	7 997	10 110	3,633 $11,765$	16,499 16,405
Sherbrooke Berlin	Quebec Ontario	$\frac{4,432}{2,743}$	7,227 $4,054$	$10,110 \\ 7,425$	9,747	15,196
Guelph	ontario	$\frac{2,143}{6,878}$	9,890	10,537	11,496	15,175
Westmount		200	884	3,076	8,856	14,579
St. Thomas	Ontario	2.197	8,367	10,366	11,485	14,054
Brandon	Manitoba		-	3,778	5,620	13,839
Moosejaw	Saskatchewan	_	_	-,	1,558	13,823
Three Rivers		7,570	8,670	8,334	9,981	13,691
New Westminster.		´ -	1,500	6,678	6,499	13,199
Stratford		4,313	8,239	9,500	9,959	12,946
Owen Sound	"	3,369	4,426	7,497	8,776	12,558
St. Catharines	«	7,864	9,631	9,170	9,946	12,484
Saskatoon		-	-	-	113	12,004
Verdun		-		296	1,898	11,629
Moncton		600	5,032	8,762	9,026	11,345
	Ontario	0.007	11 405	$\frac{-}{11,373}$	3,214 $12,080$	11,220 11,198
	P. E. Island	8,807	11,485 780	$\frac{11,373}{2,414}$	7,169	10.984
Sault Ste. Marie.		879 5,873	7,873	9,052	9,068	10,334
Chatham Lachine	Oughoa	1,696	2,406	3.761	5,561	10,699
	Ontario	3,827	5,187	7,535	7,866	10,299
Sarnia	"	2,929	3,874	6,692	8,176	9,947
Belleville	"	7,305	9,516	9,916	9,117	9,876
St. Hyacinthe	Quebec	3,746	5,321	7,016	9,210	9,797
Valleyfield		1,800	3,906	5,515	11,055	9,449
Brockville		5,102	7,609	8,791	8,940	9,374
Woodstock	"	3,982	5,373	8,612	8,833	9,320
Niagara Falls	"	-	2,347	3,349	5,702	9,248
Amherst	Nova Scotia	F 000	2,274	3,781	$\frac{4,964}{7.057}$	$8,973 \\ 8,420$
	Quebec	5,636	5,791	$6,669 \\ 4,595$	6,130	8,306
	Brit. Columbia	-	1,645	4,000	0,150	8 196
North Vancouver.	Alberta	-	_ i	_	2,072	8,050
North Borr	Ontario	_	_ [_	2,530	7,737
St Boniface	Manitoba	_	1,283	1,553	2,019	7,483
Sydney Mines	Nova Scotia		2,340	2,442	3,191	7,470
Levis	Cuebec	6,691	7,597	7,301	7,783	7,452
Oshawa	Ontario	3,185	3,992	4,066	4,394	7,436
Thetford Mines	Quebec	´ -	· -	-	3,256	7,261
Fredericton		6,006	6,218	6,502	7,117	7,208

6.—Population of Cities and Towns having over 5,000 inhabitants in 1911, compared with 1871-81-91-1901—concluded.

Cities and Towns.	Provinces.	POPULATION.						
		1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.		
Lindsay. Orillia Fraserville Yarmouth Cornwall Barrie New Glasgow Smiths Falls Joliette Prince Albert Kenora Truro St. Johns Portage la Prairie Chicoutimi Spring Hill Cobalt Pembroke Medicine Hat Strathcona North Sydney	Nova Scotia Ontario Quebec Saskatchewan Ontario Nova Scotia Quebec Manitoba Quebec Nova Scotia Ontario " Alberta. – " Nova Scotia	2,829 4,049 1,322 1,541 2,500 2,033 3,398 - 1,150 3,047 - 3,022 - 1,393 - 1,508	4,445 5,080 2,911 2,291 3,485 4,468 4,854 2,595 2,087 3,268	1891. 4,939 6,081 4,752 4,175 6,089 6,805 5,550 3,776 3,864 3,347 1,806 5,102 4,722 3,363 2,277 4,813 - 4,401 - 2,513	5,755 7,003 4,907 4,569 6,430 6,704 5,949 4,447 5,155 4,220 1,785 5,202 5,993 4,030 3,901 3,826 5,178 5,156 1,570 1,550 4,646	7,090 6,964 6,828 6,774 6,600 6,598 6,420 6,383 6,370 6,346 6,254 6,158 6,107 5,903 5,713 5,638 5,638 5,573 5,418		
Welland Port Hope Cobourg Dartmouth	Ontario	1,110 5,114 4,442	1,870 5,581 4,957 3,786	2,035 5,042 4,829 6,252	1,852 1,863 4,188 4,239 4,806	5,362 5,318 5,092 5,074 5,058		

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901.

	POPULATION.			POPULATION.		
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	
Prince Edward Island.			Nova Scotia —con.			
Summerside	2,875 1,140	2,678 1,089	PictouParrsboroBridgewater	3,235 $3,391$ $2,203$	3,179 2,856 2,775	
Nova Scotia.			Inverness Lunenburg	2,265	2,719 $2,681$	
Westville	2.335	417 4,471 Dominion			2,589 2,304 2,109	

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—con.

POPULATION.		Tro-ma and 37211	POPULATION.		
1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	
		Quebec—con.			
1,838	1,787	Jonquieres	_	2,354	
	1,749	Windsor Mills	2,149	2,233	
		Asbestos	783	2,224	
				2,201	
			2,057	2,175	
				$\begin{bmatrix} 2,141 \\ 2,120 \end{bmatrix}$	
				2,120	
				$\frac{2,000}{2,056}$	
				2,020	
				2,013	
, -	_,	Terrebonne		1,990	
		Iberville	1,512	1,90	
		Waterloo	1,797	1,886	
			1,390	1,860	
				1,857	
				1,751	
				1,747 $1,737$	
				1,72	
			1,400	1,717	
		Beauceville	_	1,67	
444		Louiseville	1.565	1,67	
2,044	1,804	St. Raymond	1,272	1,653	
862	1,650	D'Israeli	1,018	1,606	
1,075	1,442	St. Gabriel de Brandon	1,199	1,602	
644		Lorette		1,588	
1,246	1,080			1,587	
				1,559 $1,501$	
				1,301	
1 148	4 820			1,480	
2.511	4 783			1,458	
3.773	4.750		826	1,449	
		St. Joseph (Beauce)	1,117	1,440	
3,416	3,978	St. Tite	991	1,438	
3,516	3,978	Bedford	1,364	1,432	
				1,416	
				1,416	
3,114		St. George		1,410 1,402	
				1,383	
				1,363	
2,000			-	1,355	
			1,364	1,335	
1,693	3,028	Danville	1,017	1,331	
-,	2,934	Sault au Recollet	920	1,311	
1,316	2,645	Huntingdon	1, 122	1,265	
1,919	2,617	Bromptonville	-	1,239	
2,225	2,593	Lennoxville	1,120	1,211	
1 0'000					
2,022 1,883	2,407 $2,399$	Lac au Saumon Point aux Trembles	-	1,171 $1,167$	
	1,838 1,274 1,479 1,412 1,445 1,026 1,150 1,019 1,046 4,868 3,644 2,652 2,507 2,840 1,444 1,398 1,892 444 2,044 1,398 1,892 444 1,246 1,148 2,511 3,773 2,768 3,416 3,516 2,835 3,114 3,619 1,362 2,880 1,1804 1,693 1,316 1,919	1,838 1,787 1,274 1,749 1,479 1,617 1,412 1,458 1,435 1,392 1,026 1,392 1,150 1,247 550 1,078 1,019 1,019 1,046 1,006 4,868 4,666 3,644 3,856 2,652 3,817 2,507 2,945 2,840 2,836 1,444 2,039 1,398 1,906 1,892 1,837 444 1,821 2,044 1,804 1,280 1,075 1,442 4,44 1,820 2,511 4,783 3,773 4,750 2,768 4,265 3,416 3,978 3,516 3,978 2,835 3,972 2,936 3,854 3,114 3,560 3,619 3,473 1,362 3,344 2,880 3,165 2,291 3,109 1,804 3,097 1,693 3,028 - 2,934 1,316 2,645 1,919 2,617	Quebec—con.	Towns and Villages. 1901. 1901. 1901.	

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—con.

m 1 17211	Popul	LATION.	W I V(1)	POPULATION.		
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	
Quebec—con.			Ontario—con.			
Laurentides	934	1,128	Leamington	2,451	2,652	
Boucherville	940	1,097	Walkerton	2,971	2,601	
Amqui	. .	1,070	Amherstburg	2,222	2,560	
Waterville	576	1,054	Blind River	2,656	2,558	
Masson	1,012	1,034	Almonte	3,023	2,452	
Baie de Shawinigan	1 000	1,024	Oakville	1,643	2,372	
St. Remi	1,080	1,021	Hespeler	2,457	2,368	
Papineau	772 507	1,015	Huntsville	2,152	2,358	
Bagotville	481	1,011	Hanover	1,392	2,342 $2,340$	
Dorval Bienville	851	1,005 1,004	Orangeville	2,511 $1,911$	2,340 $2,323$	
Dienvine	201	1,004	Alexandria	1,450	2,302	
Ontario.			Listowel	2,693	$\frac{2,302}{2,289}$	
Ontario.			Thorold	1,979	2,273	
Ingersoll	4,573	4,763	Wiarton	2,443	2,266	
Midland	3,174	4,663	Clinton	2,547	2,254	
Goderich	4,158	4,522	Whitby	2,110	2,248	
Arnprior	4,152	4,405	Wingham	2,392	2.238	
Hawkesbury	4,150	4,400	Sturgeon Falls	1,418	2,199	
Waterloo	3,537	4,359	New Liskeard	/ -	2,108	
Dundas	3,173	4,299	Aylmer	2,204	2,102	
Sudbury	2,027	4,150	Deseronto	3,527	2,013	
Paris	3,229	4,098	Seaforth	2,245	1,983	
Trenton	4,217	3,988	Kincardine	2,077	1,956	
Steelton		3,936	Ridgetown	2,405	1,954	
Preston	2,308	3,883	Thessalon	1,205	1,945	
Haileybury	0.150	3,874	Aurora	1,590	1,901	
Renfrew	3,153	3,846	Weston	1,083	1,875	
Gananoque	3,526	3,804	Mount Forest	2,019	1,839	
Carleton Place	4,059 3,588	3,621	Burlington	1,119	1,831 1,786	
Perth Penetanguishene	2,422	$3,588 \ 3,568$	Portsmouth	1,827 $1,060$	1,780	
Picton	3,698	3,564	Bridgeburg	1,358	1,770	
Petrolia	4,135	3,518	Mitchell	1,945	1,766	
Wallaceburg	2,763	3,438	Chesley	1,734	1,734	
Parry Sound	2,884	3,429	Acton	1,484	1,720	
Brampton	2,748	3,412	Cochrane	-,	1,715	
Rockland	1,998	3,397	Morrisburg	1,693	1,696	
St. Marys	3,384	3,388	Southampton	1,636	1,685	
Walkerville		3,302	Merritton	1,710	1,670	
Simcoe	2,627	3,227	Grimsby	1,001	1,669	
Eastview	776	3,169	Palmerston	1,850	1,665	
Copper Cliff	2,500		Milton	1,372	1,654	
Campbelliord		3,051	Gravenhurst	2,146	1,624	
Newmarket		2,996	Port Colborne	1,253	1,624	
Dunnville	2,105	2,861 2.823	Victoria Harbour	989 607	1,616	
StrathroyBowmanville	2,933	2,814	Fort Frances	697 1 313	$\begin{array}{ c c } & 1,611 \\ & 1,583 \end{array}$	
Meaford		2,811	GeorgetownDurham	$1,313 \\ 1,422$	1,581	
Napanee	3,143	2,807	Rainy River	1,722	1,578	
Prescott	3,019	2,801	Vankleek Hill	1,674	1,577	
Bracebridge		2,776	Exeter	1,792	1,555	
Tilsonburg			Dresden	1,613	1,551	

7.—Population of Incorporated Towns and Villages having 1,000 to 5,000 inhabitants in 1911 and corresponding figures for 1901—concluded.

T	POPUL	ATION.		Popul	ATION.
Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.	Towns and Villages.	1901.	1911.
Ontario—con.			Manitoba—con.	-	
Fergus	1,396	1,534	Carman	1,439	1,271
Mattawa	1,400	1,524	Morden	1,522	1,130
Harriston	1,637	1,491	Emerson	840	1,043
New Hamburg	1,208	1,484	Killarney	585	1,010
Forest	1,553	1,445	Stonewall	589	1,005
Havelock	984	1,436	Saskatchewan.		
Uxbridge	1,657	1,433			
Kingsville	1,537	1,427	Yorkton	700	2,309
Lakefield	1,244	1,397	Weyburn	113	2,210
Blenheim	1,653	1.387	North Battleford		2,105
Mimico	403	1,373	Estevan	181	1,981
Tilbury	1,012	1,368	Swift Current	121	1,852
Tweed	1,168	1,368	Melville		1,816
Essex	1,391	1,353	Battleford	609	1,335
L'Orignal	1,026	1,347	Indian Head	768	1,285
Brighton	1,378	1,320	Rosthern	415	1,172
Niagara	1,258	1,318	Moosomin	868	1,143
Parkhill	1,430	1,289			,
Alliston	1,256	1,279	Alberta.		
Keewatin	1,156	1,242	Wetaskiwin (city)	550	2,411
Port Elgin	1,313	1,235	Red Deer	323	2,118
Little Current	728	1,208	Macleod	796	1,844
Elora	1,187	1,197	Castor	_	1,659
Kemptville	1,523	1,192	Camrose	_	1,586
Eganville	1,107	1,189	Coleman		1,557
Port Dalhousie	1,125	1,152	Raymond	_	1,465
Port Perry	1,465	1,148	Stettler	_	1,444
Fort Erie	890	1,146	Taber	_	1,400
Winchester	1,101	1,143	Cardston	639	1,207
Port Dover	1,177	1,138	High River	153	1.182
Shelburne	1,188	1,113	Blairmore	239	1,137
Norwich	1,269	1,112	Lacombe		1,029
Cardinal	1,378	1,111	Vegreville	_	1,029
Hagarsville	1,020	1,106	Pincher Creek	335	1,027
Arthur	1,285	1,102		000	1,02.
Beamsville	832	1,096	British Columbia.		
Watford	1,279	1,092	Nelson (city)	5,273	4,476
Waterford	1,122	1,083	Prince Rupert (city)		4,184
Madoc	1,122	1,058	Kamloops "	1,594	3,772
Fenelon Falls	1,132	1,053	Ladysmith "		3,295
Stavner	1,132 $1,225$	1,039	Fernie "	1,640	3,146
Stouffville	1,223 $1,223$	1,039	Cranbrook "	1,196	3,090
	855	1,034	Revelstoke "	1,600	3,017
Beaverton	914	1,013	Rossland "	6,156	2,826
Bobcaygeon	914	1,000	Vernon "	802	2,671
Manitoba.			Kelowna. "	261	1,663
Maintuba.			Chilliwack "	$\frac{201}{277}$	1,657
Selkirk	2,188	2,977	Grand Forks "	1,012	1,577
	1,135	2,815	Trail "	1,360	1,460
Dauphin Neepawa	1,133	1,864	Cumberland "	732	1,237
Souris	839	1,854		.02	~,
Virden	901	1,550	Yukon.		
Minnedosa			Dawson City	9.142	3,013
Ivinine(108a	1,002	1,±00	Danson Crey		

8.—Urban Population of Canada by Size Groups, 1901 and 1911.

		190	1.		1911.				
In Cities and Towns	Num-	D1-	Per ce	ent. of	Num-			Per cent. of	
of	ber of Places	Popula- tion.	Urban Pop.	Total Pop.	ber of Places	Popula- tion.	Urban Pop.	Total Pop.	
Over 400,000	_	-	_	-	1	470,480	14.34	6.53	
300,000 and 400,000	-	- .	-		1	376,538	11.48	5.22	
200,000 and 300,000	2	475,77 0	[23.53]	8.86		·			
100,000 and 200,000	_	-			2	236,436		3.28	
50,000 and 100,000	3	181,402				247,741		3.44	
25,000 and 50,000	5	188,869		3.52		241,007		3.34	
15,000 and 25,000	3	55,499		1.03	13	237,551		3.30	
10,000 and 15,000	8	95,266			18	221,322		3.07	
5,000 and 10,000	37	275,919		5.14		323,056		4.48	
3,000 and 5,000	50	190,789		3.55	60	226,212		3.14	
1,000 and 3,000	187	320,433		5.97	251	429,553		5.97	
500 and 1,000	179	130,238		2.42	247	180,784		2.51	
Under 500	_	107,614	5.32	2.00	_	90,284	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 75 \end{bmatrix}$	1.25	
Total	-	2,021,799	100.00	37.64	-	3,280,964	100.00	45.53	

9.—Rural and Urban Population of Canada in 1901 and 1911 by Provinces, and increase or decrease in the decade.

Provinces.	Populat	ion 1901.	Populat	ion 1911.	Increase or Decrease.		
	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	184,738	70,473 $17,550$	306,210 252,342 1,032,618 1,194,785 255,249 361,067 232,726 188,796	186,128 99,547 970,614 1,328,489 200,365 131,365 141,937	9,546 23,981 1,493 39,951 -52,184 70,511 287,338 180,327 100,318 13,430 1,648	56,745 22,262 314,383 392,511 129,892 113,815 121,314 113,505	
Canada	3,349,516	2,021,799	3,925,679	3,280,964	576,163	1,259,165	

Note.—The sign minus (-) denotes a decrease.

10.-Rural and Urban Population of Canada by Provinces and Sexes, 1911.

		MAL	ES.		Females.					
Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.	Total.	Excess of Rural over Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Total.	Excess of Rural over Urban.		
Prince Edw'd		'			:					
Island	40,192	6,877	47,069	33,315	38,566	8,093	46,659	30,473		
Nova Scotia.	157,878	93,141	251,019	64,737	148,332		241,319	55,345		
New Bruns-	101,010	00,111	201,010	01,000	110,002	· = ,00.		00,010		
wick	131,599	48,268	179,867	83,331	120,743	51,279	172,022	69,464		
Quebec	533,117	478,385	1,011,502	54,732	499,501					
Ontario	639,850		1,299,290	-19.590			1,223,984	-114,114		
Manitoba	141,912	108,144	250,056	33,768	113,337	92,221	205,558	21,116		
Saskatchewan	212,522	79,208	291,730		148,545	52,157	200,702	96,388		
Alberta	140,781	83,208	223,989	57,573	91,945	58,729	150,674	33,216		
British	,	·	, ,	·						
Columbia	128,242	123,377	251,619	4,865	60,554			-19,753		
Yukon	3,634	2,874	6,508	760	1,013	991	2,004	. 22		
Northwest										
Territories	9,346	_	9,346	9,346	9,135		9,135	9,135		
Canada	2,1 39,073	1,682,922	3,821,995	456,151	1,786,606	1,598,042	3,384,648	188,564		

Note.—The sign minus (-) denotes a decrease.

Sex Ratios.—The male population of Canada was returned as 3,821,995 and the female as 3,384,648; so that the excess of males over females is 437,347, which is in the ratio of 1.13: 1,—an excess percentage of 13,—or of 130 males per 1,000 females. Reciprocally the number of females per 1,000 males is 886, the deficiency of females as compared with males being greater in Canada than probably in any other country. Amongst other countries showing a similar female deficiency per 1,000 males are Ceylon (888), the Dominion of New Zealand (896), the Commonwealth of Australia (926), the Union of South Africa (941), the United States (943), and India (953). Excepting India and Ceylon, where female infanticide has prevailed, the countries named are new, and the proportions are affected by immigration in which the male element predominates. In England and Wales the number of females per 1,000 males was 1,068 both in 1911 and 1901, and only Norway shows a greater proportion, viz., 1,069. In other European countries the number of females per 1,000 males is: Scotland 1,063, Denmark 1,061, Sweden 1,046, Austria 1,036, France 1,033 (in 1901), Switzerland 1,031, Germany 1,026, Holland 1,021, Hungary 1,019, Belgium 1,017, Italy 1,010 (in 1901) and Ireland 1,004.

The proportions by provinces in Canada are shown in Table 11 for the two census years 1901 and 1911. For the latter year the number

of females per 1,000 males for each province was: British Columbia 560, Manitoba 622, Alberta 673, Saskatchewan 688, Ontario 942, New Brunswick 956, Nova Scotia 961, Quebec 980 and Prince Edward Island 991. It will be seen that the disparity is especially marked in the western provinces.

Table 12 shows the percentage proportion of females to males in the rural and urban divisions of the population, respectively, for the census year 1911. Amongst the rural population the female element is in defect for Canada by 16.48 p.c., but amongst the urban population it is so by only 5.05 p.c. The defect is most marked in the western provinces. Of the urban population, in two out of the three Maritime provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario, there is actually an excess of the female population, such excess being as high as 17.68 p.c. in Prince Edward Island. But in the west the female deficiency is again apparent, though (except as regards Saskatchewan) not to the same extent as in the rural population.

11.—Population of Canada by Sexes, 1901 and 1911.

		1901.			1911.		
Provinces.	Males.	Females.	Excess of Males.	Males.	Females.	Excess of Males.	
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	51,959 233,642 168,639 824,454 1,096,640 138,504 49,431 41,019 114,160 23,084 10,176	225,932 162,481 824,444 1,086,307 116,707 41,848 32,003 64,497 4,135	659 7,710 6,158 10 10,333 21,797 7,583 9,016 49,663 18,949 223	47,069 251,019 179,867 1,011,502 1,299,290 250,056 291,730 223,989 251,619 6,508 9,346	241,319 172,022 991,730 1,223,984 205,558 200,702 150,674 140,861 2,004	410 9,700 7,845 19,772 75,306 44,498 91,028 73,315 110,758 4,504	
Canada	<u>'</u>	2,619,607	132,101	3,821,995	 .	437,347	

NUMBER OF FEMALES PER 1,000 MALES.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	Provinces.	1901.	1911.	
Prince Edward Island	987	991	Saskatchewan	847	688	
Nova Scotia		961	Alberta	780	673	
New Brunswick	963	956	British Columbia	565	560	
Quebec	1,000	980	Yukon	179	308	
Ontario	990	942	Northwest Territories	978	977	
Manitoba	643	622				
			Canada	952	886	

12.—Ratio of Females to Males in Rural and Urban Divisions, 1911.

Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.	Provinces.	Rural.	Urban.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba	93.95 91.75 93.69 86.73	99.84 106.24 102.89 101.46	Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories.	$65.31 \\ 47.22$	70.58 65.09 34.48
Waliitoba	19.00	00.20	Canada	83 52	94.95

13.—Conjugal Condition of the people of Canada, classified as single, married, widowed, divorced, legally separated and not given, by Provinces, Census of 1911.

			\mathbf{M}_{A}	ALES.									
Provinces.	Single.	Married.	Widow- ed.	Divorc- ed.		Not Given.	Total.						
Prince Edward Island	30,216	15,266	1.513	7	5	62	47,069						
Nova Scotia	156,643	86,277		38	37	1,133							
New Brunswick	113,015	61,131		51	40	652	179,867						
Quebec	637,113	342,933	26,064	134	401	4,857	1,011,502						
Ontario	762,330	492,650	33,564	189	539	10,018	1,299,290						
Manitoba	160,159	83,897	3,926	50	50	1,884	250,056						
Saskatchewan	192,352	90,765	4,291	85	82	4,155	291,730						
Alberta	147,587	70,706	3,385	106	53	2,152	223,989						
British Columbia	160,218	83,096	4,079	145	70	4,011	251,619						
Yukon	4,672	1,623	169	31	7	6	6,508						
N. W. Territories	5,461	3,419	294	3	2	167	9,346						
Canada	2,369,766	1,331,853	89,154	839	1,286	29,097	3,821,995						

	Females.									
Provinces.	Single.	Married.	Widow- ed.	Divore- ed.	Legally separ- ated.	Not Given.	Total.			
Prince Edward Island	28,162	15,138	3,279	8	10	62	46,659			
Nova Scotia	139,958			_	$\hat{55}$	822				
New Brunswick	101,288				42	206	172,022			
Quebec	608,366				511	1,462	991,730			
Ontario	672,923			227	693	3,548				
Manitoba	118,669			38	82	758				
Saskatchewan	112,387	82,189	5,556	34	55	481	200,702			
Alberta			4,509	37	60	332				
British Columbia		61,359	6,178		69	1,583				
Yukon	834	1,012	135	18	4	1	2,004			
N. W. Territories	4,688	3,482	854	-	3	108	9,135			
Canada	1,941,886	1,251,468	179,656	691	1,584	9,363	3,384,648			

Dwellings and Families.—In 1911 the number of occupied dwellings was 1,416,311 and the number of families 1,517,742, as compared with 1,028,892 dwellings and 1,070,747 families in 1901. The average number of persons per dwelling in 1911 was 5.9 and per family 4.7, as compared with 5.2 per dwelling and 5 per family in 1901. The number of persons per family in 1911 by provinces is for Prince Edward Island 5, Nova Scotia 4.9, New Brunswick 5.7, Quebec 5.3, Ontario 4.8, Manitoba 5.4, Saskatchewan and Alberta 4.2 and British Columbia 5.3.

14.—Number of Dwellings and Families in Canada by Provinces, as shown by	7
the Census in 1911	

Provinces.	Dwellings.	Families.	Provinces.	\mathbf{D} wellings.	Families.
Prince Edward Island	18,237	18,749	Manitoba	84,709	92,284
Nova Scotia	93,784	•	Saskatchewan	117,939	122,075
New Brunswick	61,664	69,064	Alberta British Columbia	88,355 74,685	91,527 80,792
Quebec Ontario	339,756 $528,955$		Yukon	4,204	4,203
Ontario		002,100	N. W. Territories.	4,023	4,374
			Canada	1,416,311	1,517,742

Origins of the People.—Table 15 shows the origins of the people. Of the total increase in population since 1901, viz., 1,835,328, the English contributed 562,251, or 30.63 p.c., the Irish 61,663, or 3.36 p.c., the Scotch 197,726, or 10.77 p.c., the Welsh 11,754, or 0.06 p.c., the French 405,519, or 22.09 p.c., the Germans 82,819, or 4.51 p.c., and the Austro-Hungarians 110,925, or 6.05 p.c.

The British races make up 833,796, or 45.52 p.c. of the total increase, and with the French and German account for 1,322,134, or 72 p.c. of the total increase in the decade. Persons of British origin constituted 54.07 p.c. of the total population in 1911 as against 57.03 p.c. in 1901.

The proportion of the English to the total population increased from 23.47 to 25.30 p.c. in the ten years, whilst the Irish fell from 18.41 to 14.58 and the Scotch from 14.90 to 13.85 p.c. The proportion of German origin was 5.46 p.c. in 1911, as against 5.78 p.c. in 1901. If we add the French proportion of $28\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. to the British proportion of 54 p.c., we get about $82\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. for the two principal nationalities in Canada, leaving $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. for all the other races.

It is noticeable that the number of Jews—so described—has grown from 16,131 in 1901 to 75,681 in 1911.

15.—Origins of the people in 1901 and 1911, with increase in the ten years and ratios per cent. of population.

Origins.	1901.	1911.		e in Ten ars.	Number per cent. of Population.	
			Absolute.	Per cent.	1901.	1911.
English	1 260 800	1,823,150	562,251	44.59	23.47	25.30
Irish		1,025,130 $1,050,384$	61,663		18.41	14.58
Scotch	800,154		197,726		14.90	13.85
Welsh	13,135	24,848	11.713		.24	.34
Other	286	723	437	152.80	.01	.01
Total British	3,063,195		833,790		57.03	54.08
French	1,649,371	2,054,890	405,519	24.59	30.71	28.51
German	310,501	393,320	82,819	26.67	5.78	5.46
Austrian	10,947	42,535	31,588	288.55	.20	.59
Bukowinian	(1)	9,960	9,960	(1)	_	.14
Galician	5,682	35,158	29,476	518.76	.11	.49
Hungarian	1,549	11,605	10,056	649.19	.03	.16
Ruthenian	(2)	29,845	29,845	(2)	-	.41
Total Austro-Hungarian.	18,178	129,103	110,925	610.22	.34	1.79
Belgian	2,994	9,593	6,599	220.41	.06	.13
Bulgarian and Rumanian	354	5,875	5,521	1,559.60	.01	.08
Chinese	17,312	27,774	10,462	60.43	.32	.39
Dutch	33,845	54,986	21,141	62.46	.63	.76
Finnish	2,502	15,497	12,995	519.38	.05	. 20 . 05
Grecian	291	3,594	3,303	1,135.05	.01	.03
Hindu	107.041	2,342	2,342	17.55	2.38	1.46
Indian ³	$127,941 \\ 10,834$	105,492	-22,449 $34,577$	$\frac{-17.55}{319.15}$.20	.63
Italian	4,738	45,411 $9,021$	4,283	90.39	.09	.13
Japanese	16.131	75,681	59,550	369.16	.30	1.05
	17,437	16,877	-560	-3.21	.32	.23
NegroPolish	6,285	33.365	$\frac{-300}{27.080}$	$\frac{-3.21}{430.87}$.11	.46
Russian	19,825	43.142	23,317	117.61	.37	.60
Scandinavian	31,042	107,535	76,493	246.42	.58	1.49
Swiss	3,865	6,625	2,760	71.41	.07	.09
Turkish	1,681	3,880	2,199	130.81	.03	.05
Various	1,454	18,310	16,856	1,158.45	.03	. 25
Unspecified	31,539	147,345	115,806	367.18	.58	2.04
Total Population	5,371,315		1,835,328	34.17	100.00	100.00

¹Included under the general term Austrian. ³Included half-breeds in 1901.

Included under the general term Galician.

Religions of the People.—Tables 16 and 17 show the specified religions at the Census of 1911, which numbered 79 for a population of 7,173,513, as compared with 57 in 1901 for a population of 5,327,224. The remaining 32,490 in 1911, compared with 43,222 in 1901, were persons without specified religion, including those specified as of "no religion." The four leading denominations remain in the same order as in 1901, and are Roman Catholic (2,833,041), Presbyterian (1,115,324), Methodist (1,079,892) and Anglican (1,043,017). These together account for 6,071,274, or 84 p.c. of the total population. Of the four denominations the Roman Catholic shows the greatest absolute increase, viz., 603,441, the Anglican comes next with 361,523, then the Presbyterian with 272,882 and the Methodist with 163,006; but relatively the Anglican leads with an increase of 53.05 p.c., the percentage proportions in the other three cases being Presbyterian 32.39. Roman Catholic 27.06 and Methodist 17.78.

16.—Religions of the people, 1881, 1891, 1901 and 1911.

Religions.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
				
Adventists	7,211	6,354	8,058	10,406
Anglicans	577,414	646,059	681,494	1,043,017
Baptists	296,525	303,839	318,005	382,666
Christians	′ -	-	6,900	16,773
Congregationalists	26,900	28,157	28,293	34,054
Disciples	20,193	12,763	14,900	11,329
Eastern Religions ¹	4,383	9,129	15,570	28,418
Evangelicals	-	·	10,193	10,59
Greek Church	-	-	15,630	88,507
Jews	2,393	6,414	16,401	74,564
Lutherans	46,350	63,982	92,524	229,864
Mennonites	(2)	(2)	31,797	44,61
Methodists	742,981	847,765	916,886	1,079,892
Mormons		-	6,891	15,971
No Religion	2,634	-	4,810	26,027
Pagans	4,478		15,107	11,840
Presbyterians	676,165	755,326	842,442	1,115,324
Protestants	6,519	12,253	11,612	30,265
Roman Catholics	1,791,982	1,992,017	2,229,600	2,833,041
Salvation Army	-	13,949	10,308	18,834
All others	36,296	54,965	50,672	68,155
Unspecified	82,386	80,267	43,222	32,490
Totals	4,324,810	4,833,239	5,371,315	7,206,643

¹The Eastern religions in this table includes Confucians, Buddhists, Mohammedans, Shintos, Sikhs and Hindus.

For the years 1881 and 1891 Mennonites are included with Baptists.

17.—Religions numbering 5,000 adherents and over, 1901 and 1911, with absolute and relative increase or decrease for the decade.

Religions.	1901.	1911.	Increase.	Increase. p.c.
Adventists	8,058	10,406	2,348	29.14
Anglicans	681,494	1,043,017	361,523	53.05
Baptists	318,005	382,666	64,661	20.33
Brethren	8,014	9,278	1,264	15.77
Buddhists	10,407	10,012	395	-3.80
Christian Scientists	2,619	5,073	2,454	93.70
Christians	6,900	16,773	9,873	143.09
Confucians	5,115	14,562	9,447	184.69
Congregationalists	28,293	34,054	5,761	20.36
Disciples	14,900	11,329	-3,571	-23.96
Doukhobors	8,775	10,493	1,718	19.58
Evangelicals	10,193	10,595	402	3.94
Greek Church	15,630	88,507	72,877	466.26
Jews	16,401	74,564	58,163	354.63
Lutherans	92,524	229,864	137,340	148.43
Mennonites	31,797	44,611	12,814	40.30
Methodists	916,886	1,079,892	163,006	17.78
Mormons	6,891	15,971	9,080	131.77
No religion	4,810	26,027	21,217	441.10
Pagans	15,107	11,840	-3,267	21.63
Presbyterians	842,442	1,115,324	272,882	32.39
Protestants	11,612	30,265	18,653	160.64
Roman Catholics	2,229,600	2,833,041	603,441	27.06
Salvation Army	10,308	18,834	8,526	82.71
Unspecified	43,222	32,490	10,732	-24.83
Totals of 5,000 and over	5,340,003	7,159,488	1,819,485	34.07

Note.—The minus sign (-) denotes a decrease.

Birthplace and Citizenship.—Table 18 shows the birthplace of the population in 1901 and 1911. In 1901, out of a total population of 5,371,315, 4,671,815, or 86.98 p.c., were Canadian-born; in 1911, out of 7,206,643, 5,619,682, or 77.98 p.c., were Canadian-born, the decrease in the ratio being caused by the large immigration during the decade. The foreign-born population were, in 1901, 278,449, or 5.18 p.c. of the total, and, in 1911, 752,732, or 10.44 p.c. of the total. Comparing the proportions it will be seen that the native population of Canada has increased by 20.29 p.c., natives of the British Islands by 101.15 p.c., the total of the British-born by 26.72 p.c. and the total of the foreign-born by 170.33 p.c. In the case of the foreign-born, however, the percentages apply to relatively small numbers, and consequently their significance is considerably less. Table 19 compares the British and foreign-born population by provinces for 1901 and 1911.

Other tables relating to the population of cities and towns by birthplace; the source of the population by province of residence; the native population by province of residence; the distribution in western Canada of natives of the eastern provinces; the foreign-born population and the British- and foreign-born male population of 21 years and over were published in the Canada Year Book, 1913 (Tables 20-25, pp. 75-80).

POPULATION $\label{eq:continuous} 18.\text{--Birthplace of the Population, 1901 and 1911.}$

Birthplace.	Popul	ation.	Increase Yea		Per cent. of total population born in specified country.	
	1901.	1911.	No.	p.c.	1901.	1911.
British-Born	5,092,527	6,453,104	1,360,577	26.72	94.81	89.54
Canada. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan and Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon and N.W. Territories Not given.	60,776	5,619,682 103,410 476,210 345,253 1,937,914 2,228,470 209,186 186,722 87,935 20,347 24,235	-2,219 33,312 28,191 317,432 300,371 98,444 120,938 27,159 13,378	20.29 -2.10 7.52 8.89 19.59 15.58 88.89 183.84 44.69 191.96 81.21	1.97 8.25 5.90 0.17 35.90 32.06 1.22 1.13 0.13	77.98 1.43 6.61 4.79 26.89 30.92 2.90 2.59 1.22 .28 .34
British Islands England Ireland Scotland. Wales Lesser Isles	390,019 201,285 101,629 83,631 2,518 956	784,526 510,674 92,874 169,391 8,727 2,860	309,389 8,755 85,760 6,209	101.15 153.71 -8.61 102.55 246.58 199.16	1.56 .05	10.89 7.09 1.29 2.35 .12 .04
British Possessions. Australia India Newfoundland New Zealand South Africa Other possessions British unknown	991 1,076 12,432 374 128 863	15,469 903 1,166 4,504	1,664 3,415 3,037 529 1,038 3,641	83.99 167.91 317.38 24.43 141.44 810.94 421.90 32.90	. 29 02 02 . 23 . 01 . 00 . 02 . 28	.41 .04 .06 .21 .01 .02 .06 .27
Foreign-Born	278,449	752,732	474,283	170.33	5.18	10 44
Europe. Austria-Hungary. Belgium. Bulgaria and Rumania. Denmark. France. Germany. Greece. Holland. Iceland. Italy. Norway and Sweden. Russia. Other.	2,075 7,944 27,300 213 385 6,057 6,854 10,256	9,657 4,937 17,619 39,577 2,640	5,695 8,591 2,862 9,675 12,277 2,127 3,423 1,052 27,885 38,938 69,740	222 54 327 47 249 78 805 91 137 93 121 79 44 97 1,139 44 889 09 17 37 406 84 379 66 223 36 225 85		5.62 1.68 .11 .13 .07 .24 .55 .04 .05 .10 .48 .68 1.40

Note — The minus sign (—) denotes a decrease.

18.—Birthplace of the Population, 1901 and 1911—concluded.

Birthplace.	Popul	ation.	Increase Yea		Per cent. of total population born in specified country.	
	1901.	1911.	No.	p.c.	1901.	1911.
Asia China East Indies Japan. Syria Turkey Other United States West Indies. Other countries. At sea.	23,580 17,043 188 4,674 1,222 357 96 127,899 699 722 339	27,083 147 8,425 2,907 1,861 523 303,680 211	$\begin{array}{c} 10,040\\ -41\\ 3,751\\ 1,685\\ 1,504\\ 427\\ 175,781\\ -488\\ \end{array}$	58.91 -21.81 80.25 137.89 421.29 444.79 137.44 -69.81	.32 .00 .09 .02 .01 .00 2.38 .01	.38 .00 .12 .04 .03 .01 4.21 .00
Total population	5,371,315	7,206,643	1,835,328	34.17		

19.—British-born and Foreign-born by Population of Provinces, 1901 and 1911.

	Total	British-born.				Foreign-born.			
Provinces.	Popu- lation ¹ .	Canada.	British Islands	British Posses- sions.	Europe	Asia.	United States.	Vari- ous.	
P.E.I1901 1911	103,259 93,728					33 19			
Increase or decrease.	9,531	—7,85 2	1,479	257	26	14	65	5	
N.S1901 1911	492,338	456,063	15,863	8,737	5,217	327 540 213	4,802	179 413 234	
Increase. N.B1901	32,764 $331,120$	ĺ	'	,	,	202	5,477	72	
1911 Increase or decrease.	351,889 20,769	,	8,729 1,497	!	,	257 55	'	59 —13	
Que1901	1,648,898	1,560,190	42,600	2,648	12,022	1,680 2,844	28,405	166 544	
1911 Increase.	2,003,232 354,334					1,164		378	

¹Includes unknown and those born at sea.

19.—British-born and Foreign-born by Population of Provinces, 1901 and 1911—concluded.

	Total	Bri	tish-bor	n.		Foreig	gn-born.	
Provinces.	Popula- tion.	Canada.	British Islands	British Posses- sions.	Europe	Asia.	United States	Vari- ous.
Ont1901 1911 Increase.	2,182,947 2,523,274 340,327	2,015,445		2,530 5,084 2,554	86,967	1,343 5,388 4,045	55,674	500 735 235
Man 1901 1911 Increase.	255,211 455,614 200,403	264,828	90,622	984		305 1,099 794	16,326	67 212 145
Sask1901 1911 Increase.	90,125 492,432 402,307	248,751	76,854	839		73 1,519 1, 44 6	69,628	41 359 318
Alberta1901 1911 Increase.	68,815 374,663 305,848	162,237	65,839	1,416	58,771	251 2,216 1,965	81,357	63 367 304
B.C1901 1911 Increase.	178,657 392,480 213,823	169,322	30,630 107,345 76,715	7,435	40,131	19,165 26,988 7,823	37,548	381 430 49
Yukon and N.W.T1901 1911 Increase	52,709 26,993							41
or decrease.	·	11,869	•		-1,835		4,813	
Canada1901 1911 Increase.		4,671,815 5,619,682 947,867		29,188	125,549 404,941 279,392	40,946	127,899 303,680 175,781	1,421 3,165 1,744

Population by Age-periods.—In Tables 20-24 is shown the distribution of the population of Canada by age-periods. Table 20 shows the male and female population of Canada by age-periods of under five years and in different periods from 5 to 64. This classification corresponds generally with recognized age-periods of life. Thus the years under five are those of infancy, 5 to 14 of school life, 15 to 24 of apprenticeship, etc., 25 to 44 of the prime of manhood, 45 to 64 of middle life, and 65 years and over of old age. Table 21 gives the male and female population in quinquennial age-periods by provinces. Table 22 gives the proportions per 1,000 of the population in age-periods by provinces for 1911 and for Canada only for 1901. From this table it will be seen that the largest proportion per 1,000 of persons under ten years is in the province of Quebec with 273.508, as compared with 271.456 in 1901, when it also held the premier position. The lowest proportion is found in British Columbia with 166.345, followed by Ontario with 200.316

per 1,000; these two provinces occupied the same relative positions in 1901, the former having 169.374 and the latter 208.393 per 1,000. The provinces which show an improvement at this age are Nova Scotia. New Brunswick and Quebec. The greatest falling off is shown by Manitoba, which has dropped from 270.094 to 248.677, and by Prince Edward Island, which has fallen from 232.086 to 214.450 per 1,000. The western provinces are the regions of young men and women, as is shown by the large percentage of the population between the ages of 20 and 45. It is an interesting fact that the highest proportion for this age-period is to be found in British Columbia, and that as we come eastward the proportion assumes a constantly decreasing figure. The provinces showing the largest proportion over 70 years of age are Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Ontario, with 52.9. 46.6, 38.1, and 34.7 respectively per 1,000, while those showing the lowest are Alberta, Saskatchewan, British Columbia and Manitoba, with 8.2, 8.8, 12.3 and 13.3 per 1,000 respectively. That Canada is pre-eminently a country of young people is shown by the fact that 812.9 persons in every 1,000 of the population of known age are under 45 years. As there are only five persons in every 1,000, or 0.5 per cent. of the total population for whom an age is not given, the numbers of unknown age were not eliminated in making the computations.

Table 23 shows the proportion per 1,000 of the population by ageperiods for the census years 1871 to 1911.

Table 24 deals with the conjugal condition of the people 15 years of age and over. As the proportion of divorces for both sexes is only about six in every 10,000, the percentages for them are not worked out. Of the total male population 62 p.c. are single, 34.85 p.c. are married and 2.33 p.c. are widowed; of the total female population, 57.37 p.c. are single, 36.97 p.c. are married and 5.31 p.c. are widowed. The records show that one male and 30 females under the age of 15 had assumed the cares of married life. The one adventurous male was a foreigner in Alberta, while the females comprised seventeen Canadianborn, five British-born and eight foreign-born. Of the native-born four resided in New Brunswick, four in Ontario and nine in Quebec. Of the British-born two lived in Alberta, and one each in British Columbia, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, while of the foreign-born married females under 15 years of age three were in Alberta, one was in British Columbia, two were in Ontario and two in Saskatchewan. will be observed that only 1.2 p.c. of males and 6.9 p.c. of females between the ages of 15 and 19 were married. Of the total male and female population between the ages of 20 and 40 years of age 45.8 p.c. of the former and 63.6 p.c. of the latter were married. The percentage of the widowed is greater for females at every age-period, starting with those in the 15-19 group, and the disproportion becomes more marked as the years advance. This apparently shows that the rate of mortality is greater among married males than among married females, or it may be that the latter remain widowed to a greater extent than the former.

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20.-Male and Female Population of Canada in Age-Periods, 1911.

Age-Periods.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
	No.	No.	No.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Under 5 years	448,219				12.98	12.32
5 to 14 "	749,956		1,483,564	19.62	21.67	20.59
15 to 24 "	737,099		1,386,663	19.29	19.19	19.24
25 to 44 "			2,070,768	30.13	27.15	28.73
45 to 64 "	538,703	469,016	1,007,719	14.09	13.86	13.98
65 years and over	169,605	164,158	333,763	4.44	4.85	4.63
Age not given	26,687	9,996	36,683	0.70	0.30	0.51
All Ages	3,821,995	3,384,648	7,206,643	100.00	100.00	100.00

21.—Male and Female Population of Canada in Quinquennial Age-Periods and by Provinces, 1911.

	Prince	Edward 1	Island.	Nova Scotia.			
$ m Age ext{-}Periods.$	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Under 1 year. 1- 4 years. 5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	995 4,075 5,167 5,462 5,387 3,955 3,054 2,601 2,424 2,294 2,214 1,724 1,860 1,407 1,054 705 335 212 62 7	959 3,907 4,997 5,056 5,194 4,131 3,230 2,697 2,475 2,280 2,174 2,100 1,776 1,618 1,457 1,103 776 406 209 69 69 20	1,954 7,982 10,164 10,518 10,581 8,086 6,284 5,298 4,899 4,574 4,388 4,144 3,500 3,478 2,864 2,157 1,481 741 421 131 27	5,866 23,951 28,061 26,271 25,426 22,076 18,903 16,580 15,160 9,920 7,905 8,296 6,571 4,984 3,232 1,738 725 197 61	22,833 27,610 25,475 24,697 21,443 17,640 14,697 13,991 12,014 10,876 9,625 7,951 7,697	11,753 46,784 55,671 51,746 50,123 43,519 36,543 31,277 29,151 25,053 22,276 19,545 15,856 15,993 13,056 9,852 6,706 3,919 1,763 537	
100 and over	1 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 24 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}2\\54\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 650 \end{array}$	10 397	17 1,047	
All ages	47,069	46,659	93,728	251,019	241,319	492,338	

21.—Male and Female Population of Canada in Quinquennial Age-Periods and by Provinces, 1911—con.

Ago Pariada	Nev	w Brunswi	ek.		Quebec.	
Age-Periods.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year	4.677	4,541	9.218	31,529	31,165	62,694
1- 4 years	18,146	17,629	35,775	114,377	113,995	228,372
5-9 "	20,848	20,399	41,247	128,195	128,640	
10-14 "	19,570	18,669	38,239	111,422	110,750	222,172
15–19 "	18,818	17,736	36,554	100,554	99,644	200,198
20-24 "	15,382	15,553	30,935	90,931	91,362	182,293
25–29 "	12,897	12,841	25,738	77,949	76,388	154,337
30–34 "	11,370	10,616	21,986	67,261	64,147	131,408
35–39 "	10,480	9,626	20,106	57,939	54,979	112,918
40-44 "	8,957	8,436	17,393	48,069	45,918	93,987
45-49 "	8,299	7,764	16,063	41,576	40,218	81,794
30-3 4	7,369	6,816	14,185	36,819	35,503	72,322
00-09	5,756	5,562	11,318	29,479	28,290	57,769
00-04	5,721	4,991	10,712	25,004	23,954	48,958
00-09	4,244	3,993	8,237	18,394	18,060	36,454
10-14	3,166	2,953	6,119		12,753	25,551
10-10	2,032	1,944	3,976	8,151	8,179	16,330
80-84	1,029	1,072	2,101		4,350	8,475
00-09	392	493	885	1,625	1,814	3,439
90-9 1	125	139	264	433	522	955
99-99	37	$\frac{22}{c}$	59 14	99) 8	139	$ \begin{array}{r} 238 \\ 21 \end{array} $
100 and over	8	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 221 \end{array}$			$\frac{13}{947}$	
Age not given	544		765	4,765		5,712
All ages	179,867	172,022	351,889	1,011,502		2,003,232
Age-Periods.		Ontario.		I	Manitoba.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year	27,111	26,316	53,427	6,747	6,590	13,337
1- 4 years	105,826	102,968	208,794	24,902	24,333	49,235
5-9 "	123,165	120,968	243,233	25,592	25,137	50,729
10-14 "	118,421	114,597	233,018	21,648	21,167	42,815
15–19 "	122,631	116,814	239,445	22,117	20,656	42,773
20-24 "	127,710	118,160	245,870	28,210	21,239	49,449
25–29 "	119,854	107,511	227,365	28,297	19,830	48,127
30-34 "	101,860	92,789	194,649	22,736	16,076	38,812
35–39 "	88,871	82,294	171,165	17,325	12,576	29,901
40–44 "	77,153	72,258	149,411	13,886	9,969	23,855
45–49 "	68,456	64,052	132,508	10,950	8,059	19,009
				V V X	6.465	15,323
00-04	59,648	56,342	115,990	8,858		* 0´000
55-59 "	45,045	41,785	86,830	5,921	4,401	10,322
55-59 "	$\frac{45,045}{36,787}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \end{array} $	$86,830 \\ 71,994$	5,921 4,278	$4,401 \\ 3,116$	7,394
55-59 "	45,045 $36,787$ $27,586$	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \end{array}$	86,830 $71,994$ $54,594$	5,921 4,278 2,665	$4,401 \\ 3,116 \\ 2,120$	7,394 4,785
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 "	$\begin{array}{c} 45,045 \\ 36,787 \\ 27,586 \\ 20,231 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \\ 20,426 \end{array}$	86,830 $71,994$ $54,594$ $40,657$	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670	4,401 $3,116$ $2,120$ $1,350$	7,394 4,785 3,020
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 "	45,045 36,787 27,586 20,231 13,199	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \\ 20,426 \\ 12,664 \end{array}$	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 "	45,045 36,787 27,586 20,231 13,199 6,877	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \\ 20,426 \\ 12,664 \\ 6,826 \end{array}$	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863 13,703	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938 469	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820 381	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758 850
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 "	45,045; 36,787 27,586 20,231; 13,199 6.877; 2,733;	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \\ 20,426 \\ 12,664 \\ 6,826 \\ 2,734 \end{array}$	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863 13,703 5,467	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938 469 181	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820 381 141	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758 850 322
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	45,045 36,787 27,586 20,231 13,199 6,877 2,733	$\begin{array}{c} 41,785 \\ 35,207 \\ 27,008 \\ 20,426 \\ 12,664 \\ 6,826 \\ 2,734 \\ 790 \end{array}$	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863 13,703 5,467 1,526	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938 469 181	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820 381 141 49	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758 850 322 93
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 " 95-99 "	45,045 36,787 27,586 20,231 13,199 6,877 2,733 736 169	41,785 35,207 27,008 20,426 12,664 6,826 2,734 790 193	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863 13,703 5,467 1,526 362	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938 469 181 44	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820 381 141 49	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758 850 322
50-54 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	45,045 36,787 27,586 20,231 13,199 6,877 2,733	41,785 35,207 27,008 20,426 12,664 6,826 2,734 790 193 13	86,830 71,994 54,594 40,657 25,863 13,703 5,467 1,526	5,921 4,278 2,665 1,670 938 469 181	4,401 3,116 2,120 1,350 820 381 141 49	7,394 4,785 3,020 1,758 850 322 93 24

21.—Male and Female Population of Canada in Quinquennial Age-Periods and by Provinces, 1911—con.

4 D 1.1.	Sa	skatchewa	n.		Alberta.	
m Age-Periods.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year	7,467	7,544	15,011	5,174	5,013	10,187
1- 4 years	28,510	27,479	55,989	19,473	18,782	38,255
5-9 "	27,389		53,746	20,280	19,303	39,583
10-14 "	21,475	20,675	42,150	16,618		32,362
15–19 "	22,776	17,882	40,658	17,123	13,868	30,991
20-24 "	37,990	19,813	57,803	28,035	14,212	42,247
20-29	39,629	19,797	59,426	29,888	14,629	44,517
30–34 " 35–39 "	30,267 $21,736$	16,301 $12,179$	46,568 $33,915$	23,682 $17,622$	12,857 $10,044$	36,539 $27,666$
40-44 "	15,210	9,025	24,235	13,094	7,487	$\frac{27,000}{20,581}$
45–49 "	11,001	6.860	17.861	9.429		15.177
50-54 "	8,926		14.573	7.820	4,579	12,399
55–59 "	5,927	3,777	9.704	4.784		7,714
60-64 "	4,221	2,752	6,973	3,293	1,984	5,277
65–69 "	2,462	1,653	4,115	1,780		2,967
70–74 "	1,339	934	2,273	931		1,635
75–79 "	688	500	1,186	539		897
80-84 "	341	243	584	207	150	357
09-09	119	- 1	210	78	52	130
90-94	$\frac{29}{14}$	$\frac{34}{9}$	63	20	18	38
30-33 · · · · · · · · ·	14 1	9 7	23 8	$\frac{6}{2}$	8	$^{14}_{3}$
100 and over	4,215	1,143	5,358	4,110	1,017	$5{,}127$
All ages	291,730	200,702	492,432	223,989	150,674	374,663
		ish Columi			vest Terri	
Age Periods.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year	3,726	3,710	7,436	192	190	382
1 4 2002						
1- 4 Vears	14.185	14.256				
1- 4 years	$14,185 \\ 15,062$	$14,256 \ 14,348$	28,441	$1,017^{!}$	934	1,951
5- 9 " 10-14 "	14,185 15,062 12,989	$14,256 \ 14,348$				
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 "	15,062 12,989 15,489	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267	1,017 [!] 1,082 888 717 [!]	934 1,143 772 705	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153	1,017 $1,082$ 888 717 639	934 1,143 772 705 672	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580	934 1,143 772 705 672 555	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473	1,017 ¹ 1,082 888 717 639 580 515	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033	1,017 ¹ 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881
5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746	1,017 ¹ 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999	1,017 ¹ 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394 313	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495	1,017 ¹ 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394 313 240	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298 281	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394 313 240	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79	934 1,143 772 705 672 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73	934 1,143 772 705; 672 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746 412	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503 296	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249 708	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73 28	934 1,143 772 705, 672 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746 412	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503 296 106	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267,44,153 53,737,46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249 708 219	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580, 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73 28 14 6	934 1,143 772 705 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57 30
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746 412 113 45	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503 296 106 42	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267, 44,153 53,737, 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249 708 219	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73 28	934 1,143 772 705 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29 16 8	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57 30 14
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746 412 113 45	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503 296 106 42	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267 44,153 53,737 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249 708 219 87	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580, 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73 28 14 6	934 1,143 772 705, 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29 16 8 8	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57 30
5-9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 "	15,062 12,989 15,489 30,461 38,650 32,622 24,973 20,034 14,390 10,533 5,939 4,564 2,364 1,524 746 412 113 45	14,256 14,348 12,367 11,778 13,692 15,087 13,851 11,060 8,712 6,609 4,962 3,446 2,285 1,437 1,001 503 296 106 42	28,441 29,410 25,356 27,267, 44,153 53,737, 46,473 36,033 28,746 20,999 15,495 9,385 6,849 3,801 2,525 1,249 708 219	1,017 1,082 888 717 639 580, 515 451 394 298 281 166 145 79 73 28 14 6	934 1,143 772 705 555 539 430 394 313 240 136 155 102 89 29 16 8	1,951 2,225 1,660 1,422 1,311 1,135 1,054 881 788 611 521 302 300 181 162 57 30 14

21.—Male and Female Population of Canada in Quinquennial Age-Periods and by Provinces, 1911—concluded.

		Yukon.			Canada.	
Age-Periods.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year. 1- 4 years. 5- 9 " 10-14 " 15-19 " 20-24 " 25-29 " 30-34 " 35-39 " 40-44 " 45-49 " 50-54 " 55-59 " 60-64 " 65-69 " 70-74 " 75-79 " 80-84 " 85-89 " 90-94 " 95-99 " 100 and over. Age not given.	29 244 204 147 206 466 793 845 894 888 702 500 306 149 74 37 10	31 202 205 129 155 158 176 207 250 184 95 87 42 27 21 16 13 -	60 446 409 276 361 624 969 1,052 1,144 1,072 797 587 348 176 95 53 23 3 1 2	93,513 354,706 395,045 354,911 351,249 385,855 370,494 310,339 257,875 213,018 178,715 152,718 112,952 94,318 67,626 47,807 20,266 15,550 6,184 1,693 417 62 26,687	347,318 388,207 345,401 329,129 320,435 287,684 244,777 209,904 176,677 152,768 132,366 100,096 83,786 63,523 46,197 39,260 15,921 6,687	185,459 702,024 783,252 700,312 680,373 706,290 658,178 555,116 467,779 389,695 331,483 285,084 213,048 178,104 131,149 94,006 59,521 31,471 12,873 3,709 910 123 36,683
All ages	6,508	2,004	8,512	3,821,995	3,384,648	7,206,643

22.—Proportion per 1,000 of the Population in Age-Periods, by Provinces 1911, with Totals 1901.

Provinces.	0-9 years.	10-19 years.	20-44 years.	45-69 years.	70 years & over.	Age not given.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	214.450 231.971 245.077 273.508 200.316 248.677 253.326 234.944 166.345	206.909 212.547 210.844 187.242 187.852	336.927 391.737 417.336	196.035 176.151 171.972 148.409 183.062 124.739 108.088 116.195 144.030	46.604 38.131 27.460 34.723 13.329 8.827	
Canada, 1911			385.347 356.773	158.030 158.332	28.115 30.480	5.090 9.137

Note.—The statistics for the Yukon and the Northwest Territories are not given in the table, but are included in the total population of Canada.

23.—Proportion per 1,000 of the Population by Age-Periods, 1871, 1881, 1891, 1901 and 1911.

Age-Periods.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.
Under 1 year. 1- 4 years. 5- 9 " 10-19 " 20-29 " 30-39 " 40-49 " 50-59 " 60 and over. Not given.	30.567	28.019	24.922	24.497	25.734
	115.649	108.508	99.963	95.211	97.413
	140.691	128.251	121.242	114.663	108.685
	239.854	227.404	219.712	210.906	191.585
	171.436	175.957	178.080	173.550	189.335
	111.404	113.099	122.079	129.259	141.938
	79.995	83.817	88.441	98.494	100.071
	54.788	58.086	62.360	67.886	69.121
	55.128	63.269	70.141	76.396	71.027
	0.487	13.589	13.059	9.137	5.090

24.—Conjugal Condition of the Population, 15 years of Age and Over, 1911.

Age-	Total Popula-	Single	е.	Marrie	ed.	Widow	ed.	Di- vorced	Un- known
Periods.	tion.	No.	Per cent.	No.	Per cent.	No.	Per cent.	No.	No.
15-19 Years-Male Female	351,244 329,129	346,439 305,720		4,226 $22,914$		57 184		_	516 298
20-29 Years- Male Female	756,349 608,119	521,932 283,567		224,771 318,603		2,574 4,083			
30-39 Years— Male Female	568,214 454,681	171,640 82,804		383,845 357,610		8,129 12,088			4,214 1,650
40-49 Years- Male Female	391,733 329,445	$67,642 \\ 42,053$		308,517 262,590		$12,442 \\ 23,071$	3.18 7.00	529 546	2,603 1,185
50-59 Years- Male Female	265,670 232,462	31,299 26,057		216,050 168,853	81.32 72.64	$16,272 \\ 35,987$		457 443	1,592 1,122
60-69 Years- Male Female	161,944 147,309	$14,974 \\ 15,245$		125,690 85,348		19,663 45,627		313 261	1,304 828
70-79 Years- Male Female	78,073 75,457	5,690 7,307		52,366 27,658		19,040 39,690		133 103	844 699
80-89 Years- Male Female	21,734 22,608	1,341 2,101		$10,750 \\ 3,953$	49.46 17.48	9,276 16,186	$\frac{42.68}{71.59}$	31 22	336 346

24.—Conjugal Condition of the Population, 15 years of Age and Over, 1911—concluded.

Total Popula-	Single	e.	Marrie	ed.	Widow	ed.	Di- vorced	Un- known
tion.	No.	Per cent.	No.	Per cent.	No.	Per cent.	No.	No.
								23 48
	2 3	3.23 5.17	17 4					8 2
								10,814 1,652
						1		
4 095 506	1 040 696	40 19	9 509 900	E9 49	960 010	: F FC	4 400	90 400
								9,363
								38,460
3,821,995 3,384,648	2,369,766 1,941,886	62.00 57.37	1,331,853 1,251,468					29,097 9,363
	2,110 2,512 62 58 26,687 9,996 4,835,596 2,623,820 2,211,776 7,206,643 3,821,995	Total Population. No. 2,110 129 2,512 235 62 2 58 3 26,687 10,504 9,996 3,952 4,835,596 1,940,636 2,623,820 1,171,592 2,211,776 769,044 7,206,643 4,311,652 3,821,995 2,369,766	Population. No. Per cent. 2,110 2,512 235 9.36 62 23,23 58 3,952 3,952 3,952 3,952 4,835,596 2,623,820 2,211,776 7,206,643 3,821,995 2,369,766 62.00	Population. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. 2,110 129 6.11 727 9.36 228 62 2 3.23 17 4 26,687 10,504 39.36 4,893 3 5.17 4 26,687 3,952 39.54 3,677 4,835,596 1,940,636 40.13 2,583,290 1,171,592 44.65 1,331,852 769,044 34.77 1,251,438 7,206,643 4,311,652 59.83 2,583,321 3,821,995 2,369,766 62.00 1,331,853	Population. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. 2,110 129 6.11 727 34.46 2,512 235 9.36 228 9.08 62 2 3.23 17 27.42 58 3 5.17 4 6.90 26,687 10,504 39.36 4,893 18.33 9,996 3,952 39.54 3,677 36.78 4,835,596 1,940,636 40.13 2,583,290 53.42 1,171,592 44.65 1,331,852 50.76 2,623,820 1,171,592 44.65 1,331,852 50.76 7,206,643 4,311,652 59.83 2,583,321 35.85 3,821,995 2,369,766 62.00 1,331,853 34.85	Total Population. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. No. 2,110 2,512 129 6.11 727 34.46 1,996 1,229 9.08 1,996 62 2 3.23 17 27.42 34 6.90 49 3.5 17 4 6.90 49 34 26,687 10,504 39.36 3,952 39.54 3,677 36.78 695 3,952 39.54 3,677 36.78 695 695 4,835,596 2,623,820 1,171,592 44.65 769,044 34.77 1,251,438 56.58 7,206,643 4,311,652 59.83 2,583,321 35.85 268,810 3,821,995 2,369,766 62.00 1,331,853 34.85 89,154 2,583,321 35.85 268,810 89,154	Total Population. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. No. Per cent. 2,110 2,512 129 6.11 235 9.36 228 9.08 1,229 58.25 1,996 79.46 62 2 3.23 17 27.42 34 54.84 58 3 5.17 4 6.90 34 54.84 84 84 26,687 10,504 39.36 3,952 39.54 4,893 18.33 36.78 695 6.95 4,835,596 2,623,820 1,171,592 44.65 769,044 34.77 1,251,438 56.58 1,174,656 8.12 1,940,636 40.13 2,583,290 53.42 89,154 3.40 179,656 8.12 7,206,643 4,311,652 59.83 3,821,995 2,369,766 62.00 1,331,853 34.85 89,154 2.33	Total Population. No. Per cent. No. Per c

Infirmities.—Table 25 shows the number of blind, deaf and dumb, insane and idiotic persons, classified by conjugal condition, age, origin, birthplace and occupation, as returned at the Census of 1911. The total number of the infirm was 28,611, of whom 15,530 were males and 13,081 were females. The number of the blind were 3,238, of deaf and dumb 4,584, of insane 14,702 and of idiotic 5,387. Table 26 classifies the infirm by provinces for 1911 with, for comparison, totals of the previous census years 1881,1891 and 1901. In 1911 a distinction was made for the first time between the idiotic and the insane.

25.—Numbers of the Infirm by Conjugal Condition, Age, Origin, Birthplace and Occupation, 1911.

Schedule.	Blind.		Deaf and Dumb.		Insane.		Idiotic.		Total Infirm.	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F .	М.	F
Conjugal Condition— Single Married Widowed Unspecified.	776 779 285 10	618 329 429 12	589 98	472 100	1,769 264	2,494 46 1	166	2,279 169 117 21	10,827 3,303 706 694	8,144 3,464 1,107 366

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25.—Numbers of the Infirm by Conjugal Condition, Age, Origin, Birthplace and Occupation—concluded.

Schedule.	Bli	nd.		and mb.	Ins	ane.	Idio	otic.		tal rm.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
Age— Under 10	85 149 327 440 619	65 123 212 258 465	299 448 812 590 255	456	$212 \\ 2,596 \\ 2,899$	158	$\begin{array}{c} 748 \\ 1,356 \\ 750 \end{array}$			503 1,166 3,936 4,277 2,318
60 to 79	222 8 384	$\frac{262}{3}$	69 18	50 9 1,879	82 653 386	343	$\begin{array}{c} 46\\39\\2,199\end{array}$	57 16 1,647	419 718 5,239	483 398 4,178
5 to 9	100 74 409 450 433	86 53 192 430 318	5 7 31 55 123	34	$\begin{array}{r} 93 \\ 2,578 \\ 562 \end{array}$	$^{78}_{2,267}$	75 218 79	43 43 176 85 592	297 249 3,236 1,146 5,363	245 180 2,666 1,185 4,627
English Irish Scotch French German Austro-Hungarian Italian	392 294 237 606 95 9	$\begin{array}{c} 62 \\ 3 \\ - \end{array}$	505 310 313 1,003 125 41 4	275 273 820 124 31 2	130 63 34	704 511 1,983 99 35 11	629 508 1,180 169 17	562 521 367 811 140 12	2,713 1,967 1,641 4,870 519 130 45	1,682 1,329 4,181 425 81 16
Scandinavian Russian Indian Various Not given Birthplace—	20 6 117 47 20	7 4 85 40 15	26 21 30 70 43		79 23 131 $2,717$	$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 19 \\ 77 \\ 2,582 \end{array}$	8 23 82 116	8 6 14 60 82	330 2,896	62 55 139 231 2,724
Canada England. Ireland. Scotland Wales. Austria-Hungary France Germany	132 79	1,140 80 52 36 2 4 2 11	2,115 109 28 46 1 31 5	83 22 19 1 20 2	491 188 136	339 205 135 3 32 10	$egin{array}{c} 83 \\ 32 \\ 32 \\ 2 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	63 31 17 1 3 5	12,272 815 327 269 14 111 22 96	565 310 207 7 59 19
Italy Norway Russia Sweden Other European Asiatic Various Occupations—	6 8 6 8 1 61	1 15 3 2 1 39	1 32 . 6 12 - 85	18 18 1 8 1 73	$ \begin{array}{c c} 22 \\ 18 \\ 72 \end{array} $	5 4 35 20 15	1 2 9 3 9	1 13 1 6 1 58	30 24 121 44 54 40 1,291	7 6 81 25 31 4 889
Agricultural. Commercial. Building Trades. Manufacturers. Domestic. Labourer. Professional. Non-productive.	530 145 46 84 24 107 77 242 595	34 66 30 89 18 122	$\frac{21}{115}$	630 113 80 176 115 158 20 64 737	158 85 124 25 356 45 63	74 21 78 476 32 30 54	83 80 63 391 21 146	782 91 65 81 80 165 20 118	3,284 629 366 545 166 1,341 164 566 8,469	1,941 342 200 401 701 444 88 358 8,606
Unspecified Total	595 1,850	663 1,388	330 2,491		′ 	<u> </u>	1,187 3,501			8,606 13,081

26.—Numbers of the Infirm by Provinces, 1911, with totals for 1881, 1891, and 1901.

Provinces.	Blin	nd.	Deaf Du	and ımb.	Insa	ane.	Idio	tic.	To Infi	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	Μ.	F.	M.	F.
P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Northwest Territories	587 628 75 43 47 90	32 131 86 530 449 48 35 24 48 1	25 240 155 886 734 170 118 80 71	232 118 749	503 262 2,468 2.989 728 34 23	508 238 2,304 3,186 428 19 20 181	357 253 $1,029$ $1,479$ 123 65 60	698 1,177 67 48 31	1,301 816 4,970 5,830 1,096 260 210	1,158 632 4,281 5,488 669 164 142 302 2
Canada 1911	1,891 1,839	1,388 1,529	$3,331 \\ 2,590$	2,843 2,229	8,811 7,162	7,884 6,193	- -	-	15,530 14,033 11,591 10,027	12,115 9,951

Note.—Previous to 1911, the numbers of the idiotic were not separately distinguished. The term used in previous censuses was "Unsound Mind," and comprised both the idiotic and the insane.

Area and Population of British and Foreign Countries.—Table 27 gives the area and population of the United Kingdom and British Possessions, and Table 28 the area and population of the principal foreign countries of the world. The first-named table is taken from the Statistical Abstract for the British Self-governing Dominions, etc., 1913 [Cd. 7,786], and does not therefore include Egypt, which was declared a British Protectorate on December 18, 1914. By adding the area (347,490 square miles) and the population (11,287,359) of Egypt and the area (984,362 square miles) and the population (2,600,000) of the Anglo-Egyptian Soudan, the total area and population of the British Empire, as given in Table 27, are raised to 12,605,102 square miles (area) and 431,156,792 (population). The area of Egypt, however, includes the deserts. According to the Statesman's Year Book the cultivated and settled area of the Nile Valley and Delta is not more than 12,226 square miles. In other respects Tables 27 and 28 do not take into account changes due to the war.

27.—Area and Population in the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911.

[From the British Statistical Abstract—Self-Governing Dominions, Colonies, Possessions and Protectorates, 1913.]

Countries.	Area.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	
England & Wales Scotland Ireland Islands	Sq.miles. 58,340 30,405 32,586 302	No. 17,445,608 2,308,839 2,192,048 70,166	No. 18,624,884 2,452,065 2,198,171 78,749	No. 36,070,492 4,760,904 4,390,219 148,915	1,003.8	No. 618.28 156.53 134.72 493.09
Total, United Kingdom	121,633	22,016,661	23,353,869	45,370,530	1,060.9	373.01
India—British Native States	1,092,994 709,118		119,378,976 34,412,576	244,221,377 70,864,995	956.2 944.0	223.44 99.93
Total, India	1,802,112	161,294,820	153,791,552	315,086,372	953.4	174.84
Aden, including Perim Socotra Straits Settlements Labuan Ceylon ²	80 1,382 1,572 28 25,481	31,290 — 471,212 3,662 2,175,030	244,317 $2,884$ $1,931,320$	$12,000^{1}$ $715,529$ $6,546$ $4,106,350$	518.5 787.6 887.9	577.06 8.68 455.17 262.40 161.15
Mauritius Dependencies of Seychelles Hong Kong ³ New Territories ⁴ . Wei-Hai-Wei ⁴	720 89 156 404 285	11,557	174,696 3,070 11,134 116,470 44,118 69,273		900.1 848.1 963.4 466.5 949.3 889.7	
Australia, Com- monwealth of- New South Wales Federal Capital Territory	309,460 912	,	789,036 722	1,646,734 1,714		5.32
Victoria South Australia. Northern Terr'y West'n Australia Tasmania Queensland		207,358 2,734 161,565 97,591	659,960 201,200 576 120,549 93,620 276,307	$\begin{array}{c} 3,310 \\ 282,114 \end{array}$	970.3 210.7 746.1 959.3	14.97 1.07 0.01 0.29 7.29 0.90
Total, Common- wealth ⁵		2,313,035	2,141,970	4,455,005	926.0	1.50
Territory of Papua Dominion of New Zealand Fiji		531,910		380,000 ¹ 1,008,468 139,541		4.20 9.62 18.74
Falkland Islands			905			0.44

For the notes relating to this table see page 77.

27.—Area and Population in the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911—con.

Countries.	Area.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	Persons per sq. mile.
Union of S. Africa-	Sq.miles.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Natal	35,371	564,648	629,395	1,194,043	1,114.7	33.76
Cape of Good Hope Orange Free State. Transvaal	276,995 50,392 110,426	1,255,671 277,518 971,555	1,309,294 250,656 714,657	2,564,965 528,174 1,686,212	903.2	9.26 10.48 15.27
Total, Union of S. Africa	473,184	3,069,392	2,904,002	5,973,394	946.1	12.62
Swaziland Basutoland Bechuanaland Prot Rhodesia, Southern "Northern Nyasaland Protect Uganda Protect East Africa Protect Somaliland Protect St. Helena ²	148,575 291,000 39,315 121,437° 247,600	44,805 184,102 62,712 406,069 - 429,652 - - 1,615	55,154 220,405 62,638 365,008 - 540,778 - - 1,862	99,959 404,507 125,350 771,077 822,482 ¹ 970,430 2,843,325 2,402,863 344,323 3,477	1,197.2 998.8 898.6 1,258.6	34.52 0.45 5.19 2.82 24.68 23.41 9.70 5.06
Ascension	34	-	-	400		11.77
West Africa— Nigeria, North'n Protectorate of Nigeria, South'n and colony of ⁸ . Gold Coast Sierra Leone ⁸ Gambia ⁸	256,200 79,880 80,235 24,908 3,619	3,4 3 5,743 - 755,446 363,197 73,792	5,833,257 - 746,347 472,374 72,309	9,269,000 7,857,983 1,501,793 1,403,132 ⁹ 146,101	988.0 1,300.6	98.36 18.73 56.33
Total, West Africa	444,842	- (20,178,009	-	45.36
North America— Dom. of Canada Newfoundland Labrador	3,729,665 42,734 120,000	3,821,995 122,253 2,052	3,384,648 116,417 1,897	7,206,643 238,670 3,949	885.6 952.2 924.4	1.93 5.59 0.03
Total, North America	3,892,399	3,946,300	3,502,962	7,449,262	887.7	1.91

For the notes relating to this table see page 77.

27.—Area and Population in the United Kingdom and British Possessions, 1911—concluded.

Countries.	Area.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Females per 1000 males.	
FT T 1: T 113	Sq.miles.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
West India Isl'ds. Bahamas Turk's & Caicos	4,404	24,975	30,969	55,944	1,240.0	12.70
Islands Jamaica	166 4,207	2,505 $397,439$	3,110 433,944			
Cayman Islands Windward Isl'ds.—		2,427	3,137	5,564	,	
St. Lucia St. Vincent	233 140	22,336 $18,345$	26,301 $23,532$	41,877	1,282.2	299.12
Barbados Grenada	166 133	70,240 30,398	$101,743 \\ 36,352$			1,036.04 501.84
Virgin Islands St. Christopher.	58 65	$\frac{2,608}{10,969}$		5,557 26,283		$95.81 \\ 404.35$
Nevis Anguilla	50 35	5,521 $1,562$	7,424 2,513	12,945	1,344.7	258.90
Antigua, includ- ing Barbuda Montserrat, in-	170	13,985			1,307.1	189.80
cluding Redon- da	32	5,363	6,953			384.87
Dominica Trinidad Tobago	305 1,860 114	$15,231 \\ 164,427 \\ 9,922$	18,632 $148,376$ $10,827$	$\begin{array}{c} 33,863 \\ 312,803 \\ 20,749 \end{array}$	902.4	$111.02 \\ 168.17 \\ 182.01$
6						
Total, W. Indies	12,227	798,253	890,356	1,688,609	1,115.4	138.10
Bermuda ³	19	9,070	9,924	18,994		999.68
British Honduras British Guiana ³	8,598 90,500	20,374 153,717	20,084 142,324	40,458 $296,041$	985.7925.9	$\frac{4.71}{3.27}$
Gibraltar² Malta³ Cyprus³	$1\frac{1}{8}$ 117 3,354	$\begin{array}{c} 8,786 \\ 105,601 \\ 139,248 \end{array}$	10,334 105,963 134,716	$\begin{array}{c} 19,120 \\ 211,564 \\ 273,964 \end{array}$		10,445.87 1,808.24 76.44
Grand Total	11,273,250		-	417,269,433	-	

NOTES RELATING TO TABLE 27 ON PAGES 75-77.

¹ Estimated population 1910. ² Excluding the military and persons on ships in harbours. ³ The population is exclusive of the military. ⁴ The New Territories and Wei-Hai-Wei were leased to the British Government in 1898. In 1904 a part of the New Territories (New Kowloon) was placed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Sanitary Board, and since that date the area (13 sq. miles) and the population (13,693 persons at the Census of 1911) have been included in the figures of Hong Kong. ⁵ The population stated for Australia is exclusive of full-blooded aborigines, estimated at 100,000 in 1911. § Including the area of the lakes and river Nile within the territorial limits of the Uganda Protectorate. 7 Partly estimated, a census of natives not being available. ³ Including the Protectorate districts. ⁵ Including 567,561 children—sex not stated.

28.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1911 et 1912].

	Europ	Е.		 :
Country.	Area.	.Date of Census (C) or Estimate (E)	Population.	Persons per square mile.
	Square Miles.			_
Austria-Hungary: Austria. Bosnia and Herzegovina. Hungary Belgium Bulgaria. Denmark Faroë Isles Iceland France Germany Greece Italy Luxemburg Montenegro Netherlands Norway Portugal Rumania Russia-in-Europe Finland Scrbia. Sweden Spain. Switzerland	19,768 125,641 11,371 37,199 15,046 40,457 207,129 208,825 24,406 110,688 999 3,506 13,199 124,675 35,499 50,715 1,997,224 144,249 18,649 172,920 194,794	(E) 1910 (C) Dec. 31, 1910 (E) Dec. 31, 1912 (C) Dec. 31, 1910 (E) July 1, 1911	1,898,044 20,886,487 7,416,454 4,329,108 2,757,076 18,000 85,188 39,601,509 2,631,952 34,671,377 259,891 250,000 6,022,452 2,435,705 5,423,132 3,115,197 2,911,701 5,604,192 19,562,568	107.7 313.1 260.3 71.2 456.4 19.4 152.8 143.0 69.2 21.5 156.2 32.4 100.5 237.2
Turkey-in-Europe	AsL		0,130,200	90.0
Afghanistan Bhutan China Japan Formosa Korea Kouang-Toung Sakhaline Island (part of) Nepal Oman Persia Russia-in-Asia Siam Turkey-in-Asia French India (France) Indo-China and Kouang	215,444 20,000 4,277,988 147,650 13,840 84,102 1,303 13,154 59,459 74,981 635,135 6,293,854 231,660 682,161 198	(E) (E) (E) Dec. 31, 1912 (E) (E) (E) Jan. 1, 1911 (C) May 10, 1911	2 3,462,893 2 13,461,299 2 488,082 2 43,273 5,000,000 402,600 9,000,000 25,644,500 7,000,000 16,898,700 282,472	12.4 100.5 353.5 250.2 160.1 374.8 3.4 84.2 5.4 14.2 4.1 30.3 24.9 1,426.1
Tcheou-Ouan (France)	310,060 213 4 1,470	(E) Jan. 1, 1911 1910	168,896 74,866	54.9 793.0 19,390.3 411.6

28.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1911 et 1912.]—con.

	Afri	ICA.		
Country.	Area.	Date of Census (C) or Estimate (E)	Population.	Persons per square mile.
	Square			
	Miles.			
Abyssinia	432,586	(E) -	8,000,000	18.4
Egypt	347 490	(C) Apr. 29, 1907	11,287,359	32.4
Liberia	36,834	(0) 1xp1. 20,	1,500,000	40.7
Congo (Belgium)	913,127	(E) -	15,004,003	16.3
Algeria (France)	222 119	(C) Mar. 5, 1911		$\frac{15.5}{25.1}$
Congo (France)	561,346			16.1
Madagascar (France)	226 074	(E) Dec. 31, 1911	3,153,511	
Mayotte and Comoro Islands		(2) 200. 02, 1011	0,100,011	11.0
(France)		(C) 1911	94,384	112.7
Morocco (France)	193,050		5,000,000	25.9
Reunion (France)		$\langle \widetilde{\mathbf{C}} \rangle$ 1911		187.5
Sahara (France)	924,401		450,000	0.5
Somali Coast (France)	46,332	(C) 1906		4.4
Tunis (France)	48 263	(E) Dec. 31, 1911		40.7
West Africa (France)	1,510,906		11,344,076	7.5
East Africa (Germany)		(E) Jan. 1, 1911	10,032,227	26.2
Southwest Africa (Germany)		(E) Jan. 1, 1911	95,962	0.3
Kamerun¹ (Germany)		(E) Jan. 1, 1911		14.2
Kamerun ² (Germany)	108,108	`		9.3
Togo (Germany)		(\mathbf{E}) Jan. 1, 1911		29.8
Eritrea (Italy)	45,946			6.0
Somaliland (Italy)	137,838		300,000	2.1
Tripoli and Cyrenica (Italy)	573,057		1,000,000	1.8
Angola (Portugal)	490,463		4,200,000	8.5
Cape Verde Islands (Portugal)	1.516	(C) Dec. 31, 1900		97.1
Guinea (Portugal)	13,089		820,000	62.7
Mozambique (Portugal)	293,657			9.1
St. Thomas and Prince Islands	'		' '	
(Portugal)	. 363	1909	68,221	188.3
Fernando Po & Dependencies			'	
(Spain)	813	-	23,896	29.3
Guinea(Spain)	10,039		140,000	14.0
Morocco(Spain)			44,134	536.6
Rio de Oro, etc(Spain)	71,429		12,000	0.3
Soudan (Anglo-Egyptian)	984,362	(E)	2,600,000	2 .6

AMERICA.

Argentina	1,153,417 (E) Dec. 31, 1911	7,467,878	6.5
Bolivia			3.9
Brazil			7.0
Chili			11.7
Costa Rica	20,849 (E) Dec. 31, 1911		18.6
Cuba	44,218 (C) Sept. 30, 1907	2,048,980	46 .4
Dominica	19,332 (E) 1912		36.5
Ecuador	297,297 (E) –		6.7
Guatemala	43,641 (C) Dec. 31, 1903	1,842,134	42.2

¹Old Territory. ²New Territory.

28.—Area and Population of the Principal Foreign Countries of the World [From the Annuaire International de Statistique Agricole, 1911 et 1912.]—concluded.

AMERICA-	-cone	lud	led
TIMERICA	-conc	ıuu	ıcu.

Country.	Area.	Date of Census (C) or Estimate (E)	Population.	Persons per square mile.
	Square			
	\mathbf{Miles} .			
Haiti	11,072	(\mathbf{E}) 19	12 2,500,000	225.8
Honduras		(C) Dec. 31, 19		
Mexico	767,258	(E) 19	12 15,445,787	
Nicaragua	58,169			
Panama	33,776		10 336,742	9.8
Paraguay	97,722	19	08 715,841	7.3
Peru	533,911	(C) 19	06 4,609,999	8.5
San Salvador	13,176	(E) Jan., 19	11 1,133,000	86.0
U.S. of Columbia	465,714		- 4,978,000	10.6
United States	3,026,805	(E) June 1, 19	11 93,792,509	31.1
Alaska	590,887	19	11 64,443	
Panama (Zone of Canal)	448		11 $154,255$	344.2
Porto Rico	3,435			
Uruguay		(E) Dec. 31, 19	10 1,132,115	
Venezuela	393,976	(\mathbf{E}) 19	11 2,743,841	7.0
West Indies (Denmark)	139	Feb. 1, 19	11 27,086	196.1
Greenland (Denmark)	34,015	Oct. 1, 19	10 13,466	0.5
Guadeloupe and Dependencies	· 1			
(France)	687	(C) 19	212,430	309.0
Guiana (France)	35,231	(C) Mar. 5, 19	11 49,009	1.3
Martinique (France)	381	(C) 19	11 $185,385$	486.4
St. Pierre & Miquelon (France)	93	(C) Mar. 5, 19	11 4,209	45.3
Curação and Dependencies				
$(Netherlands) \dots \dots$	436			
Dutch Guiana (Netherlands)	49,846	19	10 86,233	1.8

OCEANIA.

United States Colonies:	010		1000	10.000	47 7
Guam	210		1900		
Hawaii	6,449		1911	196,227	
PhilippinesSamoa and Tutuila	115,027		1911	8,368,427	
Samoa and Tutuila	77		1900	6,800	88.3
German Colonies:	ì		•		
Caroline, Palau, Marianne and	}				
Marshall Islands	956	(E) Jar	ı. 1, 1911	55,320	57.8
New Guinea	92.664	(E) Jar	n. 1, 1911	351,723	3.9
Samoa			ı. 1, 1911	37,490	37.8
French Colonies:		, ,	,	<i>'</i>	
French Establishments in	i		İ		
Oceania	1,183	(C)	1906	30,563	25.9
New Caledonia and Dependen-	1,100	(0)	1900	00,000	20.0
cies	7.202		1911	50,500	7.0
	7,202		1911	50,500	1.0
Portuguese Colonies:				000 000	40.0
Timon and Kambing	7,332		-	300,000	40.9
Dutch Colonies:					
Dutch Indies	739,544	(C)	1905	37.717.377	51.0

VITAL STATISTICS.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Vital Statistics by Provinces.—In Canada the registration of births, marriages, and deaths is under provincial control, and at present divergent methods, with, in certain provinces, entire lack of statistics, render impossible the deduction for any series of years of annual birth-, marriage-, and death-rates for the Dominion as a whole. In Nova Scotia the publication of annual vital statistics was only begun in 1910, and for the province of New Brunswick no returns of the kind are yet available.

Table 29 shows, however, by provinces (New Brunswick excepted) the number of births, marriages and deaths in the years 1911, 1912 and 1913. according to the latest returns of the provincial registrars. Using the census figures of population for 1911, and estimates of the Census and Statistics Office for 1912 and 1913, crude birth-, marriage-, and deathrates per 1.000 of the population living have been calculated for each year, as well as the excess of births over deaths. For Prince Edward Island no data for the year 1912 are available. The figures by provinces in this table are not strictly comparable, owing to the unfortunate diversity of practice which at present prevails as between the different provincial registrars. Not only is the statistical year not uniform for all the provinces, but there is no uniformity in the practice as regards the inclusion or exclusion of still-births. Thus, in Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario still-births are eliminated from the calculations; but in Prince Edward Island, the Northwest provinces and British Columbia they are included, and for these provinces the numbers of still-births, which are too small to affect materially the birth- and death-rates calculated, are given in a note at the foot of the table.

Vital Statistics of Cities.—The data given in Tables 40 and 41 on pages 101 and 102 of the Year Book of 1913 are not repeated this year; but an effort has been made in Table 30 to record the number of births. marriages and deaths by principal cities for the year 1912 in continuation of Table 40 in the edition of 1913. In this new table the natural increase per 1,000 of the population is based upon the estimated population of 1912 for Ontario; in other cases the population of the Census of 1911 is used, and the fact is indicated by the use of italics. The data available since 1912 are at present too incomplete to allow of the construction of the table for any later year. It should be noted that for seven of the cities in Quebec the births and marriages are given as for the Roman Catholic population only, whilst the deaths are those of the whole population. It is consequently impossible to calculate for these cities—in some of which the non-Roman Catholic population is relatively numerous—the excess of births over deaths and the natural increase per 1,000 of the population.

29.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Provinces, 1911, 1912 and 1913.

Provinces.	Births.	Birth- rate per 1,000 living.	Mar- riages.	Mar- riage- rate per 1,000 living.	Deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000 living.	Excess of Births over Deaths.
P. E. Island 1911 1912	1,497	15.97	470	5.01 lished in		11.89	383
1913 Nova Scotia1911 1912	1,628 $12,322$ $12,681$		$\frac{4.78}{3,004}$	5.10 6.10	$\begin{bmatrix} 983 \\ 8,237 \end{bmatrix}$	16.73	4,085
1913 Quebec	12,553 74,475 76,647	25.22 37.18	3,259 15,254	6.55 7.61	7,225 $35,904$	14.52 17.92	5,328 38,571
1913 Ontario 1911 1912	79,089 56,096 58,870	$\begin{array}{r} 37.70 \\ 22.23 \end{array}$		8.13 10.23	36,200	17.33 12.63	$\begin{array}{c} 42,889 \\ 24,218 \end{array}$
1913 Manitoba ¹ 1911 1912	64,516 13,407 14,666	24.00 29.43	26,998 5,177	10.00 11.36	34,317 5,481	$12.70 \\ 12.03$	30,199 7,926
1913 Saskatchewan ¹ 1911 1912	$16,424 \\ 8,745$	36.34 17.76	5,985	13.24 7.13	$5,919 \ 2,727$	13.10 5.54	10,505 6,018
1912 1913 Alberta ₁ 1911 1912	13,200 8,813	$20.94 \\ 23.52$	4,990 3,630	$7.92 \\ 9.69$	$4,150 \\ 3,618$	6.58 9.69	9,050
1913 B. Columbia ¹ 1911	10,284 11,871 5,841	24.34 14.88	5,053 4,509	10.36 11.49	$4,432 \\ 3,660$	$9.09 \\ 9.32$	7,439 2,181
1912 1913 Yukon1911	8,008 9,199 48	18.58 5.64	41	$10.12 \\ 4.82$	4,619 87	$9.33 \\ 10.22$	4,580 -39
1912	612	7.74	48	6.09	85	7.36	3

¹Including still-births as follows: Prince Edward Island 4 in 1911, 1 in 1913; Manitoba 243 in 1911, 316 in 1912; Saskatchewan 48 in 1911, 170 in 1912, 134 in 1913; Alberta 160 in 1911, 230 in 1912; British Columbia 191 in 1911, 240 in 1912, 279 in 1913. In Manitoba in 1913 still-births are excluded, and in Alberta in 1913 they are not given.

²Incomplete.

30.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Principal Cities, 1912.

Cities.	Popula-	Births.	Marri- ages.	Deaths.	$_{ m of}$ Births	Natural Increase per 1,000 of Popu- lation.
P.E. Island— Charlottetown ¹ Nova Scotia— Halifax Sydney Glace Bay		1,308 700	notgiven notgiven notgiven notgiven	843 304	55 465 396 344	9.97 19.41

VITAL STATISTICS.

30.—Number of Births, Marriages and Deaths, by Principal Cities, 1912—concluded.

					Excess	Natural
CIL.	Popula-	D* /1	Marri-	D -41 -	of	Increase
Cities.	tion.	Births.	ages.	Deaths.	Births over	per1,000
					Deaths.	of Popu- lation.
 Quebec—						
Montreal	470,480	19,107	5,449	10,721	8,386	17.82
Quebec	78,710	2,705	639		1,178	
Maisonneuve	18,684	7732	1272			
Hull	18,222	6432	1292		_	_
Sherbrooke	16,405	549 ²	1112		-	_
Westmount	14,579	312	252		-	-
Three Rivers	13,691	$\begin{array}{c} 601 \\ 420^{2} \end{array}$	$128 \\ 62^{2}$		279	20.38
Verdun	11,629 10,699	$\frac{420^{2}}{304^{2}}$	50 ²		_	_
Lachine	9,797	289 ²	962] [
Ontario—	0,101	200-	30-	211		_
Toronto	414,000	10,960	6,007	5,675	5,285	12.77
Ottawa	91,200	2,346	1,089	1,550	796	
Hamilton	88,700	2,517	1,306	1,223		
London	50,860	1,091	676		421	
Brantford	25,100	741	302		407	
Kingston	19,765	427	310			1.37
Peterborough	19,245	462	251	224	238	
Windsor	$19,450 \\ 18,500$	$\frac{464}{762}$	3,429 205		187	
Fort William Berlin	16,760	702 442	190		474 249	
Guelph	15,380	376	127	213		
St. Thomas	14,250	309	190		128	
Stratford	13,400	286	138			
Owen Sound	12,780	335	155	162	173	13.53
St. Catharines	13,730	341	197	216	125	
Port Arthur	12,500	481	234		168	
Sault Ste. Marie	12,940	251	223		25	
Chatham	$11,330 \\ 11,090$	$211 \\ 251$	$oxed{191} 12$		$\begin{vmatrix} 24 \\ 124 \end{vmatrix}$	
GaltSarnia	10,050	$\frac{231}{228}$	$\frac{112}{297}$	206	$\frac{124}{22}$	
Belleville	10,340	$\frac{220}{241}$	124		87	
Brockville	9,410	231	136		53	
Woodstock	9,485	212	112	130	82	8.64
Niagara Falls	9,665	260	839	119	141	14.59
Manitoba—						
Winnipeg	136,035	5,282	3,504		2,875	
Brandon	13,839	512	297	329	183	
St. Boniface	7,483 5,892	458 199	139 117	$414 \\ 142$	44 57	5.88 9.67
Saskatchewan—	0,00%	199	117	144	91	9.07
Regina	30,213	504	447	418	86	2.85
Moosejaw	13,823	423	513		103	
Saskatoon	12,004	588	523	354	234	
Alberta—						,
Calgary	43,704	1,822	2,552		780	
EdmontonLethbridge	24,900	1,017	1,532		328	13.17
Letinoriage		278	558	197	81	10.06
British Columbia	8,050	2.0)	J	J
British Columbia—				1 710		11 00
British Columbia— Vancouver. Victoria	100,401 31,660	2,853	2,491 1,034	1,719 617	1,134 599	11.29 18.92

²Roman Catholic population only.

IMMIGRATION.

Immigrant Arrivals in 1914.—The decline noted last year in the number of immigrant arrivals, and which was due to depression of trade and the general financial stringency, continued during the earlier part of 1914; but the outbreak of the European war at the end of July and beginning of August took immediate effect in further arresting the tide of immigration. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915, the number of immigrant arrivals was only 144,789, as compared with 384,878 in 1914. Of the total number of immigrants in 1914–15, 43,276, or 30 p.c., came from the United Kingdom, 59,779, or 41 p.c., came from the United States, and 41,734, or 29 p.c., came from other countries. The reduction, as compared with 1913–14, of immigrants from the United Kingdom was 99,346, or 69 p.c., and of immigrants from the United States 47,751, or 44 p.c. For the calendar year 1914 the total number of immigrant arrivals was 168,930, including 49,879 from the United Kingdom, 68,659 from the United States and 50,392 from other countries.

Quality of Immigrants.—Since the beginning of the century, and especially within the last ten years, regulations have been in force excluding from Canada immigrants physically, mentally and morally unfit. There has therefore been not only an increase in the number of arrivals, but the general standard of quality as regards the class of immigrants settling in Canada has greatly improved. In Table 33 will be found the number of rejections upon arrival and of deportations after admission of intending immigrants, by principal causes of rejection and deportation, for the years 1903 to 1914. Table 34 shows the number by nationalities of deportations after admission and includes a column giving the number of immigrants to every person deported. In comparing the figures in this column, account should be taken of the total number of immigrants for each nationality, as the proportion for small numbers would not be maintained for large numbers.

Juvenile Immigration.—The Chief Inspector of British Immigrant Children and Receiving Homes reports that in 1914–15, 1,899 children were received in Canada through 15 different agencies and were placed in foster homes or situations. Applications for the services of these children remain largely in excess of the supply, as appears from Table 35. This shows the number of British Juvenile immigrants—not members of families—and the number of applications for their services received by the various agencies during the fiscal years 1901 to 1915. Altogether about 77,000 children have been placed out in Canada since the organization of this class of immigration in 1868. Of the total, about 25,960 have come from the Dr. Barnardo Homes.

Oriental Immigration.—Tables 38 and 39 relate to Chinese immigration and give a record of such immigration since 1886 and the number of Chinese in Canada at the Censuses of 1901 and 1911. In 1885, owing to the heavy influx of Chinese into Canada, legislation (48–49 Vict. c. 71) was passed providing that thereafter Chinese of the labouring classes be required as a condition of their entry into the

IMMIGRATION.

Dominion to pay a head tax of \$50 each; on January 1, 1901 (63-64) Vict. 1900, c. 32), this amount was increased to \$100 and on January 1, 1904 (3 Edw. VII, 1903, c. 8), to \$500. The exempt classes have varied slightly from time to time; but, generally speaking, have included consular officers, their wives, children and suites, Chinese merchants, their wives and children, and Chinese belonging to the learned professions. Practically all of those who have been admitted as exempt have been merchants and members of merchants' families. Chinese are allowed under the Act to register out of Canada for absence abroad for a period of twelve months, which registration allows them the privilege of free return within the period specified. For each of these registrations a fee of \$1 is charged. The total revenue under the Chinese Immigration Act is made up of head taxes, registration fees for leave of absence and fines collected for infringements of the Act. From 1886 to 1902 one quarter of the net proceeds of the revenues under the Chinese Immigration Act was paid to the provinces wherein they were collected. From 1903 the proportion so paid to the provinces has been one-half, in accordance with an amending Act of 1902 (2 Edw. VII, c. 5). Table 40 shows the total number of oriental immigrants arriving in Canada since 1901.

Immigration Expenditure and Revenue.—Table 41 shows the annual expenditure for immigration purposes for each fiscal year since 1868. For the year ended March 31, 1914, the amount was \$1,893,298. On the other side of the account there is the revenue derived from the payments of the Chinese as recorded in Table 38. For the year ended March 31, 1914, the revenue from this source amounted to \$2,644,593, of which \$1,284,652 was paid to the provinces; so that the Dominion revenue from immigration in the year 1913–14 exceeded the expenditure by \$1,359,941.

31.—Number of Immigrant Arrivals in Canada, 1897-1915.

10, 1		mmigrar rivals fr			TiI		mmigrai rivals fr		
Fiscal Years.	United King- dom.	United States.	Other Coun- tries.	Total.	Fiscal Years.	United King- dom.	United States.	Other Coun- tries.	Total.
18971 18981 18991 19002 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906	No. 11,383 11,173 10,660 5,141 11,810 17,259 41,792 50,374 65,359 86,796	9,119 11,945 8,543 17,987 26,388 49,473 45,171 43,543	11,608 21,938 10,211 19,352 23,732 37,099 34,786 37,364	44,543 23,895 49,149	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	123,013 138,121 150,542	58,312 59,832 103,798 121,451 133,710 139,009 107,530	83,975 34,175 45,206 66,620 82,406 112,881 134,726	

32.—Arrivals at Inland and Ocean Ports in Canada in fiscal years 1909-1915.

	· ·		l	1	 -		
Nationalities.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
English	37,019	40,416	84,707	95,107		102,122	30,80
Irish	3,609	3,940	6,877	8,327	9,706		593
Scotch	11,810 463			32,988	30,735		8,340
Welsh	52,901			1,699	2,019 150,542	1,787	$\begin{bmatrix} 3,52 \\ 42,27 \end{bmatrix}$
Total for U.KArmenian	79	75	20	60	100,342	139	43,27 6
Australian	171	203		184	106	106	5
Austrian	1,830			4,871	1,050		50
Belgian	828	910			1,826	2,651	1,14
Bukowinian	1,546	725	700	328	687	1,549	7
Bulgarian	56		1,068		4,616	1,727	4,04
Chinese	1,887			6,247	7,445	5,512	1,25
Danish	160			628	798	871	32
Dutch	495		001	1,077	1,524	1,506	60
Finnish				/	2,391	3,183	45
French	1,830			2,094	2,755	2,683	1,20
Galician	6,644 $1,257$				$\begin{array}{c} 497 \\ 4,938 \end{array}$	1,698 5,525	3
German, n. e. s	192			693	1,390	1,102	$2,47 \\ 1,14$
Greek Hebrew, Austrian				269	392	728	1,19
Hebrew, German					16		10
Hebrew, Polish		$\frac{1}{28}$		$\hat{52}$			
Hebrew, Russian	1,444						2,67
Hebrew, n. e. s	151				649	860	26
Hindu	6		5	3	5	88	-
Hungarian	595		756				21
[celandic	35	95				292	14
[talian	4,228					24,722	6,22
apanese	$\frac{1}{2}$ 495		437	765			59 33
Newfoundland	$\begin{array}{c c} & 2,108 \\ \hline & 65 \end{array}$				1,036 39		
New Zealand	752						78
Norwegian Polish, Austrian	42	483					1,27
Polish, German	3	12					
Polish, Russian	255	738					54
Polish, n. e. s							15
Rumanian	278	293		793			36
Russian, n. e. s	3,547	4,564	6,621	9,805	18,623	24,485	5,20
Ruthenian							5,83
Servian							
$\mathbb{S}_{\mathbf{wedish}}$						2,435	
Swiss			270				20
Syrian Tumkish	189 236		124 469				3
Turkish U.S. (viâ ocean ports)	230 94	186				121	4
United States					139,009		
West Indies		146			398	474	
Other nationalities	334	523	963	1.655	2.611	5.006	1,71
Total	94,007	149,004	188,071	216,116	251,890	242,256	101,51
	İ		!	ŀ			
Grand total	146,908	208,794	311,084	354,237	402,432	384,878	144,78
		1	i	l	1		

IMMIGRATION.

33.—Rejection of Immigrants upon arrival at Ocean Ports and Deportations after admission by principal causes for the fiscal years 1903-1914.

				R.F	LIECTI(ONS	ат Ос	ean F	Овтя			
Principal Causes.	l								0101			
Timeipai Qauses.	1903 -4	1905	1906	1907 9m.	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	To- tals
No. 1: 10	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Medical Causes:— Insanity	5	2	11	-7	19	13	15	5	15	1 22	15	129
Mentally deficient			8	$\frac{7}{2}$	9		24	22		21		
Tuberculosis	~	4		$\tilde{8}$	11		11	26		īī	34	
Trachoma	436				358		429	326		72		2,926
Hernia	-	1	_	4	8	3	11	20		13		
Other Medical												
Causes	38	2 8	38	32	53	41	67	120	61	107	98	683
Accompanying				-			٠.,	101		-00		İ
patients	16	13	39	21	58		42	104		28	76	
Contract Labour	-	- 1	_ 6	7	23	-6	33	28 10		4	-	87
Criminality	-	1	3	14	17 12		$\begin{vmatrix} & 9 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$	15				
Defective Sight Immorality	_	_		3	10		$\frac{1}{22}$	35	16	15	, ~	144
Indirect passage	_		_		-	4	$\frac{22}{29}$	25		45		
Infirmity	1	4	12	11	7	3	13		8	5		
Lack of funds		_^	1		85			1,038				2,669
Likely to become a	1		_		-	••	"	_,			"	_,,,,,
public charge	49	56	73	57	292	66	681	274	164	56	76	1,844
Poor Physique	1	-	6		31			41	10			207
Stowaway	_	-	-	42	148			85	86	63		639
Other Causes	-	13	1	51	31	5	6	29	36	17	134	323
Totals	547	611	524	440	1,172	509	1,515	2,210	972	756	1,827	11,083
Principal Causes.				DEP	ORTAT	ions	AFTE	R Adm	uissi	ON.	·	
		i										
Medical Causes:—									j l			
Epilepsy	10	2	6		15				10		19	116
Insanity	6	5	12		110				133			1,075
Mental Weakness	15			20	43		9	17	9		15	158
Tuberculosis	16			13	67 29				$\frac{39}{7}$	$\frac{61}{12}$	139	
Rheumatism	15		11 18	10	60 60		$\begin{array}{c c} 8 \\ 27 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	1		42	$\frac{157}{226}$
General debility Other Causes	15 26			14	45		28	36	24		133	488
Accompanying	20	10	24	1.7	10	30	20	30	24	50	100	400
patients	7	1	4	35	26	21	_	18	17	16	10	155
Criminality	i	$\tilde{8}$	1	12	68	115	130	$1\overline{72}$	242	334		1.459
Infirmity	7	10		10	15		3		4	_	2	131
Likely to become a									- 1		!	
public charge	33	19	18	28		1,074	348	289		392		3,568
Vagrancy	-	-	2	-	21	56	29	61	84	107	97	457
Other Causes	1		2		17	21	19	24	46	71	79	280
Totals	152	86	137	201	825	1,748	734	784	959	1,281	1,834	8,741

AREA AND POPULATION

34.—Number by Nationalities of Deportations after Admission, 1903-1914.

				DE	PORT	ATION	S AF	TER	Adm	ISSION	г.		
Nationalities.	1903 -4	1905	1906	1907 9m.	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	Tot'l	One in ev'ry
English	No. 101 1 15 2	No. 61 2 9 2	8	No. 130 2 26 10	513 2 61	No. 1,081 119 34	5 89	3	406 4 89	7	10	808	281
Total British	119	74	112	168	607	1,235	486	458	540	559	952	5,310	204
Austro-Hungarian Belgian Bulgarian Chinese Danish Dutch Finnish French German Greek Hebrew Hindu Italian Norwegian Polish Rumanian Russian Swedish Turkish United States West Indian Other	2 2 1 5 10 2 - 4 3	2 - 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 - 2	51 11 - 2 - 1 - 9 - 1 1 1 - 2 - 2	55 22 1 1 1 - 4 - 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1 1 - 1	27 -65 1 6 10 2 4 8 - 9 - 13 4 9 9 9 9 - 37 - 3	42 74 1 1 4 18 7 3 18 7 32 45 24 13 2 49 7 20 98 8 3 12	4	299 6 - 2 3 3 2 2 4 4 122 100 111 133 122 5 5 5 8 8 - 169 6 17	6 2 1 3 22 6 2 2 2 12 5	2 16 5 13 14 26 25 26 16 17 21 22 4 29 20 377 26	3 1 18 2 5 11 24 38 2 42 42 - 35 13 11 5 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	32 142 47 31 46 46 122 113 51 141 29 125 73 64 64 168 83 24 1,471 58	100 649 179 194 407 188 303 136 488 183 242 530 118 526 303 166 649 54
Total	152	86	137	201	825	1,748	734	784	959	1,281	1,834	8,741	320

35.—Juvenile Immigrants and Applications for their Services, 1901-1915.

Fiscal Year.	Juvenile immigrants.	Applications for their services.	Fiscal Year.	Juvenile immigrants.	Application for their services.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	No. 977 1,540 1,979 2,212 2,814	No. 5,783 8,587 14,219 16,573 17,833	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	No. 2,424 2,422 2,524 2,689 2,642	No. 15,417 18,477 21,768 31,040 33,493
1906 1907 ¹ 1908	3,258 $1,455$ $2,375$	19,374 15,800 17,239	1914 1915 Total	2,318 1,899 33,528	32,417 30,854 298,874

Note.—The above are included in the total number of immigrants recorded elsewhere. ${\tt lNine}$ months.

IMMIGRATION.

36.—Sex, Occupation and Destination of Immigrants for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

			1									
Sex			M	Iales.		Fe	ma	les.	Chi	ldren.	Т	otals.
Viâ ocean ports From the United Sta	tes		.	No. 161,9 62,4			No 6 8 25	o. 3,770 5,258	1	No. 46,645 19,857		No. 277,348 107,530
Totals				24,3	48		94	,028		66,502		384,878
0	FARM	ers or Fa	RM I	ABOU	JRE	RS		GE	NERA	L LABO	UR	ERS.
Occupations.	Mal	es. Fem	ales.	Chil	ldre	en.	N.	Iales	. F	'emales	Cł	ildren.
Viâ ocean ports From the United Stat	No. 38 es 23	,412	o. 8,731 6,455	. 1	Vo. 10,5 7,6	20		No. 80,92 15,2		No. 10,986 2,523		No. 10,816 2,245
Totals	61	792 1	5,186	1	8,1	87		96,14	12	13,509		13,061
0		Месн	ANIC	s.				CLEF	ks,	TRADE	s,	ETC.
Occupations.	Mal	es. Fem	ales.	Chil	dre	en.	Μ	ales.	F	'emales	Cł	nildren.
Viâ ocean ports From the United Stat	No. 24, es 14,	456 1	o. 4,152 3,316	1). ,715 ,531		No. 10,70 3,4		No. 4,132 1,408		No. 2,589 605
Totals	38	995 1	7,468	1	5,2	246		14,11	13	5,540	<u> </u>	3,194
		MINERS.				ema			Not	CLASS	IFIE	D.
Occupations.	Males.	Females	Chil	ldr'n	v	ser- ant		Ma	les.	Female	esC	hildr'n
Viâ ocean ports	No. 2,623	No. 841		o. 1,223		N 21,4		N 4	o. ,812	No. 8,45	52	No. 8,782
From the United States	1,557	144		167		2,9	987	4	,314	. 8,42	25	6,642
Totals	4,180	985	1	,390	2	24,4	163	9	,126	16,87	7	15,424
Destina	tion.			ritin vince		Q	ueb	ec.	On	tario.	Ma	anitoba
Viâ ocean ports From the United Sta	 tes			No. 10,148 6,582				5,614 1,754				No. 33,790 7,850
Totals 1914. Totals 1915.				16,7 11,1				,368 ,053	1	123,792 44,873		41,640 13,196
Destination.			Sa	skat ewan		Al	bei	rta.		itish imbia.	Y	ukon.
Viâ ocean ports			. `	No. 20,432 20,567		No. 19,730 24,011					No. 6 30	
Totals 1914. Totals 1915.				40,9 16,1				3,741 3,263		37,572 10,127		36

¹Included in British Columbia.

Fiscal Year.	Mari- time Prov.	Que- bec.	On- tario.	Mani- toba.	Sas- katch- ewan.	Al- berta	British Colum- bia.		Totals.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1901	2,144	10,216		11,254		,160	2,600	2,567	49,149
$1902\ldots\ldots$		8,817	9,798	17,422	22	199	3,483	3,348	67,379
1903	5,821	17,040	14,854	39,535	. 43	,898	5,378	1,838	128,364
1904	5,448	20,222	21,266	34,911	40	397	6.994	1,093	130,331
1905	4,128	23,666	35,811	35,387	39	.289	6,008	1,977	
1906	6,381	25,212	52,746	35,648	28,728	26,177	12,406	1,766	189,064
1907 (9 mos.)	6,510	18,319	32,654	20,273	15,307	17,559	13,650		
1908	10,360	44,157	75,133	39,789	30,590	31,477	30,768		262,469
1909	6,517	19,733	29,265	19,702	22,146	27,651	21,862	32	146,908
1910	10,644	28,524	46,129	21,049	29,218	42,509	30,721	-	208,794
1911	13,236	42,914	80,035	34,653	40,763	44,782	54,701	_	311,084
$1912\ldots\ldots$	15,973	50,602	100,227	43,477	46,158	45,957	51,843	_	354,237
$1913\ldots\ldots$	19,806	64,835	122,798	43,813	45,147	48,073	57,960	-	402.432
$1914\ldots\ldots$	16,730	80,368	123,792	41,640	40,999	43,741	37,608	_	384,878
1915	11,104	31,053	44,873	13,196	16,173	18,263	10,127	-	144,789
i		`		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·			<u> </u>
Totals	137,114	485,678	795, 589	451,749	821	,361	346,109	13,211	3,050,811

38.—Record of Chinese Immigration, 1886-1914.

			D			
		Ex-	Percentage of total	Registra-		
Fiscal Year.	Paying	${ m empt}$	arrivals	tion for	Total	Paid to
riscai I cai.	tax.	\mathbf{from}	admitted	leave.	Revenue.	Provinces
		tax.	exempt	leave.		
			from tax.			
	No.	No.	P.C.	No.	\$	\$
1886	211	1	0.47	829	11,693	
1887	124		_	734	7,425	1,450
1888	290	_	_	868	15,695	3,588
1889	782	112		1,322	40,808	
1890	1,069	97	8.32		56,258	13,250
1891	2,114	12			107,785	26,275
1892	3,276	6	0.18	2,168	166,502	40,663
1893	2,244	14	0.62	1,277	113,491	27,388
1894	2,087	22	1.04	666	105,021	25,438
1895	1,440	22	1.50	473	72,475	17,200
1896	1,762	24	1.34	697	88,800	21,312
1897	2,447	24	0.97	768	123,119	29,900
1898	2,175	17	0.78	802	109,754	26,4 00
1899	4,385	17	0.39	859	220,310	53,262
1900	4,231	26	0.61	1,102	215,102	55,462
1901	2,518	26	1.02	1,204	178,704	43,500
1902	3,525	62	1.73	1,922	364,972	87,687
1903	5,245	84		2,044	526,744	261,450
1904	4,719	128			474,420	231,000
1905	. 8	69		2,080	6,080	
1906	22	146			13,521	$\}$ 25,550
19071	91	200			48,094	J
1908	1,482	752		3,535	746,535	365,750
1909	1,411	695			713,131	318,750
1910	1,614	688			813,003	382,450
1911	4,515	805			2,262,056	1,122,750
1912	6,083	498	7.57	4,322	3,049,722	1,497,452
1913	7,078	367	4.93	3,742	3,549,242	1,741,776
1914	5,274	238	4.32	3,450	2,644,593	1,284,652
Totals	$\overline{72,222}$	5,152	6.66	56,776	16,845,056	7,716,480

¹Nine months.

IMMIGRATION.

39.—Number of Chinese in Canada by Provinces, according to the Censuses of 1901 and 1911.

Provinces.	1901.	1911.	In- crease	Provinces.	1901.	1911.	In- crease
Prince Edward Isl'd Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba	No. 4 106 59 1,037 732 206		$ \begin{array}{r} 28 \\ 34 \\ 541 \\ 2,034 \end{array} $		14,885 - - 7	19,568 - -	1,552 4,683 - -7

40.—Record of Oriental Immigration, 1901-1915.

'Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Japa- nese.	Hin- doos.	Total.	Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Japa- nese.	Hin- doos.	Total.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908	No. 7 2 18 92 1,884	No. 6 - 354 1,922 2,042 7,601		No. 13 2 - 399 2,327 4,258 12,108	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	No. 1,887 2,156 5,278 6,247 7,445 5,512 1,258 31,786	No. 495 271 437 765 724 856 592	No. 6 10 5 3 5 88 - 5,296	5,720 7,015 8,174 6,456 1,850

41.—Expenditure on Immigration in the fiscal years 1868-1914.

Nine months.

IV.—EDUCATION.

This section includes a brief summary of the census statistics of illiteracy and school attendance, a description by provinces of the salient features of the existing Canadian systems of education and a presentation by provinces in tabular form of the principal annual education statistics of Canada from the beginning of the present century.

CENSUS STATISTICS OF ILLITERACY AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

Illiteracy.—Defining illiteracy as inability to read and write, the census returns of 1911 show that out of the total population in Canada of five years and over, viz., 6,319,160, the number of illiterates was 663,453, or 11.02 p.c. If the age be fixed at six years and over, the total number is 6,154,511; and of these all but 521,842, or 8.48 p.c., were returned as being able to read. The percentage of illiteracy is highest amongst the foreign-born and lowest amongst the British-born population. Exact comparisons of illiteracy in Canada with other countries is not possible, because, first, definitions of illiteracy vary, and, secondly, the age-period to which the illiteracy applies is in most cases different from that of Canada. Census tables giving details of the literacy of the population of Canada in 1911 were included in the Year Book of 1913, pages 89 to 94.

School Attendance.—The total number of persons between the school ages of five and twenty at the date of the Census of 1911 was 2,306,558. Of this number 1,147,838, or 49.76 p.c., attended school for some period during 1910, and the remaining 1,158,720, or 50.24 p.c., did not attend school during that year. Table 1 shows the numbers and Table 2 the percentage attending school in 1910, classified by ageperiods and by sex for Canada and for each of the provinces. In this table, however, the school population aged five to twenty of the Yukon (1,160) and the Northwest Territories (5,739) are not included.

1.—Numbers Attending School by Sex- and Age-Periods, 1910.

	Males	5-20.	Females 5-20. Males 5 years.			Females 5 years.		
Provinces.	Total.	At School.	Total.	At School.	Total.	At School.	Total.	At School.
P. E. Island	16,913	9,009	16,210	8,570	996	94	959	115
Nova Scotia	84,455		82,647	45,144			5,761	915
New Brunswick.	62,749						4,282	
Quebec		182,884			26,839		27,234	5,131
Ontario	389,200	201,640	376,157	198,417	25,171	3,739	24,765	3,768
Manitoba	74,665	33,982	71,475	33,777	5,528	415	5,560	414
Saskatchewan	78,260	30,314	68,928	29,156	6,106	508	5,947	499
Alberta	58,843	22,394	51,795	21,270	4,362	275	4,281	299
British Columbia	48,332	20,278	41,168	19,828	3,241	182	3,046	133
Total	1,172,525	575,714	1,127,134	570,900	82,233	11,424	81,835	11,571

CENSUS STATISTICS OF ILLITERACY AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

1.—Numbers Attending School by Sex- and Age-Periods, 1910—concluded.

Provinces.	Male	s 6-9.	Females 6-9. Males 10-14.			Female	Females 10–14.		
1 Tovinces.	Total.	At School.	Total.	${f At} \\ {f School}.$	Total.	${ m At} \\ { m School}.$	Total.	At School.	
P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta BritishColumbia	101,356	16,211 11,069 76,329 74,809 12,415 11,655 8,160	21,849 16,117 101,406 95,303 19,577 20,410	16,071 10,623 76,093 72,026 11,979 11,054 7,403	$\begin{bmatrix} 26,271\\19,570\\111,422\\118,421\\21,648\\21,475\\16,618 \end{bmatrix}$	21,712 15,864 87,466 99,000 16,451 14,967 10,920	25,475 18,669 110,750 114,597 21,167 20,675 15,744	21,487 15,548 87,572 96,517 16,324 14,214 10,303	
Total	311,526	220,904	305,024	215,308	353,876	281,072	344,500	275,826	

Provinces.	Males	s 15-20 Females 15-20. Males 6-16.			Females 6–16.			
Frovinces.	Total.	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{At} \\ \mathbf{School}. \end{array}$	Total.	At School.	Total.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{At} \\ \text{School.} \end{array}$	Total.	At School.
P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	$\begin{array}{c} 30,123 \\ 22,331 \\ 119,491 \\ 147,614 \\ 27,425 \\ 29,396 \end{array}$	5,199 3,978 14,058 24,092 4,701 3,184 3,039	$\begin{array}{c} 29,562 \\ 21,202 \\ 119,094 \\ 141,492 \\ 25,171 \\ 21,896 \\ 16,748 \end{array}$	6,671 4,820 14,654 26,106 5,060 3,389 3,265	$\begin{array}{c} 59,021\\ 43,855\\ 254,790\\ 264,780\\ 50,102\\ 50,491\\ 38,637 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 41,789 \\ 29,832 \\ 173,419 \\ 190,474 \\ 32,146 \\ 28,951 \\ 21,226 \end{array}$	57,443 42,157 253,608 256,571 49,045 48,305 36,462	42,176 29,550 174,483 186,165 31,701 27,711 19,937
Total	424,890	<u>-</u>	395,775		<u> </u>	545,656		`

2.—Percentage attending School by Sex- and Age-Periods, 1910.

Provinces.	5 to Yes		5 Ye	ars.	6 t Yea			o 14 ars.		o 20 ars.		o 16 ars.
	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.
P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Bruns- wick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Col- umbia	53.27 52.13 49.70 50.92 51.81 49.51 38.73 38.06	52.87 54.62 51.91 51.17 52.75 47.26 42.30 41.07	9.44 15.64 6.51 18.75 14.85 7.51 8.32 6.30	11.99 15.88 6.94 18.84 15.22 7.45 8.39 6.98	70.27 72.82 66.46 75.31 76.34 61.88 54.76 51.26	70.41 73.55 65.91 75.04 75.58 61.19 54.16 49.28	82.65 81.06 78.50 83.60 75.99 69.69 65.71	86.47 84.35 83.28 79.07 84.22 77.12 68.75 65.44	19.67 17.26 17.81 11.76 16.32 17.14 10.83 13.85	20.14 22.57 22.73 12.30 18.45 20.10 15.48 19.49	72.58 70.80 68.02 68.06 71.94 64.16 57.34 54.94	72.61 73.42 70.10 68.80 72.56 64.64 57.37 54.68
Canada ¹	49 . 10	50.65	13.89	14.14	70.91	70.59	79.43	80.07	14.67	17.23	67.90	68.78

¹ Exclusive of Yukon and the Northwest Territorics.

EDUCATION IN CANADA.

General Features of Canadian Education System.—Under the British North America Act, 1867, the right to legislate on matters respecting education was exclusively reserved to the provincial legislatures, subject to the maintenance of the rights and privileges of the denominational and separate schools as existing at the time of union or admission of provinces.1 In general there are two fundamental systems of education throughout Canada, one that of the Protestant communities, free from the control of religious bodies, and the other that of the Roman Catholic French and Irish communities in which education is united with the religious teaching of the Roman Catholic Church. In Ontario, Roman Catholics have the right to form what are known as "Separate Schools" for elementary education, the local rates for the support of these schools being separately levied and applied. In Quebec, Saskatchewan and Alberta similar provisions apply. In the remaining provinces there are separate schools for Roman Catholics in the larger cities and towns.

In all the provinces the cost of education is defrayed from the public revenues, provincial and local, and public elementary education is free to parents or guardians, except for certain small fees which are payable in parts of the province of Quebec. With the exception of Quebec all the provinces have laws of compulsory education, but under conditions that differ as between one province and another. In general the provincial laws provide for uniformity in the training of teachers, the use of text books and the grading of pupils. Secondary schools or departments, and colleges or universities for higher education, exist under government control in all the provinces, and the three classes of teaching institutions are more or less co-ordinated to allow of natural transition from the lower to the higher. School terms and holidays are arranged to suit climatic and other local conditions; so that it is frequently possible for students to work their own way through college and the university. Arrangements for the superannuation of teachers are applied in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario.

Recent movements in the direction of nature study, manual instruction, school gardens, agriculture, domestic science and technical education are all energetically in progress, and in the more progressive provinces the higher education of women is an important feature of university life.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

General Organization.—The Public Schools Act of 1877 forms the basis of the existing system of education in Prince Edward Island. Supreme control lies with the Board of Education, which consists of the members of the Executive Council, the Chief Superintendent of Education and the principal of the Prince of Wales College and Normal School. The province is divided into school districts. In urban centres these consist of the whole city or town, and for rural communities each district contains an area of about four square miles.

¹See page 12 of this edition of the Year Book.

EDUCATION IN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Local Management.—The local management for each school district is in the hands of three trustees, one of whom retires annually. In Charlottetown and Summerside there are seven trustees. four of whom are appointed by the Board of Education and three by the city council. The schools are divided into (1) primary, (2) advanced or graded and (3) first class schools, and the teachers are trained in the Normal School Department of the Prince of Wales The annual school meeting is held in every district on the third Tuesday in June, when moneys are voted for all school purposes. and a trustee is elected in place of the retiring member of the board. The school year consists of two teaching terms, one ending on June 30 and the other on December 31. The vacations are three weeks in May and three weeks in October, as well as the first week in July or the last week in December. Charlottetown and Summerside arrange for their own times of vacation with the approval of the board. A majority vote at an annual meeting empowers trustees to take July and August as the vacation period. There are ten inspectors of schools in as many inspectorial divisions. Primary education is free and compulsory; but the regulations regarding compulsory attendance are not very rigorously enforced.

Sources of Income.—The schools are supported by government grants, supplemented by the local rates levied by assessments on property. There may be also a poll tax not exceeding \$1, if the rate-

payers at the annual meeting so decide.

Higher Education.—Students who have passed the entrance examinations attend the Prince of Wales College at Charlottetown, and graduates of this College may enter as second year students at McGill University, Montreal.

NOVA SCOTIA.

General Organization.—Education in Nova Scotia is under the general administrative control of the Executive Council, who, with the Superintendent of Education as secretary, constitute the Council of Public Instruction. The Premier and Provincial Secretary is practically the Minister for Education, and the Superintendent of Education is the permanent executive officer of the Council, occupying a position virtually equivalent to that of a deputy minister. An Advisory Board of Education consisting of seven members, five appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council and two elected every two years by the teachers at the convention of the Provincial Educational Association. advises the Council of Public Instruction and the Superintendent of Education respecting text books, the qualifications and examination of teachers, the courses of study, the classification, organization and discipline of the Normal College, county academies and the public schools and other educational matters referred to it by the Superintendent or the Council. District Boards of Commissioners, each consisting of not less than seven commissioners appointed by the Council of Education. exercise a limited jurisdiction over 33 areas, each averaging half a county. They have large powers over sections in condemning school buildings, appointing school trustees and ordering levies of money to

keep schools open in cases where the ratepayers fail in respect of these duties. The province is also divided by the Council of Education into twelve inspectorial divisions, with a school inspector for each division. The school inspector is a member of each district Board of Commissioners and is its secretary ex officio.

Elementary Schools.—The province is further divided into school sections, each of which is a self-governing educational corporation, comprising the territory of a city, town, or rural area approximating four miles in diameter, and electing three trustees for the local management of the schools. At the annual meeting of the school section, held on the last Monday in June,—except in fishing settlements, where the Council of Public Instruction on petition of the school board fixes the first Monday in March before the fishermen go to sea,—the board of three school trustees presents its report for the past year and its estimates for the next year to the ratepayers for their decision. The senior trustee retires, and his successor is elected for three years. The board has full control of all school affairs, subject to the conditions fixed by law and to the oversight of the inspector. In towns, the school board consists of three members of the town council and two members appointed by the Government. In Halifax six commissioners are appointed by the City Council and six are appointed by the Provincial Government. The school year technically begins on August 1, in the middle of the summer vacation. The teaching term opens at the end of August and closes at the end of June. There are two weeks of vacation at Christ-The operation in each section of legal provisions as to compulsory attendance is dependent upon their adoption by a vote of the ratepayers. Subject to certain exemptions compulsory attendance is general for children from 6 to 16 in the cities and towns and from 7 to 12 in the country.

Sources of Income.—The School revenue is derived from (1) the local or sectional assessment voted at the annual meeting; (2) the municipal school fund, amounting to 35 cents per capita of each rural municipality (of which there are 24), but levied on the real and personal property; and (3) the provincial aid to teachers. The municipal school fund is distributed to school boards as follows: \$25 for each teacher employed, and the balance, about an equal aggregate, according to the attendance of pupils. The law allows municipalities to raise a larger fund; three counties have now a fund based on 50 cents per capita, and receive \$50 for each teacher employed. The provincial aid is paid to the teacher in proportion to the class of license held. Class D (third class) receive \$60 per annum; Class C (second class) \$90; Class B (first class) \$120; Class A (superior first class) \$150; and Class "Academic," whose scholarship must henceforward be of university graduate grade, \$180 or \$210, according to position.

School Grades.—The public school programme is outlined in twelve grades, representing the average annual work of a pupil. The first eight are known as the common school grades, and the last four, Grades IX, X, XI, and XII, are known as high school grades—all free to pupils within the school section. One high school in each county can obtain an extra grant of money as a county academy for free admission to its classes of all students from the county who may be qualified. The four

EDUCATION IN NOVA SCOTIA.

high school grades and the B.A. or B.Sc. from a recognized university, plus Normal College training and a Dominion physical training certificate, with corresponding ages and good health and character, form respectively the approximate standards of the five classes of teachers, D, C, B, A and Academic.

Secondary Education.—This is provided for partly by the four high school grades of the public schools (IX to XII) and partly by county academies, of which there are 18 in the province, situated usually in the county towns. In return for an extra grant called the "Academic," the county academy admits free any pupil from the county who passes the county academy entrance examination, which is the common schoolleaving examination on the standard of Grade VIII. Every high school must admit pupils free from within its own school section. of 8,638 high school pupils, 2,029 were attending the county academies. Provincial examinations are held for the high school grades at about 60 stations during the last week of school term, all candidates, whether making a "pass" or not, receiving a certificate showing the proficiency of the candidate in each subject. These certificates are accepted for what they are worth for admission to the normal and other colleges and universities, not only in Nova Scotia but by many provinces and states The relation of the secondary schools to higher institutions is practically as close as is that of the common schools to the high schools, due especially to the device of four grades of high school certificates containing estimates of proficiency in each subject. The universities and colleges of the province accept these certificates so far as they cover their respective matriculation standards in each subject.

Higher Education.—The universities and colleges having degree-conferring powers are eight in number, mostly with denominational affiliations. The largest had in 1914 an enrolment of 417, and of all eight the enrolment was 1,084. They are independent of the Education Department, but have affiliated to them first the Technical College and secondly the teachers' examination system, graduation from a recognised university—a four years' course following a matriculation standard approximating the high school grade XII pass—being accepted in lieu of some departmental examinations.

Religious Instruction.—No form of religious instruction is provided for the schools, the regulation of this matter being left to the local trustees. While, however, the law sanctions no special denominational teaching, it does instruct the teacher to inculcate by precept and example a respect for religion and the principles of Christian morality, and it prevents the forcing of any kind of religious exercises upon those formally protesting against them.

Manual Training and Technical Instruction.—A free manual training system is articulated with the public school system of twelve years' work. It is subdivided into three kinds, known respectively as (1) mechanic science, (2) domestic science and (3) rural science. The first two are most effectively developed in the cities and towns, the last in the country. The Normal and Agricultural Colleges in Truro co-operate in supporting a Rural Science Training School for teachers. The College of Agriculture at Truro had 102 students in its regular course,

and 352 attending its short courses during the year. The principal of the college is also secretary of agriculture for the province. The Nova Scotia Technical College, established in 1907 at Halifax, is affiliated to the numerous universities of the Atlantic provinces, which have agreed to teach the first two years of the course, leaving only the last two years, which require the more expensive equipment, for the provincial institution. The three buildings, with their laboratories and apparatus, cost about \$275,000; they provide facilities for scientific research and professional training in civil, mining, mechanical, chemical and electrical engineering, architecture, navigation, etc. The principal of the college is also director of technical education for the province. Coal mining and engineering schools are provided at the greater industrial centres; and local evening technical schools are established in the more populous centres.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

General Organization.—The public schools of New Brunswick are free and non-sectarian. School privileges are provided free to all children resident in a district between the ages of six and twenty. The Board of Education, with the Chief Superintendent of Education as secretary, is in supreme control of the public schools. The board is composed of the Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Executive Council, the Chancellor of the University of New Brunswick, and the Chief Superintendent of Education. Three members of the Executive, with the chairman (who must be the Lieutenant-Governor, or, in his absence, the premier) and the Chief Superintendent of Education, constitute a quorum.

Courses of Instruction.—The common school course includes the first eight grades of instruction. The high school course provides for work beyond the eighth grade, and prepares students for the university.

School Districts.—A rural school district must contain an area of at least three and one-half square miles, or must have at least fifty children of school age. Each city and town is usually a school district. In rural districts, schools are under the control of a board of trustees, consisting of three ratepayers of the district, elected for a term of three years. In cities and towns, the boards of trustees consist of from nine to eleven members, the majority of whom are appointed by the city or town council, and the remainder by the Executive Council of the province. Two of the members may be women, one appointed by the city or town council and one by the Executive Council.

The school year technically begins on July 1 and ends on June 30, and is divided into two terms, one beginning about August 26 and ending on the Friday preceding Christmas week, and the other beginning early in January and ending June 30. There are eight weeks vacation in summer, beginning July 1, and two weeks in winter, between terms. There is also an Easter vacation, extending from Good Friday until the following Wednesday. A compulsory attendance law becomes operative only when adopted by the annual school meeting, which is held on the second Monday in July, or when adopted by the city or town council in urban school districts.

EDUCATION IN NEW BRUNSWICK.

Support of Schools.—Schools are supported from three sources, viz., government grants, county fund grants, and local district assessment. The county fund is provided for by municipal assessment, and is a sum equal to 60 cents per head of the population, according to the last decennial census. The trustees receive from the county fund \$30 per annum for each school or department in operation the full term. The balance of the county fund is distributed among the schools of the county pro rata, according to the attendance of a school as compared with that for the county. The government grants are made upon the basis of the qualifications and length of service of the teachers, under conditions prescribed by the school law. All other funds for schools must be provided by direct taxation upon the local school district.

Secondary Education.—This is provided for in grammar and The law provides for the establishment of one superior schools. grammar school in each county, and 14 of the 15 counties of New Brunswick operate grammar schools. Grammar schools must provide for instruction in grades IX, X and XI. A grammar school is free to all pupils resident in the county in which it is situated, and above Grade VIII of the graded school course. Only one grammar school in the province, that in St. John, provides for a four years' course. One superior school may be established in each county for every 6,000 inhabitants, or a majority fraction of 6,000. An additional superior school may be established on the recommendation of the school inspector. A superior school may be required to provide instruction in the high school grades IX, X and XI. There are about fifty superior schools in the province. A superior school is free to all pupils residing within the parish in which the school is established, and above Grade VI of the graded school course.

Consolidated Schools.—Consolidated schools have been established at Riverside, Florenceville, Hampton and Kingston. A consolidated school district must include not less than three rural school districts, and must provide for instruction in household science, manual training and school garden work, in addition to the regular school work of the grades. These schools are supported in the same way as other schools, viz., by government and county fund grants and by local assessment. In addition to these grants, a consolidated district receives a special government grant, usually \$1,000 per annum. Children are conveyed from remote parts of the district in vans provided by the district, and the government pays one-half the cost of conveyance.

Manual Training and Household Science Teachers.—Manual training and household science departments are operated by school boards in a number of the cities and towns outside of the consolidated schools. The government pays one-half the cost of equipment of manual training and household science departments, also one-half the cost of the initial supply of materials. Household science and manual training teachers who devote their whole time to the work receive a government grant of \$200 per annum. Teachers who teach these subjects not less than three hours per week, in addition to the regular work of the school, receive a government grant of \$50 per annum.

Inspection.—The province is divided into eight inspectorial districts, with one school inspector for each district. It is his duty to

visit all ungraded schools in his district once in each school term and each graded school or department once in each year. He is required to make monthly reports of the visitation of schools to the Education Department, and generally to assist the department in promoting educational efficiency in the schools of his district.

Higher Education.—The public school course of the province leads up to, and is completed in the University of New Brunswick, which is supported by government grants, fees from students and the income from endowments. It is situated at Fredericton. The senate. its governing body, is composed of 14 members, nine of whom, including the president and chancellor, are appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council; four are elected by the associated alumni of the university, and one is elected by the Educational Institute of New Brunswick. The president and chancellor are permanent members of the senate; the others hold office, some for two and others for three years. The Chief Superintendent of Education is exofficio president of the university. The chancellor of the university is the chairman of the faculty, and the administrator of the affairs of the university. He is appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. The senate of the university appoints the professors and other officers, and fixes their salaries. The university provides a four years' course for degrees in Arts and in Science. Students of both sexes are admitted to the Arts course on equal terms. The matriculation or entrance examinations may be written either at the departmental examinations held under the Board of Education in July, or at the opening of the university in September. The student making the highest standing in any county, in the July examination, receives the scholarship of \$60 for that county.

Normal School.—A normal and a model school for the training of teachers are provided for by the Board of Education; they are situated at Fredericton. Teachers entering for a class higher than the third or lowest class must attend the normal school at least one school year. The normal school year begins on September 1 and ends about June 1.

School Gardens.—This department of work is chiefly under the control and direction of the Department of Agriculture, and government grants are made to teachers and trustees of districts in which school gardens are maintained from the moneys provided for agricultural The work is supervised and directed by an official called the Director of Elementary Agricultural Education. schools for the qualifying of teachers are held annually at Woodstock Any board of school trustees that provides for and and Sussex. satisfactorily maintains instruction in elementary agriculture, with school garden, in accordance with the course prescribed by the Board of Education in this subject, is entitled to receive a special grant of \$50 per annum for the first year, and thereafter \$30 per annum. A partial course certificated teacher receives at the rate of \$30 per school year, and a full course certificated teacher receives at the rate of \$50 per school year.

EDUCATION IN QUEBEC.

QUEBEC.

General Organization.—The system of education in the Frenchspeaking province of Quebec differs fundamentally from that of the other provinces. It has its roots in the religious organization of the Roman Catholic Church and dates from the French régime (1608 to 1759). Prior to Confederation important laws were passed in 1836, when the first steps were taken towards division of the province into school municipalities; in 1841, when a Department of Education was established; and in 1846, when an Act was passed which is the basis of the existing school law of the province. At present the school organization of Quebec is under the control of a Council of Public Instruction. presided over by a Superintendent of Public Instruction. duties of this officer are not specifically defined by law he receives directions from the government through the Provincial Secretary. There is no special Minister of Education for the province. The Council of Public Instruction is composed of all the Roman Catholic Bishops, or Vicars Apostolic, whose dioceses or parts of whose dioceses are in the province of Quebec, now numbering 15, an equal number of Roman Catholic laymen appointed by the Crown and an equal number of Protestants similarly appointed.

Roman Catholic and Protestant Committees.—The Council is divided into two Committees, one composed of the Roman Catholic and the other of the Protestant members. The Roman Catholic Committee has, in addition to the full members of the Council. four associate members, two being priests, principals of normal schools, and two being laymen, officers of public instruction. The Protestant Committee has six associate members elected by the Committee, and one annually elected by the Protestant Teachers' Provincial Association. The associate members of the Protestant Committee have the same powers as the other members of the Committee, but do not form part of the Council of Public Instruction. School questions in which the interests of Roman Catholics and Protestants are collectively concerned are decided by the whole Council; but ordinarily the Committees meet separately and have independent and final jurisdiction over schools of their own faith. Each Committee makes regulations subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council (1) for the organization, administration and discipline of public schools; (2) for division of the province into inspection districts; (3) for normal schools; (4) for boards of examiners; (5) for the examination of candidates for school inspector; (6) for the school holidays. The Superintendent is assisted by a staff of 49 inspectors under two Inspectors-General, one for the Roman Catholic schools and one for the Protestant schools.

School Municipalities.—The basis of the school organization is the school municipality, which is established solely for education purposes. Except in the cities the school municipalities are created by the Lieutenant-Governor on the recommendation of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Board of School Commissioners.—The local authority in each school municipality is vested in a board of five school commissioners elected

by the ratepayers to serve for three years. The board is responsible for the erection, equipment and maintenance of schools, the administration of the school property and the fixing of the school assessment and monthly dues from the parents. Its annual report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction includes a census of the children from 5 to 16 years of age, the rate of the yearly assessment and monthly fee and the amount collected. In the cities of Montreal and Quebec the boards are not elected but are appointed, and in Montreal the rate of taxation is fixed by provincial statute.

Sources of Income.—The financial resources of the school municipalities comprise (1) the sums raised by local rates and (2) grants made by the Legislature. The former consist of the school assessment, which is levied on all rateable property of a school municipality, and the monthly fee, which is collected for every child who attends or who should attend the public schools. The grant of the Legislature is divided proportionally to the number of the children enrolled.

Religious Minorities.—Schools for religious minorities are provided under arrangements by which in any school municipality ratepayers professing a religious faith different from that of the majority may withdraw from the control of the school commissioners in order to form a separate corporation and establish schools of their own. Having so withdrawn they elect three trustees, who stand in the same relation to them as the commissioners stand to the majority. When two-thirds of the minority in a municipality dissent the rest are dissentient by law, except such persons as may be sending their children to the schools of the commissioners.

Elementary Schools.—The primary or elementary schools are classified as either Roman Catholic or Protestant, which is usually equivalent to a classification as French and English respectively, both as to race and language. The Irish Roman Catholics are usually classified amongst the Roman Catholics without distinction as to School attendance is not compulsory. The school age is generally understood to be from seven to 14 years, but children have the right to enter at five years of age and to continue until they are 18. Before attaining this latter age they have either completed their education or have entered the intermediate or the secondary schools. the city of Montreal elementary education is free to the Protestant and Jewish children in the schools of the Protestant commissioners. nearly all other elementary schools in the province fees are charged at a rate which cannot exceed 50 cents a month nor be less than five cents, but school boards may by resolution abolish the monthly fee. average monthly fee is about 25 cents. It is payable for each child from 7 to 14 whether attending school or not. School fees cannot, however, be exacted from indigent persons, nor for insane, deaf, dumb or blind children, nor for children absent on account of prolonged illness or attending certain schools elsewhere. The fee is rather a poll tax than a fee. It is collected by the treasurer of the school board, generally together with the ordinary tax on real estate. In no case is a teacher allowed to receive it from the pupils, and the law provides that no child

EDUCATION IN QUEBEC.

from 7 to 14 may be excluded from school for non-payment of monthly fees.

Secondary Education.—As a general rule secondary education is under the same board of school commissioners as control the elementary or primary schools. The secondary schools comprise model or intermediate primary schools and academies or higher primary schools. In the primary elementary schools there are four grades, in the primary intermediate or model two, and in the higher primary or scademic two. The course of study is a continuous one for the three classes of schools. The Roman Catholic secondary schools, provided by the ordinary school boards, are either maintained by taxation, fees and government grants, or they are "independent," being supported by fees, government grants and in some cases subsidies from school boards. They are subject to government inspection, are required to follow the authorized course of study and to observe the regulations of the Roman Catholic Committee. Of the intermediate schools there are 507, controlled by school boards and attended by 92,083 pupils, and 126 independent schools, attended by 11,715 pupils. The board schools are almost invariably mixed, whilst many of the independent are for either boys or girls. secondary board schools are 80 in number and have an attendance of 30,116; there are also 134 independent secondary schools, with an attendance of 23,533. Most of the latter are boys' schools under the direction of friars, or girls' schools under nuns. Many of the school boards employ religious rather than lay teachers. In these two classes of schools 4,646 religious teachers are employed with 905 lay teachers.

Roman Catholic Classical Colleges.—These are 21 in number, with an attendance of 8,189, and are staffed by 663 religious and 29 lay professors. They are all under the control of the bishops of the various dioceses, and are carried on with some slight assistance from the government. They are residential colleges which boys may enter at 12, while doing their elementary work, and in which they may continue until they fit themselves for the B.A. or B.Sc. degree, or for entrance upon the study of the learned professions. They do elementary, secondary and even university work, the degrees being conferred by the University of Laval, to which they are affiliated. Commercial classes are also included and are taken by about one-third of the total number of pupils.

Protestant Secondary Schools.—These are provided by the ordinary school boards and are supported in the same way as the elementary schools. They are divided into model or intermediate schools and academies or secondary schools. Two high schools, one in Montreal and one in Quebec, succeeded two Royal grammar schools, which were established in 1816. Since Confederation each has received a grant from the province, and the Lieutenant-Governor has the right of nominating 50 free scholars for the higher classes of these two high schools. There are thus always in attendance at these two schools 50 free scholars holding what are called "Government Scholarships." About 50 scholarships entitling the holders to free tuition in the high school, carrying them to university matriculation, are also offered by the Protestant School Board of Montreal, and a similar plan is followed in Quebec, the scholarships being, however, fewer in number. There are other

secondary schools in the province, including a grammar school at Lennoxville under the control of the Church of England, a boarding school for both sexes at Stanstead controlled by the Wesleyan Methodist Church, but receiving a government grant.

Training of Teachers.—Teachers are trained in normal schools, in the universities or not at all. Every teacher in schools under the control of the school commissioners or trustees must hold a diploma conferred by a normal school or a board of examiners. Ministers of religion and the members of a religious corporation of either sex, instituted for teaching purposes, are exempt from the regulation. Roman Catholic teachers in secondary schools are trained in normal schools with those of the lower grade. There are no special training colleges for secondary teachers in Protestant schools, but McGill University has recently founded a Chair of Education, and teacher-training facilities also exist at Bishop's College.

Higher Education.—There are three universities in the province of Quebec, viz., McGill University, Montreal; Laval University, Quebec; and the University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville. McGill University, founded originally as McGill College and named after its founder, the Hon. James McGill, who died in 1813, was incorporated by Royal Charter in 1821 and received an amended charter in 1852. English, non-sectarian and national rather than provincial in scope, it is affiliated to the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge and Dublin, and to it are affiliated seven Canadian colleges, including five colleges in the province and the Vancouver and Victoria Colleges in British Columbia. The Macdonald Agricultural College at Ste. Anne de Bellevue is incorporated with this university and is under the control of its governors. Laval University, French and Roman Catholic, was founded in 1852 and has a branch at Montreal. It is under the direction of a Superior Council composed of the Roman Catholic Archbishops and Bishops of the province. To it are affiliated surveying, polytechnic, veterinary, dental and forestry schools; also the School of Higher Commercial Studies at Montreal and the Agricultural Institute of Oka. The University of Bishop's College is under the direction of the Church of England in Canada.

Technical and Agricultural Instruction.—The institutions technical instruction include the Science Department of the McGill University, the Polytechnic School affiliated to Laval University and the Commercial and Technical High School at Montreal for day and In 1907 a School of Higher Commercial Studies evening classes. (École des Hautes Études Commerciales) was established at Montreal by Act of the Legislature. It provides courses in the principles of banking, administration and political economy, and is at present the only institution in Canada possessing a special Chair of Statistics. The majority of the students are French-Canadian Roman Catholics, and the Quebec Government has recently taken power to place the institution under the charge of Laval University. There are four institutions in the province for the teaching of agriculture, including a Dairy School at St. Hyacinthe, the Agricultural Institute of Oka, the Agricultural School at Ste. Anne de la Pocatière and the Macdonald College at Ste.

EDUCATION IN QUEBEC.

Anne de Bellevue. The latter, founded, erected, equipped and endowed by Sir William Macdonald of Montreal at a cost of nearly \$7,000,000, is organized in three Departments: (1) the school of agriculture; (2) the school for teachers and (3) the school of household science. The school of agriculture combines theoretical and practical instruction with research work. The ordinary courses extend over two years for a Diploma in Agriculture and over four years for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture (B.S.A.).

ONTARIO.

General Organization.—In Ontario, education is under the control of a Department of Education, now conducted by virtue of the Department of Education Act, passed by the Ontario Legislative Assembly in 1909 (9 Edw. VII, c. 88). The Department is presided over by a Minister of Education as its political head. A Deputy Minister of Education acts as permanent administrative chief, and a Superintendent of Education has the general supervision and direction of schools, teachers' examinations and school inspectors. Under the control of the Department are public elementary schools (including kindergartens), continuation schools, night schools, high schools, collegiate institutes, art schools, model schools, normal schools, teachers' institutes, libraries, technical and industrial schools. As now organized, the Ontario system of education may fairly be described as an organic whole, elementary, secondary and higher education being duly co-ordinated.

Elementary Education.—Elementary education in Ontario owes its main features to the late Rev. Dr. Egerton Ryerson, who, appointed Chief Superintendent of Education in 1844, held this office for 32 years. From the Common Schools Act of 1846 his term of administration included a successive series of education acts culminating in the Ontario School Law of 1871 which gave effect to the following principles: (1) free tuition; (2) compulsory education of children of school age; (3) county inspection and (4) uniform examinations for promotion to the high schools. Under the existing law, and especially the Public Schools Act of 1909 (9 Edw. VII, c. 89), elementary education is provided for in Public Schools, and in what are known as "Separate Schools" for the children of Roman Catholics. Both of these classes of schools are controlled by boards of trustees. In rural districts the townships are divided into school sections, and the trustees, three in number, hold office for three years, one going out of office annually, when his successor In urban districts each ward is represented by two trustees. or in municipalities, where there is no division into wards, six trustees are elected. The duties of the trustees as laid down by the Public Schools Act include the provision, equipment and maintenance of schools. the engagement of teachers and the preparation of financial estimates. The legal school age is from 5 to 21 years and the compulsory age of attendance is from 8 to 14. The financial support of the schools is derived from three sources, viz., (1) the appropriation from the Legislature; (2) county rates and (3) municipal assessments. Each school is opened with the reading of Scripture and the Lord's Prayer, and is

closed with prayer; but no pupil is required to take part in any religious

exercise if his parent or guardian objects.

Separate Schools.—Under the British North America Act, 1867, Roman Catholics have certain education privileges guaranteed to them, and they provide for the school training of their children in the Roman Catholic religion by means of separate schools. Under the Separate Schools Act of the province (3 Geo. V, c. 71), it is provided that any number of heads of family, not less than five, being resident Roman Catholics, may unite and establish a separate school; they then become separate school supporters and are exempted from the payment of rates for the ordinary public schools. In general the separate schools are managed in the same way as are the public schools, and the trustees are elected in the same way.

Secondary Education.—Secondary education in Ontario is provided by high schools and collegiate institutes, the latter having superior equipment and employing more teachers of higher attainments than those of the high schools. They are controlled by trustees whose duties are similar to those of the public school trustees, and they are supported financially from four different sources: (1) government grants; (2) county grants; (3) district or municipal grants and (4) fees from students. Only graduates in arts of a university within the British Dominions may hold the post of principal in these schools. In June every year an uniform examination called the "entrance examination" is held, and only those pupils who pass it, or who have been specially recommended by the teacher as fit to pass it, are admitted to a high school or collegiate institute.

Training of Teachers.—Elaborate provision is made for the training of teachers for elementary schools by means of a number of county model schools, and of seven normal schools, with model or practice schools as adjuncts, situated at Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa, London, Peterborough, Stratford and North Bay. Teachers for the highest grade of certificate in the public schools, and all those in high schools and collegiate institutes, are trained at one or other of the faculties of education at Queen's (Kingston) and Toronto Universities. Every position from the lowest in the kindergarten to the highest in a collegiate institute must be filled by a trained teacher, and no permanent teaching certificate is granted to any candidate who does not possess the threefold qualifications of scholarship, a knowledge of pedagogical principles and successful practical experience. Public school teachers, except those of the lowest grade, who are trained in county model schools and whose certificates are valid only in sparsely settled districts, must have a second-class certificate.

Higher Education.—Provision for this is made by a number of universities and colleges with varying religious affiliations in different parts of the province; but the University of Toronto is the only university supported directly by the province. In 1887 it became a federation, comprising the university itself as undenominational and various other colleges and universities, including the University College, St. Michael's College (Roman Catholic), Trinity and Wycliffe Colleges (Church of England), Victoria University (Methodist), and Knox

EDUCATION IN ONTARIO.

College (Presbyterian). The governing bodies of the University consist of (1) the board of Governors administering the property; (2) the senate controlling the academic side and (3) the caput dealing with discipline. Convocation consists of all the graduates of the university and of federated universities. The universities in other parts of the province, which are not federated with or affiliated to the Toronto University, include Queen's University at Kingston, and the McMaster University at Toronto (Baptist). There are also a number of institutions for special training, including the Royal Military College at Kingston (an institution of the Dominion Government); the Western University, London (Medicine and Arts); the College of Art, Toronto; Conservatories of Music, Toronto, Ottawa and Hamilton; the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto; the Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto; the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph; and the Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Private Schools.—There are also a number of private educational institutions, including, for boys, Upper Canada College, Toronto; Trinity College School, Port Hope; Ridley College, St. Catharines; and Ashbury College, Ottawa; and for girls, Bishop Strachan School, Toronto; Havergal College, Toronto; Moulton College, Toronto; Ontario Ladies' College, Whitby; Alma College (Roman Catholic), St. Thomas; and the Presbyterian Ladies' College, Ottawa; besides convent schools in

Toronto, Ottawa, Hamilton, Brantford and London.

MANITOBA.

General Organization.—The elementary and secondary schools of Manitoba are under the control of a Minister of Education, who is advised and assisted by a Deputy Minister and a Superintendent. An advisory board, composed of twelve members, prescribes curricula, authorizes text books, grants standing and controls examinations. Two of the members of this board are elected by the public school teachers of the province, one by the high school teachers, one by the inspectors; and the rest are appointed by the Department of Education. Two of these appointees are selected from and represent the rural

school trustees of the province.

Elementary Education.—Education is free and compulsory. The school district is the unit of administration, and the average rural district in Manitoba comprises an area of about 16 square miles. Each school district receives from the provincial treasury the sum of 65 cents per teacher per day. In addition to this the municipality, which may contain from 10 to 50 school districts, raises over its whole area a levy known as the "general school tax," which is distributed to the various districts on a basis of \$1.20 per teacher per day. The balance of the budget is raised by a special tax upon the lands comprising the district. In addition to the grant of 65 cents per day from the provincial treasury referred to above, there may be paid from this source a further grant of \$100 if the people in the locality are unable through poverty to raise a sufficient sum to operate their school, and an additional \$100 grant is given if the district has been formed in newly settled territory beyond the pale of municipal organization.

Secondary Education.—The course of studies provides for eight grades in the elementary school, and upon its completion the pupil writes an examination known as the "entrance." If he passes this he may enter one of the secondary schools. When ten or more pupils above the entrance attend a school having two or more departments, the school board may make application for intermediate standing. order to gain this they must employ a principal holding at least a firstclass professional certificate and an assistant holding at least a secondclass professional. Such a school is entitled to a special grant of \$200 per annum from the Department. There are now 58 of these schools in Manitoba, most of them employing from four to five teachers in public and high school work, and with an average attendance of more than 20 pupils per secondary school. In addition to these there are 30 larger secondary institutions, known as high or collegiate schools. employing two or more teachers devoting their whole time to secondary work, and with larger enrolment than is required for intermediate standing. These schools receive liberal grants, determined by their enrolment, equipment and the scope of their curriculum.

Night Schools.—The value of the night school is becoming generally recognized. By its aid the adult foreigner is enabled to gain a working knowledge of the English language, young people who left school at an early age are assisted in making good their deficiencies, and the ambitious and energetic are enabled to gain technical qualification for the occupations which they follow. This work was carried on in some

15 centres in the province during the past year.

Special Subjects.—The secondary schools of Manitoba offer the usual course leading to university matriculation and a general cultural course for teachers. In addition to these, certain schools provide instruction in commercial subjects and special courses in agriculture and home economics, while the technical schools in the city of Winnipeg give training in the various branches of household art and domestic science, as well as in printing, electrical working, blacksmithing, machine shop practice, cabinet-making, pattern-making and mechanical drawing.

Training of Teachers.—For the first time in many years the supply of teachers is equal to the demand. Accordingly, steps have been taken to raise the standard of the profession, and after July 30, 1916, no student will be admitted to the normal school without a second-class non-professional certificate, i.e., evidence of having successfully completed a three-year high school course. Normal training for one year or thirty-eight weeks, including a month's course in the Agricultural College, will, after that date, be required of all desirous of acquiring permanent certificates. At the present time the full normal school term is 32 weeks.

Normal Schools.—There are two provincial normal schools with permanent staffs in charge, the one situate in Winnipeg, the other in Brandon. The Winnipeg school aims chiefly to prepare teachers for the urban centres, while the Brandon institution gives special attention to the rural problem. In addition to the work done in the regular normal schools, short-term courses of 15 weeks are held in St. Boniface, Portage la Prairie, Morden, Manitou and Dauphin. An earnest effort

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has been made to prepare teachers for communities where some other language than English is generally spoken by the people. In order that the teachers in these schools may gain the confidence of the parents of their pupils, it is especially desirable that they should be conversant with the language spoken in the locality where they are employed. It is also essential that they have an efficient command of English. French teachers are prepared in the school at St. Boniface, and the Morden school is for teachers who go out to work in German communities. The Brandon Normal School provides both academic and professional instruction for Ruthenian teachers, and the Poles are trained in the Winnipeg institution.

Teachers' Special Course.—Each year the Summer School of Science and Handicrafts enables teachers desirous of strengthening their teaching equipment to take special courses in school gardening, nature study, wood and iron-working, domestic science and household art.

Foreign Travel.—The "Hands Across the Seas" Movement, organized under the auspices of the Department, enables teachers at comparatively small expense to avail themselves of the advantages of foreign travel. Already 394 teachers have taken advantage of the opportunities afforded and have visited England, Scotland, Ireland, France, Italy, Malta and Egypt.

Consolidated School Districts.—The enlarging of the administrative unit has been chiefly by way of consolidation, and there are now fifty-nine consolidated districts in Manitoba. The advantages of the system are numerous, and have been frequently recapitulated. The disadvantages are due to difficulties arising out of the problem of transportation. Seven years' experience in this province has shown the scheme to be a great improvement upon the one-roomed country school.

School Gardens.—A director of nature study and school gardening devotes his time to the supervision of this work throughout the province, and more than 400 schools were reported during the year as having school gardens worthy of the name. A special grant of \$25 per annum is paid to every teacher who does satisfactory work along this line and earns the recommendation of the local inspector.

Schools for the Deaf and Blind.—Manitoba has a School for the Deaf, situate near the city of Winnipeg. This institution has 103 students in attendance, of whom 54 are males and 49 females. These pupils take up the regular work of the public school course with the exception of algebra and geometry. The School for the Deaf lays great stress on the value of technical training, and equips its students so that their greater capacity for service may outweigh the natural disability under which they labour. Each boy is taught a trade, and the aim is to make him so proficient that he will never be without work. This aim has so far been realized. Blind children from Manitoba are at present cared for in the Ontario School at Brantford. There are now four Manitoba children there. They are clothed by their parents, and the province pays board and tuition at the rate of \$150 per child for the school term.

Industrial Training School.—The Industrial Training School at Portage la Prairie gave instruction during the year to 255 boys. Of these, 113 were admitted from July 1st, 1913, to June 30th, 1914, and 108 were released during that time. These lads are those whom their parents have been unable properly to discipline, and an opportunity is given the boys to start work anew under more favourable auspices. Two regularly qualified teachers give instruction in ordinary school subjects, and instructors are provided in blacksmithing, shoemaking, tailoring, baking, horticulture, laundering and farming. The boys are offered every inducement to live a busy, happy life, and a short time spent in the school frequently alters their whole viewpoint on life.

University Education.—The University, situated at Winnipeg, is the oldest university in the west. It was established in 1877, and affiliated to it are seven colleges, three of which were already in existence when the University was founded. These are St. Boniface, the chief Roman Catholic college in the west, dating from the beginning of the nineteenth century; St. John's, the Church of England college, reorganized in 1866; Manitoba College, organized by the Presbyterian Church in 1871; the Medical College, affiliated in 1882; Wesley College, supported by the Methodist Church, affiliated in 1888; the College of Pharmacy, affiliated in 1902 and the Manitoba Law School, affiliated in 1914. The University has an endowment of 150,000 acres of land. The property is being sold in parcels from time to time, and the proceeds are invested in trust. The income, which is largely supplemented by grants from the provincial government, enables the University to provide higher education at moderate cost. Instruction is given in arts, divinity, medicine, law, the various branches of engineering, and also in pharmacy. Extension work is carried on throughout the province, and lecturers from the University give courses in their various subjects. This work has proved very popular in the past, and steps are being taken to enlarge its scope. There are 830 students now in the University taking work in arts and engineering. The medical students have ample opportunities for practical work in the hospitals and laboratories of The course in medicine extends over five years. Winnipeg.

Agricultural Education.—The courses given in agriculture in several of the high schools have already been mentioned, but the institution which has the work of agricultural education chiefly in hand is the Manitoba Agricultural College. This institution, which was opened at Winnipeg in 1906, has been moved to the new buildings on the banks of the Red River. The work of the college falls into three divisions agriculture proper, home economics and extension work. There are two courses in agriculture—the diploma course, extending over three winters of five months each, and the degree course, extending over five years. The diploma course is designed to meet the requirements of the lad who will in due course work on a farm. To enter, he must be over sixteen years of age, have spent at least two summers on a farm doing practical work, and have a sufficiently good English education to derive benefit from the lectures. Students who have obtained a diploma at the end of the three years' course may proceed to study for the B.S.A. degree. This course is meant for those who will take up the higher

EDUCATION IN MANITOBA.

branches of agriculture, or who desire to investigate certain agricultural problems, or become teachers, lecturers, superintendents or inspectors.

In addition there are house-keeping courses for young women; lecturers are sent out from the college to address agricultural societies and farmers' institutes, to act as judges at shows and to organize farm and seed competitions. Special short winter courses for farmers are also given at the college.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Elementary Schools.—The educational system of the province of Saskatchewan, so far as elementary schools are concerned, is administered under the provisions of the School Act. A Department of Education, presided over by a Minister of Education, has the control, management and equipment of all kindergarten schools, public and separate schools, normal schools, model schools, teachers' institutes and of institutions for the education of deaf, deaf mute and blind persons. An Educational Council, consisting of five members appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor, holds sessions at least once a year, and all general regulations respecting the inspection of schools, the examination, training, licensing and grading of teachers' courses of study, teachers' institutes, and text and reference books, before being adopted or amended, are referred to the Council for consideration and report.

Regulations made by the Minister, subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, provide: (a) for the classification, organization, government, examination and inspection of schools; (b) for the construction, furnishing and care of school buildings and the arrangement of school premises; (c) for the examination, licensing and grading of teachers and for the examination of persons who may desire to enter professions, or who may wish certificates of having completed courses of study in any school; (d) for a teachers' reading course and teachers' institutes and conventions; (e) for giving instruction in manual training, domestic science and physical training.

A Superintendent of Education has the general supervision and direction of high schools and collegiate institutes, model schools, public and separate schools, training schools for teachers, the granting of teachers' certificates, technical schools, departmental examinations, teachers' institutes, teachers' reading courses, school libraries and the inspectors of any such schools.

Secondary Schools.—The secondary schools of Saskatchewan are administered under the provisions of the Secondary Education Act, which provides for the establishment of high school districts within the limits of town and city municipalities. The conditions of establishment are that—

1. At the time of the receipt of the petition for such establishment there are at least five teachers regularly employed in the schools situated within the municipality and organized under the provisions of The School Act.

2. Within a period of two years prior to the receipt of such petition no other high school district has been established within a distance of forty miles from

the municipalities as measured by the nearest road allowance.

3. It is shown to the satisfaction of the Minister that if the district is established there will be in attendance at the high school at least twenty-five pupils. above Grade VIII.

Any high school in the province may be raised to the rank of a collegiate institute on the following conditions:—

- 1. That the average attendance of pupils above Grade VIII attending the high school for the two terms next preceding the date of application was at least seventy-five, and that during such terms at least four duly qualified teachers were regularly employed.
- 2. That the board has provided or is prepared to provide within one year accommodation suitable for the pupils and staff of a collegiate institute satisfactory to the Minister.
- 3. That all regulations of the Department with respect to collegiate institutes have been complied with.

School Grants.—Elementary schools are supported partly by grants from the municipalities concerned, and partly from grants paid in accordance with the School Grants Act. Grants to high schools are paid partly by the municipalities concerned and partly by the government, and are payable on the conditions prescribed by the Secondary Education Act. As a further source of revenue to both public and high schools grants are paid from the supplementary revenue in accordance with the provisions of the Supplementary Revenue Act.

Formation of School Districts.—The School Act for Saskatchewan provides for the establishment of schools wherever necessary, and any portion of the province with an area not exceeding 20 square miles may be organized into a school district, provided there are residing therein ten children of school age, and four persons, each of whom on its organization is liable to be assessed for school purposes. These schools are under the control of local bodies of trustees chosen on a popular vote. The appointment of teachers is in the hands of the trustees, and the central authority (the Education Department of the Province) issues the certificates of qualification.

Professional Training of Teachers.—There are two normal schools for the professional training of teachers. They are located at Regina and Saskatoon. In addition, local sessions of the normal school for the training of teachers for elementary schools are held during the winter months at several points in the province and are conducted by the inspectors of schools. Normal school training is considered of supreme importance, and permanent certificates are issued only to those who have received professional training in the training schools of the province or upon satisfactory evidence of equivalent training elsewhere. A reading course for teachers is regarded as part of the professional training, and permanent certificates are not issued until the regulations governing the course are complied with.

Higher Education.—A Saskatchewan University has been established under the provisions of the University Act, 1907 (Saskatchewan R. S. 1909, c. 98). The University, with which is associated a College of Agriculture, is situated at Saskatoon upon a site of 1,333 acres, and has been furnished with buildings and equipment costing over a million dollars.

EDUCATION IN ALBERTA.

ALBERTA.

General Organization.—There is a Department of Education presided over by a Minister of Education who is assisted by a Deputy Minister as permanent administrative head.

Elementary Schools.—The administrative unit of the education system of Alberta is the school district. A district usually includes an area of approximately four miles square, and may be organized on the initiative of the ratepayers as soon as the area proposed to be formed into a district contains eight resident children of school age and four resident ratepayers. Should the indifference or opposition of the settlers prevent the organization of a school district, the Minister of Education is vested with power to establish such a district without regard to the attitude of the ratepayers, and should the indifference in any community, or any other cause, result in the failure of the board of trustees to administer satisfactorily the affairs of the district, the Minister may appoint an official trustee to perform, under the school laws and regulations, all the functions of a school board. There is also provision whereby the minority, either Protestant or Roman Catholic, in a school district may establish a separate school district. which, however, is subject to the same laws and regulations with respect to teachers' qualifications, courses of studies, inspection, grants, etc., as a public school district.

Town Schools.—In the case of a school district in which is situated a city or a town the municipal council is responsible for the assessment and also for the levying thereon and the collection of the amount of taxes requisitioned by the board of trustees of the school district. Similarly, the council of a rural municipality is entrusted with the collection of taxes for each of the school districts within the limits of the municipality, while in the case of a village school district these duties and responsibilities rest with the school board and its officials.

Financial Arrangements.—Schoolhouses are usually built from the proceeds of school debentures. Such debentures must first be authorized by the Department, and when issued must be registered and countersigned at the Department before they are marketable. In order to secure the best possible price for school debentures, statutory provision is now made whereby the Department of Education may negotiate the sale of debentures in behalf of school districts, and by offering a comparatively large block composed of the debentures issued by several districts, a market may be tapped which would not be open to individual school boards.

Sources of Revenue.—The revenue of a school district, which is required to meet debenture payments, teachers' and officials' salaries, supplies, fuel, insurance, and other current expenditures, is derived from two sources—government grants and local taxation. The grants are paid on the basis of the number of days during which the school is in operation, and the scale of grants is so arranged that the newly organized district receives a larger grant than the older district, and as a community grows into a populous centre it is gradually thrown more and more upon its own resources so far as school grants are concerned. On the other hand, provision is made for grants for supervisors,

and for instructors in special subjects, such as manual training, household science, music, art, agriculture, etc., which compensates the progressive town or city school board in a large measure for the lowering of the grant payable in the larger centre.

Secondary Education.—In the development of the system of education in the province there has been a constant purpose so to arrange the school grants as to provide for an almost imperceptible transition from the elementary to the secondary grades, as well as from the secondary grades to the university. To further this purpose and to guard against any divided interests with respect to elementary and secondary education, the plan that has been adhered to from the beginning is that of having all schools in a school district, whether elementary or secondary. administered under the same local school board. Thus there are technically no high schools in the province, though the schools giving instruction in Grades I-VIII inclusive are commonly spoken of as public schools, and those giving instruction in Grades IX-XII inclusive as high schools. Upon completing the work of Grade XI, that is, the third year of the secondary or high school course, a candidate may enter on the first year of his university course, or, upon completing the work of Grade XII, he may enter upon the second year of the university course.

Training of Teachers.—Every person employed as a teacher by a school board must hold a certificate of qualification from the Department of Education. The qualifications consist of two parts—academic and The academic qualification required for first class teachers is the Grade XII Alberta Diploma, or other standing admitted by the Department to be at least equivalent thereto. The academic qualification for second class teachers is the Grade XI Alberta Diploma, or its equivalent. Alberta students with the requisite academic standing, as described above, are admitted to one of the provincial normal schools to train for first or second class certificates according to the academic standing of the candidate. Teachers from the other provinces of Canada, from the United Kingdom or elsewhere, may be granted such standing as the Department finds them entitled to receive. Should the applicant be found to possess the requisite standing, both academic and professional, no further examination is demanded, but should he possess the academic without the professional training required, he is admitted to one of the normal schools to train for the grade of certificate which his academic standing will warrant. Every teacher obtaining professional standing in the province is granted an interim certificate, and is required to prove his ability in the schoolroom for at least one year before receiving a permanent certificate.

Higher Education.—An University for the province has been established at Edmonton under the provisions of the University Act (1 Geo. V., 1910, c. 7). Various colleges and professional societies in the province are affiliated to the University.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

General Organization.—The members of the Executive Council constitute a Council of Public Instruction, and the Provincial Secretary acts also as Minister of Education. A Superintendent of Education has, subject to the Council of Public Instruction, the supervision and direction of the inspectors and schools.

EDUCATION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Elementary Education.—The public or common schools of the province are organized in accordance with the provisions of the Public Schools Act, which prescribes in considerable detail the powers of the Council of Public Instruction, the duties of the Superintendent of Education, of the school inspectors and of the teachers. It is provided that all public education shall be free, and that it shall be secular in the sense that there shall be no religious education, although the highest morality must be inculcated. Education is compulsory upon all children between the ages of 7 and 14, provided that there is a school within a reasonable distance of the child's home. For education purposes the province is divided into municipal and rural school districts, and the schools are of three classes, viz., municipality schools, rural schools and assisted schools. The municipality schools are subdivided into four classes, according to the average actual daily attendance of pupils, the government grant varying according to the class. Assisted schools are those established in outlying districts by sums granted specially by the provincial government. The local management of the schools is in the hands of trustees elected by the ratepayers, the number varying according to the classification adopted by the Act and as prescribed therein. The schools are supported partly from the provincial treasury and partly by the sums raised by the district assessments. In the common schools there are three grades: the junior, the intermediate and the higher.

Secondary Education.—The term "common school" is used to distinguish the elementary from the superior or high school. Wherever there are ten pupils qualified and available for entrance to high school studies a superior school may be formed in connection with the existing common school. The subjects of the junior high school course may be taught in the superior school. Wherever 20 or more pupils are qualified and available for high-school studies a high school is established. high school course is divided as follows: the preliminary course, junior grade; the advanced course, junior grade; the intermediate grade; the senior grade and the senior academic grade. There is also a commercial course covering two years of school life. Except in the case of the common schools the passage from one grade to another is determined by an examination conducted by the Education Department. In June each year an entrance examination for admission to the high schools is conducted, and no pupil may enter a high school who does not possess the entrance certificate. There are normal schools for the training of teachers at Vancouver and at Victoria.

Higher Education.—At the present time and for the past ten years the interests of higher education in the province are and have been served by the McGill University College of British Columbia, an institution with two branches, one at Vancouver and the other at Victoria, and both affiliated to the McGill University at Montreal. In the Vancouver branch, the first, second and third years in Arts are carried on, as well as the first and second years in Applied Science, while in Victoria the first and second years in Arts only are provided for. The examinations are the same as those of the parent institution in Montreal. It is expected that the McGill University College of British Columbia

will cease to exist when the University of British Columbia opens its doors, as it is expected to do, in the autumn of 1915. The new University is endowed with a grant of 2,000,000 acres of the Crown Lands of the province, and the Government has also undertaken to erect the necessary buildings in connection with the Arts, Science, Applied Science and Forestry Departments.

YUKON TERRITORY.

A Superintendent of Schools for the Yukon Territory was appointed in 1902, when a general system of education was inaugurated. The course of study is similar to that adopted in Saskatchewan and Alberta. No teachers are employed unless they hold at least a second class certificate, with normal school training. A high school branch of the Dawson Public School was instituted in 1903. There are two teachers in charge of this branch, one a specialist in classics, modern languages and history, the other a specialist in mathematics and science. the high grades of the Dawson High School the course of study prescribed by the University of Toronto for pass and honour matriculation is followed, and candidates are prepared for university matriculation. There are eight rooms in the Dawson High School, three of which are devoted to high school purposes and one to the kindergarten. certain districts, where the number of children does not warrant the establishment of a regular school under the provisions of the school ordinance, regulations have been made by the Commissioner for the establishment of "assisted schools," but the average attendance must be at least five pupils between the ages of six and sixteen, and the course of studies must be prescribed by the Council of Public Instruction. Teachers of "assisted schools" are also appointed, subject to the approval of the Commissioner and Superintendent of Schools.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

There being at present no effective co-ordination of education statistics it is difficult to construct comparative tables for Canada. In the first place, the year to which the statistics relate differs according to province. Thus the school year ended June 30 is adopted for statistical purposes by New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia; the education year for Nova Scotia ends on July 31; and the calendar year ended December 31 is selected by Prince Edward Island, Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta. In the tables numbered 3 to 7 an attempt is, however, made to bring together by provinces (1) the number of elementary schools, teachers and pupils, with the average attendance of the pupils; (2) the number of teachers and pupils in normal and model schools for the training of teachers; (3) statistics of secondary schools so far as they are separately given and (4) the amount of public expenditure for education under the school law of each province.

In Table 3 the number of schools, teachers and pupils in the three Maritime provinces (Prince Edw ard Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick) includes both elementaryand secondary schools or grades; in Nova Scotia the term "school" has a technical signification, being applied to a class with one teacher, irrespective of the number of classes in a school building. In Quebec and Ontario the statistics in Table 3 apply

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

only to elementary schools; but again in the Northwest provinces and in British Columbia no line is drawn between the elementary and secondary grades. In Manitoba the sex of the pupils is not separately distinguished. Statistics of secondary education are only separately available for Quebec and Ontario. They are given in Tables 5 and 6. The model schools of Quebec are generally similar to the collegiate institutes and high schools in Ontario, except that the higher grades of the Quebec model schools do not prepare students for university matriculation, who enter from the academies.

Probably the most remarkable feature of these statistics is the extraordinary growth during the present century of the expenditure upon public education. In 1901, the first year of the century, the total expenditure for the purposes of public education in Canada was \$11,589,410; in 1913, the latest year for which complete figures for all the provinces are available, it was \$49,246,370, an increase of \$37,656,960, or 325 p.c.

3.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (Year ended December 31).

Year.	Schools	<u>"</u>	Teachers		Pu	pils enro	lled.	Average attendance of pupils.	
rear.		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	Per cent.
1901	474	299	290	589	11,319	9,460	20,779	12,330	59.34
1902	474	293	295	588	11,271	9,532	20,803	12,884	61.93
1903	480	274	298		10,845	9,111	19,956	12,112	60.69
1904	480	268			10,259	8,772	19,031	11,722	61.59
1905	475	246			10,427	8,845	19,272	11,627	
1906	478	246	327	573	10,196	8,790	18,986	11,903	62.69
1907	479	227		572	10,213	8,823	19,036		
1908	476	205			9,449	8,563	18,012		
1909	479	200			9,578	8,495	18,073	11,543	63.86
1910	478	188	403		9,573	8,359	17,932	11,632	
1911	478	178	413	591	9,152	8,245	17,397	10,511	60.40
1912	474	162	428	590	8,995	8,083	17,078	10,916	
1913	475	161	422		9,186	8,369	17,555	11,003	62.67
1914	474	162	426	588	9,514	8,555	18,069	11,170	61.81

Nova Scotia (Year ended July 31).

1901	2,387	54 0	1,952	2,492	49,768	48,642	98,410	53,643	54.5
1902	2,394	485	2,007	2,492	50,247	48,812	99,059	55,438	55.9
1903	2,395	441	2,053	2,494	49,789	48,979	98,768	55,213	55.9
1904	2,331	388	2,053	2,441	48,536	48,350	96,886	54,000	55.8
1905	2,429	386	2,180	2,566	50,465	49,787	100,252	56,342	56.3
1906	2,446	366	2,212	2,578	50,198	50,134	100,332	59,165	58.9
1907	2,465	354	2,272	2,626	49,849	50,158	100,007	57,174	57.1
1908	2,516	355	2,309	2,664	49,906	50, 199	100,105	58,344	58.2
1909	2,577	352	2,342	2,694	50,758	50,922	101,680	61,788	60.7
1910	2,579	339	2,384	2,723	50,918	51,117	102,035	65,630	64.3
1911	2,639	331	2,468	2,799	50,985	51,925	102,910	61,250	59.5
1912	2,662	293	2,511	2,804	51,498	52,486	103,984	63,640	61.2
1913	2,692	278	2,583	2,861	52,105	$53,164_{ }$	105,269	65,686	62.4
1914	2,724	272	2,620	2.802	52,656	53,695	106,351	66,599	62.6

3.-Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914—con.

NEW BRUNSWICK (Year ended June 30).

(For second term ended June 30).

			(101)	second ter	in ended Ju	ne 50).			
Year.	Schools	7	Teachers		Puj	pils enrol	led.	Avera attend of pur	ance
		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	Per cent.
1901	1,741	353	1,488	1,841	30,870	29,550	60,420	37,717	58 34
1902	1,736	348	1,477	1,825	30,767	29,710	60,477	38,736	
1903	1,726	341	1,474	1,815	30,172	29,141	59,313	37,552	58 79
1904	1,722	313	1,503	1,816	29,892	28,867	58,759	36,920	
1905	1,750	304	1,562	1,866	30,854	29,546	60,400	35,675	
1906	1,762	302	1,577	1,879	30,913	29,768	60,681	37,540	
1907	1,766	253	1,621	1,874	30,289	29,262	59,551	35,367	
1908	1,767	$\frac{250}{259}$	1,602	1,861	30,600	29,795	60,395	36,972	
1909	1,854	$\frac{253}{251}$	1,691	1,942	31,489	30,448	61,937	38,731	
1910	1,860	$\frac{231}{233}$	1,741	1,974	31,933	31,061	62,994	39,822	62 21
1911	1,885	$\frac{233}{221}$	1,754	1,975	31,871	$31,001 \\ 31,202$	63,073	39,322 $39,215$	69 17
1912	1,906		1,704	9.019	20,071				
1914	1,900	201	1,811	2,012	32,062	31,502	63,564	40,612	
1913	1,897	193	1,809	2,002	31,924	31,656	63,580	41,276	
<u> 1914</u>	1,922	$_{}^{201}$	1,831	2,032	32,244	32.066	64,310	40,882	03.07
			QUEBE	c (Year	ended Ju	me 30).			
1901	5,245	185	5,911	6,096	99,440	101,684	201,124	138,787	60 01
1902	5,248	127	5,935	6,062	100,332	102,634	202,966	140,005	
1002	5,379			6,301	100,532 $101,532$	102,034 $103,525$	205,057	143,044	
1903		196							
1904	5,461	114		6,362	100,456	105,681	206,137	145,063	
1905	5,517	128	6,334	6,462	101,777	107,936	209,713	151,156	
1906	5,573	150			102,358	108,044	210,402	154,022	
1907	5,592	160			101,981	107,899	209,880	152,764	
1908	5,594			6,668	102,556	107,987	210,543	153,162	
1909	5,648			6,770	106,011	110,781	216,792	160,096	
1910	5,720	172	6,729	6,901	106,862	112,052	218,914	162,928	
1911	5,905	203		7,134	111,458	114,980	226,438	167,168	73.82
1912	5,789	207		7,208	111,887	117,347	229,234	171,816	
1913	5,827	213	7,182	7,395	129,052	105,208	234,260	176,438	75.32
		C) NTARIO	(Year e	nded Dec	ember 31	l),		<u> </u>
			·		-				
1901	6,035	2,437	6,784	9,221	236,482	222,124	458,606	262,010	57.00
1902	6,062	2,294	7,073	9,367	232,880	221,208	454,088	261.480	57.58
1903	6,146	2,160	7,296	9,456	230,630	219,648	450,278	260,268	57.80
1904	6,177	2,075	7,479	9,554	227,596	217,025	444,621	257,085	57.82
1905	6,221	1,950	7,699	9,649	229,026	217,468	446,494	264,107	
1906	6,240	1,863	7,899	9,762	230,236	218,756	448,992	267,252	
1907	6,268	1,783	8,110	9,893	229,794	218,424	448,218	266,503	
1908	6,334	1,842	8,243	10,085	233,301	219,920	453,221	272,190	
1909	6,380	1,747	8,527	10,274	234,876	221,426	456,302	274,561	
1910	6,408	1,696	8,822	10,518	235,131	224,014	459,145	279,358	
1911	6,416	1,499	9,043	10,542	236,147	223,801	459,948	281,984	
1912	6,452	1,511	9,246	10,757	239,187	227,835	467,022	291,210	
1913	6,484	1,600	9,575	11,175	245,436	234,807	480,243	305,640	
1914	6.548	1,628	9,918	11.546	252,202	241,636	493,838	319,337	64.66

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

3.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914—con.

Manitoba (Year ended June 30).

Note.—The Manitoba school year from 1901 to 1911 ended December 31st. Owing to a change in the date of the school year no report was issued for 1912.

Year.	$_{ m Schools}$		Teachers	5 .	Pup	oils Enro	lled.	Average Attendance of pupils.	
		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	Per cent.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1913 1913	1,584 1,669 1,761 1,847 1,943 2,014 2,105 2,227 2,341 2,430	629 628 682 597 596	1,220 1,466 1,536 1,675 1,769 1,885 1,928 2,025 2,153 2,217 2,464	1,849 2,094 2,218 2,272 2,365 2,480 2,526 2,662 2,774 2,868 2,964	1	11111111	51,888 54,056 57,409 58,574 63,287 64,123 67,144 71,031 73,044 76,247 80,848 83,679 93,954	28,306 36,479 31,326 33,794 34,947 37,279 40,691 41,405 43,885 45,303	52.4 63.5 53.4 53.4 54.5 55.5 57.3 56.7 57.6 56.0 57.3

SASKATCHEWAN (Year ended December 31).

						الممالة		
1906	873	563	733	1,296	16,376	14,899	31,275	15,770 50.31
1907	1,101	- 1	-	1,470	19,454	18,168	37,622	19,841 52.48
1908	1,410	-	-	2,157	24,773	22,313	47,086	26,081 55.00
1909	1,692	959	1,335	2,294	28,426	25,543	53,969	28,202 52.25
1910	1,912	1,074	1,598	2,672	33,356	30,608	63,964	33,731 52.80
1911	2,110	1,316	2,175	3,491	36,926	33,641	70,567	37,701 53.00
1912	2,444	1,245	2,122	3,367	41,495	38,387	79,882	48,282 60 31
1913	2,747	1,435	2,824	4,259	51,651	47,458	99,109	54,684 55.10
1914	2,966	1,732	3,408	5,140	62,661	56,266	118,927	´ -
	.	.						

ALBERTA (Year ended December 31).

-		1						
1906	570	280	644	924	14,701	14,083	28,784	14,782 51.00
1907	694	318	892	1,210	17,707	16,631	34,338	17,310 54.00
1908	851	435	1,033	1,468	19,516	20,137	39,653	18,923 48.00
1909	970	570	1,245	1,815	23,701	22,347	46,048	22,22548.24
1910	1,195	716	1,501	2,217	28,406	26,901	55,307	29,611 53.54
1911	1,392	867^{1}	1,784	2,651	31,753	29,907	61,660	32,55652.08
1912	1,600	956	2,098	3,054	36,717	34,327	71,044	39,226 55.21
1913	1,705	980	2,314	3,294	41,449	38,460	79,909	45,888 57.41
1914	2,027	1,375	2,603	3,978	46,769	43,141	89,910	54,58260.71
}		. !			·		1	, ,

3.—Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914—concluded.

British Columbia (Year ended June 30).

Year.	Schools		reachers.	3. 	Pup	ils enrol	led.	Average Attendance of pupils.		
		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	No.	Per cent.	
1901		185 194 189 182 177 176 163 181 213 249 256 307	355 391 413 452 477 530 576 628 727 843 1,004	549 580 595 629 653 693 757 841 958 1,092	11,854 11,941 12,243 12,949 13,671 14,051 14,815 16,498 17,770 19,432 22,222 24,761 28,312	11,177 11,176 11,400 11,857 12,593 13,235 13,869 15,255 16,519 18,197 20,735 23,056 26,392	23,031 23,117 23,643 24,806 26,264 27,286 28,684 31,753 34,289 37,629 42,957 47,817 54,704	16,386 18,037 18,886 19,483 22,349 24,221 26,874 30,984 35,739	65.94 67.67 66.06 68.67 69.21 69.18 70.38 70.64 71.42 72.13 74.74	

SUMMARY FOR CANADA (1901 to 1913).

1901	17,611	4,617	17,819	22,436	439,733	422,637	914,258	546,999 59.83
1902	17,782	4,370	18,362	22,732	437, 43 8			552,093 60.37
1903	18,048	4,229	19,083	23,312	435,211	421,804	914,424	560,668 61.31
1904	18,179	4,022	19,526	23,548	429,688	420,5 5 2	908,814	552,502 60.79
1905	18,501	3,788	20,226	24,014	436,220	426,175	925,682	570,738 61 . 66
1906	20,150	4,542	22,061	26,603	469,029	457,709	990,861	614,267 61.99
1907	20,684	3,853	22,134	27,457	474,102	463,234	1,004 480	617,264 61.45
1908	21,361	4,058	22,551	28,676	486,599	474,169	1,031,799	640,359 62.06
1909	22,134	5,098	24,789	29,887	502.609	486,481	1,062,134	662,772 62.40
1910	22,855	5,270	26,058	31,328	515,611	502,309	1,094,167	693,471 63.38
1911	23,676	5,515	27,628	33,143	530,514	514,436	1,125,798	706,672 62.77
1912	21,877	4,831	26,221	31,052	546,602	533,023	1,079,625	701,441 64 . 97
1913	24,871	5,667	30,352	36,019	589,115	545,514	1,218,308	789,741 64 . 82
		1		1				

Note.—From 1901 to 1905, inclusive, the Summary for Canada comprises the seven provinces of Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, and British Columbia. The two provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta were formed in 1905, and from 1906 to 1912 all the nine provinces are included, with the exception of Manitoba for 1912, when no Education Report was issued by that province. In 1907 and 1908 the sex of the teachers in Saskatchewan was not given, and in Manitoba the sex of the pupils was not given for any of the years. In the Summary, therefore, these defects are indicated by printing the totals in italics.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

4.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1914.

Nova Scotia.

Number of Pupils in the Provincial Normal College.

Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.	Year.	No. of Pupils.
1901 1902 1903 1904	240 182 145 191	1905 1906 1907 1908	148 154 142 161	1909 1910 1911	215 260 268	1912 1913 1914	293 302 318

New Brunswick. Number of Teachers and Pupils in the Normal School and Model Department.

Year.	Teachers	Pupils in	n Normal	School.	Pupils in Model Department.			
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
1901	11	41	155	196	81	111	192	
1902 1903	$\begin{array}{c c} 14 \\ 16 \end{array}$	$\frac{68}{35}$	201 189	$\frac{269}{224}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 72 \\ 73 \end{array}$	118 104	$\frac{190}{177}$	
1904	19	35	253	288	74	102	176	
1905	_ 16	$\begin{array}{c} 54 \\ 44 \end{array}$	231 263	$\frac{285}{307}$	86 85	104 95	190 180	
1907	18	45	315	360	74	91	165	
1908	18	35	299	334	90	92	182	
1909	18 15	53 63	290 295	343 358	$\begin{array}{c} 93 \\ 91 \end{array}$	94 100	187 191	
1910 1911	16	46	$\frac{293}{324}$	370	88	99	187	
1912	16	46	330	376	91	100	191	
1913	18 16	53 45	$\frac{305}{312}$	358 357	92 88	98 99	$\frac{190}{187}$	

QUEBEC.

Number of Teachers and Pupils in Normal Schools, and Schools annexed to Normal Schools.

NORMAL SCHOOLS, 1901-1913.

	!	7	Геаcher	s.	Pu	oils enro	olled.	Aver-	Per
	Schools.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	atten- dance.	cent.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	5 5 5 6 7 10 11	31 31 30 32 35 34 39 58 53 50 43	27 30 30 31 30 27 38 27 59 75 79 77 86	58 61 61 62 62 72 66 117 128 129 120 136	97 130 138 151 142 143 159 165 182 177 174 160 175	256 290 322 241 274 280 308 361 533 610 666 676 913	353 420 460 392 416 423 467 526 715 787 840 836 1.088	345 415 455 388 410 420 462 524 710 780 835	97.73 98.81 98.91 98.98 98.56 99.29 98.93 99.62 99.30 99.11

4.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1914—con.

Quebec—concluded.

Number of Teachers and Pupils in Normal Schools, and Schools annexed to Normal Schools—concluded.

SCHOOLS ANNEXED TO NORMAL SCHOOLS, 1901-1912.

Year.	Schools	Teachers.			Pupils enrolled.			Average	
		Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	attend- ance.	Per cent.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911	6 6 6 6 6 7 7 9 11 11	7 6 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 7 8 8	24 24 25 24 24 27 28 23 31 38 40 44	31 30 32 31 32 34 35 30 38 45 48 52	404 343 404 460 464 422 425 236 257 279 290 215	604 594 584 615 541 542 578 463 739 967 979 1,203	1,008 937 988 1,075 1,005 964 1,003 699 996 1,246 1,269 1,418	769 694 747 837 764 874 820 553 741 954 1,044	76.29 74.06 75.61 77.86 76.02 90.66 81.75 79.11 74.40 76.56 82.27

ONTARIO.

Number of Teachers, Students and Pupils in Provincial Normal and Normal Model Schools.

	Provincia	ıl Normal.	Normal Model.		
Year.	Teachers.	Students.	Teachers.1	Pupils.1	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	
1901	14	613	28	921	
902	16 25	619 586	31 36	958 1.06	
903 904		304	36	98	
905		304	36	1,02	
906	27	345	36	99	
907		428	38	97	
908		1,149	37	92	
909	68	1,163	37	903	
910		1,198	38	95	
911	69	1,034	38	910	
912	69	969	38	914	
913	70	1,186	38	959	
1914	71	1,135	38	978	

Includes Kindergarten.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

4.—Normal and Model Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba, 1901-1914—concluded.

MANITOBA. Number of Teachers and Students in Normal Schools.

	Teachers. St		Stude	nts at		Teachers.		Students at	
Year.	Pro- vin- cial Normal.	Local Normal.	Long Sessions	Short Sessions.		Pro- vin- cial Normal.	Local Normal.	Long Sessions.	Short Sessions.
1901	7	13	90	161	1908	5	10	131	279
1902	7	14	86	234	1909	5	10	136	312
1903	. 7	14	82	237	1910	5	10	122	381
1904	7	14	129	261	1911	6	11	126	502
1905	8	18	171	320	1912	School	year	changed	
1906	6	14	148	328	1913	6	11	139	390
1907	5	11	128	272	1914	10	10	180	401

NOTE.—The above figures are also included with the public schools in Table 3.

5.—Number of Teachers and Pupils in Model Schools, Academies and Roman Catholic Classical Colleges in Quebec, 1901-1913.

			M	ODEL SC	HOOLS.				
Year.	Schools	Teachers.			Pup	ils enro	Average attend-	Per	
	!	Male.	Female	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	ance.	cent.
1901	557	655	1,800	2,455	39,260	41,979	81,239	65,872	81.09
1902	568	612	1,923	2,535	39,816	42,286	82,102	66,109	80.52
1903		618	1,805		40,587	41,205	81,792		81.10
1904	572	673			43,055	41,712	84,767	68,349	80.63
1905		690			44,120	41,654	85,774		
1906		709		2,616		42,611	88,838		
1907		753			47,307	45,609	92,916		
1908				2,914	48,831	48,201	97,032		
1909	660	750			50,064	48,574	98,638		
1910	661	801			51,165		100,492		82.11
1911	671	851			53,175		106,386		81.55
1912	683				55,108		107,775		81.93
1913	698				56,109	53,544	109,653		81.88
				ACADEM	IES.				
1901	168	428	1,213	1,641	15,101	17,417	32,518	27,596	84.87
1902	166				16,156			30,810	85.12
1903	178				16,868	22,466	39,334		85.81
1904					16,503	22,259	38,762		84.90
1905					17,085	23,196	40,281		85.96
1906					18,382		42,568		85.41
1907					20,905		44,818		
1908					20,084		45,369		85.15
1000	217				02.071	00,511	F1 F00		00.10

23,071

24,404

24,483

26,268

28,078

2,395

2,491

2,572

2,775

2.949

28,511

30,737

31,816

36,759

39,793

51,582

55,141

56,299

63,027

67,871

47,953

47,752

54,403

44,595 86.45

58,232 55.79

86.31

84.82

86.31

1909.....

1910.....

1911.....

1912.....

1913.....

217

236

223

248

273

686

735

734

758.

827

1,709

1,756

1.838

2.017

2,122

EDUCATION.

5.—Number of Teachers and Pupils in Model Schools, Academies and Roman Catholic Classical Colleges in Quebec, 1901-1913—concluded.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CLASSICAL COLLEGES.

Year.	Number of			Average		Number of			Average
	Col- leges.		Pupils enrolled.	Attend- ance.	Tear.	Col- leges.	Profes- sors.	Pupils enrolled.	attend- ance.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	19 19 19 19 19	549 562 559 590 621 621	5,915 6,096 6,174 6,265 6,269 6,318	5,468 5,698 5,694 5,758 5,772 5,895	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	19 18 19 19 21 21	624 609 642 642 662 687	6,274 6,397 6,599 7,140 7,818 8,189	5,709 5,872 6,053 6,521 7,280 7,677

6.—Number of Teachers and Pupils in Collegiate Institutes and High Schools in Ontario, 1901-1914.

Year.	Schools.	Teach	Pup	oils enrol	Average attend-	Per	
rear.	No.	No.	Boys. No.	Girls. No.	Total. No.	ance.	cent.
1901	131	579	10,869	11,654	22,523	13,224	58.71
1902 1903	135	593 619 661	$11,629 \\ 11,988 \\ 12,718$	12,843 $13,734$ $14,991$	24,472 $25,722$ $27,709$	14,430 15,317 16,730	58.97 59.55 60.38
1904	140	689 719	13,035 13,336	15,626 16,056	28,661 29,392	17,567 18,078	61.29 61.50
1907	143	750 795	13,799 $14,731$	16,532 17,181	30,331 $31,912$	18,485 19,862	60.94 62.23
1909 1910	145	820 853	15,776 15,196	17,325 17,416	$33,101 \\ 32,612$	20,791 20,389	$62.81 \\ 62.52$
1911 1912	148 148	898 917	14,679 14,846	17,548 $17,427$	$32,227 \\ 32,273$	20,177 $20,268$	$62.60 \\ 62.80$
1913 1914	161 160	970 1,023	15,489 17,001	18,257 $19,465$	$33,746 \\ 36,466$	21,448 23,360	$63.55 \\ 64.06$

7.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Year.	Govern- ment Grant.	Local Assess- ment.	Total.	Year.	Govern- ment Grant.	Local Assess- ment.	Total.
1901	\$ 128,288 127,495 123,919 121,696 122,897 91,746 123.898	\$ 36,647 38,827 42,698 47,069 45,695 34,963 46,429	\$ 164,935 166,322 166,617 168,765 168,592 126,709 170,327	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 ² 1913	\$ 127,092 129,179 127,648 126,438 179,956 150,732 156,503	\$ 49,874 54,027 53,924 54,738 81,685 56,874 61,490	\$ 176,966 183,206 181,572 181,176 261,641 207,606 217,993

¹Nine months. ²Eighteen months.

7.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914.—con.

Nova Scotia.

			I	1
Year.	Govern- ment Grant.	Munici- pal Funds.	Local Assess- ment.	Total.
			\$	\$
1901	254,778	119,876	470,108	844,762
1902	257,615	117,376	538,850	913,841
1903	263,092	121,016	552,350	936,458
1904	268,904	146,382	569,745	985,031
1905	271,657	146,430	576,560	994,647
1906	270,926	147,089	655,705	1,073,720
1907	277,415	146,959	616,431	1,040,805
1908	305,612	147,130	666,590	1,119,332
1909	307,990	147,400	711,428	1,166,818
1910	317,499	146,936	761,014	1,225,449
1911	324,728	146,822	804,125	1,275,675
1912	328,107	147,170	859,284	1,334,561
1913	337,888	156,864	944,992	1,439,744
1914		164,980	1,002,967	1,510,079
New E	RUNSWICK.	•		
1901	163,225	90,492	346,623	. 600,340
1902	162,227	92,095	341,475	595,797
1903	160,825	94,969	374,196	629,991
1904	156,982	94 835	380,000	631 817

1901	163,225	90,492	346,623	. 600,340				
1902	162,227	92,095	341,475	595,797				
1903	160,825	94,969	374,196	629,991				
1904	156,982	94,835	380,000	631,817				
1905	159,741	91,947	387,200	638,888				
1906	160,957	91,718	No r	ecord '				
1907	160,553	91,429	No r	ecord				
1908	182,453	91,620	494,947	769,020				
1909	190,854	91,235	539,002	821,091				
1910	195,363	90,454	580,069	865,886				
1911	196,082	90,193	593,073	879,348				
1912	196,958	93,783	632,384	923,125				
1913	196,320	97,404	648,479	942,203				
1914	195,261	96,946	704,476	986,683				

QUEBEC.

Q-DDD-										
Year.	Governmen	t Grants to	Local Expe	nditure for	Total.					
rear.	Elementary Schools.	Other Schools.	Elementary Schools.	Superior Schools.	rotar.					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$					
1901	235,000	218,950	1,688,743	1,311,061	3,453,754					
1002	235,000	254,500	1,770,906	1,280,203	3,524,559					
1903	235,000	248,964	1,935,113	1,298,961	3,718,038					
1904		234,280	2,005,542	1,341,573	3,816,395					
1905		245,760	2,199,371	1,404,387	4,084,518					
1906	285,000	251,150	2,374,657	1,427,745	4,338,552					
1907		334,850	2,532,900	1,517,741	4,591,391					
1908		348,350	2,870,244	1,595,293	5,148,887					
1909		451,450	3,031,072	1,649,344	5,517,866					
1910	418,000	490,391	3,494,499	1,807,640	6,210,530					
1911	462,572	602,657	3,702,297	2,026,807	6,794,533					
1912		677,029	4,188,225	2,024,215	7,416,969					
1913	658,823	752,593	4,188,225	2,024,215	7,623,856					
1914	658,823	1,065,286	1 ,,	_,==1,=10						

EDUCATION.

7.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914.—con.

ONTARIO (Elementary Schools).

		Receipts.						
Year.	Government Grants.	Local Assessments.	Clergy Reserve Fund and other sources.	Total.	Total Expenditure			
1901	\$ 277 200	\$ 2.794.070	1 469 679	\$ 620.056	\$ 700.210			
1901		$3,784,070 \ 3,959,912$	$1,468,678 \\ 1,422,924$	5,630,056 5,766,502	$\begin{array}{c} 4,720,310 \\ 4,825,160 \end{array}$			
1903		4,263,893	1,406,957	6,061,006	5,077,869			
1904		4,464,227	1,600,982	6,470,571	5,459,493			
1905	7:5/55	4,928,790	1,886,400	7,229,194	6,161,236			
1906	509,795	5,429,496	1,883,394	7,922,685	6,403,206			
1907		6,146,825	2,455,864	9,257,928	7,556,179			
1908		6,581,232	2,620,523	9,972,181	7,943,826			
1909	810,595	6,574,372	3,013,501	10,398,468	8,141,423			
1910		7,334,458	3,573,507	11,713,600	9,343,102			
1911		7,826,083	3,778,183	12,496,643	9,904,284			
1912		9,478,887	3,936,887	14,258,052	11,273,960			
1913	778,150	9,856,380	4,025,284	14,659,814	12,325,907			

MANITOBA.

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Receipts.	!	Expenditure.				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Yea~.	ment	Assess-	Total.		ings,	Repairs,	Total.	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$	\$	\$	\$	s	\$	\$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1901	175,933	$65\overline{3},359$	1,310,805	582,325	148,987	101,762	1,272,617	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1902	181.098	611,312	1,526,171	625,829	180,979	109,866	1,455,051	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			796,065	1,588,954	697,996	214,481			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			894,570	1,894,953	785,100	259,893			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1905	214,796	951,911	2,277,855					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		208,787	1,087,821						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1907	242,383	1,223,336	2 840,694					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1908	267,645	1,475,473	3,342,033					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1909	282,200	1.539,047	3,478,729					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1910	296,115	1,682,238	4,184,768					
1913 351,745 2,198,459 5,013,569 1,734,854 1,420,882 232,140 5,036,795	1911	325,410	1,847,380	5,241,808	1,452,630	1,199,288	277,034	5,023,891	
			-			-	- '	-	
-1014 - 1 - 200 599 9 672 44017 674 5191 1 861 809 1 426 7581 - 388 934 6.079.72b				5,013,569	1,734,854	1,420,882			
1914 390,302 2,073,440 7,074,340 1,001,000 1,420,700 000,001 0,010,120	1914	1 390,582	2,673,449	7,674,549	1,861,809	1,426,758	388,934	6,079,720	

¹ Owing to change of year, no figures were published for 1912.

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

7.—Expenditure for Public Education in Canada by Provinces, 1901-1914—concluded.

Saskatchewan.

!			Receipts.			
Year.	Govern- ment Grants	Local Assess- ments.	Proceeds of Deben- tures.	Borrowed by Note.	Total	Expenditure
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1906	174,218	602,624	360,206	298,686	1,465,361	1,448,915
1907	218,385	707,835	507,006	474,324	1,957,472	2,000,675
1908	402,028	992,157	651,828	507,522	2,783,153	2,679,373
1909 !	513,604	1,249,192	584,873	667,549	3,192,271	3,032,999
1910	557,299	1,369,531	524,741	921,841	3,672,582	3,655,428
1911	555,438	1,519,528	659,270	1,204,322	4,029,792	3,989,036
1912	622,088	1,929,345	1.430,603	1,936,450	6,030,613	5,931,844
1913	722,002	2,913,135	2,075,375	2,470,834	8,360,421	8,327,178

ALBERTA.

			Receipts.			
Year.	Govern- ment Grants.	Local Assess- ments.	Proceeds of Deben- tures.	Borrowed by Note.	Total.	Expenditure
1906	\$ 142,836 197,768 220,712 307,186 301,239 432,877 414,116 461,289 557,682	\$ 416,344 544,716 917,515 961,959 1,278,013 1,575,412 1,793,480 2,901,214 3,028,776	\$ 297,158 442,431 764,069 992,516 673,333 1,481,173 1,491,498 3,497,863 996,350	\$ 292,786 431,561 539,939 535,896 848,625 1,461,208 2,665,063 1,959,495 2,771;380	\$ 1,289,921 1,776,700 2,548,617 3,031,997 3,187,365 5,071,033 6,626,918 9,048,511 7,304,188	\$ 1,259,107 1,793,953 2,393,682 2,735,858 3,362,394 5,025,773 6,667,282 8,684,186 7,834,891

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Year.	Provincial Govern- ment.	Cities, Municipal- ities, Rural and Assisted Schools.	Total.	Year.	Provincial Govern- ments.	Cities, Municipal- ities, Rural and Assisted Schools.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
1901	350,532	182,160	532,692	1908	544,672	675,838	1.220.510
1902	438,086	150,482	588,568	1909	626,074	921,626	1,547,700
1903	473,802	130,556	604.358	1910		1,098,660	1,917,236
1904	453,313	144,451	597,764	1911	1,001,808	1,639,714	2,641,522
1905	479,158	249,891	729,049	1912	1,151,715	2,730,773	3,882,488
1906	444,543	244,198	688,741	1913	1,663,003	2,995,892	4,658,895
1907	474,608	390,163	864,771	1914		2,749,223	4,634,877
		1		i			

V.—CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

GENERAL SURVEY OF THE CLIMATE OF CANADA.

By R. F. Stupart, F.R.S.C., Director of the Meteorological Service of Canada, Toronto.

The climatography of the Dominion of Canada deals with widely varying conditions within the northern half of the continent of North America. Stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the United States boundary to the Arctic sea, this great area exhibits such a great diversity in topographical features, that he who traverses it must meet with even greater changes of climate than would naturally follow from variation in latitude and distance from the oceans. Of these features the most important are the lofty mountain ranges which parallel the Pacific coast, and cause the continental type of climate to predominate over the Dominion, the true maritime type being confined to the immediate coast line of British Columbia.

British Columbia.—Vancouver island, in the Pacific ocean, occupies somewhat the same position in relation to the American continent that Great Britain, in the Atlantic, does to Europe, lying between nearly the same parallels of latitude. The climate, as in all parts of British Columbia, varies much with the orographical features of the country. The annual rainfall along the exposed western coast of the island is very great, generally exceeding 100 inches, but in the more eastern districts it is less than half that amount. A comparatively dry period extends from May to September, while copious rains fall between September and March. The mean monthly and mean annual temperatures correspond very closely with those found in parts of England; the summers are quite as long, and severe frosts scarcely ever occur.

On what is usually termed the lower mainland of British Columbia, which includes all parts of the province that lie at comparatively low levels west of the Selkirks, the climate is everywhere equable and mild. The lower Fraser valley, in its northward reach to its junction with the Thompson river, traverses latitudes corresponding with those of the southern half of England. The spring opens early, the summers are warm, and the winters, which are usually mild and rainy near the coast, increase somewhat in severity with increasing distance from the sea. Agassiz, about 70 miles from Vancouver, is situated one of the Dominion experimental farms; the average mean temperature for January at this place is 35° and for July 64°, with a mean daily range of 11° in the former month and of 28° in the latter; the lowest temperature on record is -13° and the highest 103°. Frosts seldom occur as late as May, and there is no record of any during the summer months. rainfall is 67 inches, two-thirds of which fall between the beginning of October and the end of March. At New Westminster the rainfall is essentially the same as at Agassiz, the winter mean temperature being a few degrees higher, and the summer temperature a little lower.

GENERAL SURVEY OF THE CLIMATE OF CANADA.

The change in climate between the west and east sides of the Coast range is decidedly abrupt. The Pacific winds are deprived of much of their moisture in ascending the western slopes of the mountains, and the air flows eastward or is drawn down to lower levels, becoming drier and warmer; hence the interior plateaus between the Coast and Selkirk ranges possess a relatively dry climate; the summers are warmer and the winters colder than on the lower mainland. The cold of winter is, however, scarcely ever severe, and the hottest days of summer are rendered pleasant by the fact that the air is dry and the nights are cool. In all the lower levels of British Columbia, March is distinctly a spring In the more southern divisions the mean temperature of April month. corresponds very nearly with that of the same month in England, while the summer may very well be compared with that of southern Ontario, except that the air is much drier and the rainfall is scant. Over the larger portion of Yale district apples, pears, plums, cherries, as well as cereals, are most successful crops, and in Okanagan grapes and peaches thrive, and tobacco is yearly proving more successful. The meteorological tables for Kamloops and Kelowna show approximately the mean temperature and rainfall values of the region.

The Sub-Arctic.—To the northward of the provincial boundaries, in latitude 60, there are immense territories where the climate is of a sub-arctic type, with modifications in certain localities. The most striking of these occurs in the valley of the Mackenzie river, where the summers are comparatively warm, wheat has matured within the Arctic circle, and certainly vegetables may be grown quite generally. It is not improbable that these mild conditions obtain over all the territory between the River and the Rocky mountains. The winters are, however, extremely cold, and while snow is disappearing rapidly and wild fowl are flying in April, it is May before there is much sign of growth, and after severe frosts in September winter sets in in October. The summer rainfall is scant over all the northern country, and the winter snewfall is by no means heavy.

Alberta.—It is doubtful whether there is any other territory on the surface of the globe with a winter climate as variable as in this province. The normal winter is cold, and in some years extreme cold is continuous from November to March, but in other years the Chinook is most persistent, and warm days with bright sunshine are the characteristic features of the winter; e.g., the mean temperature of November, 1896, at Calgary was 39, the mean of November, 1896, was 2, the mean of January, 1906, was -6, while the mean of January of the following year was 26. Corresponding variations occur in all parts of the province.

An average daily maximum of 53° at Calgary and at Edmonton and 58° at Medicine Hat, indicates very clearly that April is truly a spring month, and verifies the statement that spring seeding is well under way or perhaps completed in April. The rapid upward trend of the temperature curve continues during May and June, and from the middle of May until the end of July occurs the heaviest rainfall of the year—a rainfall which is nearly equal to that of Ontario and Quebec during the same period and which as a rule is ample to insure successful crops. Bright,

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY

hot days may be confidently looked for during July and August, and very occasionally in these months temperatures exceeding 90°, perhaps nearly 100,° are recorded, but the average mean maxima in July of 82° at Medicine Hat, 75° at Calgary and 74° at Edmonton indicate a not unpleasant warmth, while the corresponding minima shows that the nights are pleasantly cool. An important fact in connection with the climatology of Alberta is that the isotherms during the summer months run nearly north and south, and the mean summer temperature is almost as high in the extreme north as in the south. Fort Dunyegan in the Peace river country and Fort Chipewyan on lake Athabasca, have the same mean summer temperature as Calgary and Edmonton, and with the longer period of summer sunlight, it is probable that plant life in the north may make more rapid growth than in southern districts. But while the summer is of a pretty uniform character throughout the province, the effect of the increasing latitude is shown before the end of August by the more rapidly diminishing temperature at northern stations, and we find the following winter (i.e. December to March), mean temperatures: Calgary 17°; Edmonton 14°; Fort Dunvegan 1°; and Fort Chippewyan 5° below zero.

The Chinook is one of the characteristic features of the Alberta climate, and usually occurs with strong southwest and west winds. It is most frequent in the south, but is by no means uncommon even in the Peace river. Sometimes a change of wind from north and northeast to southwest, will in Alberta mean a rise of temperature from perhaps 20° below zero to 40° above in a few hours. Largely to the effect of this wind is due the fact that the prairies of southern Alberta are usually bare of snow during the greater part of the winter.

Saskatchewan.—The southern half of this province is almost wholly prairie land, and it is only to the northward of the Saskatchewan river that any extensive forest areas are found. The climate is similar to that of Manitoba, except that in the southwestern portion spring sets in somewhat earlier than north and east, and in mid-winter the chinook effect of the mountains extends at times even as far east as Regina. Up to the end of April the temperature of southern Saskatchewan is somewhat higher than in Manitoba, but from May onward through the summer it is a little lower, and remains so until December. Reference to the Regina summary will show that the tendency to temperature extremes is even greater in Saskatchewan than in Manitoba, an absolute maximum of 107° and a minimum of -56° having been registered. The mean daily range of temperature during the summer months is here, as in the other prairie provinces, very large, amounting to between 25 and 28 degrees; occasionally during both early June and the latter half of August the temperature goes dangerously near the freezing point, and there are several instances on record of considerable damage by frost to unripened crops. The mean total annual precipitation is from 14 to 18 inches, of which amount nearly 60 p.c. falls in the growing season, May-August. The snowfall is from 30 to 36 inches in western and southern districts and from 10 to 15 inches greater in the east and north.

GENERAL SURVEY OF THE CLIMATE OF CANADA.

Manitoba.—The province of Manitoba is almost in the centre of the continent, about midway between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, and also midway between the gulf of Mexico and the Arctic sea. It is many hundreds of miles distant from any high mountains, and there are no important water areas to the westward. The topographical features of the province are not pronounced. About two-thirds of the total area, including the basins of Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba, are at a level of less than 1,000 feet, while to the westward the levels increase gradually to about 1,600 feet, with some few districts a little higher.

The very pronounced contrast between the continental and littoral type of climate is well evidenced by the fact that the mean range in temperature between the warmest and the coldest months of the year is 71° at Winnipeg, while it is but 21° at Victoria, British Columbia. The absolute recorded range of temperature at Winnipeg is 150°. A change of temperature of 40° in twenty-four hours is not very exceptional in winter in Manitoba, and a range of 49° has been registered. Very pronounced also are the departures from the normal in corresponding months in different years, there being a January on record with the mean temperature 8° above normal, and another with the mean temperature 13° below normal, and a February with a mean temperature 25° above normal and also one with the mean 13° below normal.

The monthly variations from normal are not so pronounced in summer, the mean temperature of the warmest July having been 70.2° and of the coldest 60.6°.

As will be obvious from the figures just given, the change from winter to spring and summer is more rapid than in Great Britain or western Europe, and frequently an April which is wintry at the beginning ends with conditions approaching those of summer. An average April is not so warm a month in Manitoba as it is in England. The season is not, however, so backward as the monthly mean temperatures might seem to indicate. The daily range is large, approximately 25°, and while the nights are cold, the day temperatures are high; the frost soon leaves the ground and the farmer may commence sowing. The mean temperature of May is as high as in the south of England, with the mean maximum considerably higher, and while frosts occasionally occur they are seldom severe. Light snowfalls also occur in this month, and at times are accompanied by high winds, but these storms are seldom injurious to agriculture.

The rapid upward trend of the temperature curve continues during June, the average daily maximum of which month is 74° at Winnipeg and 72° at Minnedosa. Warm days with frequent showers produce an almost phenomenally rapid growth, which continues through July, for which month the mean temperature at Winnipeg is 66°, with an average daily maximum of 78°. Few summers go by without several heat spells, during which the temperature rises to 90° or over, and in August 1886, 103° were recorded in Winnipeg and 104° in the more western districts.

There are no wide differences in the monthly and annual amounts of precipitation in the different parts of the province; the mean annual amount is about 19 inches, the heaviest about 22 inches, occurring in

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY

the extreme eastern portion, and the least about 17 inches, in the more southern and western districts. As, however, most of the precipitation, especially the summer rainfall, comes from local storms, there is sometimes a considerable difference in the amounts recorded at places not far distant from each other. Between 9 and 10 inches of rain, or approximately 50 p.c. of the total annual precipitation, occurs between May and August and is nearly equal to the amount that occurs during the same period in Ontario and in the midland counties of England. At Winnipeg the greatest annual precipitation recorded was 29.24 inches in 1878, and the least 14.38 inches in 1886, in which year only 4.23 inches fell during the May to August period. Most of the summer rainfall occurs in thunderstorms, which at times are quite heavy, accompanied by violent squalls and, less frequently, by hail. It is but very seldom that these storms attain the energy of the tornado, which is not uncommon on the more heated prairies to the south.

The snowfall of Manitoba ranges from 52 inches in the eastern districts to 44 inches in the western districts, and while the ground is usually well covered from December to March, it is seldom that the depth is great. In most winters there are several heavy northwest gales succeeding the passage of cyclonic areas, and in these storms, as the temperature drops quickly, accompanied by a blinding drift of the dry snow, we have the well-known blizzard of the prairies.

Ontario.—The province of Ontario alone is a vast territory, stretching over 15 degrees of latitude from a point in the same parallel as Rome, Italy, to a point in the same parallel as the north of Scotland, with a breadth including twenty degrees of longitude. The almost entire north and east shores of the Great Lakes belong to Ontario, and its lands form about half the west shore line of Hudson bay. In portions of Ontario, the climate is tempered by lake influence; other portions are affected by the northern inland sea, and other portions again are exposed to the severe cold waves from the far northwest, which in winter sweep with unchecked severity over the country north of Lakes Superior and Huron. Then again, altitude is responsible for some climatic variation, the country rising away from the various lake levels to heights which reach 1,800 feet just south of the Georgian bay, and over 1,500 feet near the Upper Ottawa.

The climate of the peninsula of Ontario is much warmer than that of the northern parts of the province. It is true that the first part of March is usually rather cold, but bright sunshiny days and swelling buds, together with the rapid disappearance of the snow, which now lies only in sheltered places, give omen of spring, which soon comes on apace. Light snowfalls occasionally occur in April, but this month with a mean temperature of about 43, three inches of rain and 190 hours of bright sunshine, is truly spring, and before the close of the month wild flowers are in bloom and the trees are leafing out.

With a high percentage of bright sunshine and ample rain, vegetation makes rapid progress during May. Frosts are quite infrequent, and by about the 24th most of the trees are in full leaf.

GENERAL SURVEY OF THE CLIMATE OF CANADA.

The summers, while warm, are not oppressively so, the mean temperature of July, at the more southern stations, being but a shade above 70 degrees, and a few degrees lower in June and August. Wholly overcast and rainy days are of rare occurrence, the rain falling in showers and thunderstorms of short duration; indeed, from the middle of June until the end of August we may expect no day without a few sunny hours. The autumn sets in very gradually, and while frost may sometimes occur as early as September 20, it is usually well on in October before there is anything severe, and towards the end of November before the mean daily temperature falls to the freezing point.

Northward and eastward from Lake Ontario to the Ottawa valley, the spring opens somewhat later than in the south, but from mid-April on until the end of August, the temperature and rainfall are much the same as in the southern parts of the province, modified in certain districts by the effect of higher altitude, and in others by lying to the eastward of and in close proximity to the Great Lakes. September, however, shows a more rapid downward trend of the temperature curve. Killing frosts occur at an earlier date, and the whole northern country is usually snow covered before the close of November, while in all southern counties it is still bare. The snow covering is a most important factor in the industrial life of the more sparsely settled portions of the country where lumbering is carried on, since without snow the work is at a standstill during the cold weather, and the water courses are not sufficiently in flood during the spring months to float logs to the large water courses.

The mean temperature of the three winter months is fully ten degrees lower than in the south, but during March and April the temperature curves rapidly converge. The lowest temperature of which there is record at Ottawa is -33°, and at Toronto the lowest was -26°, and at London -25°; yet at the southern stations such extremes are very rare, while at northern stations they are of not infrequent occurrence.

Quebec.—The province of Quebec, like Ontario, covers an immense area, being included between 22 degrees of longitude and extending from latitude 45° to the barren lands on the shores of Hudson strait. The southwestern districts of the province, which are the warmest, are not, as in the Ontario peninsula, protected by the Great Lakes, and hence the winters are considerably colder, and the autumnal frosts occur a little earlier. The Montreal summary shows very well the general characteristics of this warmest part of the province, and the Quebec and Father Point summaries show the chief features of the middle and lower portions of the St. Lawrence valley.

Perhaps the most striking feature of the Montreal climate is the rapidity of the advance of spring. March is essentially a winter month, but April and May are as warm as Toronto, and the mid-summer is slightly warmer than in Toronto. The September and October normals are both quite similar to the corresponding figures for southwestern Ontario, but in November the thermometer shows a more rapid downward trend, and then follows a winter with a normal temperature 10

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

degrees lower than in Toronto, while for four months the ground is usually covered with a depth of between one and three feet of snow. Eastward in the St. Lawrence valley the summers are cooler and the winters decidedly colder, and with the retardation of the opening of spring consequent upon a higher latitude and the more gradual melting of a snow covering, it is not until May that the leafing of the trees is at all rapid. Mid-September, too, usually sees the brilliant coloration of the autumnal tints.

Northwestern Quebec, or that part of the province which lies between the 47th and 51st parallels and west of Lake St. John, is a territory almost wholly lacking meteorological stations, but the summaries for Haileybury, Abitibi and Moose Factory without doubt indicate very closely the climatic conditions from south to north over this large district. The winters setting in towards the end of November are decidedly cold with a heavy snowfall. The summers are distinctly warm, and few seasons pass without some heat spells, when 90° and over are recorded.

The Maritime Provinces.—These have a climate which is in many respects comparable with that of southern Ontario, but there are important differences. The spring opens somewhat later near the sea, and in a latitude somewhat higher, and then again the summers, while a little warmer than in the south of England, are rather cooler than in the peninsula of Ontario. Temperatures exceeding 85° and at times 95° are by no means infrequent during the summer months. After September the temperature declines quite rapidly, and while October is a month of much fine weather, night frosts are likely to be severe, and towards the close of November the normal daily temperature falls below the freezing point.

The winters in Nova Scotia are not quite as cold as in southern Ontario, but over the greater part of New Brunswick they are colder, and taking Fredericton as a good example of prevailing winter conditions, we find them closely comparable with those of western Quebec, where zero temperatures occur quite frequently between mid-December and the first of March. The precipitation, which is ample throughout the provinces, is heaviest along the south shore of Nova Scotia, where it exceeds 50 inches, while between 40 and 45 is more general. The snowfall is very heavy in northern New Brunswick, where it exceeds 100 inches, and diminishes southward towards Nova Scotia, where the precipitation accompanying winter storms is usually partly in the form of rain.

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TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

1.-Average Temperature and Precipitation at Selected Stations.

		Kami	.oops,	B.C.					Kelov	vna, I	3.C.		
	DEG	REES OI	темрі			Mon thly		DEG	REES OF	Темре			Mon- thly
Mouth.	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Ext:	reme thly	preci- pita- tion	Month.	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Mean Daily		reme thly	preci- pita- tion
		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	(in.)			Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	(in.)
Jan Feb	22 27	28 33	17 20	54 64	-31 -27		Jan Feb	24 26	30 34	17 18	53 54	-22 -19	1.33
Mar	38	47	28	70	-6		Mar	37	47	$\hat{27}$	62	-5	0.84
Apr	50	61	38	92	19		Apr	47	59	34	81	19	0.46
May	58	70	45	100	26		May	55	69	42	91	25	1.03
June	65	76	53	101	35		June	61	75	48	93	34	1.32
July	70	83	57	102	42	1.27	July	67	81	52	96	39	1.17
Aug	68	81	55	101	35		Aug	64	77	50	95	33	1.03
Sept	58	69	47,	93	28	0.94	Sept	55	67	42	85	26	1.17
Oct	48	56	39	82	16	0.59	Oct	45	56	34	75	18	0.85
Nov	36	42	30	72	-22	1.05	Nov	36	43	30	65	-9	1.99
Dec	29	33	25	59	-17	1.55	Dec	30	36	25	52	-3	1.38
Year.	47	57	38	102	-31	10.99	Year	46	56	35	96	-22	13.67
Agassiz, B.C.						Vancouver, B.C.							
Jan	35	40	29	62	-13	6 44	Jan	35	39	31	55	2	8.56
Feb	37	44	30	71	-12		Feb	38	43	32	58	10	6.22
Mar	44	53	34	77	10		Mar	42	49	35	61	15	4.46
Apr	49	62	37	90	28		Apr	47	56	38	79	27	3.09
May		69	42	93	30		May	54	62	45	80	33	3.56
June	59	72	46	95	35		June	58	68	49	88	36	2.82
July	64	78	50	100	38		July	66	79	53	90	43	1.33
Aug	63	78	48	103	38	2.75	Aug	62	71	52	92	39	1.71
Sept		70	44	96	30	4.66	Sept.	56	64	47	82	30	4.29
Oct	51	62	39	82	24	5.80	Oct	49	56	43	69	23	5.69
Nov	41	49	34	69	9		Nov	42	47	38	63	15	11.28
Dec	37	44	31	57	8		Dec	39	43	35	58	17	7.56
Year	49	60	39	103	-13	63.01	Year	49	56	42	92	2	60.57
	Men	ICINE	Нат,	ALBEI	RTA.			CAI	LGARY,	ALBE	RTA.		
Jan	11	22	1	62	-50	0.56	Jan	12	23	2	58	-48	0.47
Feb	13	23	4	64	-51	1	Feb	14	25	2	59	-49	0.59
Mar	27	38	15	84	-38		Mar	24	36	$1\overline{2}$	75	-34	0.74
Apr	45	58	31	96	-3		Apr	40	53	27	79	-14	0.63
May	55	68	41	99	12		May	49	63	36	90	12	2.72
June	62	76	49	107	30		June	55	68	42	94	26	3.32
July	68	82	54	103	36	1.80	July	61	75	46	95	31	2.93
Aug	67	81	52	103	31	1.52	Aug	58	70	45	95	28	2.67
Sept	56	70	42	92	17	1.00	Sept	50	64	37	89	15	1.28
Oct	46	59	33	85	-10		Oct	42	55	29	85	~	0.49
Nov	29	40	18	76	-36		Nov	26	36	15	70	-31	0.74
Dec	21	31	11	65	-50	0.49	Dec	20	30	11	69	-39	0.55
Year	42	54	29	107	-51	12.75	Year	38	50	25	95	-49	17.13

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY.

1.—Average Temperature and Precipitation at Selected Stations—con.

	Εp	MONT	on, Al	BERTA	١.			F	REGIN.	a, Sas	к.	,	
	DEG	REES O	Г ЕМР	ERATUR	e, F.	Mon- thly		DEG	REES OF	ТЕМРІ	ERATUR	e, F.	Mon- thly
Month.	Mean Daily	Mean Daily Max.	Mean Daily Min.		thly Min.	precipita- tion (in.)	Month.	Mean Daily	Mean Daily Max.	Mean Daily Min.		reme thly Min.	preci- pita- tion (in.)
Jan	7	16	-3	52	-52		Jan	-4	7	-14	48	-54	0.37
Feb	9	20	-1	56	-43		Feb	-2	9	-12	52	-56	0.29
Mar Apr	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 41 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 34 \\ 53 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 11 \\ 29 \end{array}$	68 84	-31 -15		Mar Apr	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 14\\ 37\end{array}$	24 49	$\frac{3}{26}$	76 89	-44 -20	$0.49 \\ 0.73$
May	51	65	38	90	10		May	50	63	37	99	$\begin{vmatrix} -20 \\ 7 \end{vmatrix}$	1.98
June	57	70	44	94	14		June	59	72	47	102	25	3.17
July	61	74	48	94	30		July	64	77	50	107	31	2.49
Aug	59	$7\tilde{2}$	46	90	29		Aug	61	76	47	104	23	1.86
Sept	50	62	38	87	12		Sept	51	65	37	97	9	1.19
Oct	48	61	35	79	2	0.75	Oct	39	52	26	87	-15	0.70
Nov		40	18	74	-36		Nov	21	32	10	73	-47	0.48
Dec	19	30	8	59	-42	0.77	Dec	8	17	2	56	-55	0.36
Year	38	50	26	94	-52	16.63	Year	33	45	21	107	-56	14.11
Prince Albert, Sask.							W	Innie	eg, M	IAN.			
		0	1.0	F9	67	0.00	T		c	1.6	42	-46	0.82
Jan Feb	-4 -2	8 10	-16 -14	$\frac{53}{54}$	-67 -70		Jan Feb	-5 -1	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 11 \end{array}$	$^{-16}$	46	-47	0.90
Mar	$\frac{-2}{12}$	26	-1	62	-44		Mar		$\frac{11}{25}$	3	73	-35	1.15
Apr	37	50	$2\overline{4}$	84	-23		Apr	37	49	26	90	-13	1.48
May	49	63	35	90	13	1.53	May	52	65	$\overline{39}$	94	11	2.35
June	57	71	44	96	326		June	62	74	50	101	21	3.58
July	62	75	49	93	23	2.44	July	66	78	54	96	36	3.15
Aug	59	72	46	94	22		Aug	63	76	51	103	30	2.45
Sept	49	61	37	88	14		Sept	53	65	41	99	17	2.07
Oct	38	49	27	85	-5		Qct	40	51	30	85		1.73
Nov	18	27	8	66	-35		Nov	20	29	11	71	-33	1.10
Dec	5	16	6	58	_57 	0.79	Dec			<u></u>	45	-4 2	0.91
Year	32	44	19	96	-70	16.61	Year	39	45	22	103	-47	21.69
	,	Toro	nto, C	NT.				M	Iontr	EAL, (Que.		
Jan	22	29	15	58	-27	2.87	Jan	13	21	5	53	-26	3.99
Feb	22	29	14	54	-25		Feb	14	$\frac{21}{22}$	7	47	-24	3.33
Mar	29	36	17	$7\overline{5}$	-16		Mar	$2\overline{5}$	$\overline{32}$	17	$\overline{61}$	-15	3.40
Apr	41	50	22	90	6		Apr	41	49	33	77	8	2.22
May	53	62	33	93	25	2.98	May	53	62	44	89	23	3.02
June	63	72	43	97	28		June	64	74	54	92	38	3.21
July	68	78	53	103	39		July	69	77	61 58	95 90	47 43	$\begin{vmatrix} 3.95 \\ 3.35 \end{vmatrix}$
Aug	67	76	58	99	40		Aug	66 59	74 66	$\begin{bmatrix} 58 \\ 51 \end{bmatrix}$	90 90	43 33	3.46
Sept	59 47	68 55	57 50	97 86	28 16		Sept	46	53	39	80	21	$\frac{3.40}{3.27}$
Nov.	36	43	39	70	-5		Nov	33	39	27	68	. 0	3.43
Dec	26	33	30	61	-21		Dec	20	27	13	59	-21	3.69
Year	44	53	20	103	-27	34.37	Year	42	50	34	95	-26	40.32

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

1.—Average Temperature and Precipitation at Selected Stations—concluded.

	\mathbf{Q}_{1}	UEBEC	, Que.					$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{R}}$	EDERI	CTON,	N.B.		
	DEG	REES OF	ТЕМР	ERATURE	e, F.	Mon-		DEG	REES O	г Темр	ERATUR	ь, Г.	Mon-
Month	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Extr Mon		preci- pita- tion	Month	Mean Daily	Mean Daily	Mean Daily		reme thly	preci- pita- tion
	Daily	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	(in.)			Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	(in.)
Jan Feb Mar Apr May	10 12 23 37 52	18 20 31 45 62	2 4 15 29 42	47 49 64 80 88	-34 -32 -23 3 21	$\begin{array}{c} 3.47 \\ 3.28 \\ 2.06 \end{array}$	Jan Feb Mar Apr May	13 15 27 39 51	24 27 37 50 63	2 4 16 28 40	55 51 65 82 92	-34 -35 -20 -2 24	4.03 5.66 4.72 2.97 3.22
June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	61 66 63 55 42 32	71 76 72 64 48 36	52 57 54 47 36 29	90 96 90 88 77 66	34 39 38 29 14 -10	4.30 4.00 3.77 3.09	June July Aug Sept Oct Nov	60 66 63 55 43 33	72 77 74 66 54 41	47 55 53 45 33 25	92 96 95 92 81 68	26 40 35 25 15 -3	3.71 3.03 3.97 3.54 4.07 4.07
Dec Year	15 39	22 47	31	88 96	-27 -34	<u> </u>	Dec Year	19	28 51	11 -30	58 96	-26 -35	3.45 46.44
	95			30	/	41.10	i ear		91	"	"	30	10.11
	s	ьт. Јон	ın, N	В.	,				Halii	FAX, N	1.S.		
Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Sept Oct Nov Dec	19 20 28 39 48 56 60 61 56 45 37 24	28 28 36 47 55 64 69 63 51 43 32	10 12 21 32 41 49 52 53 49 40 30	53 50 53 72 87 87 89 89 85 73 62 55	-19 -15 -9 11 27 35 41 43 33 21 -15 -19	3.90 4.54 3.51 3.71 3.27 3.63 3.86 3.74 4.54	Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug Oct Nov Dec	27 24 30 39 49 58 65 65 58 49 38 28	32 32 38 48 58 68 74 74 68 57 45 35	22 15 22 31 40 48 55 49 40 31 20	55 50 60 79 90 93 93 93 88 86 67 62	-16 -17 -9 7 22 33 41 41 29 19 8 -11	5.80 4.69 5.34 4.42 4.16 3.78 3.88 4.44 3.80 5.48 5.60 5.42
Year	41	49	34	89	-19	48 08	Year	44	52	36	93	-17	56.81

CLIMATE AND METEOROLOGY

2.—Weather of the year 1914 at representative Stations, compared with normal annual averages for the period 1888 to 1907.

		Degree	s of Te	mperatu	re, F.		Hour Suns	s of
Station.	Mean Winter	Mean sum- mer	Low- est	High- est	Mean annual	Nor- mal annual (1888- 1907)	1914.	Nor- mal annual (1888- 1907)
British Columbia-						_		
Victoria	42.7	58· 3	26	82	50.3	50.3	1,945	1,822
Vancouver	40 · 1	61.3	15	82	50.3	49.1	1,748	1,815
Kamloops	29.4	67.8	-18	, 95	47.8	47.7	_	1,868
Alberta-								
Calgary		$62 \cdot 0$	-29	96	40.5	37.4	-	-
Edmonton	13.2	60.5	-36	85	$37 \cdot 5$	$36 \cdot 7$	2,049	-
Saskatchewan—								
Battleford	8.0	64.6	-46	96	37.5	$34 \cdot 4$	2,504	2,101
Prince Albert	5.5	61 · 1	-47	99	32.4	32 · 1	_	-
Qu'Appelle	8.1	$62 \cdot 7$	-41	97	36.5	$34 \cdot 5$	-	-
Manitoba—	}				1			1
Minnedosa		63.9	-45	99	$35 \cdot 4$	34 · 1	-	-
Winnipeg	$5\cdot 2$	66.0	-39	95	37.0	$34 \cdot 9$	2,092	2,178
Ontario-		Ì						
Port Arthur	11.5	$60 \cdot 4$	-37	88	36.8	35.7		
White River	9.1	57.3	-56	91	30.8	$32 \cdot 3$	-	-
Parry Sound	17.4	$64 \cdot 4$	-34	99	41.2	41.3	-	-
Southampton		63.3	-10	89	43.4	43.8	_	-
Toronto		67.6	-22	93	44.4	45.5	2,066	2,048
Kingston	19.7	67.8	-28	91	43.5	43.7	2,002	1,989
Stonecliff		62.6	-42	96	38.1	38.5	-	
Ottawa		64 · 4	-30	88	40.4	43.0	2,230	1,874
Quebec								
Montreal	16.5	$65 \cdot 5$	-27	91	41.5	$42 \cdot 3$	2,138	1,805
Quebec		$62 \cdot 6$	-31	91	38.1	38.7	1,862	1,762
Sherbrooke		$62 \cdot 5$	-28	92	39.2	_	1,785	-
Father Point		55.6	-28	90	34.4	35.1	_	-
New Brunswick-								1
Chatham	15.0	62.3	-28	91	38.9	40.3	-	l -
Fredericton	16.7	61.2	-24	89	39.5	40.5	2,153	1,978
St. John		58-1	-20	81	40.4	41.6	-	_
Nova Scotia-	1	1						
Yarmouth	27.3	57.5	- 6	75	$42 \cdot 6$	40.2	-	_
Halifax		60.2	-14	88	42.0	44.3	-	-
Sydney		59.1	-15	87	41.0	42.4	1	-
Pr. Edward Island-	4]					1	
Charlottetown	. 19.9	61.0	-20	85	40.3	40.2	1,815	1,896

Temperature.—At the Stations of the Dominion Meteorological Service the highest and lowest temperature in each 24 hours, termed respectively the maximum and the minimum, are recorded by self-registering thermometers. For any month the sum of the daily maxima, divided by the number of days of the month, is the mean maximum temperature of that month. The mean minimum temperature is obtained in a similar manner. The half-sum of the mean maximum and the mean minimum is called the mean temperature. The averages of these results for any particular month over a period of years are the average means for that period and are used as normal means or temperatures of reference. The highest and lowest temperatures recorded during the whole period of years are termed the extreme maximum and extreme minimum respectively. These latter figures are of course to be regarded as extraordinary, the more unlikely to recur the longer the period from which they have been derived. Temperatures below zero have the minus sign (-) prefixed.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

2.—Weather of the year 1914 at representative Stations, compared with normal annual averages for the period 1888 to 1907—concluded.

Pro	ann	., + .	TIOD	110	Incha	3
110	CIL	11 1/2	v_{1}		Inches	э.

Station.		1914.		Nor	mal (1888	3–1907)
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Rain.	Snow.	Total.	Rain.	Snow.	Total.
British Columbia—						
Victoria	25.72	5.0	26.22	31.41	11.6	32.57
Vancouver	$52 \cdot 04$	17.4	53.78	57 · 88	23 2	60 · 20
Kamloops	$6 \cdot 31$	44.2	10.73	8.00	26.2	10.62
Alberta—		_				
Calgary	$9 \cdot 27$	$84 \cdot 3$	17.70	11.70	46.0	16.30
Edmonton	20.56	$47 \cdot 3$	$25 \cdot 29$	14.18	40.2	18.20
Saskatchewan-		00.4	40.44		OF 4	
Battleford	15.80	33.4	19.14	11.05	27.4	13.79
Prince Albert	9.54	38.3	13.37	11.62	49.8	16.60
Qu'Appelle	13.15	$66 \cdot 2$	19.77	13.44	54.0	18.84
Manitoba-	10.60	40.2	17 60	10.70	45.7	17.36
Minnedosa	$12.69 \\ 17.32$	49·3 45·6	$17.62 \\ 21.88$	$12.79 \\ 15.62$	51.9	20.81
Winnipeg	17.32	40.0	21.00	13.02	31.9	20.01
Ontario— Port Arthur	15.69	28.5	18.54	19.01	44.5	23.46
White River	13.09 11.02	$52 \cdot 2$	16.24	17.36	93.5	26.71
Parry Sound	18.61	138.9	32.50	29.38	115.6	40.94
Southampton	16.26	117.8	28.04	21.64	116.0	33.24
Toronto	19.75	74.3	27.18	25.28	61.0	31.38
Kingston	19.66	55.0	25.16	24.01	74.8	31.49
Stonecliff	17.50	115.2	29.02	21.69	82.6	29.95
Ottawa	18.17	94.7	27.64	24.70	87.0	33.40
Quebec-						
Montreal	20.48	$122 \cdot 3$	32.71	29 · 37	122.7	41.64
Quebec	24.75	$129 \cdot 6$	37.71	27 · 17	132.9	40.46
Sherbrooke	25.08	98.4	$34 \cdot 92$	-	-	_
Father Point	16.16	77 . 5	23.91	$23 \cdot 21$	109.6	34 · 17
New Brunswick-						
Chatham	24.72	$113 \cdot 3$	36.05	27 · 65	119-9	39.64
Fredericton	$27 \cdot 51$	85.7	36.08	33.73	104 6	44 · 19
St. John	29 · 26	64.6	35.72	36 · 68	84.3	45.11
Nova Scotia-						
Yarmouth	29.96	64.1	36.37	$42 \cdot 47$	84.2	50.88
Halifax	42.47	50.9	47.56	49.43	76.7	57.10
Sydney	19.28	123.0	31 · 58	41 · 10	92.8	50.38
Prince Edward Island—	04 40	92.8	33.70	00.07	101.0	40.15
Charlottetown	24 · 42	92.8	33.70	$29 \cdot 97$	101.8	40.15

PRECIPITATION.—Under the collective term 'precipitation' is included all moisture which has been precipitated from the atmosphere upon the earth: rain, snow, hail, sleet, etc. The amount of moisture is conveniently measured by determining the depth to which it has accumulated upon an impervious surface, and is always expressed in inches of depth. The total depth of snow is tabulated separately, but is added to the depth of rain after division by ten. An extended series of experiments in melting and measuring snow having been collated, the rule was deduced that a given fall of snow will, in melting, diminish on the average to one-tenth of its original depth. This rule is used in practice. All solid forms of precipitation other than snow are included in the tables as rain.

VI.—PRODUCTION.

In this section are included the statistics of agriculture, forestry, fisheries, minerals and manufactures.

AGRICULTURE.

Census of 1911.—During the year 1914 Volume IV (Agriculture) of the Report on the Fifth Census of Canada, 1911, was completed. It deals with statistics of the agricultural industries of the Dominion, including field crops, fruits, animals and animal products, farm labour and wages. Of the following statements, Tables 1 to 6 relate to field crops and live stock for 1914, compared in most cases with previous years. Tables 7 to 19 give a selection of the principal agricultural data of the Census of 1911, as abstracted from Volume IV of the Census Report; Tables 20 to 31 relate to various other subjects of agricultural importance. Tables 32 to 36 give a record of agricultural prices, and Table 37 records the world's harvest of cereal products for the year 1914-15 as compared with 1913-1914.

Field Crops, 1910-1914.—In Table 1 are presented for Canada and by provinces estimates of the area, yield, quality and value of the principal field crops for each of the years 1910 to 1914, with averages for the four years 1910 to 1913. In this table the areas for 1910 and 1911 are figures of the Census of 1911, the areas of field crops for both 1910 and 1911 having been then collected. For 1912, 1913 and 1914 the areas are estimated by application to the figures of the previous year in each case of average percentages compiled from the reports of correspondents. The total yields of 1910 represent the addition of the figures furnished to the census enumerators by individual farmers; but for the other four years the yields are obtained by multiplication of the areas by the average yields per acre as estimated by correspondents. For 1910 the average yields per acre are obtained by division of the total yields by the total acreages, the data for both factors having been collected by the Census of 1911. For each of the other years the yields per acre represent the averages of the figures furnished by correspondents. The total values are derived from the averages per unit, as furnished by correspondents, multiplied by the total quantities. The total value of all the field crops for 1910, thus arrived at, is considerably in excess of the total value for the same year as returned by the Census and given in Table 9. The two sets of figures rest, however, upon different bases. The census figures of 1910 were collected in June, 1911, and represent the total values supplied by farmers of products, whether sold or consumed on the farm. estimates in Table 1 are computed from the average local market prices supplied by correspondents in December, 1910.

It may be noted that the areas and yields in Table 1 for 1910 do not quite agree with the census figures for this year as recorded in Table 10. The reason for the slight discrepancies thus apparent is that the figures in Table 10 represent the finally revised returns of the Census, as published in Volume IV of the Report, dated 1914, but issued from the press early in 1915, whilst those in Table 1 are as published in the Year Book of 1913. The differences are not sufficiently

important to warrant the entire recalculation of all the data in Table 1, the figures in which have therefore been left as previously published.

Harvest of 1914.—In marked contrast with 1913, the season of 1914 proved particularly unfavourable to the growth of grain. Persistent drought throughout the greater part of the Northwest provinces resulted in yields per acre of the chief cereals lower than in any season since 1910 and lower by between four and five bushels than the averages of the six years ended 1913. In Ontario and Quebec, though the grain crops suffered from a dry season, the conditions were not so unfavourable, whilst in the Maritime Provinces a favourable season resulted in good returns. In eastern Canada the yield and quality of potatoes were remarkably good. The average yield per acre of this crop for the whole of Canada, viz., 180 bushels, was higher than in any year since 1908, excepting only in 1909, when the average reached was 193 bushels. In Ontario, where the acreage under potatoes is larger than in any of the other provinces, the yield per acre in 1914, viz., 167 bushels, is the highest ever recorded either by the Dominion or the provincial Department.

Yield of Grain Crops.—Of wheat the total estimated yield was 161,280,000 bushels from a productive area of 10,293,900 acres, as compared with 231,717,000 bushels in 1913 from 11,015,000 acres, an average yield per acre in 1914 of 15.67 bushels against 21 bushels in 1913. Fall-sown wheat gave a total yield in 1914 of 20,837,000 bushels from 973,300 producing acres, as compared with 22,592,000 bushels from 970,000 acres in 1913. The average yields per acre of fall wheat were 21.41 bushels in 1914 and 23.29 bushels in 1913. The yield of spring wheat, viz., 140,443,000 bushels from 9,320,600 acres, gave the average rate of 15.07 bushels per acre. In 1913 the corresponding figures for spring wheat were 209,125,000 bushels, 10,045,000 acres, and 20.81 bushels per acre. Oats in 1914 yielded 313,078,000 bushels from 10,061,500 acres, or 31.12 bushels per acre, as compared with 404,669,000 bushels from 10,434,000 acres, or 38.78 bushels per acre in 1913. Barley upon 1,495,600 acres gave, in 1914, 36,201,000 bushels, or 24.21 bushels per acre, as compared with 1,613,000 acres, 48,319,000 bushels and 29.96 bushels per acre in 1913. For the remaining grain crops the total yields expressed in bushels were: Rye, 2,016,800 in 1914, as compared with 2,300,000 in 1913; peas 3,362,500 and 3,951,800; beans 797,500 and 800,900; buckwheat 8,626,000 and 8,372,000; mixed grains 16,382,500 and 15,792,000; flax 7,175,200 and 17,539,000; corn for husking 13,924,000 and 16,772,600 bushels. For the same crops the yields per acre were, in bushels, for rye 18.12 and 19.28; peas 17.64 and 18.05; beans 18.20 and 17.19; buckwheat 24.34 and 21.99; mixed grains 35.36 and 33.33; flax 6.62 and 11.30; corn for husking 54.39 and 60.30.

Yields of Root and Fodder Crops.—Potatoes in 1914 gave a yield for all Canada of 85,672,000 bushels from 475,900 acres, as compared with 78,544,000 bushels from 473,500 acres in 1913. The respective averages per acre were 180 bushels and 165.88 bushels. The potato yield of 1914 in the Maritime Provinces was especially good, the yield per acre being 213 bushels in Prince Edward Island, 220 bushels in

PRODUCTION.

Nova Scotia and 240 bushels in New Brunswick. Turnips and other roots for the whole of Canada yielded 69,003,000 bushels, compared with 66,788,000 bushels in 1913, hay and clover 10,259,000 tons, compared with 10,859,000 tons, alfalfa 218,360 tons, compared with 237,770 tons, fodder corn 3,251,480 tons, compared with 2,616,300 tons, sugar beets 108,600 tons, compared with 148,000 tons. The respective average yields per acre of turnips, etc., were 394 and 358 bushels; of hay and clover, 1.28 and 1.33 ton; of alfalfa 2.42 and 2.54 tons; of fodder corn 10.25 and 8.62 tons and of sugar beets 8.98 and 8.71 tons.

Value of Field Crops.—For the whole of Canada the area estimated to be sown to field crops for 1914 was 35,102,175 acres, as compared with 35,375,430 acres in 1913; but owing to drought the productive area in 1914 was lessened by 1,665,500 acres, thus reducing the total to 33,436,675 acres. Upon this area the total value of all field crops. including roots and fodder, computed at average local market prices, amounted to \$638,580,300, as compared with \$552,771,500 in 1913, the increase of \$85,808,800 being chiefly due to the enhancement of prices caused by the war. The increase in values, therefore, more than counterbalanced the low yields caused by drought. The average prices per bushel of the principal grain and fodder crops, in 1914 and 1913, were respectively as follows: Wheat \$1.22 and 67 cents; oats 48 and 32 cents; barley 60 and 42 cents; rye 83 and 66 cents; peas \$1.46 and \$1.11; beans \$2.31 and \$1.88; buckwheat 72 and 64 cents; mixed grains 66 and 55 cents; flaxseed \$1.03 and 97 cents; corn for husking 71 and 64 cents. For hay and clover the average prices per ton were \$14.23 and \$11.48; for fodder corn \$4.91 and \$4.78 and for alfalfa \$14.17 and \$11.85. The total values were: Wheat \$196,418,000 and \$156,462,000; oats \$151,811,000 and \$128,893,000; barley \$21,557,000 and \$20,144,000; rye \$1,679,300 and \$1,524,000; peas \$4,895,000 and \$4,382,000; beans \$1,844,300 and \$1,505,000; buckwheat \$6,213,000 and \$5,320,000; mixed grains \$10,759,400 and \$8,685,000; flaxseed \$7,368,000 and \$17,084,000; corn for husking \$9,808,000 and \$10,784,300; potatoes \$41,598,000 and \$38,418,000; turnips, etc., \$18,934,000 and \$18,643,000; hay and clover \$145,999,000 and \$124,696,000; fodder corn \$15,949,700 and \$12,506,000 and alfalfa \$3,095,600 and \$2,819,200.

Quality of Grain Crops.—The quality of the grain crops in 1914, determined by the weight in lb. per measured bushel, was fair, conditions during the ripening, harvesting and threshing periods being upon the whole of favourable character. The results for wheat, oats and barley are not equal to those of 1913, when yield and quality combined excelled all records; but they are practically equal to the average of the four years 1900 to 1913, although if anything slightly below it. The same may be said for the other grain crops, except that they were slightly above the average. Flaxseed alone showed any material adverse difference, the weight being 52.5 lb., as against the average of 55.96 lb. Corn for husking was 56.62 lb., as compared with the average of 54.85 lb. In 1914 the average weights per measured bushel were for wheat 59.5 lb., for oats 35.31 lb., for barley 47.22 lb., for rye 55.47 lb., for peas 60.53 lb., for beans 60.21 lb., for buckwheat 48.20 lb. and for mixed grains 45.51 lb.

Grain Harvest in Northwest Provinces.—Table 2 gives the areas and yields of wheat, oats and barley in the three Northwest provinces for the years 1910 to 1914, with the average for the four years 1910 to 1913. In these provinces the production in 1914 of wheat was estimated at 140,958,000 bushels, compared with 209,262,000 bushels in 1913, of oats at 150,843,000 bushels, compared with 242,413,000 bushels, and of barley at 19,535,000 bushels compared with 31,060,000 bushels.

1.-Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914.

Crops. Area. Yield per Total per wield. Total per bush.							
Fall wheat	Crops.	Area.	per		per meas- ured	age price per	
1911 1,161,205 22.23 25,814,000 61.12 0.83 21,458,000 1913 970,000 23.29 22,592,000 60.21 0.84 17,157,000 23.29 22,592,000 60.25 0.80 18,185,000 24,14 20,837,000 59.61 1.05 21,818,000 21.81 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 20.81 20,9125,000 20.81 20	Canada—	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
1911 1,161,205 22.23 25,814,000 61.12 0.83 21,458,000 1913 970,000 23.29 22,592,000 60.21 0.84 17,157,000 23.29 22,592,000 60.25 0.80 18,185,000 24,14 20,837,000 59.61 1.05 21,818,000 21.81 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.88 22,294,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 21.89 22,294,000 20.81 20,9125,000 20.81 20	Fall wheat 1910	974.704	20.91	20.383.552	60 11	0.86	17.564.000
1912 971,000 20.99 20.387,000 60.25 0.80 17,157,000 1914 973,300 21.41 20,837,000 59.61 1.05 21,818,000 21.81 20,837,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 1912 10,025,700 20.32 203,772,000 59.61 1.05 21,818,000 21.81 20,837,000 60.42 0.83 18,591,000 21.81 20,837,000 20.83 22,294,000 20.83 22,294,000 20.81 20,000 20.62 20,000		1.161.205					
1913 970,000 23.29 22,592,000 60.25 0.80 18,185,000 Average		971,000					
Average 1910-13				22,592,000	60.25		
Average 1910-13							
1911							
1911	0 : 1 1010	7 000 447	14.10	111 005 000	FO 71	0	01 000 000
1912 10,025,700 20.32 203,772,000 58.90 0.60 121,933,000 1913 10,045,000 15.07 140,443,000 59.16 1.24 174,600,000 15.07 140,443,000 59.16 1.24 174,600,000 17.00 182,418,000 59.55 0.64 117,210,000 19.11 11,100,673 20.80 230,924,000 19.12 10,996,700 20.38 224,159,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1913 11,015,000 21.04 231,717,000 60.36 0.67 156,462,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 19.51 204,712,000 59.65 0.66 135,801,000 1912 9,966,000 39.29 301,629,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1913 10,434,000 38.78 404,669,000 36.48 0.32 128,893,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.40 0.32 128,893,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.65 0.36 132,949,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.48 13,976,000 1912 1,581,300 29.96 48,319,000 47.59 0.48 13,976,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 1912 17,500 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 48 42,745,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 48 42,745,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.67 0.68 1,045,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,2016,800 55.67 0.83 1,679,300							
1913 10,045,000 20.81 209,125,000 60.37 0.66 138,277,000 1914 9,320,600 15.07 140,443,000 59.16 1.24 174,600,000 19.25 182,418,000 59.55 0.64 117,210,000 19.11 11,100,673 20.80 230,924,000 59.42 0.64 148,123,000 1912 10,996,700 20.38 2324,159,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1913 11,015,000 19.51 204,712,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 1911 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 34.65 0.36 132,949,000 1912 9,966,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 1914 10,661,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 1912 1,581,300 31.12 313,078,000 35.65 0.48 13,976,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1914 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.67 0.68 1,045,000 1,055,00							
Average						0.60	121,900,000
Average 1910-13 9,475,000 19.25 182,418,000 59.55 0.64 117,210,000 All wheat 1910 8,863,151 14.89 132,048,782 59.77 0.75 99,530,000 1911 11,100,673 20.80 230,924,000 59.42 0.64 148,123,000 1912 10,996,700 20.38 224,159,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1913 11,015,000 21.04 231,717,000 60.36 0.67 156,462,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 Average 1910 8,652,015 28.14 243,506,292 36.08 0.35 85,402,000 1911 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 34.65 0.36 132,949,000 1912 9,966,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1913 10,434,000 38.78 404,669,000 36.48 0.32 128,893,000 Average 1910-13 9,671,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 Barley 1910 1,286,611 22.42 28,846,425 47.69 0.48 151,811,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 48.41 0.42 20,144,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.41 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.46 0.66 1,524,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.47 0.83 1,679,300						0.00	174 600 000
All wheat.						1.24	117 910 000
1911 11,100,673 20.80 230,924,000 59.42 0.64 148,123,000 1912 10,996,700 20.38 224,159,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 19.51 204,712,000 59.65 0.66 135,801,000 19.11 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 35.46 0.36 132,949,000 19.13 10,434,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 128,893,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.45 0.34 118,387,000 1914 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 1912 1,581,300 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 1912 127,000 1912 127,000 19.28 2,300,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 1913 1,1910 13,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.47 0.83 1,679,300 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	Average1910 10	3,110,000	10.20	102,410,000	09.00	0.04	117,210,000
1911 11,100,673 20.80 230,924,000 59.42 0.64 148,123,000 1912 10,996,700 20.38 224,159,000 59.02 0.62 139,090,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 19.51 204,712,000 59.65 0.66 135,801,000 19.11 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 35.46 0.36 132,949,000 19.13 10,434,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 128,893,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.45 0.34 118,387,000 1914 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 1912 1,581,300 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 1912 127,000 1912 127,000 19.28 2,300,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 1913 1,1910 13,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.47 0.83 1,679,300 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	All wheat1910	8.863.151	14.89	132.048.782	59.77	0.75	99,530,000
1912 10,996,700 20,38 224,159,000 59,02 0.62 139,090,000 1914 10,293,900 15.67 161,280,000 59.49 1.22 196,418,000 19.51 204,712,000 59.65 0.66 135,801,000 19.51 204,712,000 19.51 204,712,000 19.51 204,712,000 19.51 204,712,000 20.66 135,801,000 20.66 135,801,000 20.66					59.42	0.64	148,123,000
1913; 11,015,000						0.62	139,090,000
Average						0.67	156,462,000
Oats 1910 8,652,015 28.14 243,506,292 36.08 0.35 85,402,000 1911 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 34.65 0.36 132,949,000 1912 9,966,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1913 10,434,000 38.78 404,669,000 36.48 0.32 128,893,000 Average 1910-13 9,671,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 Barley 1910 1,286,611 22.42 28,846,425 47.69 0.48 13,976,000 1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 48.41 0.42 20,144,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000				161,280,000	59.49	1.22	196,418,000
1911 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 34.65 0.36 132,949,000 39.29 391,629,000 36.48 0.32 126,304,000 39.14 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 363,246,000 363,246,000	Average 1910-13	10,494,000	19.51	204,712,000	59.65	0.66	135,801,000
1911 9,630,760 37.92 365,179,000 34.65 0.36 132,949,000 39.29 391,629,000 36.48 0.32 126,304,000 39.14 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 363,246,000 363,246,000	Oota 1910	8 859 A15	28 14	243 506 202	36.08	0.25	85 402 000
1912 9,966,000 39.29 391,629,000 35.40 0.32 126,304,000 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.48 0.32 128,893,000 Average 1910-13 9,671,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1911 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1914 1,495,600 29.96 48,319,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300						0.00	
1913 10,434,000 38.78 404,669,000 36.48 0.32 128,893,000 31.12 313,078,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 Average 1910-13 9,671,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 32 128,893,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 35.65 0.45 0.56 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.45 0.24,704,000 35.65 0.24,704,000 35.24,704,000 35.24,704,000 35.24,704,000 35.24,704,000 35.24,704,000 35.24,70						0.30	126 304 000
Average 1914 10,061,500 31.12 313,078,000 35.31 0.48 151,811,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 37.0		10 434 000	38 78	404 669 000	36.48	0.02	128 893 000
Average 1910-13 9,671,000 36.32 351,246,000 35.65 0.34 118,387,000 Barley 1910 1,286,611 22.42 28,846,425 47.69 0.56 24,704,000 1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 48.41 0.42 20,144,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Average 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.47 0.83 1,679,300 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	1914	10,061,500	31 12	313 078 000	35 31	0.02	151.811.000
Barley 1910 1,286,611 22.42 28,846,425 47.69 0.48 13,976,000 1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 48.41 0.42 20,144,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 54.84 0.72 1,755,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300							
1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.47 0.76 1,899,700 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	_			, ,		0.01	, ,
1911 1,521,694 29.19 44,415,000 46.97 0.56 24,704,000 1912 1,581,300 31.24 49,398,000 47.59 0.45 22,354,000 49.1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 47.67 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 55.48 40.72 1,755,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	Barley1910	1,286,611				0.48	13,976,000
1913 1,613,000 29.96 48,319,000 48.41 0.42 20,144,000 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Average 1910-13 1,501,000 28.48 42,745,000 47.67 0.47 20,295,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 54.84 0.72 1,755,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	1911	1,521,694				0.56	
Rye 1914 1,495,600 24.21 36,201,000 47.22 0.60 21,557,000 Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 54.84 0.72 1,755,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300							
Average							
Rye 1910 114,343 13.44 1,536,635 55.72 0.68 1,045,000 1911 131,240 18.99 2,492,000 55.11 0.76 1,899,700 1912 127,000 19.11 2,428,000 54.84 0.72 1,755,000 1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300	1914	1,495,600					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Average1910-13	1,501,000	28.48	42,745,000	47.67	0.47	20,295,000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Rve1910	114,343	13.44	1,536,635	55.72	0.68	1.045.000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
1913 119,300 19.28 2,300,000 55.66 0.66 1,524,000 1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300						0.72	
1914 111,280 18.12 2,016,800 55.47 0.83 1,679,300					55.66		
	1914			2,016,800	55.47	0.00	1 - ''
	Average 1910-13	123,000	17.80	2,190,000	55.33		

PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Canada—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Peas1910	355,262	13.50	4,808,145	58.73	0.87	4,177,900
1911	294,750		4,666,000			4,766,600
1912	259,550	15.07	3,913,000		1.26	4,944,400
1913 ₁ 1914 ₁		18.05 17.64	3,951,800	60.00		4,382,000
Average $\dots 1910-13$	283,000		3,362,500 4,335,000			4,895,000 4,568,000
Average1910-19	200,000	10.02	4,555,000	50.60	1.05	1,000,000
Beans1910	46,149	17.89	825,648	59.81	1.72	1,417,000
1911	52,896	19.41	1,026,800			1,979,000
1912	52,560	$17.51 \\ 17.19$	920,500	59.05	2.18	2,008,000
1913 1914	46,600 $43,830$	18.20	800,900 $797,500$		$\frac{1.88}{2.31}$	1,505,000 1,844,300
Average1910-13	50,000					1,727,000
7						
Buckwheat 1910 1911	361,871	$19.90 \\ 22.72$	7,200,284	47.83	0.57	4,095,000
1911	371,560 $398,700$	$\frac{22.72}{26.38}$	$8,441,000 \\ 10,517,000$		$\begin{array}{c} 0.64 \\ 0.62 \end{array}$	5,422,000 6,544,000
1913	380,700	21.99	8,372,000	50.32	0.64	5,320,000
1914	354,400	24.34	8,626,000		0.72	6,213,000
Average1910-13	378,000	22.83	8,633,000	48 27	0.62	5,345,000
Mixed grains1910	430,703	30.59	13,176,792	45.45	0.51	6,714,000
1911	525,224	29.91	15,712,000		0.61	9,531,000
1912	496,500		17,198,000	44.48		10,194,000
1913	473,800	33.33	15,792,000		0.55	8,685,000
1914 Arranaga 1010 12	463,300	$35.36 \\ 32.10$			$0.66 \\ 0.57$	10,759,400 8,781,000
$Average \dots 1910-13$	482,000	32.10	15,470,000	44.94	0.57	
Flax	582,326	7.29	4,244,566			8,778,000
1911	878,872	11.46	10,075,500		1.51	15,130,000
1912 1913	2,021,900 1,552,800	$\frac{12.92}{11.30}$	26,130,000 $17,539,000$	$54.88 \\ 55.79$	$0.90 \\ 0.97$	23,608,000 17,084,000
1914	1,084,000		7,175,200		1.03	7,368,000
Average1910-13	1,259,000		14,497,000			16,150,000
Corn for husking 1910	293,775	48.75	14,321,833	57.14	0.53	7,667,500
1911	$\tilde{3}21,875$	59.60	19,185,000	50.31	0.64	12,357,000
1912	298,190	56.84	16,949,700	55.67	0.62	10,540,700
1913	278,140		16,772,600	56.27	0.64	10,784,300
1914	256,000	54.39	13,924,000		0.71	9,808,000
Average1910-13	298,000	56.39	16,807,000	54.85	0.62	10,337,000
Potatoes1910	465,903	119.36	55,609,883	_	0.46	25,832,000
1911	479,211	148.66	71,238,000	-	0.59	42,359,000
1912	484,000		84,885,000	-	$\begin{array}{c} 0.44 \\ 0.49 \end{array}$	37,329,000 38,418,000
1913 1914	473,500 $475,900$	165.88 180.02	78,544,000 85,672,000		$0.49 \\ 0.49$	41.598,000
Average1910-13:	476,000		72,569,000		0.50	35,985,000
G	′ -	1				

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Aver- age price per bush.	Total Value.
Canada—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Turnips, mangolds,	110105.	Duoi.	Dabii.		*	•
etc1910	177,423	290.84	51,602,057		0.23	11,697,000
1911	207,861	377.64	78,497,000	-	0.24	19,069,000
1912	198,200	403.71	80,016,000		$0.24 \\ 0.28$	
1913 1914	186,400 175,000	$358.30 \\ 394.30$	66,788,000 69,003,000		$0.28 \\ 0.27$	18,643,000 18,934,000
Average1910-13	192,000	360.55	69,226,000		0.25	
117014801010	102,000		00,220,000		Per	1
		Tons.	Tons.		Ton.	
Hay and clover1910	8,281,932	1.36	11,303,609			111,305,000
$ \begin{array}{r} 1911 \\ 1912 \end{array} $	8,617,251	$\begin{array}{c} 1.62 \\ 1.46 \end{array}$	13,989,000 12,117,000			162,846,000 134,338,000
1912	8,276,000 8,169,000	1.33	10,859,000	_		124,696,000
1914	7,997,000	1.28	10,259,000	_		145,999,000
Average 1910-13	8,336,000	1.45	12,067,000		11.05	133,296,000
70.13	004.000	0.10	0.709.900		4 70	10 707 500
Fodder corn1910 1911	294,009 294,238	$\frac{9.19}{9.08}$	2,703,399 $2,671,200$		$\frac{4.70}{4.87}$	12,707,500 13,014,200
1911	299,390	10.15	3,037,500	_	4.93	14,977,000
1913	303,650	8.62	2,616,300		4.78	
1914	317,000	10.25	3,251,480		4.91	15,949,700
Average1910-13	298,000	9.25	2,757,000	-	4.83	13,305,000
Sugar beets1910	17,045	11.03	188,000	_	5.83	1,096,000
1911	20,677	8.46	175,000		6.59	1,154,000
1912	18,900	10.63	201,000	- ,	5.00	
1913	17,000	8.71	148,000		6.12	906,000
1914 Average1910–13	12,100 18,000	$\frac{8.98}{9.89}$	108,600 178,000		5.99 5.84	
_	10,000	9.09	110,000		0.01	1,040,000
Alfalfa1910	56,818	2.07	117,601	_	10.16	
1911	96,890	2.35	227,750		$\begin{array}{c} 11.51 \\ 12.00 \end{array}$	2,622,500
1912 1913	$100,660 \\ 93,560$	$\frac{2.84}{2.54}$	$285,700 \\ 237,770$		11.85	$3,429,000 \\ 2,819,200$
1914	90,315	2.42	218,360	1 1	14.17	3,095,600
Average1910-13			217,000		11.60	
P. E. Island—		Bush.	Bush.		Per Bush.	
Spring wheat 1910	28,721	17.45	501,295	60.00	0.96	481,000
1911	30,953	19.26	596,000		0.99	590,000
1912	32,000	18.39	582,000	58.93	0.96	
1913	32,000	19.62	628,000		1.00	628,000
1914 Avrono go 1010 12	32,000	25.28 18.61	809,000 577,000		1.04	841,000
Average1910-13	31,000	18.01	577,000	59.45	0.98	565,000
Oats1910	181,636	28.69	5,211,588		0.37	1,928,000
1911	179,068	29.80	5,336,000		0.43	2,294,000
$ \begin{array}{r} 1912 \\ 1913 \end{array} $	180,000 180,000	$40.77 \\ 34.13$	7,358,000 6,143,000		$0.43 \\ 0.37$	3,164,000
1914	183,000	41.51	7,596,000		$0.37 \\ 0.48$	$2,273,000 \ 3,646,000$
Average1910-13	180,000		6,012,000		0.40	2,415,000
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PRODUCTION

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

Total Value.	\$65,000 73,000 94,000 65,000 76,000	600 600 7,3,9,300 7,400 7,400	26,000 45,000 64,000 42,000 60,000 44,000	91,000 134,000 174,000 174,000 202,000 137,000	1,387,000 2,009,000 1,753,000 1,741,600 1,565,000 1,723,000	539,000 780,000 754,000 966,000 783,000 760,000	2,160,000 3,161,000 2,884,000 3,658,000 4,355,000 2,966,000
Aver- age price per bush.	* 0.52 0.62 0.65 0.64	0.90 1.17 1.14 1.69 2.00 1.25	0.60 0.61 0.64 0.70 0.62	0.40 0.50 0.48 0.48 0.56	0.38	0.18 0.21 0.24 0.22 0.22	Ton. 8.30 10.68 11.64 10.76 13.04
Weight per meas- ured bush.	Lb. 48.32 47.14 47.75 48.76 47.33	58	47.33 46.55 47.67 47.33 47.33	42.73 42.15 44.35 46.04 53.93	11111	1111	1 1 1 1 1
Total Yield.	Bush. 114,430 118,000 145,000 111,000 119,000	2,000 2,000 1,600 1,600 1,600	43,600 74,000 100,000 65,000 86,000 71,000	227,374 267,000 355,000 308,000 360,000 289,000	4,202,525 5,581,000 6,741,000 6,219,000 6,806,000 5,686,000	2,992,784 3,714,000 3,590,000 4,024,000 3,560,000 3,580,000	Tons. 260,234 296,000 248,000 346,000 334,000 286,000
Yield per acre.	Bush. 23.46 25.67 32.04 27.73 31.25 26.52	18.49 20.00 22.33 20.25 40.00 21.92	17.90 26.75 36.83 24.00 32.91 26.79	34.66 35.29 45.83 39.50 45.75 39.05	137.30 182.15 206.39 194.33 212.70 179.94	458.80 477.57 440.75 503.04 450.58 471.05	Tons. 1.21 1.39 1.28 1.79 1.74
Area.	Acres. 4,878 4,615 5,000 4,000 3,800 4,600	38888	2,436 2,765 2,700 2,600 2,650	6,559 7,569 7,700 7,860 7,400	30,607 33,000 32,000 32,000 31,600	6,523 7,776 8,000 7,900 7,600	215,083 213,193 194,000 190,000 192,000 203,000
Crops.	P. E. Island—con. Barley1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	Peas1910 1911 1912 1913 1913 Average1910-13	Buckwheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1913 Average1910-13	Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1913 Average1910-13	Turnips, mangolds, etc1910 1911 1912 1913 Average1910-13	Hay and clover1910 1911 1912 1913 Average1910-13

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AGRICULTURE.

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of Principal Field Crops in Canada, $1910\text{-}1914\text{--}\mathrm{con.}$

			-:			
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
D. D. I. I	Acres.	Tons.	Tons.	Lb.	\$	\$
P. E. Island—con.	191	9.70	1,761		2.00	3,500
Fodder Corn1910 1911	283	$\frac{9.70}{10.12}$	$\frac{1,701}{3,000}$		$\frac{2.00}{3.00}$	9,000
1912	200 300	6.00	1,600		4.00	6,000
1912	300; 300;	11.20	3,400		$\frac{4.00}{2.50}$	8,500
1913	270	9.00	2,400		4.00	9,600
Average1910-13	270 270	8.89	2,400 $2,400$		2.83	6,800
Alfalfa1910	$_2$	2.00	4	_	10.80	40
1911	85	$2 \cdot 50$	200	` -	10.00	2,000
1912	90	2.63	22 0		10.00	2,000
1913	90	3.00	270	_	11.00	3,000
1914	<u> </u>		-		_	 .
Average1910-13	7 0 _i	2.50	175	_	10.05 Per	1,760
Nova Scotia—		Bush.	\mathbf{Bush} .		Bush.	
Spring wheat1910	12,152	18.29	222,285			249,000
1911	13,409		282,000	58.00		310,000
1912	13,000		265,0 00			286,000
1913	13,000		267,000	59.04		304,000
1914	12,000	21.87	262,000		1.25	328,000
Average1910–13	12,900	20.08	259,000	58.90	1.10	287,000
Oats1910	96,177	30.92	2,973,769	35.03	0.49	1,457,000
1911	101 ,010	29.24	2,454,000		0.53	1,301,000
1912	100,000	32.53	3,267,000	33.41	0.53	1,732,000
1913	101,500		3,291,000		0.53	1,747,000
1914	101,800	34.00	3,461,000		0.61	2,111,000
Average1910-13	99,700		2,996,000	34.09	0.52	1,559,000
Barley1910	5,348	26.59	142,223	48.67	0.77	110,000
1911	5,551	25.77	143,000	47.75	0.76	109,000
1912	5,000	27.22	143,000		0.77	110,000
1913	5,000		134,000	48.59	0.75	101,000
1914	4,800		138,000			116,000
Average1910-13	5,200	27.12	141,000	48.27	0.76	107,500
Rye 1910	349		5,367			5,000
1911	315	16.00	5,000	54.00		4,700
1912	300		5,000	55.20	0.82	4,000
1913	300		8,000			8,000
1914	280		5,000		1.05	5,300
Average1910-13	300	19.33	5,800	56.01	0.93	5,400
Peas1910	106		1,873	60.13		3,000
1911	210		5,000	58.62		7,300
1912	200		5,000			9,000
1913	200		6,700		1.85	12,000
1914	190		4,200		2.04	8,600
Average1910-13	180	25.56	4,600	59.64	1.70	7,800

PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Nova Scotia—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Beans1910	730	16.78	12,251	59.60	2.29	28,000
1911	945		21,000		2.03	43,000
1912	900	26.95	24,000	59.73	2.51	60,000
1913	900		22,000	59.09	2.40	53,000
1914	840	22.00	18,500	59.77		55,000
Average1910-13	870	22.76	19,800	5 9.23	$2.32_{_{ }}$	46,000
Buckwheat1910	9,536	21.60	206,005	47.85	0.64	132,000
1911	11,811		258,000	45.60	0.65	168,000
1912	11,000	26.27	296,000	47.72	0.65	192,000
1913	11,000	25.21	277,000	46.83	0.66°	183,000
1914	10,000	25.94	259,000	48.05	0.72	186.000
$\mathbf{Average.} \dots 1910 13$	10,800	23.98	259,000	47.00	0.65	169,000
Mixed grains1910	2,420	32.38	78,369	44.32	0.60°	47,000
1911	4,359	29.34	128,000	43.96	0.67	86,000
1912	4,000	34.70	150,000	44.10	0.68	102,000
1913	4,000	35.65	143,000	43.35	0.65	93,000
1914	3,900	37.18	145,000	43.45	0.71	103,000
$\textbf{Average.} \dots 1910 13 $	3,700	33.78	125,000	43.94	0.66	82,000
Corn for husking 1910	64	41.93	2,684	50.33	0.69	2,000
1911	137	35.00	5,000	54.66	0.66	3,300
1912	130	58.50	7,000	58,33	0.84	6,000
1913	100	27.50	3,000	55.00	0.69	2,000
$\begin{array}{c} 1914 \\ \text{Average}1910-13 \end{array}$	108	40.74	$\frac{-}{4,400}$	54.58	0.75	3,300
				01.00		,
Potatoes1910	30,802	116.30	3,581,757	-	0.40	1,433,000
1911	30,686	183.83	5,641,000	-	0.50	2,821,000
1912	32,000		9,447,000 $5,369,000$	- 	$egin{array}{c} 0.47 \ 0.52 \end{array}$	4,440,000 $2,792,000$
1913 1914	$\frac{32,000}{32,500}$	167.79 220.45	7,165,000	_	$0.32 \\ 0.49$	3,511,000
Average1910-13	31,400	191.40	6,010,000	_	0.48	2,872,000
Turnips, mangolds,	01,100	101.10.	0,020,000		0.10	- , 3, 3
etc 1910	9,526	365.15	3,478,442	-	0.26	904,000
1911	11,757	426.06	5,010,000	- - -	0.33	1,653,000
1912	12,000	475.54	5,606,000	-	0.34	1,906,000
1913	12,000	390.06	4,681,000	-	0.36	1,685,000
1914	9,000	387,42	3,487,000	-	0.38	1,325,000
Average1910-13	11,300	415.39	4,694,000	-	0.33 Per	1,537,000
		Tons.	Tons.		Ton.	
Hay and clover 1910	542,007	1.34	724,393	-	9.70	7,027,000
1911	528,838	1.71	904,000	-	11.77	10,640,000
1912	521,000	1.58	823,000	- 1	12.82	10,545,000
1019	531,000	1.65	876,000	_	11.57	10,135,000
1913				1	14 50	14 106 000
$ \begin{array}{r} 1913 \\ 1914 \\ Average 1910-13 \end{array} $	518,000 531,000	1.89 1.57	979,000 832,000	-	$14.50 \\ 11.52$	14,196,000 9,587,000

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, $1910\text{-}1914\text{-}\mathrm{con}.$

<u> </u>						
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
Nova Scotia—con.	Acres.	Tons.	Tons.	Lb.	\$	\$
Fodder corn 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	561 644 600 600 520 600	7.67	5,205 4,000 5,300 4,000 4,000 4,600	_	6.33 6.80 5.00 4.88 6.00 5.87	33,000 27,200 27,000 19,500 24,000 27,000
Alfalfa	10 31 30 30 30 25	$3.00 \\ 3.50 \\ 3.75$	25 100 100 100 60 80	- - -	9.76 10.00 12.00 14.00 14.00 11.56 Per	300 1,000 1,000 1,400 800 925
New Brunswick— Spring wheat 1910	13,384 13,897 13,000 13,000 12,600 13,300	20.39	Bush. 203,355 283,000 236,000 269,000 234,000 248,000	59.75 56.62 59.31 59.70	Bush. 1.13 1.07 0.75 1.12 1.30 1.02	230,000 303,000 177,000 301,000 304,000 253,000
Oats	201,140 207,408 195,000 195,000 200,000 200,000	28.86 28.81 30.49 32.44	5,538,796 5,986,000 5,607,000 5,946,000 6,488,000 5,769,000	36.00 35.91 34.20 34.43 35.48	0.45 0.50 0.53 0.51 0.59 0.50	2,492,000 2,993,000 2,972,000 3,032,000 3,828,000 2,872,000
Barley	2,603 2,791 2,700 2,500 2,400 2,650	21.80 28.16 27.42 29.64 26.81 26.79	56,758 79,000 74,000 74,000 64,000 71,000	46.30 46,88 48.21 47.95	$egin{array}{c} 0.67 \\ 0.41 \\ 0.66 \\ 0.69 \\ 1.14 \\ 0.61 \\ \end{array}$	38,000 32,000 49,000 51,000 73,000 43,000
Peas	429 701 600 500 460 560	15.31 24.00 16.14 21.30 20.70 19.64	6,569 17,000 10,000 11,000 10,000 11,000	53.88 59.46 59.85	1.26 1.39 1.53 1.49 1.36 1.45	8,000 24,000 15,000 16,000 14,000
Beans	250 366 300 300 290 300	$\begin{array}{c} 21.75 \\ 19.25 \\ 14.33 \\ 20.82 \end{array}$	4,514 8,000 6,500 4,300 6,000 5,800	58.42	2.36 2.33 2.84 2.46 2.89 2.55	11,000 19,000 18,000 11,000 17,300 14,800

PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
New Brunswick—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Buckwheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	58,366 65,491 64,000 64,000 63,800 63,000	19.70 26.44 24.36 27.85 26.43 24.71	1,732,000	47.67 47.14 48.10 47.76	$0.57 \\ 0.62 \\ 0.54$	609,000 987,000 969,000 962,000 1,028,000 882,000
Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	724 1,129 1,000 1,000 950 965	30.30 30.33	28,000	45.18 43.67 42.30 40.92	0.59 0.73 0.59 0.65	12,000 21,000 21,000 18,000 19,000 18,000
Corn for husking. 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	63 75 60 40	12.00	1,524 1,000 700 1,600	<u> </u>	0.97 0.65 1.00 0.80	1,500 700 700 1,300
Average1910-13	60	20.00	1,200	-	0.88	1,050
Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	40,319 41,147 43,000 43,500 43,900 42,000		5,228,269 8,826,000 7,558,000 10,629,000 10,534,000 8,060,000	-	$egin{array}{c} 0.44 \\ 0.52 \\ 0.42 \\ 0.44 \\ 0.40 \\ 0.46 \\ \end{array}$	2,300,000 4,590,000 3,174,000 4,677,000 4,214,000 3,685,000
Turnips, man-						
golds, etc1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	8,578 9,748 10,000 9,000 8,400	$371.73 \\ 289.96$	2,675,383 4,060,000 2,721,000 3,346,000 2,436,000	-	0.26 0.34 0.32 0.38 0.35	696,000 1,380,000 871,000 1,271,000 853,000
Average1910-13	9,300	344.19 Tons.	3,201,000 Tons.	-	0.33 Per Ton.	1,055,000
Hay and clover 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	625,911 635,446 602,000 577,000 571,000	1.07 1.42 1.48 1.21 1.36	669,528 902,000 891,000 698,000 777,000	- - -	8.56 8.13 10.12 10.91 12.47	5,731,000 7,333,000 9,018,000 7,615,000 9,689,000
Average1910-13	610,000	1.30	790,000	-	9.21	7,274,000
Fodder corn 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	235 215 190 150 120 200	9.85 8.25 7.30 11.00 4.00 9.25	2,315 2,000 1,400 1,700 480 1,850	- - - -	4.66 4.00 6.13 3.00 6.00 4.32	11,000 8,000 8,000 5,000 3,000 8,000

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, $1910\text{-}1914\text{--}\mathrm{con}.$

		<u> </u>				
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
New Brunswick—con.	Acres.	Tons.	Tons.	Lb.	\$	\$
Alfalfa	83 116 140 140	$egin{array}{c} {f 1.20} \ {f 3.00} \ {f 2.00} \ {f 3.00} \ \end{array}$	100 450 280 400	_	$\begin{array}{c} 9.58 \\ 10.00 \\ 10.00 \\ 12.00 \end{array}$	1,000 4,500 3,000 4,800
1914 Average 1910-13	135 120	$\begin{array}{c} 2.25 \\ 2.58 \end{array}$	300 310	_	$9.25 \\ 10.64$	2,800 3,300
Quebec-		Bush.	Bush.		Per	
Spring wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	61,143 68,999 60,000 58,000 55,000 62,000	14.85 17.73 16.17 18.17 18.00 16.77	907,991 1,223,000 974,000 1,054,000 990,000 1,040,000	59.36 57.96 59.71 59.65	$egin{array}{c} 1.18 \\ 1.18 \\ 1.21 \\ 1.35 \\ \end{array}$	1,090,000 1,443,000 1,149,000 1,275,000 1,337,000 1,239,000
Oats	1,387,961 1,430,209 1,296,000 1,303,000 1,327,000 1,354,000	24.30 26.22 25.86 29.95 31.74 26.55	33,734,172 37,500,000 33,516,000 39,025,000 42,119,600 35,944,000	35.65 33.93 36.85 37.06	$0.53 \\ 0.54 \\ 0.48 \\ 0.58$	14,843,000 19,875,000 18,099,000 18,732,000 24,429,000 17,887,000
Barley	101,728 99,762 94,000 89,000 85,000 96,000	23.38 22.76 23.69 25.43 26.60 23.80	2,378,372 2,271,000 2,226,000 2,263,000 2,261,000 2,285,000	47.71 46.95 48.46 48.98	0.78 0.79 0.77 0.86	1,689,000 1,771,000 1,759,000 1,743,000 1,944,000 1,741,000
Rye	$11,099 \\ 12,735 \\ 11,000 \\ 10,000 \\ \cdot 9,000 \\ 11,200$	15.72 15.44 15.60 17.30	173,000 156,000 156,000	55.67 53.57 54.50 55.11	$egin{array}{ccc} 1 & 01 \\ 0.95 \\ 1.06 \\ 1.09 \end{array}$	139,000 202,000 164,000 165,000 170,000 168.000
Peas	30,303 32,507 30,000 26,000 24,000 30,000	15.91 15.11 17.34 18.00	517,000 449,000 451,000 432,000	60.58 53.96 61.03 61.63	$egin{array}{c} 1.37 \\ 2.03 \\ 1.97 \\ 2.35 \end{array}$	531,000 708,000 911,000 888,000 1,015,000 760,000
Beans	4,196 6,065 5,000 5,000 4,700	18.25 17.14 15.59 19.35 18.87	76,582 $114,000$ $84,000$ $97,000$ $89,000$	59 84 60.57 57.31 60.16 60.87	$\begin{array}{c} 1.97 \\ 1.97 \\ 2.55 \\ 2.31 \\ 2.70 \end{array}$	151,000 225,000 214,000 224,000 240,000 204,000

PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas-ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Quebeccon.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Buckwheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	124,220 112,880 117,000 110,000 102,000 116,000	18.87 22.57 26.44 23.27 24.28 23.00	$\begin{array}{c} 2,468,479 \\ 2,548,000 \\ 3,094,000 \\ 2,560,000 \\ 2,477,000 \\ 2,668,000 \end{array}$	47.33 47.27 47.88 48.60	$0.74 \\ 0.73 \\ 0.75 \\ 0.83$	1,629,000 1,886,000 2,259,000 1,920,000 2,056,000 1,924,000
Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	94,237 114,347 104,000 101,000 99,000 103,000	23.26 25.58 26.74 28.39 30.00 26.13	2,192,770 $2,925,000$ $2,783,000$ $2,867,000$ $2,970,000$ $2,692,000$	45.74 44.21 46.56 46.95	0.69 0.67 0.66	1,338,000 2,018,000 1,864,000 1,892,000 2,287,000 1,778,000
Flax	1,361 1,146 900 800 700 1,050	9.80 11.31 9.66 10.84 11.70 10.47	13,350 13,000 9,000 9,000 8,200 11,000	53.81 53.07 55.10 54.48	1.76 1.95 1.93	28,000 22,000 15,000 18,000 16,000 20,800
Corn for husking 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	18,802 23,473 19,000 18,000 17,000 19,800	30.60 30.30 24.47 32.58 30.24 29.65	575,360 712,000 476,000 586,000 514,000 587,000	55.13 55.71 55.88 56.65	1.01 1.03 1.00	518,000 719,000 490,000 586,000 555,000 578,000
Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	124,598 124,381 116,000 116,000 115,000 120,000	126.73	15,547,671 15,763,000 15,945,000 20,504,000 21,811,000 16,940,000	- - -	$egin{array}{c} 0.44 \\ 0.67 \\ 0.35 \\ 0.46 \\ 0.42 \\ 0.48 \end{array}$	6,841,000 10,561,000 5,580,000 9,432,000 9,161,000 8,104,000
Turnips, mangolds, etc	13,697 13,543 12,000 11,000 10,500 12,600	$\begin{array}{c} 251.60 \\ 298.56 \\ 328.20 \end{array}$	5,056,798 3,943,000 3,056,000 3,284,000 3,446,000 3,835,000	- - -	0.35 0.37 0.28 0.36 0.37 0.34	1,770,000 1,459,000 856,000 1,182,000 1,275,000 1,317,000
Hay and clover 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	3,224,122 3,294,230 3,108,000 3,014,000 2,979,000 3,160,000	Tons. 1.46 1.90 1.22 1.35 1.20 1.49	Tons. 4,726,694 6,260,000 3,792,000 4,069,000 3,575,000 4,712,000	- - - -	Per Ton. 9.29 10.17 9.36 12.08 14.88 10.20	43,911,000 63,664,000 35,492,000 49,154,000 53,196,000 49,055,000

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per ton.	Total Value.
A 1	Acres.	Tons.	Tons.	Lb.	\$	\$
Quebec—con.	,					
Fodder corn 1910	41.082	9.17	377,014	-	4.77	1,798,000
1911	37,155	8.75	325,000		4.80	1,560,000
1912	34,000		254,000		3.79	962,000
1913	34,000	7.50	255,000	_	5.20	1,326,000
1914	33,000	7.18	237,0 00	-	6.40	1,517,000
Average 1910-13.	36,600	8.28	303,000	-	4.66	1,412,000
Alfalfa1910	4.044	1.61	6,520		7.45	49,000
1911	3,634	3.75	14,000	-	9.63	135,000
1912	3,500	2.75	9,700	- -	9.00	87,000
1913	3,000	2.11	6,300		8.30	52,000
1914	2,950	2.06	6,000	- [13 43	81,000
Average, 1910-13	3,500	2.57	9,000	-	9.00	81,000
	1				Per	
Ontario—		Bush .	Bush.	i	Bush.	
Fall wheat 1910	759,916	23.50	17,863,306	59.94	0.88	15,720,000
1911	832,889	20.95	17,449,000	61.61	0.87	15,180,000
1912	735,000	20-63	15,163,000	60.53	0.92	13,950,000
1913	739,000	23.91	17,669,000	60.16	0.85	15,019,000
1914	727,400	21.51	15,646,000	59,77	1.08	16,898,000
Average1910-13	767,000	22.21	17,036,000	60.56	0.88	14,967,000
Spring wheat1910	110,439	17.92	1,979,325	59.87	0.89	1,762,000
1911	135,538	17.25	2,338,000	58.33	0.90	2,104,000
1912	120,000	18.77	2,258,000	57,93	0.88	1,987,000
1913	111,000	19.66	2,182,000	59.33	0.86	1,877,000
1914	107,000	18.80	2,012,000	59.05	1.07	2,153,000
Average1910-13	119,000	18.39	2,189,000	58.87	0 88	1,933,000
All wheat 1910	870,355	22.80	19,842,631	59.93	0.88	17,482,000
1911	968,427	20.43	19,787,000	61.22	0.87	17,284,000
1912	855,000	20.38	$17,421,000^{\circ}$	60.19	0.91	15,937,000
1913	850,000	$23 \ 35$	19,851,000	60.07	0.85°	16,896,000
1914	834,400	21.16	17,658,000	59.50	1.07_{\pm}	19,051,000
Average1910–13	886,000	21.70	19,225,000	60.35	0.88	16,900,000
Oats 1910.	2,871,288	30.97	88,946,041	34.92	0.36	32,021,000
1911	2,806,203	30.24	84,860,000	31.57	0.45	38,187,000
1912	2,785,000	34,85	97,053,000	34.38	0.41	39,792,000
1913	2,814,000	37.37	105,159,000	34 .08	0.38_{-}	39,960,000
1914	2,840,000	35.00	99,400,000	34.07	0.49	48,706,000
Average1910–13	2,819,000	33 .35	94,005,000	33.74	0.40	37,490,000
Barley1910	503,129	27 . 93	14,055,327	47 .89	0.53	7,449,000
1911	519,967	26.39	13,722,000	46,18	0.70!	9,605,000
1010	512,000	29 49	15,093,000	47.45	0.61	9,207,000
1912		134. 6.6.	14 500,000			
1913	485,000	30.08	14,589,000	48.08	0.56	8,170,000
	485,000 461,000 505,000	$30.08 \\ 30.34 \\ 28.45$	14,389,000 13,987,000 14,365,000	47.83 47.40	0.56	8,170,000

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PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Ontario—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Rye1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	92,731 96,751 93,000 85,000 78,000	18.43	1,232,493 1,728,000 1,711,000 1,567,000 1,341,000	55.00 55.70 55.76	0.66 0.78 0.75 0.69 0.85	813,000 1,348,000 1,283,000 1,081,000 1,140,000
Average1910-13	92,000	16.96	1,560,000	55.60	0.73	1,131,000
Peas	321,996 258,461 226,000 190,000 179,000 249,000	13.38 15.69 14.95 18.06 16.00 15.23	4,311,133 4,055,000 3,374,000 3,431,000 2,864,000 3,793,000	55.35 58.95 59.31 59.88	$egin{array}{c} 0.83 \\ 0.97 \\ 1.16 \\ 0.99 \\ 1.32 \\ 0.98 \\ \end{array}$	3,578,000 3,933,000 3,914,000 3,397,000 3,780,000 3,706,000
Beans	40,626 45,130 46,000 40,000 38,000 43,000	17.80 19.40 17.57 16.74 18.00 17.86	726,955 876,000 801,000 670,000 684,000 768,000	59.48 61.27 59.17 59.88	1.67 1.91 2.13 1.79 2.24 1.89	1,214,000 1,673,000 1,706,000 1,199,000 1,532,000 1,448,000
Buckwheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	167,313 178,613 204,000 193,000 176,000 186,000	19.91 21.44 26.74 19.11 23.40 22.19	3,332,216 3,829,000 5,464,000 3,688,000 4,118,000 4,128,000	48.05 47.18 48.29 47.46 47.83	$egin{array}{c} 0.51 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.56 \\ 0.60 \\ 0.70 \\ 0.56 \\ \end{array}$	1,699,000 2,336,000 3,060,000 2,213,000 2,883,000 2,327,000
Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	323,329 389,366 371,000 352,000 344,000 359,000	32.75 31.04 36.54 34.37 36.66 33.65	10,590,756 12,086,000 13,556,000 12,098,000 12,611,000 12,083,000	44.67 43.17 46.96 43.53 44.58	0.49 0.59 0.58 0.53 0.63 0.55	5,189,000 7,131,000 7,862,000 6,412,000 7,945,000 6,649,000
Flax	8,780 8,790 9,000 7,000 5,300	16.70 23.38 15.76	143,000 164,000 84,000	52.82 53.56 55.78	1.64 1.89 1.62 1.39	136,000 234,000 231,000 228,000 143,000
Average1910-13	8,400	15.23	128,000	52.88	1.62	207,000
Corn for husking1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	274,846 298,190 279,000 260,000 239,000 278,000	61.93 59.06 62.24 56.11	13,742,265 18,467,000 16,466,000 16,182,000 13,410,000 16,214,000	55.47 55.50 56.75 56.22	$egin{array}{c} 0.52 \\ 0.63 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.63 \\ 0.69 \\ 0.60 \\ \hline \end{array}$	7,146,000 11,634,000 10,044,000 10,195,000 9,253,000 9,755,000

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, $1910\text{-}1914\text{--}\mathrm{con}.$

Yield.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Ontario-con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	158,363 156,990 158,000 152,000 154,000 156,000	109.21 102.19 143.90 119.11 167.35 118.80	17,295,370 16,043,000 22,690,000 18,105,000 25,772,000 18,533,000	- -	$\begin{array}{c} 0.46 \\ 0.80 \\ 0.59 \\ 0.65 \\ 0.47 \\ 0.62 \end{array}$	7,956,000 12,834,000 13,387,000 11,768,000 12,113,000 11,486,000
Turnips, mangolds, etc	132,529 138,735 130,000 121,000 114,000 131,000	267.92 384.00 436.25 362.94 430.31 361.63	35,505,868 53,274,000 56,795,000 43,916,000 49,055,000 47,373,000	_ _	0.20 0.19 0.19 0.22 0.21 0.20 Per	7,101,000 10,122,000 10,791,000 9,662,000 10,302,000 9,419,000
Hay and Clover1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	3,216,154 3,445,907 3,337,000 3,312,000 3,171,000 3,328,000	Tons. 1.37 1.37 1.62 1.19 1.14 1.39	Tons. 4,418,456 4,721,000 5,406,000 3,941,000 3,615,000 4,622,000		Ton. 10.21 13.99 12.04 11.07 14.91 11.89	45,112,000 66,047,000 65,088,000 43,627,000 53,900,000 54,969,000
Fodder corn 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	245,048 243,497 251,000 255,000 267,000 249,000	9.37 9.23 10.70 8.81 10.95 9.51	2,296,841 $2,247,000$ $2,685,000$ $2,247,000$ $2,924,000$ $2,369,000$	- - - -	4.67 4.73 4.84 4.56 4.72 4.71	10,726,000 10,628,000 12,997,000 10,246,000 13,801,000 11,149,000
Sugar beets 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	15,966 18,882 17,000 15,000 12,000 17,000	11.40 8.53 11.16 9.23 9.00 9.82	182,124 161,000 188,000 138,000 108,000 167,000	1 1 1	5.86 6.73 5.00 6.20 6.00 5.90	1,067,000 1,084,000 938,000 856,000 648,000 986,000
Alfalfa	45,625 75,000 76,000 69,000 61,000 66,000	$egin{array}{c} 2.10 \\ 2.03 \\ 2.76 \\ 2.32 \\ 2.26 \\ 2.35 \end{array}$	95,138 152,000 211 ,000 160,000 138,000 155,000	- - - - -	9.65 11.08 11.75 12.03 15.01 11.30	918,000 1,684,000 2,478,000 1,925,000 2,071,000 1,751,000
Manitoba— Fall wheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910–13	4,553 13,291 15,000	Bush. 18.92 28.56 22.22 20.44 16.00	Bush. 86,176	59.66 59.13 61.50 59.50	Per Bush. 0.83 0.67 0.67 0.69 0.89 0.69	72,000 255,000 223,000 268,000 214,000 205,000

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ins1910 473 1911 1,541 1912 1,500 1913 1,500 1914 1,490 1910–13 1,300	Peas 1910 298 16.31 1911 414 22.00 1912 400 25.00 1913 - - 1914 - - Average 1910-13 370 21.62	Rye 1910 2,738 10.66 1911 4,725 22.00 1912 5,000 21.00 1913 5,000 20.64 1914 5,000 20.00 Average 1910-13 4,400 19.32	Barley 416,016 15.64 1911 448,105 33.36 1912 481,000 32.92 1913 496,000 28.84 1914 468,000 21.00 Average 1910 460,000 28.04	Oats	All wheat1910 2.760.371 12.36 1911 3.094.833 22.56 1912 2.839,000 22.20 1913 2.804,000 19.02 1914 2.616,000 14.84 Average1910-13 2.875,000 18.54	Spring wheat 1910 2,755,818 12,35 1911 3,081,542 20,22 1912 2,824,000 22,20 1913 2,785,000 19,01 1914 2,601,000 14,75 Average 1910-13 2,862,000 18,51	Manitoba—con. Acres. Bush.	Crops. Area. Yield per acre.
8,772 54,000 68,000 41,000 30,000 43,000 -	4,863 48.00 9,000 - 10,000 - - - - 8,000 48.00	29,205 52 00 104,000 - 105,000 - 103,000 60.00 100,000 57.00 85,000 56,00	6,506,634, 46,61 14,949,000, 47,75 15,826,000, 47,47 14,305,000, 47,57 9,828,000, 46,00 12,897,000, 47,35	30,378,376 60,037,000 57,154,000 56,759,000 31,951,000 31,951,000 31,951,000 31,951,000 31,951,000 31,951,000	34,125,949 62,689,000 59,14 63,017,000 60,76 53,331,000 59,39 58,605,000 59,39 58,291,000 60,24	34,039,773 59.74 62,309,000 59.14 62,684,000 60.77 52,943,000 60.83 38,365,000 59.39 52,994,000 60.12	Bush. Lb.	Weight Total per Yield. ured bush.
0.44 0.45 0.29 0.45	00 0.60 1.26 1.50 - 1.50 	0.58 0.58 0.64	51 0.39 775 0.48 47 0.37 57 0.34 50 0.55 0.40	0.31 0.32 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28 0.28	0.80 114 0.67 76 0.67 83 0.71 89 1.01 24 0.70	774 0.80 114 0.67 777 0.67 777 0.67 83 0.71 12 0.71	€6	Average price per bush.
4,000 24,000 31,000 12,000 14,400 18,000	3,000 11,000 15,000 - - 9,700	21,000 73,000 61,000 60,000 90,000 54,000	2,538,000 7,176,000 5,855,000 4,864,000 5,405,000 5,108,000	9,417,000 19,212,000 16,003,000 15,893,000 15,336,000 15,131,000	27,304,000 42,002,000 42,221,000 37,858,000 38,963,000 37,346,000	27,232,000 41,747,000 41,998,000 37,590,000 38,749,000 37,142,000	⇔	Total Value.

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1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, $1910\text{-}1914\text{-}\mathrm{con}.$

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Manitoba—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Flax1910 1911	34,684 79,765	$\frac{5.09}{14.44}$	176,675 1,152,000	55.31	$\frac{2.09}{1.76}$	369,000 2,028,000
1912 1913 1914	$\begin{array}{c} 100,000 \\ 54,000 \\ 40,000 \end{array}$	12.49 11.70	1,252,000 632,000 338,000	56.16	1.04	1,302,000 664,000
Average1910–13	67,000	8.44 11.99	803,000		1.10 1.36	372,000 1,091,000
Potatoes1910	26,210 26,488	109.34 207.35	2,865,839 5,490,000	-	$0.54 \\ 0.42$	1,548,000 2,306,000
1912 1913	27,000 $26,000$	231.55 196.93	6,182,000 5,120,000	-	$0.35 \\ 0.36$	2,164,000 1,843,000
1914 Average 1910-13		117.91 186.13	3,172,000 4,914,000	_	$\begin{array}{c} 0.72 \\ 0.40 \end{array}$	2,284,000 $1,965,000$
Turnips, mangolds,						
etc1910 1911	4,167	247.35 325 46	$\begin{array}{c} 496,674 \\ 1,356,000 \end{array}$		$0.44 \\ 0.38$	$219,000 \\ 515,000$
1912' 1913 ₁	4,000	354.20 252.80	1,451,000 1,011,000		$0.38 \\ 0.41 \\ 0.54$	551,009 415,000
1914 Average 1910-13		268.50 308.29	1,047,000 1,079,000		$0.54 \\ 0.39$	565,000 425,000
!		Tons.	Tons.		Per Ton.	
Hay and clover1910	$\begin{array}{c} 137,671 \\ 153.372 \end{array}$	$0.91 \\ 1.66$	124,954 $255,000$		$10.21 \\ 9.54$	1,276,000 $2,433,000$
1912 1913	151,000 162,000	1.71 1.48	259,000 240,000	_	9.40 8.64	2,434,000 2,074,000
$\begin{array}{c} 1914 \\ \text{Average} \dots 1910 13 \end{array}$	162,000 151,000	$\begin{array}{c} 1.24 \\ 1.46 \end{array}$	201,000 $220,000$		$\frac{9.12}{9.34}$	1,833,000 2,054,000
Fodder corn 1910	4,603	3.08	14,158		6.64	94,000
1911, 1912	9,919 11,000		76,000 84,000	-	$9.00 \\ 11.00$	684,000 924,000
1913 1914 Average1910-13	11,000 13,000 9,100	5.55	89,000 72,000 66,000		$egin{array}{c} 8.50, \ 7.60, \ 9.32. \end{array}$	757,000 547,000 615,000
Alfalfa1910	539	1.07	569	1		,
1911 1912	3,324	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 2.73 \end{bmatrix}$	7,000	-	12.87 12.00	7,000 84,000
1913	3,500 4,000	2.82	9,400 $11,000$	-	9 20 10.67	\$6,000 117,000
$\begin{array}{c} 1914 \\ \text{Average} \dots 1910 \text{-} 13 \end{array}$	$\frac{4,500}{2,800}$	$\frac{204}{2.50}$	9,000 7,000		13.21 10.57.	119,000 74,000

PRODUCTION

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Saskatchewan—	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Fall wheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	1,230 2,638 3,000 4,000	11.66 22.00 21.56 23.57 15.50	58,000 65,000 94,000	59.00 59.50 59.78	$0.76 \\ 0.58 \\ 0.76 \\ 0.71 \\ 0.99$	11,000 34,000 49,000 67,000 66,000
Average 1910–13	4,300 2,700	21.48			0.69	40,000
Spring wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	4,226,992 5,253,836 5,579,000 5,716,000 5,344,000	19.16 21.35 13.74	109,017,000 106,895,000 121,465,000 73,427,000	59.98 59.63 61.23 59.04	$0.64 \\ 1.48$	46,206,000 63,230,000 59,861,000 77,738,000 108,672,000 61,759,000
Average1910-13 All wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	5,194,000 4,228,222 5,256,474 5,582,000 5,720,000 5,348,300	15.84 20.75 19.16 21.25	121,559,0 00	59.98 59.63 61.23	0.69 0.58 0.56	46,217,000 63,264,000 59,910,000 77,805,000
Average1910–13	5,197,000		101,143,000			61,799,000
Oats	1,888,359 2,332,912 2,556,000 2,755,000 2,520,000 2,383,000	46.12 45.99 41.42 24.53	107,594,000 117,537,000 114,112,000 61,816,000	35.69 36.64 37.78 33.71	$0.23 \\ 0.25 \\ 0.45$	31,202,000 27,033,000 28,528,000 27,817,000
Barley1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	129,621 273,988 292,000 332,000 290,000 257,000	32.87 31.39 16.90	4,901,000	46.52 48.15 48.86 43.87	0.47 0.33 0.30 0.50	4,071,000 3,166,000 3,126,000 2,451,000
Rye1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	754 2,271 2,700 3,000 2,600	27.00 21.00 22.67 20.90	61,000 57,000 68,000 54,000	58.50	0.53 0.56 0.40 0.67	32,000 32,000 27,000 36,000
Average1910-13 Peas1910 1911 1912 1913	2,200 236 389 400 400	22.27 11.06 20.00 28.00	2,612 8,000 11,000	- - -	1.27 1.10 1.00 0.85	3,300 9,000 11,000
1913 1914 Average 1910–13	360 360	-	· -	-	1.01	–

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1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

Alfalfa	Fodder corn1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	Hay and clover 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910-13	Turnips, mangolds, 1916 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average 1910-13	Potatoes1910 1911 1912 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	Flax	Saskatchewan—con. Mixed grains 1910 1911 1912 1913 Average1910-13	Crops.
1,168 1,400 1,600 1,100	1,357 1,357 1,300 1,600 1,900 1,200	37,694 47,720 53,000 62,000 70,000 50,000	13,907 14,000 13,907 12,900 12,900	24,046 30,040 31,000 31,000 30,600 29,000	506,425 682,000 1,780,000 1,386,000 958,000 1,089,000	Acres. 637 1,876 2,000 2,000 1,900 1,600	Area.
1.09 1.50 2.19 2.27 2.59	1.44 7.00 7.00 3.66 5.00	Tons. 1.19 1.50 1.70 1.84 1.74 1.60	177.21 285.25 304.47 234.24 248.91 266.32	121.32 183.43 209.70 165.74 133.51 173.41	7.68 11.25 12.94 11.24 6.40 11.51	Bush. 14.07 35.00 36.40 38.40 15.50 35.00	Yield per acre.
199 2,000 3,000 3,700 5,000 2,270	977 9,500 2,000 11,000 7,000 6,000	Tons. 45,129 72,000 90,000 114,000 122,000 80,000	175,436 3,966,000 4,165,000 3,305,000 3,211,000 2,903,000	2,917,340 5,510,000 6,552,000 5,138,000 4,085,000 5,029,000	3,893,160 7,672,500 23,033,000 15,579,000 6,131,000 12,544,000	Bush. 8,967 66,000 73,000 77,000 29,500 56,000	Total Yield.
1 1 1	111111	1 1	! 1 1 !	11111	55.24 56.32 56.04 56.12	Lb.	Weight per meas- ured bush.
5555 5655 5655	6.34 8.00 8.00 7.17	Ton. 9.56 9.73 7.71 7.38 6.84 8.34	0.43 0.43 0.42 0.50 0.71	0.59 0.51 0.40 0.47 1.05 0.48	2.08 1.50 0.89 0.95 1.01	\$ 0.53 0.60 0.40 0.52	Average price per bush.
3,000 26,000 35,000 56,000 75,000 30,000	6,000 62,000 16,000 88,000 24,500 43,000	431,000 701,000 693,000 841,000 834,000 667,000	75,000 1,705,000 1,749,000 1,653,000 2,289,000 1,296,000	1,721,000 2,810,000 2,621,000 2,415,000 4,289,000 2,392,000	8,098,000 11,509,000 20,503,000 14,800,000 6,192,000 13,728,000	\$,000 35,000 44,000 31,000 15,000 29,000	Total Value.

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

					-	
Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Alberta—	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Fall wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	204,636 305,788 212,000 202,000 221,100	11.35 25.28 21.83 21.00 21.30	2,323,530 7,730,000 4,628,000 4,242,000 4,709,000	59.46 59.63 60.96	$0.72 \\ 0.75 \\ 0.59 \\ 0.62 \\ 0.94$	1,673,000 5,798,000 2,731,000 2,630,000 4,426,000
Average1910-13	231,000	20.48	4,731,000		0.68	3,208,000
Spring wheat 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	674,665 1,334,186 1,378,000 1,310,000 1,150,000	9.98 21.64 21.54 23.00 21.00	6,736,680 28,872,000 29,675,000 30,130,000 24,150,000	$58.01 \\ 61.12 \\ 60.75$	0.68 0.58 0.53 0.61 0.91	4,581,000 16,746,000 15,728,000 18,379,000 21,977,000
Average1910-13	1,174,000	20.31	23,853,000	59.42	0.58	13,859,000
All wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	879,301 1,639,974 1,590,000 1,512,000 1,371,100 1,405,000	$\begin{array}{c} 10.30 \\ 22.32 \\ 21.57 \\ 22.73 \\ 21.05 \\ 20.34 \end{array}$	9,060,210 36,602,000 34,303,000 34,372,000 28,859,000 28,584,000	59.86 59.02 58.23 61.10 60.17 59.55	$egin{array}{c} 0.69 \\ 0.62 \\ 0.54 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.91 \\ 0.60 \\ \end{array}$	6,254,000 22,544,000 18,459,000 21,009,000 26,403,000 17,067,000
Oats	783,072 1,221,217 1,461,000 1,639,000 1,502,000 1,276,000	20.56 48.34 46.30 43.65 38.00 41.99	16,099,223 59,034,000 67,630,000 71,542,000 57,076,000 53,576,000	38.05 37.34 38.94 38.67 38.01 38.25	$egin{array}{c} 0.32 \\ 0.28 \\ 0.24 \\ 0.24 \\ 0.42 \\ 0.26 \\ \end{array}$	5,152,000 16,530,000 16,231,000 17,170,000 23,972,000 13,771,000
Barley	121,435 164,132 187,000 197,000 178,000 167,000	$\begin{array}{c} 20.42 \\ 26.54 \\ 33.05 \\ 32.15 \\ 27.00 \\ 28.96 \end{array}$	2,480,165 4,356,000 6,179,000 6,334,000 4,806,000 4,837,000	47.92 46.84 48.12 49.00 48.47 47.99	$\begin{array}{c} 0.38 \\ 0.41 \\ 0.33 \\ 0.31 \\ 0.51 \\ 0.35 \end{array}$	942,000 1,786,000 2,039,000 1,964,000 2,451,000 1,683,000
Rye1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	6,672 14,443 15,000 16,000 16,400	16.33 27.30 25.56 24.89 22.00	109,006 394,000 377,000 398,000 360,800	56.22 55.27 54.00 57.07 55.83	$egin{array}{c} 0.56 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.56 \\ 0.46 \\ 0.66 \\ \end{array}$	61,000 240,000 211,000 183,000 238,000
Average1910-13	13,000	24.62	320,000	55.64	0.54	174,000
Peas	287 493 460 500 470 435	15.23 16.00 18.50 17.00 17.25 17.24	4,371 8,000 9,000 8,500 8,100 7,500	- - - - 58.66	1.29 1.10 0.93 0.85 1.47 1.05	7,000 9,000 8,400 7,000 12,000 7,900

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	Average price per bush.	Total Value.
Alberta—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Mixed grains1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	1,798 2,789 2,800 2,000 1,800 2,300	20.33 30.00 34.50 36.67 40.00 31.73	36,556 84,000 97,000 73,000 72,000 73,000	1 1 1	0.47 0.42 0.40 0.34 0.47 0.40	17,000 35,000 39,000 25,000 34,000 29,000
Flax	31,076 107,171 132,000 105,000 80,000 94,000	2.53 10.39 12.83 11.00 7.67 10.74	78,480 1,114,000 1,693,000 1,155,000 614,000 1,010,000	53,43 54,76 56,26 55,78	1.87 1.20 0.92 1.19 1.05 1.09	147,000 1,337,000 1,557,000 1,374,000 645,000 1,104,000
Potatoes	20,086 23,863 27,000 26,000 26,300 24,000	167.32	2,339,901 4,606,000 5,775,000 4,350,000 3,652,000 4,268,000	: 	0.64 0.42 0.39 0.39 0.65 0.43	1,498,000 1,935,000 2,252,000 1,697,000 2,374,000 1,846,000
Turnips, mangolds, etc	1,333 4,828 5,000 5,000 4,900 4,000		236,178 1,451,000 1,281,000 1,234,000 1,252,000 1,051,000	- - - -	0.45	111,000 421,000 730,000 617,000 751,000 470,000
Hay and clover1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	149,973 162,411 171,000 176,000 176,000 165,000	Tons. 0.84 1.66 1.70 1.56 1.73 1.45	Tons. 125,662 270,000 291,000 275,000 304,000 240,000	 	Per Ton. 14.58 12.24 9.09 8.69 8.31 10.60	1,832,000 3,305,000 2,644,000 2,390,000 2,526,000 2,543,000
Fodder corn1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	1,259 739 600 600 800	1.89 1.95 2.00 3.70 2.00	2,392 1,400 1,200 2,200 1,600	_	7.53 8.00 8.50 9.00 3.50	18,000 11,000 10,000 20,000 5,600
Average1910-13 Sugar beets1910 1911 1912 1913	1,079 1,795 1,900 2,000	2.25 5.45 8.00 7.00 5.00	1,800 5,876 14,000 13,000 10,000	- - - -	8.33 5.00	15,000 29,000 70,000 67,000
1914 Average 1910-13	100 1,700	6.00 6.47	600 11,000	- - -	5.00 5.00 4.91	50,000 3,000 54,000

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PRODUCTION

1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

Peas	Barley	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Oats.} & & & 1910 \\ & & & & 1911 \\ & & & 1912 \\ & & & 1913 \\ & & & 1914 \\ & & & & 1914 \\ & & & & Average \dots 1910-13 \end{array}$	All wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910-13	Spring wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	British Columbia— Fall wheat1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 Average1910–13	Alfalfa	Alberta—con.	Crops.
1,572 1,489 1,400 1,300 1,350 1,440	1,853 2,783 2,600 2,500 2,600 2,400	33,209 45,299 45,000 48,500 56,700 43,000	9,492 13,707 12,700 13,000 12,500 12,200	5,133 7,108 6,700 7,000 7,000 6,500	4,369 6,599 6,000 6,000 5,500 5,700	2,592 7,890 9,300 9,000 11,400 7,200	Acres.	Area.
27.97 30.25 30.66 26.67 30.00	27.79 41.66 45.33 35.25 37.29 38.75	51.24 52.50 56.00 55.50 55.93 53.95	21.70 28.23 31.57 29.69 29.52 28.27	21.40 26.73 30.33 26.67 27.77 26.61	Bush. 28.55 29.81 33.00 33.14 31.82 30.35	1.98 2.62 2.56 2.77 2.77 2.77	Tons.	Yield per acre.
43,979 45,000 43,000 35,000 41,000 44,000	51,509 116,000 117,000 88,000 97,000 93,000	1,701,533 2,378,000 2,507,000 2,692,000 3,171,000 2,320,000	206,070 387,000 401,000 386,000 369,000 345,000	109,873 190,006 203,000 187,000 194,000 173,000	Bush. 96,197 197,000 198,000 199,000 175,000 175,000	5,133 21,000 24,000 25,000 32,000 19,000	Tons.	Total Yield.
62.50 62.50 63.00 60.00	50.50 48.00 48.83 48.83	35.46 35.00 40.83 35.63 37.10	59.13 59.39 59.61 59.74 59.38	57.20 60.25 60.00 59.50	61.00 58.50 59.25 60.00 59.58	1 7 4 1 1 1	Lb.	Weight per meas- ured bush.
0.99 1.40 1.38 1.50 1.45 1.25	0.83 0.70 0.64 0.68 0.92 0.70	0.59 0.57 0.51 0.68 0.68	1.08 0.99 0.98 1.00 1.23	1.23 1.01 0.93 0.99 1.23 1.01	Bush. 0.91 0.97 1.03 1.01 1.22 0.99	15.94 12.00 10.70 8.25 11.41 10.47	⊕ 9	Average price per ton.
44,000 63,000 59,000 53,000 59,000 54,800	43,000 81,000 75,000 60,000 89,000 65,000	1,004,000 1,355,000 1,278,000 1,561,000 1,966,000 1,300,000	223,000 383,000 392,000 386,000 453,000 346,000	135,000 192,000 188,000 185,000 239,000 175,000	88,000 191,000 204,000 201,000 214,000 171,000	82,000 252,000 256,000 206,000 365,000 199,000	\$ ₽	Total Value.

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1.—Area, Yield, Quality and Value of principal Field Crops in Canada, 1910-1914—concluded.

Crops.	Area.	Yield per acre.	Total Yield.	Weight per meas- ured bush.	age price	Total Value.
British Columbia—con.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Lb.	\$	\$
Beans1910	347	15.40	5,346	_	2.50	13,000
1911	390	20.00	7,800		[2.40]	19,000
1912 1913	$\frac{360}{400}$	$13.00 \\ 19.00$	5,000 7,600	_	$\frac{2.00}{2.40}$	10,000 18,000
1914	- 700	-		_	2.10	.10,000
Average \dots 1910–13	375	17.07	6,400	-	2.34	15,000
Mixed grains1910	526		12,802	_	0.84	11,000
1911	2,248	30.00	67,000	-	0.70	47,000
$ \begin{array}{r} 1912 \\ 1913 \end{array} $	2,500 2,500	$\frac{35.00}{62.00}$	88,000 155,000	_ 	$egin{array}{c} 0.65 \ 0.35 \ \end{array}$	57,000 54,000
1914	$\frac{2,300}{2,400}$		136,000	48 00	1.03	140,000
Average 1910-13	2,000		81,000		0.52^{1}	42,000
Potatoes1910	10,872	150.03	1,631,211		0 74	1,148,000
1911	14,974	252.31	3,778,000		0.66	2,493,000
1912 1913		233.15 207.30	3,995,000 $3,110,000$	_ !	$0.49 \\ 0.66$	1,958,000 2,053,000
1914		182.00	2,675,000	- İ	0.78	2,087,000
Average1910-13	14,500	215.79	3,129,000	į	0.61	1,913,000
Turnips, mangolds,		100 -				
$egin{array}{c} ext{etc.} \dots 1910 \ ext{1911} \end{array}$	2,239	$439.70 \\ 506.65$	984,494 $1,723,000$	- i	$0.29, \\ 0.60$	282,000 1,034,000
1912	3,200	415.90	1,351,000	_ :	0.53	716,000
1913	3,400	584.35	1,987,000	-	0.60	1,192,000
1914	3,500		1,509,000	-	0.53	800,000
Average1910-13	3,100	487 . 42	1,511,000	-	0.53 Per	806,000
Hay and alassa 1010	199.917	Tons. 1.56	Tons.		Ton.	9 905 000
Hay and clover 1910 1911	133,317 136,134	$\frac{1.56}{2.27}$	$208,499 \\ 309,000$	_	$\frac{18.34}{18.00}$	3,825,000 $5,562,000$
1912	139,000	2.28	317,000	-	17.45	5,540,000
1913	145,000		306,0 00	-	17.00	5,202,000
1914 Average1910-13	158,000 138,000		352,000 285,000	-	15.54 17.65	5,470,000 5,032,000
Fodder corn1910	355	7.70	$2{,}736$		6.46	18,000
1911	429	7.69	$\frac{2.730}{3.300}$	_	7.50	25,000
1912	400	7.50	3,000		9.00	27,000
1913	400	7.50	3,000	- - -	12.00	36,000
1914 Average1910–13	390 400	$\frac{8.00}{7.50}$	3,000 3,000		$\frac{6.00}{9.00}$	$18,000 \\ 27,000$
Alfalfa1910	3,741	2.64	9,903	_	13.58	135,000
1911	5,642	5.50	31,000	-	14.00	434,000
1912	6,700		28,000		17.00	481,000
1913 _! 1914	$6,700 \\ 8,500$	$\frac{4.60}{3.33}$	$\frac{31,000}{28,000}$	_	$14.66 \\ 13.60$	454,000 381,000
Average1910-13	5,700		25,000 $25,000$		15.04	376,000

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2.—Areas and Yields of Wheat, Oats and Barley in the Northwest Provinces, 1910-11-12-13-14.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Average 1910–13.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
N. W. provinces- Wheat Oats Barley	7,867,423 3,880,606	4,861,453	5,365,000	5.792,000	5,353,000	4,974,765
Manitoba—						
Wheat Oats Barley	1,209,173	1,307,434	1,348,000	1,398,000	1,331,000	1,315,652
Saskatchewan—						
Wheat Oats Barley		2,332,802	2,556,000	2,755,000	2,520,000	2,383,040
Alberta—						
Wheat Oats Barley	783,074	1,221,217	1,461,000	1,639,000	1,502,000	1,276,073
N. W. provinces-	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Wheat Oats Barley	110,166,704 106,163,510	226,665,000	242,321,000	242,413,000	150,843,000	204,390,628
Manitoba—						
Wheat Oats Barley	30,346,879	62,689,000 60,037,000 14,949,000	57,154,000	56,759,000	31,951,000	53,291,124 51,074,220 12,899,158
Saskatchewan-						
Wheat Oats Barley	58,922,791	109,075,000 107,594,000 8,661,000	117,537,000		61,816,000	101,143,249 99,541,448 7,934,502
Alberta—						
Wheat Oats Barley	9,060,210 16,893,840 2,480,165	59,034,000		71,542,000		
	l					

Note.—For 1910 and 1911 the areas are those of the Census; for 1912, 1913 and 1914 they are as estimated by the Census and Statistics Office. For 1910 the yields are those of the Census; for 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914 the yields are as estimated by the Census and Statistics Office.

3.—Total Areas and Values of Field Crops in Canada, 1910-14.

AREAS.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
P. E. Island	709,788 952,085 5,242,593 9,288,078 4,594,784 6,817,841 1,999,963 197,533	Acres. 477,035 709,703 978,530 5,375,066 9,648,909 5,134,087 8,644,102 3,351,745 226,495	3,603,060 230,860	Acres. 456,970 711,630 906,130 4,898,800 9,200,000 4,965,500 10,307,600 3,690,100 238,700	Acres. 461,510 693,860 904,055 4,863,850 8,973,700 4,671,790 9,238,000 3,369,270 260,640
Total	30,279,336	34,545,672	35,575,550	35,375,430	33,436,675

VALUES.

	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
P. E. Island	12,140,500 76,325,000 149,607,000 42,800,000	17,174,500 17,695,200 106,248,000 195,764,000 76,548,000	19,420,000 17,295,700 69,901,000 198,715,000 71,647,000	17,132,900 17,965,100 88,589,000 167,835,000 64,557,000	21,969,700 20,045,100 99,279,000 196,220,000 65,528,400
SaskatchewanAlbertaBritish Columbia	16,150,000	48,475,000 11,496,000	44,503,400	46,712,000 11,069,000	59,779,600 11,463,000

Note.—In 1914 the total areas estimated to be sown to field crops amounted to 35,102,175 acres; but the productive surface in the Northwest provinces was reduced by the following areas of crops which failed in consequence of the drought: Wheat 728,100 acres, oats 753,000 acres, barley 102,000 acres, flax 79,000 acres; also sugar beets, 2,000 acres in Alberta and 1,400 acres in Ontario.

Farm Live Stock.—At the Census of 1911 records were taken of the numbers of the principal descriptions of farm live stock as at June 1 of that year. From these data have been estimated the number of animals in 1912, 1913 and 1914 by application to the census figures of 1911 for 1912 and to the estimated numbers of 1912 for 1913 and 1913 for 1914 of the average percentages reported by correspondents on June 30 each year. The results are given in Table 4, with, for comparison, the estimate of 1910.

Values of Farm Live Stock and of Wool.—Table 5 shows the average values per head of farm animals, as estimated from the reports of correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office for the year 1914, as compared with the years 1908, 1909 and 1910. Horses and cattle other than milch cows are divided according to age, and the unit value for swine is 100 lb. live weight. The table also gives an estimate of the value per lb. of unwashed and washed wool. Although according to this table the values are well maintained, so far as comparison with the three years ended 1910 is concerned, there was during 1914 a substantial reduction in the value both of horses and of swine. In Table 6 an approximate estimate is given of the total values of farm live stock in 1914. This is arrived at by applying to the numbers, as estimated from the reports of correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office in June, 1914, the average values in December, 1914, as returned by the same corps of correspondents in January, 1915. In June the numbers were at their maximum, and the values at the end of the year represent maximum values in the case of animals slaughtered for food.

4.—Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Provinces, 1910-1914.

Description.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canada— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	No. 2,213,199 2,853,957 4,250,963 2,598,470 2,753,964	No. 2,598,958 2,595,255 3,930,828 2,174,300 3,634,778	No. 2,692,357 2,604,488 3,827,373 2,082,381 3,477,310	No. 2,866,008 2,740,434 3,915,687 2,128,531 3,448,326	No. 2,947,738 2,673,286 3,363,531 2,058,045 3,434,261
Prince Edward Island— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	34,121	35,935	35,638	35,952	36,114
	55,365	52,109	49,415	48,565	47,317
	57,648	61,334	64,688	64,261	61,048
	110,599	91,232	87,793	85,660	85,351
	48,623	56,377	50,463	43,762	41,718
Nova Scotia— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	68,721	61,420	61,735	62,550	62,581
	148,948	129,274	130,104	130,468	128,237
	180,189	158,218	156,051	153,726	148,269
	358,263	221,074	216,135	217,734	211,921
	69,958	63,380	61,194	56,580	53,892

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4.-Numbers of Farm Live Stock by Provinces, 1910-1914-concluded.

Description.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
New Brunswick— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	66,855	65,409	65,582	65,103	65,702
	122,136	108,557	110,507	106,904	102,713
	110,389	113,671	113,136	107,864	99,256
	203,620	158,316	148,723	135,115	121,739
	91,250	87,393	85,905	77,014	73,325
Quebec— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	368,419	371,571	367,402	369,974	372,009
	856,151	754,220	755,770	761,816	733,476
	600,277	699,049	695,906	693,540	625,958
	549,068	637,062	620,881	602,751	571,287
	651,415	794,351	747,254	661,768	634,569
Ontario— Horses	802,949	812,214	805,271	902,628	904,975
	1,243,680	1,032,996	1,033,392	1,141,071	1,085,843
	1,629,364	1,468,540	1,380,890	1,460,015	970,445
	1,032,227	742,188	677,462	705,848	640,416
	1,481,058	1,887,451	1,693,594	1,652,440	1,553,624
Manitoba— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle Sheep. Swine.	244,987	280,374	293,776	304,088	316,707
	164,746	155,328	148,471	152,792	156,306
	314,995	280,240	267,130	256,926	251,996
	30,266	37,322	40,800	42,840	45,303
	142,312	188,416	183,370	184,745	186,276
Saskatchewan— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	332,922	507,468	551,645	580,386	609,521
	138,455	181,168	184,896	194,843	204,624
	431,164	452,470	461,244	468,255	474,436
	135,360	114,216	114,810	115,568	126,027
	125,788	286,295	344,298	386,784	454,703
Alberta— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	294,225	407,153	451,573	484,809	519,424
	124,470	147,649	157,922	168,376	179,068
	926,937	592,076	587,307	610,917	633,032
	179,067	133,592	135,075	178,015	211,001
	143,560	237,511	378,747	350,692	397,123
British Columbia— Horses Milch cows. Other cattle Sheep Swine.	-	57,414	59,735	60,518	60,705
	-	33,954	34,011	35,599	35,702
	-	105,230	101,021	100,183	99,091
	-	39,272	40,702	45,000	45,000
	-	33,604	32,485	34,541	39,031

Note.—The numbers of live stock in 1911 are the actual returns of the Census of that year. The numbers for 1912, 1913 and 1914 are estimates based on the Census returns of 1911.

Average Values of Farm Animals and of Wool, as estimated from reports of correspondents in 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1914.

		Horses er head				Horned er head		Swine		Wool p	er lb.
Provinces.	Under 1 year.	1 year to under 3 years.	3 years and over.	Milch Cows per head.	Under 1 year.	1 year to under 3 years.	years and over.	per 100 lb. live weight.	Sheep per head.	Un- washed.	Washed
Canada1908		\$ 100 106	\$ 143	\$ 34 36	\$ 9	\$ 21 23	\$ 32	\$ 5.86	\$ 5.23	cents.	cents.
1909 1910 1914	54	119 114	150 171 165	42 57	10 12 16	26	33 39 54	7.90 7.85 7.24	5.89 6.30 7.07	17 18 19	24 24 26
P.E.Island 1908 1909 1910 1914	34 44	75 87 102 95	119 126 140 143	32	8 8 8 11	17 19 19 23	27 28 28 35	5.69 7.33 6.70 7.14	4.46 4.55 5.82 6.05	19 16 17 21	- 22 24 27
Nova Scotia1908 1909 1910 1914	40 46	90	112 133 145 166	37	7 9 9 10		32 37 40 42	5.87 7.26 7.25 7.75	3.81 4.13 4.48 4.70	20	24 25 26
New Bruns- wick1908 1909 1910 1914	40 50	96 90 112 123		29 29 33 40	7 8 8 11	18 18 19 24	26 28 31 39	7.36 7.05	3.86 4.22 4.60 4.63		24 23 28
Quebec 1908 1909 1910 1914	41 46	97 98 103 107	140 145 155 164	32 33 39 47	. 8 9 11	17 19 21 27	26 29 32 41	6.72 9.62 8.78 8.91	4.97 5.47 5.72 6.60	25 21 21 23	29 29 30
Ontario1908 1909 1910 1914	53 60	110	141 144 174 152	36 40 48 64	11 12 14 20	24 26 31 43	36 38 46 62	7.33	5.91 6.63 7.00 8.70	15 14 14 19	20
Manitoba1908 1909 1910 1914	63 68	125 132 146 126	176 187 207 176	32 34 40 62	9 10 11 17	20 21 24 38	30 30 36 56	7.00 6.50	5.83 7.08 6.50 8.76	11 09 10 14	14 13 18
Saskatche- wan 1908 1909 1910 1914	56 50	117 123 137 133	170 180 200 187	37 38 41 66	10 11 12 18	23 25 27 41	37 40 40 61	4.84 6.86 7.50 5.74	5.09 7.01 7.00 7.08	10 10 09 15	13 14 20
Alberta1908 1909 1910 1914	47 51	78 97 108 91	118 150 164 137	34 35 39 66	11 11 12 21	22 23 25 42	33 33 38 61	5.31 7.20 7.60 5.99	5.82 6.80 6.30 6.96	11 12 11 14	18 18 18
British Columbia1908 1909 1910 1914	44 63	99 111 144 93	150 165 225 162	48 51 57 89	12 12 13 22	25 26 28 48	37 38 43 73	6.53 7.50 - 8.00	5.95 6.72 - 8.33	08 10 10 15	15 15 16

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6.—Numbers in June and Values in December of Farm Live Stock in Canada, as estimated by correspondents, 1914.

Farm Animals.	1914.	1914.	1914.
Canada— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	2,058,045	57.47 42.66	\$371,430,363 153,632,637 143,498,156 14,550,710 42,418,325
Prince Edward Island— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine. Nova Scotia—	36,114 47,317 61,048 85,351 41,718	111.14 39.09 25.48 6.0 5 14.74	4,013,710 1,849,622 1,555,503 516,374 614,923
Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine. New Brunswick—	62,581 128,237 148,269 211,921 53,892	121.35 39.98 28.93 4.70 15.77	7,594,204 5,126,915 4,289,422 996,029 849,877
Horses Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep Swine.	65,702 102,713 99,256 121,739 73,325	137.90 40.00 26.75 4.63 17.73	9,060,306 4,108,520 2,655,098 563,652 1,300,052
Quebec— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	372,009 733,476 625,958 571,287 634,569	134.69 47.10 39.60 6.60 14.32	50,105,892 34,546,720 24,787,937 3,770,494 9,087,028
Ontario— Horses. Milch cows. Other cattle. Sheep. Swine.	904,975 1,085,843 970,445 640,416 1,553,624	116.46 64.28 45.30 8.70 12.62	$105,393,389 \\ 69,797,988 \\ 43,961,159 \\ 5,571,619 \\ 19,606,735$
Manitoba— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	316,707 156,306 251,996 45,303 186,276	131.46 61.90 41.15 8.76 10.92	41,634,302 9,675,341 10,369,635 396,854 2,034,134
Saskatchewan— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	609,521 204,624 474,436 126,027 454,703	147.70 65.84 44.27 7.08 9.67	90,026,252 13,472,444 21,003,282 892,271 4,396,978
Alberta— Horses Milch cows Other cattle Sheep Swine	519,424 179,068 633,032 211,001 397,123	108.49 66.38 45.78 6.96 10.23	56,352,310 11,886,534 28,980,205 1,468,567 4,062,568
British Columbia— Horses. Milch cows Other cattle Sheep. Swine	60,705 35,702 99,091 45,000 39,031	119.43 88.75 59.50 8.33 11.94	7,249,993 3,168,558 5,895,915 374,850 466,030

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7.—Distribution of Land by Provinces, 1901 and 1911.

Provinces.	Total Area.	Farms.	Occupied.	Owned.
Prince Edward Island		No. 14,014 14,369		Acres. 1,161,259 1,160,177
Nova Scotia		56,033 53,634		4,974,559 5,093,658
New Brunswick	17,863,266 17,863,266	37,583 38,210		4,269,606 4,368,824
Quebec	218,723,687 $218,723,687$	150,599 159,691		13,457,540 14,836,325
Ontario		224,127 $226,801$		18,173,877 19,192,707
Manitoba		32,495 $45,606$	8,843,347	8,073,894 10,334,467
Saskatchewan		13,612 $96,372$		3,681,261 $26,101,033$
Alberta1901 1911		$9,486 \\ 61,496$		2,442,204 $15,707,349$
British Columbia		6,739 $18,467$		1,288,241 $2,071,527$
Canada				57,522,441 98,866,067

7.—Distribution of Land by Provinces, 1901 and 1911.—con.

Provinces.	Leased or Rented.	Improved.	Unim- proved.	Natural Forest.	Marsh, etc.
Prince Edward Island. 1901	Acres. 33,249 42,177		Acres. 468,223 433,214	Acres. 350,366 307,974	Acres
Nova Scotia1901 1911	106,342 $166,797$				258,623
New Brunswick1901 1911	173,794 169,175	1,409,720	3,033,680		152,317
Quebec	986,635	7,439,941	7,004,234	5,442,326	550,263
Ontario	3,175,647	13,266,335	8,083,189		1,843,803
Manitoba	769,453	3,995,305	4,848,042	258,729	445,625
Saskatchewan	152,173	1,122,602		53,212 304,039	583,88 7
Alberta	293,426	474,694	2,260,936	66,138 420,857	240,854
British Columbia1901	209,178	473,683	1,023,736	391,096 $1,544,029$	78,684
Canada1901 1911	5,899,897 11,082,921	30,166,033	33,256,305	16,791,885 17,477,526	4,174,270

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7.—Distribution of Land by Provinces, 1901 and 1911—concluded.

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Provinces.	Field Crops.	Orchard and Nursery.	Vege- tables.	Vineyard.	Small Fruits.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Prince Edward Island 1901 1911	$\frac{447,737}{484,274}$	$^{3,216}_{4,350}$			_ 116
Nova Scotia1901 1911	730,146 $717,468$	$34,277 \\ 40,474$			- 466
New Brunswick1901 1911	897,417 978,876	8,924 8,976			$\frac{-}{425}$
Quebec	4,704,396 5,480,673	$\frac{34,289}{34,077}$	28,809 58,269		1,803
Ontario	9,212,478 9,683,307	$267,112 \\ 279,011$			$\frac{12,973}{1}$
Manitoba1901 1911	2,756,106 5,161,858	652 $1,933$	-,		_ 125
Saskatchewan1901 1911	655,539 9,136,868	88 817	1,584 $14,226$		185
Alberta1901 1911	$188,474 \\ 3,378,365$	$\frac{46}{340}$	957 $13,202$		- 66
British Columbia1901 1911	$\begin{array}{c} 171,447 \\ 239,649 \end{array}$	$7,502 \\ 33,618$			1,336
Canada1901 1911	19,763,740 35,261,338				17,495

8.—Areas of Occupied Farm Lands, Total Value and Value per Acre, as compiled from the Census Returns of 1901 and 1911.

	Are	eas.	Total V	Values per acre.		
Provinces.	1901.	1911.	1901.	1911.	1901.	1911.
	Acres.	Acres.	\$	\$	\$ c.	\$ c.
P. E. Island	1,194,508	1,202,354	23,118,946	31,110,009	19.35	25.87
Nova Scotia	5,080,901	5,260,455	58,752,384	95,382,408	11.56	18.13
New Brunswick	4,443,400	4,537,999	38,708,938	64,465,973	8.71	14.21
Quebec	14,444,175	15,613,267	350,550,254	638,209,689	24.27	40.88
Ontario	21,349,524	22,171,785	747,962,568	926,133,962	35.03	41.77
Manitoba	8,843,347	12,228,233	113,283,261	372,567,189	12.81	30.47
Saskatchewan	3,833,434	28,642,985	28,057,949	659,557,387	7.32	23.10
Alberta	2,735,630	17,751,899	16,745,412	385,402,052	6.12	21.71
British Columbia	1,497,419	2,540,011	26,089,789	170,900,999	17.42	67.28
Canada	63,422,338	109,948,988	1,403,269,501	3,343,729,668	22.13	30.41

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$\label{eq:problem} P\ R\ O\ D\ U\ C\ T\ I\ O\ N$ 9.—Farm Values by Provinces, 1901 and 1911.

Classes.	1901.	1911.	Classes.	1900.	1910.
	\$	\$		\$	
Canada— Land Buildings	1,007,454,358 395,815,143		Canada— Field crops Vegetables	194,953,420	384,522,795 (18,806,544
Implements Horses Milch cows	108,665,502 118,279,419 69,237,970	257,007,548 381,915,505	Orchard fruits Small fruits	12,994,900	
Other horned cattle Sheep	54,197,341 10,490,594	86,278,490 10,701,691	in year	469,501	_
Swine Poultry Bees	16,445,702 5,723,890 792,711	26,986,621 14,653,773 991,814		52,755,375	150,017,752
			slaughtered on farm Milk	22,951,527	27,617,835 103,381,854
			Butter, home-made Cheese,	00,470,955	1
			home-made Wool Eggs	1,887,064	$ \begin{array}{c c} 154,088 \\ 1,602,044 \\ 23,270,763 \end{array} $
			Honey and wax Maple sugar	356,816	713,250
			and syrup	1,780,482	2,587,413
	1,787,102,630	4,231,840,636	Total	364,906,866	725,301,375
P. E. Island— Land Buildings Implements		19,417,471 11,692,538 3,579,856	P. E. Island— Field crops Vegetables	4,641,947	6,613,172 70,692
Horses Milch cows. Other horned	2,147,935 1,244,291	4,240,956 1,543,309	Orchard fruits Small fruits	139,004	1
cattle Sheep Swine	384,790	368,036	Nursery stock sold		
Poultry			in year	876	
Bees		273,172	in year Live stock sold in yr. Animals		
	147,159	273,172	Live stock sold in yr. Animals slaughtered on farm Milk	876 678,217	
	147,159	273,172	Live stock sold in yr. Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese,	876 678,217 562,691 } 1,111,614	1,580,967 860,285 1,639,475 469,604
	147,159	273,172	Live stock sold in yr. Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs	876 678,217 562,691 } 1,111,614	$ \begin{cases} 1,580,967 \\ 860,285 \\ 1,639,475 \end{cases} $ $ \begin{cases} 469,604 \\ 1,070 \\ 67,514 \end{cases} $
	147,159	273,172	Live stock sold in yr. Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and	876 678,217 562,691 } 1,111,614 84,524 248,423 271	$ \begin{cases} 1,580,967 \\ 860,285 \\ 1,639,475 \end{cases} $ $ \begin{cases} 469,604 \\ 1,070 \\ 67,514 \end{cases} $
	147,159	273,172	Live stock sold in yr. Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and	876 678,217 562,691 } 1,111,614 84,524 248,423 271	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,580,967 \\ 860,285 \\ 1,639,475 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 469,604 \\ 1,070 \\ 67,514 \\ 563,426 \end{array} \right. \end{array} $

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9.-Farm Values by Provinces, 1901 and 1911-con.

Classes.	1901.	1911.	Classes.	1900.	1910.
	\$	\$	Jama Saatia	\$	\$
Nova Scotia— Land Buildings	34,589,159 $24,163,225$	52,106,903 43,275,505	Nova Scotia— Field crops Vegetables	8,584,956	11,005,033 (1,392,039
Implements Horses	3,208,899 3,854,382	4,578,658 $7,110,946$	Orchard fruits	1,407,369	1,547,245
Milch cows Other horned cattle		4,199,927 3,036,444	Small fruits Nursery stock sold)	(87,161
Sheep Swine	757,278 387,380	795,773 538,809	in year Live stock	8,456	-
Poultry Bees	218,223 4,537	$326,130 \\ 5,797$	sold in year Animals	1,427,777	3,094,028
			slaughtered on farm Milk	1,247,358 -	1,320,559 4,612,596
			Butter, home-made Cheese,	2,885,997	2,263,879
i			home-made Wool	187,097	18,317 158,415
		:	Eggs Honey and	543,108	931,112
			wax Maple sugar and syrup	2,187 $11,250$	3,857 19,336
Total	72,564,907	115,974,892	Total	'	
	, ,				
N. Brunswick-					
Land		32,989,546	N. Brunswick- Field crops Vegetables	7,740,100	11,030,237 (873,861
Buildings Implements Horses	$16,379,456 \\ 3,662,731 \\ 4,312,286$	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits	7,740,100	873,861 267,993
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned	$16,379,456 \\ 3,662,731 \\ 4,312,286 \\ 2,317,049$	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery	7,740,100	873,861
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year	7,740,100	873,861 267,993
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock soldin year Animals	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975	873,861 267,993
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975	873,861 267,993 62,806 - 2,275,795 1,435,550
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975 1,160,783	873,861 267,993 62,806 - 2,275,795 1,435,550 3,568,221
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975 1,160,783 2,260,537	$ \begin{cases} 873,861 \\ 267,993 \\ 62,806 \end{cases} $ $ - \\ 2,275,795 $ $ 1,435,550 \\ 3,568,221 $ $ \begin{cases} 1,990,551 \\ 875 \end{cases} $
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853	Field crops Vegetables Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock soldin year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975 1,160,788 2,260,537 145,046 372,745	873,861 267,993 62,806 - 2,275,795 1,435,550 3,568,221 1,900,551
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and wax	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975 1,160,788 2,260,537 145,046 372,745	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 873,861\\ 267,993\\ 62,806 \end{array}\right.$ $-$ $2,275,795$ $1,435,550\\ 3,568,221$ $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 1,990,551\\ 375\\ 124,701 \end{array}\right.$
Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	16,379,456 3,662,731 4,312,286 2,317,049 1,170,327 538,682 401,965 213,319 13,014	32,989,546 31,476,427 6,106,826 8,087,425 3,292,165 1,391,675 533,158 654,704 350,853 13,127	Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock soldin year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and	7,740,100 394,337 6,525 787,975 1,160,783 2,260,537 145,046 372,745 5,432 20,596	$ \begin{cases} 873,861 \\ 267,993 \\ 62,806 \end{cases} $ $ - \\ 2,275,795 $ $ 1,435,550 \\ 3,568,221 \\ 1,900,551 \\ 375 \\ 124,701 \\ 677,205 \end{cases} $

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9.—Farm Values by Provinces, 1901 and 1911—con.

Classes.	1901.	1911.	Classes.	1900.	1910.
Quebec— Lands Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry Bees	\$ 248,236,361 102,313,893 27,038,205 24,164,149 20,757,611 6,629,784 2,376,471 3,142,925 1,166,314 251,203	\$ 423,964,516 214,245,173 51,954,520 48,713,535 29,377,810 8,725,031 2,710,285 5,399,533 2,422,568 241,523	Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nurspry stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and wax Maple sugar	2,564,801 64,124 6,650,486 8,006,328 20,207,826 570,093 2,007,320 112,315	284,633 - 20,129,977 8,609,944 25,778,109 4,352,299 41,794 508,911 3,812,838 169,507
Total	436,076,916	787,754,494	and syrup Total	1,356,480 86,390,881	
Ontario— Land Buildings Implements Horses Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry Bees	536,755,663 211,206,905 52,697,739 54,926,679 32,536,097 24,641,545 5,518,403 10,575,746 3,125,166 504,126	611,756,794 314,377,168 77,734,449 113,540,859 48,708,555 32,776,254 4,427,565 13,577,817 6,128,401 673,687	Ontario— Field crops Vegetables Orchard fruits Small fruits Nursery stock sold	102,138,819 7,809,084 363,630 35,385,376 9,687,109 - 34,776,330	140,786,055 6,043,617 5,564,133 2,254,913 - 76,490,854 9,474,294 43,301,044
			wax Maple sugar	228,517	516,658
Total	932,488,069	1 223 701 549	and syrup	391,264 197,343,626	831,478 296,595,793
	304,400,000	1,220,101,043		20.,229,020	

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9.—Farm Values by Provinces, 1901 and 1911—con.

Classes.	1901.	1911.	Classes.	1900.	1910.
Manitoba—	\$	\$	Manitoba—	\$	\$
Land Buildings	93,233,535 $20,049,726$	309,960,153 $62,607,036$	Field crops Vegetables	16,669,321	45,509,520 1,428,402
Implements Horses Milch cows	12,169,619 15,763,463 4,754,974	27,956,212 47,189,063 6,246,903	Orchard fruits Small fruits	163,958	7,146 14,690
Other horned cattle Sheep	3,944,406 144,018	6,311,318 224,214	Nursery stock sold in year	7,152	
Swine Poultry Bees	$\begin{array}{c} 871,627 \\ 417,586 \\ 6,127 \end{array}$	1,604,277 $1,121,772$ $22,643$	Live stock sold in year Animals	2,869,105	10,933,747
De03	5,221	22,010	slaughtered on farm Milk	1,325,289	1,875,890 6,661,653
			Butter, home-made Cheese,	2,792,606	
			home-made Wool Eggs Honey and	15,272 605,534	33,364 14,980 1,763,322
			wax Maple sugar and syrup	2,473 642	8,958
Total	151,355,081	463,243,591		24,451,352	68,218,308
Saskatchewan- Land Buildings Implements. Horses	22,879,822 5,178,127 3,882,029 6,406,665	583,401,337 76,156,050 57,538,712 88,759,211	Saskatchewan- Field crops	4,608,172 } 48,474	79,963,903 { 1,047,082
Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	1,841,440 3,699,187 273,063 183,807 116,582	7,835,820 13,997,475 621,409 2,512,540 1,988,081	Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year	183 1,626,446	3,828
Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine	1,841,440 3,699,187 273,063 183,807	7,835,820 13,997,475 621,409 2,512,540	Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk	183	3,828 - 13,191,262
Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	1,841,440 3,699,187 273,063 183,807 116,582	7,835,820 13,997,475 621,409 2,512,540 1,988,081	Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese,	183 1,626,446 375,059 - 729,574	$ \begin{bmatrix} 3,828 \\ -13,191,262 \\ 2,203,391 \\ 7,245,950 \\ 2,749,637 \end{bmatrix} $
Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	1,841,440 3,699,187 273,063 183,807 116,582	7,835,820 13,997,475 621,409 2,512,540 1,988,081	Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs	183 1,626,446 375,059 - 729,574	3,828 - 13,191,262 2,203,391 7,245,950
Milch cows Other horned cattle Sheep Swine Poultry	1,841,440 3,699,187 273,063 183,807 116,582	7,835,820 13,997,475 621,409 2,512,540 1,988,081	Small fruits Nursery stock sold in year Live stock sold in year Animals slaughtered on farm Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool	183 1,626,446 375,059 - 729,574 36,180	$ \begin{bmatrix} 3,828 \\ - \\ 13,191,262 \\ 2,203,391 \\ 7,245,950 \\ 2,749,637 \\ 3,454 \\ 59,628 \end{bmatrix} $

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PRODUCTION.

9.—Farm Values by Provinces, 1901 and 1911—concluded.

Classes.	1901.	1911.	Classes.	1900.	1910.
A 114	\$	\$	A 11	\$	\$
Alberta— Land Buildings	13,156,755 3,588,657	$344,759,704 \\ 40,642,348$	Alberta— Field crops Vegetables	2,618,420	17,015,329 (1,129,922
Implements Horses	2,179,617 4,609,332	24,009,659 56,439,741	Orchard fruits	32,079	1,129,922
Milch cows Other horned	1,734,942	6,368,546	Small fruits Nursery	}	6,469
cattle Sheep	8,730,895 333,210	$\substack{16,302,340\\758,154}$	stock sold in year	411	
Swine Poultry	255,552 109,794	1,995,421 1,357,183	Live stock soldin year	2,127,386	19,031,121
Bees	1,027	2,912	Animals slaughtered	970 #19	1 400 540
			on farm Milk Butter,	279,513	1,428,548 7,953,847
			home-made Cheese,	546,476	1,826,280
			home-made Wool	33,288	18,860 42,130
			Eggs Honey and	165,196	1,515,866
			wax Maple sugar and syrup	651 150	931
Total	34,699,781	492,636,008		5,803,570	48,124,564
D. G.I		i	Du Columbio	,	
Br.Columbia— Land Buildings	$21,087,372 \\ 5,002,417$	141,421,477 29,479,522	Br.Columbia— Field crops Vegetables	3,100,577	7,246,018 (1,023,263
Implements Horses	1,197,876 2,094,528	3,548,656 7,833,769	Orchard	435,794	1,022,576
Milch cows. Other horned	1,060,607	2,002,491	Small fruits Nursery	j	312,528
cattle Sheep	$\substack{2,391,426\\164,679}$	3,009,894 $263,097$	in year	18,144	-
Swine Poultry	271,327 $209,747$ $11,999$	361,985 $685,613$ $29,220$	sold in year	1,202,607	3,290,001
Bees	11,999	29,220	slaughtered on farm	307,397	409,374
			Milk Butter,)	2,620,959
			Milk Butter, home-made Cheese,	1,159,993	392,940
			Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool	1,159,993	898,751
			Milk Butter, home-made Cheese, home-made Wool Eggs Honey and	1,159,993 8,288 426,629	892,940 898
			Milk	1,159,993	\$92,940 898 18,751 1,032,263

 ${\rm A~G~R~I~C~U~L~T~U~R~E}~.$ 10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910.

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Crops.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.
Canada—					
Wheatacres	1,646,781 16,723,873	2,366,554 $32,350,269$	2,701,246 $42,223,372$	4,224,542 $55,572,368$	8,864,514 $132,077,547$
Barleyacres	10,725,675	52,550,209	868,464	871,800	1,283,094
bush	11,496,038	16,844,868	17,222,795	22.224.366	28,848,310
Oatsacres	40 400 450	70 409 191	3,961,348	5,367,655	8,656,179
bush Ryeacres	42,489,453	70,493,131	83,428,202	$151,497,407 \\ 176,679$	245,393,425 $114,728$
bush	1,064,358	2,097,180	1,341,324		1,542,219
Cornacres	_	_		360,758	293,951
bush Buckwheatacres	3,802,830	9,025,142	10,711,380	$\substack{25,875,919\\261,726}$	$\begin{array}{r} 14,417,599 \\ 357,513 \end{array}$
bush	3,726,484	4,901,147	4,994,871	4,547,159	7,102,853
Peasacres	-) ´ ´-		670,312	355,191
bush Beansacres	9,905,720	13,749,662	14,823,764	12,348,431	4,788,916
bush	220,644		800,015	46,634 $861,327$	46,299 $826,281$
Potatoesacres	403,102	464,289	450,190	448,743	464,504
bush	47,330,187	55,368,790	53,490,857	55,362,635	55,461,473
Turnipsacres	24,339,476	39,059,094	148,143	205,160	112,825 47,371,434
Other rootsacres		, ,	49,679,636	76,075,630	82,260
bush	3,553,260	9,192,320) ' '	, ,	39,287,600
Grass and clover seedbush.	348,605	324,317	346,036	360,780	26,960,7652
Hayacres	3,650,419	4,458,349	340,030	300,780	8,289,407
tons	3,818,641	5,055,810	7,693,733	9,013,191	10,406,367
Hopsacres	1 711 700	- 005 007	1 100 000		1,664
Tobaccoacres	1,711,789	905.207	1,126,230	1,004,216 $11,906$	1,208,341 18,928
lb	1,595,932	2,527,962	4,277,936	11,266,732	17,632,342
Flaxseed acres	110.044	100.004	–	23,086	582,185
bush Mixed grainsacres	118,044	108,694	138,844	172,222 $273,490$	4,244,935 $426,957$
bush		-	_	7,267,621	13,086,400
n. Di i i				1,201,022	,,
Prince Edward Is- land		İ			
Wheatacres		41,942	44,703	42,318	28,741
bush		546,986	613,364	738,679	501,533
Barley acres bush		119,368	7,594 $147,880$	4,563	4,882
Oatsacres		110,000	153,924	105,625 $164,472$	114,421 $181,461$
bush.		3,538,219	2,922,552	4,561,097	5,212,588
Ryeacres		- 907	_	5	6
bush Cornacres		307	221	$\frac{65}{37}$	68 28
bush		2 ,603	$\frac{-}{2,651}$	834	501
Buckwheatacres		-	´ -	2 ,993	2,438
$\begin{array}{c} \text{bush.} \\ \text{Peasacres} \end{array}$		90,458	84,460	49,689	43,600
bush		_	4,735	$\frac{148}{2,245}$	$\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ 648 \end{array}$
Beansacres		3,169		33	32
bush		, ,	2,445	496	468

¹Not taken for 1870. ²Lb.

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PRODUCTION.

10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—con.

Crops.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.
Prince Edward Island ¹					
—con. Potatoesacres bush	-	39,083 6,042,191	$\frac{43,521}{7,071,308}$	33,405 4,986,633	30,610 $4,202,535$
Turnipsacres bush	-	1,198,407	4,411	8,905	6,329 2,883,51
Other rootsacres bush	-	42,572	2,005,453	3,932,591	$\frac{208}{115,666}$
Grass and clover seedbush	_	15,247	12,417	9,781	629,921
Hay acres	-	119,936 $143,791$	150,108 132,959	182,714 $172,063$	$215,05 \\ 250,99$
Hopsacres	-	10,209	5,637	$\frac{1,2,600}{2}$ $1,425$	19
Tobaccoacres	-	1,367	- 795	30,994	5
Flaxseed acres bush.	_ !	919	- 746	281 281	2 26
Mixed grains acres bush		_ _	=	6,788 $227,146$	6,56 $226,90$
Nova Scotia—]				
Wheatacres	$19,299 \ 227,497$	$45,045 \\ 529,251$	14,157 165,805	16,334 $248,476$	12,19 $223,53$
Barley acres bush	$\frac{-}{296,050}$	$\frac{-}{228,748}$	$11,992 \ 227,530$	7,710 181,085	5,35 $142,22$
Oatsacres bush	2.190.099	1,873,113	94,117 $1,559,842$	91,087 $2,347,598$	96,30 2,973,85
Ryeacres bush.	33,987	47,567	23,500	$1,018 \\ 15,702$	35 5,35
Cornacres bush.	$\frac{-}{23,349}$	$\frac{-}{13,532}$	16,890	$\begin{array}{c} 177 \\ 9,358 \end{array}$	2,68
Buckwheatacres bush	234,157	339,718	184,421	9,371 $196,498$	9,54 206,00
Peasacres bush	19,740	1	-	$\frac{156}{3,067}$	10 1,83
Beansacres bush	$\frac{-}{15,463}$	ĺ	24,950	$824 \\ 16,084$	73 11,80
Potatoesacres bush	52,588 5,560,975	60,192 $7,378,387$	$44,154 \\ 5,113,612$	37,459 4,394,413	30,82 $3,531,29$
Turnipsacres	·	1,006,711	6,843	6,557	8,39 $3,114,21$
Other rootsacres bush	150,839	- 326,143	(1,349,076]	2,074,806	1,22 $426,60$
Grass and clover	. 1	ĺ	·	~	•
seed bush Hay acres tons	8,121 $412,961$ $443,732$	8,128 $519,856$ $597,731$	2,117 $539,057$ $632,391$	555, 555,963 663,972	37,69 540,58 724,39
Hopsacres	12,380	18,677	-	4,571	1,09
Tobaccoacres	263	1,216	228	560	11
Flaxseed acres bush	-	1,793	410	- 58	- -
Mixed grains acres bush	´ -	_,. 50 _ _	-	2,900 90,869	$\frac{2,42}{78,36}$

¹Not taken for 1870. ²Lb.

10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—con.

Quehec— Wheat acres. bush Barley bush Oats cres. bush Corn acres. bush Buckwheat acres. bush Buckwheat acres. bush Buckwheat acres. bush Peas acres. bush Deans bush Beans bush Beans bush Beans bush Bush Beans bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush Bush B	seed	New Brunswick— Wheat acres bush. Barley acres bush. Oats acres bush. Rye acres bush. Corn acres bush. Buckwheat acres bush. Peas bush. Peas bush. Potatoes acres bush. Turnips acres bush. Other roots acres bush. Other roots bush. Other roots	Crops.
242,726 2,058,076 1,668,208 15,116,262 458,970 603,356 1,676,078 2,205,585 79,050 128,185 18,068,323	8,233 334,997 344,793 10,901 454 454 3,127	18,884 204,911 70,547 3,044,134 23,792 27,658 1,231,091 26,850 47,689 6,562,355 603,721 98,358	1870.
224,678 2,019,004 1,751,539 19,990,205 430,242 888,169 2,041,670 4,170,456 123,869 14,873,287	7,257 389,721 414,046 15,006 6,414 1,745	40,831 521,956 84,183 3,297,534 118,268 118,159 1,587,223 43,121 51,362 6,961,016 990,336 159,043	1880.
168,929 1,646,882 9,464 1,580,197 1,161,030 17,818,589 226,316 226,316 826,179 2,118,197 1,912,463 15,861,797	4,947 470,834 476,069 27,791 702 459	17,306 209,809 6,141 100,917 157,176 3,025,329 6,321 21,021 1,136,528 24,352 29,137 42,703 4,827,830 5,075 974,363	1890.
139,826 1,968,203 1,968,203 1,968,597 1,350,031 33,536,677 11,546 211,287 28,566 1,384,331 1,02,673 1,849,596 1,384,596 1,7,982 908,656 2,886 61,376 127,205 17,135,739	3,096 553,011 520,271 116 31,775 2 587 57 283 1,230 27,706	26,990 381,699 4,581 99,050 186,932 4,816,173 188 2,809 12,509 12,509 12,509 13,573 1,707 16,808 1,709 13,573 4,330 4,649,059 2,070,486	1900.
62,882 932,459 98,164 2,340,364 1,392,139 33,804,291 11,077 148,621 18,525 575,249 119,466 2,365,539 30,295 414,367 4,235 76,150 123,054 15,451,539	90,4891 630,305 668,599 - 258 - 15 5 32 20,453	13,424 204,125 2,611 56,659 201,147 5,538,605 24 333 6,66 1,616 58,398 1,150,522 4,417 40,433 5,219,025 7,898 2,456,871 721 229,233	1910.

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10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—con.

Crops.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.
Quebec—					
Turnipsacres.)		9,843
bush.	812,073	1,572,476		9,029	3,329,166
Other rootsacres. bush.	597,160	2,650,904	2,656,587	3,526,187	3,590
Grass and	331,100	2,050,504	V		1,540,533
clover seed bush.	142,535	119,306	86,934	58,024	$2,105,222^{1}$
Hay acres.	1,211,953	1,495,494	2,178,044	2,576,336	3,229,448
tons	1,225,640	1,614,906	2,243,435	2,782,650	3,826,521
Hopsacres.	499,568	218,542	180,297	$\frac{116}{62,930}$	17 165
Tobaccoacres.	499,500	210,042	100,297	8,661	17,165 11,818
lb	1,195,345	2,356,581	3,958,737	7,655,975	10,115,016
Flaxseedacres.	· · · · -		· -	1,881	1,382
bush	91,545	65,995	29,476	19,309	13,375
Mixed grainsacres.	-			143,729	90,404
bush .	-		-	3,523,507	2,096,744
Ontario—			j		
Wheatacres.	1,365,872	1,949,135	1,430,532	1,487,633	870,354
bush.	14,233,389	27,406,091	21,314,582	28,418,907	19.842,626
Barleyacres.	0.461.099	14.050.044	681,073	586,010	503,159
bush. Oatsacres.	9,461,233	14,279,841	$\begin{array}{c} 13,419,354 \\ 2,053,105 \end{array}$	16,087,862 $2,707,357$	$\begin{bmatrix} 14,085,327 \\ 2,871,288 \end{bmatrix}$
bush.	22,138,958	40,209,929	47,160,246	88,138,974	89,936,041
Ryeacres.	-	-	-	151,916	92,731
bush.	547,609	1,598,871	1,064,345	2,032,385	1,232,493
Cornacres.		0.000 =00		331,641	274,846
bush.	3,148,467	8,096,782	9,835,737	24,463,694	13,830,703
Buckwheat acres. bush .	585,158	841,649	1,470,511	73,038 $1,056,998$	167,315 $3,333,216$
Peasacres.	000,100) 041,049	1,470,511	586,857	321,996
bush.	7,653,545	-	12,760,331	11,351,646	4,311,113
Beans acres.		9,434,872	–	42,086	40,585
bush.	107,925	101.004	664,541	767,255	726,925
Potatoesacres.	174,640	181,394	179,663	176,170	$158,365 \\ 17,300,791$
bush. Turnipsacres.	17,138,534	18,994,559	17,635,151	20,042,258	76,485
bush.	22,455,543	33,856,721	114,289	169,387	34,703,832
Other rootsacres.	_	-	41,200,779	63,368,463	72,007
, bush.	2,706,903	6,479,222)	J	35,714,767
Grass and	190 716	172 010	926 910	914 009	23,883,2231
clover seed bush. Hayacres.	189,716 $1,690,508$	173,219 1,795,965	236,819 $2,528,894$	214,083 $2,723,645$	3,216,139
tons	1,804,476	2,038,659	3,465,633	3,791,776	4,427,436
Hopsacres.	· · -	· · -	· -	965	308
lb	1,188,940	615,967	837,647	603,075	176,131
Tobaccoacres.	200 870	100 071	214 000	$3,144 \ 3,503,739$	7,017 $7,498,506$
$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{lb} \\ \operatorname{Flaxseedacres.} \end{array}$	399,870	160,251	314,086	6,388	7,498,500 8,780
bush.	20,542	38,208	71,339	67,276	82,901
Mixed grains. acres.	,	-	-	117,020	323,409
bush.	_	_	-	3,365,554	10,596,156

m A~G~R~I~C~U~L~T~U~R~E . 10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—m con

10.—Areas and Yields	s of Princ	ipa]	Field (rops	in Census Y	ears,	1870-19	10-con.
Crops.	1870.		1880		1890.	19	900.	1910.
Manitoba ¹ —								
Wheatacres.		-	51	.,293	896,622		965,200	2,759,445
bush.		-	1,033	3,673			353,013	34,127,598
Barleyacres.	i	-	059		56,505		$139,672 \\ 666,803$	416,015
$\begin{array}{c} \text{bush} . \\ \text{Oats} acres. \end{array}$		_	200	604	$\begin{array}{c} 1,452,433 \\ 256,211 \end{array}$		573,858	6,516,634 $1,209,173$
bush.		_	1,270	.268			592,660	30,346,879
Ryeacres.		- [-,	_	-	,	937	2,738
bush.		-	1	,203	12,952		7,085	29,045
Cornacres.		-	0	-	9.400		62	233
bush. Buckwheatacres.		-	2	,516	3,429		1,944	3,161
bush.				$\frac{-}{320}$	178		$\frac{56}{1,294}$	$201 \\ 2,919$
Peasacres.		_)	320	170		406	2,919
bush.		_		_	10,872		4,950	4,863
Beansacres.		-	8	,991	,		38	91
bush.		-	J		434		710	904
Potatoesacres.		-		,306			16,042	26,210
bush.		-	5 56	,193	1,757,231	1,8	920,794	2,865,839
Turnipsacres. bush.		_	140	0.025	2,102		978	892 $245,674$
Other rootsacres.			110	,020 	547,559	•	232,243	1,207
· bush.		_	49	,096		•	202,219	277,100
Grass and			_	,	ľ			,
$clover\ seed \dots bush$.		-		303	849		297	116,0312
Hayacres.		-		,591	407.000		-	137,671
$ ext{tons.}$ Hopsacres.		-	185	,279	485,230	4	177,859	124,954
lb		_	1	,835	1,022		650	122
Tobaccoacres.			•	-,000	1,022		10	7
lb		-	2	,037	1,807		6,365	7,072
Flaxseedacres.		-			· - ·		14,404	34,684
bush.		-		-	34,588		81,898	176,675
Mixed grainsacres. bush.		-		-	-		$769 \\ 13,323$	$473 \\ 8,772$
busii.	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>					10,020 	0,112
Crops.	1900.		1910.		Crops.		1900.	1910.
Saskatchewan—				Saci	katchewan—			
Wheatacres	487,212	4	,228,222		urnips)	651
	4,306,811	66	978,996	_		bush.		
Barley acres	11,842		129,621		ther roots	acres	60,13	3 388
bush.	187,617	3	,061,007			oush.	J)	75,867
Oatsacres	141,807		,888,359	C.	lover and	1.	74 200	
Byebush.	2,274,616 $1,296$	98	,922,791 754	н	grass seed ay		74,328	$\begin{bmatrix} 75,932^2 \\ 37,694 \end{bmatrix}$
bush.	12,633		11,639	**	.ay	tons	247,45	5 45,129
Cornacres	2		94	Н				1 23,123
bush.	100		2,041	i]	b.		8' 80
Buckwheatacres	1		6	T	obacco			$\frac{2}{2}$
Peasacres	36 38		$\frac{29}{236}$	יים	laxseed	lb.	1,14	
r casacres	46		2,612	"		acres bush.		7¦ 506,425 0 3,893,160
hush			-,012	1 34			38	
bush. Beansacres	i		- 8	[[V]	uxeq grain :	acres	1 30	4 052
Beansacres bush.	1 38		8 59	l M	lixed grain	acres oush.	4,15	
Beansacres	1	_	8 59 24 ,046 917,340,				4,15	

¹Not taken in 1870. ²Lb.

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10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—con.

			1				
Crops.	1900.	1910.		Crops.		1900.	1910.
Alberta—			The	Territories ^L	_		
Wheat acres	43,062	879,756		heata		5,67	8 113,811
bush .	797,161	9,060,210) [b	ush.		5 1,792,409
Barley acres	11,055	121,433	Bε	ırleya	cres		8,467
bush.	286,937	2,480,165	5	b	ush.i	48,44	5 215,460
Oatsacres	117,745	783,074	Oε	ıtsa	cres	-, -	61,637
bush.		16,893,840) 	b	ush.	59.95	2 1,628,344
Ryeacres	1,043	6,672	\mathbb{R}_{3}	rea	cres	_	_
bush.	17,499	109,006	š i - "	b	ush.	24	0 1,529
Cornacres	23	. 7 4	Co	rna	cres	. –	'-
bush.	1,300	863	3	b	ush.	1,94	8 1,535
Buckwheatacres	´ 18'	147	Bu	ckwheata	cres	_,-	7, -, -
bush.	264				ush.	5	0 300
Peasacres	69	251		asa			_
bush.	939	2,892	<u> </u>		ush.	1,29	1 5,701
Beansacres	1	12	Be	ansa	cres	}	1 0,
bush.	$1\overline{5}$	115			ush.		119
Potatoesacres	3,792	20,086	Po	tatoesa	cres	81	
bush.	587,461	2,339,901	7 - "		ush.	89,32	6 538,126
Turnipsacres		806	1 75	rnipsa		05,02	1
bush.	582	130,912] -		ush.	14,893	1,877
Other roots acres	174,733	1,606		her rootsa		14,000	429,577
bush.	174,700	301,133			ush.	3,091	129,011
Clover and	' 1	301,133		over and	usn.	3,091	<i>!</i>
		$20,476^{2}$			nah		295
grass seed.bush.	- 1	20,470	++5	grass seedb		0.99	
Hayacres	100 700	149,840	Па	ya		8,33	155 070
tons	183,702	124,879	TT.	τ.	ons	17,50	155,870
Hopsacres	_	-	Ho	psa		_	3.50
lb.	65	-	l	lk Tananan	ο.	7:	$2 \qquad 356$
Tobaccoacres	9 ~ ~00	3	10	baccoa		_	1 020
lb.	5,533	205			b.	-	1,238
Flaxseedacres	100	30,885		axseeda		_	1 400
bush.	693	78,480	١,,,,	, . b	ush.	-	1,462
Mixed grains.acres	100	1,798	Mı	xed grains a	cres	_	_
bush.	1,688	36,556		D)	ush.	_	_
Crops.	1870¹	. 188	0.	1890.	19	900.	1910.
 							
British Columbia—		į					
Wheatacre	es^1	- i	7,952	15,186		15,967	9,492
busl	n.	- 17	3,653	388,300		359,419	206,570
Barleyacre	es	_	´ —	2,228		2,232	1,853
busl	h.	- 7	9,140	79,024		73,790	51,509
Oatsacre	es		´ -	24,148		34,366	33,229
busl		- 1 25	3,911	943,088	1,	442,566	1,764,533
Ryeacre	es	-	´ -	· -	,	730	376
busl	a.	-	482	6,140		17,328	5,658
Cornacre	es	-	_	´ - l		51	´ 19
busl	h.	-	1,433	3,938		1,849	781
Buckwheatacre	es		´ _ ¯	´ -		55	1
						* 000l	
busl		-	59	276		1,899	55

AGRICULTURE.

10.—Areas and Yields of Principal Field Crops in Census Years, 1870-1910—con.

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Crops.	1870¹.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1910.
British Columbia—					
con.		,		0.040	1 550
Peasacres	-	-	05 774	2,949	1,572
Beansacres	_	50,542	85,774	60,074 56	43,979 347
bush.	-)	4,888	1,780	5,341
Potatoesacres	_	3,272	4,213	8,207	10,873
bush.	_	473,831	685,802	955,946	1,633,210
Turnipsacres	_ '	1,0,001) 000,002	550,510	1,008
bush.	_	270,525	1,443	1,980	390,581
Other rootsacres		ı	516,242	635,988	1,306
bush.	-	82,249) '	′	608,500
Grass and					
_clover seedbush.	+	857	1,658	616	$1,780^{2}$
Hayacres	_	28,449		103,417	132,668
tons	_	43,898	102,146	173,443	208,559
Hopsacres	_	. .	- 1	262	825
lb.		24,899	55,288	299,717	1,013,400
Tobaccoacres	_			61	81
lb.	-	96	343	61,830	9,688
Flaxseedacres	-			1	2
bush.	_	34	364	4	50
Mixed grainsacres	_	- 1	- ;	570	525
bush.			1	13,699	13,482

¹Not taken for 1870. ²Lb.

Numbers of Pure-bred Live Stock in Canada.—As in 1901, efforts were made at the Census of 1911 to obtain from stock owners the numbers in Canada of pure-bred animals, as apart from the numbers of live stock generally. The enumerators were instructed to insert in the schedule the number of pure-bred animals of each breed, and the entry was to include in each case the animals by name of breed and the numbers which were registered or which were eligible for registration on June 1, 1911. As the result of the compilation of the figures thus obtained and published in Volume IV (Agriculture) of the Report on the Census, it was found that pure-bred horses in Canada on June 1, 1911, numbered 33,149, cattle 123,899, sheep 53,616 and swine 56,457. As compared with 1901 these numbers represent increases of pure-bred horses 22,393, or 208 p.c., cattle 47,398, or 62 p.c., sheep 8,299, or 18 p.c., and swine 15,628, or 38 p.c. Table 11 shows how the pure-bred live stock in Canada in 1911 were distributed amongst the principal breeds. Horses comprise 22 different breeds, the principal in point of numbers being the Clydesdale, Shire, French-Canadian, Percheron and Suffolk Punch amongst the heavy draught breeds and Thoroughbreds, Hackneys and Standard Bred amongst the light Amongst the cattle Shorthorns very largely predominate with 56,614, or 45 p.c. of the total. Holsteins are next with 23,292, then Ayrshires 17,257, Jerseys 8,124 and Herefords 7,611. Sheep,

numbering 53,616, consist of 14 named breeds. The largest numbers are Shropshires 17,678, next come Oxford Downs 9,127, Leicesters 8,919 and Cotswolds 8,539. Swine, numbering 56,457, consist most largely of Yorkshires 27,730, Berkshires 13,889, Tamworths 4,301 and Chester Whites 4,198.

11.—Numbers of Pure-bred Live Stock in Canada, 1911.

Description.	Number.	Description.	Number.
Horses—		Sheep	
Thoroughbred	753	Cotswold	8,539
Standard Bred	2,598	Leicester	8,919
Hackney	906	Lincoln	2,986
Coach	247	Oxford Down	9,127
French Canadian	1,387	Shropshire	17,678
Clydesdale	19,911	Southdown	
Shire	743	Suffolk	331
Suffolk Punch	207	Hampshire	727
Percheron	2,762	Dorset	970
BelgianArdennais	216 521	Not specified	$\begin{array}{c} 2,305 \\ 206 \end{array}$
	2,681	All other	200
Not specified All other	2,001	Total	53,616
Total	33,149	Swine—	
Total	35,145	Yorkshire	27,730
Cattle—		Berkshire	13,889
Shorthorns	56,614	Chester White	
Hereford	7,611	Tamworth	
Devon	84	Poland China	970
Red Polled	340	Hampshire	
Aberdeen Angus	3,337	Duroc Jersey	730
Galloway	521	Not specified	3,666
Ayrshire	17,257	All other	57
Holsteins	23,292	m . 1	×0.455
Jersey	8,124	Total	56,457
Guernsey	521		
French Canadian	2,245		!
Not specified	3,851		į
All other	102		İ
Total	123,899		

Dairy Products.—Measurement of the progress of dairying in Canada is possible by comparing the results of the census of dairy industries taken in 1911 with those of the previous census of 1900 and of the postal census of dairy products taken in 1907. This is done in Table 12, which shows by provinces the number of factories and creameries and the quantity and value of cheese and butter produced for each of the years 1900, 1907 and 1910. But the figures in this table relate only to the production of factories and creameries and do not include butter and cheese made on the farm. The quantities and values of home-made butter and home-made cheese are shown in Tables 9, 13 and 14, the quantities in Tables 13 and 14 and the values in Table 9. For 1900 there is no record of the quantities of home-made cheese, and the values

of dairy products for that year, totalling \$66,470,953 and including milk and cream sold to factories and cheese and butter, were not separately distinguished. By adding together the quantities and values of the factory and home-made butter we get a total butter production in Canada for 1910 of 201,808,365 lb. (home-made butter 137,110,200 lb. and factory butter 64,698,165 lb.), as compared with 141,409,815 lb. in 1900 (home-made butter 105,343,076 lb. and factory butter 36,066,739 lb.), with a value in 1910 of \$45,915,342 (home-made butter \$30,269,497 and factory butter \$15,645,845). The increase in quantity is at the rate of 42.71 p.c. Of cheese the total production in 1910 was 201,275,297 lb. (factory cheese 199,904,205 lb. and home-made cheese 1,371,092 lb.), the value being \$21,741,212 (factory cheese \$21,587,124 and home-made cheese \$154,088).

Milk.—In 1910 the quantity of milk produced in Canada was returned by farmers as 9,806,741,348 lb., as shown in Table 14; and in Table 9 the value of this production is given as \$103,381,854. The values of home-made cheese and butter are also given in Table 9, but as these two products are made from a part of the milk, the value of which is given in the same table, the figures for cheese and butter are printed

in italics as a caution against duplication.

Condensed Milk.—In 1900 there were four condensed milk factories: two in Nova Scotia, one in Ontario and one in Prince Edward Island. The value of their products was \$269,520. In 1907 there were seven of these factories, the three additional establishments being situated one in Ontario and two in Quebec. These produced 10,334,485 lb. of condensed and evaporated milk and 1,841,650 lb. of condensed cream, the total value of the products being \$910,842. Table 15 shows by provinces for the year 1910 the number of condensed milk factories and the quantity and value of the products. The value of condensed milk, etc., was thus \$1,814,871 in 1910, as compared with \$269,520 in 1900.

The total value of factory cheese, butter and condensed milk was \$39,047,840 in 1910, as compared with \$29,731,922 in 1900, which is an increase in the decade of 31.33 p.c. The average selling price of cheese in 1910 was 10.80 cents, as compared with 10.06 cents in 1900,

and of butter 24.18 cents, as compared with 20.08 cents.

12.—Cheese and Butter Production in Canada, 1900, 1907 and 1910.

Provinces.	Factories and Cream- eries.	Chees	se.	Butte	r.
	No.	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$
Prince Edward I1900		4,457,719	449,400	562,220	118,402
1907		2,250,316	251,410	358,422	89,339
1910	44	3,293,755	354,378	670,908	156,478
Nova Scotia1900	33	568,147	58,321	334,211	68,686
1907	13	181,956	22,066	198,238	49,047
1910	16	264,243	29,977	354,785	88,481

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12.—Cheese and Butter Production in Canada, 1900, 1907 and 1910.—concluded.

Provinces.	Factories and Cream- eries.	Chee	ese.	Butter.		
	No.	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$	
New Brunswick1900		1,892,686	187,106	287,814	58,589	
1907		1,205,773	146,720	969,167	231,102	
1910	42	1,166,243	129,677	849,633	212,205	
Quebec1900	1,992	80,630,199	7,957,621	24,625,000	4,916,756	
1907	2,074	69,887,625	7,888,109	31,056,154	7,256,629	
1910	2,142	58,171,091	6,195,254	41,782,678	9,961,732	
Ontario1900	1,336	131,967,612	13,440,987	7,559,542	1,527,935	
1907	1,209	129,693,010	15,106,030	8,862,618	2,120,457	
1910	1,248	136,093,951	14,769,566	14,085,655	3,379,063	
Manitoba1900	69	1,289,413	124,025	1,557,010	292,247	
1907	51	1,266,591	144,836	1,561,398	388,427	
1910	42	694,713	81,403	2,050,487	511,972	
Saskatchewan1900	5 7	-	-	339,014	70,037	
1907		15,000	1,950	132,803	36,599	
1910	27	26,730	3,396	1,548,696	381,809	
Alberta1900	18	27,693	3,970	406,120	82,630	
1907	53	197,911	24,468	1,507,697	362,782	
1910	56	193,479	23,473	2,149,121	533,422	
British Columbia. 1900	8	_	-	395,808	105,690	
1907	12	90,400	12,050	1,283,797	414,680	
1910	8	-	-	1,206,202	420,683	
Totals for Canada1900	,	220,833,269	22,221,430	36,066,739	7,240,972	
1907 1910	3,515 $3,625$	204,788,583 199,904 205	23 597,639 21.587,124	45,930,294 64,698,165	10,949,062 15,645,845	

13.—Production of Home-made Butter and Cheese in Canada, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900 and 1910.

			and Iolo.			
	1870).	1880.		1890.	
Provinces.	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.	Butter, home- made.	Cheese, home- made.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick.	Lb. 7,161,867 5,115,947	154,758	Lb. 1,688,690 7,465,285 6,527,176	501,655 $172,144$	9,011,118 7,798,268	589,363 39,716
Quebec Ontario Manitoba British Columbia The Territories	24,289,127 37,623,643 -		30,630,397 54,862,365 957,152 343,387 70,717	1,701,721	55,564,496 4,830,368	1,065,737 116,002 373
Total	74,190,584	4,984,843	102,545,169	3.184,996	111,577,210	6,267,203

13.—Production of Home-made Butter and Cheese in Canada, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900 and 1910—concluded.

	1900.		1910.	<u>-</u>	
Provinces.	Butter, home- made.	But home-i		Che home-	ese, made.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	9,060,742 7,842,533 18,357,188 55,378,568 8,676,661 2,271,455	10,978,911 9,053,394 19,585,981 63,253,444 10,937,864 12,053,201 7,689,432	\$ 469,604 2,263,879 1,900,551 4,352,299 13,743,254 2,571,053 2,749,637 1,826,280 392,940	199,250 3,567 358,625 295,886 327,525 27,730 141,604	\$ 1,070 18,317 375 41,794 35,956 33,364 3,454 18,860 898
Total	105,343,076	137,110,200	30,269,497	1,371,092	154,088

14.—Quantities of Animal Products of the Farm, 1900 and 1910.

-		<u> </u>			
Kinds.	1900.	1910.	$\mathbf{Kinds}.$	1900.	1910.
	Lb.	Lb.		Lb.	Lb.
Canada—			New Brunswick-		
Wool		6,933,955	Wool	709,816	
Milk, total		9,806,741,348		1	344,888,058
Butter, home-			Butter, home-		
madé Cheese. "	105,343,076			7,842,533	9,053,394
Cheese, "	1	1,371,092		1	3,567
Honey	3,569,567	6,089,784	Honey	41,506	
-	Doz.	Doz.	·	$\mathbf{Doz}.$	Doz.
Eggs	84,132,802	123,071,034	Eggs	3,120,012	3,887,364
Prince Edward			Quebec-	Lb.	Lb.
Island-	Lb.	Lb.	Wool	2,772,894	1,883,491
Wool		273,633		1	2,701,971,618
Milk, total	1	156,864,012	Butter, home-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Butter, home-		,_,	madé	18,357,188	19,585,981
made	1,398,112	2,309,691		, , , <u> </u>	358,625
Cheese, "	1	9,422		1,090,599	
Honey	2,177			Doz.	Ďoz.
	Doz.	Doz.	Eggs	15,502,415	20,104,834
Eggs	2,426,251	3,549,090		, , ,	
Nova Scotia-	Lb.	Ĺb.	Ontario—	Lb.	Lb.
Wool	872,544	698,331	Wool	5,017,585	2,760,110
Milk, total	Ĺ	426,118,151	Milk, total	1	4,295,977,547
Butter, home-			Butter, home-		
made	9,060,742	10,978,911	$_{ m made}$	55,378,568	
Cheese "	1	199,250		1	295,886
Honey	_ 15,122	$_{-}$ 25,617	Honey	2,366,144	
	Doz.	Doz.		$\mathbf{Doz}.$	Doz.
Eggs	4,419,239	5,183,355	Eggs	49,779,845	58,888,61 4

¹Not reported in 1901.

14.—Quantities of Animal Products of the Farm, 1900 and 1910—concluded.

Kinds.	1900.	1910.	Kinds.	1900.	1910.
Manitoba— Wool Milk, total Butter, home- made Cheese " Honey Saskatchewan— Wool Milk, total Butter, home- made Cheese " Honey	Lb. 137,469 1 8,676,661 16,242 Doz. 5,038,062 Lb. 344,869 1 2,271,455 1 190 Doz. 1,216,385	543,889,750 10,937,864 327,525 62,067 Doz. 9,646,823 Lb. 328,397 662,092,621 12,053,201 27,730 4,428 Doz.	Milk, total Butter, home- made Cheese " Honey Eggs British Colum- bia— Wool Milk, total Butter, home- made Cheese " Honey	Lb. 281,633 1 1,265,262 1 3,750 Doz. 980,852 Lb. 100,349 1 1,092,555 33,837 Doz. 1,649,741	526,472,140 7,689,432 141,604 5,108 Doz. 7,013,717 Lb. 111,058 148,467,451 1,248,282 7,483 31,876 Doz.

¹Not reported in 1901.

15.—Quantity and Value of Condensed Milk Products by Provinces, 1910.

Provinces.	Fac- tories.	Quantity.	Value.	Provinces.	Fac- tories.	Quantity.	Value.
Prince Ed- ward Island Nova Scotia Quebec	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	Lb. 794,070 2,020,200 2,464,546	$50,900^{1}$ $133,956$		No. 6	Lb. 21,552,780 1,000,000 27,831,596	44,326

Including \$900 value of other products.

Orchards and Gardens.—Table 16 shows that from 1891 to 1901 there was a decrease of 25,265 acres in the area devoted to orchards, but that from 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 47,490 acres. Vineyards had an area of 9,836 acres in 1911 as against 5,600 acres in 1901, being an increase of 4,236 acres in the ten years. The combined area of small fruits and vegetables in 1901 was 116,517 acres, as compared with an acreage in 1911 of 223,506, of which 17,495 acres were in fruit and 206,011 acres were in vegetables. The total area under orchards and gardens increased by a little less than 3 p.c. in the ten years 1891 to 1901, while the increase from 1901 to 1911 was about 33 p.c. Table

17 shows that the number of fruit trees in bearing in Canada was 14,002,145 in 1911, as compared with 14,960,346 in 1901, whilst the number of non-bearing fruit trees increased from 6,240,893 in 1901 to 8,315,236 in 1911. The production of fruit trees in 1901 and 1911 is shown in Table 18 and the value of fruits and vegetables in Table 19. Of small fruits the production in 1900 and 1910 was as follows: Grapes 32,898,438 lb. in 1910, as compared with 24,302,634 lb. in 1900; strawberries 18,686,662 boxes in 1910; currants and gooseberries 3,830,609 quarts in 1910; all other small fruits 9,000,208 boxes in 1910. In 1900, 21,707,791 quarts included currants, gooseberries, strawberries and all other small fruits.

16.—Areas under Orchards and Gardens in Canada, 1891, 1901 and 1911.

CI)	1001			Per cent. of total.		
Classes.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1891.	1901.	1911.
OrchardsVineyardsSmall fruitsVegetables	Acres. 381,371 5,951 13,411 63,729	Acres. 356,106 5,600 1 116,517	Acres. 403,596 9,836 17,495 206,011	p.c. 82.10 1.28 2.88 13.74	p.c. 74.45 1.17 1 24.38	p.c. 63.37 1.54 2.75 32.34
Total	464,462	478,223	636,938	100.00	100.00	100.00

17.—Bearing and Non-bearing Fruit Trees in Canada, 1901 and 1911.

Kinds.	Trees, b	earing.	Trees, non-bearing.	
	1901.	1911.	1901.	1911.
ApplePeachPearPlum	No. 11,025,789 819,985 617,293 1,452,269	No. 10,617,372 839,288 581,704 1,075,130	No. 4,028,086 481,790 344,808 963,426	No. 5,599,804 1,056,359 385,538 637,220
CherryOther	903,140 141,870	741,992 146,659	385,228 37,555	495,082 $141,233$
Totals	14,960,346	14,002,145	6,240,893	8,315,236

Included with vegetables.

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18.—Orchard Trees in 1901 and 1911, and Production of Fruit in 1900 and 1910.

TZ: 1	Trees, b	earing.	Trees, nor	Trees, non-bearing.		g. Production of fruit.		
Kinds.	1901.	1911.	1901.	1911.	1900.	1910.		
P. E. Island	No.	No.	No.	No.	Bush.	Bush.		
Apples Peaches	$115,091 \ 72$	147,737 209	87,009	58,259	159,421	160,375		
Pears	621	1,415	91 1,341	$\frac{341}{1,024}$	$\begin{array}{c} 45 \\ 279 \end{array}$	13 773		
Plums	13,001	11,517	14,479	9,108	4.265	5.231		
Cherries	48,917	37,682	21,514	15,412	17,838	7,!35		
Other	47,378	4,587	10,546	5,636	2,639	1,479		
Nova Scotia— Apples	1,203,745	1,596,056	771,830	884,984	2,065,104	1,666,977		
Peaches	4,482	2.926	6,015	2,038	3,231	1,000,977		
Pears	21,014	2,926 $37,154$	35,086	25,132	14,881	23,506		
Plums	93,790	52,764	78,655	37,734	28,931	16,984		
Cherries	43,153	31,056	18,883	13,672	16,669	10,004		
Other New Brunswick-	14,806	2,852	3,321	1,141	2.229	1,580		
Apples	456,115	393,874	219,249	229,828	503,214	272,884		
Peaches	86	667	247	251	87	49		
Pears	721	811	1.779	1.137	279	423		
Plums	16,900	11,445	16,371	10,541	4,637	3,778		
Cherries	21,239 $12,326$	11,425 $1,839$	$13,331 \\ 3,470$	7,656 $3,014$	4,233 1,096	$1,680 \\ 301$		
OtherQuebec—	12,520	1,000	3,470	3,014	1,090	501		
Apples	1,476,727	1,252,835	780,025	859,812	2,025,113	1,482,095		
Peaches	68	1,734	264	688	17	1,484		
Pears	5,191	4,014	6,632	3,812	3,275	4,886		
Plums	245,370 $317,762$	136,270 $112,056$	$118,910 \\ 76,328$	$126,156 \\ 53,778$	122,648 $150,690$	53,947 $45,744$		
Cherries Other	23,711	33,411	4,817	9,538	21,386	9,796		
Ontario—	23,122	00,111	•	0,000	,	-,		
Apples	7,551,636	6,710,033	1,989,983	2,073,576		6,459,151		
Peaches	811,725	794,192	470,772	890,455	539,482	600,187		
Pears	564,798 999,091	505,368 $784,036$	280,175 $686,626$	237,769 $345,991$	487,759 337,108	423,568 $346,944$		
Plums Cherries	446,556	506,868	237,792	327,891	132,177	146,440		
Other	38,517	48,121	10,263	54,296		20,465		
Manitoba—	,	,	, i	<i>,</i>		,		
Apples	1,091	4,292	7,241	17,801	571	1,528		
Peaches	-	31	-	47. 59.	-	18 13		
Pears Plums	24,094	$\frac{14}{5,183}$	17,569	8,801	2,006	1,645		
Cherries	8,102	9,776	5,540	2,371	673	547		
Other	′ -	22,151	´ -	5,836	_	2,427		
Saskatchewan-	200	4 440	004	F 404	007	00		
Apples	300	1,449	831	5,434 12	987	90		
Peaches Pears	_ [8	_	$\frac{12}{92}$	_			
Plums	192	716	3,681	2,209	21	17		
Cherries	47	237	2,280	924	13	6		
Other	-	4,816	70	4,960	-	213		

18.—Orchard Trees in 1901 and 1911, and Production of Fruit in 1900 and 1910—concluded.

	Trees, l	pearing.	Trees, non-bearing. Production of fr		n of fruit.	
Kinds.	1901.	1911.	1901.	1911.	1900.	1910.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	Bush.	Bush.
Alberta—						
Apples	400	333	958	4,448	500	189
Peaches	_	6	-	20	- 1	_
Pears	_	12	-	26		
Plums	51	132	470	536		4
Cherries	42	195	83	285		1
Other	-	5,969	-	6,163	-	59
British Colum-						
bia—			i			
Apples	22 0	510,763	170,960			
Peaches	3,552	39,522	4,401			
Pears	24,948	32,908	19,795			
Plums	59,780	73,067	26,663			80,444
Cherries	17,322	32,697	9,477	73,090		
Other	5,132	22,913	5,068	50,649	2,938	11,469
Canada—	11 005 500	4004 000	4 000 000	F F00 004	10 000 100	10 010 000
Apples	11,025,789		4,028,086	5,599,804		
Peaches	819,985		481,790	1,056,359		
Pears	617,293		344,808	385,538		
Plums	1,452,269		963,426	637,220		508,994
Cherries	903,140		385,228	495,082		238,974
Other	141,870	146,659	37,555	141,233	70,396	47,789

19.-Value of Fruits and Vegetables, in Canada, 1900 and 1910.

_	Va	lue in 1910	of	Value of fruit vegetables		
Provinces.	Orchard fruits.	Small fruits.	Vegetables.	1900.	1910.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Prince Edward Island	132,233	25,564		228,489	139,004	
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	$\frac{1,547,245}{267,993}$	87,161		3,026,445	1,407,369 $394,337$	
Quebec	1,186,479	62,806 $284,633$		1,204,660 $7,268,778$	2,564,801	
Ontario	5,564,133	2,254,913		13,862,663	7,809,084	
Manitoba	7,146	14,690		1,450,238	163,958	
Saskatchewan—	327	3,828	1,047,082	1,051,237	48,474	
Alberta	401	6,469		1,136,792	32,079	
British Columbia—	1,022,576	312,528	1,023,263	2,358,367	435,794	
Canada	9,728,533	3,052,592	18,806,544	31,587,669	12,994,900	

Cold Storage of Perishable Products.—Under the Cold Storage Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 6), subsidies are granted by the Dominion Government towards the construction and equipment of cold storage warehouses open to the public, the Act and regulations made thereunder being administered by the Department of Agriculture. Table 20 gives a list of the cold storage warehouses in Canada, with refrigerated space amounting to 24,047,520 cubic feet, of which 4,441,207 cubic feet apply to warehouses subsidised under the Act.

20.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915.

(A) Subsidised Public Warehouses.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
Prince Edward Island— Island Cold Storage Co.	Charlottetown	Cubic Feet. 150,000	General.
Nova Scotia— Lockport Cold Storage CoNorth Atlantic Fisheries	Lockport Port Hawkesbury	59,940 338,550	Fish and General. Fish and General.
New Brunswick— Cold Storage, Ltd New Brunswick Cold Storage Co	Woodstock St. John	37,161 744,000	General.
Quebec— Dominion Fish & Fruit Co	Quebec	225,000 23,394	General. General.
Ontario— Algoma Produce Co Brantford Cold Storage	_	55,806 36,000	General.
Co Chatham Fruit Growers' Association. Flavelles, Ltd Gunns, Ltd Lemon Bros Chatham Packing Co., Ltd., successors to	Chatham	50,000 131,510 57,069 66,000	Fruit and General General. General. General.
O'Keefe & Drew Abattoir Co	Chatham Palmerston Peterborough	144,400 169,984 90,000	Meat and General General. General.

¹See Canada Year Book, 1907, pp. xvi-xvii, and Bulletin 23, March, 1910, of Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner's Series, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

20.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915—con.

(A) Subsidised Public Warehouses—con.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
Ontario—con.		Cubic Feet.	
St. Lawrence Produce Co St. Thomas Cold Storage	Brockville	106,000	General.
Co The J. D. Moore Co Trenton Cooperage	St. Thomas St. Mary's	$174,141 \\ 105,000$	Meat and General General.
Mills, Ltd	Trenton	$\frac{166,446}{30,600}$	Fruit. General.
Manitoba— Brandon Creamery & Supply Co	Brandon	27,500	General.
Saskatchewan— City Cold Storage Co	Regina	100,672	General.
Moosejaw Cold Storage Co Metropolitan Cold Stor-	Moosejaw	189,764	General.
age, Henri Gauvin	Vonda	24,000	General.
Alberta— Merchants' Cold Storage Edmonton Cold Storage	Calgary	111,050	General.
Co	Edmonton	150,056	General.
British Columbia— Canadian Fish and Cold Storage Co H. & K. Trading Co The B. Wilson Co	Prince Rupert Penticton	781,000 32,164 64,000	Fish and General. General. General.
Total		4,441,207	

(B) Non-Subsidised.

Nova Scotia— *Canso Cold Storage Co. *The HalifaxCold Storage Co	Canso	62,000 80,000	Fish only.
New Brunswick— The Sussex Packing Co., Ltd	Sussex	82,800	Meat.

20.-Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915.-con.

(B) Non-Subsidised—con.

			
Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
Quebec		Cubic Feet.	
Matthews Blackwell Co.		00070 1000	
Ltd	Hull	151,000	Meat.
*Canada Cold Storage Co.	Montreal	762,000	General.
*A. A. Ayer Cold Storage		<i>'</i>	
Co	Montreal	700,000	Dairy Produce.
*Gunn, Langlois & Co	Montreal	400,000	General.
*The Gould Cold Storage			
Co.:	Montreal	500,000	General.
Matthews Blackwell Co.	3.5	200 000	3.6
Ltd	Montreal		Meat and Gen'l.
*Lovell & Christmas	Montreal	460,000	Dairy Produce.
The Wm. Davies Co.		225,950	Meat.
Ltd	Montreal Montreal	Freezer Space	Meat.
Wm. Clark		75,000 270,000	Meat.
Montreal Abattoirs, Ltd Montreal Abattoirs, Ltd	Montreal	203,976	Meat.
Société S.P.A	Montreal	11,000	Meat.
Gordon-Ironside &	Montheat	11,000	Micat.
Fares Co	Montreal	19,600	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co.,	Wiolitical	47,100	
Ltd	Montreal	Freezer Space	Meat.
Masterman Packing &	1,10110100111111	i	
Provision Co	Montreal	35,000	Meat.
*Alex. Ames & Sons	Sherbrooke	110,000	General.
Ontario—			
Matthews Blackwell Co.		ļ.	
$\mathbf{L}\mathbf{td}.\dots\dots$	Brantford	250,000	Meat.
Collingwood Packing		İ	
Co	Collingwood	160,000	Meat.
*Long Bros	Collingwood		General.
The Wm Ryan Co., Ltd	Fergus		Meat.
The Wm. Davies Co.,	TT	$\begin{cases} 82,504 \\ 82,504 \end{cases}$	Meat.
Ltd	Harriston	(Freezer Space)	
*Fearman Cold Storage &	TT :14	155,200	Meat and Gen'l.
Warehousing Co	Hamilton	570,809	Meat.
Armour & Company Ingersoll Packing Co	Ingersoll.	550,000	Meat and Dairy
Ingerson Packing Co	ingerson.	050,000	Products.
*The London Cold Storage			
& Warehousing Co		400,000	General.
Dominion Abattoirs			
Ltd	London	x	Meat.
*McDougall Bros	Owen Sound	66,400	General.
*Ottawa Cold Stores	Ottawa	129,000	General.
Matthews Blackwell Co.	.)		125
Ltd	Peterboro	175,000	Meat.
Whyte Packing Co	Stratford		Meat.
*J. B. Jackson	Simcoe	36,000	General.
*The Grimsby Pre-Cool-	_		
ing & Experimental		10,000	Fruit.
Warehouse		40,000	Fruit.
(Dominion Government)	11		

20.-Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915-con.

(B) Non-Subsidised—con.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
		Cubic Feet.	
Ontario—con.			
*St. Catharines Cold Storage Co. Morgan Cold Storage	St. Catharines Delhi	20,000 24,000	Fruit. Eggs.
Gordon-Ironside & Fares Co Gordon-Ironside & Fares	Port Arthur	48,000	Meat.
Co	Fort William	81,000	Meat.
Gallagher, Holman & Lafrance	Fort William	9,200	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Fort William	$\begin{cases} 36,576 \\ \text{Freezer Space} \end{cases}$	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	West Toronto	$\{ \begin{array}{c} 763,000 \\ \text{Freezer Space} \end{array} \}$	Meat and Gen'l.
Gunns, Limited	West Toronto	175,000	Meat.
Gunns, Limited Gunns, Limited	Toronto	30,000 70,000	Eggs and Butter. Eggs, Butter and Poultry.
*Mannings Cold Storage Co*Public Cold Storage &	Toronto	300,000	General.
Warehousing Co	Toronto	768,000	General.
The Wm. Davies Co.,	Toronto	244,436)	Meat.
Matthews Blackwell Co. The Harris Abattoir Co.	Toronto	362,000	Meat.
Ltd The Harris Abattoir Co.	Toronto	422,400	Meat and Gen'l.
Ltd *Municipal Abattoir W. Wight & Co	Toronto Toronto		Meat and Gen'l. Meat and Gen'l. Meat.
The Bowes Co., Ltd	Toronto	40,000	General Produce.
The James Fish Co The Doyle Fish Co	Toronto	40,000 25,000	Fish.
Marshalls Limited	Toronto	40,000	General Produce.
J. J. Fee	$egin{array}{cccc} { m Toronto} \ldots & \ldots & { m Toronto} \end{array}$	30,000 25,000	General Produce. General Produce.
Manitoba—	i		
*Manitoba Cold Storage	Winnipeg	1,500,000	General.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	• -	87,520) Freezer Space	Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Winnipeg	71,867 Freezer Space	Meat.
Gordon-Ironside & Fares			
CoGallagher, Holman &	Winnipeg	,	Meat.
Lafrance	Winnipeg Winnipeg	48,000	Meat. Meat.
LtdThe W.J. Guest Fish Co.	Winnipeg	84,000 Freezer Space	Meat. Fish.
The W.J. Quest Pish Co.	Winnipeg	30,000	r isn.

Note-Those against which an asterisk (*) is placed are Public Warehouses.

20.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915—con.

(B) Non-Subsidised.—con.

Name.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.	Principal Articles Stored.
α		Cubic Feet.	
Saskatchewan— Gordon-Ironside &			
Fares Co	Moosejaw	600,000	Meat.
Fares Co	Saskatoon	60,000	Meat.
Fares Co	Regina	75,000	Meat.
Alberta—			
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd	Colgory	33,457	Meat.
	Calgary	Freezer Space	
P. Burns & Co., Ltd Swift Canadian Co.,			
Ltd	Edmonton	Freezer Space	Meat and General
P. Burns & Co., Ltd	Edmonton	299,447	Meat and General
Gainers, Ltd	South Edmonton	94,080	Meat.
Campbell, Wilson & Horne	Lethbridge	5,000	General.
British Columbia—			
Wallace Bros	Claxton	25,515	Fish only.
The Skeena River Fish-	1		
eries	Haysport	108,000	Fish only.
*Nicola Valley Meat Market	Merritt	10 576	Meat.
Standard Fish & Fertil-	Merrico	18,576	Meau.
izer Co., Ltd	Pacofi	59,400	Fish.
*Knight Cold Storage Co. *Columbia Cold Storage	Vernon	7,920	General.
Co	New Westminster	250,000	Fish and General
St. Mungo Packing Co	New Westminster	40,000	Fish.
Cleeve Canning & Cold		,	
Storage Co	New Westminster	25,000	Fish.
Vancouver Prince Rupert Meat Co	New Westminster	250,000	Meat.
P. Burns & Co., Ltd	Vancouver	700,000	Meat.
Canadian Fishing Co	Vancouver	300,000	Fish only.
*Vancouver Ice & Cold	77	700,000	Camanal
Storage Co Vancouver Prince Rup-	Vancouver	700,000	General.
ert Meat Co	Vancouver	100,000	Meat.
Vancouver Prince Rup-	, micourorii	200,000	
ert Meat Co	Vancouver		Meat.
Swift Canadian Co., Ltd.	Vancouver	[110,115\]	Meat.
*The British Columbia		(Freezer Space)	
Cold Storage Co	Victoria	35,000	General.
Vancouver Prince Rup-		·	3.5 4
ert Meat Co	Victoria	50,000	Meat.

20.—Cold Storage Warehouses in Canada, 1915—concluded.

(B) Non-Subsidised—con.

Names.	Place.	Refrigerated Space.		Principal Articles Stored.
British Columbia—con. Swift Canadian Co., Ltd Swift Canadian Co., Ltd P. Burns & Co., Ltd	Victoria Nelson	Freezer	18,600\ Space\ 6,726\ Space\ 24,111	Meat. Meat. Meat and General.
Yukon Territory— *Pacific Cold Storage Co. Total (not including marked x) Grand total	unreported space	19,6 24,6	44,900 506,313 047,520	Fish.

Beetroot Sugar.—It is estimated by the Census and Statistics Office that in 1914 12,100 acres of sugar beetroots were grown for manufacturing purposes in Ontario and Alberta, as compared with 17,000 acres in 1913. In Alberta, of the total area planted in 1914, only 100 acres were harvested, the drought in this province having caused an almost total failure of the crop. The total yield of roots is estimated at 108,600 tons, the average yield per acre being about nine tons. At an average price of \$6 per ton the total value of the crop was about \$651,000. At the conclusion of the sugar campaign of 1914 the production of refined beetroot sugar by the three Canadian factories was reported as 27,545,248 lb., as compared with 23,964,272 lb. of refined beetroot sugar produced in 1913.

Tobacco.—Table 21 is an estimate by the Tobacco Division of the Department of Agriculture of the acreage and yield of tobacco in Canada in 1914, as compared with 1913. The season of 1914 was not favourable for securing the best results. In Quebec the summer was too cool and dry and the fall too rainy; so that the yield was below average and the leaf small and of medium quality. In Ontario the fall was favourable to late crops and to curing, and the quality of the crop was about normal.

21.—Area and Yield of Tobacco in Canada, 1913 and 1914.

Province.	1913.	1914.	1913.	1914.	1913.	1914.
	Acres.	Acres.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb. per	Lb.per
Quebec Ontario	5,000 6,000	4,750 5,000	4,500,000 8,000,000	5,000,000 6,000,000	acre. 900 1,300	acre. 950 1,200
Total	11.000	9,750	12,500,000	11,000,000	1,136	1,128

Cost of Grain Production.—In 1912 and again in 1914 inquiries were made by the Census and Statistics Office into the cost of graingrowing in Canada, and averages were compiled from the returns of over 1,000 correspondents of the cost per acre of growing wheat, oats, barley, flax and corn in the years 1911 and 1913. Table 22 shows per acre by provinces the itemized costs of production, the value and the profit for the year 1913, and Table 23 gives per acre the total cost. value of produce and profit, by provinces, for the year 1913 compared with 1911. Compared by provinces the largest profit from grain growing in 1913 was apparently made in Quebec; but it must be noted that comparatively little grain is sold off the farms in that province, and the value of cereals is largely dependent upon the dairying industry in connection with which they are chiefly grown. In Nova Scotia graingrowing is not the main agricultural feature, and the cost of the commercial fertilisers, though debited to the grain crop of the year, has doubtless an effect upon succeeding crops such as potatoes, turnips, etc. Another noteworthy point is the small profit shown in the three Northwest provinces, which is apparently due to low prices. This remark applies especially to Saskatchewan, where, moreover, in the case of the flax crop, a loss is shown of nearly \$1 per acre. In British Columbia, where the returns are high, the acreage affected is small, and the figures are based upon a smaller number of returns than in the case of the other provinces.1

22.—Average cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking, in Canada and the Provinces, 1913.

Items.	Fall wheat.	Spring wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Flax.	Corn for husking.
Canada—	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Preparation	3.77	3.34	3.17	3.10	3.20	4.53
Seed	1.66	1.63	1.16	1.18	.99	.78
Seeding	. 61	.61	.62	.60	.56	1.27
Cultivation	.72	.53	. 56	. 53	. 46	2.95
Harvesting	1.57	1.42	1.47	1.41	1.23	2.71
Threshing	2.05	2.36	2.55	2.34	2.73	3.22
Wear and tear of imple-						
ments	.35	.37	.37	.37	.36	. 46
Rental value	3.07	2.64	2.68	2.63	2.60	3.10
Total	13.80	12.90	12.58	12.16	12.13	19.02
Value of Produce	20.94	17.15	15.00	16.00	13.31	30.27
Profit	7.14	4.25	2.42	3.84	1.18	11.25

¹Complete reports on the results of these inquiries were published in the Census and Statistics Monthly for March, 1912 (Vol. 5, No. 46, pp. 51-57), and for December, 1914 (Vol. 7, No. 76, pp. 299-306).

22.—Average cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking, in Canada and the Provinces, 1913—con.

Items.	Fall wheat.	Spring wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Flax.	Corn for husking.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Prince Edward Island-	•					
Preparation	_	$\frac{2.29}{2.53}$	$\frac{2.47}{1.53}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.51 \\ 1.59 \end{bmatrix}$	_	· –
Seed Seeding	-	54	. 55	.51	_	
Cultivation	_	.68	.76	73		
Harvesting	-	1.23	1.28	1.22	-	_
Threshing	-	1.76	1.80	1.79	-	-
Wear and tear of implements	_	. 51	. 51	.50		
Rental value	_	2.53	2.32	2.40	_	-
Total	_	12.07	11.22	11.25	-	-
Value of produce	_	21.32	16.00	18.66	-	-
Profit	_	9.25	4.78	7.41	_	_
Nova Scotia—						
Commercial fertilizers		5.18	5.00	5.28		_
Preparation		4.09	3.78	3.56	_	-
Seed	***	2.47	2.00	1.89	-	-
Seeding.	_	.91	.97 .88	.81 1.00		_
Cultivation Harvesting	_	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.33 \\ 2.00 \end{bmatrix}$	1.84	1.88	_	_
Threshing	_	2.13	2.23	2.32		1
Wear and tear of imple-		2.10	0			
ments	-	54	. 51	.40	_	
Rental value	-	2.50	2.00	2.50		-
Total Value of produce	_	$21.15 \\ 23.25$	$\frac{19.21}{21.60}$	$19.64 \\ 22.25$	_	-
Profit	-	$\frac{23.23}{2.10}$	$\frac{21.00}{2.39}$	2.61	_	: -
New Brunswick—						
Preparation.	_	3.93	3.78	4.08	_	_
Seed		2.16	1.86	1.66		_
Seeding	_	1.06	. 96	. 98		_
Cultivation Harvesting	_	1.36 1.98	$\frac{1.90}{1.75}$	$1.33 \\ 1.78$. –
Threshing	_	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.98 \\ 2.06 \end{bmatrix}$	1.73	$\frac{1.78}{2.04}$	_	1
Wear and tear of imple-		2.00	2.00	2.01		
ments	_	. 54	. 57	. 54	_	į
Rental value	-	2.87	2.76	2.89		1
Total Value of produce	_	$15.96 \\ 25.77$	15.48 18.40	15.30 20.57	_	-
Profit	_	9.81	2.92	5.27	_	_
Quebec—	.(44	9 97	9.01	9.80	0.45	4.45
Preparation. Seed	$\begin{array}{c} 4.11 \\ 2.26 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 3.37 \\ 2.31 \end{array}$	$\frac{3.21}{1.52}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3.32 \\ 1.57 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{3.45}{1.63}$	4.45
Seeding	1.03	.84	.87	.89	.75	1.74
Seeding Cultivation	.48	.71	. 69	. 68	.75	3.39
Harvesting	1.50	1.57	1.53	1.55	2.22	3.04
Threshing	1.32	1.55	1.46	1.55	1.79	2.93
ments	.28	.38	.37	.38	.33	.44

22.—Average cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking, in Canada and the Provinces, 1913—con.

Items.	Fall wheat.	Spring wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Flax.	Corn for husking.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Quebec—con.	0.00	0.00			2 22	
Rental value	2.90	2.80	2.65	2.70	2.90	3.20
Total Value of produce	13.88 20.30	$13.53 \\ 22.37$	$12.30 \\ 16.50$	$12.64 \\ 20.74$	$13.82 \\ 22.42$	$\begin{vmatrix} 20.12 \\ 32.01 \end{vmatrix}$
Profit	6.42	8.84	4.20	8.10	8.60	11.89
110110	0.12	0.01	4.20	0.10	0.00	11.00
Ontario—		0.40				
Preparation	4.15	3.43	3.45	3:43	3.75	4.55
Seed	1.74	1.69	1.08	1.26	1.41	.64
Seeding	.57	.65	.60	.58	.73	$\begin{array}{c c} .80 \\ 2.45 \end{array}$
Cultivation		1.47	$.72 \\ 1.51$	1.48	$\frac{.89}{2.60}$	$\frac{2.43}{2.28}$
Harvesting	1.78	1.64	$\frac{1.51}{1.71}$	1.70	$\frac{2.00}{2.04}$	3.35
Wear and tear of imple-		1.01	1.71	1.70	2.01	0.00
ments	38	33	36	35	51	47
Rental value	3.15	2.95	3.00	3.09	3.79	3.22
Total	14.07	12.83	12.43	12.63	15.72	17.76
Value of produce	21.78	18.58	16.70	18.42	19.84	28.60
Profit		5.75	4.27	5.79	4.12	10.84
N/		1				1
Manitoba—	2.25	2.64	2.35	2.34	2.45] _
Preparation		1.41	.93	.91	.90	_
Seeding.		.45	. 45	.46	.49	_
Cultivation		40	.39	.37	.38	' -
Harvesting		$\frac{.40}{1.12}$	1.13	1.11	1.02	_
Threshing	2.79	2.26	2.91	2.58	2.68	
Wear and tear of imple-						
ments		. 37	.36	.37	.31	-
Rental value		2.82	2.65	2.68	2.79	•
Total	10.84	11.47	11.17	10.82	11.02	i -
Value of produce	16.55	14.12	12.56	11.84	14.42	-
Profit	5.71	2.65	1.39	1.02	3.40	_
Saskatchewan-						1
Preparation		3.43	3.07	2.80	3.26	1 -
Seed		1.31	88	.85	.81	-
Seeding		. 50	.83	. 50	. 53	
Cultivation		. 40	.38	.35	.38	-
Harvesting		1.23	1.23	1.18	.89	· –
Threshing	-	2.90	3.77	3.02	3.12	+
Wear and tear of imple-		90	96	.35	.36	
ments		2.38	$\begin{array}{c} .36 \\ 2.25 \end{array}$	2.18	2.35	
Total		12.53	12.77	11.23	11.69	_
Value of Produce	•	14.25	12.25	11.67	10.73	
Profit		1.72	.52		.96	
A 11 A		1			I I	1
Alberta— Preparation	2.60	3.33	2.99	3.01	3.24	-
Seed			.92	.88	.89	-
Seeding		.51	.51	.50	.49	_

22.—Average cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking, in Canada and the Provinces, 1913—concluded.

Items.	Fall wheat.	Spring wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Flax.	Corn for husking.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Alberta—con.				' ·		
Cultivation	.51	.49	.46	.49	.41	-
Harvesting	1.54	1.53	1.59	1.52	1.00	-
Threshing	2.93	2.96	3.15	2.79	2.69	-
Wear and tear of imple-	••		00			
ments	.28	.33	. 33	.33	.37	-
Rental value	2.26	2.08	$\frac{2.11}{10.00}$	2.10	2.22	-
Total	11.70	12.44	12.06	11.62	11.31	
Value of Produce	15.06	14.53	12.78	12.43	11.38	_
Profit	3.36	2.09	.72	.01	.07	· -
British Columbia—						i
Preparation	4.79	4.64	4.40	_	_	_
Seed	2.08	1.97	1.88	-		_
Seeding		.93	.75	_	_	_
Cultivation	.98	1.06	.92	_ :		· _
Harvesting	3.24	2.95	3.13	_	_	_
Threshing	4.32	3.77	4.12	_]	-	-
Wear and tear of imple-						
ments	.25	.29	.24	-	-	/-
Rental value	10.40	8.28	10.08	-	_	-
Total	27.02	23.89	25.52	-	_	_
Value of produce	40.14	32.58	30.20		_	-
\mathbf{Profit}	13.12	8.69	4.68	- 1	_	_

23.—Average total cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking in Canada and the Provinces for 1913, compared with 1911.

	Total cost.		Value of produce.		Profit.	
Crops.	1911.	1913.	1911.	1913.	1911.	1913.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Canada—						
Fall wheat	13.57	13.80	20.64	20.94	7.07	7.14
Spring wheat	12.87	12.90	16.58	17.15	3.71	4.25
Oats	12.61	12.58	16.27	15.00	* 3.66	2.42
Barley	12.19	12.16	17.54	16.00	5.35	3.84
Flax	12.52	12.13	19.85	13.31	7.33	1.18
Corn for husking	21.88	19.02	30.38	30.27	8.50	11.25
Prince Edward Island—						
Spring wheat	11.79	12.07	19.08	21.32	7.29	9.25
Oats	11.24	11.22	16.60	16.00	5.36	4.78
Barley	11.07	11.25	16.12	18.66	5.05	7.41
Nova Scotia—					1	
Spring wheat	21.31	21.15	23.25	21.53	3.02	2.10
Oats	20.05	19.21	21.60	20.33	2.45	2.39
Barley	19.29	19.64	22.25	20.11	4.58	2.61

23.—Average total cost of production, value and profit per acre of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Flax and Corn for husking in Canada and the Provinces for 1913, compared with 1911—concluded.

	Tota!	cost.	Value of	produce.	Pro	fit.
Crops	1911.	1913.	1911.	1913.	1911.	1913.
New Brunswick-		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Spring wheat	14.31	15.96	21.17	25.77	6.86	9.8
Oats	13.49	15.48	19.26	18.40	5.77	2.9
Barley	12.45	15.30	20.59	20.57	8.14	5.2
Quebec—					0.22	٠. ـ
Fall wheat	-	13.88	-	20.30	_	6.4
Spring wheat	14.24	13.53	20.64	22.37	6.40	8.8
Oats	13.95	12.30	20.19	16.50	6.24	4.2
Barley	13.28	12.64	20.14	20.74	6.86	8.1
Flax	14.63	13.82	20.73	22.42	6.10	8.6
Corn for husking	20.00	20.12	33.11	32.01	13.11	11.8
Ontario—			00.22	02.02	10.11	
Fall wheat	14.10	14.07	22.36	21.78	8.26	7.7
Spring wheat	12.71	12.83	16.16	18.58	3.45	5.7
Oats	12 17	12.43	14.76	16.70	2.59	4.2
Barley	12.07	12.63	18.43	18.42	6.36	$\tilde{5}.7$
Flax	14.00	15.72	21.55	19.84	7.55	4.1
Corn for husking	19.48	17.76	28.13	28.60	8.65	10.8
Manitoba—			1 -0.10	20.00	0.00	
Fall wheat	_	10.84		16.55	_	5.7
Spring wheat	11.47	11.47	16.67	14.12	5.20	2.6
Oats	11.22	11.17	16.00	12.56	4.78	1.3
Barley	11.02	10.82	17.00	11.84	5.98	1.0
Flax	11.49	11.02	22.00	14.42	10.51	3.4
Saskatchewan—						
Spring wheat	12.18	12.53	13.60	14.25	1.42	1.7
Oats	13.07	12.77	14.30	12.25	1.23	. 5
Barley	11.29	11.23	14.37	11.67	3 08	.4
Flax	12.60	11.69	19.41	10.73	6.81	-9
Alberta—						
Fall wheat	12.32	11.70	18.24	15.06	5.92	3.3
Spring wheat	12.38	12.44	13.85	14 53	1.47	2.0
Oats	12.29	12.06	14.87	12.78	2.58	. 7.
Barley	11.45	11.62	15.21	12.43	3.76	.8
Flax	11.56	11.31	17.83	11.38	6.27	
British Columbia—						
Fall wheat	16.58	27.02	28.00	40.14	11.42	13.1
Spring wheat	19.68	23.89	36.00	32.58	16.32	8.6
Oats	22.37	25.52	34.00	30.20	11.63	4.6
Barley	22.54	_	36.00	_	13.46	_

Loss.

Wages of Farm Help in Canada.—In recent years the wages of farm help have increased considerably, and they reached their highest point during the large harvest of 1913. But in 1914 the pendulum swayed back, less labour being required on farms owing to lighter crops. Since August, 1914, the war had for one of its effects an increase in the supply of farm labour and consequently a fall in wages. The demand for farm labour, since the setting in of the winter of 1914-15, also decreased because of the increased cost of board. The estimated

average wages of farm help for 1914, compared with 1909 and 1910, are given in Table 24, which is compiled from the returns of correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office. Owing to the causes mentioned, farm wages in 1914 were generally at a lower level than in 1909 or 1910, and the cost of board increased. For all Canada the average wages per month in the summer, including board, were \$35.55 for male and \$18.81 for female help; for the year, including board, the average wages were \$323.30 for males and \$189.35 for females, whilst the average cost of board per month was \$14.27 for males and \$11.24 for females, as compared with \$12.49 and \$9.56 in 1910.

24.—Average Wages of Farm Help in Canada, as compiled from the returns of correspondents, 1909, 1910 and 1914.

Provinces.	Per month in summer season including board.		ummer season including of board		oard	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Canada	35.15	19.08 20.70 18.81	$336.29 \\ 347.70 \\ 323.30$	206.08 209.69 189.35	10.00 12.49 14.27	8.00 9.56 11.24
Prince Edward Island1909 1910 1914	25 27 26.60 24.71	13.87 15.00 13.48	226.47 244.89 220.93	144.27 149.25 135.89	$8.00 \\ 10.15 \\ 10.12$	6.00 7.60 7.62
Nova Scotia		15.00 16.90 14.80	310.85 321.30 301.00	165.13 175.60 155.47	10.00 11.50 11.48	7.00 7.90 8.11
New Brunswick	$32.59 \\ 33.90 \\ 31.93$	16.02 16.70 15.10	239.55 289.40 301.55	172.13 151.65 164.79	10.00 11.25 11.23	8.00 7.50 7.76
Quebec	33.33 36.40 33.56	16.75 18.98 15.65	330.97 313.41 296.35	176.89 177.94 152.38	10.00 11.56 13.29	8.00 8.00 9.37
Ontario		18.22 20.10 16.67	331.56 335.84 297.29	$\begin{array}{c} 203.37 \\ 211.10 \\ 172.00 \end{array}$	$10.00 \\ 12.00 \\ 13.09$	8.00 9.60 10.43
Manitoba 1909 1910 1914	40.00	$\begin{array}{c} 23.97 \\ 25.00 \\ 22.35 \end{array}$	$365.55 \\ 400.00 \\ 364.41$	261.84 282.00 225.61	11.00 14.70 15.49	9.00 11.30 12.98
Saskatchewan	40.00	$\begin{array}{c} 24.23 \\ 24.50 \\ 22.96 \end{array}$	$389.90 \\ 402.50 \\ 365.90$	263.86 263.60 234.93	$16.00 \\ 14.00 \\ 16.50$	10.00 13.00 13.96
Alberta	40.00	26.16 27.50 23.63	421.62 416.00 364.80	285.12 300.00 236.32	15.00 16.70 16.36	12.00 13.90 13.91
British Columbia 1909 1910 1914	57.40	25.27 38.00 31.18	428.33 459.72	265.00 324.44	15.00 20.00 21.40	10.00 17.00 17.58

Stocks of Wheat in Canada.—Tables 25 and 26 give the results of a special inquiry into the stocks of wheat in Canada on February 8. 1915, conducted by the Census and Statistics Office, in conjunction with the Department of Trade and Commerce and the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada by means of schedules addressed to elevator, flour mill and railway companies and, for the purpose of estimating the quantity in farmers' hands, to the crop-reporting correspondents of the Census and Statistics Office. For various reasons, such as failure of delivery or closure during the winter, a small proportion of elevators, chiefly smaller concerns operated by individuals, failed to reply to the schedules. Allowing, therefore, one million bushels as the quantity in store which was not included in the returns, the total in round figures of 80.5 million bushels may be taken as the nearest possible estimate of the total quantity of wheat, and flour expressed as wheat, in Canada on February 8, 1915. No account was taken of quantities of wheat flour in the hands of wholesale and retail vendors in towns and villages throughout Canada, nor of quantities of wheat in local grist mills. These quantities, although relatively small in individual cases, amount to a considerable aggregate, tending to show that the estimate of 80.5 million bushels is not excessive.

25.—Stocks of Wheat in Canada on February 8, 1915.

Wheat in	Wheat.	Wheat flour expressed as Wheat.	Total.
	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
Terminal Elevators. Railway Elevators Other Elevators Flour Mills Transit by Rail Farmers' hands	2,853,679 1,213,952 26,776,246 4,274,858 10,754,864 29,554,000	1,885,982 2,258,764	2,853,679 1,213,952 26,776,246 6,160,840 13,013,628 29,554,000
Total	75,427,599	4,144,746	79,572,345

26.—Estimated quantity of Wheat in Farmers' Hands on February 8, 1915.

Province.	Percentage of crop of 1914.	Quantity.	Province.	Per- centage of crop of 1914.	Quantity.
	p.c.	Bushels.		p.c.	Bushels.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario	57.0 34.0 26.0 28.0 30.0	461,000 89,000 61,000 277,000 5,297,000	Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	15.0 14.0 25.0 20.0	5,791,000 10,289,000 7,215,000 74,000 29,554,000

Distribution of Canadian Wheat.—For the Year Book for 1913 (pp. 169-170) an attempt was made to show how the Canadian wheat crop was disposed of in each of the four fiscal years ended March 31, 1914. The investigation then made revealed an apparent net surplus unaccounted for of 51,447,000 bushels, this quantity being about 6 p.c. of the total estimated yield for the four years of 819,849,000 bushels.

It is now possible to bring up to date the calculations of a year ago, with the additional advantage that from the results of the special inquiry into the stocks of wheat in Canada on February 8, 1915 (see above), a fairly close estimate can be formed of the stocks of wheat and wheat flour floating in elevators and mills and in course of transit by rail.

Calculations relating to the disposal of the wheat crop should be based upon the figures of a series of years, because stocks are carried over from year to year, and the figures for one year alone would be deceptive. Table 27 shows therefore the distribution of the wheat crop for each of the five fiscal years ended March 31, 1915. It reveals deficits of 1,876,000 bushels in 1910-11, 1,750,000 bushels in 1913-14 and 10,415,500 bushels in 1914-15, and surpluses of 49,003,000 bushels in 1911-12 and 20,753,000 bushels in 1912-13. Setting the total of the three deficits (14,041,500 bushels) against the total of the two surpluses (69,756,000 bushels), there is a net surplus for the five years of 55,714,500 bushels, or a yearly average surplus of 11,142,900 bushels. This result is more clearly shown by Table 28 in which the figures for the five years are aggregated.

According to the census of wheat in Canada, taken on February 8, 1915, the quantity of wheat, and of wheat flour expressed as wheat, then in elevators, in flour mills and in transit, was about 50 million bushels; so that the surplus unaccounted for, viz., 5,714,500 bushels, represents only an insignificant proportion (less than half a bushel in every 100 bushels) of the aggregate yield for the five years.

Of the various factors entering into the above calculations those of production and trade are the most stable, whilst the quantities lost in cleaning, fed on the farm, retained for seed and used for human consumption are more or less problematical. The yield is based mainly upon the acreage as returned for 1910 and 1911 at the Census of 1911, and, if the remaining figures may be accepted as approximately correct, the fact that the whole of the crops of the past five years can be accounted for within narrow limits affords strong presumption in favour of the substantial accuracy of the crop estimates for Canada, as published annually by the Census and Statistics Office. The exports and imports in the tables include wheat and wheat flour the produce of Canada in the case of exports and wheat and wheat flour for domestic consumption in the case of imports. Flour, expressed in the Customs returns as barrels of 196 pounds, has been converted into bushels of wheat at the average rate of 4.59 bushels of wheat to the barrel of flour. The quantity retained for seed is calculated at the average rate of 1.75 bushel per acre upon the acreage of the ensuing crop. The rate adopted agrees with the results of an inquiry conducted by the Seed Branch of the Department of Agriculture in

the spring of 1913. The deduction of 3 p.c. of the total yield represents the loss in cleaning at interior or terminal elevators; it is considered to be a fair average as ascertained by practical experience. The deduction for wheat not of merchantable quality varies with the character of each season, and is expressed as a percentage of the total yield derived from the reports of correspondents made annually at the end of March. Most of it is fed to live stock on the farm. For each of the years under review the percentage of deduction is given in the note at the foot of Table 27.

Finally there remains the question of the annual consumption per capita of wheat used as human food. From the tables it will be noted that the average annual consumption is placed at $6\frac{1}{4}$ bushels per head of the population, this being given as returned by the Census for 1911, and as estimated arithmetically for the other years. Occasionally a small proportion of grain is lost by fire or by water during transportation; but if it be assumed that the whole of the surplus unaccounted for, viz., 5,714,500 bushels, is also used as food, the annual per capita consumption for the five years would only be raised to a little over $6\frac{1}{2}$ bushels. This rate does not differ greatly from the average consumption per head of $6\frac{3}{4}$ bushels, which was given in the Statistical Year Book of Canada for 1891 (p. 270) as the result of calculations extending over the ten years 1881 to 1890.

By adding to the item for food in Table 28 the figures for loss in cleaning (29,405,400 bushels), for non-merchantable grain (82,807,600 bushels) and for the surplus (5,714,500 bushels) the total amount retained in Canada, in addition to seed, is raised to an average of 9.4 bushels per head. This rate agrees closely with the calculations of the International Institute of Agriculture, as given in the new International Year Book of Agricultural Statistics, 1911 and 1912. On page 472 of this work the average annual consumption per capita of wheat in Canada for the decennium 1903-1912 is recorded as 253.8 kg., which is equivalent to 9.3 bushels. The Institute's figure is arrived at by dividing the estimated population into the year's total yield, less seed requirements and net exportation (excess of exports over imports). This result includes of course the grain lost in cleaning and the grain fed to live stock.

27.—Distribution of the Canadian Wheat Crop, 1911-15.

Distribution.	1910–11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914–15.
Yield	204 000	338 000	887 000	386,000	Bush. 161,280,000 12,128,000 163,408,000

27.—Distribution of the Canadian Wheat Crop, 1911-15—concluded.

Distribution.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912–13.	1913-14.	1914-15.
!	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Loss in cleaning, 3 p.c. of yield	3,962,000	6,928,000 224,334,000			
Grain not of merchantable qualityBalanceExports of wheat and flour	7,923,000 120,558,000 59,777,000	81,603,000	200,388,000	208,931,000 142,574,000	147,280,000 186,180,000
Balance Seed at 1.75 bush. per acre	1 ' '		19,276,000	19,659,000	121,515,500
Food at 6 25 bush, per head	43.231,000	45,042,000	46,669,000	48,448,000	50,000,000
Deficit (—) or surplus (+)	-1,876,000	+49,003,000	+20,753,000	-1,750,000	10,415,500

Note.—The deduction for grain not of merchantable quality represents percentages of the yield, viz., in 1910-11 of 6 p.c., in 1911-12 of 12.75 p.c., in 1912-13 of 8 p.c. and in 1913-14 and 1914-15 of 7 p.c. The population is taken for 1910-11 at 6,917,000, for 1911-12 at 7,206,643 (Census), for 1912-13 at 7,467,000, for 1913-14 at 7,758,000 and for 1914-15 at 8,000,000.

28. Aggregate Distribution of the Canadian Wheat Crop, 1911-15.

Distribution.	Five years ended March 31, 1915.	Distribution.	Five years ended March 31, 1915.
Yield. Imports of wheat and flour Total. Loss in cleaning, 3 p.c. of yield. Balance. Grain not of merchantable quality. Balance.	984,262,000 29,405,400 951,856,600 82,807,600	Balance. Seed at 1.75 bushel per acre Balance. Food at 6.25 bushels per head. Surplus.	388,225,000 99,120,500 289,104,500 233,390,000

Future Possibilities of Agriculture in Canada.—To the question, What area of Canada is capable of devotion to agriculture? it is impossible from the nature of the case to return any exact reply, as the data do not exist from which definite conclusions can be drawn. Of the total land area in Canada, placed by the most recent measurements at 2,306,502,000 acres, 1,401,316,413 acres is the total land area of the nine provinces as at present constituted; the remaining area consists

Estimated.

of the Northwest Territories (773,073,000 acres) and the Yukon Territory (132,113,000 acres). The Northwest and Yukon Territories may be omitted for the present, since no appreciable extent of land therein is likely to be devoted to agriculture before all the land within the provinces has been occupied. Table 29, based upon data of the Census of 1911, shows by provinces the total areas, the areas occupied as farm land in 1911 and the areas estimated to be possible of future devotion to agriculture. The areas of possible farm land are derived from the percentages of the total, which are fixed arbitrarily but in the light of the most recent information available. Of the total land area of Canada, viz., 1,401,316,413 acres, 31 p.c., or 440,951,000 acres, is estimated to be capable of devotion to agriculture in future. These figures, however, take no account of forests and swamp lands, which may ultimately be tilled, nor of northern areas of which the agricultural possibilities are at present unknown because the lands are unexplored and unsurveyed.

29.—Areas occupied and Areas possible of Occupation as Farm Land in Canada, 1914.

Provinces.	Total land.	Occupied as land, 191		Estimate of possible farm land.			
	Acres.	Acres.	p.c.	p.c.	Acres.		
Prince Edward Island	1,397,991	1,202,354	86.01	90	1,258,000		
Nova Scotia	13,483,671	5,260,455	38.01	60	8,090,000		
New Brunswick	17,863,266	4,537,999	25.44	60	10,718,000		
Quebec	442,153,287	15,613,267	3.53	10	44,215,000		
Ontario	234,163,030	22,171,785	9.47	25	58,541,000		
Manitoba	148,432,698	12,228,233	8.24	50	74,216,000		
Saskatchewan	155,764,100	28,642,985	18.39	60	93,459,000		
Alberta	161,872,000			65	105,217,000		
British Columbia	226,186,370		1.12	20	45,237,000		
· Total	1,401,316,413	109,948,988	7.84	31	440,951,000		

Agricultural Instruction Act.—Under the Agricultural Instruction Act, 1913 (3 Geo. V, c. 5), appropriations are annually payable by the Dominion Government to each of the Provincial Governments of Canada for the encouragement of agriculture "through education, instruction and demonstration carried on along lines well devised and of a continuous nature" and for the purpose of assisting in the work of veterinary colleges established in the provinces. The provincial allocation of the payments under this Act for the three years 1913-14 to 1915-16, as well as under the Agricultural Aid Act (2 Geo. V, c. 3), for the year 1912-13 are shown in Table 30.1 For a statement of the purposes to which in each province the appropriation for 1914-15 was applied the reader is referred to the Agricultural Gazette of Canada for July, 1914, pp. 524-529.

¹For description of these Acts see Canada Year Book, 1912, pp. 451 and 453.

30.—Allocation of Payments to Provincial Governments under the Agricultural Aid and Agricultural Instruction Acts, 1912-13—1915-16.

Provinces.	1912-13.	1913–14.	1914–15.	1915–16.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island	6,529.85	26,529.85	27,832.81	29,138.28
Nova Scotia	34,288.45	54,288.45	61,144.45	68,001.87
New Brunswick	24,509.93	44,509.93	49,407.20	54,308.40
Quebec	139,482.40	159,482.40	187,409.16	215,310.70
Ontario	175,733.32	195,733.32	230,868.83	266.013.64
Manitoba	31,730.05	51,730.05	58,075.45	64,421.31
Saskatchewan	34,296.29	54,296.29	61,152.31	68,011.04
Alberta	26,094.95	46,094.95	51,310.41	56,528.82
British Columbia	27,334.76	47,334.76	52,799.38	58,265.94
Veterinary Colleges	-	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00
Totals	500,000.00	700,000.00	800,000.00	900,000.00

Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations.—Under the Experimental Farms Station Act, 1886, a Central Experimental Farm was established at Ottawa for Ontario and Quebec, and four branch farms were established (1) for the Maritime provinces at Nappan, Nova Scotia; (2) for Manitoba at Brandon; (3) for the Northwest Territories at Indian Head, Saskatchewan; and (4) for British Columbia at Agassiz. These five farms continued in operation for 20 years, when the first steps were taken towards their extension by the establishment of new experimental stations for Alberta, viz., one at Lethbridge in 1906 and the other at Lacombe in 1907. Since this date development in the number of the farms and stations and in the work carried on by them has been rapid and continuous; and every province has now one or more farms or stations. In 1915, including the Central Farm at Ottawa, there are altogether 19 farms and stations with a total acreage of 8,935, as compared with the original five farms, having a total acreage of 3,472, as established in 1896. Table 31 shows the present number of farms and stations with the acreage of each and the date of establishment.

¹The five original farms established in 1886 are known as "Experimental Farms"; those added since are styled "Experimental Stations." No other distinction is expressed by these titles.

31.—Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations, 1915.

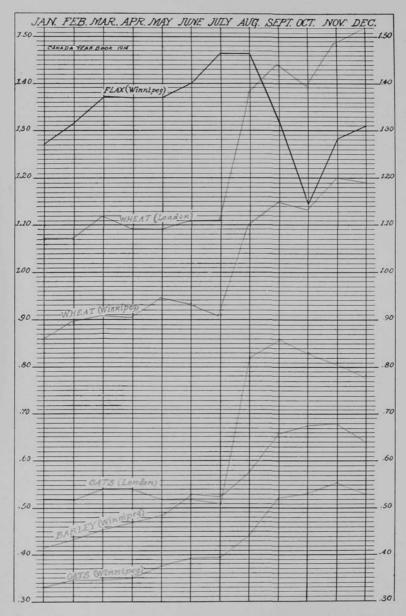
Farm or Station.	Province.	Acreage.	Date established
Central Farm, Ottawa	Ontario	467	1886
Charlottetown Station	Prince Edward Island	100	1909
Nappan Farm		300	1886
Kentville Station		294	1912
Fredericton Station		520	1912
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière Station	Quebec	340	1911
Cap Rouge Station		326	1911
Lennoxville Station	. Quebec	455	1914
Brandon Farm		625	1886
Morden Station		280	1915
Indian Head Farm		680	1886
Rosthern Station		650	1908
Scott Station	Saskatchewan	520	1910
Lacombe Station		850	1907
Lethbridge Station	Alberta	400	1906
Invermere Station		53	1912
Summerland Station		550	1914
Agassiz Farm		1,400	1886
Sidney, Vancouver Island		125	1912

In addition to the farms and stations included in Table 31 there are seven small substations at Kamloops and Salmon Arm, British Columbia, at Fort Vermilion, in Alberta, and at Forts Smith, Resolution and Providence and Athabasca Landing, in the Northwest Territories.

Range of the Experiments.—Ranging over the whole of the wide fields covered by agriculture, arboriculture and horticulture, the work of the farms has included experiments relating to the breeding and feeding of farm live stock, the production of butter and cheese, field crops, natural and artificial fertilizers, cereals, grasses, forage plants, fruits, vegetables, plants, trees, plant diseases and injurious insects. The farms are also bureaux of information to which agriculturists resort for the solution of difficulties in farm work. The experiments carried out at the central and branch farms and stations have been fully described in the annual reports of the director and of his staff; but amongst the more striking of the general results due directly to their influence has been the general adoption of the practice of early sowing, the adoption of summer fallowing in the Northwest and the production and annual distribution of improved varieties of cereals and other plants.

Scientific Organization.—The more strictly scientific side of the work is carried on at the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa, and is organized in nine divisions as follows: (1) Field Husbandry; (2) Animal Husbandry; (3) Horticulture; (4) Cereals; (5) Chemistry; (6) Forage Plants; (7) Botany; (8) Poultry; (9) Tobacco. What was formerly the Entomological Division became in 1914 a separate Entomological Branch of the Department of Agriculture.

AVERAGE MONTHLY PRICES PER BUSHEL OF CANADIAN WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND FLAX, 1914.



The horizontal lines indicate prices from 30 cents to \$1.52. The two red curves indicate the prices per bushel of Wheat (No. 1 Nor.) (a) at Winnipeg and Fort William and (b) at Mark Lane, London, England, the yellow curve of Barley (No. 3, C.W.) at Winnipeg and Fort William, the green curves of Oats (No. 2, C.W.) (a) at Winnipeg and Fort William, and (b) of Canadian Oats at Mark Lane, London, England, and the black curve of Flax (No. 1, N.W.C.) at Winnipeg and Fort William. (Wheat 60, Barley 48, Oats 34 and Flax 56 lb. per bushel.)

Prices of Canadian Agricultural Produce.—Tables 32-36 record the prices quoted during 1914 for Canadian agricultural produce. Tables 32 and 33, furnished by the Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada, show the weekly range of the prices of different grades of wheat, barley, oats and flax at Winnipeg and Fort William; these prices are for the weeks ended Saturday. Table 34 gives the prices quoted for Canadian wheat, wheat flour and oats in British markets. The prices are compiled from the Market Supplements of the Mark Lane Express, London, England, and represent the range at the weekly Monday market. Tables 35 and 36 give the prices in British markets of Canadian bacon, hams and cheese; they are taken from the official returns of the English and Scottish Boards of Agriculture and represent, not the range, but the first and second qualities respectively. For the purposes of these tables the English currency, weights and measures have been converted into Canadian equivalent denominations.

32.—Weekly Range of Prices of Wheat at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1914 (per bushel of 60 lb.).

Date.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	Feed.
January 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 " 31	$0.84\frac{1}{2}$ - $0.84\frac{3}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.80\frac{3}{4} - 0.81\frac{3}{8} \\ 0.81\frac{5}{8} - 0.82\frac{5}{8} \\ 0.83\frac{3}{8} - 0.84\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.83\frac{1}{8} - 0.84\frac{3}{8} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{rrr} 0.73\frac{1}{2} & -\\ 0.73\frac{3}{4} - 0.74\frac{1}{2}\\ 0.75 & -0.75\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0.67\frac{1}{2} & - \\ 0.67\frac{1}{2} - 0.68 \\ 0.68\frac{1}{2} - 0.69 \\ 0.70 & - 0.70\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	0.63½ - 0.63½-0.64 0.64½ -	\$ c. \$ c. 0.57 -0.58 0.59 -0.60 0.60 -0.60\frac{1}{2} -
Average	0.847-0.857	0.823-0.834	0.80 -0.811	0.74 2-0.76	0.685-0.695	0.642-0.642	0.583-0.59
February 7 14 21 28	0.861-0.873 0.871-0.883 0.881-0.903 0.903-0.911	$0.85\frac{1}{2}$ $-0.86\frac{5}{8}$ $0.87\frac{1}{2}$ -0.89	$\begin{array}{c} 0.82\frac{1}{4} - 0.83\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.83\frac{5}{8} - 0.84\frac{7}{8} \\ 0.85\frac{1}{2} - 0.87\frac{3}{8} \\ 0.87\frac{1}{2} - 0.88\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$0.79\frac{1}{2}$ - $0.80\frac{1}{2}$ $0.81\frac{1}{2}$ - $0.83\frac{3}{4}$	0.71 -0.72 0.72 -0.73½ 0.74 -0.75 0.75 -0.77	$0.66 -0.67$ $0.67 -0.67\frac{1}{2}$ $0.68 -0.71$ $0.71 -0.72\frac{1}{2}$	0.63 - 0.64
Average	0.881-0.893	0 861-0.871	0.843-0.86	0.80 -0.81 -	0.73 -0.743	0.68 -0.691	0.625-9.632
March 7 4 14 4 21 4 28	0.891-0.911 0.891-0.901 0.901-0.901 0.901-0.91	0.883-0.884 0.883-0.893	0.865-0.882 0.865-0.872 0.87-0.872 0.87-0.88	0.827-0.837	0.80 - 0.80 -0.80½	0.72½-0.75 0.75 - 0.75 -0.75½ 0.76 -	0.66 -0.70 0.70 - 0.70 -0.70 0.71 -
Average	0.90 -0.90	0.881-0.891	0 863-0 873	0.82 - 0.83 -	0.79}-0.80}	0.748-0.751	0.691-0.70
April 4	0.891-0.90	0.87 -0.87		$0.82\frac{1}{8}-0.83\frac{1}{2}$	0.78 -0.80 0.78 -	0.75 -0.76 0.73 -0.75 0.73 - 0.73 -0.73}	0.70 -0.71 0.68 -0.70 0.68 - 0.68 -0.68
Average	0.881-0.90	0.871-0.881	0 851 0.865	0.823-0.833	0.78}-0.79	0.731-0.748	0.683-0.695
" 9 " 16 " 23	0.901-0.91 0.917-0.93 0.932-0.95 0.942-0.96 0.942-0.95	0.901-0.91 0.911-0.93 0.921-0.94	0.883-0.893 0.90-0.913 0.913-0.93	0.84 -0.86	0.781-0.791 0.791-0.80 0.80 -0.801	0.743-0.75	0.68 -0.68½ 0.68¾-0.69 0.69½-0.70 0.70 -0.70⅓ 0.70⅓ -
Average	0.93 -0.94	0.911-0.93	0.897-0.913	0.857-0.87	0.791-0.791	0.741-0.743	0.691-0.69

32.—Weekly Range of Prices of Wheat at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1914 (per bushel of 60 lb.)—concluded.

				,			
Date.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	Feed.
June 6 " 13 " 20 " 27	$0.92\frac{5}{8} - 0.95\frac{7}{8}$ $0.91\frac{7}{8} - 0.93\frac{7}{8}$	0.933-0.943 0.913-0.948	$\begin{array}{c} 0.91\frac{3}{4} - 0.92\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.90 - 0.92\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.88\frac{3}{4} - 0.90\frac{3}{8} \end{array}$	0.873-0.883 0.853-0.883	0.80½ - 0.80 -0.80½	\$ c. \$ c. 0.75½ ~ 0.75 ~0.75½ 0.75 ~	0.701 -
Average		0.901 0.923		0.845-0.865	0.801-0.801	0.751-0.751	0.701-0.701
July 4 " 11 " 18 " 25	0.88 -0.89	0.881-0.89 0.851-0.871	0.861-0.87 0.84 -0.851	0.80 -0.81		-	
Average	0.89 -0.907	0.871-0.89	$0.85\frac{1}{3} \cdot 0.86\frac{2}{5}$	0.802-0.831	-	-	
August 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29	$\begin{array}{c} 0.98\frac{1}{2} - 1.13\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.03\frac{1}{2} - 1.11\frac{1}{6} \\ 1.02\frac{1}{2} - 1.09\frac{3}{8} \end{array}$	0.96½-1.11½ 1.01½-1.09%	$0.91\frac{1}{4} - 1.08$ $0.97 - 1.04\frac{5}{8}$ $0.96 - 1.03\frac{1}{8}$	0.82 -0.84	- - 0.91 ³ -0.93 ¹ / ₂	1 1 1	- - -
Average	1.011-1.101	0.991-1.081	0.943-1.037	0.907-0.931	0.91 1-0.93 1	-	-
September 5	$1.11\frac{1}{2}$ $1.16\frac{1}{2}$ 1.06 $-1.12\frac{1}{4}$		$\begin{array}{c} 1.10 & -1.15\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.04\frac{3}{4} - 1.11\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.97\frac{1}{2} - 1.04 \\ 1.00 & -1.03 \end{array}$	1.003-1.053 0.94 -0.973	0.94%-1.02% 0.93%-0.98% 0.86 -0.90% 0.87 -0.88%	0.913 - 0.831-0.843	- - 0.78 1 -0.79 1
Average	1.09 2-1.15 3	1.063-1.128	1.03 -1.081	0.971.021	0.903-0.953	0.873-0.843	0.781-0.791
October 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 " 31	$\begin{array}{c} 1.06\frac{1}{2} - 1.09\frac{1}{4} \\ 1.10 - 1.15\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.15\frac{1}{2} - 1.17\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00\frac{7}{8} - 1.05\frac{1}{8} \\ 1.03\frac{1}{8} - 1.05\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.06\frac{1}{4} - 1.11\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.11 - 1.13\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.11\frac{1}{4} - 1.13\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	0.98½-1.00½ 1.03 -1.06½ 1.06½-1.08	$0.92\frac{1}{2}-0.94\frac{1}{2}$	$0.91 - 0.96\frac{1}{2}$ $0.96\frac{1}{2} - 0.98\frac{1}{2}$	$0.82\frac{1}{2}$ - $0.85\frac{1}{2}$ $0.88\frac{1}{4}$ - $0.91\frac{1}{2}$ $0.91\frac{1}{4}$ - $0.95\frac{1}{2}$	0.771-0.811 0.821-0.871 0.871-0.891
Average	1.10 -1.131	1.061-1.098	1.01 2-1.04 2	0.953-0.99	0.91 -0.943	0.861-0.89\$	0.81 1 -0.85 1
November 7 " 14 " 21 " 28		1.15 -1.17 1.15 -1.17 1.15 -1.17 1.15 -1.17	$1.10\frac{5}{8}$ -1.13 $1.11\frac{1}{8}$ $-1.12\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.03\frac{3}{4} - 1.07\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.05\frac{3}{8} - 1.07\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.05\frac{3}{4} - 1.07\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.04 - 1.08\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	1.003-1.023 1.003-1.023	$0.95\frac{3}{4}$ $-0.97\frac{3}{4}$	0.91 -0.94 0.91 -0.94 0.90 -0.94 0.90 -0.94
Average	1.17%-1.20%	1.143-1.175	1.091-1.125	1.043-1.073	1.001-1.021	0.95 -0.98	0.903-0.94
December 5 2 12 2 19 26	1.15 -1.17 1 1.17 -1.20 1	1.14 -1.17	$\begin{array}{c} 1.08\frac{1}{4} - 1.09\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.07\frac{5}{6} - 1.09\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.09 - 1.13\frac{3}{6} \\ 1.13\frac{3}{4} - 1.15 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.05 - 1.05\frac{3}{4} \\ 1.03\frac{5}{8} - 1.05\frac{3}{8} \\ 1.05\frac{3}{4} - 1.09\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.09\frac{1}{4} - 1.11 \end{array}$	0.985-1.002	0.93 -0.95	0.91 -0.95
Average	1.17}-1.19}	1.141-1.161	1.09 1.11	1.057-1.077	1.003-1.037	0.961-0.981	0.92 -0.94

33.—Weekly Range of Prices of Barley, Oats and Flax at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1914.

		D.	RL				C	ra(:s ()	per	bu	shel	of	34	lb.	.)				FL	AX.	(pe	r bu	shel	of	56 lb	.)
Week ended		(per of 4	bu	shel]	No. C.V	2 V.		No C.	o. 3 W.	;		No Fee			j	No. Fee	2 d.	-	No N.V	o. 1 V.C.		N C	o. 2 .W.	1	N C	o. 3 .W.
January " " "	101	0.374	-0. -0	411	10 33	3 - (1 324	0.	31 301	-0. -0	31½ 31	H 1. 39	1 – Ու-	$0.3 \\ 0.3$	12	0 30	9 1 -(0(1 3014	1.	23 -	-1.24	4	\$ c. 1.20 1.22 1.22 1.23 1.24	-1.2	21	\$ c.	\$ c
Average		0.38	-0	.41 ³	0.3	24-	0.33	0.	31 <u>‡</u>	-0 .	31 }	0.3	1 -	0.3	113	0.3	0}-(0.30	1.	25 }	-1.2	7 2	1.22	 - 1.2	43		
February	14 21 28	0.38 0.40 0.41	-0 -0 -0	. 42½ . 44½ . 45¼	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	3 5	0.34 <u>1</u> 0.35 0.35 <u>1</u>	0. 0. 0.	33 33 34 1	-0. -0. -0.	33½ 34½ 34¾	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	2 1 31- 34-	0.3 0.3 0.3	33 33 34	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	2 - 2³- 3¹-	0.323 0.33 0.33	1.	29 31 32 3	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3	0 3 5≹	1.26 1.28 1.29	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3	27 30 32 4	1.13 1.15 1.16	-1.10 -1.14 -1.17 -1.19
Average	• • • :	0.39	}-O	.43	0.3	34	0.34}	'0.	331	-0.	33 <u>3</u>	0.3	$2\frac{7}{8}$	0.8	33 €	0.3	2 1 - (0.32	1.	29 1	-1.3	13	1.26	⊹ 1.2	283	1,13	-1.15
March "	7 14 21 28	0.45 0.43 0.43 0.43	-0 -0 -0 -0	. 45½ . 45½ . 45½ . 45½	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$	5 -4 4 -4 4 1 4 1 4 1	0.35 0.34 0.34 0.34 0.34	0. 0. 0.	341 34 341 341	-0. -0. -0. -0.	341 341 341 348	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{array}$	41 31 4 -	0. 3 0. 3 0. 3	34½ 34 34½ 34½	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	$\frac{4}{3\frac{1}{2}}$	0.34 0.33 0.34 0.34	1. 1. 1.	32½ 34 37 38½	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3 -1.3	53 61 73 93	1.29 1.31 1.34 1.35	⊢1. -1. -1. -1.	323 331 343 363	$1.16\frac{1}{2}$ 1.18 1.21 $1.24\frac{1}{2}$	-1.19 -1.20 -1.23 -1.25
Average		0.43	<u>}</u> -0	.45½	0.3	4 3 -4	0.342	0.	34 <u>}</u>	-0 .	34 §	0.3	4 -	0.3	41	0.3	34	0.33	1.	34 }	-1.3	7 }	1.32	<u>-</u> 1.3	34 ₹	1.19	-1.22
April "	4 11 18 25			-	0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	4½-(4½-(3½-(4-(0.35 0.35 0.34 0.35 0.35	0. 0. 0.	33½ 33½ 32½ 33	-0. -0. -0. -0.	34 34 33 34 34 3	0.3 0.3 0.3	31 31 21 21	0.3 0.3	33½ 33½ 33¾	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 $	23-1 23-1 15-1 2 -1	0.33 0.33 0.32 0.33	1.	36½ 33½ 34½ 32½	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3	9 71 61 51	1.33 1.30 1.31 1.29	-1. -1. -1.	36 34 <u>1</u> 33 <u>1</u> 32 <u>1</u>	1.22 1.22 1.23 1.23 1.20	-1.28 -1.26 -1.25 -1.24
Average					0.3	4 <u>1</u> -(0.35	0.	33 }	-0.	34	0.3	3 -	0.3	3 }	0.3	2] (0.32	1.	34;	-1.3	7	1.31	-1.3	34	1.22	-1.25
May " "	91	U. 42	3-U	. 4/1	11. 0	, –	1.0/2	w.	347	(I.	ക്ക		27-	υ. ι	יטכ	U. O	4 -	1. 042	S: 1	.142	-1.3	n⇔ı	11.314		5.5 2 I	1 214	-1.25 -1.24 -1.24 -1.24 -1.21
Average	٠	0.43	<u>1</u> -0	.481	0.3	7 1 -4	0.37	0.	35]	-0 .	36}	0.3	5 <u>}</u> -	0.8	35₹	0.3	47	0.35	1.	.35 ²	-1.3	7	1.32	}−1.3	34	1.22	-1.24
June "	6 13 20 27	0.47 0.47 0.48 0.48	-0 -0 -0 -0 -0	. 49½ . 54½ . 55½	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	73-1 83-1 83-1 83-1	0.39 0.39 0.39 0.39 0.39	0. 0. 0.	373 381 381 381	-0. -0. -0.	38½ 39 39½ 39½	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \end{bmatrix}$	63- 73- 73- 73-	0.3 0.3 0.3	37± 38± 38± 38±	$0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.3$	63-1 73-1 73-1 73-1	0.37 0.38 0.38 0.38	1. 1. 1.	391 391 391 391 371	-1.4 -1.4 -1.4 -1.3	0 0½ 0 9½	1.36 1.36 1.36 1.36	-1.3 -1.3 -1.3	37 37½ 37 36½		
Average		0.47	} 0	.53}	0.3	8 1 -	0.39	0.	381	~0 .	387	0.3	73-	0.8	38	0.3	7 1 ⊸	0. 3 8	1.	387	-1.4	0	1.35	 - 1.8	37		
July "	11	0.46	<u>₩</u>	. 53 <u>1</u> 521	$0.3 \\ 0.3$	8 1 81	0.393 0.383	0.	373	-0. -0.	37%	$0.3 \\ 0.3$	6 1 6 -	0.3	364 364	$0.3 \\ 0.3$	6 1- (6 -(0.36	1.	383	-1.4 -1.4	0 51	1.34 1.35 1.38 1.43	-1.3	37 191.	1.23 1.25 1.30	-1.23 -1.29 -1.45
Average					1			î .				ļ.							1								
August	8 15 22	0.47 0.53 0.51 0.51 0.54	0 - ₹ 0- 0-	. 56	10.4	0 }~	0.40] 0.50 - - 0.52]	10.	393	- ∩.	471	10.3	የፖሕ−	-0.3	381	ln 3	71-1	0 424	l I	_		_	1.43 1.27 1.32 1.31	-1.3 ⊢1.3	34	1.31	-1.5 <u>2</u>
Average		0.51] -0		1			1															1.34	<u>-</u> 1.4	13 }	1.31	-1.52

33.—Weekly Range of Prices of Barley, Oats and Flax at Winnipeg and Fort William, 1914—concluded.

Week	BARLEY	,-	shel of 34 lb.)	FLAX (per bushel of 56 lb.)
ended	(per bushed of 48 lb.)	No. 2 No. 3 C.W.	No. 1 No. 1 C.W. C.W.	No. 1 N.W.C. No. 2 C.W. No. 3 C.W.
" 1 " 1	5 0.58 ~0.66 9 0.54 ~0.64	$\begin{array}{c} 0.53 - 0.55\frac{1}{2} & 0.51 - 0.54\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.49\frac{3}{4} - 0.53\frac{3}{4} & 0.48\frac{3}{4} - 0.52\frac{3}{4} \\ 0.47 - 0.50\frac{1}{2} & 0.46 - 0.49\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.48 - 0.50\frac{1}{2} & 0.46\frac{3}{4} - 0.49\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$0.48\frac{3}{4}$ $0.52\frac{3}{4}$ $0.47\frac{1}{4}$ $0.51\frac{3}{4}$ 0.46 $-0.49\frac{3}{4}$ 0.44 $-0.47\frac{3}{4}$	1.29 -1.32 1.26 -1.29 1.273-1.314 1.243-1.284
Average	0.55%-0.65%	$0.49\frac{1}{2} - 0.52\frac{1}{2} - 0.48\frac{1}{6} - 0.51\frac{1}{2}$	$0.48\frac{1}{8}$ $0.51\frac{1}{2}$ $0.46\frac{5}{8}$ 0.50	$1.28\frac{1}{3}-1.31\frac{7}{8}$ $1.25\frac{1}{3}-1.28\frac{7}{8}$
" 1 " 1 " 2	0 0.55 -0.66 1 7 0.57 -0.68 1 0.57 1 0.69	$\begin{array}{c} 0.48\frac{1}{4}-0.49\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.48\frac{1}{6}-0.51\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.48\frac{1}{6}-0.51\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.53-0.54\frac{1}{4} \\ 0.49\frac{1}{4}-0.50\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.54-0.55\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.51\frac{1}{6}-0.52\frac{1}{2} \\ 0.51\frac{1}{6}-0.51\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$1.12\frac{1}{4} - 1.14\frac{3}{4} 1.09\frac{1}{4} - 1.11\frac{3}{4}$ $1.11\frac{3}{6} - 1.13\frac{3}{2} 1.08\frac{3}{4} - 1.10\frac{3}{2}$ $1.09\frac{3}{4} - 1.14 $
Average	0.571-0.671	$0.51\frac{7}{8}$ $-0.53\frac{3}{8}$ $0.48\frac{7}{8}$ -0.50	$0.48 - 0.49\frac{5}{8} 0.47 - 0.48$	1.105-1.141 1.091-1.13
" 1 " 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$0.51\frac{1}{2}$ -0.53 $0.50\frac{1}{4}$ -0.52 0.51 $-0.52\frac{1}{2}$ 0.50 $-0.51\frac{1}{4}$	$1.20\frac{1}{2}$ $1.26\frac{3}{4}$ $1.17\frac{1}{2}$ $1.23\frac{3}{4}$ 1.26 -1.30 1.23 -1.27
Average	0.60 \$ -0.67 \$	$0.54\frac{5}{8}$ $-0.55\frac{3}{4}$ 0.52 $-0.53\frac{3}{8}$	0.51 -0.52 0.50 -0.52	$1.20\frac{5}{8} - 1.28\frac{3}{8}$ $1.17\frac{1}{2} - 1.24\frac{5}{8}$
" 1 " 1 " 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.24\frac{1}{2} - 1.28 \\ 1.29\frac{1}{2} - 1.32\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.29\frac{1}{2} - 1.32\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.29\frac{1}{2} - 1.38\frac{1}{2} \\ 1.29\frac{1}{2} - 1.35\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$
Average	. U.55° - U.64	$0.52\frac{1}{3}$ $0.53\frac{3}{8}$ $0.49\frac{1}{8}$ $0.50\frac{1}{2}$	U.48; U.48; U.48; U.48;	1.275-1.315 1.245-1.285

34.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Wheat, Wheat Flour and Oats, 1914.

	WHEAT	(per bushe	l of 60 lb.)		w	OATS.			
Date.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.			Manitoba 1st bakers		
" 12 " 19 " 26	1.05-1.06 1.06-1.07 1.06-1.08 1.06-1.07	1.01-1.02 1.03-1.05 1.03-1.05 1.04-1.05	0.98-1.01 1.00-1.02 1.00-1.02 1.02-1.03	0.95-0.98 0.94-0.96 0.94-0.96	6.45-6.51 6.45-6.51 6.15-6.51 6.45-6.51	6.20-6.27 6.20-6.27 6.20-6.27 6.20-6.27	5.96-6.02	5.47-5.53 5.47-5.53 5.47-5.53 5.47-5.53	0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52
" 9 " 16 " 23	1.06-1.07	1.04-1.05 1.04-1.05 1.05-1.06	<u>-</u> -	- - - -	6.45-6.57 6.45-6.57 6.57-6.69 6.57-6.69	6.20-6.33 6.33-6.45 6.33-6.45	5.96-6.08 5.96-6.08 6.08-6.20 6.08-6.20 6.02-6.14	5.47-5.59 5.59-5.72 5.59-5.72	0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52
March 2 " 9 " 16 " 23 " 30	1.12-1.13 1.12-1.13 1.10-1.11	1.09-1.10 1.09-1.10 1.07-1.09 1.07-1.08	1.06-1.07 1.06-1.07	-	6.81-6.93 6.81-6.93 6.75-6.87 6.75-6.87	6.57-6.69 6.51-6.63 6.51 6.63	6.33-6.45 6.33-6.45 6.27-6.39	5.84-5.96 5.84-5.96 5.78-5.90 5-78-5.90	0.52-0.54 0.52-0.54 0.52-0.54 0.52-0.54

34.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Wheat, Wheat Flour and Oats, 1914—concluded.

	WHEAT (per bushel	of 60 lb.)		w	HEAT FLOUR (per 280	lb.)	OATS.
Date.	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	Manitoba Patents.	Manitoba Straights. Ist baker	Manitoba 2ndbakers	Per bush, of 34 lb.
April 6 13 20 27	1.08-1.09 1.08-1.09 1.07-1.09 1.06-1.07	1.07-1.08 1.07-1.07 1.06-1.07 1.05-1.06	1.05-1.06 1.05-1.06	- - -	6.75-6.87 6.69-6.81 6.69-6.81 6.63-6.75	6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3	3 5.72-5.84 3 5.72-5.84	0.52-0.54 0.51-0.53
Average	1.07-1.09	1.06-1.07	1.05-1.06	-	6.69-6 .81	6.28-6.57 6.20-6.3	3 5.72-5.84	0.52-0.54
May 4 " 11 " 18 " 25	1.06-1.07 1.07-1.08 1.09-1.10 1.11-1.12	1.05-1.07 1.07-1.08	1.04-1.05		6.63-6.75 6.69-6.81 6.69-6.81 6.69-6.81	6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3 6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3	3 5.72-5.84 3 5.72-5.84	0.50-0.53
Average	1.08-1.09	1.07-1.08	1.04-1.05	-	6.68-6.80	6.44-6.56 6.19-6.3	2 5.70-5.83	0.50-0.52
June 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29	1.10-1.11 1.10-1.11 1.09-1.10	1.09-1.10	1.07-1.08 1.06-1.07	1.06-1.07 1.04-1.05 1.04-1.05	6.69-6.81	6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3 6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3 6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3	3 5.72-5.84 3 5.72-5.84 3 5.72-5.84	0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52 0.49-0.52
Average	1.10-1.11	1.08-1.09	1.06-1.07	1.05-1.06	6.69-6.81	6.45-6.57 6.20-6.3	3 5.72-5 84	0.49-0.52
July 6 " 13 " 20 " 27	1.08-1.09 1.09-1.10 1.10-1.11 1.11-1.13	1.06-1.07 1.06-1.07	1.05-1.06 1.05-1.06	1.04-1.05 1.04-1.05	6.57-6.69 6.57-6.69 6.57-6.69 6.57-6.69	6.33-6.45 6.08-6.2 6.33-6.45 6.08-6.2	0 5.59-5.72 0 5.59-5.72	0.50-0.51 0.50-0.51 0.50-0.51 0.51-0.51
Average	1.10-1.11	1.07-1.08	1.05-1.06	1.04-1.05	6.57-6.69	6.33-6.45 6.08-6.2	0 5.59-5.72	0.50-0.51
Aug. 3 " 10 " 17 " 24 " 31		1.47-1.50	1.44-1.47 1.36-1.38 1.24-1.27	1.14-1.15 1.41-1.44 1.33-1.35 1.21-1.24		6.69-6.81 6.45-6.5 8.52-8.76 8.27-8.5	7 6.96-6.08 2 8.03-8.27	0.56-0.57 0.88-0.96 0.83-0.88 0.83-0.85 0.83-0.85
Average	1.35-1.38	1.32-1.34	1.30-1.32	1.27-1.30	7.91-8.09	7.67-7.85 7.42-7.6	1 7.31-7.24	0.79-0.82
Sept. 7 " 14 " 21 " 28	1.41-1.44 1.41-1.42	1.38-1.41 1.36-1.38 1.38-1.39 1.38-1.39	1.37-1.38 1.37-1.38	-	9. 25-9. 49 9. 00-9. 25 8. 88-9. 12 8. 64-8. 88	8.76-9.00 8.52-8.7 8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6	4 8.15-8.39	0.85-0.88 0.85-0.88 0.80-0.83 0.80-0.83
Average	1.42-1.44	1.38-1.39	1.37-1.38	-	8.94-9.19	8.70-8.94 8.46-8.7	0 8.21-8.46	0.83-0.86
Oct. 5 " 12 " 19 " 26	1.36-1.38	1.37-1.38 1.34-1.36 1.34-1.36 1.33-1.36	1.31-1.33 1.31-1.33	1.29-1.30 1.29-1.30	8.64-8.88 8.64-8.88 8.64-8.88 8.64-8.88	8.39-8.64 8.15-8.3 8.39-8.64 8.15-8.3	9 7.91-8.15 9 7.91-8.15	0.80-0.83 0.80-0.83 0.80-0.83 0.76-0.81
Average	1.37-1.39	1.35-1.37	1.32-1.34	1 30-1 32	8.64-8.88	8.39-8.64 8.15-8.3	9 7.91-8.15	0.79-0.83
Nov. 2 " 9 " 16 " 23 " 30	1.47-1.50	1.40-1.41	1.41-1.44		8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12	8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6 8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6	4 8.15-8.39 4 8.15-8.39 4 8.15-8.39	0.80-0.83 0.80-0.83 0.80-0.83 0.75-0.78 0.75-0.78
Average	1.45-1.48	1.42-1.45	1.40-1.42	1.34-1.35	8.88-9.12	8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6	8.15-8.39	0.78-0.81
Dec. 7 " 14. " 21 " 28	1.47-1.48 1.49-1.50 1.55-1.57	1.44-1 46 1 46 1 48 1.52-1 54	1.44-1.45 1.49-1.51	1.40-1.48	8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12 8.88-9.12 9.12-9.37	8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6 8.64-8.88 8.39-8.6 8.88-9.12 8.64-8.8	4 8.15-8.39 4 8.15-8.39 8 8.39-8.64	0.75-0.78 0.76-0.79
Average	1.50-1.51	1 47-1.49	1.44-1.46	1.42-1.43	8.94-9.18	8.70-8.94 8.45-8.7	8.21-8.45	0.75-0.78

35.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Bacon and Hams, 1914 (per cwt. of 100 lb.).

BACON.

Date.		S	ides.	1	Cumber	land Cut.
Date.	Bristol.	Liverpool.	London.	Glasgow.	Liverpool.	Glasgow.
January 7 4 14 4 21 4 28	\$ c. \$ c. 15.21-14.77 15.21-14.77 15.21-14.77 15.21-14.77	\$ c. \$ c. 14.77-14.34 14.99-14.77 14.99-14.77 14.77-14.55	\$ c. \$ c. 15.21-14.77 15.43-14.99 15.43-14.77 15.43-14.77	\$ c. \$ c. 15.43-15.21 15.64-15.21 15.43-15.21 15.43-15.21	\$ c. \$ c. 14.99-14.34 15.86-14.99 16.08-14.99 16.08-14.99	\$ c. \$ c. 15. 21–14. 77 15. 43–15. 21 16. 08–15. 64 16. 08–15. 64
Average	15.21-14.77	14.88-14.61	15.38-14.83	15.48-15.21	15.75-14.83	15.70-15.32
February 4 11 18 25	15.20-14.77 15.21-14.77 14.77-14.34 14.55-14.12	14.34-14.12 14.34-14.12 14.34-13.69 14.34-13.69	15.21-14.77 15.21-14.34 15.21-14.77 15.64-14.77	15.64-15.43 15.64-15.43 14.99-14.77 14.34-14.12	16.08-14.99 16.29-15.21 15.86-14.77 15.86-14.77	16.08-15.64 16.08-15.64 16.08-15.64 16.08-15.64
Average	14.93-14.50	14.34-13.91	15.32-14.66	15.15-14.94	16.02-14.94	16.08-15.64
March 4 " 11 " 18 " 25	14.55-14.12 14.34-13.90 14.34-13.90 14.99-14.55	14.34-13.90 14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34 14.55-14.34	14.12~13.69 14.34~13.90 14.99~14.34 14.77~14.34	14.34-14.12 14.99-14.55 14.99-14.55 16.08	15.86-14.77 15.86-14.77 16.73-15.21 17.16-15.64	16.08-15.64 16.08-15.64 16.21-15.86 15.64-15.21
Average	14.56-14.12	14.61-14.23	14.56~14.07	15.10-14.41	16.40-15.10	16.00-15.59
April 1 8 4. 15 22 29	14.99-14.55 14.99-14.55 14.99-14.55 14.99-14.55 14.99-14.55	14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34 14.55-14.34 14.34-13.90	14.77-14.12 15.43-14.77 14.99-14.34 15.43-14.77 15.21-14.55	16.08	16.73-15.64 15.86-15.21 16.29-15.64 15.86-15.21 15.86-15.21	15.64-15.21 - -
Average	14.99-14.55	14.64-14.24	15.17-14.51	16.08	16.12-15.38	15.64-15.21
May 6 13 20 27	14.77-14.34 14.77-14.34 14.56-14.12 14.56-14.12	14.34-13.90 14.12-13.47 14.12-13.47 14.12-13.47	14.77-14.34 14.77-14.12 14.34-13.69 14.56-13.90	- - -	15.21-14.34 15.21-14.12 14.77-13.90 14.99-14.12	_
Average	14.67-14.23	14.18-13.58	14.61~14.01		15.05-14.12	_
June 3 " 10 " 17 " 24	14.34-13.90	14.12-13.47 13.90-13.04 13.90-13.04 13.47-12.59	14.56-14.12 14.34-13.69 14.12-13.47 14.12-13.47	-	14.99-14.12 14.99-14.34 14.99-14.34 14.77-13.90	
Average	14.40-14.01	13.85-13.04	14.29-13.69	,	14 94-14.18	
July 1 " 8 " 15 " 22 " 29	13.90-13.04 13.90-13.04	13.47-12.38 13.26-12.15 13.90-12.81 13.90-12.81 14.99-13.90	13.90-13.26 13.47-12.81 14.55-13.47 14.55-13.47 15.21-14.12	<u> </u>	14.56-13.90 14.34-13.47 14.55-13.69 14.55-13.69 14.99-14.12	
Average	13.90-13.04	13.90-12.81	14.34-13.43		14.60-13.78	
August 5 " 12 " 19 " 26	21.65-20.88 20.66-19.56	21.65-20.66 17.81-16.73 17.60-16.95	16.95-16.08 20.66 - 20.66 - 18.47-17.17		21.21-20.44 20.00-19.35 19.56-18.69	
Average	20.33-19.56	19.02-18.11	19.19-16.62		20.26-19.49	
September 2 " 9 " 16 " 23 " 30	18.25-17.81 18.25-17.81	18.25-17.60 18.47-17.60 18.47-17.60 18.14-17.28 16.95-16.51	18.03-17.38 18.69-18.25 18.69-17.81 18.25-17.38 17.60-16.73		19.35–18.69 18.91–18.25 18.47–17.92 18.14–17.71 17.81–17.17	-
Average	18.29-17.90	18.06-17.32	18.25-17.51		18.54-17:95	

35.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Bacon and Hams, 1914 (per cwt. of 100 lb.)—concluded.

BACON.

			Sid	les.			Cumberla	and Cut.	
Date.		Bristol.	Liverpool.	London.	Glasgo	w.	Liverpool.	Glasgo	w.
	7 14 21 28	\$ c. \$ c. 17.38-16.95 16.73-16.29 15.86-15.21 15.43-14.99	\$ c. \$ c. 17.49-15.86 15.97-15.54 15.43-14.99 14.77-14.34	\$ c. \$ c. 16.73-15.86 16.51-15.64 16.08-15.43 15.64-14.77			\$ c. \$ c. 17.81-16.95 17.60-16.95 17.38-16.95 16.73-16.29		
Average		16.35-15.86	15.92-15.18	16.24-15.43			17.38-16.79		
November "	4 11 18 25	14.56-13.69 15.21-14.56 15.64-14.99 15.64-15.21	14.34-13.47 14.56-13.90 15.43-14.77 15.86-15.21	14.77-13.90 14.56-13.69 15.21-14.34 15.43-14.99		_	16.29-15.64 16.08-15.64 16.08-15.64 16.29-15.75	-	
Average		15.26-14.61	15.05-14.34	14.99-14.23	_		16.19-15.67		
December " " "	2 9 16 23 30	15.86-15.43 15.86-15.43 15.86-15.43 15.86-15.43 16.08-15.64	15.86-15.21 15.86-15.21 15.86-15.21 15.64-14.99 15.86-14.99	15.64-15.21 15.64-15.21 15.64-15.21 15.64-15.21 16.08-15.64	<u>.</u>	- -	15.64-14.88 15.43-14.45 14.56-13.90 14.23-13.79 14.12-13.69	-	-
Average		15.90-15.49	15.82-15.12	15.73-15.30	_	_	14.80-14.14	_	

LONG CUT HAMS.

Dat	e.	В	ris	tol		Li	vei	rpo	ol.	1	on	dor	١.	G	las	gov	7.	Date	∍.	E	3ris	tol		Li	ver	рос	ol.	1	on	doı	a.
		\$_c		\$	c.	\$_	c	\$	c.	3	e	8	c.	S_(e	\$				\$_	c.	\$	c.	\$_0	3:_	\$	c.	\$_	c.	\$	ç.
Jan.	.7	17.	81-	17.	38	17.	. 17	-15	. 21	10.	95.	-16.	08	15.	64	-14.	77	July				-16									
																-15.		"	8 15	17.	16.	-16 -16	. 95	17.	17-	10.	72	17	. ov	-10	.73
	21	17	99.	-10	ου.	17	.17	-10	. 05	17.	11.	-10.	72	10.	51	-15. -15.	24	"	22	17	91	-10	. 95	17.	90-	10.	72	17	. UU-	10	.51
-	28	11.	90·	-10	. vo	11.	. 1 1	-10	1.00	17.	30	-10	. 13	10.	91	-10.	04	и				-10 -16									
Avar	age	17	4Q.	-16	51	17	17	_15	75	17	11.	.16	46	16	10	_15	32		29	14.	.01	-10	. 90	11.	00-	.10.	10	11.	. 01-	-T0	. 90
Avei	age		70	10	. 01			_10				10	. 40	10.	. 13	10.	-	Avera	đe	17	21	-16	95	17	34-	16	47	17	60-	-16	64
Feb.	4	17	38-	-16	n8	17	17	-1 <i>f</i>	เกล	17	38	-16	51	16	51	-16.	ns	22,014	5 0			10	. 00	١.,	- - - -						
- °L	11	17.	38-	-16	. 08	16	73	-16	. 08	16	95	-16	51	16	29	-15 .	86	Aug.	5		_		_				-	17	81-	-16	. 95
u																-15.		u u	12	21.	65	-20	66	21	65-						-
u																-15.		u	19	21	65	-20	66	19.	56-	18.	25	20	44		_
	20		••			-				1		10.		•		•••	-	4	26	20.	On.	-19	56	19.	56-	·18.	91	19	78-	-18	. 91
Aver	age	17.	17-	-16	.08	16	.79	-15	.86	17	.06	-16	.46	16	35	-15.	92														
										-								Avera	ge	21.	10	-20	.29	20.	26-	19.	27	19	.34	-17	.93
March																-15.			•					1							
4																-15.		Sept.				-19									
4															.75	-16.	29	a				-19									
#	25	17.	16	-16	. 29	17.	. 16	-16	5.29	17	. 38	-16	. 95					u	16	19.	56	-18	69	18.	47-	17.	81	18.	. 91-	-18	. 03
																		u				-18									
Aver	age	17.	00	-16	. 13	16	.84	-15	.80	17	.06	-16	. 35	16.	.44	-16.	00	u	30	18.	47	- 17	. 81	17.	38-	·16.	51	17.	. 81-	-17	. 17
	_																						••				ار۔				
April									3. 29								-	Avera	ge	19.	43	-18	69	18.	47-	17.	75	18	82	-17	.99
-									3. 29								_	Δ.,							=0			.,,	20	10	70
-									3,29								_	Oct.													. 73
									3, 29								_	u	14												
-	2 9	μ7.	10	-10	. 28	17	. 36	-1ı	3. 29	17	. 38	-10	. Uð	1			-	u	21												
					•												_		28	10	. 90	-19	. 04	15.	80-	·to.	10	10.	. Z9-	-10	. 04
Aver	age	17.	10	-10	. 23	17	. Za	1	, 29	17	.51	-10	. bu	1			-	Aver		17	90	16	69	1.0	10.	15	24	16	20	16	19
Marr	e	17	17	10	90	17	20	.14	3.29	17	01	.16	05	1			_	AVCI	age	1.	.00	-10	.02	10.	13.	13.	34	10	.03	-10	. 13
Мау									3.29								_	Nov.	4	16	20	-15	21	15	64-	.14	a٨	15	86.	-15	42
4									3. 08								_	1,4,1				-15 -15									
*									3.08								_	"													. 64
	41	1	00	-10	. 01	11		11	J. 00	1.	. 00	-10						"	25												
Ave	rage,.	17	39	-16	40	17	25	} –16	6 19	17	76	-17	01						20	10.	. 01	10	. 02	10.		10.	OU	10.	. , ,	10	. 00
11,0		ļ·				٦.												Aver	age	16	35	-15	32	16	19-	15	35	16	30-	-15	.59
June	3	17.	60	⊢16	. 51	17	. 16	3-16	3.08	17	. 38	-16	. 51				-						. ••				-			0	
4									3.08								- 1	Dec.	2	16	95	-16	.08	16	95-	16	08	16	73-	-16	. 08
4									3. 08								-	"	9	16.	95	-16	. 08	16.	95-	16.	08	16.	73-	-16	.08
"									3.08								-	u	16	16	95	-16	. 08	16	95-	16	08	17	17-	-16	. 29
																		u	23	16	. 95	-16	. 08	16.	73-	16.	08	16.	95-	-16	. 08
Ave	rage	17	71	-16	.73	17	.16	- 16	3.08	17	. 38	-16	. 57	1			-	"	30	16	. 95	-16	. 08	16.	51-	16.	08	16	73-	-16	. 08
		1				1								1																	
		1				1				ì				1				Aver	age	16	.95	-16	.08	16.	82-	-16.	08	16	.86	-16	.12

36.—Prices in British Markets of Canadian Cheese, 1914 (per cwt. of 100 lb.).

Date.	Bristol.	Liverpool	. London. Glasgow.	Date.	Bristol. Liverpool	London. Glasgo	οw
	\$ 0. \$ (. \$ c. \$ c	. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$ c.		\$ c. \$ c. \$ c. \$. \$ c. \$ c. \$	\$ (
" 14 " 21	15.10-14.6 15.10-14.6	7 14.99-14.48 7 15.10-14.56	3 14.99-14.77 14.77 - 5 14.99-14.77 15.21 - 6 15.21-14.77 15.21 - 5 15.21-14.77 15.43 -	" 8 " 15 " 22	15.21-14.34 13.58-13.3 13.69-13.37 13.69-13.3 13.90-13.47 13.80-13.3 13.90-13.47 13.80-13.3	7 14.01-13.69 13.90 7 13.90-13.69 13.90 7 13.90-13.69 13.90	
Average	15.05–14.5	9 15.05-14.4	5 15.10–14.77 15.16 -	* 29	13.90–13.58 13.80–13.3 14.12–13.65 13.73–13.3	7 13.90–13.47 13.90	-
" 11 " 18	15.21-14.6 15.21-14.6	7 15.21-14.58 7 15.21-14.58	2 15.21-14.77 15.64-15.43 5 15.43-14.99 5 15.64-14.77 7 15.64-14.77	" 12 " 19	16.95-16.08 16.51-15.64 15.86-14.99 15.43-14.99	9 16.51-16.08 15.64	-
Average	15.21–14.7	14.94-14.47	7 15.48-14.83 15.64-15.43	Average	16.44-15.57 16.15-15.4	2 15.86–15.37 16.08	
" 11	15.43-14.6	7 15.21-14.55	5 15.64-14.99 - 5 15.64-14.99 - 5 15.43-14.77 - 1 5.43-14.77 -	" 9 " 16 " 23	16.08-15.21 15.97-15.5 16.29-15.86 16.29-15.7 16.51-15.86 16.40-15.7 16.51-15.86 16.29-15.5 16.51-15.86 16.19-15.6	5 16.29–15.86 16.51 5 16.95–16.29 16.51 5 16.29–15.86 16.51	-
Average	15.38-14.6	7 15.21–14.5	5 15.54-14.88	Average	16.38-15.73 16.23-15.6	9 16.29-15.82 16.42	
" 8 " 15 " 22	15.32-14.5 15.32-14.5 15.21-14.5	5 15.21-14.55 5 15.21-14.55 5 14.55-14.34	5 15.43-14.77 - 5 15.43-14.77 - 5 15.13-14.77 - 6 15.43-14.77 - 6 15.43-14.77 - 7 15.43-14.77	" 14 " 21	16.51-16.08 16.62-16.29 16.51-16.19 16.51-16.29 16.62-16.29 16.62-16.2	9 16.73–16.29 – 9 16.73–16.51 16.95	
Average	15.30-14.5	8 15.08–14.47	7 15.43–14.77 –	Average	16.54-16.24 16.49-16.1	3 16.68-16.42 16.80	
" 13 " 20	15.21-14.5 14.99-14.1	6 15.21-14.23 2 15.21-14.23	3 15.21-14.77 - 3 15.21-14.34 - 3 15.21-14.56 - 1 15.21-14.56 - 3 15.21-14.56	" 11 " 18	16.51-16.08 16.51-16.2 16.51-16.08 16.51-16.2 16.51-16.2 16.51-16.2 16.73-16.2 16.73-16.40 16.84-16.5	9 16.51–16.08 16.95 9 16.73–16.29 16.95	
Average	15.10-14.3	15.21–14.18	15.21-14.56	Average	16.57-16.16 16.65-16.3	5 16.68-16.24 16.95	
" 10 " 17	15.21-14.1 15.21-14.3	2 13.69-13.04 4 13.80-13.58	9 15.21-14.77 - 4 15.21-14.34 8 15.21-14.34 14.12 - 7 15.21-14.34 14.12	" 9 " 16 " 23	16.84-16.51 17.17-16.73 17.38.16.95 17.38.16.95 17.38-16.95 17.38-16.95 17.38-16.95	2 16.95-16.51 17.17 3 17.17-16.73 17.17 4 17.38-16.95 17.81	
Average	15.16-14.2	3 14.10-13.47	7 15.21–14.45 14.12 –	Average	17.23-16.82 17.19-16.7	1 17.08-16.64 17.38	

World's Cereal Production.—Table 37, reproduced from the Bulletin of Agricultural and Commercial Statistics of the International Agricultural Institute, but with the metric weights and measures converted into Canadian equivalents, shows the areas and yields of wheat, rye, barley and oats in the principal countries of the world for the year 1914 (northern hemisphere) and 1914–15 (southern hemisphere), compared with the previous years 1913 and 1913–14. The table includes only those countries adhering to the Institute. As compared with the similar table given in the Year Book of 1913 (pp. 180–182), the figures now given for 1913–14 include later revisions. Owing to the dislocation caused by the war the figures of 1914 for some of the belligerent countries are incomplete, and it is not possible to give the comparative figures for all countries for the year 1914–15. For this year, therefore, the totals and averages are printed in italics.

37.-The World's Cereal Production, 1913-14 and 1914-15.

Countries.	1913-14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913–14.	1913–14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913–14.	1913-14.	1914-15.
							bush.	bush.
	000	000		000	000		per	per
	acres.	acres.	p.c.	bush.	bush.	p.c.	acre.	acre.
Wheat—			400.0					
Germany	4,878	4,990	102.3		$91,924^{1}$	85.0^{1}		32.12^{1}
Austria	2,997		-	59,626			19.93	
Hungary	7,700							14.57
Belgium	394	400	101.5			94.6		
Bulgaria	2,545		-	60,627	45,930			
Denmark	134	134						
Spain	9,644	9,681			116,090	103.3		
France	16,177	16,049	99.2	319,373	_	_	19.78	_
Great Britain			400 4	~				
and Ireland	1,790	1,905				110.3		32.86
Italy	11,842	11,783			169,444			
Luxemburg	27	28	100.2		613	95.2	23.94	
Norway	12	12						
Netherlands	141	145			5,380		35.98	
Rumania	4,011	5,218	130.1	84,192	46,536	55.3	20.97	8.92
Russia-in-Eu-							10.00	
rope	60,756	_	_	813,784	572,386	70.3	13.38	-
Russia-in-				10.110	****	40.0	0.00	
Asia	13,103		-	121,143	179,962	148.6	9.22	-
Sweden	259				7,619	81.7	35.98	29.44
Switzerland	105					93.4		31.82
Canada	11,015				161,283	69.6	20.97	15.61
United States			106.7			116.7	15.17	16.65
Mexico	1,478		110.0	4,389	004.050	100.0	2.97	-
Įndia	28,449	32,148				123.0	11.00	11.90
Japan	1,274					85.9	19.78	18.44
Algeria	1,608		103.4				9.07	6.69
Egypt	1,355		05.0	38,427		86.0	28.40	
Tunis	1,236	1,058				40.0	4.46	2.08
Argentina	16,243	15,471	95.2			156.5	6.99	11.45
Chili	1,152			11,986	22,792	190.2	10.41	-
Australia	9,296			103,874		28.5	11.15	-
New Zealand	190	190	99.8	5,960	5,000	83.9	31.38	26.32
Totals and								
averages	250 906	174 869		3,836,513	2 107 025	_	1/70	11.50
averages	200,000	114 000	-	0.000,019	0,101,220	- 1	14.76	14.50

¹Prussia only.

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37.—The World's Cereal Production, 1913-14 and 1914-15—con.

Countries.	1913-14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913-14.	1913-14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913-15.	1913-14.	1914-15.
							bush.	bush.
	000	000		000	000		per	per
ъ	acres.	acres.	p.c.	bush.	bush.	p.c.	acre.	acre.
Rye—	4 5 6 5 6							
Germany	15,850		101.3	481,174	$333,257^{1}$	90.6^{1}	30.4	28.521
Austria	4,852		100.5	106,473	47 704	01.0	21.99	
Hungary	2,669				47,704			
Belgium	641 457		100.7	$\begin{array}{c c} 22,463 \\ 10,826 \end{array}$	23,138			
Bulgaria Denmark	607		100.0	17,005	9,842 $11,147$			
Spain	1,918		98.4	27,916	23,950			
France	2,961	2,915		50,056		00.0	16.89	
England and	2,301	2,010	30.4	50,050	_	_	10.00	
Wales	52	54	104.7	_ ا	_	_	_	_
Scotland	5				_	_	_	_
Ireland	, ž				222	109.9	30.11	29.47
Italy	307						18.16	
Luxemburg	26				626	91.4		34.90
Norway	37		100.0			107.5	26.13	28.04
Netherlands	564	560	99.3	16,642	14,635	87.9	29.47	26.13
Rumania	224	208	92.8	3,732	1,956		16.73	9.40
Russia-in-Eu-				ĺ	,			
rope	66,519	-		880,304	785,450	89.2	13.22	-
Russia-in-	1			·	,			
Asia	3,100		-	30,706	39,982	130.2	9.88	_
Sweden	989		100.0	22,266		108.6	24.53	
Switzerland	60		102.3	1,752	1,724	98.4	29.16	28.20
Canada	119	111	93.0	2,300	2,017	87.7	19.28	18.16
United States	2,557	2,541	99.4		42,779	103.4	16.25	16.89
Algeria	2000	2	100.0				14 00	_
Argentina	228	-	-	3,346	1,811	55.3	14.66	
Totals and								
averages	104,749	2 9, 7 7 6	_	1,778,046	1 970 790		16.97	19.91
averages	104,143	20,770						
Barley—								
Germany	4,087	4,010	98.1	168,711	$81,536^{1}$	81.2^{1}	41.26	39.22^{1}
Austria	2,699		_	80,384	´ - :	-	29.74	-
Hungary	2,887	2,777	96.2	79,826	67,147	84.1	27.69	24.16
Belgium	84	84	100.3	4,217	4,232	100.4	50.19	50.19
Bulgaria	568	-	_	16,075	16,075	100.0	28.25	
Denmark	597	597	100.0	27,357	22,746	83.1	45.91	38.10
Spain	3,870		88.0		72,272	105.1	17.84	21.19
France	1,879	1,826	97.2	47,939	· - \	- '	25.46	-
Great Britain			o= 0	00.00	0= 010	00.0	25 50	25 27
and Ireland			97.0	68,367	67,219	98.3	35.50	$35.87 \\ 11.34$
Italy	618		98.7	10,803	6,917	64.0	$21.19 \\ 30.48$	26.95
Luxemburg	4		78.1	116	80	$\frac{69.0}{76.9}$	37.92	29.18
Norway Netherlands	89	89 67	$100.0 \\ 101.0$	$\frac{3,369}{3,121}$	$\frac{2,591}{3,210}$	102.9	47.03	47.95
Rumania	$\frac{66}{1,390}$		101.0	27,662	24,647	89.1	19.89	17.47
Russia-in-Eu-	1,590	1,400	101.0	21,002	47,UT1	30.1	10.00	11,71
rope	28,458	_	_	520,008	376,174	72.3	18.22	_
Russia-in-	20,400	- '		020,000	0.0,117	0	-3	
				44 -00	10 501		19 75	
Asia	1,075	- 1	1	14,783	19,561	-	13.75	_

¹Prussia only. ²500 acres.

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37.—The World's Cereal Production, 1913-14 and 1914-15—concluded.

Countries.	1913–14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913–14	1913–14.	1914–15.	p.c. of 1913–14	1913–14	1914–15
				1			bush.	bush.
	000	000		000	000		per	per
	acres.	acres.	p.c.	bush.	bush.	p.c.	acre.	acre.
Barley-con.	acres.	acres.	p.c.	busii.	Dusii.	p.c.	acre.	acre.
Sweden	437	437	100.0	16,912	13,059	77.2	38.66	29.93
Sweden			117.7	450	528			35.13
Switzerland	13					117.3 74.9		24.16
Canada	1,613							25.84
United States	7,499	7,565	100.9			109.4		20.0
Mexico	292		00.0	10,839		00.0	37.17	27.69
Japan	3,296		99.9		91,360	89.2		
Algeria	1,555		106.9	22,965		36.0		5.02
Egypt	383			11,453		96.8		0.5
Tunis	988	855	86.5			50.0		3.79
Argentina	418	_	_	8,038		-	19.33	_
Chili	124			5,741			46.47	-
New Zealand.	35	18	52.4	1,373	531	38.7	39.22	29.0
77.4.1.								
Totals and	CO 074	00.000		1 1 0 1 -	1 100 000		20 00	00.4/
averages	66,954	3 2.087	_	1,554,645	1,123,502	_	2 3 .22	2 3 .16
Oats-	i							
	10.00	11 140	101 7	000 051	205 7471	00 -1	FF 47	FF 60:
Germany	10,967	11,148	101.7		385,7471	90.71	57.47	55.63
Austria	4,707	0.055		173,606	05 041	-	37.00	- no o
Hungary	2,884	2,655	92.1	93,937	85,241	90.7	32.54	32.01
Belgium	686	686	102.2	45,136	46,816	103.7	67.18	68.23
Bulgaria	420		100.0	12,968	12,968	100.0	30.96	-
Denmark	1,059	1,059	100.0	53,755	44,440	82.7	50.91	41.99
Spain	1,351	1,304	96.5	23.843	29,390	123.3	17.58	22.57
France	9,881	9,489	99.7	336,049	- 1	-	34.11	_
Great Britain		0 0-0						
and Ireland	3,961	3,878	97.9	189,588	189,906	100.2	47.76	49.07
Italy	1,251	1,213	97.0		25,249	61.7	32.80	20.73
Luxemburg	77	77	99.8	3,426	3,844	112.2	44.35	49.86
Norway	262	262	100.0		8,777	68.2	49.07	33.33
Netherlands.	348	346	99.4	19,875	18,784	94.5	57.20	54.32
Rumania	1,290	1,056	81.9	35,756	23,823	66.6	27.82	22.57
Russia-in-Eu-	1							
rope	39,150	- 1	-	961,107	679,769	70.7	24.67	
Russia-in-							ļ	_
Asia	5,734	}	-	113,966	152,948	134.2	19.94	-
Sweden	1,952	1,952	100.0	93,945	54,873	58.4	48.02	28.08
Switzerland	81	83	103.0	4,792	4,896	102.2	59.30	58.78
Canada	10,434	10,062	96.4	404,665	313,075	77.4	38.84	31.23
United States	38,400	38,443	100.1	1,055,784		101.7	27.55	27.82
Japan	124	124	100.0	5,478	5,478	100.0	44.08	44.08
Algeria	130	141	108.4	3,891	2,918	75.0	29.91	20.73
Tunis	133	99	74.1	3,891	648	16.7	29.13	6.56
Argentina	3,087	2,868	92.9	47,983	59,661	110.8	15.48	20.47
New Zealand.	400	288	71.9	18,697	11,471	61.3	46.71	39.89
	ĺ				.		İ	
Totals and	i	ا م	J		- 1		T.	
Totals and averages	138,769	87, 23 3	_	4,385,791	2 99 / 660	_	31.61	30.73

Prussia only.

FORESTRY.

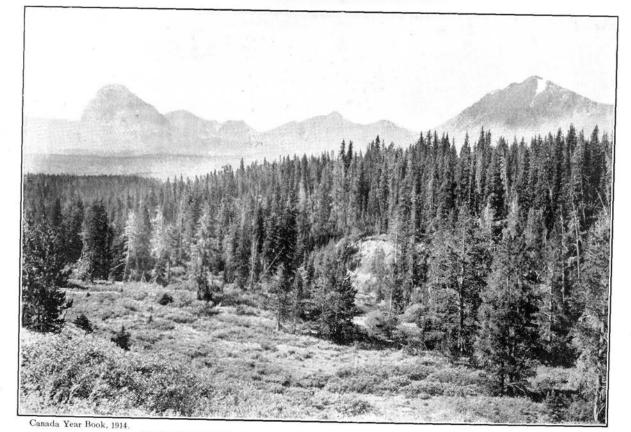
Areas of Commercial Timber.—According to estimates of the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior, the total area of land covered by timber in Canada is between 500 and 600 million acres, of which between 200 and 300 million acres are covered by timber of commercial size. Distributed by provinces the estimated acreages of commercial timber are as follows: Nova Scotia, 5,000,000; New Brunswick, 9,000,000; Quebec, 100,000,000; Ontario, 70,000,000; Northwest provinces (Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta), 11,000,000; British Columbia, 30,000,000. These figures make an aggregate of 225,000,000 acres for the Dominion of Canada.

Forest Reserves.—In the Maritime provinces, Quebec, Ontario, and the greater part of British Columbia the administration of the forests is under provincial control; but forests on the public lands of the Northwest provinces and within the Railway Belt of British Columbia are under the control of the Dominion Government. For many years both the Dominion and Provincial Governments have adopted the policy of setting aside forest reserves for the purposes of providing a permanent supply of timber, of maintaining conditions favourable to a continuous water supply and of protecting animals, fish and birds within the reserve boundaries. Under succesive enactments, the total area of the forest reserves of Canada has grown from 7,413,760 acres in 1901 to 152,833,955 acres in 1914. Of the latter total 107,997,513 acres are in Quebec, 14,430,720 acres are in Ontario, and 2,474,240 acres are in British Columbia under provincial control, and 27,931,482 acres are on lands under federal jurisdiction in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. The area of 2.474,240 acres in British Columbia comprises only the areas set apart as provincial parks and reserves for water purposes. In addition to this area, all non-alienated timber lands in British Columbia are reserved; their area is not definitely known, but it exceeds 20,000,000 acres. Besides the 30,000,000 acres of alienated and unalienated commercial timber ready for the saw, there are estimated to be 35,000,000 acres of second growth, which in from 50 to 70 years will produce merchantable timber.

The Dominion forest reserves are distributed as follows: Manitoba, 2,606,400 acres; Saskatchewan, 6,195,706 acres; Alberta, 16,711,776 acres; British Columbia, 2,417,600 acres. This total includes also the Dominion parks located within the boundaries of the forest reserves. The largest single reserve is that of the Rocky Mountains in Alberta, which occupies 13,373,860 acres. In most cases the present administration of the forest reserves consists of little more than a service for the prevention and control of forest fires, chiefly by the appointment of forest rangers, the enforcement of fire-prevention regulations and the provision of fire-fighting appliances; but measures are being taken, especially by the education and training of forestry experts, to bring the forest areas of Canada gradually under more scientific and remuner-

ative management.

¹For references to Forest Reserves legislation of the Dominion Parliament, see Canada Year Book, 1906, pp. xv-xvi, and 1911, p. xvi.



LODGEPOLE PINE, OLDMAN RIVER, CROWSNEST FOREST, ALBERTA

FORESTRY

Forest Trees in Canada.—The following is a list of the principal forest trees in order of commercial importance in Canada:

Ontario A	AND QUEBEC.	Northwest Provinces and Rocky Mountains.					
Popular name.	Botanical name.	Popular name.	Botanical name.				
White Spruce	Picea canadensis.	White Spruce	Picea canadensis.				
White Pine	Pinus strobus.	*Aspen	Populus tremuloides.				
Balsam Fir		*Balsam Poplar Jack Pine	Populus balsamifera. Pinus Banksiana.				
Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis.	Black Spruce	Picea mariana.				
Birch	Betula lutea, alba var. papyrifera.	Tamarack *White Birch	Betula alba, var. papy-				
Red Pine	Pinus resinosa.	Lodgepole Pine	rifera. Pinus Murrayana.				
Cedar	Thuja occidentalis.	Alpine Fir	Abies lasiocarpa.				
Tamarack	Larix laricina.	Alpine Larch	Larix lyalli.				
*Maple	Acer saccharum, sac- charinum, rubrum.	British	Columbia.				
*Basswood	Tilia americana.	Douglas Fir	Pseudo tsuga mucro-				
Jack Pine	Pinus Banksiana.	Western Cedar					
*Elm	Ulmus americana.		Tsuga heterophylla.				
*Ash	Fraxinus americana.	Sitka Spruce	1				
Asii	nigra.	Engelman Spruce	Picea Engelmanni.				
*Oak	Quercus alba, rubra.	Alpine Fir	Abies lasiocarpa, amabilis.				
*Poplar	Populus balsamifera,	Bull Pine	Pinus ponderosa.				
	tremuloides.	Western Larch	Larix occidentalis.				
*Beech	Fagus grandifolia.	Lodgepole Pine	Pinus Murrayana.				

NOTE.—Trees marked with an asterisk (*) are hardwood; all the others are softwood.

Value of Forest Products.—Table 38 is an estimate of the total values of the different classes of forest products for the calendar years 1911 to 1914. The figures are rounded to hundred of thousands of dollars and form as reliable a summary as can be made from the data available, which are partly from statistics collected by the Forestry Branch and partly estimated.

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38.—Estimated Values of Forest Products, 1911-1914.

Variety of Timber.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	- \$	\$
Lumber, lath and shingles	82,000,000	84,000,000	71,000,000	67,500,000
Firewood	47,000,000	50,000,000	55,000,000	60,500,000
Pulpwood	10,000,000	12,000,000	15,000,000	15,500,000
Posts and rails	9,500,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	9,500,000
Cross-ties	6,000,000	8,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
Square timber exported	800,000	1,900,000	500,000	400,000
Cooperage	1,800,000	1,700,000	1,900,000	1,900,000
Poles	1,100,000	1,200,000	1,800,000	700,000
Logs exported	800,000	1,100,000	900,000	850,000
Tanning materials	900,000	1,000,000	20,000	22,000
Round mining timbers	500,000	600,000		
Miscellaneous exports		300,000	400,000	300,000
Miscellaneous products	10,000,000	10,500,000	11,000,000	10,000,000
Total	170,600,000	182,300,000	177,120,000	176,672,000

Uses of Canadian Woods.—Spruce is the most important wood in Canada for the production of lumber and pulp. Maple is used for firewood as well as for furniture, cars, agricultural implements, hardwood flooring and distillation. Cedar is the most important wood in Canada for poles, fence post and rails, cross-ties (or railway sleepers) and shingles. White pine and Douglas fir are important lumber species. Beech, poplar and jack pine are used in largest quantities for firewood. Red pine, hemlock and tamarack are lumber woods of less importance. Balsam fir is an important pulpwood. Yellow pine grows in the interior of British Columbia and covers a large area in the dry belt. Elm is an important cooperage wood, together with oak, ash and basswood.

39.—Quantities and Values of the cut of Lumber, Shingles and Lath by Provinces, 1912 and 1913.

	Lum	BER.	SHING	GLES.	L	ATH.
Provinces.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1912.	M.F.B.M.	\$	М.	\$	М.	\$
Ontario British Columbia		26,774,937 17,738,830				
Quebec	677,215	10,693,262	330,874	665,479	117,102	291,739
Nova Scotia	312,763	4,306,083	22,065		82,311	181,878
Saskatchewan Manitoba	39,535	545,356	100			2,360
Alberta Prince Edward Island	47,478 6,771	745,868 $93,304$				
Total	4,389,723	69,475,784	1,578,343	3,175,319	899,016	2,064,622

Note.-M.F.B.M. signifies 1,000 ft. board measure.



Canada Year Book, 1914.

DENSE STAND OF BLACK SPRUCE, MUSKEG, RIDING MOUNTAIN FOREST RESERVE, MANITOBA, SIXTY YEARS OLD

FORESTRY

39.—Quantities and values of the cut of Lumber, Shingles and Lath by Provinces, 1912 and 1913—concluded.

n :	Lux	IBER.	SHIN	GLES.	Laz	гн.
Provinces.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
1913.	M.F.B.M.	\$	М.	\$	M.	\$
Ontario		25,772,617		308,277		710,808
British Columbia		16,428,218		1,204,713		163,688
Quebec		10,618,528				225,277
New Brunswick		5,758,849				485,790
Nova Scotia						128,339
Saskatchewan	71,961					58,893 88
Alberta	44,462			2,000	4,516	10,400
Prince Edward Island		85,120		330		-
Total	3,816,642	65,796,438	1,485,279	3,064,641	739,678	1,783,283

40.—Quantities and Values of Wood used in the manufacture of Pulp, 1912, 1913 and 1914.

Provinces.	Wood used.	Value.	Average Value per cord.	Pulp. produced.	Number of firms reporting
1912.	Cords.	\$	\$ cts.	Tons.	No.
Quebec	578.855	3,386,705	5.85	459,420	24
Ontario		1,235,343		142,257	11
New Brunswick	52,041		5.52		4
Nova Scotia	26,176	113,209	4.32		
British Columbia	35,067	193,265	5.51	25,254	2
Total	866,042	5,215,582	6.02	682,632	48
1913.					
Quebec	629,934	4,107,689	6.52	514,299	26
Ontario	321,244				
New Brunswick	53,121	342,243	6.44	29,911	4
Nova Scotia	20,562	94,829			
British Columbia	84,173	401,218	4.77	61,354	2
Total	1,109,034	7,243,368	6.53	854,624	48
1914.					
Quebec	636,496	4,148,405	6.52	515,409	23
Ontario	44 7.751	3,172,235	7.08	325,233	
New Brunswick				26,829	4
Nova Scotia	10,777			10,777	5
British Columbia	80,013	4 26,444	5.33	56,352	2
Total	1 004 070	8,089,868	6.61	934,600	49

Diagram No. 1

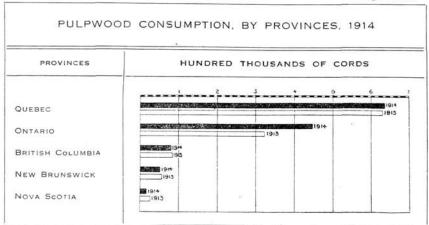


Diagram No. 2

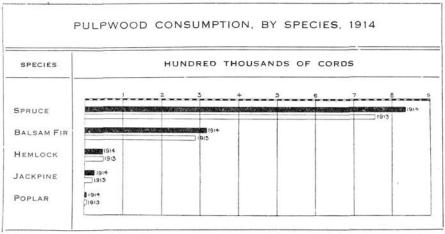
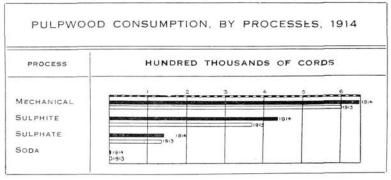


Diagram No. 3



FORESTRY.

41.—Kinds of Wood used in the manufacture of Pulp by Quantities and Values, 1912, 1913 and 1914.

Kinds of Wood.		1912.			. 1913.			1914.		
Qua	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	
	Cords.	\$	\$ cts.	Cords.	\$	\$ cts.	Cords.	\$	cts.	
Spruce	677,747								6.70	
Balsam Fir Hemlock	164,587 19,178					6.38 4.25	314,183 45,246		6.58 5. 6 3	
Poplar	4,405		6.20	4,141	29,081		3,845		6.81	
Larch Jack Pine	85 40	454 160			101,675	5.25	24,715	135,7t 2	5 49	
Total	866,042	5,215,582	6.02	1,109,034	7,2 43,3 68	6.53	1,224,376	8,089.868	6.61	

42.—Quantities of Wood used and of Pulp manufactured, 1913 and 1914.

WOOD USED.

Process of Manufacture.	Quebec.	Ontario.	New Bruns- wick.	Nova Scotia.	British Columbia	Total.
	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.	Cords.
Mechanical 1913	398,664	135,753	6,702	20,562	38,535	600,216
1914		202,715	4,319	10,777		
Sulphite 1913				·	45,638	367,105
1914				_	47,321	435,101
Sulphate1913				-	-	136,569
1914			-	_	-	140,666
Soda			- [_	_	5,144
1914	-,					3,785
All processes1913				20,562		
1914	636,496	447,751	49,3 39	10,777	80,013	1,224,376

PULP MANUFACTURED.

Process of Manufacture.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Mechanical1913	398,664	135,753	6,702	20,562	38,535	600,216
1914 Sulphite	394,321 52,825	202,715 87,699	4,319 20,209	10,777	32,692 $22,819$	644,924 183,552
1914 Sulphate1913 1914	56,503 60,238 62,692	$\begin{array}{c} 115,877 \\ 5,046 \\ 6,641 \end{array}$	$21,510 \\ 3,000 \\ 1,000$	-	23,660	217,550 68,284
Soda	2,572 1,893	- 1	-		-	70,333 2,572 1,893
All processes 1913 1914	514 ,299 515 ,409	228,498 $325,233$	29,911 $26,829$	20,562 $10,777$	$61,354 \\ 56,352$	854,620 934,704

43.—Quantities and Values of Cross-ties and Poles purchased by Railway and Electric Companies, 1913 and 1914.

		1913.		1914.			
Purchased by	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Average Value.	
GU D. '1	No.	\$	\$ ets.	No.	\$	\$ cts.	
Steam Railways: Cross-ties		8,245,166	0.42	19,196,208	8,545,057	0.45	
Telephone and tele- graph poles		833,259	1.77	186,111	357,159	1.92	
Electric Railways:							
Cross-ties Telephone and tele-	391,223	225,086	0.58	207,438	119,857	0.58	
graph poles ¹	65,071	355,072	5.45	97,073	303,103	3.12	
Total cross-ties	19,881,714	8,470 ,252	0.43	19,403,646	8,664,914	0.45	
Total telephone and telegraph poles		1,1 8 8, 3 31	2.22	283,184	660,262	2.33	

¹Includes poles purchased by Power and Light Companies.

Skins and Furs of Wild Animals.—In Table 44 are shown for Canada the numbers and values of the skins and furs of wild animals killed during the year 1910, as compiled from data of the Census of 1911. The kinds or classes of furs are arranged in 39 different categories, and their total value for the whole of Canada is \$1,927,550, as compared with \$899,645 in 1901 for the year 1900. At the Census of 1901 records of quantities were not taken. For 1910 the item of greatest value in the table is that for assorted furs, \$445,320; next come muskrats, \$256,213; martens, \$221,583 and minks, \$221,500. Table 45 gives the values only by provinces. The largest production is naturally in the unorganized territories, the value being \$500,217. Then follow in order of value Quebec \$407,901, Ontario \$297,101, Saskatchewan \$211,787, British Columbia \$174,253, Yukon Territory \$159,672, Alberta \$115,003 and the Maritime provinces \$46,855. The value for Manitoba is \$14,761. For Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba the production is limited to these provinces as existing before their extension of boundaries in 1912; so that any production in the territories then added is included in that of the unorganized territories. It should also be noted that the quantities and figures apply solely to wild animals in a state of freedom, and do not therefore include the production from fur farms or from wild animals in captivity.

SKINS AND FURS OF WILD ANIMALS.

44.—Number and Value of the Skins and Furs of Wild Animals killed in Canada in 1910, according to the Census of 1911.

Assorted furs	121 859 55 21 28	632 364	wild cats Martens Minks	8,159 31,437	
Bears, black Bears, brown Bears, grizzly Bears, white Bears, not specified Beavers	$\begin{array}{c} 55 \\ 21 \end{array}$	632 364	Minks		221,583
Bears, grizzly Bears, white Bears, not specified Beavers	21	364			
Bears, white Bears, not specified Beavers				45,973	
Bears, not specified Beavers	281			2,336 38	
Beavers		289 35.712		915,754	
	3,546 $24,895$	131,833		5.721	102,291
	$\frac{24,890}{2,082}$	8,495		22	280
Coyotes, or prairie	2,002	0,400	Rabbits	3.879	
wolves	735	2.673		5,042	
Deer, not specified	2,726	6,680		14,681	
Elk	1,018	4,534		282	429
	52,072	21,535		5,108	32,997
Fishers (pekans)	2,420	21,986		235	652
Foxes, black	46	12,507	Whales	16	
Foxes, blue	6	55	Wolves	2,334	
Foxes, cross	1,634	17,557	Wolverenes	927	4,873
Foxes, red	9.610	59,863			
Foxes, silver	475	97,399			1 005 550
Foxes, white	2,343	10.581	Total value, 1910	-	1,927,550
Foxes, not specified Grampus	3,475 61	$24,182 \\ 419$			899,645

45.—Values of Skins and Furs of Wild Animals killed, by Provinces, 1900 and 1910.

Provinces.	1900.	1910.	Provinces.	1900.	1910.
	\$	\$		\$	\$
Prince Edward Island	517	2,568	Alberta	22,004	115,003
Nova Scotia	9,377	22,748		201,398	
New Brunswick	11,359	21,539	Yukon	1	159,672
Quebec	138,408	407,901	Unorganized terri-		,
Ontario	112,467	297,101	tories	262,951	500,217
Manitoba	16,651	14,761	_		
Saskatchewan	124,513	211,787	Canada	899,645	1,927,550
1		·	<u> </u>	i	

¹In 1901 the Census figures in the Yukon Territory were included in the Unorganized Territories.

FISHERIES.

Extent of Canadian Fisheries.—It is no exaggeration to state that Canada possesses the most extensive fisheries in the world. supplies of all the principal commercial food fishes, including salmon, lobsters, herring, mackerel, sardines, haddock, cod, hake and pollock, are caught in Canadian territorial waters. The coast line of the Atlantic provinces from the Bay of Fundy to the Straits of Belle Isle, without taking into account the lesser bays and indentations, measures over 5,000 miles; and along this great stretch are to be found innumerable natural harbours and coves, in many of which valuable fish are taken in considerable quantities with little effort. On the Pacific coast, the province of British Columbia, owing to its immense number of islands, bays, and fiords, which form safe and easily accessible harbours, has a sea-washed shore of 7,000 miles. Along this shore, and within the limits of the territorial waters, there are fish and mammals in greater abundance probably than anywhere else in the world. In addition to this immense salt-water fishing area there are in the numerous inland lakes not less than 220,000 square miles of fresh water abundantly stocked with many species of excellent food fishes. The Canadian waters of the Great Lakes, viz., Lakes Superior, Huron, Erie and Ontario, form only onefifth of the total area of the larger fresh water lakes of Canada.

Methods of Capture.—On the Atlantic coast the fisheries may be divided into two distinct classes: the deep-sea and the inshore or coastal The deep-sea fishery is pursued in vessels of from 40 to 100 tons, carrying crews of from 12 to 20 men. The fishing grounds worked are on the several banks, which lie from 20 to 90 miles off the Canadian The style of fishing is that of "trawling" by hook-and-line. The bait used is chiefly herring, squid and capelin; and the fish taken are principally cod, haddock, hake, pollock and halibut. The inshore or coastal fishery is carried on in small boats with crews of from two to three men; also in a class of small vessels with crews of from four to seven men. The means of capture employed by boat fishermen are gill-nets, hooks and lines, both hand-line and trawl; and from the shore are operated trap-nets, haul-seines and weirs. The commercial food fishes taken inshore are the cod, hake, haddock, pollock, halibut, herring, mackerel, alewife, shad, smelt, flounder and sardine. most extensive lobster fishery known is carried on along the whole of the eastern shore of Canada, whilst excellent oyster beds exist in many parts of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, notably on the north coast of Prince Edward Island and in the Northumberland strait. The salmon fishery is predominant on the Pacific coast; but a very extensive halibut fishery is carried on in the northern waters of British Columbia in large, wellequipped steamers and vessels. The method of capture is by trawling, dories being used for setting and hauling the lines, as in the Atlantic deep-sea fishery. Herring are in great abundance on the Pacific coast, and provide a plentiful supply of bait for the halibut fishery. In the inland lake fisheries the various means of capture in use comprise gillnets, pound-nets, seines and hook-and-line. The principal commercial

FISHERIES.

fishes caught are whitefish, trout, pickerel, pike, sturgeon and fresh water herring, the latter in the lakes of Ontario only.

Capital Invested.—The estimated total capital invested in the fisheries amounted in 1913–14 to \$27,464,033, as compared with \$24,-388,459 in 1912–13. Of the total for 1913–14 the sum of \$25,371,480 was invested in connection with the sea fisheries and \$2,092,553 in connection with the inland fisheries. The value of the vessels and boats is represented by \$8,279,437 in 1913–14 as against \$7,744,038 in 1912–13, and the value of the fishing gear, canneries, fish-houses and other fixtures by \$19,184,596 in 1913–14 as against \$16,644,421 in 1912–13. Table 46 shows the distribution of capital amongst the various descriptions of vessels, boats, nets, traps, etc., used in both sea and inland fisheries for the fiscal year 1912–13¹.

Number of Fishermen.—There were 98,669 persons employed in the fishing industry during the year 1913–14, as compared with 88,408 in 1912–13, an increase of 10,261, the sea fisheries engaging 9,542 more persons and the inland fisheries 719. Of the total in 1913–14, 9,927 were employed on vessels, 61,251 on boats, 598 on carrying smacks and 26,893 in canneries, freezers, fish-houses, etc.¹

Fishing Bounties.—Under an Act of 1882 (45 Vict., c. 18), passed for development of the sea fisheries and encouragement of the building of fishing vessels, provision was made for the distribution in bounties of \$150,000 annually among the owners of fishing vessels and fishermen engaged in fishing from boats in the deep sea fisheries of Canada. Act of 1891 (54–55 Vict., c. 42) increased the amount to \$160,000. Order-in-Council of January 22, 1914, made under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of 1906, c. 46, the distribution of the appropriation of \$160,000 for the year 1913-14 was made on the following basis: \$1 per registered ton to owners of vessels, \$6.70 to each vessel fisherman, \$3.95 to each boat fisherman and \$1 per boat to owners of fishing boats. The number of vessels which received bounties in 1913-14 was 910, with an aggregate tonnage of 22,833, a decrease of 55 vessels and 2,067 tons, as compared with 1912-13. The number of boats on which bounties were paid was 12,623, and the number of boat fishermen who received bounties was 21,557, an increase of 625 boats and of 1,146 men as compared with 1912-13. The total number of fishermen in vessels and boats to whom bounties were paid in 1913-14 was 27,236, a net increase of 678 as compared with the previous year. The number of claims filed in 1913-14 was 13,412, an increase of 441 over 1912-13, and the number paid was 13,533, or 569 more than in the previous year. The total fishing bounties paid since 1882 amount to \$5,058,862.

Table 47 shows by provinces the number of fishermen who received bounties and the amount of the bounties paid to them during each of the fiscal years 1910–1913.

^{&#}x27;For similar statistics of previous years, see Canada Year Book of 1911, p. 390.

46.—Number and Value of Fishing Vessels, Boats, Nets, Traps, etc., used in the Sea and Inland Fisheries of Canada, 1913-14.

Description.	Sea Fis	heries.	Inland F	isheries.	To	tal.
	No.	\$	No.	\$	No.	\$
Steam fishing	P7 =	1 177 575	100	E10 100	074	1 000 755
vessels	75	1,177,575	199	518,180	274	1,695,755
Sailing and gasoline vessels	1,247	2,504,759	_	_	1,247	2,504,759
Boats, sail	24,952	1,077,453	4,034	171,136	28,986	1,248,589
" gasoline	8,222	2,376,644	478	208,945	8,700	2,585,589
Carrying smacks	471	244,745	_	-	471	244,745
Gill nets, seines,		,				, , ==
trap and smelt			ŀ			
nets, etc	144,896	2,626,396	69,342	796,536	214,238	3,422,932
Weirs	720	376,170	114	28,000	834	404,170
Trawls	18,913	192,221			18,913	192,221
Spears			103	260	103	260
Skates of gear	1,888	37,760		-	1,888	37,760
Hand lines	64,266	51,669	7,976	13,233	72,242	64,902
Lobster traps	1,617,195	1,464,920	-	-	1,617,195	1,464,920
canneries.	722	685,325	-	_	722	685,325
Salmon "	81	4,115,410	-	_	81	4,115,410
Clam	19	29,950	-	-	$\begin{array}{c} 19 \\ 2 \end{array}$	29,950 2,800
Fish " Sardine "	$\frac{2}{6}$	2,800	_ 1	_	$\stackrel{2}{6}$	362,100
	0	362,100	-	_	9	302,100
Freezers and ice- houses	817	2,399,560	507	199,020	1,324	2,598,580
Smoke and fish-	011	2,000,000	· · · ·	100,020	1,021	2,000,000
houses	7,496	1,533,712	209	37,090	7,705	1,570,802
Fishing piers and	1,400	1,000,112	200	0.,000	,,,,,,	2,000
wharves	2,552	3,501,561	141	38,775	2,693	3,540,336
Salteries	12	1,200	-	_	12	1,200
Whaling stations	5	550,000	-	-	5	550,000
Oil factories	1	40,000	-	-	1	40,000
Fishing huts and						
cottages, etc	-	-	102	81,200	102	81,200
Scows, pile drivers,					501	10 550
etc	501	19,550	-	-	501	19,550
Eel traps	_	-	98	178	98	178
Total, 1913-14	_	25,371,480	_	2,092,553	_	27,464,033
Total, 1912-13	_	20,442,714		3,945,745		24,388,459
						
Number of men em-						
ployed on vessels	9,091	_	836	-	9,927	_
Number of men em-	·					
ployed on boats	50,227	-	11,024	_	61,251	_
Number of men em-					!	
ployed on carry-					. 500	
ing smacks	598	-	-	_	598	_
Number of persons						
employed in fish-	1					
houses, freezers,	26 570		323	_	26,893	_
canneries, etc	26,570		J20		20,000	
			12,183		98,669	

FISHERIES.

47.—Government Bounties to Fishermen in the fiscal years 1910 to 1913.

Provinces.	Number of men who received bounties.			Value of bounties paid.				
Trovinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Prince Edward Isl'd Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec	1,789 13,547 2,171 7,488	1,689 14,334 2,073 7,723	14,307 $2,083$	14,300	96,468 $16,531$	99,425 15,795	15,110	93,456 $16,385$
Total	24,995	25,819	26,558	27,236	159,167	160,000	159,996	158,661

Inland Fish Markets.—Other government assistance to the fishing industry takes the form of encouraging the development of markets for fresh fish in the interior of the country by payment of one-third of the ordinary express charges on shipments of fresh fish from the Atlantic coast to points as far west as the eastern boundary of Manitoba and from the Pacific coast as far east as that boundary. Cold storage cars by fast freight are placed at the disposal of shippers from the Atlantic seaboard, and aid is rendered in the building of small cold storage establishments for the storing of bait. Fish-breeding is carried on by the Dominion Government upon an extensive scale, the expenditure for this service in 1913–14 amounting to \$354,675. The hatcheries number altogether 51, in addition to three subsidiary hatcheries and five retaining ponds for Atlantic salmon. They are situated in Prince Edward Island (3), Nova Scotia (12), New Brunswick (7), Quebec (8), Ontario (7), Manitoba (4), and British Columbia (10).

Bait Supplies.—For want of definite knowledge as to where supplies of bait may be had, the fishing fleet annually, during the summer months, loses much time and money searching from harbour to harbour for bait. In order to remedy this as far as possible, the Department of Marine and Fisheries put into operation, in 1913, a system whereby definite information concerning bait supplies along certain stretches of the coast is collected by the officers of the Department, and despatched daily by telegraph to certain important sea-ports on the Atlantic seaboard, and there posted up for the information of masters and owners of fishing vessels. The number of ports selected as receiving stations has necessarily to be limited; but in order to insure that the smaller fishing ports should also benefit by direct advice as to available bait supplies, copies of all telegrams are handed to the Halifax morning papers, and published in their columns daily. About 780 telegrams were sent during the year 1913.

Value of Fisheries.—As shown in Table 48, the total marketed value of all kinds of fish, fish products and marine animals, taken by Canadian fishermen in both the sea and inland fisheries during the

year ended March 31, 1914, amounted to \$33,207,748, as compared with \$33,389,464 in 1912–13. To the total amount in 1913–14 the sea fisheries contributed \$29,472,811 and the inland fisheries \$3,734,937.

48.—Quantities and Values of all Fish marketed in Canada in 1912-13 and 1913-14.

Kinds of Fish.	1912	-13.	1913-14.		
IIIIas of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Canada.	-	\$ 33,389,464	_	\$ 33,207,748	
Alewives, freshcwt.	41,999	56,293	18,619	26,904	
Alewives, saltedbbl.	25,196	106,954	14,380	58,541	
Basscwt.	3,060	36,973	3,289	36,248	
Beluga skinsno.	47	235	75	375	
Catfishcwt.	6,320	50,568	6,109	46,340	
Clams, cannedcases	35,049	162,777	26,323	122,324	
Clams, freshbbl.	70,254	151,270	95,004	246,001	
Cod, freshcwt.	131,112	417,130	102,575	399,169	
Cod. green, salted "	75,729	243,483	91,852	302,129	
Cod. dried"	482,090	2,708,137	458,721	2,680,171	
Dulse, etc "	23,236		7,473	51,795	
Eels "	10,466	63,695	8,626	56,900	
Fish glue stock ton	1,010	17,170	· -	7,478	
Fish guano "	461	15,982	3,122	68,486	
Fish oilgal.	381,200	122,922	468,251	149,022	
${f Flounders}{f cwt}.$	6,963	23,190	8,115	25,029	
Haddock, cannedcases	7,558	45,348	6,947	41,662	
Haddock, freshcwt.	196,117	511,734	146,207	337,934	
Haddock, dried"	71,061	282,844	64,312	290,792	
naddock, smoked	41,586	225,610	27,563		
nake, uried	103,402	366,249	110,405		
nake, iresn	39,164	_33,931	22,131	38,813	
Hallbut	282,658	2,719,616	256,096	2,036,400	
nerring, iresn	323,074	1,317,210	310,500	1,163,103	
merring, smoked	123,219	393,142	116,874	422,365	
Herring, pickledbbl.	156,940	657,224	131,275	525,190	
Herring, dry-salted cwt.	299,395	449,093	313,178	470,379	
Herring, used as baitbbl.	288,570	443,118	279,173	459,432	
Herring, used as fertilizer "	179,029	90,759	226,524	113,386	
Lobsters, fresh or alive	85,379	1,162,022	100,879	1,482,283	
Lobsters, cannedcases	187,616	3,408,992	165,679	3,227,779	
Mackerel, fresh	55,305	388,306	107,339	780,703	
Mackerel, saltedbbl.	17,558	246,987	36,015	496,072	
Maskinongecwt.	124	1,639	$130 \\ 14,732$	1,659	
Outlachans	$14,795 \\ 23,377$	$78,950 \\ 142,602$	$\frac{14,732}{29,828}$	77,106 $173,753$	
Oystersbbl.	$\frac{23,377}{17,428}$	93,674	14,497	72,985	
Perch cwt. Pike or jackfish "	62,492	319,476	64,925	372,868	
Pickerel	64,839	465,462	61,603	449,539	
Pollock, fresh and dried "	63,069	178,294	77,596	187,723	
Salmon, fresh "	116,100	1,396,504	157,933	2,065,030	
Danieri, il Coli	110,100	6,997,831	1,400,276	7,743,582	

¹For further details respecting the Canadian fishing industry see Annual Reports of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, from which the statistics in the Year Book have been compiled.

FISHERIES.

48.—Quantities and Values of all Fish marketed in Canada in 1912-13 and 1913-14 —concluded.

TZ: 1 C Ti-l	1912	-13.	1913	-14.
Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Canada—con.		\$	-	\$
Salmon, dry salted and pickledcwt.	185,928	1,574,673	150,223	876,596
Salmon, smoked"	5,059	56,515	13,549	
Salmon roe (salted), Indian con-	·	·	·	·
sumption"	2,000	10,000	-	
Sardines, fresh and salted bbl.	263,601	263,867	$124,084^{1}$	248,1681
Sardines, cannedcases.	84,977	424,885		428,500
Sealskins, fur	205	6,150	404	12,120
Sealskins, hair "	18,618	20,968	7,560	8,122
Shad, saltedbbl.	464	7,460	250	3,240
Shad, freshcwt.	4,344	34,642		30,541
Smelts "	102,360	982,800	88,728	810,392
Soles "	3,520	35,200		1,080
Squidbbl.	3,160	12,112	2,197	9,187
Sturgeoncwt.	10,035	133,109	4,811	62,490
Sturgeon caviare "	96	9,693	87	9,093
Sword-fish "	6,557	47,349	13,322	61,140
Trout	73,664	709,078	73,164	682,619
Tommy cod	21,112	41,314	19,167	40,440
Tongues and sounds "	3,151	22,707	4,041	49,811
Tullibee	13,463	44,991	20,157	63,910
Whale fertilizerton.		77,086	504	16,003
Whale oilgal.	1,518,706	509,551	452,566	296,169
Whitefishcwt.	140,404	1,054,925	137,887	929,962
Fish, all other "	159,884	503,253	·	488,922

49.—Quantities and Values of the catch of the Inland Fisheries of Canada, 1912-13 and 1913-14.

- GILO	1910-14.			
Kinds of Fish.	1912	-13.	1913–	14.
Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$	1	\$
Salmon, freshcwt.	2,964	33,026	2,802	33,08
Herring, fresh "	182,177	859,144		659,83
$\operatorname{Catfish}$	6,320	50,568		46,34
Whitefish "	140,404	1,054,925		929,96
Trout	67,938	636,806		631,94
Pickerel	64.830	465,462		449,53
Pike	62,492	319,476		372,86
Perch "	16,122	80,614		72,98
Eels "	5,795	31,746		32,03
Sturgeon"	4,926	57,054		45,10
Tullibee	13,463	44,991		63,91
Bass "	1,046	13,186		10,08
Maskinonge "	124	1.639		1,65
Alewives, fresh "	5,846	8,769		7,62
Shad, fresh "	818	7.816		4,57
Shad, saltedbbl.	100	2,000		25
Mixed fishewt.	114.534	396,251		316,62
Sturgeon caviare "	96	9,693		8,56
Tongues and sounds "	876	526		
Gold eyes "		-	5,089	12,72
Carps	_	_	6,721	33,60
Fish, all other "	î L	_	908	1,63
Total		4,073,692		3,734,93

Note.—The figures in Table 49 are also included in Table 48. 1Fresh only.

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$$\rm P\,R\,O\,D\,U\,C\,T\,I\,O\,N$$ 50.—Total Value of Fisheries by Provinces in the fiscal years 1910-1914.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Prince Edward Island	\$ 1.197.556	\$ 1.153.708	\$ 1,196,396	\$ 1.379.905	\$ 1,280,447
Nova Scotia		10,119,243	. ,		, ,
New Brunswick	4,676,315	4,134,144	4,886,157	4,264,054	4,308,707
Quebec	1,808,436	1,692,475	1,868,136	1,988,241	1,850,427
Ontario	2,177,813	2,026,121	2,205,436	2,842,878	2,674,685
Manitoba	1,003,385	1,302,779	1,113,486	800,149	606,272
Saskatchewan	173,580	172,903	139,436	111,839	148,602
Alberta	82,562	82,460	102,325	51,616	81,319
British Columbia	10,314,755	9,163,235	13,677,125	14,455 ,488	13,891,398
Yukon	113,654	118,365	111,825	111,239	68,265
Total for Canada	29,629,167	29,965,433	34,667,872	33,389,464	33,207,748

51.—Total Value of the Fisheries of Canada in the fiscal years 1870-1914.

Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.	Years.	Value.
1870	\$ 6,577,391	1881	\$ 15,817,162	1892	\$ 18,941,171	1903	\$ 23,101,878
1871	7,573,199	1882	16,824,092	1893	20,686,661	1904	23,516,439
1872	9,570,116	1883	16,958,192	1894	20,719,573	1905	29,479,562
1873	10,754,997	1884	17,766,404	1895	20,199,338	1906	26,279,485
1874	11,681,886	1885	17,722,973	1896	20,407,425	1907-08.	25,499,349
1875	10,350,385	1886	18,679,288	1897	22,783,546	1908-09.	25,451,085
1876	11,117,000	1887	18,386,103	1898	19,667,121	1909–10.	29,629,167
1877	12,005,934	1888	17,418,510	1899	21,891,706	1910–11.	29,965,433
1878	13,215,678	1889	17,655,256	1900	21,557,639	1911–12.	34,667,872
1879	13,529,254	1890	17,714,902	1901	25,737,153	1912–13.	33,389,464
1880	14,499,979	1891	18,977,878	1902	21,959,433	1913–14.	33,207,748

MINERALS.

Sources of Mineral Statistics.—Mineral statistics are available from various independent official sources. On July 21, 1913, the Census and Statistics Office published as Bulletin XVI the results of the Census of Mineral Production taken in 1911. The Mines Department of the Dominion Government publishes an Annual Report of Mineral Production, and Annual Reports are also published by the Departments of Mines of the Provincial Governments of Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia. Data derived from each of these sources were given in this section of the Year Book of 1913 (pp. 196–211), but in the present edition the statistics given are limited to those of the Dominion and provincial Departments of Mines.

Dominion Department of Mines.—According to the annual preliminary report of the Division of Mineral Resources and Statistics of the Dominion Department of Mines, the total value of the mineral products of Canada in the calendar year 1914 was \$128,475,499, as compared with \$145,634,812, the finally revised total of 1913. is a decrease of \$17,159,313, or 11.8 p.c. The average production per capita was \$15.91, as against \$18.77 in 1913, \$18.27 in 1912 and \$14.93 in 1910. From Table 52, showing the quantities and values of minerals produced in 1913 and 1914, with the increase or decrease in value for each, it will be observed that there has been a general falling off in the production of nearly all mine products, the notable exceptions being pyrites, salt and natural gas. The falling off in the production of the metals is no doubt to be ascribed in large measure to the conditions resulting from the war. Especially is this true in the case of copper. nickel and silver. The cutting off of markets and the closing of metal exchanges, with the consequent cessation of market quotations resulted in the almost immediate closing down or restriction of operation at many properties. However, before the close of the year many of these adverse conditions had been adjusted, although prices had fallen considerably.

Mineral Products in 1914.—The total value of the metallic production in 1914 was \$58,870,028, as against \$66,361,351 in 1913, a decrease of \$7,491,323, or 11 p.c. Non-metallic products also show a large falling off in 1914, the total value for the year being \$69,605,471, as against \$79,273,461 in 1913, a decrease of \$9,667,990, or 12.19 p.c. The decrease is most pronounced in the case of coal, asbestos and gypsum and in products generally classed as structural materials, such as cement, building brick, sewer pipe and lime.

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52.—Quantities and Values of Minerals produced in Canada, 1913 and 1914.

Description.	Quant	ities.	Val	ues.	Increase (+) or decrease()
~	1913.	1914.	1913.	1914.	in value (\$)
Copperlb.	76,976,925	75,738,386	\$ 11,753,606	\$ 10,301,935	\$ —1,451,671
Gold oz. Pig iron tons. Lead lb. Nickel " Silver oz. Other metallic prod	802,973 1,128,967 37,662,703 49,676,772 31,845,803	770,374 783,164 36,337,765 45,517,937 27,544,231		10,002,856 1,627,568 13,655,381	$\begin{array}{r} -6,537,156 \\ -127,137 \\ -1,247,651 \\ -3,943,655 \end{array}$
Total Less pig iron credited to imported ores	~	-	81,904,934		14,170,962
tons.	1,055,459	687,420	15,543,583	8,863,944	6,679,639
Total metallic	-	_	66,361,351	58,870,028	-7,491,323
Asbestos and asbestic tons. Coal " Gypsum " Natural gas M. ft. Petroleum brls. Pyrites tons. Salt " Cement brls. Clay products Lime bush. Stone Miscellaneous nonmetallic	161,086 15,012,178 636,370 20,477,838 228,080 158,566 100,791 8,658,805 - 7,558,484 -	117,573 13,594,984 510,663 21,047,028 214,805 224,958 107,038 7,172,480 – 6,245,189	3,849,925 37,334,940 1,447,739 3,309,381 406,439 521,181 491,280 11,019,418 9,504,314 1,609,398 5,504,639 4,274,807	33,433,108 1,137,157 3,511,302 343,124 735,514 493,648	$\begin{array}{l} -3,901,832 \\ -310,582 \\ +201,921 \\ -63,315 \\ +214,333 \\ +2,368 \\ -1,831,494 \\ -2,413,416 \\ -361,881 \\ +88,846 \\ \end{array}$
Total non-metallic	~	_	79,273,461	69,605,471	— 9,667,990
Grand Total	~		145,634,812	128,475,499	—17,159,313

Note.—In tables 52 to 64 the ton, where employed, is the short ton of 2000 lb.

239 MINERALS.

53.-Mineral Production of Canada in the Calendar Years 1913 and 1914.

7.5:1.	1913		1914.1	
Minerals.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$		\$ 2
Actinolite ton.	66	720	119	1,304
Arsenic "	1,692	101,463	1,737	104,015
Asbestos"	136,951	3,830,909	96,542	2,892,266
Asbestic	24,135	19,016	21,031	17,540
Barytes	641	6,410	612	6,129
Bricks, common No.	668,426,675	5,917,373	1)	,
Bricks, pressed	116,802,053	1,458,733	- [1	4 000 046
Bricks, paving	4,208,295	75,669	- 1	4,809,046
Bricks, other	875,355	15,423	_ li	
Cement, Portlandbbl.	8,658,805	11,019,418	7,172,480	9,187,924
Chromiteton.	0,000,000	11,010,110	136	1,210
	15,012,178	37,334,940	13,594,984	33,433,108
Coalton. Cobalt and nickel oxides lb.	928,383	605,589	1,387,101	595,999
	920,000	000,000	1,001,101	000,000
Cobalt material, mixed		00.266	_	89 696
cobalt and nickel oxides	76 076 005	90,266	75 720 206	82,620
Copperlb.	76,976,925	11,753,606	75,738,386	10,301,933
Corundum ton.	1,177	137,036	548	72,176
Felspar "	16,790	60,795	18,060	70,824
Fire clay and fire clay	'	4 10 -00	\	
products\$	_	142,738	-	1,169,752
Fire-proofing and archi-			[]	1,200,102
tectural terra-cotta "	- ,	461,387		
Gold oz.	802,973	16,598,923	770,374	15,925,044
Graphite ton.	2,162	90,282	1,647	107,203
Grindstones "	4,837	51,325	4,078	54,497
Gypsum"	636,370	1,447,739	510,663	1,137,157
Iron ore (exports) "	216,614	430,561	60.410	135,300
Kaolin"	500	5,000	1,000	10,000
Lead lb.	37,662,70 3	1,754,705	36,337,765	1,627,568
Limebush.	7,558,484	1,609,398	6,245,189	1,247,517
Manganeseton.		_,,,,,,,,,	28	1,120
Magnesite	515	3,335	358	2,240
Mica\$		194,304	_	102,313
Mineral water"	'	173,677	-	122,574
Natural gasm.cu.ft.	20,477,838	3,309,381	21,047,028	3,511,302
Nickel	49,676,772	14,903,032	45,517,937	13,655,38
Ochreston	5,987	41,774	5,890	51,728
Peat	2,600	10,100	685	2,470
		406,439	214,805	343,124
Petroleumbbl.	228,080			
Phosphate ton.	385	3,643	95,744	7,278
Pig iron from Can. ore "	73,508	996,429	95,744	1,138,913
Platinum, crude oz.	18	489	_	-
Pottery\$	150 101	53,533	004.056	705 51
Pyriteston.	158,181	521,181	224,956	735,514
Quartz	78,261	169,842	54,148	83,583
Sant	100,791	491,280	107,038	493,64
Sand and gravel \$	-	2,258,874	-	2,448,738
Sand lime-brick No.	92,586,676	906,665	-	624,33
Sewer pipes\$	_	1,035,906		1,102,100
Silver oz.	31,845,803	19,040,924	27,544,231	15,097,269
Slatesquares.	1,432	6,444	1,075	4,83
Granite \$	- 1	1,653,791	·	2,179,930
Limestone "	- 1	3,204,091	-	2,730,438
Marble "		249,975	_	192,533

For notes see foot of table on page 240.

53.—Mineral Production of Canada in the Calendar Years 1913 and 1914—concluded.

Minerals.	191	3.	1914	Į. 1
willerais.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Sandstone \$ Talc ton Tiles, drain \$ Tripolite ton Zinc ore "	12,250 - 620 7,889	\$ 396,782 45,980 338,552 12,138 186,827	10,808 	\$ 490,584 40,418 13,000 310,000
Total	_	145,634,812	_	128,475,499

¹Subject to revision. fire clay, etc.

²Includes value of drain tiles and pottery, etc.

³Included with value of

54.—Value of Mineral Production in Canada, 1886-1914.

Calendar Year.		Value per capita	Calendar Year.	Total Value.	Value per capita	Calendar Year.	Total Value.	Value per capita
	\$.	\$ cts.		\$	\$ cts.		\$ \$	cts.
1886	10,221,255	2.23	1896	22,474,256		1906	79,286,697	12.81
1887	10,321,331	2.23	1897	28,485,023	5.49	1907	86,865,202	13.75
1888	12,518,894	2.67	1898	38,412,431	7.32	1908	85,557,101	13.16
1889	14,013,113	2.96	1899	49,234,005	9.27	1909	91,831,441	13.70
1890	16,763,353	3.50	1900	64,420,877	12.04	1910	106,823,623	15.44
1891	18,976,616	3.92	1901	65,797,911	12.16	1911	103,220,994	14.42
1892	16,623,415	3.39	1902	63,231,836	11.36	1912	135,048,296	18.09
1893	20,035,082	4.04	1903	61,740,513	10.83	1913	145,634,812	18.77
1894	19,931,158	3.98	1904	60,082,771	10.27	1914	128,475,499	15.91
1895	20,505,917	4.05	1905	69,078,999	11.49		i , ,	

55.—Value of Minerals produced in Canada by Provinces in the Calendar Years 1913 and 1914.

	1913	•	1914	1 . ¹
Provinces.	Value.	Per cent. of total.	Value.	Per cent. of total.
	\$		- .	
Nova Scotia	19,376,183	13.30	17,514,786	13.63
New Brunswick	1,102,613	0.76	1,034,706	0.81
Quebec	13,475,534	9.25	12,259,637	9.54
Ontario	59,167,749	40.63	52,147,973	40.59
Manitoba	2,214,496	1.52	2,428,902	1.89
Saskatchewan	881,142	0.60	710,840	0.55
Alberta	15,054,046	10.34	12,773,669	9.94
British Columbia	28,086,312	19.29	24,202,924	18.84
Yukon Territory	6,276,737	4.31	5,402,062	4.21
Total	145,634,812	100.00	128,475,499	100.00

¹Subject to revision.

MINERALS.

56.—Quantity of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years, 1862-1914.

Years.	Nova Scotia	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Colum- bia.	Yukon. Territory	Total.
	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.
1862-1866		_	-	-	796,234	_	882,947
1867				-	120,012	-	145,775
1868 1869		_	_	_	114,792 85,865		134,169 $102,720$
1870			-	-	64,675		83,415
1871			~	_	87,048		105,187
1872			-	-	77,931		90,283 74,346
1 873.			_	_	63,166 89,233		97,856
1875			, -	<u> </u>	119,724		130,300
1876		-	-	_	86,429		97,729
1877		583	_	-	77,796		94,304
1878		868 1,160	_	_	$\begin{array}{c c} 61,688 \\ 62,407 \end{array}$		74,420 76,547
1879	12,472	1,605	-	_	49,044	-	63,121
1881	10,147	2,741	-	_	50,636		63,524
1882	13,307	827 860		-	$46,154 \\ 38,422$	_	60,288 53,853
1883 1884		422	i -	_	35,612		51,202
1885		103	_	-	34,527	4,837	55,575
1886	22,038	193	_	_	43,714	4,001	70,782
1887	. 20,009	78	327	102	33,558	3,386	57,460
1888	$\frac{21,137}{24,272}$	181	-	58	29,834	1,935	53,145
1889 1890	. 24,673 . 22,978	58 65	_	967 193	28,489 23,918	8,466 8,466	62,653 55,620
1891		87	97	266	20,792	1,935	45,018
1892	. 18,865	628	344	508	19,327	4,233	43,905
1893	. 18,436	759	708	466	18,360	8,514	47,243
1894 1895	18,834 21,919	1,412 62	$1,917 \ 3,015$	726 2,419	25,664 61,289	6,047 $12,094$	54,600 100,798
1896	. 23,876	145	5,563	2,661	86,504	14,513	133,262
1897		44	9,157	2,419	131,805	120,937	291,557
1898		295	12,863	1,209 726	142,215	483,750	666,386
1899 1900		238	$^{20,394}_{+\ 14,391}$	242	$203,295 \\ 228,916$	774,000 1,077,553	1,028,529 1,350,057
1901		145		726		870,750	1,167,216
1902	. 30,348	391	11,118	484	288,383	701,437	1,032,161
1903	25,533	180		48	,	592,594	911,539
1904 1905		140 191		24 121	275,975 $1285,529$	507,938 381,001	796,374 684,951
2000	10,101	131	1,102	1 11	1 =00,0=0	001,001	004,801

56.—Quantity of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years, 1862-1914—concluded.

Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Columbia	Yukon. Territory	Total.
	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.	Ozs. fine.
1906	13,675 11,842	165 - 193 124	3,202 3,212 3,212 1,569 3,089	39 33 50 25 89	269,886 236,216 286,858 250,320 261,386	270,900 152,381 174,150 191,565 221,091	556,415 405,517 476,112 453,865 493,707
1911 1912	7,781 4,385	613 642	2,062 86,523	10 73	238,496 251,815	224,197 268,447	473,159 611,885
1913	2,174	I	219,801		297,459	282,838	802,973
1914 ¹	2,711	963	268,305	-	250,454	247,941	770,374

¹Subject to revision.

57.—Value of Gold produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years 1862-1914.

Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Columbia.	Yukon Territory	Total.
-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	*
1862-1866	1,792,516	_	_	_	16,459,627	_ :	18,252,143
1867	532,563	-	_	_	2,480,868	_	3,013,43
1868	400,555	-	_	_	2,372,972	- !	2,773,527
1869	348,427	-	_	_	1,774,978	_ '	2,123,405
1870	387,392	-	-	-	1,336,956	-	1,724,348
1871	374,972	_	_	_	1,799,440	·	2,174,412
1872	255,349	-	_	- 1	1,610,972	_	1,866,32
1873	231,122	-	_	_	1,305,749	· - :	1,536,87
1874	178,244	_	_	_	1,844,618	i - :	2,022,862
1875	218,629	-	-	-	2,474,904	-	2,693,533
1876	233,585	_		_	1,786,648	_	2,020,233
1877	329,205	12,057	_	- 1	1,608,182	i –	1,949,444
1878	245,253	17,937	_	-	1,275,204	1	1,538,394
1879	268,328	23,972	_	-	1,290,058	- j	1,582,358
1880	257,823	33,174	_	-	1,013,827	! 	1,304,824

MINERALS.

57.—Value of Gold Produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years, 1862-1914—concluded.

15,925,044	5,125,396	5,177,343	1	5,546,356	19,907	56,042	1914
		6,149,207	1	4,543,690	14,491	44,935	1913
		5,205,485	1,509	1,788,596		90,638	1912
	4,634,574	4,930,145	207	42,625		160,854	1911
10,205,835		5,403,318	1,850	63,849		163,891	1910
		5,174,579		32,425	3,990	210,711	1909
	3,600,000		_	66,389		244,799	1908
				66,399	1	282,686	1907
11,502,120		5,579,039	800	66,193	3,412	252,676	1906
14,159	7,876,000	5,902,402	2,500	91,000	3,940	283,353	1905
16,462,517		5,704,908		40,000		214,209	1904
18,843,590	12,250,000	5,873,036		188,036		527,806	1903
21,336	14,500,000			229,828		627,357	1902
24,128,503	18,000,000	5,318,703	15,000	244,837	3,000	546,963	1901
27,908	22,275,000	4,732,105	5,000	297,495	1	598,553	1900
21,261	16,000,000	4,202,473	15,000	421,591	4,916	617,604	1899
13,775	10,000,000	2,939,852		265,889	6,089	538,590	1898
6,027	2,500,000			189,294		562,165	1897
2,754,774	300,000			115,000	3,000	493,568	1896
2,083				62,320		453,119	1895
1,128,688				39,624		389,338	1894
976,603			9,640	14,637	15,696	381,095	1893
907			10,506	7,118	12,987	389,965	1892
930	40,000	429,811	5,500	2,000	1,800	451,503	1891
1,149,776	175,000	494,436	4,000	1	1,350	474,990	1890
1,295,159	175,000	588,923	20,000	1	1,207	510,029	1889
1,098,610	40,000	616,731	1,200	1	3,740	436,939	1888
1,187	70,000	693,709	2,100	6,760	1,604	413,631	1887
1,463,196	100,000	903,651	1	1	3,981	455,564	1886
1,148,829	130.	713,738	1	1	2,120	432,971	1885
1,058		736,165	1	1	8,720	313,554	1884
1,113,246		794,252	1	ı	17,787	301,207	1883
1,246,268		954,085	1	ı	17,093	275,090	1882
1,313,153	1	1,046,737	ı	1	56,661	209.755	1881
€	6 9		€4	€	€9	30	
Total.	Territory	Columbia.	Alberta.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Nova Scotia.	Years.
	Vinkon	Rritish				N ATTO	

58.—Quantity and Value of Silver produced in Canada during the Calendar Years, 1887-1914.

•	٠	٠.	•	1892	٠.	٠.	•	<u>.</u>	÷		Years
3,205,343	,578,275	847,697	1	310,651	414,523	400,687	383,318	437,232	355,083		Oz.
2,149,503	1,030,299	534,049	330,128	272,130	409,549	419,118	358,785	410,998	347,271	⇔	Value.
_	1905	1904	1903	1902.	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897		Years.
	6,000,023	3,577,526	3,198,581	4.291,317	5,539,192	4,468,225	3,411,644	4,452,333	5,558,456		Oz.
•	3,621	2,047	1,709	2,238,351	3,265	2,740	2,032	2,593	3,323	≎ •	Value.
	:_	•	<u>:</u>	1911	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u> .	<u>:</u>	:_	:		Years.
_		31,845,803	31,955,560	32,559,044	32,869,264	27,529,473	22,106,233	12,779,799	8,473,379		Oz.
	15,097,269	19,040,924	19,440,165	17,355,272	17,580,455	14,178,504	11,686,239	8,348,659	5,659,455	9 49	Value.

¹Subject to revision.

59.—Quantity and Value of Silver produced in Canada by Provinces during the Calendar Years, 1887-1914.

Years.	Onta	rio.	Que	bec.	Brit Colur		Yul Terr	kon itory.
	Oz.	\$	Oz.	\$	Oz.	\$	Oz.	\$
.887	190,495	186,304	146,898	143,666	17,690	17,301		_
.888	208,064		149,388			74,993	_	
.889	181,609	169,986	148,517	139,012		49,787	_	_
890	158,715	166,016	171,545	179,436	70,427	73,666	_	_
1891	225,633		185,584		3,306			-
$1892 \dots$	41,581	36,425	191,910	168,113	77,160	67,592		_
.893		8,6 89	-	126,439	_	195,000		_
.894	-	_	101,318			470,219		_
.895	-		81,753		1,496,522	976,930	-	-
896	_	_	70,000		3,135,343		_	-
.897	5,000	2,99 0			5,472,971	3,272,289	-	-
1898	85,000	49,521	74,932	4,655		2,500,753		-
.899	202,000	120,352		23,970	2,939,413			137,03
.900	161,650	99,140		35,817	3,958,175			177,85
.901	151,400	89,250		24,44 0			195,000	114,95
902	145,000	75,632		22,168		2,043,586		96,98
1903	17,777	9,502					156,000	83,36
l904	206,875	118,376		8,583		1,843,935		
1905	2,451,356	1,479,442		11,841	3,439,417	2,075,757		
1906	5,401,766	3,607,894		11,813		1,997,226		
l 9 07	9,982,363	6,521,178		10,452		1,793,519		
1908	19,398,545	10,254,847		7,030				
1909	24,822,099	12,784,126		6,815		1,364,387		
1910	30,366,366	16,241,755			2,407,887	1,287,883		
1911	30,540,754	16,279,443				1,005,924		
$912\ldots$	22,214,025	17,772,352						
1913	29,411,261							
$1914^1 \dots$	24,215,926	13,272,992	48,762	26,727	3,212,111	1,760,590	67,432	36,96

Subject to revision.

60.—Quantity and Value of Copper produced in Canada, by Provinces, during the Calendar Years, 1886-1914.

Years.	Onta	rio.	Quek	ec.	British Co	olumbia.	То	tal.
	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$
1886	165,000	18,150			-	-	3,505,000	
1887	322,524	36,284	2,937,900	330,514	-	-	3,260,424	
1888	nil.	nil.	5,562,864	927,107	-	- 1	5,562,864	
1889	1,466,752	201,678	5,315,000	730,813	-	-	6,781,752	932,491
1890	1,303,065	205,233	4,710,606	741,920		-	6,013,671	947,153
1891	4,127,697	531,234	5,401,704	695,469	-		9,529,401	1,226,703
1892	2,203,795		4,883,480		-	-	7,087,275	818,580
1893	3,641,504		4,468,352			-	8,109,856	871,809
1894	5,207,679		2,176,430			31,039	7,708,789	736,960
1895	4,576,337		2,242,462			102,526	7,771,639	
1896	3,167,256		2,407,200				9,393,012	
1897	5,500,652		2,474,970			501,213	13,300,802	1,501,660

MINERALS.

60.—Quantity and Value of Copper produced in Canada, by Provinces, during the Calendar Years, 1886-1914—concluded.

Years.	Ontario.		Quebec.		British C	olumbia.	То	tal.
1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	5,723,324 6,740,058 8,695,831 7,408,202 7,172,533 4,913,594 8,779,259 10,638,231 14,104,337	1,007,877 1,091,215 1,401,507 861,278 949,285 630,070 1,368,686 2,050,838 2,821,432	1,632,560 2,220,000 1,527,442 1,640,000 1,152,000 760,000 1,621,243 1,981,169 1,517,990	287,494 359,418 246,178 190,666 152,467 97,455 252,752 381,930 303,659	Lb. 7,721,678 7,722,591 9,977,080 27,603,746 29,636,057 35,710,128 37,692,251 42,990,488 40,832,720	1,359,948 1,615,289 4,448,896 3,445,488 4,547,735 4,579,110 5,876,222 8,287,706 8,168,177	15,078,475 18,937,138 37,827,019 38,684,259 42,684,454 41,383,722 48,092,753 55,609,888 56,455,047	2,655,319 3,065,922 6,096,581 4,497,432 5,649,487 5,306,635 7,497,660 10,720,474 11,293,268
$\frac{1912}{1913}$	15,746,699 19,259,016 17,932,263 22,250,601 25,885,929	2,044,237 2,453,213 2,219,297 3,635,971 3,952,522	1,088,212 877,347 2,436,190 3,282,210 3,455,887	141,272 111,757 301,503 536,346 527,679	35,270,006 35,279,558 50,526,656 45,791,579	4,629,245 4,492,693 4,366,198 8,256,561 6,991,916	63,561,809 52,493,863 55,692,3691 55,648,011 77,833,1272 76,976,9253 75,738,3864	6,814,754 7,094,094; 6,886,998 12,718,548; 11,753,606;

¹ Includes 286,000 lb., valued at \$36,431, produced in Nova Scotia and Yukon Territory, not given separately.

61.—Quantity and Value of Nickel produced in Canada during the Calendar Years, 1889-1914.

Years.	Quantity.	Value.	Years.	Quantity.	Value.	Years.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lb.	\$		Lb.	\$		Lb.	
1889	839,477	498,286	1898	5,517,690	1,820,838	1907	21,189,793	9,535,407
1890	1,435,742	933,232	1899	5,744,000	2,067,840	1908	19,143,111	8,231,538
1891	4,035,347	2,421,208	1900	7,080,227	3,327,707	1909	26,282,991	9,461,877
1892	2,413,717	1,399,956	1901	9,189,047	4,594,523	1910	37,271,033	11,181,310
1893	3,982,982	2,071,151	1902	10,693,410	5,025,903	1911	34,098,744	10,229,623
1894	4,907,430	1,870,958	1903	12,505,510	5,002,204	1912	44,841,542	13,452,463
1895	3,888,525	1,360,984	1904	10,547,883	4,219,153	1913	49,676,772	14,903,032
1896				18,876,315	7,550,526	19141	45,517,937	13,655,381
1897	3,997,647			21,490,955				

¹ Subject to revision.

52.—Production of principal Minerals in Canada for the Calendar Years 1908-1914.

Years.	Lea	d.4	Iron	Ore.	Zinc Ore.	
	Lb.	\$	Tons.	\$	\$	Tons.
1908	43,195,733	1,814,221	238,082	568,189	3.215	452
1909			268,043	659,316		18.3713
1910	32,987,508	1,216,249	259,418	574,362	120,003	5.063
1911	23,784,969	827,717	210,344	522,319	101,072	2.590
1912	35,763,476	1,597,554	215,883	523,315	215,149	6,415
1913	37,662,703	1,754,705	216,6142	430,5612	186,827	7,889
19141	36,337,765	1,627,568	60,410	135,300	310,000	13,140

¹ Subject to revision. British Columbia. ² Sold for export. ³ Includes 7,424 tons shipped in 1908. ⁴ All produced in

² Includes 1,772,660 lb., valued at \$289,670, product of Yukon Territory.
3 Includes 1,843,530 lb., valued at \$281,489, product of Yukon Territory.
4 Includes 1,367,050 lb., valued at \$185,946, product of Yukon Territory.

Subject to revision.

62.—Production of principal Minerals in Canada for the Calendar Years 1908-1914—concluded.

PIG IRON.

Years.	Nova Scotia.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Totals.	
1908	Tons. \$ 352,642 3,554,546 345,380 3,453,800 350,287 4,203,444 390,242 4,682,904 424,994 6,374,916 480,068 7,201,026 227,052 2,951,676	4,770 125,623 3,237 85,255 658 17,282	407,012 6,002,441 447,273 6,956,923 526,635 7,606,939 589,593 8,176,089	757,162 9,581,864 800,797 11,245,622 917,535 12,307,125 1,014,587 14,550,999 1,128,967 16,540,012	

COAL.

Years. Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick.	Saskat- chewan.	Alberta.	British Columbia	Yukon Terri- tory.	Total produc- tion.	Value.
Tons. 1908 6,652,539 1909 5,652,089 1910 6,431,142 1911 7,004,420 1912 7,783,888 1913 7,980,073 1914 ¹ 7,338,790	49,029 55,455 55,781 44,780 70,311	192,125 181,156 206,779 225,342 212,897	1,511,036 3,240,577 4,014,755		7,364 16,185 2,840 9,245 19,722		26,467,648 36,019,046 37,334,944

	Asbestos.		Asbestic.		Total.	
Tons 1908 66,5 1909 63,3 1910 77,5 1911 101,3 1912 111,5 1913 136,9	48 2,555,361 49 2,284,587 08 2,555,974 93 2,922,062 61 3,117,572	23,951 24,707 26,021 24,740	\$ 17,974 17,188 17,629 21,046 19,707 19,016	87,300 102,315 127,414 136,301	\$ 2,573,335 2,301,775 2,573,603 2,943,108 3,137,279 3,849,925	

63.—Production of Cement in Canada for the Calendar Years 1901-1914.

Years.	Natural rock cement.		Portland cement.		Total cement.	
	bbl.	\$	bbl.	\$	bbl.	\$
1901	133,328	94,415	317,066	565,615	450,394	660,030
1902	127,931	98,932	594,594	1,028,618	722,525	1,127,550
1903	92,252	74,655	627,741	1,150,592	719,993	1,225,247
1904	56,814	50,247	910,358	1,287,992	957,172	1,338,239
1905	14,184	10,274	1,346,548	1,913,740	1,360,732	1,924,014
1906	8,610	6,052	2,139,164	3,164,807	2,147,774	3,170,859
1907	5,775	4,043	2,436,093	3,777,328	2,441,868	3,781,371
1908	1,044	815	2,665,289	3,709,063	2,666,333	
1909	-	- [4,067,709	5,345,802	4,067,709	5,345,802
1910	-	-	4,753,975	6,412,215	4,753,975	6,412,215
1911	-	-	5,692,915		5,692,915	
1912	- 1	-	7,132,732	9,106,556	7,132,732	
1913	-		8,658,805	11,019,418	8,658,805	
19141	-		7,172,480	9,187,924	7,172,480	9,187,924

¹ Subject to revision.

MINERALS.

Smelter Production.—Statistics as to the quantities of ores treated at smelters in Canada, and the quantities of refined smelter products, have been collected by the Dominion Mines Branch since 1908. 1914 the total quantity of ores and concentrates treated in these smelters was 2,649,935 short tons (including 58,894 tons of imported ore), as compared with 3,037,391 tons in 1913. The largest proportion of the total tonnage in 1914, about 61 p.c., consisted of the copper-gold-silver ores of British Columbia, chiefly from the Boundary, Rossland and Coast districts. The nickel-copper ores of the Sudbury district, Ontario, contributed about 35.7 p.c. of the tonnage, the balance being lead ores and other ores treated in lead furnaces and the silver-cobalt ores of Ontario treated in silver smelters. Gold and silver ores treated by cvanide processes are not included in this record. The products obtained in Canada from the treatment of these ores include pig lead produced at Kingston, Ontario (furnace idle in 1914), refined pig lead and lead pipe produced at Trail, B.C., and fine gold, fine silver, copper sulphate and antimony produced from the residues of the Trail lead refinery; silver bullion, white arsenic, nickel oxide and cobalt oxide are produced in Ontario from the Cobalt district ores. In addition to these refined products, blister copper, copper matte, nickel-copper matte, cobalt material or mixed nickel and cobalt oxides are produced and exported for refining. Table 64 shows the character and quantities of the ores treated in Canadian smelters, and Table 65 the quantities of the refined metals and other smelter products obtained for each of the years 1909 to 1914. The figures do not represent the total production from smelting ores mined in Canada, since considerable quantities of copper and silver ores are shipped to smelters outside of Canada.

64.—Character and Quantities of Ores treated in Canadian Smelters, 1909-1914.

Ores.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Nickel, Copper	462,336	628,947	610,834	725,065	823,403	947,053
Silver, Cobalt-Nickel, Arsenic Lead and other ores treated in lead fur-	8,384	9,466	9,330	8,097	6,124	5,661
naces	54,539 1,850,889	57,549 1,987,752	55,408 1,517,981		88,100 2,119,754	71,064 1,612,197
Totals	2,376,148	2,683,714	2,193,553	3,005,410	3,037,381	2,635,975

65.—Quantities of Refined Products and of Metals contained in Refined Smelter Products Exported, 1909-1914.

•	190	09.	191	10.	191	11.
Refined Products and Metals in Smelter Prod- ucts exported.		Metals in matte blister, base bul- lion and speiss.	Refined Products.	Metals in matte blister, base bul- lion and speiss.	Refined Products.	Metals in matte blister, base bul- lion and speiss.
Antimony. lb. Gold	61,207 18,241 14,242,545 41,883,614 - 51,405	200,129 4,845,920	16,373,799 32,987,508 - 163,228	197,181 2,136,414 56,149,299 37,587,676	19,078,768 23,525,050 - 197,187	175,189 585,896 29,855,868 - 34,098,744
Nickel Oxides " White Arsenic " Arsenic "	2,258,087	1,074,516	13,508 3,033,467		154,174 4,194,209	
Mischie	193		19:	13.	19	14.
Gold oz. Silver " Lead lb. Copper "	12,188 17,877,944 35,893,190	686,171	13,789,709 37,923,043	934,601	$\begin{vmatrix} 11,096,861 \\ 36,443,706 \end{vmatrix}$	873,400
Copper Sulphate " Nickel " Nickel and	87,110	44,841,542	130,533 -	49,676,772	152,060 -	45,517,937
Cobalt Oxides, etc. " White	349,054		928,383		1,287,101	
Arsenic "	4,090,768		3,384,249	-	3,474,322	

Iron Blast Furnaces in Canada in 1914.—Of 22 completed furnaces 11 were in blast in 1914 for varying periods of time. The total daily capacity of the 22 furnaces is about 4,470 tons. The operating companies, with numbers and capacities of furnaces, were as follows:

Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Sydney, C.B.: Six completed furnaces of 280 tons capacity each per day; one operated throughout 1914; one for 225 days and one for 241 days; three furnaces idle throughout the year.

NOVA SCOTIA STEEL & COAL CO., LIMITED, New Glasgow, N.S.: One furnace at Sydney Mines, C.B., of 200 tons capacity; operated 128 days.

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LONDONDERRY IRON & MINING Co., LIMITED, Londonderry, N.S.: One furnace of 100 tons capacity; idle throughout the year.

Canada Iron Corporation. Limited, Montreal, Que.: Two small furnaces of seven and eight tons capacity, at Drummondville, Que.; one furnace of 24 tons daily capacity, at Radnor Forges, Que.; two furnaces of 125 tons and 250 tons at Midland, Ont.; all idle throughout the year.

STANDARD IRON Co. OF CANADA, LIMITED, Deseronto, Ont.: One furnace at Deseronto with a daily capacity of 112 tons, operated for 144 days during the year 1914; one furnace of 84 tons at Parry Sound, idle throughout the year.

THE STEEL Co. of Canada, Limited, Hamilton, Ont.: Two furnaces, one of 200 tons capacity, operated for 184 days in 1914; a second furnace of 300 tons capacity, operated 211 days in 1914.

ALGOMA STEEL Co., LIMITED, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.: Three furnaces at Steelton, near Sault Ste. Marie, two of 250 tons capacity each, operated for 358 and 365 days respectively; and one of 450 tons capacity, operated 243 days.

The Atikokan Iron Co., Limited, Port Arthur, Ont.: One furnace of 100 tons capacity, idle throughout the year.

The Canadian Furnace Co., Limited, Port Colborne, Ont.: One furnace of 300 tons capacity, operated 262 days in 1914.

Mines Departments of Provincial Governments.—In addition to the Mines Department of the Dominion Government, from whose reports the foregoing tables and information have been compiled, there are Departments of Mines of the provincial Governments of Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia.

Nova Scotia.—In Nova Scotia the principal product is coal, and according to the Report of the Provincial Department the quantity of coal raised in the year ended September 30, 1914, was 7,005,464 long tons, as compared with 7,203,913 tons in 1913. The production of other minerals in 1914 was, in short tons, as follows, the corresponding figures of 1913 being given within brackets: pig iron 281,428 (486,962); steel ingots 341,818 (483,600); limestone 335,515 (547,004); coke 467,730 (728,037); gypsum 283,340 (271,609). The number of bricks made was 14,543,608, as against 19,658,988 in 1913, and the production of drain pipe tile was 1,592,875 feet, as against 1,276,159 feet in 1913. The production of gold was 3,158 oz., as against 2,365 oz. in 1913.

Quebec.—The Annual Report of the Quebec Superintendent of Mines shows that the value of the mineral production of the province for the calendar year 1914 amounted to \$11,732,783, as compared with \$13,119,811 in 1913, a decrease of \$1,387,028, or 10.57 p.c. The decrease is due principally to the disturbance of industrial conditions caused by the war. The principal products are asbestos, copper and sulphur ore, cement, marble, granite, lime, limestone and brick.

Ontario.—The report of the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines shows that the total value of the mining production of Ontario in the calendar year 1914 was \$46,295,959, as compared with \$53,232,311 in 1913, a decrease of \$6,936,352, or 13 p.c. Early in 1914 it became evident that a business depression had set in which would curtail the output of many mineral products, notably pig iron and materials of construction. But the outbreak of the war frightened

capital, shut off demand, lowered price and consequently diminished production in nearly every branch of the industry, gold mining being almost the only exception. Of the total, \$33,345,291 represents the value of the metallic and \$12,950,668 the value of the non-metallic production. The principal metals are silver, nickel, cobalt, gold, copper and pig iron. The quantity of silver produced was 25,217,994 oz. of the value of \$12,795,214, as compared with 29,724,931 oz. of the value of \$16,579,094 in 1913. Nearly the whole of the silver produced was from the Cobalt mines, the output of which since 1904 has been 210,660,655 oz., and the value \$111,050,557. In 1914 the dividends returned to shareholders of companies operating silver mines in the Cobalt area amounted to about \$6,306,243, raising the total since the beginning of the camp in 1904 to \$55,228,964. The production of gold in 1914 was 268,942 oz. of the value of \$5,529,767, as compared with 220,837 oz. of the value of \$4,558,518, an increase in value of over 21 The producing gold mines were 12 in number, eight being in Porcupine and four in other parts of the province. The dividends paid or declared in 1914 by two of the gold mining companies amounted to \$1,410,000. Of nickel the production was 22,760 tons, valued (in the matte) at \$5,109,088, as compared with 24,838 tons, worth \$5,237,477, in 1913. There was an increase in the copper production, the output being 14,453 tons, worth \$2,081,332, as compared with 12,941 tons. valued at \$1,840,492, in 1913.

British Columbia.—According to the Annual Report of the Provincial Mineralogist the total mineral production for the calendar year 1914 was of the value of \$26,388,825, as compared with \$30,296,398 in 1913, a decrease of \$3,907,573, or about 12 p. c. The principal mineral products of British Columbia are gold, lead, copper and coal. Table 66, taken from this report, shows the quantity and value of the mineral production of British Columbia for the three calendar years 1912–1914. The first half of the year was exceedingly favourable, and it was expected that the mineral production would exceed the record. This expectation was shattered by the conditions brought about by the war.

66.—Quantity and Value of Mineral Products in British Columbia for the Calendar Years 1912-1914.

			1012-1014				
Products.	191	12.	19	13.	1914.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Gold, placer. oz. "lode" Silver" Lead	257,496 3,132,108 44,871,454 51,456,537 5,358,280 2,628,804 264,333	\$ 555,500 5,322,442 1,810,045 1,805,627 8,408,513 316,139 9,200,814 1,585,998	272,254 3,465,856 55,364,677 46,460,305 6,758,768 2,137,483 286,045	1,968,606 2,175,832 7,094,489 324,421 7,481,190 1,716,270	247,170 3,602,180 50,625,048 45,009,699 7,866,467 1,810,967 234,577	1,876,736 1,771,877 6,121,319 346,125 6,338,385 1,407,462	
products	-	3,435,722	_	3,398,100		2,852,917	
Total	_ {	32,440,800	-	30,296,398	:	26,388,825	

¹ Long tons of 2240 lb.

MANUFACTURES.

Manufactures.—The census of manufactures taken in June, 1911, for the calendar year 1910 denoted an extraordinary growth of the country's industrial activity during the decade. Compared with the census of 1901 for the year 1900 it showed an increase in the ten years of 4,568 in the number of establishments, of \$800,667,122 in the value of capital, of 176,030 in the number of persons employed, of \$127,759,066 in salaries and wages, and of \$684,922,264 in the value of products. Compared with the postal census of 1906 for the year 1905 it showed an increase in five years of \$400,998,586 in the value of capital, of 122,673 in the number of persons employed, of \$75,908,405 in the earnings of salaries and wages and of \$447,623,036 in the value of products. For the first time both the capital and products of Canadian manufactures exceeded 1,000 million dollars in value.

Table 67 gives the principal statistics for the two census years 1900 and 1910, together with the total increase and the increase p.c., and Table 68 gives records for the years 1900, 1905, and 1910 by provinces, as taken in the years 1901, 1906 and 1911. Comparing the returns for 1905 and 1910 the increase p.c. of capital in five years was 47.36, of employees on salaries 20.77, of salaries 42.49, of employees on wages 32.32, of wages 46.77 and of products 62.31. No record was taken of the value of raw materials for the year 1905. Comparing the returns for 1900 and 1905 the increase p.c. of capital was 89.43, of employees on salaries 18.91, of salaries 29.77, of employees on wages 15.41, of wages 50.02 and of products 49.32. Detailed statistics of manufactures for 1910, by groups and kinds of industries, and the value of products in cities and towns for the years 1890, 1900 and 1910, were given in the Year Book of 1913, Tables 54 and 55, pp. 215–225.

67.—Statistics of Manufactures of Canada, 1900 and 1910.

Items.	1900.	1910.	Increase.	Increase p.c.
Establishments No. Capital \$ Employees on salaries No. Salaries \$ Employees on wages No. Wages \$ Raw and partly manufactured materials \$ Products \$	446,916,487 30,691 23,676,146 308,482 89,573,204 266,527,858	43,779,715 471,126 197,228,701	4,568 800,667,122 13,386 20,103,568 162,644 107,655,497 334,981,160 684,922,264	2 179.15 5 43.61 9 84.91 1 52.72 7 120.19

 $\label{eq:prob_norm} P\,R\,O\,D\,U\,C\,T\,I\,O\,N$ 68.—Statistics of Manufactures by Provinces, 1900, 1905 and 1910.

Provinces.	Estab- lish- ments	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and wages.	Raw and partly mfd. materials.	Value of products.
1900.	No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
Canada	14,650	446,916,487	339,173	113,249,350	266,527,858	481,053,375
P. E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Alberta and Saskatchewan Br. Columbia	1,188 919 4,845 6,543	2,081,766 34,586,416 20,741,170 142,403,407 214,972,275 7,539,691 1,689,870 22,901,892	23,284 22,158 110,329 161,757 5,219 1,168	5,613,571 5,748,990 36,550,655 56,548,286 2,419,549 465,763	13,161,077 10,814,014 86,679,779 138,230,400 7,955,504 1,121,342	23,592,513 20,972,470 158,287,994 241,533,486 12,927,439 1,964,987
1905.	i					
Canada	15,796	846,585,023	392,530	156,100,011	-	718,352,603
P.E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta Br. Columbia.	909 628 4,965 7,996 354 80 120	1,680,541 75,089,191 26,792,698 255,479,662 397,484,705 27,517,297 3,973,075 5,545,821 53,022,033	119,008 189,370 10,333 1,444 2,045	$\begin{array}{c} 6,581,411\\ 47,160,452\\ 82,415,520\\ 5,909,791\\ 721,875\\ 1,167,107 \end{array}$		1,851,615 32,574,323 22,133,951 219,861,648 367,850,002 28,155,732 2,520,172 5,116,782 38,288,378
1910.						
Canada	19,218	1,247,583,609	515,203	241,008,416	601,509,018	1,165,975,639
P. E. Island Nova Scotia N. Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta Br. Columbia.	442 1,480 1,158 6,584 8,001	2,013,365 79,596,341 36,125,012 326,946,925 595,394,608 47,941,540 7,019,951 29,518,346 123,027,521	3,762 28,795 24,755 158,207 238,817 17,325 3,250 6,980	531,017 10,628,955 8,314,212 69,432,967 117,645,784 10,912,866 1,936,284 4,365,661 17,240,670	1,816,804 26,058,315 18,516,096 184,374,053	3,136,470 52,706,184 35,422,302 350,901,656 579,810,225 53,673,609 6,332,132 18,788,825 65,204,236

VII.—TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Included in this section are tables showing the exports and imports of Canada in different categories and for varying periods. These are followed by grain statistics and statistics relating to bounties, patents and copyrights, trade marks, etc.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

Aggregate External Trade.—From Table 1, which shows the trade of Canada for each of the fiscal years 1868 to 1914, it will be seen that the aggregate external trade of the Dominion for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914, attained the value of \$1,129,744,725, as compared with \$1,085,264,449 in 1912-13. Thus the record of 1912-13, when for the first time the value of Canada's external trade was over a billion (or one thousand million) dollars, was exceeded by \$44,480,276, an increase during the year at the rate of 4.1 p.c. A noteworthy feature of this increase is that it was due not to expansion of imports but to expansion of exports. These increased during the year by \$85,765,871, or in the ratio of 21.8 p.c., whilst the value of the imports declined by \$41,285,595, or 5.9 p.c. The table shows also that the trade of the country has increased to nearly three times the value of what it was at the close of the nineteenth century (1900), the increase more exactly representing 196 p.c., while during the five years ended 1913-14 the increase was from \$693,211,221 (1903–10) to \$1,129,744,725 (1913-14), or in the ratio of about 63 p.c. The total trade of the Dominion with the United Kingdom in 1913-14 reached the value of \$355,144,510 and with the United States \$626,265,385, the balance of \$148,334,830 representing trade with countries other than these two.

Effects of the War.—The outbreak of the great war involving the British Empire as from August 4, 1914, had an immediate and profound effect upon the world's trade, first by the total rupture of trading relations between the belligerent states and secondly by diversion of trade into new and different channels. One of the consequences of the war was the transfer to Canada in trust for Great Britain of gold from the United States. In comparing, therefore, the value of Canadian trade in 1914-15 with that of 1913-14, it is necessary to eliminate coin and bullion, the imports of which in 1914-15, according to the Customs returns, were of the value of \$131,992,992, as compared with \$15,235,305 in 1913-14. Exclusive, therefore, of coin and bullion, the aggregate external trade of Canada for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915, was of the value of \$958,894,411, as compared with \$1,090,948,716 in 1913-14, a decrease of \$132,054,305, or 12.1 p.c. Of the total value, exports amounted to \$461,442,509 in 1914-15, as compared with \$455,437,224 in 1913-14 and imports to \$497,451,902, as compared with \$635,511,492, the increase in the exports being \$6,005,285, or 1.3 p.c., and the decrease in the imports being \$138,059,590, or 21.7 p.c. In these comparisons it is important to note that the values are affected by variation in prices due to the war and, especially in the case of exports, to the rise in the prices of grain and flour. The ratio of exports to imports for 1914-15. excluding coin and bullion, is 92.7 p.c., as compared with 71.6 p.c. in

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

1913-14. An examination of the import and export returns by months shows that a decline in the value of the former had set in before the war. In fact, for every month during the fiscal year 1914-15, the imports were of less value than in the corresponding month of the previous year, the largest falling off amounting to \$18,649,996 in November and the smallest to \$2,627,135 in February. For seven out of the twelve months the exports were less than in the corresponding months of the previous year, the largest difference being \$18,111,496 in December. Each of the other five months shows an increase over the same month of the previous year, the largest being \$20,126,844 in March, 1915.

Trade of the Calendar Year 1914.—For the calendar year 1914 the total value of Canadian trade with other countries amounted to \$938,-862,810, exclusive of coin and bullion, as compared with \$1,138,688,688 in 1913, a decrease of \$119,825,878, or 17.5 p.c. Exports in 1914 amounted to \$416,237,098, as compared with \$460,519,246 in 1913. and imports to \$522,625,712, as compared with \$678,169,442 in 1913. Trade with the United Kingdom reached a total value of \$283,284,831, as compared with \$364,955,428 in 1913. Exports to the United Kingdom in 1914 were \$184,222,774, as compared with \$224,514,606, and imports from the United Kingdom in 1914 were \$99,062,057, as compared with \$140,440,822. Trade with the United States reached the total value of \$508,789,359, as compared with \$623,383,390 in 1913. Exports to the United States were \$160.938.979, as compared with \$179.502.031 in 1913, and imports from the United States were \$347,850,380, as compared with \$443,881,359 in 1913.

1.—Aggregate External Trade of Canada, fiscal years 1868-1915.

	Total	Total Aggregate		Value	Ratio of Exports		
Years.	Exports.	Imports.	trade of Canada.	Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.	to Imports
	\$	\$	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	p.c.
1868	57,567,888	73,459,644	131,027,532	17.07	21.78	38.85	78.37
1869	60,474,781	70,415,165	130,889,946	17.72	20.63	38.35	85.88
1870	73,573,490	74,814,339	148,387,829	21.29	21.66	42.95	98.34
1871	74,173,618	96,192,971	170,266,589	21.08	27.31	48.39	77.19
1872	82,639,663		194,070,190	22.88	30.96	53.74	74.16
1873	89,789,922		217,801,203		34.89	59 .37	70.14
1874	89,351,928		217,565,510		33.52	56 .88	69.69
1875	77,886,979	123,070,283	200,957,262		31.66	51.70	93.26
1876	80,966,435	93,210,346	174,176,781	20.50	23.60	44.10	86.86
1877	75,875,393	99,327,962	175,203,355	18.90	24.75	43 65	76.39
1878	79,323,667		172,405,454		22.82	42.26	85.22
1879	71,491,255		153,455,682		19.77	37.01	87.17
1880	87,911,458		174,401,205		20.52	41.37	101.64
1881	98.290.823	105,330,840	203,621,663	22.67	24.29	46.96	93.27
1882		119,419,500	221,556,703		27.24	50.54	85.53
1883		132,254,022	230,339,826		29.84	51.97	74.16
1884		116,397,043	207,803,539		25.96	46.35	78.53
1885			198,179,847	19.67	24.01	43.68	81.91

AGGREGATE EXTERNAL TRADE.

1.—Aggregate External Trade of Canada, fiscal years 1868-1915.—concluded.

	Total	Total	Total Aggregate		e per ca	pita.	Ratio of Exports
Years.	Exports.	Imports.	trade of Canada.	Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.	to Imports.
	8	\$	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	p.c.
1886	85.251.314	104,424,561	189,675,875	18.59	22.77	41.36	81.64
1887	89,515,811		202,408,047	19.31	24.35	43.66	79.29
1888		110,894,630	201,097,630	19.25	23.67	42.92	81.34
1889	89,189,167	115,224,931	204,414,098	18.83	24.33	43.16	77.40
1890	96,749,149		218,607,390	20.20	25.45	45.65	79.40
1891	98,417,296	119,967,638	218,384,934	20.32	24.76	45.08	82.04
1892	113,963,375	127,406,068	241,369,443	23.31	26.06	49.37	89.45
1893	118,564,352		247,638,620		26.15	50.17	91.85
1894	117,524,949	123,474,940	240,999,889	23.58	24.78	48.36	95.18
1895	113,638,803	110,781,682	224,420,485	22.57	22.01	44.58	102.58
1896	121,013,852	118,011,508	239,025,360	23.79	23.20	46.99	102.54
1897	137,950,253	119,218,609	257,168,862			50.01	115.71
1898	164,152,683	140,323,053	304,475,736		26.99	58.56	
1899	158,896,905	162,764,308	321,661,213	30.21	30.95	61.16	
1900	191,894,723	189,622,513	381,517,236	36.05	35.63	71.68	101.20
1901	196,487,632		386,903,157		35.24		103.19
1902	211,640,286		423,910,444				
1903			467.064,685		42 .52	82.33	
1904	213,521,235		472,733,038			81.16	
1905	203,316,872	266,834,417	470,151,289	33.93	44.53	78.46	76.20
1906	256,586,630	294,286,015	550,872,645	41.58	47.69	89.27	87.19
19071			465,063,204			73.79	
1908	280,006,606		650,793,131	43.14		100.26	
1909	261,512,159		571,268,767	39.06		85.33	
1910	301,358,529		693,211,221	43.57		100.22	76.91
1911	297,196,365	472,247,540	769,443,905	41.52	65.97	107.49	62.93
1912	315,317,250				74.91	117.14	56.38
1913	393,232,057		1,085,264,449				56.83
1914	478,997,928		1,129,744,725			139.91	73.60
1915	490,808,877		1,120,253,771		77 36	137.69	77.97

Nine months only.

Note.—The aggregate trade includes the exports and imports of coin and bullion. In 1915, the imports of coin and bullion amounted to \$131,992,992, most of which was transferred from the United States to Canada as a depositary for Great Britain (see paragraph on the effects of the war, page 253).

2.—Exports to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries of Merchandise the produce of Canada, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other countries.	Totals.
1868	\$ 17,905,808 20,486,389 22,512,991	\$ 22,387,846 23,640,188 27,398,930	\$ 5,249,523 5,196,727 6,169,271	\$ 45,543,177 49,323,304 56,081,192

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

2.—Exports to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries of Merchandise the produce of Canada, 1868-1915—concluded.

Fiscal Years.	United	United	Other	Totals.
i iscai i cais.	Kingdom.	States.	countries.	Totals.
			countries.	
	s '	\$	\$	s
1071	-		*	
1871	21,733,556	26,715,690	6,732,110	55,181,35
1872	25,223,785	29,984,440	7,735,802	62,944,02
1873	31,402,234	33,421,725	8,421,647	73,245,60
1874	35,769,190	30,380,556	7,777,002	73,926,74
1875	34,199,134	25,683,818	7,607,941	67,490,89
1876	34,379,005	27,451,150	8.031.694	69,861,84
1876	35,491,671	22,160,666	8,212,543	65,864,88
1877				
1878	35,861,110	22,131,343	7,747,681	65,740,13
1879	29,393,424	23,149,909	7,546,245	60,089,57
1880	35,208,031	26,762,705	$8,\!125,\!455$	70,096,19
1881	42,637,219	31,015,109	7,269,051	80,921,37
1882	39,816,813	41,687,638	8,538,260	90,042,71
1883	39,538,067	36,096,501	8,651,139	84,285,70
1001	37,410,870	31,631,622	8,089,587	77,132,07
1884				
1885	36,479,051	32,618,593	7,085,874	76,183,51
1886	36,694,263	31,503,292	6,777,951	74,975,50
1887	38,714,331	32,273,033	6,976,656	77,964,02
1000		37,323,161	7,326,305	78,297,75
.888	33,648,284			77 001 00
.889	33,504,281	36,449,288	7,248,235	77,201,80
1890	41,499,149	33,291,207	7,545,158	82,335,51
1891	43,243,784	34,829,436	7,684,524	85,757,74
1892	54,949,055	31,317,857	9,417,341	95,684,25
1893	58,409,606	33,813,802	9,783,082	102,006,49
1894	60,878,056	29,297,598	10,411,199	100,586,85
		32,303,773	9,321,014	99.528,35
1895	57,903,564	52,505,775	9,321,014	33,020,00
1896	62,717,941	34,460,428	9,200,383	106,378,75
.897	69,533,852	39,717,057	10,434,501	119,685,41
1898	93,065,019	34,361,795	12,494,118	139,920,93
	85,113,681	34,766,955	12,920,626	132,801,26
.899	96,562,875	52,534,977	14,412,938	163,510,79
	, .	, ,	, ,	, ,
1901	92,857,525	67,983,673	16,590,188	177,431,38
.902	109,347,345	66,567,784	20,104,634	196,019,76
.903	125,199,980	67,766,367	21,435,327	214,401,67
904	110,120,892	66,856,885	21,436,662	198,414,43
.905	97,114,867	70,426,765	23,313,314	190,854,94
9006	197 456 465	83,546,306	24,481,185	235,483,95
906	127,456,465			180,545,30
907 (9 months)	98,691,186	62,257,299	19,596,821	
.908	126,194,124	90,814,871	29,951,973	246,960,96
.909	126,384,724	85,334,806	30,884,054	242,603,58
.910	139,482,945	104,199,675	35,564,931	279,247,55
911	132,156,924	104,115,823	38,043,806	274,316,55
912	147,240,413	102,041,222	40,942,222	290,223,85
913	170,161,903	139,725,953	45,866,744	355,754,60
914	215,253,969	163,372,825	52,961,645	431,588,43
12714	∠10,∠00,909			
1915	186,668,599	$173\ 320,798$	49,430,106	409,419,50

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

3.—Imports from the United Kingdom, from the United States and from Other Countries of Merchandise entered for Home Consumption, 1868-1915, excluding Coin and Bullion.

Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Totals.
1868 1869 1870.	\$ 37,617,325 35,496,764 37,537,095	\$ 22,660,132 21,497,380 21,697,237	\$ 6,812,702 6,160,797 7,667,742	\$ 67,090,159 63,154,941 66,902,074
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	48,498,202 62,209,254 67,996,945 61,424,407 60,009,084	27,185,586 33,741,995 45,189,110 51,706,906 48,930,358	8,530,600 9,004,118 11,323,074 10,049,574 8,469,126	84,214,388 104,955,367 124,509,129 123,180,887 117,408,568
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	40,479,253 39,331,621 37,252,769 30,967,778 33,764,439	44,099,880 49,376,008 48,002,875 42,170,306 28,193,783	7,933,974 5,418,765 5,140,207 5,564,435 7,942,320	92,513,107 94,126,394 90,395,851 78,702,519 69,900,542
1881 1882 1883 1884	42,885,142 50,356,268 51,679,762 41,925,121 40,031,448	36,338,701 47,052,935 55,147,243 49,785,888 45,576,510	11,264,486 13,735,981 15,034,491 14,261,969 14,147,817	90,488,329 111,145,184 121,861,496 105,972,978 99,755,775
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	39,033,000 44,741,356 39,167,644 42,251,189 43,277,009	42,818,651 44,795,908 46,440,296 50,029,419 51,365,661	14,140,486 15,569,946 15,063,688 16,817,588 17,039,903	95,992,137 105,107,210 100,671,628 109,098,196 111,682,573
1891 1892 1893 1894	42,018,943 41,063,711 42,529,340 37,035,963 31,059,332	52,033,477 51,742,132 52,339,796 50,746,091 50,179,004	17,481,534 22,354,570 20,301,694 21,288,857 19,437,555	111,533,954 115,160,413 115,170,830 109,070,911 100,675,891
1896 1897 1898 1899	32,824,505 29,401,188 32,043,461 36,931,323 44,279,983	53,529,390 57,023,342 74,824,923 88,467,173 102,080,177	19,007,266 20,193,297 19,438,778 23,947,963 26,146,718	105,361,161 106,617,827 126,307,162 149,346,459 172,506,878
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	42,819,995 49,022,726 58,793,038 61,724,616 60,342,704	107,149,325 114,744,696 128,790,237 143,010,578 152,431,626	27,731,374 32,712,768 37,230,444 38,854,825 38,842,789	177,700,694 196,480,190 224,813,719 243,590,019 251,617,119
1906. 1907 (9 months) 1908. 1909.	69,183,915 64,415,415 94,417,314 70,682,101 95,336,427	168,798,376 148,598,061 204,648,885 170,056,178 217,502,415	45,299,913 36,724,398 52,813,756 47,479,236 56,976,585	283,282,204 249,737,874 351,879,955 288,217,515 369,815,427
1911 1912 1913	109,934,665 116,906,212 138,742,767 132,070,362	274,844,858 330,428,502 435,769,050 395,565,328 296,632,812	66,965,585 74,113,595 95,577,249 90,821,454 68,655,381	451,745,108 521,448,309 670,089,066 618,457,144 455,371,371

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

4.—Aggregate Trade of Canada by Countries during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914, including Coin and Bullion.

1914, McIdding	Com and Dum		
		Total	
Countries.	Total Exports.	Imports.	Total Trade.
D. L. L. D. L.		·	
British Empire—	\$	\$	\$
United Kingdom	222,322,766	132,821,744	355,144,510
Australia and Tasmania	4,705,822	862,185	5,568,007
Bermuda	405,109	7,539	412,648
British East and West Africa	96,139	46,075	142,214
British South Africa	3,834,592	476,997	4,311,589
British East Indies, all other		1,644,473	1,684,219
British West Indies	4,489,869	4,484,944	8,974,813
British Guiana	652,736	3,560,900	4,213,636
Straits Settlements	231,554	565,210	796,764
Hong Kong.	1,882,281	1,012,513	2,894,794
India	417,479	5,006,860	5,424.339
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,770,200	1,842,387	6,612,587
New Zealand	1 025 076	2 202 040	0,012,007 5 090 110
	1,935,876	3,302,242	5,238,118
Other British Possessions	277,981	424,348	702,329
Total British Empire	246,062,150	156,058,417	402,120,567
Foreign countries—	4004.	222 121	100.000
Alaska	186,147	220,191	406,338
Argentina	2,135,273	2,603,716	4,738,989
Austria-Hungary	378,824	1,787,473	2,166,297
Belgium	4,819,843	4,491,444	9,311,287
Brazil	767,858	1,163,785	1,931,643
Central American States	114,114	171,605	285,719
Chile	134,478	767,289	901,767
China	473,179	1,022,426	1,495,605
Cuba	1.828,521	3,932,106	5,760,627
Denmark	637,893	114,594	752,487
Danish West Indies	15,380	259,214	274,594
Dutch East Indies	20,366	431,270	
Egypt and Soudan	62,677	46,161	
France		14,404,276	18,214,838
French Africa		41,584	98,689
Germany	4,433,736	14,686,069	19,119,805
Greece	11,934	440,784	452,718
Hawaii		63,860	99,273
		3,186,987	8,695,793
Holland		2,147,365	2,802,621
Italy		2,615,050	4,204,117
Japan			1,522,473
Mexico		1,470,571	1,357,425
Norway		512,041	
Panama		C40 C20	223,694
Peru	11,817	648,632	660,449
Philippines		5,929	66,735
Porto Rico		1,613	544,899
Portugal		281,633	337,114
Russia in Europe	1,370,093	483,431	1,853,524
Santo Domingo	59,721	3,166,144	3,225,865
St. Pierre and Miquelon	123,293	32,199	155,492
Spain	63,999	1,354,624	1,418,623
Sweden	177,492	665,081	842,573
Switzerland		4,355,026	4,401,741
Turkey in Asia	11,588	494,703	506,291
Turkey in Europe		19,691	477,481
Uruguay	90,615	55,638	146,253
United States		425,806,012	626,265,385
Venezuela	139,264	133,243	272,507
Other Foreign countries	467,033	604,920	1,071,953
Total foreign countries		494,688,380	727,624,158
Total imports and exports	478,997,928	650,746,797	1,129,744,725
TOTAL MINDS WILL CAPOLIS			

EXPORTS OF CANADA.

5.—Exports from Canada of Home and Foreign Produce by values, 1868-1915, with Duties collected on Exports, 1868-1892.

	Merch	andise.	Coin and	Total	Duties collected
Fiscal Years.	Home.	Foreign.	Bullion.	Exports.	on Exports.
1868	\$ 45,543,177 49,323,304 56,081,192	\$ 4,196,821 3,855,801 6,527,622	\$ 4,866,168 4,218,208 8,002,278	\$ 54,606,166 57,397,313 70,611,092	\$ 17,986 14,403 37,912
1871	55,181,356 62,944,027 73,245,606 73,926,748 67,490,893	9,853,244 12,798,182 9,405,910 10,614,096 7,137,319	6,690,350 4,010,398 3,845,987 1,995,835 1,039,837	71,724,950 79,752,607 86,497,503 86,536,679 75,668,049	36,066 24,809 20,152 14,565 7,243
1876	69,861,849 65,864,880 65,740,134 60,089,578 70,096,191	7,234,961 7,111,108 11,164,878 8,355,644 13,240,006	1,240,037 733,739 168,989 704,586 1,771,755	78,336,847 73,709,727 77,074,001 69,149,808 85,107,952	4,500 4,103 4,161 4,272 8,896
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	80,921,379 90,042,711 84,285,707 77,132,079 76,183,518	13,375,117 7,628,453 9,751,773 9,389,106 8,079,646	971,005 371,093 631,600 2,184,292 2,026,980	95,267,501 98,042,257 94,669,080 88,705,477 86,290,144	8,141 8,810 9,756 8,515 12,305
1886	74,975,506 77,964,020 78,297,750 77,201,804 82,335,514	7,438,079 8,549,333 8,803,394 6,938,455 9,051,781	56,531 5,569 17,534 1,978,256 2,439,782	82,470,116 85,518,922 87,118,678 86,118,515 93,827,077	20,726 31,397 21,772 42,207 93,674
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	85,757,744 95,684,253 102,006,490 100,586,853 99,528,351	8,798,631 13,121,791 8,941,856 11,833,805 6,485,043	946,927 1,809,118 4,133,698 1,839,380 4,325,319	95,503,302 110,615,162 115,082,044 114,260,038 110,338,713	64,803 108 - -
1896	106,378,752 119,685,410 139,920,932 132,801,262 163,510,790	6,606,738 10,825,163 14,980,883 17,520,088 14,265,254	4,699,309 3,492,550 4,623,138 4,016,025 8,657,168	117,684,799 134,003,123 159,524,953 154,337,375 186,433,212	- - -
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	177,431,386 196,019,763 214,401,674 198,414,439 190,854,946	17,077,757 13,951,101 10,828,087 12,641,239 10,617,115	1,978,489 1,669,422 619,963 2,465,557 1,844,811	196,487,632 211,640,286 225,849,724 213,521,235 203,316,872	- - - -
1906 1907 (9 months) 1908 1909	235,483,956 180,545,306 246,960,968 242,603,584 279,247,551	11,173,846 11,541,927 16,407,984 17,318,782 19,516,442	9,928,828 13,189,964 16,637,654 1,589,793 2,594,536	256,586,630 205,277,197 280,006,606 261,512,159 301,358,529	- - - -
1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	431.588.439	15,683,657 17,492,294 21,313,755 23,848,785 52,023,673	7,196,155 7,601,099 16,163,702 23,560,704 29,366,368	297,196,365 315,317,250 393,232,057 478,997,928 490,808,877	- - - - -

Note.—The home and total exports in this table are exclusive of exports to the United States estimated "short" in the years 1868-1900.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

6.—Imports into Canada entered for Consumption by values with Duties on Imports, 1868-1915.

Fiscal Years.	Merchandise	ındise.	Coin and Bullion.	Total Imports.	Duties collected on
1	Dutiable.	Free.	Lattion.	THIPOT vo.	Imports.
1868	43 655 606	93 434 463	1	71 085 306	8 801 446
1869	41,069,342	22,085,599	4,247,229	67,402,170 71,237,603	8,284,507 9,425,028
1871	60.094.362			86.947.482	11.807.590
1872	68,276,157	36,679,210	2,753,749	107,709,116	13,020,684
1873	71,198,176			127,514,594	12,997,578
1875	78,138,511			119,618,657	15,354,139
1876	60,238,297	32,274,810		94,733,218	12,828,614
1878	59,773,039	30,622,812		90,300,433	12,791,532
1879	55,426,836 54.182.967	23,275,683 15,717,575	1,639,089 1.881.807	80,341,608 71,782,349	12,935,269 $14,129,953$
1881	71,620,725			91,611,604	18,492,64
1882.	85,757,433 91,588,339			112,648,927 $123,137,019$	21,700,028 23,162,553
1884 1885	80,010,498 73,269,618	25,962,480 26,486,157	2,207,666 2,954,244	$108, 180, 644 \\ 102, 710, 019$	20,156,448 19,121,254
1886	70,658,819 78,120,679	25,333,318 26,986,531		99,602,694 105,639,428	19,427,398 22,438,309
1888	69,645,824	31,025,804			22,187,869
1890	77,106,286	34,576,287		112,765,584	23,921,234
1891	74,536,036 69,160,737			113,345,124 116,978,943	23,416,264 20,550,476
1893	69,873,571			121,705,030	21,161,711
1894	62,779,182 58,557,655	46,291,729 42,118,236	4,023,072 4,576,620	105,252,511	19,379,822
1896	67,239,759 66,220,765			110,587,480	20,219,037 19,891,997
1898	74,625,088			130,698,006	22,157,788
1900	89,433,172 104,346,795	68,160,083	4,70 8,29	180,804,316	
1901	105,969,756			181,237,988 202,791,595	
1903	136,796,065	88,017,654	8,976,797	233,790,516	37,110,355 40 954 349
1905	150,928,787			261,925,554	
1906	173,046,109 152,065,529		7,078,603 7,517,008	290,360,807 257,254,882	46,671,101 $40,290,172$
	218,160,047 $175,014,160$	133,719,908 113,203,355		358,428,616 298,205,957	
1910	227,264,346			375,833,016	
1911	282,723,812 335,304,060	169,021,296 186,144,249	10,206,210 26,033,881	461,951,318 547,482,190	73,312,368 87,576,037
1913	441,606,885 410,258,744			675,517,045	107,180,578
1915	279,717,254		١	587,364,363	79,183,489

EXPORTS OF CANADA.

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-15.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE.

1881—1885. 7,940,534 11,341,045 1,126,160 20,407,7 1886—1890. 5,759,239 8,734,096 954,168 15,447,5 1891—1895. 11,732,535 4,498,334 2,014,413 18,245,2 1896—1900. 18,185,661 1,995,339 2,938,763 23,119,7 1901—1905 25,133,710 3,648,626 5,955,968 34,738,3 1906—1910. 51,527,333 4,690,418 7,466,218 63,683,9 1911. 61,393,720 10,385,705 10,821,859 82,601,2 1912. 81,784,731 11,685,611 13,673,033 107,143,3 1913. 106,537,156 27,215,879 16,392,626 150,145,6 1914. 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,0 1915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 **ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCE** **ROBINS OF THEIR PRODUCE** **ROBINS OF THEIR PRODUCE** 1868—1870 (3 years). 3,470,524 5,377,809 418,579 9,266,9 1871—1875 6,755,882 6,128,055 503,696 13,387,66 1876—1880. 9,237,142 4,908,570 566,933 11,712,6 1881—1885 15,177,091 6,372,773 526,642 22,076,56 1881—1895. 26,223,970 3,645,801 643,996 30,513,74 1896—1900. 39,469,536 4,514,262 60,462 44,589,26 1901—1905 55,778,082 5,182,806 1,363,839 62,324,71 1906—1910. 47,453,100 7,803,531 1,194,545 56,451,17 1911. 40,636,575 10,063,544 1,544,055 52,244,17 1912. 36,923,024 9,864,524 1,423,106 48,210,64 1914. 26,735,114 24,728,798 1,885,207 53,349,17 1915. 38,222,608 3,186,056 1,981,989 74,390,7 **FISHERIES PRODUCE** **ROBINE PRODUCE** **ROBIN PRODUCE** **ROBINE PRODUCE** **ROBINE PRODUCE** **ROBINE PRO								
1886-1870 (3 years)					Totals.			
1886-1870 (3 years)		· ·	e e	e	e			
1871-1875	1000 1000 (9		7 000 700		10.010.105			
1876-1880								
1881—1885. 7,940,534 11,341,045 1,126,160 20,407,7 1886—1890. 5,759,239 8,734,096 954,168 15,447,5 1891—1895. 11,732,535 4,498,334 2,014,413 18,245,2 1896—1900. 18,185,661 1,995,339 2,938,763 23,119,7 1901—1905. 25,133,710 3,648,626 5,955,968 34,738,3 1906—1910. 51,527,333 4,690,418 7,466,218 63,683,9 1911. 61,393,720 10,385,705 10,821,859 82,601,2 1912. 81,784,731 11,685,611 13,673,033 107,143,3 1913. 106,537,156 27,215,879 16,392,626 150,145,6 1914. 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,0 1915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 **ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCE** 1868—1870 (3 years). 3,470,524 5,377,809 418,579 9,266,9 1871—1875. 6,755,882 6,128,055 503,696 13,387,6 1876—1880. 9,237,142 4,908,570 566,933 14,712,6 1881—1885. 15,177,091 6,372,773 56,642 22,076,5 1886—1890. 16,3501,400 6,946,676 558,598 24,006,6 1891—1895. 26,223,970 3,645,801 643,996 30,513,7 1896—1900. 39,469,536 4,514,262 60,5462 44,589,2 1901—1905. 55,778,082 5,182,806 1,363,839 62,324,7 1906—1910. 47,453,100 7,803,531 1,194,545 56,451,17 1911. 40,636,575 10,063,544 1,544,055 52,244,11 1912. 36,923,024 9,864,524 1,423,106 48,210,61 1914. 26,735,114 24,728,798 1,885,207 53,349,17 1915. 38,222,608 3,186,056 1,981,989 74,390,7 **FISHERIES PRODUCE** 1868—1870 (3 years). 261,397 985,197 2,156,329 3,402,92 1871—1875. 513,070 1,269,409 2,984,053 4,766,55 1876—1880. 1,037,612 1,759,661 3,550,297 6,347,57 1891—1875. 513,070 1,269,409 2,984,053 4,766,55 1876—1880. 1,037,612 1,759,661 3,550,297 6,347,57 1891—1875. 513,070 1,269,409 2,984,053 4,766,55 1876–1880. 1,037,612 1,759,661 3,550,297 6,347,57 1881—1885. 1,838,937 3,005,591 3,137,585 7,982,11 1881—1885. 1,838,937 3,005,591 3,137,585 7,982,11 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,29,684 3,49,915 3,209,347 9,985,77 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,296,83 3,409,915 3,209,347 9,985,77 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,296,83 3,409,915 3,209,347 9,985,77 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,296,83 3,409,915 3,209,347 9,985,77 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,296,83 3,409,915 3,209,347 9,985,77 1896–1900. 4,266,576 3,296,83 3,409,915 3,209,347 9,985,								
1886-1890. 5,759,239 8,734,096 954,168 15,447,5 1891-1895. 11,732,535 4,498,334 2,014,413 18,245,2 1806-1900. 18,185,661 1,995,339 2,938,763 23,119,7 1901-1905. 25,133,710 3,648,626 5,955,968 34,788,3 1906-1910. 51,527,333 4,690,418 7,466,218 63,683,9 1911. 61,393,720 10,385,705 10,821,859 8,601,2 1912. 81,784,731 11,685,611 13,673,033 107,143,3 1913. 106,537,156 27,215,879 16,392,626 150,145,6 1914. 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,0 1915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 1868-1870 (3 years) 3,470,524 5,377,809 418,579 9,266,9 1871-1875. 6,755,882 6,128,055 503,696 13,387,6 1872-1886. 9,237,142 4,908,570 566,933 11,712,6 1881-1885.					19,152,117			
1896-1900	1881–1885	7,940,534	11,341,045	1,126,160	20,407,739			
1896-1900			8,734,096	954.168	15,447,503			
1896-1900. 18,185,661 1,995,339 2,938,763 23,119,71901-1905. 25,133,710 3,648,626 5,955,968 34,738,31906-1910. 51,527,333 4,690,418 7,466,218 63,683,91911. 61,393,720 10,385,705 10,821,859 82,601,21912. 81,784,731 11,685,611 13,673,033 107,143,31913. 106,537,156 27,215,879 16,392,626 150,145,6 1914. 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,01915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,01915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,821,859 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 134,746,01915. 10,506,339 13,506,938 13,774,938 13,874,938					18,245,282			
1901-1905. 25,133,710 3,648,626 5,955,968 34,738,3 1906-1910 51,527,333 4,690,418 7,466,218 63,683,9 1911 61,393,720 10,385,705 10,821,859 82,601,2 1912 81,784,731 11,685,611 13,673,033 107,143,3 1913 106,537,156 27,215,879 16,392,626 150,145,6 1914 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,0 1915 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 1915 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 1868-1870 (3 years) 3,470,524 5,377,809 418,579 9,266,9 1871-1875 6,755,882 6,128,055 503,696 13,387,6 1876-1880 9,237,142 4,908,570 566,933 14,712,6 1881-1885 15,177,091 6,372,773 526,642 22,076,6 1891-1895 26,223,970 3,645,801 643,996 30,513,74 1886-1890 39,469,536 4,514,262 605,462 44,589,2 1901-1905 55,778,082 5,182,806 1,363,839 62,324,77 1906-1910 47,453,100 7,803,531 1,194,545 56,451,17 1911 40,636,575 10,063,544 1,544,055 52,244,17 1912 36,923,024 9,864,524 1,423,106 48,210,61 1913 30,335,784 12,866,948 1,581,647 44,784,37 1914 26,735,114 24,728,798 1,885,207 53,349,17 1915 38,222,698 34,186,056 1,981,989 74,390,7 18186-1890 1,037,612 1,759,661 3,550,297 6,347,57 1881-1885 1,838,937 3,005,591 3,137,585 7,982,11 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,22 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,22 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773 7,437,28 1886-1890 1,758,642 2,823,884 2,854,773	1806-1000							
1906-1910	1001 1005							
1911								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1906–1910	51,527,333	4,690,418	7,466,218	63,683,969			
1913.	1911	61,393,720	10,385,705	10,821,859	82,601,284			
1913.		81.784.731	11.685.611	13,673,033	107,143,375			
1914. 146,230,104 32,506,548 18,483,377 198,220,0 1915. 95,834,460 19,405,521 19,506,339 134,746,0 ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCE.								
1915								
1868-1870 (3 years)	1015							
1868-1870 (3 years) 3,470,524 5,377,809 418,579 9,266,9 1871-1875 6,755,882 6,128,055 503,696 13,387,61 1876-1880 9,237,142 4,908,570 566,933 14,712,6 1881-1885 15,177,091 6,372,773 526,642 22,076,51 1886-1890 16,501,400 6,946,676 558,598 24,006,67 1891-1895 26,223,970 3,645,801 643,996 30,513,74 1896-1900 39,469,536 4,514,262 605,462 44,589,21 1906-1910 47,453,100 7,803,531 1,194,545 56,451,17 1911 40,636,575 10,063,544 1,544,055 52,244,17 1912 36,923,024 9,864,524 1,423,106 48,210,66 1913 30,335,784 12,866,948 1,581,647 44,784,37 1914 26,735,114 24,728,798 1,885,207 53,349,11 1915 38,222,698 34,186,056 1,981,989 74,390,7 FISHERIES PRODUCE. 1868-1870 (3 years) 261,397 985,197 2,156,329 3,402,99 6,347,57 1881-1885 1,31,37,585 7	1910	99,004,400	19,400,021	19,000,339	134,740,030			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ANIM	ALS AND THE	EIR PRODUCE.					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1989 1970 (9)	2 470 594	5 277 900	410 570	0.066.010			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1876–1880			566,933	14,712,645			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1881–1885	15,177,091	6,372,773	526,642	22,076,506			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1886-1890				24,006,674			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1891-1895							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1896-1900							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1001 1005							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1000 1010							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1900-1910	47,455,100	7,803,331	1,194,545	56,451,176			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1911	40 636 575	10 063 544	1 544 055	59 944 174			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1019							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1915							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1914							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1915	38,222,698	34,186,056	1,981,989	74,390,743			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1909 1970 /9	001.00=	005 105	0.480.000	9 100 555			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1808-1870 (3 years)				3,402,923			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1871–1875	513 ,070			4,766,532			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1876–1880	1,037,612	1,759,661	3,550,297	6,347,570			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1881–1885				7,982,113			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1886-1890							
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1891-1895							
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
1906–1910								
	1906–1910							
1011		7,100,022		0,200,441	10,047,030			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1911	4,435,891	4,980,741	6,258,912	15,675,544			
$1912 \dots 5.132.047 5.378.664 6.193.967 16.704.67$	1912	5,132,047	5,378,664		16,704,678			
	1913				16,336,721			
	1914.				20,623,560			
					19,687,068			
0,720,002 0,021,0011 0,710,200 19,007,00		0,770,304	0,021,001	9,110,200	19,001,000			

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries, by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-15—con.

FÖREST PRÖDUCE.

Five year averages and	United	United	Other	
Fiscal Years.	Kingdom.	States.	Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>
1868-1870 (3 years)	10,368,800		1,770,228	20,233,269
1871-1875	13,872,407		2,529,683	25,826,041
1876–1880	12,007,936		1,674,162	18,594,204
1881–1885	12,491,267	9,539,660	2,193,604	24,224,531
1886–1890	10,714,758	9,962,383	1,731,722	22,408,863
1891–1895	10,574,531	12,577,298	1,482,227	24,634,056
1896–1900	14,544,194	12,205,380	1,776,656	28,526,230
1901–1905	14,747,317	15,506,453	2,714,811	32,968,581
1906–1910	11,400,778		3,888,204	40,731,031
1911	11,965,131	28,785,427	4,688,499	45,439,057
1912	10,950,840	25,483,532	4,458,302	40,892,674
1913	10,103,469	29,951,880	3,199,711	43,255,060
1914	10,647,123		2,840,468	42,792,137
1915	9,914,548		1,705,262	42,650,683
	MANUFACT	URES.		
1868-1870 (3 years)	1,167,472	829,903	360,405	2,357,780
1871–1875	1,221,958	1,238,702	486,204	2,946,864
1876–1880	1,956,514	1,036,740	871,601	3,864,855
1881-1885	1,320,117	1,330,968	682,305	3,333,390
1886–1890	1,511,085	1,723,732	813,488	4,048,305
1891–1895	2,677,734	3,011,203	1,609,628	7,298,565
1896–1900	4,683,367	3,516,510	2,899,465	11,099,342
1901–1905	6,662,550		5,584,337	19,231,105
1906–1910	6,875,522	11,436,443	8,209,673	26,521,638
1911	6,973,820	16,524,005	11,785,293	35,283,118
1912	6,852,710	16,312,751	12,670,823	35,836,284
1913	7,158,746	21,321,458	15,212,504	43,692,708
1914	8,583,540	30,391,764	18,468,148	57,443,452
1915	24,848,359	42,164,753	18,526,389	85,539,501
	MINERAL PI	RODUCE.		
1868-1870 (3 years)	666,335	1,004,320	132,730	1,803,385
1871–1875	582,829	3,366,538	226,395	4,175,762
1876–1880	409,727	2,637,275	183,491	3,230,493
1881–1885	375,996		251,663	3,127,783
1886–1890	519,797	3,451,809	256,988	4,228,594
1891–1895	485,094		362,825	5,960,948
1896–1900	218,096		497,518	14,354,047
1901–1905	782,159		1,238,069	34,387,837
1906–1910	2,194,298	31,381,056	2,061,333	35,636,687
1911	6,726,015	33,129,505	2,932,041	42,787,561
1912	5,555,599	33,259,580	2,509,337	41,324,516
1913	12,066,622	42,541,751	2,834,173	57,442,546
1914		39,491,127	3,520,799	59,039,054
1915	12,219,937	37,558,209	1,962,843	51,740,989

Note—The statistics of this table are exclusive of coin and bullion, and of exports to the United States estimated 'short' for the years 1868-1900.

EXPORTS OF CANADA.

7.—Values of Exports from Canada to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries, by classes of Merchandise the Produce of Canada in five-year averages and for the fiscal years 1911-15—concluded.

MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCE.

Five year averages and Fiscal Years.	United Kingdom.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{United} \\ \text{States.} \end{array}$	Other Countries.	Totals.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868-1870 (3 years)	15,569	301,398	24,530	341,497
1871-1875	48,238	362,699	28,625	439,562
1876–1880	32,802	389,236	6,604	428,642
1881–1885	32,460	519,732	8,823	561,015
1886–1890	47,141	525,417	5,123	577,681
1891–1895	16,454	56,913	995	74,362
1896–1900	31,243	68,635	8,410	108,288
1901–1905	23,823	33,102	9,526	66,451
1906–1910	37,035	39,723	19,378	96,136
1911	25,772	246,896	13,147	285,815
1912	41,462	56,560	13,654	111,676
1913	13,655	80,349	3,307	97,311
1914	22,072	98,033	983	121,088
1915	179,650	453,173	30,979	663,802

TOTAL MERCHANDISE THE PRODUCE OF CANADA.

1868-1870 (3 years)	20,301,729	24,475,655	5,538,507	50,315,891
1871–1875	29,665,580	29,237,246	7,654,900	66,557,726
1876–1880	34,066,648	24,331,155	7,932,723	66,330,526
1881–1885	39,176,404	34,609,893	7,926,782	81,713,079
1886–1890	36,812,062	34,167,996	7,174,861	78,154,919
1891–1895	55,076,813	32,312,493	9,323,432	96,712,738
1896–1900		39,168,242	11,892,513	132,459,429
1901–1905		67,920,295	20,576,025	195,424,442
1906–1910	123,641,889	85,230,591	28,095,793	236,968,273
1011	120 150 004	104 115 000	20 042 000	074 916 559
1911		104,115,823	38,043,806	274,316,553
1912		102,041,222	40,942,222	290,223,857
1913		139,725,953	45,866,744	355,754,600
1914	215,253,969	163,372,825	52,961,645	431,588,439
1915	186,668,599	173,320,798	49,429,439	409,418,836

8.—Values of Domestic and Foreign Exports from Canada to All Countries by Classes of Merchandise, 1905-1915.

Fiscal Years.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total. Exports.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.
	AGRICU	LTURAL PRO	DUCE.	M	ANUFACTUR	ES.
	\$	\$	\$	\$		- 8
1905	29,994,150	4,146,259	34,140,409	21,191,333	3,451,701	24,643,034
1906	54,062,337			24,561,112		27,650,278
1907 (9 mos.)	35,856,616	7,274,792		19,087,988		21,495,001
1908	66,069,939	9,478,996	75,548,935	28,507,124		33,069,468
1909	71,997,207	10,746,719	82,743,926	28,957,050		32,954,189
1910	90,433,747	11,913,947	102,347,694	31,494,916		35,953,361
1911	82,601,284	7,457,829	90,059,113	35,283,118		40,432,526
1912			115,454,486	35,836,284		42,508,985
1913			158,955,695	43,692,708		52,525,082
1914			206,815,718	57,443,452		67,602,238
1915	134,746,050	35,694,014	170,350,064	85,539,501	9,529,024	95,068,525

3.—Values of Domestic and Foreign Exports from Canada to All Countries by Classes of Merchandise, 1905-1915—concluded.

Fiscal Years.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.	Canadian Produce.	Foreign Produce.	Total Exports.	
	ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCE.			MINERAL PRODUCE.			
		\$ 1		\$			
1905	63,337,458	643,461	63,980,919	31,932,329	259,741	32,192,070	
1906	66,455,960	730,215	67,186,175	35,469,631	236,399		
1907 (9 mos.)	55,422,499	631,119	56,053,618	26,191,955	164,327	26,356,282	
1908	55,101,260	812,522	55,913,782	39,177,133	383,479	39,560,612	
1909	51,349,646	677,064	52,026,710	37,257,699	306,169		
1910	53,926,515	770,115	54,696,630	40,087,017	443,826	40,530,843	
1911	52,244,174	809,663	53,053,837	42,787,561	290,879	43,078,440	
1912	48,210,654	1,010,243	49,220,897	41,324,516	186,066	41,510,582	
1913	44,784,593	988,634	45,773,227	57,442,546	140,484	57,583,030	
1914	53,349,119	1,262,953	54,612,072	59,039,054	194,852	59,233,906	
1915	74,390,743	2,565,259	76,956,002	51,740,989	325,548	52,066,537	
	FISH	ERIES PRODI	UCE.	MISCELI	ANEOUS PR	ODUCE.	
1005	11 114 910	20.500	11 144 900	40.675	1 050 002	0 000 679	
1905 1906	$11,114,318 \\ 16,025,840$	$30,580 \\ 23,554$	11,144,899 $16,049,394$	49,675 84,906	1,959,003 $789,741$	2,008,678	
1907 (9 mos.)	10,362,142	34,776	10,396,918	148,008	918,524	874,647 $1.066,532$	
1907 (9 mos.)	13,867,368	39,199	13,906,567	67,674	797,543	865,217	
1909	13,319,664	28,314	13,347,978	54,931	1,337,414	1,392,34	
1910	15,663,162	97,229	15,760,391	125,161	1,661,657	1,786,818	
1911	15,675,544	114.315	15,789,859	285,815	1,703,021	1,988,836	
1912	16,704,678	110,514	16,815,192	111,676	989,446	1,101,12	
1913	16,336,721	106,101	16,442,822	97,311	2,011,565	2,108,87	
1914	20,623,560	111,289	20,734,849	121,088	2,931,266	3,052,35	
1915	19,687,068	131,669	19,818,737	663,802	3,382,061	4,045,86	
		OREST PROD	OUCE.	TÔTAL CA	NADIAN AND	FOREIGN	
		i			PRODUCE.		
1905	33,235,683	126,370	33,362,053			201,472,06	
1906	38,824,170	151,373	38,975,543				
1907 (9 mos.)	33,476,098	111,376	33,587,474			192,087,23	
1908	44,170,470	333,901	44,504,371	246,960,968			
1909	39,667,387	225,963	39,893,350			259,922,366	
1910	47,517,033	171,223	47,688,256		19,516,442 15,683,657	298,763,993 290,000,210	
1911	45,439,057	158,542	45,597,599		17,492,294	307,716,15	
1912	40,892,674	212,213	41,104,887	290,223,857		377,068,358	
1913		424,563	43,679,623	355,754,600	23,848,785	455,437,224	
1914	42,792,137	593,950	43,386,087	431,588,439		461,442,509	
1915	42,650,683	486,098	43,136,781	409,418,836	04,040,010	TU1,112,00	

9.—Values of Exports from Canada of Home Produce to the British Empire and to Foreign Countries in the fiscal years 1910-1914.

Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
British Empire—total	154 937 457	148.967.442	165.242.001	190,181,667	238,642,72
United Kingdom	139,482,945	132,156,924	147,240,413	170,161,903	
Australia and Tas-					
mania	3,561,075	3,900,212	3,924,023	3,954,481	4,673,99
New Zealand	887,058	999,277	1,330,762	1,694,408	1,933,69
Bermuda		467,596	526,517	414,644	383,15
British Africa	2,349,159	2,329,260	2,488,145	3,4 65,892	3,927,38
British Guiana	584,631	614,070	576,365	627,244	649,67
British Honduras	4,418		9,063 156,335	10,252 $226,184$	9,29 $416,37$
British India	50 100	57,612 67,955	131,647	228,606	230,45
Straits Settlements. East Indies, all other		6,611	19,675	7,243	39,49
British West Indies.	3,055,574	3,991,490	3,967,748	3,915,172	4,469,329
Fiji	97,602	115,388	125,615	144,898	118,44
Hong Kong	508,551	513,372	564,729	774,954	1,879,26
Newfoundland		3,714,332	4,131,602	4,472,717	4,508,240
All other	62,110	23,670	49,362	83,069	149,900
		23,313	,	,	,
'oreign countries-total	124,310,094	125,349,111	124,981,856	165,572,933	192,946,937
Alaska		439,064	335,887	345,140	134,238
Argentina	2,867,785	3,021,537	2,975,908	2,251,855	2,134,522
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,021,001	2,910,000		
Austria-Hungary	60,466	152.463	55,662	[154, 165]	368,428
Austria-Hungary Belgium	60,466 $1,840,156$	$152,463 \\ 1,908,357$	55,662 2,851,044	154,165 4,241,568	368,42, 4,269,39
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil	$\begin{array}{c} 60,466 \\ 1,840,156 \\ 823,402 \end{array}$	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829	55,662 2,851,044 760,910	154,165 4,241,568 974,462	368,42, 4,269,39 767,858
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480	368,423 4,269,394 767,858 113,482
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile	$\begin{array}{c} 60,466 \\ 1,840,156 \\ 823,402 \\ 100,565 \\ 242,717 \end{array}$	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107	368,423 4,269,394 767,858 113,488 134,458
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States . Chile	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,858 113,48; 134,45; 473,07;
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606	368,42, 4,269,39 767,858 113,482 134,457 473,074 637,286
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies	$\begin{array}{c} 60,466\\ 1,840,156\\ 823,402\\ 100,565\\ 242,717\\ 1,249,189\\ 435,053\\ 2,370\end{array}$	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578	368,42, 4,269,39- 767,858 113,485 473,07- 637,286 20,366
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,711 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947	368,42, 4,269,39- 767,858 113,485 473,07- 637,286 20,366 62,677
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154	368,42. 4,269,39- 767,85 113,485; 473,07- 637,28- 20,36- 62,67; 3,632,44-
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409	368,42. 4,269,39- 767,85: 113,48: 134,45: 473,07- 637,28: 20,366 62,67; 3,632,44: 57,10:
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105	368,42. 4,269,39- 767,856 113,485 134,457 473,07- 637,286 20,366 62,677 3,632,444 57,100 4,044,019
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658	368, 42. 4,269, 39- 767,85: 113,485: 473,07- 637,28: 20,36: 62,67: 3,632,44: 4,01: 4,044,01: 11,934
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,766 1,424 79,190	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498	368, 42. 4, 269, 39. 767, 858 113, 48; 134, 45; 473, 07. 637, 28. 20, 36. 62, 67; 3, 632, 44. 57, 10; 4, 044, 01; 11, 93. 29, 672
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,807	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148	368, 42. 4, 269, 39. 767, 85i 113, 48; 134, 45; 473, 07. 637, 28; 20, 36i 62, 67; 3, 632, 44; 57, 10i 4, 044, 019 11, 93; 3, 985, 987
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,807	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,044 374,470 616,230	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847; 8,644 133,147 1,434,379	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148	368, 42. 4,269,39- 767,85i 113,48i 134,45' 473,07- 637,28i 20,36i 62,67' 3,632,44' 57,10i 4,044,01i 11,932 29,67; 3,985,98; 514,660
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,044 374,470 616,230	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,85; 113,48; 134,45; 473,07; 637,28; 20,36; 62,677; 3,632,44; 57,10; 4,044,01; 11,93; 29,672; 3,985,987; 514,666; 1,587,467
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,858; 113,48; 134,45; 473,07; 637,288; 20,366; 62,67; 3,632,44; 57,10; 4,044,01; 11,93; 29,67; 3,985,987; 514,666; 1,587,467; 51,744; 845,331
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847; 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120	368, 42; 4,269,39; 767,858 113,48; 473,07; 637,28; 20,366 20,67; 3,632,444 57,106 4,044,019 11,934 59,67; 3,985,987 514,666 1,587,467 51,747 845,331
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru Philippines	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737 169,037	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466 58,305	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825 22,431	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120 75,404	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,858; 113,48; 134,45; 473,07; 637,28; 20,366; 62,67; 3,632,44; 57,10; 4,044,01; 11,932; 29,67; 3,985,987; 514,660; 1,587,467; 51,744 845,331; 11,817; 60,806
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru Philippines Portugal	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,768 1,424 79,190 1,376,894 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737 169,037 59,731	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466 58,305 88,088	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825 22,431 70,390	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120 75,404 49,142	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,858; 113,48; 134,457; 473,07; 637,286; 20,366; 62,677; 3,632,444; 57,100; 4,044,011; 11,934; 29,672; 3,985,987; 514,666; 1,587,467; 845,331; 11,817; 60,806; 55,481
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru Philippines Portugal Russia in Europe	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,766 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737 169,037 59,731 598,435	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466 58,305 88,088 1,175,444	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825 22,431 70,390 1,241,438	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120 75,404 49,142 2,145,211	368,42; 4,269,39; 767,858; 113,48; 134,457; 473,07; 637,286; 20,366; 62,677; 3,632,444; 57,100; 4,044,011; 11,934; 29,672; 3,985,987; 514,660; 1,587,467; 845,331; 11,817; 60,806; 55,481; 1,368,939;
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru Philippines Portugal Russia in Europe St. Pierre	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,786 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737 169,037 59,731 598,435 133,602	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 2,028,649 4,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466 58,305 88,088 1,175,444 142,687	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825 22,431 70,390 1,241,438 138,035	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120 75,404 49,142 2,145,211 155,927	368,42; 4,269,394 767,826 113,482 134,457 473,074 637,286 20,366 62,677 3,632,444 57,105 4,044,019 11,934 29,672 3,985,987 514,660 1,587,467 51,747 845,331 11,817 60,806 55,481 1,368,939 114,827
Austria-Hungary Belgium Brazil Central Am. States Chile China Denmark Dutch East Indies Egypt and Soudan France French Africa Germany Greece Hawaii Holland Italy Japan Mexico Norway Peru Philippines Portugal Russia in Europe	60,466 1,840,156 823,402 100,565 242,717 1,249,189 435,053 2,370 27,497 2,601,097 17,796 2,065,766 1,424 79,190 1,376,807 345,984 659,118 895,934 487,147 15,737 169,037 59,731 598,435	152,463 1,908,357 1,032,829 102,446 232,502 525,477 443,035 2,551 14,044 2,535,304 29,921 142,677 1,008,049 374,470 616,230 1,267,568 412,915 34,466 58,305 88,088 1,175,444	55,662 2,851,044 760,910 126,439 175,253 413,889 605,609 7,001 5,904 2,048,768 223,521 3,577,847 8,644 133,147 1,434,379 282,225 486,441 494,723 618,738 12,825 22,431 70,390 1,241,438	154,165 4,241,568 974,462 103,480 136,107 740,690 785,606 11,578 35,947 2,357,154 65,409 3,049,105 65,658 76,498 2,380,983 328,148 1,137,867 218,371 673,304 11,120 75,404 49,142 2,145,211	3,68,42,2 4,269,394 767,858 113,482 134,457 473,074 637,286 20,366 62,677 3,632,444 57,105 4,044,019 11,934 29,672 3,985,987 514,660 1,587,467 51,747 845,331 11,817 60,806 55,481 1,368,939 114,827 63,995

9.—Values of Exports from Canada of Home Produce to the British Empire and to Foreign Countries in the fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
oreign Countries-con.					
Switzerland	6,185	17,545	16,329	7,599	21,4
Turkey in Asia	3,296	7,449	- 1	8,453	11,5
United States	104,199,675	104,115,823	102,041,222	139,725,953	163,373,8
Uruguay	105,856	77,010	191,642	160,636	90,6
Venezuela	14,026	32,995	22,982	65,892	
West Indies—Cuba.	1,667,399	1,761,882	2,024,617	1,496,857	
Danish W. Indies.	16,315	16,854	11,489	17,870	
Porto Rico	526,719	504,005	689,424		
San Domingo	23,228	31,335	29,254	53,050	
Other West Indies	36,709	53,769	39,284		
All other		800,242	564,700	620,056	

10.—Values of Imports into Canada of Merchandise entered for Consumption from the British Empire and from Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1910-1914; also of Coin and Bullion.

					<u>-</u>
Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	æ	•	Q	· ·	æ
British Empire-total	111.782,072	129,467,559	137,982,614	162,541,284	154,526,802
United Kingdom	95,336,427			138,742,767	
Australia and Tas-	50,000,121	103,001,000	110,500,212	100,112,101	102,010,002
mania	423,017	511,350	431,701	443,381	713,111
New Zealand	775,365			3,066,699	
Bermuda	_	9,025	8,987	34,724	7,539
British Africa	1,041,565		384,544	272,199	
British Guiana	2,9 80,238	3 ,392,116	5,325,727	3,550,765	
British Honduras	18,523	85	114	296,122	155,396
British India)	{ 2,779,256	2,836,205	4,653,244	5,006,309
Straits Settlements.	$ \}$ 3,526,184		425,465	519,624	565,843
East Indies all other		1,369,016	1,745,887	1,725,588	
British West Indies.	5,777,698	6,867,295	5,747,077	5,982,406	
<u>Fiji</u>	185,853	355,243	192,984	271,919	
Hong Kong	243,231	591,328	788,474	894,550	
Newfoundland	1,467 ,619			2,056,174	, ,
All other	6,352	6,558	16,009	31,122	27,906
Foreign Countries-total	258.033.355	322,277,549	383,465,695	507.547.782	463,930,342
Alaska	-	140,116		46,577	66,470
Argentina	2,181,554		3,007,569	4,166,895	2,603,128
Austria-Hungary	1,394,768		1 0	1,700,429	1,773,021
Belgium	3,239,888	3,614,354	3,686,419	4,020,178	4,490,476
Brazil	660,509		1,097,980	1,295,521	1,163,785
Central Am. States.	134,191	105,011	174,514	182,497	163,483
Chile	166,695	418,967	1,305,655	625,021	767,289
				1	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

10.—Values of Imports into Canada of Merchandise entered for Consumption from the British Empire and from Foreign Countries in the five fiscal years 1910-1914; also of Coin and Bullion—concluded.

Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Foreign Countries-con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
China	799,708	683,092	597,947	752,768	913,262
Denmark	85,830	88,807	48,364		
Dutch East Indies.	901,688			3,209,394	976,090
Egypt and Soudan	43,722			51,640	
France	10,109,544				
French Africa	4,437	3,828	9,180	5,429	
Germany	7,935,230			14,214,547	14,586,223
Greece	389,880	456,367	552,265		
Hawaii	16,097	25,599			61,365
Holland	2,009,990			3,109,554	3,015,456
Italy	893,398	962,148	1,146,822	1,713,585	2,090,387
Japan	2,179,936	2,422,346	2,511,875	3,503,533	2,604,216
Mexico	558,515	495,219	1,009,557	3,104,072	1,471,182
Norway	172,642	427,857	316,759	488,139	
Peru	41,580			314,686	
Philippines	35,790	37,004	70,846	23,640	5,715
Portugal	140,522	186,380	259,542	343,249	277,381
Russia in Europe	345,297	263,120	335,782	924,223	482,809
St. Pierre	7,012	3,782	11,909	4,068	6,068
Spain	1,019,775	1,154,747	1,273,211	1,258,970	1,352,133
Sweden	208,147	278,715	329,734	472,378	603,401
Switzerland	2,603,858	3,102,910	3,458,006	4,296,702	4,314,805
Turkey in Asia	455 ,188	553,770	461,492	521,509	479,269
United States	217,502,415			435,769,050	395,565,328
Uruguay	78,139	6,300	314,511	160,642	55,726
Venezuela	53,885	90,839	148,002	202,750	133,243
West Indies—Cuba.	584,020	1,281,637	1,488,800	2,549,673	3,952,887
Danish W. Indies.	74,414	144,184	76,579	240,687	259,368
Porto Rico	44,417		833	99	1,613
San Domingo	845,228		1,176,567	1,803,963	2,942,333
Other West Indies	10,787	9,449	1,022	138	473
All other	104,659	196,834	239,874	388,366	592,263
Coin and Bullion	6,017,589	10,206,210	26,033,881	5,427,979	15,235,305

11.—Value of Merchandise imported into and exported from Canada through the United States during the fiscal years ended March 31, 1913-1914.

to which exported. 1913. 1914. 1913.	1914,
\$ \$	\$
United Kingdom 9,104,260 7,472,044 72,301,3	
Australia and Tasmania	068 1,825,234
British Africa	102 362,523
British India	371,412
	555 37,390
British Guiana	
New Zealand	
Other British Possessions 108,145 101,478 310,6	
Total British Empire	103,130,445
Argentina	593 1,274,407
Austria-Hungary	
Belgium	[22] $[273,101]$
Brazil	113 311,365
Central American States	
Chile	
China	069 1,685
Cuba 1,792,498 1,684,072 383, Denmark 58,378 28,296 378,	212 662,865 660 380,355
Danish West Indies	
Dutch East Indies 21,733 51,601 2,6	976
Dutch Guiana	
French West Indies 548 - 29,4	108 20,862
Egypt and Soudan	
France	1,298,709
French Africa	
Germany	596 2,477,774
	258 11,665
Hayti	
Holland	
Italy 574,919 349,156 273,5 Japan 96,043 42,023 53,6	
Mexico	
Norway	627,098
Panama - 146,7	97 186,044
Peru	11,242
Philippines	55 731
Porto Rico 1,561 314,6	
	1,788
Rumania	
Russia in Europe. 162,817 95,171 2,017,5	$\begin{array}{ccc} 660 & 1,235,631 \\ 74 & 46,542 \end{array}$
San Domingo 1,045,172 1,651,025 20,2 Spain 91,161 92,038 35,2	27 56,958
Sweden 52,067 49,149 37,8	58,808
Switzerland. 64,333 49,126 6,6	
Turkev	98 74,275
U. S. of Colombia	
Uruguay	44 35,578
Venezuele 121.507 44.753 66.1	68 131,959
Other Countries	90 145,824
Total Foreign Countries 12,925,285 10,749,088 10,249,5	35 11,863,721 31 114,994,166
Grand Total	114,004,100

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

11a.—Values of total Exports and Imports entered for Home Consumption (including Coin and Bullion) during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1915.

Coin and Bullion) during the fiscal year en		
Countries.	Total Exports.	
		Consumption.2
British Empire—	\$	\$
United Kingdom	211,758,863	90,085,840
Australia	5,551,686	412,205
Bermuda	368,263	23,923
British East and West Africa	100,765	23,516
British South Africa	4,645,589	314,887
British East Indies, all other	23,905	1,637,985
British West Indies	4,366,792	6,162,338
British Guiana	678,797	2,993,534
Straits Settlements	246,456	775,716
Hong Kong	655,093	1,248,575
India	415,680	4,133,847
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,481,176	1,245,160
New Zealand	2,623,855	3,908,616
Gibraltar	1,436,314	150
Other British Possessions	205,470	2,306,495
Total British Empire	237,558,704	115,272,787
Foreign countries—	500.0==	41 044
Alaska	323,877	41,841
Argentina	639,469	3,364,787
Austria-Hungary	279,788	642,182
Belgium	3,259,359	1,875,963
Brazil	542,515	1,149,551
Central American States	72,817	118,017
Chile	55,347	190
China	339,039	1,042,383
Cuba	1,479,355	1,617,291
Denmark	717,238	44,344
Danish West Indies	16,253	115,469
Dutch East Indies	25,927	197,742
Egypt and Soudan	26,484	30,482
France	14,595,705	8,449,186
French Africa	2,162,010	8,361 5,086,986
Greece	87,485	417,911
Hawaii	71,423	32,655
Holland	5,254,829	1,769,256
Italy	1,840,910	1,472,799
Japan	1,037,001	2,783,159
Mexico	18,551	1,229,977
Norway	1,000,790	385,647
Panama	129,036	-
Peru	13,141	1,494,046
Philippines	41,574	6,204
Porto Rico	468,698	!
Portugal	788,485	215,608
Russia in Europe	1,331,191	105,455
Santo Domingo	3,938	3,193,796
St. Pierre and Miquelon	155,332	4,244
Spain	489,680	977,448
Sweden	173,296	545,835
Switzerland	16,445	3,979,256
Turkey in Europe	5,961	323,227
Uruguay	52,820	12,781
United States	215,409,326	428,617,233
Venezuela	56,196	209,626
Other Foreign countries	264,779	530,638
Total foreign countries	253,250,173	472,091,576
Total imports and exports	490,808,877	587,364,363

¹Includes coin and bullion amounting to \$29,366,368. ²Includes coin and bullion amounting to \$131,992,992.

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by		<u> </u>	UANTITIES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
I. Agricultural produce.					
Balsam	-	-	- 1	_	~
Cider gal.	227,427	180,468	204,764	185,828	150,683
Flaxcwt.	-	197	446	120	-
Fruits—		1			
Apples, dried lb	1,363,656	268,390	178,744	121,180	424,200
Apples, green or ripe, bbl.	1,523,901	476,190	1,481,485	1,245,100	858,413
Berries, all kinds	-	-	-	-	
Canned or preserved	-	-	-		
All other	-	-	-	-	-
Total fruits	(1	!	-	_
Grain and products of—					
Barleybush.	1,431,922	1,116,116		5,556,090	10,905,712
Beans "	4	153	22		
Buckwheat "	522,606	174,767	35,334	103,024	
Indian corn "	228	17,132	-	7,280	17,421
Oats "	1,024,491	4,028,746	7,014,645		13,903,389
Peas, whole "	166,201	60,391	38,676	22,420	
Peas, split"	13,462	2,688	700	_	644
Rye "	42,113	-	- 1	25,544	95,413
Wheat "	46,589,228	43,637,625		77,722,465	108,574,397
Other grains "	424		3,250	-	
Total grains "	49,790,679	49,037,618		90,729,827	133,525,256
Bran cwt .	121,584	123,316	144,184	97,822	28,717
Cereal foods					
Flour of wheat bbl.	1,877,436	1,884,655	2,338,851	2,880,157	
Indian meal "		141			430
Oatmeal	229,793	122,124		187,506	
Mear, an other	11,742	1,044		2,989	30
Maltbush.	703	_	10,375	_	_
Total flour, meal and malt.					
Hayton.	87,871	112,529	104,817	62,871	26,916
Hempcwt.	2,192				
Hopslb.	230,820		16,454	182,625	248,660
Maple sugar "	18,679				38,726
Maple syrup gal.	2,455	1,694	1,891	1,915	[2,880]
Seeds—	04.000	00.501	70.400	00 550	04.000
Cloverbush.	31,236				
Flaxseed	51,476,769				8,579,713
Grass	1,380	1,132	1,989	8,592	7,268
All other seed	-	_	_	_	-
Total seeds			-	-	_
Strawton.	50	618			
Tobacco leaf lb.	_	-	876	3,142	4,220
Trees, shrubs and plants	_	_	_	_	_
Vegetables—		}	[_	
Canned or preserved		283	1.182	8	20
Potatoesbush.	201	283	1,102	°	
All other	_			_	
Total vegetables	_	_	_		1
All other agricultural	4	_	_	_	1 _
products	_	1			:

Note.—The letters "n.e.s." signify "not elsewhere specified" and the letters "n.o.p." "not otherwise provided for."

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
	\$	\$	\$.\$	\$		
I Agricultur'i produce,totals	71,004,416	61,393,720	81,784,731	106,537,156	146,230,104		
Balsam	2,939	2,269	2,695	186	4,536		
Cider	27,191	26,556	35,708	22,014	19,580		
Flax Fruits—	Ann	1,694	1,920	1,250	_		
Apples, dried	86,084	16,013	6,232	7,837	25,877		
Apples, green or ripe	4,184,878		4,678,245				
Berries, all kinds	_,,	3	12	-	5,251,251		
Canned or preserved	199,629	200,034	229,250	216,589	375,913		
All other	33,089		54,466				
Total fruits	4,503,680		4,968,205				
Grain and products of—	_,,	_,,	-,,	_,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,		
Barley	744,470	576,902	607,933	3,315,172	5,514,016		
Beans	9	205	65		-		
Buckwheat	306,352	87,753	20,432	53,432	9,653		
Indian corn	186	10,279		4,077	13,937		
Oats	508,300		2,903,708				
Peas, whole	195,178	94,095	58,776				
Peas, split	16,628	3,224	1,000		1.486		
Rve	28,208		-,	14,305			
Wheat		43,335,569	58,677,160		106,696,231		
Other grains	431	·	2,110	-	-		
Total grains	51,067,498	45,648,146		82,000,687	117,972,205		
Bran	136,769	125,146	124,677	92,221			
Cereal foods	1,229,028	1,323,104	1,482,058	1,382,331			
Flour of wheat	8,872,698		9,732,708		11,584,483		
Indian meal	-	482	-	-	2,400		
Oatmeal	1,050,188	501,223	878,743	830,417	473,220		
Meal, all other	37,486	3,962	11,006	11,956			
Malt	802	-,	11,308	,	_		
Total flour, meal and malt	9,961,174	8,695,504	10,633,765	13,284,852	12,060,613		
Hay	922,718	1,152,629	1,027,995	759,241			
Hemp	10,105			-			
Hops	24,650	19,740	. 1,857	33,645	56,802		
Maple sugar	1,843	2,393	2,353	3,869			
Maple syrup	2,248	1,641	2,039	2,105	2,769		
Seeds—	,	′	,	,	,		
Clover	237,514	230,981	189,289	310,629	226,222		
Flaxseed	2,796,502	2,285,411	1,004,888	4,537,360	10,482,556		
Grass	1,993	2,948	9,629	11,854			
All other	6,808	390	153	777	1,644		
Total seeds	3,042,817	2,519,730	1,203,959	4,860,620	10,719,238		
Straw	542	3,910	6,861	374	· · · -		
Tobacco leaf	-	- 1	1,320	450	429		
Trees, shrubs and plants	2,092	1,291	3,637	701	860		
Vegetables—			.				
Canned or preserved	49,750	15,119	10,203	20,329	7,194		
Potatoes	259	132	525	´ 6	13		
All other	6,613	43	46	96	195		
Total vegetables	56,622	15,294	10,774	20,431	7,402		
All other agricultural	•	,	<i>,</i>	1			
	12,500	4,271	3,724	6,808	1,957		

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
II.Animals and their produce						
Animals, living-						
Cattle, over one	140,424	112 705	A7 969	19.060	0.779	
year old	140,424	113,795	47,868	12,069	9,778	
Horses, over one year old	584	197	138	74	3.	
Sheep, overoneyear old"	1,828	430	928		50	
Poultry and other n.e.s	′ -	-	-	-		
Total animals, living	- 1	-	-	-		
Animal products—						
Meats, viz.— Bacon	45 500 550	55,971,989	58 351 309	25 063 006	23 620 86	
Beef	828,140		274,419	782,920	190,78	
Hams"	3,238,704					
Pork "	197,851			4,065		
Poultry, dressed and	,	ŕ	<i>'</i>		,	
undressed	-	-	-	-	-	
Game, dressed and un-						
dressed	-		11 096	2 050	_	
$egin{array}{ccccc} \mathbf{Tongues} & \mathbf{lb.} \\ \mathbf{Canned} & `` & \ \end{array}$	1,685,833	53 393,999	11,026 191.454	3,258 $244,732$	279,92	
All other, n.e.s	7,786,953		10,524,966			
Total meats	-	2 ,000,100	-	-,001,020	-	
Other animal products—						
Bonescwt.	- 1	318	63	. 	17	
Butterlb.	2,595,357	1,733,060	7,458,936	681	138,34	
	179,937,468	180,658,059		153,886,884		
Eggsdoz.		7,067	129,830	51,295		
Furs, dressed		_	_	_	_	
Grease and grease	_					
scraps	42,226	58,836	34,542	26,791	512,75	
Glue stock	´	· – i	·	·	_	
Hair	- 1	-		-	_	
Hides and skins, other						
than fur	-	_		_	_	
Horns and hoofs lb.	957	738	165	40	1,14	
Lard	1,390,788					
Milk and cream, con-	2,200,000			,	,	
$\mathtt{densed}\dots$ "	96	93,128	155,088	30	-	
Oil, Neat's foot and			4 0 50	0.000		
othergal.	-	93	1,050	3,086	5.	
Sausage casings		_			_	
Sheep peltslb.	167,730	5,795	927,470	890,037	1,485,576	
Wool	490,404	780, 024		697,390	448,95	
All other		-		-	, ·	
Total other animal				ĺ		
products	_	-	-	-	_	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
II.Animals and their produce Totals	\$ 41,860,777	\$ 40,636,575	\$ 36,923,024	\$ 30,335,784	\$ 26,735,114
Animals, living— Cattle, over one year old.	9,979,918	7,942,144	3,343,625	913,954	697,807
Horses, over one year old.	66,815	36,072	35,650		
Sheep, over one year old.	11,441	2,611	6,421	· - i	4,000
Poultry and other n.e.s.	738	995	2,360		
Total animals, living	10,058,912	7,981,822	3,388,056	932,792	712,662
Animal products—					
Meats, viz.—	8 400 545	0.005.071	7 497 506	5 919 7 11	9 717 966
Bacon	$\begin{array}{c c} 6,422,747 \\ 69,072 \end{array}$	8,005,071 $43,886$	7,437,526 $28,641$	5,313,711 $71,896$	
Hams	413,645				236,468
Pork	16,788				9,257
Poultry, dressed and dressed		·			
dressed	26,730	968	1,264	5,365	514
Game, dressed and un-	21	21	14	10	
dressed	21	65			_
Canned	191,832	52,211	19,204	25,788	31,518
All other, n.e.s	726,743		1,124,583	265,209	
Total meats	7,867,578	8,813,867	9,001,368	5,998,976	4,103,397
Other animal products—					
Bones	-	300			500
Butter	587,493	401,621	1,769,510	173	31,950 $18,533,880$
CheeseEggs	21,481,566 9,333		20,733,064 37,800	9.224	10,000,000
Furs, dressed	2,047		10,147	2,018	1,261
Furs, undressed	1,518,092		1,717,365		
Grease and grease	, ,			1.000	00.050
scraps					22,059
Glue stock	50 18,149		$\begin{array}{c} 1,626 \\ 8,239 \end{array}$		7,084
Hides and skins, other		0,010	0,200	1,001	.,001
than fur		135,570	39,351	314	6,408
Horns and hoofs	1,193				. 75
Honey	115				
Lard	125,264	21,134	20,832	4,000	2,705
densed	9	7,583	14,047	3	_
Oil, Neat's foot and		,			
other	_	93			
Sausage casings	_		57,042	45,544	$ \begin{array}{r} 32,972 \\ 3,278 \end{array} $
Sheep pelts	8,425	400	60,216	55,689	
Wool	80,361	159,147			93,330
All other		88,008			
Total other animal pro-	.]				
ducts	23,934,287	23,840,886	24,533,600	23,404,016	21.919.055

.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES	•	
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
I. Fisheries produce. Codfish, etc., fresh, lb. Codfish, dry, salted cwt. Codfish, wet, salted and pickled	273 73,091 - 2,826,622 - 43 24	3,064,737 - - 35	1,220 - 4 -1 41,186 - 3,108,550 - 40	1,193 - 200 10,000 209 29,130 - 162 2,824,057 - 43	1,499 29,460 - 2,875,206 - 36
Salmon, freshlb. Salmon, smoked	489,890 20 29,767,131 1 - 54 3	150	22,989,444	658,550 - 15,999,137 220 - -	38,496
Sea fish, other, preservedlb. Total sea fish, other Fish bait and clams. bbl. Fish, all other, fresh	13,983 - - - -	3,800 - - -	18,720 - - -	23,556 - -	229,657 - 18 -
Fish, all other, pickled bbl. Fish oil, codgal. Fish oil, seal" Fish oil, whale" Fish oil, other" Total fish oil" Fursorskins the produce of fish or marine animals Other articles of the fisheries	284 24,820 6,040 1,033,446 82,718 1,147,024	13 44,506 14,923 735,597 10,050 805,076	27,089 8,625 1,837,688 18,627	8,629 28,448 600,481 13,710 651,268	28,734 - 427,571 100,683 556,988
7. Forest produce. Ashes, pot and pearl. bbl. Logs—	587	656	668	465	403
Elm	945 6 5 2,009 2,965	483 704 1,187	416 12 - 1,344 1,772	457 12 10 4,019 4,498	- - -
Basswoodm. ft. Battens	165 -	331	659	340	117

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
III. Fisheries produce totals	5,136,215	4,435,891	5,1 32,047 300	3,946,471	7,008,888	
Codfish, etc., fresh Codfish, dry salted	116,468	121,862	131,998	72,698	92,511	
Codfish, wet salted and pickled	116 469	42	5,490	3,205	00 511	
Total codfish Halibut, fresh	116,468	$121,904 \\ 240$	137,788	75,903 10	92,511 $18,802$	
Halibut, pickled	-	-	34	-	20	
Herring, fresh	1,560	- 858	61	$\substack{100\\1,427}$	6,704	
Herring, smoked	2.241	148	1,180	905	768	
Total herring	3,801	1,006	1,241	2,432	7,472	
Lobsters, fresh Lobsters, canned	748,775	7,818 908,273	1,078,898	$3,150 \\ 883,120$	1,010,367	
Total lobsters	748,775	916,091	1,078,898	886,270	1,010,367	
Mackerel, pickled Ovsters	$\begin{array}{c} 500 \\ 222 \end{array}$	- 348	- 341	- 504	- 421	
Salmon, fresh	45,218	57,390	46,806	58,934	127,356	
Salmon, smoked	2 204 000	2020 205	0.010.505	0.605.944	6,416	
Salmon, canned	3,824 ,993	2,936,305 10	2,918,585 47	2,605,344 $4,400$	5,436,727 1,063	
${\rm Total\ salmon}$	3,870,228	2,993,716			5,571,562	
Sea fish, other, fresh Sea fish, other, pickled	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 20 \end{array}$	- -	_	-	-	
, , , ,						
Sea fish, other, preserved. Total sea fish, other	1,155 $1,184$		1,093 1,093	$2,854 \\ 2,854$	23,358 $23,358$	
Fish bait and clams	-	-			112	
Fish, all other, fresh	67	_	_	-	_	
Fish, all other, pickled	891	53	156		_	
Fish oil, cod	6,339			3,652	9,531	
Fish oil, seal Fish oil, whale	2,141 $306,261$	4,908 $138,207$	4,120 $774,395$	10,385 $243,604$	198,169	
Fish oil, other	16,619	4,960	10,627	5,337	32,770	
Total fish oil Furs or skins, the produce	331,360	162,778	800,473	262,978	240,470	
of fish or marine animals	59,599	237,493	52,000	13,302	42,029	
Other articles of the fisheries	3,120	1,836	94,495	33,540	1,764	
		,		,	,	
IV. Forest producetotals Ashes, pot and pearl Logs—	11,033,074 24,511				10,647,123 17,965	
Ĕlm	15,330	10,877	5,940		31,211	
Pine	117	´ -	138	270	,	
Spruce	100 23,777	15,812	21,362	108 64,510	76,525	
Total logs	39,324				107,736	
Lumber— Basswood	4,912	11,755	24,303	9,418	3,187	
Battens	47,316		47,000 -	9,410	3,542	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
IV. Forest produce—con. Lumber—con.						
Deals, pinest. hund. Deals, spruce and	23,873	21,704	16,671	17,507	19,100	
other "	144,852	148,651.	137,456	114,790	136,147	
Deal ends "	8,134	7,244	6,672	4,403	6,179	
Laths M.	20 77	15,637	25,844	7,939	2,863	
Palings" Pickets"	3,594	$\frac{528}{4,186}$	$\frac{60}{1,263}$	$\frac{80}{7,517}$	55	
Planks and boards M. ft.	72,507	79,778	96,769	81,616	74,571	
Scantling "	42,330	35,584	29,222	24,142	27,282	
Shingles M.	399	- 1	-	82	52	
Shooks, box and other Staves and headings	-	-	-	-	_	
All other lumber, n.e.s.	_	_	=	<u> </u>	_	
Total lumber		_	_	_	_	
Match blocks	1	-	-	- }	-	
Poles, hop, hoop, tele-						
graph and other Sleepers and railroad		-	-	-	-	
ties	19		_	_	_	
Timber, square—				1		
Ashton.	380	228	64	64	-	
Birch"	11,226	8,931	$\frac{13,079}{3,241}$	18,098	-	
Elm	$\frac{2,096}{23}$	5,606	3,241	3,040	_	
Oak "	586	5,920	7,591	907	-	
Pine, red "	4,400	-	1,631	1,866	-	
Pine, white "	17,498	18,996	20,831	26,199		
All other " Total sq. timber "	$\frac{1,245}{37,454}$	917 $40,598$	1,452 47,889	$\frac{1,125}{51,299}$	_	
Other articles of the forest	77,404	40,090		-	_	
V. Manufactures. Agricultural implements, viz.—						
Drills No.	-	-	-	-	626	
Mowing Machines "	772	767	892	1,747	878	
Reapers"	46	20	28	103	10	
Harvesters	1,443 678	1,375	1,532	1,998 596	2,278 621	
Ploughs" Harrows"	14	$726 \\ 1,570$	$1,046 \\ 291$	226	721	
Hay rakes "	368	340	729	131	572	
Cultivators "	1	-	410	471	421	
All other	-	-	-		-	
Parts of Total	_	_	_			
Aluminium, pigs, bars, in-						
gots, etc., and mfs.cwt.	19,421	21,649	19,395	41,979	43,214	
Books, pamphlets, maps,			_	_	_	
Biscuits and bread. cwt.		338	25	21	-	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
IV. Forest produce—con. Lumber—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Deals, pine Deals, spruce and	1,55 6,229	1,406,444	1,331,006	1,285,863	1,322,326		
other	5,825,732	6,471,153	5,309,113	4,683,821	5,947,348		
Deal ends	334,481	310,295	281,978	176,449	249,088		
Laths	130	37,558	58,285	21,261	8,055		
Palings	769	10,290	604	805	654		
Pickets	17,305	21,196	18,211	29,735	15,196		
Planks and boards	1,387,439	1,659,701	1,962,877	1,825,549	1,772,005		
Scantling	487,262	434,534	358,009	278,306	367,335 292		
Shingles	1,274 $137,149$	991 709	116,881	160 167,887	121.781		
Shooks, box and other. Staves and headings	26,468	231,703 $24,904$	30,014	19,272	121,761 $12,956$		
All other lumber, n.e.s.	198,494	174,248	152,356	168,082	187,930		
Total lumber		10,828,177	9,643,637	8,666,608			
Match blocks	36,505	56,706	364	2,847	-		
Poles, hop, hoop, tele-	50,555	55,.00		_,=-			
graph and other	- 1	-	_	750	1,347		
Sleepers and railroad ties	15	-	-	_	· -		
Timber, square—	:						
$\mathbf{Ash}.\dots\dots\dots\dots$		3,779	1,067	1,327	3,146		
Birch	132,702	112,651	156,395	221,658			
Elm	48,908	155,554	118,018	76,481	73,997		
Maple	182	142 001	194 990	94 541	71 095		
Oak	15,679 $134,412$	143,021	$134,829 \ 39,578$	$24,541 \\ 64,144$	71,835 $12,150$		
Pine, red	544,235	597,121	783,588	937,076	204,482		
All other	15,952		16,806	12,017	19,053		
Total, sq. timber	907,759	1,023,330	1,250,281	1,337,244			
Other articles of the	001,100	1,020,000	2,20,201	2,001,211	001,501		
forest	-	-	120	-	813		
V. Manufactures totals Agricultural implements,	6,610,756	6,973,820	6,852,710	7,158,746	8,583,540		
viz.—							
Drills	_	_ :	_	_	34,781		
Mowing Machines	32,261	26,928	30,914	60,291	30,270		
Reapers	2,631		1,619	6,070	660		
Harvesters	138,983	141,799	159,054	209,289	233,131		
Ploughs	9,927	12,353	15,959	20,017	8,400		
Harrows	143	8,580	3,437	2,564			
Hay rakes	9,862	10,663	20,180	2,914			
Cultivators	105 001	00.050	8,583	9,141	10,526		
All other	135,091	83,852 $140,005$	105,242 $110,704$	79,280			
Parts of	63,534 $392,432$		455,692	47,440 $437,006$			
Aluminium, pigs, bars, in-		720,000	400,092	407,000	400,007		
riummum, pigo, pars, m-		324,244	256,561	459,150	605,862		
gots, etc. and mfs		V-1;-XI	-50,001	100,100	1 000,002		
gots, etc., and mfs Books, pamphlets, maps.	202,210	í l	- 1		1		
gots, etc., and mfs Books, pamphlets, maps, etc	82,137	· [84,831	148,086	208,247		

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
. Manufactures—con.						
Binder twine lb.	-	200,260	2,240		9,020	
Bricks M.		. 4	´-	-	1	
Brooms and whisks	-	-	-	-	-	
Buttons	-	-	-	-	-	
Chargosl Chargosl	-	-		-	~	
Charcoal	_	-	_	_	_	
Clay, manufactures of		_	_	_	_	
Clothing and wearing ap-						
parel	_	-		_	~	
Cordage, rope and twine.	-	-	-		-	
Cotton fabrics yd.	84,304	52,704	72,649	10,722	8,260	
Cottons, other			- 1	-		
Cotton waste lb.	87,841	48,721	100,467	249,353	3,661	
Drugs, chemicals, and				ļ		
medicines, n.e.s	-	-	-	-		
Dye stuffs Electrical apparatus		_	-	_	_	
Electrotypes	<u> </u>	_ [_ []	- 1	_	
Extract of hemlock						
barkbbl.	6,717	3,634	2,535	1,544	1,267	
Explosives and ful-	1	.,	/	'	•	
minates, n.e.s lb.	8,753	30,247	58,370	18,853	-	
Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-	
Fur, manufactures of	-	-	-	- [_	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	-	-	-	-	-	
Grindstones, manufactu'd	_	_	_	_	_	
Gypsum or plaster,						
ground	_	-	-	_	_	
Hats and caps	-	-	-	-	-	
Household effects, n.e.s.	_			-	-	
India rubber, manufac-						
tures of	-	-	-	- 1	-	
India rubber, waste	-	-	-	-		
Iron and steel and mfs. of	1			_	_	
Buoys, gas, and parts of Castings, n.e.s		_	_	_	_	
Hardware and tools	_	_ [_	_		
Machinery, n.e.s	_	_		-	_	
Pig iron ton.	106	146	168	76	99	
Scrap iron or steel.cwt.	11,712	3,764	17,190	5,747	21,714	
Sewing machines No.	41	132	2,049	110	19	
Steel and manufactures	1		ļ	1		
of	-	05	19	15	- 11	
Stoves No.	39	2.059	3,428	2,053	2,147	
Typewriters No. Total iron and steel	3,215	3,058	0,720	2,000	2,131	
and manufactures]			
of	_	_	-	-	-	
Jewellers' sweepings	_ !		_]	- J		

.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
	\$	\$	8	\$	\$		
Manufactures—con.				ļ			
Sinder twine	-	13,742	123	-	735		
BricksBrooms and whisks	_	55 -	15,439	7,717	4,680		
Buttons	40	184	334	23	80		
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	8,039	16,266	8,771	6,768	7,432		
Charcoal		-	592	1	-		
Cement	100	165	60	100	7,350		
Clay, manufactures of	4	125	2	100	7,000		
parel	26,202	39,645	49,109	59,447	99,019		
Cordage, rope and twine	19,197	1,291	2.916	· -	1,129		
Cotton fabrics	18,608	11,090	16,684	2,675	876		
Cottons, other	1,650	2,994	3,261	3,511	6,000		
Cotton waste	4,110	1,598	1,994	9,107	200		
medicines, n.e.s	405,410	448,044	420,167	521,566	440,082		
Dye stuffs	1.185	· - 1	70	· - 1	· –		
Electrical apparatus	2,312	3,210	9,886	8,488	25,18		
Electrotypes	103	453	1,234	477	6-		
Extract of hemlock bark.	82,614	43,596	30,328	16,520	15,17		
Explosives and fulmin- ates, n.e.s	1,341	4,831	13,457	5,387	7,90		
Fertilizers	1,011	725	10, 101	25,441	1,40		
Fur, manufactures of	18,721	14,438	19,426	25,266	21,59		
Glass and glassware,n.e.s.	1,501	3,879	2,456	5,135	8,81		
Grindstones, manufac-	ļ		434	332			
turedGypsum or plaster,	-	-	494	332	_		
ground	436	_	-		_		
Hats and caps	594	1,254	1,634	744	1,27		
Household effects, n.e.s.	142,143	133,563	140,698	199,759	264,04		
India rubber, manufac- tures of	34,283	47,544	38,743	16,665	18,77		
India rubber, waste	34,203	41,044	30,140	10,005	6,87		
Iron and steel and mfs. of-					-,		
Buoys, gas, and parts of	-		7,196	16,014	2,00		
Castings, n.e.s	1,507	5,345	1,968	788	1,65		
Hardware and tools	$32,396 \\ 29,821$	$32,871 \ 50,923$	$31,529 \\ 57,652$	30,979 $46,191$	29,86 50 ,49		
Machinery, n.e.s Pig iron	$\frac{29,021}{2,120}$	4,200	6,070	1,860	2,66		
Scrap iron or steel	5,412	2,414	10,146	2,582	15,94		
Sewing machines	1,711	3,179	27,091	2,263	80		
Steel and manufactures	00 000	140.150	07.400	50 500	105 10		
of	89,993 637	$148,158 \ 2,237$		76,50 6 537	195,16 42		
					142,04		
Stoves	218 255	2017 74X					
Typewriters	218,255	207, 748	211,295	152,555	142,04		
Typewriters Total iron and steel and manufactures					,		
Typewriters	218,255 381,852 23,970	207,748 457,075 28,157	455,306	330,275 42,511	441,05 26,89		

.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Manufactures—con.		5				
Jewellery, all kinds Junkewt.	35,851	55,125	75 810	- 70 199	10.020	
Lamps and lanterns	-	55,125	75,618 -	79,122	19,032	
Leather— Boots and shoes	_					
Harness and saddlery.	_			_	i -	
Leather, n.e.slb.	435,702	606,677	808,093	1,040,331	1,429,401	
Sole "	4,216,319	6,006,291	5,819,090	3,067,085	4,674,579	
Upper"	458,821	639,679	776,446	356,799	129,068	
Other manufactures of . Total leather	_		_	_		
Liquors—		_				
Ale and beer gal.	9	150	3	_	53	
Gin		-	- :		538	
WHISKEY	6,173	9,206	9,628		10,329	
Wines	$433 \\ 127,423$	$153 \\ 219,030$	$\frac{154}{366,998}$	$481 \\ 462,213$	429 $155,524$	
Other spirits "	21,332	17	3,840	102,210	100,021	
Total liquors "	155,370	228,556	380,623	470,649	166,873	
Metals—						
Brass, old and					6 561	
Copper, old and	-	-	_	-	6,561	
scrap"	-	_		_	6,391	
Metallic&shingles					,	
laths and corru-						
gated roofing		-		-	-	
Metals, n.o.p	_	_	_	_	-	
Organs No.	1,743	1,222	1,603	1,726	1,581	
Pianos "	24	17	20	49	41	
Other instruments	-	-	-	-	_	
Total musical instru- ments	_	_	_	_	_	
Oil cakecwt.	293,167	201,833	182,456	324,136	322,350	
Oil, n.e.sgal.	220	11,549	577.			
Paper, viz:—		·				
Paper, wallroll.	500	1,113	170	$\frac{480}{127}$	1,000	
Paper, felt " Paper, wrapping. lb.	178	$288 \\ 15,200$	170 5,010	121	368 37,269	
Paper, printing "	_	10,200		10,167,560	5,969,300	
Paper, n.e.s	-	-	- '	-	, .,.,.	
Total	-	•	-	-	-	
Paints and varnishes	-	-	-	_	_	
Paintings of all kinds Plumbago, manufactures	-	-		- 1		
of	_	_	- ,		_	
Photographs	-		- 100 100 100	4 500 500	4,546,500	
Rags lb.	3,518,208	4,477,329	4,677,169	4,589,800	4 545 500	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Jewellery, all kinds	_	_	23,462	24,335	26,772	
Junk	131,754	201,334	351,915	337,796	119,048	
Lamps and lanterns	2,011	3,796	3,699	3,509	3,10	
Leather—	-, · - · i	,	-,	-,	-,	
Boots and shoes	6.783°	5,653	2,412	1,733	3,064	
Harness and saddlery	1,144	323	547	735	1,702	
Leather, n.e.s	97,085	97,356	132,660	239,575	318,796	
Sole	915,234	1,445,587	1,346,864	823,050	1,387,792	
Upper	137,935	169,075	142,009	82,814	32,378	
Other manufactures of.	3,818	6,422	4,717	3,114	3,018	
Total leather	1,161,999	1,724,416	1,629,209	1,151,021	1,746,747	
Liquors—	1,101,000	-,,	2,020,200	-,- ,,	-,0,	
Ale and beer	5	125	5	_ '	30	
Gin	_			- 1	562	
Whiskey	19,166	26,540	36,197	24,383	29,719	
Wines	364	180	192	499	529	
Wood alcohol	55,808	75,745	151,071	132,737	77,330	
Other spirits, n.e.s	8,133	42	1,010	102,.0.		
Total liquors	83,476	102,632	188,475	157,619	108,170	
rotar inquois	00,170	102,002	100,110	101,010	100,110	
Metals—		ì				
Brass, old and scrap	_ !	_	_	_	67,380	
Diass, ora and norapiti	1	į			01,000	
Copper, old and scrap	_	- i	_	_	87,307	
Metallic shingles and					C. ,55.	
laths, and corrugated				!		
roofing	_	_	_ !	_	113,221	
Metals, n.o.p.	30,061	28,272	42,4 82	62,375	172,961	
Musical instruments—	00,002	_0,	,	02,0.0	1,2,003	
Organs	92,240	86,579	119,879	114,677	91,236	
Pianos	10,050	6,161	5,796	13,420	13,428	
Other instruments	4,922	967	1,110	3,624	58,239	
Total musical instru-	1,022		2,110	0,021	00,200	
ments	107,212	93,707	126,785	131,721	162,903	
Oil cake	393,523	278,819	286,337	509,509	444,349	
Oil, n.e.s.	142	6,964	355	15,454	10,347	
Paper, viz.:—		0,001	000	10, 101	10,011	
Paper, wall	50	171	_	155	200	
Paper, felt	165	352	138	148	499	
Paper, wrapping	-	800	183	_	1,053	
Paper, printing	527,851	306,248	254,962	202,215	122,207	
Paper, n.e.s.	384,458	532,790	345,568	381,905	381,717	
Total	912,524	840,361	600,851	584,423	505,676	
Paints and varnishes	10,619	4,641	6,990	30,533	22,371	
Paintings of all kinds	10,019	4,041	16,087	23,466	$\frac{22,371}{71,733}$	
Plumbago, manufactures	-	-	10,007	20,400	11,100	
of	_ '	4,039	2,006	3,227	7,210	
Photographs	1,209	1,730	1,698	778		
Rags	1,209 $160,745$	251,792			1,396	
+va-go	100,740	201,182	237,937	256,637	287,837	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Soaplb. Starch	1,330 90,790 -	21,836 176,220 -	12,325 45,140 -	20,435 20,235 -	92,548 132,828 -	
etc., dressed	16,338 30 -	292 311	- - -	- - -	 -	
Tin, manufactures of Tobacco—	-	-	~	-	-	
Cigars	8,576 27,352	25 3,304 27,889	45,774 2,496	15 2 10,942 4,244	15,04 70	
Total tobacco cwt.	-	873	3,440	955	-	
Vehicles— Automobiles No. Automobiles, parts of	15	23 -	18 - 3	25 - 10	29	
Carriages No. Carriages, parts of Carts No.	15 - .6 2	8 - - 1	- - 2	- - 1	- -	
Wagons	13 - -	9 -	25 - -	11 - -	-	
Wood— Barrels, empty no. Household furniture	112	219	554 -	325	17	
Doors, sashes and blinds	_	-	-	_	-	
Matches and match splints	-	-	-	-	-	
furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	-	_	-	-	-	
ware Spool wood ands pools Wood pulpewt.	1,703,237	962,878	1,296,183	- 1,434,971	1,866,4	
Other manufactures of Total wood and man-		-	-	_		
Woollens	-	-	-	-	-	
Other articles of manufactures	-	-				

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
SoapStarchStationeryStone, granite, marble,	120 4,207 949	1,037 9,390 2,280	630 1,788 3,789	1,030 701 17,044	9,513 6,577 12,326	
etc., dressed	156 898 12 -	50 16 147 150	585 - - -	1 - - -	550 - - 42	
Tin, manufactures of	596	1,552	3,183	2,898	1,815	
Tobacco— Cigars. Cigarettes. Stems and cuttings. All other. Total tobacco Tow	24 25 1,037 11,316 12,402	178 219 449 12,183 13,029 1,922	33 5,293 910 6,236 7,732	567, 30, 1,074 1,710 3,381 3,720	220 1,326 663 2,209	
Vehicles— Automobiles	46,200 - 1,867 2,348 204 165 515 359	73,860 1,207 2,129 385 394 1,700	51,450 15,721 760 275 - 160 2,745 4,096	74,424 9,279 1,453 426 - 50 1,605	320,407 1,895 2,042 14 - 100 3,145 527	
Other vehicles	5,744	10,379	2,242	608	1,400	
Barrels, empty Household furniture Doors, sashes and	48,327	24,200	541 44,273	629 23,746	493 35,572	
blinds	24,116	9,696	13,462	6,693	13,400	
splints	95,539	83,611	10,332	164	_	
and other household furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	45	_	506	-	37 8	
ware	2,633 80,438 931,150 202,532	2,438 94,602 496,928 237,050	782 53,825 674,361 208,993	230 57,118 828,133 225,278	31 26,152 1,167,882 217,513	
Total wood and mfs.	1,385,340	948,665	1,007,075	1,141,991	1,461,421	
Woollens	8,044	7,896	9,199	19,795	26,542	
Other articles of mfs	204,105	186,672	154,122	254,580	165,275	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
VI. Mineral produce.						
Arsenic lb. Asbestos ton. Asbestos sand	5,550	´ -	309,674 7,314	8,802	1,024	
Coal	9,967	5,683	33,976 -	39,705	18,549	
Metals—		I				
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc lb.	4,295,241	5,665,188	5,238,110	5,385,527	6,805,093	
Lead, metallic, contained in ore, etc	128,216	_	-	_	_	
tained in matte, ore, or speiss " Silver, metallic, contained in ore,	4,785,588	4,948,231	5,156,464	4,826,783	6,479,250	
concentrates, etcoz. Micalb. Mineral pigments,	4,504,576 42,201	10,032,147 188,377	7,664,301 133,733	17,926,748 149,774	24,260,358 144,900	
iron oxides, ochres etc" Mineral watergal.	$275,110 \\ 2,159$		2,248,600 1,398		1,655,700 -	
Ores—			1	 		
Antimony ton. Corundum " Iron " Other "	- - 978	245 - 11,927 863	211 - 155	235 16,800 162	180	
Total ores " Plumbago, crude ore and concentratescwt.	978 1,651	13,035 4,467	366 $2,700$	17,197 604	12,130 1,540	
Saltlb. Other articles of the mine	_	<u> </u>	30,000	-	_ _	
VII. Miscellaneous produce.						
Coffee	230 1,082,200	710 1,376,200	4,500 3,229,360	- 858,000 -	9,454 1,110 946,400	
Coin— Gold and Silver	-	-	-	-	-	

12.—Exports of Canada to United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
VI. Mineral produce—totals.	\$ 3,820,574	\$ 6,726,015	\$ 5,555,599	\$ 12,066,622	\$ 16,027,128	
ArsenicAsbestosAsbestos sand	283,367	200 208,499	5,661 168,424	211,450	255,067 11,234	
Coal	33,842 430	18,262 1,025	130,995 21,010	ĺ	61,604	
Metals—	150	1,020	21,010	01,001	0,001	
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc	338,853	433,853	396,955	403,851	512,093	
Lead, metallic, contained in ore, etc	6,055	_	_	-	-	
Nickel, fine, contained in ore, matte or speiss	773,343 ⁱ	750,135	768,23 2	718,141	960,621	
Silver, metallic, contained in ore, concentrates, etc	2,255,790 10,540	5,081,196 60,824	3,91 6,586 39,608	10,318,158 34,912		
Mineral pigments, iron oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water	1,604 1,079	9,997 1,654	12,086 892	7,1 10 218	6,417	
Ores—	1		 			
AntimonyCorundumIronOtherTotal ore	82,348 82,348	17,173 41,693; 77,496 136,362	21,900 - 34,909 56,809	29,920 64,712 61,108 155,740	20,927 45,312 178,995 245,234	
Plumbago, crude ore and concentrates	9,035	16,453	$8,250 \ 720$	2,065	6,730	
SaltOther articles of the mine	24 ,288	7,555	29,371	37,638	3,300	
VII. Miscellaneous produce Totals	17,133	25,772	41,462	13,655	22,072	
Coffee Dried Fruits, n.e.s Rice meal Other miscellaneous ar-	38 16,995	83 13,625	365 40,007	•	2,231 102 7,817	
ticles	100	12,064	1,090	995	11,922	
Gold and silver	-		-		54	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Discipal publisher has	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
I. Agricultural produce.						
Balsam	_	-	-	_	_	
Cider gal.	660	276	38	158	40	
Flaxcwt.	8,779	11,642	6,510	2,230	6,065	
Apples, driedlb.	1,209,098	317,596	105,873	186,116	376,466	
Apples, green or ripe bbl	48,272	16,923	10,590	9,366	18,230	
Berries, all kinds	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Canned or preserved All other	-		_ [_	_	
Total fruits	_ }	-	_ '	- 1	-	
Grain and products of—	1.45 500	00.005	010.00	##0 001	1 504 051	
Barleybush. Beans	$147,596 \ 12,778$	86,295 $22,277$	$919,967 \\ 2,666$	$773,281 \ 2,128$	1,584,851 8,737	
Buckwheat "	163,971	74,033	45,790	53,387	138,707	
Indian corn "	3,358	2,192	4,078	13,419	11,095	
Oats"	1,285,660	128,538	$203,560 \ 263,741$	1,726,580 49,730	$18,928,221 \\ 82,424$	
Peas, whole " Peas, split "	$232,560 \ 47,971$	206,887i $22,362$	19,378	49,750	11,647	
Rve "	10,388	71,908	11,670	616	16,978	
Wheat"	1,856,181	242,660		9,834,530	7,522,027	
Other grains " Total grains ".	$\frac{152}{3,760,615}$	$493 \\ 857,645$	$\frac{442}{2,468,954}$	$101,170 \ 12,554,845$	28,304,687	
Brancwt.	1,087,108	1,503,900	603,304	1,019,766		
Cereal food	′ ′ –	· · -		_	-	
Flour of wheat bbl.	126,155	25,967 610	58,403 $1,268$	29,983	19,436 200	
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$2{,}110$	440	1,200 888	1	2,035	
Meal, all other "	568	827	899		1,933	
Maltbush.	82	- 1	-	120		
Total flour, meal and malt	_			_	_	
Hayton.	86,127	204,416	668,013	316,521	154,337	
Hemp cwt .	554	´ -	758		-	
Hopslb.	31	1 252 220	176 $1,311,305$			
Maple sugar " Maple syrup gal.	1,714,555 $1,994$	1,353,289 1,380	2,623			
Seeds—	, i		•	,		
Cloverbush.	57,565	154,601	65,906			
$\operatorname{Flaxseed} \dots \qquad \text{``} \ \operatorname{Grass} \dots \qquad \text{``} \ $	$449,739 \ 59,544$	1,677,062 $72,071$	991,802 $105,043$			
All other	-		-	-		
Total seeds		- TOO		- - -	4 049	
Straw ton. $ Tobacco leaf lb.$	$4,789 \ 216,614$	3,788 $55,243$	7,477 $40,856$	5,410 $62,767$	4,948 $163,122$	
Trees, shrubs and plants.	210,014	- 50,210		02,707	100,122	
Vegetables—		;			1	
Canned or preserved	- 670 630	99 971	27.286	152,557	1,001,287	
$egin{array}{lll} ext{Potatoes} ext{bush}. \ ext{Turnips} ext{"} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 678,632 \\ 1,268,538 \end{array}$	22,271 $1,464,856$,			
All other		_,,	_,		' '-	
Total vegetables				-	_	
All other agricultural pro-			_	_	_	
ducts					-	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

D: : 1 (: I - I -			VALUES.		
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
I. Agricultural produce,	\$	s :	\$	8	\$
Totals	8,204,250	10.385.705	11,685,611	27,215,879	
Balsam	16,409	11,851	3,702	6,086	17,591
Cider	157	129	4	17	10
Flax	84,035		$70,26\hat{6}$	22,926	
Fruits—	34,000	120,000	10,200	22,020	40,000
Apples, dried	88,342	20,033	10,158	10,609	24,035
	132,810	50,149	21,459	22,898	62,431
Apples, green or ripe			106 220	99,965	
Berries, all kinds	148,676		106,280	99,900	91,705
Canned or preserved	$\frac{19,090}{35,382}$	12,541	24,149		14,546
All other		28,106	33,404	15,136	40,673
Total fruits	4 24,300	193,643	195,450	151,944	233,390
Grain and products of—					
Barley	66,608	49,361	558,026		709,092
Beans	24,663	40,024	5,874	6,182	23,011
Buckwheat	90,820	38,012	25,115	28,686	100,959
Indian corn	2,994	2,043	4,674	10,510	7,580
Oats	5 34,680	47,466	90,920	739,357	6,802,403
Peas, whole	273,956	303,199	328,583	116,538	
Peas, split	273,956 73,352	31,035	26,252	7	8,327
Rye	7,347	45,309	7,685	603	11,473
	1,883,647	236,256	811,503		6,891,624
Wheat		572			0,001,029
Other grains	0.059.007				14 716 490
Total grains	2,958,207	793,277		9,740,382	
Bran	1,068,724	1,467,077	443,078	888,432	1,509,595
Cereal foods	17,870	8,834	112,657	34,275	25,120
' Flour of wheat	571,938			134,743	
Indian meal	6			-	400
Oatmeal	9,422	2,002	3,650	6	9,085
Meal, all other	1,454	2,074	2,797	1,488	7,096
Malt	112	· - '	· -	120	i -
Total flour, meal and					
malt	582,932	120,221	254,089	136,357	102,326
Hay	673,220	1,449,990			
Hemp	3,357		3,136		1,000,022
Hops	7	_	97	4,133	303
Maple sugar	127,082	114,709			
Maple sugar	1,996				
Seeds—	1,990	1,101	2,510	1,100	1,036
	422 ,2 7 2	1,169,709	575,899	292,801	709 771
Clover	741 240				798,771
Flaxseed	741,349	3,859,211	1,802,894		11,910,681
Grass	66,908	191,490			
All other	25,907	43,977	99,435	43,426	48,973
Total seeds	1,256,436		2,650,464		12,826,023
Straw	24,081	14,465			27,578
Tobacco leaf	64,274	26,606		19,406	
Trees, shrubs and plants.	23,689	12,071	19,938	23,532	31,839
Vegetables—			_		
Canned or preserved	1,096	4,515	2,844		3,708
Potatoes	345,903	13,835	19,286	128,211	434,956
Turnips	173,933	206,263	245,648	157,322	304,711
All other	150,078			62,512	107,703
Total vegetables	671,010		420,506		851,078
All other agricultural pro-	,-10			225,130	
ducts	206,464	325,819	300,020	424,664	548,825
	200,101	5.0,017	000,020	127,009	0-10,020

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their produce.							
Animals, living-	1	ļ 		Ī			
Cattle, one year old or less	1,797	552	153	5,309	20,685		
Cattle, over one year	1,737	002	100	0,000	20,000		
old "	10,413	7,024	9,654	22,959	185,761		
Horses 1 yr.old or less "	1 006	2 022	18 $1,410$	$11 \\ 1,770$	$\frac{82}{3,245}$		
Horses, over 1 yr. old " Hogs"	1,886 205	$2,023 \ 2,773$	1,410	1,770	$\frac{3,240}{27,688}$		
Sheep one year old or	200	2,	·	00	=1 ,000		
less "	87,814	9,421	5,889	5,340	13,237		
Sheep, over 1 yr. old "	16,535	32,640	10,940	6,122	4,441		
Poultry and other, n.e.s Total animals, living	_	_	_	_	_		
Animal products—				į			
Meats, viz:—				į			
Baconlb.	58,663	81,857	590,810	151,182	214,897		
Beef"	48,503	1,957	$5,711 \ 31,504$	$19,474 \\ 3,455$	12,637,839		
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$1,906 \ 25,893$	$651 \\ 2,592$	$31,904 \\ 31,993$	34,340	220,695 53,751		
Pork"	51,637	31,190	21,235	57,411	1,512,688		
Poultry, dressed	,	<i>'</i>	,	<i>'</i>	, ,		
and undressed	-	~	-	-	-		
Game, dressed and					_,		
undressed Tongues lb.	69	_	_	_	_		
Canned "	3,499	9,408	6,465	2,661	170,564		
All other, n.e.s. "	261,870	266,257	419,815	343,642	1,641,171		
Total meats	-	-	-	-	_		
Other animal products—Bonescwt.	73,006	58,364	39,453	43,910	65,012		
Butterlb.	1,103,837	471,846	630,480	304,503	500,62		
Casein"	-	-	1,021,197	349,865	270,486		
Cheese"	154,490	285,469	167,591	261,682	1,346,128		
Eggsdoz.	35,732	24,688	17,403	9,852	62,273		
Furs, dressed Furs, undressed		_	_		_		
Grease and grease							
scraps lb.	889,515	558,598	1,921,543	3,847,823	3,460,104		
Glue stock	-	-	· · · -	-			
Hair Hides and skins other		-	-	-	-		
than fur	_		_	_			
Horns and hoofs	- 1	_	-	-	_		
Honeylb.	4,700	5,421	3,713		14,032		
Lard"	34,914	227	290	2,47 5	69,603		
$egin{array}{ll} ext{Milk and cream,} & ext{condensed} & ext{``} \end{array}$	2,362,221	143,577	34,168	35,105	5,573,737		
Milk and cream,	_,002,221	110,011	32,200	11,100	-,,		
freshgal.	_	1,881,923	893,945	828,299	1,631,097		
Oil, Neat's foot		41		6,080	9 405		
and other "	-	41		0,000	3,495		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
II. Animals and their pro- duce.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Totals	10,629,614	10,063,544	9,864,524	12,866,948	24,728,798
Animals, living—					
Cattle, one year old or		14 010	0.040	E0 566	051 047
less	23,679	14,812	2,840	52,566	251,047
Cattle, over one year old	618,995	450,267	612,559	1,064,357	6,792,039
Horses, 1 yr. old or less	6,215	1,550	1,075	2,360	
Horses, over 1 yr. old	446,971	497,566	311,564	470,665	741,311
Hogs	6,088	45,526	3,843	1,415	442,199
S	415,912	47,354	26,949	29,982	70,309
Sheep, one year or less.	153,767	214,496	70,164	38,600	38,147
Sheep, over 1 year old	133,714	117,574	88,391	86,117	178,983
Poultry and other, n.e.s	1,805,341	1,389,145	1,117,385	1,746,062	8,518,102
Total animals, living		i			
Animal products—					
Meats, viz.— Bacon	7,338	11,943	78,058	23,796	41,704
Beef	7,561	204	487	1,912	1,085,102
Hams	340	137	4,183	552	32,570
Mutton	3,701	319	2,517	5,545	9,471
Pork	9,793	7,225	3,509	7,021	170,961
Poultry, dressed and	,	′	,	,	,,,,,
undressed	3,576	9,777	6,597	5,190	59,425
Game, dressed and					
_ undressed	6,175	3,993	3,141	3,097	4,596
Tongues	7	1 005	-	0.5	-
Canned	$621 \\ 30,853$	1,625	950	355	24,958
All other, n.e.s Total meats	69,965	44,251 79,474	53,220 $152,662$	38,367 85,835	132,184 1,560,971
Other animal products—	00,000	10,111	102,002	60,600	1,000,811
Bones	72,095	69,431	52,442	64,241	94,086
Butter	199,854	91,313	103,819	75,192	111,894
Casein	-	,	38,302	15,342	11,071
Cheese	23,995	36,034	31,653	41,366	187,335
Eggs	11,551	6,927	4,527	2,574	19,602
$\underline{\mathbf{F}}\mathbf{urs}$, $\mathbf{dressed}$	33,304	21,340	30,022	11,420	10,035
Furs, undressed	1,925,444	1,635,995	2,019,296	2,184,275	2,139,228
Grease and grease	40.00	05 610	41 790	00.043	00.050
scraps	46,635 8,822	25,610 4,474	41,730	80,943	88,250 26,719
Hair	153,473	158,088	8,637 157,847	27,472 196,400	225,302
Hides and skins other	100,410	100,000	107,017	100,400	220,002
_ than fur	5,392,776	4,459,862	4,999,491	7,162,287	9,062,045
Horns and hoofs	7,406	8,078	17,100	25,553	14,252
Honey	506	680	569	592	1,554
Lard	2,555	24	34	369	6,546
Milk and cream, con-	000 (:-		2.4		
densed	220,446	11,474	3,983	5,107	301,177
Milk and cream, fresh Oil, Neat's foot and	_	1,719,919	793,570	752,535	1,337,300
other	-	20	_	5,638	3,090

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	 	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their Produce—con.	:						
Other animal products-							
con. Sausage casings Sheep peltsNo. Tallow	133,515 4,369 1,829,073	52,401 6,306 416,166	40,007 156,449 442,653	43,075 721,960 278,342	664,99		
III. Fisheries produce.							
	I						
Codfish, including had- dock, ling and pollock, freshlb. Codfish, dry salted.cwt.	375,758						
Codfish, wet salted and pickledewt. Codfish tongues and	4,918	15,688	11,578	11,152	16,828		
soundsbbl.	718	1,458	1,681	2,073	197,105		
Total codfish	1,571,822	2,594,850 - -	2,326,142 - -	2,901,727	4,278,312		
Herring, fresh or frozen lb.		10,408,084	33,437,708	27,169,886			
Herring, pickled bbl.	39,492	29,962 99,69 6	35,099	42,096 $34,383$			
Herring, canned lb. Herring, smoked "	211,426 893,349						
Total herring	01 179	25 601	44 101	20.170	4 042 020		
Lobsters, freshbbl. Lobsters, cannedlb.	81,173 $2,898,370$			$39,178 \ 2,415,505$			
Total lobsters		- 1	· · · –	- i - i	· ·		
Mackerel, freshlb.	$\begin{array}{c c} 2,255,634 \\ 10,320 \end{array}$	1,420,882	1,031,143	3,118,541	4,023,944		
Mackerel, canned " Mackerel, pickledbbl.	14,378	5,847	6,232	9,210	22,728		
Total mackerel	-	_	-	- 470	_		
Oystersbbl. Salmon, freshlb.	1,489,105	1,267,050	1,485,409				
Salmon, smoked "	2,160		293	1,781	5,954		
Salmon, canned "	118,384	148,712		11,221	1,181,205		
Salmon, dog " Salmon, pickled "	6,570	4,920	$46,711 \\ 4,075$	510,918 1,3 43			
Total salmon	· -	·	· -	· –	711 000		
Salmon or lake trout.lb.	396,850	558,213	243,383	$264,771 \\ 8,306,442$	711,000 1,953,457		
See fish, other, fresh "Sea fish, other pickled bbl.	5,536,968 3,687	$7,554,147 \\ 11,164$	7,894,854 $4,353$	3,124	10.173		
Sea fish, other, pres. lb.	689,498	973,521	1,292,348		2,356,346		
Total sea fish, other		_		· · · -			
Smeltslb.	·	<u>-</u>			6,028,034		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their Produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Other animal products—	j						
con. Sausage casings Sheep pelts Tallow	77,594 274	34,186 480	87,662 25,415 10,978	153,427 43,812 44,192	181,488 134,410 43,891		
WoolAll other	457,399 $120,179$	98,414 $212,576$	$96,822 \\ 70,578$	$70,168 \\ 72,146$			
Total other animal pro-	120,110	212,010	10,010	12,140	91,040		
ducts	8,754,308	8,594,925	8,594,477	11,035,051	14,649,725		
III. Fisheries produce. Totals Codfish, including had-	4,627,051	4,90,7418	5,378,664	5,747,6 88	6,852,009		
dock, ling and pollock,	11 550	10.105	45 405	* 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	00.440		
fresh	$11,550 \\ 432,211$	16,167 $510,975$	$47,125 \\ 602,252$	14,419 784,653	66,149 1,131,347		
Codfish, wet salted and	402,211	010,510	002,202	704,000	1,101,021		
pickled Codfish, tongues and	17,922	60,792	49,308	41,955	66,252		
sounds	12,593	37,352	32,651	53,283	34,772		
Total codfish	474,276	625,286	731,336	894,310	1,298,520		
Halibut, pickled	84,036	138,891	129,645	147,297	262,939		
Total halibut	84,036	138,891	129,648	147,297	262,943		
Herring, fresh or frozen	169,773	141,798	300,617	201,406	141,146		
Herring, pickled	112,334	59,360	70,980	89,041	144,964		
Herring, canned	7,108 $20,134$	$\frac{4,915}{22,801}$	1,553 $27,524$	$1,728 \ 36,928$	1,815 $54,337$		
Total herring	309,349	228,874	400,674	329,103	342,262		
Lobsters, fresh	528,341	521,559	566,946	625,881	707,486		
Lobsters, canned	732,454	770,109	895,961	852,993	808,296		
Total lobsters	1,260,795	1,291,668	1,462,907	1,478,874	1,515,782		
Mackerel, fresh	119,919 1,720	89,730	68,175	175,488	216,307		
Mackerel, pickled	176,383	84,137	99,372	123,204	272,665		
Total mackerel	298,022	173,867	167,547	298,692	488,972		
Oysters	2,402	1,827	5,213	5,761	3,516		
Salmon, fresh	144,113	129,234	139,313	171,581	219,994		
Salmon, smoked		15	33	202	615		
Salmon, canned	14,360	21,008	18,597 $1,649$	1,964	115,360		
Salmon, pickled	105,432	70,032	89,566	$ \begin{array}{c} 8,679 \\ 26,131 \end{array} $	3,805 $90,376$		
Total salmon	264,104	220,289	249,158	208,557	430,150		
Salmon or lake trout	21,228	29,724	14,678	14,614	38,982		
Sea fish, other, fresh	393,876	400,143	453,828	486,257	95,819		
Sea fish, other, pickled Sea fish, other, preserved	$15,441 \ 33,042$	26,588 45,400	26,301	17,597	62,443		
Total sea fish, other	442,359	45,499 $472,230$	40,301 $520,430$	73,979 577,833	107,510		
Smelts	112,000	112,200	020,300	911,000	$265,772 \\ 332,792$		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
III. Fisheries produce							
—con.	00.010		.		0		
Fish, bait and clams bbl. Fish, all other, fresh	38,318	41,745	54,201	67,347	85,849		
Fish, allother, pickled bbl.	2,113	1,618	2,443	1,239	561		
Fish oil, cod gal.	131,585	80,638	100,297	102,926	335,177		
Fish oil, seal " Fish oil, whale "	52,149	1,708 616,656	1,282 585,029	1,017,846	858 234,880		
Fish oil, other "	8,235	78,383	37,809	80,435	29,095		
Total fish oil "	191,969	777,385	724,417	1,201,207	600,010		
Furs or skins the produce of fish or marine ani-							
mals	-	-	-	-	-		
Other articles of the	}						
fisheries	-	-	-				
7. Forest produce.	0.0			4.4	1.5		
Ashes, pot and pearl bbl. Ashes, other	36	17	44	44	15		
Total ashes	-	_	_	_	_		
Bark for tanningcord.	15,087	12,949	7,909	5,802	4,833		
Firewood	$18,413 \\ 13,274$	$19,304 \\ 4,772$	17,593 7,845	$16,434 \\ 14,139$	16,308 30,526		
Lathwoodcord.	1,924	400	324	895	72		
Logs—	252	1 201	526	404	_		
Elm	$\begin{array}{c} 353 \\ 2,024 \end{array}$	$\frac{1,201}{778}$	1,959	918	_		
Oak "	4	-	17		_		
E me	$1,322 \\ 12,042$	4,726 13,760	$7,955 \\ 8,644$	1,555 $4,027$	_		
Spruce	94,132	102,397	65.174	89,687	-		
Total logs "	109,877	122,862	84,275	96,591	_		
Lumber— Basswoodm. ft.	2,795	3,514	1,252	581	510		
Battens	´ -	·		-]	_		
Deals, pinest. hund. Deals, spruce and	1,332	1,932	816	1,956	1,061		
other "	12,461	5,291	11,494	18,115	11,876		
Deal ends "	480	245	684	1,080	536		
Laths M. Palings "	751,729 24	667,603	$638,545 \\ 4,586$	680,372	$597,420 \\ 2,854$		
Pickets"	42,143	27,176	28,220	31,482	´ -		
Planks and boards M. ft.	970,391	847,948	776,991	926,538	802,685		
Scantling " Shingles M.	44,129 $918,788$	41,532 $711,624$	$47,953 \\ 577,167$	76,875 $542,311$	$ 56,628 \\ 662,512 $		
Shooks, box and other.	-		-	,	′ -		
Staves and headings		-	_	-	_		
All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber	_	_	_		_		
Match blocks	-		-	- 01	- 57		
Masts and spars No.	269	148	360	91	5 7 -		
Piling	-						

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Till Tisheries produce	Principal articles by			VALUES.		
Fish, bait and clams		1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Fish, bait and clams 85,785 115,693 102,475 94,451 14,06 Fish, all other, fresh 1,275,142 1,343,296 1,284,826 1,318,868 1,476 Fish oil, cod 32,272 27,273 43,738 33,290 100 Fish oil, seal 18,657 236,195 213,740 288,792 95 Fish oil, whale 18,657 236,195 213,740 288,792 95 Fish oil, whale 2,135 26,122 17,139 27,724 8 Total fish oil 53,064 290,307 275,162 349,806 204 Furs or skins the produce of fish ormarine animals other articles of the fisheries 26,260 24,820 7,608 5,968 41 IV. Forest produce totals 8,432 6,521 4,850 10,267 3 Ashes, pot and pearl 8,20 604 1,398 1,976 36,703 29 Ashes, other 61,598 61,120 42,767 36,703 29 Firewood 46,60		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Fish, all other, pickled. Fish oil, cod. Signature of Fish oil, cod. Fish oil, seal. Fish oil, seal. Fish oil, seal. Fish oil, whale. Fish oil, whale. Fish oil, whale. Fish oil, other. Fish oil, other. Fish oil, other. Fish oil, other. Signature of Fish oil. For or skins the produce of fishormarine animals of the reries. Furs or skins the produce of fishormarine animals of the reries. Furs or skins the produce of fishormarine animals of the reries. Capture of fishord of the reries. Capture of fishord of the reries. Capture of fishord of the reries. Capture of fishord of fishord of the reries. Capture of fishord o	Fish, bait and clams					140,452
Fish oil, codd		1,275,142				1,476,666
Fish oil, whale						$\begin{array}{r} 6,436 \\ 100,457 \end{array}$
Fish oil, other.	Fish oil, seal	-	717		· -	269
Total fish oil	Fish oil, whale			213,740	288,792	95,725
Furs or skins the produce of fish or marine animals Other articles of the fisheries	Fish oil, other			17,139	27,724	8,029
of fish ormarine animals eries 8,432 6,521 4,850 10,267 3, IV. Forest produce increases 26,260 24,820 7,608 5,968 41, IV. Forest produce increases 10,267 26,260 24,820 7,608 5,968 41, IV. Forest produce increases 10,318 22,280 604 1,398 1,976 36,703 29,304, Ashes, pot and pearl 61,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29,304, Ashes, other 61,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29,304, Ashes, other 661,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29,304, Ashes, other 661,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29,304, Ashes, other 661,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29,304, Ashes, other 661,604 45,665 57,936 48,523 30,304 Lathwood 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 1,62 Lem 19,754	Total lish oil	55,004	290,307	270,102	349,500	204,400
eries 26,260 24,820 7,608 5,968 41, IV. Forest produce totals. 31,835,326 28,785,427 25,483,532 29,951,880 29,304, Ashes, pot and pearl 820 604 1,398 1,976 36,703 29, Ashes, other 61,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29, Total ashes 62,718 61,724 44,165 38,679 30, Bark for tanning 83,264 78,138 46,708 29,842 25, Firewood 46,604 45,965 57,936 48,523 49, Knees and futtocks 7,556 3,068 6,631 20,597 33, Lathwood 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 Logs 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other	of fish or marine animals	8,432	6,521	4,850	10,267	3,174
IV. Forest produce		26,260	24,820	7.608	5,968	41,110
Ashes, pot and pearl		·	·	·	·	,
Ashes, other 61,898 61,120 42,767 36,703 29, Total ashes 62,718 61,724 44,165 38,679 30, Firewood 46,604 45,965 57,936 48,523 49, Knees and futtocks 7,556 3,068 6,631 20,597 33, Lathwood 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 1.0gs— Elm 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, Hemlock 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 50 — 401 — Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 — 3,713 — Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Palings 250 Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249, Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847, Shingles 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22, Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36, All other lumber , n.e. 315,674 195,303 99,235 76,474 71,	Ashes, not and pearl					29,304,346 553
Total ashes. 62,718 61,724 44,165 38,679 30, Bark for tanning. 83,264 78,138 46,708 29,842 25, Firewood. 46,604 45,965 57,936 48,523 49, Knees and futtocks. 7,556 3,068 6,631 20,597 33, Lathwood. 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 Logs— Elm. 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, Hemlock. 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, - Oak. 50 - 401 - - - 401 - - - - - 401 -	Ashes, other	61,898	61,120			29,644
Bark for tanning 83,264 78,138 46,708 29,842 25, Knees and futtocks 7,556 3,068 6,631 20,597 33, Lathwood 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 Logs— Elm 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, Hemlock 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 50 — 401 — Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Pickets 196,385 148,290 15,4680 <td></td> <td>62,718</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>30,197</td>		62,718				30,197
Knees and futtocks. 7,556 3,068 6,631 20,597 33, 382 Lathwood. 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,392 33, 382 Logs— Elm. 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, 401 Hemlock. 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, 62, 50 Pine. 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, 50 Spruce. 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, 64 All other. 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 7	Bark for tanning	83,264				25,577
Lathwood 10,310 1,600 1,134 3,892 Logs— 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, Hemlock 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 50 — 401 — Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 — 3,713 — 10,074 9, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,	Firewood					49,272
Logs— 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, 140 Hemlock 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,						$33,404 \\ 258$
Elm. 3,983 13,106 6,999 5,125 2, Hemlock. 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 50 - 401 - - Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 - 3,713 - 61, 61, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Plaings 196,385 148,290		10,310	1,000	1,134	5,592	200
Hemlock 15,273 6,946 17,339 7,404 11, Oak 50 401 - - Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 - 3,713 - 9, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Palings 250 148,290 154,680 171,782 177, Shotoks, box and other Staves and headings 26,300<	Ēlm		13,106	6,999		
Pine 19,754 26,610 69,287 24,101 62, Spruce Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95, A1 other All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537, T10, T10, T10, T10, T10, T10, T10, T10	Hemlock		6,946		7,404	11,276
Spruce 123,363 152,327 72,708 45,260 95,77 All other 796,546 962,834 571,422 868,740 537,71 Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber—Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 - 3,713 - 95,355 61, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Pickets 196,385 148,290 154,680 171,782 177, Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249, Shooks, box and other Staves and headings 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22, All other lumber, n.e.s 35,309 46,250 35,483			- 00 610		04 101	811
All other		19,754		69,287 72,709		62,743 95,483
Total logs 958,969 1,161,823 738,156 950,630 710, Lumber— Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 — 3,713 — 9, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Palings 250 148,290 14,680 171,782 177, Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249, Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 1,9768 22,49,450 15,484,448 1,451,878 1,744,569 1,738, Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22,49,708 148,290 148,156 1,079,107 847, Staves and headings 35,309 46,250						537,683
Basswood 61,576 75,844 33,361 12,074 9, Battens 22 - 3,713 - 61, Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 572,103 247,708 491,544 743,561 513, Laths 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30, Laths 1,852,211 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669, Pickets 196,385 148,290 154,680 171,782 177, Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249, Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847, Shingles 2,298,055 1,648,448 1,451,878 1,374,569 1,738, Shooks, box and other Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36, All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,						
Battens 22 - 3,713 - - - 3,713 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		01 550	** 044		10.074	0.045
Deals, pine 83,305 115,529 46,248 78,355 61, Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 572,103 247,708 491,544 743,561 513,009 Laths 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30,000 Palings 250 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669,000 Pickets 196,385 148,290 154,680 171,782 177,782 Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249,000 Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847,000 Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22,000 Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36,474 71,474 All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,474			75,844		12,074	9,345
Deals, spruce and other Deal ends 572,103 247,708 491,544 743,561 513,667 Laths 14,142 6,888 19,567 30,141 30,741 Palings 250 1,627,818 1,654,822 1,743,248 1,669,761 Pickets 196,385 148,290 12,016 20,764,680 171,782 177,782 Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249,680 Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847,788 Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22,788 Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36,474 71,474 All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,474			115.529		78.355	61,616
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		į į		,	ĺ	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Deals, spruce and other	572,103	247,708	491,544		513,883
Palings 250 Pickets 196,385 Planks and boards 17,877,249 Scantling 594,938 Shingles 2,298,055 Shooks, box and other 26,300 Staves and headings 35,309 All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 196,385 12,016 154,680 171,782 15,249,136 16,247,450 15,249,136 1,451,878 1,451,878 1,374,569 1,738,768 1,738,768 22,98,055 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36,36,483 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,			0,888			30,408
Pickets 196,385 148,290 154,680 171,782 177,782 Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249,083 Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847,73 Shingles 2,298,055 1,648,448 1,451,878 1,374,569 1,738,769 Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22,98,055 Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36,474 All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,74			1,027,010		1,740,240	20,003
Planks and boards 17,877,249 15,948,790 13,634,083 16,247,450 15,249, Scantling 594,938 571,723 641,156 1,079,107 847, Shingles 2,298,055 1,648,448 1,451,878 1,374,569 1,738, Shooks, box and other 26,300 8,323 12,388 19,768 22, Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36, All other lumber, n.e.s 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,		196,385	148,290		171.782	177,361
Shongles	Planks and boards	17,877,249	15,948,790	13,634,083	16,247,450	15,249,032
Shooks, box and other. Staves and headings. All other lumber, n.e.s. 315,674 195,303 12,388 19,768 22,784 20,128 36,784 195,303 20,235 76,474 71,	Scantling		571,723		1,079,107	847,290
Staves and headings 35,309 46,250 35,483 20,128 36, All other lumber, n.e.s. 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,	Shooks how and other	2,298,055	1,648,448	1,451,878	1,374,569	1,738,879
All other lumber, n.e.s. 315,674 195,303 90,235 76,474 71,		35,309	46,250	12,388 35 483		22,908 36,511
	All other lumber, n.e.s.	315,674	195,303	90,235	76.474	71,573
2 1 10,200,117 El 21,000,001 20,710,001 20,710,001 20,710,001 20,710,001	Total lumber	$\pm 23.927.619$	20,640,914	18,281,174		20,448,356
Match blocks	Match blocks	3,953	6,095	2,263	1,710	6,739
D'1'	Piling					455 175,509

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(Quantities.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
IV. Forest produce—con.					
Poles, hop, hoop, tele-	ļ				
graph and other Posts, cedar, tamarac and	-)	-	-	-	-
other	_ {	_	-		_
Shingle bolts, pine or	16 599	10 904	0.700	7 059	19 500
cedarcord. Sleepers and railroad	16,533	10,894	9,799	7,853	13,582
ties No.	908,097	1,049,272	801,832	562,175	-
Stave boltscord. Timber, square—	48		60	- i	_
Ash ton.	_	_	_	_	_
Birch" Elm"	19 1	98	111 4	$\begin{array}{c} 130 \\ 162 \end{array}$	_
Oak "	65	306	46	67	_
Pine, white "	$\frac{454}{1,189}$	$\frac{34}{225}$	- 568	8 433	_
All other " Total timber, sq. "	1,189 $1,728$	663		800	_
Wood, blocks and other,	005 071	000 701	050 555	1 000 504	1 000 904
for pulp cord. Other articles of the forest	965,271	936,791 -	879,775 -	1,003,594	1,089,384
V. Manufactures. Agricultural implements, viz.:—				,	
Drills No.	31	- 53	- 12	- 2	13 3
Mowing Machines " Reapers"	1	-	1		` _
Harvesters "	300	12	67	47 211	200
Ploughs " Harrows "	389 123	527 23	358 39	67	360
Hay rakes "	3	65	101	30	
Seeders" Threshing machines "	-8	1	4 1	70	_
Cultivators "	-	-]	13	79	195
All other	_		-	_	_
Total	-	-	_	-	_
Aluminium, pigs, bars, in-	4 175 100	3,184,100	7,265,600	7,863,400	5,597,400
gots, etc lb. Books, pamphlets, maps,	4,175,100	0,104,100	7,200,000	7,000,400	3,337,400
etc	125	- 45	200	- 376	332
Biscuits and breadcwt. Binder twinelb.	120	9,343,950	12,921,840	9,698,561	3,641,850
Bricks M.	382	297	251	663	1,032
Brooms and whisks	-	-	_	-	_
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	-	-	-	-	
Charcoal	-	-	_	_	-
Cement	_	-	_	-	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
IV. Forest produce—con.	-		-	-		
Poles, hop, hoop, tele-						
graph and other	55,810	78,055	74,190	65,148	120,750	
Posts, cedar, tamarac and		2	00.000	20.00=		
· other	46,930	34,228	30,229	23,887	_	
Shingle bolts,pine or cedar	72,764	37,002	31,875	27,769	47,132	
Sleepers and railroad ties.	328,277	356,701	232,167	195,901	247,996	
Stave bolts	124	-	679	_		
Timber, square—	I					
Ash			-		-	
Birch	485	2,141	1,928	2,363	780	
Elm	1.008	C 169	90 749	$1,571 \\ 1,285$	572 644	
Oak Pine, white	$\frac{1,098}{5,856}$	6,463 560	749	1,265 125	624	
All other	13,619	2,772	7,952	5.853	9,304	
Total timber, sq	21,103	11,936	10,719	11,197	11,924	
Wood, blocks and other		11,000	10,110	11,101	,	
for pulp	6,076,628	6,092,715	5,697,901	6,806,445	7,388,770	
Other articles of the forest	2,669	4,273	23,350	3,979	7,701	
V. Manufactures totals	15,350,280	16,524,005	16,312,751	21,321,458	30,391,764	
Agricultural imple-			, ,	, .	•	
ments, viz.:—			1			
Drills			-	-	760	
Mowing machines	363	1,805	307	80	140	
Reapers	15 375	800	$\begin{array}{c} 48 \\ 6,777 \end{array}$	1,831	380	
Ploughs	40,539	90,794	25,726	11,437	9,062	
Harrows	2,042	329	609	750		
Hay rakes	25	1,311	3,554	1,110		
Seeders	295	50	140	7,040		
Threshing machines		500	600	´ -	´-	
Cultivators	-	_	418	2,001	4,643	
Oditivators						
All other	39,551	54,878	11,801	13,344	32,050	
All other Parts of	2,935	6,768	11,801 19,147	13,344 16,494	39,289	
All other	2,935 86,140	54,878 6,768 157,235	11,801	13,344	32,050 39,289 93,049	
All other	$2,935 \\ 86,140$	6,768 157,2 3 5	11,801 19,147 69,127	13,344 16,494 54,087	39,289 93,049	
All other Parts of Total Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc	2,935 86,140 625,476	6,768 157,2 3 5	11,801 19,147 69,127	13,344 16,494	39,289 93,049	
All other	2,935 86,140 625,476	6,768 157,235 476,703	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663	39,289 93,049 821,448	
All other. Parts of. Total	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942	11,801 19,147 69,127	13,344 16,494 54,087	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061	
All other. Parts of. Total Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread Binder twine.	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204	
All other. Parts of. Total Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread Binder twine. Bricks	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942 561	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232 1,830	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510 8,762	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204 8,172	
All other. Parts of. Total Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread Binder twine. Bricks Brooms and whisks	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041 2,356	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942 561 692,072 1,968	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232 1,830 75	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510 8,762 334	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204 8,172 211	
All other. Parts of. Total. Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc. Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread. Binder twine. Bricks. Brooms and whisks. Buttons.	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041 2,356 621	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942 561 692,072 1,968	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232 1,830 75 368	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510 8,762 334 513	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204 8,172 211 746	
All other. Parts of. Total. Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc. Books, pamphlets, maps, etc. Biscuits and bread. Binder twine. Bricks. Brooms and whisks. Buttons. Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041 2,356 621 6,885	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942 561 692,072 1,968 352 7,975	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232 1,830 75 368 3,753	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510 8,762 334 513 1,708	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204 8,172 211 746 4,094	
All other. Parts of. Total. Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc. Books, pamphlets, maps, etc Biscuits and bread. Binder twine. Bricks. Brooms and whisks. Buttons.	2,935 86,140 625,476 152,672 1,041 2,356 621	6,768 157,235 476,703 162,942 561 692,072 1,968 - 352 7,975 3,045	11,801 19,147 69,127 933,726 166,296 1,317 858,232 1,830 75 368 3,753	13,344 16,494 54,087 844,663 191,413 684 831,510 8,762 334 513 1,708 4,970	39,289 93,049 821,448 232,061 1,989 364,204 8,172 211 746 4,094 3,073	

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.						
O1465C5.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Manufactures—con.							
Clothing and wearing apparel	_	_	_	_	_		
Coketon. Cordage, rope and twine	48,831	59,905	15,067	61,990	73,28		
Cotton fabrics yd.	17,342	52,781	50,948	10,553	· 118,19		
Cotton, other lb.	1,739,838	1,523,016	667,429	876,273	482,28		
Drugs, chemicals and medicines, n.e.s.	-	-	-	-			
Dye stuffs	-	-	- {	-			
Electrical apparatus Electrotypes Extract of hemlock	-	-	-	-			
barkbbl. Explosives and ful-	48	-		-			
minates, n.e.s lb.	190,994	331,914	119,616	101,985			
Fertilizers	_	_ [_	_			
Glass and glassware, n.e.s. Grindstones.	-	-	-	-			
manufactured	-	-	-	-			
Gypsum or plaster, ground	- J	- 1	-]	-			
Hats and caps	-	-	-	-			
Household effects, n.e.s.	-	-	- 1	-			
IceIndia rubber, manufac-	_	_	_	_			
tures of	_	_	_	_	4,931,9		
Iron and steel and mfs. of— Buoys, gas and parts of.	_	-	_	_	-,00-,0		
Castings, n.e.s	-	-	-	-			
Hardware and tools	-	-	-	-			
Machinery, n.e.s	- 0.100	0.010	7 220	6 200	0.6		
Pig ironton.	6,120 $447,890$	8,319 $139,038$	5,332 79,276	6,399 $478,692$	8,5 $802,4$		
Scrap iron or steel cwt. Sewing machines No. Steel and manufactures	1,100	695	975	508	302, -		
of	-	- 1	-	-			
Stoves No.	165	197	122	119	j		
Typewriters "	114	127	170	127	1		
Total iron and steel and manufactures of	_	_		_			
Jewellers' sweepings	-	-	_	-			
Junkewt.	204,232	255,589	268,346	321,066	89,7		
Lamps and lanterns Leather—	· –	-	-	_			
Boots and shoes	-	-	-	-			
Harness and saddlery Leather, n.e.s lb.	44,253	50,242	$112,5\overline{25}$	119,364	1,061,5		

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Clothing and wearing ap-						
parel	65,107	73,784	88,938	140,677	150,952	
Coke	217,278	255,791	65,518	269,133	332,620	
Cordage, rope and twine	707,120	8,006	15,412	7,112	9,807	
Cotton fabrics	2,448	8,196	8,467	2,032	7,870	
Cotton, other	10,659	13,973	38,694	12,179	8,329	
Cotton, waste	61,922	42,033	25,584	25,849	21,356	
Drugs, chemicals and	,		, }	1	•	
medicines, n.e.s	767,956	1,002,071	648,822	542,179	619,066	
Dye stuffs	693	638	1,887	10,791	2,629	
Electrical apparatus	20,888	34,767	29,220	40,178	66,849	
	1,876	3,286	10,446	3,077	4,344	
Electrotypes	1,010	5,200	10,110	0,011	1,011	
Extract of hemlock bark Explosives and fulminates,	672	-	-	-	309	
n.e.s	218,479	210,193	56,385	27,383	96,492	
Fertilizers	305,359	379,721	797,190	1,592,185	2,436,765	
Fur, manufactures of	8,930	14,582	9,412	35,207	23,992	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	7,255	6,250	8,938	8,668		
	1,200	0,200	0,000	0,000	10,000	
Grindstones,	19 451	22,514	26,821	24,454	54,103	
manufactured	13,451	4,727	3,400	7,125	12,763	
Gypsum or plaster, ground	2,520	1 751		3,310	3,353	
Hats and caps	3,598	1,751	2,849	1 040 712		
Household effects, n.e.s	2,076,137	1,748,494	1,702,272	1,940,713	2,480,156	
Ice	27,056	6,665	6,686	7,407	15,497	
India rubber, manufac-	50.101	40 774	01 770	00.704	50.00	
tures of	59,104	40,774	31,556	89,784	52,295	
India rubber, waste	-	-	-		406,718	
Iron and steel and mfs. of-						
Buoys, gas and parts of	-	-	6,583	303	236	
Castings, n.e.s	23,078	21,420	20,127	33,446	39,664	
Hardware and tools	30,121	38,878	31,371	45,853	83,024	
Machinery, n.e.s	241,398	206,013	187,032	267,382	200,542	
Pig iron	222,163	279,935	250,605	313,761	326,982	
Scrap iron or steel	317,972	113,298	46,500	232,773	423,001	
Sewing machines	29.867	17,977	18,467	14,649	13,953	
Steel and manufactures	20,001	21,711	,	,	,	
of	196,462	208,229	227,476	339,518	233,385	
Stoves	2,660	2,333	1,714	1,975	3,884	
Typewriters	5,078	6,009	7,092	5,600		
Total iron and steel and	0,010	0,000	1,002	0,000	10,101	
manufactures of	1,068,799	894,092	796,967	1,255,260	1,335,465	
	49,685	78,588	85,089	30,960	15,865	
Jewellers' sweepings Jewellery, all kinds	₹5,000	10,000	17,887	121,783		
	566 021	E99 477				
Junk	566,031	533,477	654,746	1,348,675	181,825	
Lamps and lanterns Leather—	1,786	2,824	1,993	1,616	3,131	
Boots and shoes	11,185	17,439	14,655	15,611	60,378	
Harness and saddlery	13,490	9,041	7,462	5,819	16,966	
Leather, n.e.s				21,047	266,211	
Leadier, m.c.s	10,000	17,120	22,240	21,011	200,211	

¹Not including metallic and rubber-

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Leather—con.							
Solelb. Upper"	$26,115 \\ 25,121$	65,277 16,053	26,006 51,255				
Other manufactures of Total leather	-	-	- -	-			
Lime Liquors—	-	-	-	_	-		
Ale and beer gal. Gin	3,914 110	1,581 144	. 79	23	2,550		
Whiskey " Wines " Wood alcohol "	265,159 2,539	243,651 8,235	244,725 $2,047$	266,690 808	5,512		
Wood alcohol " Other spirits, n.e.s. " Total liquors "	$\substack{6,425\\11,427\\289,574}$	625 627 254,853	$550 \\ 2,545 \\ 251,308$		438		
Metals— Brass, old and							
copper, old and	-	-	-	_	33,566		
scrap	~	-	-		22,141		
roofing		-	-	_	_		
Metals, n.o.p Musical instruments—		_	100	-			
Organs	53 160 -	65 167 -	109 150				
Total musical instru- ments		_	_	_	_		
Oil cake	26,775 $1,641,806$				$\begin{array}{c} 42,792 \\ 1,324,016 \end{array}$		
Paper, wallroll. Paper, felt"	4,913 14,907	8,719 7,976	53,163 15,316	8,595	8,688		
Paper, wrapping lb. Paper, printing	4,225 -	35,606 -	_	2,864,733 217,606,801	17,202,643 506,124,800		
Paper, n.e.s	-	- -	-	_			
Paints and varnishes Paintings, all kinds	_	-	-	- -	- -		
Plumbago, manfs. of Photographs	-	_	-	_			
Ragslb. Ships sold to other	35,336,314	31,760,863	37,665,697	41,899,400	49,749,000		
countries ton. Soap lb.	$\begin{array}{c} 67 \\ 47,620 \end{array}$	35 8,592	_ 29,014	40 16,413	374 $7,423$		
Starch	12,045	27	20,011	400	860		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	VALUES.				
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Leather—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sole	6,227 5,792 8,828 60,577 53,128	17,137 4,895 5,042 67,682 39,442	6,661 8,603 3,880 63,501 39,183	53,307 3,046 4,302 103,132 21,438	36,169 1,268,683
Liquors— Ale and beer Gin. Whiskey. Wines Wood alcohol	2,496 182 $819,406$ $6,259$ $2,694$	666 261 775,037 7,000 402	868 181 759,089 4,843 115	1,039 50 833,636 2,933 110	841,043 3,095
Other spirits, n.e.s Total liquors	8,443 839,480	1,600 $784,966$	24,996 790,092	$4,693 \\ 842,461$	
Metals— Brass, old and scrap	-	_	-	-	303,439
Copper, old and scrap Metallic shingles and laths and corrugated		_		_	283,127
roofing	36 ,205	24,801	55,673	60,109	537 175,843
Organs	14,775 $34,948$ $2,336$	$12,496 \\ 38,541 \\ 2,201$	20,951 33,846 2,673	$12,405 \ 34,895 \ 3,411$	16,393 28,280 8,703
mentsOil cakeOil, n.e.s	52,059 40,528 95,069	53,238 7,487 169,922	57,470 3,237 75,522	50,711 12,781 144,576	53,376 54,140 171,292
Paper, viz.:— Paper, wall. Paper, felt. Paper, wrapping.	1,644 5,269 89	1,966 2,171 1,167	5,083 5,233 -	6,615 3,240 96,922	622 13,221 578,595
Paper, printing Paper, n.e.s Total Paints and varnishes	1,246,795 39,727 1,293,524 4,586	1,961,358 74,202 2,040,864 3,656	1,982,830 59,575 2,052,721 6,226	4,242,298 18,006 4,367,081 12,228	9,818,539 149,087 10,560,064 14,960
Paintings, all kinds Plumbago, manfs. of Photographs Rags	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 10,203 \\ 3,785 \\ 351,572 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 67,233 \\ 4,610 \\ 276,790 \end{array}$	24,488 $23,367$ $4,794$ $314,622$	133,992 40,984 9,097 410,403	58,488 32,088 7,026 514,179
Ships sold to other countries	$3,570 \\ 2,651 \\ 524$	8,585 658 1	671	4,350 1,437 21	21,050 646 56
Stationery	6,543	9,673	10,609	12,594	13,476

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	}					
Stone, granite, marble,			Ì			
etc., dressed	47 705	-	- 0 000	450	1 47	
Sugar, all kinds, n.e.s. lb. Sugar-house syrup. gal.	47,725 201,606	$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 41,837 \end{array}$	9,630	$ \begin{array}{r} 450 \\ 183,449 \end{array} $	1,47 $153,52$	
Tar	201,000	41,001	127,020	100,410	100,02	
Tin, manufactures of	-		_	-	_	
Tobacco—						
Cigars M.	55	43	47	45	-	
Cigarettes "	1	3	92	22	4	
Stems and cuttings lb.	297,709	359,300	228,904	434,963	383,20	
All other	6,044	5, 223	7,098	34,754	5,75	
Towcwt.	496	2,785	1,944	730	1,27	
Vehicles—	100	2,100	1,011	100	1,21	
Automobiles No.	45	61	89	122	8	
Automobiles, parts of	-	- 1	- 1	-	-	
Carriages No.	91	108	56	92	7	
Carriages, parts of	~		-	_	-	
Carts No.	91	15	102	3 2	2	
Wagons"	169 63	176	125	94 6 4	15 7	
Bicycles	-	58	67	-		
Other vehicles	_	_	_	-	_	
Vinegargal.	245	_	20	_	_	
Wood		1				
Barrels, empty No.	11,063	9,246	25,526	16,665	7,71	
Household furniture	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Doors, sashes and blinds Matches and match	-		-	- 1	-	
splints	_	_	_	_		
Mouldings, trimmings		_	_			
and other household		}	- 1	ł		
furnishings	-	-	-	-	-	
Pails, tubs, churns and				ļ		
other hollow wooden-			i			
ware	-	-	-	-	-	
Spool wood and spools	4,012,838	5,390,349	4,562,624	4,369,330	4,289,48	
Wood pulp cwt. Other manufactures of	4,012,000	0,000,040	4,002,024	±,000,000	1,200,10	
Total woods and mfs.						
of	-	- :	-!	-		
Woollens	-	-	-	-		
Other articles of manufac-	1					
tures	- j	-	-	-	-	
I. Mineral produce.			1	-		
Arseniclb.	3,967,513	2,813,627	4,060,403	3,492,209	2,948,70	
Asbestoston.	51,710	56,036	63,353	72,570	78,65	
Asbestos sand "	/	′ – ′	·	-	26,77	
Barytes, ground and			00			
ungroundcwt.	5		68			

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years, 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
			\$	\$	\$	
V. Manufactures—con.	, and	-	•	"		
Stone, granite, marble,	İ					
etc., dressed	24,774	1,370	· 5 57	2,736		
Sugar, all kinds, n.e.s	4,313	2	419	27	106	
Sugar-house syrup	13,594	5,468	9,474	13,238		
<u>T</u> ar	25,419	15,912	32,589	19,171	28,515	
Tin, manufactures of	40,121	10,508	34,563	51 ,2 5 3	46,374	
Tobacco—		أسبم				
Cigars	1,325	845	1,105			
Cigarettes	7	23	563	187	172	
Stems and cuttings	8,885	10,431	11,051	14,873		
All other	1,933	3,238	4,729	8,209	4,450	
Total tobacco	12,150	14,537	17,448		19,878	
Tow	2,333	11,392	11,554	4 ,892	3,267	
Vehicles	02.044	00.000	100 004	100.070	120.070	
Automobiles	93,944	99,868	196,984			
Automobiles, parts of	7 500	C 079	54,971	13,564		
Carriages	7,529	6,973	2,860	5,343		
Carriages, parts of	1.9 45 3,366	10,149	3,015	1,458		
Wagons	8,989	509 $9,614$	3,989 $6,539$	1,029 5,142		
Bicycles	1,915	2,034	$\frac{0,339}{3,232}$	6,484	8,649 4,805	
Bicycles, parts of	55	2,034	$\frac{3,232}{4,710}$	171		
Other vehicles	44,271	283,621	226,320			
Vinegar	66	200,021	5	41,010	21,100	
Wood-	00		ŭ		_	
Barrels, empty	11,029	7,284	15,562	19,008	8,941	
Household furniture	27,934	22,952	26.276		69,319	
Doors, sashes and blinds	1,136	2,694	685	1,096		
Matches and match	,	,		_,	_,	
splints	10,301	297	83	1,587		
Mouldings, trimmings,	,			,		
and other household						
furnishings	347	7	9		1,057	
Pails, tubs, churns and						
other hollow wooden-						
ware	451	926		725	808	
Spool wood and spools	174	450		255	904	
Wood pulp	4,175,309	5,094,589			4,913,634	
Other manufactures of	62,631	78,952	91,086	81,094	83,331	
Total woods and mfs.	4 000 010	F 000 1F1	4 554 000	4 700 155	5 000 010	
of	4,289,312	5,208,151	4,554,068	4,706,155	5,080,013	
Woollens Other articles of manufac-	28,477	24,704	30,597	23,401	27,800	
	650 902	267 270	410.900	405 945	107 000	
tures	652,893	367,270	419,209	485,345	467,666	
VI. Mineral produce totals	33,488.464	33,129,505	33,259,580	42,541,751	39,491,127	
Arsenic	160,287		76,573	108,305	117,497	
Asbestos	1,300,457		1,772,474	1,965,246	2,087,750	
Asbestos sand	,,	,,,		-,500,210	145,289	
Barytes, ground and un-	İ				1 10,-00	
ground	150	_	114			

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
VI. Mineral produce—con.							
Coalton. Chromite (chromic	1,442,018	1,866,742	991,558	1,630,468	1,166,908		
iron)" Feldspar"	1,160 11,494	` 15 15,964		13,376	18,898		
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, etc		_ '	_	_	_		
Gypsum or plaster crudeton. Metals—	335,916	359,271	355,962	379,393	395,952		
Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus,							
etclb. Copper, black or coarse, cement	53,240,875	49,258,368	51,188,770	75,561,692	76,443,805		
copper and cop- per in pigs " Lead, metallic, con-	_	79,656	_	2,681,201	_		
tained in ore, etc. " Lead, pig"	6,093,845 59,885		113,940 71,961	305,600	274,760		
Nickel, fine, con- tained in ore,	!		,	!			
matte or speiss. " Platinum, contained in concen-	25,830,298	29,819,292	28,074,244	43,341,307	43,989,648		
trates or other formsoz. Silver, metallic, contained in ore,	2,218	84	44	89	153		
concentrates, etc. " Micalb.	24,045,655 $829,340$			15,600,586 $751,636$			
Mineral pigments, iron oxides, ochres	,	021,001	020,010	101,000	011,010		
etc	846,486 55,617	$795,023 \\ 11,178$			1,204,200 84		
Oil, mineral, coal and kerosene, refined. "	50	245	-	157	18,876		
Oil, mineral, coal and kerosene, crude " Ores—	:	i		18,500	3,650		
Corundumton.	. 91 595	- 00.000	798		673		
Iron	31,535	92,880 2	37,657 12	8.	´ –		
Other	9,916 41,455 895	$\begin{array}{c} 8,580 \\ 101,462 \\ - \end{array}$	7,168 45,635 -	$15,580 \ 130,018$	10,991 106,814 187		
Plumbago, crude ore and concentratescwt.	23,691	3,299	25,798	33,800	28,496		
Pyriteston.	26,939	35,710	27,865	3,427 191,700	46,293 147,300		
Saltlb. Sand and gravelton.	166,701 543,917	$\begin{array}{c} 225,920 \\ 582,042 \end{array}$	126,000, 585,350	646,285	685,143		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910–1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
VI. Mineral produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Coal	3,798,623	4,427,606	2,653,214	4,130,435	2,653,206		
Chromite (chromic iron). FeldsparGold-bearing quartz,	13,556 35,975	$50,\!572$	58,160	45,737	75,988		
dust, nuggets, etc	5,920,376	5,342,550	7,132,546	11,169,239	13,322,654		
Gypsum or plaster, crude.	396,493	427,903	420,529	439,488	480,779		
Metals— Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulus, etc	5 ,685,072	5,133,003	5,249,246	9,148,048	8,977,486		
Copper, black or coarse, cement copper and copper in pigs Lead, metallic, contained in ore, etc Lead, pig	126,385 2,303	7,955 1,308	3,151 2,806		7,562		
Nickel, fine, contained in ore, matte or speiss.	,	3,092,197	,		4,398,920		
Platinum, contained in concentrates or other forms	61,717	11,317,731	•	8,828,897	5,406,172		
Mineral pigments, iron oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water Oil, mineral, coal, and	·	17,286	18,630 10,091	12,781	8,351		
kerosene, refined	7	52	-	24	2,725		
Oil, mineral, coal and kerosene, crude	_	-	-	3, 964	379		
Ores— Corundum	80,540 160 453,717 534,417	51 501,504 764,580	338,527	$\begin{array}{r} 339,841 \\ 303 \\ 428,090 \end{array}$	326,983 292,113 696,173		
Phosphates. Plumbago, crude ore and concentrates. Pyrites. Salt.	15,735 57,062 114,044 683	14,827	53,105 110,109 3,038	7,007	497 $73,569$ $212,220$ $1,084$		
Sand and Gravel	284,426				485,578		

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
VI. Mineral produce—con.						
Stone, ornamental, gran-			į			
ite, marble, etc., un- wroughtton Stone, building, free-	965	319	132	2,524	160	
stone, limestone, etc. "	37,682	61,715	85,480	114,685	192,327	
Stone for manufacture	,	,	- 1	,	,	
of grindstones, rough " Total stone"	$\frac{433}{39,080}$	62,034	$\frac{15}{85,627}$	117,209	192,487	
Other articles of the mine	59,000	02,054	65,027	117,209	192,401	
VII. Miscellaneous produce.			:			
Coffee lb.	22,919	7,957	81,096	84,540	53,478	
Dried fruits, n.e.s "	175	2,007	5,539	-	1,880	
Rice "	837,100	688,240	40,000	_	100	
Rice meal "	810,464	890,000	140,188	120,000	1,667,400	
Other miscellaneous ar-		j				
ticles	-	-	_	_	_	
Gold and silver	_		_	_	_	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

I. Agricultural produce.					
Balsam	_	_	_	_	
Cidergal.	228,342	184,792	206,792	187,219	151,073
Flaxcwt.	8,779	11,839			
Fruits—	-,	,	-,	_,	, , , ,
Apples, dried lb.	8,186,984	2,844,267	3,149,620	3,199,539	6,082,476
Apples, green or	, , ,	, ,	, ,	,	' '
ripebbl.	1,604,477	523,658	1,664,165	1,324,769	947,382
Berries, all kinds	, , , <u> </u>	´ - \	, , ,	´ ´ –	ĺ -
Canned or preserved	_		_	-	_
All other	_		-	-	-
Total fruits	-	_	_		ŀ
Grain and products of—					
Barleybush.	2,044,901	1,545,253	2,061,667	6,455,975	13,032,369
Beans "	17,429	27,129	10,821		
Buckwheat "	923,552	463,735	104,658	223,833	172,802
Indian corn "	5,881	21,517	4,264		
Oats "	3,401,730	5,431,662			34,996,664
Peas, whole "	462,759	314,147	341,661	87,694	
Peas, split "	163,280	161,008	115,247	6,852	21,371
Rye "	105,055	73,513	11,670	26,160	112,436
Wheat "	49,741,350	45,802,115	64,466,286	93,166,009	120,426,579
Other grains "	576	1,053	3,712		3,610
Total grains "	59,866,513	53,841,132	76,000,661	110,571,307	0.055 510
Brancwt.	1,796,318	1,872,089	1,595,950	1,662,338	2,077,713
Cereal foods	i	-	-	_	_

13.—Exports of Canada to United States in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
VI. Mineral produce—con. Stone, ornamental, gran-						
ite, marble, etc., un- wrought Stone, building, freestone,	8,610	2,533	1,590	1,889	5,396	
limestone, etc	18,232	20,009	24,996	29,110	93,007	
Stone for manufacture of grindstones, rough	2,023	_	22	_	_	
Total stone Other articles of the mine	28,865 89,339	22,542 $118,088$	26,608 $187,361$	$30,999 \\ 233,221$	98,403 74,313	
VII. Miscellaneous produce,						
Coffee	64,690 4, 229	246,896 1,337	56,560 14,106	8 0,349 11,247	98,033 8,342	
Dried fruits, n.e.s	20	45	433	-	216	
Rice	14,069	11,486	960		3	
Rice meal	14,527	13,342	1,904	2,670	38,059	
ticles	31,845	220,686	39,157	66,432	51,413	
Coin:— Gold and silver	-	-	-	-	1,015	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

I. Agricultural produce,	s	\$	\$	\$	\$
	90,433,747			150,145,661	
Balsam	19,627				
Cider	27,445			22,266	
Flax	84,035				
Fruits—	,	• 1	•	*	,
Apples, dried	543,201	184,707	248,035	213,831	411,789
Apples, green or ripe	4,417,926	1,756,884	£ 104 107	4,047,806	3,465,475
Berries, all kinds		82,921		100,019	
Canned or preserved					
All other	155,254 $5,492,197$	$136,177_{0}$ $2,380,846_{0}$		96,741 $4,679,183$	
Grain and products of—	0,492,197	2,000,040	5,875,511	4,079,133	4,584,065
	1,107,732	831,195	1,324,300	3,851,660	6,513,557
Barley Beans	33,658				
Buckwheat	536,741				
Indian corn		13,872	4,869		
Oats	1,566,612				13,379,849
Peas, whole	582,648				
Peas, split	223,879			10,447	
Rye					
Wheat			62,590,563		
Other grains	571	601	2,550	45,048	
Total grains	56,750,571		68,427,932		138,129,261
Bran	1,842,620	1,850,219		1,603,003	
Cereal foods	1,689,648				
	,,	, -,	_,,	_,==0,0.0	_,0,000

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		Q	UANTITIES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
I. Agricultural produce —con.	:				
Flour of wheat bbl. Indian meal " Oatmeal " Meal, all other " Malt bush. Total, flour, meal and	3,064,028 1,067 247,297 19,132 13,107	3,049,046, 1,475 126,240 3,331 11,995	3,738,836 1,584 209,679 6,142 17,383	4,478,043 2,239 188,987 5,153 23,006	4,832,183 3,939 111,527 2,042 4,337
malt. Hay ton. Hemp cwt. Hops lb. Maple sugar " Maple syrup gal. Seeds "	191,098 2,746 232,479 1,734,437 4,533	326,132 1 $156,679$ $1,376,191$ $3,612$	784,864 758 $17,962$ $1,336,698$ $4,831$	394,208 - 223,625 1,154,635 3,846	$ \begin{array}{r} \hline 191,515 \\ 200 \\ 252,692 \\ 1,925,343 \\ 5,205 \end{array} $
Cloverbush. Flaxseed. " Grass" All other Total seeds	112,761 1,997,648 68,881 - 5,011	211,118 2,696,119 78,586 — 45,512	93,976 1,504,528 111,247 - - 8,629	69,149 10,123,693 117,621 - - 5,574	118,601 20,647,327 110,873 - - 5,118
Strawton. Tobacco leaflb. Trees, shrubs and plants.	274,796 -	133,621	58,809 -	90,382	
Vegetables— Canned or preserved Potatoesbush. Turnips All other	1,923,595 1,283,210	994,348 1,447,994	744,726 $1,467,877$	1,019,716 1,353,810	1,980,844 1,707,062
Total vegetables All other agricultural products	_ ! _ '	-	-	-	-
II. Animals and their produce.		:			
Animals, living—		ſ			
Cattle, one year old or less NO. Cattle, over 1 yr. old "	2,059 155,327	670 124,253	$232 \\ 61,285$	5,409 38,887	20,782 198,147
Horses, 1 yr. old or less " Horses, over 1 yr. old " Hogs" Sheep, 1 yr. old or less " Sheep, over 1 yr. old " Poultry and other n.e.s.	21 2,741 390 88,236 22,871	13 2,768 3,335 9,672 36,925	18 1,798 1,358 5,950 15,468	11 2,145 654 5,356 8,404 -	82 3,486 28,207 13,324 7,219
Total animals, living.	-	- ;	-	-	-

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.			
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
I. Agricultural produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Flour of wheat	3,506 1,123,861 56,192 11,328	4,517 518,032 9,659	897,739 20,327	7,767 837,079 17,836	14,639 488,589 7,534	
malt Hay Hemp Hops Maple sugar Maple syrup Seeds—	16,054,741 1,805,849 13,462 24,726 129,046 4,331	2,723,291 13 19,740 117,202	110,400	3,950,058 - 42,407 104,324	1,787,050 190 57,890 159,619	
Clover Flaxseed Grass All other Total seeds Straw Tobacco leaf Trees, shrubs and plants.	844,294 3,642,476 78,729 37,298 4,602,797 25,933 76,564 31,927	6,144,622 213,158 44,788 8,059,383 19,225	41,775 $25,944$	16,448,899 124,949 44,831 17,357,056 29,170 24,410	24,816,333 106,708 58,631 26,076,002 28,964 66,126	
Vegetables— Canned or preserved Potatoes Turnips All other Total vegetables All other agricultural products	57,560 1,133,267 176,556 166,845 1,534,228 224,000	28,797 622,592 208,611 243,193 1,103,193 342,126	248,855 $165,046$	749,363 164,565 85,223 1,024,110	1,127,541 309,582 123,479 1,578,257	
II. Animals and their producetotals	53,926,515	52,244,174	48,210,654	44,784,593	53,349,119	
Animals, living—			i			
Cattle, one year old or less		15,494 8,521,979	3,116 4,095,063	2,183,311	252,078 7,654,716	
less	6,245 547,622 7,844 416,909 190,831 146,364 12,107,971	1,550 599,736 49,403 48,287 238,550 123,886 9,598,885	1,075 390,524 10,028 27,276 95,203 97,628 4,719,913	2,360 526,685 5,162 30,078 51,175 97,082 2,949,677	4,067 779,564 446,430 70,719 57,774 189,735 9,455,083	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		•	QUANTITIES.				
classes.	1910	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. An imals and their produce—con.							
Animal products— Meats, viz.—			į				
Baconlb.	45,576,883		58,979,963	36,212,190			
Beef "	1,318,397	974,411	948,771	1,570,979	13,133,205		
Hams " Mutton"	3,260,806	3,805,918					
Pork"	70,232 598,981	17,865 417,577	49,107 434,480	$\begin{array}{r} 45,914 \\ 521,533 \end{array}$			
Poultry, dressed	000,001	111,011	101,400	021,000	1,011,201		
or undressed	-		_	_	_		
Game, dressed or							
undressed	0.407	00.495	11 000	6 000	-		
Tongueslb. Canned"	2,487 $1,696,718$	23,435 $418,745$		6,098 $254,937$	638,583		
All other, n.e.s "	8,145,080		11,263,905		2,849,082		
Total meats	-		- ,,	-			
Other animal products—	70.000	#0 000	40.000	44.00	45.100		
Bones	73,006 4,615,380		40,099 8,844,402	44,085 828,323	$\begin{array}{c c} & 65,183 \\ & 1,228,750 \end{array}$		
Casein	4,010,000	5,142,002	1.021,197	349,865			
Cheese"	180,859,886	181,895,724	163,450,684		144,478,346		
Eggsdoz.	160,650	92,164	203,231	147,419	124,002		
Furs, dressed	-	-	-	_			
Furs, undressed	_	_	-	_	_		
scrapslb.	2,282,442	1,254,183	2,152,044	4,302,192	4,088,872		
Glue stock	' ' -	′ ′ ′ –			·		
Hair	-	-	-	-	_		
Hides and skins, other	1			_	_		
than fur	_	_	_	_	_		
Honeylb.	5,657	6,284	3,878	5,027	16,069		
Lard "	1,483,280	179,159	199,044	46,638	125,619		
Milk and cream, con-	0.010.000	0.504.000	4 900 950	995 040			
densed	6,916,283	6,584,828	4,389,350	335,849	9,339,382		
freshgal.	_	1,881,923	894,037	828,299	1,631,117		
Oils, Neat's foot and							
other"	2,150	36,684	131,277	194,525	240,358		
Sausage casings Sheep pelts	133,515	52,401	40,007	43,075	_		
Tallowlb,	314,884				2,348,750		
Wool "	2,320,746			976,606	2,841,184		
All other	-	_	-				
Total other animal products							
products	_						
III. Fisheries produce.							
Codfish, including had-							
dock, ling and pollock, freshlb.	375,758	585,951	1,282,970	309,367	2,052,064		
Codfish, dry salted cwt.	775,140				746,482		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years, 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
II. Animals and their produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Animal products—						
Meats, viz.—						
Bacon	6,431,359	8,019,454				
Beef	109,993	91,884				
Hams	416,886	506,978				
Mutton	7,804					
Pork	48,780	46,087	49,301	57 ,960	202,39	
Poultry, dressed or	20, 420	01.044	12 400	00.007	72.07	
undressed	32,432	21,044	13,420	20,867	73,97	
Game, dressed or un-	0.044	4.010	2 160	2 120	4.09	
dressed	6,244	4,018				
Tongues	264	1,781	1,315			
Canned	193,479	56,152				
All other, n.e.s	766,439	252,027	1,210,856 $9,312,838$		266,879	
Total meats	8,013,680	9,001,559	8,014,000	6,263,936	5,81 4,85:	
Other animal products—	79.005	69,731	52 276	64,503	94,580	
BonesButter	72,095	744,288	53,276 2,077,916	223,578		
	1,010,274	144,200	38,302	15,342		
Casein	21 607 602	20,739,507	20,888,818			
Cheese Eggs	$21,607,692 \\ 41,766$	20,739,507	56,724			
	$\frac{41,700}{35,371}$	24,576	43,107	15.306		
Furs, dressed	3,680,949	4,253,168				
Grease and grease	0,000,949	4,200,100	0,103,100	0,100,000	0,001,021	
	171,363	92,799	65,656	116,172	116,116	
scrapsGlue stock	8,872	4,474	10,421	27,472	26,719	
Hair	172,583	165,728	171,432	205,999		
Hides and skins, other	112,000	100,120	111,402	200,000	201,100	
_ than fur	5,430,591	4,607,545	5,064,472	7,196,250	9,090,687	
Horns and hoofs	8,924	12,973	20,057	26,976		
Honey	621	816	592			
Lard	133,268	22,414				
Milk and cream, con-		,	20,200	3,011	-1,010	
densed	541,372	469,406	305,678	25,554	666,941	
	,	,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
Milk and cream, fresh		1,719,919	793,662	752,535	1,337,325	
Oil, Neat's foot and		, ,	,	,	, ,	
other	1,155	33,929	118,655	222,746	247,143	
Sausage casings	·	´ -	269,558	324,805		
Sheep pelts	77,594	34,186	25,415	43,812	137,688	
Tallow	16,279	1,996	109,466	123,424	157,987	
Wool	538,077	257,776	148,418	193,500		
All other	256,018	363,823	94,767	103,395	125,763	
Total other animal products	33,804,864	33,643,730	34,177,903	35,570,980	38,079,184	
-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
III. Fisheries produce, totals Codfish, including had- dock, ling and pollock,	15,663,162	15,675,544	16,704,678	16,336,721	20,623,560	
fresh	11,550	16,176	47,425	14,509	66,149	
Codfish, dry salted	3,565,757	4,274,329		4,301,644		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		Quantities.				
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
II. Fisheries produce—con.					'	
Codfish, wet, salted						
and pickled cwt.	13,573	15,701	12,952	12,701	18,85	
Codfish tongues and	- 0-				,	
soundsbbl.	722	1,463	1,690	2,078	198,535	
Total codfish	1,573,554	9 507 591	9 290 200		4 010 04	
Halibut, pickled bbl.	1,070,004	2,597,581	2,328,290 14	2,902,899	4,610,34	
Total halibut	1	_	14	_		
Herring, fresh or					_	
frozen lb.	20,083,326	10,539,295	33,437,708	27,572,036	10.662.57	
Herring, pickled bbl.	360,842	189,783	167,154	231,430	342,14	
Herring, canned lb.	211,586		131,348	34,653	32,64	
Herring, smoked "	2,953,688	1,696,724	2,668,679	3,258,231	3,606,22	
Total herring	01 179	- 041	44.101	- 00 040	-	
Lobsters, freshbbl. Lobsters, canned lb.	81,173 $9,687,529$	35,941	44,181	39,340		
Total lobsters	9,001,029	9,609,874	9,928,948	9,249,796	8,271,66	
Mackerel, fresh lb.	2,255,634	1,420,982	1,031,143	3,118,541	4,047,12	
Mackerel, canned "	10,320	864	-	-	±,0±1,12	
Mackerel, pickledbbl.	27,539	9,281	9,443	13,867	29,44	
Total mackerel	´ -	´ -	-1	- 1		
Oysters	-		I	-	_	
Salmon, fresh lb.	1,999,360	2,406,818	2,053,275	2,637,166	4,432,562	
Salmon, smoked "	2,253	10,531	1,118	1,881	45,10	
Salmon, canned " Salmon, dog "	34,656,097	25,055,692	30,192,923 $54,136$			
Salmon, pickled bbl.	47,526	25,893	16,612	8,017,075 $7,860$	3,403,658 $48,058$	
Total salmon	- 11,020	20,000	10,012	7,000	40,00	
Salmon or lake trout lb.	396,850	558,213	243,383	264,771	712,04	
Sea fish, other, fresh "	6,542,002	7,625,897	7,894,854	8,306,622	1,960,85	
Sea fish, other, pick-		, ,		· ' ' !	, ,	
ledbbl.	16,836	41,271	10,485	14,739	21,59	
Sea fish, other, pre-	1 000 071	1 000 100	0.510.554	0.000 #00	0.000 #4	
served lb. Total sea fish, other	1,029,971	1,908,106	2,519,551	2,602,586	3,088,74	
Smeltslb.	_	_	_	_	6,028,034	
Fish bait and clams.bbl.	39,213	41,745	54,201	67,352	85,868	
Fish, all other, fresh	- 1	-	01,201	- 1	-	
Fish, all other, pick-						
ledbbl.	4,861	1,841.	7,201	1,297	700	
Fish oil, cod gal.	163,443,	133,123	130,211	150,358	373,517	
Fish oil, seal "	6,040	16,631	9,907	30,148	858	
Fish oil, whale "	1,085,795	1,352,253	2,422,845	1,618,327	662,451	
Fish oil, other "	91,073	88,433	56,436	94,145	129,778	
Total fish oil. "	1,346,351	1,590,440	2,619,399	1,892,978	1,166,604	
Furs or skins, the produce of fish or marine ani-	1		1			
mals	1		_	_	_	
Other articles of the fish-	i					

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
III. Fisheries produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Codfish, wet salted and	,			_	-
pickled Codfish tongues and	29,830	61,276	55,082	47,118	76,350
sounds	12,716	37,374	32,687	53,350	34,872
Total codfish	3,619,853	4,389,155	4,270,726	4,416,621	4,742,102
Halibut, fresh	84,153	139,131	129,761	147,343	282,304
Halibut, pickled Total halibut	84,153	139,131	$137 \\ 129,898$	147,343	$ \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 282,328 \end{array} $
Herring, fresh or frozen.	170,853	142,879	300,617	204,571	143,116
Herring, pickled	823,275	489,174	495,200	610,291	793,401
Herring, canned	7,124	4,923	1,553	1,755	1,834
Herring, smoked	72,255	45,494	60,791	91,846	89,931
Total herring	1,073,507	682,470	858,161	908,463	1,028,282
Lobsters, fresh	528,341	529,377	566,946	629,031	707,486
Lobsters, canned	2,619,156	2,735,917	3,080,578	3,048,798	2,983,987
Total lobsters	3,147,497	3,265,294	$3,647,524 \\ 68,175$	3,677,829	3,691,473
Mackerel, fresh	$119,919 \\ 1,720$	$89,730 \\ 108$	00,175	175,488	216,516
Mackerel, pickled	305,713	136,838	136,550	177,276	343,692
Total mackerel	427,352	226,676	204,725	352,764	560,208
Oysters	2,798	2,301	5,854	6,457	4,060
Salmon, fresh	190,658	214,466	200,053	250,200	364,564
Salmon, smoked	211	704	158	216	7,116
Salmon, canned	4,368,005	3,668,584	3,830,178	3,484,110	6,631,437
Salmon, dog	328,758	208,156	$1,780 \ 280,290$	120,125 $173,326$	42,193 $372,019$
Salmon, pickled	4,887,632	4,091,910	4,312,459	4,027,977	7,417,329
Salmon or lake trout	21,288	29,724	14,678	14,614	39,035
Sea fish, other, fresh	394,061	401,577	453,828	486,284	96,109
Sea fish, other, pickled	70,856	129,878	65,732	70,491	113,642
Sea fish, other, preserved	42,700	72,379	62,754	102,983	145,144
Total sea fish, other	507,617	603,834	582,314	659,758	354,895
Smelts	· -	´ -			332,792
Fish bait and clams	86,436	115,693	102,475	94,486	140,567
Fish, all other, fresh	1,275,372	1,344,049	1,285,017	1,318,868	1,477,027
Fish, all other, pickled	45,570	18,850	48,557	13,962	8,381
Fish oil, cod	40,494	44,557	55,681	51,813	112,790
Fish oil, seal	2,141	5,625	4,665	10,885	269
Fish oil, whale	$324,998 \\ 18,790$	374,402	$\frac{988,189}{27,766}$	532,396	293,894
Fish oil, other	,	31,082		33,061	40,799
Total fish oil Furs or skins, the produce of fish or marine ani-	386,423	455,666	1,076,301	628,155	447,752
mals	68,056	244,029	56,850	28,044	45,203
Other articles of the fish-	00,000	211,023	30,300	20,011	-10,200
eries	29,668	66,762	109,139	41,380	52,126

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Forest produce.							
Ashes, pot and pearl. bbl. Ashes, other Total ashes	685 - -	747 - -	754 - -	550 - -	434 - -		
Bark for tanning cord Firewood" Knees and futtocks No. Lathwoodcord	15,087 18,555 13,274 1,924	$12,949 \\ 19,446 \\ 4,772 \\ 400$	7,909 17,793 7,845 324	5,802 16,700 14,139 895	4,833 16,403 30,526 72		
Logs— Elm	1,298 2,024 4 1,328 12,047 96,331 113,032	1,684 905 - 4,726 13,760 103,441 124,516	$\begin{array}{c} 942 \\ 1,959 \\ 17 \\ 7,967 \\ 8,644 \\ 66,591 \\ 86,120 \end{array}$	861 922 - 1,567 4,066 93,802 101,218	- - - - -		
Lumber— Basswood" Battens	3,074	4,010	2,051	1,009	687		
Deals, pinestd. hund Deals, spruce and other	25,385 158,789 9,147 762,671 101 46,353 1,255,275 99,104 938,612	24,232 158,535 8,291 700,041 4,308 35,053 1,127,723 88,902 735,557	18,148 154,262 7,749 671,092 4,646 30,859 1,056,440 87,848 598,475	19,956 134,835 6,086 700,789 80 39,722 1,148,940 106,312 564,019	20,382 149,638 7,122 608,92: 2,909 - 999,076 87,233 689,156		
Match blocks	983	481	727	319	299 - - -		
dar cord Sleepers and railroad ties No. Stave bolts cord	16,533 1,894,475 49	10,894 1,051,272	9,799 801,837 60	7,853 562,175 -	13,58		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
IV. Forest producetotals	\$ 47,517,033	\$ 45,439,057	\$ 40,892,674	\$ 43,255,060	\$ 42,792,137		
Ashes, pot and pearl Ashes, other Total ashes	27,763 61,972 89,735	33,998 61,124 95,122	32,102 42,767 74,869	25,437 36,703 62,140	19,218 29,644 48,862		
Bark for tanning Firewood Knees and futtocks Lathwood	83,264 47,016 7,556 10,310	78,138 46,366 3,068 1,600	46,708 58,633 6,631 1,134	49,419 $20,597$	25,577 49,608 33,404 258		
Logs— Elm	19,313 15,273 50 19,871 123,463 821,711 999,681	23,983 7,581 - 26,610 152,327 982,750 1,193,251	12,939 17,339 401 69,425 72,708 594,680 767,492	7,539 - 24,371 45,874 936,032	33,721 11,276 811 62,743 95,483 614,355 818,389		
Lumber— Basswood Battens Deals, pine	70,446 57,921 1,653,437	93,444 39,297 1,564,518	62,888 17,625 1,416,909	· -	$\begin{array}{c} 14,992 \\ 5,426 \\ 1,408,709 \end{array}$		
Deals, spruce and other Deal ends Laths Palings Pickets Planks and boards Scantling Shingles Shooks, box and other Staves and headings All other lumber, n.e.s. Total lumber	6,461,280 367,154 1,882,950 1,019 222,968 23,252,705 1,295,365 2,331,443 240,721 94,479 558,588 38,490,476	344,211 1,706,035 73,232 191,993 21,509,769 1,202,832 1,685,761 289,074 104,933 391,864	314,095 1,732,294 12,620 184,247 19,339,728 1,180,905 1,481,488 243,103	1,789,969 805 214,355 20,839,098 1,454,238 1,409,116 265,042 57,707 249,514	206,573 19,514,128 1,264,881 1,775,619 189,777 70,249 260,595		
Match blocks	40,458 4,544 131,518 56,177 46,930	3,960 171,748 78,085	202,754 74,190	4,624 130,600 66,908	176,959		
dar	72,764 422,214 124	357,261	31,875 232,169 679	195,901	47,132 247,996		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Forest produce—con.							
Timber, square—							
Ashton.	380		64	104	_		
Birch"	11,324	9,185	13,516	18,698	-		
Elm"	2,097	5,673	3,295	3,225	-		
mapie	23	6 207	7 650	074			
Oak " Pine, red "	$\frac{653}{4,400}$	6,307	$7,659 \\ 1,631$	$974 \\ 1,856$	_		
Pine, white	18.020	19,055	20,894	26,289	_		
All other	2,670		2,020	1,763	_		
Total timber, square "	39,567		49,079	52,912			
Wood, blocks and other,	<i>'</i>	, -	, ,	′			
for pulpcord	965,271	936,791	879,775	1,003,597	1,089,38		
Other articles of the							
forest	- .	-	-	-	-		
V. Manufactures.							
Agricultural implements,							
viz.—							
Drills NO	_	_	_	_	10,90		
Mowing machines. "	17,848	22,449	18,923	18,935	26,50		
Reapers "	3,515	7,606	6,659	4,215	5,29		
Harvesters "	13,363	16,475	13,826	16,024	29,27		
Ploughs "	11,818	17,637	20,079	15,197	14,33		
Harrows	4,416	9,453	5,917	4,247	7,32		
Hay rakes	5,155	11,610	10,438	6,155	9,76		
Seeders " Threshing machines "	182	181 29	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 386 \end{array}$	$70 \\ 714$	$\begin{smallmatrix}2\\1,92\end{smallmatrix}$		
Cultivators	_	29	6,897	5,342	7,18		
All other	_	_ i	- 0,05.	- 0,012	-,,,,		
Parts of	-	_	_	_	_		
Total	-	-	-	-	_		
Aluminium, pigs, bars, ingots, etc lb.	8,019,400	6 05E 800	10,442,900	15 099 700	12 004 50		
Books, pamphlets, maps,	8,019,400	0,000,000	10,442,900	10,022,700	10,004,00		
etc	_	_		_	_		
Biscuits and bread. cwt.	2,591	2,294	2,902	2,296	2,02		
Binder twine lb.	´ - Ì	10,806,024	14,605,180	10,248,031	4,690,82		
Bricks M.	384	502	290	706	1,04		
Brooms and whisks	-	_	-	-	-		
Buttons	- i	~	-	-	-		
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	-	~	-	-	_		
Charcoal	_		_	_	_		
Clay, manufactures of			_	_	_		
Clothing and wearing	_ [ĺ			
apparel	- 1	~	-	-	_		
Coketon	48,858	59,943	15,072	62,028	73,299		
Cordage, rope and twine	´ - ;	-	_		050.00		
Cotton fabrics yd.	2,250,586	707,699	621,249	264,328	356,081		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
IV. Forest produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Timber, square—								
Ash	5,689	4,169						
Birch	134,358	117,006		231,182				
Elm	48,953	157,996	119,638	78,827	78,742			
Maple	182	-	-	52				
Oak	16,878	151,229	135,683	25,826				
Pine, red		33	39,578	64,144	12,150			
Pine, white	562,258	598,774	784,930	940,894	205,106			
All other	31,993	14,259	24,758	20,070	30,499			
Total timber, square	934,723	1,043,466	1,268,311	1,363,200	536,195			
Wood, blocks and other, for		C 000 515	F 00F 001	0.000.445	= 000 ==0			
o pulp	6,076,628	6,092,715	5,697,901	6,806,445	7,388,770			
Other articles of the forest	2,915	4,273	23,570	3,979	8,519			
V. Manufactures, totals	21 /9/ 916	35 283 118	35,836,284	43 692 708	57 443 459			
Agricultural implements,	91,494,510	00,200,110	33,030,204	40,002,100	01,440,402			
viz.—								
Drills		_ :	_ i		663,437			
Mowing machines	614,912	766,146	649,630	665,551	903,889			
Reapers	202,618	448,888	418,634	247,304	301,610			
Harvesters	1,371,843	1,694,600	1,433,377		3,068,797			
Ploughs	328,090	557,731	511,716	479,828	408,883			
Harrows	72,589	124,513	96,670	104,022	126,853			
Hay rakes	150,690	363,538	316,953		293,788			
Seeders	6,811	14,714	8,402	7,040	1,140			
Threshing machines		8,576	93,676	213,265	712,270			
Cultivators	_	_ !	160,475	111,091	182,953			
All other		1,271,047	1,350,903	2,022,981	388,956			
Parts of	451,327	662,022	751,777	659,540	879,214			
Total	4,31 9,385	5,911,775	5,792,213	6,365,824	7,931,790			
Aluminium, pigs, bars,		'	I					
ingots, etc	1,202,723	906 ,976	1,356,807	1,631,287	1,885,074			
Books, pamphlets, maps,				ı				
etc	274,183	343,589	300,653	377 ,686	496,579			
Biscuits and bread	20,853	20,135	21,704	14,996	16,227			
Binder twine	-	787,251	964,689	869,028	453,530			
Bricks	2,371	4,364	2,478	9.251	8,454			
Brooms and whisks	872	-	60,144	38,348	16,989			
Buttons		586	778	536	1,144			
Cartridges, gun, rifle, etc.	35,632	49,928	24,223	11,239	13,353			
Charcoal	$\frac{4,849}{97,380}$	6,095	8,231	11,338	3,073			
Cement	8,259	2,571	3,742	2,861	2,393			
	0,209	1,477	1,891	3,864	36,628			
Clothing and wearing apparel	185,892	251,679	947 007	916 700	140 504			
Coke	217,414	251,079 $255,981$	247,907	316,709	446,524			
Cordage, rope and twine	801,944	73,236	65,532	269,383	332,685			
Cotton fabrics	287,246	134,990	57,224 $104,044$	$\frac{31,282}{53,993}$	60,127			
COUNTRADITOS	201,270	104,550	104,044	53,883	82,636			

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Cotton, otherlb. Cotton wastelb. Drugs, chemicals and	2,038,259	1,695,704	1,042,063	1,724,713	511,399		
medicines, n.e.s	~	-	-	-	-		
Dye stuffs Electrical apparatus	-	-	_	_	_		
Electrotypes	-	-	- 1	-	_		
Extract of hemlock bark	7 007	4.004	0.005	0.400	1.000		
bbl. Explosives and fulminates	7,967	4,094	2,995	2,409	1,969		
n.e.s lb.	838,017	1,136,365	1,173,996	601,168	-		
Fertilizers	~	-	-	-	_		
Fur, manufactures of Glass and glassware, n.e.s.	_	_	-	_	_		
Grindstones, manufac-							
tured	-	-	-	-	-		
Gypsum or plaster, ground	-	_ [_	_	_		
Hats and caps	-	-	-		_		
Household effects, n.e.s	-	-	-	-	_		
India rubber, manufac-							
tures of		-	-		F 001 01		
India rubber wastelb. Iron and steel and mfs. of-	-	_	-	_	5,061,919		
Castings, n.e.s		-	-	-	-		
Gas buoys and parts of	-	-]	-	-	-		
Hardware and tools Machinery	_	_	_	_	_		
Pig iron ton	6,346	8,976	5,716	6,994	9,31		
Scrap iron or steel.cwt.	460,881	144,570	99,287	486,391	851,279		
Sewing machines No. Steel and manufactures	15,527	21,882	14,459	22,532	7,05		
of	-	-	-	-	_		
Stoves No.	807 4,530	$\frac{1,115}{5,378}$	1,195 $4,856$	$\frac{1,465}{3,647}$	$\frac{1,265}{3,126}$		
Typewriters "	4,550	0,010	4,850	3,047	0,12		
Total iron and steel and manufactures							
of	_	_	_	_			
Jewellery of all kinds	_		_		_		
Junkcwt.	268,500	346,472	380,197	423,457	99,523		
Lamps and lanterns	-	-		-	_		
Leather—			İ				
Boots and shoes Harness and saddlery	-	-	-	_	-		
Harness and saddlery	_ [_					

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910 to 1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Cotton, other	27,250	32,877	73,620	23,675	24,591	
Cotton waste	69,820	49,727	35,507	46,993	22,969	
medicines	1,573,575	1,854,136	1,597,792	1,746,528	1,688,778	
Dve stuffs	3,868	3,455	5.394	14,087	6,583	
Electrical apparatus	27,743	50,578	48,897	62,756	106,816	
Electrotypes Extract of hemlock bark	2,408 97,950	4,139 49,012	$\frac{11,811}{35,728}$	3,774 24,480	4,719 $23,771$	
	0,,000	,	,		,	
Explosives and fulminates n.e.s	312,009	308,048	163,646	101,090	228,312	
Fertilizers	371,315	456,827	944,980	1,677,703	2,539,789	
Fur, manufactures of	30,464	32,366	38,189	69,768	53,070	
Glass and glassware, n.e.s	17,153	19,663	20,894	25,013	32,453	
Grindstones, manufac- tured	13,754	23,914	28,127	27,118	54,584	
Gypsum or plaster, ground	2,987	12,514	4,151	7,552	14,225	
Hats and caps	8,440	11,881	17,129	20,633	21,521	
Household effects, n.e.s.	2,274,005	1,962,627	1,903,290	2,212,633	2,841,408	
Ice	28,117	7,068	6,729	7,797	15,922	
India rubber, manufactures of	225,472	216,003	270,500	272,346	272,278	
India rubber waste	,	-	-10,000		413,953	
Iron and steel and mfs. of	99 700	40.000	91 000	40.600	40.040	
Castings, n.e.s	33 ,726	49,363	$31,890 \\ 83,411$	40,608 87,916	46,648 18,832	
Hardware and tools	100,085	142,091	130,479	144,405	201,319	
Machinery	461,527	371,626	394,598	535,442	444.456	
Pig iron	228,183	298,346	262,393	330,002	347,347	
Scrap iron or steel	324,516	117,095 $239,114$	58,351	$236,181 \\ 249,971$	458,800 98,648	
Sewing machines Steel and manufactures	160,336	209,114	162,947	249,911	90,040	
of	853,458	1,038,106		933,754	968,074	
Stoves	11,504	18,161	18,989	24,963	20,618	
Typewriters	302,647	371,473	311,771	261,671	204 ,502	
Total iron and steel						
and manufactures of	2,475,982	2,645,375	2,224,079	2,844,913	2,809,244	
Jewellers' sweepings	73,749	106,745	117.621	164,294	185,081	
Jewellery of all kinds	· -	´ –	98,120	117,391	113,589	
Junk	716,947	774,092		1,706,787	203,302	
Lamps and lanterns	5,818	16,420	10,132	10,737	11,268	
Leather-	40.000	48.646	99.51			
Boots and shoes	48,923 15,720	45,046		42,177	82,529	
Harness and saddlery	10,720	14,778	17,937	13,259	21,288	

¹Not including metallic and rubber.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Leather—con.				!			
Leather, n.e.s lb.	522,532			1,203,641	2,600,577		
Sole" Upper"	4,558,136 $583,444$						
Other manufactures of.	-	-	- 050,210	-	-		
Total leather	_	-	_	_	-		
Lime	_	_	-	-	_		
Liquors— Ale and beer gal.	4,220	1,932	1,593	2,470	10,287		
Gin "	111	154					
Whiskey "	327,925	314,076	298,434		337,357		
Wines	4,842 $258,301$	19,533 475,700	4,207	3,782 $839,493$			
Otherspirits n.e.s. "	33,310	7,557	477,537 7,211	3,728	457,757 438		
Total liquors "	628,709	818,952	789,061	1,178,886			
Metals—					40.00		
Brass, old and scrap cwt.		-	_	_	$\begin{vmatrix} 40,204 \\ 29,001 \end{vmatrix}$		
Copper, old & scrap. " Metallic shingles and		_	_	_	29,001		
laths and corrugated							
roofing	-	- :	-	_	-		
Metals, n.o.p	-	_	_	_	_		
Musical instruments— Organs No.	2,764	2,507	2,940	2,794	2,212		
Pianos"	227	246			196		
Other and parts of	_	_	_	_	_		
Total musical instruments	_	_	i _	_	_		
Oil cakecwt.	466,448	375,440	419,873	691,280	604,670		
Oil, n.e.s gal.	1,778,196						
Paper, viz.:	207 005	004 400	000 100	740 075	EEU 455		
Paper, wallroll. Paper, felt	$387,905 \ 37,772$	604,428 $50,959$		746,075 $54,126$			
Paper, wrapping. 1b.	289,892	285,864			18,252,017		
Paper, printing "	´ - !	´ -	' -	293,583,303	585,157,900		
Paper, n.e.s.	- :	-	_	-	_		
Total paper	_	_	_	_	_		
Paintings, all kinds	-	_	_	_	-		
Plumbago, mfs. of	-	-	_	_			
Photographs	20 007 127	26 212 700	49 566 007	46 602 000	54 774 000		
Ragslb. Ships sold to other	50,901,121	30,313,100	42,000,091		04,114,000		
countries ton	1,108	1,039	1,908	2,825	6,080		
Soaplb.	650,313	584,006	545,212		445,814		
Starch	115,276	184,367	133,540	28,797	160,473		
Stationery	_						
etc., dressed	-		- [- [
euc., uresseu							

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
***	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
V. Manufactures—con. Leather—con.						
Leather, n.e.s	130,958	199 461	171 100	076 107	617 176	
Sole	993,542	$\substack{122,461\\1,582,394}$	171,186 $1,441,585$	276,107 $974,497$		
Upper	171,980	210,424	170,138	102,869		
Other manufactures of.	18,458	23.852	12,775	14,674		
Total leather	1,379,581	1,998,955	1,850,462	1,423,583		
Lime	53,863	40,479	42,337	29,999	28,610	
Liquors—	0.00	005				
Ale and beer	2,687 185	935 275	1,014	1,095		
Gin Whiskey	1,010,657	988,753	$181 \\ 929,763$	1,026,920		
Wines	8,232	13,104	6,493	6,075		
Wood alcohol	129,378	188,461	200,310	309,625		
Other spirits, n.e.s	17,813	5,886	28,266	4,881		
Total liquors	1,168,952	1,197,414	1,166,027	1,348,646		
Metals—		!				
Brass, old and scrap	-	-	-		371,549	
Copper, old and scrap Metallic shingles and	-	-,	-	_	377,012	
laths and corrugated	1	į				
roofing	- 1	- 1	_	_	161,404	
Metals, n.o.p	116,166	146,276	229,947	229,832		
Musical instruments—			,	,	, ,	
Organs	154,899	162,270	224,601	189,824		
Pianos	53,548	59,954	51,280	56,283		
Other and parts of Total musical instru-	7,687	4,138	4,095	7,905	86,679	
ments	216,134	226,362	279,976	254,012	282,707	
Oil cake	625,381	540,119	659,431	1.074,701	832,394	
Oil, n.e.s	121,423	238,289	114,477	215,202		
Paper, viz.:						
Paper, wall	28,384	42,626	62,185	59,174	45,328	
Paper, felt	23,539 9,098	40,180 6,689	35,065 7,308	38,052	50,131	
Paper, printing	2,612,243	3,092,437	3,291,926	100,612 $5,692,126$	615,310 $11,386,845$	
Paper, n.e.s	482,832	730,264	470,635	434,846	577,422	
Total, paper	3,156,096	3,912,196	3.867.119	6,324,810	12,675,036	
Paints and varnishes	68,507	69,266	73,958	128,520	133,356	
Paintings of all kinds	-		47,766	162,878	134,006	
Plumbago, mfs. of	10,203	71,413	26,978	52,403	40,076	
Photographs	5,077 514,327	6,450 $534,258$	6,648	10,053	8,806	
Ships sold to other coun-	017,021	00±,200	561,943	675,068	820,644	
tries	58,470	55,185	56,000	107,850	128,493	
Soap	28,198	25,125	23,955	23,947	27,400	
Starch	5,418	9,845	3,223	1,282	7,927	
Stationery	23,380	31,358	40,320	70,046	67,211	
Stone, granite, marble, etc., dressed	96 144	0.700		6 .5-		
eoo., uresseu	26,144	2,760	1,232	3,407	7,179	

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Manufactures—con.	8						
Sugar, all kinds lb. Sugar-house syrup gal. Tar	85,580 201,865 -	29,025 43,124 -	290,185 127,020 -	71,236 183,759 -	1,90 153,52 -		
Tin, manufactures of	- }	-		-	-		
Tobacco— Cigars	. 74 26 384,834 37,572 - 496	57 28 538,394 46,889 - 3,658	130 96 518,154 10,658 - 6,526	61 34 770,290 45,495 - 1,685	35 $767,62$ $10,26$ $ 1,27$		
	450	3,050	0,020	1,000	1,21		
Vehicles— Automobiles No. Automobiles, parts of	346	627	1,891	3,766	6,30		
Carriages NO. Carriages, parts of	310	952	1,064	1,138	5 4		
Carts	882 176 83	498 212 78	1,061 152 99 -	383 119 92 -	1,69 17 9		
Other vehicles Vinegargal.	528	- 325	239	170	33		
Wood— Barrels, empty NO. Household furniture Doors, sashes and	22,202 -	16,091	27,914 -	23,493	12,40		
blinds	-	-			_		
splints	-		-	-			
furnishings Pails, tubs, churns and other hollow wooden-	-						
ware	-	-		-			
Spool wood and spools Wood pulpcwt. Other manufactures of	5,903, 456	6,588, 655	5,858,8 <mark>07</mark>	5,862,176	6,331,80		
Total wood and mfs. of	_	-		-	-		
Woollens Other articles of manu-	-	-	_	-	-		
factures	~	-	-	-	•		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sugar, all kinds, n.e.s	6,213	1,525	9,580	2,631	126	
Sugar-house syrup	13,767	6,112	9,474	13,338	10,779	
Tar	82,607	58,422	41,775	69,969		
Tin, manufactures of	43,610	18,626	43,256	62,100	53,683	
Tobacco						
Cigars	1,951	1,330	2,582	2,538	1,373	
Cigarettes	32	242	604	302		
Stems and cuttings	15,485	28,217	41,579	52,514	55,685	
All other, n.e.s	14,870	18,860	5,866	15,859	7,773	
Total tobacco	$32,338 \ 2,333$	$48,649 \\ 13,314$	$50,631 \\ 30,455$	$71,213 \\ 8,612$		
10	2,000	10,014	00,100	0,012	0,201	
Vehicles—	_					
Automobiles	405,011	595,746	1,443,911	2,284,820	3,571,862	
Automobiles, parts of	05.304	- 50.745	82,092	99,709	235,857	
Carriages Carriages, parts of	25,384 $46,841$	52,745 $91,362$	54,291 54,140	57,146 $64,121$	$egin{array}{c} 37,232 \ 34,687 \end{array}$	
Carts	32,243	25,499	39,073	11,003	51,093	
Wagons	10,104	12,280	7,855	6.184	9.406	
Bicycles	2,655	2,919	6,372	9,124	8,255	
Bicycles, parts of	71,670	64,137	57,197	39,768		
Other vehicles Vinegar	55,882 175	306,504 116	$230,256 \\ 54$	51,855 35	55,945 82	
v mogai	1.0	110		00	02	
Wood—	a aaa	4	15.100	22.00		
Barrels, empty	27,682	15,703	18,100	28,903		
Household furniture Doors, sashes and	255,232	252,336	335,354	381,506	411,074	
blinds	29,169	20,326	22,176	11,283	20,699	
Matches and match		, l	, ,		•	
splints	121,365	85,663	10,679	2,436	334	
Mouldings, trimmings, and other household						
furnishings	3,555	1,786	2,817	1,767	5,601	
Pails, tubs, churns and	,,,,,,	_,,	-, 0-1	2,000	0,002	
other hollow wooden-						
ware	13,349	15,050	7,316	6,865	4,553	
Spool wood and spools Wood pulp	80,977 5,204,597	95,052 $5,715,532$	54,146 5,094,305	57,373 5,509,544	$27,056 \ 6,364,824$	
Other manufactures of	358,918	459.858	477,924	426,596	396,842	
Total wood and mfs.			,,,,,,,,	, i	230,012	
of	6,094,844	6,661,306	6,022,817	6,426,273	7,245,211	
Woollens Other articles of manu-	62,648	43,614	59,955	69,439	81,555	
factures	1,111,442	786,392	835,794	1,013,546	1,134,895	
	-,,	100,002	000,101	1,010,040	1,101,090	
•						

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
I. Mineral produce.	-	_					
Arsenic lb. Asbestos ton	3,967,513 64,038		4,370,077 76,316		105,97		
Asbestos sand " Barytes, ground and		~	-	-	28,43		
ungroundcwt.	1,826,339		$68 \\ 1,494,756$	2,055,993	1,498,82		
Chromite (chr. iron) " Feldspar" "	1,160 11,494		16,639	13,376	18,89		
Gold-bearing quartz, dust, nuggets, etc	_	1	_	_	_		
Gypsum or plaster, crudeton.	335,916	359,217	357,502	379,393	395,95		
Metals— Copper, fine, contained	,	,	,	,	, , , ,		
in ore, matte, regulus, etclb.	57 536 116	54,925,686	54 426 980	80 947 219	83 250 19		
Copper, black or coarse, cement copper and	01,000,110	01,020,000	01,120,000	00,011,210	, 00,200,10		
copper in pigslb. Lead, metallic, contain-	_	79,656	-	2,717,201	-		
ed in ore, etclb. Lead, pig	6,222,061 $12,223,254$		113,940 71,961	305,600	274,76		
Nickel, fine, contained	12,220,204	0,101,241	11,301				
in ore matte or speiss lb.	30,615,886	34,767,523	33,230,708	48,168,090	50,580,53		
Platinum, contained in concentrates or other	0.010	0.4	40	90	,,,		
formsoz. Silver, metallic, con-	2,218	84	48	89	18		
tained in ore, concentrates, etcoz.		33,731,010	30,882,716	35,264,018	36,758,27		
Micalb. Mineral pigments, iron	875,451	,	765,830	906,912	'		
oxides, ochres, etclb. Mineral water gal.	1,121,596 58,152		5,503,150 19,985				
Oils, mineral, coal and kerosene, crudegal.	_	_	-	18,500	3,65		
Oils, mineral, coal and kerosene, refined gal.	9,093	1,493	1,934	40,641			
Total oils" Ores—	9,093	1,493	1,934	59,141	25,44		
Antimonyton Corundum	37 -	245 -	$\substack{1\\1,227}$	1,813	88		
Iron	$31,535 \\ 4$	\sim 2	37,657 12	135,587	113,6		
Other	11,317 $42,893$	9,914 114,968	7,629 $46,576$	15,976 153,384	11,43 125,91		
Phosphates "	895	-	3	-	18		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
VI. Mineral produce, totals	\$ 40,087,017	\$ 42,787,561	\$ 41,324,516	\$ 57,442,546	\$ 59,039,054		
ArsenicAsbestosAsbestos sandBarytes, ground and un-	160,287 1,886,613 -	69,381 2,076,477 -	82,234 2,097,814 -	108,305 2,486,769 -	117,497 2,891,669 162,767		
ground	150 5,013,221 13,556	6,014,095 150			3,703,765		
Feldspar	35,975			45,737	75,988		
nuggets, etc	6,016,126	5,344,465	7,193,392	11,226,573	13,326,755		
Gypsum or plaster, crude. Metals— Copper, fine, contained	396,495	427,903	422,506	43 9,488	480,779		
in ore, matte, regulus, etc	6,023,925	5,567,078	5,646,206	9,551,899	9,489,729		
copper in pigs Lead, metallic, contain-	-	7,995	-	359,643	_		
ed in ore, etc Lead, pig Nickel, fine, contained	132,440 396,982	1,308 99,625			7,562 -		
in ore, matte, or speiss Platinum, contained in concentrates or other	3,320,054	3,842,332	3,743,920	5,045,197	5,374,738		
forms	61,717	2,311	2,578	3,519	7,784		
trates, etc	15,009,937 299,076	17,269,168 308,851	15,908,409 258,329				
oxides, ochres, etc Mineral water Oils, mineral, coal, and	8,300 8,078	31,131 6,062	35,148 11,712	27,109 3,991	19,638 610		
kerosene, crude Oils. mineral. coal and	-	-	-	3,964	379		
kerosene, refined Total oils	1,155 1,155	241 241	156 156	6,723 10,687	3,119 3,498		
Ores— Antimony Corundum	1,855	17,173 -	133 130,844	_ 196,013	99,744		
Iron	80,540 160	304,718 51	133,361 474	426,633 303	398,023		
Other Total ores Phosphates	581,797 664,352 15,735	634,816 956,758 -	388,484 653,296 100	568,198 1,191,147	734,993 1,232,760 497		

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Plumbago, crude ore and concentratescwt. Pyriteston Saltlb. Sand and gravelton Stone, ornamental, granite, marble, etc., unwroughtton Stone, building, freestone, limestone, etcton Stone for manufacture of grindstones, rough, ton Total stone" Other articles of the mine	25,656 26,939 365,265 543,967 965 37,682 433 39,080	7,937 35,710 397,500 582,042 319 61,725 - 62,044	30,755 27,865 307,300 585,362 132 85,481 15 85,628	34,664 3,427 375,650 646,345 2,524 114,685	30,127 46,293 369,900 685,143 160 192,327	
VII. Miscellaneous produce.						
Coffee lb. Dried fruits, n.e.s " Rice " Rice meal " Other miscellaneous articles Coin— Gold and silver	25,850 11,979 840,452 1,892,664	10,181 2,727 700,190 2,266,200	86,323 16,438 40,000 3,369,548 -	87,070 5,589 - 978,000 - -	66,933 3,380 100 2,613,800	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

	1			1	
I. Agricultural produce.					
Bamboo reeds cut to					
length	, -	-	-	-	_
Breadstuffs, etc., viz.:—	}	ļ			
Biscuits, all kinds. lb.	927.892	1,420,734	1,690,063	1,810,780	2,275,872
Macaroni and vermi-	'	′ ′		,	
$\operatorname{celli} \ldots \ldots \operatorname{lb}.$	71,514	81,935	84,264	110,791	214,376
Rice, all kinds "	21,208,686	5,303,262	6,202,981	6,996,981	7,270,434
Rice and sago flour "	438,659		167,696	744,453	76,792
Other breadstuffs. "	1.367,913	1,009,875		1,078,359	77,175
Total breadstuffs "	24,014,664	8,215,389	9,389,352	10,741,364	9,914,649
Caria and made de de		[ļ		
Grain and products of—	44.000	6,362	11,175	83,963	30,494
Beansbush.		0,302	11,110	4,034	60,134
Indian corn "	4,800	4,190	5,523	3,574	2,707
Oats "	15,578	4,190	0,020	3,014	2,101
	1				

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF CANADA.

14.—Exports of Canada to All Countries in quantities and values by classes of home produce in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

	VALUES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Plumbago, crude ore and	a= 0.40	00.000		70.045	01 000	
concentrates	67,942	32,380	66,477	79,045	81,209	
Pyrites	114,044	118,962	110,109	7,007	212,220	
Salt	2,731	3,419	5,411	3,358	2,140 $485,578$	
Sand and gravel	284,438	401,183	415,304	443,638	400,070	
ite, marble, etc., un-			1			
wrought	8,610	2,533	1.590	1,889	5,396	
Stone, building, freestone,	0,010	2,000	2,000	2,000	0,000	
limestone, etc	18,232	20,083	24,999	29,110	93,007	
Stone for manufacture of	, j	•	, ,	'	•	
grindstones, rough	2,023	-	22	-	_	
Total stone	28,865	22,616	26,611	30,999	98,403	
Other articles of the mine	124,823	133,098	242,445	292,891	83,404	
VII. Miscellaneous produce						
totals	125,161	285,815	111.676	97,311	121,088	
Coffee	4,991	1,992	15,385	11,935	11,517	
Dried fruits, n.e.s	692	129	1,177	410	352	
Rice	14,166	11,802	960		3	
Rice meal	31,522	26,967	41,911	15,330	45,876	
Other miscellaneous						
articles	73,790	244,925	52,243	69,636	63,340	
Coin—		1	-		- 0-0	
Gold and silver	-	-	-	-	1,219	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

					
I. Agricultural produce,	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
totals	2,111,567	2.443,802	3,253,791	3,033,820	2,644,109
Bamboo reeds, cut to	_,,	_,,_	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,_
length	740	5	41	94	479
Breadstuffs, etc., viz:—					
Biscuits, all kinds	114,941	163,797	184,580	221,402	299,103
Macaroni and vermi-					,
celli	3,408	3,947	4,538	4,849	9,924
Rice, all kinds	395,379	127,325	164,531	218,217	227,799
Rice and sago flour	9,435	10,270	4,274	16,242	2,447
Other breadstuffs	28,617	24,987	47,864	40,047	4,764
Total breadstuffs	551,780	330,326	405,787	500,757	544,037
Grain and products of-					
Beans	64,384	11,440	24,580	161,103	60,114
Indian corn	3,906	-	18	3,838	12
Oats	13,449	3,122	3.578	2,553	2,668

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Agricultural produce—con.			1			
Grain and products of			į			
—con. Peasbush.	3,562	2,330	3,908	36,577	25,8	
Wheat	281	2,000	91:	10	20,0	
Other grains "	2,561	17	311	130	•	
Total grains "	70,790	12,903	21,010	128 ,288	59,2	
Bran, mill feed, etc	´	· - ı	´-	´ -	,	
Cereal foods, prepared		-	1			
Indian or corn meal bbl.	50'	25			00.0	
Oatmeal lb.	8,596	7,820	12,124	24,564	30,3	
Wheat flour bbl.	41	6	21	28		
Other grain products. Total grain products.	_	_ !	<u> </u>			
Grand total bread-				į		
stuffs			_	_ !		
Broom corn		_	- ,	_		
Cane and rattans, not			i	į		
manufactured	- !		_	'		
Cider gal.	352	383	810	991,	1,8	
Cocoa beans, not roasted,	404 000	455 550	F00 00H	017 000	HFO 1	
crushed or ground. lb.	426,289 600	457 ,753 200.	560,067	917,339	759,1	
Cocoanuts No. Cotton wool or raw	000	200	47,900	80,200		
cotton wool of law	53,706	46,890	21,341	_		
Fibre, Mexican, istle	00,.00	10,000	,011	ļ		
or tampico cwt.	448	354	306	100	2	
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s. "	796	1,514	1,769	1,822	1,3	
Florists' stock	-	-	-	-		
Fruits, dried, including				ļ		
nuts	154 007	057 000	544 44G	120 200	102 7	
Currantslb.	$154,867 \ 362,655$	257,888 $291,507$	544,446 $152,746$	132,308 318,960	$193,7 \\ 452,8$	
Dates " Figs "	592,055	679,128	667,561	317,176	$\frac{402,8}{245,7}$	
Prunes and plums "	20,914	18,715	32,987	338	23,6	
Raisins	693,621	232,315	419,137	341,762	586,6	
Other dried fruit "	3,083	4,280	9,374	15,098	332.0	
Nuts, all kinds "	312,509	454,455	1,081,882	689,633	917,6	
Total dried fruits "	2,139,800	1,938,288	2,908,133	1,815,275	2,752,3	
Fruits, green—				0.46 - 2-		
Grapeslb.	1,299,446	994,627	1,311,187	948,188	1,443,1	
Oranges, lemons, limes,		1				
etc	10.046		_ `	_		
Pineapples No.	10,946	-		_		
All other	_		_			
Fruits, preserved		- i	_ '	- ,		
Hemp, dressed or un-	1			į		
dressedcwt.	16,768	25,617	29,547	18,825	7,39	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

	VALUES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
. Agricultural produce—con. Grain and products of	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
—con. Peas	9,615	7,968	14,940	54,542	51,98	
Wheat	445	6	93	13	26	
Other grains	3,093	17	508	173	8	
Total grains	94,892	22,553	43,717	222,222	115,12	
Bran, mill feed, etc	$\frac{2,319}{9,081}$	3,321	5,271	53,269	10,45	
Cereal foods, prepared. Indian or corn meal	162	12,109. 85	30,757	28,498	25,39	
Oatmeal	372	348	548	1,226	1,47	
Wheat flour	202	38	115	165	12	
Other grain products	25,988	25,500	35,685	70,810	140,02	
Total grain products	38,124	41,401	72,376	153,968	177,48	
Grand total bread-			· l			
stuffs	684,796	394,280	521,880	876,947	836,63	
Broom corn	- ;	- 1	2,520	1,166	-	
Cane and rattans, not	1 501	9.040	1 760	1 999	0.2	
manufactured	$1,531 \\ 354$	$\frac{3,042}{343}$	1,768	1,333	2,34	
CiderCocoa beans, not roasted,	334	343	887	1,045	1,82	
crushed or ground	56,658	65,479	79,874	132,200	110,54	
Cocoanuts	15	8	1,151	2,076	-	
Cotton wool or raw cotton	8,201	7,803	2,387	-	-	
Fibre, Mexican, istle or	4,898	3,420	3,272	1,412	2,39	
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s.	7,764	13,926	12,194	15,346	13,06	
Florists' stock	5,728	10,177	8,918	17,109	15,37	
Fruits, dried, including nuts—						
Currants	7,023	12,964	30,830	7,508	9,03	
Dates	12,153	8,922,	6,453	10,445	15,80	
Figs	16,610	22,458	20,293	13,335	9,67	
Prunes and plums	991	1,143	3,672	63	96	
Raisins	27,261	14,072	27,389	24,923	3 0,54	
Other dried fruits	81	189	954	1,887	22,01	
Nuts, all kinds	36,607	55,030	106,051	82,504	100,78	
Total dried fruits	100,726	114,778	195,642	140,665	188,81	
Fruits, green—	1		İ			
Grapes	104,679	79,192	106,729	78,463	117,42	
Oranges, lemons, limes,		•	, i		ŕ	
etc	167,220	156,615	110,827	107,120	118,56	
Pineapples	816	700	1.000			
All other	272 728	198	1,928	1,750	1,39	
Total fruits, green Fruits, preserved	272,728 $36,067$	236,005	219,484	187,333	237,38	
Hemp, dressed or un-	90,001	60,643	116,804	151,429	69,45	
	98,856	139.396	156.990	112 389	56,48	
dressed	98,856	139,396	156,990	112,389	56,	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
. Agricultural produce—con.						
Hopslb. Maltbush. Oils, vegetablegal. Oils, vegetablelb. Picklesgal. Plants and trees	182,984 101 575,872 1,133,195 217,055	158,346 56 308,459 3,373,561 288,613	203,002 707 229,489 4,379,122 322,636	107,291 26,706 238,651 825,930 350,214	117,94 5,47 196,12 187,64 313,18	
Seeds, garden, field, etc Seed, flaxbush. Seeds, all other Total seeds	158 -	118,621	56,973	2 	- • •	
Sugar, maple and maple syrup lb.	550	-	175	350	-	
Tobacco, unmanufac- tured" Vegetables	213,648	58,357	359,584	120,035	97,80	
Other agricultural products	-	-		-		
I. Animals and their pro-						
Animals, living— Cattle	91 87	247 115	• 154 159	304 194	1 2	
Fowls, domestic, pure bred " Hogs " Horses "	$472 \\ 6 \\ 1,274$	$378 \\ 8 \\ 1,722$	693 - 1,635	994 - 2,126	1,6 1,5	
Sheep" Other animals Total animals, living	158 - -	198 - -	65 - -	14 - -	1	
Bones, crude, bone dust, etccwt. Bristleslb. Eggsdoz.	22,063 59,166 7,226	6,984 90,967 12,040	$9,446 \\ 113,711 \\ 26$	24,141 $95,999$ $6,035$	16,1 111,9 7	
Feathers	_	 	-	-		
tially dressed	180,260 98,792	$342,769 \\ 138,583$	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 402,599 \\ 17,692 \end{array}$	503,182 5,367	442,2 402,8	
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned	2,689 $46,358$	20,181 16,383	33,050 30,425	8,389 42,461	31,4	
Hatters' furs	$ \begin{array}{r} -\\ 10,359,063\\ 40,619\\ 14,763 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} - \\ 4,328,067 \\ 16,633 \\ 10,691 \end{array}$	4,828,235 $52,497$ $9,954$	$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 6,897,460 \\ 71,174 \\ 22,327 \end{array}$	3,302,4 $16,2$ $85,0$	
Milk, condensed "Oils, animalgal.	3,206	1,409	2,398	6,103	5,5	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Agricultural produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Hops	49,276	49,580	87,205	40,501	44,663		
Malt	104	55	891	26,673	6,507		
Oils, vegetable	$117,979 \\ 63,902$	221,892 $294,169$	161,732 $407,602$	180,802 70,676	175,148 $13,297$		
Pickles	192,251	241,118	283,806	296,386	292,52		
Plants and trees	8,240	11,979	10,345	15,683	18,28		
Seeds, garden, field, etc	21,725	34,318	291,721	132,519	83,48		
Seed, flax	482	241,270	125,624	118,121	50 130,61		
Seeds, all other Total seeds	38,219 $60,426$	37,288 312,876	56,609 473,954	250,647	214,140		
Sugar, maple and maple	00,420	012,0.0	1,0,001	200,011	211,111		
syrup	49	-	17	35			
Tobacco, unmanufactured	66,534	24,601	124,571	- 38,905	29,64		
Vegetables	110,072	120,250	280,915	337,215	214,33		
Other agricultural pro-							
ducts	163,672	117,977	98,941	135,753	100,76		
I. Animals and their pro-							
ducetotals.	4,386,139	3,177,213	3,718,703	4,842,861	3,579,81		
Animals, living—	15 500	01 660	01 700	41 070	00.00		
Cattle Dogs	15,738 $4,747$	$21,660 \ 6,675$	$21,763 \ 12,394$	$41,278 \\ 10,279$	$28,22 \\ 12,12$		
Fowls, domestic, pure	Ξ,1Ξ1		12,001	10,210	12,12		
bred	3,546	2,684	4,029	4,583	4,41		
Hogs	105	340	-		1,55		
Horses	$518,227 \ 3,911$	552,732	615,899 760	613,288 550	344,900 $5,720$		
Other animals	3,299	7,189 3,479	913	2,872	3,97		
Total animals, living	549,573	594,759	655,758	672,850	400,91		
Bones, crude, bone dust,							
etc	49,563	20,288	22,437	57,599	56,93		
Bristles	48,645	71,312	89,349	82,895	102,42		
Eggs	1,234	2,128	72	1,597	21		
Feathers	41,741	39,196	49,302	106,048	49,49		
Fur skins, not dressed Fur skins, wholly or par-	250,669	183,944	202,314	379,194	250,269		
tially dressed	366,963	322,093	279,587	384,094	153,71		
Grease and degras	4,641	6,771	13,884	15,264	15,37		
Grease, rough	6,042	7,090	565	379	24,810		
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned	3,501	23,582	15,812	9,210	9,10		
Hair, horse	45,483	13,926	30,721	42,403	26,86		
Hatters' furs	20,918	23,101	30,840	10,022	12,67		
Hides and skins, raw	1,642,833	704,630	763,604	1,227,044	706,690		
Honey	1,629 $1,111$	1,205	4,120 1,388	5,969 2,583	1,539		
	1 1 1 1 1	1,243	LASS	2 5831	5,320		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

							
Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	• 1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their pro- duce—con.							
Provisions, viz.— Butterlb. Cheese	6,161 55,735	29,252 48,547	700,900 58,395		91,900 49,472		
pound, etc " Meats, viz.:— Bacon and hams, shoul-	251,970	588,251	138,923	368,291	310,726		
ders and sides. lb. Beef, salted " Canned meats and can- ned poultry and game	4,721 630	3,649 7,902	11,576 22,040				
lb. Extracts of meat, fluid	81,796	298,662	1,067,619	1,098,790	1,523,044		
beef, etc Mutton and lamb, fresh	-	-	_	_	-		
lb. Pork "	400	47,693	$\frac{-}{60,172}$	10,246	$251,287 \\ 3,829$		
Poultry and game "Other meats "Total meats	124,764 -	55,8 7 9	25,348 -	32,283	- -		
RennetSausage casings		_	_	_	-		
Silk, raw, etc	1,735 4,595,434 -	292 3,142,209 -	5,726 3,962,722 -	8,022 4,573,672	1,046 3,929,650		
III. Fisheries produce.							
Anchovies and sar- dinesboxes	1,290,079	1,633,694	1,634,333	1,481,866	1,314,273		
Cod, haddock, ling and pollock, all kinds lb.	75	304	-	63,654	28,780		
Halibut" Herring"	593,752	758,767	839,056	1,075,773	1,417,096		
Lobsters	$\frac{1,648}{230}$	7,504 410	9,004	6,266	948 6,600 1,000		
Salmon	7,369	3,088 19,104	19,172 $62,089$	3,847 113,709	62,116		
smoked, etc	-		_	-	-		
Fish oil— Cod gal. Cod-liver "	2,663	210 3,579 307	12 646 144	3,153 140	379 2,131 6,975		
Other	2,663	4,096	802	3,293	9,485		
eries			- !				

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their pro-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
duce—con.							
Provisions, viz.:—	, , ,	2 245	001.010	000 000	04.000		
ButterCheese	1,514 $22,487$	6,945 10,809	$201,219 \\ 13,904$	200,389 14,688	24,322 $12,066$		
Lard and lard com-	22,401	10,009	10,501	. 11,000	12,000		
pound, etc	26,568	68,058	13,008	40,141	40,417		
Meats, viz.:—	•	,	,	,	•		
Bacon and hams, shoul-	1 000	001	1 001	0.000	10 505		
ders and sides	1,066	$\frac{921}{702}$	1,891	9,086	10,767 220		
Beef, salted	33	102	1,790	1,013	220		
Canned meats and can-	i	ĺ					
ned poultry and game	16,230	56,891	147,445	201,995	276,086		
Extracts of meat, fluid	41 574	FF 400	194 009	00 001	010 045		
beef, etc Mutton and lamb, fresh	41,574	57,403	134,203	96,381	$212,347 \\ 25,151$		
wittion and famo, fresh	_	_ [_		20,101		
Pork	20	6,252	5,440	956	414		
Poultry and game	4,907	10,484	7,863	9,969	14,144		
Other meats	11,010	4,654	3,124	5,126	7,661		
Total meats	74,840	137,307	301,756	324,526	546,790		
RennetSausage casings	$ \begin{array}{c} 616 \\ 24,143 \end{array} $	$\frac{2,029}{32,702}$	$4,419 \\ 31,364$	$3,584 \ 46,637$	2,306 $68,131$		
Silk, raw, etc	128	4,944	6.657	19.864	19,653		
Wax, bees'	486	90	1,627	1,555	379		
Wool	975,887	736,663	856,073	1,081,706	1,014,157		
Other articles	222,422	161,617	128,454	109,355	32,563		
III. Fisheries produce, totals	148,902	206,544	224,641	247,971	246,858		
Anchovies and sardines	69,318	85,834	85,272	82,977	73,205		
Cod, haddock, ling and	1.5	90	ļ	9,090	1 000		
pollock, all kinds Halibut	15 5	32	_	3,839	1,880		
Herring	22,893	29,510	34,182	44,823	66,952		
Lobsters	- 1	- 1		´ - \	220		
Mackerel	137	381	456	325	320		
Oysters	21	33	198	851	75		
Salmon Seafish, other	1,628	151 1,581	1,307 7,916	$359 \\ 13,717$	7,774		
Other fish, fresh, pickled,	1,020	1,001	1,010	10,111	1,112		
smoked, etc	51,558	83,872	93,541	95,820	89,879		
Total fish	145,575	201,394	222,872	242,711	240,305		
Fish oil—		0.40	117		90*		
CodCod-liver	1,608	243 3,995	17 717	1,903	397 1,188		
Other	-,000	77	146	94	3,845		
Total fish oil	1,608	4,315	880	1,997	5,430		
Other articles of the	1 710	00-		,			
fisheries	1.719	835	889	3,263	1,123		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Forest produce.		:		!		
Corkwood	-	-	-	-	-	
rough sawn to shape only, etc	-	_	_		- - -	
Ivory nuts, vegetable Logs and round unmanufactured timber	-	-	-		-	
Lumber and timber, planks and boards, etc., viz.:—	ţ	!	i			
Boards, planks, deals, etc	- - 176	2 - 218	4 - 301	45 - 398	2:	
Oak	-	15 - 4,368	1,158 - -	800	95	
Other lumber and timber Total lumber and timber	-	<u> </u>	-	- -		
Other articles of the forest		<u>-</u> :	-		-	
V. Manufactures.	:			4		
Ale, beer and porter, gal. Ale, ginger Antiseptic surgical dress-	246,370	304,153	400,032	495,058	467,50	
ing Asphaltum or asphalt,cwt Baking powderlb. Balls, cues and racks for	218 6,323	6,655 6,509	$_{6,506}^{-146}$	$\begin{array}{c} -1,613 \\ 16,453 \end{array}$	15,59 7,7	
bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except	-	-	_	-		
rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and	-	-	. 1	-	•	
suspensory bandages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells		- - -	-	-		
Billiard tables N Binder twine lb.	$68 \\ 334,933$	$108 \\ 163,230$	$ \begin{array}{c} 258 \\ 95,500 \end{array} $	$301 \\ 138,144$	$\frac{2!}{1,1!}$	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	Values.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
IV. Forest producetotals	32,785	33,626	82,004	63,145	82,005	
Corkwood	1,395 36	1,562	918 5		858 7	
only, etc	448	-		_	_	
Hickory billets	15 - -	25 -	- - 28	463 1,126	- 67 -	
factured timber	-	_	3,407	4,618	16,425	
Lumber and timber, planks, boards, etc., viz.:—						
Boards, planks, deals,		67	205	1 900	0 611	
etc	_	67 61	305	1,388	8,611	
Mahogany Oak	19,105	23,833 $2,278$			47,344 6,074	
Timber, hewn and sawed	-	·· –	85	_	419	
Walnut Other lumber and tim-	-	663	_	60	73	
ber	2,387	1,345	3,977	3,473	1,103	
Total lumber and timber	21,492	28,247	73,067	49,493	63,624	
Other articles of the forest	9,399	3,792	4,579	2,206	1,024	
V. Manufactures totals	82,294,555	95,978,787	99,105,987	119,850,338	115,569,081	
Ale, beer and porter	219,461	271,836			421,874	
Ale, ginger	17,529	25,958	27,659	30,827	32,185	
ing	40,060	52,476			75,281	
Asphaltum or asphalt Baking powder	243 753	5,842 757	159 813		15,412 933	
Balls, cues and racks for		101	010	1,000	ฮออ	
bagatelle tables	1,045	4,070			5,704	
Baskets	7,533	13,904	19,452	18,407	16,951	
rubber and leather	102,839	199,481	238,490	349,858	286,877	
Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory bandages	6,893	5,576	7,784	11,901	12,517	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s	85,009	69,534	74,774	49,589		
Bells	4,067	15,156	14,337		20,052	
Billiard tables Binder twine	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } & 8,145 \\ & 27,442 \end{array}$	25,202 15,678	58,620 9,127		67,893 136	
211401 0111101	21,772	10,010	7,127	9,140	130	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	į	i				
Binder twine, articles for		i I				
the manufacture of	-	-	-	-	-	
Blacking, shoe and shoe- makers' ink, etc	_	_	_	_	_	
Blueing, laundry, all kinds	_	_ '	_	_	_	
Boats No.	17	27	40	44	2	
Bolting cloths	-	-	-	-	-	
Books, periodicals and				Ì		
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces	<u> </u>	_ [_			
Boots, shoes and slippers,	_	_	_	-	_	
except rubber and						
leather	_	:	-	-	-	
Braces, suspenders and			}			
parts of Brass and mfs. of—	-		-	-		
Brass, old and scrap,						
cwt.	436	_	21	502	13	
Brass, in blocks, ingots				7.7		
or pigscwt.	21	68	-	102	-	
Brass tubing, not pol-	400.050	700 010	000 550	470 100	944.0	
ished, etc lb. Brass rods and sheets	483,058	739,619	606,556	479,186	344,07	
for mfs cwt.	1,712	1,911	759	1,183	80	
Brass wire, plain lb.	44,909	34,145	43,632	35,671	12,05	
Brass, other	′-	´-:	′-	-	´ -	
Total mfs. of brass	-	- '	-	-	-	
Bricks, tiles and manufac-						
tures of clay, n.e.s	-	- :	-)	-	-	
British gum doutring	-	- 1	-	-	_	
British gum, dextrine, sizing cream, etc lb.	368,462	360,891	498,643	453,973	416,93	
Brooms, whisks and	000,102	000,001	100,010	200,210	220,00	
brushes	-	_	-		-	
Buttons		-		-	01400	
Candleslb.	149,537	189,309	233,693	273,187	214,23	
Cane, reed or rattan, split or manufactured	_	_	_	_	_	
Carbons over 6 inches			Ì			
in circumference for		1		l		
mfrs NO.	-	100	-	-		
Carriages and narts of						
Carriages and parts of— Automobiles and motor			ĺ			
vehicles No.	73	236	321	352	399	
Automobiles, parts of			-	Į	-	
Buggies, carriages, plea-		a =	40	64	90	
sure carts, etc No.	14	30	40	24	22	

IMPORTS OF CANADA.

.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	Values.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	2,812	998	1,346	730	518	
makers' ink, etc Blueing, laundry, all kinds	16,035 $31,749$	10,869 39,110	39,619	43,989		
BoatsBolting clothsBooks, periodicals and	$\begin{array}{c} 1,345 \\ 660 \end{array}$	1,961 53		3,201	4,386 70	
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces' Boots, shoes and slippers, except rubber and	1,081,666 95,707	1,135,853 92,120		1,543,524 110,041		
leatherBraces, suspenders and	74,840	81,492	84,116	180,250	209,630	
parts of	15,464	16,354	11,250	15,555	13,551	
Brass, old and scrap Brass, in blocks, ingots	3,558	-	208	7,256	2,088	
or pigs Brass, tubing, not pol-	376	1,213	-	2,172	-	
ished, etc Brass rods and sheets	82,351	113,580	96,016	94,794	,	
for mfs Brass wire, plain	25,304 5,876	26,969 $4,589$	$11,486 \\ 6,591$	$20,795 \\ 6,687$	$13,461 \\ 2,605$	
Brass, other	202,797 $320,262$	286,694 $433,045$	285,733 400,034	339,363 471,067	$327,090 \\ 411,143$	
Bricks, tiles and manufac- tures of clay, n.e.s	271,638	368,406	335,358	324,068	247,269	
3ricks, fire	70,705	73,128	105,904	114,201	212,273	
sizing cream, etc Brooms, whisks, and	8,715	12,188	14,008	14,055	11,831	
brushes	$\begin{array}{c} 45,630 \\ 108,957 \end{array}$	73,278 $131,660$	78, 184 108,026	110,776 $139,229$	119,146 143,109	
Candles	14,290	17,094	18,784	25,078	18,697	
or manufactured	286	174	686	2,286	14	
Carbons over 6 inches in circumference for mfs		7		-	4	
Carriages, and parts of— Automobiles and motor	100 100	200 040	240.000	500.010	404.655	
vehicles	$106,\!126\\10,\!646$	$308,640 \\ 22,815$	342,600 16,387	583,910 14,005	621,979 31,981	
pleasure carts, etc	$1{,}795$	4,125	6,916	2,283	1,732	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Carriages and parts of —con.			ļ				
Wagons, farm, freight, and drays No. Cars, all kinds " Carriages, other, and	13 16	7 99	2 164	17 114	50		
parts of	- -	-	-	-	_		
Carpets, n.e.syd. Carpet sweepersno. Cash registers	6,635 - 2	16,767 3 -	1,893 - -	1,264 8 -	4,847 10 -		
Cement. Chalk, prepared. Chief, lindwid roset	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -		
Chicory, kiln dried, roasted or ground lb. Church vestments Clocks, clock cases,	287,370 -	256,808	306,636 -	418,327	314,625		
springs and movements Clothes wringers No. Coal and pine pich gal. Cocoa cartering, mats	814,296	680,155	463,667	257,702	127,67		
and matting	156,395	128,422	95,327	197,667	16,58		
paste, etclb. Coffee, roasted or ground,	1,328,255	2,084,548	1,917,821	2,345,850	5,167,59		
extracts of, etclb. Coketon	56,515 $1,972$	$85,693 \\ 287$	96,449 679	$209,866 \\ 143$	157,508 33'		
Combs, dress and toilet. Copper and mfs. of—	-	-	_	_	-		
Copper, in blocks, pigs or ingotscwt. Copper, in bars and	22	6	-	500	410		
rods, in coil, etc. " Copper, in strips	65	17,427	3 90	7,077	202		
sheets or plates. " Copper tubing, not	848	798	94	1,037	329		
polished lb. Copper, wire, plain,	282,287	224,251	277,962	·	•		
tinned or plated " Copper, other Total	188,058 -	3,151 - -	20,772 - -	3,257	3,29 - -		
	1 900 020	1,953,151	2,331,075	3,010,211	3,174,269		
Cordage and twineslb. Cork and other manufactures of cork bark	1,809,932	- 1,800,101	±,001,010 -	-	-		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Carriages and parts of —con.		!				
Wagons, farm, freight,						
and drays	584	893			144	
Cars, all kinds	693	11,413	17,476	3,381	3,709	
Carriages, other, and parts of	61,259	199 747	190 290	204 469	190,083	
Total	181,103	$122,747 \ 470,633$				
10041	101,100	170,000	0.0,220	000,400	010,020	
Carpets, n.e.s	5,009	5,418	1,182	986	2,685	
Carpet sweepers	, –	21	_ ´ _	31		
Cash registers	68	_	_	-	-	
Celluloid and manufac-	40.00=	00 515	0,,000		05 550	
tures of	42,995	28,515	35,990			
Challe propaged	99,792	146,343				
Chalk, prepared Chicory, kiln dried, roast-	1,318	1,583	1,702	1,469	1,013	
ed or ground	12,414	12,316	17,938	21,726	13,747	
Church vestments	3,637	5,750				
Clocks, clock cases,	0,001	0,.00	0,002	10,120	5,200	
springs and movements.	28,556	44,551	41,171	48,591	63,656	
Clothes wringers	39	21	27	77	216	
Coal and pine pitch	32,950	25,727	22,997	13,729	6,509	
Cocoa carpeting, mats	10.410	10 (10	10.054	10 170	10.711	
and matting	12,410	10,419		18,178		
Cocoa, desiccated Cocoa paste, chocolate	11,905	12,385	8,788	18,875	1,898	
paste, etc	279,048	438,403	433,287	536,291	1,122,720	
Coffee, roasted or ground,	2,0,010	100,100	100,201	000,201	1,122,020	
extracts of, etc	13,259	21,230	22,205	35,220	35,419	
Coke	5,665	1,366		941	2,199	
Collars and cuffs	90,777	147,545		115,528		
Combs, dress and toilet	60,910	56,333	69,614	79,563	62,864	
Copper and mfs. of—						
Copper, in blocks, pigs or ingots	389	126		7,313	6,636	
Copper, in bars and	909	120		7,313	0,000	
rods, in coil, etc	1,142	240,411	5,347	107,143	4,217	
Copper, in strips, sheets	<i>'</i>	,	- /	,	,	
or plates	14,668	13,031	1,386	21,287	5,890	
Copper tubing, not pol-	FF 400	44.005	51 900		OF 100	
ished, etc	55,498	41,835	51,329	50,777	25,108	
Copper wire, plain, tinned or plated	23,547	585	3,632	669	711	
Copper, other	$\frac{25,547}{36,414}$	33,046	31,169	41,399	43,681	
Total	131,658	329,034		228,588	86,243	
			,	ĺ		
Cordage and twines	178,684	219,014	240,849	360,242	376,722	
Corks and other manufac- tures of cork bark	26,306	36,598	53,302	27 000	ED 460	
tares of cork bark	20,000	90,990	90,002	37,269	53,469	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con. Corsets, corset clasps, etc.		_					
Costumes and scenery, theatrical	_	_	_	_	_		
Cotton, manufactures of— Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq.							
ydyd. Embroideries, white	520,239	1,046,665	753,194	1,213,501	1,565,322		
and cream coloured Grey, unbleached	_		_	_	-		
cotton fabricsyd. White or bleached	6,585,813	4,285,348	4,754,686	10,081,768	23,907,033		
cotton fabrics "	25,255,461	24,763,424	21,841,433	26,958,552	31,194,200		
Fabrics, printed, dyed or coloured " Handkerchiefs	54,219,716	55,395,155	46,877,989	54,828,525	53,514,578		
Sheets, bed quilts, pillow cases, etc	- 00.000	-		-			
Shirts of cottondoz. Sewing thread on spools Sewing cotton thread,	26,686	46,095 -	39,315 -	34,209 -	31,506 -		
in hankslb.	860,993	476,772	261,741	253,278	447,150		
Lace, white and cream coloured			_	-	_		
Socks and stock-	010 504	911 057	200 045	400 400	-		
ingsdoz. prs. Velvets, velveteens and	218,504	311,657	382,045	400,409	380,327		
plush fabrics yd. Cottons, other	1,999,800	1,835,053	2,241,800	2,975,561	3,030,588		
Total	1,130,900 1,386,253	1,625,553 $1,718,702$	2,577,305 $1,915,711$	3,175,040 $2,212,725$	3,121,580 1,976,792		
Crapes Curtains and shams Drugs, dyes, chemicals,	-	-	-	_	- -		
medicines Duck for belting and hose	-	-	-	-	_		
Earthenware and china- ware	_	_]	-	_	-		
Elastic, round or flat Electric apparatus, mo-	-	-	-	-	-		
tors, etc Electric light carbons and	-	-	-	-	-		
carbon points M. : Embroideries, n.e.s	78	374	531	402			
Emery wheel and manufactures of emery	-	_	-	_			

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	6,685	9,641	16,989	3,473	6,803		
Costumes and scenery, theatrical	27	63	100		624		
Cotton, manufactures of-							
Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq. yd.	81,358	173,263	159,274	239,009	333,047		
Embroideries, white and cream coloured Grey, unbleached cot-	191,467	352,190	421,392	366,769	257 ,133		
ton fabrics	434,705	345,622	350,255	691,108	1,250,754		
cotton fabrics Fabrics, printed dyed	1,973,632	2,091,962	2,001,966	2,371,364	2,564,688		
or coloured	5,047,161	5,064,817	4,561,738	5,328,951	4,749,667		
Handkerchiefs Sheets, bed quilts, pil-	469,811	544,620			586,014		
low cases, etc	409,550	559,101	694,846	950,045	1,019,619		
Shirts of cotton	129,460	235,257	194,849	190,182	170,981		
Sewing thread on spools	268,616	277,147	279,684	216,369	144,829		
Sewing cotton thread in	*00 000	000.015	****	- 40.00	040 500		
hanks	523,829	286,617	174,327				
ClothingLace, white and cream	556,986	799,663	769,710	905,406	886,610		
coloured	799,803	744,58 0	908,516	1,118,003	832,110		
Socks and stockings Velvets, velveteens and	271,803	396,527	455,748	505,370	497,879		
plush fabrics	400,044	495,045	622,844	809,828	822,440		
Cottons, other	991,893	1,100,258	1,290,363	1,744,552	1,838,045		
Total	12,550,118	13,466,669	13,435,531	16,329,138	16,197,402		
Cotton waste	98,770	134,182	190,230	205,126	222,552		
Cotton yarns	454,549	732,565	846,083	997,404	920,109		
Crapes	15,829	15,742	10,480	10,274	8,803		
Curtains and shams Drugs, dyes, chemicals,	516,193	566,096	536,829	571,668	429,441		
medicines	2,406,092	2,775,734	2,951,182	3,272,134	3,191,567		
Duck for belting and hose	10,290	4,929	6,776	3,502	-		
Earthenware and china-	20,200	-,0-0	0,	5,552			
ware	1,170,768	1,476,318	1,558,081	1,932,418	1,873,599		
Elastic, round or flat	148,416	123,842	146,542	144,378	118,919		
Electric apparatus, mo-	400.67	-		4 400 (
tors, etc	433,274	384,302	619,958	1,180,445	945,527		
Electric light carbons and carbon points	1,372	8,199	7,890	3,921	5,397		
Embroideries, n.e.s	27,650	38,989	42,269	38,786	34,596		
Emery wheels and manu-	2.,500	30,000	12,200	50,100	01,000		
factures of emery Express parcels	44 4,509	417 3,892	244 3,186	383 1,618	405 2,830		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Fancy goods	_	-	_	-	_		
Fertilizers	-	-	-	-	-		
Fibreware Fireworks	_	-	- 1	_			
Fish hooks,nets,seines,etc Flax, hemp, jute and man-	- '	-	-	_	~		
ufactures of Furniture, wood, iron or	_	-	-	-	~		
other material	_	_	_	_	~		
Fur and manufactures of Glass and manufactures of	-	-	-	-	~		
Common and colourless window glasssq. ft. Plate glass, not bev-	14,349,104	11,348,855	12,647,985	15,670,154	13,946,781		
elled, in sheets not exceeding 7 sq. feet each " Plate glass, not bev- elled, in sheets	706,250	1,160,105	698,268	808,782	541,509		
exceeding 7 sq. ft. each, and not ex- ceeding 25 sq. ft. " Plate glass not otherwise provid-	547,585	·	784,303	ŕ	750,127		
ed for	769,386	858,550	1,018,340	1,521,690	1,016,034		
mfs. of		- -	_ _	-	-		
Glove fasteners, metal, eyelet hooks and eye- lets, etc	_	_	_	_	-		
Gloves and mittsGold, silver and manufac-	-	_	-	_	~		
tures of	15,198	9,288	14,637	49,971	78,317		
plosives etc		_	_	_	-		
Gutta percha, India rub- ber and manufactures of		-	-	-	-		
Gutta percha, crude rubber, etclb.	966,696	258,149	264,561	617,473	1,176,72		
Hair and manufactures of Hats, caps and bonnets.	_	-	_	_	_		
Hatters' bands(not cords) binding, tips and sides Ink	_ _		- -	<u>-</u>	-		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Fancy goods Fertilizers Fibreware Fireworks	$1,488,750 \\ 13,288 \\ 135 \\ 4,975$	$1,522,014 \\ 22,389 \\ 695 \\ 4,832$	1,678,554 $32,051$ $1,463$ $7,475$	1,956,911 $59,310$ $1,815$ $8,652$	1,788,248 44,336 4,832 4,844		
Fish hooks, nets, seines, etc	410,103	504,143	482,743	680,726	631,764		
Flax, hemp, jute and man- ufactures of	2,907,253	2,782,001	2,855,266	3,235,002	2,753,258		
Furniture, wood, iron or other material Fur and manufactures of Glass and manufactures of	89,196 270,971	136,795 414,263	198,464 298,055	262,407 445,317	266,787 439,540		
Common and colourless window glass	343,999	296,746	341,491	438,927	461,623		
Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets not exceeding 7 sq. ft. each	76,377	103,072	102,198	124,425	82,332		
Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets exceed- ing 7 sq. ft. each, and not exceeding 25 sq.ft.	114,604	101,156	136,737	182,265	151,394		
Plate glass not otherwise provided for	204,229	229,537	263,742	357,555	224,805		
Glass, other, and mfs. of Total. Glove fasteners, metal,	289,923 1,029,132	346,739 1,077,250	354,611 1,198,779	407,413 1,510,585	416,885 1,337,039		
eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc	13,784 805,011	12,555 $891,520$	10,893 775,622	13,017 1,165,697	11,405 1,219,887		
tures of	234,196 803	351,010 375	466,163 931	637,573 2,375	551,882 3,822		
plosivesGutta percha, India rub-	454,159	775,891	1,031,493	415,862	394,975		
ber and manufactures of	`375,672	734,037	1,078,343	1,904,363	1,995,107		
ber, etc	$\begin{array}{c} 323,769 \\ 152,096 \\ 1,659,105 \end{array}$	229,010 132,604 2,151,853	248,453 99,106 2,139,389	370,486 82,809 3,045,361	547,393 71,173 2,514,829		
etc	$33,659 \\ 39,120$	$\frac{40,556}{36,721}$	$39,410 \\ 40,052$	59,732 40,017	51,044 41,748		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Iron and steel and mfs. of— Agricultural imple- ments— Drills, seed NO. Harrows	2 1: 3 3: - 1 6 3: 1 1,195 4 5 1 206	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	2 33 1,712 3 216	32 1,771 43 5 520
of— Agricultural implements— Drills, seedNO. Harrows	1 1 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
of— Agricultural implements— Drills, seedNo. Harrows	1 1 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
ments— Drills, seed No. Harrows	1 1 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
Drills, seed No. Harrows " Ploughs " All other and parts of Threshing machine separators No. Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines, for farm purposes "Sewing machines " Typewriting machines " Engines, gasoline " Engines, gasoline " Engines, gasoline " Engines, gasoline " Engines, gasoline " Engines pasoline " Iron or steel, rolled cwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard " Iron in pigs " Iron and steel railway bars or rails " Rolled iron or steel angles, etc ton Rolled iron or steel	1 1 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
Harrows	1 1 3 3 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
Ploughs	3 34 - 1 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 13 - 4 - 3 26 5 935 5 25 3 363	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	32 1,771 43 5 520
Threshing machine separators No. Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines, for farm purposes "Sewing machines" Typewriting machines" Typewriting machines" Engines, gasoline" Bar iron or steel, rolled	1 206	4 – 3 26 5 935 6 25 6 363	2 33 1,712 3 216	32 1,771 43 5 520
separators No. Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines, for farm purposes Sewing machines Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline Engines, gasoline Bar iron or steel, rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard Iron in pigs Iron and steel rail- way bars or rails Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel	3 3; 1 1,198 1 206	3 26 5 935 5 25 6 363	31 1,712 3 216	32 1,771 43 5 520
Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines, for farm purposes " Sewing machines" Typewriting machines" Engines, gasoline" Engines, gasoline" Bar iron or steel, rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard" Iron in pigs" Iron and steel rail- way bars or rails" Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel	3 3; 1 1,198 1 206	3 26 5 935 5 25 6 363	31 1,712 3 216	32 1,771 43 5 520
with boilers, and traction engines, for farm purposes "Sewing machines" Typewriting machines" Engines, gasoline Bar iron or steel, rolled	1 1,195 1 E 1 206	5 935 5 25 6 363	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,712 \\ 5 & 21 \\ 6 & 216 \end{bmatrix}$	2 1,771 43 5 520
traction engines, for farm purposes " Sewing machines " Typewriting machines " Engines, gasoline " Engines, gasoline " Bar iron or steel, rolled cwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard " Iron in pigs " Iron and steel railway bars or rails " Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel 123,293	1 1,195 1 E 1 206	5 935 5 25 6 363	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,712 \\ 5 & 21 \\ 6 & 216 \end{bmatrix}$	2 1,771 43 5 520
for farm purposes Sewing machines Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline Engines, gasoline Bar iron or steel, rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard Iron in pigs Iron and steel railway bars or rails Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel	1 1,195 1 E 1 206	5 935 5 25 6 363	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,712 \\ 5 & 21 \\ 6 & 216 \end{bmatrix}$	1,771 43 5 520
Sewing machines "	1 1,195 1 E 1 206	5 935 5 25 6 363	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,712 \\ 5 & 21 \\ 6 & 216 \end{bmatrix}$	1,771 43 5 520
chines	206	363	216	43 5 520
Engines, gasoline. " Engines, gasoline. " Bar iron or steel, rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard" Iron in pigs" Iron and steel rail- way bars or rails. " Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel	206	363	216	520
Bar iron or steel, rolled			1	
rolledcwt. Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard	386,371	320,615	252.063	000 900
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard	000,511	020,010		260,786
than 60 lb. per lineal yard" Iron in pigs" Iron and steel railway bars or rails" Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel			,	200,100
lineal yard			1	
Iron in pigs " Iron and steel rail- way bars or rails " Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel	55.44	05.000	40.000	
Iron and steel railway bars or rails "11,74: Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel				
way bars or rails " 11,745 Rolled iron or steel angles, etcton Rolled iron or steel 123,295	110,002	10,040	54,861	22,100
angles, etcton 123,293 Rolled iron or steel	3,024	1,296	689	650
Rolled iron or steel				
	248,240	173,211	78,594	191,056
Deams, etc	687,737	353,784	174,091	437,162
Rolled iron or steel		,	1 1,001	101,102
plates " 46,801	56,849	38,166	22,042	50,824
Rolled iron or steel			1	
sheets, polished or not, no. 14	1			
gauge and thinner " 2,014	3,606	2,062	1,796	4,700
Sheets, flat, of gal-		,	- , ,,,,	, , , , ,
vanized iron or	000			
steer	222	80	40	20
Skelp iron or steel, sheared or rolled				
in grooves " 8,463	21,245	27,902	7,712	11,867
Cream separators and	==,==0		- ,	,
steel bowls for	_	-	-	-
Cream separators, materials for the manu-				
facture of		_	_	_

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con. Iron and steel and mts. of—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Agricultural imple- ments— Drills, seed Harrows Ploughs All other and parts of	119 772 888 42, 182	30 164 649 52,202	233 39 433 57,443	28 77 34 80,657	- 280 79 73,002	
Threshing machine sep- arators	1, 581	810	-	266	-	
posesSewing machines	17,329 17,431	$\begin{array}{c} 62,213 \\ 23,919 \end{array}$	42,908 17,890	56,739 27,729	$\frac{48,471}{26,204}$	
Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline	$\frac{113}{34,869}$	301 126,288	1,477 $189,481$	797 107,144	1,279 110,617	
Bar iron or steel, rolled	385,819	614,148	533,534	487,650	506,994	
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard Iron in pigs	61,145 1,284,875	54,225 1,527,143	25,174 979,248	50,494 826,098	62,746 344,438	
Iron or steel railway bars or rails	291,586	72,216	29,217	16,565	18,655	
Rolled iron or steel	145,341	307,041	207,242	108,275	289,096	
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc Rolled iron or steel	54 8,706	797,353	412,218	237,795	641,482	
platesRolled iron or steel sheets, polished or	65,204	88,468	58,083	37,454	92,445	
not, no. 14 gauge and thinner	6,819	6,748	5,975	7,689	9,717	
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron or steel Skelp iron or steel,	-	825	365	127	70	
sheared or rolled in grooves	11,009	27,264	35,792	11,275	19,735	
Cream separators and steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	87,035	91,874	97,097	94,264	43,200	
terials for the manu- facture of	10,769	38,424	9,951	1,604	4,855	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Quantities.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Manufactures—con.							
Iron and steel, mfs. of—		!					
Rolled round wire rods, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ in in diameter .cwt. Boiler plate, not less than 30 ins. wide	77,206	135,901	43,492	7,812	107,00		
and not less than in. in thickness " Rolled iron or steel	19,355	18,080	6,643	5,727	10,59		
plates, not less than 30 ins. in width and not less than ¼ inch in thickness Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, polished or not,	187,434	124,327	60,893	9,746	25,14		
14 gauge and thin- ner"	32 4,925	363,381	259,919	147,547	319,07		
Sheets, flat, of gal- vanized iron "	391,076	381,797	486,181	561,890	675,16		
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel "	4,262	658		_	47		
Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or steel, nos. 9, 12, and 13 gauge "Other iron and steel, mfs. of	75,774	51,055 -	1,986	1,094	7 <i>6</i>		
Total	_	_	_	_	-		
Ivory, manufactures of Jellies, jams and pre-	_	-	-	-	-		
serves lb.	3,070,159	3,815,287	5,714,595	8,548,251	6,185,38		
Jewellery	6,161	6,159	6,085	5,648	5,83		
oured, etc yd.	14,216,453	12,230,793	11,806,917	12,769,970	9,806,97		
Jute, canvas, uncoloured	2,859,156	2,701,087	4,175,544	10,216,250	14,992,77		
plain, dyed or coloured, etc lb. Lead and manufactures of	2,101,471	2,399,235	2,387,334	3,855,277	2,218,69		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Iron and steel mfs. of—							
Rolled round wire rods, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ in. in diameter	96,137	178,808	54,333	10,074	145,795		
and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in thickness	30,147	30,788	11,249	10,129	19,479		
Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than 30 inches in width and not less than ½ inch in thickness	236,354	163,247	83,305	16,420	43,501		
Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, polished or not, 14 gauge and thinner	648,641	800,034	587,259	344,345	771,104		
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron	1,167,496	,	, i	,	,		
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel	9,504	1,429	-	-	1,065		
steel, nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge Other iron and steel and	159,080	,	· I	2,909	•		
mfs. of	5,734,921	8,305,362	8,988,974	10,499,298	9,993,018		
Total	11,095,872	14,606,716	13,823,122	14,752,899	15,323,381		
Ivory, manufactures of	60,529	37,407	43,701	38,597	41,642		
Jellies, jams and preserves Jewellery Junk and oakum Jute cloth, not coloured,	220,957 254,805 24,928	295,679 333,062 23,422	480,572 397,135 23,795	759,927 543,466 23,249	535,524 462,713 26,691		
etc	607,462 206,363	,	,	762,704 798,049	718,798 1,288,284		
Jute or hemp yarn, plain, dyed or coloured, etc Lead and manufactures of	166,809 251,545	198,509 422,808	206,362 612,706	363,630 968,001	229,789 504,189		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Manufactures—con.							
Leather and manufactures		ļ		1			
of— Lasthan halting							
Leather, belting leather of all							
kindslb.	516,922	561,664	398,173	563,819			
Calf, kid or goat,	010,922	301,004	590,175	505,519			
lamb and sheep	1						
skins, dressed, waxed or glazed "							
waxed or glazed "	184,347	351,033	407,830	509,920			
Glove leather, tan-			1	ľ			
ned or dressed, etc"	18,952	27,649	01 200				
Upper leather, in-	10,902	27,049	21,369	-)			
cluding dongola,			ĺ				
cordovan, kang-		ļ					
aroo, alligator,			1				
etc	75,084	78,271	59,108	102,942			
Boots and shoes, slip- pers and insoles of							
leather	_ 1	_ 1	_	_ {			
Harness and saddlery,	-	_	_	_			
including horse boots	_	- \	- 1	_			
Other leather and mfs.	i	[
of	-	-	-	-			
Totalbbl.	=	- 1	440	-	90 G		
Lime juice and other fruit	540	-	448	34	28,6		
juicesgal.	19,074	28,119	43,833	61,957	45,5		
Machine card clothing		-	-	-	,-		
Magic lanterns and slides		1					
for	_	-	-]	-]			
Malt, extract of Marble, manufactures of	-	-	-	-			
Mattresses	_						
Mats, door or carriage	_	_	_ }	_			
Metals and mfs. of	- 1	_	- Ì	_			
Mineral substances, manu-		Î					
factures of	-	-	-	-			
Mucilage Musical instruments	-	-	-	-			
Mustard and mustard	-	-	-	-			
cake, etc	_	_	_	-			
Newspapers and maga-		i	i				
zines	-	-	-	- •			
Noils	-	-	-	-			
Oil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and							
meal	618	1,939	1,046	7,928	3,0		
mear	010	1,000	1,010	.,020	0,0		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Leather and manufactures of—							
Leather, belting leather of all kinds	165,571	185,093	163,687	250,111	250,339		
dressed, waxed or glazed	88,284	153,577	157,367	182,683	146,097		
Glove leather, tanned or dressed, etc	18,522	27,637	19,179	16,628	12,131		
Upper leather, includ- ing dongola, cordo- van, kangaroo, alli-	FO F 01	F0 010'	21 20 1				
gator, etc Boots and shoes, slip- pers, and insoles of	59,731	56,018	61,604	91,885	111,696		
leather	167,687	292,014	356,455	485,755	577,291		
including horse boots Other leather and manu-	37,933	67,794	53,521	77,214	63,598		
factures of	411,283 949,011 410	393,202 1,175,335 -	$347,413 \\ 1,159,226 \\ 500$	773,867 1,878,143 33	537,428 1,698,580 8,141		
Juices	21,125 14,583	26,548 14,668	41,101 17,640	57,208 26,203	58,529 28,227		
for	$25,569 \\ 2,549 \\ 1,672$	26,276 7,347 4,492	64,360 9,179 9,167	49,666 5,115 10,635	38,562 15,180 2,850		
Mattresses	$ \begin{array}{r} 814 \\ 2,400 \\ 609,945 \end{array} $	551 152	367 601	1,754 733	804 573		
Metal and mfs. of Mineral substances, manu-	,	771,051	934,430	1,131,840	1,206,746		
factures of	29,050 2,686 48,694	43,802 4,923 75,069	$55,101 \\ 5,251 \\ 73,932$	$\begin{array}{c} 56,851 \\ 4,257 \\ 101,266 \end{array}$	70,089 5,360 102,132		
Mustard and mustard cake, etc Newspapers and maga-	128,390	135,065	152,626	172,148	186,113		
zines	64,458 553,562	75,756 $761,129$	76,994 $664,706$	81,523 845,314	74,998 914,017		
Oil cake and meal and cot- ton seed cake and meal	1,426	3,448	2,464	19,229	5,350		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
					· ·	
V. Manufactures—con. Oils, cocoanut and palmgal. Oils, other Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	179,462	173,372	164,270 –	170,574 -	198,680 -	
leum	-	-		-	-	
ments	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	
Paper and mfs. of— Hangings of wall paper, including borders, roll Printing paperlb. Tarred and other build-	454,039 3,752,682	$233,549 \\ 5,721,112$	331 361 4,958,165	596,872 5,137,736	393,665 5,925,178	
ing paperlb. Wrapping paperlb. Other paper and mfs. of Total	131,253	561,047 - -	1,386,664 - -	416,369 - -	321,560	
Pencils, leadPens, penholders and	-	-	-	-		
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates Picture and photograph	- - -	- - -	-	- - -	_	
frames Pitch and tar, pinegal. Plaits, straw, tuscan and	57,384	39,230	$\frac{-}{44,634}$	103,760	18,684	
grassPlaster of Pariscwt. Plates, engraved on wood	-		-	-	5,149	
or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to- bacco pouches, etc	-	-	- -	-	_	
Polish or composition, knife or other Pomades lb. Post office parcels	- 24 -	- 8 -	_ 55 -	- 14 -	- 	
Precious stones	127,293	196,545	- 151,574	197,725	175,568	
Regalia and badges Resin cwt. Ribbons	4,325	23,265	8,071	5,058	10,603	
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper		-	-	-	-	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914.	Principal articles by	Values.						
V. Manufactures		1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-leum. 89,183 148,615 151,412 209,077 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194,		\$	\$		\$	\$		
Oiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-leum. 89,183 148,615 151,412 209,077 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194, 194,	V. Manufactures—con.	1						
Leum	Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds,					176,91 194,78		
Ments	leum Optical, philosophical, photographic and	1,022,405	1,344,242	1,545,992	2,062,315	1,824,03		
17,100 10,000 1	ments	1,143,052	1,327,720	1,364,980	1,672,164	312,22 1,679,36 570,35		
Wrapping paper 5,833 18,253 24,358 14,866 11,279, 1,935 1,160,401 1,380,713 1,279, 1,935 1,160,401 1,380,713 1,279, 1,935 1,160,401 1,380,713 1,279, 1,935 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,690, 1,515,674 1,802,148 1,690, 1,	including borders Printing paper	222,119	307,629	264,791	286,189	82,35 313,21		
Pens, penholders and rulers 68,161 75,963 82,435 110,642 100, Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates 19,783 24,027 36,429 44,863 44, Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates 19,783 24,027 36,429 44,863 44, Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic Grap	Wrapping paper Other paper and mfs. of	5,833 $750,135$	18,253 $971,935$	24,358 1,160,401	14,866 $1,380,713$	4,24 11,41 1,279,61 1,690,83		
rulers		45,043	45,201	56,842	64,398	59,98		
frames 15,489 21,680 26,929 33,746 30, Pitch and tar, pine 3,634 5,117 4,767 3,369 Plaits, straw, tuscan and grass 89,801 60,962 86,060 147,475 82, Plaster of Paris 587 1,183 2,166 3,871 3, Plates engraved on wood or metal 289 3,619 5,951 8,330 11, Pocketbooks, purses, to-bacco pouches, etc. 54,958 59,796 74,131 118,234 138, Polish or composition, knife or other 27,296 48,032 46,015 91,962 114, Pomades 63 19 34 34 Precious stones 264,497 329,892 368,613 410,188 416, Rags, cotton, linen, jute, etc 171,358 242,493 176,365 229,212 257, Regalia and badges 9,806 8,316 18,535 15,013 18, Resin 11,661 63,824 25,674 17,484 30,	rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates	27,219	34,665	40,068	49,403	100,53 48,77 44,13		
Plaster of Paris 587 1,183 2,166 3,871 3, Plates engraved on wood or metal 289 3,619 5,951 8,330 11, Pocketbooks, purses, to-bacco pouches, etc. 54,958 59,796 74,131 118,234 138, Polish or composition, knife or other 27,296 48,032 46,015 91,962 114, Pomades 63 19 34 34 Post office parcels 264,497 329,892 368,613 410,188 416, Precious stones 86,581 152,784 158,596 244,290 176, Rags, cotton, linen, jute, etc 171,358 242,493 176,365 229,212 257, Regalia and badges 9,806 8,316 18,535 15,013 18, Resin 11,661 63,824 25,674 17,484 30,	frames Pitch and tar, pine	3,634	5,117	4,767	3,369	30,81 88		
Pocketbooks, purses, tobacco pouches, etc 54,958 59,796 74,131 118,234 138, Polish or composition, knife or other 27,296 48,032 46,015 91,962 114, Pomades 63 19 34 34 Post office parcels 264,497 329,892 368,613 410,188 416, Precious stones 86,581 152,784 158,596 244,290 176, Rags, cotton, linen, jute, etc 171,358 242,493 176,365 229,212 257, Regalia and badges	Plaster of Paris Plates engraved on wood	587	1,183	2,166	3,871	82,28 3,48		
Polish or composition, knife or other 27,296 48,032 46,015 91,962 114, 900 Pomades 63 19 34 34 34 34 19, 962 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 116, 91, 962 116, 91, 962 116, 91, 962 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 900 116, 91, 962 114, 900 116, 90	Pocketbooks, purses, to-		· .			11,49		
Pomades 63 19 34 34 Post office parcels 264,497 329,892 368,613 410,188 416, Precious stones 86,581 152,784 158,596 244,290 176, Rags, cotton, linen, etc 171,358 242,493 176,365 229,212 257, Regalia and badges 9,806 8,316 18,535 15,013 18, Resin 11,661 63,824 25,674 17,484 30,	Polish or composition,			·	·	114,35		
Rags, cotton, linen, jute, etc	Pomades	63 264,497	19	34 368,613	34 410,188	416,09		
Regalia and badges 9,806 8,316 18,535 15,013 18, Resin 11,661 63,824 25,674 17,484 30,	Rags, cotton, linen, jute,	1	,	ĺ		176,17		
Ribbons	Regalia and badges	9,806	8,316	18,535	15.013	$\begin{array}{c} 257,12\\ 18,16\\ 30,42 \end{array}$		
Sand, glass, emery and	Ribbons	655,100	489,826	476,667	649,924	656,33 12,66		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
♥ V. Manufactures—con.						
Sauces, catsups and soy gal. Ships, vessels and repairs	71,901	93,140	115,938	147,592	125,019	
Signs of any material and	-	-	-	-	_	
letters for signs Silk and manufactures of	1 1	-	- -	- -	-	
Slate	_	-	-	-	-	
Soap— Common or laundry. lb. Castile Toilet	104,342 58,014		337,431 176,600	369,504 188,629	265,022 $327,525$	
Other soap, powders,	-	_	_	_		
$egin{array}{cccc} { m etc.} & & & & & & & \\ { m Total.} & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$	_	-	1 1	-	_	
Spiceslb. Spectacles, eye-glasses,	1,347,438	1,530,086	1,334,670	1,297,792	1,117,176	
frames, etc	_	_	_	_	_	
Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc. gal. Gin of all kinds " Rum " Whiskey " Spirits, other " Total " Starch, etc lb. Stockinettes for manu-	3,813 110,401 53,769 812,979 11,979 992,941 483,415	4,978 123,192 57,103 955,780 15,826 1,156,879 533,966	5,368 146,763 68,880 1,195,154 20,525 1,436,690 492,845	8,762 170,921 75,331 1,450,231 25,950 1,731,195 600,729	9,353 184,331 65,225 1,525,166 29,961 1,814,036 598,459	
facture of rubber boots	-	_	_	-	-	
Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of	-	-	_	_	-	
Sugar and syrups lb. Candy and confect'ry " Glucose and saccharine " Molasses gal.	34,018,746 3,011,599 1,241,306	27,157,195 4,525,109 432,977 37,919	102,581	14,597,352 7,280,853 180,191 63,653	5,856,959 - 38,628 67,500	
Surgical and dental instru- ments	_	_	-	_	_	
Tape lines Teeth, artificial	- -	- -	-	- -	-	
Tin and manufactures of— Tin in blocks, pigs and barscwt. Tin plates and sheets " Tin foillb. Tinware, and all other	17,140 551,361 3,990	21,246 505,586 6,684	249,472	21,135 160,921 12,204	17,524 204,017 7,511	
mfs. of	_	_	_	-	_	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.			
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Sauces, catsups and soy Ships, vessels and repairs	101,446	127,220	146,609	173,966	163,798	
on Signs of any material and	-	3,543	-	12,235	-	
letters for signs	$\substack{13,843 \\ 2,536,475 \\ 1,226}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,638 \\ 2,849,878 \\ 1,541 \end{array}$	$24,495 \ 3,035,697 \ 7,603$	21,494 $3,824,995$ $12,874$	30,636 $3,489,661$ $17,157$	
State	1,220	1,041	7,000	12,014	17,107	
Soap— Common or laundry Castile Toilet	8,202 $3,137$ $49,407$	10,597 2,861 62,138	18,292 10,338 60,663	21,503 11,066 75,033	15,134 19,094 64,484	
Other soap, powders,	9,502	21,646	·	,		
etc	70,248 111,434	97,242 141,867	28,555 $117,848$ $135,343$	35,939 143,541 144,307	44,606 143,318 127,964	
Spectacles, eye-glasses, frames, etc	1,662	4,231	4,309	2,217	4,557	
Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc Gin of all kinds Rum Whiskey Spirits, other Total Starch, etc Stockinettes for manufacture of rubber boots Stone, manufactures of Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of Candy and confectionery Glucose and saccharine Molasses. Surgical and dental instruments Tape lines Teeth, artificial	8,972 137,986 36,703 1,427,121 38,764 1,649,546 21,640 14,440 133,858 317 1,104,430 426,505 29,872 	11,036 153,873 36,484 1,707,638 57,136 1,966,167 24,565 46,967 170,648 2,016 981,910 646,075 9,873, 7,773 40,638 3,677,18,277	12,661 184,410 42,922 2,181,482 69,620 2,491,095 24,395 60,490 168,992 1,110 657,941 841,574 3,572 31,985 33,536 2,465 10,715	18,328 222,987 48,604 2,639,691 80,587 3,010,197 27,684 44,695 187,294 3,030 537,544 1,064,070 6,507 40,992 40,156 3,976 15,009	23,963 239,765 42,730 2,867,978 104,830 3,279,266 26,439 26,804 210,337 1,513 171,483 690,769 1,914 44,645 48,672 6,572 20,089	
Tin and manufactures of— Tin in blocks, pigs and bars Tin plates and sheets Tin foil Tinware, and all other manufactures of Total	507,101 1,639,170 1,706 67,585 2,215,562	722,416 1,655,934 2,211 91,975 2,472,536	943,231 896,520 4,123 111,196 1,955,070	983,942 582,610 4,584 126,641 1,697,777	728,619 684,947 3,238 133,971 1,550,775	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con. Tobacco and manufactu-						
res of— Cigaretteslb. Cigars" Tobacco, cut"	17,585 1,782 240,540	$31,742 \\ 2,542 \\ 316,350$	$42,999\\694\\325,378$	51,034 2,239 489,807	58,670 1,297 467,904	
Other and mfs. of " Total" Tobacco pipes	23,627 $283,534$	33,628 384,262	50,630 419,701	$74,572 \\ 617,652$	75,489 603,360	
Trawls and trawling spoons Trunks and valises, hat	-		- 	_	-	
boxes, etc	13,900	14,883	5,052	5,162	62,008	
of	-		~		-	
sunshades Unenumerated	-	- -	-	-	_	
Varnish, lacquers, japans, etcgal. Vinegar	20,375 $92,767$	20,016 118,617	18,296 147,548	19,372 154,781	2 6,524 177,515	
Watches, watch cases, movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of Webbing, elastic and non-	-	_	-	_	-	
elastic	-	` -	- - 	- -	-	
shades and rollers Wine, non-sparkling. gal. Wine, sparklingdoz. Wood and manufactures	$15,849 \\ 1,320$	16,305 1,682	19,960 1,768	$25,606 \ 2,023$	23,698 1,968	
of	-	-				
Cassimeres, cloths and doeskinsyd. Coatings and overcoat-	4,473,451	4,995,009	4,922,705	4,705,840	2,650,319	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,000,343 2,748,407	1,756,665 2,573,435	$1,552,652 \ 2,252,310$	1,422,145 2,535,272	1,478,578 $2,069,694$	
Knitted goods, including knitted underwear Socks and stockings of all kindsdoz. prs. Yarns, composed wholly	- 674,828	- 888,853	631,422	797,640	- 898,181	
or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etc lb.	2,845,293	3,783,979	3,487,369	4,012,731	3,937,786	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	-	
V. Manufactures—con. Tobacco and manufac-						
tures of— Cigarettes	46,656	81,483	104,502	117,728	132,118	
Cigars	5,633	10,783	2,628	8,012	4,522	
Tobacco, cut	163,957	215,940	256,083	370,803	556,238	
Other and manufactures	100,007	210,010	200,000	0.0,000	000,200	
of	9,853	14,169	20,512	27,936	64,837	
Total	226,099	322,375	383,725	524,479	757,715	
Tobacco pipes, etc	348,278	450,824	500,688	479,157	394,741	
Trawls and trawling	1	•	,	,	,	
spoons	21,942	28,398	23,013	32,734	32,664	
Trunks and valises, hat						
_ boxes, etc	24,093	22,952	21,766	26,233	31,757	
Turpentine, spirits of	7,525	8,859	3,449	3,038	24,609	
Twine and manufactures	# FF0	10.000	10.000	14051	04.10	
of	7,552	10,299	10,936	14,371	34,185	
Umbrellas, parasols and	97.045	00 542	75 100	00 999	70.040	
sunshadesUnenumerated	87,945	99,543	75,186	98,333	73,840	
Varnish, lacquers, japans,	40,259	68,132	57,762	81,028	114,126	
etc	42,236	41,961	38,612	39,066	47,890	
Vinegar	37,453	45,398	57,458	63,267	74,836	
Watches, watch cases,	01,100	10,000	0,,100	00,201	74,000	
movements, glasses, etc.	52,338	89,860	120,808	144,712	139,342	
Wax, manufactures of	18,009	37,886	24,884	34,720	42,019	
Webbing, elastic and non-	,	-1,000	,	02,120	,0_0	
elastic	56,444	61,835	65,606	56,831	39,346	
Whips, thongs and lashes	4,323	6,014	7,608	5,420	4,510	
Window cornices, poles,						
shades and rollers	45,093	47 ,175	60,978	60,118	59,925	
Wine, non-sparkling	30,920	31,152	38,053	46,886	47,516	
Wine, sparkling	17,480	22,635	24,159	24,436	28,096	
	00 700	100 515	1 45 500	****		
of	96,703	129,517	147,768	157,266	204,252	
Wool and manufactures of—		ļ				
Cassimeres, cloths and			1			
doeskins	3,157,300	3,264,638	3,262,837	2 019 911	1 797 699	
Coatings and overcoat-	0,107,000	0,204,000	0,202,001	3,018,211	1,727,622	
ings	1,472,709	1,317,320	1,288,354	1,177,298	1,256,329	
Tweeds	1,812,550	1,655,429	1,499,027	1,439,763	1,243,943	
Knitted goods, includ-	2,022,000	1,000,120	1,100,021	1, 100,100	1,210,010	
ing knitted underwear	568,686	748,000	788,971	1,192,763	1,014,667	
Socks and stockings of	·	,	, , , , ,	-,,-	_,,	
all kinds	1,248,013	1,561,242	1,135,909	1,510,742	1,696,891	
Yarns, composed whol-		•		. ,	, , ,	
ly or in part of wool,	i					
worsted, the hair of			i			
the goat, etc	1,416,8 84	1,888,821	$1,\!862,\!305$	2,199,684	2,223,493	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Wool and mfs. of—con. Yarns, woollen and, worsted lb. Fabrics, and mfs. com- posed wholly or in part of wool, worsted	420,386	377,305	406,729	450,745	407,671	
etcClothing, women's and	-	-	-	-	-	
children's outside gar- ments Clothing, ready-made	-	-	-	-		
and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Totals Yarn, n.e.slb. Zine and manufactures of	213,129	236,509	325,240	316,871	167,602	
Other manufact'd articles VI. Mineral produce.	-			-	_	
Clays	38,991 37,071	31,375 12,211	33,972 10,170	28,680 11,284	33,909 3,386	
or groundGravel and sand ton	369	14	2,439	1,003	5,22 7	
Lithographic stones, not engraved	- - -		-	-	- -	
waters	5,981	6,401	4,723	9,989	3,492 -	
distilled, purified or refined gal.	14,916	9,549	2,658	1,446	175	
Oils, products of petroleum " Oils, lubricating, composed wholly	672	4,542	17,819	22,949	26,819	
or in part of petroleum	9,333 $121,337$	9,382 805	15,695 855	29,364 1,643	13,241 1,611	

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Wool and mfs. of—con. Yarns, woollen and worsted Fabrics and mfs. com- posed wholly or in	192,165	171,994	205,472	252,972	222,424		
part of wool, worsted etc	4,986,341	5,348,950	5,905,784	8,965,662	8,742,437		
ments	124,149	172,049	186,662	184,369	224,911		
and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Total. Yarn, n.e.s. Zinc and manufactures of Other manufact'd articles	574,565 3,368,520 18,921,882 43,338 237,964 476,552	828,576 3,756,241 20,713,260 42,296 92,949 656,524	65,164 86,526	70,610 $151,834$	1,243,200 4,621,390 24,217,307 108,184 137,342 1,019,270		
VI. Mineral produce—totals	1,346,498	1,597,181	1,869,026	2,248,175	1,968,719		
Clays	100,316	136,236	124,388	119,111	92,188		
Coal, anthracite and dust Coal, bituminous Emery, in bulk, crushed	156,311 91,212	138,176 19,903	151,249 20,191				
or ground	1,128 1,813	2,598 53	1,758 1,514	2,643 4,544			
engraved	661	561	_	4 700	94 1,510		
Marble, sawn only Mineral and aerated waters	2,405 27,406	2,874 25,226		4,526 66,204	4,439 54,420		
Minerals, viz.:-	·	,					
LithargeOther mineralsOils, mineral—Coal and kerosene, dis-	17,672 13,638	21,004 11,947			15,672 23,221		
tilled, purified or re- fined Oils, products of petro-	3,853	2,457	391	385	33		
leumOils, lubricating, com-	176	1,441	5,653	5,037	6,740		
posed wholly or in part of petroleum Oils, other	1,836 4,717	1,983 631		5,861 620	3,012 787		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
VI. Mineral produce—con. Ores of metals, all kinds, including cobalt ore, cwt. Phosphate rock Precious stones, diamonds unset, diamond dust or bort and black dia-	260 , 811	123,528	221,739	1,000	5 63 -		
monds for drills Saltcwt.	1,292,278	1,179,609	1,201,780	1,310,663	1,185,153		
Stone, flag, granite, rough, sandstone, etcton. Stone, granite, sawn only,	506	348	113	_ '	_		
Whiting or whitening, ewt. Other mineral products	125 192,801 –		118 244,092 -		228,237		
VII. Miscellaneous produce. Articles the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada, returned after							
having been exported. Articles for use of the	_	_	_	_	_		
Governor General! Articles for army and	-	-	_		-		
navy	-	_	_	_	_		
Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores		_	_	_	_		
Bacteriological products		i					
or serums	_	_		_	_		
turned	-	_ '	_	-	-		
tions of medals, etc Coffee, greenlb Models of inventions and	1,323,917	900,757	954,537	_ 1,583,154	1,044,138		
other improvements	-	_	_	-	_		
Paintings in oil or water colours	-	_	-	_	, <u> </u>		
Settlers' effects	_ ;		_	_	-		
Tealb.	9,650,150	10,077,220	16,531,211	13,937,870	13,325,66 3		
Other miscellaneous articles		-	-	_	-		
Coin and bullion—							
Coins, British and Can- adian and foreign gold coins	-	-	-	-	-		
Gold bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un-		:					
manufactured Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	-	-	-	-	_		
sheets or plates, un- manufactured		-	-	-	-		

15.—Imports of Canada from the United Kingdom in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Values.					
1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
20 224	99.247	49 950	075	1,032	
29,004			975	1,032	
	2,120	101			
549 494	959 594	1 062 195	1 446 401	1 207 202	
				1,207,302 $269,429$	
	233,023	210,101	2.0,000	200,120	
		1,296	3,412	4,465	
				699	
				$76,668 \\ 35,263$	
20,100	02,000	00,221	10,121	00,200	
5 029 854	6 499 309	8 652 870	8 444 828	7,980,294	
0,020,004	0,400,000	0,002,010	0,414,020	1,000,204	
:	1		1		
100 500	00.000	100 045	50,000	01 000	
129,566	90,632	132,645	59,699	31,032	
5.705	6.332	44.087	18.481	15,788	
·			,	,	
585	1,986	9,192	3,402	148	
60 694	21 196	22.052	91 191	29,038	
	31,120	23,032	21,121	29,000	
7,583	17,870	12,438	20,635	19,969	
أحديا	, ,				
117	9,618	11,714	23,687	10,823	
363	297	198	1 210	431	
	122,371	159,038	293,515	178,230	
2,117	3,625	1,840	4,905	4,334	
355 470	429 274	413 518	382 540	384,807	
2,525,754	4,024,707	4,712,943		4,530,625	
9,970	7,015	13, 395	11,078	14,248	
1,720,267	1,701,267	3,077,804	2,620,212	2,623,639	
18 189	51 302	40 106	126 260	136,668	
10,103	01,002	40,130	120,200	150,003	
10 107	F01	222	2 21 2		
13,127	561	226	6,210	267	
+		1			
115	1,148	436	113	203	
		1			
ŧ					
631	88	148	908	44	
_	\$ 29,334 542,484 256,442 2,048 826 68,767 23,453 5,029,854 129,566 5,705 585 60,624 7,583 117 363 179,671 2,117 355,470 2,525,754 9,970 1,720,267 18,189 13,127	\$ 29,334 22,347 1,125 542,484 852,524 256,442 236,915 2,048 2,278 826 13 68,767 84,539 23,453 32,350 5,029,854 6,499,309 129,566 90,632 5,705 6,332 585 1,986 60,624 31,126 7,583 17,870 117 9,618 363 19,671 22,371 2,117 3,625 355,470 429,274 4,024,707 7,015 1,720,267 1,701,267 18,189 51,392 13,127 561	1910. 1911. 1912. \$ \$ \$ 29,334 - 1,125 43,850 154 542,484 - 256,442 852,524 236,915 1,063,125 240,701 2,048 - 2,278 - 236,915 1,296 911 911 68,767 - 84,539 87,521 32,350 55,221 5,029,854 6,499,309 8,652,870 8,652,870 129,566 90,632 132,645 5,705 6,332 44,087 585 1,986 9,192 90,624 31,126 23,052 7,583 17,870 12,438 117 9,618 11,714 363 179,671 122,371 19,618 11,714 363 12,371 159,038 2,117 3,625 1,840 1,840 355,470 429,274 4,024,707 7,015 1,701,267	1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. \$ \$ \$ \$ 29,334 - 1,125 22,347 43,850 975 154 975 154 542,484 852,524 236,915 240,701 273,035 1,063,125 1,446,401 273,035 2,048 2,278 1,296 84,539 87,521 90,383 23,453 32,350 55,221 46,727 90,383 24,727 44,727 5,029,854 6,499,309 8,652,870 8,444,828 8,444,828 59,699 3,402 40,727 44,729,43 4,850,843 11,078 13,395 11,078 17,20,267 1,701,267 1,701,267 3,077,804 2,620,212 26,20,212 18,189 51,392 40,196 126,269 126,269 13,127 561 226 6,210 125 66,210 115 1,148 436 113 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,148 115 1,	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
. Agricultural produce.							
Bamboo reeds, cut to							
length Breadstuffs, etc., viz.—	~	-	-	-	-		
Biscuits, all kinds lb.	236,114	479,175	360,209	487,287	514,804		
Macaroni and ver- micelli"	794,989	787,755	536,505	695,315	592,838		
Rice, all kinds "	253,162	347,898	856,327	1,424,043	2,475,710		
Rice and sago flour "	81,035	56,375	9,461	47,232	301,913		
Other breadstuffs "	158,988	274,107	588,901	432,655	615,001		
Total bread-			0.054.400	D 000 F00	4 800 000		
stuffs "	1,524,288	1,945,310	2,351,403	3,086,532	4,500,266		
Grain and products							
of—	02 157	00 001	07 100	00 111	20,000		
Beansbush. Indian corn for dis-	23,157	26,621	25,108	80,111	30,888		
tillation pur-							
poses	825,633	869,150	819,115	975,258	1,056,546		
Indian corn "	6,583,893		15,118,888	8,883,292	5,614,094		
Oats"	23,361	12,199	77,282	203,542	59,266		
Peas	12,875	20,689	22,892	59,199	31,574		
Wheat	54,964 166,282	115,350		616,383	133,229 57,385		
Other grains " Total grains "	7,690,165	156,139 $12.722.176$	16,198,324	$126,870 \\ 10,944,655$	6,982,982		
Total grands	1,000,100	12,122,110	10,100,021	10,011,000	0,002,002		
Bran, mill feed, etc	-	_	_	. -	-		
Cereal foods	_	_	_	_	_		
Indian or corn mealbbl.	33,291	41,966	41,924	55,754	51,024		
Oatmeal lb.	9,260	5,270					
Wheat flour bbl.	31,398	60,695					
Other grain products	- 1			-	_		
Total grain products	-	_			_		
Grand total bread- stuffs	_	_	_	_	_		
_							
Broom corn	_	_	-		-		
Cane and rattans, not	1				_		
manufactured	3,870	5,988	1,444	3,517	3,93		
Cocoa beans, not roasted,		0,000	1,111	0,021	, 5,55		
crushed or ground. lb.	1,539,467		4,131,785	4,845,338			
Cocoanuts No.	188,536	205,642	524,482	524,186	166,80		
Cotton wool or raw cot-		21 915 972	72,768,637	77 457 800	76 993 026		
tonlb. Fibre, Mexican, istle or	01,000,411	01,210,210	12,100,001	11,301,000	. 0,000,020		
tampicocwt.	2,035	1,323	1,249	2,261	1.538		
Fibre, vegetable,	- 055			0.051	2 244		
n.e.s	7,620	5,607	4,862	6,351	5,540		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by		Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
	\$ 30,594,440	\$ 39,086,463	\$ 41,685,013	\$ 43 ,832,566	\$ 42,067,495			
Bamboo reeds, cut to length Breadstuffs, etc., viz.—	2,617	7,785	2,321	5,353	5,999			
Biscuits, all kinds Macaroni and vermi-	26,601	52,403	36,251	43,438	49,327			
Rice, all kinds Rice and sago flour Other breadstuffs	37,871 11,339 2,585 5,382	38,178 15,838 1,797 10,354	32,952 340	56,604 2,029	91,245 14,785			
Total breadstuffs	83,778	118,570	119,520	153,594	207,635			
Grain and products of-								
Beans	55,806	72,233	72,564	185,336	84,619			
Indian corn for distillation purposes Indian corn Oats Peas Wheat Other grains Total grains	551,119 4,636,133 13,833 35,406 55,139 101,635 5,449,071	490,072 6,950,565 7,524 67,800 98,631 97,102 7,783,927	565,697 9,756,189 41,034 83,203 103,953 10,735 10,633,375	5,511,510 80,579 174,924 549,545 86,124	3,612,203 23,519 108,227 115,410			
Bran, mill feed, etc Cereal foods	218,222 240,862	29,437 $316,521$	33,023 $216,628$					
Indian or corn meal Oatmeal Wheat flour. Other grain products Total grain products Grand total bread- stuffs	106,322 403 156,001 63,594 785,404 6,318,253	•	125,030 513 199,388 92,993 667,575	2,121 267,541 139,690 925,335	450 239,461 139,396 885,129			
Broom corn	395,375	366,945	419,267	372,322	323,445			
Cane and rattans, not manufactured Cider Cocoa beans, not roasted,	13,317 1,381		9,744 512					
crushed or ground Cocoanuts	179,505 6,110	235,869 9,403		657,099 16,415				
Cotton wool or raw cotton	9,361,021	11,749,302	7,929,407	8,735,191	9,752,437			
tampico	18,852	15,989	15,116	24,378	16,397			
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s Florists' stock	47,164 42,581	32,167 57,784						

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		G	UANTITIES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
. Agricultural produce—con.					
Fruits, dried, including nuts—					
Appleslb.	79,705	140,094	279,688	339,758	259,03
Currents "	1,491,375 1,954,368	1,837,294 $2,930,549$	1,974,264 $3,006,374$	2,209,762 $3,453,111$	2,069,39 $3,602,15$
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	940,070	914,951	1,345,338	1,041,028	1,185,70
Prunes and plums. "	9.939,386	8.631.845	12,332,532	8.832.113	10.382.57
Raisins	7,355,831	10,707,181 4,380,845	$12,891,044 \\ 3,862,797$	17,888,503 5,091,467	$egin{array}{c c} 11,532,00 \\ 3,581,45 \end{array}$
Other dried fruits " Nuts, all kinds"	$\begin{vmatrix} 3,805,712 \\ 5,479,312 \end{vmatrix}$	6,092,515	7,627,532	9,286,352	8,303,79
Total dried fruits "	31,045,759	35,635,274	43,319,569	48,142,094	40,916,11
Fruits, green—					
Applesbbl.	59,071	150,748			
Bananasbunches Berries, all kinds	1,412,000	1,803,429	2,102,004	2,122,000	2,024,00
Cherries lb.	318,680		504,504	969,986	
Cranberriesbush.	$\begin{vmatrix} 40,854 \\ 2,137,500 \end{vmatrix}$	40,014 $2,900,288$		49,853 5,068,048	
Grapes lb. Oranges, lemons and	2,137,500	2,900,200	4,112,411	3,000,040	0,040,20
limes, etc			_	_	-
Peacheslb.	4,797,066 3,885,897	8,137,846 3,295,023		14,579,107 4,123,501	
Pineapplesno. Plumsbush.		89,808			
All other	_		´ -	′	· -
Total fruits, green	_	_	_	_	_
Fruits, preserved		10.047	10 701	26 470	10.09
Hayton Hemp, dressed or un-	7,680	12,247	19,721	36,472	19,92
dressedcwt.	31,390				42,49
Hops lb.	627,715	777,499	1,089,069	1,225,795	1,513,59 $247,14$
Maltbush. Oils, vegetable gal.	60,679 2,455,696				
Oils, vegetable lb.	379,057	276,179		228,784	96,02
Pickles gal.	103,880	173,383	162,447	152,554	125,58
Plants and trees Seeds, garden, field, etc.	_	· _	_		_
Seed, flax lb.	101,136	594,104	8,097,320	282,184	56,33
Seeds, all other	· -	· -	' -	-	-
Total seeds Straw ton	89	268	614	1,151	31
Sugar, maple, and maple					
syrup lb.	7,057	11,222	14,870	23,934	23,09
Tobacco, unmanufac-	12 635 175	16 113 622	15,472,599	19.873,932	15,515.44
$egin{array}{ccccc} { m tured} & \dots & { m lb.} \\ { m Vegetables} & \dots & \dots & { m los} \end{array}$	- 12,000,110			-	
Other agricultural pro-	-				
duce	_		_		-

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

1910. 6,461 67,721 83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798 211,794	1911. 11,260 105,646 135,342; 45,639 423,660 537,154 286,887; 432,506 1,978,094	\$ 29,887 126,069 165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	1913. 16,520 140,649 190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846 2,737,466	1914. \$ 15,576 129,311 210,045 74,346 538,265 668,831 238,466 636,733 2,511,564
6,461 67,721 83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	11,260 105,646 135,342 45,639 423,660 537,154 286,887 432,506 1,978,094	29,887 126,069 165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	16,520 140,649 190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	15,576 129,311 210,04£ 74,346 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
67,721 83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	105,646 135,342 45,639 423,669 423,506 1,978,094 485,274	126,069 165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	140,649 190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	129,311 210,045 74,340 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
67,721 83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	105,646 135,342 45,639 423,669 423,506 1,978,094 485,274	126,069 165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	140,649 190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	129,311 210,045 74,340 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
67,721 83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	105,646 135,342 45,639 423,669 423,506 1,978,094 485,274	126,069 165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	140,649 190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	129,311 210,045 74,340 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
83,363 48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	135,342 45,639 423,660 537,154 286,887 432,506 1,978,094 485,274	165,146 76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	190,316 60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	210,045 74,340 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
48,620 338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	45,639 423,660 537,154 286,887 432,506 1,978,094 485,274	76,100 818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	60,512 458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	74,340 538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
338,923 318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	423,660 537,154 286,887 432,506 1,978,094 485,274	818,573 841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	458,402 882,529 346,692 641,846	538,262 668,831 238,466 636,733
318,937 235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	537,154 286,887 432,506 1,978,094 485,274	841,036 352,530 534,269 2,943,610	882,529 346,692 641,846	668,831 238,466 636,733
235,549 338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	286,887 432,506 1,978,094 485,274	352,530 534,269 2,943,610	346,692 641,846	238,466 636,733
338,944 1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	432,506 1,978,094 485,274	534,269 2,943,610		636,733
1,438,518 261,792 1,359,798	1,978,094 485,274	2,943,610		2,511,564
1,359,798	485,274	600,000	:	
1,359,798	485,274	600 000		
1,359,798	1 500,000	680,292	834,220	1,104,292
	1.760,289			2,657,615
	319,322		581 ,632	680,160
40,376	42,870		102,855	119,021
91,754		99,336	131,590	133,072
112,218	149,693	229,639	282,521	351,488
,	′		,	,
2,152,773	2,712,170	3,430,516	3,575,992	3,464,376
155,139	218,564	299,913	330,589	353,440
246,766	248,910	277,925	303,168	344,258
158,756	177,604	239,916	267,563	316,524
175,356	245,103	315,079	385,423	465,091
4,966,522	6,462,900	8,041,419	9,142,600	9,989,337
56,590	117,316	248,655	465,101	423,20
141,956	230,393	305,350	485,564	288,02
				351,336
140,792	167,477		372,747	375,957
	64,978			192,547
1,032,473	1,205,286		1,885,758	1,575,962
27,706	31,185			7,084
41,237		60,360	98,315	69,631
	135,137	700,769	178,254	349,658
		708,503	1,120,081	1,229,128
			9,393	2,336
				28,547
				1,260,008
1,000	4,004	0,010	10,020	3,342
717	1,398	2,233	2,678	2,249
2 905 331	3 450 519	3 802 427	4 803 065	4,353,184
1,001,000	1,001,022	2,107,007	2,000,093	2,516,677
1.054.803	1.171.990	817 133	1 375 621	1,166,405
	211,794 40,376 91,754 112,218 2,152,773 155,139 246,766 175,356 4,966,522 56,590 141,956 182,016 140,792 57,306 1,032,473 27,706 41,237 124,259 1,006,289 4,124 24,660 1,035,073 1,880	1,359,798 1,760,289 319,322 40,376 42,870 103,101 112,218 149,693 2,152,773 2,712,170 155,139 218,564 246,766 248,910 158,756 177,604 175,356 245,103 4,966,522 6,462,900 56,590 117,316 141,956 230,393 182,016 250,710 140,792 167,477 57,306 64,978 1,032,473 1,205,286 27,706 41,237 59,046 24,660 44,480 1,035,073 1,201,722 1,880 4,304 717 1,398 2,905,331 3,450,512 1,001,085 1,354,322	1,359,798 1,760,289 2,057,407 211,794 319,322 345,528 40,376 42,870 65,868 91,754 103,101 99,336 112,218 149,693 229,639 2,152,773 2,712,170 3,430,516 246,766 248,910 277,925 158,756 177,604 239,916 175,356 245,103 315,079 4,966,522 6,462,900 8,041,419 56,590 117,316 248,655 141,956 230,393 305,350 182,016 250,710 190,725 140,792 167,477 458,034 17,306 64,978 12,508 1,032,473 1,205,286 1,016,840 27,706 31,185 26,664 41,237 59,040 60,360 1,066,289 1,135,156 708,503 4,124 22,086 335,925 24,660 44,480 21,666,118 1,080 4,304	1,359,798 1,760,289 2,057,407 2,347,047 211,794 319,322 345,528 581,632 40,376 42,870 65,868 102,855 91,754 103,101 99,336 131,590 112,218 149,693 229,639 282,521 2,152,773 2,712,170 3,430,516 3,575,992 2,155,139 218,564 299,913 330,589 246,766 248,910 277,925 303,168 158,756 177,604 239,916 267,563 175,356 245,103 315,079 385,423 4,966,522 6,462,900 8,041,419 9,142,600 56,590 117,316 248,655 465,101 141,956 230,393 305,350 485,564 182,016 250,710 190,725 185,997 140,792 167,477 458,034 372,747 57,306 64,978 12,508 85,380 1,032,473 1,205,286 1,016,840 1,885,758

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		C	Quantities.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
II. Animals and their pro- duce.	,		1		
Animals, living-		1			
$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Cattle} & \text{No.} \\ \text{Dogs} & \text{"} \end{array}$	1,201 [°] 317 [°]	3,322 285			7,255 670
Fowls, domestic, pure bred "	$3{,}165$	7,605	8,464	26,114	
Hogs	´ -		ı	′	27,123 -
Horses No. Sheep	7,238 $35,852$	7,989 68,683	20,744 $192,553$	$17,537 \ 229,757$	6,436 $209,919$
Other animals	30,002	-	102,000	-	200,018
Total animals, living Bones, crude, and bone	_	-	-	-	_
dust, etccwt.	46,644				64,196
$egin{array}{lll} \mathrm{Bristles} & \ldots & \mathrm{lb.} \\ \mathrm{Eggs} & \ldots & \mathrm{doz.} \end{array}$	75,897 $750,476$		69,043	70,863 13,158,538	67,191
Feathers	-	2,212,121	- 1,110,211	-	-
Fur skins, not dressed Fur skins, wholly or par-	- '	_	-	-	_
tially dressed		-		_	_
Grease and degras lb. Grease, rough "	1,907,195	1,880,046	2,267,460 12,596,120	1,639,507	1,166,650
Hair, cleaned or unclean-			i		
edlb. Hair, horse"	360,628 81,629		620,835 137,912	789,637 $243,224$	
Hatters' furs	Í -	_	_	. ' –	´-
Hides and skins, raw lb. Honey	$9,078,964 \\ 160,322$	$14,239,635 \\ 163,523$	16,781,822 191,621	$ 18,019,964 \\ 351,392$	11,912,603 $265,933$
Milk, condensed "	237,643				
Milk and cream, fresh "Oils, animalgal.	31,992	62,422	111,241	109,702	60,878
Provisions, viz.:—	,	ŕ			
Butter lb. Cheese	$\begin{array}{c c} 61,081 \\ 215,741 \end{array}$	293,937 $202,137$			
Lard and lard com-	,	,	,	· •	Í
pound, etc " Meats, viz.:—	11,558,994	8,877,743	8,969,298	13,417,325	6,733,99
Bacon and hams, shoul-	- 450 055	4004 44	11 000 001		= 040 00
ders and sides lb. Beef, salted "	5,453,257 1,445,272	$\begin{array}{c} 4,921,145 \\ 1.161.492 \end{array}$	11,223,961 1,952,009	13,501,736 1.005,607	7,060,930 640,191
Beef, fresh "	-		-		235,28
Canned meats and can- ned poultry and game			į Į		
lb.	278,682	432,586	504,605	692,658	544,45
Extracts of meat, fluid beef, etc	_	_	_	_	_
Mutton and lamb,	716 750	047 490	1 665 909	4 284 300	2 201 777°
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	716,753 8,900,138	$\begin{array}{r} 947,430 \\ 7,092,271 \end{array}$		4,284,300 10,191,235	
Poultry and game		-		-	3,004,758
Other meats lb. Total meats	1,272,474	2,014,351	0,550,100	0,0 1 2,042	•,00±,100

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
II. Animals and their pro-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
duceTotals	11,836,463	12,295,021	16,746,586	21,671,491	15,514,944
Animals, living-					
Cattle	57,750	105,727	108,725	187,904	215,310
Dogs	11,063	10,271	30,250	29,600	25,675
Fowls, domestic, pure	-	-			
bred	11,298	20,514	28,740	40,296	53,640
Hogs	2,464	4,353	1,217	2,879	4,378
Horses	779,656	966,754	2,149,317	1,862,358	8,858,369
Sheep	131,775	230,206			638,268
Other animals	91,982	158,997	249,031		190,359
Total animals, living	1,085,988	1,496,822	3,146,410	2,904,965	1,985,999
Bones, crude, bone dust,	59,790	60,143	77 977	75,733	116,310
etc Bristles	49,392	61,023	77,277 53,730	71,824	54,880
Eggs	177,577	417,857	1,613,108	2,776,070	2,561,221
Feathers	30,163	11,734	50,706		40,032
Fur skins, not dressed	2,986,914	2,290,932		3,561,227	1,388,415
Fur skins, wholly or par-	2,500,511	2,200,002	2,001,110	0,001,==1	2,000,110
tially dressed	272,698	204,982	289,342	325,113	148,503
Grease and degras	94,943	99,835		85,123	60,439
Grease, rough	682,917	841,731		867,433	765,323
Hair, cleaned or unclean-	,	•	,	,	•
ed	72,747	116,092	103,177	89,132	94,466
Hair, horse	56,539	85,544	91,952		74,691
Hatters' furs	52,191	65,936	96,529		56,832
Hides and skins, raw	1,751,958	2,237,666	2,613,259	3,161,663	2,094,514
Honey	20,615	24,467			
Milk, condensed	17,168	10,685	7,928	15,819	
Milk and cream, fresh	-	-	00.400	60.011	236,772
Oils, animal	20,038	34,873	38,426	60,911	39,974
Provisions, viz.:—	16 169	70 000	009 041	911 000	79 410
Butter	16,163	78,232			
Cheese Lard and lard com-	45,319	39,134	47,010	70,019	00,750
pound, etc	1,410,806	1,075,704	844,506	1,472,084	743,173
Meats, viz.:—	1,410,000	1,010,101	011,000	1,112,001	, 10,110
Bacon and hams, shoul-					
ders and sides	816,042	828,777	1,473,296	1,936,565	1,171,691
Beef, salted	75,815	78,077	113,096	67,991	52,271
Beef, fresh	´ –	\	·	· –	43,828
					-
Canned meats and can-			1		
ned poultry and game	45,114	70,983	88,046	128,544	105,479
Extracts of meat, fluid	F0 F0F	70.017	100 050	107 500	000 00
beef, etc	53,705	70,917	132,859	197,520	282,297
Mutton and lamb fresh	eo ene	88,469	144 190	439,401	495.041
Mutton and lamb, fresh Pork	68,606 930,049				
Poultry and game	52,597				
Other meats	174,415			537,923	
Total meats	2,216,343		3,119,713		
	_,_10,010	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0,110,110	1,112,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		Q	UANTITIES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
II. Animals and their produce—con.					
Rennet Sausage casings Silk, raw, etc	_	_	- - -	- - -	
Wax, bees'lb. Wool	59,909 807,855 -	79,710 876,406	90,213 963,720 -	$\begin{array}{c} 80,024 \\ 1,097,799 \\ - \end{array}$	54,863 776,350
III. Fisheries produce.					
Anchovies and sardines, boxes	130,167	75,278	70,201	53,904	56,073
Cod, haddock, ling and pollock, all kinds lb. Halibut	785,490 1,152,138 116,618	$\begin{array}{c} 415,782 \\ 1,524,945 \\ 365,665 \end{array}$	700,013 2,280,120 371,283	354,821 2,387,455 187,054	242,920 1,553,759 297,312
Lobsters lb.	6,642	14,646	8,766	13,968	4,361
Oysters	880,244 45,876	95,179 11,687	786,693 23,249	$\begin{array}{c} -1.00 \\ 613,217 \\ 219,620 \end{array}$	2,107,343 80,141
smoked, etc	~	-	-	- -	_
Cod	3,135 9,472 12,607	104 6,024 40 10,662 16,830	352 5,156 20 14,447 19,975	3,522 9,522 1,213 51,597 65,854	6,107 20 32,444 38,571
Other articles of the fisheries	12,001	-	-	-	-
IV. Forest produce.					
Corkwood D shovel handles Felloes of hickory or oak, rough sawn to shape	-		-	-	-
only, etc	-	-	-	-	_
and shingle bolts Hickory billets Hickory and oak spokes,	-	- -	-	-	-
Hubs for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad	- - -	-	- - -	- - -	-
ties Logs and round unmanufactured timber	- -	-	-	-	-

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
. Animals and their pro-	\$	\$	\$	\$	
duce—con.	•	•	•	,	
Rennet	39,018	38,540	36,082	35,885	32,50
Sausage casings	81 447	101,544	127,876	101,478	84,6
Silk, raw, etc	367,647	415,020	263,927	296,740	360,1
Wax, bees'	18,888	22,595	27,605	24,934	18,3
Wool	159,341	181,104	167,495	217,041	171,0
Other articles	49 ,853	53,221	90,226	109,789	148,8
I. Fisheries produce,	212 222	224 207	774 400	015 750	095 5
totals	610,063	664,697	754,462	915,759	835,5
Anchovies and sardines.	10,871	6,366	5,337	5,322	5,2
Cod, haddock, ling and	22.070	22,425	26 975	18,476	13,1
polloek, all kinds	32,9 79 53, 769		36,275 $107,678$	123,371	86,2
Halibut		76,441 18,365	16,164	10,132	16,0
Herring	5,807		6,849	3,564	3,4
Lobsters	706	3,512	929	1,182	6,5
Mackerel	646	1,527	405,218	404,647	388,4
Oysters	362,351	378,907	13,630	83,708	61,8
Salmon	22,667	5 ,930	2,112	22,191	6,8
Seafish, other	3,720	695	2,112	22,191	0,0
Other fish, fresh, pickled,	59 957	74,037	70,575	122,980	132,7
smoked, etc Total fish	53,357	588,205	664,767	795,573	714,7
Fish oil—	546,873	000,200	004,101	130,010	111,1
Cod	_ 1	26	110	1,330	
Cod-liver	1,601	5,134	5,428	6,222	5,1
Seal	1,001	25	11	672	0,1
Other	4,685	5,916	8,182	18,340	11,4
Total fish oils	6.286	11,101	13,731	26,564	16,6
Other articles of the fish-	0,200	11,101	10,101	20,001	10,0
eries	56,904	65,391	75,964	93,622	104,2
V. Forest producetotals	8,050,772	12,775,449	15,030,290	20,016,029	16,601,3
Corkwood	50,818	47,246	21,446	27,360	20,6
D shovel handles.	30,454	49,906			71,0
Felloes of hickory or oak,	50,401	40,000	01,011	00,112	,,,
rough sawn to shape				·	
only, etc	61,037	57,776	112,883	112,238	79,8
Handles, heading, stave	01,001	01,110	112,000	112,200	10,0
and shingle bolts	72,536	129,228	158,006	262,428	219,0
Hickory billets	44,616				69,9
Hickory and oak spokes,	,	52,552	25,300	00,210	50,0
	185,928	239,309	234,828	308,820	231,3
etc	88,333	100,272	142,924	136,020	74,8
etc	00.000				70,2
Hubs, for wheels, etc	52.858	56.365	00.004		
Hubs, for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable	52,858	56,365	55,864	09,090	, .
Hubs, for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad	52,858	,		1	,
Hubs, for wheels, etc Ivory nuts, vegetable	52,858 663,825	56,365 1,197,805		1	2,326,8

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		G	Quantities.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
IV. Forest produce—con.					
Lumber and timber, planks and boards, etc., viz.:-				ì	
Boards, planks, deals, etcm. ft. Cherry, chestnut,	92,283	216,026	430,740	443,502	266,638
etc	11,661 1,381 50,556 42,341	16,485 2,625 57,519 94,048	16,814 2,364 62,280 91,441	26,127 3,378 80,645 118,868	
sawed. Shingles. M. Staves. " Walnut. M. ft. White ash " Other lumber and tim-	5,076 4,782 512 1,246	5,570 6,967 590 2,426	63,112 7,293 470 2,961	143,633 8,793 620 3,859	5,567 485
ber Total lumber and	-	-	_ '	-	_
timbercord Wood for fuelcord Other articles of the forest	31,246	28,109	33,135 -	43,937 -	29,072
V. Manufactures.	i				· [
Ale, beer and porter. gal. Ale, ginger	679,683	847,359 ~	1,004,773 -	1,473,919 -	1,541,698
Antiseptic surgical dressing.	- ;		_	_	-
Asphaltum or asphalt	352,590 528,584				
bagatelle tables	- 1	-	_	-	_
Baskets Belting, all kinds, except	~	-	-	_	-
rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses	~ `	_	-	_	_
and suspensory bandages	-	_	_	_	
Bells	776 21,826,246	1,366 26,969,258	2,492 29,741,497	775 29,613,979	400 36,756,592
Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	-	_	-	_	-
makers' ink, etc Blueing, laundry, all kinds	_	_	-		_
Boats	597 -	596 -	793 -	669	862

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
IV. Forest produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Lumber and timber, planks and boards, etc., viz.:—					
Boards, planks, deals,					
etc	1,951,220	3,812,072	5,672,396	7,011,936	4,931,37
Cherry, chestnut, etc	518,034	$656,510^{\circ}$	650,953	882,698	774,65
Mahogany	153,645	309,252		429,973	282,48
Oak	2,146,359	2,316,618		3,218,870	2,629,78
Pitch pine	1,028,483	2,111,818		1,435,376	2,912,36
Timber, hewn and	2,020,200	_,,	_ ,	1,100,010	_,01_,01
sawed	53,178	332,927	366,079	800,560	521,82
Shingles	10,457	11,368	123,102	276,905	102,62
Staves	149,553	195,354	215,482	305,329	181,62
Walnut	26,556	32,022		43,797	
White ash	65,146	127,674		204,847	119,55
Other lumber and tim-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	′ 1	· '	,	,
ber	60,700	135,090	261,412	258,154	198,24
Total lumber and	í	•	,	•	•
timber	6,163,331	10,040,705	12,092,771	15,868,445	12,683,22
Wood for fuel	89,171	77,992	108,321	149,677	89,93
Other articles of the forest	17,484	17,975	53,619	72,775	16,04
V. Manufacturestotals	122,330,400	158,184,084	193,182,527	276,462,655	 242,037,5 <i>5</i>
Al. b and mantan	907 474	410 717	rc0 100	000 000	005.00
Ale, beer and porter	327,474	410,715		868,362	
Ale, ginger	3,511	2,642	2,654	3,086	1,76
Antiseptic surgical dress-	60 705	00 747	05 175	141.000	100.01
ing	69,785	93,747	95,175	141,986	162,21
	· i		,	′	- /
Aenhaltum ar aenhalt		115 742	•	,	•
Asphaltum or asphalt	324,550		504,809	709,621	601,96
Baking powder			504,809	,	601,96
Baking powder	324,550 151,792	117,862	504,809 151,912	709,621 177,778	601,96 206,39
Baking powderBalls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables	324,550 151,792 8,377	117,862 13,062	504,809 151,912 19,117	709,621 177,778 23,372	601,96 206,39
Baking powder	324,550 151,792 8,377	117,862 13,062	504,809 151,912 19,117	709,621 177,778 23,372	601,96 206,39
Baking powder	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552	117,862 13,062 36,206	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087	601,96 206,39 19,03 68,04
Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather	324,550 151,792 8,377	117,862 13,062 36,206	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691	709,621 177,778 23,372	601,96 206,39 19,03 68,04
Baking powder	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552	117,862 13,062 36,206	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087	601,96 206,39 19,03 68,04
Baking powder	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720	601,96 206,39 19,03 68,04
Baking powder	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946	601,96 206,30 19,03 68,04 185,04
Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585	601,96 206,39 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,33 71,92
Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s. Belts, all kinds, n.e.s.	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,33 71,92 74,86
Baking powder Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables Baskets Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages Belts, all kinds, n.e.s Bells Billiard tables	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,33 71,92 74,86 35,91
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets. Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather. Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages. Belts, all kinds, n.e.s. Bells. Billiard tables. Binder twine.	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,33 71,92 74,86 35,91
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401 2,311,211	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,32 71,92 74,86 35,91 3,779,43
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401	601,96 206,38 19,00 68,04 185,04 49,33 71,97 74,88 35,99 3,779,43
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets. Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages. Belts, all kinds, n.e.s. Bells. Billiard tables. Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143 40,695	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433 19,608	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714 28,042	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401 2,311,211 24,744	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,32 71,92 74,86 35,91 3,779,43
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets. Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages. Belts, all kinds, n.e.s. Bells. Billiard tables. Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143 40,695	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433 19,608 72,191	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714 28,042 83,042	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401 2,311,211 24,744 116,725	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,32 71,92 74,86 35,91 3,779,43 12,33
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143 40,695 67,534 4,251	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433 19,608 72,191 3,744	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714 28,042 83,042 3,933	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401 2,311,211 24,744 116,725 6,065	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,32 71,93 74,86 35,91 3,779,43 12,38 101,83 5,23
Baking powder. Balls, cues and racks for bagatelle tables. Baskets. Belting, all kinds, except rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band ages. Belts, all kinds, n.e.s. Bells. Billiard tables. Binder twine, articles for the manufacture of Blacking, shoe and shoe-	324,550 151,792 8,377 32,552 82,524 27,018 42,163 61,947 33,741 1,745,143 40,695	117,862 13,062 36,206 79,068 36,311 50,680 64,113 49,533 2,088,433 19,608 72,191 3,744 26,303	504,809 151,912 19,117 40,691 111,602 35,762 64,885 59,658 72,331 2,127,714 28,042 83,042 3,933 35,857	709,621 177,778 23,372 49,087 158,720 48,946 75,585 74,288 53,401 2,311,211 24,744 116,725	601,96 206,38 19,03 68,04 185,04 49,32 71,92 74,86 35,91 3,779,43 12,33

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		G	uantities.	•	
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Books, periodicals and other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces Boots, shoes and slippers, except rubber and leather Braces, suspenders and	- -	- - -	- -	-	-
parts of	-	_	-	-	_
Brass and manufactures of— Brass, old and scrap,					
cwt.	14,084	24,069	30,499	43,617	24,980
Brass in blocks, ingots or pigsewt.	1,142	3,871	17,496	19,820	17,663
Brass tubing, not polished, ed, etclb.	771,088	878,816	1,226,895	1,621,989	1,436,659
Brass rods and sheets for mfsewt. Brass wire, plain lb. Brass, other	24,481 220,591	30,054 214,491	35,489 210,039	53,254 371,753	46,507 400,883
Total mfs. of Bricks, tiles and manu-		_	-	-	-
factures of clay, n.e.s	-	_	-	-	-
Bricks, fire British gum, dextrine, sizing cream, etc lb. Brooms, whisks and	679,375	691,990	840,714	1,506,466	1,023,426
brushes		-	-	-	-
Buttons	398,913	438,758	498,152	528,4 <u>5</u> 6	547,263
or manufactured Carbons over 6 inches in	-	-	-	-	-
circumference No. Carriages and parts of—	992,463	1,111,669	1,049,210	1,601,319	-
Automobiles and motor vehicles No.	1,317	3,186	5,629	7,993	5,864
Automobiles and motor vehicles and parts of Buggies, carriages,	-	-	-	-	-
pleasure carts, etc.,	995	1,285	1,518	1,903	1,561
Wagons, farm, freight, and draysno. Cars, all kinds	5,924 3,104	12,442 4,817	13,351 7,019	13,936 15,096	8,719 8,933
Carriages, other and parts of Total	-	-	-	-	_

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Books, periodicals and other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces Boots, shoes and slippers,	2,659,949 25,576	3,013,026 18,376	3,510,163 18,232		
except rubber and leather Braces, suspenders and	40,163	30,296	25,808	40,261	60,039
parts of	44,731	43,896	43,174	63,848	67,248
Brass and manufactures of—					
Brass, old and scrap Brass in blocks, ingots	155,618	243,277	312,792	542,190	291,667
or pigs	14,114	43,776	198,231	292,526	232,831
Brass tubing, not polished, etc Brass rods and sheets	153,440	174,169	236,010	348,747	313,836
for manufactures Brass wire, plain	352,451 36,014	$424,181 \\ 36,529$		$912,290 \\ 66,847$	
Brass, other	918,817	1,295,072	1,470,976		
Total mfs. of Bricks, tiles and manufac-	1,630,454	2,217,004			3,605,707
tures of clay, n.e.s Bricks, fire British gum, dextrine,	549,728 448,632	661,887 791,202			
sizing cream, etc Brooms, whisks and	19,781	22,937	32,476	58,628	43,160
brushes	180,493	207,357	226,840	300,986	295,629
Buttons	281,273	287,221	345,385	508,807	
Candles Cane, reed or rattan, split	61,654	67,496	•	,	71,242
or manufactured	37,416	42,414	53,220	17,430	4,965
Carbons, over 6 inches in circumference	162,460	196,023	191,630	300,263	299,400
Automobiles and motor vehicles	1,569,227	3,829,435	6,045,609	9,084,726	6,528,086
Automobiles and motor vehicles and parts of	254,862	494,264	850,906	763,129	3,926,077
Buggies, carriages,				·	, ,
pleasure carts, etc Wagons, farm, freight	82,829	103,021	99,150	104,765	99,558
and drays	259,080	583,600	613,993	641,510	417,498
Cars, all kinds Carriages, other, and	439,033	651,355	2,375,342	7,968,572	6,927,160
parts of	771,291 3,376,3 22	965,168 6,626,844	1,021,218 11,006,218	1,266,548 $19,829,250$	1,268,513 19,166,892

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		ς	UANTITIES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
. Manufactures—con.					
Carpets, n.e.syd.	36	1,440	920	2,747	1,75
Carpet sweepers No.	976	1,773	1,450	3,570	5,79
Cash registers "	1,279	1,450	936	1,215	· -
Celluloid and manufac-					
tures of	- [- (- [[_
Challe propaged	_	_	_ [_	_
Chalk, prepared	_	_	- 1	-	_
ed or groundlb.	36,902	54,778	171,632	92,928	61,25
Church vestments	-	-			,=
Clocks, clock cases,	1	İ		İ	
springs and movements	-		-	-	-
Clothes wringersNO.	11,588	8,587	11,045	12,108	
Coal and pine pitch. gal.	2,020,480	2,838,512	1,163,680	1,172,539	1,329,88
Cocoa carpeting, mats	•		1		
and matting Cocoa, desiccatedlb.	2,859	4,528	18,732	2,124	4,37
Cocoa paste, chocolate	2,000	4,020	10,102	2,121	1,01
paste, etclb.	1,858,557	1,818,374	1,324,770	712,206	952,63
Coffee, roasted or ground,	2,000,001	1,010,011	_,	, , , , ,	,
extracts of, etclb.	637,399	631,304	593,514	784,434	977,22
Coketon	700,081	762,827	641,224	709,966	708,44
Collars and cuffs	-	-	-	-	-
Combs, dress and toilet	-	- 1	-	-	-
Copper and manufactures of—					
Copper in blocks, pigs	45 550	40.500	50 405	50 510	40.00
or ingotsewt.	45,558	46,562	53,497	50,716	49,99
Copper in bars and rods	150,616	196,541	268,863	298,656	270,08
in coil, etccwt. Copper in strips, sheets	150,010	190,041	200,000	230,000	210,00
or platescwt.	29,994	32,930	31,111	43,774	39,5
Copper tubing, not pol-	20,002	02,000	,	,	,
ished, etclb.	174,116	287,882	278,531	481,438	500,99
Copper wire, plain, tin-	·				
ned or platedlb.	280,901	272,406	372,474	463,545	495,61
Copper, other	-	-	-	_	-
Total	1 000 200	- 005	1,221,538	1,507,146	1,333,7
Cordage and twineslb. Corks and other manufac-	1,006,399	895,996	1,221,000	1,507,140	1,000,11
tures of cork bark	_	_	_	_	
Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	_		- 1	-	-
Costumes and scenery,					
theatrical	_	-	-	-	-
Cotton, manufactures of-					
Duck, grey or white,					
over 8 oz. per sq. yd.	401 665	514 904	1,364,198	2,914,095	1,988,68
yd.	401,665	514,804	1,004,100	2,014,000	1,000,00
Embroideries, white and cream coloured		_	_	_ [_
and cream coloured	}]		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

\$ 684 6,435 120,633 178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216 52,705	\$ 400 3,894 65,266 169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484 53,441	\$ 1,164 13,274 61,523 173,289 1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024 50,438	23,633 210,260 153,192 274,553 42,419 4,344 2,673 462,899 74,733 1,677 644 216,418 236,073 2,058,711 96,848
684 6,435 120,633 178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	400 3,894 65,266 169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	1,164 13,274 61,523 173,289 1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	702 23,633 210,260 153,192 274,551 42,413 4,342 2,673 462,899 33,999 74,733 1,673 644 216,414 236,073 2,058,711 96,841
6,435 120,633 178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	3,894 65,266 169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	13,274 61,523 173,289 1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	702 23,633 210,260 153,192 274,553 42,418 4,343 2,677 462,896 33,999 74,733 1,671 644 216,418 236,076 2,058,711 96,848 35,893
6,435 120,633 178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	3,894 65,266 169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	13,274 61,523 173,289 1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	210,260 153,192 274,555 42,413 4,345 2,675 462,895 33,995 74,735 1,677 645 216,415 236,075 2,058,715 96,845
120,633 178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	173,289 1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	210,260 153,192 274,555 42,419 4,344 2,673 462,899 74,733 1,677 644 216,414 236,077 2,058,714 96,844
178,435 264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	169,247 678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	153,192 274,555 42,413 4,343 2,677 462,894 33,999 74,733 1,677 644 216,414 236,077 2,058,711 96,844
264,046 33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	678,036 35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	1,777,535 40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	274,555 42,419 4,344 2,673 462,899 33,999 74,733 1,67 644 216,418 236,073 2,058,711 96,848
33,333 3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	35,187 9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	40,013 6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	42,419 4,344 2,673 462,890 33,999 74,733 1,67 644 216,418 236,073 2,058,711 96,848
3,718 1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	9,680 1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	6,092 2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	4,34: 2,673 462,899 33,999 74,73; 1,67 64: 216,41; 236,07; 2,058,71; 96,84;
1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	2,678 462,898 33,999 74,733 1,677 644 216,418 236,073 2,058,711 96,848
1,481 349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	1,686 366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	2,497 528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	2,678 462,898 33,999 74,733 1,677 644 216,418 236,073 2,058,711 96,848
349,420 25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	366,758 33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	528,942 36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	462,894 33,999 74,733 1,67 644 216,414 236,074 2,058,714 96,844
25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	33,999 74,733 1,67 643 216,414 236,074 2,058,711 96,844
25,219 163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	33,253 70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	36,405 74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	33,999 74,733 1,67 643 216,414 236,074 2,058,711 96,844
163,244 2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	70,321 2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	74,619 2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	74,733 1,67 643 216,418 236,078 2,058,718 96,848
2,017 560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	2,918 3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	2,785 294 151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	1,673 644 216,418 236,074 2,058,718 96,848
560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	216,418 236,078 2,058,718 96,848
560 399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	3,184 287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	216,418 236,078 2,058,718 96,848
399,364 99,602 1,886,127 155,216	287,382 104,895 1,634,102 180,484	151,631 191,676 2,022,312 159,024	216,418 236,078 2,058,718 96,848
99,602 1,886,127 155,216	104,895 1,634,102 180,484	191,676 2,022,312 159,024	236,078 2,058,718 96,848
99,602 1,886,127 155,216	104,895 1,634,102 180,484	191,676 2,022,312 159,024	236,078 2,058,718 96,848
1,886,127 $155,216$	$\substack{1,634,102\\180,484}$	2,022,312 $159,024$	2,058,718 $96,848$
1,886,127 $155,216$	$\substack{1,634,102\\180,484}$	2,022,312 $159,024$	2,058,718 $96,848$
155,216	180,484	159,024	96,84
$155,216 \\ 52,705$			
52,705	53,441	50,438	35,893
			33,00
-			
000 105	077 510	0.40,001	770.00
600,135	677,516	840,081	778,094
0.004.040	0 550 155	4 006 701	4 999 47
2,604,649	3,553,155	4,996,701	4,333,47
E09 091	E04 909	050 700	710 054
523,831	504,383	852,783	718,956
63,862	61,244	115,375	120,940
05,002	01,244	110,570	120,940
64,135	71,853	104,846	115,183
193,891	220,465	369,909	344,104
4.050,503	5,088,616	7,279,695	6,410,748
113,003	144,422	193,791	193,34
110,000	177,722	130,131	100,01
122 807	152 046	261 275	255,455
			650,593
000,021	100,210	001,200	000,000
•	7.035	4.246	6,383
•	.,	2,210	0,000
•	ı		
•			
•			
3,590	450.164	891.935	576.444
•	450,164	891,935	576,444
	122,807 389,824 3,590	389,824 480,248	389,824 480,248 567,283 3,590 7,035 4,246

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(Quantities.	•	
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.				•	
Cotton, mfs. of—con. Grey, unbleached cotton fabricsyd. White or bleached cot-	1,316,415	2,806,261	5,464,840	6,384,140	3,025,857
ton fabricsyd.	2,544,079	3,530,717	4,415,608	6,725,206	8,405,231
Fabrics, printed, dyed or colouredyd. Handkerchiefs	7,708,250	7,718,660	11,196,760	15,109,374	14,496,992
Sheets, bed quilts, pillow cases, etc Shirts of cottondoz.	42,758	54,875	49,586	- · 83,396	- 84,611
Sewing thread on spools Sewing cotton thread in	,	-	-	´- !	´ –
hankslb	3,309	2,642	5,536	78,918	100,716
Lace, white and cream coloured	-	-	_	- !	
Socks and stockings, doz. prs.	43,942	128,804	109,227	147,306	155,498
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics yd.	105,859	121,794	115,217	122,797	177,663
Cottons, other Total	-	_	_	-	_
Cotton wastelb. Cotton yarns	2,977,895 $230,517$	3,277,738 $250,968$	3,537,463 382,250	4,102,237 476,932	3,778,846 268,650
Crapes	-	_		_	-
and medicines Duck for belting and hose Earthenware and china-	-			-	_
ware Elastic, round or flat	-			-	_
Electric apparatus, motors, etc	_			_	-
Electric light carbons and carbon points	2,197	3,649 -	1,522	3,050	
Emery wheels and manufactures of emery	_	_	_		_
Express parcels	-	_	_	, – , –	_
FertilizersFibreware	_	-		_	_
Fireworks	_	_	_	-	-
Fish hooks, nets, seines, etc	_	_	-	-	r
Flax, hemp, jute and man- ufactures of	-	_	-	-	_

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

. Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Cotton, mfs. of—con.	1	1	į				
Grey, unbleached cot-							
ton fabrics	93,668	188,852	274,217	369,547	201,945		
White or bleached cot-	, ,	,	•	,	,		
ton fabrics	202,538	308,084	358,993	590,425	701,662		
Fabrics, printed, dyed			•		:		
or coloured	757 ,249	843,091;	1,167,528	1,561,693	1,600,314		
Handkerchiefs	8,649	$5,039^{\circ}$	6,677	6,050	6,111		
Sheets, bed quilts, pil-							
low cases, etc	36,359	41,535	54,997	87,750	88,859		
Shirts of cotton	204,427	266,788.	264,225	449,832	444,092		
Sewing thread on spools	217,592	234,608	231,522	257,696	132,629		
Sewing cotton thread in	1 777	1 191	0.000	40 004	£0.000		
hanks	1,775	1,131	2,832	48,004	50,902		
Clothing	765,466	923,213	1,505,377	1,921,236	1,850,695		
Lace, white and cream coloured	35,961	36,156	40,182	57,782	52,771		
Socks and stockings	40,701	123,163	116,647	167,276	168,718		
Velvets, velveteens and	,						
plush fabrics	32,415	39,131	38,319	38,378	51,345		
Cottons, other	599,212	774,867	1,014,931	1,413,694	1,440,316		
Total	3,162,694	4,010,483	5,560,141	7,905,089	7,409,051		
Cotton waste	159,745	196,169	206,965	231,550	225,008		
Cotton yarns	169,239	170,118	244,146	215,240	131,885		
Crapes	665	107	149	114	475		
Curtains and shams	95,860	85,414	80,143	93,021	102,849		
Drugs, dyes, chemicals	e 700 049	0.044.174	0.000 100	0 000 040	9 40° 061		
and medicines Duck for belting and hose	6,729,043 67,536	8,044,174 88,683	8,066,129 106,960	8,986,840 98,600	8,405,061 $78,782$		
Earthenware and china-	07,000	00,000	100,900	90,000	10,102		
ware	269,160	351,898	421,652	584,359	571,312		
Elastic, round or flat	41,867	37,874	43,395	38,653	29,253		
Electric apparatus, mo-	11,001	0.,0.1	10,000	00,000	20,200		
tors, etc	2,914,946	4,269,589	4,846,161	7,161,612	7,056,427		
Electric light carbons and	_,,,,,,,,,		_,	,,,,,,,,,,	.,,		
carbon points	27,997	36,719	28,532	40,535	39,333		
Embroideries, n.e.s	22,916	25,503	28,281	32,248	29,237		
Emery wheels and manu-				·			
factures of emery	73,368	95,464	105,559	140,137	123,729		
Express parcels	1,536,602	1,796,413	1,897,235	2,408,736	2,099,134		
Fancy goods	739,674	888,799	957,755	1,100,632	1,127,726		
Fertilizers	356,117	403,813	413,598	480,379	555,638		
Fibreware	56,888	81,763	95,549	141,025	154,443		
Fireworks	30,267	33,809	39,150	42,551	16,105		
Fish hooks, nets, seines,	455 020	500.796	£79 000	707 047	605 110		
etc	455,8 38	590,726	573,282	707,247	685,119		
Flax, hemp, jute and man- ufactures of	207,299	153,891	203,151	264,170	203,067		
	1	1	ı	.	•		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(Quantities	•	
Furniture, wood, iron or other material Fur and manufactures of fur	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.					
other material Fur and manufactures of fur	- -	-	-	-	-
Common and colourless window glasssq. ft. Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets not ex-	612,364	1,426,561	1,617,328	10,130,199	10,336,026
sq. ft. Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceed-	43,700	33,696	183,991	282,198	187,625
not exceeding 25 sq. feetsq. ft. Plate glass, not other-	12,016	13,684	12,607	52,390	42,137
sq. ft.	16,231	40,140	41,568	75,033	68,833
Total	2,819,675	3,489,431	- - 3,455,372	4,968,898	- - - 4,143,435
plosivesGutta percha, India rub-	- ;	-		_	_
ber and manufactures of. Gutta percha, crude rub- ber, etclb. Hair and manufactures of. Hats, caps and bonnets Hatters' bands (not cords), bindings, tips and sides, etc Ink.	8,943,454 - - -	8,327,986	11,121,957	11,808,205	9,728,524
Iron and steel and mfs. of— Agricultural imple- ments— Drills, seed	5,423	6,885		7,629 7,485	5,055
Harrows" Harvesters, self- binding" Ploughs" All other and parts of.	8,982 1,481 26,657	14,989 1,110 52,935		2,316 27,384 -	3,770 - -

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes. –	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Furniture, wood, iron or other material	851,077	1,119,379	1,475,769	2,753,568	2,660,071	
Fur and manufactures of furGlass and manufactures	133,767	135,081	162,387	269,505	215,209	
of— Common and colourless window glass Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets not ex-	19,958	38,326	46,988	350,353	417,417	
ceeding 7 sq. feet each Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets exceed- ing 7 sq. feet each and	9,313	8,573	24,251	52,459	37,755	
not exceeding 25 sq. feet	2,615	3,889	1,658	10,654	9,558	
Plate glass, not otherwise provided for Glass, other, and mfs. of. Total	3,854 853,192 888,932	11,172 1,028,751 1,090,711	8,081 1,242,167 1,323,145	17,209 1,644,674 2,075,349	14,709 1,615,020 2,094,459	
Glove fasteners, metal, eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc	177,725	197,339	212,139	264,303	184,562	
Gloves and mitts	279,086 265,598 139,754	319,943 297,193 158,425	337,217 330,009 170,268	400,785 460,035 237,813	323,964 339,045 202,108	
Grease, axle	243,280	285,185	463,063	694,599	665,003	
Gutta percha, India rub- ber and mfs. of Gutta percha, crude rub-	1,007,491	1,410,790	1,591,308	2,716,240	2,505,727	
ber, etc Hair and manufactures of.	4,142,403 93,442	4,470,347 $73,070$	4,967,218 88,737	5,637,479 $118,547$	3,631,044 80,833	
Hats, caps and bonnets Hatters' bands (not cords), bindings, tips	1,080,310	1,173,654	1,498,934	1,911,510	1,890,573	
and sides, etc	57,089 133,168	$64,127 \\ 112,005$	59,720 102,912	76,454 117,097	68,454 114,289	
Iron and steel and mfs.				•		
Agricultural imple- ments—		į	1			
Drills, seed Harrows Harvesters, self-	218,480 113,814	355,791 $229,747$	349,266 143,507	282,450 176,776	99,441 156,434	
binding	165,759 952,660, 1,152,797	115,794 1,992,555 1,765,558	264,890 1,351,867 2,056,286	215,129 1,371,149 2,315,837	336,675 1,011,557 1,594,156	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.		i				
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con.						
Threshing machine separatorsNo. Portable engines with boilers, and traction engines for farm pur-	1,198	1,282	2,866	3,291	1,648	
posesNo. Sewing machines " Typewriting machines" Engines, gasoline " Bar iron or steel rolled	$\substack{1,210\\15,525\\9,312\\5,549}$	2,137 13,366 11,214 8,683	3,831 14,549 16,643 14,008	3,994 17,763 18,120 26,966	1,128 15,901 12,144 19,569	
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard,	1,122,158	1,693,038	1,713,886	2,439,355	2,056,400	
cwt. Iron in pigston	$409,286 \\ 57,912$	584,422 151,349	$\substack{1,478,612\\122,565}$	$\substack{1,613,677\\237,043}$	565,113 173,233	
Iron or steel railway bars or railston Rolled iron or steel	38,218	29,645	89,827	149,849	178,32	
angles, etccwt. Rolled iron or steel	703,617	872,274	1,091,402	1,706,826	1,698,178	
beams, etccwt. Rolled iron or steel	1,099,468	1,563,340	2,445,044	3,735,265	3,495,40	
platescwt. Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or	213,397	432,973	419,019	818,955	723,98	
not, no. 14 gauge and thinner	376,769	419,063	509,529	1,314,347	770,69	
ized iron or steel, cwt. Skelp iron or steel.	266,687	168,879	241,459	557,006	337,13	
sheared or rolled in groovesewt. Cream separators and	1,213,698	1,141,736	1,720,132	2,252,212	2,008,856	
steel bowls for Cream separators, ma- terials for manufac-	-	- '		-	-	
ture of	483,850	558,168	- 786,096	- 1,829, 459	1,221,019	
Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width and not less than \(\frac{1}{4} \) in.	,		,	, .		
in thicknesscwt.	286,174	298,539	317,615	424,975	398,24	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con.						
Threshing machine sep- arators	628,218	740,550	1,404,455	2,175,811	926,751	
poses Sewing machines Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline	1,799,880 303,699 669,961 955,077	3,574,179 319,040 685,834 1,321,958	6,021,052 313,044 965,057 1,935,152	7,312,480 400,646 1,140,638 3,301,369	2,293,649 306,768 721,259 2,456,507	
Bar iron or steel	1,530,432	2,533,747	2,333,362	3,401,180	3,093,901	
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than 60 lb. per lineal yard Iron in pigs	384,216 840,178	571,923 2,084,729	1,376,657 1,517,214	1,590,900 2,988,119	668,220 2,341,407	
Iron or steel railway bars or rails	1,103,655	820,866	2,399,903	3,851,268	4,901,851	
Rolled iron or steel angles, etc	934,423	1,262,409	1,420,549	2,398,199	2,492,458	
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc	1,380,832	2,134,678	3,036,097	4,954,886	4,924,971	
Rolled iron or steel plates Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or	306,814	642,479	592,772	1,186,799	1,134,427	
not, no. 14 gauge and thinner Sheets, flat, of galvan-	914,705	999,318	1,172,984	3,052,323	1,872,338	
ized iron or steel Skelp iron or steel,	825,443	507,691	668,857	1,537,464	1,018,536	
sheared or rolled in grooves	1,535,571	1,530,585	2,021,185	2,768,703	2,727,174	
steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	487,261	263,384	236,311	350,518	303,439	
terials for manufac- ture of	212,056	345,850	289,618	220,974	254,781	
not over $\frac{3}{8}$ in. in dia- meter	652,335	751,811	935,260	2,132,014	1,464,366	
and not less than ½ in. in thickness	404,823	457,189	465,847	$652,97\epsilon$	635,877	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by classes.	QUANTITIES.						
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Iron and steel and mfs. of				:			
—con.							
Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than							
30 in. in width and				1			
not less than \frac{1}{4} in. in	102 020	750 444	600 507	1 110 045	1 046 056		
thicknesscwt. Barbed fence wire of	483,030	759,444	680,507	1,118,945	1,046,956		
iron or steelcwt.	326,817	338,187	376,518	446,122	234,810		
Wire, curved or not,							
galvanized iron or steel, nos. 9, 12 and 13			-	į			
gaugecwt.	641,413	517,915	640,842	781,479	676,213		
Other, and mfs. of	-	-	-	-	-		
TotalIvory, manufactures of	_	-	_	_	_		
Jellies, jams and pre-							
serveslb. Jewellery	69,507	69,272	183,801	134,239	134,106		
Junk and oakumcwt.	32,769	10,327	18,832	17 ,552	14,525		
Jute cloth, not col-				j	•		
Jute canvas, uncol-	166,971	585,914	234,756	624,102	2,789,784		
oured, etc	1,802	-	-	150,000	882,728		
Jute, flax or hemp yarn.	,				•		
plain, dyed or coloured, etc	317,010	396,699	339,925	901,159	399,875		
Lead and manufactures of.	-	-	-	-	-		
Leather and mfs. of—							
Leather, belting leather of all kinds lb.	13,074	44,573	21,970	15,966	_		
Calf, kid or goat, lamb	10,071	11,010	21,010	10,000			
and sheep skins,							
dressed, waxedor glazedlb.	184,744	404,821	627,585	518,757	_		
Glove leather, tanned			,	,			
or dressed, etc lb.	963,746	880,937	1,088,414	-	-		
Upper leather, includ- ing dongola, cordo-							
van, kangaroo, alliga-							
tor, etc lb. Boots and shoes, slip-	151,216	314,107	236,582	321,974	-		
pers and insoles of				! 			
leather	-	-	-	-	-		
Harness and saddlery, including horse boots.	_	_	_	_ '	_		
Other leather, and mfs.	-			İ			
of	-	-	-	_	_		
Totalbbl.	190,337	194,809	229,565	360,209	774,1561		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
7. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	s	\$			
Iron and steel and mfs. ofcon.	•		•	•	•			
Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than	ļ							
30 in. in width and								
not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ in. in	500 549	1 054 067	074 606	1 590 570	1 506 056			
thickness Barbed fence wire of	580,543	1,054,967	874,606	1,530,579	1,536,956			
iron or steel	708,800	727,210	765,916	887,974	503,201			
Wire, curved or not,		,	, i	'	•			
galvanized iron or								
steel, nos. 9, 12 and 13	1,267,953	990,541	1,147,494	1,330,909	1,219,510			
gauge Other, and mfs. of	25,185,685		43,369,668	63,582,175	54,347,521			
Total	46,216,070			117,110,245	95,344,131			
Ivory, manufactures of	20,408	22,879	23,282	35,989	21,151			
Jellies, jams and pre-	10.00	10 510	01 504	04.000	07 700			
serves Jewellery	12,205 908,769	12,516 897,648		24,993 1,166,553	27,700 $1,001,258$			
Junk and oakum	45,387	22,879		55,577	52,035			
Jute cloth, not coloured,	20,000	,		33,577	,			
etc	9,280	15,755	10,775	31,615	164,433			
Jute canvas, uncoloured,				0.000	40.04			
Jute, flax or hemp yarn,	214	_	_	8,900	48,844			
plain, dyed or coloured,								
etc	27,101	26,815	26,326	68,919	37,839			
Lead and manufactures of.	53,568	46,010	127,644	127,464	153,695			
Leather and mfs. of—								
Leather, belting leather of all kinds	7,317	15,530	10,096	10,451	21,528			
Calf, kid or goat, lamb	1,017	10,000	10,030	10,401	21,020			
and sheep skins,		i i	1	1				
dressed, waxed or		044.000	404.00=	800.054	450.000			
glazed	172,005	341,832	434,997	368,654	458,622			
Glove, leather, tanned or dressed, etc	548,180	506,227	577,273	796,342	638,939			
Upper leather, includ-	. 010,100	000,22.	011,210	100,012	000,000			
Upper leather, includ- ing dongola, cordo-								
van, kangaroo, alliga-		990 960	105.004	071 700	970.000			
tor, etc Boots and shoes, slip-	135,683	238,369	195,094	271,582	370,633			
pers and insoles of								
leather	1,330,291	1,742,699	2,405,669	3,483,997	3,616,112			
Harness and saddlery,		4 20 000						
including horse boots		170,876	197,322	165,785	109,559			
Other leather, and mfs.	846,092	1,031,779	1,320,074	2,510,677	1,431,809			
Total	3,176,755							
Lime	116,193							

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con. Lime juice and other fruit juicesgal. Machine card clothing Magic lanterns and slides	15,2 3 1	30,844 -	43,538	50,840	77,634 -		
for	- 1	_	_	_	_		
Malt, extract of	-	- -	-	- -	-		
Mats, door or carriage Metals and mfs. of	- -		-	_ 	-		
Mineral substances, manufactures of Mucilage	-		-	<u>-</u> :	- -		
Musical instruments Mustard and mustard	_	-	_	_	-		
cake, etc Newspapers and maga-	-	-	_	_	_		
zines Noils	-	_	- -	- -	<u>-</u>		
Oil cake and meal and cotton seed cake and meal	54,171	49,257	76,037	118,004	91,475		
Oils, cocoanut and palmgal.	85,982	98,042	142,609	147,086	•		
Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	-	-		-	-		
leum Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instru-		_			_		
ments	_	_	_		_		
Packages	-	_	-	- 1	-		
Paints and colours Paper and manufactures of—	-	_			-		
Hangings of wall paper, including borders, roll Printing paper lb. Tarred and other build-	2,278,614 3,616,399	2,501,732 7,659,193	2,744,830 12,565,707		3,512, 496 13,004,362		
ing paper lb. Wrap; ing paper " Other paper and mfs. of.	1,618,445	1,705,332	2,064,006	5,274,263	4,155,708		
TotalPencils, lead	-	- -	- -	-!	-		
Pens, penholders and rulers	-		-		-		
Perfumery, non-alcoholic Photographic dry plates	-	_	-		_		
Picture and photograph frames	_	_	_	_	_		
Trames	-	-	_				

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.	s	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Lime juice and other fruit		-	-		-		
juices	19,051	37,473	52,241	65,089	112,591		
Machine card clothing	9,091	11,364	11,568	16,545	17,169		
Magic lanterns and slides							
for	325,976	422,542	551,208	876,670	1,154,174		
Malt, extract of	40,652	51,121	54,251	49,715	49,295		
Marble, manufactures of.	50,973	101,258	155,469	190,782	165,844		
Mattresses	4,572	4,539	4,976	15,905	6,508		
Mats, door or carriage	638	1,352	1,233	337	20,788		
Metals, and mfs. of	2,732,439	3,736,860	4,346,540	5,199,666	4,721,656		
Mineral substances, man-	015 470	055 570	336,806	407 020	498,775		
ufactures of	$215,470 \\ 30,369$	255,572 $25,505$	25.215	$\frac{497,029}{31,662}$	28,915		
Mucilage			1,198,139	1,642,203	1,704,460		
Musical instruments Mustard	961,229	1,125,752	1,190,109	1,042,200	1,704,400		
_cake, etc	32,056	28,928	29,571	43,226	37,737		
Newspapers and maga-	52,050	20,320	20,011	10,220	01,101		
zines	665,816	787,893	881,621	1,052,558	1,212,194		
Noils	16,625	8,226	2,054	128,670	151,018		
Oil cake and meal and	10,020	0,220	2,001	120,010	202,020		
cotton seed cake and	1						
meal	86,154	72,629	114,445	167,252	132,874		
mear	00,101	,0_0	,	201,202	,		
Oils, cocoanut and palm	63,771	86,137	116,926	126,847	162,818		
Oils, other	510,654	691,154	830,390	980,505	950,545		
Oiled cloths, all kinds,	,	,	1,111	1,1	,		
cork matting and lino-							
leum	274,607	320,264	368,419	467,261	472,594		
Optical, philosophical,	,	,	,	·	·		
photographic and							
mathematical instru-		Ì)			
ments	496,126	806,955	933,873	1,224,093	753,764		
Packages	457,774	538,832	552,336	755,810	677,168		
Paints and colours	497,030	575,027	686,359	938,378	828,870		
Paper and manufactures	`		1				
of—		Ì					
Hangings of wall paper,	005 000	200 200	077 145	904 505	904 700		
including borders	205,822	229,000	257,145	324,727	324,760		
Printing paper	234,739	373,904	490,546	499,432	483,947		
Tarred and other build-	242 062	204 502	ARR 105	609 104	E00 000		
ing paper	343,263	394,593	466,125	683,124	509,086		
Wrapping paper	58,102	54,479	62,968	141,621	119,901		
Other paper and mfs. of Total	2,373,533 3,215,459	2,607,709 $3,659,685$	2,868,934 4,145,718	3,995,582 5,644,486	3,984,808 $5,422,502$		
Pencils, lead	164,059	152,955	191,961	229,507	203,553		
Pens, penholders and	102,000	102,000	101,001	220,001	200,000		
rulers	103,184	116,329	152,407	131,721	105,857		
Perfumery, non-alcoholic	168,898	199,654	240,373	326,643	406,811		
Photographic dry plates	17,375	19,808	17,937	16,933	16,261		
Picture and photograph	-1,5.0	-0,000	1,001	10,000	10,201		
frames	74,964	77,128	97,100	123,663	123,538		
	,	, 0	-1,200	223,000			

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Pitch and tar, pinegal. Plaits, straw, tuscan and	1,262,150	1,416,937	1,788,570	3,944,491	2,625,731	
Plaster of Pariscwt. Plates engraved on wood	-	-	-!	-	351, 614	
or metalPocketbooks, purses,	-	-	-	-	-	
tobacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,	-	-	-	-	-	
knife or other	1,380	1,936 -	551	15	-	
Precious stones, polished, etc	-	-	-	-	-	
etccwt. Regalia and badges	351,416	304,460	338,210	479,034	505,878	
Resincwt.	237 ,829	213,546 -	254,679	267,5 08	268,670 -	
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper Sauces, catsup and soy	-	-	<u></u>	-	-	
gal. Ships, vessels and repairs	60,992	100,673	109,844	151, 632	130,530	
on	-	-	-	- !		
letters for signs Silk and manufactures of Slate	-		- - -	- -	- - -	
Soap— Common or laundry lb. Castile" Toilet	3,392,243 43,599	3,710,675 52,974 –		6,514,381 68,440 -	6,805,057 31,867	
Other soap, powders, etc	- !	-	- 1	-		
Total	757,510	814,116	903,677	900,126	-	
frames, etc		-	-	_ '		
Spirits— Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc.gal. Gin of all kinds	834 355 8,046 4,359 7,299 20,893	1,032 142 8,268 4,306 9,241 22,989	$ \begin{array}{r} 85\\ 9,057\\ 7,716\\ 13,046 \end{array} $	794 867 7,009 17,875 19,599 46,144	1,65 28 7,28 24,473 14,78 48,47	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
V. Manufactures—con.						
Pitch and tar, pine Plaits, straw, tuscan and	59,074	64,870	76,622	159,435	112,309	
grass	152,837	107,806	115,261	119,515	114,884	
Plaster of Paris	140,778	146,952	207,449	247,292	133,707	
or metal	40,934	48,002	56,208	71,244	55,830	
tobacco pouches, etc Polish or composition,	246,251	352,267	404,656	417,824	366,058	
knife or other	82,570	88,771	87,212	123,896	113,888	
Pomades Post office parcels	2,381 $656,770$	1,176 $730,500$	$859 \\ 761,757$	932,494	1,152,393	
Precious stones, polished,		100,000	101,101	002,101		
etc	42,643	39,082	64,661	58,537	45,393	
Rags, cotton, linen, jute, etc	682,149	700,021	846,336	1,092,019	1,094,229	
Regalia and badges	23,948	22,899	31,766	45,338	48,990	
Resin	431,930	500,942	676,070	723,438	541,329	
Ribbons	106,108	119,941	137,399	149,853	164,437	
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper	126,166	145,555	157,927	175,181	159,677	
Sauces, catsups and soy Ships, vessels and repairs	54,438	81,178	92,914	136,936	124,430	
on	691,700	430,867	284,922	772,174	994,414	
Signs of any material and	FO 811	5.4 550	00 501	100 105	100 105	
letters for signs	58,711	74,756	98,561	123,425	138,195	
Silk and manufactures of.	574,326 $131,057$	$699,345 \\ 140,257$	$922,431 \ 160,733$	1,224,852 $199,078$	1,163,129 $211,836$	
	101,001	110,201	100,100	150,070	211,000	
Soap-	404 404	200 200	200 004		0.0= 0.04	
Common or laundry	191,404	209,236	302,904	362,933	367,001	
Toilet	5,342 $188,637$	6,418 $179,110$	$6,375 \ 277,127$	7,075 325,776	4,058 $323,823$	
Other soap, powders,	100,001	113,110	211,121	020,770	020,020	
etc	214,374	219,177	221,068	316,840	312,017	
Total	599,757	613,941	807,474	1,012,624	1,006,899	
Spices	70,363	85,589	98,025	90,139	84,414	
Spectacles, eye-glasses, frames, etc	92,368	105,941	127,124	125,228	116,985	
Spirits—		1				
Brandy, including arti-						
ficial brandy, etc	2,217	2,577	2,889	1,889	4,385	
Gin of all kinds	293	192	92	1,383	534	
RumWhiskey	$\frac{3,225}{9,597}$	$\frac{3,269}{9,832}$	4,159	2,710	2,596	
Spirits, other	71,227	74,692	23,182 $100,544$	54,751, 140,476	72,079 118,434	
Total	86,559	90,562	130,866	201,209	198,028	

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Starch, etclb. Stockinettes for manufac-	854,169	1,552,246	1,582,954	1,877,155	1,816,822		
ture of rubber boots		_	_		_		
Stone, manufactures of	_	_	_	_	_		
Straw, manufactures of	- [- 1			-		
Sugar and syrupslb.	16,126,577	3,120,897	505,323	28,797,360	17,820,672		
Candy and confectionery			4 040 004				
lb.	878,953	1,251,351	1,848,681	2,756,476	4 456 609		
Glucose and saccharine "	3,276,546	4,536,694			4,456,623		
Molassesgal. Surgical and dental instru-	146,207	164,074	476,197	525,413	470,209		
ments	_ ;	_	_		_		
Tape lines	_ ;	, !	_		_		
Teeth, artificial	_	- i	_	_	_		
Tin and manufactures of-		I		١			
Tin, in blocks, pigs and							
barscwt.	13,175	11,004		22,778	20,237		
Tin plates and sheets "	245,680	374,587			853,517		
Tin foillb.	767,43 0	921,190	1,420,068	1,208,260	1,102,668		
Tinware and all other					_		
$egin{array}{c} ext{manufactures of} \dots \ ext{Total} \dots \end{array}$	_		_	_	_		
Tobacco and manufac-	_	- !	_	_			
tures of—	1	i					
Cigaretteslb.	1,265	1,874	2,899	4,497	2,977		
Cigars"	9,743	12,390	11,404	17,564	12,960		
Tobacco, cut "	71,328	99,172	175,499	297,590	335,151		
Other and mfs. of "	140,166	193,050		223,331			
Total "	222,502	306,486	404,876	542,982	510,953		
Tobacca pipes ate					_		
Tobacco pipes, etc Trawls and trawling	1		_				
spoons	_ :	- 1			-		
Trunks and valises, hat							
boxes, etc	_	-	-	_			
Turpentine, spirits of. gal.	949,215	868,343	945,276	1,142,624	970,479		
Twine and manufactures	i						
of	-	-	-		-		
Umbrellas, parasols, and				_	_		
sunshades Unenumerated		_	_	_	_		
Varnish, lacquers, japans,							
etcgal.	72,397	73,734	72,027	87,824	63,650		
Vinegar"	44,900	47,879	32,275		26,724		
Watches, watch cases,	·	,	•				
movements, glasses, etc.	-!	-	_	_	_		
Wax, manufactures of	- !	-	_	_	_		
Webbing, elastic and non-		1	_	_	_		
elastic	-	_	_	_	_		
Whips, thongs and lashes.	- 1	- 1	-				

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
N. Manufastones and	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
V. Manufactures—con. Starch, etc Stockinettes for manufac-	34,011	50,369	69,111	71,250	68,952		
ture of rubber boots	62,439	48,306	47,727	78,575	43,670		
Stone, manufactures of	341,714	393,042	495,039	726,037	669,879		
Straw, manufactures of	9,246	16,589	12,135	20,873	21,340		
Sugar and syrups	387,337	71,246	19,394	801,336	388,249		
Candy and confectionery	130,683	172,156	247,215	356,783	304,806		
Glucose and saccharine.	74,005	85,526	83,393	176,212	102,845		
MolassesSurgical and dental in-	31,725	31,472	99,301	96,663	95,753		
struments	200,150	247,147	284,637	378,659	435,330		
Tape lines	9,929	6,458	9,484	5,072	6,860		
Teeth, artificial Tin and manufactures of—	115,303	136,284	148,301	150,431	162,636		
Tin, in blocks, pigs and	100.000	205.050	200 000		000.04.4		
bars	400,299	395,876	509,332	1,023,280	866,014		
Tin plates and sheets	764,420	1,202,314 117,799	2,148,688	3,594,554	2,859,061		
Tin foil Tinware and all other	86,078	117,799	146,151	170,265	165,475		
manufactures of	232,148	308,310	374,162	439,749	511,578		
Total	1,482,945	2,024,299	3,178,333	5,227,848	4,402,128		
Tobacco and manufac- tures of—							
Cigarettes	3,618	6,512	9,500	13,667	10,860		
Cigars	41.451	56.242	47,254	75,288	57,718		
Tobacco, cut	38,397	53,208	104,428	174,802	202,740		
Other and mfs. of	63,154	89,570	103,333	100,654	76,270		
Total	146,620	205,532	264,515	364,411	347,588		
Tobacco pipes, etc	53,370	51,877	53,287	89,147	65,667		
Trawls and trawling spoons	23,151	24,277	19,717	25,052	23,992		
Trunks and valises, hat	, i	<i>'</i>	·	-			
boxes, etc	33,302	55,570	69,180	124,953	113,590		
Turpentine, spirits of Twine and manufactures	519,824	674,352	626,042	572,943	454,670		
of	34,320	38,440	31,958	47,269	42,180		
Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades	18,778	12,757	14,951	25,927	10 776		
Unenumerated	190,358	346,548	575,286	1,001,008	$18,776 \\ 643,615$		
Varnish, lacquers, japans,	100,000	010,010	010,200	1,001,008	010,010		
etc	118,928	119,797	124,109	151,173	118,479		
Vinegar	5,081	5,816	3,481	3,050	5,165		
Watches, watch cases,	669,740	767 040	010 100	1.097.100	000 100		
movements, glasses, etc. Wax, manufactures of	116,806	767,249 178,727	912,139 201,369	1,037,129	880,183		
Webbing, elastic and non-	110,000	110,121	201,309	267,690	216,525		
elastic	234,116	243,781	281,064	269,722	189,883		
Whips, thongs and lashes	7,059	9,447	13,356	39,437	21,314		

Principal articles by classes.	Quantities.						
Classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
7. Manufactures—con.							
Window cornices, poles, shades, rollers, etc Wine, non-sparklinggal. Wine, sparklingdoz. Wood and manufactures of Wool and manufactures	38,345 437	52,091 165	66,327 330 -	80,549 813 -	70,516 578 -		
of— Cassimeres, cloths and doeskinsyd. Coatings and overcoat-	19,592	18,987	19,820	61,046	70,82		
ingsyd. Tweeds" Knitted goods, including knitted under-	8,652 634	2,348 3,439	2,736 1,934	4,088 3,931	13,08 14,39		
wear	8,203	19,202	24,185	36,731	33,88		
or in part of wool, worsted, the hair of the goat, etclb. Yarns, woollen and	2,849	2,071	14,973	7,184	21,64		
worsted	1,533	4,329	7,600	5,932 -	4,30		
garments	- - -	-	- - -	_ \ :	- -		
Totallb. Yarns, n.e.slb. Zinc and manufactures of Other manufactured	361 -	9,298 -	33,514 -	35,824 -	38,82		
articlesVI. Mineral produce.	_	_	-	_	_		
Clays	3,113,860 6,980,200	- 3,434,399 7,735,360	4,084,407 10,490,492	- 4,208,630 11,049,602	4,351,83 13,732,58		
or groundton	147,244	190,103	252,193	529,9 4 3	403,93		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Window cornices, poles,					l	
shades, rollers, etc	42,488			54,588		
Wine, non-sparkling	22,430			39,091	35,586	
Wine, sparkling	4,226	1,555!	2,510	6,497	4,411	
Wood and manufactures					0.010.00=	
of	1,802,644	2,309,904	2,883,128	4,140,644	3,643,835	
of—						
Cassimeres, cloths and			10.00-		00.000	
doeskins	10,857	10,909	13,237	34 ,944	66,933	
Coatings and overcoat-	4 400	1 0 4 7	0.005	0.704	0.700	
ings	4,609	1,345	2,325			
Tweeds	408	1,961	1,426	2,710	4,917	
Knitted goods, includ-						
ing knitted under-	69.050	74.000	07 000	160 004	100 196	
wear	63,258	74,902	97,668	160,294	108,136	
	11 400	27,747	43,477	81,264	70,800	
Yarns, composed wholly	11,408	21,131	40,477	01,204	10,000	
or in part of wool,						
worsted, the hair of					I.	
the goat, etc	1,471	1,805	3,453	2,956	10,288	
Yarns, woollen and	1,171	1,000	0,100	2,000	10,200	
worsted	1,189	3,107	5,275	3,422	3,758	
Fabrics and mfs. com-	1,100	0,101	0,210	0,122	0,,,,	
posed wholly or in	i					
part of wool, worsted,						
etc	59,928	72,163	80,657	160,449	197,271	
Clothing, women's and	<i>'</i>	· ,	,	,	•	
children's outside						
garments	136,488	123,911	139,027	191,909	255,057	
Clothing, ready-made				i		
and wearing apparel	522,845	481,188	596,195		753,517	
Other, and mfs. of	110,089	167,459	194,760		300,912	
Total	922,550	966,497	1,177,500	1,784 ,338	1,780,319	
Yarns, n.e.s.	321	2,366	7,627	7,233	39,872	
Zinc and manufactures of. Other manufactured	154,754	521 ,019	667,687	540,024	449,545	
Other manufactured articles	996,748	1,242,996	1,428,226	2,51 2,338	1,573,910	
VI. Mineral producetotals	24 708 266	20 840 610	£0 697 907	E0 042 002	CC C14 C05	
Transfer produce totals	04,130,000	00,040,010	30,031,301	99,049,309	00,014,033	
Clays	116,513	162 ,099	127,057	206,126	226,885	
Coal, anthracite and dust.	14 300 004	15 619 164	10 155 300	20 275 504	20 584 109	
Coal, bituminous	12 979 151	15,012,104 $14,577,365$	20, 213, 077	20,273,394	26,004,198	
Emery, in bulk, crushed	12,013,191	13,011,000	20,010,077	20,410,000	20,004,107	
or ground	27,305	39 ,590	45 ,505	45,826	36,897	
Gravel and sand	147,903		236,591	443,958	390,488	
	, , , , ,			*********		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

	QUANTITIES.						
1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
]							
-	_		_	_			
				_			
-	-	-	_	-			
-	-	_		_			
155.130	176,534	210,995	262,419	299,918			
4,997	2,113	2,181	6,092				
-	-	-	_	-			
8,637,286	9,217,634	13,262,288	16,496,527	19,278,099			
2,185,341	2,600,099	3,410,415	4,091,173	5,138,909			
				l			
2.793.246	3.528.045	4.373.375	6.250.223	5.134.973			
45,490,660	71,000,992	96,693,951	185,679,913	145,560,851			
	· · · ·						
14,111,869	17,840,207	17,737,734	26,038,164	23,612,284			
-	-	_	_	_			
ŀ							
ĺ	ĺ			1			
		500 700	700.645	042.047			
557,602	575,905	596,796	792,045	943,247			
23,314	27,294	19,408	_	-			
· i	,	· I					
			49 419	45,776			
13,009	21,920	40,438	40,412	45,170			
:							
~	-	-	-	-			
				_			
		_ [-	•			
-	_	-	-	-			
	- 1	-	-				
	155,130 4,997 - 8,637,286 2,185,341 2,793,246 45,490,660 14,111,869 557,602 23,314 155	155,130 176,534 4,997 2,113 8,637,286 9,217,634 2,185,341 2,600,099 2,793,246 3,528,045 45,490,660 71,000,992 14,111,869 17,840,207 557,602 575,905 23,314 27,294	155,130 4,997 2,113 2,181 8,637,286 2,185,341 2,600,099 3,410,415 2,793,246 45,490,660 17,840,207 17,737,734 14,111,869 17,840,207 17,737,734	155,130 4,997 2,113 2,181 2,181 2,181 6,092 8,637,286 9,217,634 13,262,288 16,496,527 2,185,341 2,600,099 3,410,415 4,091,173 2,793,246 45,490,660 71,000,992 96,693,951 14,111,869 17,840,207 17,737,734 26,038,164 - 557,602 23,314 27,294 19,408 - 155 771 594			

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
VI. Mineral produce—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Lithographic stones, not	W 010	H =10	0 #01	# 10°	br 400		
engraved	5,918	7,719 $138,289$	9,591 158,992	7,135 $203,319$	7,123		
Marble, sawn only Marble, rough, not ham-	96,310	130,209	100,992	200,019	195,359		
mered or chiselled	1,398	20,177	55,086	59,559	101,516		
Mineral and aerated	1,000	20,211	00,000	00,000	101,010		
waters	66,454	51,218	58,685	69,765	49,591		
Minerals, viz.—	ŕ		·				
Alumina, or oxide of al-	000 500	0.50.050	404 00	#0F 01F	200 47		
uminium	322,566	353,872	421,827	525,017	600,454		
LithargeOther materials	$\frac{18,319}{72,468}$	10,667 $113,153$	11,885 $196,285$	$29,680 \\ 228,905$	10,600 192,094		
Oils, mineral—	12,400	115,155	190,200	220,900	192,099		
Coal and kerosene, dis-							
tilled, purified or re-							
$ ext{fined} \dots \dots$	618,296	541,876	659,898	1,103,769	1,350,502		
Oils, products of petro-							
leum	211,608	277,037	337,547	432,217	618,506		
Oil, lubricating, com- posed wholly or in							
part of petroleum	385,387	461,856	521,144	819,159	707,811		
Oils, other	2,005,804	3,332,242	4,303,687				
Ores of metals, all kinds,	,,		_,000,000	, ,	20,002,00		
including cobalt ore	2,737,336	3,330,600		3,863,880	4,143,554		
Phosphate rock	47,068	60,762	42,540	24,137	16,221		
Precious stones, diamonds							
unset, diamond dust or bort, and black dia-							
monds for drills	160,787	50,525	191,266	119,888	71,720		
Salt	141,003				221,550		
Stone, flag, granite, rough	,	120,101	201,000	2.0,200	221,000		
sandstone, etc	108,176	123,606	77,801	118,385	91,962		
Ot a series series only	1 200	9 900	4 700	00 555	10.000		
Stone, granite sawn only. Whiting or whitening	$1,320 \\ 7,512$	$3,200 \\ 11,659$		$22,555 \\ 26,607$	10,868		
Other mineral products	219,760	243,582			24,066 $366,939$		
O UZOT ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ		210,002	000,000	010,101	000,000		
VII. Miscellaneous produce.							
Totals	15,281,305	22,088,415	38,318,293	18,400,190	27,114,565		
Articles the growth, pro- duce, or manufacture of							
Canada, returned after							
having been exported	449,961	394,615	444,232	451,219	616,489		
Articles for use of the	220,001	301,310	111,202	101,213	010,308		
Governor General	1,123	2,241	473	3,198	315		
Articles for army and	· ·	, i					
navy	2,205	1,900	1,456	13,993	127		
Articles ex - warehoused for ships' stores	569,451	690,211	601 00F	701 500	000.011		
roi ampa atorea	509,451	090,211	681,905	781,560	989,911		

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
VII. Miscellaneous produce —con.						
Bacteriological products or serums	_					
Barrels or packages re-	-	-	-	-	_	
turned	-	-	-	-	-	
Cabinets of coins, collection of medals, etc						
Coffee, green lb.	405,388	333,926	190,006	173,289	187,432	
Models of inventions and	<i>'</i>	. ,	,	,	. ,	
other improvements	-	-	-	-	-	
Paintings in oil or water colours	_	_	_	_	_	
Settlers' effects	-	-]	-	-	-	
Sponges	$\frac{-}{456,164}$	325,802	302,774	220,533	301,65	
cles		_	_ \	-	_	
Coin and bullion— Coins, British and Can- adian, and foreign						
gold coins		-	-	-	-	
sheets or plates, un- manufactured Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	-	-	-	-	-	
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	-	-	-	-	-	

I. Agricultural produce.				i	
Bamboo reeds, cut to length					-
Biscuits, all kinds lb. Macaroni and ver-	1,255,849	2,102,210	2,204,708	2,433,405	2,928,648
micelli"	4,597,129	5,355,769	6,257,035	8,035,873	10,543,569
Rice, all kinds "	43,488,266	42.282.989	57.277.692	55,615,133	61,904,867
Rice and sago flour "	1.042,451	736,533	695,607	1,145,592	979,043
Other breadstuffs "	3.378.155	4.042.146	4.210.244	$-5.014.777^{\circ}$	4,368,291
Total breadstuffs "	53,761,850	54,519,647	70,645,286	72,244,780	80,724,418

16.—Imports of Canada from the United States in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
VII. Miscellaneous produce —con.	\$	\$\$	\$	\$	\$	
Bacteriological products or serums Barrels or packages re-	53,602	62,737	79,981	103,197	87,696	
turned	74,699	96,136	96,174	99,259	163,607	
Cabinets of coins, collections of medals, etc	1,567	1,063	622	1,664	1,829	
Coffee, green	47,987	43,574			26,403	
Models of inventions, and other improvements	28,963	62,593	36,385	40,299	44,062	
Paintings in oil or water	´	472,000	,	,		
colours Settlers' effects	193,637 $7,613,553$		10,138,164			
Sponges	48,170	64,236			77,992	
Tea	49,733	41,955			38,648	
Other miscellaneous ar-		,	,	,	•	
ticles	147,260	146,200	176,879	272,597	258,067	
Coin and bullion— Coins, British and Canadian, and foreign gold coins Gold bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	4,980,787	7,725,302	24,092,215	3,010,911	13,649,197	
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	516,466	1,385,172	877,606	1,244,367	834,756	
Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un-	,	, ,	, ,	, ,	•	
manufactured	. 502,141	979,407	956,155	1,117,234	736,810	

I. Agricultural produce.	\$ 37 268 083	\$ 47.061.788	\$ 51,869,087	\$ 55 291 002	\$ 53,544,539
Bamboo reeds, cut to		41,001,100	31,003,001	00,001,000	00,044,000
length	9,217	11,027	3,848	8,622	9,582
Breadstuffs, etc., viz:-		ĺ	,	,	,
Biscuits, all kinds	146,913	237,486	239,974	276,568	361,106
Macaroni and vermi-					
celli	211,574	245,938			
Rice, all kinds	861,995				1,542,247
Rice and sago flour	21,099	17,265	20,447	28,715	31,737
Other breadstuffs	70,228	111,264	148,572	171,905	117,815
Total breadstuffs	1,311,809	1,508,650	1,932,986	2,339,503	2,546,235
	i				·

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Agricultural produce—						
Grain and products of—						
Beansbush.	104,761	47,517	72,323	400,848	177,43	
Indian corn for dis-						
tillation purposes "	827,723	869,150	819,115	975,252	1,056,54	
muran com		11,523,646		8,901,946	6,141,93	
Oats	38,945	16,389	83,245	207,281	61,97	
Peas	$17,670 \ 55,270$	$26,276 \\ 115,396$	$31,405 \ 121,841$	$166,894 \\ 616,395$	125,97 $133,37$	
Wheat " Other grains "	170,112	156,912	24,291	127,301	58,37	
Total grains "	7,811,121	12 755 286	16,273,300	11,395,917	7,755,59	
Bran, mill feed, etc	7,011,121	12,100,200	10,210,000	11,000,011	- 1,100,00	
Cereal foods		_	_	_	_	
Indian or corn meal bbl.	33,341	41,991	41,924	55,754	51,03	
Oatmeal lb.	17,856	13,090	21,635	95,274	37,91	
Wheat flourbbl.	31,458	60,738	47,217	59,081	55,20	
Other grain products	_ i	· - i	-	-	-	
Total grain products.	-			- 1	-	
Grand total bread-						
stuffs	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Broom corn	-	-	-	-	-	
Cane and rattans, not			_	_ !	_	
manufactured	4,428	6,407	1,672	4,762	5,89	
Cocoa beans, not roasted,		0,301	1,012	1,102	0,00	
crushed or ground lb.	2,855,473	3,181,547	5,604,949	6,613,083	6,887,78	
Cocoanuts No.	3,297,323	3,628,231	3,939,572	4,472,968		
Cotton wool or raw cot-	, ,	. ,		, ,		
tonlb.	68,083,508	81,262,163	72,793,905	77,457,809	76,993,0	
Fibre, Mexican, istle or						
tampico	2,588		1,614	2,465		
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s. "	9,675	12,632	7,003	8,811	7,4	
Florists' stock	-	_	_	_		
Fruits, dried, including						
nuts— Apples lb.	79,705	140,094	279,688	339,758	259,0	
Currants	10,918,608		12,756,897			
Dates"	2,763,210		3,260,954	3,983,050	4,371,2	
Figs	4,498,228			4,421,294	3,277,4	
Figs	10,145,969			8,942,599	10,592,0	
Raisins "	20,284,643	21,023,665	23,846,500	24,423,150	21,664,3	
Other dried fruits. "	3,984,104	4,641,867	4,141,506	5,527,385 18,234,794	4,275,2	
Nuts, all kinds "	13,282,300	$ \ 14,192,215$	16,724,559	18,234,794	19,568,8	
Total dried fruits "	65,956,767	68,602,396	79,461,530	78,089,036	74,678,4	
Fruits, green—	50.051	150.003	107.000	200 205	330,9	
Apples bbl.	59,071			320,325 $2,145,423$	2,635,0	
Bananasbunches	1,589,114	1,849,422	2,193,182	2,140,420	<i>ω</i> , σου, σε	
Berries, all kinds Cherries lb.	318,680	345,932	514,154	971,619	1,084,79	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
I. Agricultural produce—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Grain and products of—						
Beans	171,123	101,338	152,880	777,375	349,330	
Indian corn for distilla-	552,351	400.079	565 607	606 540	740 766	
tion purposes Indian corn	4,646,540	$490,072 \\ 6,951,747$	$565,697 \\ 9,757,947$	686,549 5,525,982	740,768 $3,950,934$	
Oats	27,287	10,646	45,066	83,316	26,189	
Peas	46,650	85,676	107,393	360,583	267,659	
Wheat	55,612	98,662	104,051	549,617	115,67	
Other grains	105,770	97,674	19,430	86,678	41,828	
Total grains	5,605,333	7,835,815			5,492,383	
Bran, mill feed, etc Cereal foods	$220,541 \\ 251,362$	32,889 333,884	38,467	70,947 $353,211$	30,167	
Indian or corn meal	106,484	122,720	250,647 $125,030$	176,804	346,760 $168,818$	
Oatmeal	775	716	1,066	3,347	1,92	
Wheat flour	156,310	245,365	199,707	267,917	239,83	
Other grain products	94,098	121,832	132,088	221,777	291,224	
Total grain products.	829,570	857,406	747,005	1,094,003	1,078,727	
Grand total bread-	F F40 F10	10 001 071	10 400 455	11 500 000	0.445.04	
stuffs	432,146	10,201,871 $389,173$		11,503,606	9,117,345	
Broom corn	452,140	309,173	437,001	377,462	324,590	
manufactured	16,657	14,823	12,383	59,091	68,55	
Cider	1,871	3,267	1,457	2,705	3,34	
Cocoa beans, not roasted,			,	, i	7.	
crushed or ground	338,334	382,834		903,446	961,334	
Cocoanuts Cotton wool or raw cot-	67,078	73,074	101,920	112,212	117,66	
ton	0 384 801	11,757,105	7,932,467	8,735,191	0.752.42	
Fibre, Mexican, istle or	<i>9</i> ,001,001	11,101,100	1,902,401	0,100,191	9,752,43	
tampico	24,747	21,653	19,103	27,050	20,31	
Fibre, vegetable, n.e.s	59, 4 94	62,533			70,18	
Florists' stock	166,051	203,213	244,108	293,418	467,69	
Fruits, dried, including				·		
nuts—	6,461	11 260	20.007	16 500	15 58	
Apples	452,458	$11,260 \\ 551,562$		$16,520 \\ 655,735$	15,576 $545,213$	
Dates	115,719	159,647	175,227	208,938	243,19	
Figs	163,720	202,384	240,129	233,045	186,22	
Prunes	348,127	459,985	860,405	466,868	550,17	
Raisins	821,136	1,139,983		1,349,076	1,242,25	
Other dried fruits	241,133	296,904	362,765	365,815	278,15	
Nuts, all kinds Total dried fruits	1,151,199 $3,299,953$	1,396,131 $4,217,856$	1,631,153 5,510,199	1,686,948	1,918,689	
Fruits, green—	0,200,000	3,211,000	0,010,199	4,982,945	4,979,49	
Apples	261,792	487,516	681,086	837,134	1,104,30	
Bananas	1,499,095	1,782,420	2.071.965		2,663,453	
Berries, all kinds	211,794	319,322	345,528	581,754	681,001	
Cherries	40,376	44,744	67,034		120,397	

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
Agricultural produce							
${f concluded}.$		i					
Fruits, green—con.	40.055	40.000	91 000	40.050	#0.40		
Cranberries bush. Grapes lb.	40,855 3,502,989	$\frac{40,022}{3,034,255}$	31,903 6,303,329	$\begin{array}{r} 49,853 \\ 6,247,527 \end{array}$			
Oranges, lemons and	0,002,000	0,004,200	0,505,525	0,241,021	1,112,44		
limes, etc	-	-	_	_	-		
Peaches lb.	4,797,066	8,137,846	8,970, 64 6	14,579,147	12,137,20		
Pineapples No.	3,953,339		3,617,731	4,129,662	4,272,28		
Plumsbush. All other	69,529	89,808	97,246	151,650	123,53		
Total fruits, green	_	_	_	_	_		
Fruits, preserved	_	-			_		
Hayton	7,680	12,247	19,721	36,472	19,92		
Hemp, dressed and un-		·	•				
dressedcwt.	58,911	81,017	82,661				
Hopslb.	945,625 $60,780$	1,105,824	1,374,482				
Maltbush. Oils, vegetable gal.	3,143,392	77,182 $3,080,063$					
Oils, vegetable lb.	1,512,918	3,667,979	4,723,383				
Pickles gal.	398,210				568,04		
Plants and trees	1	´ - I	´ -	Í ∣	,		
Seeds, garden, field, etc	-	_ !		-			
Seed, flax lb.	243,264	9,752,792	13,969,760	327,376	68,71		
Seeds, all other	! - !		_	_ :	_		
Strawton.	89	268	614	1,151	31		
Sugar, maple, and		-00	011	-,-02			
maple syrup lb.	7,607	11,222	15,042	24,634	23,09		
Tobacco, unmanu- factured"	10.770.141	15 004 051	17 000 510	00 179 700	17 700 44		
tactured	13,753,141	17,204,271	17,203,513	22,153,588	17,598,44		
Vegetables Other agricultural pro-	_		·	_ :			
duce	_	_	_		-		
 Animals and their pro- duce. 			! !				
Animals, living—] '						
Cattle No.	1,292	3,569	3,364	8,661	9,72		
Dogs "	407	423	818	956	88		
Fowls, domestic,	0.00	= 000	0.105	07 110	00.70		
pure brea	3,637		9,165	27,118	28,76		
Horses No.	8,702		22,614	19,924	8.09		
Sheep	36,010				210,09		
Other animals	-	,	ĺ	, –	-		
Total animals, living.	- 1	ļ	-	-	-		
Bones, crude, and	07.141	84 200	190 000	00.971	190.00		
bone dust, etccwt.	87,141 194,720	$\begin{array}{c} 64,390 \\ 223,866 \end{array}$	$132,296 \\ 209,227$	$99,271 \\ 252,418$	120,02 $257,25$		
Bristles lb. Eggs doz.	884,078	2,378,640	7.552.248	13,240,111	11,274,03		
Feathers	-		.,,				
	1						

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
I. Agricultural produce concluded.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Fruits, green—con.							
Cranberries	91,757	103,118	99,353	131,590	133,078		
Grapes	221,887	231,308	355,561				
Oranges, lemons, and		201,000	550,001	000,100	100,120		
limes	2,664,092	3,268,187	3,964,435	4,156,756	4,338,086		
Peaches	155,139	218,564		330,599			
Pineapples	252,719	253,949	283,858	303,841	345,130		
Plums	158,756		239,916	267,580	316,560		
All other	176,798	247,284	325,140	389,256	472,887		
Total fruits, green	5,734,205	7,134,016	8,733,789	9,851,108	11,018,505		
Fruits, preserved	142,727	267,681	536,287	787,828	634,775		
Hay	141,956		305,350	485,564			
Hemp, dressed and un-	141,990	200,090	909,990	400,004	200,026		
	336,471	435,641	416,163	381,797	448,970		
dressed		267,744					
Hops	$232,598 \\ 57,410$	65,033	599,171				
Malt	1 009 179		13,399		238,373		
Oils, vegetable	1,263,173	1,599,439	1,379,247	2,382,265			
Oils, vegetable	91,648	327,257	444,653		21,075		
Pickles	268,682	367,273	366,154	456,546			
Plants and trees	156,061	182,211	188,192	236,703	408,585		
Seeds, garden, field, etc.	1,067,641	1,225,556	1,055,752	1,343,364			
Seed, flax	9,503	347,072	554,817	11,422	2,906		
Seeds, all other	96,554	124,940	116,945	279,454	285,426		
Total seeds	1,173,698	1,697,568	1,727,514	1,634,240	1,655,417		
Straw	1,880	4,304	6,373	10,026	3,357		
Sugar, maple and maple		1 000					
syrup	766	1,398	2,250	2,719	2,249		
Tobacco, unmanufactured.	3,229,239	3,820,839	4,434,757	5,719,755	5,109,641		
Vegetables	1,303,317	1,738,142	2,726,472	3,242,214			
Other agricultural pro-		_,,	-,0,	0,-1-,-11	0,000,000		
duce	1,587,191	1,584,420	1,548,236	2,379,003	1,496,852		
II. Animals and their							
producetotals. Animals, living—	23,205,327	23,258,364	29,499,117	41,088,978	29,880,211		
Cattle	73,488	127,387	130,488	242,956	269,757		
Dogs	15,950		44,619				
Fowls, domestic, pure	15,550	10,021	41,015	40,103	38,098		
bred	14,844	23,198	32,844	45,026	E0 020		
	2,569	4,693	1,217	9 070	58,238		
Horses	1,372,478	1,664,771		2,879	5,928		
	135,686	237,410	2,866,175 $579,890$	2,569,826	1,258,867		
SheepOther animals	96,348	162,525	250,089	627,677	643,990		
Total animals, living.	1,711,363	2,238,305	3,905,322	170,969	236,707		
Bones, crude, and bone	1,711,000	2,200,000	0,900,022	3,699,436	2,511,585		
dust, etc	122,861	01 150	170.074	150 000	200 505		
		91,158	179,974	150,009	209,505		
Bristles	129,204		170,713	223,263	214,998		
	190,903	439,066	1,617,774	2,783,665	2,630,364		
Eggs	77 450	60 70E					
FeathersFur skins, not dressed	77,459 $4,222,925$	60,705 $3,372,334$	118,871 $4,163,140$	190,389 $5,599,199$	$121,070 \\ 2,241,877$		

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES			
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
II. Animals and their pro-						
duce—con.						
Fur skins, wholly or partially dressed						
Grease and degras. lb.	2,364,996	2,466,381	3,092,707	2,434,441	1,828,930	
Grease, rough "		11,937,583		13,684,437		
Hair, cleaned or un-	,:,011	11,00.,000	12,.00,000	10,001,10.	12,100,001	
cleaned"	403,994	599,104	677,416	816,352	_	
Hair, horse "	129,963	118,605		287,815	126,258	
Hatters' furs		-	-	-	-	
Hides and skins, raw lb.		43,333,909		64,856,440		
Honey	376,999	341,565	434,359			
Milk, condensed " Milk and cream, fresh	256,124	173,309	133,365	261,555	453;417	
Oils, animal gal.	35,198	63,831	113,639	117,653	66,410	
Provisions, viz.—	00,100	00,001	110,000	111,000	00,110	
Butter lb.	393,582	1,227,380	3,874,587	7,989,269	7,317,259	
Cheese "	683,778	866,653	919,189	1,495,758	1,512,108	
Lard and lard com-	44 004 0-0		0.110.010	10.00# 100		
pound, etc	11,804,018	9,486,264	9,119,349	13,835,493	7,089,650	
Meats, viz.—						
Bacon and hams, shoulders and sides lb.	5,461,463	4 050 421	11,247,480	13 554 304	7,113,029	
Beef, salted	1,446,302				642,931	
Beef, fresh	- 1,110,002	- 1,110,010	1,010,010	609,707	5,561,911	
Canned meats and				,		
canned poultry						
and game	458,967	1,112,898	2,023,987	2,228,484	2,466,763	
Extracts of meats, fluid						
beef, etc	_	-	_	_		
$egin{array}{lll} ext{Mutton and lamb,} & ext{fresh} & ext{$	2,094,023	2,708,161	3,950,805	5,649,118	5,610,812	
freshlb. Pork"	8,910,948	7,149,446	6 190 287	10,204,676		
Poultry and game	- 0,010,010	-,110,110	0,100,201	-	-	
Other meats lb.	1,491,778	2,262,226	4,367,785	4,168,509	4,007,851	
${\bf Total\ meats.} \ldots$, , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	·	·	· · · -	
Rennet	-	_	-	-	_	
Sausage casings	-		_	- 1	-	
Silk, raw, etc	61 079	- 20 108	116 997	116 172	97 769	
Wool	61,972 $7,427,079$	80,226 $6,422,395$	$egin{array}{c} 116,827 \ 7,195,436 \end{array}$	$116,173 \ 9,209,170$	87,762 $7,252,119$	
Other articles	7,421,019	0,422,555	- 1,100,400	0,200,110i	1,202,110	
Guidi di vicios						
III. Fisheries produce.						
Anchovies and sardines,						
boxes.	3,782,317	5,435,268	5,047,152	7,690,651	7,446,699	
Cod, haddock, ling and	-,=,	-,,				
pollock all kinds lb.	14,408,563	10,258,654	14,720,027	15,068,061	8,510,134	
Halibut "	1,221,812	1,642,041	2,280,120	2,514,833	2,314,059	
Herring "	10,864,997	10,900,684	13,085,066	10,267,682	7,966,894	
$egin{array}{cccc} { m Lobsters} & \dots & \dots & { m Ib}. \end{array}$	8,290	84,363	17,770	83,905	14,559	

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
II. Animals and their pro- duce—con.	. \$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Fur skins, wholly or par- tially dressed Grease and degras Grease, rough	1,031,876 107,167 668,959	963,111 113,189 850,987	976,247 134,286 804,054		699,979 87,067 794,477		
Hair, cleaned or uncleaned Hair, horse	83,519 102,361 75,252 7,997,312 29,399 18,569	161,996 100,409 89,733 7,936,115 33,342 12,604	134,369 123,318 137,743 8,724,735 40,622 9,981	66,871 21,171	109,194 102,140 92,689 8,777,694 55,985 38,416 236,772		
Oils, animal Provisions, viz.—	22,540	35,654	38,895	,	39,665		
Butter	92,934 145,714	$\frac{296,303}{171,269}$	1,016,418 178,811	$2,081,989 \ 302,153$	1,823,994 299,223		
pound, etc	1,437,555	1,146,784	858,257	1,520,450	792,025		
shoulders and sides Beef, saltedBeef, fresh	817,345 75,864 -	834,685 78,930 -	1,476,473 115,075 -		$\substack{1,182,899\\52,491\\390,049}$		
Canned meats and can- ned poultry and game. Extracts of meats, fluid beef, etc	72,714 $111,684$	172,544 $152,870$	291,583 291,074		430,803 550,840		
Mutton and lamb, fresh. Pork. Poultry and game Other meats. Total meats. Rennet. Sausage casings. Silk, raw, etc. Wax, bees' Wool. Other articles	192,636 2,427,901 58,351 112,988 408,114	204,902 753,833 68,127 315,228 2,581,119 74,054 138,475 430,337 22,752 1,496,520 235,018	299,621 485,560 212,639 525,039 3,697,C64 52,195 165,857 419,357 34,931 1,555,395 240,788	5,338,673 66,392 162,474 354,147 36,255 2,063,028	566,794 1,204,505 293,513 595,959 5,267,853 53,261 162,662 413,821 29,131 1,872,089 202,675		
III. Fisheries produce, totals.	1,772,705	1,995,091	2,409,618	2,674,776	2,331,772		
Anchovies and sardines. Cod, haddock, ling and pollock, all kinds. Halibut	557,499 57,731 183,324	316,430 495,833 83,962 197,454 52,810 3,502	288,737 786,045 115,690 248,616 46,005 1,385	691,571 131,905 234,827 3,564	418,377 442,106 127,129 238,918 26,110 1,063		

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
III. Fisheries produce							
con.							
Oysters	_	_	_	-	_		
Salmon lb.	1,429,116	749,C04	1,555,650	1,677,427	2,952,661		
Seafish, other "	208,199	333,943	209,378	691,483	613,728		
Other fish, fresh, pickled,					•		
${f smoked, etc}$		_	_	_]		
Fish oil—	_		_	_	_		
Cod gal.	141,191	116,269	119,746	120,216	95,865		
Cod-liver "	15,550	16,533	8.979				
Seal	22,805	57,038	52,649	41,839	34,307		
Other "	47,744	53,343	67,122	82,608	62,997		
Total fish oils "	227,290	243,183	248,499	283,585	215,635		
Other articles of the fish-	ı						
eries	<u> </u>	-	-	_	-		
IV. Forest produce.							
Corkwood	_		-	_	_		
D shovel handles	-		i –	_	_		
Felloes of hickory or oak,							
rough sawn to shape							
only, etc		_	_	-	-		
Handle, heading, stave					l .		
and shingle bolts	_	_	_		_		
Hickory billets	-	_	_	_	_		
Hickory and oak spokes,	_	_	_				
etc Hubs for wheels, etc	_	_	_	_	_		
Ivory nuts, vegetable	_	_	_	–	_		
Fence posts and railroad							
ties	-	_	-	-	-		
Logs and round unmanu-			1				
factured timber	-	_	–	_	[
Lumber and timber,				į			
planks and boards, etc.,							
viz.—							
Boards, planks, deals, etc	92,670	216,373	431,024	443,736	267,113		
Cherry, chestnut,	32,010	210,010	101,021	110,100	201,110		
etc ft.	11.982.564	16,739,777	16,918,734	26,329,658	23,226,168		
Mahoganym. ft.	1,583		2,696	3,785	2,827		
Oak "	50,556		63,458		62,848		
Pitch pine "	42,341	94,048	91,441	118,868	135,348		
Timber, hewn and sawn			-	140.00	-		
Shingles M.	5,087	5,754	63,112	143,965	53,871		
Staves"	4,782	6,967	7,293 470	$8,793 \\ 621$	5,567 486		
Walnut	$\begin{array}{c} 512 \\ 1,246 \end{array}$	594 2,426		3,859	$2{,}417$		
Other lumber and tim-		2,420	2,001	0,000	2,111		
ber	_	_ 1	_ [_		
Total lumber and							
timber	-	- 1	-				
Wood for fuelcord	31,246	28,109	33,135	43,937	29,072		
Other articles of the for-	-	ļ)	-			
est	~	-	-				

Principal articles by			Values.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
III. Fisheries produce —con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Oysters	364,032	379,531	405,955	406,818	390,449
Salmon	58,339	44,629		157,146	112,602
Seafish, other	12,887	10,341	15,320	80,483	33,100
Other fish, fresh, pickled,	100 101	200 420		204 204	
smoked, etc	128,191	208,122		284,694	
Total fish	1,624,739	1,792,614	2,187,503	2,430,494	2,104,536
	48,163	55,244	68,977	56,332	39,816
CodCod-liver	8,727	15,783	9,268		18,702
Seal	9,285	26,269	26,273		16,745
Other	18,066	23,599		30,178	24,752
Total fish oils	84,241	120,895	136,952		
Other articles of the fish-	01,211	120,000	100,002	101,100	100,010
eries	63,725	81,582	85,163	110,087	127,221
IV. Forest produce totals.	8,131,963	12,873,875	15,201,526	20,138,388	16,789,413
Corkwood	65,679		40,938		
D shovel handles	30,490	49,906	54,522	71,214	71,051
Felloes of hickory or oak,	•	,	•	,	_
rough sawn to shape	i				
only, etc	61,485	57,776	112,883	112,238	79,861
Handle, heading, stave		400.000	4 70 000		
and shingle bolts	72,536				
Hickory billets	44,631	62,552	93,556	86,246	69,995
Hickory and oak spokes,	105 000	000 000	004.000	000 000	001 000
etc	185,928	239,309	234,828	308,820	231,328
Hubs for wheels, etc	88,333	100,297	142,924	136,733	74,989
Ivory nuts, vegetable Fence posts and railroad	52,858	56,365	55,960	70,224	70,222
ties	663.825	,197,805	1,115,132	1,856,711	2,326,843
Logs and round unmanu-	000,020	,101,000	1,110,102	1,000,711	2,020,040
factured timber	532,884	699,107	821,173	1,001,717	679,816
Lumber and timber,	002,001	000,201	021,170	2,002,.21	0.0,020
planks and boards, etc.,		ļ			
viz:—					
Boards, planks, deals,		*			
etc	1,955,492	3,815,687	5,676,556	7,015,312	4,945,091
	50.1.00.1		255 222	000 000	00 = 400
Cherry, chestnut, etc	534 ,834	670,775	655,220	892,963	805,169
Mahogany	174,357	347,750	314,409		338,820
Oak'	2,146,359	2,321,936	2,449,542	$3,227,113 \ 2,435,376$	2,660,839
Pitch pine	1,028,483 53,178	2,111,818 $332,927$	1,929,923 $366,764$	800,560	2,912,363 523,244
Timber, hewn and sawn	10,469	11,379	123,102	277,551	104,166
Shingles Staves	149,553	195,354	215,482	305,329	181,624
Walnut	26,556			43,857	28,764
White ash	65,146			204,847	119,552
Other lumber and tim-	20,210		102,000		110,002
ber	71,821	148,950	292,234	305,400	203,983
Total lumber and	•	· !	,	i	
timber	6,216,248	10,116,935	12,203,899	15,983,456	12,823,615
Wood for fuel	89,171	77,922	108,321	149,677	
Other articles of the for-					·
est	27,895	22,491	49,538	54,127	18,324

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Detected antidox be	QUANTITIES.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures. Ale, beer and porter gal. Ale, ginger Antiseptic surgical dress-	959,824 -	1,186,155 -	1,459,747 -	2,033,692 -	2,082,194 -	
Asphaltum, or asphalt,		-		_		
cwt. Baking powder lb. Balls, cues and racks for	433,526 534,907	512,627 422,547	623,701 538,039	1,043,951 667,904	1,070,354 737,297	
bagatelle tables	_	_	_	-	_	
BasketsBelting, all kinds, except	_	_	_	-	-	
rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses and suspensory band-	_	-	-	_	-	
ages	_	-	_	_	_	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s	-	_	-	-	-	
BellsBilliard tablesNo. Binder twinelb. Binder twine, articles for	$\begin{array}{c} -844 \\ 22,161,179 \end{array}$	1,475 $27,132,488$	2,750 $29,836,997$	$\begin{array}{c} -1,077 \\ 28,752,123 \end{array}$	698 36,757,907	
the manufacture of Blacking, shoe, and shoe-	-	-	-	-	-	
makers' ink, etc	-	-	-	-	-	
Blueing, laundry, all kinds. Boats	618	$\frac{-}{627}$	- 846	722	894	
Bolting clothsBooks, periodicals and other printed matter	_		-	-	-	
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces. Boots, shoes and slippers, except rubber and	-	-	-	- -	Ξ	
leather	-	- 1	-	-	-	
Braces, suspenders and parts of	-	-	-		_	
Brass, old and scrapcwt.	15,962	24,463	31,727	44,487	25,358	
Brass, in blocks, ingots or pigs "	1,163	3,939	18,032	19,922	17,862	
Brass tubing, not polished, etc lb. Brass rods and	1,256,165	1,631,291	1,891,065	2,254,884	1,955,896	
sheets for mfsewt. Brass wire, plain lb.	$26,302 \\ 266,300$	$32,201 \\ 248,842$	$36,261 \\ 255,746$	54,499 411,838	$47,849 \\ 413,276$	
Brass, other	-	-	- -	-	_	
Bricks, tiles and manufactures of clay, n.e.s Bricks, fire	 -	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	-	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

T	Values.					
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
T Nrc. 4 4.4.1.	\$	\$ 000	\$ 240 772 240	\$ 50.450.504	\$ 417.555.595	
V. Manufactures totals.					1 220 002	
Ale, beer, and porter	558,526		$\begin{array}{r} 951,403 \\ 30,313 \end{array}$		1,338,893 34,014	
Ale, ginger	21,040	20,050	50,515	55,911	34,014	
ing	110,723	146,556	154,526	197,887	241,544	
Asphaltum or asphalt	396,627	452,250	552,171	847,162	833,624	
Baking powder	152,545			179,341	207,323	
Balls, cues and racks for		, 	,	,		
bagatelle tables	10,723	19,186	25,701			
Baskets	68,638	84,818	110,487	127,009	159,548	
Belting, all kinds, except					1=0 000	
rubber and leather Belts, surgical, trusses	185,844	279,468	356,164	515,206	478,388	
and suspensory band-						
ages	35,806	43,275	44,815	62,455	63,252	
Belts, all kinds, n.e.s	147,880	131,291	145.383	129,179	94,957	
Bells	95,422	111,284	102,900	119,267	127,065	
Billiard tables	41,886			102,475		
Binder twine	1,772,585	2,104,111	2,136,481	2,320,351	3,779,589	
Binder twine, articles for				· ·		
the manufacture of	43,507	20,606	29,388	25,474	12,872	
Blacking, shoe and shoe-			405.000	400.040	400.04	
makers' ink, etc	83,869					
Blueing, laundry, all kinds.	36,006	42,854		50,066	55,448	
Boats	25,485	28,507	39,931	31,396	35,659	
Bolting cloths	19,856	21,068	20,259	21,188	24,788	
Books, periodicals and	4 100 007	4 540 701	£ 207 906	6 277 245	6 462 103	
other printed matter Boot, shoe and stay laces.	4,122,807	$oxed{4,548,791}\ 220,190$				
Boots, shoes and slippers,	227,327	220,190	197,510	272,109	240,091	
except rubber and			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.50.00-	0.5	
leather	138,869	127,745	135,546	250,925	317,644	
Braces, suspenders and	22 202	60 900	62.007	00.100	00 101	
parts of Brass and mfs. of—	63,292	68,303	63,027	89,192	89,181	
Brass, old and scrap	17 1,134	248,333	325,772	553,405	295,765	
Brass, in blocks, ingots,	4.1,191	210,000	020,112	550,100		
or pigs	14,490	44,989	204,668	294,698	235,198	
Brass tubing, not pol-						
ished, etc	236,271	289,659	340,720	471,193	417,457	
Brass rods and sheets	955 010	474 011	×00.070	004 100	757 000	
for mfs	377,918		523,873	934,109		
Brass wire, plain Brass, other	$\begin{array}{c} 42,047 \\ 1,185,966 \end{array}$	$\substack{41,197 \\ 1,695,221}$	$38,147 \\ 1,868,659$	74,069	71,514	
Total mfs. of	2,027,826	2,773,410	3,301,839	2,656,093 $4,983,567$	2,418,425	
Tovai mis. Ul.,.,	2,021,020	2,110,410	5,501,609	±,500,007	4,195,559	
Bricks, tiles and manu-						
factures of clay, n.e.s.	821,856	1,030,736	1,601,418	2,303,602	1,838,001	
Bricks, fire	519,454		860,763	1,000,516	1,110,161	

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
British gum, dextrine, siz-	1						
ing cream, etclb.	1,057,363	1,090,787	1,340,657	1,960,479	1,440,365		
Brooms, whisks and brushes	_	_	_	_	_		
Buttons	-	- 1	_	_	_		
Candles:lb.	557,681	639,812	740,550	820,751	772,974		
Cane, reed or rattan, split		}					
or manufactured Carbons over 6 in. in cir-	-	-	-	~	-		
cumference	992,463	1,116,626	1,051,608	1,613,225	-		
Carriages and parts of—	-						
Automobiles and	1,424	3,488	6,022	8,377	6,288		
motor vehicles no. Automobiles, etc., parts	1,424	3,400	0,022	0,011	0,200		
of	-	- 1	_		_		
Buggies, carriages,			į				
pleasure carts,	1,009	1,332	1,558	1,928	1,583		
etc NO. Wagons, farm, freight	1,009	1,002	1,000	1,020	1,000		
and drays NO.	5,937	12,449	13,353	13,953	8,720		
Cars, all kinds "	3,120	4,916	7,183	15,221	8,992		
Carriages, other, and parts of		_ !	_	_ :	_		
Total	_	_	_	_	_		
Carpets, n.e.s. ¹ yd.	7,531	23,032	2,813	4,011	6,800		
Carpet sweepers No.	992	1,736	1,450	3,578	5,803		
Cash registers	1,281	1,450	936	1,215	-		
Celluloid and manufac- tures of	_	_	_	~	_		
Cement	_	_	-	~	_		
Chalk, prepared	-	-	-	~	-		
Chicory, kiln-dried,	040.170	220 000	F97 000	601,799	423,555		
etclb.	342,152	330,260	537,822	001,799	420,000		
Clock, clock cases,	_						
springs and movements.	-	-	_	~	-		
Clothes wringers No.	11,594	8,590	11,048	12,117	-		
Coal and pine pitch, gal.	2,834,776	3,518,667	1,646,387	1,434,231	1,457,579		
Cocoa, carpeting, mats and matting	_	_	_ [_	_		
Cocoa desiccated lb.	242,887	301,892	489,535	731,897	1,048,482		
Cocoa paste, chocolate		1					
paste, etc lb.	3,678,163	4,804,996	4,622,490	4,450,994	7,787,246		
Coffee, roasted or ground, extracts of, etc lb.	695,043	717,559	692,567	995,663	1,144,931		
Coketon.	702,053	763,114	641,903	710,109	708,777		
Collars and cuffs	-	,	· -	·	_		
Combs, dress and toilet		-	-	-	-		

¹Carpets, other, are included under the head of wool and mfs. of.

Principal articles by	VALUES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$.	
British gum, dextrine, siz-						
ing cream, etc	29,559	37,271	46,578	72,686	54,991	
Brooms, whisks and	00= 004	400 800	* 10 OF 1	204 204		
brushes	367,884	482,530	549,874	697,297	691,215	
Buttons	575,575	627,539	587,613		861,283	
Candles	77,514	86,097	89,004	98,705	91,268	
Cane, reed or rattan, split	00 500	40.050	FF (01	00 100	0.088	
or manufactured	38,592	42,952	55,621	22,133	6,977	
Carbons, over 6 in. in cir-	100 400	100 044	104 676	207 004	900 404	
cumference	162,462	196,644	194,676	307,094	299,404	
Carriages and parts of—				!		
Automobiles and motor	1 729 915	4 995 106	6 511 115	9,738,839	7 919 975	
vehicles	1,732,215	4,235,196	6,511,115	9,100,009	7,213,375	
Automobiles, etc., parts of	269,586	522,223	876,710	778,948	3,966,379	
Buggies, carriages,	200,000	022,220	070,710	110,040	0,000,010	
pleasure carts,						
etc	84,624	107,605	106,066	107,058	101,290	
Wagons, farm, freight	01,021	107,000	100,000	101,000	101,200	
and drays	259,664	584,493	614,553	642,951	417,642	
Cars, all kinds	439,726	662,768		7,972,282	6,931,214	
Carriages, other and	100,120	002,100	2,002,010	1,012,202	0,001,211	
parts of	850,458	1,145,574	1,252,578	1,562,244	1,467,951	
Total	3,636,273	7,257,859	11,753,840	20,802,322	20,097,851	
Carpets, n.e.s. ¹	5,297	6,415	1,582	2,150	3,491	
Carpet sweepers	3,417	6,456	3,894	13,305	23,702	
Cash registers	135,798	120,633	65,266		$210,260^{\circ}$	
Celluloid and manufac-	·	•	,	·	,	
tures of	265,131	219,501	224,625	245,366	214,981	
Cement	166,718	500,721	944,825	1,965,857	352,134	
Chalk, prepared	29,566	36,776	39,779	45,260	46,982	
Chicory, kiln-dried,						
roasted or ground	16,000	16,960	30,727	34,142	20,130	
Church vestments	31,004	45,241	38,613	56,963	59,469	
Clocks, clock cases,		V04 040		- 40.000		
springs and movements.	413,134	501,649		718,996		
Clothes wringers	31,940	25,240	33,280	36,484	34,215	
Coal and pine pitch	134,900	188,971	95,315	88,941	81,249	
Cocoa carpeting, mats	01.040	10 000	04 167	90 090	20 500	
and matting	21,049	18,665	24,167	38,839	32,780	
Cocoa, desiccated	19,015	28,488	47,658	67,286	102,285	
Cocoa paste, chocolate	792,001	1,053,989	1,072,519	1.057.206	1 770 719	
paste, etc	4 82,001	1,000,869	1,012,019	1,057,306	1,770,712	
extracts of, etc	112,616	120,960	127,265	227,000	273,250	
Coke	1,695,603	1,887,493	1,637,091	2,023,253	2,060,914	
Collars and cuffs	264,178	353,352	369,903	324,858	212,608	
Combs, dress and toilet.	240,025	218,385	212,959	238,147	174,646	
Comps, areas and tonet	210,020	210,000	212,000	200,111	111,040	

¹Carpets, other, are included under the head of wool and mfs. of.

²Includes parts of.

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.		!					
Copper and manufactures of—							
Copper in blocks, pigs or ingotsewt.	45,580	46,568	53,497	51,216	50,956		
Copper in bars and rods in coil, etccwt.	150,681	213,968	269,253	305,733	270,282		
Copper in strips, sheets or platescwt. Copper tubing, not pol-	30,842	33,728	32,205	44,811	39,877		
ished, etc lb. Copper wire; plain, tin-	462,111	517,911	573,328	889,056	824,059		
ned or plated lb. Copper, other	468,959 -	275,557 -	395,301	466,802 -	498,908		
Total Cordage and twines. lb.	2,830,251	3,016,636	3,622,217	4,631,113	4,561,997		
Corks and other manufactures of cork bark	_	1	-	_	-		
Corsets, corset clasps, etc. Costumes and scenery, theatrical	_	_		_	_		
Cotton, manufactures of— Duck, grey or white, over	_	_	_		_		
8 oz. per sq. yd yd. Embroideries, white	922,484	1,562,372	2,117,536	4,129,164	3,555,148		
and cream coloured Grey, unbleached cot-	-	_	~	- {	-		
ton fabrics yd. White or bleached cot-	7,911,495		10,231,750				
ton fabrics yd. Fabrics, printed, dyed			26,515,235				
or coloured yd. Handkerchiefs Sheets, bed quilts, pil-	62,471,289	03,000,847	58,641,247 -	70,990,730	09,103,230		
low cases, etc Shirts of cotton doz.	-70,142	102,330	90,240	$\frac{120,034}{1}$	_ 118,193		
Sewing thread on spools. Sewing cotton thread in	· -		, , , , ,		· -		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	873,791 -	484,982 -	280,442 -	338,102 -	550,933 -		
Lace, white and cream coloured	-	-	-	-	-		
Socks and stockings, doz. prs.	542,815	776,930	742,263	869,514	831,537		
Velvets, velveteens and plush fabrics yd. Cottons, other	2,242,366	2,360,387	2,640,093 -	3,430,226	3,595,984		
Total	4,126,890 $1,664,646$	$\begin{array}{c} -4,905,661 \\ 2,006,585 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -6,120,018 \\ 2,353,651 \end{array}$	7,395,896 $2,711,727$	7,233,610 $2,255,472$		

Principal articles by		Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Copper and manufactures of—	 			i				
Copper in blocks, pigs, or ingots	603,189	600,261	677 ,516	847,394	792,861			
Copper in bars and rods in coil, etc	2,052,416	2,845,060	3,558,502	5,103,844	4,338,199			
Copper in strips, sheets	491,949	536,862	505, 769	874,070	725,169			
Copper tubing, not polished, etc Copper wire, plain, tin-	94,924	106,416	115,323	201,217	192,322			
ned or plated Copper, other Total Cordage and twines	84,636 161,146 3,488,260 294,013	231,010 4,384,329	260,420 5,193,165	416,490 7,548,530	417,035 6,581,485			
Corks and other manufactures of cork bark Corsets, corset clasps, etc.	245,501 361,491				522,957 668,336			
Costumes and scenery, theatrical Cotton, manufactures of—	2,398	3,653	7,135	5,329	7,205			
Duck, grey or white, over 8 oz. per sq. yd Embroideries, white	202,559	368,769	609,467	1,131,705	909,886			
and cream coloured Grey, unbleached cot-	1,112,389	1,248,507	1,482,746	1,549,711	1,143,703			
ton fabrics	528,739	535,201	626,806	1,061,683	1,454,498			
ton fabrics Fabrics, printed, dyed	2,228,923	2,440,787	2,393,633	3,003,130	3,319,255			
or coloured	5,903,784 539,560	6,018,487 603,398	$\begin{array}{c} 5,829,166 \\ 620,048 \end{array}$		$\substack{6,580,065\\652,616}$			
low cases, etc	453,875	620,431	790,800		1,184,927			
Shirts of cotton	337,736	509,413	468,456	655,976	629,471			
Sewing thread on spools. Sewing cotton thread in	501,839	525,140	523,742		310,606			
hanks Clothing	$529,430 \\ 1,403,240$	290,094 1,847,785	$182,139, \ 2,435,746$	193,685 3,044,538	295,635 $2,949,986$			
Lace, white and cream coloured	1,140,404	1,077,244	1,328,024	1,685,532	1,144,225			
Socks and stockings	669,581	944,582	881,929	1,120,535	1,070,702			
Velvets, velveteens and	478,013	713,725	765,559	006 210	1 015 009			
plush fabrics Cottons, other	1,670,281	1,973,955	2,413,276	996,310 $3,312,530$	1,015,823 $3,470,192$			
Total	17,700,353			27,246,398	26.131.590			
Cotton waste	259,039	330,485	400,617	443,043	466,438			
Cotton yarns	650,401	938,012	1,141,130	1,233,388	1,056,343			

Principal articles by classes.	Quantities.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con. Crapes Curtains and shams	- -	<u>-</u>		_ _		
Drugs, dyes, chemicals, medicines Duck for belting and hose. Earthenware and china-	- -	<u> </u>	- -	- -	_ _	
ware Elastic, round or flat Electric apparatus, motors, etc	-	-	-	-		
Electric light carbons and carbon points M. Embroideries, n.e.s	3,848 -	5,362 -	3,1 <u>2</u> 0	5,152 -	_ _ _	
Emery wheels and manufactures of emery, etc Express parcels Fancy goods	- -	-	-	-	_ _ _	
Fertilizers	-	- - -	- -	- - -	- - -	
etc Flax, hemp, jute and man- ufactures of	1.	- -	- -	-		
Furniture, wood, iron or other material Fur and manufactures of fur	-	-	- -	- -	- -	
Glass and manufactures of— Common and colourless window glasssq. ft. Plate glass, not bevel-	32,228,706	38,568,729	45,704,964	• 55,912,478	47,928,123	
led, in sheets not exceeding 7 sq. feet eachsq. ft. Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets exceed-	1,337,128	1,921,054	1,820,067	2,047,881	1,400,211	
ing 7 sq. feet each, and not exceeding 25 sq. feetsq. ft. Plate glass, not other-	855,546	924,984	1,115,979	1,720,005	1,396,493	
wise provided for sq. ft. Glass, other, and mfs. of	1,044 ,264 –	1,233,847 -	1,482,286	2,421,271	1,854,882	
TotalGlove fasteners, metal, eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc	-	- -	-	_	-	
Gloves and mitts	-	-	-	-	-	

Principal articles by classes.	Values.					
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con. Crapes Curtains and shams	\$ 18,112 706,861	\$ 18,509 739,100		\$ 12,239 738,875		
Drugs, dyes, chemicals, medicines	10,404,885 77,826			17,028,932 102,102		
Earthenware and china- ware	1,859,302 196,154	2,398,416 168,841	2,582,966 191,530			
Electric apparatus, motors, etc Electric light carbons and	3,408,132		5,618,147	, ,	, ,	
carbon points Embroideries, n.e.s Emery wheels and manu-	44,563 109,466	$61,421 \\ 132,177$	56,024 138,701	143,701	88,844 121,174	
factures of emery, etc Express parcels Fancy goods Fertilizers Fibreware Fireworks	73,537 $1,541,140$ $3,425,915$ $369,405$ $57,090$ $42,736$	95,892 1,800,305 4,004,751 426,338 83,171 47,795	105,833 1,900,891 4,273,424 446,702 97,730 54,917	141,017 2,410,484 5,000,874 540,644 143,274 55,361	124,353 2,103,138 4,879,431 605,215 159,714 28,727	
Fish hooks, nets, seines, etc	920,435	1,118,657	1,075,848	1,403,430	1,333,737	
ufactures of	3,876,884	3,872,172	4,300,862	3,791,642	3,298,599	
other material Fur and manufactures of	994,380	1,339,898	1,750,698	3,177,085	3,049,874	
furGlass and manufactures	421,741	576,182	537,416	793,051	719,596	
Common and colourless window glass Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets not ex-	738,500	892,583	1,111,470	1,481,086	1,497,422	
ceeding 7 sq.feet each	194,951	250,201	288,466	351,778	248,516	
Plate glass, not bevel- led, in sheets exceed- ing 7 sq. feet each, and not exceeding 25						
sq. feet	178,445	183,006	199,466	3 12,823	280,612	
wise provided for	267,575	318,359	367,776	532,572	390,795	
Glass, other, and mfs. of Total Glove fasteners, metal,	1,552,633 2,932,104	1,815,939 3,460,088	2,133,108 4,100,286	2,692,172 5,370,431	2,657,175 5,074,520	
eyelet hooks and eyelets, etc	200,389 1,916,347	$\substack{224,025 \\ 2,098,745}$	237,026 1,893,305	304,515 2,793,606	219,643 2,722,130	

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES.	•	
classes. . Manufactures—con. Gold, silver and manufactures of	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.					
Gold, silver and manufac-			,		
	2,840,169	3,501,339	3,473,308	5,020,612	4,228,989
	2,010,109	5,501,555	0,410,000	5,020,012	4,220,800
plosives	=	_		_	-
	_		_	_	_
ber, etclb.	9,961,794	8,630,498	11,765,962	12,914,438	11,181,466
Hair and manufactures of.	-	-	~	!	-
	-	-		_	
bindings, tips and sides,					
	-	-	-	-	_
		-	-	_	-
ments—	7 400	0.000	7 0.40	= 000	F 00:
	$5,428 \\ 9,004$	6,886 $15,001$			5,06
	9,004	10,001	11,700	1,405	_
binding "	1,483	1,110			
r roughs	26,695	52,972	42,370	27,389	-
Threshing machine	-		_	_	_
separators No.	1,199	1,286	2,866	3,293	1,64
Portable engines with		·			
boilers, and traction engine for farm pur-				'	
poses No.	1,216	2,170	3,857	4,024	1,160
Sewing machines "	16,430	14,968	15,622	19,556	17,84
Typewriting	9,319	11,230	16,673	18,146	12,19
machines " Engines, gasoline "	5,617	9,045	10,075 $14,558$		$\frac{12,19}{20,100}$
Bar iron or steel	·				
rolledcwt.	1,402,674	2,097,914	2,104,266	2,704,621	2,437,569
Iron or steel billets, weighing not less than					
60 lb. per lineal		!			
\mathbf{yd}_{\cdots}	567,159	889,130			764,30
Iron in pigs ton. Iron and steel railway	159,506	270,102	201,112	291,904	195,33
bars or rails ton.	50,108	32,784	91,126	150,538	179,050
Rolled iron or steel	091 000	1 190 901	1 970 705	1 700 040	1 051 644
angles, etccwt. Rolled iron or steel	831,933	1,130,321	1,270,795	1,789,248	1,951,640
beams, etccwt.	1,674,455	2,499,706	2,957,541	4,013,570	4,256,441
Rolled iron or steel	, ,		, .	040 999	
platescwt.	273,690	509,350	481,799	842,333	807,325

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Gold, silver and manufac-		-00.484	0=0.044			
tures of	557,373 140,684	$706,451 \\ 158,920$	$873,344 \ 171,298$	1,177,778 $240,331$	969,182 $206,392$	
Gunpowder and other ex-	110,001	100,020	111,200	240,001	200,032	
plosivesGutta percha, India rub-	701,522	1,068,079	1,500,701	1,244,091	1,113,972	
ber and manufactures of.	1,438,207	2,207,953	2,748,166	4,792,125	4,690,292	
Gutta percha, crude rub-					1,000,202	
ber, etc	4,516,711	4,742,429 237,626	5,354,380	6,267,054	4,303,751	
Hats, caps and bonnets.	285,037 $2,890,134$	3,508,585	203,289 3,877,761	$215,083 \ 5,354,912$	163,215 $4,862,790$	
Hatters' bands (not cords)	_,	-,,	-,,	-,,	_,00_,.00	
bindings, tips and sides, etc	101,351	118,493	109,259	149 076	190 500	
Ink	179,290	151,373	147,866	$148,076 \\ 160,388$	130,596 $158,739$	
Iron and steel and mfs. of-		,	.,	,	,	
Agricultural imple- ments—						
Drills, seed	218,599	355,821	349,499	282,478	99,497	
Harrows	114,586	229,911	143,546	176,853	156,869	
Harvesters, self-bind- ing	166,013	115,794	264,890	215,129	336,675	
Ploughs	953,716	1,993,214	1,352,323	1,371,243	1,011,704	
All other and parts of	1,197,439	1,821,405	2,117,421	2,399,781	1,670,948	
Threshing machine sep- arators	629,799	741,360	1,404,455	2,176,077	926,791	
Portable engines with	023,133	1,1,000	1,101,100	2,170,071	920,191	
boilers, and traction						
engines for farm pur- poses	1,817,209	3,636,392	6,063,960	7,369,219	2,342,120	
Sewing machines	323,249	351,525	334,060	430,066	336,685	
T-ma-witing mashings	670,165	686,936	966,864	1 141 002	700.010	
Typewriting machines Engines, gasoline	1,000,003	1,465,035	2,139,474	1,141,903 3,413,595	722,919 $2,570,138$	
, ,	· '		, ,		, ,	
Bar iron or steel, rolled.	1,952,170	3,179,921	2,947,640	3,916,390	3,774,986	
Iron or steel billets,						
weighing not less than	710 100	001.000				
60 lb. per lineal yd Iron in pigs	518,102 $2,127,135$	861,036 3,613,931	1,593,665 $2,496,477$	1,641,909 3,814,217	855,851 $2,685,845$	
Iron and steel railway		0,010,001	2,100,111		2,000,040	
bars or rails	1,398,373	895,984	2,429,316	3,867,833	4,922,795	
Rolled iron or steel	1,084,950	1,580,387	1,635,857	2,510,757	2,860,109	
Rolled iron or steel					2,000,100	
beams, etc Rolled iron or steel	2,011,445	3,209,773	3,625,107	5,319,456	5,964,143	
Rolled iron or steel	388,563	756,212	680,794	1,225,605	1,269,495	
			550,101	1,220,000	1,200,300	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(QUANTITIES		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
. Manufactures—con.					
Iron and steel and mfs. of					
—con. Rolled iron or steel					
sheets, polished or not, No. 14 gauge and					
thinnercwt.	400,898	441,671	538,010	1,321,301	782,54
Sheets, flat, of galvan-	000 00 7	160 041	941 601	557.075	
ized iron or steel. cwt. Skelp iron or steel,	266,687	169,241	241,691	557,075	337,27
sheared or rolled in	1 000 181	1 101 590	1,748,034	2,259,924	2 020 72
groovescwt. Cream separators and	1,222,161	1,191,529	1,740,004	2,209,924	2,020,72
steel bowls for Cream separators, ma-	-	_	-	-	-
terials for manf. of	_	_	_	_	_
Rolled round wire rods, not over $\frac{3}{8}$ -in. in dia-					
metercwt.	561,423	720,641	867,946	1,838,386	1,396,12
Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width					
and not less than 4-in.					
in thicknesscwt. Rolled iron or steel	307,737	319,897	353,668	430,702	411,83
plates, not less than					
30 in. in width and not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. in					
$ ext{thickness} ext{cwt.}$	634,688	887,968	751,307	1,128,736	1,096,64
Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, pol-					
ished or not, no. 14					
gauge and thinner cwt.	324,935	363,381	259,919	147,547	319,07
Sheets, flat, of galvan-	,	,	•	,	·
ized ironcwt. Barbed fence wire of	391,076	381,797	486,181	561,899	675,160
iron or steelcwt.	351,576	345,108	376,625	446,122	235,280
Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or					
steel, nos. 9, 12 and	700 500	49 5 90 9	602 000	823,397	719,20
13 gaugecwt.	763,538 -	63 7,393 -	69 3,820	020,091	719,200
TotalIvory, manufactures of	_	_	_	-	
Jellies, jams, preserves,	_	_			
etclb.	3,175,610	3,946,735	6,021,091	8,826,833	6,424,420
Junk and oakumcwt.	39,850	16,815	25,192	24,416	20,794
Jute cloth, not coloured, etcyd.	10 707 700	19 755 107	20 246 478	52 065 007	46 607 245

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Iron and steel and mfs. of —con. Rolled iron or steel sheets, polished or not, No. 14 gauge and					
thinner	956,028	1,046,128	1,231,134	3,075,053	1,898,369
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron or steel Skelp iron or steel	825,443	509,027	669,496	1,537,691	1,018,830
sheared or rolled in grooves	1,546,580	1,598,385	2,056,977	2,779,978	2,746,909
Cream separators and steel bowls for	585,148	387,340	361,896	467,849	401,399
Cream separators, materials for manf. of Rolled round wire rods,	227,680	396,501	304,255	229,094	273,951
not over \(\frac{3}{6}\)-in. in diameter Boiler plate, not less than 30 in. in width	749,117	965,912	1,033,397	2,144,405	1,690,183
and not less than ¼-in. in thickness Rolled iron or steel plates, not less than	438,744	492,247	516,947	663,105	660,510
30 in. in width and not less than ½-in. in thickness	826, 894	1,223,212	969,881	1,547,067	1,613,730
Rolled iron or steel sheets in strips, pol- ished or not, no. 14 gauge and thinner	648,641	800,034	587,259	344,345	771,104
Sheets, flat, of galvan- ized iron	1,167,496	1,127,087	1,389,343	1,716,963	2,054,438
Barbed fence wire of iron or steel Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or	765,427	743,427	766,255	887,974	504,266
steel, nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge	1,524,742 32,347,895 59,181,351 151,644	45,429,282	54,186,960 95,875,080	76,171,980 134,252,444	67,274,514 114,724,575
etc	237,438 1,337,477 72,320	1,486,787	1,711,263	2,153,447	1,755,131
Jute cloth, not coloured, etc	676,949	653,298	1,062,173	2,601,785	2,746,493

Principal articles by	QUANTITIES.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
Jute, flax or hemp yarn,	2,865,418	2,701,087	4,268,620	24,192,753	29,510,50		
plain, dyed or coloured, etclb. Lead and manufactures of Leather and manufactures	2,433,681	2,811,782	2,844,077	5,157,194 -	2,717,59		
of— Leather, belting leather of all kindslb. Calf, kid or goat, lamb and sheep skins,	529,996	606,237	420,143	579,785	-		
dressed, waxed or glazed lb.	419,406	813,681	1,080,850	1,033,961	-		
Glove leather, tanned or dressed lb.	1,009,725	942,896	1,122,433	-			
Upper leather, including dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator, etc lb. Boots and shoes, slip-	227,700	395,598	29 8,943	426,390			
pers and insoles of leather	-	-	-	_	_		
including horse boots. Other leather and mfs.	-]	-	-	-	-		
of	-	-	-	- -	-		
Limebbl.	191,537	194,809	230,012	360,243	802,812		
Lime juice and other fruit juices gal. Machine card clothing Magic lanterns and slides	35,562 -	61,526 -	91,966 -	115,712 -	127,81 -		
for	-	-	-	-	_		
Marble, manufactures of	-	_	_	-	_		
Mattresses	-	-		-			
Mats, door or carriage Metals and manufactures	-	-	-	_	_		
of	-	-	_				
ufactures of	-	-	-	_	_		
Musical instruments	-	_	-	-	_		
Mustard and mustard cake, etc	-	-	-	-	-		
Newspapers and magazines			_		_		

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$.	\$
Jute canvas, uncoloured Jute, flax or hemp yarn, plain dyed or coloured,	206,852	198,455	366,975	1,424,011	2,092,703
etc Lead and manufactures of Leather and manufactures of—	196,356 343,256	227,424 514,708	248,287 790,076	481,747 1,152,944	283,736 709,591
Leather, belting leather of all kinds	172,888	200,623	173,783	260,562	271,867
dressed, waxed or glazed	294,838	521,402	625,147	555,407	615,102
Glove leather, tanned or dressed, etc Upper leather, including dongola, cordo-	593,478	565,688	610,104	829,687	679,106
ing dongola, cordovan, kangaroo, alligator, etc	196,079	296,868	258,483	364,610	486,795
pers and insoles of leather	1,500,046	2,045,835	2,772,075	4,008,505	4,229,563
Harness and saddlery, including horse boots. Other leather, and mfs.	175,586	238,727	251,012	243,287	173,460
ofTotal	$1,270,019 \ 4,202,934$	1,462,567 5,331,710	1,696,330 $6,386,934$	$3,339,479 \\ 9,601,537$	1,998,283 8,454,176
LimeLime juice and other fruit	116,964	143,338	162,593	225,444	243,700
juices	42,187 23,754	67,359 27,402	$97,267 \ 32,247$	$127,541 \\ 43,746$	177,430 47,407
for	375,893 43,204 54,503 5,484	$476,827 \\ 58,648 \\ 107,821 \\ 5,133$	646,029 63,754 169,222 5,369	$\begin{array}{c} 946,770 \\ 55,130 \\ 210,222 \\ 17,746 \end{array}$	1,214,428 64,665 177,885 7,694
Mats, door or carriage Metals and manufactures	3,170	1,510	1,834	1,194	21,618
of	3,539,414	4,765,989	5,664,221	6,938,078	6,671,323
ufactures of	$\begin{array}{c} 250,455 \\ 33,106 \\ 1,119,744 \end{array}$	308,792 30,551 1,344,193	$\begin{array}{c} 401,380 \\ 31,350 \\ 1,436,570 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 564,388 \\ 36,096 \\ 1,938,797 \end{array}$	579,196 34,306 2,038,559
cake, etc Newspapers and maga-	161,665	165,349	183,328	216,434	224,863
zines	738,653	870,269	960,734	1,138,867	1,297,399

Driveinal auticles has	QUANTITIES.						
Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.		;	1				
NoilsOil cake and meal and	-	į	_	-	-		
cotton seed cake and mealcwt. Oils, cocoanut and	54 ,789	51,218	77 ,083	125,923	94,548		
palmgal.	307,237	297 ,338	407,825	393,239	393,862		
Oils, other	-	-	_ :	-	_		
Optical, philosophical, photographic and mathematical instruments Packages	- -	- 1	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Paints and colours Paper and manufactures of—	-	-	-	-	-		
Hangings of wall paper, includingborders,roll. Printing paperlb. Tarred and other build-	2,852,585 7,472,002	2,871,239 13,527,939	3,210,993 17,751,421	3,881,477 19,242,968	4,086,329 19,366,75		
ing paperlb. Wrapping paperlb. Other paper and mfs. of	2,542,805	3,032,983	4,970,121	$7{,}589{,}459$	6,980,626		
Total	-	-	-	-	_		
Pencils, lead Pens, penholders and	_	_	-	-	_		
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic.		_	_	_ {	_		
Photographic dry plates. Picture and photographic	-	_ `	_	-	-		
frames Pitch and tar, pinegal. Plaits, straw, tuscan and	1,319,614	1,456,275	1,839,392	4,060,291	2,646,79		
grass	-	-	- -	_ (358,20		
Plates, engraved on wood or metal	_			_	_		
Pocketbooks, purses, to- bacco pouches, etc	-	_	-	-	_		
Polish or composition, knife or other			_	-	_		
Pomadeslb. Post office parcels Precious stones, polished,	3,424 -	3,171	2,250 -	-	16		
etc	496,057	- 536,604	- 564,296	- 750,003	716,88		

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IMPORTS OF CANADA.

Principal articles by	Values.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
V. Manufactures—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
NoilsOil cake and meal and	596,826	778,320	689,304	980,432	1,072,06	
cotton seed cake and meal	87,580 217,783	76,099 258,063	116,909 329,803	186,481 333,027	138,22 $365,79$	
Oils, otherOiled cloths, all kinds, cork matting and lino-	632,345	907,226	1,065;070	1,346,750	1,331,65	
leumOptical, photographic & mathe-	1,298,959	1,675,582	1,923,359	2,548,752	2,314,37	
Packages Paints and colours Paper and manufactures	766,922 2,112,342 1,031,197	1,205,816 2,467,155 1,170,415	1,347,116 2,562,967 1,299,897	1,752,928 3,190,879 1,765,980	1,226,15 3,144,97 1,673,02	
of— Hangings of wall paper, including borders Printing paper Tarred and other build-	274,991 462,212	313,051 688,296	343,101 762,630	467,759 796,291	436,24 815,99	
ing paper	345,795 88,453 3,473,602	396,083 96,247 4,042,079	470,944 138,958 4,631,630	687,577 221,746 6,059,074	513,32 214,49 6,062,77	
Total Pencils, lead Pens, penholders and	4,645,053 269,115	5,535,756 262,105	321,357	380,358	8,042,83 360,21	
rulers Perfumery, non-alcoholic. Photographic dry plates.	176,223 240,644 37,645	196,579 285,631 45,890	241,106 342,937 54,971	250,384 446,277 63,944	213,95 539,49 62,36	
Picture and photograph frames	101,084 62,718	110,572 70,013	134,476 82,502	167,035 163,996	169,15 113,81	
grass	298,345 141,367	$225,853 \\ 148,135$		342,777 251,163	261,65 $138,23$	
or metal Pocketbooks, purses, to-	41,998	52,046			67,47	
bacco pouches, etc Polish or composition, knife or other	338,747 112,302	468,251 138,204	574,538 135,097	662,897 $219,144$	665,03 229,51	
Pomades Post office parcels Precious stones, polished,	5,664 923,502	3,508 1,061,969	4,191 1,132,543	3,385	34 1,569,50	
etc	229,460	315,624	, i	518,333	346,65	
etc	886,405	1,012,538	1,136,980	1,419,898	1,423,45	

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		Q	UANTITIES.					
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
V. Manufactures—con.								
Regalia and badges cwt. Ribbons	242,154	238,092	263,175 -	272,713 -	279,357 -			
Sand, glass, emery and flint paper	-	-	_	-	-			
Sauces, catsups and soy, gal.	224,194	285,770	316,539	389,956	367,618			
Ships, vessels and repairs on	-	_	_	-	-			
Signs of any material and letters for signs Silk and manufactures of	- -	_ _	- -	-	- -			
SlateSoap—	- 1	-	_	-	_			
Common or laundry, lb. Castile Toilet	3,503,141 2,392,508 -	4,043,537 2,575,911 -	5,700,552 3,179,154		7,090,469 2,836,587 -			
Other soap, powders, etc Total	-	-	_	-	- 1			
Spiceslb. Spectacles, eye-glasses,	3,261,573	3,682,478	3,920,685	4,096,620	4,091,539			
frames, etc	-	-	_		_			
Brandy, including artificial brandy, etc.gal. Gin of all kinds " Rum " Whiskey " Spirits, other "	381,477 832,497 157,361 818,172 132,887	432,557 924,799 168,389 960,812 155,002	205,149 1,204,245 192,620	1,156,893 222,841 1,469,148 213,584	$\begin{array}{r} 219,923 \\ 1,550,450 \\ 216,727 \end{array}$			
Starch, etclb. Stockinettes for manufac-	2,322,394 1,526,857	2,632,559 2,317,847	3,102,732 2,500,293	3,628,021 2,841,792				
ture of rubber boots Stone, manufactures of Straw, manufactures of Sugars and syrupslb.	- - 500 728 386	- - - 577 812 120	- - 585 801 402	- - 640 197 946	- - 703 957 148			
Candy and confectionery lb. Glucose and saccharine "	4,173,322 4,517,852	6,138,411 $4,969,869$	8,203,612	10,785,514	_			
Molasses gal. Surgical and dental in-	6,477,230	6,601,522						
struments Tape lines	<u> </u>	_		_				
Teeth, artificial	-	→	_	_	-			
bars cwt. Tin plates and sheets " Tin foil lb.	33,683 797,323 817,979	35,706 $880,504$ $1,013,763$	916,030	1,291,428				
Tinware, and all other mfs. of		<u>-</u>		-	-			

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17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914-con.

		1911.	1919	. 1913.	7,00
factures—con. \$4,029 a and badges. 34,029 glass, emery and paper. 1,574,669 vessels and repairs of any material and an anufactures of an anufactures of an anufactures of an anufactures of an anufactures of all kinds. 73,741 des, eye-glasses, etc. 255,870 dy, including artical and bandy, etc. 255,486 dy, including artical and bandy etc. 275,071 es, eye-glasses, es, ecc. 258,441 cles, eye-glasses, etc. 258,441 dy, including artical and bandy etc. 270,044 of all kinds. 95,688 dy, including artical and bandy etc. 270,044 of all kinds. 3,173,467 dattes for manufactures of. 76,693 and confectionery 76,879 manufactures of. 12,777,773 and dental in-bents. 1,478,294 nents. 1,478,294 and dental in-bents. 1,478,294 nents. 1,478,294 and dental in-bents. 1,478,294 1,445,899 1,445,899 1,445,899 1,445,899				_	1914.
a and badges 34,029 18. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19		\$40	₩	₩	₩.
1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,669 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,679 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,574,773 1,478,294		31,603	50,532	61,670	67,304
glass, emery and paper. , catsups and soy. 179,266 vessels and repairs 721,743 rs for signs. 721,743 rs for signs. 721,743 rs for signs. 721,743 rs for signs. 721,743 rs for signs. 722,486 rtal. 725,688 rtal. 725,688 rtal. 725,688 rtal. 725,725 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,225 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,225 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 725,229 rtal. 72	1	1,345,895		-	
f any material and repairs 721,743 f any material and 73,741 d manufactures of 5,555,870 income or laundry 199,953 income	emery and	152,440	170,578	184,814	172,427
f any material and repairs for signs. If any material and ras for signs. If any material and ras for signs. If any material and ras for signs. If any material and ras for signs. If any material and ras for signs. If all kinds		233,732	266,568	339,862	324,214
Ta for signs. Is manufactures of 5,555,870 In manufactures of 136,401 Incomo or laundry 199,953 In		552,843	284,922	821,133	1,001,764
mon or laundry. 199,953 116 r. soap,powders, etc 225,486 127,486 131,169 252,071 225,486 1486 1488 141,669 258,441 169,953 1688 169,953 169,953 1689 169,953 174,105 174,102 174,103		$\begin{array}{c} 92,210 \\ 6,479,043 \\ 147,172 \end{array}$	125,370 6,991,096 173,566	147,559 8,795,577 219,834	$\begin{array}{c} 172,007 \\ 9,250,696 \\ 236,038 \end{array}$
tr soap, powders, etc 225, 486 tal. cles, eye-glasses, 95,688 es, etc 95,688 dy, including arti- fof all kinds. 91,439 ikey 869,838 tal. tal. of rubber boots. 76,879 manufactures of. 74,102 and confectionery 60,623 and confectionery 76,879 manufactures of. 74,102 and syrups. 76,879 manufactures of. 74,102 and confectionery 12,777,713 and syrups. 12,777,713 neas. 14,758,294 in and dental in- for and accharine. 250,229 ines. 14,458 artificial. 12,309 and hanaufactures of. 14,458 artificial. 12,309 and blocks, pigs and	::	228,393 157,052			383,253 167,988
cles, eye-glasses, 95,688 es, etc. 95,688 dy, including arti- ial brandy, etc. 567,005 sie al kinds. 1,438,141 ts, other 369,838 tal. content and actes for manufactures of. 76,879 manufactures of. 74,9363 and confectionery 76,879 and confectionery 12,777,713 and confectionery 12,777,713 nents. 1478,294 in and dental in- books, pigs and 128,309 and confectionery 14,458 artificial. 250,229 in an and actinical 1128,309	: 2:	251,403 243,497 880,345	350 1,119	Ħ	7
day, including arti- ial brandy, etc. 567,005 1,438 141 14,38 141 14,38 141 14,38 141 14,38 141 14,38 14,48 14,48 14,45 14,45 16,45 16,45 17,77 18,309 18,309 18,309 19,45 19,45 19,46 10,46 10,47		321,633 117,117	367,055 134,736	378,568 131,243	403,079 126,500
ial brandy, etc. 707,044 of all kinds. 567,005 ikey	rti-	0		,	9
ikey 14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.14.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.38.	 	773,516 607,255	941,322 686,995	1,140, 828,	1,179,959 892,719
rat. 2015. 2	$\begin{array}{c c} & 31, \\ & 1,438, \\ & 260, \\ \end{array}$	228	8	2,696,139	2,940,985
of rubber boots of rubber boots manufactures of and syrups and confectionery e and saccharine al and dental in- nents 250,229 ines 14,458 artificial and rubbocks, pigs and	ີຕ໌ 	3,624,875 $81,920$	4	ທີ	າບົ
d saccharine. 103,877 and dental in- 250,229 ificial 128,309 locks, pigs and	<u> </u>	95,273 566,643 96,360 15,207,434	108,217 675,940 107,089 15,699,534	123,270 917,791 122,132 17,392,146	70,474 892,112 88,025 15,062,627
incial 128,309 incial 128,309 incial 128,309 inciactures of— locks, pigs and	-	865,658 95,404 1,310,962		1,541,485 183,343 1,471,795	1,043,115 $104,803$ $1,734,643$
pr	<u> </u>	314,579 $10,472$ $155,505$	$\begin{array}{c} 352,166 \\ 12,216 \\ 159,016 \end{array}$		533,273 13,933 182,725
1,005,467 2,404,777 102,294	ਜੂਲ; ਰੂ : : : !	1,242,436 2,859,611 133,753	1,706,678 3,045,618 168,315	2,286,142 4,178,323 194,206	1,959,940 3,544,164 186,920
307,080 3,819,618	and an other 307	407,051	495,951 5,416,562	575,595 7,234,266	659,586 6,350,610

Principal articles by		C	uantities.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
. Manufactures—con.					
Tobacco and mfs. of—			i		
Cigaretteslb.	35,049	48,770	$65,173^{'}$	75,555.	79,87
Cigars"	108,096	120,828	152,456	167,326	162,11
Tobacco, cut "	338,980	454,643	530,339	823,727	855,26
Other, and mfs. of "	165,409	228,894	267,416	299,691	237,64
Total "	647,534	853,135	1,015,384	1,366,299	1,334,89
Tobacco pipes	-	-		- 1	-
Trawls and trawling					
spoons	İ	-	- 1		-
Trunks and valises, hat					
boxes, etc	009 115		050.200	1 145 500	1 000 01
Turpentine, spirits of, gal.	963,115	883,266	950,328	1,147,786	1,033,61
Twine, manufactures of Umbrellas, parasols and	ļ	-	-	_	-
sunshades	_ 1	_	_	_	_
Unenumerated		_ 1		_	_
Varnish, lacquers, japans,					
etcgal.	93,477	94,064	90,371	107,595	90,57
Vinegar	148,545	176,242	186,077	182,519	215,31
Watches, watch cases,	´		,	, .	,
movements, glasses, etc.	- i	-	_	_	_
Wax, manufactures of	1	-	_	-	-
Webbing, elastic and non-					
elastic			- ₁	_	
Whips, thongs and lashes	i	-		- :	-
Window cornices, poles,				1	
shades, rollers	671 461	747 506	765 519	027 064	000 0
Wine, non-sparkling, gal. Wine, sparkling doz.	$671,461\\47,834$	747,596 60,748	765,518 70,001	937,064 $79,829$	928,28 $85,24$
Wood and manufactures of	47,004	00,740	70,001	19,029	00,2
Wool and mis. of—				!	
Cassimeres, cloths and	i				
doeskins yd.	4,863,114	5,356,598	5,237,499	5,068,694	2,959,50
Coatings and over-	2,000,111	3,330,300	3,231,200	0,000,002	-,,-
coatings "	2,083,124	1,813,951	1,597,419	1,484,387	1,564,82
Tweeds "	2,806,505	2,606,900	2,274,272	2,599,083	2,135,70
Knitted goods, includ-				. !	
ing knitted underwear.			_	1	-
Socks and stockings of					005 51
all kindsdoz. prs.	747,349	968,252	695,686	872,885	965,71
Yarns, composed whol-					
ly or in part of wool,					
worsted, the hair of	2,874,241	3,817,333	3,530,745	4,076,335	4,030,27
the goat, etc lb. Yarns, woollen and	2,014,241	0,017,000	3,330,740	±,010,000	4,000,21
worsted lb.	480,434	424,218	494,774	554,349	475,47
Fabrics and mfs. com-	150, 101	121,210		10.1,0.10	_, 0, _,
posed wholly or in					
part of wool, worsted,		ł	*	1	
etc	1	_ 1	- i		_

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$		\$.\$	\$
V. Manufactures—con.	-	-	_		-
Tobacco and mfs. of—					
Cigarettes	87,600	124,066	159,681	178,644	188,097
Cigars	431,314	485,316	613,232		679,299
Tobacco, cut	208,832	281,445	368,720	556,064	780,189
Other, and mfs. of	73,685	104,626	124,614	129,270	141,992
Total	801,431	995,453	1,266,247	1,563,617	
Tobacco pipes, etc	626,076	807,989	865,304	1,015,890	869,802
Trawls and trawling					
_ spoons	45,424	52,692	42,730	57,826	56,688
Trunks and valises, hat					
_ boxes, etc	59,198	81,753	95,102		149,870
Turpentine, spirits of	527,349	683,236	629,491	575,981	479,788
Twine, manufactures of	42,125	49,250	43,341	61,995	76,591
Umbrellas, parasols and	400 400			40-000	
sunshades	109,403	116,840	92,725		
Unenumerated	263,715	449,644	678,605	1,154,196	866,788
Varnish, lacquers, japans,	404.040			-0-0-	
etc	161,848	162,544	162,912	191,063	167,326
Vinegar	44,571	52,883	62,310	69,390	83,001
Watches, watch cases,					
movements, glasses, etc.	1,046,483	1,229,973	1,423,814		1,574,261
Wax, manufactures of	135,925	216,971	227,521	307,797	266,1 13
Webbing, elastic and non-					
elastic	302,063	315,215	371,915		
Whips, thongs and lashes	11,514	15,490	21,180	44,977	26,010
Window cornices, poles,	0= 00.4		00.050		00 400
shades, rollers	87,804	72,252	99,373	114,842	92,192
Wine, non-sparkling	478,176	560,449	656,773	835,256	809,475
Wine, sparkling	451,724	577,271	725,035		762,293
Wood and mfs. of	1,946,126	2,514,414	3,126,576	4,458,817	4,042,386
Wool and mfs. of—	1				
Cassimeres, cloths and	0.001.704	0.450.000	0.440.001	0.001.010	1 005 500
doeskins	3,381,764	3,459,669	3,449,001	3,221,612	1,967,706
Coatings and overcoat-	1 510 040	* 950 000	1 014 045	1 010 570	1 017 001
ings	1,519,849	1,350,606	1,314,945		1,317,921
Tweeds	1,847,401	1,677,629	1,514,097	1,473,463	1,27 4,755
Knitted goods, includ-	005 200	005 010	079.004	1 707 000	1 005 001
ing knitted underwear.	695,730	905,819	973,264	1,507,032	1,265,261
Socks and stockings of all kinds	1 250 051	1 605 760	1 047 047	1 664 905	1 000 000
Yarns, composed whol-	1,356,951	1,695,762	1,247,047	1,664,325	1,829,668
ly or in part of weel					
ly or in part of wool,		ļ			
worsted, the hair of	1 427 700	1.015.950	1 006 000	0.040.079	0.004.00#
the goat, etc Yarns, woollen and wor-	1,437 ,798	1,915,260	1,886,268	2,240,973	2,284,205
sted	223,462	200,214	252,745	ያለፍ ያሳቀ	967 195
Fabrics and mfs. com-	220,402	200,214	202,140	305,328	267,135
posed wholly or in	i				
part of wool, worsted.	1	ŀ			
etc	6,680,380	6,685,642	7 060 159	10,435,013	10 115 541
300	0,000,000	0,000,042	1,000,102	10,200,010	10,110,041

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by		(Quantities	s. *	
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
V. Manufactures—con. Wool and mfs. of—con. Clothing, women's and children's outside gar-					
ments. Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Total	- - -	- - -	- - -	_	- - -
Yarns, n.e.s lb. Zinc and mfs. of Other manufactured articles	213.490 - -	246,577 - -	359 ,529 - -	353,750 -	259,833
VI. Mineral produce.					
Clays	7,017,271	3,465,774 7,747,571	- 4,118,379 10,500,662	- 4,237,310 11,060,910	4,385,799 13,754,244
Emery, in bulk, crushed or ground	- 151,982	195,149 -	263,9 7 1	542,927 -	423,512
Marble, sawn only Marble, rough, not ham- mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated	_	-	-	-	
waters	155,130 18,101				
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, distilled, purified or refined		9,227,364	13,264,946	16,545,672	19,280,479
Oils, products of petroleum " Oils, lubricating, com-	2,186,031	,	3,428,234		
posed wholly or in part of petroleum, gal. Oils, other	2.802.579	3,537,585 71,001,827	4,390,744 95,698,481	6,282,819 186,843,680	5,156,734 205,563,375
Ores of metals, all kinds, including cobalt ore, cwt. Phosphate rock	25,418,492 -	34,156,748	29,058,529 -	43,236,904 -	40,948,227

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—con.

Principal articles by	Values.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.		
V. Manufactures—con.							
Wool and mfs. of—con. Clothing, women's and	. \$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
children's outside gar- ments	424,604	452,435	492,375	528,130	589,788		
Clothing, ready-made, and wearing apparel. Other, and mfs. of Total Yarns, n.e.s Zinc and manufactures of.	$\begin{array}{c} 1,173,925 \\ 3,685,313 \\ 22,427,177 \\ 43,659 \\ 875,557 \end{array}$	1,444,030 4,300,928 24,087,994 52,659 736,321	$\begin{array}{r} 4,467,048 \\ 24,420,165 \\ 73,421 \end{array}$	30,577,107 78,183	2,183,755 5,363,515 28,459,250 215,387 919,418		
Other manufactured articles	1,672,018	2,089,983	· 1	, .	,		
VI. Mineral produce—totals.		' '	, ,		, ,		
Clays	218,232	299,533					
Coal, anthracite, and dust Coal, bituminous	14,456,315 13,070,363	15,750,340 14,597,268	19,306,639 20,333,268				
Emery, in bulk, crushed or ground	28,482 155,012	42,188 199,428		48,469 465,263			
engraved	7,329 $128,897$	10,366 $174,001$		7,307 $239,678$	7,336 $235,623$		
mered or chiselled Mineral and aerated	1,398	25,606	,		• 117,821		
waters	188,559	202,659	231,515	273,751	259,836		
Minerals, viz.:— Alumina Litharge Other minerals	322,566 $62,174$ $92,435$	353,872 59,987 139,677	421,857 59,908 221,817	525,017 116,960 278,501	$600,454 \\ 57,207 \\ 230,453$		
Oils, mineral— Coal and kerosene, dis- tilled, purified or re-							
fined Oils, products of petro-	622,177	544,381	660,289	1,110,690	1,351,098		
leumOils, lubricating, com- posed wholly or in	211,787	278,478	343,200	437,254	625,367		
part of petroleum Oils, other	387,223 2,010,545			825,792 10,462,656			
Ores, of metals, all kinds, including cobalt ore		4,326,773	4,006,174	4,724,742	5,010,880		
Phosphate rock	47,447	l	43,342	24,137	16,221		

17.—Imports of Canada from All Countries in quantities and values by classes entered for consumption in the five fiscal years 1910-1914—concluded.

Principal articles by		Quantities.						
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.			
VI. Mineral produce—con. Precious stones, diamonds, unset, diamond dust or bort, and black diamonds for drills Saltcwt. Stone, flag, granite, rough, sandstone, etcton. Stone, granite, sawn only, ton. Whiting or whitening, cwt. Other mineral products	2,677,899 23,928 280 206,641		20,185 712		-			
VII. Miscellaneous produce.								
Articles the growth, produce or manufacture of Canada, returned after having been exported Articles for use of the Governor General Articles for army and navy Articles ex-warehoused for ships' stores Bacteriological products or serums Cabinets of coins, collections of medals, etc Coffee, green	- - - 11,855,065	- - - - 10,820,392	- - - 12,444,557 - -	15,228,569	- 15,691,293 - -			
Spongeslb.		$\begin{array}{c} - \\ 34,259,053 \end{array}$	38,402,110	40,296,055	37,628,322			
Other miscellaneous articles	-	-	_	-	_			
Coins, British and Canadian, and foreign gold coinsGold bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops,	_	-		_				
sheets or plates, un- manufactured Silver bullion in bars,	_			- ! - i	_			
blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un- manufactured	_	_		- 1	_			

Principal articles by			VALUES.		
classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
VI. Mineral produce—con. Precious stones, dia- monds, unset, diamond dust or bort, and black	-	-		i I	
diamonds for drills		2,212,683	2,661,975	3,858,283	2,986,507
Salt	465,253	424,712			563,868
Stone, flag, granite, rough, sandstone, etc	110,997	126,386	81,260	123,691	98,582
Stone, granite, sawn only.	2,146	3,213	5,417	24,636	11,567
Whiting or whitening	76,404	97,338			
Other mineral products	248,497	290,778	373,953	418,488	515 166
VII. Miscellaneous produce	95 997 950	99 00= 00=	79.009.009	22 040 000	41 996 904
Articles the growth, pro-	25,235,850	33,985,087	52,993,823	, 33,940,068	41,896,804
duce or manufacture of Canada, returned after				I I	
having been exported Articles for use of the		512,532			
Governor General Articles for army and	7,247	8,798	45,070	23,320	16,110
navy	2,968	6,118	11,247	18,365	372
for ships' stores Bacteriological products	636,902	729,607	714,273	811,332	1,041,782
or serums Barrels or packages re-	63,712	84,848	·	127,564	
Cabinets of coins, collec-	75,111	107,494		124,907	
tions of medals, etc Coffee, green Models of inventions and	2,051 $1,194,061$	1,571 $1,268,719$	860 1,840,283	3,314 $2,457,262$	
other improvements Paintings in oil or water	31,601	67,281	38,421	47,467	50,294
colours	720,885	962,528	1,293,088	930,939	932,272
Settlers' effects	10,273,428	14,072,611			
Sponges	59,782 $5,347,854$	73.861	86,421	98,278	$\begin{array}{r} 95,927 \\ 6,649,716 \end{array}$
Other miscellaneous ar-	0,041,004	5,654,883	6,706,575	6,843,620	0,049,710
ticles Coin and bullion—	189,135	228,026	245,225	523,946	440,016
Coins, British and Can- adian, and foreign					
gold coins	4,998,236	7,741,849	24,096,596	3,025,219	13,659,492
sheets or plates, un- manufactured	516,581	1,484,866	980,919	1,284,592	838,959
Silver bullion in bars, blocks, ingots, drops, sheets or plates, un-					
manufactured	502,772	979,495	956,366	1,118,168	736,854

18.—Values of Exports which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products—					
Cider	27,445	27,707	36,308	22,266	19,737
Fruits, canned or pre-				İ	
served	226,839		257,590		
Flour of wheat	14,859,854		16,034,064		20,581,079
Indian meal	3,506		4,740		14,639
Oatmeal	1,123,861		897,739	837,079	488,589
Meal and flour, all other.	56,192				7,534
Malt	11,328	10,888	18,915	15,723	4,256
Maple sugar	129,046	117,202	110,400		
Maple syrup	4,331	3,366	5,291	4,151	5,284
Vegetables, canned	57,560	28,797	27,049	24,959	17,655
Cereal foods	1,689,648	1,830,146	2,309,989	2,015,675	2,166,330
Totals	18,189,610	16,625,261	19,722,412	23,241,255	23,859,441
Animal products—		•			,
Butter	1,010,274	744,288	2,077,916	223,578	309,046
Cheese	21,607,692	20,739,507	20,888,818	20,697,144	18,868,785
Furs, dressed	35,371	24,576	43,107		
Meats, canned	193,479	56,152	24,312	26,718	94,961
Milk and cream, con-	,		ŕ		, ·
Milk and cream, con- densed	541,372	469,406	305,678	25,554	666,941
Oils, animal	1,155	33,929	118,655	222,746	247,143
Totals	23,389,343	22,067,858	23,458,486	21,211,046	20,198,426
Fisheries—	' '	, ,	, ,	' '	, ,
Mackerel, canned	1,720	108	-	_	-
Herring, canned	7,124	4,923	1,553	1,755	1,834
Sea fish, preserved	42,706	72,379	62,754	102,983	145,144
Oysters, preserved in cans		418	´ -	´-	1,547
Lobsters, canned	2,619,156	2,735,917	3,080,578	3,048,798	2,983,987
Salmon, canned	4,368,005		3,830,178	3,484,110	6,631,437
Oils, fish	386,423			628,155	447,752
Totals	7,425,755	6,937,995	8,051,364		
Forest products—	' '	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Ashes, pot, pearl and					
other	89,735	95,112	74,869	62,140	48,862
Lumber, all kinds, includ-		,	,		-
ing shingles, shooks,					
staves, etc	38,490,476	36,135,973			
Totals	38,580,211	36,231,085	32,441,533	33,495,229	33,321,738
Mineral products—					
Copper, fine, contained in					
ore, matte, regulus, etc.	6,023,925	5,575,033	5,646,206	9,911,542	9,489,729
Lead, metallic, contained	' '				
in ore, etc	132,440				7,562
Lead, pig	396,982	99,625	2,806		
Nickel, contained in ore,		·		l	
matte, etc	3,320,054	3,842,332	3,743,920	5,045,197	5,374,738
Platinum, contained in					
concentrates, etc	61,717	2,311	2,578	3,519	7,784
Silver, contained in ore,	<u> </u>				
concentrates, etc	15,009,937	17,269,168	15,908,409	20,202,559	20,971,538
Oils, mineral, coal and					
kerosene, refined	1,155		156		3,119
Salt	2,731	3,419	5,411	3,358	2,140
Totals	24,948,941	26,793,437	25,312,637	35,181,340	35,856,610
Aggregates for the five classes	112,533,860	108,655,636	108,986,432	120,394,671	123,447,916
	l				

EXPORTS CLASSED AS MANUFACTURES.

19.—Summary of Values of Exports to the United Kingdom, to the United States and to Other Countries of Home Produce which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Classes of products.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Ai cultural products	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products— United Kingdom	11,470,863	10,264,351	12,395,376	14,932,089	13,878,344
United States	750,223			276,844	
Other countries	5,968,524 18,189,610		6,822,373 19,722,412	8,032,322 $23,241,255$	$9,678,018 \ 23,859,441$
	10,100,010	10,020,201			,,
Animal products— United Kingdom	22,262,947	21,040,877	22 546 416	20,528,690	18 598 653
United States	478,220				
Other countries	648,176				
Totals	23,389,343	22,067,858	23,458,486	21,211,040	20,198,426
Fisheries—	4 000 000	4 044 4 70	4 500 040	0 = 1 000	0 = 10 000
United Kingdom United States	4,906,283 842,366	4,011,156 $1,132,256$	4,799,049 $1,231,574$	3,754,296 $1,280,468$	6,710,922 1,238,946
Other countries	1,677,106	1,794,583		2,321,037	2,261,833
Totals	7,425,755	6,937,995	8,051,364	7,265,801	10,211,701
Forest products—		;			•
United Kingdom		10,858,406			10,029,660
United States Other countries	23,990,337 $4,540,403$	20,702,638 $4,670,041$	18,325,339 4,443,559	21,635,336 3,171,668	
Totals	38,580,211	36,231,085	32,441,533	33,495,229	
Mineral products—					
United Kingdom	3,424,831	6,265,192	5,082,593	11,440,150	15,398,598
United States		19,547,702	19,552,816	22,673,179	
Other countries Totals	1,085,876 $24,948,941$	980,543 26,793,437	677,228 25,312,637	1,068,011 $35,181,340$	1,656,279 35,856,610
		_ 1,1 1 9, 10,1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,,
Aggregates by countries— United Kingdom	52.114.395	52,439,982	54,496,069	59,343,450	64.616.177
United States	46,499,380	41.806.788	39.784.819	46,004,905	41,460,800
Other countries Totals	13,920,085 112,533,860	14,408,866	14,705,544	15,046,316	17,370,939
Tutais	112,000,000	100,000,000	100,500,402	120,004,071	120,441,810

The articles in Tables 18 to 20 are usually grouped as natural products, as has been done in Table 7 under the heads of agricultural, animal, fisheries, forest and mineral produce, as well as in Tables 12 to 14. But by some authorities they are grouped with manufactured products, and they have been abstracted here to show the kinds and values of articles to be added to manufactures in those several tables, if so classified. If added to the exports of manufactures as given in Table 7, page 262, or in Table 14, page 315, the total values would be \$144,028,776 for 1910, \$143,938,754 for 1911, \$144,822,716 for 1912, \$164,087,379 for 1913, and \$180,891,368 for 1914. Added to the exports of manufactures to the United Kingdom in Table 7, page 262, the total value for 1914 would be \$73,199,717, to the United States \$71,852,564, and to other countries \$35,839,037, and the total increase in the period from 1910 to 1914 would be over 25 p. c. But the chief component value of these exports is that of raw material.

20.—Values of Imports which may be classed as Manufactures in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Principal articles by classes.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products—			l		
Arrowroot	2,560	3,161	4,302		
Biscuits, all kinds	146,913				361,106
Bran, mill feed, etc	220,541	32,889	38,467	70,947	
Cereal, foods	251,362			353,211	
Cider	1,011	1,054			2,507
Indian or corn meal	106,484		125,030		
Malt	57,410				238,373
Macaroni or vermicelli	211,574				
Oatmeal	775				
Rice and sago flour	21,099		20,447	28,715	
Rye flour	11,249				
Tapioca and sago	62,154	98,646	122,345		
Vegetables, canned	214,325			901,343	
Wheat flour	156,310	245,365	199,707	267,917	239,833
Other articles	88,363		136,294	222,405	281,344
Totals	1,552,130	1,912,957	$ \ 2,250,387$	2,979,566	3,022,136
Animal products—					
Butter	92,934	296,303	1,016,418	2,081,989	1,823,994
Cheese	145,714				
Fur skins wholly or par-	110,711	171,200	110,011	002,100	200,220
tially dressed	1,031,876	963,111	976,247	1,362,825	699,979
Lard and lard compound					
Meats, canned	72,714				
Meats, extracts of, etc	111,684				
	18,569			21,171	
Milk, condensed	22,540	25 654			38,416
Oils, animal	10.479	35,654			
Wax, bees'	19,473				
Totals	2,953,059	2,973,891	3,696,197	6,110,030	4,704,070
Fisheries—			į		
Anchovies and sardines	231,164	316,430	288,737	434,844	418,377
Fish, preserved in oil	4,369		8,275	7,682	8,479
Lobsters, canned	30,114			442	
Oysters, canned	54,692				
Oils, fish	84,241	120,895			
Salmon, canned	310	1,020	3,066		
Sea fish, preserved	460		9,984		
${ m Totals}$	405,350	557,116	543,007	803,506	616,571
Forest products—			I		
D shovel handles	30,490	49,906	54,522	71,214	71,051
Lumber, all kinds, includ-	20, 430	40,000	04,022	• 1,21	11,001
ing shingles and staves	6,060,120	9 468 297	11,149,158	14 257 132	11 783 621
Totals	6,090,610		11,203,680		
_	0,000,010	0,010,200	11,200,000	11,020,010	11,001,012
Mineral products—					
Oils, coal and kerosene,					
distilled, purified or re-					
fined	622,177	544,381	660,289	1,110,690	1,351,098
Oils, product of petroleum	211,787	278,478	343,200	437,254 825,792	625,367
Oils, lubricating	387,223	463,863	524,668	825,792	712,808
Salt	465,253	424,712	448,651	500,095	564,228
Whiting, or whitening	76,404	97,338	99,760	119,578	102,993
Totals	1 7700 0 4 4	1 202 779	2,076,568	2,993,409	3,356,494
Aggregates for the five classes	1,762,844	1,808,772	2,010,000	2,000,100	0,000,101

IMPORTS CLASSED AS MANUFACTURES.

21.—Summary of Imports from the United Kingdom, from the United States and from Other Countries which may be classed as Manufactures, in the five fiscal years 1910-1914.

Classes of products.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agricultural products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	211,720 985,323 355,087 1,552,130	1,127,089 $512,379$	$\begin{array}{c} 354,454 \\ 1,278,933 \\ 617,000 \\ 2,250,387 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,552,338 \\ 908,042 \end{array}$	1,428,406 1,059,714
Animal products— United Kingdom United States. Other countries Totals.	479,435 1,899,899 573,725 2,953,059	841,473		2,612,566 2,553,173	2,483,058
Fisheries— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	72,027 70,718 262,605 405,350	76,695 385,891		191,126 510,773	78,913 449,335
Forest products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	$\begin{array}{c} 21,528 \\ 6,037,657 \\ 31,425 \\ 6,090,610 \end{array}$	28,202 9,442,108 47,893 9,518,203	11,093,550 37,448	$\substack{14,241,407\\36,732}$	11,724,320
Mineral products— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	372,091 1,322,789 67,964 1,762,844	327,335 1,421,132 60,305 1,808,772	337,444 1,667,770 71,354 2,076,568	61,498	355,882 2,922,435 78,177 3,356,494
Aggregates by countries— United Kingdom United States Other countries Totals	1,156,801 10,316,386 1,290,806 12,763,993	1,847,941	1,654,186 15,818,136 2,297,517 19,769,839	4,070,218	1,761,115 17,647,753 4,145,081 23,553,949

The articles in Tables 20 and 21, if added to the imports of manufactures in Table 17, page 401, would give totals of \$254,731,872 for 1910, \$315,527,978 for 1911, \$360,343,087 for 1912, \$483,678,451 for 1913, and \$441,109,486 for 1914. The imports of manufactures from the United Kingdom with the articles in these tables added would reach a total for 1914 of \$117,330,196, from the United States of \$259,685,306, and from other countries of \$64,093,984, making an aggregate import of manufactures for the year of \$441,109,486, or 70 p.c. of all imports.

22.—Quantity and Value of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp exported to the United States, 1904-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Cords.	\$	Fiscal Year.	Cords.	\$
1904	593,624 614,286 452,846 901,861	2,600,814 2,649,106 1,998,805	1910	936,791 879,775 1,003,594	

Note.—From 1901 to 1913 the exports from Canada of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp went only to the United States; quantities were not given prior to 1904.

23.—Value of Exports of Wood, Blocks and Other, for Pulp, the produce of Canada, 1890-1903.

Fiscal Year.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Total Exports.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1890	22,808	57,197	-	80,005
1891	18,362	170,636		188,998
1892	36,146	183,212	-	219,458
1893	13,461	371,981	650	386,092
1894	24,250	369,010	_	393,260
1895	9,396	458,613	_	468,009
1896	27,580	600,285	_	627,865
1897	33,931	677,221		711,152
1898	34,772	876,690	579	912,041
1899	28,099	809,795		842,086
1900	38.370	864,077	325	902,772
1901	32,198	1,364,821	020	1,397,019
1902	120,445	1,194,593	_	1,315,038
1903	120, 110	1,558,560		1,558,560

24.-Value of Exports of Wood Pulp, the produce of Canada, 1890-1907.

Fiscal Year.	United Kingdom.	United States.	Other Countries.	Total Exports.
1000	\$ 400	\$	\$	\$
1890 1891	460	147,098 280,619		168,180 $280,619$
1892		355,303	- 1	355,303
1893 1894	$1{,}640$ $178{,}255$	454,253 368,256		455,893 547,217
1895	251,848	336,385	2,641	590,874
1896 1897	113,557 $164,138$	557,085 576,720		675,777 $741,959$
1898	676,100	534,305	['] 16	1,210,421
1899 1900	671,704 $562,178$	578,229 $1,193,753$		1,274,276 $1,816,016$
1901	934,722	937,330	65,155	1,937,207
1902 1903	818,580 $1,129,173$	1,170,400 $1,795,768$	57,418 $226,002$	2,046,398 $3,150,943$
1904	548,720	1,807,442	52,912	2,409,074
1905 1906	680,199 $998,702$	2,694,122 $2,419,628$	$24,837 \ 59,820$	3,399,158 $3,478,150$
1907 (9 months)		2,397,448	28,888	2,984,945

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EXPORTS OF WOOD PULP

25.—Exports from Canada of Wood Pulp, by Countries, in the fiscal years 1909-1914.

		1909.		1910.			
Kinds.	Quantity.	Value.	Average value per cwt.	Quantity.	Value.	Average value per cwt.	
	ewt.	\$	\$ cts.	cwt.	\$	\$ cts.	
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries	670,404	1,223,702	$egin{array}{c} 2.46 \ 1.82 \ 2.22 \end{array}$	831,331	1,597,319	$\begin{array}{c} 2.00 \\ 1.92 \\ 1.58 \end{array}$	
Total	826 585	1 603 006	1.94	864,606	1,658 846	1.92	
Mechanical Pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries Total	2,408,629 224,851	1,841,177 120,472	0.49 0.76 0.54 0 65	3,181,507 175,200	2,577,990	0.53 0.81 0.45 0.70	
Kinds.	1	1911.			1912.		
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries	4,113 716,427 888	1,298.162	2.00 1.81 1.09	834,483	1,585,615	2.54 1.90	
Total	721,428	1,308,101	1 81	835,239	1,587,535	1 90	
Mechanical Pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries	4,673,922 234,540	3,796,427 122,295	0.81		2,834,329	0.52 0.76	
Total	5 867,227	4,407,431	0.75	5,023,568	3,506,770	0.70	
Kinds.		1913.			1914.		
Chemical pulp— United Kingdom United States Japan Other countries	54,027	1,995,817 99,148	1.89	1,373,887	2,660,013 253,258	1.39 1.94 1.87 1.66	
Total	1.112,457	2,100 842	1.89	1,515 633	2,923,083	1.93	
Mechanical pulp— United Kingdom United States Other countries	3,313,950	2,580,462	0.77	2,915,601	1,162,470 2,253,621 25,650	0.62 0.77 0.67	
Total	4.749 719	3 408 702	0.75	4 816 170	3 441,741	0.71	

26.—Values of Exports and Imports of Fish, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Exports of fisheries,					Imports of home cons	
	domestic.	Dutiable.	Free.	1001.	domestic.	Dutiable.	Free.
	\$	\$	\$		\$	8	\$
1901	10,720,352	515,702	358,837	1908	13,867,367	795,612	1,026,996
	14,143,294				13,319,664	746,315	814,770
1903	11,800,184				15,663,162		
1904	10,759,029	704,577	685,936	1911	15,675,544	1,123,581	669,033
1905	11,114,318	713,264	630,660	1912	16,704,678	1,203,045	984,458
1906	16,025,840	765,410	1,152,253	1913			
<u>1907¹</u>	10,362,142	699,218	862,880	1914	20,623,560	1,469,305	635,231

¹Nine months.

27.—Exports of Fish, the Produce of Canada, by principal countries, in the fiscal years 1913-1914.

Exports to	1913.	1914.	Exports to	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$		\$	\$
United Kingdom	3,946,471	7,008,888		5,747,688	6,852,009
Australia	425,703	389,304		830,034	691,313
British West Indies	1,204,512	1,097,487		408,111	472,210
British Guiana	143,830	110,952	France	1,038,606	920,223
New Zealand	158,939	170,115		200,069	363,220
Newfoundland	69,432	63,019	Japan	360,319	360,070
Hong Kong	101,549	186,863	Germany	271,309	343,492
Bermuda	23,804	28,826	Porto Rico	565,625	524,418
Straits Settlements	81,060	112,237	Panama	131,379	151,842
Fiji Islands	73,627	48,473	Belgium	95,876	168,570
Other British Pos-	·	,	San Domingo	34,318	21,569
sessions	33,590	39,237	Sweden	81,476	74,172
1		,	China	29,301	97,833
	1		Other foreign	,	,
			countries	280,093	327,218
Total British Em-			Total foreign	,	,
pi r e	6,262,517	9,255,401	countries	10,074,204	11,368,159
			Grand total of e.	16,336,721	20 623,560

28.—Exports of Coal, the produce of Canada, 1901-19141.

					<u> </u>
Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.
1901	1,817,534 1,979,951 1,646,505 1,615,322 1,820,511	\$ 5,307,060 4,867,088 5,542,434 4,346,660 3,930,802 4,643,198 3,346,402	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	1,613,892 1,826,339 2,315,171 1,494,756 2,055,993	\$ 4,810,284 4,505,221 5,013,221 6,014,095 4,338,128 5,555,099 3,703,765

¹For exports in previous years see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 421.

EXPORTS TO WEST INDIES.

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

1		Tota	al Exports	s to		
Articles.	British Indies British		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.		Total to West Indies and Guiana.	
		\$		\$	-	\$
Minerals— Coalton	6,467	26,694	4,770	19,253	11,237	45,947
Fisheries—						
Codfish, dry salt-			4 0 0 4		040.000	
edcwt.	152,199	922,216	167,784	1,066,482	319,983	1,988,698
Mackerel, pickled bbl.	5,833	59,194	436	3,600	6,269	62,794
Herring, " "	32,041	134,834	3,342	13,402		
" smoked lb.	1,040,411	28,846	101,456		1,141,867	
Sea fish, other						
pickledbbl.	10,685	47,541	561	2,292		
Sea fish, preserved lb.	344,349	8,443	30,000	600		
Lobsters, canned " Salmon, fresh"	1,976	805 113	24	4	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,000 \\ 1,050 \end{bmatrix}$	
" canned "	$1,050 \ 22,388$	1,937	_	_	22,388	1,937
" pickledbbl.	1,164		135	1,748		
Fish, all other	-,101	768	-		1,200	768
Fish oil, codgal.	1,438	488	82	24	1,520	
Total Fisheries	-	1,218,612	_	1,091,147	_	2,309,759
Forest Products—						
Laths	10	33	-	_	10	33
boardsm. ft. Scantling	12,860	$254,952 \\ 1,758$	12,751	247,080	$25,611 \\ 73$	502,032 1,758
Shingles	19,424	29,240	68	146	19,492	29,386
Shooks\$	-	4,320	_	_	-	4,320
Staves and head-	i	_,				-,
ings"	-	18,001	-	_	_	18,001
Poles "		4,972	_	_	_ '	4,972
Masts and sparsNo.	200	2,140			200	2,140
Total Forest Products		$_{-}315,416$		247,226	_ !	562,642
Animals and their pro- duce—	!					
Cattle, over 1 yr.no.	3,	110	-	_	3	110
Sheep " "	33	330	_ !	-	33	330
Butter lb.	122,3 09		6,378	1,698	128,687	38,719
Checse "	209,5 89	34,481	30,003.	4,990	239,592	39,471
Meats—Bacon	0.10	104	1 000	940	0.000	
and hams " Beef "	946	194	1,263	$\frac{246}{7}$	2,209	440
Pork "	2,000 70,6 20		50- 17,800	- 1	2,050	173
Other	10,020	3,490	17,000	1,005	88,420	4,585
meats"	12,809	443	18,246	909	31,055	1,352
Milk and cream,	,		,		02,000	1,002
condensed, can-						
ned or preserved,						
lb.! Other articles \$	6,120	662 1,705	1,063,400	$101,910 \ 2,922$	1,069,520	102,572 $4,627$
Other andicion						

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914—con.

	Total Exports to							
Articles.	British Indie British	s and	Indie	n West s and Guiana.	Total to West Indies and Guiana.			
Agricultural Products-		\$		\$		\$		
Fruits, apples, green or ripe bbl.	411	1,413	382	870	793	9.9		
Other fruit \$	- 111	51	- 302	14	190	2,2		
Grains-Barley.bush.	94,825				94,825	37,2		
Beans "	64	141	763		827	2,1		
Oats"	759,345	326,995	452,859	182,999		509,9		
reas, whole	4,967	7,140	- 11	_	4,967	7,1		
spnt	8,728	12,651 7,476	5,783	$\begin{array}{c c} & 21 \\ 4,106 \end{array}$	8,739	12,6		
Wheat " Brancwt.	19,581 $13,035$	13,370	1,400	1,216	$16,364 \\ 14,435$	11,5 $14,5$		
Flour of wheat bbl.		2,411,129	21,519			2,501,7		
Meal, other	325	840	,		325	8		
Cereal foods, pre-		İ						
pared, all kinds \$	-	51.895	-	165,277	-	217,1		
Hayton.	504		2,077	19,530	2,581	27,0		
Potatoesbush. Other articles \$	111 ,563	$78,746 \ 1,372$	696,717	537,050 215	808,280	615,7 $1,5$		
Other articles •								
Total Agricultural	1	0.057.001		1 002 047		2.061.6		
Products	i	2,957,921	-	1,003,947		3,961,8		
Ianufact'd Articles—	}			1				
Agricultural imple-	_ '	162	_	2,054	_	2,2		
ments \$ Books, pamphlets,	- 1	102		2,001	_	۷, ۷		
maps, etc\$	_ '	9,330		2,213	!	11,5		
Biscuits and		, 1		ĺ)	,-		
breadcwt.	954	8,034	-	- 1	954	8,0		
Brooms and		F 000		no.'		= 0		
whisks\$	112,050	7,623	$\frac{-}{24,000}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39 \\ 720 \end{array}$	126 050	7,6		
Calcium carbide lb.	112,000	3,428	24,000	120	136,050	4,1		
Cordage—Ropes and twine \$	_	22,788	_		_	22,7		
Drugs and chem-		22,100				22,*		
icals"	_	107,273	-	7,576	-	114,8		
Fertilizers "	~	90,690	-	- 1	-	90,6		
Iron and steel		04 800	ĺ	010		0		
mis	_	24,708	-	912	-	25,6		
Jewellery " Leather and mfs.	-	4, 918	-	985	-	5,9		
of	_	370	_	_ 1	_	3		
Liquors, all kinds gal.	3,189	6,498	1,485	4,857	4,674	11,3		
Musical instru-	,	· :	-,	, , ,	<i>'</i>			
ments\$		1,225	-	-		1,2		
Oil cake cwt.	5,256	6,962		-	5,256	6,9		
Oils gal.	6,718	3,855 $3,250$	$\frac{-}{21,738}$	40,623	6,718 $23,468$	$\frac{3.8}{43.8}$		
Paper, printing cwt. other\$	1,730	$\frac{3,250}{5,650}$	21,138	40,020	20, 400	$\frac{45,8}{5,6}$		
Paints and varnishes,	I	0,000,	·			0,00		
all kinds \$		19,819		$29^{!}$		19,84		

TRADE WITH WEST INDIES.

29.—Quantities and Values of Exports from Canada to the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914—concluded.

	Total Exports to							
Articles.	British West Indies and British Guiana.		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.		Total to West Indies and Guiana.			
Manufactured Articles-		\$		\$		\$		
Ships, sold to other						1		
countries ton	816	28,000	_	-	816			
Soaplb.	308,895	14,086	_		308,895			
Stationery \$	-	8,436	_	12,965	_	21,401		
Trunks and valises,				\ \				
all kinds "	-	16,250	_	-	-	16,250		
Vehicles—Auto-	1.00	04.077			190	04.075		
mobiles	130			_	130			
Carriages	34	3,426	_	-	34	3,426		
Other and parts of \$		90.700]		90.706		
Wood—Barrels,		20,706	_	-	-	20,706		
emptyno.	1,801	3 ,113		_	1,8 91	3,113		
Household fur-	1,601	9,110	_	_	1,091	0,113		
niture \$	_	16,039		448		16,487		
Other articles "	_	10,033 $11,741$	_	-	_	11,741		
Other articles of		11,111				11,,11		
manufacture"	_	31,075	_	5,826	_	36,901		
		02,5.0		-,,,,,		,		
Total manufactures "	-	54 3,730		79,247	-	622,977		
Miscellaneous arti-		ı						
cles "	-	1,624	-		-	1,624		
Grand Total		5,142,605	-	2,554,591	_	7,697,196		

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1914.

Articles,	Total Imports from							
dutiable.	British West Indies and British Guiana.		Foreign West Indies and Foreign Guiana.		Total from West Indies and Guiana.			
Arrowrootlb.	59,934	\$ 3,977	-	\$	59,934	\$ 3,977		
Imported directNo. n.o.p	454, 748, 110,433	$11,991 \\ 3,201$	-	-	454,748 110,433	$\frac{11,991}{3,201}$		
roasted, crushed or groundcwt.	2,374	34 ,138	-	-	2,374	34,138		
All other n.o.p., driedlb.	9,722	417	-	-	9,722	417		

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1914—con.

	Total Imports from								
Articles, dutiable.	British West Indies and British Guiana.		Foreign Wo an Foreign	d	Total from West Indies and Guiana.				
Fruits—con.		\$		\$		\$			
All other fruits and nuts \$		754		_	_	754			
In air-tight cans,	65,615	4,285	63	3	65,678				
etc \$ Hats, grass,	05,015		00	9	00,010	4,200			
straw, etc \$ Honey in the	-	2,032		_	_	2,032			
-comblb.	251,127	15,251	150	10	251,277	15,261			
Iron, cast, scrap ironton.	30	166	_		30	166			
Iron, cast, scrap,									
$\begin{array}{c} ext{steel}, & ext{wrought}, \\ ext{cwt}. \end{array}$	2,303	587	_	_	2,303	587			
Lead, old scrap, etc. cwt.	978	3,570	_	_	978	3,570			
Packages \$	-	7,347	-	4,049	_	11,396			
Spices— Ginger, n.o.p., ungroundlb. Nutmegs and	485,753	28,481	_		485,753	28,481			
mace, whole or ungroundlb.	41,528	4,913	-	-	41,528	4,913			
Spirits— Rumgal.	131,062	46,998	118	86	131,180				
Other spirits "Sugarlb.	320	1,693 5 735 799	- 317 657 675	6 398 439	320 583 222 917	1,693			
Tobacco—									
Cigarslb. Other mfs. of "	$\begin{bmatrix} 905 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\substack{3,935\\2}$	$142,581 \\ 1,612$	$612,855 \\ 4,652$	$143,486 \\ 1.613$	$\begin{array}{c} 616,790 \\ 4,654 \end{array}$			
Vegetables \$	_	1,574	,	3,114	´ -	4,688			
Other dutiable articles\$	-	12,182		6,432	-	18,614			
Total dutiable \$	-	5,923,293	_	7,029,640	-	12,952,933			
Free Goods— Saltewt. Logs and Lumber,	236,577	21,616	3,672	367	240,249	21,983			
\$ Hides and skins,	-	1,368		-		1,368			
rawlb.	183,430	21,423	-	-	183,430	21,423			

IMPORTS FROM WEST INDIES.

30.—Quantities and Values of Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies during the fiscal year 1914—concluded.

	Total Imports from								
Articles, Free.	British We an British	đ	Foreign W an Foreign	d	Total from West Indies and Guiana				
Free Goods—con.		\$		\$		\$			
Cocoa beans, not roastedlb. Cocoanuts, im-	1,806,806	234,365	_	-	1,806,806	234,365			
ported direct NO. Bananasbchs. Lemons and limes.	3,325,753 10,212	94,812 5,838	_	-	3,325,753 10,212	94,812 5,838			
\$ ´	-	5 ,683	_	15		5,698			
Oranges and Shaddocks \$ PineapplesNo. Tobacco, unman- ufactured for	680	78,074 35		21,800 837	12,350	99,874 872			
Excise purposes lb.	_		1,285,584	543,811	1,285,584	543,811			
Lime juice, crude, gal.	9,224	1,836	, ,		9,224				
Molasses not over 56 degreesgal.	6,290,820	1,592,678		_	6,290,820	1,592,678			
Coffee, green, imported direct lb.	372,532	49,724	25,690	4,103	398,222	53,827			
Drugs, crude, etc.	_	4,478	_	_		4,478			
Canadian articles returned \$	_	1,456	_	_	_	1,456			
Articles for exhibition \$ Other articles. \$		2,239 6, 926		- 244	_	2,239 7,170			
Total free goods,	-	2,122,551	_	571,177	_	2,693,728			
Total dutiable and free\$	_	8,045,844		7,600,817	-	15,646,661			
Imported through foreign countries \$	-	1,460,464	-	3,520,070	-	4,980,534			
Imported direct\$	-	6,585,380	_	4,080,747		10,666,127			

31.—Values of Exports (domestic and foreign) to the British and Foreign West Indies by Countries during the fiscal years 1912-1914.

	191	12.	1913.		1914.	
Countries.	Exports, domestic.				Exports, domestic.	
British Guiana British West Indies						
Total British West Indies	4,544,113	73,848	4,542,416	48,689	5,119,004	23,601
Cuba Danish West Indies	11,489	´ 98	17,870	191		173
French West Indies Dutch West Indies Dutch Guiana	$ \begin{array}{r} 12,141 \\ 917 \\ 57,710 \end{array} $	_	$30,161 \\ 3,853 \\ 50,665$	_	20,862 2,289 46,749	-
French Guiana Hayti Porto Rico	$1,021 \ 26,218 \ 689,424$		33,069 609,375		$ \begin{array}{r} - \\ 37,783 \\ 542,962 \end{array} $	
San Domingo Total Foreign West	29,254		53,050		59,721	
Indies Total Exports to the	2,852,791	72,455	2,294,900	32,608	2,540,987	13,604
British and Foreign West Indies		146,303	6,837,313	81,297	7,659,991	37,205

32.—Values of Total Imports (dutiable and free) from the British and Foreign West Indies by Countries during the fiscal years 1912-1914.

	1912.		19	13.	19	14.
Countries.	Imports, dutiable.	Imports, free.	Imports, dutiable.	$\begin{array}{c} {\bf Imports} \\ {\bf free.} \end{array}$	Imports, dutiable.	Imports, free.
British Guiana British West Indies			\$ 3,382,622 4,362,510		\$ 3,554,353 2,368,940	\$ 6,547 2,116,004
Total British West Indies		1,387,164	7,745,132	1,698,261	5,923,293	2,122,551
Cuba Danish West Indies Dutch West Indies	1,456,731 77,257	$1,125 \\ 378$	138	_	3,362,993 259,214 -	
French West Indies Dutch Guiana Hayti Porto Rico	24,865 - 153	28	81,965 -	- - 99	241,267 - 22	- 106 1,591
San Domingo			1,871,942		3,166,144	
Total Foreign West Indies	2,571,468	319,731	4,193,655	747,472	7,029,640	571,177
Total Imports from the British and Foreign West Indies		1,706,895	11,938,787	2,445,733	12,952,933	2,693,728

TRADE WITH WEST INDIES.

33.—Value of Imports and Exports from and to British and Foreign West Indies 1901-1914.

	I	mports fron	ı	Exports (domestic and foreign) to			
Fiscal Year.	British West Indies and British Guiana.	West Indies	Total.	British West Indies and British Guiana.	West Indies	Total.	
	.	s	s	_s	8	8	
1901	1,406,480	594.768	2,001,24\$			3,282,110	
1902	1,702,293	539,697	2,241.990		1,339,408	3,795,540	
1903		596,970			1,471,843	4,171,010	
1904		667.232	7,674,124		1,423,542	4,086,066	
1905	8,589,656	714,339			1,460,801	4,333.571	
1906	7.521.360	657,081	8,178,441		1,831,656	4,679,637	
1907^{1}	5.208,892	524,599	5,733,491		1,497,240	3,685,782	
1908	9,293,804	525,026	9,818,830	3,090,468	2,096,502	5,186,970	
1909	9,088,596	605,26∪	9,693,856	3.054.073	2,006,362	5,069,435	
1910	9,004,421	1,815,110	10.819,531	3,697,872	2,384,296	6,082,168	
1911	10,262,613	2,062,006	-12,324.619	4, 736,005	2,501,599	-7,237,604	
1912	10,550,491	2,891,199	-13,441,690	4,617,961	2,925,246	7,543,207	
1913	9,443,393	4,941,127	14,384,520	4,591,105	2,327,598	6,918,613	
1914	8,045,844	7,600,817	15,646, 661	5.142,605	2,554,591	7,697,196	
Total	99,540,343	24,735,231	124,275,574	46,954,409	26,804,900	73,759,309	

¹Nine months.
Note.—Foreign West Indies include Cuba, Danish, Dutch and French West Indies, Dutch and French Guiana, Hayti, Porto Rico and San Domingo.

34.—Imports into Canada of Anthracite and Bituminous Coal for home consumption during the fiscal years 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Anthra Free of		Bituminous Coal, Dutiable.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 ¹ 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	Ton. 1,933,253 1,652,451 1,456,713 2,275,018 2,604,137 2,200,863 2,014,846 3,091,156 3,059,663 3,152,851 3,465,774 4,118,379 4,237,310 4,385,799	\$ 7,923,950 7,021,939 7,028,664 10,461,223 12,093,371 10,394,303 9,487,374 14,199,609 14,034,020 14,456,315 15,750,340 19,306,639 20,399,279 20,734,126	Ton. 2.516.392 3,047,392 3.511,421 4.053.900 4.176,274 4.495.559 3.807,604 7.640,121 6.763,352 7.017,271 7.745.571 10.500.662 11.060.910 13.754,244	\$ 4,956,025 5,712,058 7,776,717 9,108,208 8,022,896 8,360,349 7,491,045 14,843,789 13,151,449 13,070,363 14,597,268 20,333,268 20,447,587 26,140,676

Note.—Anthracite coal dust is included under Anthracite coal. For records of previous years see Year Book 1911, p. 420. 19 months.

35.-Imports into Canada of Portland Cement, 1898-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty paid.	Fiscal Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty paid.
	Cwt.	\$	\$		Cwt.	\$	\$
1898. 1899. 1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906.	1,300,424 1,301,361 1,612,432 1,971,616 2,316,853 2,476,388 3,228,394	467,994 498,607 654,595 833,657 868,131 995,017 1,234,649	179,550 233,754 271,004 290,778	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	2,427,381 1,460,850 490,809 1,283,121 2,592,025 4,958,814	852,041 475,676 158,487 494,081 936,425 1,955,177	47,984 138,969 292,914 597,727

¹Nine months.

36.—Percentage Proportions of Imports from United Kingdom and United States, respectively, to totals of dutiable and free in the 47 fiscal years 1868-1914.

	Uni	ted Kingd	om.	U	nited State	es.
Fiscal Year.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1868	64.78 69.35 66.52	$39.82 \\ 31.75 \\ 34.50$	56.06 56.20 56.10	22.93 18.95 19.27	53.96 62.04 59.69	33.77 34.03 32.43
1871	66.25 70.59 66.63 62.69 62.64	35.99 38.20 38.55 29.03 28.16	57.58 59.27 54.61 49.87 51.11	23.43 19.43 23.42 27.67 28.55	54.31 55.81 53.47 65.19 67.78	32.28 32.14 36.29 41.97 41.66
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	53.76 54.03 53.76 48.84 51.74	25.08 19.31 16.69 16.72 36.43	43.75 41.78 41.21 39.34 48.30	35.41 38.59 39.25 42.95 36.11	70.53 77.88 80.13 78.91 54.88	47.67 52.45 53.10 53.57 40.33
1881	50.06 48.34 44.47 41.02 41.90	37.23 35.04 36.16 35.03 35.22	47.39 45.30 42.40 39.56 40.12	35.78 38.41 42.20 44.74 42.62	56.74 55.58 54.48 53.88 54.12	40.15 42.33 45.25 46.97 45.68
1886	43.00 45.78 44.29 43.26 43.15	34.13 33.25 26.81 28.97 28.95	40.66 42.56 38.90 38.73 38.75	41.97 39.13 38.90 38.91 39.65	51.94 52.71 62.34 60.79 60.13	44.60 42.61 46.13 45.86 45.99

36.—Percentage Proportions of Imports from United Kingdom and United States, respectively, to totals of dutiable and free in the 47 fiscal years 1868-1914—con.

	Uni	ted Kingdo	om.	United States.			
Fiscal Year.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.	Dutiable to total dutiable.	Free to total free.	Dutiable and free to all imports.	
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	42.19 44.58 45.61 43.79 39.81	28.57 22.24 23.53 20.61 18.39	37.67 35.66 36.92 33.96 30.85	39.97 42.66 40.88 41.13 44.05	60.12 48.34 52.49 53.84 57.79	46.65 44.90 45.44 46.52 49.84	
1896		22.19 22.73 18.35 15.70 18.66	31.15 27.58 25.36 24.72 25.66	43.28 46.03 51.00 49.73 51.65	64.07 65.69 71.13 73.43 70.69	50.80 53.48 59.24 59.24 59.17	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	29.92 29.54 30.85 30.18 29.88	15.50 17.94 18.84 17.73 15.14	24.10 24.95 26.15 25.34 23.98	50.58 50.72 50.10 52.07 52.21	74.66 70.11 68.46 69.14 73.13	60.30 58.40 57.29 58.71 60.58	
1906 1907 (9 months) 1908 1909 1910	30.40 32.05 32.64 29.84 31.60	15.03 16.04 17.35 16.31 16.49	24.42 25.79 26.83 24.52 25.78	51.74 51.93 50.59 51.76 52.29	71.90 71.28 70.51 70.20 69.22	59.59 59.50 58.16 59.00 58.81	
1911 1912 1913 1914	26.69	15.05 14.72 13.43 14.26	$\begin{array}{c} 24.34 \\ 22.42 \\ 20.71 \\ 21.35 \end{array}$	54.14 58.72 62.57 60.81	72.05 71.74 69.78 70.16	60.84 63.37 65.03 63.96	

37.—Average ad valorem Rates of Duty collected on Imports from United Kingdom, United States and All Countries in the 47 fiscal years 1868-1914.

	United Kingdom.		United	States.	All Countries.		
!	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	
	on	on	on	on	on	on	
	dutiable	total	dutiable	total	dutiable	total	
	imports.	imports.	imports.	imports.	imports.	imports.	
1868	p.c 16.851 16.779	p.c. 13.522 13.420	p.c. 20.088 19.546	p.c. 7.283 7.836	p.c. 20.161 20.172 20.890	p.c. 13.119 13.118 14.088	
1871	16.436	13.493	16.264	8.427	19.648	14.021	
1872	16.408	12.712	17.976	7.070	19.071	12.406	
1873	15.583	10.872	17.663	6.519	18.281	10.439	
1874	16.461	12.808	17.448	7.119	18.899	11.696	
1875	18.145	14.801	17.271	7.876	19.650	13.078	

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37. -Average ad valorem Rates of Duty collected on Imports from United Kingdom, United States and All Countries in the 47 fiscal years 1868-1914—concluded.

1911	1906	1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	1886 1887 1888 1888 1889 1890	1881 1882 1883 1884 1884	1876 1877 1878 1879 1880		Fiscal Year.	
24.561 24.988 25.133 25.217	24.601 24.252 24.245 25.755 25.755	24.748 24.027 23.316 24.117 24.770	30.200 30.693 29.478 26.627 25.583	28.982 29.431 29.805 29.992 30.056	25.727 26.055 29.087 29.331 28.788	24.464 24.148 24.299 24.373 24.810	18.761 19.375 20.056 20.542 24.032	p.c.	Average on dutiable imports.	United Kingdom.
18.881 19.132 19.574 19.547	18.709 18.355 18.286 19.028 18.914	18.322 17.188 16.739 17.559 18.513	22.418 21.106 20.751 19.842 18.235	21.691 22.098 22.335 22.264 22.559	20.028 20.828 22.909 22.367 22.129	20.457 19.882 19.152 19.085 19.028	15.009 16.215 17.303 17.963 19.956	p.c.	Average on total imports.	ingdom.
24.737 24.978 24.945 24.809	24.779 24.167 24.585 24.868 24.837	24.835 25.182 24.905 25.217 26.118	26.693 26.727 26.118 26.339 25.032	25.963 26.485 26.735 26.956 26.739	22.823 23.775 26.236 25.433 26.579	22.039 21.474 21.081 20.706 21.209	19.239 18.687 20.416 23.210 23.062	p.c.	Average on dutiable imports.	United
13.773 14.883 15.818 15.648	13.144 12.843 13.258 13.247 13.570	12.424 13.207 13.254 13.674 13.501	14.512 14.287 13.287 13.241 13.217	14.864 15.103 14.589 13.717 13.746	15.809 16.225 15.308 14.733 15.821	15.546 15.034 14.776 14.888 14.534	9.307 8.898 9.354 13.101 16.005	p.c.	Average on total imports.	States.
25.797 25.963 25.928 25.982	26.835 26.339 26.582 27.315 26.713	27.427 27.265 27.064 27.426 27.692	29.974 29.967 29.222 28.652 27.634	31.386 29.684 30.275 30.854 30.522	27.495 28.723 31.858 31.869 31.015	25.820 25.304 25.290 25.192 26.097	21.275 20.539 21.400 23.335 26.078	p.c.	Average on dutiable imports.	All Cou
16.145 16.694 17.087 17.235	16.393 16.038 16.480 16.586 16.416	16.355 16.466 16.468 16.765 16.610	19.109 18.613 17.265 17.157 16.715	20.974 17.827 18.368 17.759 17.753	20.238 21.348 22.039 21.755 21.413	20.436 19.524 19.007 19.020 19.168	13.853 13.292 14.151 16.334 20.214	p.c.	Average on total imports.	Countries.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF CANADA.

38.—Value of Imports entered for consumption at certain Ports during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

Ports.	Dutiable goods.	Free goods.	Totals.
		\$	\$
Brantford	2,846,239	1,539,766	4,386,005
Calgary	7,690,500	1,514,719	9,205,219
Dawson	560,398	236,340	796,738
Halifax	7,683,020	3,863,534	11,546,554
Hamilton	14,161,555	9,321,315	23,482,870
London	5,228,310	4,322,983	9,551,293
Montreal	94,316,238	47,412,467	141,728,705
Ottawa	6,475,645	3,545,241	10,020,886
Quebec	6,804,965	7,794,687	14,599,652
Sault Ste. Marie	3,333,392	2,603,725	5,937,117
St. John, N.B.	4,894,493	4,479,182	9,373,675
St. Johns, Que	1,045,570	2,745,151	3,790,721
Sydney	997,405	1,438,414	2,435,819
Toronto	78,151,657	40,156,985	118,308,642
Vancouver	28,405,168	9,222,988	37,628,156
Victoria, B.C	6,507,870	2,311,405	8,819,275
Windsor, Ont	13,980,059	3,536,515	17,516,574
Winnipeg	33,922,633	7,492,209	41,414,842
Totals	317,005,117	153,537,626	470,542,743

39.—Value of Exports of Canadian produce by principal ports during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

	chaca Mai	CR 91, 1914.	
Ports.	Value.	Ports.	Value.
	<u> </u>		\$
Abercorn	4,735,597	Quebec	8,947,322
Bridgeburg	18,039,637	Rossland	164,673
Coaticook	14,529,337	St. Armand	3,349,860
Fort William	62,082,796	St. Johns, Que	12,811,786
Halifax	18,803,026	St. John, N.B	21,039,863
Athelstan	4,343,611	Sault Ste. Marie	8,109,118
Montreal	90,433,167	Sydney	1,175,637
Nanaimo	1,320,284	Vancouver	15,239,716
New Westminster	1,512,461	Winnipeg	58,801
Niagara Falls	21,526,369		
Prescott	9,078,953	Totals	317,302,014

40.—Value of Total Exports and Imports, Imports entered for consumption and amount of duty collected, by Provinces, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

Provinces.	Total Exports.	Total Imports.	Imports entered for consumption	Duty collected.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ontario	186,410,843	290,647,435	287,012,290	44,406,539
Quebec	177,556,784	185,328,270	174,389,348	28,853,399
Nova Scotia	27,981,369	21,258,225	20,679,263	3,323,971
New Brunswick	31,451,805	14,384,559	14,344,805	2,210,144
Manitoba	9,067,009	46,453 ,394	45,739,751	9,746,765
British Columbia	33,918,259	57,922,481	56,864,971	11,366,923
Prince Edward Island	573,628	1,014,270	1,006,567	169,190
Alberta	283,359	18,307,834	18,330,265	4,328,404
Saskatchewan	8,111,337	14,268,017	14,176,797	2,543,307
Yukon	3,643,535	1,034,042	1,020,122	196,003
Totals	478,997,928	650,618,527	633,564,179	107,144,645
British prepaid postal parcels:	1			, ,
duty received through Post				
Office Department	***	128,270	128,270	35,933
Grand Total	478,997,928	650,746,797	633,692,449	107,180,578

Nore.—Under regulations which went into effect July 1, 1900, all export entries are delivered at the frontier port of exit, and the totals are credited to the respective ports where the goods pass outwards from Canada.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

41.—Imports of certain Articles of Raw Material for home consumption, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Rags, all kinds.	Broom cora.1	Hides, horns, pelts etc. ¹	Sugar, raw.	Tobacco, raw.
1001	Cwt.	\$	\$ 190,449	Ton.	Lb.
1901	390,028 $367,373$	$212,037 \\ 202,487$	4,120,443 $5,086,052$	$149,590 \\ 159,348$	10,746,260 11,329,674
1903	241,286	165,231	5,662,744	180,849	13,380,504
1904	254,484	197,982	4,916,222	183,405	14,248,303
1905	1,116,215	175,412	5,240,717	163,717	13,859,152
1906	1,697,801	196,084	6,811,267	210,215	14,519,658
1907 (9 months)	156,102	167,654	5,843,511	142,334	14,347,476
1908	323,453	238,513	4,908,871	217,281	15,690,076
1909	256,617	246,701	5,218,108	226,712	15,994,878
1910	496,057	432,146	8,237,014	231,152	13,753,141
1911	536,604	389,173	8,105,330	271,532	17,204,271
1912	564,296	437,001	8,903,727	281,402	17,203,513
1913	750,003	377,462	13,486,459	310,101	22,153,588
1914	716,882	324,590	8,831,010	347,168	17,598,449

¹ Value only; the Trade and Navigation Returns do not give quantities.

42.—Imports of Canada by values entered for consumption from British Empire and Foreign Countries under the General, Preferential and Treaty Rate Tariffs in the four fiscal years 1911-1914.

	noul years						
		1911.		1912.			
Countries.	General.	Preferential.	Treaty rates.	General.	Preferen- tial.	Treaty rates.	
British Empire,	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$			
totals		82,806,997	3,061,256	10.688.138	88,058,830		
United	10,210,500	02,000,001	0,001,200	10,000,100	00,000,000	0,120,000	
Kingdom	9 188 410	72,274,407	3,049,018	9,503,948	76,338,907	3,671,346	
Australia	252,969		11,688		-	31,820	
British West	202,000		,	,		,	
Indies	55,652	5,294,771	6	60,627	4,303,657	-	
	,	0,202,712		, , ,	_,,		
British Guiana	14,329	3,374,130	_	16,894	5,304,561	_	
Other Posses-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•,,		,	′ ′		
sions	699,600	1,863,689	544	879,818	2,111,705	25,200	
Foreign Coun-	, .	_,,		,	, ,	j	
tries, totals	177,239,520	_	9,405,079	222,416,393	_	10,412,333	
Austria-	, ,						
$\operatorname{Hungary}$	892,574	_	364,954	977,727		516,597	
Cuba	1,008,761	-	· -	1,108,631	_	_	
Dutch East	, ,						
Indies	1,433,866	_	_	1,771,035	_	- .	
$\mathbf{Belgium} \ldots$	2,452,511	_	222,619	2,234,487	- 1	340,678	
France	4,390,615	_	4,985,236		_	5,223,761	
Germany			-	7,984,629	-		
Holland	976,207	-	10,947		-	54,516	
Japan	530,963	-	634,594		-	610,009	
Spain	718,204	_	370,574		-	404,719	
Switzerland	577,308	_	2,476,022		-	2,798,461	
United States.	153,067,232	_		196,886,150	-	-	
Other	·		- 40 4 50	0.004.000		462 500	
countries	3,677,805		340,133	3,864,369		463,592	

41.—Imports of certain Articles of Raw Material for home consumption, 1901-1914
—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Cotton wool or raw cot- ton and waste.	Hemp undressed.	Wool, raw.	Gutta per- cha, India- rubber, etc., crude.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 (9 months) 1908 1909 1910	693,578 735,760 557,765 636,594 675,495 662,548 522,552 ² 653,160 ²	Cwt. 108,299 160,794 129,856 123,885 102,529 123,857 75,037 145,969 69,553 ³ 58,911 ³	Cwt. 85,746 103,607 79,947 73,394 76,172 63,118 39,288 61,292 56,839 74,271	Cwt. 30,169 29,104 28,615 32,134 28,103 24,916 20,021 25,562 20,391 35,555
1911	$812,622^2 727,939^2 774,578^2$	81,017 ³ 82,661 ³ 64,990 ³ 55,572 ³	64,224 71,954 92,092 72,521	28,035 44,313 56,655 44,504

Note.—For records of previous years see Year Book 1911, pp. 232-233.
²Cotton waste included with rags all kinds.
³Includes dressed hemp.

42.—Imports of Canada by values entered for consumption from British Empire and Foreign Countries under the General, Preferential and Treaty Rate Tariffs in the four fiscal years 1911-1914—concluded.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		1913.			1914.	
Countries.	General.	Preferential.	freaty rates.	General.	Preferential.	Treaty rates.
Brit. Empire, totals.	\$ 12,054,040	\$ 102,374,150	\$ 4,686,470	\$ 12,752,492	\$ 94,804,984	\$ 4,111,829
${f United}$						
Kingdom ;	11,241,875	92,232,882,	4,583,851	11,541,414	86,787,609	4,046,844
Australia	222,396	· · · -	29,018			37,183
British West	•		•	·		
$\operatorname{Indies}\ldots$	38,683	4,249,758		76,444	2,157,069	-
British Gui-	•					
ana	20,179	3,528,759	-	25,095	3,147,470	_
Other Pos-	r					
sessions	530,907	2,362,751	73,601	691,152	2,712,836	27,802
Foreign Coun-						
tries, totals	309,474,754	-!	13,017,471	285,332,926		13,256,513
Austria-						
Hungary.	953,556	- 1	628,168			689 ,661
Cuba	2,024,618	- '	-	3,512,587	-	-
Dutch East						
Indies	2,957,287		~	877,017		-
$\mathbf{Belgium} \dots$	2,096,918		438,871			456,876
France	5,324,789		6,352,913			6,505,128
Germany	10,082,199		-	11,151,6 01		_
Holland	1,419,498		33,379			30,442
Japan	1,422,204	_	695,942			734,412
Spain	698,053	- :	505,170			494,815
Switzerland		_	3,495,207		_	3,300,465
U.S.A	276,330,434	= :		249,482,610	_	_
Other coun-						
tries	5,432,143		867,821	7,295,471		1,044,714

43.—Quantities and Values of principal Agricultural and Animal Products imported into the United Kingdom during the calendar years 1913 and 1914.

[From the British Trade and Navigation Accounts.]

	191	13.	191	4.
Articles.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$		
Animals, living-		49		Φ
Horses No.	11,899	2,242,083	8,662	1,537,316
Cattle	14,743	1,480,985	2,234	225,302
Sneep	501	3,655	1,709	14,649
Eggsdoz. Flax, dressed and un-	215,799,500	46,674,263	179,052,850	42,111,286
dressedton	94,382	20,343,294	81,696	17,829,539
Apples, rawbush.	7,296,618	10,854,467	6,562,414	9,961,210
Cherries, raw cwt.	69,739	599,719	188,122	1,166,384
Currants, raw	121,734	717,381	161,410	951,228
Gooseberries, raw	9,056	32,607	25,965	86,456
Grapes	652,441	$3,603,975 \ 3,163,742$	728,577 $459,055$	3,518,113 $1,775,813$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	805,199 $459,062$	2,128,223	232,602	1,406,93
Strawberries " "	16,845	124,806	34,410	193,18
Other " "	397,818	1,582,158	278,090	1,233,53
Hides and undressed skins—				
Hides, raw, dry cwt.	697,412	13,083,872	715,319	14,480,47
wet "	931,082	15,377,849	841,330	14,279,72
Skins, sheep, with wool on lb.	82,262,244	11,754,300	71,343,352	10,132,92
Skins, sheep, pickled No.	7,533,798	3,402,243	6,424,908	3,007,36
Hopscwt.	293,646	8,531,281	108,883	2,719,200
Grain and products of—		20. 200 220	2	OF 54 0 FF
Barleybush.	52,358,245	39,308,553	37,666,818	27,716,55
Beans	2,875,423 $98,309,906$	2,765,186 $67,012,992$	$2,690,369 \ 78,094,214$	2,450,95 $56,810,26$
Corn	59,829,949	27,603,524	46,653,320	22,769,01
Peas"	3,692,855	4,899,444	1,836,260	2,661,33
Wheat	197,639,124	213,399,308	194,029,813	217,741,83
Cornmealbbl.	275,423	887,743	130,182	384,05
Flour of Wheat "	6,707,766	30,892,486	5,633,280	27,001,42
Oatmear	486,571	2,957,770	341,875	2,448,96 $9,123,99$
Grain and meal, other cwt. Milk, condensed, sweet-	4,220,876	9,576,773	3,941,998	9,120,99
ened "	1,319,074	10,197,992	1,257,957	10,162,73
Milk, condensed, un- sweetened "	56,009	437,992	42,488	336,03
Provisions—				
Butter lb.	463,571,136	117,207,135	446,199,152	116,862,90
Cheese "	257,302,080	34,237,190	271,473,664	38,768,81
Lard"	224,600,320	27,021,982	197,494,864	23,092,834

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

43.—Quantities and Values of principal Agricultural and Animal Products imported into the United Kingdom during the calendar years 1913 and 1914—concluded.

[From the British Trade and Navigation Accounts.]

	10:		10	1.4
Articles.	193	13.		14.
TH Motes.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
26.4		\$.		\$
Meats, viz.— Beef, fresh lb. Beef, chilled " Beef, frozen " Beef, salted " Bacon " Hams " Pork, fresh " Pork, frozen " Pork, salted " Mutton, fresh "	271,712 587,776,448 442,722,560 5,581,408 544,083,680 95,759,440 53,598,384 1,759,184 26,946,854 14,115,696	32,130 47,622,464 30,556,792 540,554 14,932,155 6,448,844 210,508 1,446,057 1,577,102	588,224 538,967,408 451,035,872 3,374,112 570,984,960 93,948,848 94,274,768 29,247,792 16,855,440	318,859 88,697,755 14,906,946 11,227,927 260,921 1,472,055
Mutton, frozen " Meat, unenumerated, fresh"	582,876,784 26,161,744	51,508,459 2,929,461	565,600,896 32,358,256	53,607,234
Meat, unenumerated, frozen "	55,411,104	4,029,858	57,995,616	
Meat, unenumerated, salted "	11,663,456	673,590	15,627,808	877,601
Meat, preserved, otherwise than by salting, (including tinned and canned)— Beef	72,569,056 9,656,976 17,342,528 - 4,784,785 170,049,264 455,504 222,283,376 800,580,815	13,103,222 992,965 3,944,808 5,411,685 3,886,807 19,066,145 12,360,803 16,425,350 166,567,034	89,966,576 6,861,232 14,604,240 - 4,662,967 171,260,096 368,963 194,838,000 711,669,098	892,240 3,352,622 4,597,525 3,635,414 19,356,320 9,679,016 13,952,388
Seeds, viz.— Clover and grass " Flaxseedbush.	29,204,112 26,192,496	3,035,676 35,017,608	19,701,136 19,614,224	
Vegetables, viz.— " Onions	9,105,164 17,597,656 1,772,944	5,037,257 12,599,985 6,563,586 2,527,455	7,503,188 6,220,179 1,765,811	7,206,010 7,472,549 7,447,100 2,315,141
Totals	_	1,287,975,804	-	1,240,864,976

44.—Quantities and Values of selected An'mal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years, 1910-1914. [From the British Annual Statement of Trade, 1914.]

Turn outs by Countries			QUANTITIES.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Animals, living.					
Cattle—	100.907	155 015	20,007	10.000	
United States	138,387 78,691	$155,817 \ 42,239$	39,987 $6,800$	$10,093 \\ 1,755$	-
Other countries "	2,483	2,342	2,125	2,895	2,234
Total"	219,561	200,398	48,912	14,743	2,234
Sheep—					
United States No. Canada	427	$42,805 \\ 4,868$	14,237 1,193	501	1,707 -
Total"	427	47,673	15,430	501	1,707
Provisions.					
Butter—	F04.040	490 904	609.650	751 414	616 900
$egin{array}{lll} { m Russia} \ldots & { m cwt.} \\ { m Sweden} \ldots & { m ``} \end{array}$	$584,040 \\ 345,684$	638,284 $360,357$	$683,650 \\ 335,014$	751,414 $332,331$	$\begin{array}{c} 616,380 \\ 270,138 \end{array}$
Denmark	1,726,091	1,707,178	1,618,048	1,706,759	1,749,072
Netherlands "	154,537	104,655	113,716	153,172	183,999
France"	361,249	171,080	246,652	248.579	273,819
Argentine	65,944	24,209	67,244	72,418	55,704
Australia	667,966	896,085	549,396	594,552	438,094 357,920
New Zealand " Canada "	$362,674 \\ 16,805$	$276,446 \\ 61,936$	349,012 27	$251,663 \\ 813$	357,920 $3,128$
Other countries	40,549	62,462	42,400	27,327	35,950
Total"	4,325,539	4,302,692	4,005,159	4,139,028	3,984,204
Cheese—			222 222	001.00	040 104
Netherlands	231,832	207,917	268,286		349,124
France	$20,911 \\ 11,454$	17,977 11,064	16,030 $12,266$	13,218 $12,580$	11,937 8,390
Italy"	85,267	75,157	91,060	101,794	97,932
United States "	38,247	150,321	21,227	22,449	31,390
New Zealand "	453,785	397,845	543,917	547,182	742,419
Canada"	1,607,064			1,293,768	1,167,778
Other countries "	7,780	14,771	3,431	12,454	24,894
Total	2,456,340	2,348,327	2,308,787	2,297,340	2,433,864
Eggs— RussiaGt. Hunds.	9,217,568	10,041,890	9,677,098	11,453,277	6,870,827
Sweden	310,334		305,519	! ''a	366,890
Denmark "	3,647,139	3,992,986		4,264,943	4,315,900
Germany "	3,647,139 507,307	577,545	524,677	513,740	405,894
Netherlands "	592,821	607,364		977,350	1,192,286
rance	907,599	652,036	$\begin{array}{c} 669,687 \\ 958,344 \end{array}$	702,281 $845,789$	632,741 $874,193$
Italy	746,841 $1,370,121$	771,107 $1,022,554$		883,651	911,674
Egypt"	583,226				1,121,832
Canada"	1,860	14,709	_	1,950	361,173
United States "	2	9,349	600	5,869	493,229
Other countries "	459,301	336,733	465,786	449,611	358,166
Total"	18,344,137	19,057,897	19,085,052	21,579,950	17,904,805

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb. For eggs the great hundred = 120.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914. [From the British Annual Statement of Trade, 1914.]

In and her Countries		_	VALUES.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Animals, living.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
United StatesCanadaOther countries	$12,358,886 \\ 7,021,534 \\ 223,575$	14,371,573 3,802,989 203,938	693,539	1,036,722 176,232 268,032	225,302
Total	19,603,995	18,378,500	4,783,729	1,480,986	225,302
Sheep— United States Canada	- 3,669	$321,862 \\ 39,118$		3,655	14,600
Total	3,669	360,980	115,792	3,655	14,600
$rac{ ext{Provisions.}}{ ext{Butter}}$			'	j	
Russia Sweden Denmark Netherlands France Argentine Australia New Zealand Canada Other countries	14,822,514 9,842,337 49,679,868 4,104,148 10,298,217 1,821,520 17,359,166 9,740,113 441,878 1,091,696		10,287,506, 50,399,205 3,122,638 7,589,333 1,931,891 15,699,312 10,454,534 706		5,568,348 8,147,554 1,583,857 12,040,347 10,224,662 90,014
Total	119.201.457	119.723.012	118,523,739	117,207,155	116,869,477
Cheese— Netherlands. France. Switzerland Italy. United States. New Zealand Canada. Other countries.	2,761,152	2,555,472 270,105 181,940 1,203,322 2,102,979 5,886,472	3,414,921 276,680 200,507 1,490,597 323,950 9,163,155 21,159,449	3,699,100 281,108 208,094 1,673,345 327,123 8,202,630	4,483,714 $223,161$ $141,970$
Total	33,141,396	34,748,204	36,081,909	34,237,190	38,768,655
Eggs— Russia. Sweden. Denmark. Germany. Netherlands. France. Italy. Austria-Hungary Egypt. Canada. United States. Other countries.	908,256	764,393 9,882,287 1,134,624 1,376,318 1,477,106 1,785,380 2,086,184 1,084,551 36,330 21,525	702,868 9,453,855 1,073,129 1,844,457 1,501,421 2,295,485 1,722,104	892,848 11,177,969 1,050,305 2,388,156 1,587,030 2,048,448 1,829,589 1,735,585 4,658 14,084	14,181,880 967,571 12,395,297 857,940 2,936,172 1,600,262 2,101,573 1,832,480 1,887,177 1,136,435 1,412,569 800,937
Total	35,507,906			46,674,263	42,110,293
Norm Data of communication to C	Yamadian auma	Ct @1	0.0		

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—con.

	•	(Quantities.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Meats.					
Bacon— Russiaewt.	136,021	176,607	167 596	211,654	142,601
Sweden "	24,385	43,681	$167,526 \\ 43,599$	61,907	101,098
Denmark "	1,794,416	2,122,087	2,318,708	2,334,945	2,714,807
Netherlands"	146,253	69,364	6,927	185,718	254,567
United States	1,306,921	1,817,835	1,698,347	1,803,371	1,522,958
Canada" Other countries"	411,935 43,458	$\begin{array}{r} 615,807 \\ 23,357 \end{array}$	387,401 $11,591$	$243,522 \\ 16,773$	342,286 $19,763$
Total"	3,863,389	4,868,738	4,634,099	4,857,890	5,098,080
Hams—					
United States cwt.	665,775	887,303	819,997		774,805
Canada"	37,621	62,295	74,525	90,082	58,985
Other countries "	15,730	5 ,213	3,354	4,346	5,040
Total"	719,126	954,811	897,876	854,995	838,830
Lard—	1,343,257	1 710 205	1 669 100	1 060 000	1 679 450
United States cwt. Canada	38,304	1,719,295 $48,806$	$1,663,180 \ 78,379$	1,868,992 83,130	$oxed{1,672,450}\ 51,981$
Other countries "	70,932		48,928	53,238	40,676
Total "	1,452,493	1,822,763	1,790,487	2,005,360	1,765,107
Grain and products of. Wheat—			!		
Russiacwt.	28,941,600	18,106,100	9,005,000	5,011,100	7,234,827
United States "	10,948,900		19,973,994		34,220,166
Chile	633,500	112,700	655,800	765,100	50,700
Argentine	15,131,800			14,756,200	6,497,760
British India " Australia "	17,916,738 13,117,500			18,766,100 $10,126,658$	10,708,900 12,113,400
Canada"	16,449,200	14,373,700	21.551.100	21,787,900	
Other countries "	2,083,400			597,100	1,643,900
Total"	105,222,638	98,067,787	109,572,539	105,878,102	103,926,743
Barley—					
Russia cwt.	9,233,900	6,670,400	3,664,900	6,105,000	5,372,522
Denmark"	27,500 $316,600$	$310,200 \\ 104,400$	422,500 848,120	520,100 $356,600$	56,400 $9,600$
Germany	215,700		216,300	266,800	58,100
Rumania "	2,901,600	3,980,800	1,591,900	1,388,800	835,000
Turkey in Asia "	1,255,900	3,650,100	3,394,700	2,232,300	722,000
Tunis "	55,400	907,300	144,200		10,000
omited States	2,112,200	3,381,400 309,800	797,320 112,300	$4,438,100 \\ 83,200$	5,244,000 914,700
Chile	558,900 9,900		72,300	264,700	98,200
British India "	161,400		6,497,400	3,619,400	409,700
Canada"	237,700	43,300	499,800	2,561,800	1,942,600
Other countries "	1,194,800	2,611,820	1,864,755		371,600
Total "		24,545,420		22,439,248	16,044,422

Note.—In the above table the cwt. is the long cwt. of 112 lb.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—con.

			VALUES.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Meats.		•		•	•
Bacon—	\$ 2,125,337	3 2,356,226	\$ 2,398,585	3 ,332,830	2,108,080
Russia Sweden	385,357	689,310	640,010	990,532	1,637,190
Denmark	30,863,066	32,562,560			48,357,409
Netherlands	2,425,907	1,069,864	114,936	3,084,805	4,260,878
United States	21,672,693	24,661,994	23,668,240		26,072,962
Canada	7,054,900	8,730,537	5,720,898	4,200,610	5,959,049
Other countries	643,607	318,124	163,350	270,225	302,196
Total	65,170,867	70,388,615	70,837,000	84,820,554	88,697,764
Hams-	44 00= 00=	10 100 505			
United States	11,337,027	13,199,797			13,759,770
CanadaOther countries	$672,729 \\ 286,340$	$961,284 \\ 86,572$	1,126,044 $58,868$		1,060,028 87,181
Other countries	200,010	00,012	30,000	10,001	01,101
Total	12,296,096	14,247,653	13,239,178	14,932,155	14,906,979
Lard— United States	20,444,930	19,537,954	20,646,055	25,232,270	21,935,702
Canada	567,220	551,690	1,013,736		670,222
Other countries	985,543	602,245	596,138	674,141	515,331
Total	21.997.693	20,691,889	22,255,929	27.021.982	23,121,255
Grain and products of.		20,001,000	22,200,020	21,021,002	20,121,200
Wheat—					
Russia	58,504,181	34,247,112	19,176,924	9,660,158	13,751,808
United States	23,151,604	25,545,503	40,526,407	67,904,950	72,399,015
Chile	1,207,036 30,003,438	211,335	1,368,424 37,838,689	1,587,721	102,360
British India	36,054,938	27,918,597 38,420,255	53,264,046	$\begin{bmatrix} 29,869,254 \\ 38,926,286 \end{bmatrix}$	12,562,760 $23,957,640$
Australia	27,674,670	27,537,834	25.963.073	21.542.928	25,107,800
Canada	34,357,007	28,422,915	43,045,438	42,845,885	66,760,909
Other countries	3,963,428	7,057,553	4,850,461	1,062,126	3,063,559
Total	214,916,302	189,361,104	226,033,462	213,399,308	217,705,851
Barley—					
Russia			6,246,629		
Denmark Germany	$49,504 \\ 689,913$		962,121		107,218
Austria-Hungary	475,590	250,638 $296,764$	2,031,055 541,694	839,777 610,913	21,914 129,020
Rumania	3,858,230	6,270,427	3,142,207	2,228,106	1,277,023
Turkey in Asia	2,053,164	6,439,252	6,719,008	4,340,838	1,300,028
Tunis	87,332	1,575,656	281,206	686,901	19,467
United States	3,844,608 1,024,560	$\begin{array}{r} 6,061,083 \\ 540,624 \end{array}$			9,449,096
Argentine	13,121	64,610			
British India	219,530		11,998,353	6,367,926	
Canada	354,629	62,454	847,394	4,053,160	2,903,697
Other countries	1,932,350	4,419,542	3,496,125	505,963	662,668
Total		40,228,572	33,860,831	39,308,553	27,546,852

Note.—Rate of conversion to Canadian currency, £1 = \$4.86.

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—con.

	•	C	UANTITIES.		
Imports by Countries.		•			
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Oats					
Russia cwt. Germany " Rumania " United States " Chile " Argentine " Canada " Other countries "	8,099,700 2,822,300 332,500 110,914 564,900 4,232,200 950,800 381,700		$\begin{array}{c} 2,009,400 \\ 18,100 \\ 2,160,900 \\ 653,000 \\ 7,657,500 \\ 1,963,100 \end{array}$	3,422,300 609,500 1,434,015 825,600 6,401,700 2,348,000	2,472,600 327,700 3,009,615 832,600 4,150,500 1,758,200
Total"	17,495,014	18,273,037	18,300,400	18,162,663	14,156,715
Peas, whole— Canada. cwt. Germany " Netherlands " Japan " British India " New Zealand " Other countries "	45,800 142,220 140,715 28,400 650,660 92,570 376,666	21,010 146,760 170,470 88,810 1,320,290 164,390 172,444	246,582 227,264 129,250 1,483,900 293,290	222,270 179,520 149,200 962,350 185,993	118,942 73,570 153,190 183,410 137,156
Total"	1,477,031	2,084,174	2,464,607	1,882,433	924,441
Corn-					
Russia cwt. Rumania " Bulgaria " United States " Argentine " Canada " Other British Possessions Other countries "	2,583,100 5,088,700 133,000 5,197,500 19,939,400 787,900 2,842,194 449,398	11,854,600 756,400 10,437,200 3,648,080 1,545,100 1,698,350	4,230,800 1,052,800 4,368,000 28,795,830 57,700 2,270,814	1,002,300 - 6,879,300 38,854,073 211,506 378,300	7,004,641 259,200 232,925 28,642,884 - 1,404,757
Total "	37,021,192	38,602,330	43,877,338	49,154,953	39,040,747

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—con.

Imports by Countries.			Values.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Oats—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Russia Germany. Rumania United States Chile Argentine Canada Other countries.	10,748,603 4,148,999 413,740 150,210 805,127 5,305,119 1,352,689 551,684		3,766,270 $28,558$ $3,598,637$ $1,105,191$	834,541 2,263,019 1,307,990 9,208,639	
Total	23,476,162	26,236,054	30,847,128	27,603,524	22,748,830
Peas, whole—					
Canada	108,424 $448,186$ $562,696$ $103,971$ $952,032$ $256,897$ $749,691$	67,817 557,185 759,083 366,587 1,942,579 417,818 506,293	825,465 927,090 511,287 2,481,581 569,001	28,869 728,642 709,579 556,489 1,665,101 557,993 363,501	371,969 452,167
Total	3,181,895	4,617,362	5,967,088	4,610,174	2,474,476
Corn—					
Russia Rumania. Bulgaria United States Argentine Canada Other British Possessions Other countries	$\begin{array}{c} 7,285,580 \\ 198,998 \\ 7,551,132 \\ 25,583,259 \\ 1,068,360 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{13,202,761} \\ \textbf{4,619,182} \\ \textbf{2,063,374} \\ \textbf{2,469,614} \end{array}$		9,357,490	10,148,416 355,237 357,613 41,860,346 - 2,248,006
Total	50,099,121	52,137,491	66,153,651	67,012,993	57,236,439

14.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kindgom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—concluded.

		Q	UANTITIES.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Flour, wheat—					
Germany cwt. France " United States " Australia " Canada " Other countries "	587,900 438,900 5,123,780 407,800 2,783,701 618,410	282,025 399,700 5,116,411 445,400 3,268,768 552,828	370,560 370,700 4,212,604 690,550 4,003,877 541,185	455,800 301,700 6,157,644 349,075 4,168,563 545,371	215,707 363,600 5,557,908 248,900 3,227,033 447,075
Total "	9,960,491	10,065,132	10,189,476	11,978,153	10,060,223
Oatmeal—					
United States cwt. Canada	68,890 288,384 774	111,282 292,821 1,944	341,939	$231,263 \\ 201,171 \\ 20,753$	58,03 7 101,536 39,26 7
Total "	358,048	406,047	431,233	453,187	198,840
Rolled Oats—					
United States	157,446 234,277 19,292	278,284		176,341 189,898 24,436	148,754 230,740 24,993
Total"	411,015	420,799	394,111	390,675	404,487

Norg.—In the above table the cwt is the long cwt. of 112 lb.

BRITISH IMPORTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS.

44.—Quantities and Values of selected Animal and Agricultural Food Products imported into the United Kingdom, by Countries whence imported, during the five calendar years 1910-1914—concluded.

			VALUES.		
Imports by Countries.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Flour, wheat—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Germany. France. United States. Australia. Canada. Other countries.	1,479,248 1,037,607 14,043,263 1,094,966 7,617,482 1,547,172	842,795		670,641	743,832 15,314,373 637,407 8,708,330
Total	26,819,738	25,681,609	26,856,719	30,892,485	27,005,367
Oatmeal-			i İ		
United States	182,262 714,850 1,868	285,649 756,674 5,057	218,187 957,760 15,934		160,006 284,208 107,315
Total	898,980	1,047,380	1,191,881	1,207,629	551,529
Rolled Oats—					
United StatesCanadaOther countries	821,922 1,047,433 49,212	542,215 1,237,102 60,127		730,326 888,673 64,829	
Total	1,918,567	1,839,444	1,719,715	1,683,828	1,877,574

Note.—Rate of conversion to Canadian currency, £ .1=\$4.86.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Tables 45 to 49 give the principal statistics relating to the storage, inspection, grading and shipment of Canadian grain. The trade is regulated by the Dominion Government under The Canada Grain Act, 1912 (2 Geo. V, c. 27)¹ Probably no country in the world possesses a system for the sale and shipment of its grain products so complete and elaborate as is that of Canada. In this system the grain elevator plays an important part. Few grain growers, especially those of the prairie provinces, have anything like adequate storage facilities. and the grain, as produced, is moved through a series of public elevators and warehouses, as well as over loading platforms, until finally placed in the holds of ocean-going vessels. In the fiscal year 1914-15 the total storage capacity of the 2,841 grain elevators and warehouses in Canada was 168,624,000 bushels, these figures representing an increase from a total of 523 elevators and warehouses with a capacity of 18,329,352 bushels in 1900-01. For the purposes of grain shipment the country is divided into the eastern and western inspection divisions, the former comprising that portion of Ontario lying east of Port Arthur, and Quebec and the Maritime provinces; whilst the latter comprises the Northwest provinces and territories, British Columbia and that portion of Ontario lying west of and including the city of Port Arthur.

Shipment of Canadian Grain.—When grain was first shipped from western Canada it was hauled by the farmer, either loose or in sacks, to flat warehouses or simple wooden storehouses, built by grain dealers along the railway line. Elevators were introduced shortly after the year 1880. They were designed to take advantage of the flowing property of grain in bulk, and their equipment enabled the grain to be handled much more easily than was possible with the primitive warehouse. They have grown rapidly in number, whilst the old flat warehouse has practically disappeared. Dissatisfaction with the elevators on the part of farmers resulted in the introduction of what are called "loading platforms." The loading platform is a wooden structure on a siding, on to which a farmer can drive his team and from which he can shovel the grain into the car. There are now in existence some 1,600 loading platforms, and applications for new or larger ones are constantly received. Probably about one-third of the total western grain crop is loaded over

these platforms.

Grain Elevators.—As a general rule the elevators are owned and operated by commercial companies or farmers' co-operative companies. When the farmer takes his grain to an elevator he can either sell the grain to the operator, in which case it is called "street grain," or he can hire a bin in the elevator to keep his grain distinct from all other grain, in which case it is called "special binned grain," or he can store it with other grain of the same grade. If he stores the grain either in a special or general bin, he arranges with the railway company for a car, and the elevator loads the grain into the car to his order. When the grain is loaded he can either sell it on the spot as track grain, or send it forward consigned on commission. The farmer hauls the grain unsacked, and bulk handling is universal. Under The Canada Grain Act the Dominion

¹See Canada Year Book 1912, p. 450.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Government has power itself to erect and operate terminal grain One such elevator is already in operation at Port Arthur, and other government elevators are in course of erection under the powers conferred by the Act. There are six different kinds of elevators, viz., (1) "country elevators," situated at railway stations and receiving grain for storage before inspection; (2) "public elevators," which receive grain for storage from the western inspection division after inspection; (3) "eastern elevators," for the storage after inspection of eastern grown grain; (4) "terminal elevators," which receive or ship grain at points declared to be terminal; (5) "hospital elevators," used for cleaning or other special treatment of rejected or damaged grain; and (6) "mill elevators," used in connection with the manufacture of grain products in the western inspection division. Of these different kinds of elevators the most important, so far as the western grain trade is concerned, are the terminal elevators, which are situated at Fort William and Port Arthur, the twin cities at the head of Lake Superior. They are called "terminal elevators," not because they are situated on Lake Superior, or because they have been built at the Lake terminal vards of the railway lines, but because the inspection of western grain ends at them. The grade given as it leaves the elevators at these roints is the final grade, on which it is sold and delivered, both in Fastern Canada and in foreign markets. The grain stored in these elevators may be sold in Eastern Canada or in the United States or in Europe, and may be shipped through either Canadian or United States channels. At the present time there are 13 of these terminal elevators (nine at Fort William and four at Port Arthur), and their total storage capacity is about 40,600,000 bushels.

Grain Inspection and Grading.—All grain grown in Canada and shipped in car-load lots or cargoes from elevators is subject to government inspection and grading, and the grain is sold both at home and abroad on the inspection certificate entirely by grade and not by sample. As each car arrives at an inspection point it is sampled and graded by qualified samplers and inspectors appointed under the Act. When the grain arrives at the terminal elevators it is weighed, cleaned and binned according to grade under the direct supervision of the inspectors, and a warehouse receipt is issued by the elevator operator to the owner of the grain. When the grain is ordered out of the terminal elevator in car or cargo lots, it is again weighed and inspected, and it must be graded out as graded in; that is, if it was received into the terminal elevator as "No. 1," grain of equal quality must be shipped out. Thus the identity of grade of exported grain is carefully preserved through every stage of movement. The principal inspection point for western grain is at Winnipeg, and the work is done by inspectors under The Canada Grain Act in offices rented by the Government in the Grain Exchange Building.

Description of Grades.—Under the Act, Canadian grain is divided into five general classes, viz., "No grade," "Condemned," "Rejected," "Commercial grade" and "Statutory grade." "No grade" means all good grain that has an excessive moisture, being tough, damp or wet, or otherwise unfit for warehousing. "Condemned grain" means all grain that is in a heating condition or is badly bin-burnt, whatever grade

"Rejected grain" means all grain that is unit might otherwise be. sound, musty, dirty, smutty or sprouted, or that contains a large admixture of other kinds of grain, seeds or wild oats, or that from any other cause is unfit to be classed under any of the recognized grades. mercial grade" means grain which, because of climatic or other conditions, cannot be included in the grades provided for in the Act. More particularly it means that the grain of one year may vary from that of the preceding year, and that a proportion of it therefore cannot be dealt with under the grades laid down in the Act, and must be provided for by grades defined by the Standards Board, appointed under sections 48 to 51 of the Act. "Statutory grades" means grain of the highest grades which are defined by Parliament, embodied in the Grain Act. There are four of these grades for Manitoba spring wheat, three each for Alberta Red and White winter wheat and two for Alberta Mixed In the same way there are statutory definitions of the highest grades of oats, barley, rye and flaxseed. Thus the statutory definitions can only be changed by Parliament; they do not vary with the crop, but are constant. The commercial grades, on the other hand, are fixed by the Standards Board, and may vary from year to The Act defines four grades of western spring wheat, viz., No. 1 Hard, No. 1 Northern, No. 2 Northern and No. 3 Northern, whilst the Standards Board has defined three additional grades, viz., No. 4 Northern, No. 5 Northern and No. 6 Northern. But wheat of any of the six grades of Northern may fall under the general categories of "no grade," "condemned," or "rejected." During the last season, for example, there were five divisions of No. 1 Northern: No. 1 Northern, No. 1 Northern Damp, No. 1 Northern Smutty, No. 1 Northern, rejected on account of seeds, No. 1 Northern, rejected on account of heat. The sub-division applies also to each of the Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6. gives no fewer than thirty-one grades of western spring wheat alone, and in the same way there are thirty grades of western winter wheat, thirty grades of oats, fifteen of barley and fifteen of flax. Grain, as inspected and graded at Winnipeg, is received into the terminal elevators, but is again finally inspected and graded in bulk as it is loaded into the lake steamers. For this final grading the grain is sampled at three places, viz., in the tunnels as the grain flows from the storage bins to the working house, on the floor of the working house and on the steamer as it pours from the shipping bin to the hold.

Future Developments.—The construction of the Panama Canal and the Hudson Bay Railway have rendered necessary the provision of elevator and inspection facilities for grain to be shipped by these routes. To meet the new requirements it has been decided to erect at the Hudson Bay and Pacific coasts transfer elevators similar to those at Montreal. Halifax and St. John, and at strategic points in the interior, terminal elevators similar to the elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur. Two of these elevators have been already constructed and operated since the fall of 1914, viz., at Moosejaw and Saskatoon, and the one at Calgary will be ready to handle the crop of 1915. The public, or transfer elevator at Vancouver is now being constructed, but it will probably not be ready to operate before July, 1916. With regard to the one at Hudson Bay, only preparatory work has been done, and it is difficult to

GRAIN STATISTICS.

assign any definite time for its completion. The elevators at Calgary. Saskatoon and Moosejaw will serve other purposes besides providing for these new routes. They will bring the work of inspection somewhat nearer to the grain-growing area. In addition, they will provide, for the first time in Western Canada, hospital apparatus upon the grain field to treat damaged grain. The elevators will also give a certain amount of additional storage capacity, which will be useful in periods of congestion. Besides, they will place in the hands of the producer a commercial document in the shape of a warehouse receipt to enable him to realize money on his product at current rate of interest and dispose of it as he sees fit. It is not intended that these elevators shall take the place of the Lake terminal elevators for grain shipped east, or that they shall be very much utilized for east-going grain during the period of navigation on the Great Lakes. They are being built partly because of the need of hospital apparatus on the grain-growing area, partly because of the advisability of having some reserve storage for times of emergency, and partly because of the necessity of providing for the Hudson Bay and Panama Canal routes in a way that will give those routes a fair trial. The enormous quantity of grain grown in Western Canada and the difficulty of shipping it all by the eastern route—a difficulty enhanced by the shortness of the period of navigation and the long rail haul from the grain fields to the Atlantic—constitute conditions which have led to the hope—practically universal in the west—that to the grain growers of Alberta the opening of the Panama Canal, and to the grain growers of Saskatchewan the opening of the Hudson Bay route, will be an immense gain.

Table 45 shows for the crop years 1901 to 1915 the number of railway stations at which elevators are placed, the number of elevators and warehouses and their total storage capacity, the figures being given by provinces for the country elevators of the west, and by description of elevators for the rest of the country. Tables 46 and 47 give statistics of the inspection of grain for the years 1912, 1913 and 1914, and Tables 48 and 49 of the shipment of grain by vessel and rail for 1913 and 1914.

45.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1915.

				MANI	гова.				
Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907	No. 167 180 216 234 247 271 275 282	No. 333 427 558 651 669 699 686 685	No. 76 69 59 46 33 33 32 20	Bushels. 10,323,272 12,255,000 16,121,400 19,297,000 19,557,630 20,656,100 20,502,200 21,015,600	1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	No. 300 312 329 336 338 346 348	No. 678 696 707 705 698 683 678	No. 13 11 12 10 10 6 8	Bushels. 20,558,500 21,624,500 21,813,800 22,410,500 22,253,150 21,690,000 22,045,500
1901	50	. 88	NO 21	DRTHWEST 7	TERRITO	RIES.	261	18	7.917.000

2,436,080 1904... 3,194,000 1905...

5,105,000

109

298

13

8.934,000

18

23

60

66

111

176

1902...

1903...

45.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1915—con.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.
1906 1907 1908 1909	No. 113 161 176 254 330	No. 307 452 508 615 835	No. 15 10 14 9	Bushels. 12,989,500,1911. 14,666,500,1913. 17,924,500,1913. 24,314,500,1915.	1911 1912 1913 1914	No. 374 430 513 647 653	No. 904 1,007 1,246 1,465 1,465	N 00000000	Bushels. 26,465,000 29,314,000 36,503,000 42,995,000 84.074,500
				ALBERTA.	RTA.	-			
1906 1907 1908 1910	27 49 59 72 121	43 109 120 229	2 10 6 14 17	1,715,500 2,785,500 3,818,900 4,386,400 8,080,400	1911 1912 1913 1914	130 142 168 195 219	249 279 321 397 449	13 14 19 11	8,764,500 9,863,000 11,565,500 14,793,000 16,089,000
				BRITISH CO	COLUMBIA	.y.			
1907 1908 1909 1910	014892		18118	320,000 276,000 168,000 4+1,000 444,000	1912 1913 1914 1915	5667	922	000-	487,000 562,000 562,000 440,000
			TOTALS	S OF COUNTRY		ELEVATORS			
1901 1902 1903	217 240 282	421 538 734	97 87 82	12,759,352 15,449,000 21.226,400	1909 1910 1911	629 769 840	1,416 1,766 1,866	32 32	43,037,400 54,460,400 57,487,300
1904 1905 1906.▲. 1907	320 356 411 487 521	912 967 1,049 1,212 1,305	64 50 52 36	27,214,000 28,491,630 31,323,200 36,597,200 39,777,000	1912 1913 1914 1915	915 1,025 1,195 1,228	1,997 2,272 2,558 2,558 2,762	24 33 33 33 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	62,074,500 70,883,650 81,720,000 95,454,500
			ON	ONTARIO TERMINAL	1 11	ELEVATORS	ß.		
1901	୍ୟାଉ	2000	1 1	5,570,000	1909 1910		025		18,852,700 21,740,700
1903 1904 1905	w w w w w	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	11111	8,580,000 II3,422,000 II7,912,000 II7,912,000 II	1911 1912 1913 ¹ 1914 ¹	ਚਾ ਚਾ ਚਾ ਚ	33888	1111	25,700,400 25,700,400 29,380,000 41,455,000
1908	6	10	- VINO	- 17,058,700 ONTARIO MILLING	125	ELEVATORS.			
1906 1907 1908 1909	0-0		11111	550,000 [1911. 550,000 [1912. 1,700,000 [1913. 1,300,000 [1914. 1,700,000 [1915.	1911 1912 1913 1914	00000	m m m m m	1111	1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000 1,700,000

Includes Hospital Elevators.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

45.—Number and Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators in the crop years 1901-1915—concluded.

ONTARIO COUNTRY ELEVATORS.

Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.	Year.	Sta- tions.	Ele- vators.	Ware- houses.	Capacity.
1910 1911 1913	_ _ _	1 1 1	- - -	40,000 40,000 40,000	1915	-	1 1	<u>-</u>	40,000 40,000

PUBLIC ELEVATORS.

1909 1910 1911	14 14 17		18 20 24	-	14,826,000 16,365,000 20,535,000	1914	17 16 15	23 22 22 22	_	25,220,900 29,850,000 29,250,000
1912	16	İ	$\overline{21}$	_	19,135,00]

GRAND TOTAL OF CANADIAN ELEVATORS.

1	+ ; '		1	
1901 219	426 97	18,329,352,19091 647	1,446	41 78,016,100
1902 243	544 87	22,549,000 1910 788	1,802	38 94,266,100
1903 285	740 82	29,806,400 1911 863	1,909	32 105,462,700
1904 323	919 64	40,636,000 19121. 937	2,037	31 108,649,900
1905 359	977 46	46,403,630 19131 1,048	2,319	37 127,224,550
1906 415	1,059 50	50,453,200 1914 1,217	2,607	24 154,765,000
1907 491	1,221 52	55,222,200 19151 1,247	2,813	28 168,624,000
1908 526	1,318 36	58,535,700		

Note.—The present average capacity of railway cars for the carriage of grain is for Wheat 1,125, Oats 1,950, Barley 1,300, Flax 1,050, and Rye 1,000 bushels.

Includes Public Elevators in the Eastern Inspection Division.

46.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1912-1914.

Grades of Grain.	19	12.	19	013.	19	1914.		
Grades of Gram.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.		
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.		
Wheat, spring—								
Manitoba hard						10.075		
No.1 Hard W. Fife No. 1				239,560	-	16,875		
Northern No. 1		5,375 $7,831,375$				835,875 $71,569,125$		
" No. 2		23,877,900	2,336			43,480,125		
" No. 3		30,684,800		34,673,690		16,076,250		
Rejected	1,000			4,077,595		7,283,250		
" No. 1		677,250		110,780		18,000		
" No. 2	-	734,225		1,445,075		3,928,500		
No grade \dots	-	12,970,950	_	26,380,200		4,950,000		
Condemned	-	251,550	-	247,275	-	263,250		
Commercial	1				}	,		
No. 4		19,016,750	-	11,928,235	_	3,416,625		
grades, No. 5		9,592,225		4,412,550	_	970,875		

46.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1912-1914—con.

	19	12.	19	13.	19	14.
Grades of Grain.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.
W.1.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Wheat, spring—con. Commercial grades,		11 001 050		# 000 000		222 222
No. 6	_	11,031,650	-	5,060,2 00	-	660,375
Commercial grades,						
Cleanings	-	6,929,450	_	9 541 055		97,875
Feed Other grades	5,226	7,525		2,541,955 99,385	-	132,750 55,125
Total Spring Wheat	6,226	127,798,150	5,986	146,849,710	_	153,754,875
Wheat, Winter— Red Winter No. 2 American Red	298,239		_	_		_
Winter No. 2	86,000	_	-	_	_	-
U.S. hard winter No. 1	-	_	117,900	_	128,000	
White Winter, No.2 Mixed Winter	617,729	_	52,063	_	39,342	_
No. 2	821,377	1,075	38,119	_	44,232	2,250
Alberta Red Winter No. 1	_	_	_	163,798	-	51,750
Alberta Red Winter No. 2	_	497,725	-	527,550	7,607	625,500
Alberta Red Winter No. 3	_	1,412,550	-	881,040	-	382,500
Commercial grades No. 4	_	864,300	-	518,515	j –	87,750
Commercial grades No. 5 Other grades		475,150 289,175		291,920 152,060		38,250 52,875
Total Winter Wheat	2,080,399	3,539,975	259,334	2,534,883	274,558	1,240,875
Total Spring and Wipter Wheat	2,086,625	131,338,125	265,320	149,384,593	274,558	154,995,750
Indian Corn, Canadian	_	_	19,000	1 -	47,691	_
Indian Corn, No. 2, American	_			_	7,500	
Indian Corn, No. 3, American	5,127,274	_	51,068	1,200	,	
Indian Corn, American, other			13,043	,		
Total Corn		_	83,111		94,120	

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GRAIN STATISTICS.

46.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years 1912-1914—concluded.

	19	12.	19	13.	19	14.
Grades of Grain.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.	Eastern Division.	Western Division.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Oats, No.1	385,733		68,194	$106,200 \\ 18,459,250 \\ 4,417,100$	254,581	481,650 39,214,500 14,521,650
clipped " Feed extra	-	_	1,449,200	_	_	_
No. 1 "Feed, No. 1 "Feed, No. 2 "Rejected "No grade "Condemned	<u>-</u>	9,862,900 7,079,400 2,196,400 1,092,500 3,839,900	1,800 1,800 160,660	7,118,250 3,132,150	134,677 63,357	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5,159,700 \\ 2,460,900 \\ 5,385,900 \\ 1,226,550 \\ 3,001,050 \\ 109,200 \end{array}$
" Other grades		133,000		173,350		1,474,200
Total Oats	870,266	44,289,000	2,126,066	61,044,950	679,439	73,035,300
Buckwheat, No. 2 "No. 3 "No grade. "Rejected Total	8,608 14,812 -	- - - 	241,185 18,024 26,772 11,833 297,814	_ _ _	133,959 521 5,129 139,609	- - -
10(a)	170,505		237,014	_ 	155,005	
Barley, No. 3, extra " No. 3 " No. 4 " Feed " Rejected " No grade " Other	231,978 11,769 - 16,042 1,200	15,600 3,307,200 1,375,200 270,000 302,400 190,800 2,400	4,027 62,600 52,490	7,271,800 3,005,400 351,300	10,384 - - 22,100	$4,659,200 \\ 447,200$
Total	435,367	5,463,600	211,824	13,580,100	135,109	15,944,500
Rye, all-grades	16,310	39,600	185,589	22,000	179,737	72,000
Flaxseed, No. 1, N.W Flaxseed, No. 1 M "No. 3, C.W "No grade "Rejected "Condem- ned	 	1,195,000 1,409,000 - 195,000 1,044,000 91,000	- - -	11,184,600 2,743,150 346,500 665,850 1,892,150 539,550	- - -	15,183,000 2,081,100 ¹ 661,500 369,600 113,400 24,150
Total		3,934,000	-	17,371,800		18,432,750
Peas, all grades	119,658	_	3,600	_	4,567	_
1N- 0 C W	-		1	F	I .	I

¹No. 2 C.W.

47.—Quantities of Grain inspected during the fiscal years ended March 31, 1913 and 1914.

Grain.]	Eastern D	ivision.		Western	Grand	
	Kings- ton.	Peter- boro.	Toronto.	Mont- real.	Total.	Division.	Total.	
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	
Wheat1913		99,809	41,625	123,886				
1914	1,000	40,968	104,590	128,000	274,558	154,995,750	155,270,308	
Corn1913	1,000	· -	28,200	117,111	146,3111	2,400		
1914	-	_	21,130	72,990	94,120	· -	94,120	
Oats 1913		184,798	293,215	1,642,477	2,126,066	61,044,950	63,171,016	
1914	-	62,200	543,657	73,582	679,439	73,035,300	73,714,739	
Buck-	ĺ		·			, ,	, ,	
$\mathbf{w}\mathbf{heat.1913}$	1,400	109,185	156,630	30,599	297,814		297,814	
1914	-	62,771	72,730	4,108	139,609	_	139,609	
Barley 1913		8,330	128,474	100,170	$244,824^{3}$	13,580,100	13,824,924	
1914		-	125,812	9,297	135,109	15,944,500	16,079,609	
Rye1913	-	6,029	10,460	194,600	211,0892	22,000	233,089	
1914		11,857	4,980	162,900	179,739	72,000	251,737	
Flaxseed 1913	_	· -	· -	· -	. –	17,371,800	17,371,800	
1914	_	_	-	-	-	18,432,750	18,432,750	
Peas 1913	_		2,000	1,600	3,600	· · · -	3,600	
1914	-	_	1,667	2,900	4,567	_	4,567	
Total 1913	15.826	408,151	610,604	2,210,443	3,295,024	241,405,843	244,700,867	
" 1914		177,796					264,174,4394	

Includes 63,200 bushels of corn inspected at St. John, N.B.
2 '' 25,500 '' rye ''
2 '' 33,000 '' barley '' ''
4 '' 186,000 '' screenings and 1,000 bushels of speltz.

48.—Shipments of Grain by vessels from Fort William and Port Arthur for the navigation seasons 1913 and 1914.

		1913.			1914.							
Vessels.	To Canadian ports.	To American ports.	Total shipments.	To Canadian ports.	To American ports.	Total shipments.						
Canadian vessels—	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.						
Wheat	61,547,473	1,087,939	62,635,412	62,698,918	2,182,276	64,881,194						
Oats	25,726,814											
Barley	6,546,404	78,704	6,625,108			4,026,587						
Flaxseed	8,534,630	50,289	8,584,919	1,116,240	677,507	1,793,747						
$\mathbf{Rye}\dots$	3,033		3,033		· -	1,051						
Screenings	209,441	163,671	373,112	324,625	1,069,863	1,394,488						
Mixed						000 505						
grains	126,158	_	126,158	323,595	_	323,595						
Foreign ves-					ĺ							
sels—	0.000 501	07 DOX DOE	00 001 000		00.000.070	99 996 976						
Wheat	2,060,561				22,886,876							
Oats		14,412,157			3,490,095							
Barley	67,663				1,069,595							
Flaxseed.	366,227			_	5,777,909							
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Screenings} \ \mathbf{Mixed} \end{array}$	_	1,564,025	1,564,02	_	258,956	200,900						
grains	_		_		2,445	2 ,44 5						
grains					2,110	2,110						
Totals	105,188,404	100,076,899	205,265,3 03	90,788,253	37,591,110	128,379,363						

GRAIN STATISTICS.

49.—Shipments of Grain by vessels and all rail route from Fort William and Port Arthur for the crop years ended August 31, 1913 and 1914.

		1912-13.		1913–14.				
Grain.	Vessels.	Rail.	Totals.	Vessels.	Rail.	Totals.		
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.		
Wheat-								
No. 1 Hard	216,739	23,812	240,551	894,672	85,343	980,015		
$egin{array}{ll} ext{No. 1} & ext{Northern} \ ext{No. 2} & ext{} \end{array}$	12,543,518	1,164,507	13,708,025	73,677,493	2,060,096	75,737,589		
No. 2 Northern No. 3	32,330,989	3,819,900	36,150,889	32,007,949	2,463,081	34,471,030		
Northern Sundry	25,656,393	1,321 ,331	26,977,724	7,948,094	719,535	8,667,629		
grades Screenings	$26,843,255 \\ 1,271,568$	4,035 ,573	30,878,828 $1,271,568$	$\substack{10,168,803\\2,193,247}$	2,931,508 -	13,100,311 $2,193,247$		
Total wheat	98,862,462	10,365,123	109,227,585	126,890,258	8,259,563	135,149,821		
Oats	28,043,423	5,515,426						
Barley	8,776,003	1,186,922	9,962,925	9,963,498	901,341	1,864,8399		
Flaxseed Rye	$15,927,287 \\ 5,062$	700,094	$16,627,381 \\ 5,062$	$11,814,050 \\ 213$	$228,251 \\ 10,365$	$12,042,301 \\ 10,578$		
Total grain	151,614,327	17,767,565	169,381,802	187,728,548	13,921,980	201,650,528		

BOUNTIES.

Iron and Steel Bounties.—In 1883 a bounty of \$1.50 per ton of 2,000 lb. was first granted on pig iron produced from Canadian ore. This bounty was continued annually until June 30, 1886. On July 1, 1886, the rate was reduced to \$1 per ton, at which it remained until June 30. 1892. From July 1, 1892, to June 30, 1897, the rate was \$2 per ton. and from June 28, 1897, to April 23, 1902, the rates were \$3 per ton from Canadian ore and \$2 per ton from foreign ore. A sliding scale of rates was then introduced, beginning with \$2.70 from Canadian ore and \$1.80 from foreign ore, which scale in 1906 left the rates at \$1.05 per ton from Canadian and 70 cents per ton from foreign ore. In 1907 a new sliding scale was authorized under which, for the calendar years 1907 and 1908, \$2.10 was paid from Canadian and \$1.10 from foreign ore; for 1909 the rates were respectively \$1.70 and 70 cents, and in 1910, 90 cents and 40 cents. On December 31, 1910, the bounty for pig iron ceased, excepting for that produced from Canadian ore by the electric process. No claim has, however, yet been made for pig iron produced in this manner.

A bounty on steel made in Canada was first granted as from March 27, 1894, the rate being \$2 per ton, which continued in force until

June 30, 1897. The rate was \$3 per ton from July 1, 1897, to April 23, 1902, when a sliding scale was introduced which, commencing at \$2.70 per ton, was reduced to \$1.05 in 1906. The rates were for 1907 and 1908 \$1.65, for 1909 \$1.05, and for 1910 60 cents per ton. The bounty on steel ceased on December 31, 1910. Bounty was paid on wire rods at \$6 per ton from October 24, 1903, to June 30, 1911. On rolled angles, beams and other rolled shapes and on rolled plates the bounty was \$3 per ton from October 24, 1903, to December 31, 1096. On puddled iron bars a bounty of \$2 per ton was paid from March 26, 1894, to June 28, 1897. From this date to April 23, 1902, the rate was \$3 per ton, when a sliding scale was put into operation which reduced the rate to \$1.05 in 1906. For the calendar years 1907 and 1908 the rate was \$1.65, for 1909 \$1.05 and for 1910 60 cents per ton. Puddled bars ceased to be manufactured in Canada in 1907.

Lead Bounties.—To encourage silver lead smelting and the smelting of other ores of silver and gold in Canada a bounty of 50 cents per ton on silver lead was authorized between July 1, 1895, and July 1, 1900. On October 24, 1903, a bounty of 75 cents per 100 lb. was authorized on lead contained in lead-bearing ores mined and smelted in Canada, provided the price of pig lead in London, England, did not exceed £12 10s. This price was changed in 1908 to £14 10s. The bounty is reduced proportionately when the price in London exceeds £14 10s. The bounty was due to expire on June 30, 1913, but by the Lead Bounties Act, 1913, of the session 1912-13 (3-4 Geo. V, c. 29) it was provided that payment of the bounty should be continued annually until June 30, 1918, the preamble to the Act setting forth that on June 30, 1913, there would still remain unexpended approximately \$600,000 of the original bounty of \$2,450,000.

Petroleum Bounty.—On June 8, 1904, a bounty of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cent per imperial gallon was authorized on all crude petroleum produced from wells in Canada. In 1910 a bounty was authorized on petroleum produced from shales; but as yet this process has not been successfully prosecuted.

Manila Fibre Bounty.—On October 24, 1903, a bounty equal to the export duty in the Philippine Islands on Manila fibre, and not to exceed three-eighths of one cent per lb. on the Manila fibre used in the manufacture of binder twine, was authorized. This bounty was extended on April 27, 1907, to include Manila fibre used in the manufacture of cordage. The bounty on Manila fibre expired on October 4, 1913.

Total Value of Bounties.—Table 50 shows the quantity of mineral products and of Manila fibre upon which bounties were paid, and the amount of the bounties paid from 1896 to 1914. From this table it will be seen that the amount of these bounties paid in 1914 was \$143,652, and that the total value of bounties paid from 1896 to 1914 was \$21,436,456. Of this amount \$16,785,827 was for iron and steel, \$1,975,887 for lead, \$2,312,558 for crude petroleum and \$362,184 for Manila fibre. Table 51 gives the names of the cordage companies, the quantities of Manila fibre used and of cordage made and the amount of the bounties for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914.

BOUNTIES. 50.—Bounties paid in Canada on Mineral Products and Binder Twine, 1896-1914.

Fiscal		ron.	Puddl Ba	ed Iro	on		Ste	eel.			actures of teel.
Year.	Quan- tity.	Bounty.	Quan- tity.	Boun	ıty.	Qua tit		Bount	y.	Quan- tity.	Bounty.
	Tons.	\$	Tons.	\$		Tor	ıs.	\$		Tons.	\$
1896	. 33,254 72,523 76,496 101,838 150,339 341,654 321,191 273,434 386,719 581,858 416,265 666,780 609,431 740,244 587,469	104,105 66,509 165,654 187,954 238,296 351,259 693,108 666,001 533,982 624,667 687,632 385,231. 863,817 693,423 573,969 261,434	2,804 1,509 2,568 5,837 3,374 5,567 6,984 2,482 4,321 3,569 3,569	3, 7, 17, 10, 16, 20, 6, 11, 7,	611 019 706 511 121 703 550 702 669 895 875 312	24 23 21 33 36 260 128 300 569 454 661 570 740	,749 ,683 ,673 ,342 ,453 ,352 ,375 ,668 ,884 ,421 ,237 ,940 ,588 ,390 ,093	59,4 17,3 67,4 74,6 64,3 100,0 77,4 729,1 347,9 676,3 941,0 575,2 1,092,2 838,1 695,7 350,4	66 54 44 60 58 31 02 90 18 00 59 01 00 52		31,324 5 369,832 8 338,999 6 347,135 5 333,091 2 538,812 0 526,858
Totals.	5,431,547	7,097,041	42,812	113,	674	4,448	,780	6,706,9	90	499,312	2,868,122
Fiscal Year.	Lea Quantity.	Bounty.	Ma Quan	nila I	l	e.		rude Perantity.		leum.	Total Bounties.
	Lb.	\$	Lì			<u> </u>		Gal.	-	\$	\$
1896	449,636,00 177,990,00 245,792,00 25,760,00 26,748,10 56,489,52 28,708,42 21,47 15,425,55 42,533,28 45,467,54 33,351,90 27,823,22 23,985,56 7,197,03	0 43,333 0 30,000 1 4,38 4 195,62 3 330,64 8 90,19 9 1,99 3 51,00 7 307,43 5 340,54 9 248,53 1 179,28 9 68,06	50 0 77 7,447 55 4,046 66 4,42 67 3,99 11 12,13 14 10,13 22 18,04 14,69 14,69 14,69 14,69 11,12	73,754 16,699 23,300 18,015 15,276 37,946 11,994 13,410 19,994 25,171 18,118	11 11 4 3 6 4 5	5,452 3,789 5,079 3,595 1,983 4,561 1,507 9,784 0,557 7,917	19, 17, 26, 17, 13, 10, 9,	336,478 410,480 770,205 9379,871 572,587 706,418 462,380 616,767 834,219		350,047 291,157 266,553 391,217 260,698 203,589 160,596 141,936 129,252 117,513	169,215 86,894 240,814 356,774 356,112 498,020 791,089 1,406,185 1,130,041 2,234,685 2,400,771 1,581,944 2,787,354 2,467,307 2,414,171 1,597,663 538,531 235,234 143,652
To- tals	1,183,745,65	6 1,975,887	7 106,35	3,677	36	2,184	154,	170,544	2,	312,558	21,436,456

¹Nine months. ²Bounty on Wire rods paid to the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., Limited, Sydney, N.S.

51.—Bounties paid to Cordage Companies on Manila Fibre used in the manufacture of Binder Twine and Cordage, 1913-1914, and with totals for 1910-1913.

Cordage companies.	Binder Twine and Cordage made.	Manila Fibre used	Bounties paid.
	Lb.	Lb.	\$
The Canadian Cordage and Mfg. Co., Peterboro, Ont	_	_	_
The Brantford Cordage Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont.	4,005,460	156,922	535
The Consumers' Cordage Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que., and Dartmouth, N.S	2,772,487	2,088,154	7,119
The Plymouth Cordage Co., Ltd., Welland, Ont.	10,738,289	3,023,042	10,306
Totals, 1914	25,622,497 29,477,581 28,474,725	11,125,171 14,829,994 14,693,410	37,917 50,557 49,784

Note.—The quantity of binder twine and cordage made in 1914 was 12,779,716 and 4,736,520 lb. respectively.

PATENTS.

Applications for patents in Canada from inventors in other countries were first received in 1872. In that year the total number of applications for patents made to the Canadian Patent Office, Department of Agriculture, was 752, and the total fees amounted to \$18,652. business of the Office has continued gradually to expand, and the number of applications and total fees have increased each year without a break since the beginning of the present century until the fiscal year ended March 31, 1913, when 8,681 applications were received, and the total fees amounted to \$218,125. The number of patents granted in the fiscal year 1913-14 was 7,918, as compared with 7,502 in 1912-13. Of the total number of patents granted in the fiscal year 1913-14, 5,220 were issued to inventors or assignees resident in the United States, this number being 66 p.c. of the total. Patents to Canadian inventors numbered 1,334, the other principal countries in order of the number of patents granted being Great Britain 558, Germany 300, France 115 and Australia 76. Table 52 shows the distribution of the Canadian patentees by province of residence for the years 1907 to 1914.

CANADIAN PATENTEES.

52.—Number of Canadian Patentees by Province of Residence for the fiscal years 1907-1914.

Provinces.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Island	2	2	3	2	-	-	4	2
Nova Scotia	30	27	24	29	31	30	20	39
New Brunswick	25	25	18	30	23	17	25	30
Quebec	225	178	205	267	271	233	277	278
Ontario	465	424	467	610	610	531	584	607
Manitoba	72	61	71	88	102	72	105	115
Saskatchewan	25	15	32	40	47	47	58	59
Alberta	18	25	28	39	54	56	61	46
British Columbia	57	52	51	90	108	97	122	157
Territories and Yukon	1	6	4	3	-	-	-	1
Totals	920	815	903	1,198	1,246	1,083	1,256	1,334

It will be seen from the table that the more populous provinces of Ontario and Quebec obtained the largest absolute number of patents; but a calculation of the number of patentees in relation to population shows that for the fiscal year 1914 the greatest relative inventiveness was displayed in British Columbia. Thus in this province, in 1914, one patent was granted to every 2,500 persons, the other provinces as regards the number of persons to each patent granted being placed in order as follows: Manitoba 3,962, Ontario 4,157, Quebec 7,206, Alberta 8,145, Saskatchewan 8,346, Yukon Territory 8,512, New Brunswick 11,729, Nova Scotia 12,624, and Prince Edward Island 46,864.

COPYRIGHTS, TRADE MARKS, ETC.

The report for the year ended March 31, 1914, of the Copyright and Trade Marks Branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that the fees received for copyrights, trade marks, industrial designs and timber marks amounted to \$49,409 for the fiscal year 1913-14, as compared with \$51,043 in 1912-13. Registrations of copyright in 1913-14 numbered 1,835 against 1,760 in 1912-13, of trade marks 1,378 against 1,315, of industrial designs 165 against 128, and of timber marks 57 against 15.

VIII.—TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Statistics of transportation and communications comprise those of steam and electric railways, express companies, shipping, canals, telegraphs, telephones and the Post Office.¹

RAILWAYS.

Steam Railways.—The increase in the railway mileage of Canada for the year ended June 30, 1914, was 1,491, as compared with 2,577 in 1913, 1,327 in 1912, and 669 in 1911, the increases respectively over the mileage of the previous year. The total railway mileage in actual operation on June 30, 1914, was 30,795. The railway year runs from July 1 to June 30, and the railway statistics throughout this section are for the years ended June 30. Table 1 is a statement of the railway mileage under construction; it shows that at June 30, 1914, 22,891 miles of railway were under construction, as compared with 18,646 miles under construction at June 30, 1913. It will be observed that a preponderance of the mileage under construction is located in the western provinces. Table 2 records the steam railway mileage in Canada annually from 1835 to 1914, and Table 3 the steam railway mileage of Canada by provinces for each of the seven years 1908 to 1914.

Capital Liability of Steam Railways.—During the year ended June 30, 1914, the sum of \$276,990,069 was added to the capital liability of steam railways in operation in Canada, including stocks \$97,794,137, funded debt \$169,145,686, and consolidated debenture stock of the Canadian Pacific Railway \$10,050,246. These additions bring the total capitalization of Canadian steam railways in operation to \$1,808,820,761 on June 30, 1914, as compared with \$1,531,830,692 in 1913 (Table 4). If the capitalization of railways under construction be added to that of the operating railways the total is increased to \$1,962,-128,070, of which \$917,748,153 are stocks, \$173,307,470 are consolidated debenture stock, and \$871,072,447 are funded debt.

Statistics of Individual Companies.—Table 6 gives the mileage, capital, aid paid up, earnings and operating expenses of the steam railways of Canada for the year ended June 30, 1914. It shows that the aggregate earnings were \$243,083,539, a decrease compared with 1913 amounting to \$13,619,164, or 5.6 p.c. In 1913 the earnings were the highest on record, and were 17 p.c. higher than those of 1912. Operating expenses in 1914 amounted to \$178,975,259, as against \$182,011,690 in 1913, a decrease of \$3,036,431, or 1.7 p.c. The ratio of operating expenses to aggregate earnings was 73.6 p.c., as against 70.9 p.c. in 1913. The total aid paid up, as given in Table 6, includes \$110,312,622 paid by the Dominion Government, \$29,526,245 paid by the Provincial Governments, and \$12,670,837 paid by municipalities. Other aid takes the

¹The statistics of railways, express companies, canals, telegraphs and telephones are taken from the Reports for the year ended June 30, 1914, of the Department of Railways and Canals, especially the Reports of the Comptroller of Statistics (Nos. 20, 20a, b, d, e, and f, 1915). The shipping statistics are taken from the Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries and the Trade and Navigation Returns. The postal statistics are from the Report of the Post Office Department.

RAILWAYS.

form of loans of \$25,576,533 by the Dominion Government, loans of \$7,197,030 and subscriptions to shares of \$300,000 by the Provincial Governments, and loans of \$2,404,499 and subscriptions to shares of

\$2,839,500 by municipalities.

Passengers and Freight.—Table 7, giving the statistics of steam railways from 1875 to 1914, shows that in 1914 the steam railways of Canada carried 46,702,280 passengers and 101,393,989 tons of freight, an increase of 471,515 passengers, or 1 p.c., and a decrease of 5,598,721 tons of freight, or 5.2 p.c., as compared with 1913. The distribution of freight as between different classes of products is shown in Table 16. The proportions p.c. are for 1914 as follows: Agriculture, 18.11; animals, 3.29; mines, 37.73; forests, 15.79; manufactures, 16.62; merchandise, 5.43; and miscellaneous, 3.03.

Government Aid to Railways.—The railways of Canada have been built largely under different forms of Government aid. Tables 5 and 10 to 12 show its nature and extent. The principal forms of aid granted have consisted in land grants, cash subsidies, loans, the issue of debentures and the guarantee of bonds or interest. Aid has been granted both by the Dominion and Provincial Governments and also by municipalities. Table 5 shows the areas of the land granted as subsidies to steam railway companies by the Dominion and Provincial Governments, with the names of the companies in the case of the Dominion Government. The total area so granted up to June 30, 1914, extends to 56,041,248 acres.

Government Railways and Subsidies.—The Dominion Government has itself undertaken the construction of the eastern portion of the new National Transcontinental Railway from Moncton, N.B., to Winnipeg, Man., and the expenditure on this line up to March 31, 1914, was \$142,970,793 (Table 14). Also the Dominion Government owns and operates the Intercolonial Railway, which extends from ocean ports in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick to Montreal, and the Prince Edward Island Railway. From 1851 up to June 30, 1914, as shown analytically in Table 11, the total value of public aid granted to steam railways in Canada, exclusive of the capital of the two government railways (I.C.R. and P.E.I.R.), amounted to \$233,772,640. Of this sum \$178,834,529 represents aid granted by the Dominion Government, \$37,023,275 that granted by the Provincial Governments, and \$17,914,836 that granted by municipalities. During 1914 the total cash subsidies paid to railways amounted to \$16,106,319, the largest in the history of Canadian railways. The contribution was made up of \$15,583,059 paid by the Dominion Government, and \$523,260 paid by the Provincial Governments.

Aid to Railways by Dominion Government.—Table 12 shows for each year from 1875 to 1914 the amount of aid to date given to steam railways by the Dominion Government. The total at June 30, 1914, of \$290,790,732 is made up of the capital of the two government-owned lines, amounting to \$111,956,203, and \$178,834,529, representing the aid granted by the Dominion Government to other railways. The latter includes in 1912 the sum of \$4,994,417 paid to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co. under the Implement Clause of the agreement between the Government and the Company. This clause provides that the Government shall make up the difference between the amount

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

realized in certain bonds and their par value. In each year since 1886 the aid granted to other railways includes the sum of \$10,189,521 paid by the Government to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for land taken over by the Government from the Company's land subsidy. From 1885 to 1909 the amounts in the third column represent the accumulated annual payment by the Dominion to the Quebec Government of interest at 5 p.c. on a sum of \$2,394,000 and amounting to \$119,700 on account of the transfer of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway. The item of \$5,160,054 in 1909 includes the payment of the principal. From 1910, the amounts include the loan of \$10,000,000 made to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company under federal legislation of 1909 (8-9 Edw. VII. c. 19).

Recent Railway Development.—Amongst the principal railway systems of Canada are those of the Canadian Pacific, the Grand Trunk, the National Transcontinental, the Canadian Northern, and the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways. On June 30, 1914, the Canadian Pacific had a mileage leased and owned of 11,950, as well as 1,262 miles of double track. The Company's gross earnings during the railway year 1914 were \$119,754,042; its operating expenses were \$81,701,934, and its net earnings were \$38,052,108. The Grand Trunk Railway Company had on January 1, 1915, 4,015 miles under operation. The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, with its main line from Winnipeg, Manitoba, to Prince Rupert, B.C., and its branches, was operating at that date 3,200 miles, making a total of 7,215 miles for the Grand Trunk system of Canada. The gross earnings of the Grand Trunk Railway for the year ended June 30, 1914, were \$39,213,178, its operating expenses were \$28,351,040, and its net earnings were \$10,862,138.

The Grand Trunk Pacific main line and branches are now being On the eastern division of the operated for passengers and freight. National Transcontinental Railway, which is under construction by the Dominion Government from Moneton, N.B., to Fort Garry Station, Winnipeg, Man., a mileage of 1,804.5, the last rail was laid in the main line, at a point near the Ontario and Quebec boundary in the province of Quebec, on November 17, 1913. The total track laid to December 31, 1914, including double track, sidings and yards, was 2,272.25 miles. During 1914, 532 miles of new road were constructed by the Canadian Northern Railway Company, and the main line track was connected from Quebec to Port Mann, B.C. The total mileage operated by the Canadian Government Railways is 4,054.58, including the Intercolonial Railway, 1,503.02 miles; the Prince Edward Island Railway, 274.50 miles: the Transcontinental Railway, 2,009.30 miles; and other railways, 267.76 miles. On the new line from Le Pas in Manitoba to Hudson Bay, which is under construction by the Dominion Government, at the end of 1914, 214 miles of track were laid, and 240 miles were graded ready for track laying.

RAILWAYS.

1.—Steam Railway Mileage under Construction in Canada at June 30, 1914.

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Provinces.	Surveyed.	Under contract.	Completed.	In operation.	Total.
Nova Scotia	-	78	-		78
New Brunswick	57	168	-	_	225
Quebec	439	946	43	2	1,430
Ontario	532	1,841	836	465	3,674
Manitoba	354	108	134	103	699
Saskatchewan	3,458	340	555	587	4,940
Alberta	3,054	805	1,189	688	5,736
British Columbia	3,578	1,235	698	598	6,109
Total Mileage	11,472	5,521	3,455	2,443	22,891

2.—Record of Steam Railway Mileage, 1835-1914.

Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.	Year.	Number of miles in operation.
1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1853	16 16 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 54 54 54 66 159 205 506	1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1871 1872 1873 1874 1873 1874	1,414 1,444 1,863 1,994 2,065 2,146 2,189 2,189 2,189 2,240 2,278 2,278 2,278 2,270 2,524 2,617 2,695 2,899	1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1893	5,218 5,782 6,226 6,858 7,194 7,331 8,697 9,577 10,273 11,793 12,184 12,163 12,628 13,151 13,838 14,564	1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	16,270 16,550 16,870 17,250 17,657 18,140 18,714 18,988 19,431 20,487 21,353 22,452 22,966 24,104 24,731 25,400 26,727

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

3.—Steam Railway Mileage by Provinces, 1908-1914.

Provinces.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Ontario	7,933	8,229	8,230	8,322	8,546	9,000	9,255
Quebec	3,574 $3,111$ $2,081$	$3,663 \\ 3,205 \\ 2,631$	3,795 $3,221$ $2,932$	3,882 3,466	3,882 3,520	3,986 3,993	4,043 4,076
AlbertaBritish Columbia	1,323 1,733	1,322 $1,796$	1,488 1,832	3,121 $1,494$ $1,842$	3,754 $1,897$ $1,855$	$4,651 \\ 2,212 \\ 1,951$	5,089 2,545 1,978
New Brunswick Nova Scotia	1,509 1,344	1,547 1,351	1,522 $1,351$	1,548 1,354	1,545 1,357	1,545 1,360	1,839 1,365
P. Edward Island Yukon	267 91	269 91	$\frac{269}{91}$	269 102	$\frac{269}{102}$	279 102	279 102
In United States	22,966	24,104	24.731	25,400	26,727	225 29,304	224 30,795

Note.—The mileage shown in the United States relates entirely to lines which cross American territory in passing from one point in Canada to another; such lines, although not heretofore included in Canadian mileage, are operated wholly for the purposes of Canadian traffic. There is a large additional mileage in the United States, which is owned and operated by Canadian Railways, but of which no account is taken in these statistics.

4.—Capital Liability of Steam Railways, 1876-1914.

Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.	Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894	182,578,994 191,331,767 192,674,553 189,956,177 199,527,981 216,468,465 269,092,615 285,077,822 312,183,162	79,676,382 83,710,938 81,151,628 80,661,316 84,891,313 92,487,932 102,134,295 109,310,963 141,370,963 169,359,306 194,801,553 228,617,728 228,617,728 261,675,226	275,042,705 273,826,181 270,617,493 284,419,293 306,956,397 371,226,910 394,388,785 453,553,125 486,501,254 518,930,291 556,111,610 584,234,898 605,063,093	1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	367,611,048 378,151,790 391,300,360 410,326,095 424,414,314 460,401,863 483,770,312 492,752,530 526,353,951 561,655,395; 588,563,591 607,891,349 647,534,647	404,806,847 424,100,762 449,114,035 465,543,967 504,226,234 583,369,217 631,869,664 660,946,769 722,740,300 779,481,514 818,478,175 613,256,952	716,445,134 733,098,655 753,353,855 784,042,799 816,110,837 865,208,710 907,871,074 941,866,565

¹Including consolidated debenture stock C. P. R.), \$173,307,470.

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5.—Areas of Land Subsidies granted to Steam Railways by the Dominion and Provincial Governments up to June 30, 1914.

By the Dominion Government to—	Acres.					
Alberta Railway and Irrigation Co. (formerly Northwest Coal and						
Navigation Co.)	1,114,368					
Navigation Co.)	1,888,448					
Bay)	2,624,128					
Canal Co.\	798,400					
Canal Co.). Canadian Pacific Railway Co. (main line)	18,206,986					
C. P. R. Pipestone extension, Souris Branch	200,320					
C. P. R. Souris Branch	1,408,704					
Great Northwest Central Railway Co. (formerly Northwest Central	-,,					
Railway Co.)	320,000					
Railway Co.)	1,501,376 1,396,800					
Manitoba Southwestern Colonization Railway Co						
C. N. Railway (formerly Manitoba and Southeastern Railway Co.).	680,320					
Qu'Appelle, Long Lake and Saskatchewan Railroad and Steamboat	1.002.044					
Co	1,625,344					
Saskatchewan and Western Railway Co	98,880					
Total by Dominion Government	31,864,074					
By Provincial Governments:						
Quebec	13,324,950					
British Columbia.	8,119,221					
New Brunswick	1,647,772					
Nova Scotia	160,000					
Ontario	624,232					
Total by Provincial Governments	23,876,175					
Total area of Dominion and Provincial land grants to steam railways	55,740,249					

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1914.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alberta Central ¹	-	-	119,712		
Co., C.P.R	32.08	- - -	148,094		107 500
Albert Southern (aband.) Algoma Central and Hudson	-	5,460,000 -	784,625 113,694	183,169	107,592
Bay	242.07	20,686,000	2,009,723	955,376	737,529
ern	104.50	4,548,675	902,800	66,682	105,476
	!	i	1	ı	

¹Under construction.

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1914—con.

<u>*</u>					
Name of Railway.	Miles oper- ated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
	NT-				
D (O.14)	No.	\$ 000,000	\$	\$ 55	\$
Bay of Quinté	86.00				
Bedlington and Nelson British Yukon	12.04 101.12			837	11,286
Brockville, Westport and		1,000,000	_	209,681	92,321
Northwestern (C.N.R.)	45.00	}	256,800	70,743	84,578
Bruce Mines and Algoma	10.00	_	105,338		04,010
Buctouche and Moncton	32.00	310,000	196,100		31,304
Brandon, Saskatchewan	02.00	010,000	130,100	20,100	01,001
and Hudson Bay	69.45	4,978,879	_	60,345	122,232
Canada and Gulf Terminal.	35.80		230,654	46,212	
Canada Southern	380.04	37,630,000	521,559	10,613,611	6,226,680
Canadian Government Rail-		, ,	,		
ways-		l			
Intercolonial	1,454.94		$927,616^{2}$	12,410,408	
Prince Edward Island	279.23	_	_	414,911	569,021
Canadian Northern	5,122.95	253,214,080			
Canadian Northern, Ont	658.39		11,889,9573	1,460,287	
Canadian Northern, Que Canadian Northern,	371.02	18,306,119	3,296,746	1,671,723	1,482,180
Alberta	_ :	_	2,832,024	_	_
Canadian Northern Pacific			5,225,659		_
Canadian Pacific, including			0,220,000		
leased lines	11.950.38	579,909,359	64.219.8844	119.754.042	81.701.934
Cape Breton	31.00	1,000,000	306,000	11,440	23,977
Caraquet	84.78		499,649		68,407
Carillon and Grenville	13.00	, , , <u></u>	– 1	· –	· -
Central Ry. of Canada ¹		- .	30,145		
Central Ontario	149.73	4,304,333	627,232	347,760	346,260
Colchester Coal and Ry. Co.	-	4 010 000	12,800	105 700	049.496
Crows Nest Southern	74.18	4,210,000	-	135,730	243,426
Cumberland Railway and	32.00		213,500	107,419	74,057
Coal Co	1.45			107,413	14,001
Dominion Atlantic	274.16			980,560	788,540
Eastern British Columbia	14.00			47,000	
Essex Terminal	10.00			52,379	34,299
Elgin and Havelock	28.00				9,349
Esquimalt and Nanaimo	152.00	7,332,000	1,115,440	841,834	501,668
Fredericton and Grand					,
Lake	35.00		216,576	49,948	43,341
Grand Trunk Pacific		189,783,252			7,591,148
Grand Trunk	3,106.13	413,665,983	10,414,466	39,213,178	28,351,040
Grand Trunk (Canada	456.26	24,408,092	2,578,593	2,383,028	2,413,021
Atlantic)	378.46		2,052,123	561,053	527,637
Hereford	52.18		254,786		
	52.10	2,202,300			,

¹Under construction. ²St. Mary's Bridge Co., \$30,000, Canada Eastern, \$374,840, Drummond County \$438,936, Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co.'s Ry., \$83,840. ³Ontario Government guarantees bonds, 318 miles at \$20,000 per mile. ⁴Includes \$10,189,521 paid to the company for 6,793,014 acres of land relinquished. ⁵Includes value of used iron rails. ⁴Includes \$4,994,417 paid to the company under the "Implement Clause" by the Dominion Government.

475 RAILWAYS.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1914—con.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Aid paid up.	Earnings.	Operat- ing expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
International Bridge Coy.	-	2,012,260	_	-	_
International of New	119.00	9 916 000	1 005 900	190 990	117.005
BrunswickInverness Railway and Coal	112.00	2,216,000	1,005,288	130,339	117,095
Co	60.91	_ \	651,546	212,912	122,587
Irondale, Bancroft and	00.01	:	001,010	212,012	122,001
Ottawa	51.90	503,500	279,000	32,333	36,506
Kent Northern	27.00	107,000	236,734	20,248	20,331
Kettle Valley	22.20	375,000	1,353,100		12,166
Kingston and Pembroke					
(C.P.R.)	-		1,013,813	110 150	-
Klondike Mines	31.81	2,466,250	197,184	112,176	52,119
Lake Erie and Northern	-	4 400 000	135,130	_	_
Lake Erie and Detroit River L'Assomption (road	-	4,400,000	1,011,351	_	_
abandoned)	_ i		11,200	_	_
London and Port Stanley.	23.66	1,870,012		135,842	180,915
Lotbinière and Megantic	30.00	50,000	222,994	30,259	
Maganatawan River	1.91	, – l	13,552	_	Í -
Maine Central (Princeton).	5.10	173,900	·	18,082	14,382
Manitoba (C. N. R.)	- :	7,009,000	641,575	-	-
Midland Railway of					440.000
Manitoba	6.49	4,300,000		326,865	448,830
Maritime Coal and Ry. Co.	15.00	000 000	80,488	$71,244 \ 212,200$	$\begin{array}{r} 47,814 \\ 227,306 \end{array}$
Massawippi Valley	$35.46 \\ 163.40$	$800,000 \\ 5,243,000$	$10,376 \\ 602,172$	1,018,078	
Montreal and Province Line	58.60	1,200,000	314,682	137,588	
Montreal and Vermont	00.00	1,200,000	011,002	101,000	100,100
Junction	23.60	1,000,000	_	132,273	87,041
Morrissey, Fernie and		,- ,		,	
Michel	10.85	1,263,000	-	150,144	
Manitoba Great Northern	91.77	2,066,000	-	44,078	113,190
Minudie Coal and Ry. Co	97.00	coo 000	18,544	105 054	EC 256
Napierville Junction	27.06	600,000	183,440	$105,054 \\ 75,068$	
National Transcontinental. Nelson and Fort Sheppard	286.30 55.42	2,846,800		66,332	
New Brunswick Coal and	30.42	2,040,000		00,862	110,510
Ry. Co	58.00	2	414,400	55,459	78,331
New Brunswick and Princel	30.00	,	,	,	,
Edward Island	36 .00	314,850	213,149	46,353	41,345
New Westminster Southern	23 .73	600,000		47,324	31,943
North Shore	8.63	133,000	43,816	825	989
Northern New Brunswick	19.80	E05 E00	100 100	91 404	14 796
and Seaboard	$\frac{19.80}{5.50}$	595,500	108,160	21,494	14,736
Nosbonsing and Nipissing Ottawa and New York	56.90	2,600,000	382,384	260,123	262.161
Pere Marquette in Canada.	198.81	5,870,000	-	2,362,026	1,894,492

¹Under construction. ²Owned and operated by New Brunswick Government. ³Includes value of used iron rails.

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

6.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1914—concluded.

Quebec Oriental 100.00 2,099,225 1,784,635 134,825 125,795 Quebec Ry., Light and Power Co 30.82 - 402,946 87,160 70,072 Quebec, Montreal and Southern 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Quebec and Saguenay¹ - - 248,801 86 27,35,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain 9.59 412,600 - 15,246 31,651 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,341 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly - - 89,961 97,999 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Phillipsburg Ry. and Quarry Co	Name of Railway.	oper-	Capital.		Earnings.	ing
Quarry Co. 6.00 164,500 49,379 - <th></th> <th>No.</th> <th>\$</th> <th>\$</th> <th>\$</th> <th>\$</th>		No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
Pontiac and Renfrew	Phillipsburg Ry. and					
Quebec Bridge and Railway Co.1 — — 915,171 —	Quarry Co		164,500			_
Co. 1	Quebec Bridge and Railway	4.20	_	01,001		- [
Saskatchewan (C.N.R.)	Co.1		- 1	915,171	-	<u> </u>
Quebec Central. 253.00 9,615,009 1,721,000 1,568,021 1,093,464 Quebec and Lake St. John 286.40 9,017,101 3,642,280 934,777 845,815 Quebec Ry., Light and Power Co. 30.82 - 402,946 87,160 70,072 Quebec, Montreal and Southern. 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Quebec and Saguenay. 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain. 9.59 412,600 - 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan. 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert. 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly. 43.00 764,615 - 89,961 97,999 St. Lawrence & Adirondack St. Martins. 30.00 189,000 329,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 2 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscaua		_	5 252 462	_	_	·
Quebec and Lake St. John. Quebec Oriental 286.40 9,017,101 3,642,280 934,777 845,815 125,795 Quebec Ry., Light and Power Co 30.82 — 402,946 87,160 70,072 Quebec, Montreal and Southern 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Quebec and Saguenay 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain 9.59 412,600 — 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 — 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 St. John & Quebec¹ — — — 89,961 97,999 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co		253.00		1.721.000	1,568,021	1,093,464
Quebec Ry, Light and Power Co. 30.82 - 402,946 87,160 70,072 Quebec, Montreal and Southern. 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Roberval and Saguenay. - - 248,801 - - Roberval and Saguenay. 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,711 Red Mountain. 9.59 412,600 227,433 31,951 36,751 Rutland and Noyan. 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert. 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora. 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly. 43.00 764,615 - 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.). - - 81,280 - - St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073		286.40		3,642,280	934,777	845,815
Power Co. 30.82 - 402,946 87,160 70,072 Quebee, Montreal and Southern. 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Quebee and Saguenay¹. 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain. 9.59 412,600 - 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan. 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert. 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora. 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly. 43.00 764,615 - 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹. - - 81,280 - - - St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 2 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata. 113.00 4,099,669	Quebec Oriental	100.00	2,099,225	1,784,635	134,825	125,795
Quebec, Montreal and Southern 192.18 7,000,000 1,491,762 411,636 533,650 Quebec and Saguenay¹ - - - 248,801 - - Roberval and Saguenay¹ 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain 9.59 412,600 - 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 - 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ - - - 538,738 485,710 St. Clair Tunnel 1.13 2,850,000 375,000 347,771 107,675 St. Lawrence & Adirondack St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69,95	Quebec Ry., Light and	30.82	_	402 946	87.160	70.072
Quebec and Saguenay¹ - - 248,801 - - 7- Roberval and Saguenay 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,771 Red Mountain - 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 36,771 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 36,141 30,347 30,347 30,347 37,500 375,000 375,000 375,000 347,771 107,675 34,510 30,00 34,510 34,510 34,510 36,311 30,900 32,130 36,314 36,311 <	Quebec, Montreal and			,	1	
Roberval and Saguenay 36.80 2,735,600 227,433 31,951 36,751 Red Mountain 9.59 412,600 — 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 — 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 — 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.) — — 81,280 — — — St. John & Quebec — — — 538,738 — — — St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Martins — — 169,95 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata — <td< td=""><td>Southern</td><td>192.18</td><td>7,000,000</td><td></td><td></td><td>533,650</td></td<>	Southern	192.18	7,000,000			533,650
Red Mountain 9.59 412,600 — 15,246 31,651 Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 — 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 — 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ — — 81,280 — — 97,999 St. John & Quebec¹ — — — 538,738 — — — St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 Tomort Coal Co.) <t< td=""><td></td><td>26 90</td><td>2 725 600</td><td></td><td></td><td>26 771</td></t<>		26 90	2 725 600			26 771
Rutland and Noyan 3.39 200,000 - 14,912 12,528 Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,347 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 - 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ - - 538,738 - - - St. John & Quebec¹ - - 538,738 - <				221,400	15.246	31.651
Salisbury and Albert 45.00 150,000 554,391 36,141 30,337 Schomberg and Aurora 14.40 550,000 46,144 14,005 14,233 Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 — 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ — — 538,738 — — — St. John & Quebec¹ — — 538,738 — — — St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 ² 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata 113.00 4,099,669 1,099,200 271,777 199,958 Timiskaming and Northern (Ont.)¹ — — 6,112 — Thousand Islands 6.33 118,000 39,840 40,684 29,429 Varcoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co. 20,850,000 — 770,594 938,338 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co. 10.75<		3.39		_	14,912	12,528
Stanstead, Shefford and Chambly 43.00 764,615 — 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ — — 538,738 — — St. John & Quebec¹ — — 538,738 — — St. Clair Tunnel 1.13 2,850,000 375,000 347,771 107,675 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 2 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata 113.00 4,099,669 1,099,200 271,777 199,958 Timiskaming and Northern (Ont.)¹ — — 6,112 — — Thessalon & Northern (Ont.)¹ — — 6,112 — — Toronto, Hamilton and Eastern 80.15 9,280,000 323,100 1,502,332 1,085,317 Victoria and Sydney, B.C. 15.97 403,000 —					36,141	30,347
Chambly 43.00 764,615 — 89,961 97,999 Southampton (N.B.)¹ — — — 538,738 — <		14.40	550,000	46,144	14,005	14,233
Southampton (N.B.)¹ - - - 538,738 -		43 00	764 615	_	89.961	97,999
St. John & Quebec¹ 1.13 2,850,000 347,771 107,675 St. Lawrence & Adirondack 46.12 2,145,073 219,882 653,538 485,310 St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata 113.00 4,099,669 1,099,200 271,777 199,958 Timiskaming and Northern Ontario³ 334.03 - 2,134,080 1,690,689 1,493,788 Thessalon & Northern (Ont.)¹ - - 6,112 - - Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo 80.15 9,280,000 323,100 1,502,332 1,085,317 Vaccouver, Victoria and Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,594 938,338 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co 0.99 250 - 4,876 2,526,897 2,335,802 Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada Wellington Colliery Co 10.75 500,000 - 704,580 2,526,897 104,580 104,	Southampton (N.B.)1	-	-	81,280	´-	-
St. Lawrence & Adirondack St. Martins 40.12 30.00 2,145,073 219,882 29,213 653,538 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 2 169,808 807,167 580,620 169,808 807,167 580,620 580,620 271,777 199,958 Temiscouata 334.03 - 2,134,080 1,690,689 1,690,689 1,099,200 271,777 199,958 1,493,788 Thessalon & Northern (Ont.) - 6,112 - 6,112 - 6,112 - 6,112 - 7,134,080 1,690,689 - 6,112 - 7,134,080 1,690,689 1,099,280 1,69	St. John & Quebec ₁	_		538,738		107.675
St. Martins 30.00 189,000 229,213 14,552 13,990 Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 169,808 807,167 580,620 Temiscouata 113.00 4,099,669 1,099,200 271,777 199,958 Timiskaming and Northern Ontario³ 334.03 - 2,134,080 1,690,689 1,493,788 Thessalon & Northern (Ont.)¹ - - 6,112 - - - Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo 80.15 9,280,000 39,840 40,684 29,429 Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,594 938,338 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co. 0.99 250 - 4,876 3,189 Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada Wellington Colliery Co. 10.75 500,000 - 104,580 2,335,802 York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732						
Sydney and Louisbourg (Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 (13.00) 169,808 (1,099,200) 807,167 (199,958) 580,620 (271,777) 580,620 (271,777) 199,958 (271,777) 1,690,689 (271,777) 1,493,788 (271,777) 1,493,788 (271,777) 1,493,788 (271,777) 1,493,788 (271,777) 2,70,594 (271,7						
(Dom. Coal Co.) 69.95 113.00 2 169,808 1,099,200 807,167 271,777 580,620 271,777 199,958 271,777 1,690,689 271,777 1,493,788 271,777 1,493,788 271,777 1,493,788 271,777 1,593,782 29,429 1,502,332 29,429 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 1,085,317 <td< td=""><td>Sydney and Louisbourg</td><td>00.00</td><td>200,000</td><td></td><td>'</td><td>,</td></td<>	Sydney and Louisbourg	00.00	200,000		'	,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(Dom. Coal Co.)		2		807,167	580,620
Ontario³ 334.03 - 2,134,080 1,690,689 1,493,788 Thessalon & Northern (Ont.)¹ - 6,112 - 6,112 - 7 Thousand Islands 6.33 118,000 39,840 40,684 29,429 Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo 80.15 9,280,000 323,100 1,502,332 1,085,317 Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,594 938,338 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co 15.97 403,000 - 56,468 81,868 Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada Wellington Colliery Co 10.75 500,000 - 4,876 2,526,897 2,335,802 York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732	Temiscouata	113.00	4,099,669	1,099,200	271,777	199,958
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ontarios	334.03	_	2,134,080	1,690,689	1,493,788
Thousand Islands						
Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo 80.15 9,280,000 323,100 1,502,332 1,085,317 Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,594 938,338 Victoria and Sydney, B.C. 15.97 403,000 - 56,468 81,868 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co. 0.99 250 - 4,876 3,189 Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada Wellington Colliery Co. 10.75 500,000 - 104,580 York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732			- 110,000			20.420
Buffalo 80.15 9,280,000 323,100 1,502,332 1,085,317 Vancouver, Victoria and Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,594 938,338 Victoria and Sydney, B.C. 15.97 403,000 - 56,468 81,868 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co 0.99 250 - 4,876 3,189 Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada Wellington Colliery Co 10.75 500,000 - 104,580 104,580 York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732		6.33	118,000	39,840	40,004	25,425
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Buffalo	80.15	9,280,000	323,100	1,502,332	1,085,317
Eastern 236.31 20,850,000 - 770,994 358,353 20,850,000 - 56,468 81,868 Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co 0.99 250 - 4,876 2,526,897 2,335,802 Wellington Colliery Co 10.75 500,000 58,143 5,678 3,732	Vancouver, Victoria and					000 000
Victoria Terminal Ry. and Ferry Co	Eastern					1 ''
Ferry Co	Victoria Terminal Rv. and	15.97	400,000	_	30,400	
Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada - - - 2,526,897 2,333,802 Wellington Colliery Co 10.75 500,000 - 104,580 104,580 York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732	Ferry Co	0.99	250			3,189
York and Carleton 10.50 105,000 58,143 5,678 3,732	Wabash Ry. Co. in Canada	10.55	-	_		2,335,802
Tork and Carreton						
Total				l	l	
	Total	30,794.54	1,808,820,761	152,509,705	243,083,539	178,975,259
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	

¹Under construction. ²General capital of Dominion Coal Co. ²Constructed and operated by Ontario Government Commission.

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RAILWAYS.

7.—Steam Railway Statistics, 1875-1914.

Year.	Miles in operation.	Total Train miles.	Passengers	Freight.	Gross Earnings.	Working Expenses.	Ratio of expenses to receipts.
	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	\$	\$	p.e.
1875	4,804	17,680,178	5,190,416	5,670,836	19,470,539	15,775,532	81.02
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	5,218 5,782 6,226 6,858 7,194	18,103,628 19,450,813 19,669,447 20,731,689 22,427,449	5,544,814 6,073,233 6,443,924 6,523,816 6,462,948	6,331,757 6,859,796 7,883,472 8,348,810 9,938,858	20,520,078 $19,925,066$	15,802,721 15,290,091 16,100,102 16,188,282 16,840,705	81.58 78.46 81.24
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	7,331 8,697 9,577 10,273 10,773	27,301,306 27,846,411 36,726,238 29,280,919 30,623,689	6,943,671 9,352,335 9,579,948 9,982,358 9,672,599	12,065,323 13,575,787 13,266,255 13,712,269 14,659,271		20,121,418 22,390,709 24,691,667 25,595,341 24,015,351	77.13 74.27 76.58
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	11,793 12,184 12,163 12,628 13,151	30,481,088 33,638,748 37,391,206 38,819,380 41,849,329	12,151,105	15,670,460 16,356,335 17,172,759 17,928,626 20,787,469	38,842,010 42,159,153 42,149,615	24,177,582 27,624,683 30,652,048 31,038,045 32,913,350	71.12 72.70 73.63
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	13,838 14,564 15,005 15,627 15,977	43,399,178 44,448,468 44,385,953 43,573,837 40,418,324	$\begin{array}{c} 13,533,414 \\ 13,618,027 \\ 13,983,620 \end{array}$	21,753,021 22,189,923 22,003,599 20,721,116 21,524,421	52,042,397	34,960,449 36,488,228 36,616,033 35,166,202 32,678,035	70.60 70.36 71.06
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	16,550 16,870 17,250	43,940,155 44,447,977 48,627,453 50,086,993 52,647,684	$\begin{array}{c c} 13,742,454 \\ 14,766,859 \\ 15,451,082 \end{array}$	24,248,294 25,230,470 28,699,997 31,068,159 35,764,970	52,109,518 59,359,930 61,831,235	34,893,337 34,949,432 38,909,877 40,468,361 47,405,596	68.38 65.55 65.45
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	18,714 18,988 19,431	53,349,394 55,729,856 60,382,920 61,312,002 65,934,114	$\begin{array}{c} 20,679,974 \\ 22,148,742 \\ 23,640,765 \end{array}$	36,999,371 42,376,527 47,373,417 48,097,519 50,893,957	100,219,436	50,368,726 57,343,592 67,481,524 74,563,162 79,977,573	68.54 70.25 74.40
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910.	22,452 22,966 24,104	72,723,482 75,115,765 78,637,526 79,662,216 85,409,241	32,137,319 34,044,992 32,683,309	57,966,713 63,866,135 63,071,167 66,842,258 74,482,866	$\begin{array}{c} 146,738,214 \\ 146,918,314 \\ 145,056,336 \end{array}$	107,304,143 104,600,084	70.70 73.04 72.11
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914.	. 26,727 . 29,304		41,124,181 46,230,765	89,444,331 106,992,710	219,403,753 256,702,703	150,726,540	68.70 70.90

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

8.—Earnings and Operating Expenses of Steam Railways per mile of line, 1907-1914.

Year.		Operating Expenses.	Net Earnings.	Earnings.	Expenses.
	. per	mile of line	е.	per trai	n mile.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$
1907	6,535 64	4,620 90	1.91474	1.953	1.381
1908	6,397 21	4,673 30	1,723 91	1.869	1.364
1909	6,017 89	4,339 53	1,678 36	1.816	1.309
1910	7,033 93	4,868 60	2,165 33	2.036	1.409
1911	7,430 45	5,158 85	$2,271\ 60$	2.103	1.460
1912	8,209 07	5,63948	2,569 59	2.173	1.493
1913	8,750 50	6,204 38	2,546 12	2.263	1.604
1914	7,893.60	5,811 83	2,081 77	2.253	1.659

9.—Distribution of Operating Expenses of Steam Railways, 1912-1914.

Items of Expenditure.	1912.		1913.		1914.	
	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.	\$	p.c.
Way and struc-	!					_
tures	31,514,098	20.90	35,933,322.78	19.74	35,292,226.82	19.71
Equipment	29,811,510	19.78	37,289,718.47	20.48	36,375,330.87	20.32
Traffic expenses	5,293,700	3.51	6,143,200.85	3.37	6,546,602.45	3.65
Transportation	78,969,544	52.39	96,688,264.42	53.12	94,119,066.73	52.58
General expenses	5,137,688	3.42	5,957,183.81	3.29	6,642,032.03	3.74
Total	150,726,540	100.00	182,011,690.33	100.00	178,975,258.90	100.00

10.—Aid to Railways in the form of Guarantees of Bonds, Interest, etc., by the Dominion and Provincial Governments, 1914.

Government.	Authorized.	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Bonds} \\ \textbf{executed.} \end{array}$	Guarantees earned.
	\$	\$	\$
Dominion	188,965,063	127,965,063	127,965,063
Manitoba	25,221,580	25,221,580	24,589,057
Alberta	55,810,450	40,200,450	17,561,778
Saskatchewan	41,625,000	21,651,459	21,651,459
Ontario	7,860,000	7,860,000	7,860,000
British Columbia	80,322,072	39,357,072	30,647,072
New Brunswick	6,063,000	6,063,000	4,806,965
Quebec	. 392,000	392,000	392,000
Total	406,259,165	710,268,624	235,473,394

11.—Analysis of the Total Financial Aid given to Steam Railways up to June 30, 1914.

By the Dominion Government.		By Provincial Governments.		
Cash subsidies	\$ 105,318,205 25,576,533	Loans	+7,197,030	
Paid to Quebec Government	5,160,054	Total	37,023,275	
Cost of lines handed over to	37,7 85,320	By Municipalities.	S	
Implement Clause of Grand Trunk Pacific	, ,	Cash subsidies	12,670,837 2,404,499 2,839,500	
		Total	17,914,836	
Total	178,834,529	Grand Total	233,772,640	

RAILWAYS.

12.—Total Amount of Dominion Government Aid paid to Steam Railways up to June 30 of each year, 1875-1914.

Year.	Capital of Govern- ment Railways.	Aid to Other Railways.	Paid by Dominion Govern- ment to Quebec Govern- ment.	Total aid paid to Railways other than Government Railways.	Grand Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Up to 1875	24,785,540	16,233,608	-	16,233,608	41,018,833
1876	33,384,177 39,085,617 39,500,986 39,727,685 41,858,527	18,564,352 16,235,185 26,438,915 26,438,915 32,761,921	_	$\begin{array}{c} 18,564,352 \\ 16,235,185 \\ 26,438,915 \\ 26,438,915 \\ 32,761,921 \end{array}$	51,948,929 55,320,802 65,939,901 66,166,540 74,620,447
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	42,441,041 43,026,352 44,700,347 46,236,588 47,358,907	37,629,207 37,731,208 49,548,640 78,123,918 92,703,117	_ '	37,629,207 37,731,208 49,548,640 78,123,918 92,762,967	80,133,248 80,757,560 94,248,987 124,360,506 140,121,874
1886	52,119,442 $54,733,984$	87,247,265 90,929,424 90,225,624 91,349,841 93,230,928	418,950 538,650	91,228,674 90,644,574 91,888,491	135,335,539 139,966,437 142,764,016 146,622,475 150,593,561
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	57,700,015 57,997,416 58,431,470	95,751,474 96,703,890 99,404,715 100,950,140 102,194,299	897,750 1,017,450 1,137,150	96,529,524 97,601,640 100,422,165 102,087,290 103,451,149	150,902,351 155,301,655 158,419,581 160,518,760 162,209,654
1896	59,017,610 59,166,723 59,437,021 60,540,951 63,849,845	$100,585,214 \\ 100,962,185 \\ 102,262,312 \\ 105,294,989 \\ 105,905,446$	1,496,250 1,615,950 1,735,650	102,458,435 103,878,262 107,030,639	160,979,374 161,625,158 163,315,283 167,571,590 171,610,641
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	68,097,799 72,910,445 76,290,546 78,870,281 84,193,801	108,250,453 110,229,341 111,576,663 113,541,518 114,701,648	2,094,750 2,214,450 2,334,150	110,225,503 112,324,091 113,791,113 115,875,668 117,145,512	178,323,302 185,234,536 190,081,659 194,745,949 201,339,313
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	95.273.779	130,389,934	2,658,324 2,766,054 5,160,054	$128,827,648 \\ 133,049,376$	206,928,699 219,215,501 228,323,155 231,264,236 247,670,619
1911	101,595,694 103,434,184 105,929,173 111,956,203	154,075,235 163,251,469	- -	148,217,072 154,075,235 163,251,469 178,834,529	249,812,766 257,509,419 269,180,642 290,790,732

COMMUNICATIONS. AND TRANSPORTATION

13.—Cost of Construction, Working Expenses and Revenue of Government Railways, 1868-1914, and before Confederation.

Year.	Cost of con- struction.	Working Expenses. ²	Revenue.2	Surplus and deficit (olus (+) and eit (—).
Dofous Confedention		\$	\$		€#9
1868–70	2,495,350	1,192,718	1,347,021	+	154,303
1871	2,946,930	442,993	565,714	+	122,721
1872	5,620,570	595,076 1 011 893	622,901 703 458		27,825 308,435
1874	3,925,124	1,847,925	893,430	1	954,495
18/9	9,018,428			1	095,847
1876 1877	4,497,435 $3,209,502$			1 1	530,206 605,159
1878	2,643,742			1	518,027
1880	2,507,054 6,109,077	2,233,490		1 1	813,540 $112,352$
1881	5,577,237	2,220,421		[]	19,935
1883.	11,707,619				95,347
1884. 1885.	14,013,075 $11,224,245$	2,613,509 $2,749,711$	2,551,938 $2,624,243$	11	61,571 $125,468$
1886.	4,433,220				191,637
1887	1,846,887				$\frac{311,902}{454,894}$
1889	2,709,857	3,513,064			345,521
1030.	2,092,100				047,140
1891 1892	1,184,317 417.426	3,949,264 $3.748.598$			767,375 612.204
1893.	712,917	3,288,630		1	26,124
1895.	376,815	3,197,846	3,129,450	1 1	68,396
1896	324,775	3,254,443		1	113,764
1897.	204,624	3,195,960		11	135,880 193,402
1899.	1,112,348 3,309,130	3,696,612 $4,665,228$		++	243,954 $108,938$
1901	3,922,989		5,213,381	•	525,671
1902.	3,083,681				110,465
1904	2,619,060 $6,125,482$	7,599,959 8,906,154	6,627,256 $7,050,892$	ΙĪ	972,703 1,855,262
	6,102,566				56,900
1907 (9 mos.)	7,174,370		9,534,	 -	60,726
1909. 1910.	29,414,227 21,505,976	9,764,587 9,095,904		+	870,167 552,060
1911	24,532,466		10,249,		211,515
1912. 1913.	23,108,806 17,375,968	11,074,853 $12,499,926$	11,034,160 $12,442,203$	+	40,687 57,723
1914	21,628,095	- 1	13,394,		164,908
Total	323,636,8731	205,821,938	194,277,272	• 1	-11,544,666

Tress \$40,000 received from St. John city for the Carleton Branch Railway = \$323.596.873. Includes Windsor Branch.

RAILWAYS.

14.—Capital Expenditure by Dominion Government for construction of Government Steam Railways to March 31, 1914.

Railways.	\$
Intercolonial	91,717,345
Cape Breton	3,860,679
Oxford and New Glasgow	1,949,063
Eastern Extension Now forming parts of the Ir	ter- 1,324,043
Drummond County colonial	1,464,000
Montreal and European Short	i [
Line	333,943
Canada Eastern	819,000
Prince Edward Island	8,920,369
National Transcontinental	
Canadian Pacific	
Annapolis and Digby	
Yukon Territory Works (Stikine-Teslin Ry.)	283,324
Carleton Branch	
Hudson Bay Railway	6,087,033
Miscellaneous	
Miscellaneous	296,873
Totals	323,596,873

15.-Mileage and Rolling Stock of Steam Railways, 1909-1914.

		• 				
Mileage and Engines.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Miles in operation	No. 24,104 4,761 39	No. 24,731 5,155	No. 25,490 5,573 34	No. 26,727 6,172	No. 29,304 6,977	No. 30,795 7,560
Miles of steel rails in main line	24,065	24,725	25,366	26,718	29,301	30,795
Miles of steel rails in double track	$1,464 \\ 3,969$	$1,543 \\ 4,079$	$^{1,610}_{4,219}$	1,752 $4,484$	1,984 5,119	
Passenger Cars.			l			
First Class Second class Combination Emigrant Dining Parlour Sleeping Baggage, express and postal Other	1,560 471 429 317 127 60 261 926 41	1,564 512 435 318 123 69 283 979 37	1,601 517 434 357 137 80 306 1,045 36	1,788 550 453 389 159 89 353 1,132	2,058 627 492 437 176 117 440 1,275	2,167 627 491 466 204 130 500 1,378
Freight Cars.						
Box Flat Stock Coal Tank	$74,479 \\ 21,220 \\ 5,561 \\ 11,721 \\ 197$	5,528 12,680 195	21,069 5,809 13,768 277	6,322 14,715 390	25,117 $6,745$ $14,746$ 479	15,955 496
RefrigeratorOther	2,465 $2,273$					4,716 2,676

16.—Freight hauled on Steam Railways, 1910-1914.

Products.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.
Products of Agriculture—					
Grain	7,435,573	7,545,516	9,741,671	10,386,282	11,473,733
FlourOther mill products	1,916,934 1,037,282	2,124,080 1,166,323	2,303,607 1,387,624	2,374,198 1,310,167	2,432,673 $1,347,491$
Hay	1,084,966	1,611,621	2,130,803	1,172,022	1,182,804
Tobacco	40,880	51,672	68,737	65,489	49,819
Cotton Fruit and vegetables	$84,928 \\ 969,122$	$114,827 \\ 957,237$	135,277 $1,135,082$	93,807 $1,295,568$	
Other products of agri-	303,122	901,201	1,100,002	1,200,000	1,314,99
culture	321,666	238,260	398,144	499,269	403,539
Products of animals— Live stock	1,314,781	1,437,965	1,345,182	1,226,242	1,424,52
Dressed meats	546,791	561,220			
Other packing house products	277,739	369,906	392,046	371,663	358,60
Poultry, game and fish	154,820	189,201	204,421	263,760	
Wool	28,814	42,602	34,320		38,86
Hides and leather Other products of ani-	199,853	211,301	227,745	,	'
mals	242,208	378,507	364,334	449,356	457,94
Products of mines—					
Anthracite coalBituminous coal	7,498,509 $9,166,572$	6,017,858 $12,514,372$	5,938,466 15,027,311		6,624,76 $18,384,81$
Coke	1,384,254	1,416,632	1,166,874		1,552,29
Ores	3,636,607	3,802,162	3,190,470	4,348,666	4,570,74
Stone, sand, etc Other products of mines	4,084,968 $381,112$		5,186,763 957,915		
-	001,112	100,022	001,010	1,101,010	010,01
Products of forests— Lumber	7,302,037	7,364,964	8,129,314	9,590,068	8,809,57
Other products of forests	5,766,903	5,873,383	6,023,407	7,019,032	7,202,52
Manufactures—					
Petroleum and other oils	500,167	591,651	728,643	$\begin{bmatrix} 807,062 \\ 820,252 \end{bmatrix}$	901,32 $779,27$
Sugar	$617,231 \ 37,007$	$614,529 \\ 18,422$	$\begin{array}{c} 635,757 \\ 9,472 \end{array}$	19,898	17,19
Iron, pig and bloom	889.881	887.801	1,104,177	1,394,725	1,227,52
Iron and steel rails	717,081	616,980	859,897 1,214,709	1,304,551 1,499,084	1,031,36 $1,258,88$
Castings and machinery Bar and sheet metal	$1,189,214 \\ 568,901$	1,137,218 $939,916$	970,091	1,305,682	904.85
Cement, brick and lime	2,254,934	2,495,178	2,996,992	3,958,419	3,479,18
Agricultural implements Wagons, carriages, tools,	434,928	540,061	552,470	593,470	468,15
etc	173,137	205,106	252,638		275,06
Wines, liquors and beers	245,626	274,162	325,412	372,495	349,63
Household goods and fur- niture	388,631	412,529	434,242	493,629	459,99
Other manufactures	1,997,541	4,840,434	6,156,581	6,838,904	5.681,670
Merchandise Miscellaneous	2,518,190 $7,073,078$	2,438,089 $4,981,385$	2,711,963 4,410,542	4,365,852 $4,161,154$	5,113,603 3,397,697
INTIBUCITATICUUS	1,010,018	1 ,001,000	±, ±10,0±2	1,101,101	0,001,00

RAILWAYS.

16.—Freight hauled on Steam Railways, 1910-1914—concluded.

SUMMARY.

Products.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.	Ton.
Products of agriculture	12,891,351	13,809,536	17,300,945	17,196,802	18,370,48 0
Products of animals	2,765,006	3,190,702	3,159,280	3,173,563	3,343,500
Products of mines	26,152,022	28,652,236	31,467,799	40,230,542	38,260,170
Products of forests	13,068,940	13,238,347	14,152,721	16,609,100	16,012,097
Manufactures	10,014,279	13,573,987	16,241,081	19,694,240	16,834,126
Merchandise	2,518,190	2,438,089	2,711,963	4,365,852	5,113,603
Miscellaneous	7,073,078	4,981,385	4,410,542	4,161,154	3,397,601
Totals	74,482,866	79,884,282	89,444,331	106,992,7101	101,394,7531

¹Contains 1,561,457 tons not distributed in 1913 and 63,176 tons in 1914.

17.-Number of Employees in Service of Steam Railways, 1910-1914.

Description.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
General officers	372	341	328	371	368
Other officers	718	878	1,018	1,158	1,151
General office clerks	6,835	7,076	7,679	8,915	9,744
Station agents	2,879	2,875	3,090	3,225	3,334
Other stationmen	12,578	13,334	15,041	16,505	13,623
Enginemen	4,419	4,647	5,505	6,102	5,258
Firemen	4,885	4,979	6,048	6,743	5,703
Conductors	3,323	3,643	4,348	4,923	4,201
Other trainmen	7,946	8,472	10,099	12,107	10,672
Machinists	2,935		3,932	4,292	3,928
Carpenters	4,348	4,283	4,320	5,865	4,942
Other shopmen	15,387	19,075	19,568	22,410	20,518
Section foremen	4,539		4,534	5,035	5,130
Other trackmen	30,131	21,628	26,319	32,181	27,493
Switch tenders, etc	1,628			1,715	1,521
Telegraph operators	2,985				3,673
Floating equipment	2922			6,647	5,576
All other employees	17,568				32,307
Totals	123,768	141,224	155,901	178,652	159,142

²Not properly reported in 1910.

18.—Average Daily Salaries and Wages paid on Steam Railways, 1909-1914.

Description.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
General officers. Other officers. General office clerks. Station agents. Other stationmen Enginemen. Firemen. Conductors. Other trainmen Machinists. Carpenters. Other shopmen. Section foremen Other trackmen. Switch tenders, etc.	\$ cts. 11 73 4 59 1 81 2 09 1 65 4 13 2 52 3 31 2 13 2 89 2 23 2 33 2 15 1 59 2 00	\$ ets. 10 72 4 73 1 94 2 16 1 65 4 12 2 53 3 30 2 12 2 98 2 52 2 19 2 18 1 58 1 57	\$ cts. 11 72 4 84 1 98 2 28 1 73 4 40 2 78 3 62 2 44 3 14 2 24 2 22 2 32 1 66 1 98	\$ cts. 12 47 4 92 1 99 2 39 1 77 4 64 2 84 3 34 2 58 2 33 2 38 1 77 1 84	\$ cts. 12 96 5 00 2 03 2 60 1 90 4 88 3 02 3 85 2 66 3 51 2 75 2 42 2 50 1 83 2 02	\$ cts. 13 26 5 40 2 12 2 74 1 98 4 84 3 11 3 93 2 83 3 40 2 78 2 58 1 83 1 73
Telegraph operators	$egin{array}{ccc} 2 & 09 \\ 1 & 26 \\ 1 & 95 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 20 \\ 2 & 19 \\ 1 & 95 \end{array}$	2 28 1 11 1 87	2 28 1 22 1 84	2 51 1 26 1 82	2 64 1 09 1 93

19.—Distribution of Salaries and Wages on Steam Railways, 1911-1914.

Salaries and wages for	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Way and structures. Equipment. Traffic expenses. Transportation expenses. General expenses. Outside operations. Undistributed.	15,544,057 1,564,399 36,832,034 2,515,552	\$ 21,321,271 17,761,622 1,679,919 43,988,877 2,547,950 6,937,984	22,534,072 2,209,984 54,170,519 3,134,119	23,025,968 1,992,093 52,181,299 3,572,488
Totals	74,613,738	94,237,623	115,749,825	111,762,972

20.—Number of Passengers, Employees and Others Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1888-1914.

Year.	Passe	ngers.	\mathbf{E} mpl	oyees.	Others.		Totals.	
rear.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured
1888–1889	57	173	196	1,256	188	221	441	1,650
1890	11	52	83	682	124	101	218	835
1891	13	105	65	582	118	131	$\frac{196}{233}$	818
1892	14	43	110	697	109	139		879
1893	11	57	72	531	133	120	$\frac{216}{211}$	708
1894	12	58	67	517	132	105		680
1895	9	42	51	487	123	121	183	650
1896	11	62	46	445	103	111	160	618
1897 1898	6 5	67 63	76 96	579 860	$130 \\ 164$	$152 \\ 162$	$\frac{212}{265}$	$\frac{798}{1,085}$

RAILWAYS.

20.—Number of Passengers, Employees and Others Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1888-1914—concluded.

3.5	Passe	ngers.	Empl	oyees.	Oth	ers.	Tot	tals.
Year.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.
1899	20	119	119	882	144	184	283	1,185
1900	7	125	123	941	193	238	323	1,304
1901	16	135	118	970	183	212	317	1,317
1902	14	176	152	932	164	220	330	1,328
1903	53	258	186	945	181	250	420	1,453
1904	25	234	192	912	178	259	395	1,407
1905	35	244	208	919	225	194	468	1,355
1906	16	233	139	890	296	242	361	1,365
1907	70	355	259	1,569	269	228	598	2,152
1908	28	345	224	1,793	184	222	436	2,360
1909	36	281	209	1,679	260	226	505	2,186
1910	62	279	295	1,605	258	255	615	2,139
1911	28	297	227	2.715	236	317	493	3,329
1912	48	493	234	2,924	288	363	568	3,780
1913	41	667	324	3,407	377	498	742	4,572
1914	27	415	224	3,161	349	463	600	4,039
Total	675	5,378	4,095	32,880	5,019	5,734	9,789	43,992

21.—Number of Persons Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1912-1914.

(A) In Accidents Resulting from Movement of Trains, Locomotives or Cars.

Description of Description	19	12.	19	913.	1	914.
Description of Persons.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured
Passengers	47	485	38	650	25	402
Employees	215	1,606	298	1,834	200	1,475
Frespassers	235	193	309	284	289	279
Non-trespassers	48	120	63	171	48	114
Postal clerks, expressmen, etc.		33	2	27	3	17
Total	545	2,437	710	2,966	565	2,287
Description of Accident—						
Coupling and uncoupling.	18	208	27	182	16	129
Collisions	50	222	45	347	39	137
Derailments	18	300	44	440	20	262
Parting of trains	2	18	1	17	_	11
Locomotives or cars break-		į l		1		
ing down.	3	21	1	13	2	24
Falling from trains or cars	52	353	65	446	46	325
Jumping on or off	33	240	58	278	39	256
Struck by trains, etc	317	372	399	448	336	414
Overhead obstruction	3	33	1	31	_	21
Other causes	49	670	69	764	67	708
Total	545	2,437	710	2,966	565	2,287

21.—Number of Persons Killed and Injured on Steam Railways, 1912-1914. —concluded.

(B) In Accidents other than those resulting from Movement of Trains, Locomotives or Cars.

Description of Persons.	19	912.	19	13.	19	14.
Description of Tersons.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured
Stationmen Shopmen. Trainmen and Trackmen. Other employees Passengers. Others	2 3 3 11 1 3	163 405 334 416 8 17	5 6 15 3	147 472 488 466 17 16	1 2 6 15 2 9	143 574 492 477 13 53
Total	23	1,343	32	1,606	35	1,752
Description of Accident— Handling traffic	2 5 3	181 283 226	2 6 2	114 466 271	4 3 2	233 583 257
Getting on or off engines or carsOther causes	1 12	38 615	22	45 710	- 26	68 611
Total	23	1,343	32	1,606	35	1,752

Electric Railways.—During 1914 the total capital liability of electric railways, which for the most part consist of urban street tramways, was increased from \$141,235,631 to \$147,595,342. amount \$66,311,098 are in stocks, and \$81,284,244 are in funded debt. The number of passengers carried was 614,709,819, as compared with 597,863,801 in 1913. This is exclusive of 179,349,774 transfers. The freight hauled in 1914 was 1,845,923 tons, as compared with 1,957,930 tons in 1913. Gross earnings were \$29,691,007, as against \$28,216,111 in 1913, and operating expenses were \$19,107,818, as against \$17,765,372 These and other particulars, with comparative figures, are set out in Tables 22-26. The number of employees in the service of electric railways on June 30, 1914, was 16,195, as compared with 16,351 in 1913. The total salaries and wages for the year 1914 were \$11,845,464, as against \$11,047,613 in 1913. The total mileage of electric railways computed as single track in 1914 was 2,052, as compared with 1,870 in 1913.

RAILWAYS.

22.—Electric Railway Statistics, 1901-1914.

Year.	Miles in Opera- tion.	Total Car Mileage.	Passengers.	Freight.	Gross Earnings.	Working Expenses.	Ratio of Expenses to receipts.
	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	\$	\$	p.c.
1901	674.58	31,750,754	120,934,656		5,768,283	3,435,162	
1902	557.59	35,833,841	135,681,402	266,182	6,486,438	3,802,855	58.63
1903	759.36	38,028,529	155,662,812	371,286		4,472,858	
1904		42,066,124		400,161			
1905	793.12	45,959,101		510,350			
1906	813.74	50,618,836		506,024		6,675,037	
1907	814.52	53,361,227	273,999,404		12,630,430	7,373,251	58.38
1908	992.03		299,099,309		14,007,049	8,695,880	
1909	988.97	60,152,846			14,611,484		
1910	1,047.07	65,249,166			17,100,789	10,121,781	59.19
1911	1,223.73	72,618,806			20,356,952	12,096,134	
	1,308.17	82,070,064				14,266,675	
		89,005,216			28,216,111	17,765,372	
1914	1,560.82	98,917,808	614,709,819	1,845,923	29,691,007	19,107,818	64.36

23.-Mileage and Equipment of Electric Railways, 1912-1914.

		1 P					
Mileage.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Cars.	1912.	1913.	1914.
T	No.	No.	No.	D	No.	No.	No.
Length of first main track Length of second	1,308.17	1,356.63	1,560.82	Passenger cars, closed Passenger cars,	2,049	2,04 2	2,121
main track Total length of		371.14	338.91	open	866	863	856
		1,727.77	1,899.73		$\frac{574}{483}$		$1,104 \\ 649$
and turn-outs. Total, computed				baggage cars	33	35	35
as single track	1,723.51	1,869.63	2,052.44	Combination, passenger and freight cars	7	9	8
Note.—For milea	ge of year	rs 1901 to	1909. see	Work cars	103 57		236 61
Canada Year 1910 and 1911	Book, 19	11, p. 340), and for	Sweepers	112 194	$\frac{123}{124}$	131
318.		·					

24.—Capital Liability of Electric Railways, 1908-1914.

Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.	Year.	Stocks.	Funded Debt.	Total.
1909 1910	51,946,433 58,653,826	39,658,556 43,391,153		1913 1914	62,079,767	79,155,864	\$ 122,841,946 141,235,631 147,595,342

25.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Electric Railways, 1914.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Earnings.	Operatin expenses.
	No.	\$	\$	\$
Berlin and Waterloo Street	3.20	161,844	51,804	37,59
Berlin and Northern	[2.45]	19,800	8,417	7,60
Berlin, Waterloo, Wellesley and Lake		,	,	,
Huron	17.81	551,000	214,995	126,30
Brandon Municipal	8.50	450,000	44,345	50,97
Brantford and Hamilton	23.00	960,000	149,528	117,69
British Columbia	241.92	16,000,000	4,013,125	3,093,76
Cape Breton and leased lines	30.52	3,249,000	219,327 $137,292$	131,68
Chatham, Wallaceburg and Lake Erie	36.94	1,560,600	137,292	98,78
Cornwall Street	4.00	200,000	33,346	26,74
Calgary Municipal	55.00	2,280,210	743,858	570,48
Canadian Resources Development Co	1.75	486,000	2,128	4,45
Edmonton Radial	50. 5 7	3,004,388	650 ,789	576,11
Edmonton Interurban	8.19	600,000	2,560	14,01
Fort William	11.63	1,112,500	70,412	50,00
Grand Valley	40.36	1,788,800	120,942	92,07
Guelph Radial	8.50	15 1,500	49,643	32,14
Halifax Tramway Co	12.29	2,000,000	303,293	186,97
Hamilton and Dundas	7.00	200,000	68,097	48,11
Hamilton, Grimsby and Beamsville	22.00	385,000	146,712	133,01
Hamilton Radial	25.00	271,150	182,354	160,00
Hamilton Street	$\frac{22.00}{22.00}$	1,394,000	650,090	399,71
Hull	15.67	292,000		120,91
International Transit Co	4.30	370,000	161,963 81,765	46,76
Kingston, Portsmouth and Cataraqui	8.00	182,350	42,238	46,61
Lethbridge Municipal	11.00	408,877	56,150	62,52
Levis County	11.75	559,000	89,882	70.92
London Street	25.73	1,206,000	350,375	251,09
London and Lake Erie Ry	$\frac{23.15}{28.00}$	2,700,000	134,917	87,39
Moneton Tramway Co	$\frac{23.00}{3.47}$	1,525,400	18,909	19,64
Montreal Tramways:	124.26	36,267,150	6,754,227	4,032,66
Montreal and Southern Counties	36.84	1,000,000	192,276	163,43
	9.00	679,620	138,846	99,06
MoosejawNelson Street, B.C	$\frac{9.00}{2.13}$	81,000	6,282	7,90
	10.77	530,000	100,130	68.58
Nipissing Central	11.91			86,26
Niagara Falls, Park and River	60.89	600,000	154,450 $553,765$	
Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto	1.74	2,023,000		404,67
Niagara, Welland and Lake Erie		295,500	21,525	10,58
Oshawa	9.00	118,452	89,235	68,67
Ottawa	26.17	2,353,900	1,081,398	634,06
Peterborough Radial	6.04	236,256	47,616	29,56
Port Arthur	12.43	816,488	66,350	51,90
Pictou County ²	7.90	600,000	56,253	31,48
Quebec Railway, Light and Power Co. (Citadel division)	19.77		488,852	299,87
Quebec Railway, Light and Power Co.		5,763,434	{ -,	,
(Montmorency division)	28.60		224,369	158,42
Regina Municipal	30.85	1.475.000	231,170	241,66
Sandwich, Windsor and Amherstburg.	39.93	1,4 75,0 00 89 7, 000	293,160	192,83
Sarnia	8.25	170,000	64,036	192,83 50,38
Saskatoon Municipal	12.63	713,688	157,655	132,80
Sherbrooke Street	9.00	2,181,000	48,624	38,46
St. John, N.B.1	12.50	1,800,000	191,412	148,26
¹ 1911 figures. ² 1912 figures. ³ 1913 figu		cluding capita		

RAILWAYS.

25.—Mileage, Capital, Earnings and Operating Expenses of Electric Railways, 1914
—concluded.

Name of Railway.	Miles operated.	Capital.	Earnings.	Operating expenses.
St. Stephen, N.B. St. Thomas Street. Suburban Transit (Winnipeg). Toronto Street. Toronto Suburban. Toronto and York Radial Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Rapid Winnipeg, Selkirk and Lake Winnipeg. Winnipeg Street. Yarmouth Street ¹	7.00 19.65 61.57 9.84 72.43 36.17 22.13	65,000 600,000 15,838,132 4,128,000 3,640,000 1,500,000 511,500 18,374,603²	25,835 74,621 6,221,839 126,001 604,155 164,408 140,388 2,514,158	30,881 65,250 3,249,273 76,708 411,424 92,315 69,722 1,449,220
Totals	1,560.82	147,595,342	29,691,007	19,107,818

11912 figures. ²Capitalization covers outside operations.

26.—Number of Passengers, Employees and others Killed and Injured on Electric Railways, 1894-1914.

Year.	Passengers.		Empl	oyees.	Oth	ers.	Totals.		
=	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	Killed.	Injured.	
1894–1899	1	23	2	9	9	12	12	44	
1900	_	6	_	-	2	7	2	13	
1901	3		1	58	11	98	15	314	
1902	9		1	33	22	120	32	563	
1903	10		7	62	22			778	
1904	10		3	64			53	844	
1905	30		3	87	23	347	56	1,296	
1906	11		$\frac{2}{7}$	127	34	441	47	1,653	
1907	27	988	7	216		532		1,736	
1908	18								
1909	11			218	50	618	68	2,139	
1910	14				68	716	95	2,538	
1911	11							2,670	
1912	16			442		736	110	3,128	
1913	17				44	490	73	2,544	
1914	9	1,757	13	469	42	581	64	2,807	
Totals	197	15,751	93	2,892	616	6,307	906	24,950	

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

There are four distinctly Canadian express companies, viz., the Canadian Express Co., the Canadian Northern Express Co., the Dominion Express Co. and the British America Express Co. They are organized under powers conferred by Acts of the Dominion Parliament, and their business consists in the forwarding of parcels through the railway companies, in the transfer of luggage, and in the issue of money orders, travellers' cheques, letters of credit and other forms of financial paper. Five other express companies situated in the United States also do

business in Canada. The total capital liability of the four Canadian companies on June 3, 1914, stood at \$4,842,200, as compared with \$4,845,200 in 1913. The total operating mileage of all nine express companies in Canada for the year ended June 30, 1914, was 36,648, as compared with 32,557 in 1913. The gross operating receipts were \$12,671,681, compared with \$12,873,370 in 1913. As compared with 1913, the earnings from transportation, or the business of carrying, decreased by \$224,061, whilst earnings from sources other than transportation increased by \$43,034, the net decrease being thus \$181,027. A deduction of \$6,016,364 for express privileges, that is, the amount paid to railways, steamboat and stage lines for the carrying of express matter, leaves \$6,655,317 as the operating revenue for the year. Operating expenses amounted to \$6,246,632, as compared with \$5,743,545 in 1913, and the net operating revenue to \$284,624, as compared with \$1,318,279 in 1913.

27.—Operating Mileage of Express Companies in Canada, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914.

			·	
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
By routes over— Steam roads	Miles. 25,377.90	Miles. 26,855.30	Miles. 29,476.62	Miles. 33,551.13
Electric lines		278.61	212.61	
Steamboat lines	1,792.00	3,161 50		
Stage lines	146.00	146.91		
Miscellaneous	55.75	3.25	2.75	2.75
Totals	27,585.46	30,445.57	32,557.48	36,648.49
By Provinces— Prince Edward Island	298.10	213.10	558.90	483.80
Nova Scotia	1,396-32	1,339.13	1,464.19	
New Brunswick	1,119.42	1,378.41	2,103.28	
Quebec		3,914.69	4,686.68	4,623.28
Ontario	9,938.20	10,245.97	10,333.56	
Manitoba	3,339.04	3,608.15	3,598.71	3,936.51
Saskatchewan	3,034.43	3,698.20		
Alberta	1,371.08	1,750.04	1,879.50	
British Columbia	2,814.02	3,395.68	2,941.10	
Yukon	59.48	601.48	692.70	
Foreign	300.72	300.72	124.50	381.52
Totals	27,585.46	30,445.57	32,557.48	36,648.49
By Companies—				
American Express Co	1,252.43	1,290.43		1,127.99
British America Express Co		- 400 07	89.00	
Canadian Express Co	7,230 31	7,406.31	6,926.51	9,419.51
Canadian Northern Express Co	4,422.29 $13,709.33$	5,255.49	5,762.25	6,343.21
Dominion Express Co	575.40	14,604.88 661.86	$16,765.73 \\ 672.76$	17,168.77 672.76
Great Northern Express Co United States Express Co		224.84	$\frac{072.70}{224.84}$	224.84
Wells Fargo & Co	90.70	921.60	941.30	941.30
National Express Co	80.16	80.16	-	-
Totals	27,585.46	30,445.57	32,557.48	36,266.971

Note.—In addition to the above mileage, outside operations in 1914 covered 16,811 miles, chiefly in connection with ocean-going steamers.

¹The total unavoidably omits 381.52 miles, attaching to operations outside of Canada.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

28.—Operating Expenses of Express Companies, 1911-1914.

Companies						
American Express	Companies.		1	tation		Total operating expenses.
British America Express		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total, 1913 146,269 160,203 4,918,556 518,516 5,7 Total, 1912 214,490 94,187 4,075,515 495,928 4,8 Total, 1911 33,722 104,307 3,871,902 141,297 4,1 Companies. Total privileges. Taxes. Texpess. Texpess. Total privileges.	British America Express Canadian Express Canadian Northern Express Dominion Express Great Northern Express United States Express	19 42,650 7,755 68,809 1,193 884	$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 14,718\\ 7,117\\ 150,211\\ 1,153\\ 253\\ \end{array}$	1,535 1,481,044 355,990 3,160,392 30,197 16,512	66 123,422 32,131 329,303 1,675 1,085	1,645 1,661,834 402,993 3,708,715 34,219 18,733
Companies. privileges. Taxes. experimental experss. American Express 389,429 6,560 8 British America Express 5,774 — Canadian Express 1,666,473 38,949 3,3 Canadian Northern Express 374,704 21,157 7 Dominion Express 3,491,775 54,397 7,2 Great Northern Express 61,445 1,263 United States Express 15,966 1,529 Wells Fargo Express 10,798 206 Total, 1914 6,016,364 124,061 12,3 Total, 1913 5,708,408 103,138 11,5 Total, 1912 4,892,242 87,489 9,8	Total, 1913	146,269 214,490	160,203 94,187	4,918,556 4,075,515	518,516 495,928	5,743,545
American Express: 389,429 6,560 8 British America Express 5,774 - Canadian Express 1,666,473 38,949 3,3 Canadian Northern Express 374,704 21,157 7 Dominion Express 3,491,775 54,397 7,2 Great Northern Express 61,445 1,263 United States Express 15,966 1,529 Wells Fargo Express 10,798 206 Total, 1914 6,016,364 124,061 12,3 Total, 1913 5,708,408 103,138 11,5 Total, 1912 4,892,242 87,489 9,8	Companie	es.			Taxes.	Total expenses.
British America Express 5,774 — Canadian Express 1,666,473 38,949 3,3 Canadian Northern Express 374,704 21,157 7 Dominion Express 3,491,775 54,397 7,2 Great Northern Express 61,445 1,263 United States Express 15,966 1,529 Wells Fargo Express 10,798 206 Total, 1914 6,016,364 124,061 12,3 Total, 1913 5,708,408 103,138 11,5 Total, 1912 4,892,242 87,489 9,8				\$	\$	\$
Total, 1913 5,708,408 103,138 11,5 Total, 1912 4,892,242 87,489 9,8	British America Express Canadian Express Canadian Northern Express Dominion Express Great Northern Express United States Express	•••••		5,774 1,666,473 374,704 3,491,775 61,445 15,966	38,949 21,157 54,397 1,263 1,529	804,101 7,419 3,367,256 798,854 7,254,887 96,927 36,228 21,385
	Total, 1913			5,708,408 4,892,242	103,138 87,489	12,387,057 11,555,091 9,859,851 8,724,785

Including National Express Co.

29.—Business transacted by Express Companies in financial paper, 1911-1914.

Description.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Money orders, domestic Money orders, foreign Travellers' cheques, domestic Travellers' cheques, foreign "C.O.D." cheques Telegraphic transfers Letters of credit issued Other forms	2,205,980 998,051 1,200,930 3,639,779	2,698,797 1,279,086 1,051,621 5,514,822 182,770 142,166	3,510,668 1,771,905 1,416,201 7,309,889 286,853 69,802	3,131,908 1,666,630 1,825,702 8,011,832 370,969
Total	52,165,853	56,995,123	65,044,193	65,897,339

30.—Earnings of Express Companies, 1911-1914.

[*] Companies.	Revenue from transpor- tation.	Money Orders, domestic.	Money Orders foreign.	Travel- lers' Cheques, domestic.	Travel- lers' Cheques, foreign.
American Express:	\$ 755,227 14,280 3,341,982 931,280 7,009,899 101,241 33,706 22,645	\$ 5,831 64,671 17,384 118,719 1,000	\$ - - 20,617 33 - -	\$ 190 - - - -	\$ 753 - 881 - 7,569
Total, 1914	12,210,260 12,434,321 10,617,376 9,644,705	173,261 201,535		23,145 2,806	2,892 2,715
Companies.	"C.O.D." Cheques.	Other earnings.	Total earnings.	Total expenses.	Net earnings.
American Express:	\$ 6,270 28,063 15,829 64,343 286 	14,648 7,454 35,809 1,203	14,280 3,450,246 971,947 7,256,955 103,763 33,706 22,645	\$ 804,101 7,419 3,367,256 798,854 7,254,887 96,927 36,228 21,385	\$ -11,191 6,861 82,990 173,093 2,068 6,836 -2,522 1,260 284,624
Total, 1913	_ / · ·	73,943 68,139	12,873,370 ² 12,873,370 ² 11,022,858 ³ 9,890,072	11,555,091	1,318,279 ² 1,163,007 ³ 1,165,287

¹Including National Express Co.

CANALS.

Canal Systems.—There are six canal systems under the control of the Dominion Government in connection with navigable lakes and rivers. They consist of the canals (1) between Port Arthur or Fort William and Montreal; (2) from Montreal to the international boundary near Lake Champlain; (3) from Montreal to Ottawa; (4) from Ottawa to Kingston and Perth; (5) Trenton, Lake Ontario, to Lake Huron (not completed); and (6) the St. Peter's canal from the Atlantic ocean to Bras d'Or Lakes, Cape Breton. The total length of the canals comprised within these systems is about 1,594 statute miles.

Canal Traffic.—For the calendar year 1914, the total volume of traffic through the canals of the Dominion amounted to 37,023,237 tons,

²Includes \$45,891 revenue from outside operations. ³Includes \$28,440 revenue from outside operations. ⁴Includes \$25,229 revenue from outside operations.

CANALS.

as against 52,053,913 tons in 1913, which is a decrease of 15,030,676 tons. This unprecedented falling off in traffic during the year 1914 occurred almost wholly at Sault Ste. Marie. Of the total decrease of 15,030,676 tons, 1,748,669 tons were in Canadian and 13,282,007 tons in American The decline in American traffic was very water-borne commerce. largely in the movement of iron ore from the head of Lake Superior to the ports on Lake Erie. The above figures represent, however, gross traffic, and necessarily include duplication, and to some extent triplica-The net tonnage, as made up by an analysis of the returns, was approximately 29,786,186, of which 5,521,228 tons were Canadian and 24.264.958 tons American. The total net tonnage in 1913 was 44,901,-Table 33, giving the distribution of the gross tonnage of 37,023,237 as between the different Canadian canal systems, with the increase or decrease compared with 1913, shows that by far the largest traffic, amounting to 27,599,184 tons, or 74 p.c. of the total, went through the Canadian Sault Ste. Marie Canal. Out of this volume, 13,270,885 tons, or 48 p.c., consisted of mine products. Canadian canals were made free of toll as from April 27, 1903.

Expenditure and Revenue for Canals.—In Table 38 is given the annual expenditure and revenue for canals from the beginning up to the year 1914. The column of expenditure chargeable to capital includes all the items for canals specified, and also certain items which apply to the canals as a whole; but the other columns do not include certain sums which are mostly common to all the canals, as, for instance, in 1914, \$37,887 chargeable to income, \$102,376 for staff, and \$45,353 for repairs. If these items be added, the total expenditure on the Dominion canals for the year ended March 31, 1914, was \$4,583,559, comprising \$2,829,661 charged to capital, \$389,285 charged to income, \$745,221 for staff and \$619,392 for repairs. The total capital expenditure on the canals up to March 31, 1914, was \$106,981,781, which, as shown in Table 39, includes a sum of \$34,967 chargeable to all as apart from any particular canals.

31.-Canal Traffic during the Navigation Season 1914.

Canals.	From Canadian to Canadian Ports.		From Car United Por	States	From United States to United States Ports.	
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Sault Ste. Marie	379,703	2,490,510	10.174	582,175	1,153,050	21,438,985
Welland	225,532	1,769,052	278,955	450	338,455	170,624
St. Lawrence	571,331	1,725,196	413,149	91	5 8	424
Chambly	4,335	8,492	295,258	j	-	_
St. Peter's	21,793	32,387	=.	ļ	-	
Murray	76,021	2,938	1,490	~	-	_
Ottawa	57,330	238,317	_	35,559	-	
Rideau	80,867	62,009	230		-	
Trent	15,531	52,009	-	į.	- '	
St. Andrews	41,681	332	_	-		
Total	1,474,124	6,381,242	999,256	618,275	1,491,563	21,610,033

31.—Canal Traffic during the Navigation Season 1914—concluded.

Canals.	Canals. From United States to Canadian Ports.		Total	Freight.	Total.	Origin of Cargo.		
	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.		Canadian	United States.	
Sault Ste. Marie Welland St. Lawrence Chambly St. Peter's Murray Ottawa Rideau Trent St. Andrew's	3,926	Tons. 298,693 1,064,794 1,679,828 128,820 - 3,458 - 8,633 175 -	856,049 985,954	3,405,539	3,860,969 4,391,493 436,905 54,180 83,907 335,132 151,739 67,715	$\begin{array}{r} 2,738,649 \\ 308,091 \\ 54,164 \\ 80,946 \\ 325,059 \\ 142,203 \end{array}$	1,652,844 128,814 16	
Total	1,264,343	3,184,401	5,229,286	31,793,951	37,023,237	9,382,206	27,641,031	

32.—Distribution of Total Canal Traffic by Months, 1911-1914.

52. Distribution of Tou	or current fruit	e by Month		·•
Months.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
January April May June July August September October November December Total	722,311 5,170,587 5,451,549 5,798,169 5,778,187 5,466,054 5,514,042	Tons. 181 77,871 6,134,122 6,851,248 7,054,060 7,159,871 6,983,913 7,321,846 5,369,493 634,640 47,587,245	Tons. 397 875,226 7,260,227 7,647,189 8,137,169 7,625,782 7,531,379 7,350,914 4,891,143 734,487	Tons. 494 554,111 5,307,123 6,136,65 6,339,831 6,261,380 6,069,946 4,660,484 1,470,471 222,740 37,023,237

33.—Distribution of Canal Traffic in Canada, 1914.

Canal System.	Tons.	Increase (+) or decrease (—)	Canal System.	Tons.	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Sault Ste. Marie Welland St. Lawrence Chambly St. Peter's	4,391,493 436,905	+290,255 $+89,066$ $-118,697$	OttawaRideauTrentSt. Andrew's	335,132 151,739 67,715 42,013	19,484

CANALS.

34.—Tonnage of Traffic by Canals and Classes of Products, 1913 and 1914.

Canals.	Agricul- tural Products.	Animal Products.	Manu- factures.	Forest Products.	Mine Products.	Total.
1913. Sault Ste. Marie Welland St. Lawrence Chambly St. Peter's Murray Ottawa Rideau Trent	1,684,967 1,545,775 13,432 15,935 568 2,331 3,437 1,840	361 8,269 490 2,492 13 3,657 3,458 298	20,217 8,078 75,803 15,901 15,213 2,414	$\begin{array}{c} 337,927 \\ 660,226 \\ 337,331 \\ 6,301 \\ 55 \\ 186,710 \\ 27,331 \\ 50,812 \\ \end{array}$	999,086 1,627,996 184,132 38,708 104,137 156,839 121,784 436	3,570,714 4,302,427 555,602 71,514 180,576 365,438 171,223 55,800
St. Andrew's	8,522,327	19,301				81,295 52,053,913
1914. Sault Ste. Marie Welland			Tons. 487,789 361,174			
St. Lawrence Chambly St. Peter's Murray Ottawa Rideau Trent St. Andrew's	2,020,035 9,248 11,845 149 3,032 2,027 795	6,905 211 1,543 - 3,183 3,010 336	297,269 11,111 4,117 21,605 18,663	668,775 293,242 3,126 430 171,440 15,041 62,473	1,398,509 123,093 33,549 61,723 138,814 118,195 1,068	4,391,493 436,905 54,180 83,907 335,132 151,739 67,715

35.—Principal Articles carried through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons 1913 and 1914.

Articles.	1913.	1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Barley	423,728	332,983	_	90,745
Buckwheat	5	317	312	· -
Corn	176,490	154,335	-	22,155
Oats	842,737	816,232		26,505
Rye	13,620	45,954	32,334	· -
Flax	711,921	108,671	· -	603,250
Peas	375	84	- i	291
Wheat	5,956,153	6,045,317	89,164	_
Flour	334,602	408,708	74,106	_
Hay	18,283	15,008	´ -	3,275
Other mill products	26,542	15,844	_	10,698
Fruit and vegetables	9,958	12,224	2,266	´ - -
Potatoes	7,915	7,191	´ -	724
Live stock	2,826	1,587	_	1,239
Poultry, game and fish	2,237	1,529	-	708
Dressed meats	168	61	_	107
Other packing house products	1,996	1,523	_	473
Hides and leather	70	40	_	30
Wool	228	484	256	-
All other animal products	11,774	10,457		1,317
Agricultural implements	28,299	14,085	_	14,214

35.—Principal Articles carried through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons 1913 and 1914—concluded.

Articles.	1913.	1914.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Cement, bricks and lime	413,041			265,384
Household goods and furniture	3,948			479
Iron, pig and bloom	67,646	41,846		25,800
Iron and steel, all other	311,955	162,179	_	149,776
Petroleum and other oils	169,765	135,751	_	34,014
Sugar	54,445	71,036	16,591	´ -
Salt		20,620	· -	155
Wines, liquors and beer	27,847	19,881	-	7,966
Merchandise not enumerated	783,978	602,001	-	181,977
Pulpwood	980,726	1,017,993	37,267	´ _
Sawed lumber	596,722	470,400	· –	126,322
Squared timber	41,032	24,369	_	16,663
Shingles	7,296	3,288	_	4,008
Other woods	53,149	105,917	52,768	´ -
Hard coal	1,503,412	1,176,567	´ –	326,845
Soft coal	5 ,241,567	3,561,754	_	1,679,813
Coke	$\dot{}$	20	18	· · · –
Copper Ore	25,855	2,887	_	22,968
Iron ore	32,498,724	20,917,633	_	11,581,091
Other ore	32,192			, , –
Sand and cement	649,909		-	137,628
Total	52,053,913	37,023,237	305,944	15,336,620

36.—Traffic through the Canadian Sault Ste. Marie Canal during the Navigation Seasons 1895-1914.

Year	V.	nadian essels.	Vessels. T		Total Vessel		Tonnage of Freight.			
	No.	Vessel Tonnage.	No.	Vessel Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	Cana- dian.	United States.	Total.	
1895	609	126,534	583	623,092	1,192	749,626		_	595,837	
	2,070							_	4,577,399	
	1,909	405,546				3,797,482		_	4,947,065	
	1,811							-	3,055,387	
	2,000			2,389,457				-	3,006,664	
	1,790					2,194,748		-	2,035,677	
	2,796			1,674,597		2,449,748			2,820,394	
	3,080			2,237,372		4,604,302		_	4,729,268	
	2,711			3,146,807	4,351			_	5,511,868	
	2,637			2,675,663		4,230,705	_	_	5,030,705	
	3,970	1,803,288	1,692	3,734,349	5,662	5,537,637	_	_	5,473,406	
	3,922	1,959,252	1,758	4,399,872	5,680	6,359,124	_	_	6,574,039	
1907	3,217	2,154,688	3,132	9,961,281		12,115,969			15,588,165	
		2,603,232	2,004	7,035,655	5,293	9,638,887		10,666,985		
	2,597			14,850,738		17,839,674		24,494,750		
1910	2,744	3,173,494	5,228	20,187,704	7,972	23,361,198		33,050,068		
1911	2,713	3,108,880	4,068	16,252,340	6,781	19,361,220		27,774,128		
1912	2,643	3,296,229	5,213	22,536,015	7,856	25,832,244		35,579,293		
		3,793,434				25,974,441		37,744,590		
1914	3,011	3,473,292	2,966	13,827,870	5,977	17,301,162	3,009,747	23,989,437	21,099,184	

Note.—Canadian and United States tonnage of freight carried was not separately distinguished before 1908.

CANALS.

37.—Traffic through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons of 1900, 1905, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914.

SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL.

		nadiar	vesse	ls.	Ur	nited 8	States	Vessels.	Passen-	Freight
Year	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total.	Vessel Tonnage.	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total.	Vessel Tonnage.	gers.	carried.
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	No. 1,554 3,460 2,652 2,493 2,493 3,003 2,674	No. 236 510 92 220 151 276 337	No. 1,790 3,970 2,744 2,713 2,643 3,279 3,011	1,803,288 3,173,494 3,108,880 3,296,229 3,793,434	1,528 5,103 4,000 5,190 4,996	No. 225 164 125 68 23 10	5,228 4,068 5,213 5,006	Tons. 1,617,438 3,734,349 20,187,704 16,252,240 22,536,015 22,181,007 13,827,870	26,147 33,291 39,044 37,549 36,872	5,473,406 36,395,687 30,951,704 39,669,659
				WEL	LAND	CANAI	<i>.</i> .			·
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	1,361 519 1,316 1,375 1,613 2,111 2,592	404 249 536 289 333 300 310	1,664 1,946 2,411	575,381 479,389 1,461,499 1,541,548 1,814,965 2,376,778 2,878,483	701 867 756	190 170 46 115 92 62 55	634 827 692 816 959 818 790	437,431 622,106 687,018 755,631 864,535 787,752 757,212	1,282 $1,655$ $1,228$ $1,317$ $1,620$	1,002,050 $2,326,290$
				ST. LA	WREN	CE CA	NALS.			
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	3,503 3,702 4,251 4,106 4,382 4,997 5,304	5,232 4,082 4,583 4,261 4,819 4,848 3,678	8,367 9,201 9,845	2,033,206 1,955,385 2,910,395 3,103,957 3,496,502 4,240,399 4,505,235	814 772 1,033 1,164 1,208	450 398 620 523 641 603 409	921 1,212 1,392 1,556 1,805 1,811 1,263	482,144 819,078 846,333 961,371	71,901 104,707 120,732 101,750 106,492 127,638 106,618	1,309,066 1,752,855 2,760,752 3,105,708 3,477,188 4,302,427 1,391,493
<u> </u>				CHA	MBLY	CANA	L.			
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	330 350 299 208 279 290 167	334 369 320 289 207 182 179	664 719 619 497 486 472 346	87,580 97,012 97,797 51,451 45,550 62,140 52,736	43 - 2 1 -	2,152 2,581 3,600 3,509 3,318 2,725 2,348	2,177 ₁ 2,624 3,600 3,511 3,319 2,725 ₁ 2,348	213,175 282,100 369,449 367,978 344,435 273,671 241,672		348,561 447,069 669,299 599,829 618,415 555,602 436,905
-	ST. PETER'S CANAL.									
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	278 241 310 269 353 382 451	1,343 1,345 1,156 991 852 942 741	1,621 1,568 1,466 1,260 1,205 1,324 1,192	115,316 103,796 106,242 89,270 88,519 94,890 80,252	4 8 2 - 2 6 1	3 1 2 - 6 7 7	7 9 4 - 8 13 8	467 1,163 811 - 626 1,048 413	633 709 1,240 1,582 351	73,813 81,077 85,951 75,298 74,809 71,514 54,180

37.—Traffic through Canadian Canals during the Navigation Seasons of 1900, 1905, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914—concluded.

MURRAY (CANAI	٠.
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	C	Canadi	an Ves	sels.	Un	United States Vessels.				
Year	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total.	$egin{array}{c} ext{Vessel} \ ext{Tonnage}. \end{array}$	Stea- mers.	Sail.	Total	Vessel Tonnage.	Passen- gers.	Freight carried.
	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	No.	No.	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
1900	520	185		210,983		17	40	2,196		19,067
1905	537	113	650	224,360		20	57	4,477	25,204	29,421
1910	845	395	1,240	378,037	47	21	68	1,413		177,941
1911	940	416				15	84	3,021		163,457
1912	834	176				10	75	2,761		170,081
1913	887	337	1,224			2	53	2,133		180,576
1914	656	258	914	210,747	47	10	57	2,889	15,893	83,907
				OTT	AWA C	AÑAL.				
1900							204	20,068	11,964	389,141
1905	1,027	807					318	31,458	21,284	390,775
1910	972 981	1,217 $1,128$	2,189	410,907		406	412	41,963		385,261
$\frac{1911}{1912}$	1,007	1,120 $1,655$		$\begin{vmatrix} 377,925 \\ 480,751 \end{vmatrix}$		304 397	$\frac{304}{397}$	30,536 $40,598$		320,071
1913		1,640		497,649		291	291	29,718		392,350 365,438
1914		1,267				$\frac{231}{275}$	$\frac{231}{275}$	$\frac{23,110}{27,257}$		335,132
		•		F	RIDEAT	CANA	L.	•	· -· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
1900	1,590	761	2,351	178,456	57	171	228	13,059	7,447	75,432
1905	2,890	1,484		178,804		200	341	7,755		59,864
1910	2,105	644	2,749	176,447		64	66	6,795		134,881
1911	2,361	670	3,031	222,562		30		3,038		172,227
1912	2,257	703	2,960	208,689		9	9	887		160,133
1913	2,185	613	2,798	200,898		22	22	2,088		171,223
1914	2,208	392	2,600	176,904	22	13	35	2,611	19,730	151,739
					TRE	NT CAI	NAL.			
1900	1,541	671	2,212	100,970		- 1	-	-	19,470	43,572
1905	1,582	459	2,041	122,718		-	5	17		45,231
1910	2,794	648	3,442	172,085		-	-	_	69,186	46,263
1911	3,088	1,077	4,165	196,973		-	-	_	77,078	57,290
1912	3,227	771	3,998	208,855		-	-	-	73,861	77,150
1913	3,021	$\frac{645}{732}$	3,666	$217,081 \\ 174,647$	-	-	-	_	99,162 85,218	55,800
1914	2,915	102	3,647	, , ,			-		00,210	67,715
					. AND	REW'S	CANAL			
1911		82	423	111,437	- 1	-	-	-	5,345	47,135
1912	743	$\frac{517}{372}$	1,260 988	210,973		-	- 1		$\frac{902}{1.796}$	95,549
1913 1914	$\begin{array}{c} 616 \\ 197 \end{array}$	137	334	$199,278 \\ 106,044$		_	_	_	$\frac{1,796}{2,533}$	81,295 $42,013$
1914	131	101	001	100,011		-]	— <u>J</u>		2,000	42,010
						MARY.				
1900	11,615	10,140	21,755	4,129,250	2,096	3,406	5,502	2,408,985	217,036	5,013,693

1900 11,615 10,140	0 21,755 4,129,250 2	2,096 3,406 5,502	2,408,985 217,030	5,013,693
1905 14,308 9,418	3 23,726 5,191,191 3	3,234 3,851 7,085	5,096,241 233,54	9,281,744
1910 15,724 9,613	3 25,337 8,931,790	6,578 4,884 11,462	21,777,297 320,574	42,990,608
1911 16,162 9,423	3 25,585 9,172,192 3	5,806 4,564 10,370	18,231,622 304,904	38,030,353
1912 17,187 10,184	4 27.371 10.237.335	7.289 4.496 11.785	24,636,190 292,267	47,587,245
1913 18.499 10.155	5 28.654 12.078.041 1	7.017 3.722 10.739	24,238,788 335,799	52,053,913
1914 18,094 8,031	1 26,125 12,050,856	4,614 3,128 7,742	15,636,414 287,326	37,023 ,237

 $$\rm C\ A\ N\ A\ L\ S\ .$$ 38.—Total Expenditure and Revenue of Canals 1868-1914 and before Confederation.

	1	Expen	diture Cha	rgeable—		D
Fiscal Year.	To Capital.	To Income.	To Revenue.	For Staff.	For Repairs.	Revenue of Canals.
D. C. C. I	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Before Confeder-	20,593,866	98,378	-		-	400.050
1868 1869	$\begin{vmatrix} 33,784 \\ 126,898 \end{vmatrix}$	95,348 55	12,000 12,000	$113,084 \\ 116,070$	$101,646 \\ 118,579$	403,879 400,263
1870 1871		90,356 $116,430$	$18,699 \\ 12,019$	120,403 $135,041$	150,177 $140,468$	414,687 488,539
1872	255,646	33,289	12,209	124,137	152,086	
1873	256,547 $1,189,592$	$127,370 \\ 51,037$	$12,099 \\ 12,959$	148,581 $167,194$	186,573 $213,614$	486,433 510,756
1875	1,714,830	479	12,047	168,401	203,227	414,980
1876	2,388,733 4,131,374	$\begin{array}{c} 811 \\ 22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 86 \\ 52 \end{array}$	178,412 $179,661$	190,578 $138,449$	$ \begin{array}{r} 390,337 \\ 390,857 \end{array} $
1878	3,843,339	1,860	556	187,521 191,892		373,814
1879	3,064,099 2,123,366	2,562	323	Í .		
1881	2,075,8 92	9,585	5,535	197,574	154,654	361,558
1882	1,593,174 $1,763,002$	55,025 $74,284$	$9,826 \\ 6,979$		187,399 178,618	325,232 361,604
1884	1,577,295 1,504,622	$68,481 \\ 75,023$	8,305 1,211	280,657, 280,226	192,219 $201,708$	
1885 1886	1,333,325	52,308	776	282,324	198,252	
1887	1,783,698 1,033,118	89,495 $155,095$	$649 \\ 5,800$	285,173 292,459	198,889 201,929	
1888 1889	972,919	172,107	5,208	301,040	240,261	333,189
1890	1,026,364 1,318,092	$163,281 \\ 182,769$	$\frac{49,550}{56,922}$	290,517 $294,562$	176,089 $204,768$	$354,817 \\ 349,432$
1892	1,437,149	200,671	65,074	293,116	231,090	324,475
1893	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,069,572 \\ 3,027,164 \end{bmatrix}$	204,684 113,395	63,966 $60,265$	291,049 294,446	$204,759 \\ 179,630$	357,090 387,789
1895	[2,452,274]	220,190	60,770	281,477	164,634	339,891
1896 1897	$\begin{array}{ c c c c }\hline 2,258,779 \\ 2,348,637\end{array}$	96,713 $104,143$	$70,340 \\ 62,777$	$292,121 \\ 287,970$	209,322 $178,385$	$339,539 \\ 384,781$
1898 1899	3,207,250 3,899,877	84,120	56,284 $66,850$	280,872 280,629	203,479 202,312	407,653 369,044
1900	2,639,565	$83,525 \ 132,527$	58,837	292,609	202,312 $227,627$	322,643
1901 1902	2,360,570 $2,114,690$	147,768 $216,703$	$61,939 \\ 65,771$	$314,095 \\ 317,839$	262,876 $263,768$	315,426 $360,414$
1903	1,823,274	277,596	63,175	390,282	294,114	230,213
1904 1905	1,880,787 $2,071,594$	302,409 $354,353$	66,067 $64,515$	381,017 $431,500$	$\begin{array}{c} 350,279 \\ 401,743 \end{array}$	79,537 78,009
1906	1,552,121	319,877	62,172	447,963	375,889	108,068
1907 (9 mths) 1908	887,839 1,723,156	264,111 508,010	66,251 $105,519$	329,630 $473,639$	287,231 411,661	105,003 144,882
1909	1,873,869	728,125	106,066	475,515	433,958	199,501
1910 1911	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,650,707 \\ 2,349,474 \end{array}$	489,256 $440,270$	$111,756 \\ 103,398$	515,585 $511,306$	491,793 $471,530$	193,384 $221,138$
1912 1913	2,560,939	442,012	110,049	585,900	555,710	264,114
1914	$\begin{array}{c c} 2,259,257 \\ 2,829,661 \end{array}$	331,987 389,285	$121,371 \\ 147,729$	605,248 642,845	535,136 574,039	307,568 $380,188$
Totals	106,981,781	8,167,180	2,076,751	14,040,609	11,625,318	15,329,363

39.—Capital Expenditure for Construction and Enlargement of Canals 1868-1914 and before Confederation.

Canals.	Cost of Construc- tion.	Cost of Enlarge- ment.	Total Cost.
	\$	\$	\$
Beauharnois Carillon and Grenville Chambly Cornwall Culbute Lachine Lake St. Francis Lake St. Louis Murray Rideau Sault Ste. Marie Soulanges Ste. Anne St. Lawrence River and Canals St. Peters St. Ours Tay Trent Welland Welland Ship Canal Farrans Point Galops Rapide Plat Williamsburg Canals in general	1,636,690 63,054 637,057 1,945,625 382,391 2,589,533 - 1,248,947 4,084,323 4,994,373 7,777,675 134,457 121,538 489,599 13,611,035 7,693,824 994,257 - - 1,320,655	4,119,039 94,640 5,297,179 11,173,882 75,907 298,176 83,131 - 1,035,759 3,451,470 - 5,691 - 21,749,474 877,091 6,121,214 2,158,242 13,896	382,391 13,763,415 75,907 298,176 1,248,947 4,167,454 4,994,373 7,777,675 1,170,216 3,469,913 648,547 127,229 489,599 13,611,035 29,443,298 994,257 877,091 6,121,214 2,158,242
Totals	50,392,023	56,554,791	106,981,781

¹The records relating to cost of construction by Imperial Government were destroyed by fire in 1852, and the statistics are not included in this table.

SHIPPING.

Administration of the general shipping interests of Canada is now divided between the Marine Department and the Department of the Naval Service. By Order in Council of June 16, 1914, the Fisheries Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries was transferred as from July 1, 1914, to the Department of the Naval Service. Another change made by Order in Council of April 28, 1914, consisted in the transfer of the Life Saving Service from the Department of Marine and Fisheries to the Department of the Naval Service, the change taking effect on May 1, 1914. The Marine Department, as at present organized, includes therefore the control, regulation, management and supervision of the various services hitherto undertaken by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, chief amongst which are (1) administration of the Canada Shipping Act and other Acts of the Dominion Government relating to marine transportation; (2) pilotage; (3) the construction and maintenance of lighthouses, lightships, fog alarms,

SHIPPING.

buoys and beacons; (4) ports, harbours, piers, wharves and break-waters; (5) the Meteorological Service of Canada; (6) sick and distressed seamen, and the establishment, regulation and management of marine and seamen's hospitals; (7) river and harbour police; (8) inquiries into the causes of shipwrecks and casualties and the collection of wreck statistics; (9) the inspection of steamboats; (10) the construction and maintenance of the St. Lawrence River Ship Canal, and (11) the maintenance of winter communication between Prince Edward Island and the mainland. The net revenue of the Marine Branch of the Department for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914, derived principally from fees, was \$217,034, and the expenditure for the same period was \$5,828,027.

Of the following statements, Tables 40-47 are compiled from the Reports of the Department of Customs, and Tables 48 to 54 are from the Reports of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

the Reports of the Department of Marine and Pisheries.

40.—Sea-going Vessels (exclusive of Coasting Vessels) Entered and Cleared at Canadian Ports during the fiscal year 1914.

	Num-		Frei	Number				
Nationalities.	ber of Vessels	Tons Register.	Tons Weight.	Tons Measure- ment.	of Men.			
Entered.								
British	4,063 6,138 8,119	2,294,424	1,818,448 418,805 1,937,689	$494,756 \\ 6,792 \\ 93,073$	119,378			
Total	18,320	14,982,393	4,174,942	594,621	574,737			
CLEARED.								
British	3,355 6,648 7,692	2,866,375	3,491,242 480,083 1,056,122		157,253			
Total	17,695	14,586,093	5,027,447	2,284,343	564,360			

41.—Sea-going Vessels Entered and Cleared at the Principal Ports of Canada, 1914.

Ports.	British.		Fo	oreign.	Total.		
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage.	
Annapolis Royal, N.SAmherst, N.S	28 13	5,650 2,644	12 39	2,652 $26,482$		8,302	
Arichat, N.S	152	3,687	30	2,100	182	29,126 5,787	
Barrington, N.S.	32	5,691 530	$\begin{array}{c} 55 \\ 127 \end{array}$	41,185 6,840	159	46,876 7,370	
Barton, N.S Bridgewater, N.S		7,308 $26,055$		937 54,631	75 176	8,245 80,686	

41.—Sea-going Vessels Entered and Cleared at the Principal Ports of Canada, 1914—concluded.

İ	British.		173		/D-4-1		
Ports.	Bı	ntish.	F'o	reign.		Total. 	
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage	
Campbellton, N.B	26	39,770	47		73		
Campo Bello, N.B	351	49,305	599		950		
Canso, N.S.	157	14,997	459		616	51,961	
Charlottetown, P.E.I	161	190,205	16		177	198,966	
Chatham, N.B	51	90,500	66	100,464	$\frac{117}{47}$	190,964	
Chemainus, B.C	31	13,506	16	6,735	47	20,241	
Chicoutimi, Que	$\frac{15}{24}$	$26,514 \ 30,021$	$\frac{10}{44}$	11,735 $60,950$	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 68 \end{array}$	38,249 $90,971$	
Digby, N.S.	36	7,131	44	4,093	80		
Halifax, N.S.	1.698	2,782,093	618	1,119,001		3,901,094	
Hillsboro, N.B	13	14,337	75	49,434	88		
Ladysmith, B.C	33	3,868	16	664	49	4,532	
La Have, N.S	126	10,616	$2^{'}$	198	128	10,814	
Liverpool, N.S	80	21,256	417	35,671	497	56,927	
Lockeport, N.S	135	5,607	149	11,256	284	16,863	
Lord's Cove, N.B	688	26,949	421	4,829	1,109	31,778	
Louisburg, N.S	302	947,618	363	72,093	182	1,019,711	
Lower East Pubnico, N.S	63 581	2,525 $49,510$	$\frac{119}{20}$	$\frac{6,811}{2,780}$	601 ₁	9,336 $52,290$	
Lunenburg, N.S	30	$\frac{49,310}{32,187}$	$\frac{200}{24}$	21,894	54	52,290 $54,081$	
Montreal, Que		3,811,154	95	266,054	1,006	4,077,208	
Nanaimo, B.C.	200	66,702	284	149,465	484	216,167	
Newcastle, N.B.	36	50,701	42	38,672	78	89,373	
New Westminster, B.C	196	29,500	73	29,752	269	59,252	
North Head, N.B	357	54,160	35	1,856	392	56,016	
North Sydney, N.S	1,448	582 ,309	524	159,207	1,972	741,516	
Parrsboro, N.S	178	79,783	96	25,653	274	105,436	
Paspebiac, Que	21	17,774	33	18,196	54	35,970	
Pictou, N.S	19	25,562	$\frac{21}{50}$	34,338	40	59,900	
Port Hawkesbury, N.S Powell River, B.C	132	134,622	70	7,678	202	142,300	
Powell River, B.C	26	13,742	$\frac{160}{27}$	81,952	186 112	95,694 88,303	
Port Simpson, B.C	$\frac{85}{496}$	$87,686 \\ 314,672$	$\begin{array}{c} 27_{\parallel} \\ 302 \end{array}$	617 $236,383$	798	551,055	
Quebec, Que	543	2,582,585	48	141,555	591	2,724,140	
Rimouski, Que	$\frac{545}{25}$	35,910	20	19,758	45	55,668	
St. Andrews, N.B	720	49,003	$1,630^{\circ}$	88,730	2,350	137,733	
St. George, N.B.	70	1,401	208	16,169	278	17,570	
St. John, N.B.	632'	1,141,003	1,024	886,067		2,027,070	
St. Martins, N.B.	57	20,157	95	19,954	152	40,111	
St. Stephens, N.B	386	36,437	308	13,569	694	50,006	
Sand Point, N.S. Shelburne, N.S. Sydney, N.S.	36.	3,912	480	40,638	516	44,550	
Shelburne, N.S	56	3,942	81	9,220	137	13,162	
Sydney, N.S.	677	425,057	443	779,580	$1,120 \\ 46$	1,204,637 115,690	
Three Rivers, Que Union Bay, B.C	$\frac{40}{111}$	105,986 240,979	$\frac{6}{72}$	9,704 $53,289$	183	294,268	
Vancouver, B.C		3,467,090		1,165,838		4,632,928	
Victoria, B.C	$\frac{2,003}{2.002}$	2,476,730		2.077.877		4,554,607	
Windsor, N.S.	172	145,628	226	166,754	398	312,382	
WHOSUL N.O							

SHIPPING.

42.—Sea-going Vessels Entered Inwards and Outwards by Countries, 1914.

VESSELS ENTERED INWARDS.

		British.		: :: :: ::	Canadian	•		Foreign.	
Countries whence arrived.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.
Great Britain Australia British West	1,068 30	4,802,160 151,429	135,806 5,204	274	130,380 -	7,609 -	76 1	95,928 2,783	1,578 49
Africa British	2	2,115	37	1	2,139	23	3	2,682	42
Indies Newfound-	120	, í	3,820	80	11,605	521	41	33,392	821
land Belgium	882 66	375,915 $340,547$	$18,611 \\ 6,712$	321	159,580 -	6,225	$\frac{187}{2}$	375,155 3,449	$\frac{4,940}{235}$
Brazil	12	15,254	249	-	-	-	10	10,552	155
China	54	279,486	16,645	-	-	_	28	105,377	2,281
France	17 5	$\begin{array}{c} 69,262 \\ 12,493 \end{array}$	$2,369 \\ 163$			_	30 69	77,934 264,917	$\frac{2,668}{7,259}$
Germany Holland	27	107,147	2,886	_	_ [_	42	174,493	1,497
Italy	25	87,991	2 ,096		_	_	9	35,539	821
Japan	6	18,419	325	2	1,496	24	31	113,437	3,013
Norway	$ \tilde{5}$	11,948	140	$\bar{1}$		14	$ \tilde{9}$	28,877	834
Chile	, š	8,899	99	_		_	3		90
St. Pierre	32	4,006	292	23	2,249	124	56		1,008
Russia	-	· -	-		i '-		24	95,758	3,482
Spain United	17	35,235	511	7	687	42	20	, i	196
States Sea	1,284		81,185	4,331 	1,928,036		'	2,706,171	110,778
Fisheries Mexico Other coun-	345 9			1,096 -	55,930 -	12,975	$\begin{vmatrix} 1,272 \\ 5 \end{vmatrix}$		24,725 109
tries	54	118,152	3,246	2	1,026	53	66	134,423	2,857
Total	4,063	8,294,285	285,921	6,138	2,294,424	119,378	8,119	4,393,684	169,438
Countries to which departed.		VESSELS ENTERED OUTWARDS.							
Great Britain Australia	877 41	1 / /			1			1	2,152 11
British Oceania, other	- .	'	'		1		l	_	_
British Africa		58,685	: 810	_		-	7	11,078	119
British West		5,618	170	36	4,577	219	25	18,056	488
Newfound- land Argentine	. 882	356,892	18,497	436	209,590	8,911	202	380,697	5,122
Republic.	. 4	6,358	80	2	1,993	26	26	33,400	442

42.—Sea-going Vessels Entered Inwards and Outwards by Countries, 1914—concluded.

VESSELS ENTERED OUTWARDS.

G		British		ı	Canadia	n.		Foreign.			
Countries to which departed.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	Tons Register.	Crew No.	No. of Ves- sels.	$egin{array}{c} ext{Tons} \ ext{Register}. \end{array}$	Crew No.		
British Guiana Brazil China Cuba Belgium France Germany. Holland Japan St. Pierre. Porto Rico. United States Sea fisheries. Portugal Other	$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 28 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$	2,437 289,381 3,741 5,402 200,439 6,736 18,153 38,108 26,319 4,775	70 15,143 91 126 6,131 108 296 1,268 383 325 - 67,780	1 - 19 2 35 17	1,496 5,320 1,889 2,430,295	7 123 - - - 23 365 96 125,016	4 27 37 3 11 12 25 5 30 43 -	4,945 100,692 29,212 10,601 18,653 31,462 72,939 31,351 110,984 5,581 -	68 2,183 578 262 1,196 487 1,637 1,416 2,884 514 —		
countries	35 3,355	67,625 7,417,564				 -	26 7,692	31,369 4,302,154	850 170,421		

43.—Sea-going Vessels Entered and Cleared at Canadian Ports with Cargo and in Ballast, 1901-1914.

	В	British.		Canadian.		oreign.	Total	
Fiscal Years.	No.	Tons Register.	No.	Tons. Register.	No.	Tons Register.	Tonnage.	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	4,319 4,363 4,647 4,997 4,614	6,865,924 7,753,788 8,045,817	9,910 11,413 11,282 11,045 11,279	1,937,227 $2,085,568$ $1,979,803$	12,476 14,530 12,403 14,002 11,904	5,928,337 6,001,819 5,801,085	14,543,062 14,731,488 15,841,175 15,826,705 15,588,455	
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	5,104 4,488 6,356 5,795 5,780	7,576,721 10,329,515 10,405,370	12,201 7,880 10,562 10,946 10,857	2,606,660 2,806,278	12,511 8,107 12,886 13,441 13,147	4,429,012 6,555,096 6,554,228	16,843,429 13,904,874 19,491,271 19,765,876 20,804,313	
1911 1912 1913 1914	7,307	12,712,337 13,342,929 13,896,353 15,711,849	$10,607 \\ 10,966 \\ 11,810 \\ 12,786$	4,618,163 4,530,835	12,467 15,134 16,549 15,811	6,242,851 6,628,513 7,803,910 8,695,838	22,297,186 24,589,605 26,231,098 29,568,486	

Note.-For 1868-1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, p. 379.

SHIPPING.

44.—Sea-going and Inland Vessels (exclusive of Coasting Vessels) arrived at and departed from Canadian Ports, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Years.	British.		Car	Canadian.		reign.	Total	
Tisour Tours.	No.	Tons Register.	No.	Tons Register.	No.	Tons Register.	Tonnage.	
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.	4,319 4,363 4,647 4,997 4,614	6,865,924 7,753,788 8,045,817	33,202 $31,534$ $30,934$	9,654,528 10,482,940	40,148 53,545	13,504,952 15,418,315 13,201,098	31,202,205	
1906	5,104 4,408 6,356 5,795 5,780	7,576,721 10,329,515 10,405,370			25,263 $40,461$ $38,677$	11,436,761 17,527,670 16,490,443	39,575,031 40,701,603	
1911	6,870 6,766 7,307 7,418	13,342,929	27,949 $42,624$	16,380,146 18,069,983 20,677,938 17,026,121	45,399 47,303	21,560,215 $23,275,492$	47,429,545 52,973,127 57,849,783 61,919,483	

Note.—For 1868 to 1890, see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 380.

45.—British and Foreign Vessels employed in the Coasting Trade of Canada, 1910-1914.

		_			
Vessels Arrived.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
British-					
Steam No.	62,753	68,236	68,841	69,468	72,470
Tons register	23,816,666				
Number of crew	1,171,385				
Sail	24,837			21,797	20,717
Tons register	4,725,048				
Number of crew	97,957				
	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, -	1-,
Foreign—	0.41	0770	000	400	400
Steam	941	673			
Tons register	1,313,807				
Number of crew	21,082 175			10,791 269	12,374
Sail					
Number of crew	56,733 1,085				
rumber of crew	1,000	414	114	2,343	2,148
Description of vessels—			'		
Steam, screw No.	53,455	58,666	60,268	61,656	62,615
Steam, paddle "	7,894	7,478	7,217	6,323	8,099
Steam, sternwheel "	2,345	2,765	2,025	1,982	2,222
Sail, ships "	8	1	3	12	5
Sail, barks "	25	9	21	22	17
San, barkentines	19	9	8	7	7
San, orig	2	_2	9	-	6
Ban, brigantines	23			9	15
San, schooners	17,142	16,846	15,215	15,178	15,258
Sail, barges, canal	7 700	F 600	0.000	0.000	
boats, etc	7,793	7,603	6,398	6,838	5,717

45.—British and Foreign Vessels employed in the Coasting Trade of Canada, 1910-1914—concluded.

Vessels Departed.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
British—					
Steam No.	56,533	63,330	62,828	65,542	66,017
Tons register	20,791,115		25,743,368		
Number of crew	1,018,985				
Sail No.	25,051				
Tons register	4,693,996				
Number of crew	98,154				
Foreign—	, , , , ,	,	,	, , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,
Steam No.	804	670	656	476	489
Tons register	1,300,465	1,208,372	1,203,322	741,846	831,337
Number of crew	20,284				
Sail No.	219				
Tons register	53,098	3 0,139	36,929	89,082	70,330
Number of crew	1,296	658	881	2,895	2,489
Description of Vessels—	,			,	ĺ
Steam, screw No.	49,043	55,112	55,621	58,056	57,636
Steam, paddle "	5,948	6,115		4,977	6,651
Steam, sternwheel "	2,346	2,773	2,037	1,985	2,219
Sail, ships "	10		4	8	4
Sail, barks	24			20	16
Sail, barkentines "	24	12	21	7	7
Sail, brigs "	1	1	8	_	6
Sail, brigantines "	23		123		11
Sail, schooners "	17,088	16,621	14,987	15,008	15,259
Sail, barges, canal					
boats, etc "	8,100	7,648	6,477	6,939	5,882

46.—Canadian and American Vessels trading on Rivers and Lakes between Canada and United States, exclusive of ferriage, 1910-1914.

Vessels Arrived.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canadian— Steam	8,199 6,382,322 209,472 911 220,030 4,242	9,143 6,838,326 250,274 919 244,974 4,278	7,667 6,872,839 219,901 969 340,531 4,699	$\begin{array}{c} 9,476 \\ 6,284,121 \\ 217,275 \\ 765 \\ 226,781 \\ 3,735 \end{array}$	7,863 5,830,926 211,317 1,028 244,778 4,741
American— Steam	8,692 4,495,328 134,743 5,117 986,679 15,178	9,344 4,822,578 136,989 4,414 1,380,224 14,069		16,478 8,798,388 212,936 4,095 837,813 11,268	16,270 9,378,264 238,010 3,155 752,322 8,962
Description of vessels— Steam, screw	13,398 3,424 69 1,742 63 4,223	3,637 59 1,403 50	14,905 3,049 59 1,208 47 3,967	22,377 3,461 116 1,157 61 3,642	59

SHIPPING.

46.—Canadian and American Vessels trading on Rivers and Lakes between Canada and United States, exclusive of ferriage, 1910-1914—concluded.

Vessels Departed.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canadian—					
SteamNo.	7,816	8,102	7,295	8,871	7,548
Tons register	5,377,434	5,718,282	5,929,860	5,916,549	5,586,139
Number of crew	189,553	206,501	199,304	201,851	191,672
Sail	852	899	1,052	792	1,009
Tons register	202,387		308,590	222,603	
Number of crew	4,324	4,410	4,995	3,686	4,270
A					
American—	8,867	9,467	10,649	16,368	16,454
Steam No. Tons register	5,020,469	4,804,139	6,757,973	8,350,949	9,526,231
Number of crew	133,257	134,562	163,626	201,321	235,933
SailNo.	5,827	5,200	5,017	4,723	4,145
Tons register	1,079,029		890,184	981,481	728,858
Number of crew	15,870	15,240	12,862	16,397	10,707
rumber of eremann	20,0.0	20,210	,	,	,
Description of vessels—		į			
Steam, screwNo.	13,577	14,332	14,689	22,034	20,907
Steam, paddle "	3,044	3,183	3,199	3,095	2,983
Steam, sternwheel "	62	54	• 56	110	112
Sail, schooners "	1,739	1,388	1,253	1,154	1 ,1 <u>45</u>
Sail, sloops	68	47	41	68	77
Sail, barges "	4,872	4,664	4,775	4,293	3,932

47.—Vessels built and registered in Canada and Vessels sold to other Countries, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year.		t and stered.	Sold to other Countries.		
	No.	Tonnage.	No.	Value.	Tonnage.
1901	327	35,156	5	66,468	4,490
1902	316		27	235,865	11,360
1903	312		21	220,602	11,172
1904	243		11	87,115	7,208
1905	335	27,583	21	100,363	3,696
1906	420	37,639	45	187,725	9,487
19071	257	31,635	17	68,190	3,855
1908	357	78,144	28	132,900	4,515
1909	277	32,899	16	98,643	3,644
1910	220	33,383	14	133,800	5,047
1911	234		17	201,526	5,885
1912	302	30,021	18	140,350	4,265
1913	328	30,225	20	610,650	7,976
1914	230	46,909	27	169,618	8,258

¹ Nine months ended March 31. Note.—For 1874-1900, see Canada Year Book, 1911, p. 383.

48.—Number and Net Tonnage of Vessels on the Registry of Shipping, Canada, 1910-1913.

Description	1	1910.	19	911.	19	912.	19	913.
Description	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage	No.	Tonnage
Steamers ¹	3,332	337,493	3,444	358,870	3,667	389,376	3,847	430,117
Ships	7	12,628	5	9,157	´ 5		3	5,207
Barks	22	24,261	19	21,929	18	21,607	16	
Barkentines	18	11,800	17					
Brigantines	12	1,859	10					1,405
Schooners	2,786	181,178	-2.825	177,020	2,808	172,660	2,721	
Sloops	705	26,851	710	27,018	710	27,180	702	
Barges	580	94,792	587	98,290	606	101,503	624	
Scows	284	31,531	308					
Yachts	1	3	1	´ 3	1	´ 3	1	3
Smacks and yawls	8	132	8	132	10	154	12	269
Cutters			9	S7	9	87	10	100
Drill boats	1	210	1	210	3	1,088	4	1,379
$\mathbf{Dredges}\dots\dots$	105	25,939	110	27,062	135			
House-boats	11	1,035	11		11	1,035		1,035
Horse-ferries	5	59	.5	′	5	59	5	59
Floating lights	6	331	6	331	6	331	6	331
Pile Drivers	1	17	1		1	17	1	17
Light ships	4	472	4	472	4	472	4	472
Cat boats and lug-								
gers		13	5	13	5	13	5	13
Lighters			$\overline{2}$			238	2	238
Floating Dry Dock.	_		_		1	17,964		17,964
Rock Breaker		-	-			,	1	389
Totals	7,904	750,929	8,088	770,446	8,380	836,278	8,545	896,965

¹ Embracing 360 paddle-wheel steamers with a registered tonnage of 66,163 tons and 3,487 screw steamers with a registered tonnage of 363,954 tons for the year 1913.

49.—Steamboat Inspection during the Fiscal Year 1913-1914.

!	Num	ber of Ves	sels Ins	pected.	Nun	aber of
Division.	tered o	ls regis- or owned Dominion.	tered	ls regis- or owned where.	Vessels not Inspected.	
	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.
Nova Scotia	190		21		26	
New Brunswick	154		16		31	7,942
Quebec	93 116	22,317 42,841	5	6,825 $3,521$	15 14	778 1,709
Sorel	195		4	10.533		770
Kingston	161		21		14	
Toronto	332					
Collingwood	122					3,476
Port Arthur	93	50,039	11	18,522	18	1,133
Manitoba and N. W. Prov-				·		
inces	63		_		48	
Vancouver and Yukon	256		11			
Victoria	146	69,030	27	29,515	19	12,236
Total	1.921	604,036	185	252,414	335	41,757

 $$\rm S\,H\,I\,P\,P\,I\,N\,G$$ 49.—Steamboat Inspection during the Fiscal Year 1913-1914—concluded.

Division,	sels su Inspect	er of Ves- bject to ion when amission.	sels a	er of Vesdded to ominion.	Number of Vessels lost, broken up or destroyed.		
	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.	No.	Gross Tonnage.	
Nova Scotia	201 113 131	48,071	8 13 8 21	$3,209 \\ 3,077$	$\begin{bmatrix} 7\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	153	
Montreal Kingston Toronto Collingwood	440 157	49,353 242,386 50,170	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 9 \\ 20 \\ 6 \end{array}$	14,901	$\begin{bmatrix} 4\\3\\6 \end{bmatrix}$	310 80 8,083	
Port Arthur	122 111 315 192	10,278 64,866	9 5 22 19	5.971	5 11	106 452 5,554 864	
Total	2,441	898,207	151	84,928	55	23,463	

50.—Canadian Wrecks and Casualties, 1870-1914.

Year.	Casu- alties.	Ton- nage.	Lives lost.	Damages	Year.	Casu- alties.	Ton- nage.	Lives lost.	Damages
	No.	Tons.	No.	\$		No.	Tons.	No.	\$
1870-1872	899	262,952	528	5,508,338	1894	86	36,777	10	322,225
1873	350	99,523	813	2,844,133	1895	247	93,914	54	767,536
$1874\ldots$		106,682	109	2,029,965	1896	294	103,832	43	1,342,081
1875	286 i	99,427	78	2,468,521	1897	240	86,043	34	766,643
1876	452	153,368	404	2,942,955	1898	187	64,777	40	722,967
1877		177,896	153	3,952,582	1899	270	92,681	53	649,640
1878	41.4	161,760	187	3,445,875	1900	151	59,066	74	356,848
1879	533	198,364	339	4,119,233	1901	136	47,181	126	285,782
1880	445	179 ,993	217	3,820,652		222	105,814	132	835,916
1881	440	210,719	399	4,992,423	1903	237	162,297	32	409,991
1882	451	193 ,655	271	3,138,423	1904	192	81,143	9	489,699
1883	366	158 ,826	259	2,029,752		178	79,588	15	621,267
$1884\dots$	324	119,741	253	2,965,321	1906	-220	139,586	149	573,420
1885	346	144 ,726	198	2,753,667	1907		131,441	55	672,466
1886	377	-150,277	54	1,950,799		307	120,269		1,390,891
1887.	335	-149,395		1 1,662,688	1909	343	189,906		1,131,966
1888.	319	-105,060		1,126,124			211,565	101	1,569,580
1889	$_{\rm cl} = 268$	-110,716	163	1,554,319	1911	271	122,619	48	942,093
1890	242	78,343	64	1,194,516	1912	293	269,569	59	1,053,768
1891	260	72,360	7	694,653			270,905	160	1,963,870
1892 .	122	47,073		595,768	1914	255	210,368	1,083	
1893	. 190	59,421	49	807,113		i			
				-	Totals .	13,237	5,719,618	7,123	78,450,244

Wrecks and Casualties.—The statement in Table 50, supplied by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, applies to vessels of every nationality in respect of wrecks and casualties in Canadian waters and to Canadian vessels in respect of wrecks and casualties in other waters. The returns in some years cover wrecks and casualties of previous years.

From 1870-1888 the figures are those of the calendar year; in 1889 and 1890 they are for the 11 months ended November 30 and October 31 respectively; in 1891 for the 12 months ended November 30; in 1892 for the six months ended June 30; in 1893 for the calendar year; in 1894 for the six months ended June 30, and from 1895 to 1914 for the year ended June 30.

In 1873, 545 persons were lost by the wreck of the White Star s.s. "Atlantic" in Turns Bay, Nova Scotia. The returns of 1898 give the number of lives lost as 602, which include 562 persons who were drowned in the wreck of the steamship "La Bourgoyne," 60 miles to the south of Sable Island, and therefore on the high seas. The vessel was running between New York and Havre. In 1914, the number includes 1,042 lives lost in the "Empress of Ireland" disaster.

51.—Comparative Statement of Marine Danger Signals, 1904-1914.

Description.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Light Stations	796	822	838	901	957	946	969	952	_	_	_
Lights	996	1,038	1,053	1,145	1,162	1,193	1,227	1,291	1,452	1,393	1,461
Lightships	-	_	¦	-	11	11	12	13			12
Lightboats	-	_	_	-	2	2	2	1	1	1	
Light Keepers	र 783	837	883	908						1,020	
Fog whistles	33	44	53	54	[13] 3	15 3	14	$\begin{array}{c c} 14 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 13 \\ 2 \end{array}$		$\begin{vmatrix} 13 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$
Sirens Diaphones	, _	_			51	65	$\frac{3}{72}$	$8\overset{2}{2}$			
Fog Bells	15		16	18			$\frac{72}{20}$	23	29		
Hand fog horns	10	-		_	111			$1\overline{29}$		145	
Hand fog bells	- :	_	_	_	3	4	4	3	2	3	3
Gas buoys	106	119	151	183	213	234				299	319
Whistling buoys	47	53	53	30	20	23	24	28	27	29	30
Bell buoys	42	43	6 9	52		58	50	55			82
Submarine bells	_				9	9	9	10			
Fog guns or bombs.	10	9	. 9	9	7	7	_7	8	9	9	9
Fog horns	4 0	34	41	41			17	12 9	14		
Fog alarm stations. Gas beacons	-	_		_	$\frac{8}{25}$	9 27	$\frac{9}{32}$	9	9	12	11

511 SHIPPING.

52.—Revenue of the Department of Marine, 1910-1914.

Heads of Revenue.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Harbours, piers and wharves. Earnings of Dominion steamers. Decayed pilots' fund. Steamboat inspection fund engineers' fees. Sick mariners' fund. Examination masters and mates. Casual revenue.	20,041	21,330	24,761	34,161	31,802
	27,261	24,592	36,035	38,017	28,653
	5,806	5,207	4,228	4,816	5,697
	4,443	4,084	4,141	4,293	3,556
	2,054	1,501	1,756	1,705	1,865
	53,382	55,430	60,457	63,663	70,541
	4,314	4,432	3,803	3,639	5,549
	38,587	36,798	49,229	34,442	68,188
Total revenue	1,069	1,118	1,169	989	1,183
	156,957	154,492	185,579	185,725	217,034

53.—Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1910-1914.

TT 1 6 T	1010	1011	1010	1010	1014
Heads of Expenditure.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
0 1P: 0 :	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Ocean and River Service— Dominon steamers and ice					
breakers	493,150	643,594	943,031	940,121	999,187
Rewards for saving life, etc	39,038	55,407		95.844	
Wrecking plants (subsidy)	30,000	30,000		35,000	
Patrolling northern waters, etc.	36,943	66,754	40,048	10,732	´ -
New ice-breaking steamers	148,143			00 = 00	-
Other items of expenditure	56,647	40,871	47,074	39,503	42,925
Total	803,921	836,626	1,128,908	1,121,200	1,216,278
Lighthouse and Coast Service—			1	1	
Agencies, rent and contin- gencies	32,999	40,206	89,559	116,505	136,528
Salaries and allowances to		40,200	09,009	110,505	130,528
lightkeepers	324,416	348,750	419,645	415,294	420,616
Maintenance and repairs to	922,120	0.20,.00	,.	,	,
lighthouses, etc	704,050	707,485	596,463	687,813	699,786
Construction of lighthouses,		004 004	- 00 400	212.11	
etc	737,570	631,897		642,417	
Breaking ice in Lake Superior.	33,468	36,060	23,296	54,172	29,856
Maintenance and up-keep of dockyards	47,739	I		_	
New Steamer for St. Lawrence	41,100	_ 1	_	103,896	_
Lighthouse buoy steamer for				100,000	
the St. Lawrence	-	- 1	-	- 1	45,270
New steamer for Pacific Coast	_		-	133,024	_
New lighthouse and buoy stea-		0 =00	105 010		
mer for B.C	110 470	3,726	137,018	_	_
Wireless telegraph stations Other items of expenditure	116,478 $131,224$	80,853	99,772	$\frac{-109,614}{109,614}$	140.082
owner ruems of expenditure	101,224	00,000	99,112		140,082
Total	2,127,944	1,848,977	2,128,242	2,262,735	2,324,103

53.—Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1910-1914—concluded.

Heads of Expenditure.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Public Works, chargeable to	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
capital— Ship Channel, River St. Law- rence	729,739	779,985	749,284	651,571	1,004,145
Dredging plant, River St. Law- rence, Montreal to Father Point Permanent piers	204,113			673,019	695,614
New ice-breaking steamer for River St. Lawrence					240
TotalScientific Institutions—	1,011,958	1,050,899	1,167,462	1,324,590	1,699,999
Meteorological Service Hydrographic surveys	120,240		145,077 -	146,449	199,134 -
Hydrographic survey steamer, for B.C	$150,000 \\ 2,675$		$_{3,067}^{-}$	_ 997	- 892
Total	394,572				200,026
Marine hospitals, etc	66,349	56,164			
Steamboat inspection	40,783	42,818			
Departmental salaries 1	220,611	293,702			
Contingencies	26,633				
Total expenditure	4,692,771	4,197,420	4,911,139	5,213,223	5,828,027

¹Including salaries of Fisheries Branch.

54.—Total Revenue and Expenditure of the Department of Marine, 1868-1914.

Year.	Reve- nue.	Expenditure.	Year.	Reve- nue.	Expen- diture.	Year.	Reve- nue.	Expen- diture.
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$
1868	71,811	371,071	1884	118,080	927,242	1900	130,229	982,562
1869	75,351	360,900	1885	101,268	1,129,901	1901	144,919	1,029,925
1870	71,490	367,189	1886	91,885	980,121	1902	148,607	1,501,619
1871	70,254	389,537	1887	102,238	917,557	1903	139,876	1,671,495
1872	79,324	518,958	1888	99,920	883,251	1904	128,507	2,150,940
1873	144,756	706,818	1889	99,940	1,023,801	1905	121,815	4,747,723
1874	108,350	845,151	1890	115,507	807,417	1906	139,475	
1875	91,235	844,586	1891	104,248	885,410	19071	106,260	3,637,600
1876	107,984	970,146	1892	106,582		1908	177,591	
1877	105,907	820,054	1893	107,390		1909	169,502	
1878	100,850	786,156	1894	165,870		1910	156,957	4,692,771
1879	84,144	755,359	1895	99,557	895,828	1911	154,492	
1889	91,942	723,391	1896	103,012			185,579	
1881	108,304	761,731	1897	111,009		1913	185,725	
1882	109,125	774,832	1898	120,602		1914	217,034	5,828,027
1883	104,383	825,011	1899	126,528	1,102,602	1		

Nine months.

TELEGRAPHS.

The Canadian Telegraph systems include lines owned and operated by the Dominion Government and the lines owned and operated by The Government telerailway and telegraph chartered companies. graph service for the year ended March 31, 1914, had a total length of 10,312 miles of lines, of which 288 knots, calculated as statute miles, were submarine cables. During the year 1913-14 about 520 miles of new lines were constructed. The number of offices was 771, and the messages sent numbered 442,200. Details as to the location of the lines and points connected are given in the Report for March 31, 1914, of the Minister of Public Works (No. 19, 1915). The total expenditure on the Government telegraph lines for the year was \$623,755, and the receipts were \$253,112, signal service messages, meteorological service messages and fisheries bulletins being handled free. Table 55 gives the telegraph statistics for the years ended June 30, 1908-1914, of the chartered companies, as compiled from information supplied to the Census and Statistics Office by each company. In 1914, for seven companies reporting, the total number of offices was 3,342, and the number of messages sent was 10,348,295. For ten companies reporting there were 38,503 miles of wire and 184,606 miles of lines.

Telegraph Statistics.—The report on telegraph statistics for 1914, issued by the Department of Railways and Canals, shows that the number of land messages handled by telegraph organizations in the year ended June 30, 1914, was 11,980,869, as compared with 11,176,753 in 1913. Cablegrams numbered 983,061, representing an increase of 105,527. Employees in the service of telegraph organizations numbered 6,150, of whom 3,062 were males, 319 females, and 2,769 were classified as "other officers and employees." Salaries and wages amounted to \$3,214,140, as against \$2,962,159 in 1913. The aggregate of salaries and wages in 1914 was equal to 75.8 p.c. of operating expenses, as compared with 73.4 p.c. in 1913.

Wireless Telegraph Coast Stations.—Table 56 shows the name, situation and range in nautical miles of the radiotelegraph or wireless telegraph coast stations, as operated by the Department of the Naval Service, and Table 57 the number of messages and words handled and the cost of maintenance for the stations of the east and west coasts and of the Great Lakes. For the year 1913-14 the total number of messages was 312,560, as compared with 272,087 in 1912-13, and of words handled 4,869,262, as compared with 4,275,759 in 1912-13.

55.—Telegraph Statistics of Chartered Companies, 1908-1914.

- -			-		
Companies.	Year.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Number of messages.	Number of offices.
Great Northwestern Telegraph Co	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 ¹ 1913 1914	11,505 11,386 11,134 10,726 9,582 9,582 9,563	47,054 47,483 50,092 50,568 46,311 30,134 30,134	2,810,458 2,749,378 2,907,494 3,812,159 4,400,443 4,559,972 4,756,322	1,288 1,227 1,183 1,194 1,175 993 993

¹ This Company leased its property and plant in New York State to the Western Union Co., which accounts for the reduction in the figures of 1912.

55.—Telegraph Statistics of Chartered Companies, 1908-1914—con.

Companies.	Year.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Number of messages.	Number of offices.
Canadian Pacific Railway Co	1908	11,856	65,508	2,802,216 1	1,310
	1909	12,108	69,398	2,004,943 1	1,340
	1910	12,257	75,758	3,431,493 1	1,372
	1911	12,866	87,703	3,921,477 1	1,424
	1912	13,182	96,296 2	4,642,820 1	1,524
	1913	13,824	102,857	4,831,119 1	1,532
	1914	14,561	105,780	4,225,000 1	1,520
Western Union {	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	2,591 2,638 2,639 2,598 2,576 2,278 2,576	10,518 10,605 11,244 11,599 11,674 12,504 12,483	520,092 534,210 551,764 572,081 618,214 621,423	221 222 217 219 216 235 224
Timiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	205 265 265 294 300 343 343	1,221 1,641 1,865 2,299 2,670 1,407 1,407	95,191 142,985 131,106 211,920 167,326 147,634 136,258	18 22 22 25 26 27 27
Algoma Central Railway ⁴	1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	130 130 130 130 214 378 314 424	174 174 174 517 700 413 799	8,648 3,148 3,639 4,497 - -	4 4 4 6 7 8 8
Algoma Eastern Railway ⁴	1912	66	132		2
	1913	85	89	-	3
	1914	85	89	-	4
Grand Trunk Pacific Railway	1909	1,122	3,754	49,618	58
	1910	1,699	5,081	71,154	73
	1911	1,963	6,004	101,048	92
	1912	2,310	8,780	133,677	112
	1913	2,948	10,728	155,027	120
	1914	3,185	14,894	146,689	134
The North American Telegraph Co.	1908	44	886	49,314	80
	1909	44	763	49,127	61
	1910	44	783	38,015	63
	1911	44	783	40,508	62
	1912	44	783	46,999	61
	1913	44	783	49,308	61
	1914	44	783	43,180	59

Not including press messages.
 Including 962 miles of cables.
 Message statistics no longer made up.
 These are telephone lines and are used for both despatching and commercial business.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

55.—Telegraph Statistics of Chartered Companies, 1908-1914—concluded.

Companies.	Year.	Miles of line.	Miles of wire.	Number of messages.	Number of offices.
Canadian Northern Railway Co	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	3,512 3,685 4,367 5,232 5,457 5,924	7,568 7,841 13,073 15,195 17,209 18,233	1,120,676 1,040,846	169 191 227 - 352 373
National Transcontinental Railway	1911 1912 1913 1914	313 1,171 1,429 1,798		- - - -	-

56.—Coast Stations for Communication by Wireless Telegraphy with Ships at Sea, fiscal year 1914.

Name of Station. Situation.	Range in nautical miles.
EAST COAST.	
Belle Isle, Nfld	250
Point Armour, Nfld Belle Isle Straits	150
Point Riche, NfldGulf of St. Lawrence	250
Harrington, QueGulf of St. Lawrence	150
Heath Point, Que	
land)	250
Cape Ray, NfldCabot Straits	350
Cape Race, NfldNorth Atlantic	400 ⁻
Grindstone Island, Que Gulf of St. Lawrence (Magdalen Island)	200
Fame Point, Que Gulf of St. Lawrence	250
Clark City, QueGulf of St. Lawrence	250
Father Point, Que St. Lawrence River	250
Grosse Isle, Que St. Lawrence River	100
Quebec, QueSt. Lawrence River	150
Three Rivers, Que St. Lawrence River	150
Montreal, Que	200
Cape Sable, N.S	250
Partridge Island, St. John, N.B., Entrance St. John, N.B., Harbour,	250°
Partridge Island, St. John, N.B. Entrance St. John, N.B., Harbour Cape Bear, P.E.I	150
Pictou, N.SNorthumberland Strait	100
North Sydney, C.BNorth Sydney, C.B	100
Camperdown, N.S Entrance to Halifax Harbour	250
Sable Island, N.SNorth Atlantic	300
Halifax, N.S Halifax Dockyard	100
GREAT LAKES.	
Port Arthur, Ont	350
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont Sault Ste. Marie, Ont	350
Tobermory, Ont Entrance Georgian Bay, Ont	350
Midland, Ont	350
Point Edward, OntLake Huron.	350
Port Burwell, OntLake Erie	350
Toronto, Ont	350
Kingston, OntBarriefield Common	350

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

56.—Coast Stations for Communication by Wireless Telegraphy with Ships at Sea, fiscal year 1914—concluded.

Name of Station.	Situation.	Range in nautical miles.
Point Grey, Vancouver, B.C Cape Lazo, B.C Pachena Point, B.C Estevan Point, B.C Triangle Island, B.C Ikeda Head, B.C Dead Tree Point, B.C Digby Island, B.C., Prince Rupert.	Victoria, B.C. Entrance Vancouver Harbour Strait of Georgia, near Comox, B.C. West Coast Vancouver Island, B.C. West Coast Vancouver Island, B.C. South of Hecate Strait South of Moresby Island, Q.C.I. South of Graham Island, Q.C.I. Digby Island, Entrance Prince Rupert Harbour Cormorant Island, B.C.	150 350 500 500 450 250 200
Port Nelson	Hudson BayFor communication with Port Nelson	750 750
Bowen Island, B.C	Near Glace Bay, C.B Bowen Island, B.C., Strait of Georgia. Cape Breton	Recep- tion
Toronto, Ont	Ocean Falls, B.C. Toronto, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Bowmanville, Ont.	50 300

57.—Business and Cost of Maintenance of Radiotelegraph Stations for the fiscal years 1913 and 1914.

		1913.			1914.	
Stations.	Messages handled.	Words handled.		Messages handled.	Words handled.	Cost of Main- tenance.
East Coast	2,750	No. 2,704,411 52,422 1,518,926	10,080	9,601	No. 2,443,145 219,786 2,206,331	
Totals	272,087	4,275,759	119,441	312,560	4,869,262	129,098

TELEPHONES.

The Report for 1914 of the Department of Railways and Canals on Telephone Statistics shows that the telephone business of Canada continues to expand rapidly. The number of telephones has increased from 463,671 in 1913 to 521,144 in 1914, and the wire mileage has increased from 1,092,587 in 1913 to 1,343,090 in 1914. In 1914 the

TELEPHONES.

gross revenue was \$17,297,269 as against \$14,897,278, and the net revenue \$4,414,867 as against \$3,721,589. In 1914 the number of telephone employees of Canada was 16,799, as compared with 12,867 in 1913, and the salaries and wages were returned as \$8,250,253, compared with \$6,839,309 in 1913. In several important instances in 1913 the number of employees returned applied only to operators rather than to employees of all classes, so that the number for that year was understated by several thousand employees. In 1914 there was one telephone in use for every 15.5 of the population, which places Canada in a foremost position among the nations with respect to telephone service. Only one other country—the United States—is known to have as large a number of telephones in use on the basis of the population. The general progress of telephones in Canada since statistical information became available is shown in Table 58.

58.—Progress of Telephones in Canada, 1911-1914.

Items.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capitalization			59,847,004.83 69,214,971.45	
Revenue	10,068,220.03	12,273,626.66	14,879,278.23	17,297,268.98
Operating Expenses Remuneration			11,175,689.47 6,839,398.85	
	No.	No.	No.	No.
Telephone Companies	537	683	1,075	
Wire Mileage	687,728			
Telephones	302,759	370,884		521,144
Employees	10,425			16,799
${f Persons}$ per ${f Telephone}\dots$	23.8	19.3	16.2	15.5
Persons per mile of wire.	10.4	8.1	6.8	6.0

59.—Number of Telephone Companies reporting to the Department of Railways and Canals, by Provinces, June 30, 1914, with totals for 1911-12-13.

Provinces.	Govern- ment.	Muni- cipal.	Stock.	Co-oper- ative.	Partner- ship.	Private.	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Prince Edward Isl'd.	-	_	1	_	_	-	1
Nova Scotia		_	26	41	7	9	83
New Brunswick		_	. 17	4	_	3	24
$\mathbf{Quebec}\dots\dots$	- 1	_	59	3 3	6	29	127
Ontario	1	45	152	168	32	70	468
Manitoba	1	6	7	15	3	6	38
Saskatchewan		5	331	32	_	-	36 9
Alberta		1	4	3		_	9
British Columbia		1	13	1	_	1	16
Yukon		_	1	-	-		1
Totals 1914		58	611	297	48	118	1,136
Totals 1913		52	543	262	63	151	1,075
Totals 1912 Totals 1911	3	35	368	133	31	113	683
10tais 1911	3	25	308	101	18	82	537

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

60.—Telephones in use and Mileage of Wire by Provinces, June 30, 1914, with totals for 1911-13.

	Telep	ohones in	use.	Mileage of Wire.		
Provinces.	Central Energy.	Magneto	Total.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon	$\begin{array}{c} 13,052 \\ 9,210 \\ 63,406 \\ 126,983 \\ 31,627 \\ 9,121 \end{array}$	7,263 27,641 105,473 17,519 16,902 19,196	232,456	25,113 16,844 201,680 363,156 105,902 49,000 82,140 116,447	56,201 $164,811$ $60,102$ $36,769$	25,843 257,881 527,967 166,004 85,769 112,344
Totals 1914 Totals 1913 Totals 1912 Totals 1911	212,732	193,828	463,671 370,884	755,588 636,962	336,999 252,610	

61.—Wire Mileage of Telephones by Classes of Wire, June 30, 1913 and 1914.

CI C YII.	1913.			1914.		
Class of Wire.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.
	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
Galvanized	40,296	282,907	323,203		322,225	365,776
Copper		50,140	62,977	14,330	48,630	
Cable—Overhead	274,136	3,811	277,947	340,388	8,148	348,536
Underground	425,139	92	425,231	563,432	251°	563,683
Submarine	3,180	49	3,229	1,246	889	2,135
Totals	755,588	336,999	1,092,587	962,947	380,143	1,343,090

62.—Capital Liability, Cost, Revenue and Operating Expenses of Telephones, June 30, 1914. with totals for 1912 and 1913.

	1914, With totals for 1912 and 1915.								
Provinces.	Capital. Stock.	Funded Debt.	Cost of Property and Equip- ment.	Revenue.	Operating Expenses.				
	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$.\$			
Prince Edward		*		*	, and the second	*			
Island	100,000	100,000	179,095	47,704					
Nova Scotia	1,901,097	1,185,165	3,505,156						
New Brunswick		107,850							
Quebec	19,304,624	11,645,450							
Ontario	1,704,853		4,747,078	931,680					
Manitoba	25,472	10,530,326							
Saskatchewan	935,205								
Alberta	106,074			1,101,508					
Brit. Columbia	3,188,620								
Yukon	65,000	-	170,180	37,219	14,607	22,612			
Totals 1914 Totals 1913 Totals 1912	28,644,340 26,590,501 21,533,605	33,256,503	69,214,971	17,297,269 14,897,278 12,273,627	11,175,689	3,721,589			

POST OFFICE.

POSTAL STATISTICS.

The Post Office Department reports an increase in the fiscal year 1913-14 of 913 miles in the system over which the mails are carried by railway, thus bringing the total actual track mileage for the carriage of mails to 29,704 on March 31, 1914. The total mileage of mail conveyance in the fiscal year 1914 was 58,617,893, of which 34,666,281 was by railway, 2,409,649 was by water, and 21.541,963 was by stage or The total represents an increase in mileage, as compared with 1913, of 4,288,257, of which 2,079,539 was by railway, 72,702 by water, and 2,136,016 by road. The increase in the estimated number of letters and post cards sent during the fiscal year 1913-14 was 43.519.000. or 6.3 p.c. The expenditure of the Department increased by \$1,939,253, and the surplus from the operations of the Service was \$134,158. the end of the calendar year 1914 there were 2,737 rural mail delivery routes, on which were erected 116,683 boxes; the corresponding figures for the calendar year 1913 were 2,016 routes and 74,359 boxes. parcel post for the transmission within the Dominion of parcels up to 11 lb. in weight was inaugurated on February 10, 1914. From January 1, 1914, the parcel post rate to Australia was reduced to 24 cents for a parcel not exceeding 1 lb. in weight and 12 cents for each additional lb., the corresponding rates from Australia to Canada being 1s. and 6d. respectively.

63.—Revenue and Expenditure of the Post Office Department for quinquennial periods 1868-1910 and for the years 1911-1914.

Fiscal Years.	Net revenue.	Expendi- ture.	Deficit.	Surplus.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868	808,858	785,299	_	23,559
1870				_
1875	1,172,381	1,509,113		
1880	1,179,678		638,593	
1885	1,790,495	2,488,315	697,820	-
1890	2,357,389	3,074,470	717,081	
1895				_
1900	3,183,984			
1905	5,125,373			490,845
1910.	7,958,547		_	743,210
	, ,	, ,	,	
1911				1,192,729
1912				1,310,220
1913				1,177,671
1914	12,956,216	12,822,058	_	134,158

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

64.—Number of Post Offices in Canada and Estimated Number of Letters and Post cards sent for quinquennial periods 1868-1910 and for the years 1911-1914.

	Number	Estima	ted Number	sent of	
Fiscal Years.	of post offices.	Registered letters.	Free letters.	Total letters posted.	Post cards.
1868	3,638	704,750	733,000	18,100,000	_
1870		1,000,000	1,034,000	24,500,000	_
1875	4,892	1,750,000	1,290,000	42,000,000	
1880	5,773	2.040,000	1,464,000	45,800,000	7.800.000
1885		2,060,000	2,960,000	68,400,000	13,800,000
1890		3,280,000	3,870,000	94,100,000	19,480,000
1895		3,183,200	4,441,000	107,565,000	24,025,000
1900		4,312,000	6,318,000	178,292,500	27,130,000
1905	10.879	6,594,500	9,716,000	285,541,000	29.941.000
1910		10,465,000	14,975,500	456,085,000	45,105,000
1911	13,324	11,584,000	16,382,000	504,233,000	49,313,000
1912		13,021,000	18,215,000	566,140,000	54,727,000
1913	14,178	14,586,000	20,179,000	633,475,000	60,644,000
1914	13,811	15,500,000	21,379,000	673,145,000	64,493,000

¹Including post cards (first issued in 1871).

65.—Number of Post Offices in Canada and Estimated Number of Letters and Post cards sent by Provinces, 1914.

	Number of	Registered		ted Number sent of		
Provinces.	post offices.	letters.	Free letters.	Total letters posted.	Post cards.	
Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Quebec Saskatchewan Yukon	763 799 1,386 2,008 3,345 292 2,587	1,021,000 1,700,000 1,597,000 471,000 650,000 6,100,000 95,000 2,919,000 933,000 14,000	\$83,000 1,265,000 1,305,000 448,000 652,000 13,541,000 89,000 2,424,000 761,000 11,000	43,842,000 69,011,000 68,437,000 20,897,000 30,829,000 279,375,000 3,906,000 116,593,000 39,534,000 721,000	2,753,000 3,383,000 4,294,000 1,914,000 2,578,000 38,877,000 258,000 7,903,000 2,493,000 40,000	
Total	13,811	15,500,000	21,379,000	673,145,000	64,493,000	

66.—Steamship Subventions for the Conveyance of Mails, 1912-1914.

Service.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Consider and Cirks	16 667	\$ 12.500	\$
Canada and Cuba	16,667 $555,657$	$\frac{12,500}{553,766}$	951.484
Canada and South Africa	146,000	146.000	146,000
Canada and Australia or New Zealand or both on	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<i>'</i>	
Pacific Ocean	180,509	180,509	180,509
Canada (Atlantic) and Australia and New Zealand	120,000	120,000	12 5,00 0
Canada and Mexico and Atlantic and Pac. Oceans	125,000	81,250	4,167
Canada and France ¹	174,488	198,484	195,458

¹Under special statute.

POST OFFICE.

66.—Steamship Subventions for the Conveyance of Mails, 1912-1914—con.

Service.	1912.	1913.	1914.
		\$	
Canada, China and Japan ¹	120,855	121,666	118,8
Canada and Newfoundland	8,591	36,765	66,14
Canada and Manchester, England	35,000	35,000	35,00
Anada and Manchester, Engrand		11,250	10,87
st. John and Glasgow	9,375		
t. John, Dublin and Belfast.	3,000	6,000	6,78
t. John, Halifax and London	40,000	38,661	40,00
t. John and Digbyt. John, Digby, Bear River and Clementsport	19,936	19,807	19,54
t. John, Digby, Bear River and Clementsport	1.500		-
t. John, Annapolis and Granville	1,500	1,500	1,50
t. John, Halifax viâ Yarmouth	9,500	9,000	
t. John and Minas Basin.	5,105	8,000	7.8
t. John and Westport.	2,500	2,500	5,5
t. John, Halifax, West Indies and South America			161 60
t. John, Hainax, West Indies and South America	65,700	94,939	161,60
t. John and Margaretville	2,500	-	
t. John, Port Wade and Bridgetown	1,146	2,000	2,0
Ialifax and Sherbrooke	-	-	2,0
Ialifax, Mahone, Tancook Isle, etc	-	-	2,8
Ialifax, St. John, Newfoundland and Liverpool	20,000	18,583	20,0
Lalifax and Newfoundland	4,000	10,000	10,0
Ialifax and Canso	4,000	4,000	5,0
Talifor and Oner Day	9,000	2,404	$^{0,0}_{2,0}$
Ialifax and Spry Bay	2,500		
latitax and West Coast of C. B	1,714	1,444	1,5
Halifax, South of Cape Breton and Bras d'Or Lake			
ports	3,680	3,200	3,6
Magdalen Islands and Mainland	15,000	14,808	15,0
Frand Manan and Mainland	7,000	10,000	9,9
P. E. Island and Great Britain.	7,500	7,500	- / -
P. E. Island and Mainland	12,500	12,500	12.5
P. Island Cone Proton and Namfoundland		12,000	16.5
P. E. Island, Cape Breton and Newfoundland	12,000	12,000	
Quebec and Gaspé	8,500	8,500	8,5
Quebec and Blanc Sablon	13,667	12,214	16,2
Quebec and Isle of Orleans	2,000	2,000	5
uebec and North Shore Isle of Orleans	2,500	2,500	4,5
Mahone Bay and Tancook Island	833	3,064	1,0
Pictou, Murray Harbour, etc., and Georgetown	6,000	6,000	6,0
Pictou and Cheticamn	2,097	0,000	-,-
Pictou and CheticampPictou and New Glasgow and Antigonish County	2,001		
Donto Donto			5
Ports	- 404	c 000	
Pt. Mulgrave and Guysboro	5,404	6,000	5,2
Pt. Mulgrave, St. Peter, etc	6,000	6,000	5,9
Pt. Mulgrave and Canso	4,756	6,000	6,3
Pictou, Mulgrave and Cheticamp	5,000	6,719	7,0
Petit de Grat and Mulgrave I. C. R. Terminus	3,240	4,871	5,8
Baddeck, Grand Narrows, etc	5,825	5,825	5,8
Gaspé, Dalhousie and Campbellton	13,500	13,250	20,0
Gaspé Basin, North Shore of the River and Gulf of	10,000	10,200	20,0
	1 000	1 000	
St. Lawrence	1,000	1,000	
Sydney and around C. B. Island	5,000	4,000	5,5
Sydney and Whycocomagh	3,000	3,000	3,0
Sydney and Bay St. Lawrence Ports	6,500	6,500	6,0
St. Stephen, St. Croix, etc	3,000	4,000	6.0
St. Catharines Bay and Tadousac	3,500	3,500	3,4
Victoria, Vancouver and Skagway	12,500	12,500	12,5
Charlottetown, Victoria and Holiday's Wharf	12,000	12,000	$\overset{12,0}{2,5}$
		-	4.4

¹ Under special statute.

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

66.—Steamship Subventions for the Conveyance of Mails, 1912-1914—concluded.

Service.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Victoria and Vancouver Island (west coast) Victoria and San Francisco	\$ 5,000 3,000		
Petitcodiac River and Cumberland Co., N.B Newcastle, Neguac and Escouminac, Miramichi	2,000	2,000	2,000
River Pelee Island and Mainland Annapolis and Hull, Eng	5,000	5,000	
Froudes Point and Lockport	600 8,200	600 8,200	
Rivière du Loup and Tadousac. St. John and Cumberland Basin. St. John and St. Andrews.	$13,200 \\ 3,000$	2,838	2,694
Shippegan, Caraquet and Miscou Island Kenora, Rainy River and Fort Frances	1,500 4,999	1,500	
Cheticamp, Sydney and St. John's	1,500	10,000	16,800
sidized steamship services		1,908	
Total subsidies and subventions	1,904,513	1,952,525	2,383,687

67.—Operation of the Money Order System in Canada, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Years.	Orders issued in	Value of orders	Paya	ıble in	Value of orders issued in other
	Canada.	issued in Canada.	Canada.	Other countries.	countries payable in Canada.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 (9 mos.)	No. 1,151,024 1,446,129 1,668,705 1,869,233 1,924,130 2,178,549 1,845,278	23,549,402 26,868,202 29,652,811 32,349,476 37,355,673	18,423,035 20,761,078 21,706,474 23,410,485 26,133,565	5,126,367 6,107,124 7,946,337 8,938,991 11,222,108	3,575,803 4,604,528 5,197,122 5,602,257 6,533,201
1908	2,990,691	49,974,007 52,627,770	31,836,629 36,577,552	$\begin{vmatrix} 18,137,378 \\ 16,050,218 \end{vmatrix}$	7,933,361 7,794,751
1911 1912 1913 1914	4,840,896 5,777,757 6,866,563 7,227,964	84,065,891 101,153,272	52,568,433 61,324,030	31,497,458	8,712,667 9,081,627

POST OFFICE.

68.—Money Orders by Provinces, 1910-1914.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Money order offices in— Canada Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory.	No. 3,311 33 282 168 799 1,191 228 242 150 210 8	No. 3,501 33 203 172 822 1,219 238 279 203 235 7	296 180 847 1,242 250 314 225	No. 3,923 35 307 188 873 1,313 271 355 261 312 8	39 313 205 923 1,418 289 418 307 356
Money orders issued in— Canada. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon Territory.	4,178,752 24,636 303,606 150,287 689,772 1,462,731 383,314 409,950 316,815 427,231 10,410	4,840,896 25,374 325,200 154,918 767,449 1,674,749 425,315 511,290 404,425 541,700 10,476	5,777,757 27,027 362,180 167,684 873,343 1,943,540 511,167 669,926 535,250 679,017 9,623	6,866,563 30,632 416,417 190,460 1,009,494 2,249,400 579,927 858,219 696,877 823,505 11,632	$\begin{array}{r} 31,142 \\ 414,347 \\ 193,225 \end{array}$
Receipts for money orders issued in— Canada Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory	\$ 60,937,162 369,564 4.115,865 2,426,862 10,433,195 18,513,861 5.426,855 6,559,824 4.774,877 7,929,038 417,221	\$ 70,614,862 375,092 4,374,325 2,330,667 11,348,248 21,554,936 5,875,071 8,024,158 6,170,036	398,236, 4,815,748 2,430,285 12,713,948 25,146,215 7,328,677 10,455,057 8,142,612	448,844 5,370,698 2,697,473	\$ 109,500,670 504,712 5,566,825 2,912,633 16,013,433 32,641,571 8,636,161 15,712,547 12,253,076 14,793,581 466,131
Number of money orders paid in— Canada Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory.	No. 3,408,808 21,261 188,217 111,372 617,934 1.512,129 593,423 110,210 104,274 148,588 1,400		No. 4,259,166 22,020 200,293 118,936 730,111 1,860,610 784,343 157,720 171,136 212,967 1,030	No. 4,904,577 24,494 221,706 129,856 810,632 2,121,518 904,324 197,708 222,963 270,169 1,207	No. 5,139,923 24,932 219,642 131,350 785,336 2,157,346 992,678 246,137 271,489 309,741 1,272

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS.

68.-Money Orders by Provinces, 1910-1914-concluded.

Provinces.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Amount of money orders	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada	49,773,846	54,297,619	60,883,536	69,440,073	75,887,652
Prince Edward Island	375,241	379,394	388,473	447,169	574,074
Nova Scotia	3,089,149		3,239,592	3,501,067	3,615,078
New Brunswick	1,849,657	1,879,731	1,944,676	2,076,110	2,214,650
Quebec			10,143,294	10,813,901	11,372,038
Ontario	18,779,554	20,232,738	22,356,135	24,909,663	26,506,701
Manitoba	8,467,397	9,289,716	11,069,176	12,895,357	14,288,363
Saskatchewan	2,449,105				
Alberta	2,147,028				
British Columbia	3,163,030		4,620,405		
Yukon Territory	55,145				

69.—Number and Total Values of Postal Notes, 1909-1914.

						
$\mathbf{Value}.$	1909.	191 0.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
\$ c.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
0.20	94,872	112,730	125,880	134,440	148,718	191,419
0.25	182,015	213,278	237,435			364,104
0.30						238,523
0.40		133,850				
0.50						
0.60	99,293					
0.70	57,386					
0.75			157,494			
0.80	81,001					
0.90	72,261	84,929				
1.00,	403,267					
1.50	141,282					
2.00	238,603					
2.50	81,740					
3.00						
4.00	94,121					
5.00	212,592	244,436				
10.00	137,054		179,183			
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	'	,	,	
Total notes re-						
ceived No.	2,630,503	3.059,817	3,431,667	3,785,135	4,200,564	4,970,067
Total value \$	5,112,853	5,904,414	6,665,502	7,344,614	8,053,507	9,231,326
Commission re-	, ,	, ,	, ,			
ceived"	55,990	64 ,996	73,100	80,650	80,018	104,311
Postalnotesissued	· '			·		
to postmasters No.	2,780,610	3,167,820	3,551,065	3,908,295	4,463,995	5,368,125
Value of notes is-	i l		1			
sued \$	5,379,696	6,139,305	6,927,153	7,634,746	8,569,462	10,170.355
	, , ,					

POST OFFICE.

70 .- Issue of Postage Stamps, etc., 1913-1914.

D. Jackiana	Issue :	1913.	Issue	1914.
Denominations.	Number.	Value.	Number.	Value.
	No.	\$	No.	\$
l cent postage stamps	382,761,500			3,723,403
2 " "	351,414,100	7,028,282		6,666,360
5 " "	15,181,150	759,058	17 ,063,650	853,182
7 " "	4,895,700	336,399	5,440,000	380,800
0 " "	4,040,025		4,874,475	487,447
0 " "	1,183,700	236,740	1, 403.350	289,670
) " <u>"</u>	154,950	77,475	201,915	100,958
O cent special delivery stamps	168,495	16,850	212,465	21,247
cent postage due stamps	581,300	5,813	7 19,000	
4	1,618,100	32,362	1,704,150	34,083
	930,900	46,545		66,805
I cent stamp books	-		456 ,764	114,191
2 " "	2.272,421	568,105		552, F6 2
1 " post bands	576,700	6,920		8,270
1 " post cards	30,793,100	307,931	30,467, 300	
1 " advt. (16 on 1 sheet)	1.000,000	10,000	1,100,000	11,000
	3.349,000	33,490	3,994,000	39,940
1 " (single)	462,800	4.628	513,200	5,132
2 " Postal Union eards	72,400	1,448	79 ,350	1,587
2 " reply cards	280,700			7,248
1 " (single) 2 " Postal Union cards 2 " reply cards 3 stamped envelopes 2 " " 4 " special newspaper wrappers.	2,318,100	27,817	2,465,800	29,590
2 " " " ".	4,552,100	100,146	4,656,400	102,441
	946 , 400	9,464	945,700	9,457
6 " International reply coupons.	9,600	576	11,690	701
STAMPS IN ROLLS.				
1 cent sidewise at \$5.06	15,788	79,887	54,426	275,396
2 " \$10.06	15,820		51,511	518,201
1 " endwise \$ 5.06	1,740	8,804	1,287	6,512
2 " \$10.06	1,770	17,806	1,441	14,496
Totals	809,508,359	14 112 927	786 672 522	14 623 142

IX.-LABOUR.

The Department of Labour of the Dominion Government was established in 1900, under authority of the Conciliation Act, 1900 (63-64 Vict., c. 24), its chief duties originally comprising the administration of certain provisions of this statute designed to aid in the prevention and settlement of labour disputes, the administration of the Government's fair wages policy for the protection of workmen employed on Dominion Government contracts and works aided by grant of public funds, the collection and classification of statistical and other information relative to conditions of labour, and the publication of a monthly journal known as

LABOUR.

the "Labour Gazette." The work of the Department was greatly increased in 1907 by the passage of the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 20), which was designed to aid in the prevention and settlement of strikes and lockouts in mines and industries connected with public utilities. The Department is also charged with the administration of the Combines Investigation Act, 1910 (9-10 Edw. VII, c. 9). The scope of the Department has increased in other directions, especially in the investigation of the wholesale and retail prices of Canadian commodities and of questions affecting the cost of living, and through the inquiries made by the Royal Commission on Industrial Training and Technical Education. From 1900 to 1909, the Department was administered by the Postmaster-General, who was also Minister of Labour. It was constituted a separate Department under the Labour Department Act, 1909 (8-9 Edw. VII, c. 22).

Labour Conditions in 1914.—As stated in the Labour Gazette for January, 1915, the financial stringency and business depression, which became marked in the latter half of 1913, was not improved at the commencement of the new year, and with the outbreak of war conditions rapidly became worse. Many factories either closed down completely, reduced working hours, or laid off numbers of employees. The temporary cessation of ocean transportation, with the consequent cutting off of sources of supply of raw materials and of markets for both agricultural and manufactured products, and the general uncertainty caused by the war, had a most depressing effect on business and industry all over As the war progressed, however, and it was seen that the trade routes were safe, and that prompt measures had been taken to safeguard the banking situation, confidence returned, and efforts were made to keep the factories running to the greatest possible extent. Gifts by the Federal and Provincial Governments of supplies of flour stimulated the flour-milling business, and assisted activity in transportation. Pulp and paper mills became very busy, and orders for war material rendered conditions active in textile factories, leather factories, meat packing establishments, and in some branches of metal and wood-working manu-Despite this improvement, however, there were still large numbers of unemployed, and in many localities charitable and relief organizations took care of large numbers of destitute persons. Recruiting of soldiers for Canadian contingents did much to relieve the situation, and towards the end of the year Government and municipal undertakings were commenced in many parts to assist in providing employment.

The year was a good one for farmers. While the Western grain crops were not so heavy as in the previous year, they gave good returns, owing to the high prices realized. Root crops were exceptionally good everywhere. Fruits were generally fair, apples being a very heavy crop. Fishermen, on the whole, had a successful year, but the dislocation of the European market left large stocks in the hands of the packers. Lumbering had a fair year in most districts, but in some localities low water curtailed operations during the summer. Sales were dull, owing to lack of building operations and the unsettled state of foreign markets. Metal mining in the Cobalt and Porcupine districts was about normal, but conditions in British Columbia were on the whole

LABOUR CONDITIONS IN 1914.

quiet. Owing to the falling off in manufacturing and other industries throughout the Dominion there was a lack of demand for coal, and broken time in the mines of both eastern and western Canada was general. Conditions in Nova Scotia at the end of the year were somewhat improved. but in the West the coal mining industry was very quiet. Trade, both domestic and foreign, showed a marked falling off as compared with the previous year. Railway construction continued fairly active, with some diminution compared with the previous year, owing to the completion of some lines and the difficulty of obtaining funds to carry on others. During the first nine months of the year wages were almost stationary, there having been reported only 46 changes in wages and hours in this period, compared with 173 in the corresponding period of 1913. these changes 39 were increases affecting about 12,500 employees, and 4 were decreases in wages affecting about 2,000 employees. situation was somewhat different in the last quarter of the year, when there were 27 changes, of which 22 were of the nature of reductions in wages, 1 a reduction in wages and hours, and 4 increases in wages.

Labour Organization.—The total trades union membership reported at the end of 1914 was 166,163, being comprised in 2,003 local branches of trade union organizations of all types. The membership reported at the close of 1913 was 175,799, comprised in 2,017 branches. was therefore a decrease of 9,636 members and 14 branches during the Of the total trades union membership for 1914, 140,482 were members of international organizations, which have 1,774 local branches in Canada. The remaining 25,681 were members of national independent bodies. There was a loss of 9,095 in the membership of international organizations, a loss of 1,261 among independent bodies, and an increase of 720 in national unions. From the outbreak of the war to the end of the year, it was reported to the Department that 3,498 trade unionists in Canada enlisted for the war, and 417 reservists rejoined the colours, making a total of 3,915 members of 601 labour organizations, who joined the army. The actual number is probably somewhat greater than this, as information was not received from all the local unions with regard to the enlistment of their members.

Industrial Disputes.—The number of strikes and lockouts in Canada reported to the Department of Labour during 1914 was 44, the lowest number recorded since 1901, when the Department first collected statistics relating to strikes. In 1913, there were 113 trade disputes. There was a decrease in the number of establishments affected from 1,015 to 205, and in the number of employees concerned from 39,536 in 1913 to 8,678 in 1914. Similarly there was a decrease in the loss of time in working days from 1,287,678 days in 1913 to 430,054 in 1914. The number of trade disputes which began in 1914 was 40; the other 4, which account for over half the total number of employees involved in strikes and half the approximate time losses, were carried over from the previous year.

 $L\ A\ B\ O\ U\ R\ .$ 1.—Time Losses by Industries in Working Days, 1901-1914.

Industry.	1901–10.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Total.
Fishing.	No. 198,688	No.	No. 5,400	No. 49,600	No.	No. 253,088
Lumbering	71,077	_ 1	4,270	137.300	_ !	212,647
Mining	2,157,479	1,592,800		702,726	169,200	
Building	1,084,614			105,510	34,056	1,625,308
Metal	427,914			79,479	51,573	624,124
Printing and allied	13,709	-	3,602	- 1	- 1	17,311
Woodworking	75,285	557	1	30,02 0	800	106,662
Textile	279,534	18,123		7,351	- 1	306,174
Clothing	302,328	11,770	306,107	107,052	160,270	887,527
Food and tobacco	31,962	373	2,382	14,420	10,120	59 ,257
Leather	17,030	300	· - i	· - :	2,270	19,600
General transport	985,174	85,493	82,998	23,988	300	1,177,953
Unskilled labour	38,021	6,330	449,238	20,382	- ¹	513,971
Miscellaneous	60,308		8,028	9,850		
Total Working Days	5,742,5 2 3	2,046,650	1,099,208	1,287,678	430,054	10,606,113

Table 1 shows the time losses involved in the various classes of industries from 1901 to 1914; Table 2 the number of disputes, year by year from 1901 to 1914, the classes of industries affected, the number of establishments and of employees concerned, and the approximate time losses in working days; and Table 3 the number of disputes, classified by industries, from 1901 to 1914.

2.—Number of Disputes, Establishments, Employees and Time Losses, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Dis- putes.	Establishments concerned.	Em- ployees affect - ed.	Approxi- mate Time Losses.	Fiscal Year.	Dis- putes.	COD-	Em- ployees affect- ed.	
	No.	No.	No.	Work- ing days.		No.	No.	No.	Work- ing days.
1901	104 121 146 99 89 141 149	420 927 575 437 1,015	12,264 50,041 16,482 16,233 26,050	120,940 1,226,500 265,004 217,244	1909 1910 1911	68 69 84 99 150 113 44 1,476	397 1,335 475 989 1,015 205	17,332 21,280 30,094 40,511 39,536 8,678	871,845 718, 635 2,046,650 1,099,208 1,287,678

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES.

3.—Disputes Classified by Industries, 1901-1914.

Industries.	1901–10	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	Total.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Fishing	10	-	1	3	-	14
Lumbering	28		$\frac{1}{4}$	3	_	35
Mining	87	7	6	6	3	109
Building	266	29	52	31	12	390
Metal	170	18	29	29	14	260
Woodworking	47	2	~	3	1	53
Printing and allied	28		3	-		31
Textile	36	4	1	3		44
Clothing	107	13	19	10	5	154
Food and tobacco	62	3	2	4	2	73
Leather	20	1	-		2	23
General transport	97	12	14	8	1	132
Unskilled labour	73	4	9	7		93
Miscellaneous	39	6	10	6	4	65
Total	1,070	99	150	113	44	1,476

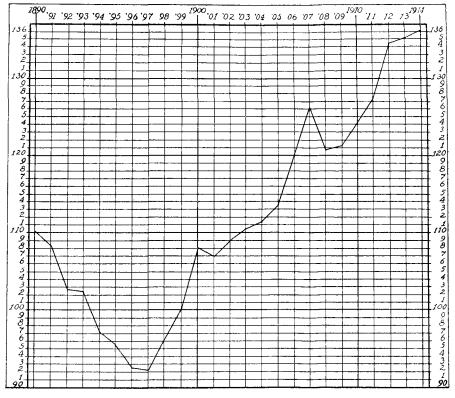
Proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigation Act.'— A review of the proceedings which have occurred under the Act during the eight-year period ending March 31, 1915, shows that there were in all 177 applications received for the establishment of Boards of Conciliation and Investigation, as a result of which 158 Boards were established. In nineteen cases the matters in dispute were adjusted by mutual agreement, whilst steps were pending for the establishment of Boards, or the necessity for procedure disappeared. The total number of employees affected by these 177 disputes was 231,426, or an average of 1,307 for each dispute. There were 19 cases in which strikes were neither averted nor ended through the instrumentality of the Act. Eleven of these 19 strikes occurred in the mining industry, 1 in the operation of railways, 5 in railway offices, shops and yards, and 2 in the operation of street railways. Twenty applications under the Act were dealt with during the year ended March 31, 1915, a Board being established in each case. There was only 1 dispute among these 20 in which the threatened cessation of work was not avoided.

Fair Wages Branch.—The Fair Wages Branch of the Department of Labour is charged with the preparation of schedules of minimum wage rates, which are inserted in Dominion Government contracts, and must be adhered to by the contractors in the execution of the respective works.² The number of Fair Wages Schedules prepared since the adoption of the Fair Wages Resolution in 1900 is 3,326, of which 310 were prepared during the calendar year 1914.

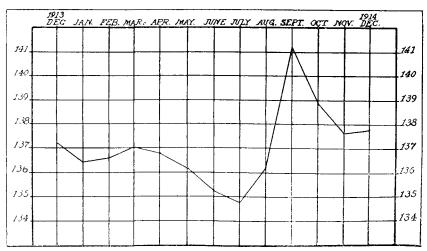
¹This Act and the method of procedure under it were explained in the Canada Year Book of 1913, page 501.

² For a more detailed description, see Canada Year Book of 1913, p. 502.

 ${\rm L\,A\,B\,O\,U\,R}\,.$ Course of Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1890-1914.



Number of Commodities: 272. Average Prices, 1890-1899=100. Course of Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1914.



Number of Commodities: 272. Average Prices, 1890-1899=100.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES.

Prices of Commodities in Canada.—In 1910 the Labour Department published a Special Report by R. H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S., on Wholesale Prices in Canada during the 20 years 1890 to 1909, and this has since been followed by similar annual reports on the prices of 1910 to 1914. In these reports, prices are measured by index numbers based upon the average prices of from 230 to 272 selected commodities in the period of 1890 to 1899. The plan followed by the Department has involved the collection from the best available sources of the wholesale prices of a selected list of commodities during 25 years, the prices as a general rule being those of the first market day in each month at the principal markets of the articles quoted. The commodities selected have been divided into 13 general groups. Representing the average price of commodities in the base-period by 100, the tables and diagrams published in the reports show the course of prices during the 25 years 1890-1914, for all the commodities combined, for each of the 13 groups, and for separate commodities.

Table 4 shows the index numbers of all commodities by groups from 1890 to 1914, and Table 5 the index numbers by groups from month to month in 1914. The diagrams on page 530 show the course of prices by index numbers in graphic form for the 25 years and the monthly fluctuation during the year 1914.

Wholesale Prices.—From the tables and diagrams it will be seen that prices during 1914 continued to rise, though, as in 1913, less steeply than from 1909 to 1912. From January to July, 1914, however, there was a tendency downwards which was sharply reversed on the outbreak of the war. In August and September the abnormal situation following the opening of hostilities resulted in steep advances in the prices of many commodities. The more important of these are indicated in the table of index numbers by groups of commodities. As trade conditions were readjusted prices declined, but were still on a very high level.

It will be noticed that, although food prices included in the list of commodities were much lower in 1913 than in 1912 and the latter part of 1911, a high point had been reached by the beginning of 1914, and a still higher level was reached in September, after a gradual decline during the first seven months of the year.

Retail Prices.—Returns showing the retail prices of some thirty staple articles of consumption, including foods, fuel and coal oil and the average cost of rent to working men, have been obtained by the Department of Labour for each month since January 1910 in all localities in Canada having a population of 10,000 or over. From these returns calculations of typical weekly expenditures, in the terms of the average prices in these cities for each year, have been made, as shown in Table 6.

The increase in the cost of food since 1910 appears as 5.3 p.c.; for rent, 14.8 p.c.; for fuel and lighting, 7.7 p.c.; and for the total expenditure, 8.6 p.c. It will be noted that the average rent declined during 1914, there being also slight declines in some foods and in fuel.

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4.—INDEX NUMBERS OF ALL COMMODITIES BY GROUPS, 1890-1914.

(Average Prices 1890-1899=100.)

GROUPS.	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1909	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914
1. Grains and fodder	116.7	123.9	106.7	99.1	94.3	98.8	85, 2	80.6	98.8	96.7	99.9	107.3	116.1	108,5	115.5	116.4	118.5	140.2	148.3	149.9	140.7	148.4	107.3	136.8	156.5
2. Animals and meats	111.2	104.7	108.5	117.7	98.7	92.2	82.4	90.4	97 . 9	95.1	103.4	111.3	122.2	117.9	111.3	120.7	130.1	133.8	129.6	148.6	163.6	146.6	160.8	180.8	192,3
3. Dairy produce,	103 .0	106.2	105.8	110.4	104.6	94.8	90.1	90.1	93,9	101.4	109.0	120.5	106.9	108.9	107.2	115.1	120.2	131.5	136.3	133.6	135.7	136.2	159.0	154.7	154.4
4. Fish	103.3	97.3	90.6	99.7	96.4	101.4	102.6	98.6	99,6	110.0	106.4	113.2	110.2	116.2	119.5	115.7	121.8	129.5	120.5	134.0	145.1	143.6	155.7	158.0	156,0
5. Other foods	120.3	121.3	104.7	102.1	95.0	95.2	87.1	86.0	94.3	93.6	96.4	98,6	98.4	98,1	101.8	100.7	103.1	112.5	110.3	107.6	111.3	118.7	126.0	117,4	118.8
6. Textiles	111.4	104.2	102.2	101.2	97.3	93.6	96.9	98.0	95.2	99,8	100.0	103.6	101.0	105.9	110.4	114.6	123,4	126.1	111.0	108.3	114.6	119.2	120.7	130,8	133.5
7. Hides, leather, boots	100.6	102.6	99.8	101.8	89.9	98.6	92.9	100.1	105.0	109.4	113.8	119.8	118.2	115.7	113.6	119.6	128.1	125.5	120.0	135.4	135.4	139.6	152.4	163, 9	171,8
8. Metals and implements—																									
(a) Metals	125.4	114.4	107.6	102.1	91.1	87.0	87.5	85.7	87.6	111.9	121.2	110.4	102.8	105.5	99.7	108.4	128.6	134.8	106.3	101.9	97.6	108.3	117.4	119.1	113.9
(b) Implements	103.8	103.2	102.9	102.6	102.2	101.0	98.5	93.1	94,3	98.0	100.1	102.2	104.7	105.7	106.2	106.1	106.0	107.1	104.2	102.4	104.5	104.5	104 7	105.6	100,8
9. Fuel and lighting	107.4	106.7	106.6	102.9	97.5	97.0	98.9	96.4	93.5	96.9	100.8	98.1	104.9	111.0	103.0	104.1	106.4	108.8	102.2	103.8	103.0	100.5	113.3	118.2	110.9
10. Building materials—					•																				
(a) Lumber	103.5	102.7	104.4	103.7	104.6	102.8	97.1	93.9	90.8	95.8	114.0	114,6	122.0	128,8	131.9	134.1	152.7	165 .2	162.6	154.6	158.5	165.4	166.5	181.3	182.1
(b) Miscellaneous	117.6	110.4	106.8	103.7	98.7	95.2	. 93. 9	87.7	87.4	97.2	111.8	106.0	104.6	107.7	107.2	106.8	104.7	108.7	107,5	105.7	109.2	102.6	105.4	112.7	111.4
(c) Paints, oils, glass	109.5	103.8	98.2	98.6	95.5	96.1	96,2	95.5	100.0	107.6	125.9	121.9	128.1	126.3	122.4	125.3	135.3	141.2	136,8	135.2	145.5	154.5	148.6	144.8	140.7
11. House furnishing,	100.2	100.5	100.9	101.1	101.3	97.9	97,5	99.8	99.6	100.2	110.2	107.9	109.2	109.6	112.7	107.3	113,0	112.7	112.8	110.4	110.6	110.4	114.5	126.2	129.5
12. Drugs and chemicals	110.5	110,3	104.4	104.4	103.1	100.3	99.8	96.5	96.8	93.3	101.5	99.8	102.2	105,5	109.6	106,4	106.3	108.5	107,1	103,9	109.5	112.1	115.5	113.3	121.6
 Miscellaneous— 																									1
(a) Furs	80.5	99.7	103.7	123.6	113.5	80.5	80.7	88.0	111.1	111.8	147.3	140, 9	145.2	168,1	171.8	217.4	229,2	289.4	231.8	227.2	234.5	252.9	297.3	307.9	205,4
(b) Liquors, tobaccos	94.9	99.0	99.7	99,4	98.7	99.4	98.0	103.9	103.9	102.3	103.3	103.3	103.7	107.0	107.8	108.1	108.1	125.5	118,0	117.5	132.9	151.2	155.2	134.7	136, 9
(c) Sundry	112.0	106.7	98.9	100.3	93.7	91.3	92.6	91.3	103.3	109.5	113.0	110.9	116.8	115.9	119.1	121.1	120.9	129.0	117.6	121.6	118.0	100.3	104.3	113.1	108.5
Total	110.3	108.5	102.8	102.5	97.2	95.6	92.5	92. 2	96.1	100.1	108.2	107.0	109.0	110.5	111.4	113,8	120,0	126.2	120.8	131.2	124.2	127.4	134.4	135.5	136.1

5.—INDEX NUMBERS BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES FROM MONTH TO MONTH, 1914. (Average Prices 1890-1899=100.)

(candida of the care of the ca													
GROUPS.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year.
1. Grains and fodder	140.9	142.8	145.8	145.4	149.8	151.3	150.4	161.3	169.9	167.1	175.9	178.5	156,5
2. Animals and meats	194.2	193.8	196.2	194.8	193.1	196.6	195.7	199.9	200.1	187.6	177.9	174.2	192.3
3. Dairy products	179.9	169.6	162.9	148.6	129.5	129.6	131.9	140.5	147.1	162.6	171.5	180.1	154.4
4. Fish	153.9	154.8	156.1	157.4	166.9	168.2	148.9	154.8	159.7	159.7	157.4	160.0	156.0
5. Other foods— (a) Fruits and vegetables,	125.2	127.8	139.4	136.8	144.4	131.6	131.2	116.7	123.7	111.6	111.3	114.2	118.1
(b) Miscellaneous	112.9	112.8	112.5	112.6	113.2	112.7	112.5	119.8	186.0	183.5	133.0	132.2	119.4
6. Textiles	135.2	134.4	133.8	133.6	135.2	135.4	132.8	138.7	135.0	134.2	129.0	124.6	133.5
7. Hides, leather, etc	168.1	168.1	169.9	172.6	173.3	172.8	173.6	171.3	172.6	173.0	171.4	175.6	171.8
8. Metals and implements— (a) Metals	114.7	115.4	115.3	114.7	110.8	109.7	109.2	113.6	123.5	114.5	112,5	113.4	113.9
(b) Implements	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	106.6	106,6	106.6	106.6	106.6	108.2	108.2	106.8
9. Fuel and lighting	113.6	114.4	114.2	113.7	111.0	110.2	109.0	108.6	109.3	108.9	108.5	109.1	110,9
10. Building materials— (a) Lumber	183.5	184.2	183.0	182.4	183.6	183.4	183.2	182.1	180.6	180.8	178.4	179.5	182, 1
(b) Miscellaneous	114.0	114.1	113.8	113.3	112.7	111.3	110.8	109.8	110,5	109.9	108.1	108.6	111,4
(c) Paints, oils, etc,	140.2	141.3	140.2	140.8	140.6	140.1	140.6	140.4	140.6	142.4	139.5	142.9	140.7
11. House furnishings	128.8	128.8	128,8	128.8	129.0	128.8	128.8	128.8	132.3	132.6	132.6	132.6	129,5
12. Drugs and chemicals	111.1	111.1	111,1	111.6	111.6	111.6	111.6	121.4	137.3	141.1	140.2	139.7	121.6
13. Miscellaneous— (a) Furs, raw	226.5	230.3	236,0	241.3	241.3	230.9	2 35.0	208.6	208,6	172.5	137.5	96.1	205,4
(b) Liquors and tobaccos	138.8	138.8	138.8	138.4	138.4	138.4	128.3	128.3	138.3	138.6	138.7	138.3	136.9
(c) Sundries	109.8	109.9	108,2	108.4	108.9	106.8	106.2	106.5	109.1	107.8	110.0	111.5	108.5
All commodities	136.5	136.6	137.0	136.7	136.3	135.3	134,6	136.3	141.3	138.7	137.5	137.6	136,1

NUMBERS OF COMMODITIES, 1914.

INDEX

LABOUR.

6.—Typical Weekly Expenditure for a Family of Five Persons with an Income of \$800 per Annum, 1910-1914.

C I''	,	1010	1011	1010	1010	1014
Commodities.	Quantities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
		cents.	cents.	cents.	cents.	cents.
Beef, sirloin steak	2 lb.	37 6	39.8	41.6	44.4	48.8
Beef, chuck roast		26.	27.8	28.	29.6	33.4
Veal forequarters	ī "	12.8	14.	14.4	15.7	17.3
Mutton, roast, hindquarters		16.8	18.	17.8	19.1	$\frac{10.8}{20.8}$
Pork, roasting, fresh	1 "	18.	17.8	17 5	19.5	$\frac{20.0}{20.2}$
Pork salt	2 "	34.4	33.	33.2	$\frac{10.0}{35.2}$	$\frac{27.2}{37.2}$
Bacon, best, smoked	1 "	24.5	23.8	22.5	24.7	25.9
Lard, pure leaf	2 "	40.6	36.	$\frac{25.6}{35.6}$	38.4	37.2
Eggs, fresh	$\tilde{1}$ doz.	33.3	32.6	34.3	33.7	34.4
Eggs, packed		28 4	27.9	31.2	28.1	32.
Milk	6 ats.	48.	49.2	49.8	51.6	52.8
Butter, dairy, tub		52.	53.	58.4	58.	37.2
Butter, creamery prints		31.9	31.5	31.7	33.9	33.7
Cheese, Canadian, old	·	18.5	19.2	20.1	20.5	21.4
Cheese, Canadian, new	1 "	17.5	17.8	19.5	19.1	19.8
Bread, plain, white	15 "	66.	64.5	60.	61.5	64.5
Flour, ordinary family	10 "	33.	$\frac{31.0}{32.}$	34.	32.	35.
Rolled oats	5 "	21.	$\overline{21}$.	$2\overline{2}$.	$\frac{32}{22}$.	22.5
Rice, good medium	2 "	10.4	10.6	$\tilde{1}\tilde{1}.6$	11.4	12.2
Beans, handpicked		10.8	10.4	$\tilde{1}\tilde{1}.\tilde{6}$	12.4	12.4
Apples, evaporated		11.5	13.8	$\tilde{13}.\tilde{5}$	12.	12.8
Prunes, medium quality	ī "	9.9	12.3	$\tilde{1}2.9$	11.9	12.6
Sugar, granulated		24.	24.	26.	23.6	25.6
Sugar, yellow	2 "	10.8	11.	12.	11.	11.8
Tea, black	1/4 "	8.7	8.9	8.8	8.9	9.3
Tea, green	1/4 "	9.1	9.4	9.5	9.3	9.6
Coffee	1/4 "	8.9	9.2	9.3	9.4	10.8
Potatoes	2 pks.	30.3	44.6	46.3	36.	20.5
Vinegar, white wine	½ pt.	.7	.7	.8	.8	.8
All foods	, , ,	\$6.954	\$ 7.138	\$7 .339	\$7.337	\$7 .325
Starch	⅓ lb.	3.1	3.1	3.2	3 2	3.2
Coal, anthracite	1/6 ton.	48.1	48.8	51.9	55.	54.
Coal, bituminous	""	35.	35.	37.5	38.7	38.1
Wood, hard, best	" cord.	38.8	41.4	41.3	42.5	42.5
Wood, soft		29.4	30.	30.	30.6	31.1
Coal oil	1 gal.	24.4	23.1	21.	23.7	23.6
Fuel and lighting	_	\$1.757	\$1.783	\$1.817	\$1.905	\$1 .893
Rent	-	\$4.05	\$4.05	\$4.60	\$4.75	\$4.65
Grand Total		\$12.792	\$13.002	\$13.788	\$14.024	\$13.900

X.—FINANCE.

Under the general heading of Finance in Section X are grouped statistics relating to the public accounts of the Dominion Government, including revenue and expenditure, public debt, assets and liabilities, coinage and inland revenue. Tables have been added showing the receipts and expenditure of each of the nine provincial governments of Canada, and these are followed by municipal statistics, values of building permits and statistics of banking, insurance, and loan companies and building societies.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Financial System.—The Canadian system of public finance, which is based upon that of the British, includes a Consolidated Fund to which are credited and out of which are paid the revenues and expenditures properly relating to the fiscal year ending March 31. There are also miscellaneous accounts dealing with loans, debt-redemption, railway administration, capital expenditure on public works and a variety of other subjects. During the four fiscal years 1910-13 the revenue on Consolidated Fund Account annually expanded; so that the receipts in each of these years were larger than in any previous one. Thus, as shown in Table 2, the total receipts, which were \$101,503,711 in 1910—the first time that they exceeded \$100,000,000—rose to \$168,-689,903 in 1913. In 1914 they were \$163,174,395. For each of these years there has been a substantial surplus of receipts over expenditure, sufficient to provide for ordinary capital expenditures during the year, as well as for the application of considerable sums towards the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway.

Consolidated Fund.—Table 1 shows by principal items the receipts and expenditures and the surplus on Consolidated Fund Account for the fiscal years 1911 to 1914. Table 2 for the period 1868 to 1914 differentiates between receipts from customs and excise (taxes) and receipts from other sources, and shows the surplus or deficit each year on Consolidated Fund Account. From this table it will be seen that during the 47 years that have elapsed since Confederation surpluses have accrued in 35 years and deficits were incurred in only 12. There have been annual surpluses since 1898. Tables 3-5 record details of the revenue and expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account. Tables 6 and 7 show the total annual receipts and expenditure, including the receipts and expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account and extraneous items not credited or debited to that account.

Public Debt.—Tables 9-12 relate to the Public Debt, showing in Tables 9-11 the amounts at which the various items stood in each year from Confederation, and in Table 12 particulars of the loans forming part of the Funded Debt. On March 31, 1914, the net public debt was \$335,996,850, which on the basis of the estimated population of 8,075,000 in 1914 represents \$41.82 per head. As compared with 1913 the net public debt shows an increase of \$21,695,225, or \$2.70 per head.

FINANCE.

1.—Receipts and Expenditures on Consolidated Fund Account, 1911-1914.

RECEIPTS.

Items.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Customs	16,869,837.36 9,146,952.47	19,261,661.97 10,492,394.18 11,034,165.83	12,051,728.86 $12,442,203.46$	21,452,036.88 12,954,529.92	
Totals	117,780,409.78	136,108,217.36	168,689,903.45	163,174,394.56	

EXPENDITURE.

Charges on debt ¹ Provincial Subsidies Civil Government Public Works ² Defence Collection of Revenue Other items	14,116,044.18 9,092,471.80 4,463,094.87 8,621,431.25 6,868,651.29 24,951,636.34 19,660,868.59	13,870,863.07 10,281,044.98 4,774,678.00 10,344,487.21 7,580,600.29 28,256,779.70 23,052,987.52	13,211,800.37 5,109,458.60 13,468,505.20 9,114,533.09 33,006,200.50	39,084,656.79
Totals	87,774,198.32 30,006,211.46	98,161,440 .77 37,946,776.59	112,059,537.41 56,630,366.04	

¹Includes charges of management, interest, sinking funds and premium discount and exchange.

2.—Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Receipts from Taxes.	Receipts from various sources.	Total receipts.	Surplus in year.	Deficit in year.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868	11,700,681 11,112,573 13,087,883	$\substack{1,987,247\\3,266,602\\2,424,343}$	$13,687,928 \\ 14,379,175 \\ 15,512,226$	$\begin{array}{c} 201,835 \\ 341,091 \\ 1,166,716 \end{array}$	- - -
1871	16,320,369 17,715,552 17,616,555 20,129,185 20,664,879	3,015,192 2,999,262 3,196,914 4,075,908 3,983,836	19,335,561 20,714,814 20,813,469 24,205,093 24,648,715	3,712,479 3,125,345 1,638,821 888,776 935,664	-

²Expenditure from Income.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

2.—Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1914—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Receipts from Taxes.	Receipts from various sources.	Total receipts.	Surplus in year.	Deficit in year.	
	\$	ş	\$	\$		
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879. 1880.	17,697,925 17,841,938 18,476,613	3,973,172 4,361,349 4,533,073 4,040,769 4,827,830	22,587,587 22,059,274 22,375,011 22,517,382 23,307,407	- - -	1,900,785 1,460,028 1,128,146 1,938,000 1,543,228	
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	27,549,047 29,269,699 25,483,199	5,693,159 5,834,409 6,524,951 6,378,763 7,412,472		4,132,744 6,316,352 7,064,493 754,256	2,240,059	
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889.	$\begin{array}{c cc} . & 28,687,002 \\ . & 28,177,413 \\ . & 30,613,523 \end{array}$	7,950,584 7,067,991 7,731,051 8,169,347 8,292,853	35,754,993 35,908,464 38,782,870	97,313 1,865,035 3,885,894	5,834,572 810,031	
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	28,446,158 $29,321,367$ $27,579,203$	8,265,160 8,475,714 8,847,242 8,795,490 8,531,930		2,235,743 155,978 1,354,556	1,210,332 4,153,876	
1896. 1897. 1898. 1899.	28,648,626 29,576,456 34,958,069	8,859,306 9,181,152 10,978,782 11,783,189 12,787,771		1,722,712 4,837,749 8,054,714	330,551 519,981 - - -	
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	43,389,112 49,015,506 53,661,319	13,771,151 14,661,678 17,021,563 17,008,498 17,162,649	66,037,069 70,669,817	5,648,333 7,291,398 14,345,166 15,056,984 7,863,090		
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909 1910	. 51,565,586 73,325,963 62,353,093	20,064,542 16,403,742 22,728,543 22,740,311 26,094,224	67,969,328 96,054,506 85,093,404	12,898,719 16,427,167 19,413,054 1,029,172 22,091,964		
1911	. 105,847,804 . 135,002,358	30,260,413 $33,687,545$	117,780,409 136,108,217 168,689,903 163,174,395	30,006,211 $37,946,776$ $56,630,366$ $35,789,922$	- - -	

 ${\rm F~I~N~A~N~C~E}\;.$ 3.—Details of Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914.

Fiscal Year	·. Cus	toms.	E	xcise.		hinese evenue.	Total taxes.	Casual receipts.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 293,930 916,394 738,033 461,591 437,569	$\frac{11}{12}$	\$,318,266 ,197,134 ,013,779 ,958,708 ,586,475		\$ 131,354 275,584 263,694 241,0203,9201	\$ 38,743,550 43,389,112 49,015,506 53,661,319 54,020,124	\$ 562,923 360,151 840,759 818,743 387,749
1906	39, 57, 47,0	053,377 717,079 200,276 088,444 767,681	11 15 14	,010,220 ,805,413 ,782,152 ,937,768 ,253,353		11,221 43,094 343,535 326,881 388,453	60,074,818 51,565,586 73,325,963 62,353,093 75,409,487	876,871 845,146 715,474 629,833 1,223,451
1911 1912 1913 1914	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	838,089 051,872 764,699 691,238	$\frac{19}{21}$,869,837 ,261,662 ,447,445 ,452,037	1 1	,790,214	89,835,232 .05,847,804 .35,002,358 .27,478,067	1,898,521 1,574,596 1,645,398 1,505,133
Fiscal Year.	Cullers' fees.	Domini lands		Dominio steamers	. [Electric light inspection	Fines, forfeitures and seizures.	Fisheries.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	\$ 8,271 11,200 7,273 9,449 8,219	\$ 1,517,; 1,227,; 1,695,; 1,443,; 1,292,;	977 591 023	\$ 19,52 11,30 16,08 21,40 20,24	8 6 2	\$ 15,363 21,429 23,870 23,258 27,999	49,826 59,848 40,919	\$ 88,145 79,170 78,636 95,757 90,988
1906	4,335 2,330 4,850 4,784 3,638	1,668, 1,443, 1,883, 2,153, 2,886,0	632 620 255 000	24,60 22,27 38,21 28,01 27,26	7 1 2 1	35,100 25,931 42,316 44,139 46,515	54,908 58,666 —1,989 ¹ 93,498	98,010 57,144 90,686 82,696 85,070
1911	4,039 1,799	3,108,3 3,775,3 3,402,0 3,036,0	$857 \\ 027$	24,74 36,03 38,01 28,71	5 7	59,808 66,510 75,307 80,441	132,389 166,414	100,862 96,231 106,463 110,995
Fiscal Year.	Gas inspection and law stamps.	Interes on inves ments	st-	Insuranc superin- tendence		Militia.	Mis- cellaneous receipts.	Ordnance lands.
1901	\$ 27,290 28,297 45,290 43,691 49,142	\$ 1,784,8 1,892,2 2,020,9 2,236,2 2,105,6	224 953 256		4 5 8	\$ 47,694 41,687 41,792 43,217 46,167	20,106 26,022 24,436	\$ 14,594 16,967 35,706 12,344 10,309
1906	52,805 39,228 54,154 55,841 63,605	2,256,6 2,807,4	746 569 643 465	18,16 20,12 25,42 25,93	9 4 9	55,262 40,987 63,019 55,810 60,937	26,938 37,412 39,200 46,283	10,841 6,663 8,653 5,713 9,894 5,910
1911	69,958 58,441 70,648 72,121	1,281,3 1,430,	317 511	$ \begin{array}{r} 29,43 \\ 33,48 \\ 37,49 \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	2	75,913 94,115 88,145 73,458	59,792 74,396	11,485 60,600 5,798

A deduction.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

3.—Details of Receipts on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Fiscal Year. Patent fees.		Post and money orders.	Public works. ¹	Premium and discount.	Steam- boat in- spection.
	\$	\$	\$	s	\$	\$
1901	$130.894 \\ 140,960 \\ 152,372 \\ 162,715 \\ 165,756$	30,211 73,601 39,636 72,863 55,880	3,441,505 3,918,416 4,397,833 4,652,325 5,125,373	5,770,071 6,447,982 7,088,502 6,972,219 7,395,377	64,922 89,238 129,609 77,316 40,356	
1906	187,792 144,279 203,012 204,872 223,233	75,260 82,660 71,933 47,643 43,840	5,933,342 5,061,728 7,107,887 7,401,624 7,958,548	8,310,267 6,839,586 9,973,523 9,362,272 10,114,990	160,665 249,588 101,181 7,061 26,130	4,604 2,989 4,860 7,967 6,497
1911	231,866 243,444 257,833 252,724	64,529	9,146,952 10,492,394 12,051,729 12,954,530	13,158,078	164,623 147,747 416,745 187,745	5,585 5,897 5,998 5,421
Fiscal Ye	ar.	Super- annuation.	Inspection of Staples.	Tonnage dues (mariners' fund).	Weights and Measures.	Total receipts.
			*	<u> </u>	s	\$
1901	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	50,475 48,298 47,402 46,618 45,937	2,773 102,881 58,127 63,163	59,784 65,854 64,852 61,785 58,372	62, 913 64,278 66,325	52,514,701 58,050,790 66,037,069 70,669,817 71,182,773
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	33.321	140,669	69,364 $66,249$	54,848 82 ,919 80, 1 84	\$0,139,360 67,969,328 96,054,506 \$5,093,404 101,503,711
		39,250 40,032 38,435 39,817	230,174 $330,430$	60, 457 63, 663	105,816 $100,641$	117,780,410 136,108,217 168,689,903 163,174,395

¹Including railways and canals.

Note.—For the years 1868 to 1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, pp. 248-252.

FINANCE.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914.

			Charge	es on public	debt.			
Fiscal Y	ear.	Interest on debt.	Charges of manage- ment.	Premium discount and exchange.	Sinking funds.	Total charges.		
		\$	\$	\$	*	\$		
1901	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,807,955 10,975,935 11,068,139 11,128,637 10,630,115	210,865 229,673 282,244		2,480,337 2,569,381 2,620,588 2,315,066 2,261,618	13,732,687		
1906	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,814,697 6,712,771 10,973,597 11,604,584 13,098,160		12,858	2,317,437 1,177,147 2,234,263 1,922,525 1,441,031	13,591,680		
1911 1912 1913 1914	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12,535,851 12,259,396 12,605,882 12,893,505		1,930 7,554 19,375 27,170	1,203,416 1,156,456 1,384,285 1,371,428	13,870,863 $14,493,155$		
,		Collection of revenue.						
Fiscal Year.	Adultera- tion of food.	Culling timber.	Customs.	Dominion lands.	Excise.	Inspection of staples.		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		18,448 17,101 16,378 14,722 13,913	1,123,817 1,176,024 1,229,029 1,357,184 1,468,093	133,417 158,844 186,356 247,282 276,982	458,383 463,405 478,984 522,361 537,814	13,510 66,261 73,510		
1906	27,356 21,777 26,575 20,504 22,163	13,134 9,822 12,904 13,277 12,756	1,548,384 1,222,949 1,923,854 1,994,951 2,025,453	433,135 385,074 562,712 548,608 499,613	555,923 456,774 636,892 643,705 660,465	109,940 88,532 132,487 160,185 184,871		
1911	21,245 22,786 22,520 30,202	12,016 11,970 12,090 8,798	2,187,175 2,443,846 3,150,777 3,849,084	1,804,250 2,277,100 2,462,624 3,286,480	703,660 755,968 843,685 858,166	203,594 226,895 340,295 450,738		

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914—con.

		Collection of revenue.									
Fiscal Year.	Minor revenues.	Post office.	Public works.	ond l		Trade and Com- merce	ures, gas and elec-	Total			
	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$			
1901	1,718 1,751 2,659 1,113 1,949	3,931,446 4,023,637 4,105,178 4,347,541 4,634,528		6,508 7,221 8,397	,477 ,705 ,434		74 109,672 71 121,575 84 118,195	12,503,249 13,007,865 14,041,041 15,593,521 17,593,437			
1906	1,777 1,246 2,703 1,987 680	4,921,577 3,979,557 6,005,930 6,592,386 7,215,338	456,814 583,953	7,011 10,586 10,780	,858 ,114 ,126	$\begin{array}{c} 63,63 \\ 62,53 \\ 102,83 \\ 91,4 \\ 132,10 \end{array}$	35 100,243 81 150,324 46 160,495	17,145,129 13,797,181 20,727,329 21,632,704 21,811,195			
1911	523 1 1	7,954,223 9,172,036 10,882,804 12,822,058	594,86 9 651,55 4 686,371 780,45 8	12,330 13,766	,463 ,180	165,86 $158,96$ $614,56$ $1,805,4$	38 205,224 09 224,345				
			Misce	laneous	exp	enditu	re.				
Fiscal Year.	Admi tratio justi	n of Censu	re, N	Naval go		Civil vern- lent.	Fisheries.	Geo- logical Survey (Mines).			
	\$	\$		8		\$	\$	\$			
1901	944 959 98-	9,230 1,27- 9,948 543 1,258 659	7,206 4,790 3,012 9,896 3,211	- - -	1,4 1,3 1,6	174,919 197,369 554,792 352,782 797,060	491,351 548,895 527,829 634,319 979,889	61,941 68,730 78,746 74,432 111,954			
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	1,22 1,24	7,798 - 628 4.510, 1,218 0,364, 1,408	3,590 5,812 8,242 3,569 3,380		1,4 2,0 3,2	911,611 487,495 988,416 283,265 268,390	968,702 693,685 956,196 951,728 1,148,048	94,984 180,399 247,659			
1911	1,300 1,333	$egin{array}{lll} 0,514 & {f 2,771} \ 5,243 & {f 2,643} \end{array}$	t,636 1 , 7,879 2 ,	256,709 901,494 086,049 006,150	4, 5,	463,095 774,678 109,459 307 ,795	$760,734 \\ 843,857 \\ 921,953 \\ 1.229,519$	244,275 261,719 383,343 470,507			

¹Transferred to Adulteration of food.

FINANCE.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914—con.

		Miscellàneous expenditure.									
Fiscal Year	r.	Immi tion		Qua tir	ran- ie.	Inc	lians.	L	abour.	Legisla- tion.	Light- house and coast service.
		\$		8	B		\$		\$	\$	\$
1901		$494 \\ 642 \\ 744$	1,730 1,842 2,914 1,788 2,357	$\frac{26}{26}$	70,166 54,738 53,331 7,765 02,758	1,0 1,0 1,0)19,329)57,130)77,815)79,781 73,864		-	1,172,726 991,433 789,205 1,266,795 1,713,172	$696,311 \\964,144 \\1,275,017$
1906		611 1,074 979	2,668 1,201 1,697 0,326 0,676	39 15 12	24,758 95,907 60,048 21,665 38,136	1,2 1,3 1,3	198,350 940,680 276,964 307,245 287,404		- - - -	1,351,916 1,322,075 1,150,610 1,543,328 1,837,348	2,026,642 2,835,543 2,721,802
1911		1,079 1,365 1,427 1,895	5,000 7,112	18 20	37,999 32,392 34,332 20,928	1,7 1,8	149,961 756,565 818,187 182,471		93,402 53,399 68,476 80,474	1,655,419 2,439,807 1,379,130 1,403,189	2,128,243 2,262,735
					Mise	ellaı	neous e	expe	enditure.		
Fiscal Year.	sidi st su	il sub- es and team- ship bven- tons.	Ma	rine itals.	Mili and defen	d	Mount police		North- west terri- tories govern- ment.	Ocean and rive service.	Penitentiaries.
		\$	•	8	\$		\$		\$	\$	\$
1901	8	529,198 524,956 799,286 551,748 527,075	5 4 5	6,141 $1,827$ $8,750$ $0,302$ $1,732$	2,061 2,060 1,963 2,252 2,650	,979 ,009 ,030	912, 948, 990, 949, 1,013,	216 035 784	504,388 491,924 802,466 894,151 1,259,412	496,19 3 417,13 1 566,54	1 438,073 7 477,840 7 448,846
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909 1910	$egin{array}{ c c c c } 1,1 \\ 1,5 \\ 1,6 \\ \end{array}$	227,560 28,877 590,384 684,683 736,373	3 6 5	$8,156 \\ 7,585$	4,294 3,347 5,498 5,221 4,679	,038 ,184 ,645	1,004,6 647,8 649,8 663,6 676,6	836 867 783	$\frac{4,236}{5,968}$	881,22 1,201,80	5 423,263 1 594,619 5 545,113
1911 1912 1913 1914	1,9 1,9	018,941 004,514 052,525 883,687	5 5	$7,016 \ 3,690$	6,868 7,580 9,112 11,151	$,600 \\ ,475$	713,8 696,0 783,8 963,0	663 888	5,744 $5,597$ $3,494$ $3,666$		8 653,483 0 704,831

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

4.—Details of Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1901-1914—concluded.

	Miscellaneous expenditure.								
Fiscal Year.	Pensions.	Police.	Public works. ¹	Railways and canals.1	Scientific institu- tions.	Steamboat inspection			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
1901	93,551 83,305 87,925 113,495 140,424 179,023 125,832 187,557 191,533 216,698 240,586 245,045; 283,188	29,269 43,323 44,937 51,808 64,484 82,445	4,607,330 6,765,446 7,484,716 5,520,571 8,721,327 12,300,184 7,261,218 8,621,431 10,344,487	328,316 400,862 489,751 452,058 390,210 730,312 987,692 805,975 635,018 763,007	155,285 126,734 125,124 163,727 284,272 292,824 576,818 553,921 633,785 378,130 447,350	27,494 30,172 33,609 50,188 37,576 32,460 42,210 41,227 40,783 42,818¹			
1914	311,900	119,892	19,007,513		490,541				
Fiscal Year.			scenaneous		lie.				
ristai Itali	Subsidies to provinces.	Super- annuation.	Various expenses.	Yukon Territory.	Total miscel- laneous.	Total expendi- ture.			
	\$		\$	\$	\$	8			

13000 10000	Subsidies to provinces.	Super- annuation.	Various expenses.	Yukon Territory.	Total miscel- laneous.	Total expendi- ture.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901	4,250,607	324,507	326,236	274,954	20,872,966	46,866,368
1902	4,402,098	338,764	1,159,621	266,932	23,942,960	50,759,392
1903			543,178	807,807	23,667,168	51,691,903
1904			975,776	638,388	26,286,625	
1905	4,516,038	353,261	796,243	476,228	32,558,441	63,319,683
1906	6,726,373	356,281	964,184	405,735	36,616,476	67,240,641
1907 (9 mos.)	6,745,134	269,347	576,004	294,023	29,610,514	51,542,161
1908		372,842	772,232	394,597	42,322,443	76,641,452
1909	9,117,143	390,319	1,388,504	353,973	48,547,712	84,064,232
1910	9,361,388	406,877	852,553	330,431	42,702,388	79,411,747
1911	9,092,472	40 5,342	1,129,453	303.675	48,706,517	87,774,198
1912						98,161,441
1913						112,059,537
1914						127,384,473
		•	1	1	i ' '	' '

¹Expenditure from Income.

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FINANCE.

5.—Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account, 1868-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Charges on debt.	Subsidies to provinces.	Sinking funds.	Collection of revenue.	Other expendi- tu r e.	Total expenditure.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1868 1869 1870	4,860,758 5,372,670 5,387,054	2,753,966 $2,604,050$ $2,588,605$	355,267 426,807 126,533	1,885,804 $2,175,071$ $2,351,725$	3,630,298 3,459,486 3,891,593	13,486,093 14,038,084 14,345,510
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	5,591,959 5,603,643 5,387,850 5,989,121 6,817,991	2,624,940 2,930,113 2,921,400 3,752,757 3,750,962	421,666 470,697 407,827 513,920 555,773	2,388,359 2,912,107 3,633,152 5,019,139 4,904,875	4,596,158 5,672,999 6,824,419 8,041,380 7,683,470	15,623,082 17,589,466 19,174,648 23,316,317 23,713,071
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	5,609,051 7,00 5,103 7,2 40,97 0 7,4 72,658	3,690,355 3,655,851 3,472,808 3,442,764 3,430,846	822,953 828,374 945,746 1,037,220 1,165,867	5,009,081 5,285,419 5,388,753 5,652,935 5,374,917	8,356,932 6,744,555 6,454,881 6,849,805 6,816,050	24,488,372 23,519,302 23,503,158 24,455,382 24,850,634
1881 1882 1883 1884	7,819,589 7,935,848 7,902,722 7,930,086 9,806,978	3,455,518 3,530,999 3,606,673 3,603,714 3,959,327	1,250,731 1,290,725 1,344,137 1,403,864 1,482,051	5,750,899 6,097,969 6,738,502 7,042,625 7,372,605	7,225,817 8,211,563 9,138,123 11,127,417 12,416,101	25,502,554 27,067,104 28,730,157 31,107,706 35,037,060
1886	10,483,930 9,970,671 10,166,905 10,422,522 9,887,250	4,182,526 4,169,341 4,188,514 4,051,428 3,904,922	1,606,271 1,592,953 1,939,078 1,736,644 1,887,237	7,808,751 8,376,027 8,789,764 8,873,339 9,182,941	14,930,134 11,548,688 11,634,234 11,833,902 11,131,681	39,011,612 35,657,680 36,718,495 36,917,835 35,994,031
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	9,846,205 9,947,916 10,020,682 10,393,572 10,745,245	3,903,757 3,935,914 3,935,765 4,206,655 4,250,674	1,938,079 2,027,861 2,095,514 2,131,361 2,002,311	8,993,925 9,132,616	11,202,207 11,428,135 11,768,167 11,720,821 12,004,359	36,343,568 36,765,894 36,814,053 37,585,025 38,132,005
1896	10,716,645 11,028,369	4,235,664 4,238,059 4,237,372 4,250,636 4,250,608	2,055,288 2,101,814 2,359,969 2,482,485 2,465,640	9,469,664 9,837,453	12,048,876 14,304,557	36,949,142 38,349,760 38,832,526 41,903,500 42,975,279
1901	11.297.812	4,250,607 4,402,098 4,402,503 4,402,292 4,516,039	2,480,337 2,569,381 2,620,588 2,315,066 2,261,618	12,503,249 13,007,864 14,041,041 15,593,521 17,593,437	16,661,392 19,593,249 19,329,959 21,891,073 28,042,402	46,866,368 50,759,392 51,691,903 55,612,833 63,319,683
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	6,944,4 61 11,324,287 11,931,538	6,726,373 6,745,134 9,032,775 9,117,143 9,361,388	2,317,437 1,177,147 2,234,263 1,922,525 1,441,031	21,632,704	29,905,470 22,878,238 33,322,798 39,460,322 33,341,679	67,240,641 51,542,161 76,641,452 84,064,232 79,411,747
1911	12,706,853 13,089,495	9,092,472 10,281,045 13,211,800 11,280,469	1,203,416 1,156,456 1,384,285 1,371,429	28,246,780	39,615,976 45,760,307 51,367,756 62,294,400	87,774,198 98,161,441 112,059,537 127,384,473

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

6.-Total Expenditure of Canada, 1868-1914.

		· =			
Fiscal Year.	Expenditure chargeable to consolidated fund.	Expenditure chargeable to capital.	Expenditure for railway subsidies.	Other charges.	Total expenditure.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	*
1868 1869 1870	13,486,093 14,038,084 14,345,510	548,438 440,418 3,515,116	- - -	37,158 429,664 155,988	14,071,689 14,908,166 18,016,614
871 872 873 874 875	15,623,082 17,589,469 19,174,648 23,316,317 23,713,071	3,670,397 7,853,050 19,859,441 10,177,740 6,922,742	- - - -	$ \begin{array}{r} -223,456 \\ 5,719 \\ 4,019 \\ 2,253,098 \end{array} $	19,293,479 25,665,975 39,039,808 33,498,076 32,888,911
876 877 878 879 880	24,488,372 23,519,302 23,503,158 24,455,382 24,850,634	7,154,008 7,599,710 6,657,200 5,648,332 8,241,174	- - - -	315,764 1,388,984 385,413 676,225 949,948	31,958,144 32,507,996 30,545,771 30,779,939 34,041,756
881	25,502,554 27,067,104 28,730,157 31,107,706 35,037,060	8,176,316 7,405,637 14,147,360 23,977,702 13,220,185	- - 208,000 403,245	$117,772 \\ 201,884 \\ 21,369 \\ 2,567,453 \\ 502,588$	33,796,642 34,674,625 42,898,886 57,860,861 49,163,078
886	39,011,612 35,657,680 36,718,495 36,917,835 35,994,031	9,589,734 4,439,939 7,162,964 4,420,314 4,053,159	2,701,249 1,406,533 1,027,042 846,722 1,678,196	10,534,974 - 155,623 1,333,327 44,947	61,837,569 41,504,152 45,064,124 43,518,198 41,770,333
891	36,343,568 36,765,894 36,814,053 37,585,025 38,132,005	3,115,860 2,164,457 3,088,318 3,862,970 3,030,490	1,265,706 1,248,216 811,394 1,229,885 1,310,549	68,074 2,093,569 139,963 330,353 399,294	40,793,208 42,272,136 40,853,728 43,008,233 42,872,338
896 897 898 899	36,949,142 38,349,760 38,832,526 41,903,500 42,975,279	3,781,311 3,523,160 4,143,503 5,936,343 7,468,843	3,228,746 416,955 1,414,935 3,201,220 725,720	137,185 682,881 943,317 501,571 1,547,624	44,096,384 42,972,756 45,334,281 51,542,634 52,717,466
901	46,866,368 50,759,392 51,691,903 55,612,833 63,319,683	7,695,488 10,078,638 7,052,725 7,881,719 11,933,492	2,512,329 2,093,939 1,463,222 2,046,878 1,275,630	908,681 1,038,831 1,538,722 6,713,618 2,275,334	57,982,866 63,970,800 61,746,572 72,255,048 78,804,139
906 907 (9 mos.) 908 909	67,240,641 51,542,161 76,641,452 84,064,233 79,411,747	$\begin{array}{c} 11,913,871 \\ 11,329,144 \\ 30,429,907 \\ 42,593,167 \\ 29,756,353 \end{array}$	1,637,574 1,324,890 2,037,629 1,785,887 2,048,907	2,485,555 1,581,944 3,469,692 4,998,237 4,179,577	83,277,641 65,778,139 112,578,680 133,441,524 115,395,774
1911	87,774,198 98,161,441 112,059,537 127,384,473	30,852,963 30,939,576 27,206,046 37,180,176	$\begin{array}{c} 1,284,892 \\ 859,400 \\ 4,935,507 \\ 19,036,237 \end{array}$	$\substack{2,949,197\\7,181,665\\255,787\\2,640,162}$	122,861,250 137,142,082 144,456,877 186,241,048

FINANCE.

.—Total Receipts of Canada, 1868-1914.

103,910 111,004,320 136,108,217 524 168,690,427 - 163,174,395
1,543 52,510,553 1,543 58,052,335 11,015 69,348,084 9,434 70,679,251 3,300 71,186,073 2,034 80,141,394
- 38,579,311 - 36,921,872 40,000 38,208,609 190 36,374,883 - 33,978,129
302,843 33,479,883 538 35,755,531 - 35,908,464 - 38,782,870 - 39,879,925
29,635,298 1,799,093 35,182,549 1,009,019 36,803,669 953,264 32,815,226 557,040 33,354,041
4,468 22,592,056 868,486 22,927,760 31,246 22,406,257 4,503,143 27,020,525 57,140 23,364,547
39,476 19,375,037 - 20,714,814 157,122 20,970,591 302,560 24,507,653 1,009 24,649,724
\$ 13,687,928 - 14,379,175 7,431 15,539,657
Other Total receipts.

Norz.—The plus (+) sign in the last column of this table denotes the excess of receipts and sinking funds over expenditure. In other cases the expenditure exceeds receipts.

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

8.—Population and Revenue and Expenditure per head, 1871-1914.

Year.	Population	Revenue per head.	Expendi- ture per head.	Year.	Population.	Revenue per head.	Expendi- ture per head.
_	No.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.		No.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
*1871	3,485,761	5 55	4 48	1893	4,936,000	7 73	7 46
1871	3,518,000	5 50	4 44	1894	4,894,000	7 29	7 54
1872	3,611,000	5 74	4 87	1895	5,034,000	6 75	7 58
1873	3,668,000	5 67	5 23	1896	5,086,000	7 20	7 26
1874	3,825,000	6 33	6 10	1897	5,142,000	7 36	7 46
1875	3,887,000	6 34	6 10	1898	5,199,000	7 80	7 47
1876	3,949,000	5 70	6 20	1899	5,259,000	8 89	7 97
1877	4,013,000	5 50	5 86	1900	5,322,000	9 59	8 07
1878	4,079,000	5 49	5 76	*1901	5,371,315	9 78	8 72
1879	4,146,000	5 43	5 90	1901	5,403,000	9 72	8 67
1880	4,215,000	5 53	5 90	1902	5,532,000	10 49	9 18
*1881	4,324,810	6 85	5 90	1903	5,673,000	11 64	9 11
1881	4,337,000	6 83	5 88	1904	5,825,000	12 13	9 55
1882	4,384,000	7 62	6 18	1905	5,992,000	11 88	10 57
1883	4,433,000	8 08	6 48	1906	6,171,000	12 99	10 90
1884	4,485,000	7 11	6 94	1907	6,302,000	10 71	8 18
1885	4,539,000	7 23	7 72	1908	6,491,000	14 80	11 81
1886	4,589,000	7 23	8 50	1909	6,695,000	12 71	12 56
1887	4,638,000	7 71	7 69	1910	6,917,000	14 67	11 48
1888	4,688,000	7 66	7 84	*1911	7,206,643	16 20	12 18
1889	4,740,000	8 19	7 79	1911	7,158,000	16 47	12 26
1890	4,793,000	8 33	7 52	1912	7,467,000	18 23	13 15
*1891	4,833,239	7 98	7 52	1913	7,758,000	21 74	14 44
1891	4,844,000	7 96	7 50	1914	8,075,000	20.21	15.78
1892	4,889,000	7 55	7 52				

Note.—The years marked with an asterisk (*) are those of the Census, April 2, 1871, April 4, 1881, April 6, 1891, April 1, 1901, June 1, 1911. In all other cases the population is estimated at the close of each fiscal year: June 30 from 1871 to 1906 and March 31 from 1907 to 1914. The fiscal period of 1907 is for the nine months ended March 31.

FINANCE.

9.—Public Debt of Canada July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1914.

Fiscal	Year.	Total debt.	Total assets.	Net debt.	Interest on debt.	Interest from investments.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1867 1868 1869 1870		93,046,052 96,896,666 112,361,998 115,993,706	17,317,410 21,139,531 36,502,679 37,783,964	75,728,642 75,757,135 75,859,319 78,209,742	4,501,568 4,907,014 5,047,054	
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	· · · · · · ·	115,492,683 122,400,179 129,743,432 141,163,551 151,663,402	37,786,165 40,213,107 29,894,970 32,838,587 35,655,024	77,706,518 82,187,072 99,848,462 108,324,964 116,008,378	5,165,304 5,257,231 5,209,206 5,724,436 6,590,790	488,042 396,404 610,863
1876 1877 1878 1879		161,204,687 174,675,835 174,957,269 179,483,871 194,634,441	36,653,174 41,440,526 34,595,199 36,493,684 42,182,852	124,551,514 133,235,309 140,362,070 142,990,187 152,451,589	6,400,902 6,797,227 7,048,884 7,194,734 7,773,869	717,684 605,774 592,500
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885		199,861,537 205,365,252 202,159,104 242,482,416 264,703,607	44,465,757 51,703,601 43,692,390 60,320,566 68,295,915	155,395,780 153,661,561 158,466,714 182,161,850 196,407,692	7,591,145 7,740,804 7,668,552 7,700,181 9,419,482	914,009 1,001,193 986,698
1886 1887 1888 1889	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	273,164,341 273,187,626 284,513,842 277,722,063 286,112,295	50,005,234 45,872,851 49,982,484 50,192,021 48,579,083	223,159,107 227,314,775 234,531,358 237,530,042 237,533,212	10,137,009 9,682,929 9,823,313 10,148,932 9,656,841	990,887 932,025
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	289,899,230 295,333,274 300,054,525 308,348,023 318,048,755	54,201,840 58,373,485 62,164,994	237,809,031 241,131,434 241,681,010 246,183,029 253,074,927	9,8 0 6,888 10,212,596	1,217,809
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900		325,717,537 332,530,131 338,375,984 345,160,903 346,206,980	67,220,104 70,991,535 74,419,585 78,887,456 80,713,173	258,497,433 261,538,596 263,956,339 266,273,447 265,493,807	10,645,663 10,516,758 10,855,112	1,443,004 1,513,655 1,590,448
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905		354,732,433 366,358,477 361,344,098 364,962,512 377,678,580	86,252,429 94,529,387 99,737,109 104,094,793 111,454,413	268,480,004 271,829,090 261,606,989 260,867,719 266,224,167	10,807,955 10,975,935 11,068,139 11,128,637 10,630,115	1,784,834 1,892,224 2,020,953 2,236,256 2,105,031
1906 1907 (9 m 1908 1909 1910	$ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{nonths} \\ \dots \\ \dots \\ \end{array} $	392,269,680 379,966,826 408,207,158 478,535,427 470,663,046	125,226,703 116,294,966 130,246,298 154,605,148 134,394,500	267,042,977 263,671,860 277,960,860 323,930,279 336,268,546	10,814,697 6,712,771 10,973,597 11,604,584 13,098,161	2,140,312 1,235,746 1,925,569 2,256,643 2,807,465
1911 1912 1913 1914		474,941,487 508,338,592 483,232,555 544,391,369	134,899,435 168,419,131 168,930,930 208,394,519	340,042,052 339,919,461 314,301,625 335,996,850	12,535,851 12,259,397 12,605,882 12,893,505	1,668,773 1,281,317 1,430,511 1,964,541

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

10.—Assets of the Public Debt of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1914.

Fiscal Year.	Sinking funds.	Other investments.	Province accounts.	Mis- cellaneous accounts.	Total assets.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1867	1,207,222 1,562,489 1,989,296 2,115,829	4,578,560 4,573,957 13,348,757 11,125,437	$10,045,534\\11,723,359\\14,776,812\\17,193,584$	1,486,094 3,279,726 6,387,814 7,349,114	21,139,531 36,502,679
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	2,537,495 3,450,482 3,598,422 4,112,348 4,668,122	9,369,952 7,468,892 5,717,694 6,313,565 7,119,181	19,126,531 20,901,517 11,537,690 11,524,638 11,521,698	6,752,187 8,392,216 10,041,164 10,888,036 12,346,023	30,894,970 32,838,587
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879.	5,491,075 6,387,515 7,400,268 8,531,565 9,747,373	9,157,464 7,786,874 4,551,638 4,152,655 5,932,434	11,974,808 12,367,516 12,274,893 13,030,019 13,535,092	10,029,827 14,898,621 10,368,400 10,779,445 12,967,953	36,653,174 41,440,526 34,595,199 36,493,684 42,182,852
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	10,964,526 12,190,732 12,941,658 14,292,158 15,855,353	6,798,964 11,443,104 7,850,895 28,337,491 37,497,966	$\begin{array}{c} 13,314,115 \\ 13,013,286 \\ 13,146,291 \\ 7,499,069 \\ 7,502,724 \end{array}$	13,388,152 15,056,479 9,753,546 10,191,848 10,439,872	51,703,601 43,692,390 60,320,566
1886	17,461,624 19,054,577 20,993,654 22,730,299 24,617,536	8,249,817 8,874,106 10,549,696 9,749,155 6,179,281	7,508,755 7,518,402 7,545,150 7,973,556 9,412,337	16,785,038 10,425,766 10,893,984 9,739,011 8,369,929	45,872,851 49,982,484 50,192,021
1891 1892 1893 1894 1894	26,555,614 28,583,475 30,678,989 32,356,777 34,359,088	6,199,581 5,179,536 5,263,138 5,263,138 5,487,462	$\begin{array}{c} 9,910,524 \\ 10,412,417 \\ 10,921,106 \\ 10,917,856 \\ 10,923,487 \end{array}$	9,424,480 10,026,412 11,510,252 13,627,223 14,203,791	
1896	36,414,376 38,516,189 40,876,158 43,358,643 45,824,282	6,077,628 6,261,528 6,317,528 6,371,528 6,769,528	10,586,399 10,606,052 10,603,211 10,671,783 10,718,484	14,141,701 15,607,766 16,568,688 18,485,502 17,400,879	67,220,104 70,991,535 74,419,585 78,887,456 80,713,173
1901	48,304,619 50,874,000 53,494,588 44,770,876 47,032,494	7,062,836 7,508,077 8,428,962 13,801,928 12,691,310	10,718,474 10,718,461 4,144,218 4,119,591 4,048,796	20,166,500 25,428,849 33,669,341 41,402,398 47,681,813	86,252,429 94,529,387 99,737,109 104,094,793 111,454,413
1906	48,016,410 45,981,552 42,250,209 38,515,547 14,782,613	12,576,241 13,223,804 22,949,146 22,144,989 26,216,852	4,033,705 4,033,705 4,033,705 2,296,429 2,296,429	60,600,347 53,055,905 61,013,238 91,648,183 91,098,606	125,226,703 116,294,966 130,246,298 154,605,148 134,394,500
1911	11,196,826 12,353,282 13,737,567 9,144,995	27,501,851; 30,551,851; 43,885,325; 70,819,658	2,296,429 2,296,333 2,296,328 2,296,328	93,904,329 123,217,665 109,011,710 126,133,538	134,899,435 168,419,131 168,930,930 208,394,519

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FINANCE.

11.—Total Liabilities of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1914.

1911 271,0 1912 282,0 1913 258,0 1914 302,8	1906	1901 227, 1902 1902 227, 1903 1903 227, 1904 1904 209, 209, 209, 209, 209, 209, 209, 209,	1896 218, 1897 218, 1898 227, 1899 227, 1900 227, 227, 227,	1891 188,040, 1892 198,804, 1893 201,615, 1894 207,275, 1895 218,225,	1886 172 1887 171 1888 176 1889 188 1890 187 187 187		1876 112, 1877 122, 1878 121, 1879 128, 1880 137,	1871 75,1 1872 76,1 1873 76,1 1874 85,1 1875 99,1	1867	Fiscal Year. de in Lo
271,050,678 282,024,279 258,679,819 302,842,485	204,738,351 207,627,691 221,809,567 277,810,963 257,451,059	227,958,837 227,958,837 227,958,837 227,958,837 209,479,619 209,520,233	218,225,504 218,225,504 218,225,504 227,958,837 227,958,837 227,958,837	188,040,134 198,804,342 201,615,481 207,275,505 218,225,504	172,247,083 171,675,736 176,601,776 188,239,436 187,616,503	135,601,083 132,122,876 130,187,403 153,157,096 154,105,123	112,133,529 122,477,629 121,244,416 128,307,409 137,024,583	75,811,163 76,486,656 76,137,716 85,798,049 99,961,023	\$ 67,069,116 66,795,609 75,847,176 75,847,176	Funded debt payable n London.
4,795,066 4,730,877 2,190,768 719,003	7,838,716 7,301,116 7,176,416 4,769,616 4,819,116	8,554,365 9,007,614 8,886,981 7,478,081 7,450,949	9,708,835 9,188,638 8,992,959 8,812,867 8,676,765	11,833,539 10,362,566 8,218,152 7,181,711 7,095,625	20,382,614 18,749,402 17,572,668 15,511,362 13,674,428	11,580,142 10,901,005 5,924,403 21,988,566 19,930,644	8,123,051 8,308,523 8,933,231 9,998,778 11,595,160	7,828,451 7,974,573 8,199,396 8,914,514 8,398,909	\$ 3,999,175 6,016,074 6,950,496 7,768,236	Funded debt payable in Canada.
89,994,270 113,329,633 112,101,886 117,795,639	49,941,427 54,794,597 60,455,991 79,351,081 87,134,069	27,671,452 32,780,387 39,006,199 41,574,783 47,334,222	20,372,215 22,318,096 22,178,194 24,236,467 26,094,924	16,176,317 17,282,699 18,448,494 20,061,719 19,520,233	16,297,453 15,059,836 16,249,319 15,426,281 15,357,893	14,538,965 15,807,911 15,997,855 15,360,281 15,633,256	11,533,891 10,680,493 10,460,735 10,789,710 13,565,159	7,367,341 10,510,541 11,284,132 12,175,579 10,778,873	\$ 3,113,700 3,795,000 4,830,000 7,479,353	Dominion notes.
39,239 39,225 39,220 39,220	39,361 39,361 39,361 39,286 39,273	39,420 39,407 39,407 39,407 39,407	39,475 39,438 39,429 39,429 39,424	39,625 39,585 39,570 39,534 39,520	40,084 39,881 39,792 39,768 39,744	40,810 40,595 40,359 40,237 40,164	43,229 42,527 41,846 41,397 41,040	115,092 61,685 51,028 47,013 44,665	\$ 605,859 552,326 467,743 334,301	Provincial notes.
58,094,331 58,219,328 57,140,483 55,567,603	61,910,622 62,541,812 62,581,155 59,938,920 58,264,230	56,048,957 58,437,989 60,771,129 62,158,450 62,017,457	46,799,319 48,934,979 50,111,116 50,241,715 53,149,722	39,400,026 39,529,548 41,849,656 43,036,012 44,450,499	37,173,814 40,832,275 41,371,058 42,956,358 41,012,465	15,836,672 21,768,662 26,219,108 29,217,537 32,979,076	7,044,118 7,470,630 8,497,013 9,207,683 11,052,956	4,515,446 5,187,586 6,119,691 7,210,261 7,171,181	\$ 1,422,047 1,686,126 2,452,119 2,367,072	Savings banks.

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

11.—Total Liabilities of Canada, July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1914—concluded.

Fiscal Year.	Compensation to Seigneurs.	Tempor- ary loans.	Trust funds.	Province accounts.	Mis- cellaneous account.	Total liabilities.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	*	\$
1867	3,869,810 3,869,810 23,869,810 3,860,646	- 6;575,410 2,224,354	6,408,780 6,454,799 6,477,618 6,535,103	2,573,293 3,499,678 4,664,511 6,224,159	3,984,272 4,227,244 227,115 2,353,307	93,046,052 96,896,666 112,361,998 115,993,707
1871	3,811,065 3,725,554 3,500,594 3,476,822 825,478	- - - -	6,595,678 6,655,249 6,686,347 6,753,847 6,822,524	7,951,628 10,319,741 14,477,825 16,119,309 14,984,382	1,496,819 1,478,594 4,321,370 669,157 2,676,367	115,492,683 122,400,179 130,778,099 141,163,551 151,663,402
1876	466,388 407,061 400,427 391,331 385,840	 - -	6,881,938 6,899,347 6,860,331 6,834,477 6,893,453	14,384,864 13,910,660 13,313,435 12,605,298 12,569,614	593,679 4,478,963 5,205,835 5,798,670 5,998,118	161,204,687 174,675,835 174,957,269 183,974,754 199,125,323
1881	394,596 244,936 200,085 198,162 195,379	- - - 18,985,908	6,941,146 6,999,035 7,003,188 7,055,899 7,041,841	$\begin{array}{c} 12,424,853 \\ 12,596,072 \\ 12,573,490 \\ 14,285,699 \\ 14,219,480 \end{array}$	2,503,271 4,884,160 4,013,213 1,178,939 1,572,737	199,861,538 205,365,252 202,159,104 242,482,416 264,703,607
1886	188,765 188,765 179,154 181,776 179,416	1,262,444 1,241,000 5,651,459 - 1,946,667	7,060,526 7,080,836 7,098,644 7,200,386 8,184,794	17,310,531 17,282,987 17,194,048 16,927,884 16,907,533	1,201,027 1,036,908 2,555,924 1,238,812 1,192,852	273,164,341 273,187,626 284,513,842 287,722,063 286,112,295
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	166,960 166,560 166,310 164,732 131,387	7,786,667 - 1,460,000 2,433,333 -	8,217,993 9,113,817 10,111,141 10,205,366 10,263,694	16,907,414 16,407,374 15,407,360 16,407,324 16,407,032	1,330,555 3,626,783 1,738,361 1,542,787 1,915,262	289,899,230 295,333,274 300,054,525 308,348,023 318,048,755
1896	124,328 117,288 78,873 78,798 78,798	1,946,667 4,866,667 - 3,893,333	10,314,883 10,409,788 10,446,967 10,690,277 10,910,056	16,406,987 16,406,721 16,406,435 16,672,687 16,672,687	$\begin{array}{c} 1,779,324 \\ 2,023,016 \\ 2,163,171 \\ 2,536,492 \\ 2,625,767 \end{array}$	325,717,537 332,530,131 338,375,984 345,160,903 346,206,980
1901	78,029 76,262 76,262 76,262 76 ,262	- - 4,866,667 2,920,000	11,305,611 11,593,175 12,181,524 16,105,439 18,385,824	16,672,677 16,672,336 6,523,165 11,920,688 11,920,668	6,403,085 9,792,47(5,900,594 11,263,136 18,013,558	354,732,433 366,358,477 361,344,098 364,962,512 377,678,580
1906 1907 (9 mos.) 1908 1909	72,599 72,599 64,030		13,744,817 14,107,439 13,124,674	11,920,684 11,920,668 11,920,668 11,920,582 11,920,582	20,707,498 20,743,961 17,909,942	392,269,680 379,966,826 408,207,158 478,535,427 470,663,046
1911	38,092 38,092	_ ' 	13,939,187 14,727,472 15,167,804 15,831,903	11,920,582 11,920,486 11,920,481 11,920,481	23,309,199 25,954,002	474,941,487 508,338,592 483,232,555 544,391,369

FINANCE.

12.—Funded Debt payable in London and Canada, March 31, 1914.

Description.	Amount.	Interest payable thereon.	Date of maturity.
Possible in London	\$	\$	
Payable in London. 4 per cent. loan of 1940-60	58,400,000	2,336,000	October 1, 1960 (on or after Oct. 1, 1940, on giving 3
$3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. loan of 1909	26,710,116	1,001,629	months' notice). July 1, 1919 (or after July 1, 1914, the whole or any portion by drawings on giving 3 months' notice).
3½ " " 1884		821,352	On giving 6 months' notice or 1st June, 1934.
$3\frac{1}{2}$, " C. P. Ry.	15.050.005	F00.000	
land grant	15,056,007	526,960	July 1, 1938.
3½ per cent. loan of 1930-50	137,058,841	4,797,000	1st, 1930 (or after July 1st, 1930, on giving 6 months' notice).
3 " " 1888	8,062,129	241.864	July 1, 1938.
3 " " 1892	18,250,000	547,500	July 1, 1938.
3 " " 1894	10,950,000	328,500	July 1, 1938.
$2\frac{1}{2}$ " " 1897	4,888,186	122,205	
Total	302,842,485	10,723,070	
Payable in Canada.			
Province of New Brunswick, 6			
per cent. loan debentures	600	_	Overdue.
Province of Canada, 5 per cent.	400	1	
loan debentures	400		Overdue.
Dominion stock, issue A, 6 p.c. $^{\circ}$	8,000		
" " A, 3½ " " " R 31 "	34,137 $194,400$		
" " $\frac{D}{C}, \frac{3}{2}$ "	48,666		
" " " F 3 1 "	64,350		July 1, 1925.
" " $1896, 3\frac{1}{2}$ "	367,900	12,876	March 1, 1916.
Total	718,453	25,310	

Provincial Subsidies.—Tables 13 and 14 show the amounts of the subsidies and other payments made by the Dominion to the provincial governments for each of the years 1909 to 1914 (Table 13) and the totals paid from Confederation to date (Table 14). The provincial subsidies payable by the Dominion Government were originally settled by the British North America Act, 1867 (30 and 31 Viet., c. 3, s. 118), but were revised by the British North America Act, 1907 (7 Edw. VII, c. 11). Under the revised settlement each provincial government receives (a) a fixed grant according to population and (b) a grant at the rate of 80 cents per head of the population up to 2,500,000, and at the rate of 60 cents per head of so much of the population as exceeds that number. The province of British Columbia receives an additional

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

grant of \$100,000 per annum for a period of 10 years from 1907¹. An additional grant of \$100,000 per annum is payable to Prince Edward Island under an act of 1912 (2 Geo. V., c. 42), and the payments to Manitoba were revised by the Extension of Boundaries (Manitoba) Act (2 Geo. V., c. 32). Other payments to the provincial governments by the Dominion Government consist of special grants as compensation for lands and allowance for buildings, allowances in lieu of debt, etc.

13.—Subsidies and other Payments of Dominion to Provincial Governments, 1909-14.

Provinces.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
		*		\$	\$	*
Prince Edward	" i	"	-		-	
Island	281,932	281,932	281,932	281,932	381,932	381,932
Nova Scotia	610,465	610,460		636,670	636,666	636,667
New Brunswick	621,361			637,976	637,977	637,976
Quebec		1,686,579		1,971,705	1,967,556	1,969,630
Ontario		2,128,772		2,396,429	2,396,328	2,396,379
Manitoba	751,497			833,642	3,643,910	1,478,912
Saskatchewan				1,548,189	1,555,453	
Alberta			1,173,069	1,260,722	1,259,489	
British Columbia	522,077			713,781	732,489	723,135
Total	9,177,143	9,361,388	9,092,472	10,281,046	13,211,800	11,280,469

Note.—For the years 1868-1907, see Canada Year Book 1911, pp. 265-6.

14.—Totals of Subsidy Allowances from July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1914.

Provinces.	Allowance for Govern- ment.	Allowance per head of Population.	Special Grants. ²	Interest on Debt Allowance ³	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island			1,546,706		
Nova Scotia	3,730,000		826,980		
New Brunswick	3,260,000		6,780,000		
Quebec	4,480,000		_	2,647,579	
Ontario	4,880,000			2,037,814	
Manitoba			6,283,583		
Saskatchewan			4,406,250		
Alberta	1,356,666		3,937,500		
British Columbia	2,400,000	4,116,592	5,000,000	1,263,280	12,779,872
Total	26,143,333	149,341,432	28,781,019	23,747,977	228,013,761

^{&#}x27;See Canada Year Book, 1907, pp. xxxiii-iv.

²Compensation for lands and allowance for buildings.

³Allowance in lieu of debt.

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15.—Coinage at the Ottawa Branch of the Royal Mint in the Calendar Years 1911-14.

Description of Coins.	1911	•	1912.			
	Struck.	Issued.	Struck.	Issued.		
Gold Sovereigns	256,946 or \$1, 250,470.53or	256,395 \$1,247,789.00	-	515 \$2,506.35		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Gold—Canadian \$5's " \$10's Silver	985,678.50 46,599.47	1,391,000.00 54,480.00	770,060.00\ 706,950.00\ 1,383,832.95 51,095.99	1,477,490.00 1,392,000.00 50,000		
Description of Coins.	1913		1914.			
Gold Sovereigns	3,715 or \$18,079.67	3,742 or \$18,211.08	14,891	9,077 or \$44,174.72		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Gold—Canadian \$5's " \$10's Silver	471,700 1,418,920 1,316,541,35 57,333.72	471,720 1,418,970 1,175,000 55,600	145,545.00 1,354,030.00 843,244.05 34,039.37	145,595.00 1,354,110.00 734,002.00 35,100.00		

INLAND REVENUE.

Department of Inland Revenue.—Under the Inland Revenue Act (R.S. 1906, c. 51) the Department has the control and management of the collection of excise duties, of stamp duties, internal taxes, standard weights and measures and of the collection of bridge and ferry tolls and rents. It administers the statutes which deal with the adulteration of food and other articles, electricity and gas inspection, patent medicines, petroleum, naphtha and the analysis of fertilizers and feeding stuffs. The Department also establishes the food standards, which are put into force from time to time by Orders in Council under the authority of Section 26 of the Adulteration Act. For the year ended March 31, 1914, the total inland revenue of the Dominion amounted to \$21,877,891, as compared with \$21,861,375 in 1913.

INLAND REVENUE.

Canadian Excise Tariff.—The following is a statement of the Canadian excise tariff, as amended by Parliament during the session of August 18-22, 1914:

Spirits—	Tobacco, per lb\$0.10
When made from raw grain, per proof gal\$2.40	Cigarettes, weighing not more than 3 lb. per M., per thousand 3.00
When made from malted barley. 2.42	Cigarettes, weighing more than 3
When made from imported mo-	lb. per M., per thousand 8.00
lasses or other sweetened mat-	Foreign raw leaf tobacco, un-
ter free of Customs duty, per	stemmed, per $1b \dots 0.28$
proof gall 2.43	Foreign raw leaf tobacco, stem-
Malt, per lb 0.03	med, per lb 0.42
Malt, imported, crushed or ground	Canada twist tobacco, per lb 0.10
per lb 0.05	Snuff, per lb 0.10
Malt liquor when made in whole	Cigars, per M
or part from any other substance	Cigars when put up in packages of
than malt, per gall 0.15	less than 10 each, per $M 4.00$
Vinegar, per proof gall 0.04	. •
Acetic acid, per proof gall 0.04	

Consumption of Alcohol and Tobacco.—The separate sources of revenue for the years 1909 to 1914 are set out in Table 16. The two largest sources of inland revenue are spirits and tobacco, which in 1914 together accounted for 85 per cent. of the total. As is apparent from Tables 18 and 19 the consumption of alcoholic liquors and of tobacco has tended annually to increase both absolutely and relatively per head of the population. For 1913-14 the quantity of spirits taken out of bond for consumption was 4,829,115 gallons, as compared with 4,999,937 gallons in 1912-13, and of malt liquor 56,060,846 gallons, as compared with 52,314,400 gallons. Of tobacco the quantity was 25,746,829 lb. in 1913–14 as compared with 25,307,802 lb. in 1912–13. The number of cigars was 288,219,892 in 1913-14, against 294,772,933 in 1912-13. Ten years ago, in 1904, the corresponding quantities were 3,481,287 gallons of spirits, 27,335,985 gallons of malt liquor, 13,207,707 lb. of tobacco and 180,485,202 cigars: so that in ten years the increases are in the ratio of 39 per cent. for spirits, 105 per cent. for malt liquor, 95 per cent. for tobacco and 60 per cent. for cigars. The consumption per head is worked out in Table 19 as 1.061 gallon of spirits, 0.124 gallon of wine, 7.200 gallons of beer, and 3.711 lb. of tobacco, including cigars. the corresponding figures in 1904 being 0.917 gallon of spirits, 0.092 gallon of wine, 4.739 gallons of beer and 2.664 lb. of tobacco.

Electric Light and Power.—Electric light and power companies are subject to registration and inspection under the Electricity Inspection Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 14), and the production of electrical energy for export is regulated by the Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act, 1907 (6-7 Edw. VII, c. 16). Both acts are administered by the Department of Inland Revenue, and the statistics published in connection therewith are given in Tables 21 and 22.

 $$\rm F~I~N~A~N~C~E$. 16.—Excise and other Revenues for the Fiscal Years 1909-1914.

Sources of Revenue.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Acetic Acid	3,841	6,037	10,242	11,300	10,526	11,413
Cigars	626,059	432,539	470,197	517,646		588,935
Electric Light	43,846	46,316	59,583	66,060		80,476
Malt	1,396,007	1,434,004		1,716,547	1,864,525	2,012,301
Malt liquor	17,628	27,314		86,756	149,437	161,416
Manufactures in	<i>'</i>	,	,	,	,	•
bond	71,669	77,811	77,840	84,720	91,460	92,160
Methylated	-	•	•	,	•	•
spirits	49,960		90,999	93,083	118,077	116,208
Public Works	4,436	¹ 553	1474	11,024	¹ 529	¹ 964
Seizures	3,948		5,605	2,319	2,062	1,434
Spirits	6,950,589	7,169,760	7,913,376	8,667,666	9,474,142	9,038,028
Tobacco	5,964,005	6,067,599	6,784,140	8,130,776	9,192,181	9,489,426
Weights and	l					
measures, gas						
and law stamps	136,128	156,460	151,229	163,958	171,509	
Other revenues	55,395	70,120	96,626	96,328	109,825	99,276
Totals	15,323,511	15,563,028	17,242,676	19,638,183	21,861,375	21,877,891

¹ Ferry licenses.

17.-Statistics of Distillation for the Fiscal Years 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Licenses issued No.	14	15	15	14	14
License fees\$ Grain, etc., for distillation—	3,500	3,625	3,750	3,500	3,500
Malt lb.	7,792,089				
Indian corn "	57,897,554				
nye	11,870,177			11,696,490	
Oats	465,115				
wneat	1,842,124		2,851,840	3,026,065	2,466,162
Dariey	43,476	3,600	_	_	_
Rice	28,601	_	-	_	_
tillation"	70 030 136	70,616,065	70,907,970	85,049,333	98,146,094
Molasses"	17,109,995			26,885,496	
Proof spirits manu-	11,100,000	10,001,010	0,002,000	20,000,100	10,000,120
factured gal.	5,721,424	5,255,133	4,784,396	6,458,452	6,972,583
Vinegar"	1,876,942				2,203,822
Acetic Acid "	168,258				283,440
Duty collected ex-manufac-	,	′	,		
tory on deficiencies and					
assessments—				2 700	2.004
Gallons	5,280	7,058		2,508	2,001
Amount\$	10,037	13,410	17,703	4,765	3 ,803
Total duty collected plus license fees	13,537	17,035	21,453	8,265	7,303

INLAND REVENUE.

18.—Quantities of Spirits, Malt Liquor, Malt and Tobacco, taken out of Bond for Consumption, 1868-1914.

				To Cigare	_		
Fiscal	a,	Malt	3.6.1/	Olgare	ettes made	I OILI	Ci
Year.	Spirits.	Liquor.	Malt.	Foreign Leaf.	Canadian Leaf.	Combination Leaf.	Cigars.
	Gal.	Gal.	Lb.	 Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	No.
1969	13,772,719	7,685,309	17,181,500	D D	110.	ш	110.
1868 1869	12,809,501	7,609,148	23,731,351			_	_
	13,810,930	7,009,140	22,636,249	6,896,624	_	_	³128,096
	14,219,245	8,457,096	27,671,496	6,623,978	46,791	<u> </u>	³125,842
1872	3,808,291	9,557,328	29,981,647	7,952,735	31,900	_	³ 191,564
1873	3,730,337	11,060,521	33,955,694	6,364,876	16,558	_	³188,354
1874	4,566,508	10,771,519	33,369,016	8,516,633	129,842	_	3239,148
1875	3,303,298	11,584,226	33,016,082	6,489,192	67,473	_	³ 312,470
1876	3,441,125	9,319,190	30,693,447	8,171,552		_	3334,925
1877	2,942,337	9,115,258	28,878,551	7,481,024		_	³ 318,051
1878	3,007,870	8,578,075	26,534,587	7,150,410	8,244	_	³ 362,674
1879	3,646,255	8,848,208	27,795,037	7,100,696		_	³395,183
1880	2,290,367	9,201,213	28,902,354	7,352,487	50,865	_	³410,932
1881	3,214,543	9,931,176	30,798,078	7,717,970	383,304	_ [³ 524,612
1882	3,552,818	12,036,979	37,910,046	7,909,674	471,298	_	³ 736,614
1883	3,848,787		39,587,285	8,569,784	395,214	_	3931,062
		12,757,444	40 533 109	9,745,705	326,975	-	86,062,990
1884	3,608,021	13,098,700	40,533,102		499,132		78,869,878
1885	4,274,722	12,071,752	47,005,917 37,604,708	10,562,381 $7,563,602$	346,471	_	92,046,289
1886	2,412,818	13,282,261 14,786,285		8,248,239	568,335	_	85,974,823
1887	2,864,935		42,630,440	8,539,160		_	90,783,558
1888 1889	2,326,327	15,944,002 16,363,349	48,640,467 $51,111,429$	8,962,667	786,456	_	92,599,820
1890	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,960,447 \\ 3,521,194 \end{bmatrix}$		45,974,013	9,257,799	632,035		98,976,117
1891	2,687,664		57,909,201	9,354,340	442,403		101,142,481
1892	2,545,935		46,425,882	9,523,203		_	104,528,791
1893	2,731,896	16,946,245 $17,175,356$	50,082,751	9,525,205 $9,612,857$	515,012		114,668,809
1894	2,731,030	18,299,636	51,311,206	0.611.303		_	115,440,480
1895		17,628,815	50,659,627	9,611,393 $9,229,857$	538,353	_	106,131,294
1896	2,332,859	18,014,714		9,118,029			108,290,260
		17,888,239	51,690,278 68,443,353	9,419,019		_ 1	113,276,105
1897 1898		19,871,738	38,954,715	7,109,507	1,946,027	1 = 1	113,132,223
1899			56,212,822	7,626,264		352 205	128,919,098
1900			60,284,064	7,514,663			138,041,707
1901		25,108,254	64,723,616	7,325,431	3,165,084	1,203,982	141,096,889
1902			71,440,519	7,679,334			151,780,516
1903.			67,608,157	8,060,485			168,290,422
1904.			75,430,347	8,615,760			180,485,202
1905.			75,517,352	9,151,709			186,110,777
1906.			85,699,102				193,827,342
19072			69,176,871	8,340,652			154,253,260
1908.			98,579,733		3,110,228		
1909.	3,627,266	1	, ,		18,287,978		192,105,371
1910.			95,166,134		19,314,564		205,820,851
1911.			101,525,430		20,661,128		227,585,692
1912.			114,029,523		23,767,037		252,718,242
1913.				1	25,304,865		294,772,933
1914.					25,746,829		288,219,892
	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		\	·

¹ Total quantity manufactured.

² Nine months.

19.—Consumption per head of Spirits, Wine, Beer and Tobacco and amount of Excise and Customs Duties per head, 1869-1914.

Consumption of Duty paid on								
Fiscal Year.	Spirits.	Wine.	Beer.	To- bacco.	Spirits.	Wine.	Beer.	To- bacco.
	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	lb.	\$	\$	\$	\$
1869 1870	1.124 1.434	0.115 0.195	2.290 2.163	1.755 2.190	$0.761 \\ 0.962$	0.037 0.049	0.092 0.085	0.193 0.259
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	1.578 1.723 1.682 1.994 1.394	$\begin{array}{c} 0.259 \\ 0.257 \\ 0.238 \\ 0.288 \\ 0.149 \end{array}$	2.490 2.774 3.188 3.012 3.091	2.052 2.481 1.999 2.566 1.995	1.059 1.160 1.335 1.363 1.127	0.056 0.070 0.066 0.086 0.069	0.095 0.108 0.120 0.119 0.114	0.336 0.422 0.350 0.442 0.428
1876. 1877. 1878. 1879. 1880.	1.204 0.975 0.960 1.131 0.715	$\begin{array}{c} 0.177 \\ 0.096 \\ 0.096 \\ 0.104 \\ 0.077 \end{array}$	2.454 2.322 2.169 2.209 2.248	2.316 2.051 1.976 1.954 1.936	1.182 0.949 0.927 1.005 0.772	0.075 0.057 0.052 0.057 0.055	0.098 0.109 0.147 0.125 0.081	0.513 0.446 0.439 0.449 0.428
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885		0.099 0.120 0.135 0.117 0.109	2.293 2.747 2.882 2.924 2.639	2.035 2.150 2.280 2.476 2.623	0.990 1.084 1.186 1.074 1.198	0.073 0.092 0.097 0.082 0.074	0.081 0.098 0.103 0.104 0.111	0.443 0.485 0.473 0.365 0.393
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890.	0.746 0.645 0.776	0.110 0.095 0.094 0.097 0.104	2.839 3.084 3.247 3.263 3.360	2.052 2.062 2.093 1.953 2.043	1.007 1.045 0.944 1.107 1.257	$\begin{array}{c} 0.074 \\ 0.066 \\ 0.066 \\ 0.068 \\ 0.072 \end{array}$	0.091 0.100 0.110 0.114 0.121	0.502 0.514 0.509 0.529 0.539
1891	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.701 \\ 0.740 \\ 0.742 \end{bmatrix}$	0.111 0.101 0.094 0.089 0.090	3.790 3.516 3.485 3.722 3.471	2.292 2.291 2.314 2.264 2.163	1.094 1.156 1.235 1.235 1.124	0.080 0.075 0.070 0.060 0.056	0.137 0.211 0.218 0.205 0.161	0.590 0.680 0.691 0.683 0.645
1896	0.723 0.536 0.661	0.070 0.084 0.082 0.086 0.085	3.528 3.469 3.808 3.995 4.364	2.120 2.243 2.358 2.174 2.300	1.159 1.341 1.306 1.367 1.455	0.047 0.041 0.041 0.045 0.044	0.164 0.213 0.126 0.174 0.185	0.639 0.671 0.615 0.841 0.853
1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905.	0.786 0.848 0.917	0.099 0.090 0.094 0.092 0.093	4.680 5.035 4.592 4.739 5.123	2.375 2.371 2.483 2.664 2.768	1.574 1.631 1.766 1.913 1.898	0.047 0.048 0.049 0.049 0.049	0.195 0.211 0.200 0.217 0.214	0.864 0.902 0.967 1.005 1.036
1906 1907: 1908 1909 1910	0.977 0.939 0.860	0.095 0.095 0.102 0.091 0.105	5.484 5.765 6.146 5.708 5.713	2.898 3.048 3.066 3.105 3.183	1.879 2.035 1.965 1.794 1.843	0.052 0.054 0.057 0.050 0.057	0.238 0.257 0.268 0.241 0.242	1.100 1.317 1.194 1.101 1.059
1911. 1912. 1913. 1914	1.030	0.114 0.114 0.131 0.124	5.999 6.598 7.005 7.200	3.323 3.679 3.818 3.711	1.988 2.170 2.340 2.249	0.059 0.063 0.076 0.069	0.257 0.288 0.320 0.328	1.157 1.336 1.462 1.438

Nine months—Calculation on basis of 12 months.

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INLAND REVENUE.

20.-Number of Excise Licenses issued during the Fiscal Years 1909-1914.

Description.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Distillers	14	14	15	15	14	14
Maltsters	48	48	48	42	40	37
Brewers	134	131	121	114	117	119
Tobacco Manufacturers	78	62	66	64	72	82
do Can. Twist		35	41	40	31	24
Cigar Manufacturers		231	225	235	253	255
Petroleum Refineries	3	4	4	4	5	5
Manufacturers in Bond—						
Vinegar	19	19	19	19	19	20
Perfumes, Pharmaceutical Preparations,						ļ
etc	27	26	29	29	29	37
Fulminate of Mercury	2	2	2	1	1	2
Cereal Foods	-	_	1	1	1	1
Chemical Stills	34	43	43	48	70	70
Wood Alcohol Manufacturers		_	11	16	11	11
Malt Vinegar Brewers	1	1	1	2	2	2
Compounders	2	3	3	4	6	6
Still Manufacturers	2	2	2	2	2	2
Acetic Acid Manufacturers		2	2	2	1	1
Bonded Warehouses	258	266	252	253	262	252

21.—Electric Light and Power Companies registered under the Electricity Inspection Act in the Fiscal Years 1913-14.

		1913.		1914.			
Provinces.	Number of lamps. Number of			Number	of lamps.		
	com- panies.	Arc.	Incan- descent.	com- panies.	Arc.	Incan- descent.	
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	5 36 25 65 230 18 15 28	930 7,010 9,238	2,079,080 398,511 99,120 171,349	37 24 70 262 16 52 39	11,161 908 1,730 2,201	28,385 217,081 152,859 1,803,888 3,213,383 289,729 504,416 479,850	
Yukon	460	6	701,193 6,090 4,911,717	564	4,518 6 34,319	6,090	

Note.—One are light is estimated to be equal to ten incandescents.

22.—Electrical Energy generated or produced for Export and for Consumption in Canada under authority of the Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act during the Fiscal Years 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914.

Companies.	Generated or produced for export.	Generated or produced for consump- tion in Canada.	
	Units.	Units.	Units.
Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls, Niagara Falls, Ontario	195,379,851 213,658,241 254,286,580 282,123,004	130,590,049 199,658,759 284,950,978 412,597,896	
Falls, Ontario1911	301,874,204	12,410,696	314,284,900
1912.	295,125,050	11,903,550	
1913	325,775,842	10,986,988	
1914	400,214,980	11,420,020	411,635,000
Electrical Development Company of Ontario			,
Ltd., Niagara Falls, Ontario1911	24,609,100	111,220,067	135,829,167
1912	8,274,600	135,473,774	
1913	55,034,200	155,773,208	
1914	42,154,000	191,885,670	234,039,670
Ontario and Minnesota Power Company,	- 4 000 0MG	F00 040	
Fort Frances, Ontario	14,669,679	566,340	15,236,019
1912°	18,920,173	1,407,804	
1913: 1914	21,233,520 $21,649,327$	1,094,513 $868,856$	
Maine and New Brunswick Electrical Power Company, Ltd., Aroostook		,	, ,
Falls, N.B	1,798,591	43,739	1,842,330
1912	2,002,557	55,649	
$\begin{array}{c} 1913 \\ 1914 \end{array}$	2,371,446 $2,846,016$		2,434,516 $2,903,983$
British Columbia Electric Ry. Co., Van-	2,340,010	31,907	2,900,900
couver, B.C1912	64.8201	80,152,596	80,217,416
1913	282,383	120,789,188	
1914	395,831	114,697,400	
Western Canada Power Co., Vancouver,	000,002	121,000,100	110,000,
B.C	30,9602	1,154,547	1,185,507
$\frac{1913}{1913}$	3,259,693	18,191,562	21,461,255
1914	22,213,891	39,339,239	62,553,130
Totals	538,331,425 538,076,401	254,830,891 429,806,679	793,162,316 967,883,080
1913	662,243,664	591,849,507	1,254,103,171
1914	772,597,049	770,867,048	1,543,464,097
		<u> </u>	

¹For last four months of fiscal year. ²For last three months of fiscal year.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Tables 23 and 24 show for the latest financial year for which reports have been published the receipts and expenditure of each of the nine provincial governments of Canada, Table 23 giving totals and per capita figures and Table 24 the detailed items. The total revenue for the nine provinces exceeds \$50,418,000 and the total expenditure

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

\$55,693,000. The largest revenue is that of Ontario, \$11,121,382, British Columbia being next with \$10,479,259 and Quebec third with \$9,000,377. In total expenditure for the year that of British Columbia was highest, \$15,766,912 Ontario second with \$11,819,311 and Quebec third with \$8,624,368. Per capita the largest revenue is in British Columbia \$21.46, and in Manitoba \$10.28, the same provinces having also the greatest expenditure per capita, viz., British Columbia \$32.30 and Manitoba \$10.52. Owing to a change in the fiscal year, the period covered by the accounts of Saskatchewan is for the 14 months ended April 30, 1914.

23.—Revenue and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914.

Provinces.	Year Ended.	Total Revenue.	Revenue per head		Expen- diture per head
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	December 31, 1914 September 30, 1914 October 31, 1914 June 30, 1914 October 31, 1914 November 30, 1914 February 28, 1914 December 31, 1913 March 31, 1914	525,555 1,885,458 1,505,229 9,000,377 11,121,382 5,512,163 5,866,220 4,522,513 10,479,259	3.75 4.25 4.25 4.23 10.28 8.12 9.27	2,098,893 1,493,774 8,624,368 11,819,311 5,638,658 5,396,380 4,409,795	4.18 4.22 4.07 4.49 10.52 7.47 9.04

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND (Year ended December 31, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
	\$		\$
Dominion subsidy. Fees, Provincial Secretary. Prothonotary's fees. Fire Insurance Cos. Life Insurance Cos. Registrar of deeds. Banks. Hospital fees. Succession duties. Land tax. Income tax. Oyster culture. Fox tax.		Interest Legislation Paupers Agriculture, Dept. of Provincial Sec'y Treasurer Registry offices Public Works Dept., salaries roads, bridges, etc Sinking fund Oyster culture	59,003 38,629 11,139 3,882 16,555 6,474 5,502 78,343
Miscellaneous Total receipts	12,885 525,555		28,027 445,396

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—con. Nova Scotia (Year ended September 30, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Subsidy, Dominion of Canada	\$ 636,667		\$ 88,963
Mines Interest mortgage H. & S.W.	760,561	Debenture interest	334,897 41,851
RySuccession duties	155,895	Legislative expenses	97,397
Nova Scotia Hospital	53,398 85,735		$21,750 \\ 344,057$
Victoria General Hospital Provincial Sanatorium	14,135	Technical education	57,913
Joint stock companies	$9,945 \\ 23,660$	Mines and Crown Lands	84,974 63,145
Fees, and game licenses Marriage licenses	8,379 10,436	Miners' relief societies Public Charities Dept.:	26,220
Crown Lands	18,222	Nova Scotia Hospital	114,703
AgricultureEducation	$\frac{6,677}{1,925}$	Victoria General Hospital. County Hospitals	99,298 19,736
Technical education	11,373	Provincial Sanatorium	24,969
Private bills	$6,588 \ 2,538$	Public Works	$10,000 \\ 25,391$
Supplementary revenue Motor Vehicle Act	59,837 11,996	Public printing	22,419 $245,731$
Interest	2,387	Road Commissioners' office	17,562
Public Utilities	$\frac{1,800}{3,304}$	Steamboats, packets and ferries.	74,536
	3,501	Industries and immigration	35,969
		Succession duties Expenses Flotation of Loan	1,647 $111,445$
		Roads, Motor Vehicle Act Criminal Prosecutions	7,359 15,932
		Miscellaneous	15,932 $111,029$
Total receipts	1,885,458	Total expenditure	2,098,893

NEW BRUNSWICK (Year ended October 31, 1914).

Total receipts	1,505,229	Total expenditure	1,493,774
		Miscellaneous	119,623
	,	Probate fee fund	14,297
		Public Printing	16,531
Miscellaneous items	17,843		27,815
inion Government	66,382	Public works	390,931
Fisheries claim against Dom-		Sinking funds	26,272
Liquor licenses	44,088		15,793
Succession duties	20,109		26,907
Taxes, incorporated companies	50,802		93,725
_ office	30,740		29,984
Fees, Provincial Secretary's		Interest	270,126
King's Printer	3,089		16,507
School books	17,242		33,259
Motor vehicles	15,330		45,345
Provincial hospital	30,779		276,751
Probate fee fund	16,488		21,872
Territorial revenue	554,361	Agriculture	46,082
	637,976		
Dominion subsidies	697 076	A Junicial and Alica of invadion	01 054

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.--Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914--con.

QUEBEC (Year ended June 30, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
	\$,	\$
Dominion subsidies	1,842,170	Interest on debt	998,412
Special subsidy	127,461	Redemption of debt	128,480
Interest on trust fund	5 8,298	Premium, disc't, exch'ge, etc.	16,198
Lands and Forests— General receipts	110,494	Sinking fundLegislation—	61,654
Woods and forests	1,588,959	Legislative Council	58,374
Crown domain	31,728	Legislative Assembly	243,775
Fisheries and game	124,436	Printing and binding	85,500
Mines	22,723	Library	12,900
Law stamps	407,857	Civil government, salaries,	·
Building and jury fund	28,147	etc	582,432
Suspense account	8,444	Administration of justice	1,080,886
Registration stamps	229,088	Reformatory and industrial	102 005
Licenses—hotel, shop, etc Taxes on commercial cor-	1,027,597	schoolsPublic instruction	103,805 1,419,515
porations	925,093	Agriculture	450,480
Succession duties	1,604,480	Improvement of rural roads	470,313
Lunatic Asylums—Municipal	_,,	Colonizatian roads, etc	249,545
contributions and paying		Public works and buildings	829,991
patients	226,664	Charities—Lunatic asylums,	
Reformatory and industrial	40.400	etc	582,6 68
schools	42,138		60 995
Official Gazette	22,956 $44,955$	institutions Lands and forests	62,335 413,064
Tax on transfer of shares,	T1,500	Mines and fisheries	90,720
bonds, etc	53,870	Pensions—Civil Service	71,965
Motor vehicle law	122,576	Collection of revenue, for	
Casual revenue	75,065	licenses, etc	195,038
Reimbursement Railway sub-		Registrars' salaries and con-	
sidy tax	15,297	tingencies	81,772
Miscellaneous items	259,881	Miscellaneous	334,546
Total receipts	9,000,377	Total expenditure	8,624,368

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—con.

ONTARIO (Year ended October 31, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
	\$		\$
Dominion of Canada—			
Subsidy on population and		Civil Government	790,999
special grant	2,253,964	Legislation	333,023
Subsidy, 47 Vic., c. 4	142,414	Administration of justice	714,772
Interest paid by the Dom-	79 561	EducationPublic institutions, mainten-	2,048,546
inion (common school fund) Interest on investments	73,561 $41,088$		1,499,976
Lands, Forests and Mines.	2,340,657	ance	1,400,010
Timiskaming and N.O. Ry.	_,010,001	tion	101,609
earnings	250,000	Agriculture	710,134
Dominion, Timiskaming &	,	Hospitals and charities	421,780
Northern Ontario Ry.		Repairs and maintenance	172,066
subsidy, balance of in-	E44 401	Repairs and maintenance of	07.004
terest as adjusted	544,491	public buildings	67,634
Agriculture Licenses	$157,142 \\ 860,210$	Public works	199,252 $480,845$
Law stamps	133,414	Charges, Crown lands	587,299
Education Department	67,788	Refunds	59,000
Fisheries and game	154,837	Asylums for insane	126,261
Provincial Secretary	363,351	Normal schools	15,605
Corporation Tax Act, 4 Geo.		Hydro-Electric Power Com-	400 440
V, c. 11	1,386,309	mission	182,443
Succession duties	1,196,818	Agricultural College	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,615 \\ 2,233,703 \end{bmatrix}$
Deposits in lieu of bond for payment of succession		Statutory Expenditure Under Special Warrants	574,764
duty	90,815	Miscellaneous items	496,985
Casual revenue	304,577	William Coas rooms	100,000
Public institutions, asylums	·		
etc	376,484		
Insurance Department	66,563		
Hydro-Electric Commis-			
sion, Interest paid by municipalities under			
R. S. O., 1914	316,288		ĺ
Other items	612		
Total receipts	11,121,382	Total expenditure	11,819,311

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—con. Manitoba (Year ended November 30, 1914).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
	\$		\$
Dominion of Canada—	į	Legislation—	
Subsidy	1,406,204	Members	70,114
School land fund	186,472	Salaries	16,963
Total	1,592,676	Printing and binding con-	
		tracts	51,628
		Revision of lists of electors	22,651
		Other items	27,144
Dept. of Attorney-General—		Total	188,500
Fines	29,996	Executive Council	79,767
County Court fees	38,410	Treasury Department—	
Law fees	32,655	Specially authorized	768,946
Land titles—general fees	299,636	Aid to Imperial Govern-	,
Liquor licenses	160,996:	ment	145,272
Elquor Econoco		Other items	126,427
	1	Total	1,040,645
Department of Agriculture and		Provincial Secretary's Dept.	15,341
Immigration—	i	Dept. of Education—	20,012
Fees	28,033	Grants	480,220
Marriage licenses	6,846	Training Schools	60,712
Agricultural College	18,176	Truancy and neglected	00,112
	45,452	children	43,996
Dept. of Education—Fees	25,929	Other items	139,632
Legislation			724,560
Dept. of Provincial lands	218,406	Total Dept. of Agriculture and	121,000
D ((D - 1-1) - 117 1		Immigration—	73,056
Dept. of Public Works—	00.500	Agriculture and statistics.	128,363
Support of insane	82,592	Agricultural College	126,903 $126,916$
deaf and dumb	16,887	Grants	54,491
incurables	16,282	Immigration	40,859
Industrial training school	13,122	Other items	
Public institutions—farms	61,351	Total	423,685
Government grain elevators	85,928	Attorney-General's Dept.—	176 999
Dept. of Provincial Treasurer—	00.000	Land titles offices	$\begin{array}{r} 176,828 \\ 54,829 \end{array}$
Interest	96,860,	Law Courts	69,565
Succession duties	283,481	Police and Police Courts	31,308
Insurance Act fees	34,404	Licenses	52,653
Fire prevention	9,567	Gaols	
Corporation tax	158,481	Administration of justice.	118,804
Railway tax	203,461	Public Utilities Commis-	99 061
Refunds	2,918	sion	$\frac{22,961}{47,500}$
Sundry revenue	9,956	Other items	
Land titles assurance fund		Total	574,448
Automobile licenses	40,000		1,392,390
Telegraph and telephones	1,814,072	Public Works Department	002.066
Dept. of Provincial Secretary		Hospitals for insane	283,966
—fees	71,590	School for deaf and dumb.	30,984
		Home for incurables	73,038
		Industrial training school.	59,135
	l	Aid to municipalities and	450 000
	1	public works	459,998
	1	Other items	274,534
	t .	Total	1,181,155
	1	Miscellaneous	18,077
Total receipts	5,512,163	Total expenditure	5,638,658

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—con. Saskatchewan (For fourteen months ended April 30, 1914).

Dominion of Canada— Subsidy— Government and legislation Population per capita Debt allowance In lieu of lands School lands To aid agriculture Total. Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc	\$ 190,000 473,373 608,062 843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Public Debt— Interest	15,013 820,165 372,982
Government and legislation Population per capita Debt allowance In lieu of lands School lands To aid agriculture Total. Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc	473,373 608,062 843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Sinking funds Charges on issue of securities and temporary loans Premium, discount and exchange, etc. Total Civil Government Legislation Administration of justice—	89,241 279,256 15,013 820,165 372,982
tion. Population per capita Debt allowance. In lieu of lands School lands To aid agriculture Total. Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc. Liquor licenses, etc	473,373 608,062 843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Charges on issue of securities and temporary loans Premium, discount and exchange, etc Total Civil Government Legislation Administration of justice—	89,241 279,256 15,013 820,165 372,982 111,845
Population per capita Debt allowance. In lieu of lands School lands To aid agriculture Total Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc. Liquor licenses, etc	473,373 608,062 843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	ties and temporary loans Premium, discount and exchange, etc Total Civil Government Legislation Administration of justice—	15,013 820,165 372,982
Debt allowance In lieu of lands School lands To aid agriculture Total Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc Liquor licenses, etc.	608,062 843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Premium, discount and exchange, etc	15,013 820,165 372,982
In lieu of lands	843,750 253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	change, etc	820,165 372,982
School lands To aid agriculture Total Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc Liquor licenses, etc	253,139 49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Total Civil Government Legislation Administration of justice—	820,165 372,982
To aid agriculture Total	49,401 2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Civil Government	372,982
Total	2,417,725 348,601 74,357	Legislation	
Treasury Department Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc. Liquor licenses, etc	348,601 74,357	Administration of justice—	111,840
Attorney-General's Dept.— Succession duties Land Titles Act—fees, etc. Liquor licenses, etc	74,357		
Land Titles Act—fees, etc		marata Caunta	956 201
Liquor licenses, etc		rogate Courts	2 56,321
	972,055 218,857	Criminal investigations	91,373 $36,614$
	57,149	GaolsPolice, prisoners and insane	295,083
Fines and forfeitures	332,698		333,211
Sheriffs' fees	125,958	Registration of land titles Liquor License Act	83,437
Other items	19,773	Other items.	21,961
Total	1,800,847	Total	1,118,600
Provincial Secretary's Dept.	1,000,011	Public Works—	1,120,000
Incorporation fees	26,401	Public buildings	290,327
Registration fees	21,004	Construction and mainten-	200,021
License fees-Motor vehicles	48,603	ance of small bridges	208,771
License fees-Moving pic-		Roads and road improve-	
tures	22,217	ments	215,904
License fees—Pool, billiard	,	Ferry accommodation	95,521
rooms, etc	35,392	Inspection of steam boilers	42,188
Corporation Taxation Act	186.6 81	Aid to Rural Municipali-	,
Railway Taxation Act	70,972	ties	33,731
Insurance companies fees	33,697	Surveys	59,332
Other items	52 ,590	Other items	110,973
Total	497,557	Total	1,056,747
Public Works Dept.—		Education	809,613
Under Steam Boilers Act.	32,887	Agriculture and Statistics—	
Approval sub-division	88,845	Assistance to agricultural	
Other items	19,361	interests generally	56,149
Total	141,093	Assistance to live stock in-	
Education	32,571	dustry	68,576
Agriculture Department—		Assistance to dairy and	
Sale of butter and eggs	446,471	poultry industries	471,272
Game licenses	20,573	Publicity and statistical	00.416
Refunds	48,518	work	33,413
Other items	36,779	Weed control and game	10 200
Total	552,341	protection	18,398
Municipal Dept	4,516	Other items	720.25/
Public Improvements Dept Miscellaneous items	70,969 $41,724$	Total	7 39,354
Miscellaneous Items	41,724	Bureau of Public Health— Bureau of public health	20 100
		Evponditure under the Hog	32,128
		Expenditure under the Hospital Ordinance	104,223
		Other items	12,721
}		Total	149,072
		Bureau of Labour	55,542
		Neglected children	27 ,542
		Miscellaneous items	190,458
Total receipts	5.866.220	Total expenditure	5,396, 380

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—con. ALEERTA (Year ended December 31, 1913).

Receipts from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada—		Public debt	\$576,582
Annual subsidy	\$1,260,105	Civil government	392,400
Public school lands	223,612	Legislation	183,056
Interest, General			703,431
Interest on proceeds of rail-	'	Public Works—	, , , , ,
way bonds	950,457	Maintenance, rent, etc	181,575
Under Corporation Taxation		Inspection and superin-	,
Act—		tendence of	9,644
Insurance & loan companies	102,393	Inspection of coal mines	22,363
Land and trust companies	17,777	Inspection of steam boilers.	27,483
Banks	22,950		52,196 29,751
Miscellaneous companies	4,540	Maintenance of bridges	29,751
License fees—		Construction of roads	177,895
Marriage	10,052	Surveys	7,314
Automobile	40,854	Contingencies	6,842
Other	10,140	8	
Companies Ordinance—	,	Total public works	515,063
Incorporation fees, etc	46,475	Education—	,
Foreign Companies Ordinance	/	Grants paid under the	
License fees, etc	39,087	School Grants Ordinance	
Railway tax	74,166	Normal schools and	
Miscellaneous items	16,235	teachers' institutes	40,101
Attorney General's Dept.—	- /	Inspection of schools	34,333
Succession duties	66,535	Examinations	21,220
Land Titles Office, general	·	School readers	12,526
fees	470,852	Grants to University of	,
Registrars Assurance Fund.	134,902	Alberta	81,646
Court fees	163,729	Other items	43,962
Sheriffs' fees	47,038		<u> </u>
Liquor License Ordinance—	·	Total education	713,733
Ĥotel license	82,384	Agriculture—	,
Wholesale license	21,695	Grants to agricultural	
Other items	23,918	societies	69,860
Fines under Dominion &]	Grants to exhibition asso-	
Provincial statutes	69,260	ciations	15,000
Miscellaneous items	30,917	Live stock & agricultural	
Department of Public Works.	232,772	_institutes & associations	17,233
Dept. of Municipal Affairs—		Destruction of noxious	
Educational Tax Trust Ac-		_ weeds	28,013
count "D"	80,621	Protection of game	19,165
Other items	6,836	Expenses re Demonstra-	
Agriculture Department	202 ,268.	tion Farm	57,844
Education Department	5,245	Advance payments—Crea-	100 115
Other items	42 ,680	meries	102,115
		Immigration and coloniza-	10 501
		tion	16,784
		Other items	102,605
		T-4-1i1t	400,000
		Total agriculture	428,880
		Hospitals, charities and pub-	117 057
		lic health	117,657
	1	Prisoners and insane	188,619
		Government printers' ad-	16 007
	-	vance	16,927 $4,339$
	[Miscellaneous	569,108
		TAMOGRAMOUGH	000,100
Total receipts	4,522,513	Total expenditure	4,409,795
	_,,,,,		-,100,100

24.—Receipts and Expenditure of the Provincial Governments, 1913-1914—concluded. British Columbia (Year ended March 31, 1914).

Received from	Amount.	Expenditure for	Amount.
Dominion of Canada—	\$		\$
Annual payment of interest	29,151	Interest on public debt	330,585
" subsidy	180,000		188,211
" grant per capita	313,984	Premium, discount and ex-	,
for lands conveyed	100,000	change	6,977
" bayment speci grint	100 000	Civil government (salaries)	1,329,707
"B.N.A. Act, 1907"	100,000	Administration of justice	
Land sales	1,172,954 $218,526$	(salaries)	57,848
Land revenue	114,545	LegislationPublic Institutions—	87,500
Timber royalty and licenses	2,444,179	Printing office	96,723
Free Miners' Certificates	59,591	Bureau of mines	7,888
Mining receipts, general	92,920	Hospital for insane	404,435
Licenses, Trade and Liquor	102,618	Museum	9,188
" Game	107,154	Provincial home	17,022
" Motor	98,531	Fisheries (hatcheries and ad-	
etc., under rire in-	47 000	ministration)	30,279
surance Act	45,862	Agriculture—	67 911
Fines and fees of court	64,956 $44,810$	Agricultural Associations Inspection of nursery stock,	67,311
Succession duties	249,275	fruit, etc	41,217
Law stamps	100,627	Fruit Exhibitions and Pub-	11,211
Registration of companies	96,421	licity work	36,059
Registry fees	652,431	Grant in aid of farmers' and	,
Revenue tax	3,558	women's institutes, etc	17,576
Real property tax	501,051	Compensation to owners of	
Personal property tax	211,868	cattle slaughtered for	94.00
Wild land tax	$\begin{array}{c} 659,424 \\ 348,452 \end{array}$	tuberculosis	24,985
Income tax	91,967	Destruction of wolves, etc. Other items of expenditure	17,991
Mineral tax	153,881	on agriculture	40,696
Printing office	54,917	Hospitals and charities	430,784
Chinese Restriction (Act 1884,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Administration of justice	1
Dominion Statutes)	1,279,352	(other than salaries)	747,112
Interest on investments of		Education	1,141,070
sinking funds	80,878	Transport	111,040
Royalty and tax on coal	192,590	Revenue services Public Works—	23,256
Tax on unworked Crown granted Mineral Claims	45,954	Works and buildings	3,064,027
Hospital for the insane	42,876	Roads, streets, bridges and	5,004,027
Water revenue	61,910	wharves	5,322,386
Marriage licenses	24,485	Subsidies to steamboats,	-,,
Boiler inspection fees	31,289	ferries and bridges	90,334
Fishing cannery licenses	39,702	Miscellaneous, including	0.010.000
Miscellaneous	270,128	surveys	2,212,913
			15,955,123
		Less amount of sinking funds	10,000,120
		and redemption of deben-	
		tures	188,211
	1	7	,
Net revenue	10,479,259	Net Expenditure	15,766,912

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

Municipal Statistics.—Table 25 compares the principal cities and towns of Canada in respect of municipal finance. The table shows for the year 1914 (1) the population; (2) the assessed value of all taxable property; (3) the value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only; (4) the amount of the debenture debt; (5) the value of the sinking fund (if any); (6) the amount of the taxes levied; and (7) the tax rate in mills on the dollar. The information under each of these heads, together with that contained in the explanatory notes at the foot of the table, was furnished by the town clerks of the respective cities or towns in reply to a special circular letter from the Census and Statistics Office.

25.—Municipal Statistics by Provinces, 1914.

Cities and Towns.	Assessed popula- tion.	Assessed valuation of all taxable property.	Value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only.	Deben- ture debt.	Sinking fund.	Taxes levied.	Tax rate, mills on
P. E. Island—		\$\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Charlotte- town	12,000	4,785,205	100,000	618,500	41,000	116,326	13.75
Nova Scotia—							
Amherst Dartmouth Halifax New Glasgow North	8,973 5,058 55,000 6,383	2,580,077 31,288,050	775,000 801,300 14,771,200 180,000	844,000 634,400 5,511,290 641,170	94,699 16,067 498,122 41,166	99,764 44,163 695,912 77,658	17.00
Sydney Spring Hill Sydney SydneyMines Truro Yarmouth	5,418 5,900 17,723 7,470 6,107 6,600	788,775 8,265,480 1,776,036 3,476,295	158,100 200,000 9,000,000 2,350,000 55,000 505,800	392,500 174,000 1,723,500 265,000 619,410 444,000	84,270 13,980 280,947 35,000 129,038 9,277	40,635 23,745 194,000 47,133 70,407 74,322	$25.00 \\ 22.50$
New Bruns- wick-							
Fredericton Moneton St. John	14,000	8,725,476	7,000,000	595,233 1,431,565 5,100,870	81,696 1,148,305	101,000 147,784 727,607	

Cities and Towns.	Assess- ed pop- ula- tion.	Assessed valuation of all taxable property.	Value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only.	Deben- ture debt.	Sinking fund.	Taxes levied.	Tax rate, mills on \$
Quebec—		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Chicoutimi Fraserville Hull Joliette Lachine Levis Maisonneuve Montreal Quebec Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Sorel Thetford Mines Three Rivers Valleyfield Westmount	7,469 39,770 90,000 19,305 9,797 8,715 7,129 13,691 9,487	2,710,895 12,244,915 32,431,140 635,288,376 67,457,200 10,256,545 3,358,580 2,504,200 2,321,080 13,287,034 5,257,800	22,361,795 215,152,261 17,085,060 5,357,350 2,473,655 1,462,900 1,000,000 4,125,000 884,000	907,620 1,477,330 322,500 1,707,000 604,993 6,765,903 90,988,919 13,524,019 1,713,000 851,819 545,000 312,000 1,935,500 586,000 4,196,666	160,973 165,089 5,000 170,035	153,946 68,293 179,528 67,000 527,917 12,589,033 1,400,000 80,133 85,000 66,000 244,112	9.00 10.00 8.75 10.90 17.50 20.50 15.50 12.50 18.00 13.50
Ontario—							
Barrie Belleville Berlin Brantford Brockville Chatham Cobalt Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Fort William	11,893 19,056 26,389 9,641 10,770 6,418 5,241 6,619 6,700	5,349,527 9,891,347 18,361,060 3,814,401 7,542,929 3,809,654 2,153,521 3,029,635 2,094,117	1,512,155 1,394,595 2,887,250 723,775 1,234,055 179,530 712,800	1,225,356 2,001,429 706,693 860,130 919,712 132,979 185,491	217,110 - 82,120 14,789	127,809 235,209 114,292 60,503	16.50 23.75 23.00 30.00 24.50 30.00 25.00 32.00 \$32p.s. \$34s.s.
Galt	11,932 16,799 101,344 5,319 21,264 7,672 56,358 11,700 10,470	6,879,743 8,856,783 75,562,100 3,335,235 11,688,307 3,320,800 38,071,220 7,799,160 5,452,460	1,133,292 2,186,860 13,315,935 999,375 3,982,590 679,275 7,869,037 600,800 720,100	1,288,754 2,198,978 11,026,639 834,105 1,607,916 474,874 4,081,710 815,564 688,967	263,906 451,012 1,318,599 102,213 153,490 12,047 92,889	173,263 256,132 1,673,50 87,668 292,208 119,795 962,994 166,176 139,671	$ \begin{vmatrix} 26.00 \\ 24.80 \\ 320.00 \\ 27.00 \\ 25.00 \\ 35.00 \\ 25.50 \\ 27.00 \\ 20.50 $

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

25.—Municipal Statistics by Provinces, 1914—con.

Cities and Towns.	Assess- ed pop- ula- tion.	Assessed valuation of all taxable property.	Value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only.	Debenture debt.	Sinking fund.	Taxes levied	Tax rate, mills on
Ontario—con		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Ottawa	101,795	105,107,168	32,236,150	12,878,705	2,868,468	2,423,389	120.30
Owen Sound. Pembroke Peterboro Port Arthur. Port Hope		11,372,394 30,536,390	1,391,200 460,000 2,026,180 6,220,585 215,140		147,908 28,769 376,372 690,073 1,905	193,453 94,141 302,932 626,329 68,852	25.00 26.00 20.50 25.00
Sault Ste. Marie	_	11,543,435	3,251,235	1,781,633	160,652	262,602	
Smiths Falls St.Cath'rines St. Thomas. Stratford Toronto Welland Windsor Woodstock	16,794 17,006	9,874,957 8,070,475 513,303,593 4,949,197 18,655,300	100,000 1,520,875 1,491,280 2,021,550 66,642,756 503,310 2,403,500 1,153,800	860,849 1,670,838	$ \begin{array}{r} - \\ 391,253 \\ 9,403 \\ 481,5202 \\ 14,685,002 \\ 160,078 \\ 74,981 \\ 266,894 $	79,072 326,272 227,480 306,736 9,863,065 135,180 466,905 132,967	23.25 23.50 27.00 19.25 27.50 22.00
Manitoba— Brandon Portage la	17,177	15,571,391	3,861,674	2,185,612	447,658	500,805	26.00
Prairie St. Boniface.	6,500 12,025		1,543,930 3,235,420		101.643 615,975	142,785 583,314	
Winnipeg	203,255	280,791,340	44,153,270	42,195,7 29	4,869,622	5,811,149	14.80 B.
Saskatchewan- Moosejaw Prince Albert Regina Saskatoon	13,823 10,000 30,213 12,004	28,723,586 73,672,833	7,544,910 2,960,535 19,965,780 3,833,435	3,358,957 8,474,471	198,556 101,296 538,766 436,362		15.85 13.00
Alberta— Edmonton Lethbridge MedicineHat	10,170	191,283,970 17,733,645 21,101,989	17,513,740	3,151,254	259,431	2,707,847 619,466	17.50 32.00 17.50

25.—Municipal Statistics by Provinces, 1914—concluded.

Cities and Towns.	Assess- ed pop- ula- tion.	Assessed valuation of all taxable property.	Value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only.	Deben- ture debt.	Sinking fund.	Taxes levied.	Tax rate, mills on
British Columbia—		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Nanaimo	8,500	5,946,085	299,675	816,893	116,556	366,405	34.00 with for off.
New West- minster	15,000	20,686,270	2,000,000	4,568,700	182,286	406,876	Gross 24.00 Net. 20.00
North Van- couver	8,196	20,843,225	1,770,370	2,876,494	186,538	355,334	
Vancouver	106,110	150,456,660	76,199,743	28,844,240	3,010,078	4,363,800	met.
Victoria	31,660	89,151,990	17,419,540	16,747,101	1,909,633	2,222,641	20.00

EXPLANATORY NOTES.—(1) In the first column of Table 25 the assessed population of 1914 is given in cases where this was furnished; but where the population of 1914 was either not supplied or was only estimated the census figures of 1911 are given and are printed in italics to differentiate them from the other figures in the column. (2) In the case of Thetford Mines, Que., the value of property exempt from taxes, or liable for local improvements only, does not include the value of the mines. (3) The amounts given in the column for taxes levied in Brandon, Man. (\$500,805), and Lethbridge, Alberta (\$619,466), are exclusive of local improvements. (4) In the province of Quebec the taxes levied and the tax rates do not include the rates levied for schools. (5) At Ottawa, Ont., there are two tax rates, consisting of 20.80 mills on the dollar for those electing to send their children to the ordinary public schools and 25.40 mills on the dollar for those who maintain the separate or Roman Catholic schools. At Montreal, Que., there are different school tax rates. In the central wards, i.e., those which constituted Montreal before the recent annexation of adjoining municipalities, the school tax is collected by the city for Catholic and Protestant School Boards which have jurisdiction therein. Here the school tax rate is for Roman Catholics 4 mills on the \$, and for Protestants and neutral 5 mills on the \$. In the recently annexed wards the school tax is collected by the various School Boards which are still independent of the older City Boards. The rates levied by these Independent Boards vary between 2½ mills to 6 mills on the \$. At Winnipeg, Man., there are two tax rates, viz., 14.8 mills on the dollar for the general assessment and $6\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. of the annual rental of premises occupied for the business assessment. (6) At Regina, Sask., the debenture debt, amounting to \$8,474,471, does not include the local improvement debt. (7) At Vancouver, B.C., improvements are exempt from taxation. (8) At Medicine Hat, Alberta, the gross debt is \$3,818,715.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Building Permits.—Table 26, from the Labour Gazette of April, 1915, shows the value of the building permits issued by cities and towns for each of the years 1913 and 1914. The figures include only those places where the value of the building permits for the year were \$100,000 or over. For the year 1914 the total value of the building permits in the table was \$106,367,209, as compared with \$169,976,507 in 1913,—a decrease of \$63,609,298. Not included in the total for 1914 are five places with building permits aggregating \$1,530,997 in value, for which there are shown no corresponding figures for 1913.

26.—Values of Building Permits over \$100,000 taken out in Cities and Towns in 1913 and 1914. [From the Labour Gazette of April, 1915.]

City or Town.	1913.	1914.	Increase or Decrease.	
Prince Edward Island— Charlottetown	\$ 230,400	\$ 39,000	\$ —191,400	
Nova Scotia— Sydney Halifax Amherst Windsor New Brunswick—	321,198 837,756 440,000 –	110,873 879,320 239,000 127,000	$-210,325 \\ +41,564 \\ -201,000 \\ -$	
St. John	2,412,000 180,780	515,300 337,355 212,000	$-1,896,700 \\ +156,575 \\ -$	
Chicoutimi Quebec Three Rivers Sherbrooke St. Hyacinthe Maisonneuve Montreal Westmount Lachine Outremont Ontario— Ottawa Hawkesbury	294,150 1,939,781 482,250 747,450 137,000 2,466,823 27,032,097 2,009,544 369,136 1,902,000 3,991,380	29,860 2,759,572 652,130 200,822 40,000 2,599,840 17,626,561 698,585 324,773 1,028,550 4,397,920 362,000	-264,290 +819,791 +169,880 -546,628 -97,000 +133,017 -9,405,536 -1,310,959 - 44,363 -873,450 +406,540	
Smiths Falls Brockville Kingston Belleville Peterborough Toronto St. Catharines Niagara Falls Welland	222,060 93,492 666,474 303,200 488,540 27,038,642 759,468 398,350 611,157	141,050 105,280 288,577' 88,857 452,340 20,694,288 782,253 508,805 337,918	$\begin{array}{r} -81,010 \\ +11,788 \\ -377,897 \\ -214,343 \\ -36,200 \\ -6,344,354 \\ +22,785 \\ +110,455 \\ -273,239 \end{array}$	
Hamilton Dundas Brantford Galt Preston Guelph Berlin Woodstock Stratford London	5,110,000 208,010 1,015,886 523,014 400,055 357,335 650,271 191,333 334,085 1,789,920	3,703,865; 56,325; 435,510; 322,480; 92,490; 521,784; 728,320; 110,764; 440,715; 1,837,735;	$\begin{array}{l} -1,406,135 \\ -151,685 \\ -580,376 \\ -200,534 \\ -307,565 \\ +164,449 \\ +78,049 \\ -80,569 \\ +106,630 \\ +47,815 \end{array}$	

26.—Values of Building Permits over \$100,000 taken out in Cities and Towns in 1913 and 1914—concluded. [From the Labour Gazette of April, 1915.]

1913 and 1914—Concluded. [From the	Labour Gaze	0000 OF 12P121	
City or Town.	1913.	1914.	Increase or
City of Town.	1915.	1914.	Decrease.
			Decrease.
Ontario—con.	\$	s 1	\$
St. Thomas	154,471	388,915	+234,444
Chatham	338,310	185,730	-152,580
Windsor	1,148,975	1,121,413	-27,562
Oshawa	100,000	83,500	
Collingwood	133,850	1,560	132,290
Owen Sound.	103,000	68,655	-34,345
North Bay	492,940	333,625	-159,315
Cobalt	132,360	79,875	-52,485
Sudbury	728,385	538,080	-190,305
Port Arthur	1,935,575	1,234,085	-701,490
Fort William	4,009,565	1,519,965	2,489,600
	4,009,505	1,010,000	2,405,000
Manitoba—	10 601 650	19 160 050	-6,460,700
Winnipeg	18,621,650	12,160,950	
St. Boniface	1,038,840	804,652	-234,188 $-214,274$
Brandon	609,609	395,335	-214,214
Saskatchewan—	4 010 050	1 705 075	0.050.475
Regina	4,018,350	1,765,875	2,252,475
Moosejaw	4,538,470	459,610	4,078,860
Prince Albert	1,380,390	721,986	-658,404
Swift Current		685,232	
North Battleford	859,195	77,240	781,955
Yorkton	337,777	60,695	-277,082
Weyburn	177,400	329,450	+152,050
Estevan	-	144,765	_
Alberta—			
Edmonton	9,242,450	4,913,277	-4,329,173
Calgary	8,619,653	3,425,350	5,194,303
Medicine Hat	3,851,572	1,802,791	2,048,781
Lethbridge	504,954	345,290	—159,6 64
MacLeod	150,535	25,000	125,535
Red Deer	149,250	42,515	-106,735
Edson	137,975	25,150	111,825
British Columbia—	· [
Wilson	131,276	70,945	60,331
Vernon	175,067	45,025	130,042
Kelowna	375,263	68,865	-30€,398
Kamloops	300,422	172,784	-127,638
New Westminster	958,975	261,624	-697,351
Vancouver	10,423,197	4,484,476	—5,938,7 21
Point Grey	1,595,542	754,120	-841,422
North Vancouver	178,835	238,148	+59,313
Victoria	4,037,992	2,243,660	-1,794,332
Nanaimo	295,360	100,285	-195,075
Oak Bay	836,708	286,216	550,492
Prince Rupert.	198,332	601.675	
Trince nupert	190,004	001,010	[100,010

BANKING.

The total assets of the chartered banks at December 31, 1914, were \$1,555,556,815, as compared with \$1,551,263,432 in 1913. The total liabilities were \$1,314,646,254, as compared with \$1,308,756,866. Deposits by the public in Canada were \$1,012,739,990 at December 31, 1914 (Table 28), as compared with \$1,006,567,835 in 1913. On March 31, 1914, the total at the credit of depositors in the Post Office and Dominion Government Savings Banks was \$55,567,449, as compared with \$57,140,483 in 1913.

BANKING

28.-Liabilities of Chartered Banks of Canada, December 31, 1914.

Chartered Banks.	Capital paid up.	Rest or eserve fund.	Notes in circulation.	Deposits by the public in Canada.	Other liabilities.	Total liabilities.	Rate p.c. of last dividend
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Bank of Montreal	16,000,000	16,000,000	15,418,846	164,630,121	51,196,660	231,245,627	10
Quebec Bank	2,734,620	1,308,655	1,977,461				
Bank of Nova Scotia	6,500,000	12,000,000	7,148,813			77,032,612	14
Bank of Nova ScotiaBank of British North America	4,866,666	3,017,333	4,004,627	35,841,124	10,637,632	50,483,383	8
Bank of Toronto	5,000,0 00	6,000,000	4,236,122	42,424,522	1,058,726		
Molsons Bank	4,000,000	4,800,000		36,308,120	1,238,334		11
Banque Nationale Merchants Bank of Canada	2,000,000	1,700,000	3,174,740				
Merchants Bank of Canada	7,000,000	7,000,000	6,481,279				
Banque Provinciale du Canada	1,000,000	650,000	1,156,878				
Union Bank of Canada	5,000,000	3,400,000	5,676,534				
Canadian Bank of Commerce	15,000,000	13,500,000				210,158,599	10
Royal Bank of Canada	11,560,000	12,560,000			32,297,355		
Dominion Bank	6,000,000	7,000,000			6,100,926	66,872,096	
Bank of Hamilton Standard Bank of Canada	3,000,000	3,600,000	2,684,960	33,079,518	877,664		
Standard Bank of Canada	2,943,205	3,843,205		36,752,969			
Banque d'Hochelaga	4,000,000	3,700,000					
Bank of Ottawa	4,000,000	4,750,000					
Imperial Bank of Canada.	7,000,000	7,000,000			6,029,282		
Home Bank of Canada	1,945,090	666,666					
Northern Crown Bank	2,856,259	150,000		11,051,627	862,137		
Sterling Bank of Canada	1,194,973	300,000			211,887	7,636,483	6
Weyburn Security Bank	316,100	125,000	226,122	873,909	17,565	1,117,596	5
Totals	113,916,913	113,070,859	105,969,755	1,012,739,990	195,936,509	1,314,646,254	_

¹Exclusive of capital paid up and rest or reserve fund.

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BANKING.

29.—General Statement of Chartered Banks, 1868-1914.

Calendar Year.	Capital paid up.	Notes in circulation.	Totals on deposit. ¹	Discounts to the people.	Liabilities ²	Assets.
1868 1869 1870	\$ 30,507,447 30,790,137 33,031,249	\$ 9,350,646 9,539,511 15,149,031	\$ 33,653,594 40,028,090 48,763,205	\$ 52,299,050 56,433,953 66,276,961	\$ 45,144,854 50,940,226 65,685,870	\$ 79,860,976 86,283,693 103,197,103
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	37,095,340 45,190,085 54,690,561 60,388,340 64,619,513	20,914,637 25,296,454 27,165,878 27,904,963 23,035,639	56,287,391 61,481,452 65,426,042 77,113,754 74,642,446	84,799,841 106,744,665 119,274,317 131,680,111 136,029,307	80,250,974 90,864,688 98,982,668 116,412,392 104,609,356	125,273,631 148,862,445 166,056,595 187,921,031 186,255,330
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	66,804,398 65,206,009 63,682,863 62,737,276 60,052,117	21,245,935 20,704,338 20,475,586 19,486,103 22,529,623	72 852,686 74,166,287 70,856,253 73,151,425 85,303,814	127,621,577 125,681,658 119,682,659 113,485,108 102,166,115	99,614,014 99,810,731 95,538,831 96,760,113 111,838,941	183,499,801 181,019,194 175,450,274 173,548,490 184,276,190
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	59,534,977 59,799,644 61,390,118 61,597,021 61,711,566	28,516,692 33,582,080 33,283,302 30,449,410 30,720,762	94,346,481 110,133,124 107,648,383 102,398,228 104,014,660	116,953,497 140,077,194 143,944,957 130,490,053 126,827,792	127,176,249 149,777,214 145,938,095 137,493,917 138,762,695	200,613,879 227,426,835 228,084,650 219,998,642 219,147,080
1886 1887 1888 1839 1890	61,662,093 60,860,561 60,345,035 60,229,752 59,974,902	31,030,499 32,478,118 32,205,259 32,207,144 32,834,511	111,449,365 112,656,985 125,136,473 134,650,732 135,548,704	132,833,313 139,753,775 141,002,373 149,958,980 153,301,335	146,954,260 149,704,402 163,990,797 173,029,602 173,207,587	228,061,872 230,393,072 243,504,164 253,789,803 254,546,329
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	61,626,311 62,009,346 62,063,371	33,061,042 33,788,679 33,811,925 31,166,003 30,807,041	148,396,968 166,668,471 174,776,722 181,743,890 190,916,939		187,332,325 208,062,169 217,195,975 221,006,724 229,794,322	269,307,032 291,635,251 302,696,715 307,520,020 316,536,527
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	62,027,703 62,571,920 63,726,399	$\begin{vmatrix} 34,350,118\\ 37,873,934\\ 41,513,139 \end{vmatrix}$	236,161,062	213,211,996 212,014,635 223,806,320 251,467,076 279,279,761	232,338,086 252,660,708 281,076,656 318,624,033 356,394,095	320,937,643 341,163,505 370,583,991 412,504,768 459,715,065
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	69,869,670 76,453,125 79,234,191	55,412,598 60,244,072 61,769,888	390,370,493 ³ 424,167,140 ³ 470,265,744 ³	509,011,993	420,003,743 466,963,829 507,527,550 554,014,076 618,678,633	585,761,109 641,543,226 695,417,756
1906 1907 1908 1909	95,953,732 96,147,526	75,784,482 71,401,697 73,943,119	654,839,711 ³ 658,367,015 ³ 783,298,880 ³	709,975,274 670,170,833 762,195,546	713,790,553 769,026,924 762,077,184 882,598,547 1,019,177,601	945,685,708 941,290,619 1,067,007,534
1912 1913	116.297.729	100,146,541 105,265,336	$\begin{array}{c} 980,433,788^3 \\ 1,102,910,383^3 \\ 1,126,871,523^3 \\ 1,144,210,363^3 \end{array}$	1,061,843,991 1.111.993.263	1.287.372.534	1,470,065,678 1,530,093,671

Note.—The statistics in this table are averages computed from the monthly returns in each year. Including deposits of federal and provincial governments. Excluding capital and rest or reserve fund. Including amounts deposited elsewhere than in Canada, not previously included in deposits.

30.-Deposits in Chartered Banks in Canada and elsewhere, 1901-1914.1

Calendar Year.	Deposits by in Ca	y the public nada.	Deposits	Balances due to Dominion	
	payable on demand.	payable after notice or on a fixed day.	elsewhere than in Canada.	and Provincial Goyern- ments.	Total deposits.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911 1912 1913	104,424,203 112,461,757 117,962,023 138,116,550 165,144,569 166,342,144 169,721,755 225,414,828	244,062,545 269,911,501 307,007,192 338,411,275 338,778,705 413,014,657 406,103,063 464,635,263 532,087,627 568,976,209 625,705,765	34,529,739 34,931,701 36,388,330 44,325,531 46,030,241 58,828,181 65,793,319 70,788,822 78,445,210 72,823,733 81,137,710	7,354,006 6,862,181 8,908,199 10,390,120 13,014,998 16,654,729 16,748,878 22,459,967 39,199,603 33,832,091 36,635,013	390,370,493 424,167,140 470,265,744 531,243,476 605,968,513 654,839,711 658,367,015 783,298,880 909,964,839
1913	367,214,143		97,528,021 101,244,738		1,126,871,523

31.—Discounts of Chartered Banks in Canada and elsewhere, 1901-19141.

Cal- en- dar Yr.	Call and short loans on stocks and bonds in Canada.	Call and short loans elsewhere than in Canada.	Current loans in Canada.	Current loans elsewhere than in Canada.	Loans to govern- ments.	Overdue debts.	Total discounts of banks.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	56,597,649 49,192,291 42,060,715 53,266,984 61,623,002 63,889,906 71,221,133	46,162,659 38,025,662	283,387,175 303,128,541 360,573,639 407,475,439 436,659,384 500,770,572 574,784,939 529,320,134 544,380,947 646,910,799 728,462,991 842,051,088 891,489,259	30,288,653 25,586,802 18,665,002 25,097,824 35,777,625 27,340,135 24,383,503 34,454,995 39,912,100 36,893,506	3,796,593 2,211,379 2,465,495 1,960,465 1,353,258 2,183,799 5,542,149 2,913,083 2,027,344 1,844,837 2,167,778	2,079,694 2,038,419 2,194,260 1,985,146 2,007,136 3,566,597 8,100,257 7,451,274 6,850,107 5,872,028 3,792,416	430,662,670 472,019,689 509,011,993 559,814,918 655,869,879 709,975,274 670,170,833 762,195,546 870,100,890

32.—Assets of Chartered Banks for the Calendar Years 1911-1914.

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Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balances due from agencies of the banks or from other banks or agencies in the United Kingdom	21,122,092		13,329,642 28,154,996	12,230,533 36,932,958
Bank premises	28,932,818	35,600,253	40,235,778	45,007,862
Call and short loans on stocks and bonds in Canada Call and short loans elsewhere	63,889,906	71,221,133	70,096,169	69,646,196
than in Canada Current loans in Canada Current loans elsewhere than	$\begin{array}{c} 91,097,714 \\ 728,462,991 \end{array}$	105,718,070 842,051,088	98,602,615 891,489,259	112,438,696 858,565,153
in Canada	35,742,140	36,893,506	44,578,835	48,570,152
Deposit in central gold reserve Deposits made with and bal-	-	-	6,605,261	6,070,833
lances due from other banks in Canada Deposits with Dominion Gov-	7,784,484	8,905,877	5,648,586	5,686,9 16 .
ernment for security of note circulation	5,353,838 83,760,937	$\substack{6,211,881\\95,843,028}$	$\substack{6,536,341\\94,146,377}$	6,693,684 105,842,634
Dominion and provincial government securities	10,637,580	9,388,968	9,995,237	11,697,603
Loans to governments Loans to other banks in Cana-	1,844,837		2,851,877	7,063,242
da	2,687,183	213,704	135,017	136,725
Mortgages on real estate sold by banks Municipal securities in Canada	956,440	1,156,817	2,094,245	1,722,978
and public securities else where than in Canada	22,848,170	22,586,119	23,183,162	22,707,738
Notes of and cheques on other banks	50,261,843	61,332,863	64,485,226	58,434,666
Overdue debts	5,872,028	3,792,416	4,374,508	5,597,485
Railway and other bonds, debentures and stocks	60,909,240	64,080,7€3	70,713,075	68,636,267
Real estate other than bank premises	1,441,136	1,568,691	1,465,181	2,810,452
Specie	36,385,753	37,010,377	41,121,246	53,932,490
Other assets	13,444,146	14,089,117	10,251,038	15,251,132
Total assets	1,303,131,260	1,470,065,478	1,530,093,671	1,555,676,395
1771h			l	

¹The statistics in this table are averages computed from monthly returns in each year.

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33.—Liabilities of Chartered Banks for the Calendar Years 1911-1914.

Schedule.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Liabilities to shareholders—	\$	\$	\$	*
Capital paid up	103,009,256	112,730,943	116,297,729	114,759,807
Rest or reserve fund	88,892,256	102,090,476	109,129,393	113,130,626
Totals	191,901,512	214,821,419	225,427,122	227,890,433
Other liabilities— Balances due to agencies of Canadian banks, or to other banks or agencies in the United Kingdom	3,112,684	6,295,434	12,030,969	14,117,852
Balances due to agencies of Canadian banks, or to other banks or agencies elsewhere than in Canada: and the United Kingdom	4,597,602	7,095,058	8,791,532	9,494,979
Balance due to Dominion Government after deduct- ing advances for credits, pay lists, etc	6,372,340	9,584,667	7,873,277	11,158,018
Balance due to provincial governments	27,459,751	27,050,346	28,056,612	28,977,012
Deposits by the public payable on demand in Canada	304,801,755	359,431,895	367,214,143	346,069,908
Deposits by the public payable after notice or on a fixed day in Canada	568,976,209	625,705,765	626,199,470	656,760,687
Deposits made by and bal- ances due to other banks in Canada		7,860,776	6,478,200	7,726,783
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada	72,823,733	81,137,710	97,528,021	101,244,738
Notes in circulation	89,982,223	100,146,541	105,265,33€	104,600,185
Liabilities not included under foregoing heads	13,247,135	15,816,162	27,934,974	29,793,844
Totals	1,097,661,393	1,240,124,354	1,287,372,534	1,309,944,606
Total liabilities to shareholders and other liabilities	1,289,562,905	1,454,945,773	1,512,799,656	1,537,834,439
Excess of assets over all liabilities—undivided profits not included	13,568,355	15,119,705	17,294,015	17,841,956

¹The statistics in this table are averages computed from monthly returns in each year.

BANKING.

34.—Average Monthly Circulation of Dominion Notes by Denominations, 1889-1914.1

Cal-								
endar Year.	\$ 5,000.	\$500 and \$1,000.	\$50 and \$100.	\$4, \$5, \$10 and \$20.	\$ 5.	\$1 and \$2.	Frac- tionals.	Total average.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1889	_	8,450,542	412,275	471,617	_	6,127,394	170,470	15,632,298
1890	-	8,211,000			-	6,331,600	174,000	15,501,360
1891	-	9,050,000				[6,412,825]		
1892	-	9,895,000				6,551,283		
1893	_	11,280,125				6,788,000		
1894	-	13,297, 166				6,615,048		
1895	_	13,834,666			-	6,743,555		21,397,762
	$2,285,000^{2}$				_	6,980,012		22,196,704
1897		10,309,208		322,751		7,237,520		
1898	6,410,417					7,851,532		
1899	7,474,583			434,286		8,524,327		
1900				395,573		9,315,354		
1901	8,862,083					9,757,778		
	11,358,750			639,937		10,463,359		
	18,004,167			558,987	-	11,409,251		
	23,460,000				_	11,995,396		
	28,300,417	6,785,792			-	12,630,271		
	30,019,583			392,779	-	13,997,323		
	36,163,667			334,589		15,188,627		
	45,739,583				_			68,602,944
	56,764,583					15,542,364		
	63,366,250				-	17,235,627		
	69,349,167			1,666,906	0.000 500	19,166,092		
	77,859,167				9,369,522			114,621,445
	78,227,083				6,152,655			117,098,577
1914	89,766,250	9,674,792	17,504	73,170	4,078,939	22,020,852	791,102	126,422,609

'The statistics in this table are averages computed from the monthly returns of each year. 'Three months only. 'Six months only. First issue of Dominion \$5 notes, July 1, 1912.

35.-Amount of Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of Chartered Banks, 1910-1914.4

Cities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Calgary	150,677,031	218,681,921	275,492,303	248,715,948	201,669,873
Edmonton	71,633,122	121,438,394	220,727,617	213,053,418	157,308,686
Halifax	95,855,319	87,994,043	100,466,678	105,347,636	100,280,108
Hamilton	101,226,496	125,250,984	158,127,435	177,946,610	148,886,812
London	67,154,567	71,534,221	84,526,961	90,720,752	86,024,238
Montreal	2,088,588,000	2,368,493,239	2,845,470,000	2,879,118,000	2,631,350,000
Ottawa	193,714,890	213,952,293	244,123,453	207,667,008	209,662,599
Quebec	123,710,055	133,319,176	158,760,185	165,674,745	165,873,241
St. John, N.B	77,843,546	77,328,182	88,969,218	82,447,747	78,259,921
Toronto	1,593,954,254	1,852,397,605	2,170,230,376	2,181,281,507	2,012,953,966
Vancouver, B.C	444,988,818	543,484,354	645,118,887	606,899,710	420,951,718
Victoria, B.C	91,567,074	134,929,816	183,544,238	176,977,074	121,663,271
Winnipeg	953,415,281	1,172,762,142	1,537,817,524	1,634,977,237	
Regina	50,739,160	73,032,089	115,727,648	132,087,457	98,205,541
Saskatoon	-	111,910,660	115,898,467		
Moosejaw	_	39,782,742	65,136,326		
Moosejaw Total		' <u>-</u>		61,370,949 9 060 320 521	

'From Bradstreet's.

 ${\rm F~I~N~A~N~C~E}\;.$ 36.—Rest or Reserve Fund held by Chartered Banks by months, 1905-1914.

Months.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
January	54,194,407	60,023,932	69,396,431	71,071,984	74,585,185
February	54,711,209	60,188,472	69,130,046	71,215,644	74,489,942
March	54,783,404	61,254,560	69,716,665	71,302,408	75,328,293
April	54,908,009	62,024,267	69,988,077	71,530,096	75,607,676
May	55,862,330	63,295,954	69,412,774	71,558,683	75,755,488
June	56,408,680	63,755,287	69,556,585	71,653,898	75,824,738
July	56,781,223	64,002,577	69,637,439	71,657,694	75,847,368
August	57,020,468	64,768,819	69,748,293	71,661,938	75,888,103
September	57,098,426	65,221,971	69,798,322	71,700,983	75,937,663
October	57,493,307	66,543,794	69,862,098	72,707,614	76,172,223
November	58,529,624	67,689,549	70,534,757	74,006,611	77,368,333
December	59,898,397	69,258,007	70,901,232	74,427,630	77,847,333
Monthly averages	56,474,124	64,002,266	69,806,892	72,041,265	75,887,695
	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
January	78,449,573	84,356,108	98,101,595	107,200,548	112,401,141
February	78,521,946	84,766,633	98,721,502	107,514,405	
March	78,569,586	84,891,710		107,903,491	
April	78,846,070	85,213,740		108,414,337	
May	79,254,915	86,690,829	100,878,848	108,681,230	113,346,113
June	79,370,321	86,943,135	101,031,186	108,732,561	113,368,898
July	79,429,978	88,352,064	101,735,482	108,959,833	
August	79,823,679	89,324,728	102,751,441	109,194,211	113,382,911
September	80,089,471	90,181,949	104,301,411	109,358,445	
October	80,157,791	93,418,824			
November	83,164,948	95,699,232	106,212,072	111,850,862	113,165,307
December	83,965,869	96,868,124	106,840,007	112,118,016	113,070,859

37.—Average Circulation of Bank Notes and Government Notes by five-year and annual periods, 1874-1914.

Five-year periods.	Yearly average of bank notes.	Yearly average of government notes, \$20 and under.	Five-year periods.	Yearly average of bank notes.	Yearly average of government notes, \$20 and under.
1874–78. 1879–83. 1884–88. 1889–93. 1894–98. 1899–03. 1894–08.	\$ 22,673,300 27,479,560 31,377,000 33,140,600 33,130,678 50,869,159 68,724,116	4,928,216 6,358,407 7,097,000 7,674,610 10,716,262	1910	\$ 73,943,119 82,120,303 89,982,223 100,146,541 105,265,336 104,600,185	18,098,111 21,497,429 31,962,102 29,067,278

BANKING.

38.—Total amount of Issue and Redemption of Dominion Notes from July 1, 1878, to March 31, 1914.

4,439,183	119,141,832	274,407,875	389,110,524	Totals
1,341,748	23,449,363 - 5,693,833	16,763,678 33,648,544 34,950,616	40,213,041 32,306,796 40,644,449	1911–12 1912–13 1913–14
1111	4,853,170 5,661,394 18,895,089 7,782,988 2,860,202	11,279,344 15,931,925 13,227,052 5,419,800 18,454,898	16,132,514 21,593,319 32,122,141 13,202,788 21,315,100	1906-07 (9 mos.)
111 1	4,881,878 13,129,210 2,568,585 5,759,439 2,607,206	6,658,740 4,732,290 8,853,180 17,923,102 14,419,717	11,540,618 17,861,500 11,421,765 23,682,541 17,026,923	1901-02 1902-03 1903-04 1904-05 1905-06
139,903	1,945,898 2,058,273 1,858,457 2,475,247	3,866,908 8,218,403 1,689,544 3,596,225 4,099,253	5,812,806 8,078,500 3,747,817 5,454,682 6,574,500	1896-97 1897-98 1898-99 1899-00 1990-01
- - 541,486	1,106,381 1,165,795 1,613,226 250,767	3,900,212 3,006,778 3,250,582 4,437,480 3,655,997	5,006,593 4,172,573 4,863,808 4,863,895,994 3,895,994 3,906,764	1891–92 1892–93 1893–94 1893–96
855,852 - 827,037 72,387 -	1,192,482 - 818,424	3,308,352 3,071,185 3,844,995 3,486,180 2,975,487	2,452,500 4,263,667 3,017,958 3,413,793 3,793,911	1886-87 1887-88 1888-89 1889-90
660,770	1,285,055 208,706 78,755 866,224	1,360,764 1,443,453 2,215,880 3,444,412 3,755,864	2,645,819 1,652,159 1,555,110 3,523,167 4,622,088	1881-82 1882-83 1883-84 1884-85
1	354,814 2,775,449 945,523	1,295,598 1,062,746 1,158,690	1,650,412 3,838,195 2,104,213	1878-79. 1879-80. 1880-81.
6	a	A	a	
Decrease.	Increase.	Redemp- tion.	Issue.	Fiscal Year.

584 FINANCE.

39.—Business of the Post Office Savings Banks, 1868-1914.

							0-1074.	
cal	Sav- ings banks at end of fis- cal year.		Transferred from gov't s. b. to post office s. b.	Interest on deposits in year.	Total cash and interest.	Amount with- drawn in year.	Amount at credit of open accounts at end of year.	Open accounts at end of year.
1868 ¹ 1869 1870	No. 81 213 226	\$ 212,507 927,885 1,347,901	\$	\$ 939 21,094 48,689	\$ 213,446 948,979 1,396,590	\$ 8,857 296,754 664,555	\$ 204,589 856,814 1,588,849	7,212
1871 1872 1873 1874 1875	230 235 239 266 268	1,917,576 2,261,631 2,306,918 2,340,284 1,942,346	- - -	$\begin{array}{c} 84,274 \\ 116,174 \\ 126,933 \\ 126,273 \\ 120,758 \end{array}$	2,001,850 2,377,805 2,433,851 2,466,557 2,063,104	1,093,439 1,778,565 2,323,299 2,468,644 2,341,979	2,497,260 3,096,500 3,207,052 3,204,965 2,926,090	21,059 23,526 24,968
1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	279 287 295 297 297	1,726,204 1,521,000 1,724,371 1,973,243 2,720,216	_ _ _ _	110,116 104,068 103,834 110,913 136,075	1,836,320 1,625,068 1,828,205 2,084,156 2,856,291	2,021,458 1,726,083 1,713,658 1,733,449 2,015,813	2,740,952 2,639,937 2,754,484 3,105,191 3,945,669	$\begin{array}{c} 24,074 \\ 25,535 \\ 27,445 \end{array}$
1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	304 308 330 343 355	4,175,042 6,435,989 6,826,266 6,441,439 7,098,459	- - -	184,905 291,065 407,305 477,487 539,561	4,359,947 6,727,054 7,233,571 6,918,926 7,638,020	2,097,389 $3,461,619$ $4,730,996$ $5,649,611$ $5,793,032$	9,473,662 11,976,237 13,245,552	51,463 61,059 66,682
1886 1887 1888 1889 1890	392 415 433 463 494	7,645,227 8,272,041 7,722,330 7,926,634 6,599,896	1,085,980	607,075 692,404 765,639 841,922 786,875	8,252,302 8,964,445 8,705,354 9,854,536 7,554,273	6,183,470 6,626,067 7,514,071 7,532,146 8,575,042	$\begin{array}{c} 19,497,750 \\ 20,689,033 \\ 23,011,423 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 90,159 \\ 101,693 \\ 113,123 \end{array}$
1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	634 642 673 699 731	6,500,372 7,056,002 7,708,888 7,524,286 7,488,028	218,174	734,431 734,591 777,483 835,800 876,049	7,623,972 7,790,593 8,486,371 8,578,260 8,857,966	7,875,978 7,230,839 6,631,579 7,473,586 7,310,292	22,298,402 24,153,194 25,257,868	110,805 114,275 117,020
1896 1897 1898 1899 1900	755 779 814 838 847	8,138,947 8,223,000 9,183,693 8,310,630 10,448,485	786,868	$\begin{array}{c} 944,525 \\ 1,024,512 \\ 982,726 \\ 1,001,900 \\ 1,049,699 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 10,953,287 \\ 9,312,530 \end{array} $	7,656,087 8,853,178	32,380,829 34,480,938 34,771,605	$135,737 \\ 142,289 \\ 142,441$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905	895 915 934 961 989	11,382,035 12,060,825 11,737,940	415,508 - -	1,254,049 $1,309,567$	12,986,468 13,314,874 13,047,507	11,379,757 $11,883,128$	$\begin{array}{c} 42,320,210 \\ 44,255,327 \\ 45,419,706 \end{array}$	162,761 167,023 168,572
1906 1907 1908 1909 1910	1,011 1,043 1,084 1,102 1,133	9,415,569	1,216,169 59,244	1,027,834	$11,047,506 \\ 13,721,922$	9,330,766 13,610,866 13,132,239 11,699,650	47,453,228 47,564,284 45,190,484 43,586,357	167,285 165,691 155,895 148,893
1911 1912 1913 1914	1,212	$\begin{array}{c} 9,957,016 \\ 11,054,877 \\ 11,299,964 \\ 11,346,459 \end{array}$	223,831	1.255.180		12,303,688 13,389,966	42,728,942	147,919 146,034

¹Three months only. ²Nine months.

 $$\rm B~A~N~K~I~N~G~.$$ 40.—Business of the Dominion Government Savings Banks, 1868-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Cash deposits in year.	Interest on deposits in year.	Total cash and interest.	With- drawals in year.	At credit of depositors June 30.
1868	\$ 292,994 323,138 462,481	\$ 66,078 69,528 77,128	\$ 359,072 392,666 539,609	\$ 297,900 281,360 311,564	\$ 1,483,219 ¹ 1,594,525 1,822,570
1871	556,669	88,256	644,925	395,459	2,072,036
1872	1,085,289	100,836	1,186,125	1,142,346	2,154,234 ²
1873	2,442,917	93,892	2,536,809	1,732,873	2,958,170
1874	3,207,689	154,491	3,362,180	2,564,996	4,005,295 ³
1875	3,570,289	177,896	3,748,185	3,508,389	4,245,091
1876	3,222,672	178,572	3,401,244	3,343,170	4,303,165
	3,911,576	190,156	4,101,732	3,574,204	4,830,693
	5,366,358	232,816	5,599,174	4,687,338	5,742,529
	4,549,290	242,665	4,791,955	4,431,992	6,102,492
	5,240,195	268,729	5,508,924	4,504,129	7,107,287
1881	6,494,640	323,874	6,818,514	4,297,356	9,628,445
1882	7,090,434	411,949	7,502,383	4,835,828	12,295,000
1883	7,067,390	505,388	7,572,778	5,624,908	14,242,870
1884	6,807,632	576,653	7,384,285	5,655,171	15,971,984
1885	7,170,480	645,707	7,816,187	5,899,635	17,888,536
1886.	7,513,069	728,546	8,241,615	6,115,709	.20,014,442
1887.	6,134,911	795,164	6,930,075	5,609,992	.21,334,525
1888.	3,541,144	813,349	4,354,493	5,006,993	.20,682,025
1889.	3,645,188	777,300	4,422,488	5,159,578	.19,944,935
1890.	3,086,936	688,417	3,775,353	4,698,476	.19,021,812
1891	2,858,535	614,094	3,472,629	4,833,063	17,661,378
1892	3,155,344	585,989	3,741,333	4,171,565	17,231,146
1893	3,410,093	588,319	3,998,412	3,533,094	17,696,464
1894	3,400,456	601,420	4,001,876	3,920,196	17,778,144
1895	3,242,278	594,283	3,836,561	3,969,749	17,644,956
1896	3,293,379	598,445	3,891,824	3,670,391	17,866,389
1897	3,186,581	597,580	3,784,161	5,096,403	16,554,147
1898	2,705,030	463,313	3,168,343	4,092,309	15,630,181
1899	2,514,398	449,166	2,963,564	3,123,635	15,470,110
1900	2,784,581	452,400	3,236,981	3,064,825	15,642,266
1901	2,881,477	462,809	3,344,286	2,888,408	16,098,144
1902	2,971,583	473,334	3,444,917	3,425,284	16,117,777
1903	3,051,868	475,245	3,527,113	3,129,088	16,515,802
1904	2,879,793	483,232	3,363,023	3,140,084	16,738,744
1905	2,817,267	489,322	3,306,589	3,396,197	16,649,136
1906	2,744,818	473,281	3,218,099	3,693,101	16,174,134
	1,981,286	333,866	2,315,152	3,400,702	15,088,584 ⁴
	2,457,330	436,539	2,893,869	2,965,582	15,016,871 ⁴
	2,074,479	431,120	2,505,599	2,774,034	14,748,436 ⁴
	2,120,201	427,037	2,547,238	2,617,802	14,677,872 ⁴
1911	2,337,188	428,509	2,765,697	2,679,817	14,637,7524
	2,616,248	422,862	3,039,110	3,147,298	14,655,5644
	2,573,775	409,453	2,983,228	3,227,251	14,411,5414
	2,363,643	408,650	2,772,293	3,207,672	13,976,1624

This amount includes \$1,422,047 at credit of depositors June 30, 1867. Includes \$38,418 at credit of New Brunswick account in 1871. Includes \$249,941 at credit of Prince Edward Island account in 1873. March 31.

41.—Total Business of Post Office and Dominion Government Savings Banks, 1868-1914.

Fiscal Year.	Cash deposits in year.	Interest on total deposits.	Total cash and interest.	With- drawals in year.	At credit of depositors June 30.
1868	\$ 505,501 1,251,023 1,810,382	\$ 67,017 90,622 125,817	\$ 572,518 1,341,645 1,936,199	\$ 306,757 578,114 976,119	\$ 1,687,808 ¹ 2,451,339 3,411,419
1871	2,474,245	172,530	2,646,775	1,488,897	4,569,297
1872	3,346,920	217,010	3,563,930	2,920,911	5,250,734 ²
1873	4,749,835	220,825	4,970,660	4,056,172	6,165,222
1874	5,547,973	280,764	5,828,737	5,033,639	7,210,261 ³
1875	5,512,634	298,654	5,811,288	5,850,368	7,171,181
1876.	4,948,876	288,688	5,237,564	5,364,627	7,044,118
1877.	5,432,576	294,224	5,726,800	5,300,287	7,470,631
1878.	7,090,729	336,650	7,427,379	6,400,997	8,497,013
1879.	6,522,533	353,578	6,876,111	6,165,441	9,207,683
1880.	7,960,411	404,804	8,365,215	6,519,942	11,052,956
1881	10,669,682	508,779	11,178,461	6,394,745	15,836,672
1882	13,526,423	703,014	14,229,437	8,297,447	21,768,662
1883	13,893,656	912,693	14,806,349	10,355,903	26,219,108
1884	13,249,071	1,054,140	14,303,211	11,304,782	29,217,537
1885	14,268,939	1,185,267	15,454,206	11,692,667	32,979,076
1886.	15,158,296	1,335,621	16,493,917	12,299,179	37,173,814
1887.	14,406,952	1,487,569	15,894,521	12,236,060	40,832,275
1888.	11,480,859	1,578,988	13,059,847	12,521,064	41,371,058
1889.	12,657,802	1,619,222	14,277,024	12,691,724	42,956,358
1890.	9,854,333	1,475,292	11,329,625	13,273,518	41,012,465
1891	9,748,076	1,348,525	11,096,601	12,709,040	39,400,026
1892	10,211,346	1,320,580	11,531,926	11,402,404	39,529,548
1893	11,118,981	1,365,802	12,484,783	10,164,673	41,849,658
1894	11,142,916	1,437,220	12,580,136	11,393,782	43,036,012
1895	11,224,195	1,470,332	12,694,527	11,280,041	44,450,498
1896	11,882,307	1,542,970	13,425,277	11,076,456	46,799,319
1897	13,266,055	1,622,092	14,888,147	12,752,490	48,934,976
1898	12,675,591	1,446,039	14,121,630	12,945,487	50,111,119
1899	10,825,028	1,451,066	12,276,094	12,145,498	50,241,715
1900	13,374,238	1,502,099	14,876,337	11,968,330	53,149,722
1901	13,972,574	1,589,761	15,562,335	12,663,100	56,048,957
1902	14,769,126	1,662,259	16,431,385	14,042,355	58,437,987
1903	15,112,695	1,729,292	16,841,987	14,508,845	60,771,129
1904	14,617,733	1,792,799	16,410,532	15,023,211	62,158,450
1905	13,574,471	1,809,834	15,384,305	15,525,298	62,017,457
1906	12,000,958 14,809,848	1,800,926 1,361,700 1,805,943 1,773,990 1,706,048	15,910,795 13,362,658 16,615,791 13,264,038 12,642,761	16,017,630 12,731,468 16,576,448 15,906,273 14,317,452	61,910,622 62,541,812 ⁴ 62,581,155 ⁴ 59,938,920 ⁴ 58,264,229 ⁴
1911	12,294,204 : 13,894,956 ! 13,873,739 ! 13,850,421	1,686,075 1,681,027 1,664,633 1,627,142	13,980,279 15,575,983 15,538,372 15,477,563	$14,150,177 \\ 15,450,986 \\ 16,617,217 \\ 17,050,597$	58,094,3314 58,219,3284 57,140,4834 55,567,4494

¹This includes the amount at credit of depositors June 30, 1867. ²Includes \$38,418 at credit of New Brunswick account in 1871. ³Includes \$249,941 at credit of Prince Edward Island account in 1873. ⁴March 31.

BANKING.

42.—Value of Dominion Notes and of Bank Notes in circulation, and amount of gold held by the Receiver-General, 1882-1914.

March 31.	One and Two Dollar Notes in Circulation.	Total DominionNotes in Circulation.	Bank Notes in Circulation.	Gold held by the Receiver General.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
882	5,675,413.00	14,315,437.77	32,947,269.04	2,149,461.9
883	5,809,538.00	15,801,769.98	34,517,813.52	2,381,288.8
884	5,427,385.00	16,901,296.46	30,197,882.51	2,548,794.8
885	5,290,655.00	15,600,166.86	29,791,262.85	2,345,525.4
386	5,195,631.00	16,858,838.28	29,959,916.55	4,060,046.8
	5,761,588.00	14,781,270.78	31,521,420.43	2,516,972.3
	5,933,659.00	15,931,679.11	31,985,285.27	3,452,022.3
	5,852,398.00	15,110,965.33	32,471,522.09	3,925,994.3
	5,974,395.00	15,228,780.65	31,704,281.61	3,017,109.8
891	6,262,728.00	16,156,465.48	33,020,661.30	3,789,704.
	6,211,976.00	16,213,525.76	32,483,965.00	3,728,463.
	6,526,193.00	17,587,711.66	33,430,883.00	5,550,381.
	6,362,517.00	19,548,102.45	30,702,607.00	7,624,381.
	6,339,098.00	20,946,237.12	29,414,796.00	9,175,245.
896	6,606,214.00	18,791,747.62	30,789,457.00	7,049,897.
	6,711,754.00	21,987,613.26	31,082,521.00	10,380,205.
	7,306,574.00	21,142,624.76	35,930,085.00	9,779,170.
	7,902,076.00	22,933,078.39	38,409,227.00	11,768,191.
	8,599,618.00	24,452,442.52	43,814,918.00	10,829,263.
901 902 903 904	9,136,829.00 9,546,552.00 10,671,569.00 11,241,646.00 11,616,702.00	28,498,519.52 29,868,112.05 33,777,733.58 39,777,831.33 47,839,250.33	47,611,967.00 52,442,982.00 58,283,494.00 59,760,119.00 58,721,173.00	15,159,309. 15,939,396. 20,702,144. 27,387,814. 35,813,970.
906	12,697,203.00	47,201,260.22	65,991,818.00	32,617,209.0
907	14,427,814.00	54,794,596.86	76,346,013.00	37,619,596.8
908	14,119,524.00	60,455,991.36	69,047,892.00	41,689,751.3
909	14,215,537.00	79,351,080.50	68,708,458.00	61,581,665.4
910	15,728,269.00	87,134,068.50	78,265,822.00	69,736,110.8
911	17,155,996.00	89,994,270.25	81,938,753.00	74,159,771.4
912	19,356,015.00	113,443,633.40	95,918,404.00	98,892,395.1
913	20,783,997.00	112,101,885.65	102,202,047.00	98,507,112.8
914	27,986,670.50	117,795,638.53	96,848,384.00	101,161,366.1

LOAN COMPANIES AND BUILDING SOCIETIES.

43.—Assets of Loan Companies and Building Societies by Provinces for the year 1913.

Schedule.	British Colum- bia.	Manitoba.	Nova Scotia.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Saskat- chewan.
Number of Com-						
panies	2	7	4	52	7	2
Assets.	\$	\$	8	8	\$	8
Current loans se-		,	•	•	·	-
cured on— Real Estate	4 603 860	26 938 269	4 279 115	160,328,035	77,025,400	653,544
Dominion and	1,000,000	20,000,200	1,210,110	100,020,000	••,020,200	000,011
provincial se- curities	_		_	8,640		
County and city				0,040	_	_
securities	-	-	_	911,374	_	
Township, town and village se-						İ
curities	-	_	-	498,433	_	
School section securities	_	_	_	59,121		_
Loan companies'				-		ļ
debentures Loans to share-	-	_	-	229,999		-
holders on			ı			
their stock	57,315	27,289	6,401	841,338	15,784	-
Otherwise secur- ed	782,689	9,272,407	_	8,971,983	6,346,682	198,743
Total	E 442 984	26 227 065	4 905 51C	171 949 609	92 297 966	959 997
Total	5,443,864	36,2 37 ,9 6 5	4,285,516	171,848,923	83,387,866	852,287
Property owned-	5,443,864	36,2 37 ,9 6 5	4,285,516	171,848,923	83,387,866	852,2 87
Property owned— Dominion securi-	5,443,864	36,2 37 ,9 65 	4,285,516	171,848,923	83,387,866 15,500	
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial secu-	_	36,2 37,965 	_	_	15,500	_
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities	_	36,2 37,965 	4,285,516 - 25,000	_	15,500	_
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities	- 150,075		_	- 498, <i>2</i> 75	15,500 150,000	-
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town	- 150,075			- 498, <i>2</i> 75	15,500 150,000	-
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities	- 150,075			- 498, <i>2</i> 75	15,500 150,000 841,009	-
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities School section	- - 150,075			498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259	-
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities	- - 150,075			498,275 1,254,868	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259	-
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities School section securities Loan companies'	- 150,075 6,375 -	-		498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788	
Property owned— Dominion securities	- - 150,075	-		498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788	
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities School section securities Loan companies' debentures Office furniture and fixtures	- 150,075 6,375 - 668,000 6,982	 48,208	25,000 24,675 - - - 2,200	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519	15,500 150,000 841,609 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730	- - - - 52,500 5,960
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities School section securities Loan companies' debentures Office furniture and fixtures Cash on hand	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714	 - - - - 48,206 36,833	25,000 24,675 - - - 2,200 2,196	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562	- - - - 52,500 5,960 739
Property owned— Dominion securities Provincial securities County and city securities Township, town and village securities School section securities Loan companies' debentures Office furniture and fixtures Cash on hand Cash in banks	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180	 - - - 48,208 36,833 772,215	25,000 24,675 - - 2,200 2,196 35,571	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562 2,483,242	- - - - 52,500 5,960 739 13,622
Property owned— Dominion securities	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180 1,274,285	 - - - 48,208 36,833 772,215	25,000 24,675 - - - 2,200 2,196	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562	- - - - 52,500 5,960 739 13,622
Property owned— Dominion securities	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180 1,274,285	48,208 36,833 772,215 754,755	25,000 24,675 - - 2,200 2,196 35,571 107,000	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066 3,793,920	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562 2,483,242 1,026,500	52,500 5,960 5,960 13,622 78,094
Property owned— Dominion securities	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180 1,274,285	48,208 36,833 772,215 754,755	25,000 24,675 - - 2,200 2,196 35,571	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066 3,793,920 2,435,816	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562 2,483,242	52,500 5,960 739 13,622 78,094
Property owned— Dominion securities	150,075 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180 1,274,285 4,720 1,535,412	48,208 36,833 772,215 754,755	25,000 24,675 24,675 - - 2,200 2,196 35,571 107,000 15,198 63,515	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066 3,793,920 2,435,816 78,609,058	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562 2,483,242 1,026,500 69,275 58,020,164	52,500 5,960 739 13,622 78,094
Property owned— Dominion securities	6,375 6,375 - 668,000 6,982 154,714 176,180 1,274,285 4,720 1,535,412 3,976,743	48,208 36,833 772,215 754,755 30,934 162,390	25,000 24,675 - - 2,200 2,196 35,571 107,000 15,198 63,515 275,355	498,275 1,254,868 5,498,330 1,781,445 269,377 141,519 897,343 10,633,066 3,793,920 2,435,816 78,609,058 105,813,017	15,500 150,000 841,009 571,259 464,788 792,900 28,730 24,562 2,483,242 1,026,500 69,275 58,020,164 64,487,929	52,500 5,960 739 13,622 78,094 92,512 243,427

Note.—The statistics of loan companies, etc., are for the calendar years.

LOAN COMPANIES AND BUILDING SOCIETIES.

44.—Liabilities of Loan Companies and Building Societies by Provinces for the year 1913.

Schedule.	British Colum- bia.	Manitoba.	Nova Scotia.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Saskat- chewan.
Liabilities—	\$	\$	\$	\$	*	\$
Capital stock subscribed	3,957,800	14,391,288	2,000,000	53,130,370	27,297,967	2,023,100
Liabilities to stock- holders—						
Capitalfullypaid up		4,095,150	817,700	32,488,864	2,000,000	453 ,900
Amountpartpaid on capital Accumulating	3,067,648	3,368,900	641,804	10,551,291	8,272,380	45 1,869
stock	353,703	329;684 2,831,632	875,599 493,757	322,552 $24,418,096$	6,681,268	84,589
clared and un- paid Profits on accu-	86,385	298,224	4,098	1,175,825	85,117	13,882
mulating stock Contingent fund and unappro-	54,157	6,522	-	507,924	-	
priated profits	111,497	126,658	60,858	1,144,699	1,640,492	4,161
Total	5,123,390	11,056,770	2,893,816	70,609,251	18,679,257	1,00 8,401
Other liabilities—						
Deposits Debentures pay-		, ,	, ,		ŕ	-
able in Canada Debentures pay-	129,651		1,105,612	, ,		-
able elsewhere Interest on de- posits, deben-	917,637	7,705,780	197,613	36,931,291	10,976,556	
tures and de- benture stock		12,342	16,934	685,987	188,602	_
Debenture stock		3,401,368	46,084	1,232,405	3,606,390	-
Owing to banks	29,000	76,000	:	1,536,191	2,031,538	-
Miscellaneous	1,502,070	13,872,979	_	553,219,553,219	72,516,997	87,313
Total	4,297,217	26,986,530	1,667,055	207,052,689	129,196,538	87,313
Total liabilities	9,420,607	38.043.300	4.560.871	277.661.940	147.875.795	 1 095 714

45.—Miscellaneous Statistics of Loan Companies and Building Societies by Provinces for the year 1913.

Schedule.	British Colum- bia.	Mani- toba.	Nova Scotia.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Saskat- chewan.
D'-'1 -1-1-1-1	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Dividends declared in year	251,047	601,868	85,388	3,445,225	713,902	20,415
Money loaned in year	2,385,644	4,900,054	762,547	31,386,772	15,232,827	285,363
Received from bor- rowers in year	3,333,990	3,504,782	476,377	34,479,435	7,247,856	111,881
Received from de- positors in year	9,691,557	7,732,267	340,631	66,830,507	276,922	_
Paid to depositors in year	10,089,050	7,574,026	380,524	67,935,552	315,113	_
Borrowed for investment in year	503,887	6,836,479	1,243 ,070	69,078,627	10,979,856	_
Debentures issued in year	841,694	1,663,167	646,227	11,450,757	9,199,106	_
Debentures repaid in year	262,192	697,410	556,571	9,522,219	944,004	_
Debentures matur- ing in year	_	519,222	331,865	12,523,239	3,036,394	_
Interest paid and accrued in year Expensesinyearnot	126,782	1,064,364	62,782	4,702,182	2,113,993	30,557
directly charge- able to borrowers Estimated value of	461,144	423 ,810	31,216	2,197,610	734,245	28,343
real estate under mortgage Amount overdue	8,642,664	36,564,352	5,230,400	268,968,884	136,830,459	2,033,850
and in default on mortgages Amount of mort-	5,521	35,753	6,971	1,088,207	57,001	1,300
gages payable by instalments Moneyinvested and	3,119,838	8,602,825	3,251,360	63,035,773	4,861,445	180,250
secured by mort- gage deeds Amount of mort-	234,46 0	17,695,066	4,279,115	119,390,696	58,114,222	56,442
gages on which compulsory pro-	ŀ					1
ceedings have beentakeninyear	-	281,896	24,266	598,267	205,125	5,429
Number of such mortgages	-	202	17	374	94	3
Estimated value of mortgaged prop- erty held for sale Amountchargeable	-	67,418	28,898	889,629	41,034	_
against such property:	4,720	44,555	24,098	865,349	42,300	-
vestments on mortgages and other securities	6,629,051	21,387,294	16,292,804	213,359,401	68,662,725	864,775

LOAN COMPANIES AND BUILDING SOCIETIES.

46.—Assets and Liabilities of Loan Companies and Building Societies, 1901-1913.

		Assets.		Liabilities.			
Calendar Year.	Amount of loans.	Securities, cash and property.	Total assets.	Liabilities to share- holders.	Other liabilities.	Total liabilities.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$.	· \$	\$	
1901	125,887,911	32,635,396	158,523,307	64,187,392	94,335,915	158,523,307	
1902	130,921,549	31,610,144	162,531,693	66,590,276	95,941,417	162,531,693	
1903	134,295,248	33,004,499	167,299,747	66,732,392	100,567,355	167,299,747	
1904	140,701,629	36,183,383	176,885,012	68,254,221	108,630,791	176,885,012	
1905	160,370,957	47,710,270	208,081,227	70,594,991	137,486,236	208,081,227	
1906	170,122,423	61,954,024	232,076,447	74,148,339	157,928,108	232,076,447	
1907	175,375,676	65,229,061	240,604,737	76,871,356	163,733,381	240,604,737	
1908	181,085,101	82,480,971	263,566,072	78,430,745	185,135,327	263,566,072	
1909	207,468,197	93,026,109	300,494,306	82,406,238	217,892,981	300,299,219	
1910	232,145,570	115,401,944	347,547,514	87,555,793	259,991,721	347,547,514	
1911	248,164,260	141,537,728	389,701,988	95,168,491	294,533,497	389,701,988	
1912	273,019,288	122,633,499	395,652,787	98,818,703	296,834,084	395,652,787	
1913	302,056,422	176,601,805	478,658,227	109,370,885	369,287,342	478,658,227	

47.—Detailed Assets of Loan Companies and Building Societies, 1909-1913.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Current loans secured					
on	100 070 001	204 224 422	200 805 004	0.40.000.000	050 000 000
Real estate	180,679,694	204,324,130	222,365,634	246,303,270	273,828,223
Dominion and prov-	400			41.070	0.640
incial securities	400	_		41,270	8,640
County and city se-	267,405	238,672	852,505	735,419	911,374
rities Township, town and		200,072	602,000	755,415	311,074
village securities	265,536	548,081	868,710	764,038	498,433
School section secu-		010,001	000,110	101,000	100,100
rities	3,090	10,648	30,000	5,950	59,121
Loan companies' de-		,	,		<i>'</i>
bentures	282,665	230,104	202,120	140,167	229,999
Loans to sharehol-					
ders on their stock					
Otherwise secured	25,C90,352	25,931,232	22,912,354	24,192,661	25,572,505
Total	207,468,197	232,145,570	248,164,260	273,019,288	302,056,422
Property owned-		, ,		, ,	, ,
Dominion securities,					
_ cash value	256,500	217,236	17,289	16,352	15,500
Provincial securities					
cash value	1,028,420	650,693	677,568	60 6 ,551	673,275
County and city se-		1 004 040	C 107 000	0.007.001	0.070.00
curities, cash value		1,994,249	6,185,230	2,327,261	2,270,627
Township, town and village securities.					
cash value	2,222,070	5,609,008	1,738,613	5,846,946	6,075,964
School section secu-		0,000,000	1,100,010	0,010,010	0,010,804
rities, cash value.		1,378,708	1,493,223	1,828,338	2,246,232
Loan companies' de-		_,=,=,,,,	,,	_,,	_,_10,202
bentures	1,301,689	920,122	1,522,473	1,906,859	1,782,777

47.—Detailed Assets of Loan Companies and Building Societies, 1909-1913—concluded.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Property owned—con. Office furniture and	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
fixtures	81,885	95,911	105,049	145,094	233,599
Cash on hand	494,907	583,633	646,550	1,098,496	1,116,387
Cash in banks	12,386,207	10,408,589	10,768,682	11,473,147	14,113,896
Office premises	4,191,759	4,377,256	5,122,079	5,237,893	7,034,553
Loans secured on real estate held for sale	995,897	1,629,588	1,672,973	2,021,500	2,555,943
Other property, cash value	63,279,457	87,536,951	111,587,999	90,125,062	138,483,052
Total	93,026,109	115,401,944	141,537,728	122,633,499	176,601,805
Total assets	300,494,306	347,547,514	389,701,988	395,652,787	478,658,227

$48.\mbox{--Detailed Liabilities of Loan Companies and Building Societies, $1909-1913.}$

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Liabilities to stock- holders—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Capital stock fully paid up Capital stock sub-	35,454,866	35,098,331	41,552,849	38,217,232	39,855,614
scribedupon which has been paid	18,063,951	21,529,814	18,241,864		
Accumulating stock.	2,155,169	2,242,341	2,213,085	2,464,314	
Reserve fund	21,955,694	24,281,728	28,264,106	31,555,712	35,959,342
Dividends declared and unpaid	1,433,328	1,472,374	1,784,484	1,472,173	1,663,532
Profits on accumulating stock	189,510	144,812	154,084	155,262	568,604
Contingent fund and unappropriated		·			
profits	3,153,720	2,786,393	2,958,019	3,006,503	3,082,365
Total	82,406,238	87,555,793	95,168,491	98,818,703	109,370,885
Liabilities to the public—					
Deposits Debentures payable	27,772,937	25,421,628	33,742,512	33,235,992	32,681,806
in Canada Debentures payable	39,359,907	23,643,108	23,618,630	55,773,196	64,490,240
elsewhere	43,781,392	69,276,606	72,155,411	49,751,593	56,728,877
Debenture stock	2,952,794	3,573,910	3,978,991	7,553,127	8,286,248
Interest on deposits, debentures and de-					
benture stock	874,934	803,423	839,769	815,285	903,865
Owing to banks	1,308,429		1,652,302	1,967,699	3,663,730
Other liabilities	101,842,588		158,545,882	147,737,192	202,532,576
Total	217,892,981	259,991,721	294,533,497	296,834,684	369,287,342
Total liabilities	300,299,219	347.547.514	389.701.988	395,652,787	478,658,227

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.

Commercial Failures in Canada, 1914.—According to Bradstreet's of January 9, 1915, the total number of Canadian failures reported during the calendar year 1914 was 2,885, with liabilities of \$30,732,823. In number the previous record in 1896 was exceeded by 32 p.c., and the liabilities were 28 p.c. larger than in the previous record year of 1894. Dun's Review of the same date gives the total number of Canadian insolvencies in 1914 as 2,898, as compared with 1,719 in 1913, 1,357 in 1912, and 1,332 in 1911, whilst the liabilities reached in 1914 the total of \$35,045,095, as compared with \$16,979,406 in 1913, \$12,316,936 in 1912 and \$13,491,196 in 1911. Tables 49 to 51 give the statistics from both authorities, those from Bradstreet's (Table 49) being classified by provinces for the calendar years 1913 and 1914, and those for Dun's Review being classified by branches of business for the calendar years 1914 (Table 50) and by provinces and branches of business for the calendar year 1914, with totals for the years 1905 to 1913 (Table 51).

49.—Commercial Failures in Canada by Provinces, for the Calendar Years 1913 and 1914. [From Bradstreet's.]

Provinces.	No. of Failures.		Ass	ets.	Liabilities.		
Trovinces.	1913.	1914.	1913.	1914.	1913.	1914.	
			\$	\$	\$	\$	
Prince Edward Island	4	5	3,750	35,0 00	6,150	50,800	
Nova Scotia	65	50	121,625	525,06 9	250,875	1,020,921	
New Brunswick	45	36	142,319	133,725	230,877	288,025	
Quebec	501	818	3,077,534	4,487,291	6,226,779	9,632,512	
Ontario	409	709	1,363,862	3,526,763	2,918,030	7,151,075	
Manitoba	204	315	590,798	645,210	1,520,819	1,991,363	
Saskatchewan	185	322	75 4,153	1,320,670	1,533,713	3,206,506	
Alberta	128	252	592,378	973,054	994,373	1,739,663	
British Columbia	283	378	1,482,971	2,110,712	2,945,834	5,651,958	
Canada	1,824	2,885	8,129,390	13,757,494	16,627,450	30,732,823	

50.—Commercial Failures in Canada by Branches of Business, 1912-1914. [From Dun's Review.]

cu.		1912.	1	1913.		1914.
Classes.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
		\$. \$		\$
Manufacturers— Iron and Foundries	9	857,884	13	192,936	10	213,302
Machinery and Tools		159,402	23	1,237,127	37	612,190
Woollens, Carpets, etc Cotton, Hosiery, etc		5,000	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			70,000 235,000
Lumber, Carpenters		867,240				
Clothing, Millinery	53	316,692	75			923,359
Hats, Gloves and Furs Chemicals and Drugs		$2,800 \\ 94,565$				
Paints and Oils		<i>5</i> 1 ,000	10			
Printing, Engraving	13		8	150,699	33	265,441
Milling and Bakers Leather, Shoes, etc		$139,876 \\ 45,621$				
Liquors and Tobacco	3		8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Glass, Earthenware	12	224,145	18			
All other	126	1,458,994	196	2,057,857	211	3,199,800
Total manufacturing	323	4,556,615	452	6,792,763	614	11,063,191
Traders—	1					
General Stores	209	1,503,999	224		372	
Groceries and Meats	$\frac{221}{75}$	887,175 576,066	$\frac{292}{85}$		476 149	
Liquors and Tobacco	36	214,914	$\frac{63}{42}$, ;
Clothing, Furnishing	85	565,8 80	145	994,665	317	
Dry Goods and Carpets	78 74	1,124,300 589,952	83 4 5			
Shoes and Trunks Furniture, Crockery	18	148,681	45 38		91 53	
Hardware and Stores	25	187,851	47	427,975	77	401,441
Chemicals and Drugs	13	67,977	19		33	
Paints and Oils	$\frac{3}{28}$	33,631 $165,627$	$\frac{1}{21}$		$\frac{2}{57}$	12,000 $406,201$
Books and Papers	9	56,801	13	100,222	19	
Caps, Furs and Gloves	7 94	172,527 $611,284$	8 153		16	
All other	J4		100	1,090,960	257	2,002,063
Total trading	975	6,906,665	1,216	8,681,419	2,164	18,677,935
Agents, etc	59	853,656	51	1,505,224	120	5 303,968
Total	1,357	12,316,936	1,719	16,979,406	2,898	35,045,095

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.

51.—Commercial Failures in Canada by Provinces and Classes for 1914, with totals for 1905-1913. [From Dun's Review.]

					CVICW.j		
		T	otal	Comm	ercial.	Manu	facturing.
Provinces.		Num- ber.	As	ssets.	Liabil- ities.	Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia		5 70 55 818 705 262 246 247 484	6, 5, 1, 2,	33,800 219,100 255,450 659,076 257,679 574,837 584,454 030,175 273,792	551,923 565,440 10,069,979 5,231,308 1,985,148 2,714,200 2,172,526	1 5 11 172 212 37 23 30 123	\$ 6,000 72,523 31,900 3,014,500 2,881,494 321,626 369,023 250,815 4,115,310
Total 1914		2,892	30,	888,363	34,996,694	614	11,063,191
Newfoundland		6		21,200	48,400	-	-
Total 1913		1,719 1,357 1,332 1,262 1,442 1,640 1,278 1,184 1,347	8,7 9,9 11,0 10,3 12,0 9,4	658,979 783,409 964,604 013,396 318,511 008,113 443,227 499,052 822,005	12,316,936 13,491,196 14,514,650 12,982,800 14,931,790 13,221,250 9,085,773 9,854,659	452 323 321 292 354 426 393 293 289	6,792,763 4,556,615 4,760,016 7,030,227 3,933,938 5,967,498 6,667,452 3,482,511 3,129,262
	Tr	ading			ther mercial.	Ba	nking.
Provinces.	Num- ber.	Liab ities		Num- ber.		Num- ber.	Liabil- ities.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	4 63 41 618 471 219 216 204 322	475	,213 ,422 ,877 ,216	2	\$ - 4,200 8,300 418,608 74,601 94,100 26,300 118,495 4,559,364	-	\$ - - - - - - - 250,000
Total 1914	2,158	18,629	,535	120	5,303,968	1	250,000
Newfoundland	6	48	400		_		_
Total 1913 " 1912 " 1911 " 1910 " 1909 " 1908 " 1907 " 1906 " 1905	1,216 975 986 947 1,059 1,171 847 863 1,039	8,681 6,906 7,606 6,943 7,867 8,242, 5,756, 5,145, 6,552,	665 891 579 287 436 651 142	51 59 5 23 29 43 38 28 19	1,505,224 853,656 1,124,289 540,850 1,181,575 712,856 797,156 458,120 172,576	1 -1 2 -2 -3	125,000 71,194 2,546,871 2,137,224 _ _ 3,672,269

Note. - Newfoundland included in totals 1905-1913.

GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES.

Under the Government Annuities Act, 1908 (7-8 Edw. VII, c. 5), His Majesty the King, represented by the Minister (at present the Postmaster General), may sell to persons domiciled in Canada immediate or deferred annuities of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000 (1) for the life of the annuitant; (2) for a term of years certain, not exceeding twenty years, provided the annuitant shall so long live; (3) for a term of years certain, not exceeding twenty years. or for the life of the annuitant, whichever period shall be the longer; and (4) an immediate or deferred annuity to any two persons domiciled in Canada during their joint lives, and with or without continuation to The property and interest of any annuitant in any contract for an annuity is neither transferable nor attachable. Except upon the occurrence of invalidity or disablement of an annuitant, no annuity is payable unless the annuitant has reached the age of 55. The purchaser may contract that in the event of the death of the annuitant before the date fixed for the annuity to begin all money paid shall be refunded to his heirs with interest at the rate of three per cent., compounded yearly. Statistics of the annuities in force on March 31, 1915, are given in Tables 52-54. From September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1915, 3,701 annuities have been issued, of which 76 have been cancelled on account of death, leaving on March 31, 1915, 617 immediate annuities and 3,008 deferred annuities, a total of 3,625 contracts in force. total value of these annuities is \$765,969.07, and the amount received for annuities purchased is \$2,442,075.59.

52.—Number of Immediate Annuities of each amount paid in full from September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1915.

MALES.

Ages.	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$900	\$1000
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
55–59	19	18	6	3	5	7	0	0	1	2
60-64	31	14	16	4	1	8	. 0	0	0	1
65-69	31	18	7	5	2	7	0	1	0	0
70-74	22	14	10	9	2	10	0	1	$\bar{2}$	0
75–79	16	7	6	2	4	2	1	0	0	1
80–85	8	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55–59 60–64	27 27	i	18 10		10		6	5	2	0	0	0	0
75-79 5 7 4 0 1 1 1 0 0 0	65-69	$\frac{1}{39}$	·		ı	8 6	1	5 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	5 5	1 0	0	0	0
$80 - 85 \dots 3 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0$		5 3		7	,	$\overset{\check{4}}{0}$	ļ	$\frac{\tilde{0}}{0}$	$\frac{1}{0}$	1 3	1 0	0 0	0	0

GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES.

53.—Number of Deferred Annuities of each amount purchased by lump sums, lump sums and annual payments, and periodical payments from September 1, 1908, to March 31, 1915.

MALES.

Ages.	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800	\$900	\$1000
5- 9	115 294 270 182 109 47 4	23 28 88 61 39 18 0	4 21 69 70 40 11 0	3 6 22 24 17 3 0	1 10 26 9 14 2 1 0	4 9 49 51 21 12 4 0	- 1 - - - -	- 1 · - - - -		1 4 5 8 4 1 0

FEMALES.

							1			
5- 9	44	9	12	1	2	3	1 -	-	-	1
10-19	107	15	8	2	1	13	i –	-	-	0
20–29	165	55	39	7	4	22	· —	_	_	1
30–39	144	76	52	13	11	17	-	-	ļ —	1
40-49	140	54	29	14	8	12	-	_	i –	2
50-59	30	16	5	1	1	5	-	-	-	0
60-69	6	0	0	0	0	0	_	-		0
70	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u> </u>	1	-	0
							İ		l	

54.—Valuation on March 31, 1915, of Annuity Contracts issued pursuant to the Government Annuities Act, 1908.

Description of Contract.	No.	Amount of Annuities.	Value of Annuities Purchased.
		\$ 106,938.22	*
Immediate Annuities	43 2		
Immediate Annuities guaranteed	131	29,171.39	
Immediate Annuities guaranteed. Immediate Last Survivor (on 2 lives)	54	15,210.58	163,051.00
Deferred, Plan "A"	1042	207,702.64	391,390.06
Deferred, Plan "A", guaranteed	1582	297,412.71	291,052.17
Deferred, Last Survivor (on 2 lives)	18	4,958.40	36,216.54
Deferred, Plan "B"	366	104,575.13	294,630.76
Totals	3625	765,969.07	2,315,585.53

Note.—Annuitants numbering 53, who have not yet furnished their ages, are not included in the above table.

INSURANCE.

Insurance Statistics.—Insurance Companies doing business throughout the Dominion of Canada are licensed by the Dominion Government under acts administered by an Insurance Department under the Minister of Finance. The insurance statistics in Tables 55-77, which are restricted to companies doing business under license from the Dominion Government, and do not, therefore, include the business of companies operating under license from the provincial governments, are compiled from the Reports of the Superintendent of Insurance, and are divided into three classes relating (1) to insurance against fire; (2) to life insurance and (3) to insurances of a miscellaneous character covering risks of accident, guarantee, employers' liability, sickness, burglary, hail, steam boilers, tornado, weather, inland transportation, automobiles, sprinkler leakage, live stock and title. They refer in all cases to the calendar year.

The year 1913 is the latest for which complete and final statistics of the Insurance Department are available; but wherever possible figures for 1914 have been given from the "Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada," issued, subject to correction, on March 2, 1915. For fire insurance business transacted in Canada it has been this year possible to give, subject to revision, the figures for 1914 (Table 56), as well as the finally corrected figures for 1913 (Table 55). Similarly, for insurance other than fire and life, the unrevised figures for 1914 have been given as in Table 77, in addition to the finally corrected figures for 1913 as in Table 76. In all cases the figures for 1914 are liable to final revision after publication of the complete report for that year.

Fire Insurance.—Fire insurance in Canada was carried on in 1913 by 84 companies, including 29 Canadian, 24 British, 29 United States and two French. As compared with 1912 this is a net increase of four companies. The gross amount of fire policies, new and renewed, taken during the year 1914, was \$3,099,452,177, as compared with \$2,925,-200,553 in 1913 and \$2,374,161,732 in 1912. Premiums charged in 1914 amounted to \$36,122,015, as compared with \$36,032,460 in 1913 and \$30,639,867 in 1912. The net amount at risk in 1914 was \$3,448,-606,887.

Life Insurance.—The business of life insurance in Canada was transacted in 1913 by 45 active companies, including 27 Canadian, seven British, one colonial and 10 United States. The total life policies taken out during the year 1913 amounted to \$231,608,546, as compared with \$219,205,103 in 1912, an increase of \$12,403,443. The policies effected by the Canadian companies amounted to \$131,493,582, a decrease of \$9,774,014; those of the British and colonial companies amounted to \$6,950,695, a decrease of \$369,257, and those of the United States companies to \$93,164,269, an increase of \$22,546,714. The total amount of life insurance in force in Canada for the year 1913 at the date of the statements rendered was \$1,168,590,027, an increase over 1912 of \$98,281,358, these figures being distributed among the three different classes of companies as follows: Canadian \$750,637,902 (increase \$43,981,785); British and colonial \$58,176,795 (increase \$3,639,070); United States \$359,775,330 (increase \$50,660,503).

Life Insurance on the Assessment Plan.—Table 71 gives the statistics of life insurance on the assessment plan, that is, insurance effected through fraternal or friendly societies by assessments on the members thereof and with annual dues to meet expenses. The statistics in these tables relate, however, only to the four societies reporting to the Insurance Department of the Dominion Government, viz., the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, the Commercial Travellers' Mutual Benefit Society, the Independent Order of Foresters (whose statistics include sick and funeral departments) and the Woodmen of the World.

Insurance Other than Fire or Life.—Insurance business other than fire or life was carried on in Canada in 1913 by 68 companies: 26 Canadian, 13 British, and 29 United States. Twenty-eight of these companies also transacted fire insurance. In addition there were five fraternal orders or societies which carried on sickness and life insurance. Of the 26 Canadian companies, which carried on business other than fire or life in 1913, 21 transacted miscellaneous classes of business only. The combined assets of these 21 companies amounted in 1913 to \$7,509,093, and their total liabilities to \$5,391,785, the excess of assets over liabilities being thus \$2,117,308. For the year 1914, 21 of these companies had total assets amounting to \$8,375,400 and liabilities amounting to \$2,620,616, the excess of assets over liabilities being \$5,754,784.

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada, 1913.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
Canadian Companies-	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
Acadia Fire	19,084,940	266,091		80,084	144,172	
Anglo-American	29,544,283			131,646		
British American	66,139,919	853,489	1.29	258,474	482,282	53.59
British Colonial	7,145,533	95,327	1.33	11,000	33,796	32.55
British	, ,			,	,	
Northwestern	6,396,634	94,976			53,481	36.68
Canada National	18,139,052	277,846		49,756	131,416	37.86
Canadian Fire	30,266,161	488,009	1.61	132,072	292,204	45.20
Central Canada						
Mfs	8,807,127	99,201	1.13	62,591	56,085	111.60
Dominion Fire	33,610,208	476,596				68.18
Equity Fire		267,589	1.29	130,866	160,747	81.41
Factories Insurance						
Co	25,466,261	430,078				43.27
Hudson Bay	19,039,543	296,690	1.56	95,638	111,005	86.16
Imperial Under-			ا م م ا			
writers	4,713,255			15,387		27.23
London Mutual	74,887,473				478,306	
Liverpool-Manitoba		580,398				
Mercantile Fire	24,221,297	304,876	1.26	98,523	241,393	40.81

FINANCE. $\label{eq:final}$ 55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1913—con.

	1		Rate		1	Percent-
			of			age of
	Gross	Prem-	prem-		Net cash	losses
Ì	\mathbf{amount}	iums	iums	Net cash	received	paid to
Companies.	of policies	charged	per	paid for	for	pre-
1	new and	thereon.	cent.	losses.	premiums.	miums
	renewed.		of			received
	·		risks.			
Canadian Companies	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
—continued.						
Montreal-Canada	17,703,809	257,707	1.46	01.401	146,959	64.94
Fire	32,868,835	416,530		$\begin{array}{r} 94,401 \\ 124,265 \end{array}$		64.24 51.89
North Empire Fire	11,060,712			49,912	105,814	
North West Fire.	11,920,235		1.40	46,201		
Nova Scotia Fire.	11,020,200	349,385	1.40	83,523		40.10
Occidental Fire	8,567,200	201,262	2.35	84,090	158,378	53.09
Ontario Fire	0,001,200	219,260	2.00	53,507	100,518	53.23
Pacific Coast Fire.	14,346,644	194,868		13,794	66,826	
Quebec Fire	27,047,677	285,635	1.06	119,445	229,960	
Rimouski Fire	28,825,327	439,430	1.52	218,613		109.43
Sovereign Fire	20,020,021	116,677	1.02	55,869	-16,077	100.10
Western	127,975,064	1,535,494	1.20	257,056		43.02
Total	712,651,986	10,167,051	1.33	3,020,551	5,099,298	59.23
British Companies—						
	26,292,290	264 222	1.00	70 640	994 005	94 01
Atlas	48,409,014	264,233 $628,333$	$\frac{1.00}{1.30}$	$78,648 \\ 274,618$	224,905 $541,479$	$\begin{bmatrix} 34.91 \\ 50.72 \end{bmatrix}$
Atlas	44,537,172	519,526		274,018 $226,559$	436,727	51.88
Caledonian Commercial Union	108,740,830	1,131,945	1.04	352,341	843,850	41.75
Employers' Lia-	100,110,000	1,101,040	1.01	002,011	010,000	41.70
bility	26,760,261	309,882	1.16	108,422	247,675	43.78
General Accident,	20,100,201	000,002	1.10	100,122	211,010	10.10
Fire and Life	26,793,181	331,584	1.24	164,179	278,843	58.88
Guardian	75,880,062	1,031,032	1.36	558,060	867,322	64.34
Law Union & Rock	23,996,457	279,556	1.16	113,772	236,795	48.05
Liverpool&London		,,,,,,				20.00
& Globe	146,779,869	1,791,368	1.22	779,787	1,402,255	55.61
London & Lanca-	,,,,	, ,		,	, , ,	
shire Fire	67,595,747	811,373	1.20	306,029	673,804	45.42
London Assurance	29,806,849	355,029	1.19	134,444	288,379	46.62
North British &	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		<i>'</i>	´	
Mercantile	95,293,121	1,120,474	1.18	561,164	961,355	58.37
Northern	64,060,095	832,597	1.30	376,852	718,600	52.44
Norwich Union Fire	70,745,247	924,105	1.31	469,707	805,204	58.33
Palatine Insurance				, i		
Co	22,230,422	264,005	1.19	76,722	187,594	40.90
Phœnix of London	97,357,090	1,288,412	1.32	561,896	1,031,853	54.45
Provincial	5,452,989	38,200	0.70	22,501	29,811	75.48
Royal	134,062,397	1,554,118	1.16	686,494	1,291,623	53.15
Royal Exchange	43,337,878	487,552	1.13	155,549	406,218	38.29
Scottish Union and	·		į	·		
National	36,611,259	416,413	1.14	179,703	359,839	49.94
Sun Insurance	·		1	.		
Office	39,458,842	557,150	1.41	274,451	475,555	57.71
Union Assurance						
Society	50,574,975	630,769	1.25	253,792	494,145	51.36
Yorkshire	34,149,047	394,573	1.16	223,761	334,766	66.84
Total	1 318 925 094	15 962 229	1.21	6 939 451	13,138,597	52.82

601 INSURANCE.

55.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1913—concluded.

	}		Rate	1	{	Percent-
			of		_	age of
	Gross	Prem-	prem-		Net cash	losses
•	amount	iums	iums	Net cash	received	paid to
Companies.	of policies	charged	per	paid for	for	pre-
•	new and	thereon.	cent.	losses.	premiums.	miums
	renewed.		of		-	received
			risks.			1
American and Other	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
Companies—		•	1	•		1
AetnaInsuranceCo.	27,909,154	370,429	1.33	158,018	321,364	49.17
American Central	32,792,469	264,186		54,993	178,233	30.85
American Insur-	, ,	,		,	ĺ	
ance Co	5,530,454	97,441	1.76	23,999	66,371	36.16
American Lloyds	4,021,412	18,043		12,654		
California Insur-	-,, -	,-	1	, ,	'	
ance Co	1,842,278	37,328	2.03	5,970	29,416	20.30
Connecticut Fire	11,685,553	161,904		79,944		57.34
Continental	30,481,324	331,849		182,028		67.87
Fidelity-Phenix	36,065,570	449,442		267,639	372,746	71.80
Fireman's Fund	9,715,062	93,315		11,879		
Firemen's Insur-	0,120,002	00,			,	
ance Co	8,087,939	116,491	1.44	30,680	87,016	35.26
Compagnie d'Assu-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
rances Générales	11,168,525	147,551	1.32	48,179	104,280	46.20
Equitable Fire &	,,	,		,		
Marine	5,566,835	62,208	1.12	4,998	23,065	21.67
German American	65,806,737	624,109		254,077		
Germania Fire	4,748,700			56,072		
Glens Falls	307,430	2,445		None		
Hartford Fire	116,484,828	1,191,571		411,631		
HomeInsuranceCo.	87,476,970	896,150		256,614		
Insurance Co. of	01,110,010	000,100	1.02	200,011	1 .02,.00	02.00
North America	43,977,172	511,781	1.16	265,624	408,030	65.10
Insurance Co. of		011,001	1.10	200,021	100,000	00.10
the State of Pa.	13,993,302	188,801	1.35	87,271	154,917	56.33
Lumber Insurance		147,654		88,084		
National Fire	76,756,570	782,541		394,398		
National Union				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	1
Fire	20,911,650	278,058	1.33	133,143	195,005	68.28
Niagara Fire	14,263,179			36,198		
Northwestern	, ,		ì	,)	1
National	17,688,630	158,351	. 90	18,441	29,008	63.57
Phœnix of Hart-		,		ĺ ,		1
_ ford	52,862,596	582,842	1.10	211,347	459,969	45.95
Providence Wash-	, ,					i
ington	16,173,195	204,942	1.27	94,795	158,638	59.72
Queen of America	55,326,806	700,835	1.27	352,688	594,859	59.66
Springfield Fire						İ
and Marine	61,055,078	534,913	.88	219,703	374,055	58.74
St. Paul Fire and						1
Marine	21,103,584	275,683	1.31	108,400	224,655	48.25
L'Union, Paris,						
France	18,465,093	222,161	1.20	102,978		
Westchester Fire	12,976,685	177,576	1.37	71,312	136,129	52.39
Total	893,623,473	9,903,180	1.11	4,043,757	7,508,052	53.86
Canadian Companies	712,651,986	10,167,051	1.33	3,020,550	5,099.298	59.23
British Companies	1,318,925,094	15,962,229		6,939,453		
American and other	, , , , , , , , ,	,,		,,,	,,	
Companies	893,623,473	9,903,180	1.11	4,043,757	7,508,052	53.86
Grand Total	2,925,200.553	36,032.460	1.21	14,003.760	25,745,947	
	_,,		·	,		U x . UU

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada, 1914.

(Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received
C. I' Commission	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	* * \$	p.c.
Canadian Companies					1	
Acadia Fire Anglo-American Beaver Fire British American. British Colonial		251,133 289,839 77,479 788,635 309,120	1.37 1.35 1.68 1.07 1.08	$\begin{array}{r} 88,906 \\ 122,659 \\ 446 \\ 296,396 \\ 26,494 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 204,229 \\ 29,335 \\ 489,750 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 60.06 \\ 1.52 \\ 60.52 \end{array}$
British Northwestern Canada National	5,593,064 $22,152,139$	102,462 $342,961$	1.83 1.55	38,832 93,002	46,321	83.83
Canadian Fire Dominion Fire Equity Fire	28,555,652	455,784 391,846 None	1.60 1.39	$ \begin{array}{r} 35,002 \\ 121,913 \\ 156,371 \\ 87,921 \end{array} $	279,683 213,769	$43.59 \\ 73.15$
Factories Insur- ance Co Hudson Bay Imperial Under-	$34,445,750 \\ 9,922,357$	436,375 186,250	1.27 1.88	149,852 49,340		
writersLiverpool-Manitoba London Mutual Mercantile Fire	10,528,108 39,478,395 72,959,675 25,390,361	$\begin{array}{c} 121,942 \\ 529,725 \\ 666,180 \\ 300,097 \end{array}$	1.16 1.34 $.91$ 1.18	$250,558 \ 429,616$	419,495 558,456	59.73 76.93
Montreal-Canada Fire	14,536,123	199,421	1.37	95,710	131,265	72.91
Mount Royal North Empire Fire North West Fire	11,033,490 14,163,792	593,153 216,804 194,681	1.26 1.96 1.37	152,047 69,527 69,258	93,410 $125,711$	74.43 55.09
Occidental Fire Pacific Coast Fire. Quebec Fire	5,874,485 $12,243,156$ $28,001,652$	138,678 169,834 308,665	2.36 1.39 1.10	82,232 39,838 122,805	$\begin{array}{r} 75,551 \\ 247,651 \end{array}$	52,73 49.59
Western	106,468,591	1,120,339	1.05	265,767	409,719	
Total	663,539,377	8,191,403	1.23	3,022,601	5,063,751	59.69
British Companies—						
Alliance	26,155,118 $48,149,735$ $45,163,173$ $102,738,333$	$\begin{array}{c} 252,995 \\ 612,458 \\ 526,310 \\ 1,104,298 \end{array}$.97 1.27 1.16 1.02	$144,836 \\ 328,301 \\ 274,450 \\ 470,222$	$\begin{array}{c} 526,216 \\ 442,976 \end{array}$	62.39
Employers' Liab- ility	35,333,456	385,714	1.02	153,515	308,402	
Fire and Life Guardian Ass. Co	29,702,725 $86,567,723$	$342,511 \\ 1,120,801$	$\frac{1.15}{1.29}$	$111,152 \\ 558,248$	267,237 958,195	41.59 58.26

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of premiums per cent. of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to pre- miums received
British Companies—concluded.	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.
Law Union and						
RockLiverpool&London	28,687,972	334,764	1.17	137,003	282,305	48.53
& Globe London & Lan-	142,723,265	1,788,922	1.25	902,102	1,383,305	65.21
cashire Fire London Assurance. North British &	83,550,996 31,718,697	897,887 374,697		391,200 128,502		
Mercantile Northern Ass	96,286,336 67,398,717	1,140,074 876,971	1.30	595,746 469,372	736,047	63.77
Norwich Union Fire Palatine Insurance	73,606,390	889,303		470,923	,	
CoPhœnix of London Provincial	25,645,785 97,927,950 7,811,504	$\begin{array}{r} 321,726 \\ 1,285,915 \\ 54,192 \end{array}$	1.31	155,132 579,207 38,618	1,035,778	55.92
Royal	47,006,381 146,814,153	489,641 1,706,899	1.04	162,218 801,985	422,440	38.40
Scottish Union and National Sun Insur. Office	39,592,727 $44,282,491$	421,577 $565,299$	$\frac{1.06}{1.28}$	150,485 $268,367$	350,475 484,222	42.94 55.42
Union Assurance Society Yorkshire	53,383,634 37,653,674	643,268 $442,444$	1.21 1.18	261,460 $243,438$		54.36 66.38
Total				 -	13,719,942	
		20,510,-00	1.10	1,100,102	10,110,012	50.00
American and Other Companies—						
Aetna Insur. Co American Central. American Insur-	33,788,700 29,155,885	412,854 264,659		157,403 116,411	358,554 163,551	43.90 71.18
ance Co American Lloyds California Insur-	5,023,310 5,345,409	85,399 20,519		$31,001 \\ 547$	62,518 17,010	$\begin{array}{c} 49.59 \\ 3.21 \end{array}$
ance Co	3,108,615	58,613	1.89	18,454	37,410	49.33
Connecticut Fire Continental Equitable Fire and	11,889,902 36,692,722	164,071 368,098	1.38 1.00	45,620 $186,493$	$\frac{110,499}{299,679}$	$41.20 \\ 62.23$
Marine	13,119,287 37,744,470	142.132 459.911		23,237 $167,322$	$34,106 \\ 362,151$	68.13 46.20
Fireman's Fund			*	101,000	002,101	TU. 2U

FINANCE.

56.—Fire Insurance Business transacted in Canada in 1914—concluded.

Companies.	Gross amount of policies new and renewed.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of prem- iums per cent of risks.	Net cash paid for losses.	Net cash received for premiums.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received.
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	D.O.
American and Other	•	Ψ	p.c.	db.	₩	p.c.
Companies—con.						
Firemen's Insurance						
\mathbb{C}_0	6,781,023	93,937	1.39	31,934	89,562	35.66
Compagnie d'Assu-	***********	100 105				
rances Générales			1.18	57,609	82,382	
German American	92,760,014	728,112	.78	282,743	470,652	
Germania Fire	5,378,248	89,243	1.66	39,899	66,668	
Glens Falls		$147,250 \\ 141,732$	1.35	50,722	105,087	
Globe & Rutgers	14,447,534	141,752		13,529		
Hartford Fire Home Insurance	111,611,996	1,123,839	1.01	497,045	1,049,834	47.35
Co	95,506,363	1,074,806	1.13	419,937	898,923	46 .72
North America Insurance Co. of	47,006,449	526,560	1.12	221,7 92	441,420	50.24
the State of Pa	15,083,672	199,672	1.32	104,580	156,885	66.66
Lumber Insurance.	7,511,560	134,716		81,919	100,581	
National Ben-	.,,			02,020	100,001	01.10
Franklin	26,768,010	317,026	1.18	24,377	155,675	15.6 6
National Fire	85,679,369		.96		637,386	52.41
National Union	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,			021,000	02.22
Fire	22,190,089	286,608	1.29	128,504	214,154	60.01
La Nationale Com-				,	, ,	
pagnie d'Ass	11,187,317	141,989	1.27	10,092	103,480	9.75
Niagara Fire	16,538,612	222,294	1.34	84,046	187,012	44.94
Northwestern Na-	!		,	·	,	
tional	13,485,063	157,780	1.17	54,170	113,160	47.87
Phœnix of Hartford	48,347,747	541,723	1.12	237,983	402,016	59.20
Providence Wash-				·		
ington	19,631,625	234,674	1.20	125,910	190,648	66.04
Queen of America	57,315,877	726,860	1.27	357,209	607,875	58.76
Springfield Fire						
and Marine	71,730,495	614,485	.86	277,903	481,373	57.73
St. Paul Fire and		0.000			-	
Marine	22, 725,149	310,869	1.37	101,116	236,513	42.75
L'Union, Paris,	40.004.000	242.22				
France	19,994,372	240,267	1.20	104,669		
Westchester Fire	14,923,476	204,656	1.37	89,591	152,863	58.61
Total	1,037,711,865	11,351,946	1.09	4,538,310	8,772,190	51.74
Canadian Companies	663 539 377	8,191,403	1.23	3,022,601	5.063,751	59.69
British Companies.			$\frac{1.23}{1.18}$	7,796,482		56.86
American and other		10,040,000	1.10	1,130,402	10,110,844	50.00
Companies		11,351,946	1.09	4,538,310	8,772,190	51.74
						
Grand Total	3 099 452 177	26 122 015	1.17	15,357,393	27,546,883	55.75

57.—Amounts received for Premiums and paid for Losses, with percentage of Losses to Premiums, 1869-1914.

Year.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percent- age of losses to pre- miums.		Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to premiums.
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1876 1877 1878 1889 1881 1884 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891	1,785,539 1,916,779 2,321,716 2,628,710 2,968,416 3,522,303 3,594,764 3,708,006 3,764,005 3,368,430 3,227,488 3,479,577 3,827,116 4,229,706 4,624,741 4,980,128 4,852,460 4,932,335 5,244,502 5,487,263 5,588,016 5,836,071 6,168,716 6,512,327	1,027,720 1,624,837 1,549,199 1,909,975 1,682,184 1,926,159 2,563,531 2,867,295 8,490,919 1,822,764 2,145,198 1,666,578 3,169,824 2,664,986 2,920,228 3,245,323 2,679,287 3,301,388 3,403,514 3,037,822 2,876,211 3,266,557 3,905,697 4,377,270	84.77 66.73 72.66 55.67 54.68 71.31 77.33 225.58 54.11 66.47 47.90 82.83 63.01 65.16 65.22 66.93 64.90 53.53 51.47 55.97 63.31	1894 1895 1896 1897 1899 1899 1900 1901 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1909	6,793,595 6,711,369 6,943,382 7,075,850 7,157,661 7,350,131 7,910,492 8,331,948 9,650,348 10,577,084 11,384,762 13,169,882 14,285,671 14,687,963 16,114,475 17,027,275 17,049,464 18,725,531 20,575,255 23,194,518 25,745,947 27,546,883 396,528,597	4,589,363 4,993,750 4,173,501 4,701,833 4,784,487 5,182,038 7,774,956 4,152,289 5,870,716 14,099,534 6,000,519 6,584,291 8,445,041 10,279,455 8,646,826 10,292,393 10,936,947 12,119,581 14,003,759 15,357,393	68.38 71.92 58.98 65.69 65.09 65.51 93.31 70.20 39.26 51.57 107.06 42.00 44.83 52.41 60.37 50.72 54.96 53.16 52.25 54.39 55.75

58.—Totals of Premiums received and Losses paid, with percentage of Losses to Premiums by Nationality of Companies, 1869-1914.

Companies.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses to Premiums.
	\$	\$	p.c.
Canadian Companies	86,718,629	54,624,584	62.99
British Companies	239,403,979	148,555,180	62.05
American and other Companies	70,405,989	39,796,274	56.52
Total	396,528,597	242,976,038	61.28

59.—Premiums received and Losses paid by Canadian Companies doing business in Canada and other Countries, with percentage of Losses paid to Premiums received, 1878-1913.

	Business in Cana				Business in other Countr			
Year.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Percentage of losses paid to premiums received.		
	\$	\$	p.c.	\$	\$	p.c.		
1878	591,495 459,653 983,555 1,018,226 785,416	241,545 219,954 518,633 604,846 499,472	47.85 52.73 59.40	1,251,923 1,377,310 1,485,078 1,584,879 2,566,980	737,430 885,293 1,051,090 910,511 1,462,849	$64.28 \\ 70.78 \\ 57.45$		
1900 1905 1910 1911 1912 1913	2,611,899 3,037,675 3,204,241	658,405 1,277,772 1,754,359 1,755,348 1,662,120 1,978,284	48.92 57.75 54.78 53.04	2,804,896 3,911,739 3,141,709 3,343,157 3,467,975 2,856,233	1,969,862 2,307,655 1,714,812 2,149,515 2,039,201 1,829,175	58.99 54.58 64.30 58.80		

60.—Amount of Fire Insurance at risk in Canada, 1869-1914.

Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.	Year.	Amount at risk.
	\$		\$		\$		\$
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874	188,359,809 191,549,586 228,453,784 251,722,940 278,754,835 306,844,219	1882 1883 1884 1885	462,210,968 526,856,478 572,264,041 605,507,789 611,794,479 586,773,022	1894 1895 1896 1897	814,687,057 836,067,202 837,872,864 845,574,352 868,522,217 895,394,107	1906 1907 1908 1909	1,318,146,495 1,443,902,244 1,614,703,536 1,700,708,263 1,863,276,504 2,034,276,740
1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880	364,421,029 404,608,180 420,342,681 409,899,701 407,357,985 411,563,271	1888 1889 1890 1891	634,767,337,650,735,059,684,538,378,720,679,621,759,602,191,821,410,072	1900 1901 1902 1903	936,869,668 992,332,360 1,038,687,619 1,075,263,168 1,140,453,716 1,215,013,931	1912 1913 1914	2,279,868,346 2,684,355,895 3,151,930,389 3,448,606,887

61.—Assets of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance, and Assets in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1910-14.

1910.	1911.		ĺ	
	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
				0 = 0 = 0
				956,169
888,372	1,050,391	2,159,311	3,041,389	3,169,250
	0.004.450	0.014.000	0.050.000	0.091.00
	8,334,472	9,614,883	9,376,392	9,031,067
1 611 750	1 595 405	1 670 000	1 202 507	2,038,550
				1,670,497
				205,657
				488,455
500,000	055,260	092,140	001,101	
12,757,455	14,096,836	16,951,740	17,780,799	17,559,645
1				
2.157.023	2.396.850	2.420.600	2.589.350	2,837,100
	,			_ ,,
11,843,174	12,740,752	13,809,237	11,683,102	13,715,631
	, , ,	,,		, ,
	1,235,384	1,362,148	1,583,009	1,722,732
1,284,190	1,346,771	1,568,817	1,509,870	2,177,600
	413,099	505,182	421,358	548,115
288,665	319,391	350,199	156,585	253,381
31,043,206	34,205,238	37,422,430	30,617,223	35,950,145
		i		
_	_	-	-	0.500
	- 1	-	-	8,500
	4 01 5 000	F 050 445	0.000.000	0.407.607
	4,315,900	5,650,445	6,840,822	8,487,606
F99 010	E74 000	710 226	1 004 105	1 000 000
			1,204,180	1,268,266
				462,101
			97,707	101,606 $26,028$
5,056	22,400	23,099	21,040	20,020
4,304,986	5,173,619	6,738,189	8,421,760	10,354,107
2 674 910	3.363.936	3.160.221	3.480.155	3,793,269
	10,000,002	10,000,000	10,120,000	11,010,000
	25.391.124	29 074 565	27 900 316	31,234,304
		_5,5. 2,550	,,,,,,,,,,	21,231,003
	3,335.142	3,752.474	4,740,701	5,029,548
				4,310,198
				855,378
803,311	977,076	1,265,444	865,992	767,864
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
	517,887 888,372 8,071,584 1,611,759 1,066,732 92,133 508,988 12,757,455 2,157,023 13,807,503 11,843,174 1,310,964 1,284,190 351,687 288,665 31,043,206 3,533,230 533,018 206,980 2,674,910 14,695,875 23,447,988 3,455,741 2,557,902 469,910	517,887 888,372 8,071,584 8,071,584 8,334,472 1,611,759 1,066,732 92,133 508,988 635,280 12,757,455 14,096,836 2,157,023 13,807,503 15,752.991 11,843,174 12,740,752 1,310,964 1,235,384 1,284,190 351,687 288,665 1,346,771 351,687 288,665 319,391 31,043,206 34,205,238 	517,887 967,086 739,621 888,372 1,050,391 2,159,311 8,071,584 8,334,472 9,614,883 1,611,759 1,525,495 1,670,990 1,066,732 1,477,521 1,735,522 92,133 106,591 139,267 508,988 635,280 892,146 12,757,455 14,096,836 16,951,740 2,157,023 2,396,850 2,420,600 13,807,503 15,752.991 17,406,247 11,843,174 12,740,752 13,809,237 1,310,964 1,235,384 1,362,148 1,284,190 3,346,771 1,568,817 351,687 413,099 505,182 288,665 319,391 350,199 31,043,206 34,205,238 37,422,430 - - - 3,533,230 4,315,900 5,650,445 5,658 224,291 292,554 26,090 36,760 52,755 26,090 36,760 52,755	517,887 967,086 739,621 890,805 888,372 1,050,391 2,159,311 3,041,389 8,071,584 8,334,472 9,614,883 9,376,392 1,611,759 1,525,495 1,670,990 1,893,507 1,066,732 1,477,521 1,735,522 1,737,687 508,988 635,280 892,146 681,761 12,757,455 14,096,836 16,951,740 17,780,799 2,157,023 2,396,850 2,420,600 2,589,350 13,807,503 15,752.991 17,406,247 12,673,949 11,843,174 12,740,752 13,809,237 11,683,102 1,310,964 1,235,384 1,362,148 1,583,009 1,284,190 1,346,771 1,568,817 1,509,870 288,665 319,391 350,199 156,585 31,043,206 34,205,238 37,422,430 30,617,223 - - - - 3,533,230 4,315,900 5,650,445 6,840,822 50,6980 224,291<

62.—Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance, and Liabilities in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1910-14.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
O1:	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian companies— Unsettled losses	748,189	813,026	830,395	858,066	894,076
Reserve of unearned pre- miums Sundry items	$\substack{4,965,810\\553,937}$	$5.187,763 \\ 527,054$	5,766,579 $984,575$	5,980,877 1,27 4 ,755	5,882,812 1,151,218
Total liabilities, not in- cluding capital	6,267,936	6,527,843	7,581,549	8,113,698	7,928,106
Excess of assets over liabilities, excluding capi-			,		
tal	6, 489 ,519 7, 167 ,467		9,370,191 $9,145,607$	9,6 67 ,101 9,825,459	9,631,538 9,327,540
British companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	756,739	603,887	445,081	703,556	877,488
miumsSundry items ¹	6,172,988 1,714,112	6,682,354 1,808,886	7,340,187 2,108,703	8,017,926 1,155,394	8,479,275 964,259
Total liabilities in Canada	8,643,839	9,095,127	9,893,971	9,876,876	10,321,022
Excess of assets over liabilities, excluding capital	22,399,367	25,110,111	27,528,459	20,740,347	25,629, 123
American companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	348,473	378,235	362,979	595,864	852,868
miumsSundry items ¹	$2,232,749 \ 36,699$	$\substack{2,516,114\\101,620}$	$3,283,827 \ 224,533$	$\substack{4,388,977\\291,582}$	4,785,614 316,868
Total liabilities in Canada.	2,617,921	2,995,969	3,871,339	5,276,423	5,955,350
Excess of assets over liabilities excluding capital	1,687,055	2,177,650	2,866,850	3,145,338	4,398,757
All companies— Unsettled losses Reserve of unearned pre-	1,853,401	1,795,148	1,638,545	2,157,486	2,624,432
miumsSundry items	$13,371,547 \\ 2,304,750$	$14,386,231 \\ 2,437,560$	16,390,593 3,317,811	18,387,780 2,721,731	19,147,701 2,432,345
Total liabilities in Canada not including capital	17,529,697	18,618,939	21,346,859	23,266,997	24,204,478
Excess of assets over liabilities excluding capital	30,575,941	34,856,754	39,765,500	33,552,786	39,659,418
Capital stock paid up ²	7,167,467	7,794,889		9.825,459	

¹Liabilities under life and other branches included.

63.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1910-14.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Income.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian Companies— Net cash for premiums Interest and dividends on	8,538,778	9,084,303	9,644,235	9,167,900	9,169,979
stock, etcSundry items	$369,725 \\ 77,066$	438,217 $381,486$	568,329 185,991	$653,559 \\ 176,642$	637,238 13,888
Total cash income	8,985,569	9,904,006	10,398,555	9,998,141	9,821,105
British companies ¹ — Net cash for premiums Interest and dividends on	10,243,235	11,205,692	12,092,125	13,138,597	13,710,942
stock, etc From branches other than	1,159,661	1,308,221	1,483,672		
Fire or Life Sundry items	106,029	$\begin{array}{c} 920,346 \\ 106,825 \end{array}$	$1,072,425 \\ 122,163$		
Total cash income	11,508,925	13,541,084	14,770,385	15,807,076	16,464,195
American companies— Net cash for premiums Interest and dividends on stock, etc From branches other than Fire or Life Sundry items	4,147,683 137,550 -	4,642,420 152,598 145,009	6,038,987 191,585 312,008 4,381	7,508,050 254,252 414,616 754	339,690
Total cash income	4,285,233	4,940,027		8,177,672	9,753,431
Expenditure. Canadian companies— Paid for losses General expenses Dividends or bonus to shareholders	4,974,827 3,231,393 362,959		5,552,013 3,907,665 447,537	5,786,981 3,676,507 481,900	5,773,237 3,601,258 329,588
Total cash expenditure	8,569,179	9,290,078	9,907,215	9,945,388	9,704,083
Excess of income over expenditure	416,390	613,928	491,340	52,753	117,022
British companies¹— Paid for losses General expenses On account of branches other than Fire or Life	5,488,726 3,095,224	6,181,889 3,361,296 765,770	3,764,912	, ,	7,796,482 4,349,295 1,219,881
other than The of the		,	′ ′	_ ′ ′	

¹Income and Expenditure in Canada.

63.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies doing Fire Insurance, or Fire Insurance and other classes of Insurance and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies other than Canadian transacting such business in Canada, 1910-1914—concluded.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Expenditure—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Excess of income over expenditure	2,924,975	3,232,129	3,753,587	3,483,310	3,098,537
American companies: Paid for losses General expenses On account of branches.	$2,259,016 \\ 1,169,962$	2,235,881 1,288,088	3,068,757 1,691,584	4,043,757 2,235,516	4,538,310 2,495,505
other than Fire or Life	-	174,975	198,160	272,771	415,094
Total cash expenditure	3,428,978	3,698,944	4,958,501	6,552,046	7,448,909
Excess of income over expenditure	856,255	1,241,083	1,588,460	1,625,626	2,304,522

Income and expenditure in Canada.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada, 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canadian companies—					
Policies new and taken upNo. Policies in force	156,958	186,643	205,316	100,967	108,777
at end of year "	555,653	619,644	663,870	553,372	587,887
Policies become claims	8,554	8,179	9,409	7,870	8,244
cies new and taken up \$	90,362,678	110,077,453	141,267,596	131,493,582	125,357,824
Net amount of polices in force " Net Amount of	565,667,110	626,770,154	706,656,117	750,637,902	794,520,923
policies become claims	6,482,182	6,678,083	7,760,842	7,613,365	9,011,944
Amount of premi- ums in year " Claims paid ¹ "	9,952,162 6,441,277	$20,736,480 \\ 6,350,731$	23,540,081 7,550,533	$\substack{24,784,163\\7,640,225}$	26,082,113 8,439,925
Unsettled claims—					
Not resisted " Resisted "	590,343 36,288	911,335 15,040	1,012,805 48,133	877,327 8,000	1,123,976 110,362

Including matured endowments.

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INSURANCE.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada, 1910-1914—con.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
British companies—		1			
Policies new and taken upNo. Policies in force	1,777	2,072	2,522	4,448	11,671
at end of year. "	23,320	24,039	24,922	27,522	19,662
Policies become claims Amount of policies new and	577	545	622	666	282
taken up \$ Net amount of	4,170,562	5,591,832	7,319,952	6,950 ,6 95	9,276,690
policies in force " Net amount of policies become	47,816,775	50,919,675	54,537,725	58,176,795	35,565,112
claims" Amount of premi-	1,275,819	1,278,405	1,395,028	1,472,815	668,778
ums in year " Claims paid 1 "	1,580,255 1,255,211				
Unsettled claims—					
Not resisted " Resisted"	259,553 none.	159,095 2,139			310,217 none.
American companies—					
Policies new and taken upno. Policies in force	232,838	223,354	24 3,583	408,676	323,043
at end of year. " Policies become	593,152	691,508	808,605	1,055,088	1,577,943
claims " Amount of policies new and	6,812	7,265	7,982	9,853	10,843
taken up \$ Net amount of	58,229,280	61,197,694	70,617,555	93,164,269	82,267,302
policies in force " Net amount of policies become	242,629,174	272,530,942	309,114,827	359,775,330	386,869,397
claims" Amount of premi-	3,212,192	3,478,413	3,877,009	4,216,778	4,678,784
ums in year " Claims paid1"	8,239,486 3,199,982	9,202,415 3,367,037			13,139,844 4,409,889
Unsettled claims—					
Not resisted " Resisted"	245,878 11,659				$613,031 \\ 24,707$

Including matured endowments.

64.—Life Insurance in Canada 1910-1914—concluded.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
All companies—					
Policies new and					
takenupno.	391,573	412,069	451,421	514,091	443,491
Policies in force					_
at end of year. "	1,172,125	1,335,181	1,487,397	1,635,982	1,765,492
Policies become				' '	
${ m claims}$ "	15,943	15,989	18,073	18,389	19,374
Amount of poli-				ı	
cies new and					
_taken up\$	152,762,520	176,866,979	219,205,103	231,608,546	216,901,816
Net amount of				1	
policies in				1	
_force "	856,113,059	950,220,771	1,070,308,669	1,168,590,027	1,216,955,432
Net amount of				1	
policies be-					
come claims "	10,970,193	11,434,901	13,032,879	13,302,958	14,359,506
Amount of pre-					
miums in year. "	29,771,903				
Claims paid ¹ "	10,896,470	11,051,679	12,751,328	13,516,789	14,225,723
Unsettled claims—					0.04= 004
Not resisted "	1,095,774			1,334,100	
Resisted "	47,947	36,092	70,333	29,480	135,069

65.—Insurance Death-rate in Canada, 1910-1913.

	i	1910.		1911.			
Companies.	Number of lives exposed to risk.	Number of deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000.	Number of lives exposed to risk.	Number of deaths.	Death- rate per 1,000.2	
Active companies, ordinary	470,129	3,681	7.830	498,955	3,922	7.860	
Active companies, industrial	633,536	7,958	12.561	748,992	8,162	10.897	
Assessment and frater- nal societies	131,507	1,171	8.904	136,026	1,310	9.631	
Non-active and retired companies	2,091	82	39.216	3,437	106	30.839	
Total	1,237,263	12,892	10.419	1,387,410	13,500	9.730	
		1912.		97.11	1913.		
Active companies, ordinary	547,015	4,365	7.980	595,842	4,374	7.341	
Active companies, industrial	867,603	8,677	10.001	974,350	9,048	9.286	
Assessment and frater- nal societies	139,781	1,380	9.873	138,842	1,339	9.644	
Non-active and retired companies	3,465	123	35.498	3,384	123	36.342	
Total	1,557,864	14,545	9.337	1,712,418	14,884	8.692	

Uncluding matured endowments. ²Average death-rate for all companies in the thirteen years 1901-1913, 9.903 per 1,00C.

66.—Assets of Canadian Life Companies and Assets in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914.

					
Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canadian companies—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Real estateLoans on real estate. Loans on collaterals. Cash loans and pre-	6,727,251 53,159,839 1,685,869	7,958,156 63,565,430 2,388,759	75,248,268	11,510,386 87,215,996 1,477,725	94,805,623
mium obligations on policies in force	20,409,223	22,960,040	25,879,863	30,875,309	36,208,467
Stocks, bonds and debentures	79,252,008	82,804,037	86,036,806	87,754,400	94,467,347
Interest and rent due and accrued	2,737,227	3,402,193	4,037,421	4,798,603	5,841,706
Cash on hand and in banks	2,295,923	2,492,961	2,895,719	3,365,373	4,164,348
Outstanding and deferred premiums. Other assets	4,270,772 266,519	4,807,239 343.544			6,779,950 292,325
Total assets	170,804,631	190,722,359	211,632,875	233,244,495	257,448,374
British companies—					
Real estate Loans on real estate.	$\begin{array}{c} 660,126 \\ 9,096,965 \end{array}$	$643,405 \\10,127,508$	$911,034 \\ 12,410,674$	917,860 17,937,890	919,588 18,509,885
Loans on collaterals Cash loans and pre-	135,000	135,000	141,500	139,568	139,069
mium obligations on policies in force Stocks, bonds and	1,794,361	1,897,139	1,965,671	2,373,212	2,556,680
debentures Interest and rent	15,257,690	16,309,652	16,361,169	15,103,739	15,281,218
due and accrued Cash on hand and in	182,115	204,431	238,153	300,336	370,350
banks ¹ Outstanding and de-	264,238	147,263	352,135	435,258	865,847
ferred premiums Other assets	$250,990 \\ 29,128$	262,023 16,111	280,122 30,740	364,125 13,797	381,148 13,402
Total assets in Canada	27,670,613	29,742,532	32,691,198	37,585,785	39,037,187

¹Includes cash deposits with Government.

Note.—Certain British companies transacting fire insurance in Canada transact also life insurance in Canada, and insomuch as a separation of assets has not been made between these two classes, their assets in Canada are not here included, but are included in the assets of British companies shown in Table 61 on page 607.

66.—Assets of Canadian Life Companies and Assets in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914—concluded.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
American companies—	FO F01	70.000	FO 000	188.000	E0 E0E
Real estate Loans on real estate.	58,521 $2,955,806$	58,683	58,683	177,228	70,765
Loans on collaterals.	2,955,500 none	3,142,679 none.	5,778,313	11,417,124	12,227,460
Cash loans and premium obligations	none	none.	none.	none.	none.
on policies in force. Stocks, bonds and	6,046,754	6,561,976	6,973,367	8,742,100	10,012,133
debentures Interest and rent due	39,922,132	43,063,387	45,955,544	46,685,135	50,956,940
and accrued Cash on hand and in	539,369	639,673	769,570	931,390	1,090,548
banks ¹ Outstanding and de-	925,048	450,533	442,426	653,675	763,901
ferred premiums	702,092	832,081	964,842	1,139,772	1,238,849
Other assets	1,720	1,083	124	20	1,222
Total assets in Canada	51,151,442	54,750,095	60,942,869	69,74 6,444	76,361,818

¹Includes cash deposits with Government.

67.—Liabilities of Canadian Life Companies and Liabilities in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Canadian companies—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	1,155,934	1,550,387	1,608,795	1,501,526	2,109,846
serve Sundry liabilities	$\substack{146,487,697\\2,290,689}$			$196,698,301 \\ 3,745,040$	
Total liabilities not including capital.	149,934,320	166,372,329	184,382,682	201,944,867	222,930,144
Surplus of assets ex- cluding capital	20,870,311	24,349,990	27,250,193	31,300,165	34,518,230
Capital stock paid upBritish companies 2—	5,477,381	5,598,133	5,919,306	5,409,233	5,462,314
Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	259,554	161,235	217,139	175,118	310,217
serveSundry liabilities	16,044,362 99,034		$17,899,146 \\ 274,365$	18,080,566 118,047	18,476,009 132,775
Total liabilities not including capital	16,362,950	17,885,110	18,390,650	18,373,731	18,919,001
Surplus of assets	11,307,663	11,857,422	14,300,548	19,212,053	20,118,1863

²Liabilities in Canada.

³Incomplete.

67.—Liabilities of Canadian Life Companies and Liabilities in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914—concluded.

Schedule.	191 0.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American companies:- Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	257,537	409,369	421,473	303,134	637,737
serve Sundry liabilities	46,844,616 681,641	50,835,877 869,517	54,869,557 1,009,838	$\substack{60,596,643\\1,240,377}$	$\substack{64,780,853\\1,466,436}$
Total liabilities not including capital	47,783,794	52,114,763	56,300,868	62,140,154	66,885,026
Surplus of assets	3,367,648	2,635,332	4,642,001	7,606,291	9,476,792
All companies— Unsettled claims Net re-insurance re-	1,673,025	2,120,991	2,247,407	1,979,778	3,057,800
serve	$\begin{array}{c} 209,336,675 \\ 3,071,364 \end{array}$		252,012,754 4,814,039		
including capital	214,081,064	236,372,242	259,074,200	282,458,752	308,734,171
Surplus of assets ex- cluding capital Capital stock paid	35,545,622	38,842,744	46,192,742	58,118,509	64,113,208
<u>up²</u>	5,477,381	5,598,133	5,919,306	5,409,233	5,462,314

¹Liabilities in Canada. ²Canadian companies only.

68.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Life Companies and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
INCOME.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canadian companies— Net premium income Consideration for annui-	26,551,759	27,885,721	,31,488,787	33,728,176	35,264,169
tiesInterest and dividends on		, ,	2,923,426	, , ,	, ,
stocks, etc Sundry items		8,967,493 821,744	10,393,491 918,918	$12,219,117 \\ 237,932$	13,560,862 426,143
Total cash income	36,988,776	39,514,396	45,724,622	49,995,902	52,774,651
British companies— Net premium income Consideration for annui-	1,579,183	1,666,675	1,766,593	1,904,486	1,907,460
ties	1,070	14,056	1,451	1,000	307
stocks, etc	1,314,995	$\substack{1,392,500\\28,682}$	1,441,172 32,496		
Total cash income ³	2,918,896	3,101,913	3,241,712	3,668,836	3,822,253

^{*}Income and expenditure in Canada.

68.—Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Life Companies and Cash Income and Expenditure in Canada of Life Companies other than Canadian Companies, 1910-1914—concluded.

${\bf Schedule.}$	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Income—con.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American companies— Net premium income Consideration for annui-	8,227,886	9,178,657	10,338,012	11,815,933	13,118,951
ties	11,599	23,757	63,378	135,627	20,892
Interest and dividends on stocks, etc Sundry items	$\substack{1,923,749\\13,527}$		2,278,745 $76,835$		
Total cash income ¹	10,176,761	11,295,312	12,756,970	15,126,915	16,579,048
Expenditure.					
Canadian companies—					
Payments to policy- holders General expenses	13,816,303 7,626,591		$\substack{15,265,414\\9,969,772}$		
Dividends to stock- holders	395,107	407,616	436,257	583,683	453,682
Total expenditure	21,838,001	21,408,117	25,671,443	27,724,355	30,854,75
Excess of income over expenditure	15,150,775	18,106,279	20,053,179	22,271,547	21,919,89
British companies—					
Payments to policy-holders	1,436,063 336,431	1,507,831 375,955	1,624,614 454,416 -	1,810,311 511,352	1,598,290 609,380 -
Total expenditure 1		1,883,786	2,079,030	2,321,663	2,207,670
Excess of income over expenditure	1,146,402	1,218,127	1,162,682	1,347,173	1,614,57
American companies—					
Payments to policy-holders General expenses Dividends to stock-holders	5,018,229 2,194,806	5,476,174 $2,294,795$	6,063,448 2,610,301		7,197,373 3,233,303 - -
Total expenditure:	7,213,035	7,770,969	8,673,749	9,875,056	10,430,676
Excess of income over expenditure	2,963,726	3,524,343	4,083,221	5,2 51,859	6,148,372

Income and expenditure in Canada.

69.-Net Amount of Life Insurance in force in Canada, 1901-1914.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	All Companies.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909	308,202,596 335,638,940 364,640,166 387,946,901 420,864,847 450,573,724 480,266,931 515,415,437	41,556,245 42,127,260 42,608,738 43,809,211 45,655,951 46,462,314 46,161,957 46,985,192	159,053,464 170,676,800 180,631,886 188,578,127 189,740,102 188,487,447 193,087,126 217,956,351	508,812,305 548,443,000 587,880,790 630,334,240 656,260,900 685,523,485 719,516,014 780,356,980
1910	565,667,110 626,770,154 706,656,117 750,637,902 794,520,923	50,919,675 54,537,725 58,176,795	272,530,942 309,114,827 359,775,330	856,113,059 950,220,771 1,070,308,669 1,168,590,027 1,216,955,432

¹Incomplete. Note.—For the years 1875 to 1900, see Canada Year Book 1911, p. 313.

70.—Premium Income of Life Companies, 1901-1914.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	All Companies.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1901	10,048,204 10,882,650	1,415,273 1,435,318 1,473,514	5,614,083 5,922,297 6,536,710	17,077,560 18,240,265 19,969,324
1906. 1907. 1908. 1909.	14,093,056 14,963,714 16,081,504 17,438,780 19,952,162	1,567,951 1,546,941 1,590,656		23,143,872 24,697,939 26,506,295
1911 1912 1913 1914	23,540,081	1,768,046 1,905,486	9,202,415 $10,401,389$ $11,951,557$ $13,139.844$	31,619,626 35,709,516 38,641,206 41,129,724

618 FINANCE.

71.—Life Insurance on Assessment Plan, 1910-1914.

General.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
No. certificates taken	15,337	16,779	20,098	19,460	10,552
No. certificates become claims	1,172	1,345	1,735	1,905	2,208
Amount paid by members \$ Amount of certificates new and	2,249,703	2,354,471	2,420,571	2,404,200	,
taken up Net amount in force Amount of certificates become	$13,693,424 \\ 136,682,194$			15,591,662 136,244,519	8,866,039 119,008,814
claims	1,536,466 1,574,840	1,747,481 1,681,716	2,072,178 2,051,248	2,213,885 2,171,048	2,377,672 $2,348,267$
Not resisted " Resisted " Amount terminated	$213,140 \\ 9,503$	313,626 10,750		$344,248 \ 2,200$	305,469 8,000
by— Death"	1,350,175	1,496,425	1,625,293	1,599,317	1,587,979
Surrender, expiry or lapse. " Total termin-	8,778,509	9,858,901	11,285,447	22,768,463	24,576,265
ated	10,128,684	11,355,326	12,910,740	24,367,780	26,164,244
Assets—	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Real estate Loans on real estate	758,404 7,101,839	1,010,741 7,197,038	$\begin{array}{c} 979,547 \\ 6,984,249 \end{array}$	$983,379 \\ 6,768,482$	1,010,201 6,969,908
Stocks, bonds and debentures Cash on hand and in	7,733,478	9,812,500	11,353,966	12,981,610	14,069,287
banksInterest and rent due	470,879	705,186	850,786	539,391	1,112,816
and accruedDues from membersOther assets	$144,911 \\ 88,755 \\ 1,352,086$	178,067 85,447 984,978	234,612 83,833 1,584,809	253,982 79,012 1,365,614	1,022,753 $120,679$ $1,219,493$
Total assets	17,650,352	19,973,957	22,071,802	22,971,470	25,525,137
Liabilities— Claims, unsettled Due on account of	535,732	719,031	512,197	527,368	369,807
general expenses Other liabilities	3,485 827,286	$\begin{array}{c} 16,049 \\ 890,047 \end{array}$	7,826 788,438	5,804 $664,659$	5,568 1,081,312
Total liabilities not including reserve.	1,366,503	1,625,127	1,308,461	1,197,831	1,456,687

I~N~S~U~R~A~N~C~E~. 71.—Life Insurance on Assessment Plan, 1910-1914—concluded.

General.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
T	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income— Assessments Fees and dues Interest Other receipts	4,712,897 325,382 721,006 9,021	$\begin{array}{c} 4,864,227 \\ 340,601 \\ 827,678 \\ 309,392 \end{array}$	4,940,399 336,975 964,152 52,531	$\substack{4,961,774\\330,286\\1,208,485\\5,646}$	5,102,113 $302,695$ $1,447,077$ $148,572$
Total income	5,768,306	6,341,835	6,294,057	6,506,191	7,000,457
Expenditure— Paid to members General expenses	3,210,852 598,675	3,478,743 667,695	3,942,593 619,045	4,306,131 705,078	4,530,962 831,016
Total expenditure	3,809,527	4,146,438	4,561,638	5,011,209	5,361,978
Excess of income over expenditure	1,958,779	2,195,397	1,732,419	1,494,982	1,638,479

72.—Insurance other than Fire and Life, 1913.

Companies.	Policies in force at Premiums end of year.		Policies new and renewed.	Amount in force.	Losses incurred.	Claims paid.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Guarantee Personal Accident Employers'	$19,257^{1}$ $114,479$	645,624 2,199,885	187,655,967 405,931,391	168,545,343 312,405,848		190,928 841,359
Liability	11,820 $104,727$	3,516,758 1,135,430		139,443,233 $10,646,093$		$\substack{1,618,702\\752,411}$
Burglary Steam Boiler	4,928 ¹ 4,199	75,580	10,333,496	8,908,731	25,320	24,796 89,708
Hail	'	336,572	6,063,583	· · · - ·	206,916	204,916
Weather	3,135	,	, , , l		82,352	66,590
tion	46 ¹ 7,443 ¹	$140,240 \\ 224,829$	363,768,783	1,744,213	$\begin{array}{c} 45,568 \\ 129,933 \end{array}$	48,914 $132,218$
Automobile	6,4371	56 3 ,204		$34,647,486^{1}$	228,433	207,544
Sprinkler Leakage Live Stock	2,421	42,386 $132,438$		7,419,730 1,182,669		6,243 $81,073$
Title	not given.	351	76,431	not given.	none.	none.
Tornado	2971	29,667	7,781,718		5,673	5,643

^{&#}x27;Incomplete. 'Plate glass companies having adopted the system of insurance by replacement, instead of paying for the value of glass broken, their returns do not show the amount of insurance effected during the year, nor the amount in force at the end of the year.

73.—Insurance other than Fire and Life, 1914.

(Subject to revision.)

Companies.	Policies in force at end of year.	Pre- miums.	Policies new and renewed.	Amount in force.	Losses incurred.	Claims paid.
	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Guarantee	18,446	742,555	198,050,461	177,422,752	341,314	278,412
Personal Accident.	124,461	2,198,996	381,901,928	303,256,120	1,047,238	1,004,934
Employers' Liability	10,179	3,439,719	141,922,602	127,027,155	1,512,062	1,824,968
Sickness	91,079	1,182,206	10,547,909	12,604,940	690,758	755,926
Burglary	7,725	85,473	10,496,841	9,288,554	35,982	36,749
Steam Boiler	4,561	144,424	22,239,750	51,871,750	8,958	8,341
Hail	-	262,541	3,524,368	_	84,544	83,294
Weather	3,692	35,883	1,969,946	4,141,832	4,072	19,086
Inland Transporta-	57	191,703	331,615,023	925,217	84,544	
Plate Glass	8,352	291,927	1	1	121,738	
Automobile	7,958	575,125	59,525,462	40,265,745	300,580	
Sprinkler Leakage	278	52,722	5,580,353	7,813,283	25,381	23,684
Title	_	154	9,450	-	none.	none.
Tornado	1,382	13,242	4,635,436	12,545,450	2,002	1,841
Live Stock	2,105	110,436	2,458,550	1,079,471	70,662	66,472
		l		l		l

^{&#}x27;Plate glass companies having adopted the system of insurance by replacement, instead of paying for the value of glass broken, their returns do not show the amount of insurance effected during the year, nor the amount in force at the end of the year.

Note.—In table 73 the figures in columns 1, 3, and 4 are subject to revision.

74.—Income and Expenditure and Assets and Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Insurance Business other than Fire and Life, 1913.

Companies.	Cash Income.	Cash Expendi- ture.	Excess of Income over Expendi- ture.	Assets.	Liabili- ties.	Excess of Assets over Liabili- ties.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Boiler Inspection	80,444	72,844	7,600	263,469	92,223	171,246
Canada Accident Canada Hail Canada Weather Canadian Casualty	338,126 23,947 82,785	278,687 29,088 98,551	59,439 $-5,141$ $-15,766$	493,370 72,230 52,453	100	72,130
and Boiler Canadian Railway Ac-	110,397	100,267	10,130	157,790	69,220	88,570
cident	579,917 80,135	$\begin{array}{c} 472,992 \\ 51,035 \end{array}$	106,925 29,100	564,652 $233,172$		
Dominion-Gresham Dom. of Canada Guar-	134,542	117,952	16,590	302,252	77,808	224,444
antee and Accident	452,200	447,029	5,171	632,496	209,780	422,716
General Accident General Animals Grand Lodge of the	$353,026 \\ 91,274$	313,895 89,363	39,131 1,911	306,895 50,584		
Loyal Order of Moose Guarantee Co. of N. A. Guardian Accident and	1,632 302,368	2,200 214,078	-568 88,290	12, 450 1,841,639	204,348	1,637,291
Guarantee Imperial Guarantee	123,748	87,283	36,465	289,674	62,796	226,878
and Accident	320,293	292,954	27,339	413,331	146,527	266,804
London and Lancashire Guarantee and Acci- cident	517,410	395,234	122,176	1,172,796	353,160	819,636
Merchants and Employ- ers' Guarantee and Accident	71,596	59,169	12,427	103,163	29,791	73,372
North American Accident	144,306	79,756	64,550	196,900	74,157	122,743
Protective Association	142,999	130,792	12,207	62,890	40,712	22,178
Title and Trust Co Travellers' Indemnity Co. of Canada	19,796 9,187	8,028 14,990	11,768 5,803	209,108 77,779	4,493	· ·
Total	3,980,128	3,356,188	623,940	7,509,093	2,117,308	5,391,785

¹Not including Capital stock.

75.—Income and Expenditure and Assets and Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing Insurance Business other than Fire and Life, 1914.

(Subject to revision.)

	1					
Companies.	Cash Income.	Cash Expendi- ture.	Excess of Income over Expendi- ture.	Assets.	Liabili- ties.	Excess of Assets over Liabili- ties.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Boiler Inspection	82,868	71,024	11,844	275,367	88,154	187,213
Canada Accident Canada Hail Canada Weather Canadian Casualty	355,058 73,983 36,638	297,429 42,897 39,124	31,086	103,554	161,879 140 18,784	103,414
and Boiler Canadian Surety	110,212 59,883					
Dominion-Gresham	155,784	150,132	5,652	328,582	104,947	223,635
Dom. of Canada Guarantee and Accident	444,756	444,436	320	670,724	209,055	461,669
General Accident General Animals Globe Indemnity Co.	338,799 72,006		32,310 $-10,084$	327,268 46,010		186,003 16,678
of Canada	$550,564 \\ 311,453$	593,588 289,850	-43,024 $21,603$	$529,269 \\ 1,901,536$	257,269 230,798	272,000 1,670,738
Guardian Accident and Guarantee	122,293	121,171	1,122	293,418	59,996	233,422
Imperial Guarantee and Accident	295,277	277,381	17,896	415,022	140,218	274,804
London and Lancashire Guarantee and Acci- cident	1,412,784	1,093,956	318,828	1,669,444	875,178	794,266
Merchants Casualty Co Merchants' and Em-	172,097	157,149	14,948	85,715	14,538	71,177
ployers' Guarantee and Accident	93,880	68,248	25,632	146,239	34,534	111,705
Moose, Grand Lodge of the Loyal Order of	7,409	5,338	2,071	14,786	13,996	790
North American Accident	220,516	173,332	47,184	253,607	97,296	156,311
Protective Association of Canada	154,639	151,216	3,423	69,092	42,091	27,001
Title and Trust Co	42,526	10,698	31,828	234,581	none.	234,581
Total	5,113,455	4,5 31,104	582,351	8,375,400	2,620,616	5,754,784

¹Not including Capital stock.

76.—Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies, other than Canadian, doing Business other than Fire and Life, 1913.

	Income (cash)			Expenditure (cash).			Excess
Companies.	Premiums.	Int. & Dividends on Stock.	Total Cash Income.	Paid for Losses.	Gen- eral Expen- diture.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	ot Income over Expen- diture.
American & For	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
American & For- eign Marine American Surety.	18,137 $-2,679$	$^{\rm none}_{2,450}$	18,137 -229	$2,653 \\ 24,891$	$\frac{4,224}{4,966}$	6,877 $29,857$	$11,260 \\ -30,086$
British & Foreign Marine Fidelity Casualty	3,121	4,680	7,801	557	605	1,162	6,639
Co	232,273	6,366	238,639	107,862	104,080	211,942	26,697
Boiler	3,794	1,350	5,144	75,935	none	75,935	70,791
International Casualty International Fi-	14,801	none	14,801	6,502	19,418	25,920	11,119
delity LloydsPlateGlass London Guaran-	6,774 63,350	none 4,353	6,774 67,703		303 28,868		
tee and Accident	726,368	951	727,319	248,401	283,205	531,606	195,713
Association Maryland Casu-	27,881	910	53,9111	12,259	36,059	48,318	5,593
alty National Provin-	486,599	13,106	499,704	283,289	150,414	433,703	66,001
cial Plate Glass National Surety. New York Plate	$15,354 \\ 52,169$		$15,354 \\ 55,324$		7,333 19,005		
Glass	15,735	1,267	17,002	13,037	6,561	19,598	2,596
Ocean Accident & Guarantee Ocean Marine	846,013 15,574				313,453 3,111	669,252 3,695	
Railway Passen- gers	192,071	none	192,071	50,106	84,680	134,786	57,285
Ridgely Protec-	2,498	none	$2,604^{2}$	1,076	700	1,776	828
Travelers'Indem- nity Co., Hart- ford	114,454	2,190	116,644	33,981	31,842	65,823	50,821
United States Fi- delity	327,397	11,198	338,595	125,256	133,730		Ĭ
Total	3,161,683	55,067	3,241,976	1,414,495	1,232,558	2,647,053	594,923

^{&#}x27;Includes Sundries amounting to \$25,120. Includes Sundries amounting to \$106. Note—The minus sign (—) denotes excess of expenditure over income.

FINANCE.

77.—Income and Expenditure in Canada of Companies, other than Canadian, doing Business other than Fire and Life, 1914.

(Subject to revision.)

	Inco	OME (CA	sh).	Expenditure (cash).					
Companies.	Premiums.	Int. & Dividends on Stock.	Total Cash Income.	Paid for Losses.	Gen- eral Expen- diture.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	Excess of Income over Expen- diture.		
American & For	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
American & For-	10.050	mana	19.059	none	2 000	3,020	0.020		
eign Marine American Surety.	$12,052 \\ 7,372$		12,052 $10,052$			8,391	9,032 1,661		
British & Foreign	1,012		ĺ	0,200	,,,,,,	0,001	1,001		
Marine Fidelity Casualty	2,265	4,680	6,945	1,723	430	2,153	4,792		
Co	231,233	7,903	239,136	136,757	104,208	240,965	-1,829		
Hartford Steam		,,		,	,	,			
Boiler	1,200	1,350	2,550	none	none	none	2,550		
International Fi-	6,552	none	6,552	734	420	1,154	£ 900		
delity LloydsPlateGlass	72,000					69,881	5,398 7,025		
London Guaran-	12,000	1,000	10,000	01,000	00,100	00,001	1,020		
tee and Acci-						[ľ		
_ dent	804,527	877	805,404	398,280			105,890		
Loyal Protective	81,121	985	$102,141^{1}$	40,542	33,130	73,672	28,469		
Maryland Casu-	246 690	16 000	260 600	104.960	110.040	919 917	40.202		
alty	346,620	16,000	362,620	194,269	119,048	313,317	49,303		
cial Plate Glass	16,297	none	$16,310^{2}$	6,294	7,148	13,442	2,868		
National Surety.	58,838	3,187	62,025		22,669	35,649	26,376		
New York Plate				l		`			
Glass	24,942	1,327	26,269	11,429	9,866	21,294	4,975		
Ocean Accident &	814,361	4,120	818,481	409,832	333,343	743,265	75,215		
Guarantee Ocean Marine	13,548	none	13,548	16,121	2,810	18,931	5,383		
Railway Passen-	10,010	Home	10,010	10,121	2,010	10,001	0,000		
gers	162,961	none	$177,961^{3}$	74,231	87,189	161,420	16,541		
Ridgely Protec-	,				,				
tive	3,648	560	$6,806^{4}$	2,037	3,935	5,972	834		
Travelers' Indem-									
nity Co., Hart- ford	100,512	4,380	104,892	37,730	35,204	72,934	31,958		
United Commer-	100,012	1,000	101,032	51,150	00,201	12,001	01,000		
cial Travelers									
of America	18,070	388	$20,951^{5}$	12,478	387	12,865	8,087		
United States Fi-									
delity and Gua-	246 009	19 070	250 705	190 055	139,388	268,243	91,552		
ranty	346,923	12,872	359,795	128,855	198,999	200,240	91,002		
Total	3,125,042	66,215	$3,231,396^6$	1,524,271	1,241,812	2,766,083	465,313		

Includes Sundries \$20,035. Includes Sundries \$2,598.

²Includes Sundries \$13. ⁵Includes Sundries \$2,493.

³Includes Sundries \$15,000. ⁶Includes Sundries \$40,139.

XI.—ADMINISTRATION.

PARLIAMENTARY REPRESENTATION.

Representation of Provinces.—The four original provinces of the Dominion were Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, which were given parliamentary representation according to Section 37 of the British North America Act, 1867. By Imperial Orders in Council the provinces of British Columbia and Prince Edward Island were admitted into the Dominion,—the former on July 20, 1871, by Order dated May 16, 1871, and the latter on July 1, 1873, by Order dated June 26, 1873. An Act of the Dominion Parliament of May 12, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), provided for the formation of the province of Manitoba out of Rupert's Land and the Northwest Territories, so soon as these should be admitted into the Dominion of Canada, which admission was effected by Imperial Order in Council dated June 23, 1870, and taking effect on July 15, 1870. In consequence of doubts as to the legal validity of the Dominion Act of 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3) the Imperial Parliament passed an Act in 1871 (34-35 Vict., c. 28) making the Canadian Act valid and effectual.

Parliament of Canada.—The Parliament of the Dominion of Canada consists of the Senate with 87 members and of the House of Commons with 221 members, senators being appointed for life by the Governor General and members of the House of Commons being elected by the people. The limit of duration for each parliament is five years. A Redistribution Act passed after each census readjusts the number of representatives in the House of Commons in accordance with rules laid down in Section 51 of the British North America Act, 1867, of the Imperial Parliament (30–31 Vict., c. 3). These rules provide that the province of Quebec shall always have the fixed number of 65 members, and that there shall be assigned to each of the other provinces such a number of members as will bear the same proportion to the number of its population (ascertained by the census) as the number 65 bears to the population of Quebec.

The Senate.—The numerical representation of the Senate by provinces is as follows: Prince Edward Island 4, Nova Scotia 10, New Brunswick 10, Quebec 24, Ontario 24, Manitoba 4, Saskatchewan 4, Alberta 4, British Columbia 3. Total 87.

House of Commons.—The present representation of the people in the House of Commons is in accordance with Acts of the Dominion Parliament passed in 1903, 1904 and 1907 (3 Edw. VII, c. 60; 4 Edw. VII, c. 35; 6–7 Edw. VII, c. 41). The provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta were created by Acts of the Dominion Parliament passed in 1905 (4–5 Edw. VII, cc. 3 and 42), and after the Northwest Census of 1906 the Representation Act was amended by an Act of April 27, 1907 (6–7 Edw. VII, c. 41), which gave Saskatchewan ten members and Alberta seven members after the next ensuing election of October 26, 1908. The seven additional members thus given to Saskatchewan and Alberta brought the total parliamentary representation of Canada up to 221 as stated above. By the Representation Act, 1914 (4–5 Geo. V, c. 51), which was assented to on June 12, 1914, it is provided that the

House of Commons shall consist of 234 members, distributed by provinces as follows: Prince Edward Island 3, Nova Scotia 16, New Brunswick 11, Quebec 65, Ontario 82, Manitoba 15, Saskatchewan 16, Alberta 12, British Columbia 13 and Yukon Territory 1. This Act will take effect after dissolution of the present (12th) Parliament. Tables showing the population and representation in the House of Commons according to the districts of the Representation Acts were included in the Canada Year Book of 1913, pp. 587–593. A numerical record of the parliamentary representation at different dates since Confederation was published in previous issues of the Year Book (see Year Book 1911, p. 28).

1.—Governors General of Canada, 1867-1915.

Name.	Date of appointment.	Date of assumption of office.	
Viscount Monck, G.C.M.G. Lord Lisgar, G.C.M.G. (Sir John Young) The Earl of Dufferin, K.P., K.C.B., G.C.M.G. The Marquis of Lorne, K.T., G.C.M.G. The Marquis of Lansdowne, G.C.M.G. Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B. The Earl of Aberdeen, K.T., G.C.M.G. The Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G. The Earl Grey, G.C.M.G. Field-Marshal H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, K.G.	Dec. 29, 1868 May 22, 1872 Oct. 5, 1878 Aug. 18, 1883 May 1, 1888 May 22, 1893 July 30, 1898 Sept. 26, 1904	Feb. 2, 1869 June 25, 1872 Nov. 25, 1878 Oct. 23, 1883 June 11, 1888 Sept. 18, 1893 Nov. 12, 1898 Dec. 10, 1904	

2.—Dominion Parliaments, 1867-1915.

Number of Parliaments.	Ses- sion.	Date of Opening.	Date of Prorogation.	Days of ses- sion.	Elections, writs returnable, dissolu- tions and length of Parliaments.
$\operatorname{Parliament} \dots \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right.$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Nov. 6, 1867 April 15, 1869 Feb. 15, 1870 Feb. 15, 1871 April 11, 1872	May 22, 1868 June 22, 1869 May 12, 1870 April 14, 1871 June 14, 1872	118 ¹ 69 87 59 65	Aug., Sept., 18673 Sept. 24, 1867.4 July 8, 1872.5 4 y., 9m., 15 d ⁶
$rac{2 ext{nd}}{ ext{Parliament}} \; \left\{ ight.$	$rac{1 ext{st}}{2 ext{nd}}$	Mar. 5, 1873 Oct. 23, 1873	Aug. 13, 1873 Nov. 7, 1873	81 ² 16	(July, Aug., Sept. '72 ³ Sept. 3, 1872. ⁴ Jan. 2, 1874. ⁵ (1y., 4 m., 0 d ⁶
$\left. \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{3rd} \\ \operatorname{\mathbf{Parliament}} \ldots \end{array} \right\}$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Mar. 26, 1874 Feb. 4, 1875 Feb. 10, 1876 Feb. 8, 1877 Feb. 7, 1878	May 26, 1874 April 8, 1875 April 12, 1876 April 28, 1877 May 10, 1878	62 64 63 80 93	Jan. 22, 1874.* Feb. 21, 1874.4 Aug. 17, 1878.5 4 y., 5 m., 25 d ⁶

¹Adjourned from 21st December, 1867, to 12th March, 1868, to allow the Local Legislatures to meet. ²Adjourned 23rd May till 13th August. ³Period of general elections. ⁴Writs returnable. ⁵Dissolution of Parliament. ⁵Duration of Parliament in years, months and days. The life of a Parliament is counted from the date of return of election writs to the date of dissolution, both days inclusive.

DOMINION PARLIAMENTS.

2.—Dominion Parliaments, 1867-1915—concluded.

Number of Parliaments.	Ses- sion.	Date of Opening.	Date of Prorogation.	Days of ses- sion.	Elections, writs is returnable, dissolutions and length of Parliaments.
$rac{4 ext{th}}{ ext{Parliament}\dots}$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 13, 1879 Feb. 12, 1880 Dec. 9, 1880 Feb. 9, 1882	May 15, 1879 May 7, 1880 Mar. 21, 1881 May 17, 1882	92 86 103 98	Sept. 17, 1878.3 Nov. 21, 1878.4 May 18, 1882.5 3 y., 5 m., 28 d ⁶
$5 ext{th} \\ ext{Parliament} \dots igg\{$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 8, 1883 Jan. 17, 1884 Jan. 29, 1885 Feb. 25, 1886	May 25, 1883 April 19, 1884 July 20, 1885 June 2, 1886	107 94 173 98	June 20, 1882.3 Aug. 7, 1882.4 Jan. 15, 1887.5 4 y., 5 m., 10 d ⁶
$\begin{array}{c} 6 th \\ \textbf{Parliament} \end{array} $	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	April 13, 1887 Feb. 23, 1888 Jan. 31, 1889 Jan. 16, 1890	June 23, 1887 May 22, 1888 May 2, 1889 May 16, 1890	72 90 92 121	Feb. 22, 1887. April 7, 1887. Feb. 3, 1891. Sy., 9 m., 27 d ⁶
$7\text{th} \\ \textbf{Parliament} \dots \begin{cases} \\ \\ \end{cases}$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th	April 29, 1891 Feb. 25, 1892 Jan. 26, 1893 Mar. 15, 1894 April 18, 1895 Jan. 2, 1896	Sept. 30, 1891 July 9, 1892 April 1, 1893 July 23, 1894 July 22, 1895 April 23, 1896	155 136 66 131 96 111	March 5, 1891.4 April 25, 1891.4 April 24, 1896.4 5 y., 0 m., 0 d ⁶
$\left. \begin{array}{c} 8 th \\ \textbf{Parliament} \dots \end{array} \right $	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Aug. 19, 1896 Mar. 25, 1897 Feb. 3, 1898 Mar. 16, 1899 Feb. 1, 1900	Oct. 5, 1896 June 29, 1897 June 13, 1898 Aug. 11, 1899 July 18, 1900	48 97 131 149 168	June 23, 1896. July 13, 1896. Cot. 9, 1900. July 13, 1896. Yuly 13, 1896. July 13, 26 d ⁶
$\begin{array}{c} \text{9th} \\ \textbf{Parliament} \dots \end{array}$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Feb. 6, 1901 Feb. 13, 1902 Mar. 12, 1903 Mar. 10, 1904	May 23, 1901 May 15, 1902 Oct. 24, 1903 Aug. 10, 1904	107 90 227 154	Nov. 7, 1900. ¹ Dec. 5, 1900. ⁴ Sept. 29, 1904. ⁵ J3 y., 9 m., 26 d ⁶
$egin{align*} 10 ext{th} \ ext{Parliament} \ \end{array}$	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Jan. 11, 1905 Mar. 8, 1906 Nov. 22, 1906 Nov. 28, 1907	July 20, 1905 July 13, 1906 April 27, 1907 July 20, 1908	191 128 157 236	Nov. 3, 1904.* Dec. 15, 1904.* Sept. 17, 1908.* J y., 9 m., 4 d ⁶
$egin{aligned} ext{11th} \ ext{Parliament} \end{aligned}$	1st 2nd 3rd	Jan. 20, 1909 Nov. 11, 1909 Nov. 7, 1910	May 19, 1909 May 4, 1910 July 29, 1911	120 175 196 ⁷	Oct. 26, 1908.3 Dec. 3, 1908.4 July 29, 1911.6 2 y., 7 m., 28 d6
12th Parliament	1st 2nd 3rd 4th* 5th	Nov. 15, 1911 Nov. 21, 1912 Jan. 15, 1914 Aug. 18, 1914 Feb. 4, 1915	April 1, 1912 June 6, 1913 June 12, 1914 Aug. 22, 1914 April 15, 1915	139 1738 148 5 71	Sept. 21, 1911. Oct. 7, 1911.

*Period of general elections. *Writs returnable. *Dissolution of Parliament. *Duration of Parliament in years, months and days. The life of a Parliament is counted from the date of return of election writs to the date of dissolution, both days inclusive. 'Not including days (59) of adjournment from May 19th to July 18th. *Not including days (25) of adjournment from Dec. 19th, 1912, to Jan. 14th, 1913. *Special War Session.

3.—Dominion Ministries, 1896-1915.

Office.	Name.	Date of appointment.		
Eighth Ministry.				
Premier and President of Council	Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier	July 11, 1896		
Minister of Trade and Commerce	Right Hon.Sir Richard J.Cartwright	July 13, 1896		
Secretary of State	Hon. R. W. Scott	July 13, 1896 Oct. 10, 1908		
Minister of Justice	Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat	July 13, 1896 Nov. 18, 1897 Feb. 11, 1902 June 4, 1906		
Minister of Marine and Fisheries	Hon. Sir Louis Henry Davies Hon. James Sutherland Hon. J. Raymond F. Préfontaine Hon. Louis P. Brodeur ¹ Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux ¹	July 13, 1896 Jan. 15, 1902 Nov. 11, 1902 Feb. 6, 1906 Aug. 11, 1911		
Minister of Militia and Defence	Hon. Sir Frederick W. Borden	July 13, 1896		
Postmaster General	Hon. Sir William Mulock	July 13, 1896 Oct. 16, 1905 June 4, 1906 Aug. 11, 1911		
Minister of Agriculture	Hon. Sydney A. Fisher	July 13, 1896		
Minister of Public Works	Hon. J. Israël Tarte Hon. James Sutherland Hon. Charles S. Hyman Hon. William Pugsley	July 13, 1896 Nov. 11, 1902 May 22, 1905 Sept. 13, 1907		
Minister of Finance	Hon. William S. Fielding	July 13, 1896		
Minister of Railways and Canals	Hon. Andrew G. Blair	July 13, 1896 Jan. 15, 1904 Sept. 13, 1907		
Minister of Interior	Hon. Clifford Sifton	Nov. 17, 1896 April 8, 1905		
Minister of Customs	Hon. William Paterson	June 30, 1897		
Minister of Inland Revenue	Hon. Sir Henri G. Joly de Lotbinière. Hon. M. E. Bernier	June 22, 1900		

¹Also Minister of Naval Service. Note.—A complete list of the Dominion Ministries from Confederation to 1913 appeared in the Year Book of 1912, pp. 422-429.

DOMINION MINISTRIES.

3.—Dominion Ministries, 1896-1915—concluded.

Office.	Name.	Date of appointment.		
Eighth Ministry—con.	TI WILL I MAN IN THE	7	0.1000	
Minister of Labour	Hon. William Lyon Mackenzie King.	June	2, 1909	
Without portfolio	Hon. Richard R. Dobell Hon. C. A. Geoffrion	July July	13, 1896 13, 1896	
	Hon. James Sutherland		30, 1899	
	Hon. W. Templeman	Feb.	25, 1902	
Not in the Cabinet.	Hon. Charles S. Hyman	Feb.	5, 1904	
Solicitor-General	Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick	July	13, 1896	
	Hon. Henry Carroll	Feb. Jan.	11, 1902 29, 1904	
	Hon. Jacques Bureau	Feb.	14, 1907	
Controller of Customs	Hon. William Paterson	July	13, 1896	
Controller of Inland Revenue	Hon. Sir Henri G. Joly de Lotbinière.	July	13, 1896	
Ninth Ministry.		-		
Premier and President of the Privy Council	Right Hon. Sir Robert Laird Borden	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Trade and Com-	Hon. Sir George Eulas Foster	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Interior	Hon. Robert Rogers	Oct.	,	
Minister of Interior	Hon. William J. Roche	Oct.	10, 1911 29, 1912	
Minister of Public Works	Hon. Frederick D. Monk	Oct. Oct.	10, 1911 29, 1912	
Minister of Railways and Canals	Hon. Francis Cochrane	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Finance	Hon. William T. White	l	•	
·-		Oct.	10, 1911	
Postmaster General	Hon. Louis P. Pelletier Hon. Thomas C. Casgrain	Oct.	10, 1911 20, 1914	
Minister of Marine and Fish-				
eries	Hon. John D. Hazen ¹	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Justice	Hon. Charles J. Doherty	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Militia and Defence	Major-Gen. the Hon. Sir Sam Hughes	Oct.	10, 1911	
Secretary of State	Hon. William J. Roche	Oct.	10, 1911	
	Hon. Louis Coderre ²	Oct.	29, 1912	
Minister of Labour	Hon. Thomas W. Crothers	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Inland Revenue.	Hon. Wilfrid B. Nantel	Oct. Oct.	10, 1911 20, 1914	
Minister of Customs	Hon. John D. Reid	Oct.	10, 1911	
Minister of Agriculture	Hon. Martin Burrell	Oct.	10, 1911	
Ministers without portfolio	Hon. Sir George H. Perley	Oct.	10, 1911	
-	Hon. Albert E. Kemp	Oct.	10, 1911	
Not in the Cabinet.	Hon. James A. Lougheed	Oct.	10, 1911	
Solicitor-General	Hon. Arthur Meighen	June	26, 1913	

¹Also Minister of the Naval Service. ²Also Minister of Mines from Feb. 10th, 1913. Nors.—A complete list of the Dominion Ministries from Confederation to 1913 appeared in the Year Book of 1912, pp 422-429..

4.—Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces, 1867-1915.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Name.	Date appointm		Name.	Date of appointment.
W. C. F. Robinson	June 10	1079	Geo. Wm. Howlan	E-b 01 100
Sir Robert Hogdson	Nov. 22,			Feb. 21, 1894
				May 13, 1899
Sir Thomas H. Haviland	July 14,	1019		Oct. 3, 1904
Andrew Archibald	A 1	1004	Benjamin Rogers	June 1, 1910
Macdonald	Aug. 1,		A. C. Macdonald	June 2, 1913
Jedediah S. Carvell			·	
T: - G G: W D		NOVA	SCOTIA.	T 1 4 4000
LieutGen. Sir W. F.			A. G. Archibald	July 4, 1873
Williams	July 1,	1867	Matthew Henry Richey	July 4, 1883
Major-Gen.SirC.Hastings			A. W. McLelan	July 9, 1888
	Oct. 18,	1867		July 11, 1890
LieutGen.SirC.Hastings			Malachy Bowes Daly	¹ July 29, 1895
Doyle	¹ Jan. 31,	1868	Alfred G. Jones	
Sir E. Kenny (acting)	May 31,	1870	Duncan C. Fraser	Mar. 27, 1906
Joseph Howe		1873	James D. McGregor	Oct. 18, 1910
	NEW	BRU	NSWICK.	
Major-Gen. C. Hastings			Sir Sam'l Leonard Tilley.	¹ Oct. 31, 1885
Doyle	July 1,	1867	John Boyd	Sept. 21, 1893
Col. F. P. Harding	Oct. 18,		John A. Fraser	Dec. 20, 1893
L. A. Wilmot	July 14,		A. R. McClelan	Dec. 9, 1896
Samuel Leonard Tilley	Nov. 5,	1873	Jabez B. Snowball	Feb. 5, 1902
E. Baron Chandler	July 16,	1878	L. J. Tweedie	Mar. 2, 1907
	Feb 11	1880	Josiah Wood	
robert Duncan winnou	100. 11,			Wiai. 0, 1912
C: N. D. D. N.	T 1 -	QUEBI	<u> </u>	
Sir N. F. Belleau		1867	Sir J. A. Chapleau	Dec. 5, 1892
			L. A. Jetté	Feb. 2, 1898
Réné Edouard Caron			L. A. Jetté	¹ Feb. 2, 1903
Luc Letellier de St. Just	Dec. 15,	1876	Sir Charles A. P.	
Théodore Robitaille	July 26,	1879°	Pelletier	Sept. 4, 1908
L. F. R. Masson	Nov. 7,	1884	Sir Francois Langelier	May 5, 1911
A. R. Angers	Oct. 24,	1887	P. E. Leblanc	Feb. 10, 1915
		ONTA	ARIO.	<u> </u>
Major-Gen. H.W. Stisted.	July 1,	1867		May 30, 1892
W. P. Howland	July 14,			Nov. 18, 1897
John W. Crawford		1873		1101. 10, 1001
D. A. Macdonald	May 18,		Clark	Apr. 20, 1903
John Beverly Robinson.	June 30,			Sept. 22, 1908
	Feb. , 8,			Sept. 22, 1900
Sir Alexander Campbell.	reb o,	1001	Hendrie	Sept. 26, 1914
		MANI'		сере. 20, 1011
A. G. Archibald	May 20,			T.,1_, 1 1000
	May 20,	1870		July 1, 1888
Francis Goodschall		1050	J. C. Patterson	Sept. 2, 1895
Johnson	Apr. 9,	1872	Sir. D. H. McMillan	
Alexander Morris	Dec. 2,	1872	Sir. D. H. McMillan	
Joseph Ed. Cauchon	Dec. 2,	1877	D. C. Cameron	Aug. 1, 1911
	Sept. 22,	1882		
James C. Aikens			CHEWAN.	
A. E. Forget			Geo. W. Brown	Oct. 5, 1910
A. E. Forget	Sept. 1,	1905 ALB	Geo. W. Brown	
	Sept. 1,	1905 ALB	Geo. W. Brown	

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF PROVINCES.

4.—Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces, 1867-1915—concluded.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Name	Date of appointment		Name.	Date of appointment.
Clement F. Cornwall Hugh Nelson	June 27, June 21, Feb. 7, 1 Nov. 1,	1876 1881 1887 1892	Lotbinière James Dunsmuir T. W. Patterson Frank S. Barnard	May 11, 1906 Dec. 3, 1909

THE TERRITORIES.

A. G. Archibald	May	10,	1870	Joseph Royal	July	1, 1	888
Francis Goodschall	•	•		C. H. Mackintosh	Oct.	31, 1	893
Johnson	April	9,	1872	M. C. Cameron	May	30, 1	.898
Alexander Morris	$\hat{\text{Dec}}$.	2,	1872	A. E. Forget	Oct.	11, 1	898
David Laird, P.C	Oct.	7,	1876	A. E. Forget	¹ Mar.	30, 1	904
Edgar Dewdney	$\mathrm{Dec}.$	3,	1881			,	

Second term.

PUBLIC LANDS.

Dominion Lands.—The Crown lands of the Dominion of Canada are situated in the Northwest provinces and in the Railway Belt of British Columbia. Of these lands large areas are offered in free grants as homesteads for settlers.¹ The lands are laid out in townships of 36 sections. Each section contains 640 acres and is divided into quarter sections of 160 acres. A quarter section of 160 acres may be obtained by a settler on payment of an entry fee of \$10 and fulfilment of certain conditions of residence and cultivation. To qualify for the issue of the patent for his homestead a settler must have resided upon his homestead for at least six months in each of three years, must have erected a habitable house thereon, must have at least 30 acres of his holding broken of which 20 acres must be cropped, and must be a British subject.

Disposal of Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.—According to figures supplied by the Department of the Interior, a total area of 133,157,726 acres, equal to 5,779 townships, or 208,059 square miles, has been alienated from the Crown. The total number of acres surveyed to January 1, 1915, was 195,341,726, and of this area there remain for disposal 62,184,000 acres, of which 4,099,000 are under timber licenses, 4,394,500 under grazing leases, 25,615,500 under forest reserves and parks and 28,075,000 now available for homestead entry.

In addition to the surveyed area, there are large tracts of land in the northern parts of these three provinces which have, as yet, been

¹Copies of the detailed Regulations for the granting of free homesteads are obtainable from the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

explored only in a very partial way. The total area of this unsurveyed tract is 290,300,972 acres, of which over 23,000,000 acres are water-covered. No estimate of the area suitable for agriculture can be made with any degree of accuracy.

Railway Lands.—Table 5 is a record for the three fiscal years 1912 to 1914 of the sales of lands by the Hudson's Bay Company and by railway companies having government land grants. The total sales in 1913–14 amounted to \$7,398,191 for 501,575 acres, as compared with \$9,867,155 for 707,149 acres in 1912–13.

5.—Land Sales by Railway Companies having Government Land Grants, and by the Hudson's Bay Company, in the fiscal years 1912-1914.

G	19	12.	1	913.	1914.		
Companies.	Acres.	Amount.	Acres.	Amount.	Acres.	Amount.	
		\$		\$			
Hudson's Bay Co	42,554	808,943	53,581	1,128,806	26 ,292	572,837	
Canadian Pacific Ry	855,280	12,420,488	447,158	6,348,352			
Manitoba Southwestern	,				,	, ,	
Colonization Ry	18,932	117,497	2,768	48,639	7,626	91,948	
Qu'Appelle, Long Lake		·	·	·	,	,	
and Saskatchewan Ry	1						
& Steamboat Co	35,213	495,116	15,395	255,399	1,629	21,546	
Calgary and Edmonton							
Ry. Co	10,853	154,424	4,155	44,212	19,575	460,129	
Canadian Northern Ry.		.					
Co	365,926	4,216,578	182,491	2,009,642	182,491	2,009,642	
Great Northwest Cen-							
tral Ry. Co	632	11,373	1,601	32,105	-	_	
	1 000 000	10.004.410	E0E 140	0.005.155		T 000 101	
Totals	1,329,390	18,224,419	707,149	9.867,155	501,575	7,398,19	

Homestead Entries.—In 1914 the total number of ordinary homestead entries for lands of the Dominion Government was 25,623, as compared with 31,499 in 1913, 35,538 in 1912 and 38,909 in 1911. In 1914, 4,252 entries were made in Manitoba against 2,998 in 1913 and 3,133 in 1912, 9,752 in Saskatchewan against 14,524 in 1913 and 18,425 in 1912, 10,772 in Alberta against 12,122 in 1913 and 13,668 in 1912, and 847 in British Columbia against 1,855 in 1913 and 312 in 1912. The number of pre-emptions under the Dominion Lands Act was 3,262 in 1914 (2,417 in Saskatchewan and 845 in Alberta) against 6,483 in 1913 (4,711 in Saskatchewan and 1,772 in Alberta). The number of purchased homesteads under the Act was 422 in 1914 (290 in Saskatchewan and 132 in Alberta) against 786 in 1913 (534 in Saskatchewan and 252 in Alberta).

Provincial Public Lands.—In the Maritime provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario the public lands are administered by the provincial governments.¹ In Prince Edward Island all the land is settled. In

¹For copies of the detailed regulations governing the disposal of provincial crown lands, application should be made as follows: Nova Scotia, to the Secretary for Industries and Immigration, Halifax; New Brunswick, to the Deputy Minister of Lands and Mines, Fredericton; Quebec, to the Deputy Minister of Lands and Forests, Quebec; Ontario, to the Deputy Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines, Toronto.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC LANDS.

Nova Scotia there are now no free grants of land; but under conditions prescribed by the Crown Lands Act of the Provincial Assembly (10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 4, s. 26) and an amending Act of May 3, 1912, Crown lands, not exceeding in each case 150 acres, may be granted for agricultural or grazing purposes to applicants of not less than 18 years of age at the price of \$1 per acre, in addition to the expenses of survey. Leases of Crown lands are also granted upon conditions prescribed. The total area of the Crown lands in Nova Scotia is 918,891 acres.

The area of the Crown lands in New Brunswick is about 7,250,000 acres. Probably not more than from one-third to one-quarter of this area is suitable for agriculture. Under the provisions of Acts of the New Brunswick Legislative Assembly, lots of 100 acres each may be granted to settlers of 18 years of age and over, subject to conditions which include the clearance and cultivation of ten acres, the building of a house, three years' residence on the lot and payments or labour in

aid of the construction of roads and bridges.

In the province of Quebec the area of public lands subdivided and available for alienation by sale or free grants was at June 30, 1914, 7,072,862 acres. During the year ended June 30, 1914, 202,587 acres were sold for the sum of \$63,664, the average price per acre being thus about 31 cents; and $689\frac{1}{4}$ acres were granted free for religious purposes and for colonization roads. Agricultural lands in 100 acre lots are available for settlement upon prescribed conditions in Timiskaming (3,500,000 acres) at the price of about 30 cents per acre, in Abitibi (3,000,000 acres) at the price of about 3 cents per acre and in Beauce (50,000 to 60,000 acres) at the price of from 30 to 40 cents per acre.

In Ontario the public lands which are open for disposal are chiefly situated in the districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Sudbury, Algoma, Timiskaming, Thunder Bay and Rainy River, and in the counties of Haliburton, Peterborough, Hastings, Frontenac, Lennox and Addington and Renfrew. In Thunder Bay and Rainy River districts, which are generally known as New Ontario, the townships open for sale are subdivided into lots of 320 acres, or sections of 640 acres, and a half-lot or quarter section of 160 acres is allowed to each applicant at the price of 50 cents per acre, payable one-fourth in cash and the balance in three annual instalments with interest at 6 p.c. The applicant must be a male (or sole female) head of a family, or a single man over 18 years of age. The conditions of purchase include occupation by the purchaser within six months from date of purchase, the erection of a house, the clearance and cultivation of at least 10 p.c. of the area and three years' residence. Free grants and homesteads are available on lands within the district of Algoma and Nipissing and between the Ottawa River and the Georgian Bay, comprising northerly portions of the counties of Renfrew, Frontenac, Addington, Hastings, Peterborough, Victoria and Simcoe and the districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound and Rainy River. Free grants are made in lots of 100 acres to single men over 18 or to married men without children under 18 residing with him. In the Huron and Ottawa territory an allowance for waste lands may increase the grant to an area not exceeding 200 acres. Special conditions as to the size of lots and the purchase of additional land at 50 cents per acre apply to certain townships in the districts of Nipissing.

Algoma, Thunder Bay and Rainy River. The settlement duties for free grants are as follows: (a) At least 15 acres to be cleared and brought under cultivation, of which two acres at least are to be cleared and cultivated annually during the three years; (b) a habitable house to be built at least 16 by 20 feet in size; (c) actual and continuous residence upon and cultivation of the land for three years after location, and thence to the issue of the patent.

In British Columbia there are large areas of free grant land. Any British subject being the head of a family, a widow, a femme sole who is over eighteen years of age and self-supporting, a woman deserted by her husband, a woman whose husband has not contributed to her support for two years, a bachelor over eighteen years, or any alien on his making a declaration of his intention to become a British subject, may pre-empt free 160 acres out of the unoccupied and unreserved Crown lands, not being an Indian settlement. The fees payable include \$2 for recording, \$2 for certificate of improvement and \$10 for the Crown grant.

6.—Homestead Entries in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, by Nationalities, made during the Fiscal Years 1910-1914.

Nationalities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Canadians from Ontario	3,953	4,438	3,152	2,223	2,996
" Quebec	964	1,101	951	790	[′] 883
" Nova Scotia	188	237	182	143	258
" New Brunswick	130	140	118	101	182
" Prince Edward Island	93	68	69	55	105
" Manitoba	1,434	1,495	998	853	889
" Saskatchewan	3,307	4,061	3,085	2,323	709
" Alberta	1,219	980	863	906	551
" British Columbia	182	136	123	57	104
Persons who had previous entry	2,274	1,834	2,132	3,669	4,411
Newfoundlanders	10	7	6	7	΄ €
Canadians returned from the United States.	753	553	401	180	121
Americans	12,813	12,485	10,577	8,895	7,172
English	5,459	6,161	5,739	4,452	3,894
Scotch	1,326	1,291	1,041	836	′96€
Irish	546	492	476	307	400
${f French}$	360	376	437	344	343
Belgians	160	133	159	163	143
Swiss	60	74	80	86	91
Italians	21	68	45	61	96
Rumanians	71	175	141	88	82
Syrians	42	64	56	51	29
Germans	688	845	790	772	887
Austro-Hungarians	2,361	2,804	3,121	2,280	2,516
Dutch	102	201	153	129	143
Danes (other than Icelanders)	147	206	201	203	245
Icelanders	130	96	69	57	_50
Swedes	818	937	964	939	842

HOMESTEAD ENTRIES.

6.—Homestead Entries in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, by Nationalities, made during the Fiscal Years 1910-1914—concluded.

Nationalities.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914 .
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Norwegians	843	1,092	1,160	1,148	1,062
Doukhobors)	1,061	1,858	1,781	1,462	1,586
Mennonites	3	- 6	-	-	_
Chinese Japanese		5 3	8 6	12 9	5 3
Persians. Australians.	2	9 10	3 13	- 24	_ 13
New Zealanders		6	12	5	6
Greeks	14	13 4	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 11 \end{array}$	3 5	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 4 \end{array}$
Bulgarians Servians	5 1	- 3	5 4	22 4	$\begin{array}{c c} 7 \\ 4 \end{array}$
Spaniards Turks	1	$\frac{3}{2}$	- 0	$\frac{1}{7}$	5
Other nationalities		3	7	27	18
Total	41,569	44,479	39,151	33,699	31,829

7.—Receipts of Patents and Homestead Entries in the fiscal years 1910-1914.

Sources of receipts.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Homestead fees	415,232	445,135	391,703	337,055	317,412
Cash sales	1,239,037	1,193,756		1,650,492	1,279,224
Scrip sales	9,974			6,157	240
Timber dues	378,011	387,055	400,669	463,739	378,36
Hay permits, mining, stone					
quarries, etc., cash	460,154				
All other receipts	520,038			416,476	
Gross revenue	3,022,446			3,655,202	
Refunds	121,431			246,106	
Net revenue	2,901,015			3,409,096	3,036,51
Total revenue, 1872-1914	32,286,276	35,393,660	39,174,066	42,583,162	45,619,673
Letters patent for Domin-				·	
_ion landsno.				24,965	31,05
Homestead entries "	41,569	44,479	39,151	33,699	31,829

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Charters of Incorporation.—The number of companies incorporated under The Companies Act during the fiscal year 1914–15 was 461, with a total capitalization of \$208,283,633, and the number of existing companies to which supplementary letters patent were issued was 85, of which 34 increased their capital stock by \$26,650,000 and four decreased their capital stock by \$6,840,000. The remaining 47 were granted supplementary letters patent for various objects, such as changing names, extending powers, etc., making a total of 546 charters and supplementary charters issued during the year; this is a decrease of 212 from previous year. The total capitalization of new companies and the increased capital of existing companies amounted to \$228,093,633.

Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1908.—Since the last issue of the Year Book, this Act was put into force in the province of Alberta, the city of Berlin, the district of Timiskaming and the county of Waterloo, Ontario. It is now in force in the following places: Halifax, Toronto, Montreal, Victoria, Vancouver, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Charlottetown, Stratford, Berlin, the counties of Perth and Waterloo, the district of Timiskaming, Ontario, and the province of Alberta.

Canada Temperance Act.—The Act prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquors in the places that have adopted it, and is administered by the Department of the Secretary of State. It is now in force in 21 counties and cities. Of these five are in Nova Scotia, ten in New Brunswick, two in Manitoba, three in Ontario and one in Quebec. Since the last issue of the Year Book elections for the repeal of the Act have been held in the counties of King's, Pictou, Cumberland, Hants and Annapolis, Nova Scotia, and in all cases the repeal was carried. Elections for the bringing of the Act into force took place in the district of Muskoka, Ontario, the county of Stanstead, Quebec, and the county of Perth, Ontario. The result in Muskoka was against the Act. In Stanstead and Perth the petitions were adopted by substantial majorities, but in Stanstead protest proceedings were taken and the result has not yet been reported to the Department. The Act will come into force in Perth county after the statutory interval. Elections are pending in the county of Beauce, Quebec, and Shelburne, Nova Scotia, for the bringing of the Act into force and for its repeal respectively.

Naturalizations.—The naturalizations effected under the Naturalization Act (R. S. 1906, c. 77), for the 12 months ended June 30, 1914, numbered 35,079. Of these 8,056 were formerly citizens of the United States. Table 8 shows by principal nationalities the number of naturalizations effected in Canada during the years 1907 to 1913 under the Act. The number of naturalizations for the years 1907 to 1913 was 147,611, which with 70,690 previously recorded makes a total of 218,301.

NATURALIZATIONS.

8.—Number of Naturalizations in Canada by Principal Nationalities during the Calendar years 1907-1913.

Nationalities.	19071.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	Total 1907- 1913.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Austrians	1,915	3,982	1,588	1,902	3,833	2,030	2,766	18,016
Belgians	129	318	205	191	350			1,633
Chinese	283	355	241	78	180	136	173	1,446
Danes	124	146	154	92	169	158	201	1,044
Dutch	34	78	65	85	136	81	178	657
Finns	122	328	231	328	534		884	3,686
French	256	652	344	397	534	346	359	2,888
Galicians	807	1,083	512	686	818	295	406	4,607
Germans	319	585	293	333	484		539	2,897
Greeks	60	83	96	63	268			1,008
Hungarians	279	580	164	254			214	2,103
Icelanders	238	187	68	114		34		761
Italians	891	1,852	866	813	2,009			11,191
Japanese	306	439	341	306	229	161	292	2,074
Norwegians	352	444	399	429	597	653	1,074	3,948
Poles	62	75	51	102	98	31	68	487
Rumanians	499	271	184	278	442	184	278	2,136
Russians	2,127	3,046	1,944	2,865	2,787	1,586	3,696	18,051
Swedes	674	905	623	516	844	845	1,752	6,159
Swiss	37	81	44	45	67	46	69	389
Syrians	152	221	162	140	204	176	185	1,240
Turks	104	59	92	95	236		226	1,064
United States of America.	7,279	9,000	7,266	5,854	8,021	6,890		55,649
Other Nationalities	450		123	186	301	263	335	1,904
Re-admission	215	715	294	196	505	300	348	2,573
Totals	17,714	25,731	16,350	16,348	24,108	18,242	29,118	147,611

For eighteen months.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Department of Indian Affairs.—By Section 5 of the British North America Act, 1867, the Indians of Canada and the lands reserved for them came under the control of the Dominion Government, and in 1873 an Act of the Canadian Parliament (R.S.C. 81), provided that the Minister of the Interior should be Superintendent General of Indian Affairs and as such have the control and management of the lands and property of the Indians in Canada. The aim of the Department of Indian Affairs is the advancement of the Indians in the arts of civilization, and Agents have been appointed to encourage the Indians under their charge to settle on the reserves and to engage in industrial pursuits.

Tables 9-18, compiled from the Reports of the Department, give for the years named particulars respecting population, religion, education, agriculture and financial status. Table 18 shows that during the year 1913 crops to the value of \$1,856,424 were raised by the Indians. Educational advantages are provided for the Indians in day, boarding and industrial schools, and for educational purposes appropriations were made by Parliament for the year 1915–16 amounting to \$984,115. Several bands of Indians assist, and during the fiscal year 1913–14 the sum of \$20,652 was available from this source. As shown in Table 12 the total number of Indian children attending school during the fiscal year 1914 was 11,714.

The total parliamentary appropriation for the Indian Department for the year 1915–16 is \$2,039,638. On March 31, 1914, the Indians had to the credit of their trust funds \$7,653,029, derived from sales of lands and timber and from rentals of grazing and other lands. The amount named represents an increase of \$365,876 over that of the preceding year.

9.-Indian Population in Canada by Provinces, 1909-1915.

Provinces.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Prince Edward Island	274	292	292	300	292	288	288
Nova Scotia	2,103	2,009	2,026	1,969	2,018	2,050	2,042
New Brunswick	1,871	1,609	1,802	1,903	1,920	1,906	1,862
Quebec	11,523	11,874	11,462	12,817	12,84 2	12,935	13,174
Ontario	23,898	22,565	22,496	26,393	26,077	26,419	26,162
Manitoba	8,327	5,996	6,104	10,373	10,822	10,290	10,798
Saskatchewan	7,971	8,990	9,439	9,545	9,699	9,779	9,775
Alberta	5,541	9,155	8,088	8,113	8,229	8,281	8,500
British Columbia	24,871	25,149	24,581	24,781	25,172	25,370	25,399
Yukon	3,302	3,002	3,500	3,500	1,389	1,528	1,528
Northwest Territories	21,362	16,273	13,871	5,262	8,030	4,928	4,003
Indians in Canada	111,043	106,914	103,661	104,956	106,490	103,774	103,531
Eskimos		3,683	4,600	4.690	3,447	3,447	3,447

INDIAN POPULATION.

10.—Distribution of Indian Population by Age, Sex and Province, with Births and Deaths by Provinces, 1914.

	~					
Provinces.	Under	6 years.	5 to 15	years.	16 to 20) years.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	24 177 182 907 1,544 932 759 610 1,886	213 165 905 1,589 959 786 594	213 146 900 2,045 1,135 836 512	196 160 940 1,929 1,010 777 471	305	134 75 532 1,324 668 345 279
Total	7,021	7,028	7,986	7,629	4,655	4,592
Provinces.	21 to 68 Males.	years.		upwards Females.	Births.	Deaths.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	58 420 359 1,965 4,937 1,825 1,616 1,224 5,454	392 320 1,933 4,838 2,006 1,733 1,274	92 44 221 443 256 226 76		14 65 41 299 522 433 307 206 804	11 48 51 216 430 287 302 178 674

Note.—There are no official returns for the ages of 24,944 Indians.

11.—Religion of Indian Population by Provinces as at March 31, 1914.

Provinces.	Angli- can.	Pres- byte- rian.	Metho- dist.	Roman Catho- lic.	Baptist.	Con- grega- tional- ist.	Other Chris- tian Beliefs.	Aborig- inal Beliefs.
P.E. Island	_		_	288	_		_	
Nova Scotia	15		_ !	2,025			1	
New Brunswick	- 1	_	_	1,906			- i	_
Quebec	113	7	468	8,477	17		20	_
Ontario	5,253	31	4,191	6,480	1,108	25	457	2,824
Manitoba	2,836	520	3,047	1,719	200	_	300	
Saskatchewan	2,055	719	79	2,962	_	_	100	
Alberta	667	-	1,528	1,940	_	_	_	1,332
British Columbia	4,490	578	3,131	12,512		_	307	1,458
N. W. Territories	61	_	· i	2,033	_	-	_	232
Yukon	915	-	_	100	-	-	-	_
Total	16,405	1,855	12,444	40,442	1,334	25	1,185	8,927

NOTE.—There are no official returns for the religious belief of 21,157 Indians.

12.—Attendance of Pupils at Indian Schools by Provinces, 1914.

Provinces.	Number	of Pupils	Average	Percent-		
1 Tovinces.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Attend- ance.	attend- ance.	
Prince Edward Island		$\frac{26}{141}$	40 299			
New Brunswick Quebec	147	136 661	$\frac{283}{1,283}$	165	58.30	
Ontario. Manitoba	1,730	$1,662 \\ 843$	3,392 1,638	1,891	55.75	
Saskatchewan	641	698 405	1,339 881			
British Columbia	1,170	1,087 58	2,257 142	1,323	58.61	
Yukon Northwest Territories	71	89	160			
Total	5,908	5,806	11,714	7,218	61.62	

13.—Literacy of Indian Population by Provinces, 1914.

Provinces.	Number who speak English.	Number who speak French.	Number who write English.	Number who write French.
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	175 1,271 954 3,325 17,744 3,143 2,179 1,219 8,272	$\begin{array}{c} 5\\126\\6,242\\1,346\\7\\213\\393\end{array}$	125 566 638 1,156 6,985 1,544 1,670 979 2,899	1 - 21 946 10 1 20 241
Total	38,282	8,466	16,562	1,243

14.—Indian Lands by Provinces, their Acreage and Value in 1914.

Provinces.	Land cleared but not under cultivation. 1914.		Value of Lands 1914.
PrinceEdward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	1,789	Acres. 394 2,084 1,239 8,059 73,943 8,886 27,023 16,761 54,089	\$ 19,914 82,085 60,143 1,083,460 4,476,578 2,330,192 10,301,366 12,802,272 15,374,813
Total	2,223,091	192,478	46,530,823

INDIAN POPULATION AND FIELD CROPS.

15.—Numbers of Indian Population engaged in Agriculture, Stock-raising and other occupations by Provinces, 1914.

Provinces.	Agricul- ture.	Stock- Raising.	Hunting, Trapping and Fishing.	Other Industries.
Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia	$ \begin{array}{r} 179 \\ 232 \\ 324 \\ 1,912 \\ 216 \end{array} $	5 53 - 27 797 172 963 763 1,770	58 262 176 755 2,953 2,080 1,248 425 4,658	30 309 362 884 1,888 29 617 206 1,738
Total	6,873	4,550	12,615	6,063

16.—Area and Yield of Field Crops of Indians by Provinces, 1914.

Provinces.	Wh	eat.	Oa	.ts.	Other Grain.
	Acres.	Bush.	Acres.	Bush.	Bush.
Prince Edward Island	5	61	34	449	
Nova Scotia	-	01	84	1,409	228
New Brunswick	3	32	300	2,078	671
Quebec	1	2,672	1,848	39,025	14,844
Ontario	2,694	43,953	7,189	218,467	92,175
Manitoba	3,400	37,586	2,436	66,656	3,686
Saskatchewan	6,012	89,820	11,145	314,689	11,610
Alberta	3,513	45,563	5,074	109,445	7,762
British Columbia	2,100	43,039	5,567	195,994	11,676
Total	17,928	262,726	33,677	948,212	142,652
Provinces.		Pota	toes.	Other Roots.	Hay and Fodder.
		Acres.	Bush.	Bush.	Tons.
Prince Edward Island		7	795	100	54
Nova Scotia		196	6,821	1,403	830
New Brunswick		228	8,998	110	286
Quebec		830	28,539	1,974	4,075
Ontario		1,707	93,724	28,530	28,152
Manitoba		2,760	22,513	1,182	13,225
Saskatchewan		185	19,137	5,025	34,746
Alberta		86	9,212	2,458	16,178
British Columbia	• • • • • • • • • •	2,235	157,695	29,786	25,290
Total		8,234	347,434	70,568	122,836

17.-Numbers of Farm Live Stock of Indians with Total Values by Provinces, 1914.

Provinces.	Horses.	Cattle.	Other Stock.	Poultry.	Value of Live Stock and Poultry.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Prince Edward Island	9	15	_	179	1,470
Nova Scotia	. 55	300	109	1,390	
New Brunswick	34	137	29	745	6,229
Quebec	825	1,900	1,107	7,606	153,870
Ontario	3,522	5,310	4,687	44,485	569,345
Manitoba	1,288	3,321	309	2,621	217,655
Saskatchewan	3,847	7,756	508	5,059	751,731
Alberta		6,570			
British Columbia	13,428	11,306	4,440	25,776	1,710,151
Total	32,245	36,615	11,571	90,909	4,102,132

18.—Sources and Value of Income of Indians, 1914.

	Value of			Re- ceiv-		Total		
Provinces.	Farm Products including Hay.	Beef Sold.	Wages Earned.	ed from Land Rent- als.	Fish- ing.	Hunting and Trapping	Other Indus- tries.	Income of Indians.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
P.E. Island	950	_			2,225	75	3,000	6,250
Nova Scotia.	17,674	3,528	54,635	230	3,845	8,019	41,820	129,751
N.Brunswick	7.169	300	53,325	97	9,565		14,136	86,032
Quebec	122,112	35,055	234,138	6,992	3,875	115,778		
Ontario	474,888	[-26,399]	581,364	24,313	105,003	160,462	139,834	1,512,263
Manitoba	119,861	10,220	129,569	245	76,372	459,643	45,060	840,970
Saskat-							1	
${f chewan}$	287,48 2	92,780	88,513	-	74,004	242,174	-74,792	859,745
Alberta	153,404	67,144	46,338	14,151	5,720	45,236	87,627	419,620
Br.Columbia	672,884	72,252	536,410	6,152	377,816	143,714	186,125	1,995,353
Total	1,856,424	307,678	1,724,292	52,180	658,425	1,176,541	664,396	6,439,936

¹Includes estimated value of meat and fish used for food.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Since Confederation and before, the Department of Public Works has been known as the constructing department. In 1879, the railways and canals were placed under the control of a new department; the building and maintenance of penitentiaries were transferred to the Department of Justice, the maintenance and construction of lighthouses to the Marine and Fisheries Department and the smaller drill halls and armouries to the Department of Militia and Defence. The work of the Department of Public Works is now divided into three principal branches, viz., the Engineering Branch, the Architect's Branch and the Telegraph Branch.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Engineering.—The Engineering Branch comprises the construction and repair of wharfs, piers, breakwaters, dams, weirs, bank and beach protection works; the improvement of harbours and rivers by dredging; the construction, maintenance and operation of government dredging plant; the construction and maintenance of graving docks; the construction, maintenance and working of slides and booms; the construction and maintenance of interprovincial bridges and approaches thereto, and of bridges on highways of federal importance in the Northwest Territories and the maintenance of military roads; also hydrographic and ordinary surveys and examinations, inclusive of precision levelling and geodetic measurements which are required for the preparation of plans, reports and estimates; the testing of cements, etc. The Branch has charge of about 1,500 harbour works, 3 graving docks, 4 slide and boom works, interprovincial bridges, 49 dredges and 65 tugs and other dredging plant.

Architecture.—The Architect's Branch builds and maintains all government buildings, post offices, custom houses, examining warehouses, and constructs quarantine, immigration and experimental farm buildings, armouries and drill halls, land offices and telegraph offices.

Telegraphs.—The Telegraph Branch has control over the construction, repair and maintenance of all government-owned telegraph lines and cables. These lines are located in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and the Yukon, and statistics relating to them are given on page 513.

Graving Docks.—There are three graving or dry docks completed and owned by the Canadian Government, and a fourth is under contract. The dimensions of these three docks are shown in Table 19. The dock at Kingston, Ontario, is under lease to the Kingston Shipbuilding Company. The dock under contract is to be at Levis, Quebec, east of the old dock, and is to be 1,150 feet long, divided into two parts (650 and 500 feet respectively), and 120 feet wide; it is to have a depth at high water of 40 feet. It will probably cost about \$2,750,000. Under the Dry Docks Subsidies Act, 1910 (9–10 Edw. VII, c. 17)¹ several docks have been subsidized by payments of 3 or $3\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. per annum for a given number of years on the original cost, as shown by Table 20.

19.—Dimensions of Graving Docks owned by the Dominion Government.

Location.	Length.		Width a	ıt	Depth of	Rise o	f tide.
Location.	Length.	Coping.	Bottom. Entrance.		on sill.	Spring.	Neap.
	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.
Levis, Que Esquimalt, B.C. Kingston, Ont		100 90 70	73 41 47	62 65 69	$26\frac{1}{2}$ $26\frac{1}{2}$ $14\frac{1}{2} \times 16\frac{1}{2}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 26\frac{1}{2} \\ 7 \text{ to } 10 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 20\frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \text{ to } 8 \\ \hline \end{array} $

¹For description of this Act, see Canada Year Book, 1910, p. xxviii.

20.—Dimensions and Cost of Graving Docks subsidized under the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910.

Location.	Length.	Width.	Depth over sill.	Total cost.	Subsidy.
Collingwood, Ont No. 2 Port Arthur, Ont Montreal, Que Prince Rupert, B.C Sault Ste. Marie, Ont Toronto, Ont St. John, N.B	420 700 600 600 650 300			\$ 500,000 306,965 1,258,050 3,000,000 2,199,168 1,326,529 894,121 approved, Levis dock	$\begin{array}{c} 3$ p.c. for 20 years. $\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. for 35 years. $\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. for 25 years. 3 p.c. for 20 years. 3 p.c. for 20 years. but will be similar to

Expenditure and Revenue.—Table 21 shows the expenditure and revenue for the fiscal years 1910–14 of the Public Works Department of the Dominion Government. For the year 1913–14 the expenditure was \$27,991,337, as compared with \$18,844,224 in 1912–13. In the Report of the Department for the year 1913–14 it is explained that the increase of \$9,147,113 in expenditure was chiefly on account of public buildings, the increase under this heading amounting to nearly five million dollars. There was also a substantial increase in harbour and river works of about $3\frac{3}{4}$ million dollars. The revenue for the year shows an increase of \$54,263. The decrease shown in the receipts from slides and booms is accounted for in the Ottawa and St. Maurice districts by low water, which prevented the usual number of logs being driven, and on the Saguenay by the fact that the pulp companies now bring most of their logs by rail.

21.—Expenditure and Revenue of the Public Works Department for the fiscal years 1910-1914.

_	Expen	NDITURE.				
Items.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.	
Harbour and river works Dredging, plant, etc Slides and Booms Roads and Bridges Public buildings Telegraphs Miscellaneous	3,669,030 159,565 30,735 3,478,508	4,471,204 190,188 90,061 3,090,666 568,493	5,029,147 174,834 197,628 4,141,327 641,759	$\begin{array}{c} 152,581 \\ 7,420,885 \\ 741,145 \end{array}$	130,628 12,397,468 768,378	
Totals	11,342,365	11,807,035	13,928,667	18,844 224	27,991,337	
	RE	VENUE.				
Slides and booms. Graving docks. Rents. Telegraph lines. Casual revenue.	45,139	$\begin{array}{c} 42,076 \\ 37,652 \\ 169,585 \end{array}$	50,615 33,355 200,330	47,928 88,852	$61,490 \\ 113,670$	
Totals	485,885	537,529	418,631	488,194	542,457	

PUBLIC WORKS, HEALTH AND DEFENCE.

National Gallery.—The National Gallery of Canada was the outcome of the establishment in 1880 by the Marquis of Lorne and H. R. H. Princess Louise of the Royal Canadian Academy of Arts, which required the elected Academicians to deposit their diploma pictures in the National Gallery at Ottawa. The collections of pictures, statuary and other works of art now occupying premises in the Royal Victoria Museum in Ottawa consist of purchases made by means of the annual grants voted by the Dominion Parliament, the diploma works of the members of the Royal Canadian Academy and gifts and loans by persons interested in art. In 1907 an Advisory Arts Council of three members was appointed by authority of an Order in Council, and in 1913, under the National Gallery of Canada Act (3–4 Geo. V., c. 33), the Advisory Arts Council was constituted the Board of Trustees for the management of the National Gallery and the administration of its annual grants.

Amongst the collections of oil paintings now in the National Gallery are works by such old masters as Caravaggio, Andrea del Sarto, Bartholomaus de Bruyn, Luca Giordano, Cima da Conegliano, Frans Floris, Chardin, Hogarth, Snyders, Daniel Mytens. The more modern schools include representative works by the great English masters,—Reynolds, Hoppner, Beechey, Lawrence, Gainsborough, Millais, Leighton, Holman Hunt. The French masters include J. F. Millet, Claude Monet, Alfred Sisley and a number of others, while the contemporary British school is strongly represented by fine examples of the work of such artists as Arnesby Brown, Laura Knight, Glyn Philpot, W. Orpen, D. Muirhead, G. Henry, Austen Brown and many others. The Gallery includes an excellent and representative exhibition of the work of Canadian artists both past and present.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND QUARANTINE.

The Public Health Service of the Dominion, considered chiefly in connection with the relations of Canada with other countries, is under the charge of a Director General of Public Health, whose office is a branch of the Department of Agriculture. The report for the year 1913–14 of the Director General of Public Health, printed as an Appendix to the Report of the Minister of Agriculture, describes the prevalence in foreign countries of endemic diseases, including Asiatic cholera, bubonic plague, smallpox, leprosy, beri-beri, enteric fever and tuberculosis, and of the inspection work of the quarantine stations at Canadian ports of entry. During the year 1913–14, 1,464 vessels and 706,682 persons were inspected at 12 quarantine stations, and there were 1,963 admissions into hospitals. The corresponding figures for 1912–13 were 1,311 vessels and 443,463 persons inspected and 1,094 admissions to hospitals.

PUBLIC DEFENCE.

Militia.—The military forces of Canada on March 31, 1914, consisted of a Permanent Force numbering 3,000 officers, non-commissioned officers and men and an Active Militia on the authorized establishment numbering at the same date 5,615 officers and 68,991

non-commissioned officers and men. Details of the establishment are given in the annual reports of the Militia Council. Tables 22 and 23 give particulars as to training, expenditure and revenue for the years 1910–14.

22.—Number of Militia Officers and Men trained in District Camps and at Local Headquarters in the Fiscal Years 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
In district camps. Authorized establishmenti—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Officers	$3,360 \\ 34,955$	$3,548 \\ 38,435$	$3,791 \\ 42,193$	3,768 $41,843$	3,792 $41,991$
Horses	10,913	12,003	15,021	15,018	16,164
Officers	$2,431 \\ 25,404$	$2,326 \\ 25,884$	2,587 $28,841$	$2,571 \\ 28,483$	$2,743 \\ 31,771$
Horses	8,081	8,692	9,585	9,575	11,984
At local headquarters. Authorized establishment ¹ —					
Officers	1,514 $17,865$	1,394 $16,804$	$\frac{1,468}{18,562}$	$1,491 \\ 19,260$	1,823 $27,000$
Horses	607	277	482	500	880
Officers	1,190	1,719	1,220	1,192	1,557
Horses	15,117 415	15,321 209	15,492 173	15,967 196	$21,456 \\ 287$
Total officers and men.					
Authorized establishment ¹ — Officers	4,874	4,942	5,259	5,259	5,615
Non-com. officers and men	52,820 $11,520$	55,239 $12,280$	60,755 $15,503$	61,103 $15,518$	68,991 $17,044$
Trained— Officers	3,621	3,505	3,807	3,763	4,300
Non-com. officers and men	$40,521 \\ 8,496$	$\frac{41,205}{8,901}$	$44,333 \\ 9.758$	44,450	53,227 12,271

¹Does not include units authorized but not yet organized.

23.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years, 1910-1914.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Allowances for drill instruction, care of arms and postage	66,565	104,446	83,867	85,474	101,904
Annual drill	796,608		1,169,068	1,719,257	1,830,034
Clothing and passageries	974.670	272 060	35,947 $475,175$		
Clothing and necessaries Contingencies—including guards	374,670	373,960	470,170	900,700	099,072
of honour, escorts and salutes.	30,364				
Custom dues	36,696 938			$\frac{38,424}{1,010}$	
Dominion arsenal	259.524			325,863	358,315
Engineer services	274,807		487,222	791,895	1,452,729
Grants towards construction of City Regimental Armouries.	_	65,000	-	12,000	

MILITIA. 23.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years, 1910-1914—con.

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Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Grants to artillery and rifle					
associations and to regimental bands	53,187	54,985	56,270	64,315	79,506
Gratuities and compassionate	35,131	04,800	30,210	01,010	10,000
allowances	2,375	3,970	2,551	2,170	4,300
Maintenance of military proper-	·	, i	ŕ		•
ties	74,067	79,961	80,937	88,925	107,214
Pay of InspGen. and military					
members of Militia Council	01.000	01 600	21,600	21,600	21,600
(statutory)	$21,600 \\ 52,717$	21,600 $59,589$			74,000
Pay of headquarters staff Pay of division and district staffs	84,719	76,430			
Permanent force—pay, provisions	01,110	10,100	20,000	110,011	120,
and supplies	1,758,005	1,845,386	1,946,636	2,200,183	2,198,453
Printing and stationery	39,999	60,003	53,489		
Royal Military College	95,934	127,036	134,949	131,241	149,039
Salaries and wages of civil em-			455 045	150 500	107 009
ployees	79,822	153,018	155,645	170,700	197,823
Schools of instruction—pay of	50,967	80,007	70,041	77,765	97,847
active militia attending Topographical survey	23,140	26,260	24,714		39,059
Transport and freight	101,634	124,281	138,230		199,247
Warlike stores	342,406	334,548		683,080	
Defences of Esquimalt-contri-	,	,-		,	,
butions towards	-	- 1			-
Coronation contingents		_	134,835		
Miscellaneous small votes	600	6,318	21,047	17,202	6,508
Expenditure under the following	l i				
six subheads was charged to					
capital account up to 1909-10, inclusive, but to revenue since					
then:—					
Ordnance, ammunition, tents,					
wagons and equipment gen-					
erally, excepting clothing,					
saddlery and harness	323,281	370,469			967,804
Saddlery and harness	47,427	103,753	6,713	942	103,732
Clothing—reserve stock and outfitting new units	204,770	150,220	110,468	100,000	217,419
Ross rifles, spare parts, bayo-	204,770	100,220	110,403	100,000	211,410
nets, scabbards, arm chests					
and inspection	661,123	585,190	419,937	552,073	640,613
Dominion arsenal, for reserve		,		,	,
ammunition	-	_		-	-
Lands and construction of new		100 7701	100 7000	041.000	#1 00#
rifle ranges	63,369	162,7731	183,703²	341,208	51,237
Total ordnance, equipment,					4 000
lands, etc	1,299,970	1,372,405	1,370,097	1,566,709	1,980,805
Total Militia expenditure	5.921.314	6.909.211	7,579,884	9 112 396	10 988 162

¹In addition, \$123,000 was expended for the purchase of a new site for barracks and rifle range, Winnipeg, from moneys received from sale of old rifle range, and also \$17,500 for an Armoury for 4th Field Co., Canadian Engineers, from an appropriation voted under the Department of Public Works Estimates and transferred.

²A separate appropriation of \$75,000 was voted for purchase of lands for a Rifle Range, expenditure on which is included in this amount.

23.—Expenditure and Revenue of Militia for the Fiscal Years, 1910-1914—concluded.

Schedule.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Aid to civil power (statutory and	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
recoverable from municipal- ities	58,613	13,678	716	78	187,857
Toronto barracks—special ac- count	-	63,026	2,012	148,889	45
count	_	123,000 17,500	-	137,053	-
Montreal barracks site	-	- 17,500	-	180,000	-
Department	-	-	-	940	221,849
Pensions—Rebellion, 1837–8 Pensions—Fenian Raids Pensions—Northwest Rebellion	80 1,937	1,710	80 1,828	$\begin{matrix} 40 \\ 1,822 \end{matrix}$	1,788
and general	16,760 27,003	17,628 38,483	17,118 45,698	17,689 50,470	17,834 70,940
Total pensions	45,780	57,901	64,724	70,021	90,562
Civil Government—salaries Civil Government—contingencies	$^{126,726}_{13,500}$	130,732 10,086	137,251 11,963	146,718 22,029	157,137 27,997
Total Civil Government	140,226	140,818	149,214	168,747	185,134
Revenue received— Militia Casual. Royal Military College. Pension Act, 1901	31,783 2,742 29,154 21,742	44,259 1,390 31,650 23,347	59,829 1,806 34,286 25,209	51,359 2,691 36,785 28,393	36,641 1,790 36,817 30,714
Total revenue	85,421	100,646	121,130	119,228	105,962

Naval Service.—The Naval Service of Canada was established by the Naval Service Act 1910 (9-10 Edw. VII, c. 43), the main provisions of which were described in the Year Book of 1910, pp. xxvi-xxix. The Department of the Naval Service, then created, now consists of eight branches: (1) Naval, (2) Fisheries, (3) Fisheries Protection, (4) Tidal and Current Survey, (5) Hydrographic Survey, (6) Radiotelegraphy, (7) Patrol of Northern Waters and (8) Fishing Bounty. The total financial appropriation of the Department for the year 1914-15 was \$4,544,700, of which the sum of \$2,898,984 was expended. The appropriation for the Naval Branch was \$1,000,000, of which the sum of \$512,805 was expended. In addition to the foregoing, the sum of \$3,096,125 was also expended out of the war appropriation.

Royal Naval College.—Fourteen cadets are at present under training at the Royal Naval College of Canada at Halifax. In addition to these, forty-four have completed their college course and are now serving at sea either in Imperial ships or in ships of the Canadian Navy. The reports on cadets continue to be most satisfactory, both

NORTHWEST MOUNTED POLICE.

in regard to those in the College and those at sea, the commanding officers of several of His Majesty's Ships having reported most favourably upon them. The course at the Royal Naval College at Halifax now corresponds to that of the Royal Military College at Kingston, except that it is on a naval basis. Graduates of the College may adopt either a seafaring career or take up positions under the Canadian Government in the Hydrographic or Tidal and Current Surveys. are given an excellent grounding, and should they wish to enter a university and take a technical degree, it has been arranged that they may enter at the Toronto or McGill Universities in the second year of the course. Arrangements have also been concluded with the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty whereby they agree to accept for service in the Royal Navy each year eight cadets who have completed their course, providing they attain a certain standard in their exam-These young officers enter the Imperial Service as cadets and are governed by the same rules and regulations as other officers in the Royal Navy. The next examination for cadets will be held in May, 1916. Successful cadets enter the College about August 1, 1916.

Northwest Mounted Police.—The Royal Northwest Mounted Police are distributed in New Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories and the Yukon Territory, with headquarters at Regina, Saskatchewan, and the operations of the force for the year ended September 30, 1914, are described in the Commissioner's Report dated November 1, 1914. Shortly after the outbreak of the war on August 4, 1914, the strength of the force was increased as follows: 14 in Alberta, 480 in Saskatchewan, 4 in New Manitoba, 3 in the Northwest Territories and 4 in the Yukon Territory, a total increase of 505 non-commissioned officers and constables and of 263 horses, as compared with the previous year.

24.—Strength and Distribution of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police on September 30, 1914.

Description.	Alberta.	Saskat- chewan.	New Mani- toba.	North- west Terri- tories.	Yukon Terri- tory.	Total.
Commissioner		1		_	_	1
Assistant Commissioners	1 1	1		<u> </u>		$_2$
Superintendents		5	2	- 1	1	$1\overline{3}$
Inspectors		17	1	1	3	36
Surgeons	1	1		_		2
Veterinary Surgeons		1	_	-,		1
Staff Sergeants		23	_	1	3	43
Sergeants	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 35 \end{array}$	36	3	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 3 \ 7 \end{array}$	6	79
Corporals	165	$\frac{52}{701}$	10	ن م	3	94
Constables	105	$\frac{701}{32}$	$\frac{16}{3}$	1	34 3	923
Special Constables		52	· •	1	3 .	74
Total	304	870	26	15	53	1,268
Horses	274	538	_	í	23	835
Dogs	19	34	49	12	25	139

CRIMINAL STATISTICS AND PENITENTIARIES.

The criminal statistics of Canada are collected, compiled and published annually by the Census and Statistics Office under statutory authority of the Census and Statistics Act, 1905 (4–5 Edw. VII, c. 5). They relate to the year ended September 30, and the last issued annual report is for 1913. The statistics are divided into the two classes of (1) indictable offences and (2) summary convictions, the former comprising all cases tried by police or other magistrates and the latter all cases of minor importance disposed of by justices of the peace under the Summary Convictions Act.

Indictable Offences.—Table 25 shows by provinces in respect of indictable offences the number of charges and convictions and the percentage of acquittals for the years 1912 and 1913. There were 24,078 charges and 18,320 convictions for indictable offences throughout Canada, during the year ended September 30, 1913, as compared with 20,168 charges and 15,567 convictions in 1912, or an increase of 19.28 p.c. for the former and 17.69 p.c. for the latter during the year. The provinces showing the higher percentages of increase were New Brunswick 39.26, Saskatchewan 32.54, Alberta 25.77 and Manitoba 21.50, while Nova Scotia and the Territories show decreases.

Summary Convictions.—The number of summary convictions in 1913 was 154,818, as compared with 130,960 in 1912. This represents an increase of 23,858, or 14.76 p.c. The principal increases were in drunkenness, from 53,171 in 1912 to 60,975 in 1913, in breaches of municipal acts and bye-laws, from 27,712 in 1912 to 34,283 in 1913, and in vagrancy, loose and disorderly conduct, from 21,072 in 1912 to 25,069 in 1913.

Death Sentences.—During 1913, 23 persons were sentenced to death for murder, as compared with 25 in 1912. Death sentences in 1913 were carried out in 8 cases compared with 13 in 1912, and were commuted to life imprisonment in 15 cases in 1913 compared with 12 in 1912. Three persons were sentenced to be imprisoned for life in 1913, one for being accessory after the fact in a case of murder, one for attempt to commit murder and one for manslaughter, as compared with six for manslaughter in 1912.

25.—Charges, Convictions and Percentages of Acquittals for Indictable Offences by Provinces, 1912 and 1913.

	OJ 1101	mees, ro	12 wild 1				
	******	1912.		1913.			
Provinces.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquit- tals.	Charges.	Convictions.	Acquit- tals.	
	No.	No.	p.c.	No.	No.	p.c.	
Prince Edward Island	18	11	38.9	14	12	14.28	
Nova Scotia	989	729	26.3	908	685	24.56	
New Brunswick	179	135	24.6	218	188	13.76	
Quebec	3,040	2,515	17.2	3,609	2,989	17.18	
Ontario	8,593	6.448	25.0	9,763	7,403	24.17	
Manitoba	1,474	1,302	11.8	1,810	1,582	12.60	
Saskatchewan	1,540	1,220	20.8	2,210	1,617	26.83	
Alberta	1,951	1.521	22.0	2,740	1,913	30.18	
British Columbia	2,340	1,653	29.3	2,770	1,904	31.26	
Yukon	36	26	27.8	36	27	25.00	
The Territories	8	7	12.5	-			
Canada	20,168	15,567	22 8	24,078	18,320	23 .93	

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

26.—Indictable Offences by Classes, 1912 and 1913.

	19	12.	1913.		
Class.	Charges.	Convictions.	charges.	Convic- tions.	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	
I. Offences against the person	4,678 1,493	3,486 1,195	5,825 1,839	4,256 1,472	
violence	$11,691 \\ 387$	$9{,}073$ 273	$13,935 \\ 356$	$10,608 \\ 260$	
V. Forgery and other offences against the currency	496	415	615	541	
classes	1,423	1,125	1,508	1,183	
Totals	20,168	15,567	24,07 8	18,320	

27.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, 1907-1913.

						<u> </u>	
Provinces.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Canada.							
Convictions	79,170	88,633	89,952	102,903	113,260	146,527	173,138
Sentences— Penitentiary	742	987	1,121	882	1,085	1,248	1 202
Gaol or fine	66,768	72,774			93,827	122,491	1,303 $142,016$
Reformatory	305	327	300	433	315	433	551
Death	8	14	18	21	17	25	23
Other Sentences	11,347	14,531	15,178	15,471	18,016	22,330	
Prince Edward I.						ļ	
Convictions	236	293	302	384	396	448	455
Sentences— Penitentiary	2	1	6	3	12	اے	
Gaol or fine	228	291	274	360	367	434	4 447
Reformatory	-	-		-		701	447
Death	-	-	_	-	_	1	_
Other Sentences	6	1	22	21	17	8	4

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ADMINISTRATION.

27.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, 1907-1913—continued.

		 					
Provinces.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Nova Scotia.						_	
Convictions Sentences—	5,109	5,135	4,880	6,097	5,689	6,649	7,038
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	$\begin{array}{c} 70 \\ 4,813 \\ 36 \end{array}$	86 4,806 28	69 4,494 30	$\begin{array}{c} 103 \\ 5,273 \\ 24 \end{array}$	56 5,237 14	$\begin{array}{c} 73 \\ 6,174 \\ 31 \end{array}$	83 6,417 42
Death Other Sentences	190	215	287	697	380	369	494
New Brunswick.							
Convictions Sentences—	2,984	2,947	2,637	2,595	2,912	3,157	3 ,324
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	$\begin{array}{c} 33 \\ 2,862 \\ 10 \end{array}$	$\substack{2,793\\2,793\\6}$	$24 \\ 2,499 \\ 6$	$2{,}391 \\ 4$	$\begin{array}{c}21\\2,764\\1\end{array}$	3,007 5	19 3,166 10
DeathOther Sentences	$\frac{1}{78}$	99	106	166	$1\overline{26}$	117	129
Quebec.							
Convictions Sentences—	15,34 0	18,565	18,855	18,514	19,773	26,850	32,703
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	$174 \\ 11,151 \\ 96$	$ \begin{array}{r} 277 \\ 13,347 \\ 120 \end{array} $	339 13,911 79	209 14,597 105	243 15,671 69	179 21,966 94	187 25,881 121
Death Other Sentences	3,919	4,819	4,525	3,602	3,788	4,604	6,513
Ontario.							
Convictions Sentences—	30,411	34,890	36,636	41,401	40,782	48,552	58,799
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	208 $25,690$ 121	$ \begin{array}{r} 320 \\ 28,311 \\ 123 \end{array} $	353 29,265 169	$33,971 \\ 247$	$ \begin{array}{r} 279 \\ 32,097 \\ 147 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 300 \\ 38,846 \\ 235 \end{array} $	289 45 ,134 263
DeathOther Sentences	4,390	6,131	6,841	6,964	8,252	9,168	13,109
Manitoba.							
Convictions Sentences—	9,592	8,626	9,093	10,026	13,413	15,287	18,095
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	113 8,159 31	86 7,019 39	7,142	69 8,335 8	$126 \\ 11,526 \\ 44$	159 13,057 44	175 15,573 63
DeathOther Sentences	1,287	1,480	1,809	1,614	1,716	2,025	$_{2,282}^{2}$

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CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

27.—Convictions and Sentences for all Offences, 1907-1913—concluded.

Provinces.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Saskatchewan.							
Convictions	5,319	5,199	5,120	7,248	8,294	10,404	13,328
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	38 5,004 -	20 4,829 -	45 4,797 1	$\substack{41\\6,716\\2}$	66 7,688 15	$93 \\ 9{,}702 \\ 4$	70 12,170 8
DeathOther Sentences	$276 \begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 276 \end{vmatrix}$	348	276	3 486	52 4	603	1,076
Alberta.							
Convictions Sentences—	4,473	6,121	6,878	9,515	10,269	16,775	19,426
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	27 4,124 -	38 5,378 3	46 6,016 1	8,234 19	9,113 3	$192 \\ 15,274 \\ 3$	220 17,504 15
Death Other Sentences	322	702	813	1,136	1,047	1,302	3 1,684
British Columbia.					;		
Convictions	5,352	6,576	5,248	6,868	11,529	18,125	19,786
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	76 4,427 11	110 5,779 8	106 4,703 6	6,033 24	9,206 22	$ \begin{array}{r} 216 \\ 13,812 \\ 17 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 252 \\ 15,582 \\ 29 \end{array} $
Death Other Sentences	836	677	430	717	2,126	4,076	$\begin{matrix} 7\\3,916\end{matrix}$
Yukon Territory.							
Convictions Sentences—	354	281	294	238	171	189	184
Penitentiary Gaol or fine Reformatory	310 -	221 -	225 -	169 -	5 127 —	130 -	4 142
DeathOther Sentences	43	1 59	- 69	- 68	- 3 9	- 56	38
The Territories.							
Convictions Sentences—	-	-	9	17	32	91	-
Penitentiary Gaol or fine	<u>-</u>	-	- 9	- 17	- 31	- 89	-
Reformatory Death Other Sentences	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 1	- - 2	- - -

28.—Juvenile Criminals convicted for Indictable Offences by Classes of Offence, 1913, with yearly average for the period 1885-1913.

Offences.	Under 16 years.		16 years and under 21.		Totals.	
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
I. Offences against the person	76	6	305	29	381	35
lence	34 0	2	277	-	617	2
violence	1,729 4 9	82 1	1,366 19	139	3,095 68	$\frac{221}{1}$
rency	8	1	98	7	106	8
above offences	12	6	99	3	111	9
Totals	2,214	98	2,164	178	4,378	276
Yearly average 1885-1913	864	39	1,004	78	1,868	117

29.—Occupation, Civil Condition, Birthplace, etc., of persons convicted for Indictable Offences, 1908-1913.

Schedule.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Charges	15,240					
Acquittals ¹	3,899					5,732
Persons detained for lunacy	11,334	$\frac{20}{11,449}$	$\frac{16}{11,700}$	$\frac{23}{12,627}$		$\frac{26}{18,320}$
Males	10,831	10,893		12,008		
Females	503	556		619		940
First conviction	10,000	9,826	10,283	11,233	14,372	15,725
Second conviction	698	763		800		1,409
Reiterated conviction	636	860	621	594	564	1,186
Sentences-		İ				
Option of a fine	3,126	2,916	3,088	3,071	4,144	4,655
Under one year in gaol	3,794	3,579	3,621	3,994	4,779	5,263
One year and over in gaol	497	470	444	568	738	798
Two years and under five in peni-	779	844	729	821	931	1,007
tentiary	779	044	149	041	901	1,007
tiary	202	275	151	259	308	293
For life in penitentiary		2	2	5	9	3
Death	14	18	21	17	25	23
Committed to reformatories	327	300	433	315	433	551
Other sentences	2,589	3,045	3,211	3,577	4,200	5,727

¹Includes cases where proceedings were stayed, disagreement of jury, etc.

CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

29.—Occupation, Civil Condition, Birthplace, etc., of persons convicted for Indictable Offences, 1908-1913—concluded.

Schedule.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Occupations—	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Agricultural Commercial Domestic	548 1,240 586	590 1,296 524	$\begin{array}{c} 642 \\ 1,373 \\ 565 \end{array}$	545 1,601 654	1,773	702 $2,580$ $1,012$
Industrial Professional Labourer Not given	1,019 127 4,280 3,534	1,067 98 4,229	938 92 4,647	887 112 4,767	1,193 49 5,844	1,441 149 6,191
Civil condition—	,	3,645	3,443	4,061		6,245
Married Single Widowed Not given	2,543 $6,336$ 113 $2,342$	2,911 6,278 147 2,113	2,724 $6,634$ 128 $2,214$	3,278 7,000 188 2,161	3,368 8,631 232 3,336	4,025 10,074 138 4,083
Educational status— Unable to read or write	925	939	787	737	243	274
Elementary Superior Not given	$7,787 \\ 201 \\ 2,421$	7,953 281 $2,276$	$\begin{array}{c} 8,612 \\ 212 \\ 2,089 \end{array}$	9,514 244 2,132	11,996 269 3,059	13,311 295 4,440
Ages— Under 16 years	1,204	1,150	1,373	1,439	1,881	2,313
16 years and under 21	1,701 4,811 1,206	1,525 5,050 1,424	1,589 5,006 1,532	$1,640 \\ 5,795 \\ 1,562$	1,781 6,815 1,675	2,442 7,630 1,560
Not given Use of liquors—	2,412	2,300	2,200	2,191	3,415	4,375
Moderate Immoderate Not given	6,408 $2,404$ $2,522$	6,286 2,833 2,330	7,163 $2,396$ $2,141$	$7,931 \\ 2,499 \\ 2,197$	9, 33 9 3,063 3,165	8,044 3,183 7,093
Birthplace— England and Wales Ireland	961 245	944 247	925 258	$1,246 \\ 302$	1,319	1,961
ScotlandCanada	222 5,852	241 6,106	$257 \\ 6,267$	365 6,376	$ \begin{array}{r} 404 \\ 451 \\ 6,713 \end{array} $	451 571 7,619
Other British possessions United States	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 535 \end{array}$	32 514	49 557	16 734	101 910	$\frac{87}{1,216}$
Other foreign countries Not given	$1,248 \\ 2,269$	$\frac{1,281}{2,084}$	$\frac{1,315}{2,072}$	$\frac{1,547}{2,041}$	$\frac{2,065}{3,604}$	$\frac{2,674}{3,741}$
Religion— Baptist	220	242	241	285	383	374
Roman Catholic	3,831 1,222 958	3,893 $1,476$ 921	4,083 1,486 900	4,194 1,705 1,097	4,721 1,951 1,218	5,633 2,196 1,127
Presbyterian Protestant Other denominations Not given	777 1,046 704 2,576	766 884 674 2,593	916 1,137 615 2,322	1,178 1,132 590 2,446	1,224 1,325 1,174 3,571	1,380 2,304 1,240 4,066
Residence— Cities and towns	8,261	7,916	8,763	9,610	11,474	14,061
Rural districts Not given	1,327 1,746	1,593 1,940	1,355 1,582	1,459 1,558	$\frac{1,355}{2,738}$	$1,406 \\ 2,853$

30.—Number of Convictions by Classes of Offences and the Proportion per cent. of each class to the total, 1881, 1891, 1909-13.

1	ľo	tal	Num	ber.
---	----	-----	-----	------

							
Class of Offences.	1881.	1891.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Offences against the person	4,353	4,788	6,856	7,793	8,352	9,371	12,272
Offences against property with violence	144	283	848	943	977	1,195	1,472
Offences against property without violence	1,932	3,104	7,228	7,375	8,228	9,695	13,241
Malicious offences against property	499	254	643	816	796	931	1,522
Forgery and offences against the currency Other indictable offences Offences against municipal	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 248 \end{array}$	36 190	$\frac{279}{1,053}$	237 894	328 866		
bye-laws Offences against liquor laws Drunkenness	$2,563 \\ 1,747 \\ 9,575$	3,777 $2,309$ $12,997$	14,918 $3,999$ $31,105$	4,665	4,775	5,671	34,283 $5,969$ $60,975$
Vagrancy, disorderly conduct and kindred offences Other minor offences	5,898 2,231	$7,149 \ 2,730$	$15,659 \\ 7,364$				25,069 16,611
Total	29,225	37,617	89,952	102,903	113,260	146,527	173,138
Class of Offences.		Propor	tion of e	each cla	ss to the	e total.	
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Offences against the person.	15.0	12.7	7.6	7.5	7.3	6.4	7.1
Offences against property with violence	0.5	0.7	0.9	υ.9	0.9	0.8	0.7
Offences against property without violence	6.6	8.3	8.0	7.2	7.3	6.8	7.6
Malicious offences against property	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.9
Forgery and offences against the currency Other indictable offences Offences against municipal	0.9	$0.1 \\ 0.5$	$\substack{0.3\\1.2}$				
bye-laws Offences against liquor laws Drunkenness.	$\begin{array}{c} 8.7 \\ 6.0 \\ 32.8 \end{array}$	$10.0 \\ 6.1 \\ 34.6$	$16.6 \\ 4.4 \\ 34.6$	4.5	4.2	3.8	3.6
Vagrancy, disorderly conduct and kindred offences Other minor offences	$\frac{20.2}{7.6}$	$\substack{19.0\\7.3}$	17.3 8.4	16.2	17.0 9.0		
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

PENITENTIARIES.

Penitentiaries.—The statistics of penitentiaries are compiled from the annual reports to the Minister of Justice of the Inspectors of Penitentiaries. The report for the fiscal year 1913-14, in reference to the parole system, states that the total number of paroles granted during a fifteen years' operation is 6,540. The number of sentences completed on parole during the 15 years was 5.418; that is, 83 p.c. of the entire number released have finished their paroles, are now absolutely free from the oversight of the system, and, as far as is known. are enjoying good citizenship. The total number of prisoners now on parole and reporting is 704, revealing that another 10 p.c. of the entire number have still the prospect of finishing their parole during the coming years. On the other hand, during the 15 years' operation of the parole system, the total number of forfeitures for subsequent conviction was 192, or 2.9 p.c. The number of cancellations for non-compliance with conditions of license for the past 15 years was 226, bringing up the total number of failures in the system to date, 418, or 6.4 p.c. on the entire system.

31.-Movement of Convicts, 1909-1914.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
In custody at beginning of fiscal year	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	1,476	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968
Received— By forfeiture of parole. Paroles revoked. Recaptured. By transfer From gaol, etc. Totals	8	13	12	9	10	26
	4	5	7	6	7	10
	6	3	1	3	7	6
	15	20	8	55;	21	16
	861	790	810	801	890	869
	2,370	2,596	2,697	2,739	2,830	2,895
Released by— Death Escape Expiry of sentence Order of the court Pardon Parole Transfer Deportation Sent to Reformatory Returned—insane Order of Minister	21	24	22	20	23	16
	4	5	2	9	6	10
	291	322	394	322	282	274
	3	3	5	-	2	4
	14	17	15	17	3	5
	244	286	334	380	445	480
	15	20	8	55	21	15
	13	54	45	40	73	84
	-	1	-	-	-	1
	-	4	7	1	5	4
In custody at end of fiscal year	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,970	2,003

32.-Number of Deaths, Escapes, Pardons and Paroles, 1909-1914.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
Deaths	21 4 14 244	24 5 17 286	2 15	20 9 17 380	23 6 3 445	16 10 5 480

33.-Age of Convicts, 1909-1914.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Under 20 years From 20 to under 30 From 30 to under 40 From 40 to under 50 From 50 to under 60 Over 60 years	191 774 447 210 104 39	206 838 442 226 103 44	187 823 474 235 107 391	173 840 481 251 103 47 ²	209 875 496 249 104 35	186 890 534 243 108 42
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003

34.-Duration of Sentences, 1909-1914.

Schedule.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Under 2 years	_	3	1	1	4	_
Two years	430	451	456	473	448	500
Two to under 3 years	61	74 .	86	73	67	64
Three years	378	392	363	357	422	413
Over 3 to under 4 years	26	27	26	26	, 26	32
Four years	152	161	157	141	125	125
Over 4 to under 5 years	11	17	12	9	11	7
Five years	261	246	264	278	314	303
Over 5 to under 6 years	6	10	7	8	9	9
Six years	40	42	37	41	38	44
Seven years	125	144	150	148	121	106
Eight years	22	22	22	22	22	17
Nine years	8	8	8	6	8	4
Ten years	79	91	104	110	109	123
Eleven years	2	1	2	4	8	2
Twelve years	11	14	16	21	25	23
Thirteen years	2	2	2	1	1	-
Fourteen years	23	21	20	22	21	25
Fifteen years	21	23	23	24	34	42
Sixteen to 19 years	6	7	4	6	4	1
Twenty years	24	28	29	29	33	33
Twenty-one and over	11	10	9	11	17	18
For Life	66	65	66	84	101	112
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,8653	1,895	1,968	2.003

 $^{^{1}}$ Includes one age not given and one age unknown. 2 Includes two age unknown. 3 Includes one not given (insane).

PENITENTIARIES.

35.—Classification of Convicts, 1909-1914.

Classes.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
By Race— African Caucasian	1,635	53 1,738	52 1,747	52 1,777	62 1,831	57 1,867
IndianIndian half breed	$egin{array}{c} 24 \ 22 \ 22 \ \end{array}$	29 19 20	25 19 21	21 18 27	23 23 29	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 16 \\ 41 \end{array}$
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,8651	1,895	1,968	2,003
By Nationality—						
Australian. Canadian English	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 1,046 \\ 201 \\ 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 1,071 \\ 208 \\ 50 \end{array}$	$1,004 \\ 198 \\ 54$	6 958 208 64	5 984 206 67	993 221 58
ScotchOther British	34 12	39 16	45 21	52 15	56 21	59 37
Foreign— American (U.S.)	181 23 16 18 27 71 31 16 29	184 36 13 23 32 98 36 14 31	229 61 13 20 18 94 41 24 39	226 74 18 19 28 114 35 26 51	260 73 20 12 34 117 49 25 39	246 97 26 11 32 102 51 30 40
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,8953	1,968	2,003
By Conjugal State— Single	1,196 512 57 -	1,267 535 56 1	1,251 548 65	1,280 545 70 -	1,291 615 59 3	1,306 631 63 3
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,8653	1,895	1,968	2,003
By Sex— Male Female	1,731 34	$1,824 \\ 35$	1,839 26	1,875 20	1,941 27	1,977 26
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003

Includes one in Selkirk Asylum; no details given.

²Including Danish, Norwegian, and Swedish.

³Includes one not given (insane).

ADMINISTRATION

35.—Classification of Convicts, 1909-1914—concluded.

Classes.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.	1914.
By Social Habits—						
AbstainersTemperateIntemperate	302 874 589	316 902 641	311 848 704	281 944 666	283 995 687	310 1,016 677
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,8651	1,8952	1,9683	2,003
By Educational Status—		1				
Cannot read or write Can read only Can read and write	265 77 1,423	275 101 1,483	253 96 1,514	273 30 1,591	229 20 1,719	$\begin{array}{c} 247 \\ 27 \\ 1,729 \end{array}$
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,8651	1,8954	1,968	2,003
By Religion—						
Adventist. Anglican. Baptist Buddhist Congregationalist Greek Catholic Jewish. Lutheran. Methodist Mormon. Presbyterian. Quaker Roman Catholic Salvation Army Unitarian. Universalist Other creeds No creed.	343 78 17 3 2 15 41 185 1 173 1 871 1 1 8, 23	- 344 72 17 4 2 17 51 199 - 183 2 931 4 2 - 92	- 317 83 18 3 11 19 54 182 - 219 2 930 3 2 - 8 14	- 326 84 15 3 4 18 61 195 - 203 1 934 3 2 1 40 5	- 345 85 15 6 30 12 60 215 - 213 - 947 3 1 1 - 27	2 348 97 31 4 33 12 79 218 - 216 - 929 4 1 2 8 19
Totals	1,765	1,859	1,865	1,895	1,968	2,003

¹Includes two not given (insane).

Includes three not given (insane).

²Includes four not given (insane).

Includes one not given (insane).

DIVORCE.

36.-Statistics of Divorce, 1868-1914.

X 7	G	ranted by Pa	y the Dominic	Granted by the Courts.			
Year.	Ontario.	Quebec.	Quebec. Northwest Territories.		Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick.	British Colum- bia.
 1868	_	_	_		3		_
1869	1	1	_	-	1	2 1	-
870	_	-	_	-	2	1	_
1871	· -	_	- 1	_	2	2	-
.872	-	_	-	-	1	$\bar{3}$	
.873 874	1	_	-	_	3	, -	-
874 875	1	_	_	_	4	_	_
876	1	_	_	_	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	_
877	3	_	_	_	5	_	1
878	2	1	_	_	ĭ	3	î
879	ī	_	_	_	1	2	_
880	-	_	-	_	3	2	_
881	-	_	-	_	2	2	3
882	-		_	-	4	1	1
.883	-	-	-	-	3	7	3
.884	1	- 1	_	_	4 4	3	$\tilde{2}$
885	4	1	_	-	4	$\frac{3}{5}$	1
886 887	$\frac{1}{2}$	3		_	1	3	1
888	2	1	_	_	3	1	
889	$\frac{1}{2}$	î	_	_	3	6	$\tilde{2}$
890	$\frac{3}{2}$	1	_		4	3	$\bar{3}$
891	4	_	- 1	_	3	_	2 2 3 3
892	1	1	1	1	3	5	3
893	3	4	-		5	2	1
894	5	1	-	-	1		$\tilde{2}$
895	3	- !	-	-	5	5	_
896	-	_	-	-	6	1	· 3
897	1	1	_ [-	$egin{array}{c} 2 \ 2 \end{array}$	- 5	3 6
898 899	2	1	1	_	5	3	2
900	2	1	1	1	1	1	4
901	$\begin{array}{c}2\\2\\2\\2\end{array}$	i - i	-	_	10		7
902	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	_	_	9	1	3
903	2	1	1	1	8	4	4
904	5	1	-	-	6	2	$\tilde{5}$
.905	2	3	$_2$	2	6	2	18
			411 0 1				
1000	10	3	Alber. Sask.		_		17
1906	10	1	1 -	1	5 8 1	$\frac{1}{3}$	17 9
.907	8	1			5	5	$\frac{9}{12}$
909	8	4	$\begin{bmatrix} - & - \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	2	81	5	$\frac{12}{22}$
910	14	$\hat{2}$	- ī;	$\tilde{3}$	131	6	12
911	13	4	2 -	3	101	6	19
912	9	3	2 1	1	4	4 2	11
913	20	4	4 1	6	-	4	20
1914	18	7	4 2	2	10	12	15

Notes.—In Prince Edward Island no divorce has been granted from 1868 to 1912; one divorce in the Island was granted in 1913. In British Columbia, in addition to the divorce, 13 judicial separations have been granted: one in 1892, one in 1893, one in 1899, two in 1900, two in 1903, three in 1914; "Decree Nisi" has been granted in 20 cases: four in 1900, two in 1909, six in 1912, five in 1913, and three in 1914.

*Includes one judicial separation.

*Includes one not effective till court costs are paid.

ADMINISTRATION.

List of the Principal Acts of Parliament administered by Departments of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Departments.

Numbers within brackets denote the chapter of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906 (R. S. C. 1906).

Justice.—Department of Justice (21); Solicitor General's (22); Northwest Territories (62); Yukon (63); Dominion Police (92); Judges (138); Supreme Court (139); Exchequer Court (140); Admiralty (141); Petition of Right (142); Criminal Code (146); Penitentiary (147); Prisons and Reformatories (148); Identification of Criminals (149); Ticket of Leave (150); Fugitive Offenders' (154); Extradition (155); Juvenile Delinquents (7-8 Edw. VII, c. 40, 1908).

External Affairs.—The functions and duties of this Department are defined by the Department of External Affairs Act, 1912 (2 Geo. V, c. 22) and by the International Boundary Waters Treaty Act (1–2 Geo. V, 1911, c. 28), as amended by the statute of April 3, 1914 (4 Geo. V, c. 5).

Customs.—Customs Tariff; Customs; Canada Shipping (in part); Infectious and Contagious Diseases affecting Animals (in part); Destructive Insect and Pest (in part); Export; Copyright (in part); Petroleum and Naphtha Inspection (in part).

Post Office.—Post Office; Government Annuities; Pacific Cable; Special War Revenue, 1915.

Agriculture.—Experimental Farm Stations; Inspection and Sale, Part IX (Fruit and Fruit Marks); Dairy Industry; Cold Storage; Cold Storage Warehouse; Milk Test; Seed Control; Live Stock Pedigree; Animal Contagious Diseases; Meat and Canned Foods; Destructive Insect and Pest; Agricultural Instruction; Quarantine; Leprosy; Public Works (Health); Patent; Trade Mark and Design; Timber Marking; Copyright.

Interior.—Department of the Interior; Immigration; Dominion Lands; Dominion Lands Surveys; Forest Reserves and Parks; Irrigation; Railway Belt; Railway Belt Water; Yukon; Yukon Placer Mining.

Finance.—Department of Finance and Treasury Board; Appropriation; Civil Service; Superannuation and Retirement; Contingencies; Consolidated Revenue and Audit; Currency; Ottawa Mint; Dominion Notes; Provincial Subsidies; Bank; Savings Bank; Penny Bank; Quebec Savings Banks; Bills of Exchange; Interest.

Insurance.—Insurance.

Militia and Defence.—Militia and Defence of Canada; Royal Military College; Militia Pension; An Act to enable Canadian Soldiers on active military service during the present war to exercise their electoral franchise.

Public Works of Canada.—Public Works (39); Government Harbours and Piers, s. 5 (112); Navigable Waters Protection, s. 7 (115); Telegraph Secrecy (126); Dry Dock Subsidies (9–10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 17); An Act to amend the Navigable Waters Protection Act (9–10 Ed. VII, 1910, c. 44); An Act to authorize the payment of a subsidy to the Collingwood Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 17); An Act to amend the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910 (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 20); An Act to amend the Government Works Toll Act, R.S.C. 1906, c. 40 (2 Geo. V, 1912, c. 26); An Act to incorporate the National Gallery of Canada (3–4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 33); An Act to authorize the payment of a subsidy to the Western Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (3–4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 57); An Act to amend the Dry Dock Subsidies Act, 1910 (4–5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 29).

Trade and Commerce.—Canada Grain; Inspection and Sale; Culling and Measuring of Timber in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec; Manufacture of Binder Twine in Canada; Petroleum Bounty, 1909; Bounties on Lead contained in lead-bearing ores mined in Canada; Gold and Silver Marking; Census and Statistics.

Labour.—Conciliation and Labour (96); Industrial Disputes Investigation (6-7 Edw. VII, 1907, c. 20); Combines Investigation (9-10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 2); Fair Wages Resolution of the House of Commons; White Phosphorus Matches (4-5 Geo. V. 1914, c. 12).

(4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 12).

Secretary of State.—Companies; Naturalization; Canada Temperance; Civil

Service; Board of Trade; Trade Unions.

LIST OF DOMINION ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

Naval Service.—Naval Service (9-10 Edw. VII, 1910, c. 43); Radiotelegraph (3-4 Geo. V, 1913, c. 43) and Regulations issued thereunder; Fisheries (4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 8) and Regulations issued thereunder; Fish Inspection (4-5 Geo. V, 1914, c. 45).

Railways and Canals.—Department of Railways and Canals (35); Government Railways (36); Intercolonial and P.E.I. Railway Employees' Provident Fund (6-7 Edw. VII, 1907, c. 22). The Railway Act (Companies), R.S.C. 1906, c. 37, and its amendments call for direct action by the Minister of the Department as to approval of the general location of railways and confer upon him certain powers as to statistics. In the case of subsidized railways the authorizing Acts are carried out under the Department and so also in respect of some features are the National Transcontinental, the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern Railway Acts where Government guarantee has been given.

Marine.—Department of Marine and Fisheries; Government Vessels Discipline; Government Harbours and Piers; Canada Shipping; Navigable Waters Protection;

Quebec Harbour and River Police; Live Stock Shipping.

Indian Affairs.—The Indian Act, 1906, with amendments to date.

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.—Public Printing and Stationery

(80).

Inland Revenue.—Inland Revenue; and the Acts respecting the adulteration of food and other articles; Weights and Measures; Inspection of Electricity and Inspection of Gas and Gas Meters; Public Ferries; Proprietary or Patent Medicines; Agricultural Fertilizers; Commercial Feeding Stuffs; Petroleum and Naphtha; Special War Revenue, 1915.

Mines.—Mines and Geological Survey Department (6-7 Edw. VII, 1907,

c. 29).

Commission of Conservation.—Conservation Act (8-9, Edw. VII, c. 27, 1909) and amending Acts (9-10, Edw. VII, c. 42, 1910; 3-4, Geo. V, c. 12, 1913).

List of Principal Publications of Departments of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Departments.

Customs.—Annual Report containing Tables of Imports, Exports and Navigation. Monthly Statements of Imports entered for Consumption and Exports of the Dominion.

Post Office.—Annual Report of Postmaster General. Official Postal Guide. Regulations as to parcel post, rural mail delivery and government annuities.

Agriculture.—The Agricultural Gazette of Canada (monthly). ports of the Minister, of the Experimental Farms and Stations, of the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, of the Veterinary Director General and of the Live Stock Commissioner. Bulletins of the Experimental Farms Branch on a great variety of agricultural subjects, including publications of the following ten Divisions: Field Husbandry; Animal Husbandry; Horticulture; Cereal; Chemistry; Forage Plants; Botany; Poultry and Tobacco. Guide to the Experimental Farms and Stations. Bulletins of the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch relating to the history of the dairying and cold storage industry in Canada; the making of butter and cheese, cow-testing, dairying experiments; fruit-growing; co-operation, etc. Reports of the Live Stock Branch; Record of Performance; sheep and swine; beef raising; horse breeding; poultry and the marketing of eggs. Reports of the Health of Animals Branch, with regulations as to contagious abortion; rabies; sheep scab; actinomycosis; anthrax; glanders; hog cholera; maladie du coit; tuberculosis; quarantine; meat inspection. Bulletins on Foot-and-Mouth Disease. Bulletins and Reports of the Seed Branch as to seed-testing; the production and use of seed grains and the Seed Control Act. Bulletins and Circulars of the Entomological Branch and instructions to importers of nursery stock. Reports of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association. Fodder and Pasture Plants, by George H. Clark, B.S.A., and M. Oscar Malte, Ph.D., 143 pages, 27 plates, price 50 cents. Bulletin on the Maple Sugar Industry; Agricultural War-Book; Agricultural Instruction Act. Bulletin of Foreign Agricultural Intelligence containing reports of the International Agricultural Institute.

Note.—The foregoing is a selection from the publications of the Department. A complete list of publications available for distribution is issued, and so long as the supply lasts copies of publications will be sent free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

ADMINISTRATION.

Interior.—Annual Report with reports from the following branches: Immigration; Topographical Surveys; Astronomical Observatory; Dominion Parks; Forestry; Irrigation; Water Power; Railway Lands; British Columbia Lands; Mining Lands and Yukon; Chief Geographer. Hand Book for the Information of Intending Settlers. Pamphlets, Reports, Bulletins, etc. of the respective Branches of which the following is a selection. Immigration Branch: Canada West (English, French, the following is a selection. Immigration Branch: Canada West (English, French, Danish, Norwegian, Swedish, German); Atlas of Canada (English, French, German); Country Called Canada (English, French); What Irishmen say of Canada; Canada as seen through Scottish Eyes; Canada—The Land of Opportunity (English, German, Swedish, Danish); An Agricultural Tour in Canada; Settling on Canada's Free Land; Classes Canada Calls For; Homestead Regulations; Woman's Work in Canada; Prince Edward Island; Nova Scotia Pamphlet; New Brunswick Pamphlet; Eastern Quebec—Région de Lac St. Jean, etc. (French and English); Western Quebec—Timiskaming, etc. (French); Eastern Townships of Quebec; Ontario—Canada's Farthest South; Ontario—Improved Ontario Farms; Ontario—The Heart of Canada; Ontario—Thunder Bay, Kenora and Rainy River Districts of New Ontario: Rivière de la Paix: Canada Agricole: Prairie Provinces Districts of New Ontario; Rivière de la Paix; Canada Agricole; Prairie Provinces in 1912; British Columbia—Canada's Land of Promise on the Pacific; Canadian Winter; Law and Regulations respecting Immigration and Immigrants; Immigration Facts and Figures. Topographical Surveys: (1) Annual Report of the Topographical Surveys Branch, and accompanying maps. (2) Manual of Instructions for the Survey of Dominion Lands. Price 50 cents. (3) Rules and Regulations of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors, and programme of the subjects of the various examinations. (4) The Selkirk Range (in two volumes), by A. O. Wheeler, F.R.G.S. Price \$1. (5) Copying Camera of the Surveyor General's Office. (6) Photographic Methods Employed by the Canadian Topographical Survey, by A. O. Wheeler, F.R.G.S. (7) Precise Measuring with Invar Wires and the Measurement of the Kootenay Base, by P. A. Carson, (8) Papers on Descriptions for Deeds. (9) Description of the townships surveyed in the different Provinces, yearly since 1909. (10) Description of the surveyed townships in the Peace River District, in the Provinces of Alberta and British Columbia. (11) Description of lands comprised within the Fort Pitt Sectional Map, consisting of townships 49 to 56, ranges 15 to 28, west of the third meridian. (Copies of the publications of the Topographical Surveys Branch may be obtained on application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior for Nos. 1 and 4; to the Surveyor General for Nos. 2, 5-11 and to the Secretary, Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors for No. 3.) Dominion Astronomical Observatory: Publications, Vol. I, No. 1, Stereographic Projection Tables by Otto Klotz, LL.D., F.R.A.S. No. 2, Precise Levels, by D. H. Nelles, D.L.S. No. 3, Precise Levelling, by F. B. Reid, D.L.S. No. 4, Orbit of 88 d Tauri, by W. E. Harper, M. A. No. 5, Earthquake of April 28, 1913, by Otto Klotz. No. 6, The Spectrum of Nova Geminorum, by J. S. Plaskett, B.A., D.Sc., F.R.S.C. No. 7, Experiments regarding efficiency of Spectrographs, by J. S. Plaskett. No. 8, Precise Levelling by F. B. Reid, D.L.S. No. 9, Orbit of σ Geminorum, by W. E. Harper, M.A. No. 10, Orbit of b Persei, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. No. 11. Orbits of the Spectroscopic Components of d Boötis, by W. E. Harper, M.A. No. 12. Radial Velocity of ρ Leonis, by W. E. Harper, M.A. No. 14, Orbit of ρ Coronæ Borealis, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. No. 15, Measures of ρ Aquarii, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. No. 16, Measures of σ Leonis, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. Vol. II, No. 1, Precise Levelling, by F. B. Reid, D.L.S. No. 2, Spectroscopic Binary ρ Tauri, by J. S. Plaskett, D.Sc. No. 3, Orbit of σ Cassiopeiæ, by Reynold K. Young, Ph.D. No. 4, Orbit of 136 Tauri, by J. B. Cannon, M.A. Dominion Parks: A Sprig of Mountain Heather. Glaciers of the Rockies and Selkirks. Classified Guide to Fish and their Habitat in the Rocky Mountains Park. The Nakimu Nos. 1 and 4; to the Surveyor General for Nos. 2, 5-11 and to the Secretary, Guide to Fish and their Habitat in the Rocky Mountains Park. The Nakimu Caves. Guide to the Geology of the Canadian National Parks. Forestry: Bulletins on Tree Planting on the Prairies (1); Forest Products (4, 8, 15, 28, 37, 43, 46, 47, 48, 52); Forest Fires and Railways (16); Timber Conditions on the proposed route of the Hudson Bay Railway (17); the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve (18); Timber Conditions in the Lesser Slave Lake Region (29); Forest Conditions in the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve (33); Wood Using Industries of Canada (36); Timber Conditions in the Little Smoky River Valley (Alberta) and Adjacent Territory (41); Wood-Using Industries of the Maritime Provinces (44); Timber

DOMINION GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

and Soil Conditions in South-Eastern Manitoba (45); Treated Wood-block Paving (49); Wood-using Industries of the Prairie Provinces (50); Game Preservation in the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve (51). Irrigation: Report of Progress of Stream Measurements; Report of the Western Canada Irrigation Association. Water Power: Annual Reports for 1912–13 and 1913–14. The Annual Reports of the Branch previous to 1913 are included in the Annual Report of the Department. Water Resources Papers: (1) Report of the Railway Belt Hydrographic Survey for 1911–12, by P. A. Carson; (2) Report of Bow River Power and Storage Investigations, by M. C. Hendry; (3) Report on Power and Storage Investigations, by M. C. Hendry; (4) Report of the Manitoba Hydrographic Survey to the year ending 1914, by M. C. Hendry; (5) Preliminary Report on the Pasquia Reclamation Project, by T. H. Dunn; (6) Report on Cost of Various Sources of Power for Pumping in connection with the South Saskatchewan Water Supply Diversion Project, by H. E. M. Kensit; (7) Report on the Manitoba Water Powers, by D. L. McLean, S. S. Scovil and J. T. Johnston; (8) Report of the British Columbia Hydrographic Survey, for 1913, by R. G. Swan; (9) Report of Red River Navigation Surveys, by S. S. Scovil; (10) General Guide for Compilation of Water Power Reports of Dominion Water Power Branch, prepared by J. T. Johnston; (11) Final Report on the Pasquia Reclamation Project, by T. H. Dunn; (12) Report on Small Water Powers in Western Canada and Discussion of Sources of Power, for the Farm, by A. M. Beale; (13) Report on the Coquitlam-Buntzen Hydroellectric Development, by G. R. G. Conway. Railway Lands: The Great Mackenzie Basin: The Senate Reports of 1887–1888. Report of Exploration, Seasons of 1908 and 1909, by Frank J. P. Crean, C.E. Preparing Lands for Grain Crops on the Prairies. The Unexploited West. British Columbia Lands: Surveys in Railway Belt, B.C., Parts I and II. Mining Lands and Yukon: The Yukon Territory: Its History and Resources. Chief Geographer: Statistics of th

Finance.—Annual Reports on the Public Accounts of the Dominion of Canada. Loan and Trust Companies. Monthly Statement of the Chartered Banks of Canada. Unclaimed Balances in the Chartered Banks. List of Shareholders in Chartered Banks.

Insurance.—Annual Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada (subject to correction). Annual Reports of the Insurance Department, Vol. I (Fire and Miscellaneous), Vol. II (Life Companies).

Militia and Defence.—Annual Report. Quarterly Militia List. Militia Daily Orders. Militia General Orders.

Trade and Commerce.—Annual Report: Part I, Imports into and Exports from Canada (itemized and general statements); Part II, Canadian Trade with (1) France, (2) Germany, (3) United Kingdom, (4) United States; Part III, Canadian Trade with British and Foreign Countries, except France, Germany United Kingdom and United States; Part IV, Miscellaneous Information (Bounties; Lumber and Staple Products; Revenue and Expenditure of the Department; Statistical Record of the Progress of Canada; Tonnage Tables; Trade Commissioner Service); Part V, Grain Statistics; Part VI, Subsidized Steamship Services; Part VII, Trade of British and Foreign Countries; Monthly Reports of Trade Statistics; Weekly Report circulated within Canada only and containing Reports of Trade Commissioners and general trade information. Miscellaneous publications during 1914: Directory of Foreign Importers, Directory of Canadian Exporters, "The German War and Its Relation to Canadian Trade," List of Licensed Elevators, Grain Inspection in Canada. Publications of the Census and Statistics Office: Canada Year Book. Report on the Census of 1911, Vol. I (Areas and Population); Vol. II (Religions, Origins, etc.); Vol. III (Manufactures); Vol. IV (Agriculture). Census and Statistics Monthly. Criminal Statistics.

Labour.—Monthly: The Labour Gazette (published at the nominal subscription price of 20 cents per annum, averaging 130 or 140 pages). Annually: Report of Department of Labour. Report of Proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Investigations Act, 1907. Report of Proceedings under the Combines Investigation Act. Wholesale Prices in Canada, 1914 (a report is published for each year about May or June). Labour Organization in Canada, 1914 (a report is published for each year about May or June). Special Reports: Strikes and Lockouts in Canada, 1901–1912 (published in October, 1913). Report of Royal Commission on Industrial

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Training and Technical Education (Four volumes. Complete report available since April, 1914). Special Bulletins, etc.

Secretary of State.—Annual Report. Civil Service List (annual); Information respecting Incorporation of Companies. List of Companies incorporated under the various Companies Acts of the Parliament of Canada from 1867 to December 31st, 1913. Copies of Proclamations, Orders in Council and Documents relating to the European War. Arms, Flags and Honours in Canada.

Naval Service.—Annual Report. Naval Branch: Regulations for the entry of Naval Cadets. Regulations for the entry of Naval Instructors and of Medical Officers. Tidal and Current Survey: Tide Tables for the East Coast, Pacific Coast, points on the St. Lawrence Ship Canal, and for Port Nelson, Hudson Bay. Currents in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the Entrance to the St. Lawrence, Belle Isla Strait. Southeast Coasts of New York and Jacob St. Lawrence, Belle Isle Strait, Southeast Coasts of Newfoundland and the amount of in-draught into the larger bays on the South Coast. Tables of Currents into the Bay of Fundy. Radiotelegraph Branch: Proceedings of the International Radiotelegraph Conference of London, 1912. Chart showing the Radiotelegraph stations in the Dominion of Canada. Postmaster General's Handbook for Radiotelegraph Operators (Instructions re handling of traffic, etc.). Hydrographic Survey: Sailing Directions, St. Lawrence Pilot, above and below Quebec. Sailing Directions for the Canadian shores of Lake Erie (1897) and Lake Huron (1905) for the Georgian Bay and North Channel Pilot (1903). Charts of the River St. Lawrence above and below Quebec, St. Lawrence River above Montreal, viz., Lake St. Louis, Lake St. Francis, Coteau Landing to Lancaster, Lancaster Bar to Cornwall. Ottawa River; Lake of Two Mountains, Eastern Portion and Western Portion. Lake Winnipeg. Red River to Berens River, Berens River to Nelson River. Ontario. Main Duck Island to Presqu'Ile. Presqu'Ile Bay. Lake Erie (plans of Lake Huron. Georgian Bay and North Channel. Lake Superior. Pacific Coast. Hudson Bay. Fisheries Branch: Fisheries Annual Report. Biological Report. Reports of Fisheries of Hudson Bay. Fish and How to Cook It. Report on Fish Culture (contained in Fisheries Annual Report). Check List of Canadian Fishes.

Railways and Canals.—Annual Report of the Department. Annual Reports of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway and of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada. Annual Reports of the Comptroller of Statistics comprising (1) Railways; (2) Canals; (3) Telephones; (4) Telegraphs and (5) Express Companies.

Marine.—Marine Annual Report, containing Harbour Commissions, etc. Steamboat Inspection. List of Canadian Shipping. Reports of Expeditions to Hudson Bay. Port Directory of Canada. List of Lights, etc., in Canada: (a) Pacific Coast; (b) Atlantic Coast; (c) Inland Waters. Catalogue of Government Publications of use to Canadian Mariners.

Indian Affairs.—Annual Report. Indian Act, 1906, with Amendments to date. Schedule of Indian Reserves, 1913. Indian Treaties and Surrenders, Vols. I, II, III.

King's Printer and Controller of Stationery.—The Canada Gazette, published weekly by authority with occasional supplements and extras, subscription \$4 per annum payable in advance, single copies 10 cents each number. Annual Report. Price List of Government Publications consisting of Part I (Statutes of Canada), Part II (Public and Private Acts of the Parliament of Canada down to and including Session 4-5 Geo. V, 1914). Part III (Departmental Reports). It is explained that the prices of blue-books are in nearly every case printed upon them and are fixed to cover only the cost of paper and press work. They may be ordered direct from the King's Printer, or through any bookseller in the Dominion.

Inland Revenue.—Besides the Annual Report the principal official publications issued are circulars establishing standards under Section 26 of the Adulteration of Food Act and Bulletins issued in connection with the inspection of samples collected

under the provisions of this Act.

Mines.—The Department of Mines examines the most important mineral deposits and sections of geological interest, makes scientific investigations of the mining and metallurgical industries of Canada and carries on exploratory work in the little-known parts of the country. Detailed reports and geological maps of mining camps, and maps and notes on explored routes have been published. Memoirs have also been issued dealing with economic mineral deposits that have a

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wide distribution throughout the country. High grade contoured topographical maps of a number of sections have been issued in recent years. Publications also appear from time to time, giving the results of investigations in palæontology, botany, zoology, mineralogy and anthropology. A summary report of the operations for the calendar year is published annually by each Branch of the Department, i.e., Geological Survey Branch and Mines Branch, and other reports appear at irregular intervals throughout the year. The total number of publications exceeds 1,400. A copy of a report or map of any particular section may be obtained by applying to the Deputy Minister, Department of Mines, Ottawa.

Commission of Conservation.—Annual Reports, 1910-1914. Reports on Agriculture, Fisheries, Game and Fur-bearing Animals, Forests, Minerals, Public Health, Waters and Water-powers. Monthly Bulletin, entitled "Conservation." For complete list see Catalogue of Publications, revised to December 1, 1913.

Other Departments.—In addition to the publications above enumerated Annual Reports are issued by the Department of Justice on the Penitentiaries of Canada, the Departments of External Affairs, of Public Works and of the Auditor General.

List of Principal Publications of the Provincial Governments of Canada, as compiled from information supplied by the respective Governments.

Notes.—The numbers within brackets are the numbers of the Bulletins.

The publications of the larger provinces are arranged by Departments.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Journal of the Legislative Assembly. Statutes of the Legislative Assembly. Royal Gazette. Annual Reports of the Provincial Auditor on Public Accounts and of the Departments of Public Works, Education and Agriculture. Field Reports and Bulletins. Year Book and Periodical Reports of the Publicity Agent.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Royal Gazette. Journal of Education. Annual Reports on Public Accounts. Vital Statistics, Statistics of Incorporated Towns and Municipalities, Public Health. Education, Industries and Immigration, Agriculture, Crown Lands, Mines, Subsidized Railways and other Public Works, Rural Telephones, Humane Institutions, Public Charities, Penal Institutions, Neglected Children, Temperance and Utilities. Also Annual Reports of the Provincial Secretary, the Factory Inspector, and of the Road and Game Commissioners.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Annual Reports of the Auditor General, of the Board of Health, of the Departments of Education and Agriculture (including Horticulture), Annual Reports on Public Works. Crown Lands, the Hospital for the Insane, the Factory Report, Report on the Jordan Memorial Tuberculosis Sanatorium at River Glade and Report of Women's Institutes.

QUEBEC.

Note.—The titles of publications available in the English language are printed in English.

Agriculture.—Journal of Agriculture and Horticulture, illustrated, monthly. Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture. Rapport du Concours du Mérite Agricole, annual. Rapport de la Société d'Industrie Laitière, annual. Annual Report of the Pomological Society. Annual Report of the Quebec Society for the Protection of Plants against Insects and Fungus Diseases. Rapport des Stations expérimentales d'Arboriculture. Liste des Beurreries et des Fromageries. By J. D. Duchêne, M.V.: Veterinary Medicine (1901); Horse-Breeding (1903); La Vache Laitière. By A. Girard: La Province de Québec; L'Elevage des Porcs (1904); Cultivation of Fruit Trees and Bushes (1904); La Ruche Canadienne; Le Poulailler de la Ferme (1904); La Bonne Ménagère. By A. Buies: L'Outaouais Supérieur (1889); La Province de Québec (1900). L'Elevage et l'Industrie du

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Mouton. Traité de Constructions rurales by Gareau & Plante (1912). Weeds, by O.-E. Dallaire (1904). By Rév. F. Leopold: Cultivation of Fruit Trees (1898); La Culture Fruitière (1914); La Bouillie Soufrée (1912). Culture du Trèfie et de la Luzerne, by Léo Brown (1913). By C.-E. Dionne: Les Mammifères (1902); Les Oiseaux (1906). Le Fromage Raffiné de l'Ile d'Orléans, by J.-C. Chapais (1911). L'Elevage des Animaux de Basse-Cour, by Victor Fortier (1909). Vegetables, by A. Girard (1903). Bulletin on the Appearance of the Crops (July). Bulletin on the Harvest (October). Bulletins: (1) Plans de Beurreries, Fromageries, Fabriques combinées et Chambres de Maturation (1913). (2) Le Drainage pratique, by C. Michaud (1914). (3) Les Engrais Chimiques, by H. Nagant (1913). (4) Dix Années de Pratique et d'Expérience à la Basse-Cour, by Inst. d'Oka (1914). (5) Engraissement de la Volaille, by Inst. d'Oka (1914). (6) Culture du Tabac, by Gareau & Plante (1914). (7) Le Cheval du Cultivateur, by J. D. Duchêne (1914). (8) Culture des Céréales, by Col. Macdonald (1914). (9) L'Elevage du Porc à Bacon, by A. Hansen (1914).

Colonization, Mines and Fisheries.—Rapport Annuel du Ministre de la Colonisation, des Mines et des Pêcheries (1914). Rapport des Opérations Minières de la Province de Québec ((1910, 1911, 1912, 1913). Géologie du Canton Fabre (1911). Géologie et Ressources Naturelles des Bassins des Rivières Harricanaw et Nottaway (1912). Rapport sur la Géologie et les Ressources minières de la Région de Chibougamau (1911). Extraits de Rapports sur le District d'Ungava (1913). Histoire des Pêcheries de la Province de Québec (1ère Partie, 1913). Les Clubs de Chasse et de Pêche de la Province de Québec (1913). L'Elevage domestique des Animaux à fourrure. Eastern Townships of Quebec (1914). Province of Quebec, as a Field for British Immigration (1914).

Lands and Forests.—Annual report of the Minister. Guide du Colon (dern. éd., 1909). By J.-C. Langelier: La Gaspésie (1885); Cantons arpentés et Territoires explorés (1889); Richesse forestière de la Province de Québec (1905). La Forêt, by Fernow (1905). Arbres de Commerce de la Province de Québec, by J.-C. Langelier (1906). By Eugène Rouillard: Tableau des familles de douze enfants (1904-06); La Houille Blanche (1909). Cantons arpentés et Territoires explorés (1908). Liste des Porteurs de Licence de Coupe de Bois (1911). Liste des Personnes autorisées à agir comme Mesureurs et Classificateurs de Bois (1912). Dictionnaire des Lacs et Rivières de la Province de Québec, by Eugène Rouillard (1914). Scieries et Marchands de Bois de la Province de Québec, by T. Giroux (1913). Tableau des Forces hydrauliques concédées par la Province de Québec, du 1er juillet, 1863, au 31 décembre, 1913, by A. Amos. Bulletin No. 1 du service forestier. Bulletin No. 2 du service forestier, by Piché et Bédard (1914).

Public Instruction.—Code Scolaire (1912). Réglements refondus du'Comité Catholique. Manuel de l'Instituteur Catholique (1906). Réglements du Comité Protestant (1909). Manuel des Commissaires d'Ecoles (1908). Education in the Province of Quebec (1914). Protestant Rural Schools (1912). Protestant Schools in the Eastern Townships (1913). Memoranda of Instructions to Teachers (1914). Rapport annuel. Rapport de l'État financier, du Surintendant de l'Instruction publique (annual). Mon Premier Livre. L'Enseignement Primaire. Educational Record.

Attorney General.—Rapport des Inspecteurs de Prisons (annual). Rapport de la Commission des Services d'Utilité publique (annual).

Roads.—Rapport annuel.

Public Works and Labour.—Rapport annuel du Ministre.

Bureau of Statistics.—Statistical Year Book, 1st year, 1914. Municipal Statistics, 1912.

ONTARIO.

Provincial Secretary.—Annual Reports: Hospitals and Charitable Institutions; Hospitals for the Insane; Prisons and Reformatories; Institutions for the Feebleminded and Epileptics; Neglected and Dependent Children. Hospital Bulletin (issued quarterly). Annual Report on the Liquor License Acts. Digest of the Ontario Social Laws.

Treasury.—Annual Statements: Estimated Expenditures; Receipts and Expenditures; Financial Statement delivered in the Legislative Assembly.

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

Attorney General.—Reports of Inspectors: Legal Offices; Registry Offices; Insurance; Division Courts. Reports of the Hydro-Electro and Workmen's Compensation Commissions.

Registrar General.—Vital Statistics Act. Act respecting the Solemnization of Marriage. Physicians' Pocket Reference to the International List of Causes of Death. Annual Report of Births, Marriages and Deaths.

Board of Health.—Public Health Act Pamphlet. Annual Report. Special Report of District Officers of Health. Sewage Disposal for Residences. Facts about Flies, Mosquitoes, and How to Prevent Them. A Little Talk about the Baby. A Simple Method of Water Purification. The Best Foods to Buy during the War. Simple Methods of House Ventilation in Winter. Regulations: Control of Communicable Disease; Slaughter Houses, etc.; Undertakers' Circulars; Prevention of Typhoid Fever; Anti-toxin. Vaccination. Smallpox, Measles, Typhoid Fever, Scarlet Fever. Diphtheria. Consumption (General). Consumption (General Precautions). Consumption (Personal Precautions). Instructions on Disinfection. Leaflet containing Statistics respecting Waterworks and Sewerage Systems. Regulations and Application Forms: Waterworks Approvals; Sewerage Approvals.

Public Works.—Annual Report of the Minister with reports of the Architect, Engineer, Superintendent of Colonization Roads, Chief Boiler Inspector and Statements of Law Clerk and Accountant. Report of Bureau of Labour. Report of Highway Improvement. Regulations of Boiler Inspection.

Lands, Forests and Mines.—Annual Report of the Minister. Preliminary Statistics of Mineral Production, issued annually by the Bureau of Mines. Annual Report of the Bureau of Mines.

Agriculture.—Annual Reports: Minister of Agriculture; Agricultural College and Experimental Farm; Agricultural and Experimental Union; Dairymen's Associations and Dairy Schools; Live Stock and Poultry Associations; Veterinary College; Corn Growers' Association; Bureau of Industries: Part I, Agricultural Statistics; Part II, Chattel Mortgages; Part III, Municipal Statistics; Bee-keepers' Associations; Fruit Growers' Association; Vegetable Growers' Association; Entomological Society; Agricultural Societies; Horticultural Societies; Farmers' Institutes; Women's Institutes. Crop Bulletins: (180) Flour and Breadmaking; (183) Notes on Cheddar Cheese Making; (187) Codling Moth; (188) Weeds of Ontario; (193) Tuberculosis of Fowls; (194) Apple Orcharding; (200) Fruit Juices; (203) Cabbage and Cauliflower; (205–6) Dairy School Bulletins: I, Cheese-making and Butter-making; II, Dairying on the Farm; (207) Ice-cold Storage on the Farm; (208) Farm Poultry and Egg Marketing Conditions in Ontario County; (209) Farm Forestry; (210) Strawberry Culture and the Red Raspberry; (211) Fruits Recommended for Ontario Planters; (212) Orchard Surveys in Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry; (214) Sheep Raising in Ontario—Does it Pay?; (216) Box Packing of Apples; (217) Farm Poultry; (218) Birds of Ontario; 219) San José and Oyster-Shell Scales; (220) Lightning Rods; (221) Value of Milk and its Products; (222) Currants and Gooseberries; (223) Fertilizers; (224) Greenhouse Construction; (225) Swine; (226) Plum Culture in Ontario; (227) Cherry Fruit Flies.

Education.—Annual Report of the Minister of Education. School Acts. Regulations and Courses of Study: Public Schools; Continuation Schools; High Schools. Manuals: Primary; II, III and IV Reader; History; Grammar; Teaching English to French-speaking pupils; Arithmetic; Literature; Manual Training; Science; Composition, Public School; Composition, High School; Topics and Sub-Topics; Sewing. Education Pamphlets; Visual Aids in Teaching of History; List of Reproductions of Works of Art; Auxiliary Classes; Medical School Inspection. Agricultural Bulletins.

MANITOBA.

Agriculture.—Annual Report. Booklets: Manitoba—First Province of Western Canada; Manitoba—The Home of Mixed Farming. Periodical Crop and Live Stock Reports. Map of the Province. Calendar of the Manitoba Agricultural College. Bulletins: (1) Classification of the Horse; (2) Twelve Noxious Weeds; (3) Care of Milk and Cream; (4) Protection of Farm Buildings from Lightning; (5) The Farm Garden; (6) Farm Poultry in Manitoba; (7) Hog-raising in Manitoba;

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(8) Cow Testing; (9) Repairing Farm Equipment and Roads; (10) Plans for Farm Buildings.

Education.—Annual Report. Empire Day Booklet. Monthly Bulletin of Schools. Consolidation of Schools. Progress of Studies. Annual Report of the Superintendent of Neglected Children.

Municipal Commissioner.—Annual Report on Public Health. Statistical Information respecting the Municipalities of the Province, with names and addresses of administration and health officials of each municipality.

Public Works.—Annual Report, including reports on Public Institutions.

Attorney General.—Annual Report included in Sessional Papers. Annual Reports: Public Utilities Commission; Good Roads Commission.

Provincial Treasurer.—Public Accounts.

Provincial Secretary.—Annual Report.

King's Printer.—Manitoba Gazette. Reports on Library and Museum. Journals and Sessional Papers. Statutes of the Province. List of Incorporated and Licensed Companies operating in Manitoba.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Annual Reports of the Departments of Education, Public Works, Telephones and Municipal Affairs, of the Department of the Provincial Secretary and Office of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, of the Superintendent of Insurance, of the Superintendent of Neglected Children and of the Government Printer, Public Accounts of the Treasury Department.

Public Health.—Public Health Act. Regulations: Control, Notification, etc., of Contagious and Infectious Diseases; Camp Regulation; Dairies and Cowsheds and Production and Sale of Milk; Prevention of Nuisances; Health Districts; Hotels, Restaurants, etc.; Tenement Houses, Common Lodging Houses; Hospitals.

Agriculture.—Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture. Annual Reports of Branches, etc.; Dairy; Live Stock; Weed and Seed; Game; Statistics; Bureau of Labour; College of Agriculture. Business Guide. Public Service Monthly; Bulletin on Agricultural Statistics and Crop Conditions. Reports of Commissions; Elevator; Grain Markets; Agricultural Credit. Bulletins: (15) Care of Milk and Cream on the Farm; (21) Methods of Soil Cultivation; (24) Hints for Flax Growers; (25) Feeding Chickens for Market; (31) Better Farming; (32) Hog Cholera; (33) Live Stock Industry; (34) Pioneer Problems; (36) Sheep (for beginners); (37) Sheep; (39) Stallion Enrolment; (42) Co-operative Production; Blackleg; Live Stock Marketing. Live Stock Leaflets: Horse-Breeding; Farm Horses; Beef Cattle; Dairy Herd; Hogs; Egg Trade Circular; Farm Book-keeping Circulars. Acts of the Legislative Assembly: Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.; Agricultural Co-operative Assembly: Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.; Agricultural Co-operative Assembly: Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Co.; Agricultural Co-operative Assembly: Saskatchewan Co-operative Game; Horse Breeders; Dairyman's Brand; Threshermen's Lien; Game; Noxious Weeds; Municipalities' Seed Grain.

ALBERTA.

Agriculture.—Annual Report of the Department of Agriculture. Reports: Commission on Agricultural Credit; Schools of Agriculture; Demonstration Farms and Schools of Agriculture. Bulletins of the Live Stock Branch: Live Stock and Mixed Farming in Alberta; (1) Suggestions re Wintering Brood Sows; (2) Why Sows Eat Their Pigs; (3) Housing of Swine; (4) Preparing for the Pig Crop; Meat Curing on the Farm, Circular No. 1—Pork. Bulletins of the Provincial Health Branch: Consumption; Dairies and Milk; Disinfection; Facts about Flies; Infectious Diseases; Infectivity of Tuberculosis; Notifiable Diseases; Objects of the Public Health Act. Women's Institute Bulletins: Recipes; A Little Talk about the Baby.

Department of the Attorney General.—Annual Report of the Department.

Annual Report on Dependent and Delinquent Children.

Annual Reports are also issued by the Departments of Education; Municipal Affairs; the Provincial Secretary; Public Works; Railways and Telephones; Treasury (Insurance Branch).

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Department of Lands.—Skeena Land Recording Division. South Fork of the Fraser River. Land and Forest Policies: Speeches by the Hon. W. R. Ross, K.C., Minister of Lands. Kitimat Valley. Fort Fraser Land Recording Division. Minister of Lands. Cariboo Land Recording Division. Reports of the Survey and Water Branches. How to Pre-empt or Purchase Land. Series of Maps on varying scales at prices ranging from 10 cents to \$1 per copy, or from 50 cents to \$10 per dozen. Pre-

emptors' series of maps free for single copies.

Department of Agriculture.—Reports, etc.: Farmers' Institutes: Agricultural Fairs Association; Entomological Society; Dairymen's Report; Second Egg-laying Contest; Markets' Commissioner; Fruit-Growers' Association; Rules and Regulations and Instructions to Secretaries of Farmers' Institutes; Rules and Regulations for Women's Institutes; Formulæ for Preserving Fruit. Department Circulars: (2 and 5) Field Crop Competititions; (3) Hints on Caring for School Gardens. How to Grow Tobacco from Seed. Circular Bulletins: (2) Tuberculosis in Poultry; (3) Construction of Fresh-air Brooders; (4) Management of Turkeys; (5) Clover Dodder; (6) Seed Improvement; (7) Keeping Poultry Free from Lice; (8) Corn; Line Cuts for Poultry Houses; Care of Milk and Cream. Bulletins: (8) Feeding Farm Animals (Dairy Cows); (25) Orchard Cleansing; (26) Practical Poultry Raising; (32) Control of Tuberculosis; (33) Fruit Growing Possibilities; Skeena River; (35) Place and Purpose of Family Life; (36) Preparation of Food; (38) Preparation of Silos; (39) Natural and Artificial Prooding and Incubation; (40) Alfalfa (42) Agriculture; Paritic Columbia: (40) Invited in Paritic Columbia: River; (35) Place and Purpose of Family Life; (36) Preparation of Food; (38) Preparation of Silos; (39) Natural and Artificial Brooding and Incubation; (40) Alfalfa; (42) Agriculture in British Columbia; (44) Irrigation in British Columbia; (45) Agricultural Statistics, 1911; (46) Food and Diet, Part I; (48) Exhibition Fruit and Vegetables; (49) Market Poultry; (50) Art of Right Living; (52) Annual Report, Advisory Board of Women's Institutes; (53) Care of Young Children; (55) Care and Marketing of Eggs; Field Crop Competitions, 1913; (57) Boys' and Girls' Field Crop Competitions; (58) Farm Storages for Fruits and Vegetables; (59) Agricultural Statistics, 1913. Bulletin of Poultry Association; (2) Poultry-keeping on a City Lot. Horticultural Circulars: (1) Short Courses in Horticulture; Commercial Onion Culture; (3) Selection of Orchard Sites and Soils; (4) Insects Injurious to Orchards; (5) Plant-growth; (6) Spray Calendar; (7) Fungous Diseases of Orchard and Garden; (8) Packing Orchard Fruits; (9) Sprays and Spraying; (10) Commercial Potato-Culture; (11) Progress and Prospects in Fruit and Vegetable Growing; (12) Orchard Intercrops; (13) Home Vegetable Garden for Coast Sections; (14) Practical Irrigation; (15) Cabbage, Celery, and Tomato Production; (16) Culture of Small Fruits in the Coast Sections; (17) Planting Plans and Distances; (18) Report of the Markets Commissioner; (19) Propagation and Selection of Nursery Stock; (20) Orchard Cultivation and Cover Crops; (21) Pruning Fruit Trees; (22) Thinning Tree-fruits; (23) Fire-blight (Bacillus amylovorus, Burrill); (25) Culture of Small Fruits for the Interior Districts of British Columbia; (26) Top-working of Fruit Trees; (27) Methods of Fruit Picking and Handling; (28) Fertilizers for Fruits and Vegetables; (29) Varieties of Fruit recommended for Commercial Planting; (30) Fruit Marketing.

Bureau of Provincial Information.—Bulletins: (17) Game of British Columbia; Polders: British Columbia; Pacific Great Eastern Railway: Lands, Facts, Figures, Opportunities:

British Columbia; Pacific Great Eastern Railway: Lands, Facts, Figures, Opportunities; Canadian Northern Pacific Railway: Lands, Opportunities, Facts. Kettle River Valley: Lands, Facts, Figures and Photographs.

Other Publications: Journal of the Legislative Assembly; British Columbia Gazette; Year Book of British Columbia, edited by R. E. Gosnell; price, including postage, \$1.15. Reports of Royal Commissions: Agriculture; Labour; Coal. Annual Reports: Board of Health; Births, Marriages and Deaths; Mental Hospitals. Reports of the Ministers of Lands, Mines, Public Works, Auditor General, Superintendent of Insurance, Fisheries Commissioner, Inspector of Factories, Provincial Game Warden, Agent General for British Columbia; Provincial Museum; Public Accounts; Public Schools; Botanical Office; Printing Office; Archives; Industrial School.

Note.—Copies of publications available for free distribution may be obtained on application to the Bureau of Provincial Information, Victoria, B.C.

YUKON TERRITORY.

Ordinary Journals and Sessional Papers of the Territorial Council. The Sessional Papers contain Reports of the Territorial Officers, including those of the Superintendent of Works, Health Officer and Territorial Assayer.

XII.—PRINCIPAL EVENTS OF THE YEAR 1914.

Parliamentary Legislation, 1914.—The third session of the twelfth Parliament of Canada, held at Ottawa from January 15 to June 12, 1914, resulted in the passing of 59 public general and 128 local and private acts. Representation in the House of Commons, naturalization of aliens and incorporation of loan and trust companies were amongst the more important subjects of public legislation.

Representation Act.—Under the Representation Act, 1914 (chapter 51), which takes effect after dissolution of the present Parliament, the House of Commons will consist of 234 members, a net increase of 13. In the redistribution Prince Edward Island loses one member, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick lose two members and Ontario four members, whilst the gain to western Canada is 22, viz., Manitoba five, Saskatchewan six, Alberta five and British Columbia six members. The representation in the House of Commons by provinces and districts, according to the new Act, was shown in Table 3 on pages 591-3 of the Year Book for 1913.

Imperial Naturalization.—For many years the question of the naturalization of aliens within the different self-governing Dominions of the British Empire has occupied public attention, and especially has been the subject of discussion and of resolutions at the London Imperial Conferences of 1902, 1907 and 1911. At the Imperial Conference of 1911 an agreement was arrived at in consequence of which the Imperial Parliament enacted, on August 7, 1914, the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914 (4-5 Geo. V., c. 17), wherein it is provided that the part of the Act which relates to naturalization shall have no application to the self-governing Dominions unless adopted by their respective Legislatures. The effect of the legislation enacted by the Imperial Parliament and enacted or to be enacted by the Parliaments of the Dominions is that persons naturalized in any of these Dominions or in the United Kingdom become British subjects throughout the Empire, thus abolishing the anomaly formerly existing that an alien naturalized in Canada would be a British subject in Canada, but would not possess that status outside of the Dominion. On June 12, 1914, the Dominion Parliament passed the Naturalization Act, 1914 (chapter 44), which gives effect to the Imperial legislation so far as Canada in concerned. This Act makes certain changes in the law of naturalization as previously in force in Canada, the chief being that a person born out of the realm is regarded as a British subject if his father is such either by birth or naturalization, instead of as under the previously existing law which required that his father or grandfather should be a natural-born British subject. Also the new Act requires that before naturalization can be granted in Canada to any applicant for naturalization he must have resided in Canada for not less than one year immediately preceding the application, and must have resided either in Canada or in some other part of the King's Dominions for a period of four years within the last eight years before the application. Formerly the period required was residence in Canada for three years. provisions of the Act relate to the effect of marriage upon the status of women, the loss of British nationality and the status of aliens. The

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Act went into force on January 1, 1915. By an amending Act of August 22, passed during the special war session of 1914, widows who were British subjects before their marriage to aliens are exempted from the requirements as to residence before resumption of British nationality, and married women whose husbands cease to be British subjects may retain their British nationality.

Loan and Trust Companies Acts.—The Loan Companies Act (chapter 40), and the Trust Companies Act (chapter 55), settle the conditions under which in future these companies may be formed and carry on their business. Both Acts follow generally the lines laid down by the Bank Act passed in the previous session. In future, loan and trust companies may not be formed as in the past by letters patent or by special Act, but must be incorporated by a Model Bill which is annexed to each Act as Schedule A. Provision is made in each Act for the auditing of accounts, and annual statements must be transmitted by the company, trust or loan, as the case may be, to the Minister of Finance, setting forth the condition and affairs of the company in the form prescribed by the Act.

Fisheries and Fish Inspection Acts.—The Fisheries Act (chapter'8), consisting of 93 sections, effects, with amendments, a consolidation of the laws respecting fisheries and fishing. The Fish Inspection Act (chapter 45) provides for the inspection and branding of pickled fish, including herring, alewives, mackerel and salmon. It went into force on May 1, 1915.

White Phosphorus Matches Act.—This Act (chapter 12) prohibits the manufacture, importation and sale of matches made with white phosphorus, a substance known to possess poisonous properties of dangerous character. The Act went into force on January 1, 1915, excepting Section 5, prohibiting the sale or use of matches made with white phosphorus, which section will not be operative until January 1, 1916.

Maritime Conventions Act.—By this Act (chapter 13) are carried into effect in Canada two conventions dealing respectively with collisions between vessels and with salvage, which were signed at Brussels in 1910. The Act brings the law of Canada into harmony with British law, as enacted by the Maritime Conventions Act, 1911, of the Imperial Parliament.

Cold Storage Warehouse Act. Chapter 22 is described as an Act to regulate cold storage warehouses. It empowers the Governor in Council to make regulations which may provide—

- (a) For the licensing of all cold storage warehouses;
- (b) For the inspection of all cold storage warehouses;
- (c) For a system of periodic and other reports by owners of cold storage warehouses, showing the quantities in storage of the several articles of food;
- (d) For limiting the several periods of time during which the respective articles of food may be held in cold storage;
- (e) For the inspection of food products before they are placed in cold storage warehouses, while they are in such warehouse and when they are removed therefrom; and
- (f) For labelling and marking food products or packages of food products when placed in cold storage warehouse and when removed therefrom for sale.

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The Act does not apply to refrigerated rooms in connection with hotels, restaurants, dining car services, retail shops, private houses and manufacturing establishments other than packing houses, nor to refrigerated cars or steamships with refrigerated space.

Customs Tariff.—The Customs Tariff Act (chapter 26) makes alterations in the rates of duty applicable to 53 items in Schedule A of the Customs Tariff of 1907, as amended by chapter 15 of the Statutes of 1913, and to six items in Schedule B of the Tariff of 1907. The Act also gives power to the Governor in Council to impose a surtax, not exceeding 20 p.c. ad valorem, in the case of goods imported from foreign countries which treat Canadian imports less favourably than those from other countries, and to make regulations affecting the drawback on pig iron used in the manufacture of mowing machines and other agricultural implements specified. To Schedule C (Prohibited Goods) of the Tariff of 1907 are added aigrettes, egret and osprey plumes and the feathers, etc., of wild birds. The plumage of certain birds, including the ostrich and pheasant, is excepted from the prohibition, which took effect on January 1, 1915.

Inspection and Sale Act.—Chapter 36 amends the Inspection and Sale Act (R.S. 1906, c. 85) in various directions, and makes changes in the legal weights of certain commodities as follows: the net weight of flour and meal to be 196 lb. per barrel and 98 lb. per half barrel; of rolled oats 180 lb. per barrel and 90 lb. per half barrel; of rolled wheat, 100 lb. per barrel and 50 lb. per half barrel. The legal weights per bushel of other articles named are fixed as follows: artichokes, 50 lb.; beets, 50 lb. (instead of 60 lb.); carrots, 50 lb. (instead of 60 lb.); parsnips, 45 lb. (instead of 60 lb.); and turnips 50 lb. (instead of 60 lb.). The legal weights per bag are fixed as follows: artichokes, 84 lb.; beets, carrots, onions and turnips, 75 lb.; parsnips, 60 lb.; and potatoes, 90 lb. The weight of a barrel of potatoes, in the absence of special agreement to the contrary, is fixed at 165 lb. The Act went into force on January 1, 1915.

Amendment of the Judges' Act.—Chapter 38 amends the Judges' Act (R.S., 1906, c. 138), and provides for the increase of the salaries of three judges of the Superior Court of Quebec from \$5,000 each per annum to \$7,000 each per annum; for the salary of an additional judge of the court at \$5,000 per annum; for the salaries of three additional puisne judges of the Supreme Court of Alberta at \$6,000 each per annum; for the salary of one junior county court judge for the province of Manitoba at \$3,000 per annum; for four additional district court judges for the province of Saskatchewan at \$3,000 each per annum; for the increase of the salary of the senior judge of the circuit court of the district of Montreal from \$3,600 to \$5,000 per annum; and for the increase of the salaries of the three other judges of the court from \$3,000 each per annum to \$4,500 each per annum.

Railway Acts.—Amendments are made in the following Acts relating to railways: Grand Trunk Pacific Railway (chapter 2); the National Transcontinental Railway (chapters 3 and 43); Government Railways Small Claims (chapter 9); Railway (chapter 50); St. John and Quebec Railway (chapter 52). The Canadian Northern Railway

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Guarantee Act, 1914 (chapter 20), grants aid in the form of guarantees for the purpose of completing the construction and equipment of the works and undertakings of the Canadian Northern Railway System. Chapter 34 authorizes a guarantee of bonds of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company. The Toronto Viaduct Act, 1914 (chapter 54), is an Act respecting the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the Toronto Harbour Commissioners, and chapter 57 is an Act respecting the entrance of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company and the Canadian Northern Railway Company into their joint terminals at Winnipeg.

Miscellaneous.—Chapter 5 is an Act to amend the Act relating to the establishment and expenses of the International Joint Commission under the Waterways Treaty of January 11, 1909. The Act is transferred from the supervision of the Minister of Public Works to that of the Secretary of State for External Affairs. Chapter 6 amends the Civil Service Insurance Act, making female members of the Civil Service eligible for insurance under the Act and increasing the maximum amount of insurance payable upon death from \$2,000 to \$5,000. The Dairy Industry Act (chapter 7) consolidates and amends the laws relating to dairy products and strengthens the provisions intended to prohibit the manufacture or sale of butter substitutes and to limit the proportion of water in butter to 16 p.c. Part VIII of the Inspection and Sale Act is repealed, and amended provisions are included in the new Act. Chapter 10 amends the Inspection and Sale Act by excepting binder twine manufactured for export from the necessity of being labelled with the name of the dealer and the quantity in the ball. Chapter 16 repeals the Acts relating to the Harbour of North Sydney, N.S., thus abolishing the Harbour Commission of North Sydney and bringing the Harbour under the direct control of the Canadian Govern-Chapter 19 amends the Adulteration Act, R.S. 1906, c. 133, and schedules standards for maple sugar and maple syrup. Chapter 24 amends the Criminal Code, R.S. 1906, c. 146, by making it a punishable offence to publish false statements to promote sales, etc. Chapter 25 amends the Customs Act by providing for a drawback on exported goods manufactured of pig iron. Chapter 30 amends the Export Act, R.S. 1906, c. 50, by empowering the Governor in Council to prohibit by regulation the exportation from Canada of petroleum. Chapter 31, the Explosives Act, regulates the manufacture, testing, storage and importation of explosives, with a view to minimize the risk of accidents. Chapter 33 amends the Canada Grain Act by providing that advances to an amount not exceeding \$500,000 may be made to the Minister of Trade and Commerce for the payment of freight charges and weighing and inspection fees on grain received into and shipped from elevators operated and managed by His Majesty. Chapter 53 amends the Canada Temperance Act, and includes provisions to make the Act apply to the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta. Chapter 56 makes further provision for bounties to volunteers who served the Crown during the Fenian Raids. Amendments are also made in the following Acts: Weights and Measures (chapter 4); Prisons and Reformatories (chapter 14); Supreme Court (chapter 15); Volunteer

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Bounty and amending Acts (chapter 18); Civil Service, R.S. 1906, c. 16 (chapter 21); Companies, R.S. 1906, c. 79 (chapter 23); Dominion Lands (chapters 27 and 28); Dry Docks Subsidies, 1910 (chapter 29); Dominion Forest Reserves and Parks (chapter 32); Indian (chapter 35); Irrigation (chapter 37); Juvenile Delinquents (chapter 39); Act respecting the National Battlefields at Quebec (chapter 46); Canada Shipping (chapters 48 and 49); Yukon Placer Mining (chapter 58). Acts relating to Harbour Commissions are chapters 17 (Vancouver); 41 and 42 (Montreal); and 47 (Quebec).

Loss of the Empress of Ireland.—Public feeling in Canada was deeply stirred by the loss of the steam liner Empress of Ireland, a maritime disaster similar in magnitude to that of the Titanic in 1912. On May 29, 1914, at about 2 a.m., the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's steamship, Empress of Ireland, sank during a fog after collision with the steamer Storstad in the St. Lawrence river. the total of passengers and crew, numbering 1,477, only 465 were saved. Under the provisions of Part X of the Canada Shipping Act, a Commission of Inquiry was appointed by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries on June 13, 1914, the Commission being constituted of Lord Mersey as president, the Hon. Ezekiel McLeod, Chief Justice of New Brunswick, local Judge in Admiralty for the Exchequer Court of Canada for the New Brunswick Admiralty District, and the Hon. Sir Adolphe Basile Routhier, ex-Chief Justice of Quebec, local Judge in Admiralty of the Exchequer Court of Canada for the Quebec Admiralty District, with the following as assessors: Commander W. F. Caborne, C.B., R.N.R.; Engineer Commander P. C. W. Howe, R.N.; Captain L. A. Demers, F.R.A.S., Dominion Wreck Commissioner; Prof. John Joseph Welch, M.Sc., Inst.C.E., and Alleyn Taschereau, as Secretary of the Commission. The Commission sat at Quebec from June 16 to June 27, and on July 11 reported that the collision occurred through the Storstad changing her course by the porting of her helm, and attributed blame to the Storstad's Chief Officer. The report concluded with suggestions for the prevention, if possible, of similar disasters in future, the closing of water-tight doors during foggy weather and the adoption of rafts on the upper deck, to float automatically on the sinking of the ship, being amongst the measures mentioned. A sum of \$50,000 was appropriated by Parliament to provide for the relief of sufferers from this disaster.

Canada and the European War.—The outbreak of a great European war, involving the British Empire, has, in interest and importance, overshadowed every other event of the year 1914. War against Germany was declared by Great Britain on August 4, against Austria-Hungary on August 12, and against Turkey on November 5. In Canada the measures necessary on the outbreak of hostilities were taken immediately, without confusion, and concurrently with similar action by the rest of the Empire. On August 3 two submarines built at Scattle for Chili were acquired by the Canadian Government at the price of \$1,050,000. These, brought in safety to the naval base at Esquimalt, B.C., added materially to the defensive power of Canada on the Pacific coast. The Canadian Naval Service was placed legally at the King's

WAR SESSION OF PARLIAMENT.

disposal, the *Rainbow* being already in commission off the Pacific coast. The *Niobe*, on the Atlantic coast, was rapidly commissioned and put to sea.

War Session of Parliament.—Parliament met at Ottawa on August 18, and the session, the fourth of the twelfth Parliament of Canada, lasted until August 22, the proceedings during these four days being marked by intense patriotism and the entire absence of partisanship. Eight Acts of Parliament were passed in this session. The War Appropriation Act, 1914 (chapter 1), granted the sum of \$50,000,000 for military and naval defence, and the War Measures Act, 1914 (chapter 2), conferred powers upon the Governor in Council and amended the Immigration Act. The Finance Act, 1914 (chapter 3), and the Dominion Notes Act (chapter 4) were passed in the commercial and financial interests of the Dominion under the circumstances arising out of the The Customs Tariff Amendment Act, 1914 (chapter 5), and an Act to amend the Inland Revenue Act (chapter 6), provided for an increase in the revenue by raising the amounts of the customs and excise duties principally for coffee, sugar, spiritous liquors, and tobacco. The Canadian Patriotic Fund, for the assistance of relatives and dependents of soldiers, residents of Canada, on active service with the naval and military forces of the British Empire and Great Britain's allies, was incorporated by the Canadian Patriotic Fund Act, 1914 (chapter 8). At the present time (August 1915), the Fund exceeds Chapter 7, amending the Naturalization Act, 1914, is \$4.868.000. referred to in the previous paragraph on Imperial Naturalization (p. 673).

Gifts of Canadian Produce.—On August 6, H.R.H. the Governor General cabled to the British Colonial Secretary the offer by the people of Canada of one million bags of flour. This offer was accepted with deep gratitude by the British Government, who stated that it would be of the greatest use for the steadying of prices and relief of distress. The example thus set was followed by each of the nine provinces, and the following is a list of the gifts offered:—

Donor.	Gift.
Dominion of Canada. Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. New Brunswick Quehec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	100,000 tons of coal.¹ 100,000 bushels of potatoes. 4,000,000 lb. of cheese. 250,000 bags of flour. 50,000 bags of flour. 1,500 horses. 500,000 bushels of oats.

Commuted by money payment.

Many other patriotic gifts were made by firms and individuals.

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Canadian Expeditionary Forces.—Upon the outbreak of the war, steps were taken to organize a Canadian expeditionary force, and volunteer troops comprising cavalry, artillery and infantry, numbering with subsidiary units upwards of 35,000 officers and men, were speedily assembled for preliminary training at Valcartier, Quebec. Within ten weeks the first contingent of over 33,000 troops embarked on transports at Quebec, crossed the Atlantic under convoy of the British Navy and were welcomed with great enthusiasm at Plymouth on October 16. After completion of final training on Salisbury Plain, the Canadian troops joined the British army in France, where they have greatly distinguished themselves by magnificent gallantry in action. In the naval action off Coronel, Chile, on November 1, four Canadian midshipmen (W. A. Palmer, J. V. W. Hatheway, A. W Silver and M. Cann) lost their lives by the sinking of H.M.S. Cape of Good Hope.

Oriental Immigration.—Canada has consistently followed a policy of exclusion with regard to immigration from oriental countries. With the exception of certain classes, such as consular officers, members of the learned professions and merchants, Chinese immigrants have been required to pay a head tax, fixed originally at \$50 in 1885, increased to \$100 in 1901, and since 1903 standing at \$500. Notwithstanding this tax, however, Chinese immigrants have increased from 1,884 in 1908 to 7,445 in 1913 and 5,512 in 1914. For the year ended March 31, 1914, the revenue from the Chinese head tax amounted to \$2,637,000, which is more by \$743,902 than the amount expended upon immigration during the same period.

Japanese Immigration.—During the years 1906 to 1908, and following upon Canadian adherence (January 30, 1907) to the Anglo-Japanese commercial treaty of 1894, there was a considerable annual influx into British Columbia of Japanese labourers whose advent affected the conditions of the labour market and aroused feeling amongst the white population. In 1906-07 the Japanese arrivals numbered 2,042, and in 1907-08 they were as many as 7,601. Riots at Vancouver in September, 1907, resulted in damage to the property of Japanese residents for which compensation was paid by the Canadian Government. As a result of subsequent negotiations, the Government of Japan, at the end of the year 1907, adopted regulations for the restriction of emigration from Japan to Canada, and since that date the number of Japanese immigrants, though annually increasing from 1910 to 1914, has been kept within bounds, the number in 1907-08 being 856, and in 1914-15, 592.

Immigration of Hindus.—From 1905 to 1908 the number of Hindu immigrants grew from 45 to 2,623, and measures were taken for the exclusion from Canada of Hindus and other orientals. Early in 1908 a Canadian Order in Council prohibiting the landing of immigrants in Canada, unless coming direct from the country of their birth or citizenship, operated to the exclusion of Japanese labourers from Hawaii and of Hindus from Hong Kong and Shanghai. Regulations made under the Immigration Act of 1906, imposing money qualifications upon intending immigrants, operated in the same direction, and from 1909 to

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1913 the number of Hindu immigrants did not exceed 12 annually, although in the year 1913-14 the number rose to 88. In consequence of the overcrowded state of the labour market in British Columbia, an Order in Council of December 8, 1913, prohibited the landing at ports in British Columbia of artisans and skilled or unskilled labourers, a prohibition which still remains in force. In May, 1914, a determined effort was made on behalf of emigrant Hindus to test the efficacy of the Canadian laws restricting oriental immigration. A Japanese steamer, the *Komagata Maru*, with 376 Hindus on board, sailed from Shanghai, and on May 23 arrived off Vancouver. A few of the passengers who were able to prove that they were returning to Canada were allowed to land, but the others, unable to satisfy the requirements of the regulations in force, were refused admission by the immigration authorities. Some amount of rioting took place, but eventually the Hindus were induced to desist from their attempts to land, and the sailing of the ship from Vancouver on July 23 closed the matter so far as Canada was concerned.

Dominions Royal Commission.—At the Imperial Conference held in London, England, from May 20 to June 20, 1911, the following resolution (No. XX) was passed on the motion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Prime Minister of Canada:

That His Majesty should be approached with a view to the appointment of a Royal Commission representing the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Newfoundland, with a view of investigating and reporting upon the natural resources of each part of the Empire represented at this Conference, the development attained and attainable, and the facilities for production, manufacture and distribution; the trade of each part with the others and with the outside world, the food and raw material requirements of each and the sources thereof available; to what extent, if any, the trade between each of the different parts has been affected by existing legislation in each, either beneficially or otherwise, and by what methods consistent with the existing fiscal policy of each part the trade of each part with the others may be improved and extended.

In accordance with this resolution, a Royal Commission (known briefly as the Dominions Royal Commission) was appointed on April 15, 1912, and was eventually constituted of the following: Sir Edgar Vincent, K.C.M.G. (now Lord D'Abernon), Sir A. E. Bateman, K.C.M.G., Sir H. Rider Haggard, Mr. Tom Garnett, Mr. W. Lorrimer and Mr. J. Tatlow (United Kingdom); the Hon. Sir George E. Foster, K.C.M.G. (Dominion of Canada); Mr. Donald Campbell, LL.B. (Commonwealth of Australia); the Hon. J. R. Sinclair (Dominion of New Zealand); the Hon. Sir Richard Solomon, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., K.C.V.O. (Union of South Africa); Mr. E. R. Bowring (Colony of Newfoundland); with Mr. W. A. Robinson, and subsequently Mr. E. J. Harding of the Imperial Colonial Office, as Secretary. Mr. F. C. T. O'Hara, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, was appointed Local Officer for Canada.

After making a tour of Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Newfoundland, the Commission visited Canada, arriving at Sydney, N.S., during the first week of August, 1914. It had been contemplated to take oral evidence in all the chief cities of Canada, but, in consequence of the outbreak of war, the work of the Commission was suspended

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after sittings in Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Although the labours of the Commission were thus suspended, extensive information regarding Canada had been collected in advance and is in course of completion, as far as possible, by correspondence.¹

Opening of the Panama Canal.—One of the world's greatest engineering enterprises was completed in 1914 by the formal opening to commercial traffic on August 15 of the canal which connects the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans across the Isthmus of Panama in Central The later history of this great project dates from the beginning of the present century, when under an Act of Congress, dated June 28, 1902 (known as the Spooner Act) the Government of the United States purchased for \$40,000,000 the property of the French Canal Company which succeeded the original corporation formed by the late M. Ferdinand de Lesseps in 1879. The actual transfer of the property was effected on May 4, 1904. After solution of the difficult problem of sanitation by extirpation of the mosquitoes carrying the germs of yellow fever and malaria, the work of construction was proceeded with, at first by the Isthmian Canal Commission authorized by the Spooner Act, but subsequently by a new Commission appointed on April 1, 1905, and reorganized in 1907, with General (then Colonel) George W. Goethals as Chairman and Chief Engineer. Up to August 1, 1914, the total amount of canal excavation was 224,073,363 cubic yards, the amount of excavation then remaining to be done being estimated at 14,722,224 cubic yards. The largest amount of excavation in a single year was 37,116,735 cubic yards in 1908. Up to June 30, 1914, the total receipts for canal purposes amounted to \$360,920,975, including Congressional appropriations of \$352,205,669 and miscellaneous receipts from water rentals, sale of government property, etc. The total expenditure for the canal up to June 30, 1914, amounted to \$349,555,834, leaving an available balance of \$11,365,141. Nearly two-thirds of the total canal expenditures have been paid from current revenues, bonds having been issued only to the amount of \$135,000,000.2 At the close of the United States fiscal year on June 30, 1915, comprising a period of $10\frac{1}{2}$ months from August 14, 1914, the total traffic through the canal was 1,088 vessels carrying cargoes of the total tonnage of 4,969,792. Of these totals, 530 vessels and 2,125,735 tons were eastbound and 558 vessels and 2,844,057 tons were westbound. The tolls earned by the Canal during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1915, amounted to \$4,424,256.3

Arctic Exploration.—On July 21, 1913, a Canadian Government expedition in command of Mr. Vilhjalmur Stefansson sailed in three

¹The following Reports and Minutes of Evidence of the Commission have been published in London, England: First Interim Report, 1912 [Cd. 6,515]; Second Interim Report, 1914 [Cd. 7,210]; Minutes of Evidence, Part I, Migration, 1912 [Cd. 6,516]; Part II, Natural Resources, Trade and Legislation, 1912 [Cd. 6,517]; New Zealand, 1913 [Cd. 7,170]; Australia, Part I, 1913 [Cd. 7,171]; Australia, Part II [Cd. 7,172]; London, 1913 [Cd. 7,173.]

2The Panama Canal, by T. W. Van Metre in the American Year Book, 1914, 282, 287

³For other articles on the Panama Canal, see Weekly Bulletin of the Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, Vol. XIII, 1915, Nos. 586, 596, 603, 604 and 606.

ARCTIC EXPLORATION.

vessels to the Arctic seas on a mission of scientific exploration. the purpose of better accomplishing the work planned, which work extended over a vast area, the expedition was divided into two parties, one to explore Beaufort sea, Banks land and Prince Patrick island, the other to carry on scientific investigations along the north coast of Canada between Cape Parry and Kent peninsula and on the south and east shores of Victoria island.

The northern division in charge of Mr. Stefansson sailed in the Canadian Government steamer "Karluk." The vessel was caught in the ice shortly after rounding Point Barrow, Alaska, and it was carried helplessly about for four months. On September 20, as the ship had not moved for two weeks, Mr. Stefansson with a party went to land for hunting purposes. During their absence, a gale drove the ship far away from them to the westward. Mr. Stefansson and the hunting party made their way westward, and on December 14 joined the southern party, who were forced by ice conditions to go into winter

quarters at Collinson point.

The "Karluk" was crushed by the ice, and it sank on January The nearest land was Herald island. In attempting to reach this island two parties composed of eight men were lost. As numerous searches have been unable to give any clue as to their whereabouts the Department has given them up for dead. The remaining members of the expedition from the "Karluk" effected a landing on Wrangel island. Captain R. A. Bartlett travelled over 160 miles of arctic ice to obtain assistance for the shipwrecked men. He communicated to the Department of the Naval Service the fate of the "Karluk" and the whereabouts of the survivors. The Department made arrangements for four vessels to so to the relief of the party. The survivors were taken off Wrangel island by the "King and Wing" and transferred to the United States revenue cutter "Bear," sent to their rescue by the United States Government. The rescued men were landed at During their stay on Wrangel island three of the party died. There were eight men rescued.

On March 22, 1914, Mr. Stefansson with two members of the expedition undertook a trip over the ice to the north. The whereabouts of this party are not yet known. The "Mary Sachs," one of the vessels of the expedition, was sent during the summer of 1914 to the relief of the party and to cache supplies. The vessel has not yet returned from

the trip north.

The southern party, in charge of Dr. R. M. Anderson, carried on the work of the expedition with Collinson point as a base during the winter of 1913-14. In the summer of 1914 the whole party proceeded to Cockburn point, Chantry island. They established themselves in winter quarters in that vicinity. From latest reports received the party are very successfully carrying out the work of the expedition.

H.R.H. The Governor General.—In 1913 the term of the appointment as Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Duke of Connaught was extended beyond the two years for which His Royal Highness originally accepted office in 1911. On May 7, 1914, it was announced that on the expiration of his term of office in the following October, H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught would be succeeded by

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H.S.H. Prince Alexander of Teck. These arrangements were altered in consequence of the outbreak of the war, and it was announced that H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught would remain as Governor General of Canada until the termination of the war.

Obituary.—Jan. 7. Sir Joseph Dubuc, late Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, Manitoba. Jan. 12. The Hon. David Laird. Indian Commissioner, Minister of the Interior, 1873-1876. Jan. 16. The Hon. George A. Cox, of Toronto. Jan. 23. Charles H. Parmelee, King's Printer and Controller of Stationery. Mar. 1. The Earl of Minto, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., Governor General of Canada, 1898-1904. Mar. 7. The Hon. Sir George Ross, of Toronto, Premier of Ontario, 1899 to 1905. Mar. 18. The Hon. William Paterson, of Brantford, Ontario, Minister of Customs, 1896-1911. May 2. The Duke of Argyll, K.G., K.T., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., Governor General of Canada, 1878-1883. May 4. The Hon. William Gibson, of Beamsville, Ontario. May 15. The Hon. Frederick D. Monk, of Montreal, Minister of Public Works, 1911-1914. June 8. The Hon. Thomas Coffey, of London, Ontario. July 9. The Hon. Henry R. Emmerson, M.P. for Westmorland, N.B., Minister of Railways and Canals, 1904-1907. July 26. The Hon. Donald McMillan, of Alexandria, Ontario. Archibald Blue, LL.D., Chief Officer, Census and Statistics Office. Sept. 13. William Saunders, C.M.G., LL.D., F.R.S.C., Director, Dominion Experimental Farms, 1886-1911. Sept. 25. The Hon. Sir James P. Whitney, K.C.M.G., Premier of the Province of Ontario. Oct. 25. Major T. H. Rivers-Bulkeley, C.M.G., C.V.O., Equerry and Controller of the Household of H.R.H. the Governor General, 1911-1914 (killed in action). Nov. 15. The Hon. William Templeman, M.P. for Victoria, B.C., Minister of Inland Revenue, 1906-1911. Dec. 2. Thomas Beattie, M.P. for London, Ontario. Dec. 16. The Hon. Robert Jaffray, of Toronto. Dec. 22. The Hon. John N. Kirchoffer, of Brandon, Man.

XIII.—EXTRACTS FROM THE CANADA GAZETTE.

Privy Councillors.—Oct. 20. Thomas Chase Casgrain, K.C., of Montreal, and Pierre Edouard Blondin, of Grand'Mère, Quebec, to be members of the King's Privy Council for Canada.

Lieutenant-Governors.—Dec. 5. Frank Stillman Barnard, of Victoria, B.C., to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of British Columbia. Sept. 24. Lieut. Col. John Strathearn Hendrie, C.V.O., of Hamilton, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario from Sept. 24, 1914.

House of Commons.—Members were elected as follows: Dec. 30, 1913. Adelbert Edward Hanna, M.D., of Perth, for Lanark, South Ontario; Alexander Morrison, of Homewood, for Macdonald, Manitoba; Harry Fulton McLeod, of Fredericton, for York, N.B. Feb. 5, 1915. William Gray, for London, Ont.; Frank S. Scott, for Waterloo, South Ontario; Joseph A. Descarries, for Jacques Cartier, Quebec; Arthur B. Copp, for Westmorland, N.B.; Samuel J. Donaldson, for Prince Albert, Sask. Feb. 24, 1915. Gédéon R. Rochon, for Terrebonne, Que.

JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS AND COMMISSIONS.

Cabinet Ministers.—Oct. 20. The Hon. Thomas Chase Casgrain, K.C., of Montreal, to be Postmaster General in the room of the Hon. Louis Philippe Pelletier, resigned. The Hon. Pierre Edouard Blondin, to be Minister of Inland Revenue in the room of the Hon. Wilfrid B. Nantel, appointed a member of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada.

Judicial Appointments.—Jan. 10. The Hon. Ezekiel McLeod, to be Chief Justice of the Appeal Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, with the style and title of Chief Justice of New Brunswick, in the room and stead of the Hon. Sir Frederick Eustace Barker, retired. Ward Chipman Hazen Grimmer, of St. Stephen, N.B., to be Judge of the Appeal Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, in the room and stead of the Hon. Ezekiel McLeod, appointed Chief Justice of the Jan. 20. The Hon. Ward Chipman Hazen Grimmer, Judge of the Appeal Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, to be a Judge of the Chancery Division of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. June 2. Edmund James Flynn, of Quebec, to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec for the judicial districts of Beauce and Montmagny, in the room and stead of the Hon. M. H. E. Cimon, retired. June 16. François Xavier Drouin, of Quebec, Que., to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec for the judicial district of Three Rivers, in the room and stead of the Hon. R. S. Cooke, retired. Louis Théodule Nérée Lenoblet Du Plessis, of Three Rivers, Que., to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec for the judicial district of Saguenay, Chicoutimi and Roberval in the said province. July 11. Maitland Stewart McCarthy, of Calgary, Alberta, to be a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta. William Carlos Ives, of Lethbridge, Alberta, to be a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta. James Duncan Hyndman, of Edmonton, Alberta, to be a puisne judge of the Supreme Court of Alberta. Nov. 18. Hon. Louis Philippe Pelletier, Ottawa, Ont., to be a puisne judge of the Superior Court in and for the province of Quebec, in the room and stead of Charles Chamilly de Lorimier, resigned. Dec. 16. McKay, of Prince Albert, Sask., to be a judge of the Supreme Court of Saskatchewan, with the style and title of a Justice of the Supreme Court of Saskatchewan, in the room and stead of Thomas Cooke Johnston, resigned.

Commissions.—Mar. 18. William Sanford Evans, of Winnipeg, Frank Stephen Meighen, of Montreal, and Edouard Gohier, of St. Laurent, Que., to be commissioners to inquire into and report upon the proposed construction of a deep inland waterway providing for the accommodation of the large carriers from the Georgian bay to the port of Montreal, from the point of view of the commercial feasibility and natural advantages to be derived from such a waterway. April 7. Samurez Carmichael, of Montreal, to be a commissioner to investigate the condition of Indian Affairs in the province of British Columbia, and to settle all differences between the Governments of the Dominion and the province of British Columbia respecting Indian lands and Indian affairs generally in the said province, in the room and stead

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of Nathaniel W White, resigned. April 14. Nathaniel W. White, of Shelburne, N.S., to be chairman of the commission to settle all differences between the Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the province of British Columbia respecting Indian lands and Indian affairs generally in the said province, in the room and stead of the Hon. E. L. Wetmore, resigned. Oct. 20. The Hon. Wilfrid B. Nantel, of Ottawa, to be a member and deputy chief of the Board of Railway Commissioners, in the room and stead of the Hon. M. E. Bernier, whose term of office has expired. Oct. 22. R. S. Gourlay, of Toronto, to be harbour commissioner for the port of Toronto. John Laxton, of Toronto, to be harbour commissioner for the port of Toronto, in the room and stead of F. S. Spence, whose term of office has expired. Dec. 24. Lionel H. Clarke, R. Home Smith and Thomas L. Church, all of Toronto, to be commissioners to represent the City of Toronto on the Toronto Harbour Commission.

Imperial Honours and Decorations.—To be Knight Grand Cross of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (G.C.M.G.). June 22. The Right Hon. Robert Laird Borden, Prime Minister of the Dominion of Canada. To be Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (K.C.M.G.). June 22. The Hon. George Eulas Foster, LL.D., Minister of Trade and Commerce. The Hon Charles Eugène Boucher de Boucherville, C.M.G. Jan. 1, 1915. The Hon. George Halsey Perley, Minister of the Dominion of Canada, at present in charge of the Office of the High Commissioner in London. The Hon. Clifford Sifton, K.C. The dignity of a Knighthood of the United Kingdom was conferred upon the following: Jan. 1. The Hon. Horace Archambault, Chief Justice of the Province of Quebec. Henry Kelly Fgan, of Ottawa. June 29. James Albert Manning Aikins, K.C., M.P. The Hon. Adam Beck. Thomas George Roddick, M.D., LL.D. The Hon. William Wilfred Sullivan, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature for the province of Prince Edward Island. To be Companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (C.M.G.): June 22. William Kirkpatrick McNaught, M.P.P. Jan. 1, 1915. George Joseph Desbarats, Deputy Minister and Controller of the Naval Service. Surgeon Major-General Eugène Fiset, M.D., D.S.O., Deputy Minister of Militia and Defence. To be Companions of the Imperial Service Order (I.S.O.): June 22. William Himsworth, Deputy Minister of Inland Revenue (since deceased). Henry Turner Machin, Assistant Treasurer of the Province of Quebec.

King's Police Medal.—Jan. 1, 1915. Awarded to Nicholas Power, late Chief of Police, Halifax, N.S.

Imperial Service Medal.—The following retired employees of the Department of Railways and Canals and others have been awarded the Imperial Service Medal in recognition of long and meritorious service:—

Jan. 7. Joseph Anderson, foreman, Moncton, N.B.; Timothy Bowes, shed foreman, Halifax, N.S.; Charles Henry Collier, lockmaster, Welland Canal; John Collins, lockmaster, Welland Canal; Jeremiah Daniel Enman, station-master, Summerside, P.E.I.; Fred. E. Hannington, ticket agent, St. John, N.B.; Julia E. Harris, telegrapher, Windsor Junction, N.S.; James Walker Henderson, conductor, Moncton, N.B.; Robert Howell, machineman, Moncton, N.B.; James Gordon Jones, lockmaster, Rideau Canal; Joseph Kennedy, machinist, Moncton, N.B.;

IMPERIAL SERVICE MEDAL.

William Mack Kingston, baggagemaster, St. John, N.B.; Damien Le Blanc, trackman, Moncton, N.B.; David Harris Lockhart, fitter, Moncton, N.B.; William Joshua Lockhart, trackman, Moncton, N.B.; Thomas McCurdy, section foreman, New Mills, N.B.; Duncan McKenzie, fitter, Sydney, N.S.; Andrew McKim, baggageman, Moncton, N.B.; John A. McMillan, track foreman, Pugwash, N.S.; Joseph Martin, stationmaster, St. Fabien, N.B.; Daniel Montgomery, station agent, Georgetown, P.E.I.; Francis Didace Morin, section foreman, Causapscal, Que.; George William Murray, foreman carpenter, Truro, N.S.; Peter Murray, springmaker, Moncton, N.B.; Andrew Ormiston, general foreman, Truro, N.S.; James Patterson, trackmaster, Campbellton, N.B.; Agnes Peterson, seamstress, Halifax, N.S.; Joseph Royer, baggagemaster, Campbellton, N.B.; John Scott, tankman, Alton, N.S.; Grégoire Soucy, conductor, Rivière du Loup, Que.; William Spear, freight checker, Sussex, N.B.; Daniel Stewart, repairer, Mulgrave, N.S.; James William Stratton, engineman, Moncton, N.B.; James Wood, sectionman, Kent Junction, N.B.; George Hillier, caretaker and messenger, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Ont.; Charles Stephen McKay, light-keeper, Battle Island, Ont.; Samuel Reeves, light-keeper, Isle Ste. Thérèse, Que.; Patrick Smyth, guard. B.C. Penitentiary; John Hardie Sprott, road superintendent, province of B.C. April 3. Daniel McLeod, foreman, Halifax, N.S. June 30. Theophilus L. Aitkens, carpenter, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; John Berry, conductor, Moncton, N.B.; Thomas Brown, baggagemaster, Moncton, N.B.; Alexander Cameron, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; Charles Caudle, crossing watchman, Truro, N.S.; James Chalmers, section foreman, Belledune, N.B.; Robert C. Chapman, chargehand, Moncton, N.B.; Ferdinand Coguen, machineman, Moncton, N.B.; William A. Dickson, checker, Truro, N.S.; James Elliott, section foreman, Memrancook, N.B.; Thomas Harvey Embree, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; Frederick J. Gorbell, painter, Moncton, N.B.; Archibald Haliday, car repairer, Truro, N.S.; ramcook, N.B.; Thomas Harvey Embree, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; Frederick J. Gorbell, painter, Moncton, N.B.; Archibald Haliday, car repairer, Truro, N.S.; Douglas Hannah, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; Abner Hoeg, trackman, Maccan, N.S.; John Huppe, conductor, Levis, Que.; John Kirkpatrick, sectionman, Riverside, N.B.; William Lovett, engineman, Halifax, N.S.; Charles McHugh, engineman, Moncton, N.B.; Charles N. Mellish, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; John Middleman, Moncton, N.B.; Charles N. Mellish, carpenter, Moncton, N.B.; John Middleton, watchman, St. John, N.B.; Joseph Perrigo, fitter, Moncton, N.B.; John Harvey Phinney, engineman, Truro, N.S.; John Pineault, section foreman, Causapscal, Que.; David Pineo, engineman, Moncton, N.B.; Michael Thomas Riggs, fitter, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; John Ross, carpenter, Charlottetown, P.E.I.; John Ross, engineman, Halifax, N.S.; James Irving Smith, engineman, Moncton, N.B.; Miles Steeves, painter, Moncton, N.B.; Robert Stone, section foreman, Dartmouth, N.S.; George Burns Storey, engineman, St. John, N.B.; Rainsford Tarrio, blacksmith, Amherst, N.S.; Charles H. Taylor, chargeman, Halifax, N.S.; William Darcy, Post Office Department; Charles Philip Hamm, light-keeper, Musquash, N.B. Lorenzo Dow Orchard, light-keeper, Lockport, N.S.

Official Appointments.—March 16. Joseph de Labroquerie Taché, of St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, to be King's Printer and Controller of Stationery from March 16, 1914, in the room and stead of Charles Henry Parmelee, deceased. May 30. Captain L. A. Demers, of Ottawa, to be Wreck Commissioner in the room and stead of Captain Henry St. George Lindsay, appointed General Superintendent of Pilots. Sept. 18. A. F. Sladen, C.M.G., Private Secretary, to be Acting Governor General's Secretary. Major the Hon. J. B. Campbell, Reserve of Officers, to be Acting Assistant Military Secretary to H.R.H. the Governor General. Captain the Hon. P. Legh, Grenadier Guards. to be Aide-de-Camp to H.R.H. the Governor General. Oct. 28. James Ulric Vincent, of Ottawa, to be Deputy Minister of Inland Revenue from October 1, 1914, in the room and stead of William Himsworth, I.S.O., retired. George William Taylor, of Ottawa, to be Assistant Deputy Minister and Secretary of the Department of Inland Revenue, from October 1, 1914. Oct. 29. Lieut. R. M. Stephens.

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R.N. (retired), Director of Gunnery in the Department of the Naval Service, to be Commander, R.C.N., and Chief of Staff from August 1, 1914. Nov. 20. Lord Richard Plantagenet Nevill, C.M.G., to be Comptroller to H.R.H. the Governor General. Dec. 11. Lieut.-Col. Edward Alexander Stanton, Reserve of Officers, to be Military Secretary and Governor General's Secretary from December 1, 1914. Captain and Hon. Major Arthur Abercromby Duff, C.I.E., Gordon Highlanders, and Lieut. Stephen Arthur Morres, R.C.N., to be Aides-de-Camp to H.R.H. the Governor General. Jan. 13, 1915. Col. S. J. Denison, late Acting Adjutant General, to be an Honorary Aide-de-Camp to H.R.H. the Governor General from December 15, 1914.

General Thanksgiving.—Monday, October 12, 1914, was observed as a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God for the bountiful harvest and other blessings with which Canada has been favoured during the year.

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