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VALUE OF CANADIAN FIELD CROPS

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issued on December 11 a bulletin giving by provinces the first estimate of the farm value of field crop production for 1940 as compared with the values for 1938 and 1939. The values per unit assigned to each crop represent average prices received by farmers up to the end of November and have been determined by the Bureau after consultation with the Provincial Departments of Agriculture. It should be observed that these estimates are subject to revision and that they do not represent cash income received from sales but are gross values of farm production. Several of the crops, such as mixed grains, turnips, fodder corn, etc., are almost wholly utilized on the farms on which they are grown.

SUMMARY

The principal field crops produced in Canada in 1940 have a gross value of \$648,286,000, which is 3 per cent below the revised gross value of the 1939 production amounting to \$669,672,000. Apart from 1939, the 1940 value of field crops was the highest since 1930 when field crop production was valued at \$662,040,900. Annual comparisons of the value of field crop production since 1930 are as follows:

	Dollars
1930.....	662,040,900
1931.....	435,966,400
1932.....	452,526,900
1933.....	453,598,000
1934.....	549,079,600
1935.....	511,872,900
1936.....	612,300,400
1937.....	556,222,000
1938.....	550,069,000
1939.....	669,672,000
1940.....	648,286,000

Considering individual commodities, the 1940 wheat crop in Canada is valued at \$280,582,000, as compared with \$265,656,000 in 1939. The increased production this year more than offset a decline in the average farm price from 54 cents per bushel on the 1939 crop to 51 cents on the 1940 crop. While oats and barley production were slightly increased in 1940 compared with 1939, the average farm price of oats was reduced from 30 cents per bushel in the past crop year to 26 cents in the present season. The average barley price was similarly reduced from 34 cents to 29 cents. This resulted in a \$15,297,000 reduction in the value of the oats crop which is placed at \$99,546,000 for 1940, while the barley crop was reduced \$4,731,000 in value to \$30,693,000. The value of the rye crop was also reduced by \$2,222,000 to \$4,201,000. Although the price of flaxseed is substantially lower for the 1940 crop than for 1939, increased production of flaxseed this year raised the value of the crop by \$487,000 to \$3,546,000.

A decline in the average farm price of potatoes from \$1.13 per cwt. in 1939 to 84 cents in 1940 resulted in a lower valuation of the 1940 crop at \$35,169,000 compared with \$41,065,000 in 1939. Mixed grains valued at \$16,335,000 in 1940 showed a reduction of \$2,582,000 from 1939. Hay and clover at \$107,713,000 also showed a reduction of \$4,592,000 compared with last year. Beans, buckwheat, corn for husking, turnips and fodder corn also show reductions. On the other hand, peas, alfalfa, grain hay and sugar beets show improved values for 1940 as compared with those in 1939. Only the factory initial payments for the 1940 crop of sugar beets are available at the present time. When the final payments are made, the 1940 value of sugar beet production will be raised correspondingly.

The following table shows the values of field crop production for 1940 and 1939 by provinces, together with the changes in value in dollars and in percentages:

Province	Total Values		Increase (+) or Decrease (-) in Value	
	1939	1940		
	\$	\$	\$	p.c.
Prince Edward Island.....	10,798,000	8,289,000	- 2,509,000	-23
Nova Scotia.....	13,145,000	13,269,000	+ 124,000	+ 1
New Brunswick.....	20,641,000	20,542,000	- 99,000	- 0.5
Quebec.....	92,740,000	87,249,000	- 5,491,000	- 6
Ontario.....	156,260,000	139,254,000	-17,006,000	-11
Manitoba.....	61,358,000	61,957,000	+ 599,000	+ 1
Saskatchewan.....	179,255,000	167,014,000	-12,241,000	- 7
Alberta.....	121,132,000	136,225,000	+15,093,000	+12
British Columbia.....	14,343,000	14,487,000	+ 144,000	+ 1
Canada.....	669,672,000	648,286,000	-21,386,000	- 3

A decline of 3 per cent occurred in the total gross value of the Canadian field crop production in 1940 as compared with that of 1939. By provinces, declines in the 1940 values occurred in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, and Saskatchewan. Declines in the prices of potatoes and oats reduced values in Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick values were practically unchanged, with increased production offsetting declines in prices. Somewhat lower prices for the majority of field crops in Quebec and Ontario reduced 1940 values in these provinces. Manitoba showed a slightly more favourable total value this year, while Saskatchewan's total field crop values were down 7 per cent, mainly due to a reduction in the prices for coarse grains. Alberta values were up by 12 per cent in 1940 as compared with those of 1939. Production increases of wheat and coarse grains more than offset the influence of lower prices this year. British Columbia values were practically unchanged from last year.

The total value of all field crops in Canada in 1940 is now estimated at \$648,286,000 as compared with \$669,672,000 in 1939. The total is made up of the following items, with the 1939 values within brackets: Wheat \$280,582,000 (\$265,656,000); oats \$99,546,000 (\$114,843,000); barley \$30,693,000 (\$35,424,000); rye \$4,201,000 (\$6,423,000); peas \$2,647,000 (\$2,350,000); beans \$2,685,000 (\$3,138,000); buckwheat \$3,613,000 (\$4,103,000); mixed grains \$16,335,000 (\$18,917,000); flaxseed \$3,546,000 (\$3,059,000); corn for husking \$3,598,000 (\$4,453,000); potatoes \$35,169,000 (\$41,065,000); turnips, etc. \$13,368,000 (\$14,127,000); hay and clover \$107,713,000 (\$112,305,000); alfalfa \$19,436,000 (\$18,854,000); fodder corn \$12,181,000 (\$13,666,000); grain hay \$8,186,000 (\$6,717,000); sugar beets \$4,787,000 (\$4,572,000).

By provinces in order of magnitude, the total values of 1940 field crops are as follows, with the 1939 figures within brackets: Saskatchewan \$167,014,000 (\$179,255,000); Ontario \$139,254,000 (\$156,260,000); Alberta \$136,225,000 (\$121,132,000); Quebec \$87,249,000 (\$92,740,000); Manitoba \$61,957,000 (\$61,358,000); New Brunswick \$20,542,000 (\$20,641,000); British Columbia \$14,487,000 (\$14,343,000); Nova Scotia \$13,269,000 (\$13,145,000); Prince Edward Island \$8,289,000 (\$10,798,000).

For the three Prairie Provinces the total values of the five principal grain crops in 1940 are estimated as follows, with the 1939 values within brackets: Wheat \$263,500,000 (\$247,650,000); oats \$44,375,000 (\$52,740,000); barley \$20,520,000 (\$24,030,000); rye \$3,314,000 (\$5,460,000); flaxseed \$3,103,000 (\$2,898,000). The total value of the five crops for the three provinces amounts to \$334,812,000 in 1940 as compared with \$332,778,000 in 1939.

The average prices received by farmers for the 1940 crops up to the end of November are estimated as follows, with the prices of 1939 crops within brackets: Cents per bushel—Wheat 51 (54); oats 26 (30); barley 29 (34); rye 29 (38); peas 197 (180); beans 183 (206); buckwheat 54 (60); mixed grains 37 (43); flaxseed 104 (141); corn for husking 53 (55). Cents per cwt.—Potatoes 84 (113); turnips, etc. 34 (38). Dollars per ton—Hay and clover 7.61 (8.40); alfalfa 7.52 (8.70); fodder corn 2.92 (3.03); grain hay 4.27 (4.37); sugar beets 5.65 *(7.56).

First Estimate of the Gross Value of Field Crops, in Canada, by Provinces, for 1940, as compared with 1938 and 1939

NOTE.—Average prices are per bushel for grain crops, per cwt. for potatoes, turnips, etc., and per ton for hay, alfalfa, fodder corn and sugar beets. (cwt.=100 lb. and ton=2,000 lb.)

Description	1938		1939		1940	
	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada—						
Wheat.....	0.59	211,265,000	0.54	265,656,000	0.51	280,582,000
Oats.....	0.24	89,335,000	0.30	114,843,000	0.26	99,546,000
Barley.....	0.28	28,446,000	0.34	35,424,000	0.29	30,693,000
Rye.....	0.29	3,147,000	0.38	6,423,000	0.29	4,201,000
Peas.....	1.55	2,113,000	1.80	2,350,000	1.97	2,647,000
Beans.....	1.11	1,725,000	2.06	3,138,000	1.83	2,685,000
Buckwheat.....	0.58	4,098,000	0.60	4,103,000	0.54	3,613,000
Mixed grains.....	0.39	15,126,000	0.43	18,917,000	0.37	16,335,000
Flaxseed.....	1.13	1,420,000	1.41	3,059,000	1.04	3,546,000
Corn for husking.....	0.47	3,614,000	0.55	4,453,000	0.53	3,598,000
Potatoes.....	0.92	33,093,000	1.13	41,065,000	0.84	35,169,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.33	12,699,000	0.38	14,127,000	0.34	13,368,000
Hay and clover.....	7.58	104,529,000	8.40	112,305,000	7.61	107,713,000
Alfalfa.....	7.88	16,249,000	8.70	18,854,000	7.52	19,436,000
Fodder corn.....	2.81	12,422,000	3.03	13,666,000	2.92	12,181,000
Grain hay.....	4.37	7,315,000	4.37	6,717,000	4.27	8,186,000
Sugar beets.....	6.59	3,473,000	7.56	4,572,000	*5.65	4,787,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	550,069,000	—	669,672,000	—	648,286,000
Prince Edward Island—						
Wheat.....	0.96	173,000	1.00	165,000	0.88	209,000
Oats.....	0.37	1,792,000	0.45	2,191,000	0.30	1,499,000
Barley.....	0.63	123,000	0.75	189,000	0.60	238,000
Buckwheat.....	0.66	44,000	0.70	46,000	0.61	44,000
Mixed grains.....	0.45	486,000	0.50	635,000	0.40	602,000
Potatoes.....	0.78	2,997,000	0.88	3,907,000	0.42	1,923,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.25	713,000	0.35	851,000	0.26	663,000
Hay and clover.....	9.30	2,762,000	9.50	2,793,000	9.00	3,096,000
Fodder corn.....	6.00	23,000	7.00	21,000	5.00	15,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	9,113,000	—	10,798,000	—	8,289,000

*Initial payment.
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First Estimate of the Gross Value of Field Crops, in Canada, by Provinces, for 1940, as compared with 1938 and 1939—Continued

NOTE.—Average prices are per bushel for grain crops, per cwt. for potatoes, turnips, etc., and per ton for hay, alfalfa, fodder corn and sugar beets. (cwt.=100 lb. and ton=2,000 lb.)

Description	1938		1939		1940	
	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nova Scotia—						
Wheat.....	1.00	54,000	1.00	45,000	1.00	65,000
Oats.....	0.50	1,334,000	0.60	1,995,000	0.56	1,752,000
Barley.....	0.75	182,000	0.80	238,000	0.75	259,000
Buckwheat.....	0.80	69,000	0.84	67,000	0.80	67,000
Mixed grains.....	0.62	117,000	0.70	150,000	0.65	125,000
Potatoes.....	1.08	1,648,000	1.18	2,399,000	0.90	2,082,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.45	1,457,000	0.52	1,560,000	0.50	1,756,000
Hay and clover.....	9.00	6,246,000	11.00	6,655,000	11.00	7,139,000
Fodder corn.....	4.00	22,000	6.00	36,000	4.00	24,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	11,129,000	—	13,145,000	—	13,269,000
New Brunswick—						
Wheat.....	1.05	158,000	1.05	147,000	1.05	155,000
Oats.....	0.47	2,931,000	0.52	3,469,000	0.50	3,201,000
Barley.....	0.69	264,000	0.78	358,000	0.72	348,000
Beans.....	2.10	42,000	3.00	63,000	2.80	62,000
Buckwheat.....	0.78	464,000	0.85	466,000	0.78	409,000
Mixed grains.....	0.53	55,000	0.66	73,000	0.60	65,000
Potatoes.....	1.05	4,276,000	1.13	5,694,000	0.75	5,172,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.45	1,153,000	0.53	1,469,000	0.50	1,670,000
Hay and clover.....	8.50	7,684,000	10.50	8,862,000	10.00	9,440,000
Fodder corn.....	4.40	37,000	4.40	40,000	4.00	20,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	17,064,000	—	20,641,000	—	20,542,000
Quebec—						
Wheat.....	0.93	705,000	0.88	508,000	0.90	504,000
Oats.....	0.50	19,246,000	0.48	21,741,000	0.44	19,331,000
Barley.....	0.64	2,665,000	0.63	2,555,000	0.58	2,276,000
Rye.....	0.80	89,000	0.82	91,000	0.75	79,000
Peas.....	1.91	566,000	2.11	612,000	2.50	823,000
Beans.....	1.87	251,000	2.06	260,000	2.30	338,000
Buckwheat.....	0.70	1,897,000	0.65	1,607,000	0.62	1,354,000
Mixed grains.....	0.66	2,293,000	0.60	2,861,000	0.52	2,344,000
Flaxseed.....	1.50	41,000	2.00	64,000	1.50	213,000
Potatoes.....	1.12	11,152,000	1.15	12,348,000	0.80	10,306,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.50	3,291,000	0.50	3,099,000	0.48	2,934,000
Hay and clover.....	8.00	41,904,000	9.00	44,253,000	8.25	43,799,000
Alfalfa.....	8.90	383,000	10.50	452,000	10.00	530,000
Fodder corn.....	3.79	1,994,000	4.09	2,289,000	4.22	2,418,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	86,477,000	—	92,740,000	—	87,249,000
Ontario—						
Wheat.....	0.59	12,640,000	0.66	15,753,000	0.61	14,700,000
Oats.....	0.30	24,644,000	0.35	30,324,000	0.31	27,251,000
Barley.....	0.42	6,991,000	0.47	7,802,000	0.43	6,759,000
Rye.....	0.46	661,000	0.58	799,000	0.49	763,000
Peas.....	1.50	1,361,000	1.77	1,570,000	1.87	1,642,000
Beans.....	1.00	1,367,000	2.05	2,743,000	1.75	2,212,000
Buckwheat.....	0.45	1,575,000	0.52	1,856,000	0.45	1,708,000
Mixed grains.....	0.36	11,736,000	0.41	14,621,000	0.36	12,682,000
Flaxseed.....	1.35	59,000	1.59	92,000	1.33	226,000
Corn for husking.....	0.47	3,614,000	0.55	4,453,000	0.53	3,598,000
Potatoes.....	0.90	6,710,000	1.20	8,696,000	1.11	7,496,000
Turnips, etc.....	0.24	4,990,000	0.28	5,890,000	0.24	5,167,000
Hay and clover.....	7.00	33,572,000	7.75	36,286,000	6.32	31,733,000
Alfalfa.....	7.30	11,140,000	8.50	13,328,000	7.13	13,511,000
Fodder corn.....	2.51	8,715,000	2.66	9,430,000	2.41	7,500,000
Sugar beets.....	6.50	1,794,000	7.63	2,617,000	*5.75	2,306,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	131,569,000	—	156,260,000	—	139,254,000

*Initial payment.

First Estimate of the Gross Value of Field Crops, in Canada, by Provinces, for 1940, as compared with 1938 and 1939—Concluded

NOTE.—Average prices are per bushel for grain crops, per cwt. for potatoes, turnips, etc., and per ton for hay, alfalfa, fodder corn and sugar beets. (cwt.=100 lb. and ton=2,000 lb.)

Description	1938		1939		1940	
	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value	Average farm price	Gross farm value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Manitoba—						
Wheat.....	0-61	30,500,000	0-55	34,650,000	0-53	37,100,000
Oats.....	0-19	7,790,000	0-24	8,280,000	0-21	7,245,000
Barley.....	0-25	7,750,000	0-30	8,400,000	0-25	7,000,000
Rye.....	0-26	842,000	0-39	780,000	0-30	675,000
Peas.....	0-95	48,000	1-30	38,000	1-23	28,000
Buckwheat.....	0-40	49,000	0-60	61,000	0-55	31,000
Mixed grains.....	0-25	156,000	0-29	180,000	0-24	120,000
Flaxseed.....	1-12	336,000	1-40	735,000	1-03	824,000
Potatoes.....	0-58	1,110,000	0-96	1,935,000	0-90	1,606,000
Turnips, etc.....	0-45	212,000	0-55	350,000	0-52	227,000
Hay and clover.....	4-85	3,720,000	5-35	3,777,000	6-00	3,486,000
Alfalfa.....	6-80	687,000	7-25	957,000	8-00	1,360,000
Fodder corn.....	3-60	1,008,000	4-50	1,215,000	4-50	1,611,000
Sugar beets.....	—	—	—	—	*5-75	644,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	54,208,000	—	61,358,000	—	61,957,000
Saskatchewan—						
Wheat.....	0-58	79,924,000	0-54	135,000,000	0-52	135,200,000
Oats.....	0-16	14,400,000	0-23	25,760,000	0-19	18,050,000
Barley.....	0-22	4,400,000	0-30	7,800,000	0-23	5,520,000
Rye.....	0-25	850,000	0-40	3,720,000	0-25	1,775,000
Peas.....	1-50	6,000	—	—	—	—
Beans.....	2-00	6,000	—	—	—	—
Mixed grains.....	0-21	93,000	0-25	178,000	0-23	117,000
Flaxseed.....	1-11	805,000	1-40	1,680,000	1-00	1,750,000
Potatoes.....	0-60	1,973,000	1-20	2,065,000	0-85	2,166,000
Turnips, etc.....	0-45	91,000	0-55	96,000	0-55	98,000
Hay and clover.....	5-75	1,645,000	5-20	2,314,000	5-35	1,803,000
Alfalfa.....	8-50	357,000	7-60	433,000	7-30	350,000
Fodder corn.....	5-60	202,000	5-50	209,000	5-00	185,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	104,752,000	—	179,255,000	—	167,014,000
Alberta—						
Wheat.....	0-58	85,956,000	0-52	78,000,000	0-48	91,200,000
Oats.....	0-15	15,150,000	0-22	18,700,000	0-18	19,080,000
Barley.....	0-20	5,840,000	0-29	7,830,000	0-25	8,000,000
Rye.....	0-24	648,000	0-40	960,000	0-27	804,000
Peas.....	1-30	29,000	1-40	27,000	1-40	32,000
Beans.....	1-90	23,000	1-60	22,000	2-00	16,000
Mixed grains.....	0-22	106,000	0-25	139,000	0-22	191,000
Flaxseed.....	1-10	176,000	1-38	483,000	0-98	529,000
Potatoes.....	0-60	1,252,000	1-55	1,889,000	0-80	1,490,000
Turnips, etc.....	0-50	145,000	0-60	162,000	0-52	138,000
Hay and clover.....	6-00	3,270,000	6-30	3,585,000	5-70	3,637,000
Alfalfa.....	7-50	1,478,000	7-75	1,604,000	7-50	1,958,000
Fodder corn.....	6-00	96,000	5-40	76,000	4-80	53,000
Grain hay.....	4-00	6,300,000	4-00	5,700,000	4-00	7,200,000
Sugar beets.....	6-69	1,679,000	7-46	1,955,000	*5-50	1,837,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	122,148,000	—	121,132,000	—	136,225,000
British Columbia—						
Wheat.....	0-80	1,155,000	0-74	1,388,000	0-70	1,449,000
Oats.....	0-41	2,048,000	0-39	2,383,000	0-36	2,137,000
Barley.....	0-56	231,000	0-52	252,000	0-50	293,000
Rye.....	0-58	57,000	0-62	73,000	0-55	45,000
Peas.....	1-20	103,000	1-25	103,000	1-30	122,000
Beans.....	1-70	36,000	1-80	50,000	1-90	57,000
Mixed grains.....	0-50	84,000	0-48	80,000	0-48	89,000
Flaxseed.....	1-00	3,000	1-27	5,000	1-10	4,000
Potatoes.....	1-10	1,975,000	1-10	2,132,000	1-20	2,928,000
Turnips, etc.....	0-55	647,000	0-58	650,000	0-58	715,000
Hay and clover.....	13-75	3,726,000	12-00	3,780,000	10-75	3,580,000
Alfalfa.....	14-50	2,204,000	13-00	2,080,000	11-00	1,727,000
Fodder corn.....	5-00	325,000	5-00	350,000	5-00	355,000
Grain hay.....	10-25	1,015,000	9-00	1,017,000	8-50	986,000
Total Field Crops.....	—	13,609,000	—	14,343,000	—	14,487,000

* Initial payment.

THE 1940 CANADIAN HONEY CROP

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics in co-operation with the Dominion and Provincial Departments of Agriculture issued on December 16 a preliminary report on honey production in Canada in 1940.

SUMMARY

The first estimate of the 1940 honey crop shows a total production of 22,633,400 pounds. This is 21·6 per cent smaller than the 1939 crop of 28,873,100 pounds and 23 per cent smaller than the average production of the previous five years. Although production was curtailed by unfavourable weather conditions, the crop on the whole is of fair quality. A large proportion of the crop has already been marketed at prices averaging 2 to 3 cents higher than for the 1939 crop and prospects are that the entire supply will be disposed of before the 1941 crop comes on the market.

PRODUCTION

The first estimate of the total Canadian honey production in 1940 shows a crop of 22,633,400 pounds as compared with the revised estimate of 28,873,100 pounds in 1939, a decrease of 6,239,700 pounds or 21·6 per cent. This is a crop 15 per cent smaller than the 10-year (1929-38) average production of 26,613,600 pounds and 23 per cent lower than the 5-year (1934-38) average of 29,384,400 pounds.

Production was lower in all of the central and Prairie Provinces, which are the chief producing areas. The Ontario crop, which comprises 42 per cent of the total Canadian production, is estimated at 9·5 million pounds which is 2·0 million pounds or 17 per cent lower than the 1939 crop of 11·5 million pounds. The sharpest decline in production was in Quebec where production was only half that of the previous year. The Manitoba crop was 30 per cent smaller than the 1939 crop. On the other hand, there were increases in British Columbia and in the Maritime Provinces of approximately 26 per cent compared with production in the previous year.

The distribution of the 1940 honey production in pounds, by provinces, in order of magnitude, follows, with the revised estimates for 1939 within brackets: Ontario 9,500,000 (11,500,000); Manitoba 3,767,500 (5,400,000); Saskatchewan 3,682,000 (4,262,600); Quebec 2,200,000 (4,355,400); Alberta 2,002,000 (2,178,000); British Columbia 1,264,000 (1,004,900); New Brunswick 124,000 (82,800); Nova Scotia 75,000 (77,000); Prince Edward Island 18,900 (12,400).

Comparative data for the ten-year period 1931 to 1940 are shown in the tables which follow:

Table 1.—Total Production of Honey in Canada, 1931 to 1940.

Year	Pounds	Year	Pounds
1931.....	25,106,400	1937.....	23,196,600
1932.....	21,169,300	1938.....	37,909,900
1933.....	25,287,800	1939.....	28,873,100 ¹
1934.....	27,062,800	1940.....	22,633,400 ²
1935.....	26,814,800	Ten-year average 1929-38.....	26,613,600
1936.....	31,938,100	Five-year average 1934-38.....	29,384,400

¹ Revised, November, 1940.

² Preliminary, November, 1940.

Table 2.—Preliminary Estimates of Canadian Honey Production, by Provinces, 1940, as compared with Revised Estimates for 1939.

Province	1939	1940	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) compared with 1939	Percentage Change from 1939
	lb.	lb.	lb.	p.c.
Prince Edward Island.....	12,400	18,900	+ 6,500	+ 52.4
Nova Scotia.....	77,000	75,000	— 2,000	— 2.6
New Brunswick.....	82,800	124,000	+ 41,200	+ 49.8
Quebec.....	4,355,400	2,200,000	— 2,155,400	— 49.5
Ontario.....	11,500,000	9,500,000	— 2,000,000	— 17.4
Manitoba.....	5,400,000	3,767,500	— 1,632,500	— 30.2
Saskatchewan.....	4,262,600	3,682,000	— 580,600	— 13.6
Alberta.....	2,178,000	2,002,000	— 176,000	— 8.1
British Columbia.....	1,004,900	1,264,000	+ 259,100	+ 25.8
Canada.....	28,873,100	22,633,400	— 6,239,700	— 21.6

THE 1940 HONEY CROP SEASON

Maritime Provinces.—Colonies came through the winter in good condition and in spite of a backward spring were strong at the beginning of the main flow. There was an abundance of clover, and seasonal conditions were favourable up to August 1. Bees gathered little surplus after that date due to a dry period followed by cold, wet weather. The quality of the crop was generally excellent, density and flavour were good and colour mostly light to medium amber.

Ontario.—Heavy winter losses and a wet summer resulted in a smaller crop of lower quality. The flavour of the honey was generally good but colour was below average and moisture content high.

Manitoba.—Unfavourable climatic conditions and failure of the sweet clover crop caused by weevil resulted in a honey crop considerably below average. Density is normal, but quality and flavour are extremely uneven, the poorest honey coming from districts where the sweet clover crop was a failure.

Saskatchewan.—Colonies built up well in the spring in the southern half of the province but dry weather resulted in an almost total crop failure. In the north, although dry weather retarded the building up of the colonies and the main honey flow came on with bees slightly weaker than usual the honey flow was excellent and good crops were secured. The average production per colony is down sharply from last year but the quality is well above average and most of the honey graded Water White. Although an unusually high moisture content showed up in occasional samples, the moisture content for the whole crop would be less than 16.5 per cent.

Alberta.—On the whole the season was a poor one for the beekeepers. The crop was most seriously affected by inclement weather during July followed by a very dry August which curtailed the late flow. The southern Alberta crop graded Water White as usual, but somewhat more golden honey than normal was in evidence in some districts producing smaller surpluses in northern Alberta. The honey is of excellent flavour, and the density is rather higher than average, the moisture content varying from 14.6 to 16.5 per cent.

British Columbia.—The weather conditions during the winter of 1939–40 were very favourable to bees, just cold enough, most of the time, to keep them well clustered, but occasionally becoming warm enough to allow the bees a necessary cleansing flight. The consumption of winter store was consequently light. The unusually fine weather of February and March brought the bees out

in full activity and brood rearing began in earnest as soon as the first nectar was available from the willows. There were the usual losses from colonies where insufficient stores were left for wintering, or rather, spring brood rearing, the heaviest losses in this respect being in Vancouver Island district. The total winter mortality for the province was less than 15 per cent. With the advent of the honey flow from dandelions and fruit bloom, colonies quickly built up to storing strength.

The continued fine weather, although ideal for bee flight and for a time for honey secretion, was not ideal during the main honey flow occurring in July from the clovers. Conditions were exceedingly dry in July and August and at no time did the bees make any appreciable gains on the scale hives. However, the flow was continuous with a gain of from two to three pounds a day over a period of six weeks, gradually tapering off toward the middle of August when the honey flow ceased.

CONDITION OF BEES GOING INTO WINTER QUARTERS AND CROP OUTLOOK FOR 1941

Maritime Provinces.—Brood rearing was retarded by absence of fall flow and colonies were lighter due to lack of stores. The condition of bees going into winter quarters was reported good in New Brunswick and only fair in Nova Scotia. There was a good fall stand of clover in the new meadows in Prince Edward Island, and should this come through the winter in good condition, plenty of bee pasture is assured.

Ontario.—The bees have gone into winter quarters in good condition but in many districts are short of supplies. Crop prospects for 1941 are very good in most districts.

Manitoba.—More bees will be wintered than usual as the open fall gave plenty of time to prepare for winter. Prospects for 1941 honey crop are reported good.

Saskatchewan.—Bees have gone into winter quarters in good condition with ample supplies in most cases and it is anticipated that they will winter satisfactorily. More than usual rainfall during the past fall gave clover a good growth in most districts before the freeze-up. Prospects for next season's production are therefore good.

Alberta.—Only a small percentage of colonies are kept over winter in Alberta and these are not in the best of condition owing to the lack of stores resulting from early cessation of the nectar flow. Clover and alfalfa seedings have set well and crop prospects are normal for 1941.

British Columbia.—Bees have gone into winter in normal condition with adequate feed supplies. Prospects for 1941 are normal in so far as they can be anticipated at this date.

PRICES AND MARKETING

By the end of November, 75 per cent of the 1940 crop produced in the Maritime Provinces had been sold at prices averaging about the same as in 1939 in New Brunswick, and 2 to 3 cents per pound higher in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia. Local demand is good and no difficulty is anticipated in disposing of the balance of the crop.

A large proportion of the Ontario crop was marketed during the three months August-November at prices almost double those received during the corresponding three-month period in 1939, as at that time there was an embargo on honey shipments to England. Prospects are that the entire crop will be sold at a fair price before the 1941 crop comes on the market.

The Manitoba crop is practically all out of the producers' hands and the market outlook, both domestic and export is the best in years. The entire Saskatchewan crop has been marketed at an average price to the producer of 7.9 cents per pound. Seventy-five per cent of the Alberta crop was marketed by November 1 at prices to producers averaging 3 cents per pound higher than in 1939. Although the increased price has slowed up sales on the domestic market, in view of the short Canadian crop, there are good prospects that the entire supply will be disposed of before the 1941 crop is extracted.

About 70 per cent of the British Columbia production sold at an advanced price of 1 to 2 cents per pound, with prospects for a rising domestic market.

CANADIAN HONEY IN THE UNITED KINGDOM MARKET

At the outbreak of war in September 1939, honey was placed on the luxury list of products which could be imported into the United Kingdom only under licence. To conserve sterling exchange, licences were refused for Canadian honey. This embargo was removed in November, following which substantial shipments of Canadian honey entered the United Kingdom under an open general licence. In June 1940, the British Ministry of Food decreed that individual import permits would be required for all honey imported, and as from October 7, fixed the maximum price for Canadian bulk honey at 65/- per cwt. c.i.f. (equivalent to approximately 13 cents per pound Canadian at current official rates). The Ministry also agreed to issue import licences to cover approximately 4.5 million pounds of Canadian honey. This generous quota was based on imports of Canadian honey for the crop year immediately preceding the war, that is, the year ended August 31, 1939. Assurance from the Importers Association in the United Kingdom that they are anxious to co-operate with Canadian shippers at prices well up to the fixed maximum should ensure favourable returns to the Canadian honey producer, provided adequate shipping space can be secured.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

Exports of honey during the crop year ended July 31, 1940 totalled 10,046,022 pounds of which 93 per cent went to the United Kingdom. These exports were almost double the 5,511,988 pounds exported during the previous twelve months. Imports during the same periods totalled 1,335,043 pounds in 1940 and 35,510 pounds in 1939. Increased exports to the United Kingdom created a shortage of local supplies which accounts for the sharp increase in imports from the United States.

Exports during the three months August-October 1940 amounted to 1,970,555 pounds as compared with only 472,241 pounds in the corresponding period in 1939. Imports during the same periods were 370,583 pounds in 1940 compared with 8,611 pounds in 1939. Imports during August-October 1940 were all from the United States, and exports were practically all to the United Kingdom.

Table 3.—Exports of Honey from Canada, for the Crop Years ended July 31, 1936 to 1940

Year ended July 31	Quantity	Value
	lb.	\$
1936.....	2,228,429	170,019
1937.....	2,668,581	225,387
1938.....	2,842,923	240,539
1939.....	5,511,988	413,112
1940.....	10,046,022	1,080,543

Table 4.—Imports of Honey into Canada for the Crop Years ended July 31, 1936 to 1940

Year ended July 31	Quantity	Value
	lb.	\$
1936.....	29,744	2,365
1937.....	32,510	3,790
1938.....	131,059	12,661
1939.....	35,510	4,880
1940.....	1,335,043	79,539

THE UNITED STATES HONEY REPORT

The semi-monthly honey report issued by the United States Department of Agriculture on December 2, reads in part as follows:—

"The condition of nectar-bearing plants is superior to that of a year ago and with the ground well soaked with moisture, prospects for a good nectar flow in 1941 appear encouraging. In most areas also bees are in better condition than they were a year ago at the beginning of the winter period.

"Honey continues to move unusually rapidly over most of the country, and commercial beekeepers in many sections already report sharply depleted stocks. The market price in North Central States has strengthened due to increased sales of honey to Canada, but elsewhere the market is only steady. Nevertheless there appears to be an undercurrent of strength to the market tone, based upon the light supply of honey at this time as compared with that of a year ago, the increased demand from Canada, and the generally improved market situation for many commodities."

PRODUCTION OF CLOVER AND GRASS SEED

SOURCE: Markets Service of the Plant Products Division, Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Preliminary estimates of commercial production of clover and grass seed in Canada in 1940 as compiled from reports received from field officers of the Plant Products Division and released on December 5, are as follows:—

The commercial crop of red clover seed is estimated at 2,330,000 pounds as compared with 3,235,000 pounds last year and 3,120,000 pounds, the ten-year (1929-38) average. Smaller production this year in the country as a whole is due to a crop failure in south-western Ontario which is usually the most important producing district of red clover seed. The estimated crop in most other districts is reported to be somewhat larger than in 1939. The carry-over from last year is about 1,000,000 pounds. The total supply of red clover seed including the 1940 production and the carry-over from last year is indicated at 3,330,000 pounds compared with 4,735,000 pounds last year. Prices offered growers, basis No. 1 grade, are ranging from 11 to 14 cents per pound. The United States red clover supply is about 6 per cent larger than last year and prices are comparatively lower.

Commercial production of alsike clover seed this year is estimated at 1,124,000 pounds as compared with 2,166,000 pounds last year and 3,338,000 pounds, the ten-year (1929-38) average. This small crop is due to a crop failure in the province of Ontario which usually produces the bulk of alsike clover seed. The carry-over from last year being very small, the Canadian supply of alsike clover seed will hardly be sufficient for domestic requirements. Prices to growers basis No. 1 grade, are ranging from 10 to 17 cents per pound according to various districts. The total supply of alsike clover seed in the United States this year is much larger than usual. Prices are substantially lower than last year.

The commercial production of alfalfa seed this year is estimated at 3,610,000 pounds compared with 5,352,000 pounds last year and 2,915,000 pounds, the ten-year (1929-38) average. The carry-over from last year is about 300,000 pounds. The total supply of alfalfa seed including the 1940 production and the carry-over is estimated at 3,910,000 pounds compared with 5,552,000 pounds in 1939. Prices to growers are ranging from 11 to 21 cents per pound according to localities. The 1940 alfalfa seed supply in the United States is reported to be about 6 per cent larger than last year. Prices are somewhat lower than last year.

The commercial production of timothy seed is estimated at 4,213,000 pounds compared with 4,333,000 pounds in 1939 and 5,247,000 pounds the ten-year (1929-38) average. The carry-over from last year is about 400,000 pounds. The total supply of timothy seed including the 1940 production and the carry-over is indicated at 4,613,000 pounds compared with 4,853,000 pounds last year. Prices to growers are ranging from 5 to 7 cents per pound. The total supply of timothy seed in the United States is smaller than last year but prices are a little lower.

FRUIT NURSERY STOCK SALES

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issued on December 9, a bulletin showing by varieties, the numbers, average prices and total wholesale values of the various kinds of fruit nursery stock sold in Canada during the year ended May 31, 1940, as reported by 89 commercial nurseries.

During the period under review total sales of nursery stock reported had a wholesale value of \$250,561 as compared with \$324,765 for the previous year. Apple trees to the number of 392,158 and valued at \$101,855, comprise the largest single item. Of these, 59,452 were of early varieties valued at \$16,252; 71,523 of fall varieties valued at \$20,870; 239,029 of winter varieties valued at \$59,156; 22,154 crab apple valued at \$5,577. In addition there were 7,308 seedlings valued at \$75. The numbers and values of other kinds of stock were: Peach 180,028, \$28,980; pear 81,474, \$22,512; plum 73,653, \$23,262 and 4,127 seedlings, \$71; cherry 93,994, \$29,367 and 500 seedlings, \$15; apricot 7,927, \$2,087; nectarine 57, \$18; quince 552, \$202; blackberry 35,241, \$1,081; currant 66,230, \$4,487; gooseberry 31,600, \$3,087; grape 170,732, \$10,625; loganberry 1,459, \$160; raspberry 669,676, \$13,665; strawberry 1,641,833, \$9,012.

Among apple trees, sales of McIntosh continue to lead all other varieties and account for 30 per cent of the total sales during the year ended May 31, 1940. Sales of such other well-known varieties as Duchess, Melba, Yellow Transparent, Fameuse, Lobo, Wealthy, Cortland, Delicious and Spy were well maintained during the year. Yellow Transparent and Melba were the most popular early varieties. Sales of Wealthy came first in the list of fall apples with Fameuse occupying second place. The most important winter varieties were McIntosh, Spy, Delicious and Cortland. Osman continued to lead the sales of crab apple varieties, followed by Dolga.

Elberta again heads the list of peach varieties with Valiant, Vedette, Golden Jubilee and Veteran following next in order. Sales of peach trees are 4 per cent lower than in the previous year.

Sales of pear trees decreased by 7 per cent as compared with last year. Bartlett and Kieffer are the main varieties and together account for 78 per cent of total sales.

Sales of plum trees also show a decrease of 7 per cent. Italian Prune was the leading variety, accounting for 22 per cent of the total. Reine Claude, Lombard, Burbank, German Prune, Grand Duke and Shiro follow in order.

Montmorency again headed the list of cherry tree sales and represented 35 per cent of the total. The sweet varieties Rocky Mountain, Bing, Black Tartarian and Windsor all maintained a position of relative importance. Total sales are up 1 per cent as compared with last year.

Sales of grape vines show a decrease of 14 per cent from those of last year. Concord, Niagara and Fredonia continue to be the most widely planted. Worden, Portland, Patricia and Moore's Early also show substantial sales.

Among raspberries the varieties Latham, Chief, Viking, Cuthbert and Cumberland account for 81 per cent of the total sales.

Premier, Dunlap, Dorset, Gem and Mastodon are the most popular varieties of strawberries.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORDS FOR NOVEMBER 1940

The records of temperature, precipitation and sunshine at the Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations for the month of November are given in the following table:—

Experimental Farm or Station	Degrees of Temperature F.			Precipitation in inches	Total Hours of Bright Sunshine	
	Highest	Lowest	Mean		Possible	Actual
Ottawa, Ont.....	60	-10	31.1	3.81	285	66.8
Charlottetown, P.E.I.....	57	14	37.3	5.30	281	59.6
Kentville, N.S.....	57	14	37.9	5.54	287	66.3
Nappan, N.S.....	56	8	36.1	4.83	285	76.2
Fredericton, N.B.....	56	6	33.1	6.33	284	87.6
Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière, Que.....	57	2	29.2	5.74	280	59.0
Lennoxville, Que.....	61	-9	33.0	5.76	286	52.8
L'Assomption, Que.....	59	-13	31.5	4.08	283	77.4
Normandin, Que.....	52	-11	24.8	3.11	274	60.8
Harrow, Ont.....	61	19	39.1	1.73	293	80.6
Delhi, Ont.....	63	17	37.4	5.47	290	54.7
Kapuskasing, Ont.....	46	-20	19.7	2.50	271	29.2
Morden, Man.....	47	-16	20.9	.97	275	71.4
Brandon, Man.....	46	-20	18.3	.69	272	83.1
Indian Head, Sask.....	43	-20	15.5	1.09	270	53.5
Swift Current, Sask.....	47	-26	15.4	.57	269	78.9
Scott, Sask.....	41	-24	11.2	1.53	261	61.6
Lacombe, Alta.....	57	-31	13.5	1.15	263	62.8
Lethbridge, Alta.....	73	-23	21.8	1.03	273	94.4
Manyberries, Alta.....	52	-22	16.4	.84	272	93.9
Beaverlodge, Alta.....	53	-19	14.7	1.52	249	69.7
Summerland, B.C.....	52	10	32.1	.95	272	69.4
Agassiz, B.C.....	53	22	40.0	4.27	274	59.7
Sidney, Vancouver Island, B.C.....	52	26	41.1	3.52	276	71.8

EXPORTS OF CANADIAN GRAIN, 1939 and 1940

SOURCE: External Trade Branch, Dominion Bureau of Statistics

Table 1.—Exports of Wheat and Flour

Description	November		Four months ended November	
	1939	1940	1939	1940
Wheat—				
To United States..... bu.	14,023,551	7,682,845	34,478,949	20,298,934
\$	10,045,337	5,610,383	24,295,227	14,810,744
To United Kingdom and 'orders'—				
via United States..... bu.	2,302	—	6,035	—
\$	2,415	—	5,853	—
via Canadian Atlantic Seaboard..... bu.	3,400,707	8,956,197	14,747,148	23,984,555
\$	2,640,423	7,429,537	10,194,765	21,630,721
via Canadian Pacific Seaboard..... bu.	227,731	55,999	3,306,172	1,202,123
\$	147,235	38,481	1,796,400	855,872
via Churchill..... bu.	—	—	1,772,459	—
\$	—	—	1,033,760	—
Total to United Kingdom and 'orders'.... bu.	3,630,740	9,012,196	19,831,814	25,186,678
\$	2,790,073	7,468,018	13,030,778	22,486,593
To Other Countries—				
via United States..... bu.	58,892	—	58,898	—
\$	39,019	—	39,025	—
via Canadian Atlantic Seaboard..... bu.	1,933,882	572,763	7,207,455	2,325,578
\$	1,333,703	461,244	4,863,119	1,898,986
via Canadian Pacific Seaboard..... bu.	988,134	9,756	1,821,001	26,272
\$	633,898	7,803	1,036,573	20,837
Total to Other Countries..... bu.	2,980,908	582,519	9,087,354	2,351,850
\$	2,006,620	469,047	5,938,717	1,919,823
Total Wheat..... bu.	20,635,199	17,277,560	63,398,117	47,837,462
\$	14,842,030	13,547,448	43,264,722	39,217,160
Wheat Flour—				
To United States..... bbl.	13,788	21,178	94,002	72,056
\$	31,996	49,976	216,665	174,256
To United Kingdom and 'orders'—				
via United States..... bbl.	18,997	66,254	42,854	158,231
\$	64,893	230,716	143,821	537,017
via Canadian Atlantic Seaboard..... bbl.	258,341	355,808	790,549	1,495,106
\$	817,322	1,199,779	2,296,141	5,195,484
via Canadian Pacific Seaboard..... bbl.	—	—	5,208	—
\$	—	—	16,375	—
Total to United Kingdom and 'orders'... bbl.	277,338	422,062	838,611	1,653,337
\$	882,215	1,430,495	2,456,337	5,732,501
To Other Countries—				
via United States..... bbl.	63,454	14,801	144,357	98,479
\$	185,535	55,015	458,240	348,133
via Canadian Atlantic Seaboard..... bbl.	180,721	190,888	625,912	630,363
\$	634,697	712,615	2,045,560	2,398,858
via Canadian Pacific Seaboard..... bbl.	37,509	33,789	109,901	105,186
\$	112,657	95,892	312,157	307,399
Total to Other Countries..... bbl.	281,684	239,478	880,170	834,028
\$	932,889	863,522	2,815,957	3,054,390
Total Wheat Flour..... bbl.	572,810	682,718	1,812,783	2,559,421
\$	1,847,100	2,343,993	5,488,959	8,961,147
Total Exports of Wheat and Flour..... bu.	23,212,844	20,349,791	71,555,641	59,354,856
\$	16,689,136	15,891,441	48,753,681	48,178,307

NOTE.—On the average, one barrel of flour equals 4½ bushels of wheat.

Table 2.—Exports of Barley, Oats and Rye

Grain	November		Four months ended November	
	1939	1940	1939	1940
Barley..... bu.	3,104,848	30,399	8,004,015	341,481
\$	1,503,894	15,723	3,815,927	128,553
Oats..... bu.	2,078,007	1,281,167	4,285,016	3,525,651
\$	758,360	485,540	1,529,318	1,306,331
Rye..... bu.	1,105,312	266,990	2,216,320	730,445
\$	681,329	121,537	1,245,348	324,979

VISIBLE SUPPLIES, INSPECTIONS AND SHIPMENTS OF CANADIAN GRAIN

Table 1.—Quantities of Grain in Store during December, 1939 and 1940

Distribution	Durum Wheat	Other Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
Week ended December 6, 1940						
In Elevators—						
Western country.....	2,980,000	218,400,000	2,120,000	1,450,000	525,000	329,000
Interior private and mill.....	54,000	6,844,000	739,000	2,046,000	56,000	156,000
Interior public and semi-public terminal.....	1	16,865,373	5,662	110,339	228	2,001
Vancouver-New Westminster.....	-	17,058,551	53,679	38,017	-	-
Victoria.....	-	725,918	-	-	-	-
Prince Rupert.....	-	1,184,265	-	-	-	-
Churchill.....	-	2,617,396	-	-	-	-
Fort William and Port Arthur.....	446,454	61,240,467	1,133,491	1,011,616	1,437,809	430,701
Eastern.....	2,730,079	64,661,057	1,219,572	1,660,581	462,553	217,414
U.S. Lake ports.....	-	23,870,983	679,000	107,000	2,294,204	-
U.S. Atlantic seaboard ports.....	2,511,769	20,425,013	84,000	283,606	1,527,597	-
In transit lake.....	114,200	12,355,065	991,799	434,955	57,790	77,118
In transit rail.....	-	12,089,395	1,549,224	582,389	70,378	95,129
In transit U.S.A.....	-	4,558,050	-	167,375	-	-
Total.....	8,836,503	462,901,533	8,575,369	7,891,878	6,431,559	1,307,363
Total same period 1939.....	14,259,580	335,330,556	11,133,230	8,675,976	2,836,629	867,936
Week ended December 13, 1940.						
In Elevators—						
Western country.....	2,940,000	220,835,000	2,035,000	1,350,000	514,000	345,000
Interior private and mill.....	113,000	7,174,000	700,000	2,279,000	59,000	157,000
Interior public and semi-public terminal.....	1	17,014,413	5,662	107,006	228	2,001
Vancouver-New Westminster.....	-	17,471,434	51,518	39,398	-	-
Victoria.....	-	745,536	-	-	-	-
Prince Rupert.....	-	1,206,254	-	-	-	-
Churchill.....	-	2,617,396	-	-	-	-
Fort William and Port Arthur.....	591,987	60,384,812	1,288,356	1,077,950	1,386,787	404,793
Eastern.....	2,694,644	65,297,007	1,659,633	1,572,557	497,204	230,768
U.S. Lake ports.....	-	25,348,991	1,115,000	177,025	2,294,204	-
U.S. Atlantic seaboard ports.....	2,511,769	20,992,056	84,000	283,606	1,522,497	-
In transit lake.....	70,000	11,738,539	312,256	107,106	96,509	15,430
In transit rail.....	-	13,816,675	1,321,487	351,118	50,878	65,277
In transit U.S.A.....	-	4,641,709	-	219,375	-	-
Total.....	8,921,401	469,283,822	8,572,912	7,564,141	6,421,307	1,220,269
Total same period 1939.....	13,668,468	337,742,306	10,915,718	9,032,794	2,926,169	810,886
Week ended December 20, 1940.						
In Elevators—						
Western country.....	2,900,000	222,035,000	1,930,000	1,285,000	510,000	336,000
Interior private and mill.....	48,000	7,500,000	697,000	2,328,000	60,000	154,000
Interior public and semi-public terminal.....	1	17,201,536	5,793	105,355	228	2,001
Vancouver-New Westminster.....	-	17,610,347	52,372	36,065	-	-
Victoria.....	-	765,275	-	-	-	-
Prince Rupert.....	-	1,208,254	-	-	-	-
Churchill.....	-	2,617,396	-	-	-	-
Fort William and Port Arthur.....	712,317	64,129,038	1,730,806	1,153,390	1,434,998	414,638
Eastern.....	2,769,779	76,338,619	1,876,991	1,598,148	483,220	164,465
U.S. Lake ports.....	-	26,576,542	992,000	177,025	2,294,204	-
U.S. Atlantic seaboard ports.....	2,270,769	21,715,035	84,000	128,000	1,513,297	-
In transit lake.....	-	14,018,987	506,438	170,917	20,361	18,607
In transit U.S.A.....	-	3,468,769	-	219,375	-	-
Total.....	8,700,866	475,187,798	7,875,398	7,201,275	6,316,308	1,089,711
Total same period 1939.....	13,593,903	339,027,987	11,301,097	9,430,986	3,221,696	797,624
Week ended December 27, 1940.						
In Elevators—						
Western country.....	2,880,000	222,140,000	1,880,000	1,245,000	503,000	330,000
Interior private and mill.....	48,000	7,380,000	704,000	2,346,000	60,000	143,000
Interior public and semi-public terminal.....	1	17,340,736	6,850	106,075	228	2,001
Vancouver-New Westminster.....	-	17,696,265	54,810	28,982	-	-
Victoria.....	-	764,275	-	-	-	-
Prince Rupert.....	-	1,208,254	-	-	-	-
Churchill.....	-	2,617,396	-	-	-	-
Fort William and Port Arthur.....	888,383	67,313,287	1,938,394	1,210,370	1,459,335	424,326
Eastern.....	2,753,083	76,168,048	1,821,945	1,490,231	464,839	164,465
U.S. Lake ports.....	-	27,117,762	844,000	177,025	2,294,204	-
U.S. Atlantic seaboard ports.....	2,270,769	21,547,875	84,000	128,000	1,510,282	-
In transit lake.....	-	19,234,338	808,330	279,231	53,153	51,069
In transit U.S.A.....	-	3,229,147	-	219,375	-	-
Total.....	8,840,236	483,755,383	8,142,329	7,230,289	6,345,041	1,114,861
Total same period 1939.....	13,483,296	335,765,806	11,702,977	9,686,727	3,164,999	786,747

Table 2.—Inspections in the Western Inspection Division and Shipments from Port Arthur and Fort William by Rail and Water, August 1 to December 31, 1939 and 1940

Western Division	Durum Wheat	Other Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
INSPECTIONS.....1939	224,702,325	15,324,983	14,981,096	3,116,460	981,593	
1940	112,354,648	14,898,540	11,383,839	2,535,012	1,565,620	
SHIPMENTS.....1939	5,212,173	135,828,625	11,248,144	12,390,086	3,177,742	562,747
1940	2,133,015	87,255,054	10,305,853	7,312,525	1,382,351	1,180,037

PRICES OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE

Table 1.—Average Cash Prices per Bushel of Canadian Grain at Winnipeg, Basis in Store Fort William-Port Arthur, December 1940

Grain and Grade	Week ended				Monthly Average
	Dec. 7	Dec. 14	Dec. 21	Dec. 28	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Wheat—					
No. 1 Man. Hard.....	0 73	0 74½	0 73	0 73½	0 73½
No. 1 Man. Northern.....	0 73	0 74½	0 73	0 73½	0 73½
No. 2 Man. Northern.....	0 70½	0 71½	0 70½	0 70½	0 71
No. 3 Man. Northern.....	0 67½	0 68½	0 67	0 67½	0 67½
No. 4 Man. Northern.....	0 64½	0 65½	0 64½	0 65½	0 64½
No. 5.....	0 61½	0 62½	0 61½	0 62½	0 62
No. 6.....	0 60	0 61½	0 60½	0 61½	0 60½
Feed.....	0 56	0 58½	0 58½	0 59½	0 58½
No. 4 Special.....	0 64½	0 66	0 65	0 65½	0 65½
No. 5 Special.....	0 61½	0 63	0 62	0 62½	0 62½
No. 6 Special.....	0 60	0 62	0 61	0 61½	0 61½
Tough—No. 1 Hard.....	0 71	0 72½	0 71	0 71½	0 71½
No. 1 Northern.....	0 71	0 72½	0 71	0 71½	0 71½
No. 2 Northern.....	0 67½	0 68½	0 67½	0 67½	0 68
No. 3 Northern.....	0 64½	0 65½	0 64½	0 64½	0 64½
Rejected—No. 1 Northern.....	0 66	0 67½	0 66	0 66½	0 66½
No. 2 Northern.....	0 64	0 64½	0 63½	0 63½	0 64
No. 3 Northern.....	0 61½	0 61½	0 60½	0 60½	0 60½
Smutty—No. 1 Northern.....	0 68½	0 69½	0 68½	0 68½	0 68½
No. 2 Northern.....	0 66½	0 67½	0 66	0 66½	0 66½
No. 3 Northern.....	0 63½	0 63½	0 62½	0 63½	0 63½
No. 1 C.W. Garnet.....	0 65½	0 66½	0 65½	0 65½	0 66
No. 2 C.W. Garnet.....	0 64½	0 65½	0 64½	0 64½	0 65
No. 3 C.W. Garnet.....	0 62½	0 63½	0 62½	0 62½	0 63
No. 1 C.W. Amber Durum.....	0 65½	0 66½	0 64	0 64½	0 64½
No. 2 C.W. Amber Durum.....	0 65½	0 66½	0 64	0 64½	0 64½
No. 3 C.W. Amber Durum.....	0 64½	0 65½	0 63	0 63½	0 63½
Oats—					
No. 2 C.W.....	0 34	0 33½	0 32½	0 33	0 33½
No. 3 C.W.....	0 31½	0 30½	0 29½	0 30	0 30½
No. 1 Feed.....	0 30½	0 29½	0 27½	0 28	0 29
No. 2 Feed.....	0 28½	0 27½	0 26½	0 27	0 27½
No. 3 Feed.....	0 26½	0 26½	0 25½	0 26	0 26½
Barley—					
No. 1 C.W. Six-Row.....	0 43½	0 43½	0 43½	0 44½	0 43½
No. 2 C.W. Six-Row.....	0 43½	0 43½	0 43½	0 44½	0 43½
No. 3 C.W. Six-Row.....	0 41½	0 41½	0 41½	0 42½	0 41½
No. 1 C.W. Two-Row.....	0 45½	0 49½	0 50	0 51½	0 49
No. 2 C.W. Two-Row.....	0 45½	0 49½	0 50	0 51½	0 49
No. 1 Feed.....	0 39½	0 40½	0 39	0 40	0 40½
No. 2 Feed.....	0 38½	0 40½	0 39½	0 40½	0 39½
No. 3 Feed.....	0 38½	0 39½	0 39½	0 39½	0 39½
Rye—					
No. 2 C.W.....	0 46½	0 46½	0 45½	0 45½	0 46
No. 3 C.W.....	0 42½	0 42½	0 40½	0 41	0 41½
No. 4 C.W.....	0 41½	0 40½	0 38½	0 38½	0 39½
C.W. Ergoty.....	0 36½	0 36½	0 35½	0 35½	0 36
Rejected No. 2 C.W.....	0 39½	0 39½	0 38½	0 38½	0 39
Flaxseed—					
No. 1 C.W.....	1 29½	1 30½	1 30½	1 34½	1 31½
No. 2 C.W.....	1 25½	1 26½	1 26½	1 30½	1 27½
No. 3 C.W.....	1 14½	1 15½	1 16½	1 24½	1 17½
No. 4 C.W.....	1 03½	1 04½	1 04½	1 08½	1 05½

Table 2.—Average Weekly Prices per Bushel of Grain in the United States, 1940

SOURCE: Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U.S. Department of Agriculture

Description	Week ended													
	Aug. 3	Aug. 10	Aug. 17	Aug. 24	Aug. 31	Sept. 7	Sept. 14	Sept. 21	Sept. 28	Oct. 5	Oct. 12	Oct. 19	Oct. 26	Nov. 2
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Wheat, Red Winter, No. 2—														
Chicago.....	0 78	0 78	0 73	0 74	—	—	0 80	—	—	0 89	0 89	0 93	0 92	—
St. Louis.....	0 77	0 77	0 76	0 73	0 76	0 81	0 83	0 83	0 85	0 88	0 89	0 91	0 92	0 88
Corn, Yellow, No. 2—														
Chicago.....	0 66	0 66	0 66	0 65	0 66	0 66	0 66	0 63	0 65	0 65	0 65	0 66	0 69	0 64
St. Louis.....	—	0 67	—	—	—	0 66	—	—	—	—	—	0 67	0 67	0 63
Oats, White, No. 3—														
Chicago.....	0 31	0 31	0 29	0 29	0 29	0 31	0 30	0 30	0 32	0 33	0 32	0 33	0 36	0 35
St. Louis.....	—	—	—	—	0 31	0 32	0 31	0 32	—	0 32	—	—	—	—
Rye, No. 2—														
Chicago.....	0 49	—	0 46	0 44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 3.—Average Monthly Prices of Flour, Bran and Shorts at Principal Markets, 1940

SOURCE: Montreal and Toronto, Dealers' Quotations; Winnipeg, Minneapolis and Duluth, The Northwestern Miller

Market and Grade	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Montreal—							
Flour, first patents. per bbl.*	5 23	5 38 ¹	5 67 ¹	5 54 ¹	5 50 ¹	5 45 ¹	5 55 ¹
Flour, Ont., delivered							
Montreal..... per bbl.	3 52	3 68 ¹	3 71 ¹	4 33 ¹	4 65 ¹	4 51 ¹	4 42 ¹
Bran..... per ton	24 25	23 75	24 50	23 25	23 00	26 00	26 50
Shorts..... per ton	24 50	25 25	26 50	25 00	24 00	27 00	27 00
Toronto—							
Flour, first patents (cotton bags)..... per bbl.*	5 23	5 38 ¹	5 67 ¹	5 54 ¹	5 50 ¹	5 45 ¹	5 55 ¹
Flour, first patents (cotton bags)..... per bbl.	5 33	5 48 ¹	5 77 ¹	5 56 ¹	5 53 ¹	5 55 ¹	5 65 ¹
Bran..... per ton	25 40	24 25	25 00	24 00	23 37	26 38	27 00
Shorts..... per ton	25 60	25 75	27 00	25 80	24 37	27 38	27 60
Winnipeg—							
Flour..... per bbl.	5 15	5 10	5 10	5 10	4 80	4 55	4 60
Bran..... per ton	23 40	23 00	23 00	23 00	23 00	24 00	25 00
Shorts..... per ton	24 40	24 00	24 00	24 00	24 00	25 13	26 00
Vancouver—							
Flour, first patents (cotton bags)..... per bbl.	5 95	6 12 ¹	6 30 ¹	6 43 ¹	6 60 ¹	6 05 ¹	6 10 ¹
Minneapolis—							
Flour..... per bbl.	4 82- 5 08	4 85- 5 05	4 50- 4 71	4 61- 4 82	4 80- 5 06	4 70- 5 08	4 59- 4 95
Bran..... per ton	16 85-17 25	18 50-18 75	16 44-16 88	17 50-18 05	19 31-19 56	22 13-22 63	21 30-21 80
Shorts..... per ton	20 80-21 30	21 88-22 25	16 68-17 12	18 00-18 50	19 44-19 69	21 56-22 19	20 90-21 25
Duluth—							
Flour..... per bbl.	5 25- 5 30	4 91- 5 00	4 72- 4 83	4 80- 4 88	5 10	5 35	5 32

NOTE:—The ton=2,000 lb. and the barrel=196 lb.

*Basis for quotations is wholesale carload lots—Montreal rate points.

¹Includes processing tax on all flour of 70 cents per barrel from July 23 to August 6; 35 cents per barrel from August 7 to September 7 and 70 cents thereafter.

Table 4.—Weighted Average Monthly Prices per cwt. of Live Stock at Principal Canadian Markets, 1939 and 1940

SOURCE: Market Information Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture.

Market	Cattle			Calves			Hogs			Sheep and Lambs		
	Nov. 1940	Dec. 1940	Dec. 1939	Nov. 1940	Dec. 1940	Dec. 1939	Nov. 1940	Dec. 1940	Dec. 1939	Nov. 1940	Dec. 1940	Dec. 1939
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Montreal.....	4 22	4 70	4 66	5 68	6 96	6 68	11 12	11 20	9 18	8 51	8 34	7 91
Toronto.....	5 74	6 48	5 94	8 59	9 68	9 41	11 08	10 89	8 92	8 60	9 16	9 67
Winnipeg.....	5 02	5 74	5 17	6 45	8 01	7 41	10 38	10 30	8 52	7 31	8 45	8 52
Calgary.....	5 34	4 82	4 93	6 08	6 45	6 18	9 94	9 67	8 03	7 44	7 49	7 73
Edmonton.....	4 57	4 98	4 61	6 21	7 49	6 87	9 91	9 75	8 08	7 39	7 67	7 22
Moose Jaw.....	4 71	4 93	4 49	5 22	7 67	5 95	10 04	9 75	8 20	5 57	7 59	7 48

Table 5.—Average Prices per Cwt. of Live Stock at Chicago, U.S.A., 1940

SOURCE: Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U.S. Department of Agriculture

Description	Week ended									
	Nov. 2	Nov. 9	Nov. 16	Nov. 23	Nov. 30	Dec. 7	Dec. 14	Dec. 21	Dec. 28	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Beef cattle—										
Steers, choice: 1,300-1,500 lb.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,100-1,300 lb.....	13 52	13 78	13 70	13 59	13 90	14 08	14 00	14 08	14 38	
900-1,100 lb.....	13 28	13 45	13 45	13 38	13 60	13 78	13 80	13 88	14 34	
750- 900 lb.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Heifers, choice, 750-900 lb.....	12 12	12 10	12 18	12 09	12 32	12 45	12 32	12 15	12 41	
Veal, calves, choice.....	10 72	10 82	10 48	10 25	10 52	10 80	10 18	10 18	11 06	
Sheep—										
Lambs, good and choice ¹	9 18	9 58	9 50	9 31	9 56	9 42	9 34	9 18	9 77	
Hogs—										
Average cost, all packer and shipper purchases.....	6 03	6 24	6 12	6 08	6 05	6 06	6 08	6 14	6 68	
Good and choice, 180-200 lb.....	5 94	6 18	6 07	6 03	6 00	6 02	6 04	6 20	6 85	
Medium, 160-220 lb.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

¹ Spring lambs.

Table 6.—Average Monthly Prices per cwt. of Live Stock at Principal Canadian Markets, 1940

SOURCE: Market Information Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture

Classification	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Classification	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Montreal—	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ o.	\$ c.	Calgary—	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	8 18	7 85	7 75	8 41	Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	6 85	6 75	6 79	7 22
medium	7 25	6 89	7 10	7 38	medium	6 25	6 25	6 25	6 56
common	5 74	5 50	5 68	6 12	common	5 50	5 50	5 50	5 54
Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	8 31	7 90	8 04	8 40	Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	6 85	6 75	6 81	7 19
medium	7 32	6 89	7 13	7 40	medium	6 25	6 25	6 25	6 38
common	4 75	4 65	4 58	5 52	common	5 50	5 50	5 50	5 57
Heifers..... good	6 63	6 23	5 92	6 73	Heifers..... good	6 65	6 61	6 61	6 46
medium	5 72	5 37	5 05	5 81	medium	5 75	5 75	5 70	5 83
Calves, fed..... good	—	—	—	9 81	Calves, fed..... good	7 45	7 59	7 29	7 22
medium	—	—	—	—	medium	7 10	—	—	—
Calves, veal good and choice	10 06	10 69	11 11	11 47	Calves, veal good and choice	7 51	7 25	7 23	7 37
common and medium	8 29	8 94	9 43	10 08	common and medium	5 63	5 75	5 70	5 75
Cows..... good	5 61	5 62	5 33	5 64	Cows..... good	4 63	4 68	4 40	4 49
medium	4 82	4 75	4 60	4 87	medium	3 91	4 00	3 89	3 87
Bulls..... good	5 40	5 28	5 26	5 46	Bulls..... good	4 60	4 64	4 63	4 64
Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	11 99	11 12	11 20	Stock and feeder steers good	6 25	6 25	6 25	6 28
feeders ²	9 05	—	7 79	7 35	common	5 37	5 40	5 39	5 36
Lambs..... good handyweights	8 71	8 34	9 67	10 01	Stock cows and heifers..... good	5 40	5 31	5 36	5 28
Sheep..... good handyweights	4 86	4 98	5 13	5 40	common	3 79	3 73	4 00	4 00
					Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	10 76	9 94	9 67
					feeders ²	8 07	7 91	7 48	7 06
					Lambs..... good handyweights	7 20	7 90	8 29	8 53
Toronto—					Edmonton—				
Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	8 46	7 72	7 50	8 13	Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	6 83	6 78	6 56	6 81
medium	7 60	7 12	6 91	7 59	medium	6 25	6 20	6 00	6 07
common	6 78	6 16	5 77	6 64	common	5 00	4 98	4 60	4 80
Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	8 26	7 94	8 07	8 83	Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	6 83	6 72	6 50	6 78
medium	7 81	7 44	7 54	8 00	medium	6 25	6 23	6 00	6 02
common	7 15	6 80	6 87	7 39	common	5 35	5 24	4 77	—
Heifers..... good	8 16	7 56	7 51	8 05	Heifers..... good	6 52	6 37	5 70	5 95
medium	7 57	7 11	6 93	7 56	medium	6 07	5 69	5 33	5 26
Calves, fed..... good	9 44	9 31	9 23	9 42	Calves, fed..... good	7 25	7 23	6 75	7 23
medium	8 44	8 49	8 41	8 76	medium	6 75	6 71	6 25	6 46
Calves, veal good and choice	11 11	10 74	10 42	11 12	Calves, veal good and choice	7 37	7 91	7 64	7 86
common and medium	8 92	8 59	8 08	8 53	common and medium	6 00	5 90	5 95	6 15
Cows..... good	5 33	5 22	5 18	5 42	Cows..... good	4 31	4 24	4 19	4 51
medium	4 70	4 60	4 62	4 75	medium	3 75	3 75	3 62	3 75
Bulls..... good	5 36	5 22	5 24	5 50	Bulls..... good	4 01	4 23	4 13	4 32
Stock and feeder steers good	6 60	7 12	7 07	6 57	Stock and feeder steers good	5 73	5 65	5 46	5 56
common	6 39	6 18	5 92	5 80	common	4 74	4 81	4 29	4 34
Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	11 99	11 08	10 89	Stock cows and heifers..... good	4 50	4 96	4 41	4 35
feeders ²	8 46	—	—	—	Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	10 57	9 91	9 75
Lambs..... good handyweights	9 18	—	9 50	10 38	feeders ²	—	7 50	7 10	6 73
common, all weights	7 90	7 60	7 62	7 95	Lambs..... good handyweights	6 85	7 40	7 68	8 12
Sheep..... good handyweights	5 36	5 31	5 04	5 51	common, all weights	5 26	5 15	—	—
					Sheep..... good handyweights	—	—	—	—
Winnipeg—					Moose Jaw—				
Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	7 19	7 00	7 10	7 58	Steers, up to 1,050 lb..... good	6 26	6 36	6 42	6 51
medium	6 25	6 25	6 33	6 68	medium	5 61	5 65	5 56	5 55
common	5 36	5 35	5 37	5 62	common	4 62	4 44	4 37	4 54
Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	7 16	7 00	7 12	7 55	Steers, over 1,050 lb..... good	6 43	6 30	6 38	6 51
medium	6 25	6 25	6 33	6 61	medium	—	5 68	—	5 65
common	5 47	5 45	5 38	5 70	common	—	—	—	—
Heifers..... good	6 29	6 09	6 06	6 06	Heifers..... good	6 08	5 84	5 84	6 21
medium	5 43	5 29	5 20	5 84	medium	5 39	5 36	5 30	5 48
Calves, fed..... good	8 25	8 25	8 25	8 25	good	—	—	6 50	6 50
medium	7 00	7 00	7 00	6 91	medium	5 75	5 63	—	5 55
Calves, veal good and choice	8 70	8 40	8 33	9 66	Calves, fed..... good	7 46	7 25	7 25	7 40
common and medium	6 25	5 99	6 03	6 81	medium	5 70	5 00	4 65	4 78
Cows..... good	4 63	4 70	4 93	5 10	Cows..... good	4 42	4 20	4 27	4 51
medium	4 11	3 96	4 20	4 32	medium	3 69	3 61	3 73	3 76
Bulls..... good	4 60	4 64	4 75	4 80	Bulls..... good	4 02	3 78	3 80	3 91
Stock and feeder steers good	6 41	6 06	6 11	6 00	Stock and feeder steers good	6 23	6 50	5 46	5 23
common	5 05	4 67	4 62	4 50	common	5 03	4 70	4 00	4 22
Stock cows and heifers..... good	4 75	4 66	4 50	4 50	Stock cows and heifers..... good	4 66	4 45	4 50	—
common	3 50	3 36	3 25	3 20	Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	10 77	10 04	9 75
Hogs..... slaughter ¹	—	11 12	10 38	10 30	feeders ²	—	7 27	7 15	6 62
feeders ²	7 51	6 91	6 36	6 38	Lambs..... good handyweights	7 24	7 44	7 33	8 06
Lambs..... good handyweights	7 77	7 67	7 94	9 12					
common, all weights	6 70	6 61	6 50	7 12					
Sheep..... good handyweights	3 75	3 77	4 00	4 25					

¹ Sold on dressed carcass basis.² Sold alive.

Table 7.—Wholesale Prices of Produce at Principal Canadian Markets, 1940

Description	Unit	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Description	Unit	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.			\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Halifax—					Winnipeg—				
Hams, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 28	0 28	0 28	Hams, smoked, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 27	0 26	0 24
Bacon, choice side.	"	0 28	0 27	0 27	Bacon, smoked, 6 to 8 lb.	"	0 24	0 24	0 24
Barrelled mess pork, P.E.I.	bbl.	33 50	33 50	33 50	Pork, mess, barrelled	bbl.	27 00	25 38	24 84
Beef carcass, steer.	lb.	0 15	0 15	0 15	Beef carcass, good steer, 450 to 650 lb.	lb.	0 12	0 12	0 14
Lamb, spring.	"	0 18	0 18	0 18	Lamb, good, 37 to 48 lb.	"	0 15	0 15	0 18
Lard, pure	"	0 10	0 10	0 10	Lard, tierces	"	0 08	0 08	0 07
Butter, fresh-made creamery prints.	"	0 32	0 34	0 36	Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 28	0 31	0 35
Cheese, new	"	0 18	0 18	0 18	Cheese, Manitoba triplets	"	0 16	0 17	0 18
Eggs, grade A, large.	doz.	0 42	0 50	0 39	Eggs, grade A, large	doz.	0 38	0 44	0 38
Potatoes, No. 1.	75 lb.	0 78	0 75	0 74	Potatoes, Manitoba, No. 2.	cwt.	1 17	1 27	1 26
Saint John—					Regina—				
Hams	lb.	0 28	0 28	0 28	Hams, smoked, Dominion, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 27	0 26	0 21
Bacon	"	0 28	0 28	0 27	Bacon, smoked, Dominion, 6 to 8 lb.	"	0 24	0 25	0 22
Beef carcass, country beef steers.	"	0 11	0 10	0 10	Beef carcass, good steer and heifer, 550 to 750 lb.	"	0 13	0 12	0 13
Lamb.	"	0 18	0 18	0 20	Lamb, good spring.	"	0 16	0 17	0 18
Lard, pure	"	0 10	0 10	0 09	Lard, in tierces, approx. 360 lb.	"	0 07	0 07	0 06
Butter, creamery	"	0 27	0 32	0 32	Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 25	0 29	0 33
Cheese, new	"	0 16	0 17	0 18	Cheese, Sask. Stiltons.	"	0 17	0 19	0 21
Eggs, Grade A, large.	doz.	0 42	0 50	0 40	Eggs, grade A, large.	doz.	0 32	0 39	0 38
Potatoes, Canada, Grade I.	75 lb.	0 68	0 62	0 62	Potatoes, White, No. 2.	cwt.	1 09	0 97	1 40 ¹
Hay, pressed, ear lots, No. 1.	ton	11 00	12 00	12 00	Calgary—				
Montreal—					Hams, smoked, Dominion, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 27	0 27	0 24
Hams, smoked, light, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 24	0 23	0 23	Bacon, smoked, Dominion, 6 to 8 lb.	"	0 24	0 24	0 23
Bacon, smoked, light, 6 to 8 lb.	"	0 21	0 21	0 20	Barrelled mess pork.	bbl.	41 00	40 00	40 00
Pork, mess, barrelled	bbl.	22 68	22 68	21 60	Beef carcass, good steer, 450 to 650 lb.	lb.	0 14	0 14	0 14
Beef carcass, good steer, 400 to 600 lb.	lb.	0 14	0 14	0 15	Lamb, good, 37 to 48 lb.	"	0 16	0 18	0 19
Beef, plate, barrelled (200 lb.)	bbl.	20 00	20 00	20 20	Lard, in tierces, approx. 360 lb.	"	0 07	0 07	0 07
Lamb, choice, fresh.	lb.	0 15	0 16	0 17	Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 28	0 32	0 32
Lard, pure, in tierces	"	0 08	0 08	0 08	Cheese, Royal Canadian Half Stiltons, new	"	0 16	0 18	0 19
Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 28	0 31	0 36	Eggs, grade A, large	doz.	0 36	0 40	0 36
Cheese, new, large	"	0 15	0 16	0 16	Potatoes, No. 2.	cwt.	1 00	0 88	1 12
Eggs, grade A, large	doz.	0 42	0 49	0 36	Vancouver—				
Potatoes, Quebec White, No. 1.	75 lb.	0 59	0 62	0 62	Hams, smoked, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 26	0 26	0 25
Timothy hay, extra, No. 2.	ton	10 50	10 50	10 50	Bacon, smoked, 6 to 8 lb.	"	0 26	0 26	0 24
Toronto—					Pork, mess, barrelled	bbl.	36 72	36 72	36 72
Hams, No. 1, smoked, light, 12 to 16 lb.	lb.	0 26	0 25	0 24	Beef carcass, Grade A, good steer.	lb.	0 14	0 14	0 14
Bacon, No. 1, smoked, light, 4 to 8 lb.	"	0 25	0 25	0 24	Spring lamb, good.	"	0 17	0 17	0 19
Pork, mess, barrelled	bbl.	24 30	23 11	23 76	Lard, tierces	"	0 07	0 07	0 07
Beef carcass, good steer, 450 to 650 lb.	lb.	0 14	0 14	0 15	Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 30	0 34	0 36
Beef, plate, barrelled (net, 200 lb.)	bbl.	20 00	20 00	21 60	Cheese, mild, Ontario, Stiltons.	"	0 20	0 20	0 22
Lamb, good, 37 to 48 lb.	lb.	0 16	0 16	0 18	Eggs, grade A, large	doz.	0 32	0 36	0 28
Lard, tierces	"	0 09	0 10	0 09	Potatoes, local, No. 1.	cwt.	1 44	1 44	1 42
Butter, first grade, creamery prints	"	0 28	0 31	0 36					
Cheese, No. 1, large, new cheddar.	"	0 16	0 17	0 18					
Eggs, grade A, large.	doz.	0 41	0 46	0 34					
Potatoes, Ontario White, No. 1.	75 lb.	0 71	0 74	0 72					
Timothy hay, baled, No. 2.	ton	10 50	10 60	11 00					

All prices (except eggs and potatoes) for Halifax, Saint John, Regina and Calgary; timothy hay No. 2, Montreal; butter, first grade, creamery prints, Vancouver, are as at the 15th of the month. All other quotations are averages for the month.

Sales tax not included in prices of ham, bacon and barrelled mess pork except for Halifax and Saint John.

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