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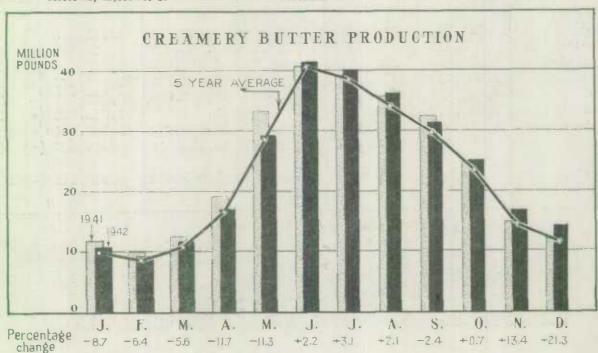
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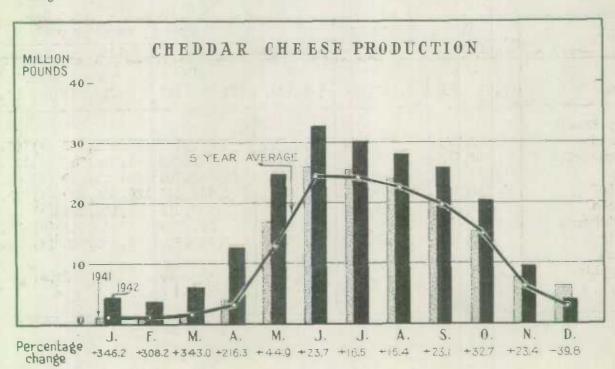
P. H. Ferguson, M.Sc.

Series XI, Report No. 12

DECEMBER

Revised Statistics





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I - PRODUCTION OF CREAMERY BUTTER IN CANADA, BY PROVINCES,

DECEMBER AND THE CUMULATIVE JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1941 AND 1942.

Province CANADA	1941 Lb. 12,095,041	DECEMBER 1942 Lb. 14,672,510	% Change	JANUAI 1941 Lb. 285,848,196		% Change
Prince Edward Island Hova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	119,723 365,949 114,815 1,933,297 4,469,424 1,388,746 1,576,085 1,659,661 467,241	200,434 412,333 225,153 3,135,742 4,446,317 1,786,332 2,249,845 1,914,935	(+) 67.4 (+) 12.8 (+) 96.3 (+) 62.2 (-) 0.5 (+) 28.7 (+) 42.7 (+) 15.4 (-) 35.9	2,644,674 6,540,887 4,542,039 76,266,197 86,242,850 31,106,320 37,126,694 35,816,143 6,062,442	2,523,256 6,668,813 4,988,089 72,979,679 80,867,008 31,643,596 41,206,186 36,985,909 5,346,543	(+) 2.0 (+) 3.7 (-) 4.3 (-) 6.2 (+) 1.7 (+) 11.3 (+) 4.7

II - PRODUCTION OF CHEDDAR CHEESE IN CANADA, BY PROVINCES, DECEMBER AND THE CUMULATIVE JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1941 and 1942.

Province	1941	DECEMBER 1942	% Change	JANUAI 1941		R Change
	Lb.	Lb.	\$	Lb.	Lb.	75
CANADA	6,225,212	3,750,520	(-) 39.3	151,211,621	202,743,875	(+) 34.1
Prince Edward Island New Brunswick Quebec Ontario7 Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	9,779 48,410 1,856,195 3,784,035 258,048 7,517 244,276 56,952	9;000 11,267 784,964 2,562,707 174,903 4,345 151,950 51,294	(-) 7.0 (-) 76.7 (-) 57.3 (-) 32.3 (-) 26.5 (-) 42.2 (-) 37.3 (-) 9.9	702,707 773,319 38,367,701 103,446,447 3,670,010 590,931 3,140,978	1,818,788 63,015,510	(+)135.2 (+) 64.2 (+) 22.3 (+) 39.7 (+) 12.7 (+) 24.4

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DAIRY PRODUCTION IN CANADA

(DECEMBER, 1942)

CREAMERY BUTTER PRODUCTION in December increased approximately 21 percent as compared with the December make of 1341 and decreased 14 percent, as compared with the output for the preceding month. During the month of December, 14.7 million pounds of butter were produced, and during the twelve months ended December, the output reached a total of 284.3 million pounds. The increase in the December make occurred in all provinces except Ontario and British Columbia.

CHEESE PRODUCTION decreased approximately 40 percent in December as compared with December, 1941, and decreased 61 percent as compared with the output for the preceding month. The December make was approximately 3.8 million pounds, and the total for the twelve months, January to December, amounted to 202.7 million pounds. The decrease in the December make occurred in all provinces.

The production of CONCENTRATED MILK PRODUCTS for the month of December, 1942, registered an increase of approximately 17 means as a maned with the same month of 1941 and advanced 10 percent during the twelve-month period ended December. Represented in the December total were 11.7 million pounds of whole milk products and 2.3 million pounds of milk by-products; and the total for the year included 221.1 million pounds of the former and 44.2 million pounds of the latter. EVAPORATED WHOLE MILK increased approximately 12 percent in 1942 as compared with 1941 while SKIM MILK POWDER, the principal milk by-product, decreased about one-fifth of one per cent.

ICE CREAM PRODUCTION in December amounted to 600,546 gallons. The total for the year 1042 was 15,285,277 gallons as compared with a revised production of 14,171,138 gallons in 1941, an increase of approximately 1 million gallons. The figures shown in Table III are based on returns from dairy factories, dairies and specialized ice cream plants engaged in the production of this product. Sales of ice cream mix to confectioneries, bakeries and those operating counter freezers are included; conversions to ice cream being made on a basis of 100 percent overrun in 1940-41 and 90 per cent in 1942.

CREAMERY BUTTER PRICES at Montreal, as quoted daily by the Canadian Commodity Exchange for the first grade product, averaged 30 1/4 cents a pound, compared with 34 3/3 cents in December, 1941. Export cheese at Montreal is now set at 20 cents as compared with 16 cents in December, 1941.

The combined output of creamery butter and cheddar cheese during the month of December represented the equivalent of 385.5 million pounds of milk, registering an increase of approximately 32.6 million pounds as compared with the combined make in terms of milk for the same month a year ago. Creamery butter represented 39.1 percent and cheese represented 10.9 percent of the total.

The domestic disappearance of creamery butter amounted to 29.2 million pounds in November and 23.9 million pounds in December, making a total disappearance of 304.5 million pounds for the year as compared with 274.7 million pounds in 1941. This represented a gain of 10.8 percent.

REVIEW OF DAIRY PRODUCTION CONDITIONS IN CAMADA

(Based on reports of Observers and Dairy Correspondents)

Summary: Cold weather was general throughout Canada in December.
Temperatures were well below normal in all provinces with the exception of Pritish Columbia and the averages for the month indicated the prevalence of sub-zero weather in a number of sections. Fredericton showed a temperature of 13.8 degrees against a normal of 19 degrees, Ottawa 12.3 as compared with 17.3, and Scott, Saskatchewan, with a normal of 6.5 degrees fell to 1.3 degrees in December, 1942. Snowfall was quite light in the greater part of the Maritimes revealing an average of less than one-half the normal quantity. The opposite cituation obtained in Quebec and Ontaric where the snowfall was the heaviest in years, blocking the reads and tying up traffic toward the end of the month. These two provinces received about twice the normal amount of snow and this situation extended to north-western Ontario and eastern Manitoba. The precipitation in the Prairie Provinces was about normal, whereas in British Columbia rain and snow combined exceeded the long time average for the month under review.

Supplies of home-grown feeds were sufficient to meet requirements on farms in December, although in some localities in the West where treshing was delayed, shortages of certain feeds were reported on individual farms. Concentrated feed stuffs are being fed where available but a shortage of these products is indicated. Wheat is being utilized to some extent for feeding purposes on western farms. With the exception of a few districts, there is no apparent shortage of water for dairy stock.

The numbers of cows on farms in November, 1942 as reported by dairy correspondents showed a small increase over those in the same month of 1941, and the percentage of milking cows to total cows advanced from 74 to 77 percent. The daily production of milk per cow rose from 12.6 lb. in November 1941 to 13.3 lb. in November, 1942. Despite the cold weather, milk production in December moved to higher levels in all provinces. The quantities of milk used for home consumption and live stock feeding showed a substantial advance over the corresponding month of the previous year, and the dairy butter make declined 30 percent. Fluid milk sales in December, 1942, were 8.4 percent above those of December, 1941.

Prince Edward Island: The weather was extremely cold just before Christmas and on one occasion the temperatures fell to ll degrees below zero. At Charlottetown 36 inches of snowfall was recorded during the month as compared with a normal of 26 inches. Roads were kept open, however, and farmers made regular deliveries of milk and cream. Milk production was well up in December. A heavy reduction took place in the output of dairy butter on farms. Fluid milk sales increased 11 percent in December over the same month of the provious year.

Nova Scotia: December was a cold month in this province but the snowfall was light and the absence of bad storms kept the roads open for deliveries. At Nappan the lowest temperature was 15 degrees below zero. There was no apparent shortage of feed in December except a deficiency of protein supplements in some districts. Milk production showed a substantial increase over that of the same month in 1941, and the fluid milk situation registered some improvement in December as compared with November when a shortage was reported. December sales increased 15 percent and there was a marked increase in the consumption of canned milk. Less dairy butter was made on farms.

New Brunswick: The extreme temperatures of late December made it difficult to keep dairy herds comfortably housed. Water supplies were low in a few districts but there is no indication of a general shortage. Normal quantities of food were made available for dairy herds, although farmers found it difficult to purchase

protein substitutes and mill feeds. The snowfall was comparatively light and roads were kept open during the month which greatly facilitated the delivery of milk and cream. A moderate increase in milk production was registered in December as compared with December 1941, but a scarcity of butter developed as a result of farmers buying the creamery make in place of producing butter at home. Fluid milk sales increased 12 percent in December as compared with the same month of the preceding year.

Cuebec: Most sections of Quebec received heavy falls of snow and the weather was exceptionally cold. Milk production registered a heavy increase over that of the previous December, and despite heavy roads the deliveries to creamcrics moved to a new high. Farmers substantially reduced the quantities of butter made at home, but there was no apparent shortage of whole milk, fluid sales having increased 7 percent in December as compared with the same month of the previous year.

Ontario: Regardless of cold weather and heavy snowfall, dairy herds were well cared for in December and farmers were able to make their deliveries to factories and milk plants with reasonable regularity. Milk production again increased but the demand for fluid milk caused a diversion from creameries. Farmers are making considerably less butter than they did a year ago and the demand for the creamery make has increased in rural centres. Feeds are relatively abundant although there is some shortage of concentrates. Fluid milk sales for December show an advance of 3 percent over December, 1941.

Manitoba: Temperature reports for Manitoba showed a sub-normal average of 10 to 12 degrees, but with the exception of a few areas there was less than the normal amount of snow and roads were kept open in most sections. Feeds were plentiful and the production of milk was well maintained. The labour situation has been temporarily relieved since winter commenced and more cows are being milked. There was no apparent shortage of dairy products and fluid milk and cream sales increased 5 percent over those of the previous Pecember.

Saskatchewan: Extreme temperatures kept dairy herds confined to barns during the latter part of the month, but there was plenty of feed on farms. There has been no evidence of a water shortage. The production of milk registered a substantial increase over December of 1941 and fluid distribution increased 4 percent. The dairy butter output in December fell considerably below the December make of the previous year.

Alberta: Favourable weather prevailed in this province during December and the snowfall disappeared under the influence of chinook winds about the middle of the month. At Lethbridge the lowest temperature was 15 degrees below zero. Roads were bad on account of the variable weather which tended to slow up deliveries in a few districts. Feeds are scarce in some farms where threshing was not completed, but individual shortages are being met by neighbors. Dating cowsard in keen demand, although trading is limited to farm-to-farm sales. The production of milk made another advance in December and the demand for fluid milk has increased through the influx of new residents in some urban areas. Fluid sales increased 7 percent over December, 1941.

British Columbia: Rainfall was moderately heavy in December, and weather conditions were variable with alternate mild and cold spells. Farmers are feeding more concentrates than a year ago and home grown feeds are more plentiful. Butterfat deliveries were reduced in December, but a 15 percent increase occurred in fluid milk sales. A slight decrease occurred in the production of dairy butter during the month, although the make up to how has been fairly well maintained on account of the increased demand for butter and a shortage of the creamery product.

TABLE III - I	ICE C	FEAM	PRODUCTION	IN CANADA	BY MONTHS	AND BY	PROVINCES.	1942.

execution of the second	CAHADA Cal.	P.H.I. Gal.	N.S. Gal.	71 72 (%)	010 0-3
Townson	the second contract of the second contract of the	The second secon	a new real features than the first or the same of the	N.E. Gall	to the second real late of the
January	814,655	2,043	48,273	17,425	111,558
February	703,353	2,656	50,802	28,108	104,969
March	903,220	4,609	74,601	31,495	1.58,629
April	1,208,046	4,424	73,599	35,435	245,557
May	1,029,054	8,048	30,814	50,918	542,709
June	2,050,455	8,188	105,158	59,549	405,759
July	2,467,242	12,785	135,596	74,625	497,847
August	2,259,249	13,045	130,278	72,400	41.0,771
September	1,134,017	7,972	78,523	41,113	229,009
October	988,378	5,026	75,106	34,868	1.63,460
November	608,264	2,270	51,194	24,000	113,931
December	600,546	2,247	38,304	12,879	105,591
Total-1942	15,236,277	69,403	040,613	482,962	2,889,770
1941	14,171,138	63,614	911,006	418,479	2,810,501
1940	11,039,014	39,989	628,824	278,330	2,261,053
	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	- B.C.
Tannaan					
January	265,371	43,337	29,986	41,937	49,692
February	269,154	47,146	27,516	42,776	130,226
March April	785,661 599,593	67,677 80,356	40,634	62,127	77,587
May	732,175	103,591	59,825 78,474	92,734	107,573
June	960,489	127,042	103,393	134,469	1.35,406
July	1,051,462	164,762	138,162	181,894	210,609
August	995,504	166,951	127,542	159,251	183,608
September	505,001	90,629	51,790	66,237	65,338
October	442,244	78,529	51,067	53,087	67,191
November	275,474	35,984	26,219	35,187	44,025
December	267,450	62,661	22,957	47,723	49,234
Total-1942	6,750,478	1,073,495	757,415	1,023,773	1,243,563
1941x	5,093,409	917,206	646,122	968,207	1,449,704
110 10 1	4,645,716	730,271	505,868	743,223	1,205,740
x Revised					

TABLE IV - PRODUCTION OF CREAMERY BUTTER AND CHEDDAR CHEESE IN CANADA BY MONTHS, 1940, 1941 and 1942.

Plands.		reamery But	Choddar Cheese			
F876 (4)	1940	1941	1942	1940	1941	1942
	1 Da	Lb.	lb.	l.b.	lb.	1.b.
	Marie N		CANADA			
January		11,788,902	10,718,815	1,831,883	1,117,947	4,007,045
February	9,156,148	9,966,489			966,033	
March	10,535,149	12,425,941	11,729,900	2,828,155	1,396,667	6,187,687
April:	116;712,933	19,126,167	16,886,712	5,007,858	5,054,673	12,510,535
May	27,365,311	33;153;297	29,397,832	12,797,644	17,069,491	24,731,971
June	40,289,733	40,551,991	41,443,725	24,490,204	26,432,792	32,601,395
July	39,699,179	39,094,581		25,609,070	25,930,447	30,204,494
August	33,254,349	35,493,826	36,233,195	24,854,408	24,339,913	28,552,770
Scottembar	26,535,939	32,337,050	31,555,780	21,287,332	20,570,989	25,352,207
October	22,641,315	24,910,722	25,078,959	16,289,744	15,464,830	20,525,268
November	15,034,400	14,954,160	16,954,610	6,007,232	7,742,627	9,552,841
December -	12,329,680	12,095,041	14,672,510	1,827,511	6,225,212	3,750,520
	20:20:20	MANAGE ENGINE				
TOTAL	264,723,069	285,848,196	284,304,322	144,685,350	151,211,621	202,748,375

TABLE V - PRODUCTION OF CREAMERY BUTTER AND CHEDDAR CHEESE IN CAMADA by Provinces and by Months, 1940, 1941 and 1942.

	Cri	eamery Butt	er l	Ch	eddar Chees	6
l'onth	1.940	1941	1942	1040	3.941	1042
	lb.	33.	1b.	lù.	lb.	11.
		PEL	MOE EDWARD	ISLAND		
January	65,085	78,947	99,282	The lateral library of the first on tendent	3,253	10,079
February	57,779	71,804	31,440		2,023	9,636
March	60,785	79,437	89,756	750		11,898
April	68,838	84,975	97,534	980	- !	18,334
May	106,036	1.50,769	183,568	6,761	2,060	36,551
June	313,068	374,735	522,853	97,372	68,239	231,925
July	411,531	487,505	581,377	184,495	185,270	233,948
August	313,618	422,248	514,953	173,005	154,642	195,959
September	215,024	356,195	512,444	113,391	154,770	147,087
October	169,840	275,132	398,935	32,015	98,504	104,647
Hovember	105,980	154,204	260,620	9,699	44,155	12,839
December	96,903	119,723	200,434	2,865	9,779	9,090
TOTAL	1,984,487	2,644,674	3,525,256	671,338	702,707	1,021,073
photographic day the first through the	and the second s	10 magazing 200 magazing 20 magazing 200 magazing 200 magazing 200 magazing 200 magazing	NOVA SCOTI	Λ		and the first tell paragraphy of the first to complete with
	555 050	700 707	220 502			
January	375,930	380,587	356,563		8 2 1 40 1	THE PERSON
February	348,652	340,410	532,256	S. P. P. F. B	also à	
March	340,570	359,984	552,527	-		
April	376,420	418,582	422,952			- TO THE TO SEE
May	535,565	604,845	612,503			
June	863,531	870,135	1,047,601			Charles No. 1
July	877,467	938,707	889,251			
August	665,737	750,653	688,672			
September	448,558	647,638	635,106			Very Higher
October	398,018	514,410	529,775			F4101 10 7070
Movember	318,205	348,837	388,714			for the last
December	323,707	365,949	41.8,833		HILL TO THE THE	
TOTAL	5,870,210	6,540,837	6,668,813	periods	_	
		1	IEW PRUNSWIC	K		
January	98,390	90,604	96,274	THE THE PARTY	-	52,752
February	83,494	84,003	73,103			. 49,349
March	103,417	112,010	-03,390		11	37,577
April	174,541	1.87,448	171,171		→	145,324
May	343,041	403,480	43.5,196	40,862	30,337	273,500
June	762,776	807,466	913,573	144,222	121,233	377,221
July	348,106	927,580	911,140	178,248	140,596	511,312
August	645,654	734,827	748,323	133,731	130,274	217,240
September	307,530	566,323	618,253	33,074	124,909	160,684
October	245,469	363,020	461,862	47,706	105,848	119,627
November	126,188	148,557	254,806	10-41-52	71,712	32,435
December	95,137	114,915	226,158		43,410	11,867
		100	The second second second	627,848	773,319	1,818,788

TABLE V-PRODUCTION OF CREAMERY BUTTER AND CHEDDAR CHEESE IN CAMADA by Provinces and by Months, 1940, 1941 and 1942. (Contid.)

Creamery Butter Cheddar Cheese						
Month	3040		1942		1941	1942
	1940 1b.	1941 1b.	1542 1b.		1941 j	1b.
	TD.	T.D.	TD.	<i>L.</i> U •	J. 17 e	TD.
			QUEBEC			
January	1,282,513	1,476,337	769,954	233,897	163,751	1,271,237
February	600,811	719,837	406,809	160,830	63,850	030,033
March	846,321	1,066,987	960,033	167,124	72,474	1,130,412
April	3,767,855	4,331,799	5,407,406	398,672	275,740	3,387,780
May	8,108,659	9,447,525	7,912,868	1,620,068	3,114,941	6,679,027
June	12,927,481	12,354,480	11,770,956	5,300,330	7,834,209	10,742,973
July	12,213,149	11,526,718	11,015,401	7,152,393	3,279,725	10,624,539
August	10,500,399	11,013,814	10,492,494	7,174,733	6,673,884	9,825,216
September	9,042,453	10,412,723	9,759,345	6,273,211	5,095,369	8,821,847
October	7,518,485	7,986,390	8,290,941	4,600,441	3,510,629	6,543,204
November	4,609,632	3,996,290	5,071,230	968,330	1,441,984	2,676,279
December	2,607,215	1,933,297	3,135,742	334,066	1,838,195	784,964
TOTAL	74,084,973	76,266,197	72,979,679	34,988,790	38,387,701	63,015,510
			ONTARIO			
January	4,739,775	4,770,444	4,259,083	1,231,308	636,073	3,079,020
February	4,310,559	4,179,595	3,745,485	1,253,701	571,162	2,033,809
March	4,835,242	5,094,520	4,597,579	1,996,518	377,610	4,185,506
April	6,771,317	7,035,438	5,914,875	3,892,056	3,149,487	8,160,804
May	9,099,178	10,055,725	8,989,794	10,257,615	13,016,573	16,490,853
June	11,635,383	10,749,102		17,237,424	17,892,878	19,345,552
July	10,927,229	9,763,788	9,709,577	16,998,290	16,852,810	17,708,798
August	9,638,945	9,266,034	3,831,282	16,446,540	16,522,634	17,009,319
September	8,208,744	8,742,749	8,063,477	14,030,473	14,459,653	15,363,558
October	7,270,072	7,202,980	6,945,767	10,373,623	11,037,129	13,122,632
November	5,088,317	4,913,051	4,661,169	4,634,100	5,648,608	8,394,102
December	4,648,838	4,460,424	4,446,317	1,172,706	3,784,035	2,562,707
TOTAL	87,278,149	86,242,850	30,367,002	100,004,359	103,448,447	128,538,660
			MANITOBA		do the device divide director of the de-	
January	1,171,861	1,417,578	1,412,057	216,695	124,174	266,205
February	1,133,710			286,562	143,001	308,576
March	1,321,701	1,754,694		432,468	226,636	440,123
April	1,650,238			454,271	274,353	483,775
May	2,605,118	3,661,047	3,138,209	506,511	479,578	640,093
June	3,941,708	4,344,233	4,527,115	593,154	501,149	760,669
July	4,161,000	4,204,270	4,538,718	534,603	437,185	648,128
August	3,523,240	3,678,335		426,234	373,639	500,505
September	2,746,298	3,254,793	5,226,925		334,199	398,348
October	2,236,772	2,529,272	2,478,138		314,983	310,434
November	1,445,979	1,491,657	1,837,442	188,394	218,011	191,576
December	1,339,088	1,388,746	1,786,882	131,229	238,048	174,903
TOTAL	27,289,751	31,106,320	31,643,596	4,546,2 5 8	3,670,010	5,127,335

TABLE V - PRODUCTION OF CREAMERY BUTTER AND CHEDDAR CHEESE IN CANADA by Provinces and by Months, 1940, 1941 and 1942. (Cont.)

Month	Crea	mery Butter		Ch	eddar Cheese	
1.011611	1340	1941	1942	1940	1941	1942
	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	1b.
			SASKATCHEWA	N- FILE		
January	998,260	1,483,038	1,654,220	230		1,076
February	994,248	1,368,019	1,554,307	560	_	2,340
March	1,153,841	1,673,851	1,352,920	2,411	_	2,283
April	1,543,967	2,105,120	2,249,900	3,257	1,185	6,182
May	2,848,604	4,158,094	4,043,898	27,876	34,768	40,044
June	4,455,472	5,400,808	5,983,930	33,639	73,524	91,187
July	4,808,397	5,547,196	6,563,381	104,750	81,114	99,690
August	3,983,065	4,764,111	5,636,251	79,344	70,410	89,512
September	2,573,113	4,257,614	4,319,805	47,262	57,378	60,830
October	2,236,707	5,017,665	2,902,548	32,351	47,467	32,143
November	1,417,824	1,775,095	2,290,181	8,240	17,559	10,318
December	1,286,313	1,576,085	2,249,345	719	7,517	4,845
TOTAL	28,508,811	37,126,694	41,306,186	390,448	390,931	440,547
			ALBERTA			
January	1,534,282	1,608,609	1,645,831	110,632	141,287	245,327
February	1,286,734	1,470,844	1,509,312	126,827	134,895	245,837
March	1,466,679	1,777,796	1,383,276	171,520	162,254	295,080
April	1,743,099	2,290,975	2,282,898	162,910	185,743	515,419
May	2,886,069	3,900,730	3,385,625	226,640	314,516	443,420
June	4,594,544	4,931,045	5,246,459	351,212	366,757	551,044
July	4,841,773	5,141,302	5,546,655	378,706	337,820	500,238
August	4,025,317	4,413,356	4,971,299	371,157	352,027	417,234
September	2,505,395	3,633,042	3,981,627	281,704	308,816	317,493
October	2,051,337	2,635,856	2,715,281	230,580	292,078	237,348
Hovember	1,530,318	1,338,747	1,902,231	152,602	250,715	189,607
December	1,480,473	1,659,661	1,914,935	141,513	244,276	151,950
TOTAL	29,796,520	35,316,143	36,985,909	2,705,853	3,140,978	\$,908,545
		I	BRITISH COLUM	BIA		
January	435,337	427,688	425,051	39,071	49,409	.61,649
February	334,161	365,272	287,890	45,705	46,097	63,013
March	402,593	526,656	336,373	57,564	57,693	76,808
April	616,658	636,840	445,960	96,712	68,166	92,967
May	835,241	778,082	713,111	111,511	76,718	128,483
June	745,270	719,937	719,841	82,371	74,308	90,824
July	610,018	557,625	569,394	77,585	66,327	.82,343
August	503,315	445,448	450,242	49,699	57,344	75,744
September	458,365	465,923	438,298	49,562	55,386	59,470
October	464,615	385,999	367,802	50,091	53,193	52,733
November	391,957	287,731	283,217	47,358	51,035	1745,630
December	591,456	467,241	299,364	44,213	56,952	51,204
TOTAL	6,139,036	6,062,442	5,848,548	750,502	719,528	870,517

CALENDAR OF IMPORTANT EVENTS IN DAILING DURING 1942

At the beginning of 1942, price control regulations had already been extended to dairy products. Creamery butter prices were subject to the ceiling established in the basic period; the maximum price for domentic cheese had been placed at 25 cents (first grade Fontreal) and fluid milk and milk for manufacturing was subsidized at 30 cents and 40 cents a hundred respectively. Farmers benefited too, by free freight rates on Western grains which tended to stimulate production during winter months. Developments of importance to the dairy industry during 1942 are given below in order of occurrance.

March 27 - Ice cream production was limited in volume and fat content to the quantity made and fat used in manufacture during the same month of the previous year by order 28 of the Dairy Products Board.

April 15 - The above order was changed from monthly periods to quarterly periods which correspond to the partial formula of the national defence services, Red Cross, Canteens, etc. (Order 30 D. P. E.)

April 15 - A new price structure for all the principal dairy products was announced by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board effective May 1, 1942. Subsidies on fluid and manufacturing milk were discontinued. (Order 124 W. P. F. B.)

April 22 - Export cheese prices were set at 29 cents per 1b. f.o.b. Montreal for the 1942-42 season terminating April 1, 1943, and at the same time the Wartime Prices and Trade Board set the maximum price of first grade cheese at 24 cents f.o.b. factory.

April 24 - On and after May 1, all cheese made in Ontario and Quebec weighing 50 pounds and 14 1/2 inches in diameter was required to be white and unparaffined. This order of the Dairy Products Board continued in effect until recinded on September 21, 1942.

May 12 - Cheese produced for export at the factory was given a value of 13 5/3 cents f.o.b. Montreal for the first grade product with discounts of 1/2 cent and 1 cent respectively for lower grades. The payment of premiums and commissions to factory selection was made illegal. (Order 43 D. P. B.)

Prices and Trade Board was amended by order 140 to cover all provinces and provided some price adjustments for fluid milk.

May 30 - The minimum fat content of ice cream was reduced from 13 to 9 1/2 percent with a maximum of 10 1/2 percent of 0.471b. per gallon; and the minimum of 36 percent of food solids was reduced to 34 percent in weight and not less than 1.7 1b. per gallon. The total weight of ice cream was reduced to a minimum of 5 pounds per gallon.

June 1 - A minimum price of \$1.95 per hundred 1b. of milk used for the manufacture of concentrated milk products was ordered by the Ontario Wilk Control Board.

June 3 - Credit sales of milk were discontinued by order of the Ontario Milk Control Board and a charge of 5 cents was made for bottles furnished to customers. (The latter requirement was previously ordered by the New Brunswick Dairy Products Commission and subsequently by the Dairy Industry Commission in Quebec.)

July 6 - A subsidy of 6 cents per pound for butter-fat made into creamery butter was pit into effect by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board and arrangements were made to support the market against price declines.

July 14 and 15 - Dairy production and the butter situation in particular received attention at an inter-provincial conference called by the Agricultural Supplies Board. A number of resolutions were passed which seemed to offer a solution to some dairy production problems.

August 7 - The standardization of tin containers for concentrated milk products was ordered by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board.

August 26 - The sale of sweetened condensed milk by manufacturers was limited in quantity to that sold in the same month of the previous year, except sales made to the defence services.

November 1 - Wholesale butter prices were advanced 5/4 cent as per W. P. T. B. order No. 124.

November 19 - Butter stocks at November 30, 1042, were limited to 75 percent of the holdings at the same date of the previous year.

December 1 - The Cuebec government discontinued the cheese production bonus of 2 cents per pound.

December 7 and 9 - Production objectives for 1943 were decided at a conference of provincial and dominion officials called by the Agricultural Supplies Eoard.

December 16 - Milk prices to consumers were reduced 2 cents a quart, and in accordance with the announcement made by the Minister of Finance on December 3, 1042, distributors would be reimbursed by the government.

December 21 - (1) Butter rationing became effective in Canada, each person being limited 1/2 pound per week. The order was also made applicable to dairy butter used on farms or made for sale. Individual holdings of more than 2 pounds must be reported. (2) The wholesale price of butter was reduced to the October level, and effective December 23 the retail price would revert to the loser level, a reduction of approximately 2 cents per pound retail. (3) The butter-fat subsidy of 3 cents was advanced to 10 cents per pound during the period December 21, 1942, to April 30, 1943, and holders of 1,000 pounds or more would be compensated by the Government for any loss in revenue.

TABLE VI-PRODUCTION OF MILK PER COW AND PERCENTAGES OF COMS MILKING IN NOVEMBER, 1938-42.

Provinces	Milk production per Cow in Pounds Per Day	Percentage of Cows Wilking			
	1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 Av.	1933 1939 1940 1941 1942 Ave.			
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta Eritish Columbia	12.2 9.4 9.2 12.4 14.5 11.5 13.5 15.4 14.1 12.9 14.6 14.1 12.0 11.3 13.1 11.4 16.0 12.8 10.7 10.7 11.3 11.9 14.5 11.3 14.2 14.0 14.1 14.5 14.0 14.3 10.3 12.2 11.9 11.0 11.6 11.4 9.3 11.1 11.3 12.0 12.0 11.1 11.5 12.7 11.7 12.9 10.6 11.9 15.9 16.0 16.4 14.4 12.3 15.0	77.5 73.2 74.1 34.5 80.7 79.3 85.0 79.0 76.1 77.2 30.5 79.6 77.7 74.2 82.8 73.3 92.6 81.2 81.3 62.6 79.7 76.3 86.5 81.4 74.9 79.4 77.2 75.7 76.5 76.8 62.3 71.1 84.7 84.6 88.0 87.2 66.7 87.8 86.5 88.5 87.9 87.5 83.9 84.8 86.5 86.5 87.9 87.5 83.9 84.8 86.9 82.3 80.4 81.7 78.1 78.2 79.2 77.5 74.9 76.8			
CANADA	12.2 12.6 12.6 12.6 13.3 12.7	74.7 74.3 73.0 74.0 77.3 74.7			



