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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA
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GOLD PRODUCTION IN CANADA, OCTOBER, 1932.

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa reports that the Canadian gold production in October amounted to 253,057 ounces valued at \$5,231,152 as compared with 260,538 ounces at \$5,385,798 in September and 239,691 ounces worth \$4,954,853, produced in October, 1931. During the first ten months of 1932 the Canadian output totalled 2,524,899 ounces with a value of \$52,194,293; in the corresponding period of the previous year 2,213,895 ounces worth \$45,765,270 were produced.

Ontario's output increased 1.1 per cent in October to 191,869 ounces from the September total of 189,721 ounces. The October production consisted of 95,214 ounces from the Kirkland Lake field, 87,528 ounces from the Porcupine camp and 9,127 ounces from other sources. Barry-Hollinger, Dome, Howey, Kirkland Lake, Lake Shore, McIntyre, Sylvanite, Teck-Hughes and Vipond reported increased outputs over September.

Quebec produced 29,269 ounces, a 14.4 per cent decline from the September output of 34,205 ounces but a 4.5 per cent increase over the August total of 28,000 ounces.

In British Columbia, 17,182 ounces were extracted during the month as compared with 16,023 ounces in September.

Manitoba's output recorded a 22.2 per cent falling off to 9,819 ounces from the preceding month's total of 12,617 ounces. Flin Flon, Central Manitoba and San Antonio were the October shippers.

Placer gold production in the Yukon was reported at 4,884 ounces as against 7.554 ounces in September. Nova Scotia shipments to the Royal Canadian Mint amounted to 34 ounces; in the previous month 418 ounces were shipped.

The American Bureau of Metal Statistics estimates the world production of gold at 2,033,000 ounces in October and the total for the ten months ending October, 1932 at 19,503,000 ounces. Transvaul's output rose to 974,965 ounces in October from the previous month's total of 961,501 ounces. During the first ten months of 1932 the Transvaul produced 9,594,230 ounces, a 6.0 per cent advance over the output of 9,050,282 ounces during the corresponding period of 1931. The United States production (including the Philippines) in October amounted to 255,000 ounces as compared with 246,000 ounces in September. This advance, according to the American Bureau of Metal Statistics was due largely to increased shipments of bullion from Alaska.



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