

# THE LEATHER GLOVE AND MITTEN INDUSTRY 1959 



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The Honourable George Hees, Minister of Trade and Commerce

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## Publications

The results of the annual Census of Industry are published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in a series of industry reports which are released each year as the compilations are completed. Reports for industrles classifled to the Leather Products Major Group are 11 sted below, along with current and annual publications of related interest. Similar reports are issued for other industries. A complete catalogue of publications of the Bureau is available on request from the Information Services Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, of from the Queen's Printer, Ottawa.

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33-205 Miscellaneous Leather Products and the Leather Belting Industries (A) ..... 50
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This report is one in a series of about 130 publications which present the results of the 1959 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series refer to specific industries, but there ate summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for malor industry groups. An annual Census of Manufactures has been carried out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics since 1916.

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, Inventoples and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics, with special reference to 1959 are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

Data for the annual census is collected on an establishment basis. A firm with more than one plant is required to file a report for each plant. In most cases an establishment is a complete factory. Sometimes, however, a plant is divided into two or more establishments when it carries out operations classiflable to different industries and when separate accounting records are avallable. Usually the statistics for an establishment relate only to the manufacturing activities. Other activitles such as construction at the plant by its own employees, wholesale or retall activities carried on at the plant location, etc., are not included. Plants engaged solely in repair work (except in the case of furniture, shipbuilding, boat building, alrcraft and railway rolling stock industries) are not included but plants occupied in assembling parts into complete units are included.

## Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level and clerical employees. Working ownets and partners are also included in this category.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, warehousing and delivery staffs. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations, on outside piece work etc., are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to calendar years whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included but not their withdrawals for income tax. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used, (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the works, including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the works, of materials and supplies actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containets or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants of reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting plant of by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting plant for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distrlbuting warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm are included. Goods bought of received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are computed on f.o.b. plant or
plant warehouse basis, and do not include sales tax of excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbullding, alrcraft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Irventories

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventories owned and held at the reporting plant. Figures include inventorles held in warehouses or selling outlets which have been included with plant operations for purpases of reporting shipments.

## Value Added by Manufacturing

Figures are computed from value of shipments plus or minus changes in inventories of finished goods and goods in process less cost of materials, fuel and electricity. This ilgure is sometimes referred to as net production.'

## Standard Industrial Classification

The Standard Industrial Classification Manual, prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, provides for 135 three-digit industries in the manufacturing sector, arranged in 17 major groups. Reporting establlshments are classified or allotted ic specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

## Short Forms

Between 1949 and 1957, in an effort to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a short form was used asking for the total value of shipments only or, in a few cases where losses of detail were significant, for quantities and values of principal products. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the besis of appropriate ratios. In general the cut-off point for these short forms was set at $\$ 50.000$ value of shipments. About $40 \%$ of the total number of establishments reported on the short form and accounted for less than 3 per cent of the total value of shipments.

In 1958, in order to establish a new base year, the small firms were asked to report all items of principal statistics together with some detail on materials and products.

[^0]For the 1959 Census, the short form was used again, but further steps were taken to ease the respondents' burden. First, the general limit for short forms was raised to $\$ 100,000$ value of shipments. In addition, a new intermediate form was developed. This form is a shortened version of the long form in that most of the general questions were pared down and the detailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between $\$ 100,000-\$ 500,000$ value of shipments, but in the case of both the short and intermediate forms there were lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms accounted for a larger share of total shipments. On the other hand, limits were raised where this could be done without a significant loss of coverage. On most of the short forms for 1959, in addition to total value of shipments, data on principal products were requested. In a few industries, where loss of employment and earnings data were considered too large because of higher cut-offs, a question on total payroll was placed on the short form.

The Intermediate and long forms provide complete data for the compilation of all elements of principal industry statistics and the details of materials and products. The one-page short form, although contarning data on principal products and total value of shipments, does not request information on other elements of principal statistics such as value of inventories, materials, fuel and electricity and, in most cases, employment and salaries and wages, nor does it contain detailed data on volume and value of materials used. For purposes of compiling aggregates of principal statistics by industry and by geographic location, the missing data for each establishment were estimated for 1959 by using, in general, ratios based on the change in the value of shipments between 1958 and 1959. The proportion of the estimated data was generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.

The general request for the principal items of products on the short form for 1959 permitted a fairly complete compilation of the detafled quantities and values of commodity shipments. In the case of the detailed quantities and values of materials, fuel and electricity, however, and the monthly distribution of production workers, only the totals of data actually reported on the intermediate and long forms are contained in published reports and no attempt was made as in past years to estimate the generally small proportion of individual totals represented by detailed items omitted from the short forms.

The new approach has relieved an additional 12,000 establishments from filling out the regular Long form. Establishments now receiving the short form number in excess of 20,000 and account for more than 54 per cent of the total number of establishments and a little more than 3 per cent of the total value of shipments.

# THE LEATHER GLOVE AND MITTEN INDUSTRY 1959 

Factory shipments by the Leather Glove and Mitten Industry in 1959 were valued at $\$ 10,550,349$, atn increase of 6.0 per cent over the 1958 figure of $\$ 9.951,908$. When account is taken of the $\$ 169,689$ increase in inventories of goods in process and of finished goods during the year, the estimated value of production was $\$ 10,720,038$, an increase of $\$ 859.567$ or 8.7 per cent over the corresponding 1958 figure of $\$ 9.860 .471$.

The number of establishments dropped by one from 62 to 61 , but the number of employees increased slightly from 1,509 to 1,518 . Salaries and wages paid at $\$ 3,467,693$ were $\$ 222,196$ or 6.8 per cent higher than the comparable 1958 amount of $\$ 3,245,497$.

The cost of materials used in 1959 was $\$ 5,274,412$, as against $\$ 4.931,274$ in 1958 , an
increase of $\$ 343,138$ or 7.0 per cent. Value added by manufacture increased by $\$ 519,836$ or 10.7 per cent, rising from $\$ 4,866,625$ in the previous year to $\$ 5,386,461$ in the year under review.

The total value of leather gloves and mittens imported into Canada in 1959 was $\$ 1,907,701$. a sizeable increase of 30.2 per cent over the value of similar imports during 1958. Women's kid gloves accounted for 23.6 per cent of the total value of gloves imported. Although France continued to be the leading source of supply in this caiegory, the imports from West Germany maintained their prominent share of the market. Exports of Canadian gloves, although still relatively small, increased quite sharply from $\$ 80,733$ in 1958 to $\$ 104,355$ in 1959, a gain of 29.2 per cent.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Leather Glove and Mitten Industry, Representative Years 1920-57, and by Provinces 1958 and 1959


[^1]TABLE 2. Factory Shipments by types, 1959

| Classification | Sheep and Lamb skin | Goat and Kid skin | Horsehide | Muleskin | Cow hide | Pigskin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Deer- } \\ & \text { skin } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { other } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | doze | pair |  |  |  |
| Dress gloves and mittens: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's lined. | 87,839 | 3,960 | 7,046 | - | 8, 261 | 2,093 | 2,070 | 478 |
| Men's unlined............................... | 14,935 | 1,383 | 554 | - | 73 | 2,183 | 3,697 | 81 |
| Women's and children's lined ........ | 31,517 | 476 | 73 | - | 620 | 48 | - | 5 |
| Women's and children's unlined .... | 4,990 | 304 | - | - | 45 | 222 | 80 | 67 |
| Sport gloves and mittens: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's lined................................... | 1,101 | 337 | 226 | - | 612 | - | - | - |
| Men's unlined............................... | 306 | - | 247 | - | 565 | - | - | 250 |
| Women's and children's lined ........ | 1,449 | 217 | 29 | - | 2,908 | - | 285 | - |
| Women's and children's unlined .... | 660 | 371 | 32 | - | 211 | - | 241 | 67 |
| Work gloves and mittens: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's lined... | 1,925 | 1,365 | 9,471 | 1,005 | 31,480 | 3,929 | 2,775 | 13,099 |
| Men's unlined ............................... | 2,364 | 6.515 | 35,489 | 148, 663 | 185, 233 | 12,811 | 42,424 | 11,133 |
| Women's and children's lined ....... | 3,668 | 424 | - | 86 | 26,466 | - | - | 1,941 |
| Women's and children's unlined.... | 9,312 | 1 |  | 166 | 3,503 | - | 342 | 125 |
| Total gloves and mittens, 1959. | 160, 066 | 15,353 | 53, 167 | 149,920 | 259,977 | 21,286 | 51,914 | 27,246 |
| 1958 .. | 164,305 | 16, 781 | 63,733 | 147,932 | 236, 503 | 12,542 | 50,494 | 26,386 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes combinations of various kinds of leather.

TABLE 2A. Quantity and Value of Factory Shipments, 1958 and 1959

| Classification | 1958 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

... Figures not appropriate or not applicable.

TABLE 3. Quantity and Value of Materials Used, 1958 and 1959

| Principal materials | 1958 |  | 1959 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sq. ft. | Value | sq. ft. | Value |
|  |  | * |  | \$ |
| Sheepskin | 4,001,183 | 1,045,034 | 4,581,256 | 1,224,520 |
| Horsehide | 1,468,406 | 484,805 | 1,135,795 | 407.551 |
| Cowhide | 6,974,717 | 1,460,796 | 6,085,504 | 1,373,200 |
| Pigskin | 247, 107 | 116,005 | 357, 335 | 162,356 |
| Goatskin | 264,334 | 91,321 | 221,172 | 98,960 |
| Kid | 35,612 | 15,689 | 10,650 | 6,390 |
| Lambskin | 500 | 325 | 9,990 | 3,996 |
| Deerskin | 468,017 | 168,937 | 471,122 | 164, 825 |
| Muleskin | 1,330,229 | 196,686 | 1,891,814 | 296,309 |
| Other hides and skins | -•• | 32,935 | - | 37,602 |
| Splits (various kinds of leather) ............................... | -. | 316,122 | ** | 231,357 |
| Shipping and packaging materials | . . | 66,041 | $\cdots$ | 68,389 |
| Operating, maintenance and repair supplies ............. | -•• | 57,150 | $\cdots$ | 40,511 |
| Other material and supplies ........................................ | - $\cdot$ | 823,015 | -.. | 1,150,636 ${ }^{1}$ |
| Amount paid to others for work done on materials owned by reporting plants $\qquad$ | -•• | 56,413 | - | 7.810 |
| Total value ......................................................... | $\cdots$ | 4,931,274 | * $\cdot$ | 5,274,412 |

[^2]... Figures not appropriate or not applicable.

TABLE 4. Total Production and Average Price of Leather Gloves and Mittens, 1933-59


[^3]TABLE 5. Production of Dress Types of Gloves and Mittens, 1949-59

|  | Men's |  | Women's and children's |  | 'Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Doz. pr. | Value | Doz. pr. | Value | Doz. pr. | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| 1949 | 100, 509 | 2,229,498 | 87, 180 | 1,667,704 | 187,689 | 3,897, 202 |
| 1950 | 102,318 | 2,274,534 | 69, 454 | 1, 107, 202 | 171,772 | 3,381, 736 |
| 1951 | 119,034 | 3,302, 648 | 60,105 | 1,290,189 | 179,139 | 4,592,837 |
| 1952 | 130, 128 | 3, 446, 115 | 50,678 | 1,022,767 | 180, 806 | 4,468,882 |
| 1953 | 129,807 | 3,035, 296 | 57,502 | 970.638 | 187,309 | 4,005,934 |
| 1954 | 110,443 | 2,366, 293 | 49,468 | 746,725 | 159,911 | 3,113,018 |
| 1955 | 149, 229 | 3,202,827 | 51,942 | 781,694 | 201,171 | 3,984,521 |
| 1956 | 162, 287 | 3,751, 231 | 55,084 | 786, 435 | 217,371 | 4,537,666 |
| 1957 | 159,203 | 3, 563, 121 | 57,632 | 828,392 | 216.835 | 4,391,513 |
| 1958 | 133, 394 | 3,149,632 | 42, 101 | 616,058 | 175,495 | 3,765,690 |
| 1959 | 134,653 | 3,264,005 | 38,447 | 637, 204 | 173,100 | 3,901, 209 |

TABLE 6. Production of Sport and Work Types of Gloves and Mittens, 1949-59


TABLE 7. Employees and their Earnings, by Provinces, 1958 and 1959

| Province | Employees |  |  |  |  | Salaries and wages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Supervisory and office employees |  | Production workers |  | Total | Supervisory and office employees | Production workers | Total |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |  |  |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  | dollars |  |  |
| Quebec | 68 | 29 | 287 | 519 | 903 | 342, 166 | 1,504,437 | 1.846,603 |
| Ontario | 19 | 20 | 110 | 150 | 299 | 144,987 | 553,235 | 698. 222 |
| Manitoba ...................................... | 14 | 5 | 70 | 142 | 231 | 102,803 | 402,680 | $505,483$ |
| Other provinces ............................ | 11 | 4 | 28 | 33 | 76 | 53, 204 | 141,985 | 195, 189 |
| Canada | 112 | 58 | 495 | 844 | 1. 509 | 643,160 | 2,602,337 | 3, 245, 497 |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec | 63 | 24 | 276 | 526 | 889 |  | $1,506,867$ | $1,893,600$ |
| Ontario | 18 | 18 | 108 | 161 | 305 | 172,042 | $601,626$ | $773,668$ |
| Manitobs ..................................... | 16 | 8 | 73 | 143 | 240 | 125,030 | 443.339 | $568,369$ |
| Other provinces ............................ | 14 | 5 | 29 | 36 | 84 | 78,096 | 153,960 | 232,056 |
| Canada | 111 | 55 | 486 | 866 | 1,518 | 761,901 | 2, 705, 792 | 3, 467,693 |

TABLE 8. Production Workers, by Months, 1959

|  | Establishme monthly | reporting $\text { ail }{ }^{1}$ | Establishme quarter | eporting tail |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| January | 324 | 605 |  |  |
| February | 339 | 637 |  |  |
| March | 353 | 638 | 91 | 133 |
| April .................................................................... | 342 | 629 |  |  |
| May | 355 | 642 |  |  |
| June | 367 | 656 | 91 | 143 |
| July . | 373 | 666 |  |  |
| August | 376 | 682 |  |  |
| Sept ember | 377 | 672 | 103 | 155 |
| October .................................................................. | 383 | 680 |  |  |
| November .............................................................. | 374 | 694 |  |  |
| December | 365 | 676 | 93 | 128 |
| Average for establishments reporting monthly detail |  |  | 359 | 657 |
| Average for establishments reporting quarterly detail |  | ............ | 93 | 140 |
| Average estimated for small establishments ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 34 | 69 |
| Average for all establishments. |  |  | 486 | 866 |

${ }^{1}$ The number of production workers, by months, was collected only for establishments generally reporting value of shipments of $\$ 200,000$ and over.
${ }^{2}$ The number of production workers, by quarters, was collected only for establishments generally reporting value of shipments between $\$ 50,000$ and $\$ 200,000$,
${ }^{3}$ For establishments generally reporting value of shipments of less than $\$ 50,000$, no data on number of workers were collected. Average wasestimated by using change in value of shipments to arrive at value of payroll which was then used in conjunction with estimated average earnings to arrive at number of workers.

TABLE 9. Principal Statistics Classified according to Type of Ownership, 1958 and 1959

| Type | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |
| Individual ownership | 21 | 175 | 336, 294 | 519,204 | 1,088,431 |
| Paptnerships .................................................... | 6 | 56 | 109,466 | 183,068 | 401,016 |
| Incorporated companies | 35 | 1. 278 | 2,799,737 | 4, 229,002 | 8,462,461 |
| Totals | 62 | 1,509 | 3,245,497 | 4,931,274 | 9,951,908 |
| Individual ownership | 22 | 152 | 345,030 | 534, 284 | 1,055,668 |
| Partnerships | 5 | 50 | 125,291 | 226,922 | 461,371 |
| Incorporated companles ..................................... | 34 | 1,316 | 2,997, 372 | 4,513,206 | 9,033,310 |
| Totals | 61 | 1,518 | 3,467,693 | 5,274,412 | $10,550,349$ |

TABLE 10. Principal Statistics of the Leather Glove and Mitten Industry in Canada, Grouped according to Size of Establishments, 1958 and 1959

| Establishments with factory shipments of | Estab-lishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at fiant of materials used | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1958 | number |  | dollars |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$25,000.. | 12 | 25 | 32,871 | 52.190 | 92,758 |
| \$ 25,000 to \$ 49,999 ......................................... | 11 | 110 | 168,113 | 180. 486 | 412,679 |
| 50,000 ${ }^{\text {./ }} 999,999$......................................... | 15 | 156 | 324.143 | 511.047 | 1.050,038 |
| 100.000 " 199,999 ...................................... | 7 | 157 | 336. 146 | 453.236 | 936,914 |
| 200,000 and over ............................................ | 17 | 1.061 | 2, 384, 224 | 3,734,315 | 7.459,519 |
| Totals | 62 | 1,509 | 3,245,497 | 4,931,274 | 9,951,908 |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$25,000 ................................................ | 14 | 27 | 38.531 | 57, 806 | 108. 678 |
| \$ 25.000 to \$ 49,999 ........................................ | 8 | 86 | 130.746 | 147. 266 | 312.842 |
| 50.000 ". 99,999 ...................................... | 15 | 147 | 337. 476 | 590, 068 | 1.071. 168 |
| 100.000 "' 199.999 ...................................... | 8 | 177 | 423.357 | 508.724 | 1.114,583 |
| 200.000 and over ........................................... | 16 | 1.081 | 2.537.583 | 3,960,548 | 7,943.078 |
| Totals | 61 | 1,518 | 3,467,693 | 5,274,412 | 10,550, 349 |

TABLE 11. Opening and Closing Inventories ${ }^{1}$, 1959

|  | Raw materials and supplies |  | Goods in process |  | Finished goods |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Opening | Closing | Opening | Closing | Opening | Closing | Opening ${ }^{2}$ | Closing |
|  | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quebec | 752.725 | 919.704 | 161. 173 | 194,062 | 455, 182 |  | 1.369.080 |  |
| Ontario | 229.578 | 323,088 | 49.564 | 70,810 | 191,396 | 138,074 | 470.538 | 1. 531.972 |
| Other provinces ..................... | 271,898 | 321,453 | 84.950 | 113,031 | 184,615 | 261,355 | 541,463 | 695,839 |
| Canada ............................. | 1,254,201 | 1,564,245 | 295, 687 | 377.903 | 831, 193 | 918,666 | 2,381,081 | 2.860, 814 |

[^4]TABLE 12. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1959

| Kind | Quantity | Cost at plant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Establishments reporting commodity detail: ${ }^{1}$ |  | \$ |
| Bituminous coal - Imported ....................................................... ${ }^{\text {an }}$ | 111 | 1.446 |
| Anthracite coal ........................................................................ " |  | 1. 406 |
| Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) ................. Imp. gal. | 13.685 | 5. 948 |
| Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil ...................................... ${ }^{\text {Gas }}$ (a) | 34.958 | 6. 413 |
| Gas (a) Liquefied petroleum gases <br> (b) Natural gas | 1. 0000 | 300 |
|  | 1,081,901 | 842 21.057 |
| 2. Establishments reporting group detail:2 |  |  |
| Cost of fuel Cost of electricity. | $\ldots$ | 9,034 |
| Cost of electricity.. | ... | 5.978 |
| 3. Estimate for establishments for which no data were collected:s <br> Cost of fuel and electricity | ... | 6. 741 |
| 4. All establishments: |  |  |
| Total cost of fuel and electricity .............................................. | ... | 59, 165 |

[^5]TABLE 13. Imports of Leather Gloves, Mitts and Mittens, during the Calendar Years, 1957-59

| Countries from which imported | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | dollars |  |  |
| Gloves, mitts and mittens of leather: |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 614,577 523,396 583,190 |  |  |
| Pakistan | 11,04620,150 | 13,39018,282 | 7,955 |
| Czechoslovakia |  |  | 33,512114,269 |
| France ........................ | 20,150 94,337 | 18,282 85,884 |  |
| Germany, Federal Republic of | 22,146 | 20,921 | 18,482 |
| Japan | 97,192 | 103.964 | 177,442 |
| Netherlands. | 16,146 | 169,945 41,135 |  |
| United States | 86,116 | 89,087 | 50,774 |
| Other Countries | 5,131 | 4,604 | 96.840 10.532 |
| Totals. | 1,012,161 | 1,070,608 | 1,452,316 |
| Gloves, of kid - Women's: |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom ........... | 3,5326,544 | 1,43011,898 | 2,2397,454 |
| Belgium and Luxembourg |  |  |  |
| France ...... | 226,445 | 228,342 | 270, 824 |
| Germany, Federal Republic of ....................................................... | 99,33621,922 | 122.527 | 141,94323,645 |
| Italy |  | 18,612 |  |
| Trited States ... | 157 | 11,821 | 3,123157 |
| Other Countries |  | 354 |  |
| Totals | 357,936 | 394,984. | 449,385 |
| Total value of imports of leather gloves, mitts and mittens...... | 1,370,097 | 1,465,592 | 1,901,701 |

TABIE 14. Exports of Leather Gloves, Mitts and Mittens, during the Calendar Years, 1957-59

| Countries to which exported | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | dollars |  |  |
| Gloves, mitts and mittens of leather: |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom |  | 31.726 | 56,670 |
| Trinidad and Tobago $\qquad$ | 2.511 | $216$ | 2,215 |
| Union of South Africa | 221 |  |  |
| Sweden | 5.617 | 43,013 | 37,221 |
| Switzerland | 290 | 4, - | -709 |
| United States .......................................................................................... | 4.261 | 4,323 | 5,678 |
|  | 292 698 | 755 700 | 1,192 670 |
| Totals | 68,388 | 80.733 | 104,355 |

List of Leather Glove and Mitten Establishments

| Name |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| New Brunswick: |  |
| Boyer Co. Ltd., J.W......................................................................... |  |

List of Leather Glove and Mitten Establishments - Concluded

| Na me | Address |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quebec - Concluded: |  |
| Ganterie Canadienne Ltée, La | Ancienne Lorette |
| Ganterie P.N. Chaillez, La | St-Stanis la s |
| Ganterie René Auclair, La | 35 St-Amand, Loretteville |
| Ganterle Saguenay Limitée | Port Alfred, Cte., Chicoutimi |
| Gants \& Mitaines Laurentide Inc. | 220 rue du Moulin, St-Tite |
| Gloves Ltd. | St. Emile de Quebec |
| Gold Glove Ltd | 6740 De Gaspè, Montreal \& St-Tite |
| Himes Glove Co. | 7519 Boyer St., Montreal |
| H. \& S. Glove Co. | 179 Craig St. W., Montreal |
| Lorette Fur Gloves Reg'd. | 53 rue Racine, Loretteville |
| Montreal Glove Works Ltd. | 1245 St. Urbain St., Montreal |
| Paris Glove Co. Ltd. | 6355 Park Ave., Montreal |
| Perrin Glove Co. (Canada) Ltd. | 423-437 Mayor St., Montreal |
| Perrín Glove Co. (Canada) Ltd. | 203 Racine St.,Loretteville |
| Safety Glove \& C lothing Company | 3572 Masson St., Montreal |
| Sport Gloves Enrg. ...... | 227 rue St-Pierre, St-Tite |
| Tip Top Gloves Mfg. Co. | 1353 Ave. Mont-Royal Montreal |
| Tweed Leathercraft Reg'd. | 5 Cource lette St., Zuebec |
| Wear Well Leather Products Reg*d. | 640 Craig St., W., Montreal |
| Weiss Glove Mfg. Co., Reg'd. ....... | 159 Marie Anne St. E., Montreal |
| Ontario: |  |
| Barrie Glove \& Knitting Co. Ltd.. The | 40 Ontario St. S., Kitchener |
| Blenheim Mitt \& Glove Co. ......... | Blenheim |
| Bowmanville Glove \& Mitt Co. Ltd | 58 King St. W., Bowmanville |
| Clarke Glove Co.. A.W. | 53 Trinity St., Toronto |
| Dotzert Glove Co., The | 58 Bricker Ave., Waterloo |
| Earl Glove Mfg. Co. | 1887 Yonge St., Toronto |
| Gurney \& Son, W.H. | Wingham |
| Hamilton Glove Factory | 3 Colborne St. Hamilton |
| Huck Glove Co. Ltd. | 120 Victoris St. S., Kitchener |
| Marzo Glove Co. | 145 Crescent St., Acton |
| Ontarlo Glove Mfg. Co. Ltd., The | 25 Regina St. S., Waterloo |
| Queen City Leather Works | 3323 Dundas St., Toronto |
| Simcoe Mitt \& Glove Co. Ltd., The | 89 Pond St., Simcoe |
| Superior Glove Works | Main St., Acton |
| Tooker Glove Manufacturer, A.E. | 23 Pearl St., Brantford |
| Waterloo Glove Mfg. Co. Ltd., The | 9-11 Erb St. E., Waterloo |
| Wright Glove Works Lid. | 81 Lake St., Pembroke |
| Manitoba: |  |
| Buffalo Glove Co. |  |
| Good Wear Glove Co. Ltd. | 344 Cumberland Ave., Winnipeg |
| Perfecfit Glove Co. | 319 Elgin Ave., Winnipeg |
| Raber Glove Mfg. Co. | 293 Market St., Winnipeg |
| Standard Glove Works | 221 Flora Ave., Winnipeg |
| Sterling Glove Co. Ltd. ... | 291 Owena St., Winnipeg |
| Utility Glove Co. Limited | 164 Princess St., Winnipeg |
| Alberta: |  |
| Alberta Glove Co. | 10646-101st. Street, Edmont on |
| British Columbla: |  |
| Marca Glove Co. Ltd. | 119 West Pender St., Vancouver 3 |
| Parker Glove Co. | 278 E., 1 Oth Ave., Vancouver 10 |
| Treen Glove Co. Ltd. | 224 West Broadway, Vancouver 10 |
| Watson Limited, John | 127 East Second Ave., Vancouver 10 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of offlce supplies used, advertising. insurance and other goods and services obtained from other businesses. Data on these inputs are not callected on the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for "The primary industries and construction" are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202. Survey of Production.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ For the years 1920-23 cost of fuel only is shown,
    2Figures for "Value added by manufacture" are obtained by subtracting cost of materials used and cost of fuel and electricity from value of production. In 1952 and 1953 value of shipments was used since value of production could not be ascertained. In 1954 and 1955 value of production was computed by using the value of shipments plus or minus the increase or decrease in finished goods inventory. For 1956 and later years the change in "Goods in process" inventory was also taken into account.
    ${ }^{3}$ Figures for 1952 and later years represent value of factory shipments.
    4 New Brunswick, 1: Alberta, 1: British Columbia, 4.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ No detailed information on materials used was collected from firms generally reporting value of shipments of less than $\$ 50,000$. The total estimated value of materials used by these firms was $\$ 233,998$, and this amount has been included in "other materials and supplies".

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Factory shipments.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plant and plant warehouses.
    ${ }^{2}$ The opening inventory for 1959 differs from the closing inventory published for 1958 because of receipt of revised data, new firms and the removal of figures for firms which did not operate during 1959.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ Establishments generally reporting value of shipments of $\$ 200.000$ and over.
    ${ }^{2}$ Establishments generally reporting value of shipments between $\$ 50,000$ and $\$ 200,000$.
    , Establishments generally reporting value of shipments of less than $\$ 50.000$.
    ... Figures not appropriate or not applicable.

