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LEATHER GLOVE FACTORIES 1963

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PUBLICATIONS

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LEATHER GLOVE FACTORIES

1963

In terms of both the revised Standard Industrial Classification and the New Establishment Concept, this industry is defined as comprising those "Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing gloves and mittens of leather".

The 1963 shipments by the industry proper of goods of own manufacture are shown in Table 7, while Table 7 A shows such shipments by kind of skin used in as much detail as possible. Tables 7B and 7C show, respectively, the industry shipments of "Dress" and "Sport and work" gloves on a historical basis for the years 1953 to 1962, inclusive. Table 8 presents the 1962 and 1963 all-industry shipments of leather gloves, by type.

A list of the establishments classified to this industry in the 1963 survey will be found at the end of this report.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1 A. Principal Statistics classified by Province, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturinį	g activity				7	rotal acti	vity	
Year and	Estab-		oduction ated wor		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			g owners irtners		otal loyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages		materials and supplies		Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Total value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	100
1961													
Totals	56	1,209	2.300	2,732	65	5.234	10,484	5,309	24	105	1,718	3,967	5,768
1962													
Newfoundland	_		_	_				_	_	_	_	_	
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Nova Scotia	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Brunswick	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Quebec	27	707	1,398	1,721	43	2,834	6,534	3,626	11	54	1,016	2,355	3,773
Ontario	16	247	511	627	16	1,162	2,302	1,092	7	24	312	830	1,129
Manitoba	6	209	422	450	6	970	1,768	889	х	х	240	613	885
Saskatchewan		_	-	_	_		_	_	_	_	_		_
Aiberta	1	1											
British Columbia	4	63	130	176	5	236	548	329	Х	X	75	235	402
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	_	_	_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_
Totals	54	1.226	2,461	2,974	70	5,204	11.153	5,936	20	85	1,843	4,033	6,189
1963													
2000													
Newfoundland	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Prince Edward Island	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Nova Scotia	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Brunswick	_		_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Quebec	25	726	1,519	1,798	51	3,269	7,381	4,025	х	x	923	2,361	4,173
Ontario	17	293	580	736	17	1,171	2,513	1,263	10	28	329	948	1,365
Manitoba	6	214	426	446	7	1,010	1,845	846	_	_	244	592	843
Saskatchewan	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Alberta	1	} 65	130	182	4	224	553	296	v		78	248	381
British Columbia	4) 03	130	104	*	264	553	290	Х	X	(6	440	301
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_					_	_			-	_	_	_
Totals	53	1,298	2,654	3,163	80	5,675	12,293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4,150	6,762

TABLE 1 B. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity					Total acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		g owners artners		otal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
1962													
Under \$10,000	9 4 4 12 7 10	3 12 19 98 113 405	6 24 38 197 223 826	7 27 41 239 259 967	1 1 1 7 7	26 36 77 440 477 1,638	52 76 154 852 955 3,461	25 37 77 422 477 1.856	4 4 2 7 1 2	10 12 5 36 7	12 23 125 146 641	10 28 55 316 340 1.365	28 55 77 499 486 1,929
500,000 " 999,999 1,000,000 " 4,999,999	} 8	576	1,147	1,434	38	2,510	5,601	3.041	-	-	692	1,919	3,115
5,000,000 and over Head offices sales offices and	_	_	_	_	_	_			-	_	_		
auxiliary units										*			
Totals	54	1,226	2,481	2.974	70	5,204	11.153	5,936	20	85	1,643	4,033	6,18
1963													
Under \$10,000	} 9	3	7	8		47	84	36	5	15	4	11	3'
25,000 " 49,999	8 10 8 9	42 64 166 312	82 136 314 603	99 167 365 806	5 4 9 14	152 381 507 1,442	321 747 1.078 3.123	134 364 569 1.627	5 6 1 2	16 30 - 16	55 85 169 420	133 197 459 1,073	203 363 615 1,700
500,000 " 999,999] 9	711	1.512	1.718	48	3.145	6.940	3,699	_	_	821	2.277	3,83
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	ľ –	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	
auxiliary units													
Totals	53	1,298	2.654	3,163	80	5,675	12,293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4,150	6,76

TABLE 1 C. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Manu	ufacturing	activity				7	Fotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		oduction :		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and pa			otal loyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
1962	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
Jnder \$10,000	11 7 10 9 4	8 29 76 152 128	15 59 156 298 248	17 68 183 363 302	2 1 6 8 3	42 153 383 592 610	85 269 697 1,242 1,227	38 116 330 631 620	5 6 6 1 2	14 16 32 8 16	9 33 88 202 268	21 82 230 485 465	53 122 407 641 621
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999 1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	} 13 =	833	1,684	2,041	50	3,414	7.634	4,200	=		1,043	2,750	4,340
Totals	54	1.226	2,461	2,974	70	5,204	11.153	5,936	20	85	1,643	4.033	6,18
Under \$10,000	11 7 8 8 7	12 35 53 131 228	25 68 114 253 441	30 85 134 306 543	2 3 4 9 7	78 188 288 531 1,019	149 346 561 1,046 2,046	47 148 273 513 1,013	6 6 4 	19 18 24 ———————————————————————————————————	17 44 72 156 322	46 106 149 416 717	84 177 27 55 1,04
200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999 1,000,000 " 4,999,999	12	839	1,753	2,065	55	3,571	8.144	4.438	_	_	963	2,716	4,62
5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units				-									
Totals	53	1,298	2,654	3,163	80	5,675	12,293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4,150	6,76

TABLE 1 D. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Manı	ufacturing	activity					Total acti	vity	
See Sour	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ated wor		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		g owners artners		otal loyees	Total
	7.15.88563	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		,000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1062													
Under \$10.000 10.000 to \$ 24.999 2 000 " 49.999 50.000 " 99.999 50.000 " 199.999	9 9 8 11 4	3 34 55 173 128	6 68 118 337 248	7 78 134 412 302	1 2 4 10 3	26 169 315 663 616	52 301 573 1,365 1,227	25 129 267 694 620	4 7 6 1 2	10 20 32 8 16	38 61 229 268	10 92 150 565 465	28 147 275 773 621
100.000 " 499.999 1000.000 " 999.999 1000.000 " 4.999.999 0.000.000 and over Final offices, sales offices and arxillary units.	13	833	1,684	2.041	50	3.414	7,634	4,200	=	=	1,043	2.750	4,346
Totals	54	1.226	2.461	2,974	70	5,204	11,153	5,936	20	85	1.643	4,033	6,189
1963													
Under \$ 0.000 \$ 10.000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 " 49,999 -0.000 " 99,999 100,000 " 199,999 200,000 " 499,999 500,000 " 999,999 4 000,000 " 4,999,999	9 7 9 7 9 7 9	3 24 60 144 228 554 285	7 48 128 276 441 1,121 633	8 62 153 332 543 1,392 673	2 5 10 7 27 28	47 177 306 554 1.019 2,616 956	84 325 602 1,092 2,046 5,345 2,799	36 132 276 536 1,013 2,621 1,816	5 7 4 — 3 —	15 22 24 — 16 —	28 83 174 322 619 344	11 71 180 454 717 1.790 925	37 140 308 611 1,042 2,721 1,904
5,000,000 and over		_		_		_	_	_	-	_	_		
auxiliary units													
Totals	53	1,298	2,654	3,163	80	5,675	12,293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4,150	6,762

TABLE I.E. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Employed, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity				7	Fotal acti	vity	
Size arrup	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ated wor		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		g owners artners		otal loyees	Total
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000		1	\$'000		1		\$'000		\$'(000
1962													
Under 5 capleyed 5- 14 employed 15- 49 50- 99 400-199 200-499 500 employed and over Fead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	14 14 12 11 3	16 93 270 584 263	33 197 532 1,184 515 —	40 229 676 1.504 526	2 7 12 39 10	185 385 1,048 2,479 1,107	285 797 2.213 5.670 2,188	97 422 1.173 3,180 1.063	8 9 1 2 —	24 38 8 16 —	18 106 342 795 382 —	46 270 887 2,109 720	111 455 1,284 3,266 1,073
Totals	54	1,226	2,461	2,974	70	5,204	11.153	5,936	20	85	1,643	4,033	6,189
Under 5 employed	12 13 15	10 81 353	22 169 683	27 208 668	1 5 21	143 364 1,272	234 777 2.833	85 383 1,500	8 7 2	25 28 8	12 95 417	32 259 1,086	93 415 1,657
50- 99 "	} 13	854	1,780	2.059	53	3,896	8,449	4.463	2	16	1,050	2.773	4.598
100-499 Memployed and over Head offices, sales offices and	_	=	_	_	_	Ξ	=		98889	_	_	=	
auxiliary units	* * *	1 - 1		* * *			7 4 4				* 4 4		• • •
Totals	53	1,298	2,654	3,163	80	5,675	12,293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4,150	6,76

TABLE 1 F. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1962 and 1963

				Manu	ufacturing	activity				7	Fotal acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ated wor		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners rtners		otal loy ees	Total
	inenta	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
1962	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
Individual ownerships	18	62	134	152	5	415	756	336	14	57	81	183	355
Partnerships	3	28	52	77	2	161	362	188	6	28	98	135	193
Incorporated companies	33	1,136	2,275	2,746	63	4,628	10,036	5,412			1,464	3,715	5,641
Cooperatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_		111=_
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	54	1.226	2,461	2,974	70	5,204	11,153	5,936	20	85	1,643	4,033	6,189
1963					11								
Individual ownerships	17	97	190	213	5	314	709	386	13	49	117	228	423
Partnerships	3	29	54	68	2	314	510	198	6	27	60	128	198
Incorporated companies	33	1,172	2,410	2,862	73	5,047	11,074	5,846			1,397	3,794	6,142
Cooperatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-			_	_	_
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units													
Totals	53	1,298	2,654	3.163	80	5,675	12.293	6,430	19	76	1,574	4.150	6,762

TABLE 2. Industry Output, Input and Value Added, 1962 and 1963

	Manufact activi		Non-manufa activit		Tota activi	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
			\$'000)		
Output						
1. Shipments and other revenue	11,153	12,293	2,213	2,465	13,366	14,758
Inventories—Goods of own manufacture:		-				
Add closing—Goods in process	463	393			463	393
Finished goods	889	931		,	889	931
Less opening—Goods in process	403	423			403	423
Finished goods	892	1,009			892	1,009
2. Net inventory change	57	(108)			57	(108
3. Gross output (1 + 2)	11,210	12,185	2,213	2,465	13,423	14,650
Input						
4. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture		* * *	1,799	2,172	1,799	2,172
Inventories-Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			268	136	268	136
Less closing			137	212	137	212
5. Costs of goods sold (not own manufacture)			1,930	2,096	1,930	2,096
6. Materials, supplies, components and semi-processed goods	5,204	5,675	28	36	5,232	5,711
7. Fuel and electricity	70	80			70	60
8. Gross input (5 + 6 + 7)	5,274	5,755	1,958	2,132	7,232	7,887
Census value added (3-8)	5,936	6,430	254	333	6,189	6.762

TABLE 3. Employment and Payroll, 1962 and 1963

					Emplo	yees						Salar	ies and wa	ages	
Year and anythor	-	Product related			Adm trat	ive	a	iles nd bution		tal oyees	Producti-		Admin- istra- tive	Sales	salaries
arovince	Manufa	acturing	0	ther	and	mice	CALLET S	Outron.					and	distri- bution	and wages
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	Sation	wages
			1		num	ber		-					\$'000		
1962															
Newformilland		_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_	_	wants	_	_	_	_				_	_	_
Nova Scotia		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Brunswick	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		_
Quebec	269	438	5	161	44	23	73	3	391	625	1,721	126	337	171	2,355
Ontario	109	138	_	33	13	12	7	_	129	183	627	21	121	61	830
Manitoba	69	140	_	_	14	7	10	-	93	147	450	_	131	32	613
Saskatchewan		_	_	_	_		_	wante	_	_		_	_	_	
Alberta	1		-			4			35	40	177		50	9	235
British Columbia	27	36	_	_	6	4	2	_	35	40	111	_	30	9	200
Yukon and Northwest Ter-															
ritories	_	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-		-	-	
Totals	474	752	5	194	77	46	92	3	648	995	2,974	147	639	272	4,033
1963															
Newfoundland	-		_				_	_				_			_
Prince Edward Island			_		_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	
Nova Scotia		_		_			_		_	_	_		_	_	_
New Brunswick		_	_	_		_	_		_		_	_			-
Quebec	273	453	_	91	46	24	36	_	355	568	1,798	84	350	130	2,36
Ontario	110		_	_	15	15	6	_	131	198	736	_	153	58	94
Manitoba	74		_	1	14	6	9	_	97	147	446	_	118	28	593
Saskatchewan			_	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Alberta	} 29	36	_	_	6	5	2	-	37	41	182	-	55	11	24
Yukon and Northwest Ter-	,									_					
ritories	496			0.2	81	50	53		620		3,163	84	677	227	4,15
Totals	486	812	_	92	81	50	53		620	954	3,163	84	677	227	4,1

TABLE 3 A. Production and Related Workers,-Manufacturing Activity, by Months, 1962 and 1963

	Estal	lishments reporti	ng monthly deta	uil
Month	196	2	1963	3
	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	er	
lanuary ,	417	700	428	703
Pebruary	438	703	432	738
March	433	707	448	735
April	431	710	446	753
May	438	693	440	774
une	445	710	450	794
(uly	442	685	435	773
August	451	708	463	804
September	442	727	473	830
October	445	737	482	829
November	442	746	473	800
Occember	407	695	453	749
Average for establishments reporting monthly detail (collected only for large establishments)	438	709	453	773
Average for small establishments (only annual averages collected)	36	43	33	39
Average for all establishments	474	752	486	812

TABLE 4. Industry Inventories, 1963

		Manufa	acturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Raw materials and supplies	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total manufacturing	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book va	lue \$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundland	_	_		_		
Prince Edward Island		_		_	_	_
Nova Scotia	_		_	_	_	_
New Brunswick		_	_	_	_	-
Quebec	883	230	509	1,622	41	1,66
Ontario	255	108	234	597	51	64
Manitoba	362	83	144	589	_	58
Saskatchewan	_	_	_		_	_
Alberta	} 45	3	121	169	45	21
British Columbia	1	J	161	100	20	~ ~
Yukon and Northwest Territories		-		_	_	
Totals	1,546	423	1,009	2,978	136	3.11
Closing:						
Newfoundland			_	_	_	-
Prince Edward Island			_		_	-
Nova Scotia				_	stanto '	_
New Brunswick		_	_	_		_
Quebec	859	212	490	1,561	81	1,64
Ontario	229	81	199	509	72	58
Manitoba	380	95	150	625	_	62
Saskatchewan		_		-	_	1.00
Alberta	42	4	92	138	59	19
British Columbia	12	7.	34	100		4 4/
Yukon and Northwest Territories		_	_	week		-
Totals	1,510	393	931	2,834	212	3,04

TABLE 5. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

December 1		1962		1963	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
1. Large establishments which reported commodity detail:					
Bituminous coal;					
(a) From Canadian mines	ton	- tento	_	-	ute
(b) Imported	46	353	6	177	
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	44	_	_		-
Anthracite coal	46	_	_	_	-
Lignite coal	44	_	_		-
Coke	46		_	_	-
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) In	np. gal.	24,934	10	39,699	1
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	4.6	71,000	12	86,270	1
Wood	cord	_	_	_	
Gas:					
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases In	np. gal.	520		750	_
(b) Other manufactured gas M	cu. ft.		_	_	-
(c) Natural gas	64	4,868	4	8,026	
Other fuel		_			
Electricity purchased	kwh.	1,416,418	30	1,533,869	3
Steam purchased			1		
2. Estimate for small establishments:					
Fuel and electricity			8		
3. All establishments:					
Total fuel and electricity used			70	4	8

TABLE 6. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

Depositation	1962		1963		
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost	
	sq. ft.	\$,000	sq. ft.	\$'000	
1. Materials used:					
Sheepskin	3,860,281	938	4,251,971	1,113	
Horsehide	917,958	369	1,017,679	426	
Cowhide	6,177,668	1,390	6,530,948	1,415	
Pigskin	334,800	109	379,788	102	
Goatskin	141,223	77	141,694	74	
Kidskin	79,280	46	125,000	75	
1,ambskin	54,520	30	78,550	32	
Deerskin	428,318	160	390,871	154	
Muleskin	1,884,836	225	1,966,009	234	
Other hides and skins	***	37	4 + 4	34	
Splits (various kinds of leather)		224	1,906,434	225	
AC obser uniterlain and consuments asset		1,393		1,480	
Containara and other sautagin; natarities and supplies used	+ 6 6	83		82	
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		59		57	
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments		64	***	172	
Totals		5,204		5,675	

No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments, the estimated cost for which are included here. These estimated tooks were \$393,200 in 1963 and \$336,761 in 1963.

TABLE 7. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

	1962		1963	
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	doz. pr.	\$'000	doz. pr.	\$'000
1. Products:				
Drass gloves and mittens:				
Men's lined	116,940	2,744	149,189	3,316
Men's unlined	16,170	422	18,392	478
Women's and children's lined	31,038	410	38,846	482
Wemen's and children's unlined	7,485	208	8,069	246
Sport gloves and mittens:			0.504	
Man's lined	3,685	90	3,526	87
Men's unlined	3,019	75	3,751	113
Women's and children's lined	8,805	134	6,861	111
Women's and children's unlined	866	18	609	13
Work gloves and mittens:				
Men's ilned	70,214	1,128	67,312	1,070
Men's unlined	367,804	4,137	377,013	4,446
Women's and children's lined	56,687	481	45,843	545
Women's and children's unlined	5.033	47	5,766	55
Total, gloves and mittens	687,746	9,894	725,177	10,961
All other products	• • •	1,243		1,307
2. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others	e + +	22		26
Lass adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from Individual commodity items described above		(6)		(2)
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done		11,153	***	12,293

TABLE 7A. Shipments of Leather Gloves by Type, 1963

Description	Sheepskin and lambskin	Goatskin and kidskin	Horse- hide	Mule- skin	Cow- hide	Pig- skin	Deer- skin	All other ¹
				doze	n pair			
Dress gloves and mittens:								
Men's lined	119,003	2,927	11, 253	-	11,408	717	2,844	1,037
Men's unlined	11,594	1,354	522	_	2	1,483	2,346	561
Women's and children's lined	37, 143	_	_	_	1,009	_	а	693
Women's and children's unlined.	5, 299	2	_		_	2	2	65
Sport gloves and mittens:								
Men's lined	_)		ſ -	1,927	_	-	1, 139
Men's unlined	918	1,427	624] -	2	2	2	630
Women's and children's lined	1,713		024] -	3,640	-	-	1,408
Women's and children's unlined	331			-	-	_	_	118
Work gloves and mittens:								
Men's lined	2,473	779	6,934	2,651	45,689	1,856	1,767	5,648
Men's unlined	4,512	1,443	21,142	58, 816	199, 246	7,384	5,528	78,942
Women's and children's lined	5,642	2	-	_	19,482	a	2	20,354
Women's and children's unlined	352	-	3	3	4,292	-	-	637
Total gloves and mittens, 1963	188, 980	10, 634	40, 475	61, 467	287, 832	11,914	12,643	111, 232

lncludes combinations of various kinds of leather.
 Confidential data.
 Confidential: included in "Men's unlined".

TABLE 7B. Shipments of Dress Types of Leather Gloves, 1953 - 62

Year	Men's		Women's and children's		Total		
	Doz. pr.	Value	Doz. pr.	Value	Doz. pr.	Value	
		\$		\$		\$	
1953	129,807	3, 035, 296	57,502	970, 638	187, 309	4,005,934	
1954	110,443	2, 366, 293	49,468	746,725	159,911	3,113,018	
1955	149, 229	3, 202, 827	51,942	781,694	201, 171	3,984,521	
1956	162,287	3,751,231	55,084	786,435	217.371	4,537,666	
1957	159, 203	3,563,121	57,632	828,392	216,835	4,391,513	
1958	133,394	3, 149, 632	42,101	616,058	175,495	3,765,690	
1959	134,653	3, 264, 005	38, 447	637, 204	173, 100	3,901,209	
1960	134,374	3,494,812	28,347	488, 502	162,721	3,983,314	
1961	138, 505°	3,332,610°	25,671	443,660°	164, 176°	3,776,270	
1962	133, 110	3, 165, 985	38,523	617,721	171,633	3,783,706	

TABLE 7C. Shipments of Sport and Work Types of Leather Gloves, 1953-62

Year	Men's		Women's and o	children's	Total		
	Doz. pr.	Value	Doz. pr.	Value	Doz, pr.	Value	
		\$		\$		\$	
1953	396,884	4,420,960	56, 244	515.327	453, 128	4,936,287	
1954	331,177	3,650,528	43,754	408,638	374.931	4,059,166	
1955	402,666	4, 397, 460	55, 486	562,894	458, 152	4,960,354	
1956	516,089	5,611,659	77, 304	718, 194	593,393	6,329,853	
1957	459, 108	4,980,825	89, 246	876,606	548,354	5,857,43	
1958	486,001	4,937,700	57, 180	514, 227	543, 181	5,451,927	
1959	435, 825	5, 263, 091	52,504	491,634	488,329	5,754,728	
1960	451,076	5, 143, 647	49,608	570, 258	500,684	5,713,90	
1961	450, 541	5,040,217	50,302	480,941	500,843	5,521,158	
1962	444,722	5,430,213	71,391	679, 795	516, 113	6,110,008	

TABLE 8. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries, 1962 and 1963

(Includes shipments from other industries which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listed)

Paradiation	1962		1963		
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
	doz. pr.	\$'000	doz. pr.	\$'000	
Dress gloves and mittens:					
Men's	145, 937	3,648	180,500	4,310	
Women's and children's	41,813	768	50, 117	902	
port gloves and mittens:	0.704	105	n onn	000	
Men's	6,704	165	7,277	201	
women's and children's	9,671	152	7,470	124	
Work gloves and mittens:	457,812	5,411	465, 738	5, 670	
Men's	61,720	528	51.609	5,610	
Women's and children's	01.120	326	51,009	000	
Totals ¹	723,657	10,672	762, 711	11,80	

¹ Does not include leather faced gloves.

List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1963

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location	Location				
quebec:						
Apex Glove Corporation	205 Vitré St. W., Montreal					
Atlas Glove Works						
Austin Glove Mfg. Co.						
Consumers Glove Co. Ltd.						
Consumers Glove Co. Ltd.	St. Tite					
Dagenais & Fils Ltée	350 rue Ste-Marie, Marieville					
Fashion Glove Inc.						
Ganterie C. M. Enrg.						
Ganterie Saguenay Ltée Gants & Mitaines Laurentide Inc.						
Gold Glove Ltd.						
Cold Glove Ltd.						
Mars Glove Co.						
I. & S. Glove Co.						
La Ganterie Aubin Ent.						
La Ganterie Canadienne Ltd.	Ancienne Lorette					
Ganterie Chaillez Enrg.	St. Stanislas					
La Ganterie René Auclair	35 St. Amand, Loretteville					
Montreal Glove Works Ltd.	1122 St-Michal St-Raymond					
Petrin Glove Co. (Canada) Ltd.	211 Racine St., Loretteville					
Pleau Limitée, Maurice	211 Racine St., Loretteville 207 rue Racine, Loretteville					
Safety Glove & Clothing Inc.	3572 Masson St., Montreal					
Sport Gloves Enrg.	227 rue St-Pierre, St-Tite					
Tip Top Gloves Mfg. Co.						
Wear Well Leather Products Reg'd.	10 vinchedve D., Mondeal					
ntario:						
Barrie Glove & Knitting Co. Ltd., The	40 Ontario St. S., Kitchener					
Bridges Gloves, Les						
Blenheim Mitt & Glove Co.	Blenheim					
Blenheim Mitt & Glove Co. Bowmanville Glove & Mitt Co. Ltd.	58 King St. W., Bowmanville					
Clarke Glove Co., A.W.	80 Duchess St., Toronto					
Dotzert Glove Co.						
Earl Glove Mfg. Co.	2491 Eginton Ave. E., Scarborough					
Gurney & Son, W.H.	Wingham					
Huck Glove Co. Ltd.	120 Victoria St. S., Kitchener					
Marzo Glove Co.	145 Crescent St., Acton 25 Regina St. S., Waterloo 3323 Dundas St., Toronto					
Ontario Glove Mfg. Co. Ltd., The	22 Durday St. Totonto					
Queen City Leather Works	89 Pond St., Simcoe					
Simcoe Mitt & Glove Co. Ltd., The Superior Glove Works Ltd.	Vimy St., Acton					
Tooker Glove Manufacturer, A.E.						
Vanguard Glove						
Waterloo Glove Mfg, Co. Ltd., The	9 - 11 Erb St. E., Waterloo					
Yarga, L., Glovemaker	672 King St. W., Kitchener					
anitoba:	ONG Main Ch. Wilmings					
Buffalo Glove Co.	998 Main St., Winnipeg					
Good Wear Glove Co, Ltd.	113 Market Ave., Winnipeg					
Perfecfit Glove Co,	202 Market St. Winnings					
Raher Glove Mfg. Co.	319 Eigin Ave., Winnipeg 293 Market St., Winnipeg 291 Owena St., Winnipeg					
Sterling Glove Co. Ltd. Utility Glove (1961) Ltd.	164 Princess St., Winnipeg					
Ottity Giore (1961) Liu-	and the state of t					
berta:	SOCIE 10301 Street Edward					
Alberta Glove Co. Ltd.	10646 - 101st Street, Edmonton					
ritish Columbia:						
Marca Glove Co, Ltd.	119 West Pender St., Vancouver 3 278 E., 10th Ave., Vancouver 10 224 West Broadway, Vancouver 10					
Parker Glove Co.	278 E., 10th Ave., Vancouver 10					
Treen Glove Co. Ltd. Watson Limited, John	224 West Broadway, Vancouver 10 127 East Second Ave., Vancouver 10					

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 58 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 178 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used
Goods purchased for resale as such
Fuel and power consumed
Number of employees and salaries and wages
Man-hours worked and paid
Inventories
Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment lirms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the

firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activity

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. Production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual fulltime employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers,

etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages, bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any

other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components of semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company, Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to

fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form Bi3 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Pabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together

with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of materials and fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

(b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods

purchased for re-sale) and the cost of other materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures. "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".



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