## WAMUACIURES OF THE TUA-FLRROUS METALS

PRELIMINARY SURHIARY STATISTICS, 1939

Production in Canada of non ferrous metals and their manufactures was valued at $\$ 415,793,548$ in 1933 according to preliminary figures compiled from the Census of Industry reports for that year. This value was 4.3 per cent below the corresponding total for 1938.

Five of the seven industries in this group showed an advance in producetron in 1939 as compared with 1958. Aluminium manufactures increased 3.6 per cent to $\$ 7,171,243$; brass and copper products, 15.7 per cent to $\widehat{\beta 2}, 090,201$; white metal alloys, 13.4 per cent to $\$ 8,033,413$; jewellery and silverware, 7.5 per cent to $\$ 14,783,180$, and the miscellaneous industry, 21,6 per cent to $\$ 1,931,281$. Output in tic non-ferrous smelting and refining industry declined 8.6 per cent in value to $\$ 262,502,495$, and electrical apparatus dropped 1.3 per cent to $\$ 38,923,035$.

For the group as a whole, there were 521 factories in operation compared with 570 in 1938. Capital employed advanced 5.8 per cent to $\$ 315,299,764$; the number of workers increased 0.5 per cent to 44,063 ; salaries and wages increased 2.8 per cent to $\$ 59,623,460$, but production dropped 4.3 per cent to $\$ 415,796,548$ and tine cost of materials for manufacturing declined 4.9 per cent to $\$ 240,264,331$.

Imports into Canada of non-fermous metals and their products were valued
 at $\$ 182,890,103$ in 1939 as against $179,664,356$ in 1933.

Table 1 - PRINCIPAL STATTSTICS FOR TIE MNLUFACTURES OF THE NON-FEWWUS IETALS, BY INDUSTRIES, 1933 and 1059


Profits or losses cannot be calculated from above figures as data are not available for general expense items such as interest, rent, depreciation, taxes, insurance, advertising, etc.

Table 2 - PRINCIPAL STAIISTICS FOR THE MANJFACTURES OF TYE NONT-FERROUS IETALS, BY PROVINCES, 1938 and 1939


