43-205
ANNUAL



MANUFACTURERS OF HOUSEHOLD RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS

1963

ANNUAL CENSUS
OF MANUFACTURES



Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry Division

PUBLICATIONS

In addition to the report, on this industry, the DBS publishes annual statistics on a number of related industries and current statistics on the more important commodities. Copies of reports provided in the following list are available from the Information and Public Relations Division of the DBS, Ottawa or from the Queen's Printer, Hull, P.Q.

			Pri	ice
Catalogue number	Title	Periodicity	Per copy	Per year
31-001	Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries	M		\$4.00
31-201	General Review of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada	A	\$2.00	2.00
43 - 203	Manufacturers of Small Electrical Appliances	A	.50	.50
43 - 204	Manufacturers of Major Appliances (Electric and Non-electric)	A	.50	.50
43 - 205	Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers	A	.50	.50
43 - 206	Communications Equipment Manufacturers	A	.50	.50
43 - 207	Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment	A	.50	.50
43 - 208	Battery Manufacturers	A	.50	.50
43 - 209	Manufacturers of Electric Wire and Cable	A	.50	.50
43 - 210	Manufactures of Miscellaneous Electrical Products	Α	.50	.50
65 - 004	Exports by Commodities	M	.75	7.50
65 - 007	Imports by Commodities	M	.75	7.50

A - Annual

M - Monthly

Remittances should be in the form of cheque or money order, made payable to the Receiver General of Canada and forwarded to the Information and Public Relations Division, Ottawa or to the Queen's Printer, Hull, P.Q.

MANUFACTURERS OF HOUSEHOLD RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS

1963

Data presented in this report under the heading of Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers reflect implementation of the revised Standard Industrial Classification (S.I.C.) and the New Establishment Concept which are being used by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in its compilation of industry statistics—see items "Standard Industrial Classification" and "Establishment" in the Explanatory Notes section of this report. For statistical purposes the industry titled Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers in the revised Standard Industrial Classification covers the operations of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing radio and television receiving sets. The industry also includes establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing record playing, tape playing and recording equipment and parts.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1 A. Principal Statistics classified by Province, 1962 and 1963

		ļ		Man	ufacturing	activity				1	Total acti	vity	
Y dar and	Estab-		duction s		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners		otal oyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Total value added
	No.		000			\$'000	L			\$*000		\$10	000
1001													
1961													
Totals	23	3,588	7, 449	12, 321	484	71,834	119,432	45, 262	х	х	7,055	30, 917	53, 232
1962													
Newfoundland	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	400	dec
Prince Edward Island	-	_	-	_	***	-		-		_	-	-	_
Nova Scotia		1											
New Brunswick	-	1,287	2,819	5,187	93	27,069	43,735	18,888	x	x	2,444	13,351	23,269
Quehec	10)											
Ontario	10	7											
Manitoba													
Saskatchewan	-	2,993	6,245	10,461	392	59,385	97,650	41,500	_	_	5,037	21,195	50,053
Alberta	-												
British Columbia	1)											
Yukon and Northwest Territories			-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	
Totals	21	4,280	9,064	15, 649	485	86, 454	141,385	60, 386	х	x	7, 481	34, 546	73, 323
1963													
Newfoundland	-	-	_	-000	-	_		_	-	_	-	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-		-	-	_	_	_	amo	-	-	-	_	
Nova Scotia		0 0 0		0 0 0							16	86	
New Brunswick	-		-	amo	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Quebec	10	x	x	x	х	x	ж	x	х	x	х	x	x
Ontario	13	3,174	6,410	10,930	403	63,341	102,829	40,776	1	2	5, 282	22,571	49,212
Manitoba		H + A							* * *		29	142	
Saskatchewan	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	stre	-	_	-	***
Alberta	-	_	-	_	_	-	=	-		com	ann	_	-
British Columbia	1	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	x	х	х .	Х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	quinds	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	700-
Totals	24	4,604	9, 431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	2	9	7,951	36, 005	71,635

TABLE 1 B. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity					Total acti	ivity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction :			Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners		otal oyees	Total value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$*(000
1962											i ii		
Under \$10,000	-		-000		_	-	_	_	_	_	- 7	_	-
10,000 to \$ 24,999		-700	-000	_	_	-	-	***	_		_	_	-
25,000 ' 49,999	-	-	1990	-	-	-	_	_	_		-		-
50,000 '' 99,999	_	-	-000	_	_	_	-	_	-	_		-	_
100,000 '' 199,999	5	58	84	113	9	687	1, 240	602	X	X	84	226	601
200,000 ' 499,999 500,000 ' 999,999	3	84	159	176	2	1.309	2,068	632	_	-	107	309	63
500,000 '' 999,999	3	245	461	614	33	3, 893	6,697	2,736			354	1.095	2, 728
5,000,000 and over	10	3, 893	8, 360	14,746	441	80,565	131,380	56,416	_	_	6,671	31,525	69,356
Head offices, sales offices and		0,000	0,000	-2,120	10	00,000	101,000	00, 210					
auxiliary units											265	1,391	
Totals	21	4, 280	9,064	15, 649	485	86, 454	141,385	60, 386	x	x	7,481	34, 546	73, 32
		1								1			
1963													
Under \$10,000		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-000	-00-0	-000	400	_
\$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999	_	_	_	-	_	-	_		_	-	_	-	_
25,000 " 49,999	1										0.0		451
50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	1	2	26	77	15:
200,000 '' 499,999	} 6	74	156	191	15	1,803	2,553	866	1	7	90	296	86
500,000 '' 999,999	4	320	644	916	38	5,859	9,227	3,426		_	429	1,522	3, 41
5,000,000 and over	10	4, 193	8, 598	15, 184	448	86,642	139, 375	55, 371	****	_	7,126	32,579	67, 204
Head offices, sales offices and	10	2,200	0,000	10, 101	110	50,020	-00,010	20,013			.,		.,,
auxiliary units	6 4 4					***					280	1,529	*
Totals	24	4,604	9,431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59, 812	2	9	7, 951	36,005	71, 63

TABLE 1C. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity					Total act:	ivity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction ited work		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners		otal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		1000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1962								1					
Under \$10.000		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	_		1	_	_	_	-		-		_	_	_
25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999	} 6	80	119	136	9	1.163	1.778	662	x	X	108	258	862
100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999	{								^	^			
500,000 " 999,999	} 5	285	542	783	7	7,478	9,448	2, 210	-	_	368	1,218	2, 357
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	6	506 3,409	1,028 7,376	1,658	59 410	12,541 65,273	21,835	9,432 48,082	_	_	994 5,746	4, 183 27, 497	10, 448
lead offices, sales offices and		0, 100	1,010	10,010		00,210		10,00					,
auxiliary units					* * *	0 + 0	* 11 *		* * *		265	1,391	* * *
Totals	21	4, 280	9,064	15, 649	485	86, 454	141, 385	60,386	х	х	7, 481	34, 546	73, 323
1963													
Inder \$10,000		_	_	-	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	1	2	26	77	15
25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999	5	58	124	157	14	1, 403	1.917	560	1	7	70	251	55
100,000 " 199,999	3	28							1				
500,000 '' 999,999	} 4	164	345	423	10	3,533	5,039	1,560	_	_	191	624	1,56
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	7 4	1, 286 3, 079	2,624 6,305	4,438	107 368	42,965 46,404	61, 851 82, 348	19,149 38,394	_	_	2,059 5,325	8,595 24,927	20,64 48,70
auxiliary units				* * *		* 4 *	4 * 4			0 0 0	280	1,529	
Totals	24	4,604	9, 431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	2	9	7,951	36,005	71, 63

TABLE 1 D. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity				T	otal activ	rity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a ited work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners		otal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'00	00
1962													
Inder \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	-
10,000 to \$ 24,999		_	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 '' 99,999	} 6	80	119	136	9	1, 163	1,776	662	x	x	108	258	662
100,000 '' 199,999	4	174	318	335	7	2,633	4, 135	1, 280	^ _	_	218	543	1, 28
500,000 '' 999,999	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-			_	_
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over Head offices, sales offices and	5 6	3,409	1,252 7,376	2,105 13,072	59 410	17, 385 65, 273	27, 148 108, 326	10,361 48,082	_	_	1, 144 5, 746	4, 858 27, 497	11,520 59,85
auxiliary units		* * *								4 4 4	265	1,391	
Totals	21	4, 280	9,064	15, 649	485	86, 454	141, 385	60,386	х	х	7, 481	34, 546	73, 323
1963													
Inder \$10,000	_	_	state.	_	_	_	_	_	_			_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	1	2	26	77	15:
50,000 '' 99,999	5	58	124	157	14	1,403	1,917	560	1	7	70	251	559
200,000 '' 499,999	4	164	345	423	10	3, 533	5, 039	1,560	_	_	191	624	1,56
1,000,000 '' 4,999,999	7	1,286	2,624	4,438	107	42, 965	61.851	19, 149	_	_	2,059	8, 595	20,642
5,000,000 and over	4	3,079	6.305	11,274	368	46, 404	82,348	38, 394	-	_	5,325	24, 927	48, 72
auxiliary units											280	1,529	
Totals	24	4,604	9, 431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59, 812	2	9	7, 951	36, 005	71, 635

TABLE 1E. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Employed, 1962 and 1963

				Мал	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		duction a ted work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value		owners artners		xal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1962													
Under 5 employed	3 5	24 101	40 184	50 181	- 4 7	342 2, 284	614 3,280	305 1,010	x _	x _	- 30 127	- 81 293	30-
50 - 99 **	5	439	836	1,318	22	13,644	18,799	5,733	_	ande	643	2,342	5,99
200 - 499 500 employed and over Head offices, sales offices and	5 3	1,150 2,566	2,531 5,474	4, 135 9, 965	120 332	34,403 35,780	55,837 62,855	24,079 29,260	_	=	i,829 4,587	7,697 22,742	26,673 39,34
auxiliary units											265	1,391	
Totals	21	4, 280	9,064	15,649	485	86, 454	141, 385	60, 386	Х	x	7, 481	34, 546	73, 32
1963												1	
Under 5 employed	} 7	35	70	118	15	473	972	503	2	9	52	215	500
15 - 49 ''	4	80	185	202	4	2,458	3, 169	831	_	_	90	261	829
100-199	} 4	398	783	1.327	15	11,361	15.390	4,019	-		502	1,985	4,04
100-499 100 employed and over	5 4	1,012 3,079	2,089 6,305	3, 424 11, 274	101 366	33,742 46,404	49,547 82,348	16,065 38,394	=	=	1,702 5,325	7, 087 24, 927	17, 529 48, 72
auxiliary units				4 0 4	4 + 4			0 0 4			280	1,529	* * *
Totals	24	4,604	9,431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	2	9	7, 951	36, 005	71, 63

TABLE 1F. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ifacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Type of organization	Estab- lish-		duction a		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments		Working and pa	owners		otal oyees	Total
OR BORRESTANT	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		000			\$'000				\$*000		\$'0	000
1962													
Individual ownerships	1)											
Partnerships	-	4, 280	9,064	15,649	485	86,454	141,385	60, 386	х	x	7,216	33, 155	73, 323
Incorporated companies	20	J											
Cooperatives	_	_	-	_	_	_	_		-	_	-	_	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units								• • •	***		265	1,391	
Totals	21	4, 280	9,064	15, 649	485	86,454	141, 385	60, 386	x	х	7, 481	34, 546	73, 323
1963													
Individual ownerships	2					i .	İ						
Partnerships	_	4,604	9,431	16,345	502	94, 437	151,427	59,812	2	9	7,671	34,475	71,63
incorporated companies	22												
Cooperatives													
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	A 0 A			***	0 4 0	* * *			12		280	1,529	* * *
Totals	24	4, 604	9, 431	16,345	503	94, 437	151, 427	59, 812	3	9	7, 951	36,005	71,63

TABLE 2. Industry Output, Input and Value Added, 1962 and 1963

	Manufactu activit		Non-manufa activit		Total activit	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
			\$,000			
Output			1			
. Shipments and other revenue	141,385	151,427	36, 421	34,823	177, 806	166, 250
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	10,482	i1,770			10, 482	11,770
Finished goods	22,927	25, 359			22, 927	25,359
Less opening - Goods in process	7,130	10,540		4 7 7	7, 130	10,540
Finished goods	20,338	23,265	A 9 0	* * *	20, 338	23, 26
. Net inventory change	5,941	3,324			5, 941	3, 32
. Gross output (1+2)	147,326	154,751	36, 421	34, 823	183, 747	189, 57
Input						
. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture			24,912	23, 815	24,912	23,81
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening	0 4 0		5,607	7,446	5,607	7, 44
Less closing		***	7,556	8,931	7,556	8, 93
. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)		,	22, 963	22,330	22, 963	22, 33
. Materials, supplies, components and semi-processed goods	86,454	94,437	521	669	86, 975	95, 10
. Fuel and electricity	485	502		* * *	485	50
. Gross input (5+6+7)	86,939	94,939	23,484	22,999	110, 423	117, 93
Census value added (3-8)	60, 386	59,812	12, 937	11, 823	73, 323	71, 63

TABLE 3. Employment and Payroll, 1962 and 1963

					Emplo	oyees						Salari	es and w	ages	
Year and		Product related			tra	ninis-	8.	les nd		otal oyees	Product related		Admin- istra-	Sales	Total
province	Manufa	cturing	O	ther	and	office	distri	bution	empi	oyees	related	workers	tive	and distri- bution	salaries and wages
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office		
					num	ber							\$'000		
1962					1	1 1							1		1
Ne wfoundland	_						-								
Prince Edward Island	_		_				_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-
Nova Scotia			_	_		_			_	_		_		_	
New Brunswick	943	344	_	_	739	175	223	20	1,905	539	5,187	_	6,073	2,091	13,351
Quebec	1	021			100	110	220	20	1,500	555	5, 101		0,013	2,001	10,001
Ontario	7														
Manitoba															
Saskatchewan	1.573	1,420	12°	_	1,028	448°	464°	925	3,077	1.960	10,461	52°	7,857	2 824	21,195
Alberta	1	11100	4.00		2,000	110	20 2	0.4	0,011	1,000	10,201	02	1,001	2,024	21,195
British Columbia													(
Yukon and Northwest Terri-	,														
tories	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Totals	2, 516	1,764	12°	_	1,767	623°	687°	112 ^r	4,982	2, 499	15,649	52°	13,930	4,915	34,546
1963	1														
Newfoundland	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_		_	_	_	_
Nova Scotia							16		16					86	86
New Brunswick	_	1 -	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_		-	_	-	_
Quebec	х	x	х	Х	x	х	х	x	х	X	X	x	х	x	х
Ontario	1,646	1,528	22	8	1,127	453	409	89	3,204	2,078	10,930	120	8,687	2,834	22,571
Manitoba						* * *	20	9	20	9	***			142	142
Saskatchewan	_	_	_		_	-	_	_	-	_	_	Proper Property Control	_	_	_
Alberta	_	- 1	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
British Columbia	x	X	ж	х	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	x	x	х	х
Yukon and Northwest Terri-															
tories	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-		_
Totals	2,709	1,895	22	8	1,892	613	690	122	5, 313	2, 638	16,345	120	14, 433	5, 107	36,005

TABLE 3A. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, by Months, 1962 and 1963

	Estab	lishments reporti	ng monthly deta	ail
Month	1962	2	1963	3
	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	r	
January	2,383	1.748	2,587	1,752
February	2,378	1,682	2,637	1,802
March	2,339	1.650	2,605	1,722
April	2,366	1,621	2,522	1,604
May	2,450	1,700	2,554	1,662
June	2.502	1,765	2,661	1,861
July	2.525	1,704	2,655	1,902
August	2,653	1,823	2.763	2,084
September	2,683	1,984	2,916	2,146
October	2,694	1,949	2,956	2,164
November	2,621	1,800	2,876	2,068
December	2,573	1,726	2,771	1,959
Average for establishments reporting monthly detail (collected only for large establishments)	2,516	1,764	2,709	i.895
Average for small establishments (only annual averages collected)	6.8.4			44 +
Average for all establishments	2,516	1,764	2.709	1.895

TABLE 4. Industry Inventories, 1963

		Manuf	acturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Raw materials and supplies	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total manufacturing	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book val	ue \$'000		
Opening:	1				1	
Newfoundland	- 1	-	_	_		
Prince Edward Island	- 1	-		_		
Nova Scotia		* * *				* * 1
New Brunswick	-	_	_	_	_	_
Quebec	х	X	x	Х	х	х
Ontario	6,049	5,103	16,132	27,284	5,883	33, 16
Manitoba		* * *		4 4 4		
Saskatchewan	-	_		_	***	_
Alberta	440-	_	_	_	_	_
British Columbia	X	х	x	x	X	x
Yukon and Northwest Territories	- may	_	_	_	-	_
Totals	7.001	10,540	23, 265	40,807	7, 447	48, 25
Closing:						
Newfoundland	_	-	_	_		
Prince Edward Island			_	_	-	
Nova Scotia			***	* * *	8 8 8	* *
New Brunswick	-	_	_	_	_	_
Quebec	X	X	х	Х	X	X
Ontario	6,306	6,260	16,666	29,232	6,469	35,70
Manitoba	> 4 0	8 4 6		4 + =	+ + +	
Saskatchewan	-	_	_	_	-	
Alberta	- 1	_	_	_	-	
British Columbia	х	ж	х	X	x	х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	_	_	-	-	
Totals	8, 325	11,770	25, 359	45, 454	8,931	54, 38

TABLE 5. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

		1962		1963	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
. Large establishments which reported commodity detail:	14				
Bituminous coal:	1				
(a) From Canadian mines	ton	2,128	24	2,200	2
(b) Imported	**	109	2	103	
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	E 4	- 1	-	_	-
Anthracite coal	44	_	-	_	_
Lignite coal	4+	_	-	_	-
Coke	4.7	_	-	_	-
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks)	Imp. gol.	194,467	79	199,040	8
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	anips Gaze	794,102	72	733,865	7
Wood	cord	_	_	_	-
	Cold				
Gas:	Imp col	_	_	_	-
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases			_	_	-
(b) Other manufactured gas	M Cuiti	52, 490	50	56,941	5
(c) Natural gas		111	_		
Other fuel	h h	22,712,252	246	26,367,011	26
Electricity purchased	kwh.		4		_
Steam purchased		4 * *	-		
Estimate for small establishments:				15	
Fuel and electricity			8	-	-
LACT WAS EXCOSIONAL					
. All establishments:	1		400		5.0
Total fuel and electricity used		* * *	485	* * *	54

TABLE 6. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

Description	1962		1963	
	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
. Material's ased:		\$' 000		\$1000
Aluminum:				
Castings ib.	18,300	29	33,500	82
Sheets and strip	62,000	43	48,000	29
Other Brass and bronze:	114		6,650	7
Wire rods1b.	2,000	1	1, 225	1
Sheets and strip	1,900	2	2, 250	2
Other		1		2
Copper:	10 100	0	10.000	_
Sheets and strip	10, 100 27, 499	9 26	10,000 16,347	9
Wire, other insulated	21, 733	197	10,341	235
Other			75	200
Iron and steel:		į		
Steel bars and rods ton	7	3	7	3
Steel sheets and strip, plain	493	86	433	71
Motors, electric No.	17.088	62	136, 166	555
Paints, stains, lacquers (for finishing only)	21,000	35	130, 100	45
Resins, synthetic	40.00	-		1
Tubes, electronic:	4/4/5	0.000		
T.V. picture tubes	3, 876, 264	8, 239	422, 248	8,709
Other tuves management and the state of the	3,010,204	3,300	5,512,521	4,251
All other materials and components used		72, 830		78,342
. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		668		920
On anti- and the same and sense are the same than and described a facility				
Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		618	4.0	850
. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments		245		302
Totals		86, 454	4	94, 437

TABLE 7. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

Description	1962		1963	
1 SOCI APPAON	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	number	\$'000	number	\$ '0.00
Products: Radio receiving set, domestic Radio and phonograph combinations Record players Television receiving sets, domestic Telecommunication equipment, civilian and defense Miscellaneous electronic equipment including tubes Miscellaneous appliances All other products	418, 231 116, 191 231, 367 427, 167	9, 041 22, 897 6, 407 70, 023 16, 901 6, 249 1, 735	498, 933 128, 020 230, 822 455, 272	11, 486 25, 268 6, 248 69, 198 20, 443 6, 583 2, 043
. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others		63		34
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above		(1,029)		(695)
Net adjustment for establishments receiving progress payments		(1,013)		_
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done		141.385		151.427

TABLE 8. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries

(Includes shipments from other industries which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listed)

A. Record Players, 1954-63

A. Recold Prayers, 1994	03			
Year	With amp	olifier	Without amplifier	
	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$'000		\$1000
954 955 956 577 958 959 160 161 162 163	90,869 89,551 176,532 272,421 245,454 208,352 187,099 182,321 231,709	2, 317 3, 859 5, 682 7, 837 7, 612 6, 773 5, 284 4, 858 6, 445 5, 280	24,681 34,653 12,142 11,070 3,916 5,592 2,643 1,498	62 47 31: 18: 6: 9: 55

TABLE 8. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries - Continued B. Complete Radio Receiving Sets, 1954-63

Year	Number	Value	Year	Number	Value
		\$'000			\$1000
954	487,620	16,509	1959	713, 309	24, 485
955	621,957	19, 176	1960	648,938	24, 487
956	740,656	23,877	1961	588,545	27,725
957	732, 827	25,642	1962	708,315	37, 424
958	745, 318	25, 510	1963	825, 844	42, 488

C. Complete Radio Receiving Sets, by Type, 1962 and 1963

The state of the s	1962		1963	
Туре	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$'000		\$'000
Home sets	248,755	4,395	271, 207	4,857
Portables	21, 683	512	24, 153	491
Automobile	321,093	9,438	402, 464	11,873
Radio and phonograph combinations:	10 000	1 000	0.000	0.40
Table and portable	10,638	1,359	2, 862	243
Console	106, 146	21,720	125, 158	25,025
Totals,	708, 315	37, 424	825, 844	42, 488

Note: Home sets include clock sets, standard, multi-band and battery standard. Portables include battery-electric and battery.

D. Television Sets, 1954-63

Year	Number	Value	Year	Number	Value
		\$'000			\$'000
954	611, 206	105,682	1959	402, 348	64,524
955	806, 253	130, 497	1960	342, 488	53,726
956	613,895	94,506	1961	345, 815	57, 381
957	434, 504	68,012	1962	427, 167	70,023
958	432, 318	67,669	1963	455, 272	69, 198

E. Television Sets, by Type, 1962 and 1963

	1962		1963	
Туре	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$'000		\$'000
Portables:				
17" and under	4,436	536	43, 733	4,028
19" and over	102, 938	13, 120	121, 574	16, 145
Table models:				
19" and under	9,787	1, 141	6, 893	910
21"	1,623	225	_	-
23'' and over	38,627	5, 582	27, 832	3,85
Consoles:				
19" and under	1,968	282	days	-
21"	2,835	553	1,040	193
231' and over	230, 434	38, 128	219, 013	33, 58:
Three way combinations.	34, 519	10,457	35, 187	10, 48
Totals	427, 167	70, 023	455, 272	69, 198

TABLE 8. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture – All Industries – Concluded F. Radio and Television Receiving Tubes, 1954-63 and Television Picture Tubes, 1959-1963

	Radio and television receiving tubes ¹				Television pic (including r	ture tubes ebuilts)
	Number	Value	Number	Value		
		\$'000		\$'000		
1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962	11,368,561 15,054,395 15,777,865 16,067,839 18,405,297 15,603,998 13,848,780 13,624,910 15,881,939 14,132,185	6,608 8,990 10,291 11,271 13,723 10,916 9,700 9,690 11,287 10,076	531, 901 589, 685 642, 437 532, 561 622, 645 657, 466	10,535 11,744 12,076 10,496 12,513		

¹ Prior to 1959 radio and television receiving tubes for military use were included in these totals. Subsequent years reflect entertainment type only.

G. Electronic Tubes, by Type, 1962 and 1963

Tune	1962		1963		
Туре	Number	Value	Number	Value	
		\$'000		\$'000	
Electronic receiving tubes - Enterlainment type	15,881,939 622,645 538,500	11,287 12,513 3,079	14, 132, 185 657, 466 308, 818	10,076 12,375 2,141	
Totals	17, 043, 084	26, 879	15, 098, 469	24, 592	

List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1963

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location
huebec:	
Arrow Electronic Corporation	
Canadian Marconi Company	
Fleetwood Corporation	
Fonovox Sound Corporation	
Lifco Record Players	
Montreal Phono Co. Ltd.	
Norel Electric Products	
Phonorama Mfg. Ltd.	
Symphonic Electric Corp.	
Teletone Canada Ltd.	8057 Durocher St., Montreal
entario:	
Automalic Radio of Canada Ltd. / Crystal Radio of Canada Ltd	
Canadian Admiral Corporation	Port Credit
Canadian General Electric Co. Ltd.	
Canadian Westinghouse Co. Ltd.	Brantford
Ciairlone Sound Corporation Ltd.	
Corvelte Industries Ltd.	
Dominion Electrohome Industries Ltd.	809 Wellington St. N., Kitchener
Jensen Audio Industries Ltd.	
Mellotone Hi-Fi Stereo	45 Ossington Ave., Toronto 3
Philco Corporation of Canada Ltd.	900 Don Mills Road, Don Mills
Philips Electronics Industries Ltd.	116 Vanderhoof Ave., Leaside (Toronto)
R.C.A. Victor Company Ltd.	
Sporton of Canada Lid.	
ritish Columbia:	
Chisholm Industries Limited	Port Moody

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 58 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 178 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the activities of manufacturing non-manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used Goods purchased for resale as such Fuel and power consumed Number of employees and salaries and wages Man-hours worked and paid Inventories Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the

firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activity

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. Production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual fulltime employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers,

etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages, bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any

other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials. supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising. insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company, Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to

fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together

with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of materials and fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

(b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods

purchased for re-sale) and the cost of other materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures. "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".



STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY BIBLIOTHÉQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA 1010646008