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# MANUFACTURERS OF HOUSEHOLD RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS

1964

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## MANUFACTURERS OF HOUSEHOLD RADIO AND TELEVISION RECEIVERS

#### 1964

For statistical purposes the Industry titled Manufacturers of Household Radio and Television Receivers in the revised Standard Industrial Classification covers the operations of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing radio and television receiving sets. The industry also includes establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing record playing, tape playing and recording equipment and parts.

It will be noted that one firm was added to this industry and three were deleted during the year. Two of the firms ceased operations and one was transferred to another industry group since they have ceased production of radios and television sets.

During 1964 the ratio of materials used to value of production was 63 per cent whereas it was 59 per cent for 1963. Value added on products of own manufacture represented 35 per cent of the value of production in 1964 against 38 per cent for 1963.

The value of shipments of radios, television receivers, communication equipment and miscellaneous electronic equipment accounted for 91 per cent of the total value of shipments reported by firms classified to this industry in 1964. Some of the other products manufactured by firms in this industry were humidifying equipment, refrigerators, furniture, electric motors and fans.

#### SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- ${\bf x}$  confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics, 1961-64

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	ity	
Year and	Estab-		duction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			g owners artners	Emp	loyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawais	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$1000		\$10	00
1961													
Totals	23	3,588	7,449	12, 321	484	71, 834	119, 432	45, 262	X	x	7,055	30, 917	53, 232
1962													
Totals	21	4,820	9, 064	15,649	485	86, 454	141, 385	60, 386	x	х	7,481	34,546	73, 323
1963										·			
Newfoundland	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Prince Edward Island	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_		_	
Nova Scotla	* * *				* * *		* * *				16	86	
New Brunswick	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Quebec	10	х	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	x	x	х	х
Ontario	13	3,174	6,410	10,930	4 03	63,341	102,829	40,776	х	x	5,282	22,571	49,212
Manitoba						0 4 4	***				29	142	4 * *
Saskatchewan	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Alberta	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
British Columbia	1	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	_	-	x	х	х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Totals	24	4,604	9, 431	18, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	х	x	7, 951	36, 005	71, 635
1964													
Newfoundland	_	-	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Prince Edward Island	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
Nova Scotla	4 0 0			* * *	8 0 4	0 6 8	# 6 n		* * *		36	208	
New Brunswick	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Quebec	9	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	х	x	х	x	x
Ontario	12	3,554	7,271	12,569	4 64	72,909	114,215	41,857	х	х	5,718	24,973	50,312
Manitoba						* 4 8			• • •	4 4 8	30	147	* * *
Saskatchewan	ales	-	-	-	_	sone-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Alberta	***	n n 4	* * •	***	* * *	***	a * a				17	100	4 9 0
British Columbia	1	x	x	x	x	х	x	х	_	_	х	х	х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Totals	22	4, 056	8, 418	14, 313	507	88,747	137,881	47,736	x	X	6,576	28, 750	57, 049

TABLE 2. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Value of Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	ity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and pa	owners	Empl	oyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		1000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	000
1963						1							
Under \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 '' 49,999	_	-	-	_		-	_	-	Pelan	_	-	****	-
50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	I	x	26	77	152
200,000 ' 499,999 500,000 ' 999,999	} 6	74	156	191	15	1,803	2,553	866	x	x	90	296	865
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	10	320 4.193	644 8,598	916 15,184	38 448	5,859 86,642	9,227 139,375	3,426 55,371	_	=	429 7, 126	1,522 32,579	3,41! 67,20
auxiliary units		100	***						= + -		280	1,529	
Totals	24	4,604	9, 431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	x	x	7, 951	36, 005	71, 635
1964													
Under \$10,000	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	
10,000 to \$ 24,999	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
25,000 ' 49,999 50,000 ' 99,999	-	-	_	-	_	_		-	_	_		_	_
100,000 " 199,999	4	20	43	76	6	354	539	175	X	х	25	102	178
200,000 ' 499,999 500,000 ' 999,999	3	41	82	129	10	540	762	282	_	_	52	212	283
1,000,000 '4,999,999	6	377	764	1,095	42	6, 973	11,098	4,021	-	-	516	1,789	4, 122
5,000,000 and over	9	3,618	7,528	13,013	450	80,881	125,282	43,257	-	-	5,655	24,748	
auxiliary units		0.00	100		0.0.5					1 2 4	328	1,898	
Totals	22	4,056	8,418	14,313	507	88, 747	137, 681	47, 736	x	x	6,576	28, 750	57, 04

TABLE 3. Principal Statistics classified by Sixe Group bases on Manufacturing Value Added, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				1	otal activ	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction s ited work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	Value	Working and pa		Emp	loyees	Value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$*000		\$*0	00
1963					di I	1		ĺ					
Under \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	_	_	_	_
\$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	X	x	26	77	152
50,000 ' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999	5	58	124	157	14	1,403	1,917	560	х	x	70	251	559
200,000 ' 499,999 500,000 ' 999,999	} 4	164	345	423	10	3,533	5,039	1,560	_	-	191	624	1,560
1,000,000 '4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	7 4	1,286 3,079	2,624 6,305	4.438	107 368	42, 965 46, 404	61,851 82,348	19,149 38,394	=	_	2.059 5.325	8,595 24,927	20, 642 48, 723
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units			* 4 4			1 + 5					280	1,529	
Totals	24	4, 604	9,431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151,427	59, 812	х	x	7, 951	36, 005	71, 635
1964													
Under \$10,000	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_		_	_
\$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999	, -		-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
50,000 " 99,999	5	24	51	87	10	495	752	218	X	X	30	125	217
100,000 ' 199,999 200,000 ' 499,999	3	58	120	188	6	1, 196	1,474	366	-	-	69	246	365
500,000 '' 999,999	} 4	191	401	511	13	3,839	5,472	1,555	_	-	218	751	1,667
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	6	1,156	2.447 5.399	4,255 9,292	92 386	40,846 42,370	60, 187 89, 795	18.369 27.227	=	_	1,678	6,792 18,935	19,449 35,35
auxiliary units										+ + 1	328	1,898	
Totals	22	4, 056	8, 418	14, 313	507	88, 747	137, 681	47,736	x	x	6,576	28, 750	57, 045

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Value Added, 1963 and 1964

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Size group	Estab-		duction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments		Working and pa	owners	Empl	oyees	
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawais	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		'000		l	\$*000				\$'000		810	100
1963													
Inder \$10,000	11-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	ome	_	_	
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	17	34	54	2	133	272	148	х	х	26	77	153
50,000 ' 99,999 100,000 ' 199,999	} 5	58	124	157	14	1,403	1,917	560	х	х	70	251	55
200,000 '4 499,999 500,000 '4 999,999	} 4	164	345	423	10	3,533	5,039	1,560	_	_	191	624	1,56
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	7 4	1,286 3,079	2,624 6,305	4,438 11,274	107 368	42,965 46,404	61,851 82,348	19,149 38,394	_	_	2,059 5,325	8,595 24,927	20,64: 48,72:
lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units						9 8 8					280	1.529	
Totals	24	4,604	9,431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151,427	59, 812	x	x	7, 951	36, 005	71,633
1964													
Inder \$10,000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	. –	_	-	ome	_	-
10,000 to \$ 24,999	3 5	24	-		-	4.05	- FEO	-	_	_	-	_	
50,000 '' 99,999	3	58	51 120	87	10	4.95	752	218	X	X	30	124	21
100,000 ' 199,999 200,000 ' 499,999	3	191	401	168 511	6	1,196	1,474	366	-	_	69	248	36
500,000 '' 999,999						3,839	5.472	1,556	-	_	218	751	1,66
1,000,000 " 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	5 5	868 2,915	1,745 6,100	3,105 10,442	74 404	29,312 53,904	42,670 87,313	14,232 31,363	_	_	1,309	5,251 20,476	14,440
auxiliary units								> 0 4			328	1,898	
Totals	22	4,056	8, 418	14, 313	507	88, 747	137, 681	47, 736	x	x	6,576	28, 750	57, 04

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics classified by Size Group based on Total Employed, 1963 and 1964

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				7	Cotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		oduction ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value	Working and pa	owners urtners	Emp	loyees	Value
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.	-	'000		l	\$'000	<u></u>			\$'000		\$*0	00
1963								}					
Under 5 employed	} 7	35	70	118	15	473	972	5 03	х	х	52	215	5 06
15- 49 "	4	80	185	2 02	4	2,458	3,169	831	_	-	90	261	82 9
50 - 99 ''	} 4	398	783	1,327	15	11,361	15,390	4.019		_	5 02	1,985	4,048
200-499 '' 500 employed and over	5 4	1,012 3,079	2,089 6,305	3,424 11,274	1 01 368	33,742 46,404	49,547 82,348	16,065 38,394	=		1,702 5,325	7.087 24,927	17,529 48,723
auxiliary units		1 0 7	1 1 1								280	1,529	
Totals	24	4,604	9,431	16,345	502	94, 437	151,427	59, 812	х	х	7, 951	36, 905	71,635
1964						1							
Under 5 employed	6	29	61	110	14	575	955	330	х	X	42	211	329
5 - 14 employed	} 6	244	511	655	15	4.956	6,743	1,809	_	_	275	913	1,919
50 - 99 "	6	1,156	2,447	4,255	92	40,846	60,187	18,369	_	_	1,678	6,792	19,449
200-499 ** 500 employed and over	} 4	2,627	5,399	9,292	386	42,370	69,795	27,227	-		4.253	18, 935	35,352
Head offices, sales offices and anxiliary units					100						328	1,898	
Totals	22	4.056	8,418	14,313	507	88, 747	137, 681	47, 736	×	×	6,576	28, 750	57,049

TABLE 6. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1963 and 1964

				Мал	ufacturing	activity				7	Total acti	vity	
Type of organization	Estab-		duction ated worl		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments	Value		owners	Empl	oyees	
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Value added
	No.		,000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
1963								l					
Individual ownerships	2	1											
Partnerships	-	4,604	9,431	16, 345	502	94,437	151,427	59,812	х	x	7,871	34,475	71,635
ncorporated companies	22	J					,						
Co-operatives	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-		• • • •	_	-	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units					* * *	* * *					280	1,529	0 * *
Totals	24	4.604	9, 431	16, 345	502	94, 437	151, 427	59,812	х	x	7,951	36, 005	71,635
1964													
individual ownerships	2	1							1				
Partnerships	-	4,056	8,418	14,313	507	88,747	137,681	47,736	х	x	8,248	26,851	57,049
ncorporated companies	20	j		1									
Co-operatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units			* # *		0.0.0					* * *	328	1,898	
Totals	22	4, 056	8,418	14, 313	507	88,747	137, 681	47, 736	x	x	6,576	26, 750	57, 049

TABLE 7. Calculation of Output, Input and Value Added, 1963 and 1964

	Manufact activi		Non-manufa activiti		Tot activ	
pet in the second secon	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964
			\$'000	)	1	
Output	1	}				
1. Shipments and other revenue	151,427	137, 681	34,823	29,698	186,250	167,379
Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	11,770	7,979	• • •		11,770	7,979
Finished goods	25,359	17,586			25,359	17,586
Deduct opening-Goods in process	10,540	7,431	***	* * *	10,540	7,431
Finished goods	23,265	18, 825			23, 265	18, 825
2. Net inventory change	3,324	(691)			3,324	(691
3. Gross output (1+2)	154,751	136,990	34,823	29,698	189,574	136,990
Input						
4. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture	* * *		23,815	19,812	23,815	19, 812
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			7,446	6,978	7,446	6,978
Deduct closing			8, 93 1	8,871	8, 931	6,871
5. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)			22,330	19,919	22,330	19,919
6. Materials, supplies, etc.	94,437	88,747	669	467	95, 106	89,214
7. Fuel and electricity	502	507	* * *		502	507
8. Gross input (5+6+7)	94,939	89, 254	22,999	20,386	117,938	109, 640
Value added (3 - 8)	59, 812	47, 736	11, 823	9, 312	71, 635	57, 049

TABLE 8. Employment and Payroll, 1963 and 1964

					Emplo	yees						Salari	es and wa	ges	
Year and		Product related			Adm			les nd	To	tal	Producti	on and	Admin-	Sales	
province	Manufa	cturing	01	ther		office	distri		10	1.911	related v	rorkers	istra- tive and	and distri-	Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	office	bution	
1963				1	numt	er		1		1			\$'000		
Newfoundland	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
rince Edward Island	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Iova Scotia			***				16		16					86	8
lew Brunswick	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Quebec	x	x	_	_	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	X	x
Ontario	1,646	1.528	22	8	1, 127	453	409	89	3,204	2,078	10, 930	120	8,687	2,834	22,57
fanitoba							20	9	20	9	104			142	14
askatchewan	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Uberta	_	_	-		_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
British Columbia	x	x	_	_	x	x	x	x	я	x	х	_	х	x	х
ukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	115
Totals	2,709	1, 895	22	8	1,892	613	690	122	5, 313	2, 638	16, 345	120	14, 433	5, 107	36,00
1964															
lewfoundland	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
rince Edward Island	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
lova Scotia	***	* * *					33	3	33	3	* * *			208	20
lew Brunswick	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Quebec	х	х	-	-	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	_	x	x	ж
Ontario	1,737	1,817	-	_	1, 171	477	312	67	3,333	2,385	12,569	_	9,729	2,098	24.97
lanitoba				***			20	10	20	10			***	147	14
Saskatchewan	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Uberta							15	2	15	2			4 0 0	100	10
British Columbia	х	х	-	-	х	х	x	х	x	X	х	-	x	х	х
tukon and Northwest Terri-	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Totals	2,062	1, 994	-		1, 245	499	531	105	3, 954	2, 622	14, 313	_	10, 230	3,619	28, 75

TABLE 9. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

Mara	196	33	196-	4
Month	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	er	
Establishments reporting monthly detail (large establishments only):	1		1	
January	2,587	1,752	1,946	1,656
February	2,637	1, 802	1,867	1,634
March	2,605	1,722	1,875	1,608
April	2,522	1,604	1,808	1,665
May	2,554	1,662	1,846	1,780
June	2,661	1,861	1, 915	2,01
July	2,655	1,902	2,049	2,041
August	2,763	2, 084	2,231	2,293
September	2,916	2, 146	2, 280	2,481
October	2,956	2,164	2,338	2,386
November	2,876	2,068	2.298	2,253
December	2,771	1,959	2,237	2, 113
Averages	2,709	1, 895	2, 957	1, 994
Establishments reporting annual averages (small establishments only)	***	•••	5	***
lverage for all establishments	2, 709	1, 895	2, 062	1, 994

TABLE 10. Inventories, 1964

		Manufa	cturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Materials, supplies, etc.	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book value	\$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundland	-	-	-	-	_	-
Prince Edward Island	-	_	_	-	-	-
Nova Scotia	1 * *			* * *	***	
New Brunswick	-	_	-	-		_
Quebec	X	X	X	x	х	x
Ontario	6,297	6,252	16, 156	28,705	6,440	35, 148
Manitoba			* 1 4	* * 4	***	* * *
Saskatchewan	-	_	_	_	_	-
Alberta	***		* * *		***	* * *
British Columbia	х	X	х	x	х	х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	_	_	-	_	_
Totals	7, 926	7, 431	18, 825	34, 182	6, 978	41, 158
Closing:	ı					
Newfoundland	_	-	_	-	_	_
Prince Edward Island	_	_	_	-	_	_
Nova Scotia			***		441	***
New Brunswick	_		_	_		_
Quebec	х	x	x	х	x	x
Ontario	7,927	7,371	16,052	31,350	6,596	37,940
Manitoba				4 4 4		
Saskatchewan	_	_	_	_	_	
Alberta			0 0 0			
British Columbia	x	х	x	X	x	х
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	_	-	_	_	_
Totals	10, 620	7, 979	17, 586	36, 185	6,871	43, 05

TABLE 11. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

	1963		196	4
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
		\$'000		\$'000
1. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:				
Bituminous coal:				
(a) From Canadian mineston	2,200	25	_	~
(b) Imported	103	2	258	4
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)	_	-	_	-
Anthracite coal	-	5 5 -	-	-
Lignite coal	-	_	_	-
Coke	_	-	_	_
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) imp. gal.	199,040	82	240,650	96
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	733,885	75	908,164	85
Wood cord	_	-	-	-
Gas:				
(a) Liquefled petroleum gases	_	-	_	_
(b) Other manufactured gas	_	-	-	-
(c) Natural gas	56, 941	53	62,602	62
Other fuel		1		1
Electricity purchased kwh.	26,367,011	265	21,595,775	255
Steam purchased		-	***	-
2. Small establishments not reporting commodity detail:				the stand
Estimate for fuel and electricity	* * *	_	* * *	4
3. All establishments:	150 700	with the least of		
Total fuel and electricity used		502	- 100	507

TABLE 12. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1963 and 1964

Preventation		1963		1964	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
1. Materiais used:			\$'000		\$*000
Aluminum: Castings Sheets and strip Other Brass and bronze:	44	33, 500 48, 000 6, 650	82 29 7	12,000 12,000	9
Wire rods Sheets and strip Other Copper:	49	1, 225 2, 250	1 2 2	1, 200	
Sheets and strip Wire, enamelled Wire, other insulated Other Iron and steel:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,000 16,347	9 14 235	10,000	266
Steel bars and rods Steel sheets and strip, plain Alloy steel, all forms Motors, electric Paints, stains, lacquers (for finishing only) Resins, synthetic Tubes, electronic:	No.	433 15 136,166	3 71 7 555 45	133, 106	3 78 1 508 29
T.V. picture tubes Other tubes		422, 248 5, 512, 521	8.709 4.251	340,604 6,031,397	8, 151 3, 921
All other materials and components used <sup>1</sup>		* * *	78, 342		74,089
2. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used		0.0.0	920		756
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)		0 0 4	850		598
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments			302		322
Totals			94, 437		88,747

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> No detailed information on materials used was collected from small establishments but and estimated cost is included here. This estimated cost was \$80,000 in 1964.

TABLE 13. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1963 and 1964

Description	1963		1964	
Description	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Products: Radio receiving sets, domestic Radio and phonograph combinations Record players Television receiving sets, domestic Telecommunication equipment, civilian and defense Miscellaneous electronic equipment including tubes Miscellaneous appliances	number  498, 933 128, 020 230, 822 455, 272	\$'000 11,486 25,268 6,248 69,198 20,443 6,583 2,043	number 563,643 128,332 203,267 495,470	\$'000 12,664 26,720 5,735 70,691 3,102 5,622
Ail other products		10,819	* * *	13,547
2. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others		34		83
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above		(695)		(483)
Net adjustment for establishments receiving progress payments		-	4 4 5	_
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done		151, 427		137, 681

<sup>1</sup> Confidential. Included with "All other products".

 $TABLE~14.~Shipments~of~Selected~Goods~of~Own~Manufacture~-~All~Industries~\\ (Includes~shipments~from~other~industries~which~manufacture,~as~a~secondary~activity,~the~commodities~listed)$ 

A. Record Players, 1955 - 64

Year	With amplifler		Without amplifier	
1 Eat	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$'000		\$*000
955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963	89, 551 176, 532 272, 421 245, 454 208, 352 187, 099 182, 321 231, 709 190, 235 203, 474	3, 859 5, 682 7, 837 7, 612 6, 773 5, 284 4, 858 6, 445 5, 280 5, 755	34,653 12,142 11,070 3,916 5,592 2,643 1,498	477 311 188 6 9 33 5 34 3

TABLE 14. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture — All Industries — Continued B. Complete Radio Receiving Sets, 1955-64

Year	Number	Value	Year	Number	Value
		\$'000		-	\$'000
955	621,957	19, 176	1960	648, 938	24, 487
956	740,656	23,877	1961	588, 545	27,725
957	732, 827	25, 642	1962	708, 315	37,424
958	745, 318	25, 510	1963	825,844	42,488
9 59	713,309	24, 485	1964	901,634	46,937

#### C. Complete Radio Receiving Sets, by Type, 1963 and 1964

	1963		1964	
	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$*000		\$'000
Home sets	271, 207	4,857	272, 335	4,948
Portables	24, 153	491	24, 621	488
Automobile	402, 464	11,873	462, 871	12, 590
Radio and phonograph combinations:				
Table and portable	2,862	243		
Console	125, 158	25,025	141, 807	28, 912
Totals	825, 844	42, 488	901, 634	46, 937

Note: Home sets include clock sets, standard, multi-band and battery standard. Portables include battery-electric and battery.

#### D. Television Sets, 1955-64

Year	Number	Value	Year	Number	Value
		\$'000			\$'000
955	806, 253	130,497	1960	342,488	53,726
956	613,895	94, 506	1961	345, 815	57,381
957	434,504	68,012	1962	427, 167	70,023
958	432,318	67, 669	1963	455, 272	69, 198
959	402,348	64,524	1964	535,606	76,612

#### E. Television Sets, by Type, 1963 and 1964

	1963		1964		
Туре	Number	Value	Number	Value	
		\$'000		\$'000	
Portables:		200			
17" and under	43, 733	4,028	77, 984	6, 192	
19" and over	121, 574	16. 145	182, 063	21, 255	
Table models:					
19" and under	6, 893	910	x	x	
21"	-	-	x	X	
23' and over	27, 832	3, 857	49, 846	8,094	
Consoles:					
19** and under	_	-	- 1	_	
21**	1,040	193	x	x	
23" and over	219,013	33, 583	182, 388	29, 236	
Three way combinations	35, 187	10, 483	35, 299	10, 715	
Totals	455, 272	69, 198	535, 606	76, 612	

## TABLE 14. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries - Concluded F. Radio and Television Receiving Tubes, 1955-64 and Television Picture Tubes, 1959-1964

Year	Radio and television receiving tubes <sup>1</sup>		Television picture tubes (including rebuilts)	
	Number	Value	Number	Value
		\$*000		\$'000
955 956 957	15, 054, 395 15, 777, 865 16, 067, 839	8, 990 10, 291	* A	
158 159	18, 405, 297 15, 603, 998	13,723 10,916	531.901 589.685	10,53
60	13, 848, 780 13, 624, 910	9, 700 9, 690 11, 287	642, 437 532, 561	12,07
061 162	15, 881, 939		622, 645	12, 5

<sup>1</sup> Prior to 1959 radio and television receiving tubes for military use were included in these totals. Subsequent years reflect entertainment type only.

#### G. Electronic Tubes, by Type, 1963 and 1964

Year	1963		1964		
Isat	Number	Value	Number	Value	
		\$'000		\$'000	
Electronic receiving tubes — Entertainment type Television picture tubes (including rebuilt tubes) Other electronic tubes including industrial and military	14, 132, 185 657, 466 308, 818	10.076 12.375 2.141	15, 395, 351 826, 081 272, 648	10,646 13,941 1,785	
Totals	15, 098, 469	24,372	16, 494, 080	26, 372	

#### List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1964

Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location	
Quebec:		
Fleetwood Corporation	5785 Paré Street, Town of Mount Royal	
Fonovox Sound Corporation		
Lifco Record Players		
Montreal Phono Co. Ltd.		
Norel Electric Products		
Phonorama Mfg. Ltd.		
Shelburn Electronics Ltd.		
Symphonic Electric Corp.		
Teletone Canada Ltd.		
ntario:		
Automatic Radio of Canada Ltd./ Crystal Radio of Canada Ltd.	25 Bermondsey Road, Toronto 16	
Canadian Admiral Corporation Ltd.		
Canadian General Electric Co. Ltd.		
Canadian Westinghouse Co. Ltd.		
Clairtone Sound Corporation Ltd.		
Corvette Industries Ltd.		
Dominion Electrohome Industries Ltd.		
Mellotone Hi-Fi Stereo		
Philco Corporation of Canada Ltd.		
Philips Electronics Industries Ltd.		
R.C.A. Victor Company Ltd.	(20101117)	
Sparton of Canada Ltd.	100-124 Elm Street, London	
ritish Columbia:		
Chisholm Industries Limited	Port Moody	

#### CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

#### General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual. Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 56 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 176 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000: this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

#### **Establishment**

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used
Goods purchased for resale as such
Fuel and power consumed
Number of employees and salaries and wages
Man-hours worked and paid
Inventories
Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour

force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

#### Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warenouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of

such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

#### **Employees**

### (a) Production and related workers — Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of those establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). Data on man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated on the basis of ratios derived from the 1958 census. During this census all establishments reported on the long form. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

## (b) Production and related workers — Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

#### (c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vicepresidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers. etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

#### (d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

#### (e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

#### **Working Owners or Partners**

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

#### Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages. bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

#### Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

#### Materials and Supplies

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

#### 1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

#### 2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of

purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

#### **Shipments**

#### (a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

#### (b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity

are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

#### (c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

#### (d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

#### Inventories

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

#### (b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

#### Value Added

#### (a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

#### (b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods pur-

chased for re-sale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

#### (c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net output or net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures, "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".



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