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BATTERY MANUFACTURERS 1963

Data presented in this report reflect implementation of the revised Standard Industrial Classification (S.I.C.) and the New Establishment Concept which are being used by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in its compilation of industry statistics—see item "Standard Industrial Classification" and "Establishment" in the Explanatory Notes section of this report. For statistical purposes the industry titled Battery Manufacturers in the revised Standard Industrial Classification covers the operations of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing storage and primary batteries including wet and dry batteries.

SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- amount too small to be expressed.
- P preliminary figures.
- revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 1 A. Principal Statistics classified by Province, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity				7	Total acti	vity	
Year and	Estab-		oduction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments		Working and pa	owners		otal oyees	
province	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies		Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	Total value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	000
1001													
1961													
Totals	27	1,377	3,034	5, 390	499	20, 385	39,649	18,742	-	-	2,080	9, 368	20, 826
1962													
Newfoundland	1	1											
Prince Edward Island	-												
Nova Scotia	1	1, 112	2, 416	4 602	4 28	17 000	33,035	18 100			1 000	2 222	10 500
New Brunswick	-	1.112	2, 910	4,603	9: 28	17,999	33,035	15, 106			1,659	7,839	17, 593
Quebec	4												
Ontario	10												
Manitoba	3												
Saskatchewan	-	275	557	931	98	4,816	8, 259	3, 537	_	_	410	1,809	3, 498
Alberta	2												
British Columbia	5	48	98	180	22	603	1,027	440	_	_	63	250	458
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_		_	-	-	_		_	_	_	_	15-1	_
Totals	26	1,435	3,071	5, 714	548	23, 418	42,321	19, 083	740		2, 132	9,698	21, 549
1863													
Newfoundland	-			-		_		_					
Prince Edward Island			_		5000							-	
Nova Scotia	1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
New Brunswick	_	-								_			_ ^
Quebec	3	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	х	x	x
Ontario	11	946	2,011	4,088	329	16, 583	30,768	13, 597	_	_	1, 438	7,014	15, 181
Manitoba	3	x	x	x	x	x	x	χ.	x	x	1, 100	x	X
Saskatchewan		_	_		_		-			_	_	Α	^
Alberta	2	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
British Columbia	5	48	102	200	21	690	1, 167	467	_	_	63	280	488
Yukan and Northwest Territories		-	_	_	-	_	-, 101	-		_	-	200	100
Totals	25	1,449	3,046	5,992	522	24,872	46,074	20,042	_	_	2, 143	9,902	21,914

TABLE 1B. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

				Mant	afacturing	activity					Total acti	lvity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		duction a		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners artners		otal oyees	Total value
		Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$*(000
1962													
Inder \$10,000	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-		
10,000 to \$ 24,999	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_		
25,000 '' 49,999 50,000 '' 99,999	} 6	19	35	63	7	107	240	130	11 -	_	27	89	144
100,000 ' 199,999	-	4000	_	_	_	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	_
200,000 '' 499,999	} 6	133	259	395	57	1,365	2,767	1,522	-	_	170	592	2, 245
500,000 ' 999,999	} 14	1, 283	2,777	5, 256	484	21,947	39,314	17, 431	-	-	1,809	8,110	19,216
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units											126	908	(56)
Totals	26	1, 435	3, 071	5,714	548	23, 418	42, 321	19,083	-	-	2, 132	9, 698	21, 549
1963													
Under \$10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	8	16	29	1	56	115	61	-	-	11	43	98
100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 999,999	6	101	213	329	31	1, 139	2, 156	1,038	-	-	132	507	1,052
1,000,000 '4 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	} 15	1, 340	2,817	5,634	490	23,677	43, 803	18,943	-	-	1,863	8, 340	20, 820
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units					***	***	***		* * * *		137	1,013	(56)
Totals	25	1, 449	3,046	5, 992	522	24, 872	46, 074	20, 042	_	_	2, 143	9,902	21, 914

TABLE 1C. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Manufacturing Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity					rotal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish- ments		oduction a		Cost of	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners		otal oyees	Total
	menus	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies used	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	00
1962		7				1							
Inder \$10,000	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 6	19	35	63	7	107	240	130	_	_	27	89	144
50,000 " 99,999	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-
100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999	} 6	156	319	562	53	2, 264	3,571	1, 319	-	-	218	842	1, 353
500,000 " 999,999	14	1, 260	2,718	5,089	488	21,047	38,510	17.634	-	_	1,761	7,859	20, 109
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	_	-	_	_	-	-	-		-	-	_	-	-
lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units											126	908	(56)
Totals	26	1, 435	3, 071	5, 714	548	23, 418	42, 321	19, 083	_	_	2, 132	9, 698	21, 549
1963													
Inder \$10,000	1 4	8	16	29	1	56	115	61			11	43	98
10,000 to \$ 24,999 25,000 " 49,999	1	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_		-	_
50,000 ' 99,999	1 3	29	57	96	6	259	549	274	_	_	39	163	274
100,000 '' 199,999 200,000 '' 499,999	6	198	423	772	98	3,680	6, 149	2, 196	_	_	276	1, 178	2, 21
500,000 " 999,999	4 8	203	423 2, 126	690 4, 406	67 350	3, 439 17, 438	7, 122 32, 140	3,462	_		302	1, 231 6, 274	3, 483 15, 898
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999 5,000,000 and over	-	-	2, 120	7, 200	-	- 11, 300	- 02, 140		_	_	1,010	- 0, 214	-
lead offices, sales offices and auxiliary units											137	1,013	(56)
Totals	25	1, 449	3,046	5, 992	522	24, 872	46, 074	20.042	-	_	2, 143	9, 902	21, 914

TABLE 1D. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Value Added, 1962 and 1963

				Mar	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Size group	Estab-		oduction ated work		Cost of fuel and	Cost of materials	Value of shipments of goods	Value		owners		otal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$'0	000
1962													
Under \$10,000	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
\$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 6	19	35	63	7	107	240	130	_	_	27	89	144
50,000 '' 99,999 100,000 '' 199,999	1 6	156	319	562	53	2, 264	3, 571	1,319	_	_	218	842	1.353
200,000 ' 499,999	3				83						264	1,030	2.870
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	10	1,059	2, 293	687 4,402	405	3,005 18,043	5,726 32,785	2,858 14,776	_	=	1,497	6, 829	17, 239
5,000,000 and over	-			_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
auxillary units						* * *	* * *				126	908	(56)
Totals	26	1, 435	3, 071	5,714	548	23, 418	42, 321	19,083	-	-	2, 132	9,698	21, 549
1963													
Under \$10.000													
\$ 10,000 to \$ 24,999	} 4	8	16	29	1	56	115	61	-	-	11	43	98
50,000 ' 99,999 100,000 ' 199,999	3	29	57	96	6	259	549	274	-	-0000	39	163	274
200,000 '' 499,999 500,000 '' 999,999	6 4	198 254	423 537	772 933	98 83	3,680 4,145	6, 149 7, 807	2,196			276 336	1, 178	2, 217 3, 459
1,000,000 ' 4,999,999	8	960	2,012	4, 163	334	16,733	31, 455	14,016	-	-	1,344	6,172	15,922
5,000,000 and over	_	-				_			_	-			
auxiliary units											137	1,013	(56)
Totals	25	1,449	3, 046	5,992	522	24, 872	46,074	20,042	-9	-	2, 143	9,902	21,914

TABLE 1E. Principal Statistics classified by Size Groups based on Total Employed, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity	,			T	otal acti	vity	
Size group	Estab- lish-		oduction a ated work		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments of goods	N-line		owners artners		otal loyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	elec- tricity	and supplies	of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
	No.		'000		1	\$'000				\$'000		\$*0	00
1962													
Under 5 employed	} 6	19	35	63	7	107	240	130	-90		27	89	144
5- 14 employed	7 5	171 207	340 448	542 872	82 103	2,447 4,617	4,608 8,751	2, 305 4, 591	_	_	217 348	800 1,577	3,024 4,878
100 - 199 '' 200 - 499 ''	} 8	1,038	2, 249	4, 237	356	16, 247	28,722	12,057	-	-	1,414	6.324	13,560
600 employed and over	-	-	_	-	_	un-	_	-	- 4	-	100	- 000	/ 50
auxiliary units											126	908	(56
Totals	26	1, 435	3,071	5, 714	548	23, 418	42, 321	19,083	-	-	2, 132	9, 698	21,549
1963)										
Under 5 employed	5	10	20	36	3	90	204	111	_	-	15	56	148
5- 14 employed	-	104	040	- 00	70	2,727	5,226	2, 276	_		211	852	2, 296
15 - 49 '' 50 - 99 ''	7 6	161 326	342 683	563 1, 2 5 3	76 120	5, 606	10, 957	5, 023	-	_	481	2,095	5,060
00-199 "	4	463	977	2,264	217	10,488	16,998	6, 138		-	584	2,871	6,09
200 - 499	3	489	1,024	1,876	106	5,961	12,689	6, 494	-	-	715	3,016	8,36
00 employed and over	-		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units											137	1,013	(56
Totals	25	1, 449	3, 046	5, 992	522	24, 872	46, 074	20,042	_	-90	2, 143	9, 902	21, 91

TABLE 1F. Principal Statistics classified by Type of Organization, 1962 and 1963

				Man	ufacturing	activity				Т	otal activ	rity	
Type of organization	Estab- lish-		duction a		Cost of	Cost of	Value of shipments			owners		otal oyees	Total
	ments	Number	Man- hours paid	Wages	fuel and elec- tricity	materials and supplies	of goods of own manu- facture	Value added	Number	With- drawals	Number	Salaries and wages	value added
**************************************	No.	-	'000			\$'000				\$'000		\$10	000
1962	i												
Individual ownerships	-	-	-	_	-	-	death		_	_		-	J -
Partnerships	_	-	_	_	WW-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Incorporated companies	26	1,435	3,071	5,714	548	23,418	42, 321	19,083	_	-	2,006	8,790	21,605
Cooperatives	- 1	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	_	_	-	***
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	> 0 4							4.0	0 8 0	a 4 s	126	908	(56
Totals	26	1, 435	3,071	5,714	548	23, 418	42, 321	19,083	-	_	2, 132	9, 698	21, 549
1963													
Individual ownerships	-	-	-		_	-	- 11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Partnerships	-		-		_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	9 11 -
Incorporated companies	25	1,449	3,046	5,992	522	24,872	46,074	20,042		_	2,006	8,890	21,970
Cooperatives	-	_	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Head offices, sales offices and auxiliary units	4 0 0							F			137	1,013	(56
Totals	25	1, 449	3,046	5,992	522	24,872	46,074	20,042	_		2, 143	9,902	21,914

TABLE 2. Industry Output, Input and Value Added, 1962 and 1963

	Manufacti activit		Non-manufa activit	icturing les	Tota activi	
	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963
			\$'000			
Output			2.7			
1. Shipments and other revenue	42,321	46,074	7, 132	6,500	49, 453	52, 574
Inventories — Goods of own manufacture:						
Add closing - Goods in process	2,775	2,503	***		2,775	2,503
Finished goods	3, 785	3,238			3,785	3, 238
Less opening - Goods in process	2,487	2,510			2,487	2,510
Finished goods	3,345	3,868		,.,	3,345	3,868
2. Net inventory change	728	(637)	4 4 4		728	(637)
3. Gross output (1+2)	43,049	45, 437	7, 132	6,500	50, 181	51, 937
Input						
4. Purchases of goods not of own manufacture			4,426	4,217	4,426	4,217
Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture:						
Add opening			956	996	956	996
Less closing	101		996	880	996	880
5. Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	* * *		4,386	4,333	4,386	4, 333
6. Materials, supplies, components and semi-processed goods	23,418	24, 872	279	296	23,697	25, 168
7. Fuel and electricity	548	522	* * *		548	322
8. Gross input (5 + 6 + 7)	23,966	25,394	4,665	4,629	28,631	30,023
Census value added (3-8)	19,083	20,042	2, 467	1, 872	21, 549	21,914

TABLE 3. Employment and Payroll, 1962 and 1963

					Emplo	yees						Salar	ies and w	ages	
Year and province		Producti related			tra	inis- tive	8.	les nd bution		otal oyees	Product:		Admin- istra-	Sales	Total salaries
province	Manufa	cturing	0	ther	GBLI GI	311100	415411	button					and office	distri- bution	and
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Manufac- turing	Other	Office		
		-			numi	per		h		-			\$'000		
1962															
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia	804	308		6	273	104	148	16	1, 225	434	4, 604	20	2, 178	1,038	7, 839
New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba		300			2.0	104	110	10	1, 220	101	2,003	20	5, 110	1,000	1,000
Saskatchewan Aiberta	203	72	-	-	65	33	36	1	304	106	931	-	470	208	1, 609
British Columbia	40	8	-	_	11	3	1	-	52	11	180	_	66	4	250
tories	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	_	_
Totals	1,047	388	-	6	349	140	185	17	1,581	551	5,714	20	2,714	1,250	9,698
1963										1-1					
Newfoundland	-	_	_	_		-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Prince Edward Island	-	-	_	-	-		_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Nova Scotia	х	х	X	х	х	х	х	x	х	X	x	х	x	x	X
New Brunswick	_	-	-	-	_		_	- 1		7	_	-	-	_	-
Queb ec	X	x	Х	X	X	X	х	х	х	x	X	х	X	X	х
Ontario	662	284	-	7	221	112	130	22	1,013	425	4, 088	23	1, 963	939	7,014
Manitoba	х	х	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	х	x
Saskatchewan	_	- 1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Alberta	X	x	X	х	х	x	х	х	ж	x	х	X	х	x	х
British Columbia	39	9	-	des	10	3	2		51	12	200	-	73	7	280
Yukon and Northwest Terri- tories	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_		_
Totals	1,056	393	_	7	333	164	168	22	1,557	586	5, 992	23	2,705	1,182	9,902

TABLE 3 A. Production and Related Workers, - Manufacturing Activity, by Months, 1962 and 1963

	Estat	lishments report	ing monthly deta	ail
Montb	196	2	196	3
	Male	Female	Male	Female
		numbe	r	
January	1,029	387	995	328
February	1,042	398	992	320
March	1,034	397	960	330
April	998	386	982	350
May	993	391	1,00i	383
June	1,013	383	1, 055	416
July	1,013	367	1,007	413
August	1,086	386	1,098	420
September	1, 104	409	1, 125	427
October	1,094	400	1, 144	432
November	1, 078	374	1, 161	477
December	1,067	370	1, 138	4 26
Average for establishments reporting monthly detail (collected only for large establishments)	1,047	388	1.056	393
Average for small establishments (only annual averages collected)				
Average for all establishments	1,047	388	1,056	393

TABLE 4. Industry Inventories, 1963

		Manuf	acturing		Non- manufacturing	
Province	Raw materials and supplies	Goods in process	Finished goods of own manufacture	Total manufacturing	Products or materials purchased for resale	Total inventories
			book val	це \$'000		
Opening:						
Newfoundland	_	_	-	_	-	_
Prince Edward Island	-		-	_		-
Nova Scotia	X	Х	х	Х	x	х
New Brunswick	_	_	_	_	x -	× -
Quebec	x	X	Х	х		
Ontario	1, 683	1,649	2, 455	5, 787	781	6, 56
Manitoba	X	x	х	х	X	X
Saskatchewan	-		-	-	-	-
Alberta	x	Х	x	X	х	X
British Columbia	157	31	174	363	1	36
Yukon and Northwest Territories	_	_			- 1	
Totals	3, 166	2, 510	3, 868	9, 544	996	10, 54
closing:						
Newfoundland	_	-	_	-	-	-
Prince Edward Island	-	-	_	- Terminal - 1	-	-
Nova Scotia	X	x	х	х	x	x
New Brunswick	_	_	_	_	_	
Quebec	х	х	х	x	x	x
Ontario	2, 212	1,819	2,027	6,058	713	6,77
Manitoba	x	x	x	х	х	х
Saskatchewan		_	_	-	_	-
Alberta	х	х	х	x	x	х
British Columbia	159	28	189	376	2	37
Yukon and Northwest Territories	-	_	_	_	_	
Totals	3, 931	2, 503	3, 238	9, 671	880	10, 55

TABLE 5. Purchased Fuel and Electricity Used in Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

	1962		1963	
Description	Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
		\$*000		\$'000
Large establishments which reported commodity detail:				
Bituminous coal:				
(a) From Canadian mines ton		_	250	
(b) Imported	399	5	_	_
Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only)		-	-	THE
Anthracite coal	328	4	350	
Lignite coal	556	3	482	
Coke	_	_	_	-
Gasoline (including gasoline used in cars and trucks) Imp. gal.	15,715	6	21, 180	
Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil	769, 196	84	750, 829	7
Wood cord			-	-
Gas:				
(a) Liquefied petroleum gases	_		27,070	
(b) Other manufactured gas	_	_	_	
(c) Natural gas	96, 110	74	111, 437	8
Other fuel	4	30		1
Electricity purchased kwh.	34, 081, 183	327	34, 155, 647	32
Steam purchased		-		
Estimate for small establishments:				
Fuel and electricity	6 6 6	16		
All establishments:				
Total fuel and electricity used	***	548	• • •	53

TABLE 6. Materials and Supplies - Manufacturing Activity, 1962 and 1963

		1962		1963	
Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
			\$'000		\$'000
l. Materials used:					
Ammonium chioride (sal ammoniac)	ib.	1, 405, 160	70	1, 274, 044	80
Battery boxes and containers			4,015		3, 629
Carbon plates, blanks, etc.			307		340
Carbon electrodes			205		209
Graphite	1b.	503, 157	22	316,039	16
Insulating waxes			21		19
Lead oxide:					
Litharge	1b.	9, 221, 116	1,038	10,761,950	1, 293
Red lead		259, 311	33	225, 771	30
Manganese dioxide		3, 872, 009	395	4, 037, 317	434
Sulphuric acid, 100%		8, 216, 546	128	8, 302, 620	131
Battery separators:	*******	0,210,010	120	0, 302, 020	131
Wood			3		
Other			1, 486	***	1,573
Zinc chloride		717, 767	55	712, 225	54
Iron and steel:	104	121, 101	30	112, 223	34
Stampings	ton	11	5	27	12
Other forms			212		263
Non-ferrous metals (all forms):	20-70-44	***	212	* * *	203
Brass and bronze	116	10,610	7	5 000	
Copper:	10.	10, 610	- 1	5, 336	6
Wire, bare		10 000		4 0=0	
Wire, insulated		10, 228	6	4, 353	3
Other forms		20.000	10	50 000	8
Lead:	10.	36, 952	15	50, 366	20
Pig (pure)	44	04 045 050	0.400		
		24, 945, 053	2, 483	25, 129, 806	2, 521
Antimonial		28,742,551	3, 113	31, 944, 220	3, 645
Other forms		250, 973	33	296, 438	39
Mercury		3,020	8	4, 242	12
Zinc (all forms)			707	* * *	750
Other non-ferrous metals		***	4		43
Asphalt and pitch		***	103	4 4 4	92
Paint, stains, lacquers, etc.		***	6	B 4 4	5
All other materials and components used			7, 272	***	7,798
2. Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used	******		813		802
3. Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)	44440004	* 6 4	778		787
4. Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments	000000		65		258
Totals	*******		23, 418	4 6 8	24, 872

TABLE 7. Shipments of Goods of Own Manufacture, 1962 and 1963

Description	Value		
Description	1962	1963	
	\$'000		
. All products shipped (see Table 8)	43, 265	46, 419	
. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others	15	16	
Less adjustment for value of sales taxes, excise duties and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above	(960)	(361)	
Not adjustment for establishments receiving progress payments		_	
Total adjusted value of shipments and work done	42, 321	46, 074	

TABLE 8. Shipments of Selected Goods of Own Manufacture - All Industries, 1962 and 1963

(Includes shipments from other industries which manufacture, as a secondary activity, the commodities listed)

		1962		1963	
Туре		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
			\$'000		\$'000
. Dry cell batteries:					
6 - inch batteries	No. of cells	1,817,541	1,179	1,795,806	1,33
Radio batteries for portable sets	6.6	37,641,529 7,484,080	2.402 624	43,104,106 5,460,545	3,183 465
Flashlight batteries	44	43,158,738	5,113	41,479,826	5, 250
Hearing-aid batteries: ''A'' batteries ''B'' batteries	}	• • •	1,242	***	1,756
All other dry batteries	J		196		
Totals			10,560		11,986
. Electric storage batteries:					
Automotive type (all types primarily designed to fit passenger cars): For initial installation For replacement purposes	batteries	503,157 2,193,309	4,231 18,530	626,445 2,282,785	5,53 19,05
Heavy-duty transport, motor coach and diesel starting batteries: For initial installation For replacement purposes	41	46,295 117,455	541 2,031	54,526 98,795	74. 1,71
Marine		3,402	190	5,522	24
For farm lighting	cell	8,050	137	6,762	13
For railway service (excluding railroad signalling but including diesel starting, air conditioning, car lighting)		19,688	786	26, 177	1,05
For direct motive power (industrial truck, mine locomotive, etc.)	10	35, 113	2,333	35,968	2,34
For all other purposes (aircraft, motorcycle, communication, etc.)		* * *	2,254		2,05
Totals			31,033		32,880

List of Establishments classified to This Industry, 1963

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Name	Location		
Nova Scotia:			
Surette Battery Co. Ltd.	Springhill		
Québec:			
Cipel (Canada) Ltd. Electric Storage Battery Co. (Canada) Ltd. Prest O Lite Ltd. (Battery Division)	Vaileyfieid 170 St. Georges St., St. Johns Drummondville		
Ontario:			
Burgess Battery Company Electric Storage Battery Co. (Canada) Ltd., The Electric Storage Battery Co. (Canada) Ltd., The Globelite Batteries Limited Gould-National Batteries of Canada Ltd. Hay Battery Co., Ltd. Mallory Battery Company of Canada Limited Prest O Lite Ltd. (Battery Div.) Silverce) of Canada Ltd. Union Carbide Canada Limited Union Carbide Canada Limited	1290 Bellamy Rd., Scarborough Fort Erie 1300 Barton St. E., Hamilton Clarkson 1352 Dufferin Street, Toronto 4		
Manitoba:			
Allan Batteries Ltd. Globelite Batteries Ltd. Ray-O-Vac (Canada) Limited	1376 Winnipeg Ave., Winnipeg 1717 Wellington Ave, Winnipeg 21 1800 Sargent Ave., St., James		
Alberta:			
Electric Storage Battery Co. (Canada) Ltd. The Prest O Lite Ltd. (Battery Division)	104 - 58th Avenue S.E., Calgary 58th Ave & 4th St. S.E., Calgary		
British Columbia:			
Dollina Enterprises Ltd. Francis Battery & Tires Ltd. Giant Battery Co. Ltd. Globelite Batterles Ltd. (Pacific Division) Major Batterles Ltd.	901 E Hastings St. Vancouver 4 2150 Blanshard St., Victoria 1290 Howe St., Vancouver 1 Richmond Duncan		

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Census of Manufactures

General

The Census of Manufactures is an annual mail survey covering Canada's Manufacturing Industries. It is based on the Standard Classification of Industries and full details concerning the system may be found in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, Catalogue No. 12-501 which is available from the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In summary, the Classification as it relates to the manufacturing industries provides for a breakdown into 140 industries arranged in 20 major industry groups. Of the 140 (3 digit) industries, 18 are further broken down into 58 (4 digit) sub classes. At the Canada level, principal statistics are collected and compiled for 178 separate industries. They cannot all be published separately by province, however, because of the confidential nature of the data in certain provinces.

The reporting unit for the Census is designated as the establishment (see definition of "Establishment" in following section) and a return is requested from every establishment classified to a manufacturing industry. Although respondents are required to submit reports covering the calendar year, financial year reports other than the calendar year are accepted in instances where respondents find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. When an establishment is operated for only part of a year a report is required covering the period of operation.

There are four different questionnaires used in the Census of Manufactures; (a) short form (b) long form (c) head office questionnaire and (d) commodity questionnaire. The short and long forms are used to obtain principal statistics and commodities shipped from establishments classified to manufacturing industries and differ only in the amount of detail requested. The short form is a single-sheet questionnaire sent to small manufacturers generally reporting shipments of less than \$100,000; this cut-off, however, varies somewhat between industries. The head office questionnaire is generally used for company head offices and/or auxiliary units separately located from the manufacturing establishment(s), (see following notes on Head offices and auxiliary units). The Commodity questionnaire is used to survey certain establishments which are coded (on the basis of their principal activity) to industries other than manufacturing in the Standard Industrial Classification system, but which undertake some manufacturing as a subsidiary activity. This single-sheet questionnaire is designed to collect information on the quantity and value of goods of own manufacture shipped by such establishments in order to achieve full coverage of domestically manufactured commodities (see the following note under Shipments).

The results of the Census are presented in some 140 publications. In addition to these annual industry publications there are annual summary reports for Canada and the provinces and special reports giving principal statistics by detailed geographic areas, by type of ownership and size of establishment. A special annual report covering the shipments of all manufactured commodities arranged in alphabetical order is also published.

Since 1960 the following major changes have been implemented in the Census of Manufactures: (a) a revised Standard Industrial Classification (b) a new establishment definition and (c) an extension of the establishment definition to cover the non-manufacturing activities of manufacturing establishments. The statistics presented in the various 1963 reports reflect the complete implementation of these changes and enable comparisons to be made with the years 1961 and 1962. For a complete description of the procedures followed in establishing the revised series, reference should be made to the Explanatory Notes included in the 1960, 1961 and 1962 industry publications. The statistical framework within which the Census of Manufactures is now carried out is based on the following concepts and definitions which have been developed as part of a general programme to achieve a fully integrated system of economic statistics.

Establishment

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used
Goods purchased for resale as such
Fuel and power consumed
Number of employees and salaries and wages
Man-hours worked and paid
Inventories
Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within it's accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

Head Offices and Auxiliary Units

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment tirms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the

firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group, (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

Employees

(a) Production and related workers – Manufacturing activity

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, they include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. Production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual fulltime employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. The man-hours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.). In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work. It should be noted that the division of hours paid into production and related workers payrolls results in average hourly earnings and does not represent hourly wage rates which are collected and published by the Department of Labour and which are based on selected occupations.

(b) Production and related workers – Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

(c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers.

etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

(d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

(e) Total Employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

Working Owners or Partners

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. Withdrawals of working owners defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees before deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness, accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages, bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any

other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for over-time are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

Materials and Supplies

(a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items or physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to

fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

Shipments

(a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of the net change in progress payments over the year.

(b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire referred to earlier. Such shipments together

with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

(c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

(d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for companyoperated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

Inventories

(a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payment accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the

receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

(b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for re-sale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

Value Added

(a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of materials and fuel and electricity consumed from the value of production (value of shipments adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

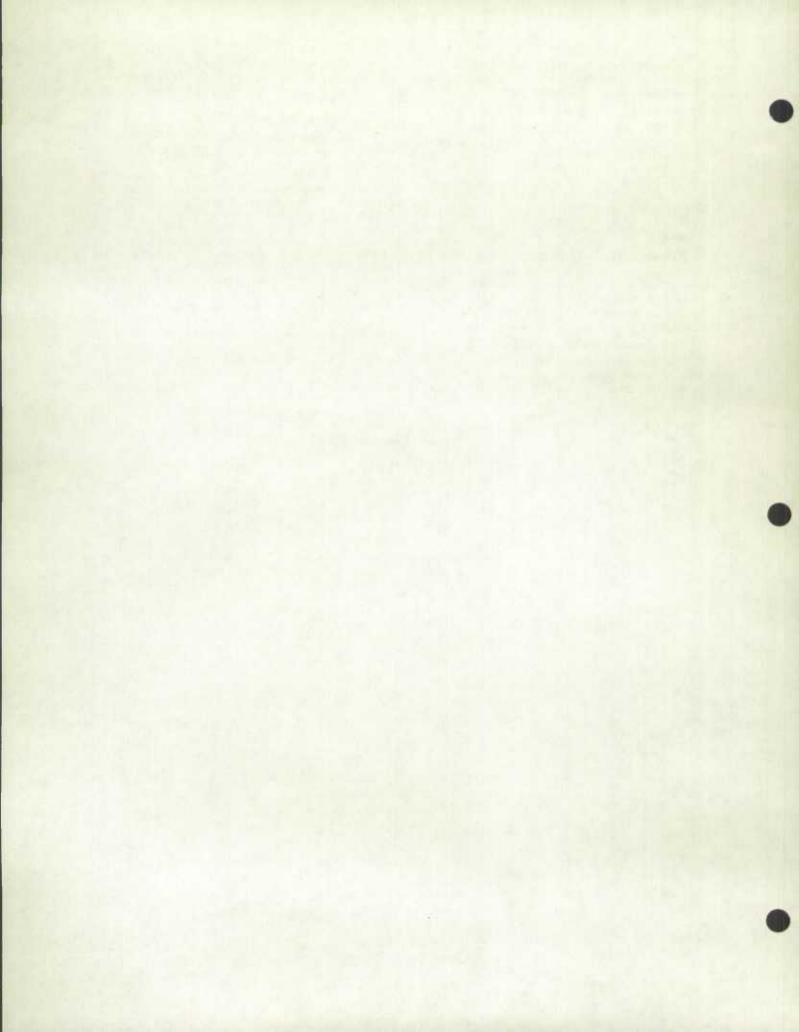
(b) By non-manufacturing activities

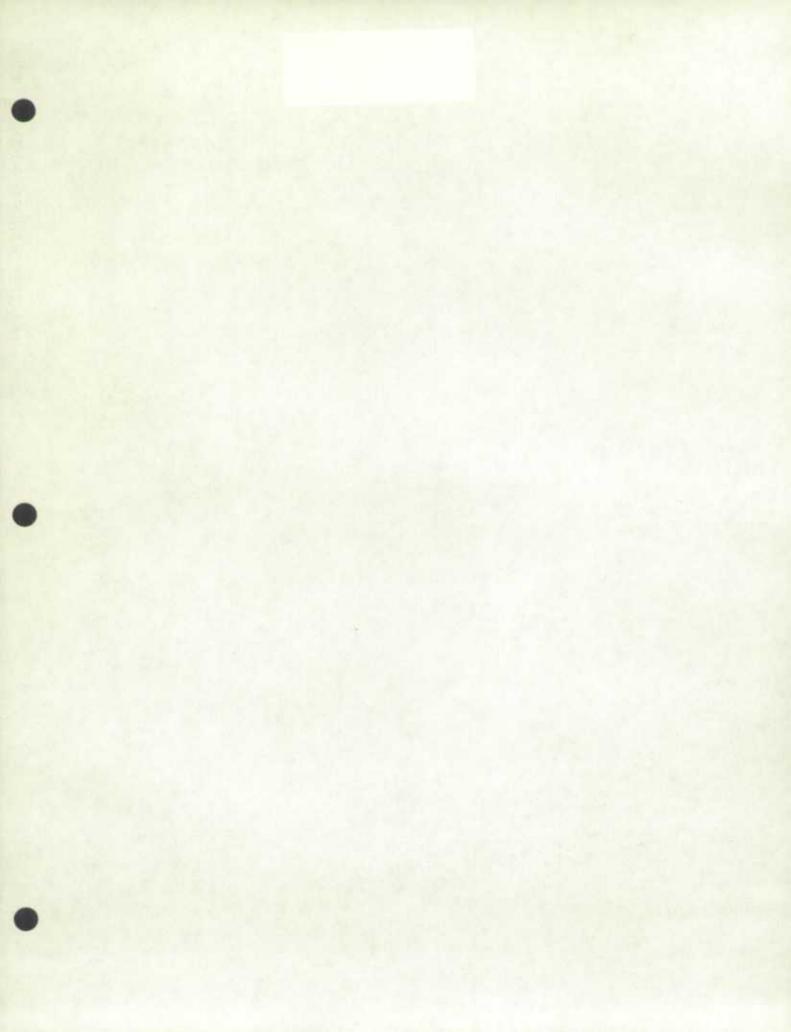
The figures are compiled by deducting the the cost of goods purchased for re-sale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods

purchased for re-sale) and the cost of other materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

(c) By Total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net production. However, to arrive at the National Accounts concept of net production, or Gross Domestic Product at "Factor cost" it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of advertising, insurance and other business expenses which are not collected as part of the annual Census of Manufactures. "Value added" figures for the primary industries, manufacturing and construction are published in DBS publication Catalogue No. 61-202, "Survey of Production".





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