

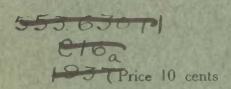
THE

GYPSUM INDUSTRY

IN

CANADA

1937





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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS MINING, METALLURGICAL AND CHEMICAL BRANCH OTTAWA - CANADA

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THE CYPSUM INDUSTRY, 1937.

PART 1 - PRIMARY PRODUCTION - THE GYPSUM MINING AND QUARRYING INDUSTRY.

Production of gypsum in Canada during 1937 totalled 1,047,187 short tons valued at \$1,540,483 as compared with 833,822 short tons at \$1,278,971 in 1936. The tonnage shipped or used in 1937 was the greatest since 1930 and its value was the largest recorded since 1931. Output in 1937 included 51,147 tons of lump or mine run; 902,217 tons of crushed; 916 tons of fine ground and 92,907 tons of calcine. The average value per ton of lump gypsum, including anhydrite, was \$1.30 in 1937; crushed grades averaged \$1.07 per ton; fine ground \$6.24 and calcined material \$5.45.

Increases in the value of shipments as compared with 1936 were realized in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia, the five gypsum producing provinces; corresponding increases in the tonnage of gypsum sold were recorded for each of these provinces with the exception of New Brunswick, where producers reported a relatively small decrease in the quantity of the mineral sold or consumed. Nova Scotia is the greatest producer of gypsum in Canada with the output in 1937 totalling 926,796 tons or 88.5 percent of the entire Canadian output.

In 1937 the number of firms reporting production numbered 9 and the gypsum quarries and mines in operation totalled 13. Some of the Canadian gypsum mining companies confine their operations in the Dominion to the production and shipment of crude gypsum or anhydrite, while others, in addition to marketing various grades of crude gypsum, produce a calcine for sale or for consumption in their own gypsum products plants.

Capital employed by gypsum producing firms, reported as active, totalled \$6,902,222 in 1937; employees aggregated 602; salaries and wages paid amounted to \$595,396 and the total value of fuel, purchased electricity and process supplies consumed was recorded at \$263,077.

A report (No. 791) issued by the Bureau of Mines, Ottawa, contains the following information relating to Canadian gypsum:— "The materials produced are the hydrous calcium sulphate, commonly known as gypsum, the partly dehydrated material known as plaster of Paris or wall plaster, and the anhydrous calcium sulphate known as anhydrite. Gypsum is marketed in the crude form, ground as "land plaster" and "terra alba", or ground and calcined as plaster of Paris and wall plaster. Each year an increasing proportion of the calcined material enters into the manufacture of wall board, gypsum blocks, insulating material, acoustic plaster, etc. Anhydrite is used mainly as a fertilizer for the peanut crop in the Atlantic Seaboard states of the southern United States The use of anhydrite in England for the manufacture of sulphuric acid, ammonium sulphate, and special plasters is rapidly increasing, and the shipment of 2,500 tons of anhydrite drums in the past year marks the entry of Canada into this market."

Gypsum is exported from Canada almost entirely in the crude form; during 1937 exports totalled 841,191 short tons valued at \$960,711 as compared with 650,377 tons and \$756,010 in 1936; of the 1937 exports, 735,125 short tons worth \$851,518 went to the United States and 103,602 short tons valued at \$106,443 to the United Kingdom.

Table 1 - PRINCIPAL STATISTICS OF THE GYPSUM MINING INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1935 - 1937.

TABLE L - FRENOITAL L	THE COLLECTION OF THE C	TI DOM MITHING		· TA00 - TACL
			New Brunswick,	
		Nova	Ontario,	TOTAL
		Scotia	Manitoba,	CANADA
			British Columbia	
		and the transmission with the transmission and and trade and past		COLUMN TO THE PERSON OF THE PE
Number of firms	1935	4	3(x)	6
Mannet of thing				
	1936	7	3(x)	9
	1937	5	4(x)	8
Capital employed	1035 \$	3,129,545	2,607,569	E 727 114
Oapital emilioyed				5,737,114
	1936\$	5,095,747	3,858,907	8,954,654
	1937\$	4,178,656	2,728,566	6,902,222
Number of analosses	On coloms			
Number of employees -		0.0		
	1935	20	34	54
	1936	32	32	64
	1937	25	36	61
	0			
	- On wages -	Maria Telegraph		
	1935	199	214	413
	1936	244	206	450
	1937	312	229	541
Salaries and wages -	Salaries -			
	1935\$	33,560	59,790	93,350
	1936\$	35,665	53,121	88,786
	1937\$	44,903	65,469	110,372
	Wages -			
	1935\$	130,347	143,310	273,657
	1936\$	191,184	160,327	351,511
	1937\$	267,875	217,149	485,024
	T	2.019010	WI 1 9 I TO	400,004
Fuel and electricity	- cost -			
	1935\$	45,184	76,430	121,614
	1936\$			
		54,081	86,597	140,678
	1937 \$	67,743	88,372	156,115
Value of process supp	olies used -			
	1935\$	23,973	41,440	65,413
	1936\$		39,428	
		38,763		78,191
	1937\$	67,167	39,795	106,962
0 31.				
Selling value of prod				
	1935\$	523,216	408,987	932,203
	1936\$	808,294	470,677	1,278,971
	1937\$	978,288	582,195	1,540,483
	The second secon	and the second s	the same of the sa	ATTENDED TO THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE ABOUT

⁽x) Includes 1 company also operating in Nova Scotia.

Table 2 - FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED IN THE GYPSUM MINING INDUSTRY, 1937, WITH TOTALS FOR 1936 and 1935.

			New Brunsw Ontario	,			
	Nova Sc	otia	Manitob		CANAI) A	
Unit of		Cost at	British Co	Cost at		Cost at	_
measure	Quantity	works	Quantity	works	Quantity	works	
	Wall of Cy	\$	e dati of by	\$	Vacanot of	\$	
Coal - Bituminous - imported ton			1,208	7,630	1,208	7,630	
Bituminous - Canadian ton	1,936	13,505	4,430	23,287	6,366	36,792	
Lignite ton			1,060	4,047	1,060	4,047	
Coke ton	• • •		351	3,666	351	3,666	
Gasoline Imp.gal.	92,752	20,606	5,360	1,067	98,112	21,673	
Kerosene Imp.gal.	884	178			884	178	
Fuel and diesel oil Imp.gal.	90,540	9,279	2,624	459	93,164	9,738	
Wood cord	***		399	2,010	399	2,010	
Gas - Manufactured M cu.ft.			***	* * *	* * *	* * *	
Natural M cu.ft.	* * *		25,836	10,342	25,836	10,342	
Other fuel xxx Electricity purchased K.W.H.	1,285,600	24,175	2,632,021	35,864	3,917,621	60,039	
	1,200,000		2,000,000		0,021,002		
TOTAL - 1937\$	0 0 0	67,743	• • •	88,372	• • •	156,115	
TOTAL - 1936\$	0 0 0	54,081	0 0 0	86,597	0 1 0	140,678	
TOTAL - 1935\$	• • •	45,184		76,430	* * *	121,614	
Electricity generated for own							
use -	250,000		702 150		7 046 159		
1937 K.W.H.	250,000	* * *	796,152		1,046,152	• • •	
1933 K.W.H.	274,902		725,424		1,000,326		
1935 K.W.H.	397,792		96,865		494,657		

NOTE - 1 ton = 2,000 pounds.

		-					
Table 3 - NUMBER OF WAGE	-EARNERS ON	PAYROLL	OR TIME H	RECORD ON T	HE 15th	OF EAC	:H
	NEAREST REPR						
	193		19		1 9		Section of standards
Month	MINE	MILL		MILL	MIN	the state of the s	MILL
	THE RESERVE TO SECURE			S	urface	Under-	the other name and two transmissions.
						ground	
January	. 51	125	116	92	55	63	156
February	. 37	145	71	104	45	63	135
March	. 56	159	70	139	47	70	208
April	. 140	223	194	146	243	74	197
May	. 267	205	239	191	314	82	230
June	. 262	201	333	218	333	90	281
July	. 324	237	399	232	381	87	239
August	. 343	218	392	219	391	78	230
September		201	356	224	389	88	233
October		199	348	229	402	86	227
November	. 275	191	368	217	303	76	216
December	. 185	155	256	194	171	68	160
Table 4 - NUMBER OF WAGE					DURING	1935,	1936
and 1937	WITH REGULAR	HOURS W	ORKED PER	WEEK.			
Hours worked	NUMBER	part of manually reference and	Hours	worked		NUMBER	
per week 19	35 1936	1937	per we	eek	1935	1936	1937
40 or less	81 154	71	51 - 5	53	24	14	6
41 - 43	10 9	14	54		33	7	92
44	35 46	38	55		35	30	2
45 - 47	19 90	17	56 0	50	10	55	15

month wolved		Children	A manually relatives and	mours worked		MOMBER	
per week	1935	1936	1937	per week	1935	1936	1937
40 or less				51 - 53	24	14	6
41 - 43	10	9	14	54	33	7	92
44		46	38	55		30	2
45 - 47	12	20	17	56 - 59	19	55	15
48			358	50	82	201	138
49 - 50	19	10	12	60 plus	12		90

Table 5 POWER EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION, 1937.							
	Ordina	rily in use	In rese	erve or idle			
Description	No. of units	Total h.p. (manufacturers' rating)	No. of units	Total h.p. (manufacturers' rating)			
1. Steam engines and steam turbines	6	810	1	30			
2. Diesel engines	15	1,806					
 3. Gasoline, gas and oil engines, other than diesel engines 4. Hydraulic turbines or water wheels 5. Electric motors - 	42	2,229	3	143			
(a) Operated by purchased power	161	5,782	43	1,475			
TOTAL - (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5a)	224	10,627	47	1,648			
(b) Operated by power generated by the establishment	13	309	2	85			
Stationary boilers	6	885	2	170			

Table 6 - PRODUCTION IN CANADA, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GYPSUM, 1936 and 1937.

	193	the state of the s	1937		
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
	Tons	\$	Tons	\$	
SHIPMENTS BY GRADES -					
Crude (1) - Lump or mine run	47,628	58,954	51,147	66,237	
Crushed		794,002	902,217	961,776	
Fine ground	738	4,108	916	5,716	
Calcined gypsum (2)		421,907	92,907	506,754	
TOTAL		1,278,971	1,047,187	1,540,483	
SHIPMENTS BY PROVINCES -		GOVERNO			
Nova Scotia	729,019	808.294	926.796	978,288	
New Brunswick		123,560	36,906	131,727	
Ontario		182,783	53,780	233,895	
Manitoba		87,076	13,941	88,095	
British Columbia		77,258	15,764	108,478	
TOTAL		1,278,971	1,047,187	1,540,483	
Total gypsum mined and quarried (1)			1,151,064		
Total gypsum calcined (2)			11.9,677		
IMPORTS -			The second secon		
Gypsum, crude (sulphate of lime)	4	150	56	610	
Gypsum, ground, not calcined		9,548	333	11,940	
Plaster of Paris or gypsum, calcined,	0.10	0,010	000	22,020	
and prepared wall plaster	813	19,661	1,380	28.092	
TOTAL	Antilla Calabridge and Allerdan Calabridge and	29,359	1,769	40,642	
EXPORTS -	CEO 700	752 030	047 107X	000 711	
Gypsum or plaster, crude		756,010	841,191 ^X	960,711	
Plaster of Paris, ground, and prepared		10 000	1 074	00 550	
wall plaster		19,280		29,552	
(1) Includes some appropriate quarried in		775,290	842,425	990,263	

(1) Includes some anhydrite quarried in Nova Scotia.

(2) Does not include gypsum calcined in manufacturing plants located in Montreal and Calgary.

x 735,125 tons at\$851,518 to United States and 103,602 tons at \$106,443 to United Kingdom.

Table 7 - PRODUCTION IN CANADA, IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GYPSUM, January 1 to June 30, 1937 and 1938.

LJUI GIII	1 10000	And the second second second			
	1. 9	3 7	1 9	3 8	
	Tons	\$	Tons	\$	
PRODUCTION					
Crude - Lump or mine run	32,409	39,326	1,402	2,350	
Crushed		319,515	286,273	309,536	
Fine ground	370	2,539	145	857	
Calcined	42.159	286.870	42,787	252,742	
TOTAL	And the second s	648,250	330,607	565,485	P. ARRIVAN
Crude gypsum mined			342,996		
IMPORTS -					
Gypsum, crude (sulphate of lime)	54	575	6	170	
Ground gypsum, not calcined	153	5,382	219	7,148	
Plaster of Paris, or gypsum, calcined,	100	0,000	. 13	7,9140	
and prepared wall plaster	685	14,362	456	11,337	
TOTAL		20,319	• • •	18,655	grandanian
EXPORTS -	000	200000		10,000	
Gypsum or plaster, crude	225,012	254,417	267,946	307,130	
Plaster of Paris, ground, and prepared					
wall plaster	639	15,362	881	20,561	
TOTAL	0 0 0	269,779		327,691	-

Table 8 - PRODUCTION (SALES) OF CRUDE AND CALCINED CYPSUM IN CANADA. 1926 - 1937.

Table 8 - PRODUCTION (SALES) OF CRUDE AND	CALCINED GYPSUN	IN CANADA,	1926 - 1937.	
Year Tons Value	Year	Tons	Value	
2	territor that the time territorings the reasoning rearrance repr		\$	
1004 007 000 0 000 017	30%6	470 300	3 000 500	
1926 883,728 2,770,813	1932	438,629	1,080,379	
1927 1,063,117 3,251,015	1933	382,736	675,822	
1928 1,246,368 3,743,648	1934	461,237	863,776	
1929 1,211,689 3,345,696	1935	541,864	932,203	
1930 1,070,968 2,818,788	1936	833,822	1,278,971	
1931 863,752 2,111,517	1937	1,047,187	1,540,483	
M-Li- O GONGINDATOR OF CANGIN IN GINIDIA	N ORMENM THELLO	1070 :	1077	
Table 9 - CONSUMPTION OF GYPSUM IN CANADIA	N CEMENT INCOST	IRI. 1930 -	1957.	
Year Tons	Year		Tons	
Tear	Tear		10118	
1930 74,227	1934		19,172	
1931 56,677	1935		21,611	
1932 27,537	1936		25,447	
1933 13,319	1987		33,691	
1000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		00,001	
	The second secon			
Table 10 - WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GYPSUM, 1	934 - 1936(d).			
(Taken from the Imperial Instit		ion "The Mine	eral Industry	
of the British Empi			J-1	
	tons)	7		
Producing country	1934	1935	1936	
BRITISH EMPIRE				
United Kingdom	961,581	981,913	1,002,472	
Union of South Africa	22,929	21,249	31,457	
Canada	440,442	502,206	750,996	
Cyprus (estimated)	14,000	16,000	13,000	
Palestine	3,377	4,471	6,111	
India	46,757	45,318	54,404	
Australia	89,654	118,136	125,584	
TOTAL	1,579,000	1,689,000	1,984,000	
The state of the s				
FOREIGN COUNTRIES				
Austria	33,000	38,000	48,000	
Estonia	4,828	6,139	13,630	
France	1,430,500	1,255,000	(a)	
Germany	851,000	952,000	(a)	
Greece		1 000	17 503	
	4,454	4,800	13,561	
Italy (including alabaster)	4,454 451,729		-	
Italy (including alabaster) Latvia (exports)	451,729	463,726	319,659	
Latvia (exports)	451,729 80,524	463,726 97,372	319,659 121,552	
Latvia (exports)	451,729 80,524 10,520	463,726 97,372 29,008	319,659 121,552 28,650	
Latvia (exports)	451,729 80,524	463,726 97,372	319,659 121,552	

⁽a) Information not available.(b) Converted from cubic metres at the rate of I cubic metre = 2 long tons.

⁽d) Complete data for 1937 not yet available.

Table 10 - WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GYPSUM, 1934 - 1936(d) (Concluded).

Producing Country	1934	1935	1 9 3 6
FOREIGN COUNTRIES (concluded)			The sale sale of
Spain (c) Sweden U.S.S.R. (Russia) Algeria Egypt Tunis (estimated) Mexico United States Argentina Brazil (estimated) Chile Peru China Japan	1,042,135 119 677,662 80,026 147,348 25,000 (a) 1,371,580 43,445 2,000 10,729 8,018 66,650 125,617 13,400	(a) 167 (a) 54,476 187,655 25,000 59,944 1,699,893 48,987 2,000 25,738 8,913 70,000 135,503	(a) 92 (a) 44,575 (b)252,164 25,000 60,736 2,421,884 54,826 2,000 22,200 (a) 70,000 (a)
New Caledonia	6,600,000	6,900,000	(a)
WORLD'S TOTAL(≠)	8,200,000	8,600,000	(a)

- (/) Gypsum is also produced in Poland, Switzerland, French Morocco and Cuba.
- (a) Information not available.
- (b) Converted from cubic metres at the rate of 1 cubic metre = 2 long tons.
- (d) Complete data for 1937 not available.

GENERAL NOTES

UNITED STATES - The gyosum industry in 1937 reached the highest level since 1930. The apparent new supply of crude gypsum in the United States increased 566,150 short tons (17 per cent) over 1936. Nearly half of the increase resulted from a 33 percent rise in crude gypsum imported; domestic crude production was 345,656 tons higher than in 1936, a gain of 13 percent. In 1937 crude gypsum was mined in 17 states at 58 active operations, including 29 underground mines, 24 quarries and 5 combination mines and quarries. The average value per ton in 1937 for United States crude was \$1.56. Chemical manufacturers in the United States annually produce large quantities of precipitated gypsum which constitute a major waste disposal problem at some plants. Most of this gypsum is produced in the manufacture of phosphoric acid and phosphate chemicals. In 1937 gypsum products derived from by-product gypsum were sold by two companies on the Atlantic Coast, one in the Middle West and one on the Pacific Coast. Results of investigations by the United States Bureau of Mines on anhydrite as Portland cement retarder show that anhydrite-gypsum mixtures comtaining up to 50 per cent anhydrite may be as effective as oure gypsum depending on the total amount of S.O.z added and the susceptibility of the cement clinker to retardation. (United States Bureau of Mines).

SOUTH AUSTRALIA - The distribution of gypsum through the state is very wide and only the most favourably situated of the known deposits have been worked. Crystalline gypsum suitable for the manufacture of plaster and for use in the production of cement has long been obtained from the extremity of Yorke Peninsula, and

more recently from Lake MacDonnell to the South of Penong. Plaster is manufactured at Port Adelaide. The granular and pulverunt types (known as "seed" and "flour" gypsum respectively) have been worked to provide material for agricultural use. Crystalline gypsum has been shipped in large quantities to New Caledonia for use in the smelting of nickel ores. The largest output of gypsum in a single year has been that recorded for 1936, when 107,151 tons were raised. (Director of Mines, South Australia).

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA - The greater portion of the high grade gypsum produced is utilized in the local cement factories. Recently, however, increased interest has been taken in the manufacture of gypsum products used in the building trade, and a factory has been erected on the Rand which will provide a greater outlet for the lower grades of gypsum. Production of gypsum during 1937 totalled 36,582 short tons valued at £30,780 as compared with 35,232 short tons at £28,161 in 1936. (Union of South Africa Department of Mines).

FRANCE - "The difficulty in France in obtaining adequate quantities of pyrites for its chemical industry has led to an interesting development In view of these circumstances and the difficulty of obtaining supplies in war for the manufacture of sulphuric acid, the gypsum occurrences of Lorraine, the Alps and the Paris Basin are being utilized as a source of the sulphur for sulphuric acid manufacture. Gypsum mixed with a highly silicious sand, and fused in an electric furnace, yields sulphur dioxide and a calcium silicate product, which is said to be a good quality cement" (Deutsche Bergswerks Teit)

The principal gypsum deposits in France are located along the Marne and Seine rivers and range from 4 to 30 meters in thickness. In Western France the industry is centred about Charente. It is stated that French production is about twice the domestic consumption. Crude gypsum is exported to neighboring countries and special plasters are exported.

UNITED KINGDOM - About one-third of the output of gypsum in the United Kingdom comes from the Durham district followed by the Nottingham, Stafford and smaller producing districts of Westmoreland and Cumberland. Production during 1936 totalled 1,002,472 long tons as compared with 961,581 long tons in 1934. Imports (less exports) of crude gypsum, including alabaster, amounted to 177,758 long tons in 1936 as against 106,452 long tons in 1934; imports of calcined gypsum totalled 23,917 long tons in 1936.

LIST OF OPERATORS IN CANADIAN GYPSUM MINING INDUSTRY - 1937.

Name of Firm	Head Office Address	Quarry Location
NOVA SCOTIA -		
National Gypsum Co. (Can.) Ltd.	192 Delaware Ave., Buffalo, N.Y., U.S.A.	Dingwall, Cheticampeand Walton
Canadian Gypsum Co. Ltd.	1221 Bay St., Toronto, Ont.	Wentworth
The Connecticut Adamant	10 River St., New Haven, Conn.,	
Plaster Co.	U.S.A.	Cheverie
North American Gypsum Co. (x)	96 Curtis Ave., Rutland, Vt.,	
	U.S.A.	Baddeck Bay
Windsor Plaster Co. Ltd.	Windsor	Brooklyn, Hants Co.
Victoria Gypsum Co. Ltd.	Little Narrows	Little Narrows

⁽x) Did not ship in 1937.

LIST OF OPERATORS IN CANADIAN GYPSUM MINING INDUSTRY - 1937 (Concluded)

Name of Firm	Head Office Address	Quarry Location
NEW BRUNSWICK Canadian Gypsum Co. Ltd. Fraser Donald (x)	1221 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont. Plaster Rock	Hillsborough Plaster Rock
ONTARIO - Canadian Gypsum Co. Ltd. Gypsum, Lime and Alabastine, Canada, Ltd.	1221 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont. Paris	Hagersville Caledonia
MANITOBA - Gypsum, Lime and Alabastine, Canada, Ltd. Western Gypsum Products Ltd.	Paris, Ontario 503 McArthur Bldg., Winnipeg	Gypsumville Amaranth
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Gypsum, Lime and Alabastine, Canada, Ltd. Summit Lime Works	Paris, Ontario Box 273, Lethbridge, Alberta	Falkland Fort Steele, M.D.

⁽x) Did not ship in 1937.

PART II - THE GYPSUM PRODUCTS INDUSTRY, 1937.

Nine plants owned and operated by four companies manufactured gypsum products in Canada during 1937 and their output was valued at \$2,525,507 as compared with \$1,970,822 in 1936 and \$1,418,793 in 1935. Gypsum wallboard and hard wall plaster were the chief products but other lines such as gypsum blocks, tile, stucco, insulex, etc., were of considerable importance.

Capital invested in the industry was reported at \$2,756,165 in 1937, and employment was given to a monthly average of 243 people who received \$232,244 in salaries and wages. Materials used in manufacturing cost \$1,002,568 and fuel and electricity cost \$109,770.

Table 11 - PRINCIPAL STATISTICS OF THE GYPSUM PRODUCTS INDUSTRY, 1936 and 1937.

	1936	1937	
Number of establishments\$ Capital employed\$ Number of employees\$ Salaries and wages\$ Cost of fuel and electricity\$ Cost of materials at works\$ Selling value of products at works\$	9 2,766,619 217 219,495 77,415 798,799 1,970,822	9 2,756,165 243 232,244 109,770 1,002,568 2,525,507	

Table 12 - WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, 1936 and 1937 (on 15th of each month).

26 13	Number of wage-earners			Number of	
Month			Month	wage-earners	
	1936	1937	and the second s	1936	1937,
C. C. Briefley C. C. Control					
January	157	189	July	213	220
February	151	187	August	175	224
March	170	216	September	200	234
April	176	215	October	216	224
May	200	224	November	221	200
June	206	233	December	192	195
			AVERAGE	189	213

Table 13	- FUEL	AND	ELECTRICITY	USED.	1936	and 1937	

	Unit of	1936		1937	
Kind	measure	Quantity	Cost at	Quantity	Cost at
			works		works
principal minimals (market - shape disputed and distribution) and the first of the contract of			\$		\$
Coal - Bituminous - Canadian.	short ton	430	3,337	175	1,330
Imported.	short ton	4,157	25,611	5,172	32,643
Lignite	short ton	653	2,422	883	3,279
Coke	short ton	128	1,103	1,185	14,521
Gasoline	Imp. gal.	647	189		
Kerosene	Imp. gal.	180	32		
Fuel oil	Imp. gal.	379,742	17,535	449,645	23,370
Wood	Cord			3	21
Gas - Natural	M cu.ft.	6,789	2,045	6,838	2,107
Electricity purchased	K. W. H.	2,025,767	25,141	2,572,502	32,499
TOTAL	xxx		77,415		109,770
Electricity generated for own use	K. W. H.	e e o		302,076	* * 0

Table 14 - POWER EQUIPMENT, 1936 and 1937.

	1936		1 9	7
	Number of units	Total rated H.P.		
Steam engines and turbines	. 1	10	2	110
Gasoline, gas and oil engines	1	Land to the State of Contract of the State o	0 0 0	D D D
Total primary equipment	2	11	2	110
Electric motors run by purchased power	, 245	3,378	250	3,562
TOTAL	247	3,389	252	3,672
Electric motors run by power generated				
by above primary units	8	23	37	248
TOTAL ELECTRIC MOTORS	253	3,401	287	3,810
Boilers	, 6	910	7	1,120

Table 15 - MATERIALS USED IN THE GYPSUM PRODUCTS INDUSTRY, 1936 and 1937.

representation of the rest real real region will rest rest rest and rest rest rest rest rest rest rest rest	Unito	193	3	1 9	3 7
Material	Unit of		Cost at		Cost at
•	measure	Quantity	works	Quantity	works
			\$		\$
Gypsum, crude	short ton	17,057	70,011	18,568	79,122
Gypsum, calcined (plaster of Pari	s) " "	72,233	359,755	82,811	436,723
Paper	11 11	3,952	184,223	5,001	245,330
Starch or paste	19 11	162	25,934	188	31,070
Hair		85	14,380	96	20,339
Retarder		165	10,718	182	13,295
Sawdust or shavings		402	3,747	211	2,441
Containers, etc			80,785		92,606
All other materials		0 0 0	49,246	0 0 0	81,642
TOTAL	XXX		798,799	XXX	1,002,568

Table 16 - OUTPUT OF THE GYPSUM PRODUCTS INDUSTRY, 1936 and 1937.

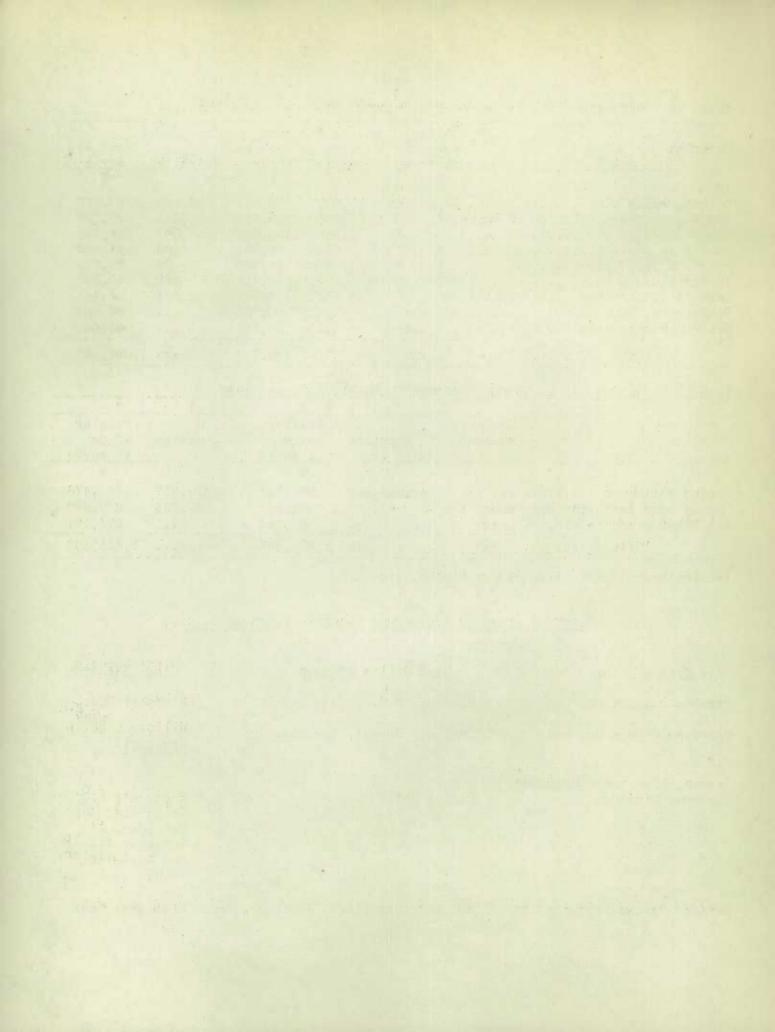
angelije (id jed Te und in) up upanamujum understeller de angelije (id jed jed in Televis vertebre		1 9	3 6	1 9	3 7
	Unit of		Selling		Selling
Products	measure	Quantity	value	Quantity	value
and the second section of the section of		and the second second second second second	at works	The state of the said	at works
			\$		₩
Gypsum wallboard	sq. ft.	42,863,567	996,308	58,319,517	1,372,476
Gypsum hard wall plasters.		57,138	804,973	63,786	877,840
All other products(x)	xxx		169,541		275,191
TOTAL	xxx	• • •	1,970,822		2,525,507

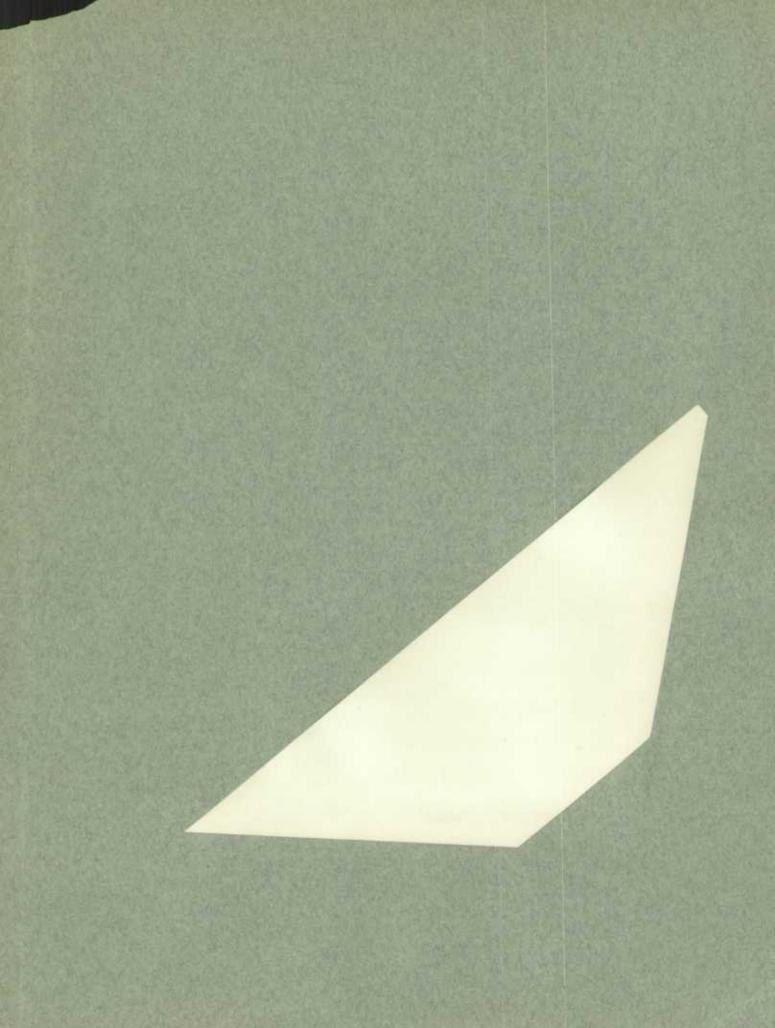
⁽x) Includes gypsum tile, gypsum blocks, etc.

LIST OF FIRMS IN THE GYPSUM PRODUCTS INDUSTRY - 1937.

Name of Firm	Head Office Address	Plant Location
Windsor Plaster Co. Ltd.	Windsor, N.S.	Windsor, N.S.
Canadian Gypsum Co. Ltd.	1221 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont.	Hillsborough, N.B. Hagersville, Ont.
Gypsum, Lime and Alabastine, Canada, Limited	Paris, Ont.	Montreal, P.Q. Caledonia, Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Calgary, Alberta New Westminster, B.C.

Western Gypsum Products Ltd. 503 McArthur Bldg., Winnipeg, Man. Winnipeg, Man.





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