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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS BRANCH

# ESTIMATE OF TOURIST EXPENDITURES, 1946 -and <br> HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS 

December and Calendar Year, 1946.

To effect economies in printing and mailing, the current report on highway traffic combines statistics for the month of December and the summary for the calendar year. Some provisional estimates are given on the value of Canada's International Tourist. Trade in the year just ended based on information now available and pending the publication of the annual report covering the revised statistics for 1945 and more complete preliminary data for 1946.
I. PRELIMINARY ESTIMATE OF TOURIST EXPENDITURES IN CANADA AND CANADIAN EXPENDITURE ABROAD IN 1946.
. Preliminary calculations indicate that expenditures in Canada during the year 1946 by tourists from the United States, Newfoundland and Overseas Countries should reach $\$ 212,000,000$. While statistics on non-automobile entries are unavailable beyond October, automobile traffic is complete for the year. The months of heavy tourist entries have been well ascertained both as to net volume of entries \& average expenditure so it may be assumed that the margin of error in the preliminary estimate should not be large. The preliminary estimate for 1945 had been placed at a total of $\$ 167,400,000$ for all countries and the revised figure is now $\$ 166,400,000$.

Tourist expenditures in Canada in 1946 established a new all time record indicating a gain of nearly $\$ 46$ million or $27.3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. over the preceding year and compare with the previous high estimated at $\$ 198,000,000$ for 1929, when overseas travel to Canada was in much greater volume.

Canadians, with further restored freedom from currency and other travel limitations, have shown on a per capita basis an even greater propensity to cross the International Boundary. Canadian tourist expenditures abroad during 1946 may well have exceeded $\$ 127,000,000$, so that the net currency gain or credit to Canada on International travel account at about $\$ 85$ million registered only a minor advance from the revised net credit of $\$ 81$ million which accrued to Canada in 1945 from all foreign visitors, when total Canadian tourist expenditures abroad are placed at a revised $\$ 84,500,000$. Of the $\$ 212$ millions estimated to have been spent by foreign tourists in Canada during the year just ended, approximately $\$ 207$ millions is credited to travellers from the United States, with the balance of $\$ 5$ million accruing from tourists from Newfoundland and Overseas countries.

Overseas travel to Canada is still limited by shipping accomodation, currency restrictions on travel and other economic factors, but there has been
a gratifying increase in the number of visitors from the United Kingdom compared with the war years. Immigration records during 1946 indicate that some 55 different countries were represented among the tourist arrivals from overseas at Canadian ocean ports and via U. S. ports enroute to $C_{a n a d a . ~ T h e r e ~ i s ~ a ~ g r e a t ~}^{\text {nat }}$ tourist potential for Canada throughout the world, awaiting only the restoration of normal travel conditions. The armed forces and products of canada have done much to make the overseas world curious about our vast young nation and engendered a widespread desire to visit our shores or to settle here.

An analysis of the tourist traffic to Canada during 1946 by means of travel shows that tourist permit entries by automobile at over 1,492,000 cars increased by some 632,000 or 73.5 p . c. over 1945 and established a new record. The net number of tourists entering Canada by train (due to the freer use of automobiles), declined over 11 p. c. in 1946 from the preceding year but at probably more than 715,000 is still some 84 p . c. above 1939 levels. Bus companies operating international services have displayed a remarkable growth in the last decade and net tourist entries by long distance bus are estimated to have been over 310,000 in 1946 and more than double the traffic, in 1941. Intransit travellers across Southern Ontario are deducted from gross entries in train and bus to secure the net figures. The increased use of the aeroplane as a means of bringing tourists to $C_{a n a d a}$ is strikingly illustrated in the great advances in international air traffic registered since the thirties. Tourists arriving in Canada by air numbered over 100,000 in 1946, nearly twice the preceding year's total and far exceeding all pre-war experience. Tourist travel by boat suffered drastic curtailment during the war years particularly along the eastern approaches, but 1946 entries were estimated, at over 340,000, to have been well in excess of pre-war levels, with notable gains on the west coast and on inland lakes and rivers.

In the group conveniently called "Other Travellers"-those coming by foot, local bus, taxis, motorcycle, bicycle, horse drawn vehicles, etc. - a considerable, recovery has been shown in volume from that of the war years. These millions of local visits represent the close social and economic ties which bind the United States and Canada in close harmony. They are like drops of oil that lubricate the smooth operation of our international association - the unrestricted ebb and flow between two adjoining households under one great roof, - border nations with a thousand doorways - but no doors.
II. HIGHWAY TRAFFIC DURING THE YEAR, 1946.

The year 1946 will go down in tourist history as one of restorè freedom of movement and lessening of scarcities on this continent with the establishment of new records of international travel to Canada by automobile. During the year nearly $7,239,000$ vehicles were checked through the 156 Canadian border ports stretching from the Maritimes to the Pacific and comprising 5,371,200 foreign and 1,867,561 returning Canadian vehicles. Such a gigantic international movement is unparalleled anywhere in the world. Placed bumper to bumper this vast cavalcade would more than cover the Trans-Canada Highway from Halifax to Vancouver arrayed four cars abreast. It represents a line of 'vehicles over 19,100 miles long,--longer than the mainland seacoast of all Canada - more than sufficient to circle the world at the 49 th parallel. The total traffic included over 5,371,000 vehicles of foreign registry divided into $3,695,958$ non-permit or local traffic, $1,492,106$ cars taking out tourist permits and 183,136 commercial vehicles. Further there were nearly 1,867,600 returning $C_{a}$ nadian vehicles recorded, 1,550,694 remaining abroad less than 24 hours, 167,197 over 24 hours and 149,670 commercial vehicles of Canadian registry.

In comparison with the American traffic experienced in 1945, the allimportant tourist permit class advanced from 859,915 cars to $1,492,106$, up 73.5 p. c., while the short term traffic rose 27.8 p. c. Tourist cars at over 1,492,000 compare with previous highs of $1,470,497$ in 1931 and $1,384,488$ in 1937, and since the average number of passengers per car was roughly three, an estimated four and a half million tourists visited $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{a}}$ nada by motor car during the year. An assembly of these tourist cars would stretch in line from coast to coast.

The volume of Canadian motor traffic to the States has recovered rapidly since the cancellation of gasoline and tire restrictions. Canadian cars which remained abroad over 24 hours totalled 167,197 in 1946 compared with 79,954 in the preceding year up $109 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. but still below pre-war levels, the 1939 total having been tentatively estimated at over 375,000. The average age of the Canadian car in use has increased greatly due to non-production during the war years and deferced obsolesence. The same is true of American cars to a lesser extent.

Short term Canadian traffic to the States during 1946 increased by nearly 479,000 cars or 44.7 p. c. over 1945, with large gains at Fort Erie, Niagara Falls and Windsor. American Commercial vehicles entries rose 10.3 p. c. during the year at 183,136 , while 149,670 or 12.5 p . c. more Canadian commercial vehicles returned from trips to the United States during. 1946. Commercial traffic was more active at the ports of Windsor, Fort Erie, Coutts, Aldergrove, Del Bonita and Stewart. Coutts and Del Bonita are now ports of entry for the Alaskan traffic.

A relatively new development in the short term American automobile traffic is the considerable number of Americans who have been obliged by the housing shortage in the States to seek accomodation in Canada in areas adjacent to large American cities and thus commute to their jobs. This is noticeable at Windsor, Fort Erie, Niagara $\mathrm{Fall}_{\mathrm{a}}$ s and elsewhere. A reciprocal large short term. movement has been observed particularly between Ontario centers and American cities on week ends where thousands of Canadian cars are drawn by sporting, events and other attractions in neighbouring communities.

A provincial analysis of the movement of foreign vehicles into Canada during the year indicates that all provinces shared in the encouraging recovery in tourist permit traffic and the volume of entries reached new record proportions in most regions. The Maritimes received a total of 83,147 tourist cars during 1946 up 87 p. c. over 1945 and compared with the previous record of 80,366 in 1939 when a much larger number of cars arrived by boat from the $U$. S. Eastern seaboard and overseas. Quebec tourist car entries reached 277,641 an increase of 139,426, nearly double 1945 traffic but still below the 338,234 cars welcomed in 1937. Ontario experienced a new all time high in tourist car entries when the year's total reached 903,096 compared with 553,720 in 1945 and 828,222 in 1937. Manitoba was host to nearly 22,800 tourist cars during 1946 an increase of 14,025 cars over 1945 and well in excess of the previous record of 18,176 for 1939. Saskatchewan entries likewise more than doubled from only 4,247 in 1945 to 9,723 and exceeded the figure of 6,635 in 1939. Alberta, with the reopening of her celebrated resort hotels and as the gateway to the Alaskan Highway, displayed remarkable recovery during the year, tourist car entries rising from 3,045 in 1945 to a new high of 16,522 , compared with the previous record of 15,459 experienced in 1941. The year's record volume of tourist motor traffic into the Prairies reflects the high levels of prosperity in the agricultural regions to the south. British Columbia with her year - round accessibility was host to 178,595 tourist cars compared with 107,506 in 1945 and the previous
top of 137,785 in 1930.
Attention is focused on our "last frontier" by the increase in tourist permits into the Yukon Territory during 1946, which rose from a mere 30 in 1945 to 585 in the year under review. In addition some 54 commercial vehicles were issued permits compared with only 9 in the preceding year.

Foreign short term or non-permit traffic at $3,696,000$ vehicles rose about 28 p. c. in the year over 1945 and entries likewise increased into every province, registering the second highest volume on record, the 1930 total having been some $4,110,100$ short stay vehicles. Non-permit traffic into the Maritimes established a new peak at 752,411 compared with 587,207 in 1945 and 705,870 in 1939. Q uebec with 173,148 entries was up 31 p. c. over 1945, but still below pre-war averages, the 1936 total having been 247,620 . The province of Ontario experienced some $2,625,000$ short term visits, an advance of over 27 p . c. from 1945 and the highest since 1931 when Prohibition in the United States probably encouraged a considerable volume of short stay visits to border communities.

Manitoba was host to some 53,310 non-permit visitors, up 34 p. c. over 1945 and the largest volume on record, exceeding the previous high of 48,243 in 1938. Saskatchewan with 20,221 registered the highest since 1930. Alberta had 12,243 short term entries compared with 6,840 in 1945 and 18,124 in 1936. A new record of some 59,776 brief visits were made by American cars into British Columbia during the year just ended compared with 41,102 in 1945 and the recent high of 58,298 in 1941. Short term traffic between Canada and the United States is sensitive to shortages of commodities, beversges and the like in either country. A price differential also serves to stimulate international shopping. This traffic is a measure of the close social and economic ties that bind the two nations in peace and friendship and reaches huge proportions annually at such ports as Windsor, Fort Erie, Niagara Falls, St. Stephen, Edmundston, St. Leonard, Sarnia and elsewhere.

Factory sales of passenger cars to the domestic market in the United States during 1946 were about $2,005,000$ compared with $3,646,715$ in 1941 and a 1935-40 average of $3,040,000$. In addition some 144,000 or 6.7 p . c. of total sales in 1946 went to foreign markets. The above compares with a total output of $92 ; 456$ passenger, cars in Canada during the year, and 96,603 in 1941. Some 63,728 were delivered to the domestic market in 1946 and 28,728 or 31 p. c. were shipped abroad.

Donestic sales of automobiles in both countries during a year of reconversion and"strikes were about half of anticipated volume and not sufficient to take care of current obsolescence. The production outlook for 1947 is more encouraging, given industrial peace. Demand for new cars remains active and the used car market in the United States has made some move in the direction of restoring more reasonable price levels. Domestic sales of passenger automobiles in the United States have definite implications with regard to the volume of potential tourist traffic by motor car to Canada. Many Americans have postponed trips to Canada until they acquire a car of more recent vintage. The same is true reciprocally of many Canadian motorists. Semi-official forecasts of 1947 motor car production in the United States range up to double 1946 output.

|  | 1945 | 1946 | P.C. of Total TVP's 1946 | Increase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maritimes | 44,377 | 83,147 | 5.6 | 38,770 |
| Quebec | 138,215 | 277,641 | 18.6 | 139,426 |
| Ontario | 553,720 | 903,096 | 60.5 | 349,376 |
| Manitoba | 8,775 | 22,797 | 1.5 | 14,022 |
| Saskatchewan | 4,247 | 9,723 | 0.7 | 5,476 |
| Alberta | 3,045 | 16,522 | 1.1 | 13,477 |
| British Columbia | 107,506 | 178,595 | 12.0 | 71,089 |
| Yukon | 30 | 585 | - | 555 |
| Total | 859,915 | 1,492,106 | 100.0 | 632,191 |

III.

## DECEMBER HIGHWAY TRAFFIC

International automobile traffic through Canadian border ports during December reached a total of 429,718 vehicles, of which 293,823 were foreign and 135,895 of returning Canadian registry. The foreign entries comprised 240,167 cars on short visits and 39,607 cars issued tourist permits, in addition to 14,049 U. S. commercial vehicles. Canadian vehicles returning represented 117,531 repatriated within 24 hours, 6,777 remaining longer than one day and some ll,587 commercial vehicles of Canadian license.

In comparison with December of 1945, a significant gain of 6,165 cars or 18.4 p. c. was shown in the entries of American cars for touring purposes. Heavy snows were not experienced until the last days of the month and motoring was fevored throughout most of the period under review. International traffic was particularly heavy during the shopping season as well as for the holidays. The short term or non-permit traffic aggregated over 240,100 cars during December an advance of 27 p : c. or 50,661 cars over the same month of 1945 .

Reciprocally, some 117,500 Canadian cars returned from stays of less than 24 hours in the States, an increase of 23 p . c. compared with December of the preceding year, while the number of Canadian cars remaining over 24 hours at 6,777 was up 42.5 p . c. in the same comparison.

Divided by province of entry, American vehicle entries in December continued to maintain the high level in evidence throughout the year. Advances were registered over the same period of 1945 in all types of traffic. The important tourist permit class recorded seasonal gains in all provinces during the month. Maritime tourist car permits totalled 2,100 compared with 1,585 in December 1945, Quebec was up from 5,475 to 7,350, Ontario welcomed 20,930 as against 17,385, Manitoba tourist entries were 507, up from 425, Saskatchewan 91 compared with 58 , Alberta 166 against 139 and British Columbia 8,438 compared with 8,375. The December advances for each province in short term visits were also encouraging.

The soft coal strike in the United States had some restrictive influence on the tourist trade generally during the month but it was fortunately
of short duration and international railway schedules were quickly restored to normal.

The table below presents the December record of tourist car entries since 1937. It will be noted that while Canadian automobile traffic to the United States has not yet regained prewar volume, entries of American tourist cars for the month approach the December records established in 1938 and 1939.

Canadian production of passenger cars in December aggregated 9,125 of which 6,535 were allotted to the domestic market. In the United Str tes factory sales of passenger cars were 244,931 for U. S. distribution and 21,734 for export,during the month. ,

## TOURIST AUTOMOBILE ENTRIES

Comparison December 1937-1946:

| December | Travellers Vehicle Permits Foreign Vehicles Inward | Returning Canadian Cars Abroad over 24 hours. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1937 | 33,916 | (1) |
| 1938 | 41,648 | (1) |
| 1939 | 41,089 | 17,630 |
| 1940 | 29,873 | 1,857 |
| 1941* | 33,730 | 3,103 |
| 1942 | 11,961 | 1,547 |
| 1943 | 15,494 | 1,689 |
| 1944 | 19,071 . | 2,131 |
| 1945 " $\because$ | 33,442 | 4,755 |
| 1946 | 39,607 | 6,777 |

(1) Comparable category not recorded.

## MONTHLY STATEMENT BY PORTS OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS

CALENDAR YEAR, 1946

| Port and Province | Number ofForeign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Number ofCanadian Vehicles Inward |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- | Travel- |  |  |  |  |
|  | Permit | ler's | Com- | Length of | tay abroad | Com- |
|  | Class | Vehicle | mercial | 24 hours | over | mercial |
|  | (Local | Permits | Vehicles | or less | 24 hours | Vehicles |



| New Brunswick |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Andover. . . . . . . . . . . 28,762 | 8,942 | 3,348 | 28,634 | 109 | 8,659 |
| Aroostook Jct...... 225. | 69 | 126 | 244 | 1 | 18 |
| Belleville........ 1,884 | 81 | 557 | 2,779 | 25 | 600 |
| Bloomfield......... 2,643 | 256 | 449 | 1,723 | 19 | 484 |
| Brown Road......... 695 | 120 | 111 | 1,506 | 11 | 373 |
| Campobello......... 119 | 56 | 19 | 72 | - | 3 |
| Centreville........' 6,397 | 1,591 | 1,857 | 5,559 | 459 | 2,291 |
| Clair.............. 53,949 | 7,338 | 7,279 | 38,182 | 11 | 7,020 |
| Connors............ 166. | 8 | 66 | 73 | - | 1,958 |
| Edmundston. . . . . . . 178,230 | 8,260 | 25,256 | 56,294 | 146 | 7,818 |
| Forest City........ 3,478 | 72 | 47 | 1,275 | 10 | 1,003 |

(x) As Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island have no ports of entry adjacent to the United States boundary, vehicles proceeding to these provinces (with the exception of those travelling direct from the United C tates by steamer) enter through ports in other provinces and are recorded in the latter.

| Port and Province | Number ofForeign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Number ofCanadian Vehicles Inward |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> Permit <br> Class <br> (Local <br> Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | Commercial Vehicles | $\frac{\text { Length of }}{24 \text { hours }}$ or less | $\frac{\text { tay abroad }}{\text { Over }} \begin{aligned} & 24 \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | Commercial Vehicles |
| New Brunswick - Contid. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fosterville | 3,162 | 202 | 93 | 2,587 | 2 | 1,064 |
| Four Falls. | 1,928 | 782 | 231 | 2,593 | 11 | 232 |
| Gillespie........... | 11,043 | 3,228 | 1,842 | 6,123 | 69 | 1,871 |
| Grand Falls......... | 5,992 | 1,120 | 1,755 | 3,425 | 34 | 510 |
| Lord's Cove | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - |
| McAdam Jct. | - | 55 | - | - | - | - |
| Milltown. | 58,502 | 952 | 1,384 | 41,289 | 124 | 3,048 |
| River de Chute | 3,642 | 1,011 | 581 | 1,528 | 7 | 1,178 |
| St. Andrews. | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| St. Croix. | 17,511 | 2,630 | 1,596 | 9,194 | 151 | 1,974 |
| St. Hilaire. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| St. John. | - | 7 | - | - | - | - |
| St. Leonard | $\cdot 78,453$ | 8,498 | 6,350 | 67,141 | 90 | 4,618 |
| St. -Stephen. | 255,869 | 30,193 | 9,379 | 193,208 | 4,089 | 8,097 |
| Union Corner | 2,686 | 108 | 325 | 1,749 | 1 | 938 |
| Opper Mills. | 6,723 | 96 | 474 | 7,488 | 27 | 583 |
| Wilson's Beach...... |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Woodstock Road. | 30,348 | 7,386 | 2,169 | 26,382 | 743 | 2,875 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick......... | 752,407 | 83,065 | 65,294 | 499,048 | 6,140 | 57,215 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abercorn. | 14,666 | 7,665 | 1,067 | 22,383 | 317 | 2,613 |
| Armstrong | 2,139 | 16,526 | 956 | 2,466 | 4,194 | 796 |
| Beebe. | 17,227 | 1,733 | 825 | 7,813 | 249 | 508 |
| Chartierville | 388 | 2,124 | 16 | 129 | 170 | 14 |
| Clarenceville | 1,961 | 1,552 | 212 | 3,029 | 93 | 198 |
| Comins Mills | 5,553 | 6,827 | 371 | 7,668 | 1,280 | 3,660 |
| Covey Hill | 750 | 639 | 147 | 913 | 55 | 336 |
| Dundee. | 15,385 | 1,431 | 683 | 11,976 | 86 | 594 |
| East Pinnacle |  |  | - |  | - | - |
| Estcourt . | 1 | 43 | 956 | 1 | - | 2,889 |
| Franklin Centre | 165 | 1,446 | 5 | 382 | 37 | 17 |
| Frelighsburg | 5,930 | 3,556 | 760 | 3,234 | 192 | 392 |
| Glen Sutton | 3,483 | 6,912 | 2,622 | 3,442 | 49 | 1,048 |
| Hemmingford | 2,945 | 4,224 | 696 | 7,617 | 537 | 595 |
| Herdman | 4,131 | 3,001 | 678 | 7,288 | 379 | 603 |
| Hereford Road | 11,672 | 2,219 | 1,013 | 4,035 | 84 | 939 |
| Highwater ........... | 15,130 | 10,852 | 3,892 | 8,777 | 1,394 | 368 |
| Jamieson's Line | 444 | - 296 | 40 | 130 | 3 | 38 |
| Lac Frontiere | 220 | 263 | 80 | 48 | 11 | 35. |
| Lac Memphremagog ... | - | 3 | - |  | - | - |
| Lacolle | 7,750 | 74,548 | 843 | 32,158 | 14,634 | 1,882 |
| Montreal ............ | - | 5 | - | - | , |  |


| Port and Province | Number of Number ofForeign Vehicles Inward Canadian Vehicles Inward. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NonPermit Class (Local Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | $\begin{aligned} & \because \text { Com- } \\ & \text { mercial } \\ & \text { Vehicles } \end{aligned}$ | Length of 24 hours or less | $\frac{\text { stay } a b}{\text { Over }} \begin{gathered} 24 \text { hou } \end{gathered}$ | road Commercial urs Vehicles |
| Quebec - Contrd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morses Line . . | 2,106 | 2,835 | 615 | 1,880 | 85 | 536 |
| Noyan | 3,978 | 5,049 | 606 | 3,953 | 490 | 309 |
| Philipsburg | 9,355 | 59,660 | 1,089 | 12,301 | 7,819 | 1,613 |
| Quebec | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Rock Island | .29,652 | 36,626 | 1,586 | 22,571 | 1,126 | 1,025 |
| St. Armend | 283 | 759 |  | 114 | 14 | 2 |
| St. Pamphile | - | 56 | - | - | - | - |
| St. Zacharie | 168 | 200 | 92 | 1,291 | 636 | 1,857 |
| Stanhope | 3,155 | 13,065 | 1,014 | 9,044 | 2,435 | 1,620 |
| Trout River | 11,217 | 11,244 | 120 | 20,908 | 1,135 | 948 |
| Woburn | 3,294 | 2,282 | 47. | 2,745 | 337 | 1,117 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brockville | 2,657 | 3,193 | 25 | 2,180 | 593 | 94 |
| Cobourg | - | 312 | - | 1 | 13. | -. |
| Cornwall | 27,135 | 8,445 | 1,565 | 30,528 | 1,944 | 1,630 |
| Courtright | 4,122 | 1,290 | 1 | 428 | 173 | 2 |
| Fort Erie | 793,769 | 193,753 | 12,360 | 116,427 | 11,441 | 5,406. |
| Fort Frances | 46,865 | 17,201 | 1,594 | 30,557 | 660 | 10,875 |
| Fort William | - | 5 | - . | - | -. | - |
| Gananoque | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kingston | - | 230 | - . | - | - | - |
| Kingsville | 1 | 313 | - | 2 | $\stackrel{1}{7}$ | - |
| Lansdowne | 5,013 | 70,166 | 1,846 | 15,976 | 5,769 | 977 |
| Leamington | 1 | 203 | - : | - | - | - . |
| Midland | -. | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| Morrisburg | 1,267 | 1,809 | 38 | 1,693 | 460 | 40 |
| Niagara Falls | 338,206 | 206,188 | 4,492 | 218,051 | 11,555 | 2,030 |
| Pigeon River | 8,452 | 12,990 | 49 | 2,865 | 3,402 | 138 |
| Port Arthur |  | 191 | - | - | - | -. |
| P.ort Lambton | 6,717 | 2,007 | 38 | 1,999 | 441 | 46 |
| Prescott | 7,772 | 8,756 | 766 | 9,106 | 1,798 | 973 |
| Rainy River | 696 | 1,282. | 36 | 1,397 | 39 | : 181 |
| Sarnia .. | 79,196 | 85,015 | 1,357 | 31,534 | 6,742 | 1,748 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 27,701 | 24,324 | 665 | 21,628 | 1,817 | 907 |
| Sombra | 4,015 | 1,038 | 25 | 1,187 | 190 | 55 |
| Toronto | - | 200. | - | - | - | -'. |
| Walpole Island | 2,614 | 701 | 8 | 2,088 | 71 | 26 |
| West Dock | 22 | 194 | - | , |  |  |
| Windsor | ,268,628 | 263,285 | 56,576 | 65,166 | 19,163 | 10,780 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario. | ,624,849 | 903,096 | 81,441 | 552,813 | 66,272 | 35,908 |


| Port and Province | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { Foreign Vehicles Inward } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | NumberCanadian Vehicles Inward |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> Permit <br> Class <br> (Local <br> Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Com- } 1 \\ & \text { mercial } \\ & \text { Vehicles } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { ength of }}{24 \text { hours }} \\ & \text { or less } \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { stay } a b y}{s} \begin{array}{r} \text { Ovel } \\ 24 \text { hol } \end{array}$ | oad Commercial rs Vehicles |
| Manitoba |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boissevain | 835 | 1,671 | 37 | 959 | 551 | 121 |
| Cartwright | 986 | 258 | 32 | 890 | 93 | 109 |
| Coulter | 578 | 335 | 103 | 1,698 | 211. | 346 |
| Crystal City | 1,680 | 204 | 62 | 795 | 70 | 146 |
| Emerson | 24,727 | 17,863 | 363 | 13,485 | 10,056 | 506 |
| Goodlands | 601 | 563 | 15 | 2,783 | 118 | 138 |
| Gretna | 14,183 | 661 | 179 | 11,545 | 271 | 1,282 |
| Häskett | 1,514 | 150 | 39 | 3,477 | 33 | 621 |
| Lena | 1,655 | 444 | 29 | 2,292. | 100 | 175 |
| Lyleton | 359 | 176 | 32 | 1,963 | 13 | 162 |
| Middlebro | 1,046 | 28 | 4 | 1,281 | 3 | 46 |
| Piney | 1,782 | 81 | 178 | 928 | 27 | 91 |
| Snowflake | 585 | 107 | 34 | 1,588 | 27 | 257 |
| South Junction | 1,825 | 60 | 589 | 1,043 | 7 | 119 |
| Windygates | 954 | 196 | 40 | 1,044 | 34 | 87 |
| Total, Manitoba | 53,310 | 22,797 | 1,736 | 45,77.1 | 11,614 | 4,206 |
| Saskatchewan' |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Beaver | 319 | 227 | 192 | 828 | 194 | 554 |
| East Poplar River | 471 | 220 | 77 | 1,532 | 285 | 104 |
| Elmore . | 1,469 | 270 | 133 | 3,546 ${ }^{\prime}$ | 117 | 667 |
| Estevan | 6,010 | 402 | 317 | 3,760 | 355 | 558 |
| Marienthal | 930 | 345 | 47 | 2,871 | 76 | 283 |
| Monchy | 227 | 587 | 4 | 364 | 1,099 | 52 |
| Northgate | 3,902 | 1,942 | 692 | 7,144 | 564 | 837 |
| North Portal | 5,597 | 2,273 | 2,039 | 10,701 | 1,822 | 918 |
| Oungre | 259 | 1,008 | 40 | 1,196 | 519 | 421 |
| Regway | 392 | 1,820. | 314 | 1,755 | 1,386 | 273 |
| Treelon | 306. | 185 | 23 | 528 | . 190 | 472 |
| West Poplar River | 330 | 256 | 27 | 635 | 336 | 105 |
| Willow Creek | 9 | 188 | 2 | 212 | 328 | 253 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  | 5,497 |
| Alberta |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aden | 192 | 36 | 11 | 203 | 21 | 84 |
| Carway | 1,208 | 3,768 | 193 | 1,172 | 1,226 | 137 |
| Chief Mountain | 1,040 | 8,654 | 24 | 1,584 | 977 | 57 |
| Coutts | 8,009 | 3,593 | 2,327 | 13,280 | 1,114 | 5,838 |
| Del, Bonita | 1,688 | 358 | 663 | 787 | 96 | 226 |
| Wild Horse | 106 | 113 | 19 | 182 | 84 | 60 |
| Total, Alberta | 12,243 | 16,522 | 3,237 | 17,208 | 3,518 | 6,402 |


| Port and Province | Number of Vehicles Inward |  |  | Number ofanadian Vehicles Inward. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> Permit <br> Class <br> (Local <br> Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | ```Com- mercial Vehicles``` | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Length of } \mathrm{s}}{24 \text { hours }} \\ & \mathrm{s} \text { or less } \end{aligned}$ | tay abroad <br> Over <br> 24 hours | Commercial Vehicles |
| British Columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aldergrove | 4,564 | 7,492 | 931 | 11,922 | 1,931. | 1,403 |
| Boundary Bay | 7,143 | 2,361 | 569 | 23,527 | 1,727 | 845 |
| Carson ... | 2,570 | 1,592 | 196 | 2,461 | 132 | 247 |
| Cascade City | 3,411 | 2,180 | 112 | 3,506 | 469 | 212 |
| Flathead ... | 153 | 2 | - | 9 | 10 | 6 |
| Huntingdon | 13,589 | 6,990 | 580 | 28,904 | 2,105 | 1,358 |
| Keremeos | 40 | 79 | - | 80 | 31 | 4 |
| Kingsgate | 1,221 | 8,784 | 140 | 2,420 | 5,608 | 179 |
| Midway ... | 686 | 111 | 14 | 206 | 32 | 6 |
| Nelway | 907 | 1,226 | 1 | 748 | 840 | 119 |
| New Westminster | - | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| Osoyoos | 4,422 | 9,443 | 727 | 14,213. | 3,696 | 1,844 |
| Pacific Highway | 13,686 | 114,943 | 1,570 | 98,018 | 13,038 | 1,996 |
| Paterson ....... | 2,223 | 1,600 | 142 | 5,584 | 1,195 | 1,130 |
| Pleasant Camp | - | 44 | - | - | - | - |
| Powell River | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| Prince Rupert | - | 74 | - | - | - | - |
| Roosville | 424 | 651 | 38 | 909 | 281 | 127 |
| Rykerts ... | 3,306 | 781 | 105 | 6,273 | 692 | 670 |
| Sidney ....... | 1 | 4,095 | - | 47 | 915 | - |
| Silver Heights | 21 | - | 64 | 795 | - | 1,039 |
| Skagit .... | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Stewart | 1,329 | 1 | 647 | 2,761 | - | 2,702 |
| Vancouver | - | 77 | - | - | - | - |
| Victoria | 23 | 16,041 | - | 81 | 1,986 | 1 |
| Waneta | 57 | 20 | - | 22 | 53 | 2 |
| Total, British Columbia | 59,776 | 178,595 | 5,836 | 202,486 | 34,741 | 13,890 |
| Yukon Territory |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dawson .... | - | - | 54 | - | - | - |
| Whitehorse | - | 585 | - | - | - | - |
| Total, <br> Yukon Territory | - | 585 | 54 | - | - | - |

TOTAL,
CANADA ............... $3,695,958$ 1,492,106 183,136 1,550,694 167,197 149,670

CUMULATIVE SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF GIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAG BORDER POINTS JANUARY - DECEMBER; 1945: JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1946.

NUMBER OF FOPEIGA VEHICLES INWARD

| Province |  Traveller's <br> Venicle  <br> Permits  |  |  |  |  | Commercial Vehicles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 |
| Prince :Edward Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nova Scotia | - | 4 | 33 | 82 | - | - |
| New Brunswick | 587,207 | 752,407 | 44,344 | 83,065 | 56,184 | 65,294 |
| Quebec | 131,881 | 173,148 | 138,215 | 277,641 | 13,584 | 21,631 |
| Ontario | 2,068,158 | 2,624,849 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 553,720 | 90\%,096 | 78,189 | 81,441 |
| Manitoba | 39,815 | 53,310 | 8,775 | 22,797 | 1,830 | 1,736 |
| Saskatchewan | 17,334 | 20,221 | 4,247 | 9,723 | 4,221 | 3,907 |
| Alberta | 6,840 | 12,243 | 3,045 | 16,522 | 1,808 | 8,207 |
| British Columbia | 41,102 | 59,776 | 107,506 | 178,595 | 5,298 | 5,836 |
| Yukon Territory | - | - | 30 | 585 | 9 | 54 |
| TOTAL | 2,892,337 | 3,695,358 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 659,915 | 1,432,106 | 165,073 | 183,136 |
| Percentage Change .. |  | + $27.8 \%$ |  | + 73.5\% |  | + $10.3 \%$ |

E C CUMULATIVE SUMDARX EY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAR BORDEF POINTS JANUARY = DECEMPER, 1945: JANURYY = DECERDER, 1946.

## NUMBER OF CANADIAN VEHICLES IMGARD


$x$ May entries for Windsor ( $\mathrm{E}-60 \mathrm{~A}^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$ \& E-49's) Revised.

DECEMBER, 1946

| Port end Province | Number ofForeign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Number of |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NonPermit Class (Local Traffic) | Traveller's Vehicle Permits | Commercial Vehicles | Length of stay abroad Com- <br> 24 hours over <br> or less 24 hours Vehicles |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island (x) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charlottetown ........ | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Summerside ........... | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island ... | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Nova Scotia (x) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annapolis Royal ...... | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Halifax ............... | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Liverpool | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| North Sydney .......... | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Pictou ................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Trưro . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Yarmouth .............. | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia ............. | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| New Brunswick |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Andover ............... | 1,484 | 323 | 410 | 2,332 | 2 | 567 |  |
| Aroostook Jct. ....... | 37 | 2 | 10 | 42 | - |  | 2 |
| Belleville ........... | 71 | - | 29 | 188 | 8 | 54 | 4 |
| Bloomfield ........... | 151 | 1 | 31 | 143 | - | 23 | 3 |
| Brown Road ........... | ; 14 | - | 1 | 18 | - |  | 5 |
| Campobello | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Centreville ........... | 395 | 61 | 70 | 451 | -23 | 165 |  |
| Clair | 4,099 | 289 | 348 | 3,451 | 4 | 299 |  |
| Connors .............. | 4 | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| Ednundston ........... | 16,511 | 250 | 2,452 | 4,488 | 73 | 1,035 |  |
| Forest City .......... | 161 | 2 | 3 | 64 | 1 | 34 | 4 |

(x) As Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island have no ports of entry adjacent to the United States boundary, vehicles proceeding to these provinces (with the exception of those travelling direct from the United States etc. by steamer) enter through ports in other provinces and are recorded in the latter.

| December 1946. <br> Port and Province | Number ofForeign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Canadian Vehicles Inward |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> Permit <br> Class <br> (Local <br> Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | Commercial Vehicles | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Length of }}{24 \text { hours }} \\ & \text { or less } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\frac{\text { stay abro }}{\text { Over }}$ | oad Commercial Vehicles |
| New Brunswick - Cont'd |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fosterville ......... | 135 | 2 | 13 | 204 | - | 116 |
| Four Falls | 122 | 35 | 10 | 118 | - | 5 |
| Gillespie | 722 | 117 | 123 | 415 | 1 | 122 |
| Grand Falls | 384 | 49 | 130 | 316 | 3 | 41 |
| Lord's Cove | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| McAdam Jcta. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Milltown | 4,888 | 40 | 121 | 3,523 | 2 | 309 |
| River de Chute | 149 | 30 | 32 | 118 | - | 78 |
| St. Andrews | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| St. Croix | 1,133 | 43 | 126 | 800 | 1 | 117 |
| St. Hilaire ......... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| St. John | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| St. Leonard | 6,125 | 294 | 464 | 5,219 | 2 | 424 |
| .St. Stephen | 20,893 | 480 | 483 | 16,426 | 160 | 536 |
| Union Corner ........ | 123 | 2 | 31 | 97 | - | 70 |
| Upper Mills | 470 | 2 | 69 | 504 | 1 | 58 |
| Wilson's Beach | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Woodstock Road | 1,793 | 77 | 161 | 1,718 | 16 | 212 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick | 59,864 | 2,100 | 5,117 | 40,635 | 297 | 4,272 |
| "Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abercorn | 1,156 | 426 | 85 | 1,723 | 10 | 215 |
| Armstrong | 63 | 79 | 64 | 157 . | 886 | 161 |
| Beebe ............... | 1,008 | 37 | 33 | 460 | 1 | 34 |
| Chartierville | , | - | - | - | - | - |
| Clarenceville | 152 | 57 | 26 | 133. | 3 | 18 |
| Comins Mills | 452 | 45 | 105 | 595 | 36 | 260 |
| Covey Hill .......... | 66 | 26 | 7 | 53 | 2 | 37 |
| Dundee : ................ | 593 | 40 | 61 | 932 | 1 | 83 |
| Eest Pinnacle | $\therefore$ - | - | - | - | - | -. |
| Estcourt | 1 | 4 | - | 1 | - | 36 |
| Franklin Centre ..... | 18 | $\therefore 85$ | - | 19 | 3 | 1 |
| Frelighsburg ........ | 342 | 167 | 51 | - 193 | 2 | 20 |
| Glen Sutton ......... | 264 | 412 | 266 | 366 | 1 | 72 |
| Hemmingford | 338 | 162 | 37. | 615 | 10 | 40 |
| Herdman . . . . . . . . . . | 234 | 115 | 38 | 452 | 3 | 62 |
| Hereford Road ....... | 516 | 19 | 51 | 290 | 1 | 76 |
| Highwater. . .......... | 1,012 | 454 | 328 | 478 | 12 | 22 |
| Jamieson!s'Line : ..... | .-. 46 | $\therefore 16$ | 7 | 11 | - ... | - |
| Lac Frontiere ....... | 4 | - | 4 | 2 | - | 1 |
| Lac Memphremagog .... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lacolle ............. | 636 | 1,421 | 60 | 1,325 | 356 | 147 |
| Montreal. . . . . . . . . . | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| December 1946. <br> Port and Province | $\qquad$ |  |  | Canadian Vehicles of Inward. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NonPermit Class (Local Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | - Commercial Vehicles | Length of $\frac{24 \text { hours }}{\text { or less }}$ | stay abro Over 24 hours |  |
| Quebec - Cont'd |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morses Line | 196 | 125 | 37 | 145 | - | 24 |
| Noyan .. | 195 | 120 | 52 | 262 | 16 | 23 |
| Philipsburg | 678 | 1,990 | 106 | 784 | 201 | 190 |
| Quebec... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rock Island | 2,288 | 632 | 136 | 1,821 | 25 | 75 |
| St. Armand . | - | 41 | - | - | $\therefore \cdot$ | - |
| St. Pamphile | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| St.- Zacharie | 1 | 3 | 6 | 141 | 15 | 16 |
| Stanhope | 447 | 569 | 94 | 1,099 | 163 | 153 |
| Trout River | 662 | 272 | 22 | 1,082 | 16 | 40 |
| Woburn | 304 | 32 | 2 | 161 | 6 | 8 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  | 1,814 |
| Ontario |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brockville | 188 | 43 | 4 | 116 | 23 | 6 |
| Cobourg ..... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cornwall | 2,006 | 169 | 104 | 1,748 | 43 | 145 |
| Courtright | 170 | 46 | - | 34 | 20 | - |
| Fort Erie . | 29,070 | 4,644 | 817 | 9,917 | 558 | 702 |
| Fort Frances | 2,929 | 67 | 185 | 2,204 | 27. | 854 |
| Fort William | - | - | - | - | - - | - |
| Gananoque . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kingston ... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kingsville. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Lansdowne | 157 | 726 | 145 | 507 | 195 | 80 |
| Leamington | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Midland .. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Morrisburg | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Niagara Falls | 19,721 | 8,420 | 199 | 16,723 | 611 | 169 |
| Pigeon River | 127 | 72 | 9 | 112 | 131 | 20 |
| Port Arthur .. |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Port Lambton. | $468{ }^{\prime}$ | 145 | - | 150 | 38 | 5 |
| Prescott ... | 528 | 135 | 41 | 544 | 55 | 45 |
| Rainy River | 170 | 7 | 8 | 535 | 5 | 28 |
| Sarnia ....... | 5,899 | 2,555 | 138 | 2,388 | 288 | 164 |
| Sault Ste Marie | 1,629 | 122 | 38 | 1,777 | 45 | 49 |
| Sombra . . . . . . . | 333 | 83 | 1 | - 77 | 8 | 16 |
| Toronto . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Walpole Island | 95 | 13 | 1 | 136 | 2 | 3 |
| West Dock .... | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Windsor | 94,701 | 8,683 | 4,309 | 5,917 | 1,233 | 1,179 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario ......... | 58,191 | 20,930 | 5,999 | 42,885 | 3,282 | 3,465 |


| December 1946. <br> Port and Province | Number of <br> Foreign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Number of Canadion Vehicles Inward |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- Travel-  <br> Permit ler's Com- <br> Class Vehicle mercial  <br> (Local Permits Vehicles  <br> Traffic)   |  |  | Length of $\frac{\text { stay abroad }}{}$ Con- <br> 24 hours <br> or less 24 hours $\quad$ Vercizl <br> Vehicles |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manitoba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boissevain | 28 | 26 | 5 | 21 | 10 | 3 |  |
| Cartwright | 38 | 6 | - | 58 | 5 | 8 |  |
| Coulter | 23 | 6 | 4 | 119 | 13 | 41 |  |
| Crystal City | 100 | 26 | 9 | 64 | 4 | 14 |  |
| Emerson | 1,711 | 357 | 27 | 590 | 282 | 28 |  |
| Goodlands | 45 | . 22 | - | 174 | 1 | 4 |  |
| Gretna | 946 | 28 | '14 | 884 | 6 | 200 |  |
| Haskett | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| Lena | 102 | 22 | 11 | 139 | 4 | 17 |  |
| Lyleton | 28 | 6 | - | 90 | - | 1 |  |
| Middlebro | 67 | - | - | 72 | - | - |  |
| Piney | 160 | 3 | 13 | 78 | - | 10 |  |
| Snowflake | 36 | - . | 6 | 89 | 2 | 21 |  |
| South Junction | 134 | - | 55 | 78 | 3 | 10 |  |
| Windygates | 37 | 5 | 6 | 31 | - | 5 |  |
| Total, $\quad$ 207 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manitoba | 3,455 | 507 | 150 | 2,487 | 330 | 362 |  |
| Saskatchewan. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Beaver | 5 | 2 | 23 | 26 | 2 | 19 |  |
| East Poplar River | 27 | 1 | 3 | 76 | 6 | 6 |  |
| Elmore . | 97 | 6 | 6 | 166 | 6 | 34 |  |
| Estevan | 266 | 5 | 10 | 281 | 23 | 27 |  |
| Marienthal | 42 | 3 | 1 | 141 | 3 | 7 |  |
| Monchy | 11 | 4 | - | 4 | 14 |  |  |
| Northgate | 241 | 6 | 32 | 460 | 18 | 53 |  |
| North Portal | 397 | 25 | 230 | 747 | 68 | 72 |  |
| Oungre | 5 | 15 | 1 | 57 | 9 | 17 |  |
| Regway | 14 | 20 | 62 | 102 | 34 | 11 |  |
| Treelon. | 18 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 7 | 11 |  |
| West Poplar River | 4 | 3 | 1 | 14 | 4 | 6 |  |
| Willow Creek ..... | - | - | - | 4 | 3 | 18 |  |
| Total, 370 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | 1,127 | 91 | 370 | 2,089 | 197 | 281 |  |
| Alberta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aden | 10 | 2 | - . | 7 | 1 | $\dot{-}$ |  |
| Carway | 8 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 9 | 1 |  |
| Chief Mountain | - | - | - | -- | - | - |  |
| Coutts | 713 | 150 | 269 | 1,084 | 66 | 427 |  |
| Del Bonita | 61 | 9 | 22 | 25 | - | 16 |  |
| Wild Horse | 1 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 3 |  |
| Total, 703 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alberta . .......... | 793 | 166 | 302 | 1,133 | 77 | 447 |  |


| December 1946. <br> Port and Province | Foreign Vehicles Inward |  |  | Canadian Vehicies Inward |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non- <br> Permit <br> Class <br> (Local <br> Traffic) | Travel- <br> ler's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Com- } \\ & \text { mercial } \\ & \text { Vehicles } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Length of } s \\ & \frac{24 \text { hours }}{\text { or less }} \end{aligned}$ | tay abroa Over 24 hours | Com- mercial Vehicles |
| British Columbie |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aldergrove . | 484 | 499 | 64 | 1,183 | 133 | 118 |
| Boundary Bay | 756 | 104 | 41 | 874 | 36 | 92 |
| Carson | 213 | 158 | 7 | 124 | 9 | 14 |
| Cascade City | 185 | 163 | 10 | 125 | 22 | 4 |
| Flathead | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Huntingdon | 1,315 | 303 | 56 | 3,163 | 163 | 121 |
| Keremeos . | , | 2 | - | 7 | 3 | - |
| Kingsgate | 25 | 65 | 13 | 46 | 106 | 28 |
| Midway .. | 73 | $3{ }^{\prime}$ | 3 | 33 | 1 | 1 |
| Nelway | 73 | 27 | - | 104 | 61 | 12 |
| New Westminster | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| Osoyoos .. | 329 | 367 | 73 | 1,255 | 187 | 143 |
| Pacific Highway | 1,246 | 6,346 | 116 | 7,305 | 392 | 92 |
| Paterson ....... | 66 | 25 | 2 | ${ }^{132}$ | 34 | 17 |
| Pleasant Camp . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Powell River . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Prince Rupert | - | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| Roosville .... | 16 | 2 | 1 | 49 | 10 | 5 |
| Rykerts | 209 | 11 | 4 | 442 | 33 | 59 |
| Sidney .... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Silver Heights | - | - | - | 47 | - | 84 |
| Skagit .... | - | - | - | - | - | $\pm$ |
| Stewart | 72 | - | 43 | 107 | - | 156 |
| Vancouver | - | 8 | - | - | - | - |
| Victoria. | - | 348 | - | 5 | 129 | - |
| Waneta | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | 6 | - |
| Total, <br> British Columbia | 5,065 | 8,438 | 433 | 15,002 | 1,325 | 946 |
| Yukon Territory |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dawson .... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Whitehorse | - | 25 | - | - | - | - |
| Total, Yukon Territory. | - | 25 | - | - | - | - |

TOTAL,
CANADA
240,167
39,607 14,049
117,531 6,777 11,587

# SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS 

DECEMBER, 1945 and DECEMBER, 1946

## NUMBER OF FOREIGN VEHICLES I NWARD

| Province | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Non-Per } \\ \quad \text { Loce } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | t Class Traffic | Traveller's <br> Vehicle <br> Permits |  | Commercial Vehicles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 |
| Prince Edward Island. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nova Scotia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Brunswick | 54,480 | 59,864 | 1,585 | 2,100 | 4,432 | 5,117 |
| Quebec | 9,653 | 11,672 | 5,475 | 7,350 | 1,543 | 1,678 |
| Ontario.. | 117,738 | 158,191 | 17,385 | 20,930 | 5,621 | 5,999 |
| Manitoba ... | 2,901 | 3,455 | 425 | 507 | 106 | 150 |
| Saskatchewan | 952 | 1,127 | 58 | 91 | 880 | 370 |
| Alberta | 480 | 793 | 139 | 166 | 179 | 302 |
| British Columbia | 3,302 | - 5,065 | 8,375 | 8,438 | 261 | 433 |
| Yukon Territory | - | , | - | \% 25 | - | , |
| TOTAL . . . . | 189,506 | 240,167 | 33,442 | 39,607 | 12,522 | 14,049 |

SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS
DECEMBER, 1945 and DECEMBER, 1946.
NUMBER OF CANADIAN VEHICLES INWARD.

| Province | Length of stay abroad |  |  |  | Commercial <br> Vehicles |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 24 hours or less |  | Over 24 hours |  |  |  |
|  | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 |
| Prince Edward Island | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nova Scotia | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Brunswick | 36,046 | 40,635 | 216 | 297 | 4,738 | 4,272 |
| Quebec | 11,345 | 13,300 | 846 | 1,269 | 2,066 | 1,814 |
| Ontario | 32,668 | 42,885 | 1,705 | 3,282 | 2,175 | 3,465 |
| Manitoba | 2,879 | 2,487 | 208 | 350 | こ43 | 362 |
| Saskatchewan | 2,302 | 2,089 | 211 | 197 | 237 | 281 |
| Alberta | 691 | 1,133 | 78 | 77 | 271 | 447 |
| British Columbia | 9,353 | 15,002 | 1,491 | 1,325 | 818 | 946 |
| Yukon Territory | - | - | , | 1, | - | - |
| TOTAL ...... | 95,284 | 117,531 | 4,755 | 6,7'7 | 10,548 | 11,587 |

The following notes define briefly the classifications used in the tables:

1. "Commercial Vehicles" are trucks used for commercial purposes.
2. Vehicles not classified as commerciel vehicles consist of automobiles, taxis, motorcycles and bicyclea.
3. Through buses, local buses, horse-drawn vehicles, and military trucke, or other military vehicles, are not included in any of the clasififications.
4. Foreign Vehicles Inward
(8) Non-Permit Class (E.49)

Locel vehicles which are not required to make out formal Customs permits. They are restricted to travel within the jurisdiction of the port and mey not remain in Canada more than 48 hours.

Also included are the repeat trips of commuters and others who cross the border frequently on comuting permite. (See below).
(b) Traveller's Vehicle Permits (E5O)

Traveller's vehicle permits are issued to all non-commercial vehicles which -

1. Travel beyond the jurisdiction of the port of entry, or
2. remain in Canada more than 48 hours, or
3. leave the country by another port than the one by which they entered.

These permits are usually issued for periods of 60 days or 6 months, but a considerable inumber is issued to vehicles which are in Canada less than 48 hours.

Also included in this class are commuting permits which entitle the holders to cross the border frequently during the tenure of their permits. Repeat trips after the first, however, are included in the non-permit class, as mentioned above.
5. Canadian Vehicles Inward (E.60A)

Canadian vehicles returning to Canada are classified by length-ofstay depending upon whether they are abroad for more or less than 24 hours.

Statistics on volume of highway traffic have been published annually from 1923 to 1937, and have been published annually and monthly from January 1938 to date. Certain changes in classification instituted in April, 1941 do not permit exact comparicons between data published before and after that date. Particulars of changes in classification can be found on page 4 of the annual statement for the year 1944.

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