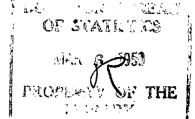


## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS International Trade Division OTTAWA



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# HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS

DECEMBER, 1949

Including

First Estimates of International Travel Expenditures in 1949.

### ${\tt C}$ O N T E N T S

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First Es	timates o	f International T	ravel Expenditures i	19491 - 4
Highway	Traffic a	t Canadian Border	Points, Calendar Yes	ar 19494, 6 - 11
Highway	Traffic a	t Canadian Border	Points, December, 19	9495, 12 - 17
Traffic	by Rail,	Through Bus, Boat	and Plane, November	19495, 18 - 19

#### I. - FIRST ESTIMATES OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL EXPENDITURES IN 1949.

New records were established in international travel in 1949 when according to first estimates travellers from other countries spent a total of \$288 million<sup>(1)</sup> in Canada. This amounts to an increase of 3 per cent over the former record of \$280 million<sup>(2)</sup> in 1948. Travel expenditures in Canada have risen each year from a wartime low of \$82 million in 1942 to a figure three and a half times as large in 1949. The annual increase reached a peak in 1946 due to the end of the wartime impediments to travel.

Expenditures of All Non-Resident Travellers in Canada and Annual Increases, 1942-1949.

Year	Total Travel Expenditures in Canada (	Annual Increase (\$ million)	Percentage gain over previous year (%)
1942 1943 1944 1945	82 89 120 166	7 31 46	9 35 38
1946 1947 1948 1949(1)	222 251 280(2) 288	56 29 29 8	34 13 12 3

It should be noted that the 3 per cent increase in travel expenditures in 1949 was more than balanced by a rise in prices, the Canadian cost of living index being 4 per cent higher in 1949 than in the year before. While the cost of living index is not directly applicable to travel expenditures it can be used to provide a general indication of changes in price levels as they affect the traveller.

Although there was an increase of \$8 million in 1949 in expenditures of non-resident travellers in Canada, there was a much greater increase of \$57 million in expenditures of Canadian travellers in other countries. Hence the balance of payments on travel account was less favourable than in the year before. Net receipts in 1949 were \$97 million, a drop of 34 per cent from the peak of 1948 but still \$7 million higher than in any other year.

<sup>(1)</sup> Data for 1949 are subject to revision. This report will be followed within a few months by a more detailed report containing revised information for 1949.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total receipts in 1948 have been revised from \$283 million to \$280 million.

## Balance of Payments on Travel Account between Canada and other Countries, Selected Years. ( \$ million)

Year	Credits	Debits	Net Credits
1929	198	108	90
1939	149	81	68
1942	82	27	55
1947	251 280(2)	167	84
1948	280(2)	134	146
1948 1949(1)	288	191	97

#### United States Travellers in Canada

In travel between Canada and the United States total receipts were \$270 million(1), a gain of 1 per cent over the previous high point of \$267 million(3) in 1948. Short visits by Americans of not longer duration than 48 hours were less important in 1949 than in 1948. Nonpermit or local motorists spent 20 per cent less in 1949 and expenditures of pedestrians and other miscellaneous travellers, most of whom stay for less than 48 hours, were 37 per cent lower. The distribution of expenditures between long term and short term traffic in 1949 was closer to the trend of 1947 and previous years. In this respect 1948 was an exceptional year. High expenditures in 1948 by short term traffic were largely\_due. to shopping visits caused by cheaper\_prices of food and other commodities on the Canadian side of the border... However, price levels commenced to decline in the United States in the fall of 1948 and continued to drop during the first half of 1949, whereas Canadian prices remained relatively stable. Therefore the differential which existed in favour of Canadian prices did not continue in 1949, and shopping visits were responsible for a smaller part of non-resident travel expenditures in 1949 than in 1948. This is a significant fact to be considered in connection with the smaller annual increase in total travel expenditures in 1949 than in 1948. If expenditures of non-permit motorists and other local travellers are deleted from the total, the balance consisting principally of expenditures of long term travellers shows a larger increase in 1949. than in 1948. When examined in detail the latter types of traffic are seen to have continued the trends of previous years: Motorists entering on customs permits spent 8 per cent more than in 1948, while spending of bus passengers and plane passengers increased by 18 per cent and 47 per cent respectively. Expenditures of persons travelling by train and boat continued to decline. Spending by train travellers reached a peak in 1944 and has fallen in each succeeding year, the drop in 1949 being 6 per cent. The peak in expenditures of boat travellers occurred in 1947. It was followed by a heavy drop in 1948 and a smaller decrease of 4 per cent in Thus the overall rise of 1 per cent in American travel expenditures in Canada in 1949 is a balance resulting from increased spending by bus and plane passengers and by motorists travelling on customs permits and decreased spending by all other types of travellers.

<sup>(3)</sup> Receipts from the United States in 1948 have been revised from \$270 million to \$267 million.

### Canadian Travellers in the United States

The most important development in international travel in 1949 was the substantial increase in expenditures of Canadian travellers in the United States. From an all time low of \$18 million in 1941, brought about by wartime restrictions on travel, Canadian expenditures had made progressively greater annual gains until in 1947 they reached a total of \$152 million. In 1948, principally as a result of the Emergency Exchange Conservation Program, expenditures of Canadian travellers experienced their first drop in seven years, declining to \$113 million. But with the removal at the beginning of 1949 of restrictions on imports by travellers under the \$100 exemption privilege there was a return to the former trend of annual increases. The drop of \$39 million in 1948 was replaced by a rise of \$51 million, and expenditures in 1949 stood at \$164 million, a figure two and a half times as large as the average expenditures for the preceding twenty years.

The new peak in expenditures of Canadian travellers in the United States was largely the result of increased numbers of longer term motorists and heavier spending on their part. Total expenditures of motorists remaining out of Canada for 24 hours or longer rose from \$19 million in 1948 to \$44 million in 1949. The rise in spending by short term motorists was more moderate and expenditures of non-motorists, while somewhat higher than in 1948, did not regain the level of 1947.

The volume of longer term Canadian motor traffic remaining abroad more than 24 hours was 66 per cent greater in 1949 than in 1948. More than half of this increase was due to heavy traffic at Fort Erie, Niagara Falls, Windsor and Pacific Highway. At the first three of these ports the traffic doubled and at Pacific Highway it was almost six times as heavy as in the year before. While we have no statistical data on the purposes behind Canadian visits to the United States, it appears to be a reasonable assumption that much of the longer term motor traffic consisted of shopping visits to cities like Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Detroit and Seattle. During 1949 many Canadians found it profitable to shop in United States border cities due to declining United States commodity prices and the removal of some of the restrictions on imports by travellers. Imports declared under the \$100 customs exemption amounted to \$27 million during the first 11 months of 1949 as against only \$0.3 million in 1948 when restrictions on this group of imports were in force. This increase alone accounts for more than half the total increase in 1949 in expenditures by Canadian travellers in the United States.

## Imports under \$100 Customs Exemption Declared by Canadian Travellers Returning from United States Eleven Months Ending November 30, 1949

Type of Commodity	Declared Value
	(\$ million)
Clothing	13.3
Furniture and household appliances	3.5 2.6
Boots and shoes	2.6
Radio sets	1.4
Automobile accessories, tires and tubes	0.3
Other	6.3
Total	27.4

#### Travel between Canada and Overseas Countries

A substantial increase in the number of visitors from overseas countries in 1949 resulted in the highest expenditures on record. In spite of currency restrictions imposed by many overseas countries expenditures in Canada totalled \$18 million compared to \$13 million in the previous year and a prewar peak of \$17 million in 1937. Included in these totals are transportation costs paid to Canadian carriers.

Canadian travel expenditures in overseas countries (including cost of passage paid to non-Canadian carriers) totalled \$27 million, the highest in 20 years. The resulting net debit of \$9 million can be compared with \$8 million in 1948 and a prewar high of \$17 million in 1926.

### II. - HICHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS CALENDAR YEAR 1949.

Highway traffic between Canada and the United States has increased in volume year by year from the low levels of the war years. The total number of vehicles to cross the border into Canada has grown from between 2 and 3 million in 1943 to close to 10 million in 1949. Increases in recent years have been at a fairly uniform rate, the gain over the previous year being 8 per cent in 1948 and 9 per cent in 1949. The greatest part of the rise in 1949 was due to a substantial increase of 25 per cent in the number of Canadian vehicles returning from visits to the United States, there being an increase of only 4 per cent in the number of United States vehicles entering Canada. As a result the United States component in the total volume of traffic dropped from 76 per cent in 1948 to 72 per cent in 1949. Out of a total of 9,587,000 border crossings in 1949, United States vehicles numbered 6,943,000 and Canadian vehicles 2,644,000. The United States traffic consisted of 1,990,000 entries on traveller's vehicle permits, 4,724,000 non-permit or local vehicles and 229,000 commercial vehicles. The Canadian traffic comprised 332,000 units remaining abroad for more than 24 hours, 2,118,000 staying for shorter periods and 194,000 commercial vehicles.

The number of foreign vehicles which entered Canada on traveller's vehicle permits in 1949 was 9 per cent higher than the previous record established in 1948. The comparable advance in 1948 over 1947 was 10 per cent. There were increases in every month, ranging from a minimum of less than one per cent in March to a maximum of 19 per cent in April. The greatest improvement occurred in the first half of the year when the gain over the previous year was 14 per cent. In the second half this figure was reduced to 7 per cent. On a provincial basis the largest proportionate increase over the previous year was made by vehicles entering through the Prairie Provinces, the advance being 25 per cent. The Maritimes came next with 24 per cent, followed by British Columbia with 12 per cent, Quebec with 8 per cent and Ontario with 7 per cent. Non-permit or local traffic at 4,724,000 visits was

one per cent heavier than in the year before. Gains were recorded by New Brunswick, Manitoba and British Columbia and losses by the other provinces.

Canadian highway traffic returned from the United States in greatly increased volume in 1949. The minor decrease of 3 per cent which occurred in the previous year was replaced by a substantial increase of 25 per cent. The gain in volume by longer term traffic remaining out of the country for 24 hours or more amounted to 66 per cent. The latter type of traffic was consistently heavier throughout the year, the increase being more than 50 per cent in each month. The greatest part of the advance was concentrated in three of the busier ports in Ontario and one port in British Columbia. (4) The gain over the previous year at these four ports was 165 per cent while at all other ports of entry the aggregate gain was only 38 per cent. Short term traffic remaining out of the country for 24 hours or less increased from 1,742,000 vehicles in 1948 to 2,118,000 in 1949, a rise of 22 per cent.

### III - HICHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS DECEMBER 1949

The total volume of traffic in December was 10 per cent heavier than in the year before. Non-resident vehicles increased in number by 5 per cent and Canadian vehicles by 20 per cent. Foreign entries on traveller's vehicle permits were up 18 per cent, a figure exceeded only by the gain of 19 per cent in April. Non-permit or local traffic was 3 per cent heavier. The number of Canadian visits was 54 per cent greater in long term traffic and 18 per cent greater in short term traffic.

### IV - TRAFFIC BY RAIL, THROUGH BUS, BOAT AND PLANE - NOVEMBER 1949

Non-resident entries from the United States by rail, through bus, boat and plane in the first 11 months of 1949 were 8 per cent less than in the previous year. Plane passengers arrived in 18 per cent greater number but rail, bus and boat passengers were down by 6, 13 and 10 per cent respectively. Traffic in November followed the same general pattern as in the 11 month period but the gain in air traffic was smaller and the loss in other types of traffic was greater.

The volume of Canadian traffic returning from the United States by rail, through bus, boat and plane was 21 per cent higher in the first 11 months and 14 per cent higher in November. Increases were shown in all types of traffic, the greatest proportionate gain being in the number of passengers returning by bus and by plane.

<sup>(4)</sup> Fort Erie, Niagara Falls, Windsor, Pacific Highway.

STATEMENT BY PORTS OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS

CALENDAR YEAR (1), 1949

		Number of		Nı	Number of			
		1 Vehicles	Inward	Canadian	Vehicles I	nward		
Port and Province	Non- Permit Class (Local Traffic)	Travel- ler's Vehicle Permits	Com- mercial Vehicles	Length of st 24 hours or less		Com- mercial Vehicles		
Nova Scotia (2)			<del></del>					
Halifax	. = .	68		-		•		
North Sydney	· •	51	430	***	=			
Yarmouth		1,846	<b>=</b>	18	49			
Total,					<del></del>			
Nova Scotia	236	1,965		18	49	, <b>4</b> .		
Nov. Daymand ale		<del></del>	-					
New Brunswick Andover	11 750	10 523	1 :01 3	63 4		1		
Belleville	<b>41</b> ,759 1,241	10,531	4,941	31,857	141	7,170		
Bloomfield	1,547	347 614	446 785	2,657	24	675		
Brown Road	935	201	116	1,755	28	1,108		
Campobello	953	120	164	1,271	4	151		
Centreville	10,256	2,640	1,959	1,997 7,338	58 410	569		
Clair	63,368	11,457	4,874	53,282	281	2,628		
Connors	168	15	10	150	SOT .	4,350		
Edmundston		15,723	22,209	120,870	1,687	944 9 <b>,</b> 192		
Forest City	3,031	88	160	956	2	•		
Fosterville	3,244	403	374	2,741	4	759 1,125		
Four Falls	1,230	965	132	2,214		•		
Gillespie	12,632	4,809	9,382	8,229	, , , <b>, 0</b>	<b>236</b> .2,647		
Grand Falls	5,680	2,072	1,559	5,096	22	922		
Lord's Cove	193	363	6	507	- 22			
Milltown	65,141	1,608	3,675	57 <b>,</b> 89 <b>7</b>	213	15		
River de Chute	4,525	1,661	1,294	2,758	9	4,990		
	. ,		~ j~ /~	کر≀ و⊶	7	1,398		

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to minor revisions data for the calendar year do not in all cases equal the sum of monthly data previously published.

<sup>(2)</sup> As Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island have no ports of entry adjacent to the United States boundary, vehicles proceeding to these provinces (with the exception of those travelling direct from the United States by steamer) enter through ports in other provinces and are recorded in the latter.

		Number of			Number of	
Calendar Year 1949	Foreign	Vehicles	Inward	Canadi	an Vehicles	Inward
Port and Province	Non-	Travel-				_
	Permit	ler's	Com-		stay abroad	Com-
_	Class	Vehicle	mercial	24 hours	Over	mercial
	(Local Traffic)	Permits	Vehicles	or less	24 hours	Vehicles
New Brunswick - Cont'd.		<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	·	<del></del>
St. Croix	19,291	4,987	1,525	16,476	525	1,716
Saint John	-/9-/-	61	-,,,,,	20,470	/~/	-,,
St. Leonard	_	16,939	7,044	93,662	833	4,097
St. Stephen		41,603	12,424	257,066	12,348	11,341
Union Corner		284	251	2,139	9	880
Upper Mills		46	361	5,039	. 5	578
Woodstock Road		11,249	2,569	32,518	914	3,346
·	201721			J~,,,		
Total, New Brunswick	961,707	128,786	76,260	708,475	17,635	60,837
		**************************************			<del></del>	
Quebec						
Abercorn	17,068	8,952	1,796	17,044	469	1,519
Armstrong	1,975	22,510	1,363	1,991	2,829	1,599
Beebe	18,493	<b>2,</b> 660	1,085	8,790	280	338
Chartierville	1,112	2,550	65	816	280	67
Clarenceville	2,192	1,474	159	3,312	200	350
Comins Mills		6,943	1,286	4,134	946	1,956
Dundee	. 20,384.	2,237	617	17,380	464	623
East Pinnacle		415	175	1,348	17	334
Estcourt	457	679	777	753	479	2,267
Franklin Centre		627	113	434	<b>32</b>	22
Frelighsburg	5,337	3,876	1,356	3,473	292	473
Glen Sutton		9,169	2,583	4,536	68	794
Hemmingford		3,920	1,739	11,531	594	1,341
Herdman		2,856	746	9,325	449	884
Hereford Road	. ,	1,887	864	3,249	89	1,204
Highwater	12,262	14,393	4,823	7,867	2,020	967
Jamie son's Line	1,472	359	135	461	8 ,	15
Lac Frontiere	. 69	111	9	24	11	7
Lacolle	7,617	118,347	2,719	61,619	23,611	2,322
Leadville	412	177	81	771	3	15
Mansonville	317	99	26	536	1	28
Morses Line		2,420	607	1,437	102	489
Noyan		5,305	602	5,868	1,262	523
Philipsburg	4,922	69,495	3,605	17,732	13,972	2,656
Rock Island	56,538	47,187	4,646	36,602	3,823	2,237

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Col and You 2010	Foreign	Number of Vehicles	Inward		Number of n Vehicles 1	Inwa <b>r</b> d
Calendar Year 1949 Port and Province	Non- Permit Class (Local Traffic)	Travel- ler's Vehicle Permits	Com- mercial Vehicles	Length of a	stay abroad Over 24 hours	Com- mercial Vehicles
Quebec - Cont'd.						<del></del>
St. Armand St. Pamphile	194 -	912 85	8 -	540	10	33 -
St. Zacharie Stanhope Trout River	365 3,405 12,977	173 16,320 13,296	4 <b>3</b> 5 694 559	1,677 11,219 18,031	831 5,187 1,261	3,022 1,762
Woburn	4,556	2,991	3,077	3,147	713	679 4,022
Quebec	218,196	362,425	36,750	255,647	60,303	32,548
		r				
Ontario Brockville	2,571	3,974	23	2,650	762	49
Cobourg Cornwall Courtright	32,968 3,702	288 13,100 1,442	953 5	42,153 646	34 3,133 199	2,021
Fort Erie	1,016,517 51,301	273,140 28,594	13,376	126,457 34,571	21,231 1,816	6,070 14,772
Fort William Kingston Kingsville	6	1 821 259	<del>-</del>	- - 2	 - 5	, <u></u>
Lansdowne Leamington	18,269	96,757 242	5,086	20,841	10,080	2, 738
Midland Morrisburg Niagara Falls	815	2,127	19	1,553	734	73
Pelee Island Pigeon River	504,908 14 10,516	262,442 499 22,852	4,078 - 327	263,844 - 5,794	21,900 - 6,033	19,360 - 360
Port Arthur Port Lambton	5,797	245 2,683	27	2 2,022	9 573	-
Prescott	8,823 820 105,392	10,439 1,519 122,378	298 28 1,871	10,445 2,840 37,72 <b>9</b>	2,747 59 11,796	509 470 3,267
Sault Ste Marie	32,940 4,227 3,708	32,464 1,378 891	634 36 4	34,260 1,834 . 3,231	4,406 335 79	913 <b>330</b> 36
Windsor  Total,	1,253,930	321,940	67,699	172,092	34,882	14,516
Ontario	3,357,224 1	,200,491	95,844	762,970	120,814	65,490

1 to		Number of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Number of			
	Foreign Vehicles		Inward	Canadian Vehicles Inward			
Calendar Year 1949	Non-	Travel -		F			
	Permit	ler's	Com=		stay abroad	Com-	
Port. and Province	Class	Vehicle	mercial	24 hours	Over	mercial	
· ·	(Local	Permits	Vehicles	or less	24 hours	Vehicles	
	Traffic)						
Manitoba		,				•	
Boissevain	890	3,105	62	1,554	1,941	298	
Cartwright	1,845	436	17	852	190	127	
Coulter	1,999	1,004	65	2,709	500	169	
Crystal City	1,735	304	140	521	80	102	
Emerson	23,814	21,760	791	15,456	16,573	1,382	
Goodlands	421	609	15	2,539	229	180	
Gretna	16,059	943	993	13,242	432	502	
Haskett	1,896	464	35	3 <b>,598</b>	295	300	
Lena	1,723	1,143	43	3,000	193	168	
Lyleton	1,104	286	104	1,736	85	370	
Middlebro	1,230	134	638	2,898	<b>3</b> 0	687	
Piney	1,536	186	600	1,414	52	392	
Snowflake	844	118	7	1,702	65	17	
South Junction	1,287	147	611	1,255	57	428	
Windygates	1,137	490	141	1,417	99	139 -	
rotal,	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>		
Manitoba	57,520	31,129	4,262	53,893	20,821	5,261	
Saskatchewan	<del></del>		, <del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>	<del>**</del>		<del></del>	
Big Beaver	457	384	104	1,538	485	443	
East Poplar River.	474	<b>29</b> 6	82	1,494	449.	95	
Elmore	1,647	323	<b>396</b> ,	2,579	275	638	
Estevan	4,663	824	86	2,810	675	321	
Marienthal	852	271	35.	2,143	147	346	
Monchy	201	<b>72</b> 0	7	371	2,381	40	
Northgate	5,216	2,791	436	5,249	777	1,192	
North Portal	6,177	4,411	2,059	11,199	5,373	1,660	
Oungre	216	1,258	41	1,583	804	450	
Regway	339	2,172	119	1,437	2,385	629	
Treelon	632	268	20	901	566	358	
West Poplar River.	<b>300</b> .	184	25	99 <b>9</b>	332	201	
Willow Creek	43	253	4	199	548	34	
Total, Saskatchewan	21,217	14,155	3,414	32,502	15,197	6,407	
Alberta			- ,			- 3	
Aden	109	44	7	248	68	65	
Carway	1.841	8,237	12	1,3700	4,694	4	
Chief Mountain	394	12,730	417	1,253	2,141	78	
Coutts	12,810	12,955	1,208	21,659	10,080	4,691	
Del Bonita	2,384	483	1,500	1,111	315	378	
Wild Horse	136	188	11	213	238	13	
lotal, Alberta	17,674	34,637	3,155	25,854	17,536	5, 229	

	Foreign	Number of Vehicles I	nward	Number of Canadian Vehicles Inward			
Calendar Year 1949	Non- Permit	Travel-	C	Length of s	<del></del>	ad	
Port and Province	Class	Vehicle	Come	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Com-	
	(Local		mercial	24 hours	Over	mercial	
	Traffic)	Permits	Vehicles	or less	24 hours	Vehicle	
British Columbia				<del></del>	<del></del>		
Aldergrove	4,586	7,885	336	17,171	3,490	1,665	
Boundary Bay	12,538	723	761	33,328	2,748	1,897	
Carson	-3,876	1,560		3,955	305	976	
Cascade City	4,628	2,794	98	5,564	602	231	
Huntingdon	21,937	15,229		45,968	4,300		
Keremeos	81	134		47,908 97	•	3,360	
Kingsgate	1,744	12,592	-	5.470	53	8	
Midway	1,697	198			9,029	231	
Nelway	2,710	2,312	264	790	87	44	
Osoyoos				1,800	1,711	1,029	
Pacific Highway	7,301	14,600		21,087	6,876	1,529	
Pataman	19,643	122,990		119,028	39,682	- 1,698	
Paterson	1,864	2,739	414	7,976	2,919	1,035	
Pleasant Camp	52	186	21	· 9	. 19	13	
Powell River		. 5	6	,· ,		i i i e 🕳	
Prince Rupert	orania. Paramatan ang kananan	106			•	· ==-	
Roosville	641	814	33	1,005	480	94	
Rykerts	4,245	1,387	· 46 .	8,787	1,819	784	
Sidney	<b>es</b>	4,390	5	153	1,460	17	
Silver Heights	17	-	3	209		728	
Skagit	695	83	1,830	516	4	249	
Stewart	1,776	2	278	5,533	30	2,028	
Vancouver		121	. 🖘	<b>a</b>			
Victoria	5	23,918	6	.211	4,106	` 8	
Waneta	185	37	53	92	127	19	
otal,	*******						
ritish Columbia	90,221	214,805	8,538	278,749	79.847	17,643	
			•	•		• ,	
S.F.					•	•	
ukon Territory						The first of the second	
Dawson							
	eo		1	40	-	` 4	
Snag Creek	552	1,561	677	. 3	. 4	45	
otal,	**************************************			<del></del>			
ukon Territory	552	1,561	678	3	L	49	
	Grand Complete Company						
OTAL.							
	4,724,311	1 OPO OF	and onit	0 136 232	000.00/		
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## TABLE 1 - CUMULATIVE SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HICHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1948: JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1949

	NUMBER OF	FOREIGN VE	HICLES INW	ARD	er en en en	
Province	Non-Permit Class Local Traffic		Traveller°s Vehicle Permits		Commercial Vehicles	
,	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949
Nova Scotia	89,324	961,707 218,196 3,357,224 57,520 21,217 17,674 90,221 552	24,516 11,663 27,662 191,572	1,965 128,786 362,425 1,200,491 31,129 14,155 34,637 214,805 1,561	61,791 27,403 87,288 3,191 5,146 2,746 7,989 316	3,414 3,155
TOTAL Percentage Change	4,687,421	4,724,311 + 0.79	1,823,988	1,989,954 + 9.10	195,870	228,901 416.86

## TABLE 2 - CUMULATIVE SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS JANUARY - DECEMBER 1948: JANUARY - DECEMBER 1949

### NUMBER OF CANADIAN VEHICLES INWARD

		Length of	Commercial Vehicles				
Province	24 hours or less				Over 24 hours		,
	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	
Nova Scotia	. 10	18	56	49	•		1, 1
New Brunswick	567,559	708,475	11,197	17,635	57,085	60,837	
Quebec	235,403	255,647	46,882	60,303	29,005	32,548	
Ontario	591,232	762,970	66,502	120,814	55,473	65,490	
Manitoba	47,818	53,893	14,739	20,821	5,106	5,261	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Saskatchewan	29,000	32,502	11,279	15,197	6,907	6,407	
Alberta	21,319	25,854	12,119	17,536	5,604	5,229	•
British Columbia	249,254	278,749	37,534	79,847	18,580	17,643	
Yukon Territory	1	3	7	4	64		
TOTAL	1,741,596	2,118,111	200,315	332,206	177,824	193,464	ا استاد ا
Percentage Change		+ 21,62		+ 65.84		+ 8.79	

MONTHLY STATEMENT BY PORTS OF HICHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS

DECEMBER, 1949

	Vehicles	Inward	Number of Canadian Vehicles Inward			
Non- Permit Class (Tocal Traffic)	Travel- ler's Vehicle Permits	Com- mercial Vehicles	Length of 24 hours or less	over 24 hours	Com- mercial Vehicles	
			<del></del>			
<b></b>	<b>7</b>	<b>.</b>	<b></b>	<b></b>		
` •		<b>~</b> '	-	•	=_	
6	13	<b></b>		•	•	
			<del> </del>			
2,492	450	432	2.333	5	511	
101	27	-		-	55	
134	23	62		2	54	
73	11	7	111		9	
<b>3</b> 0	1	21	150	3	66	
651	204	155	-		195	
5,814	659	488	- ·		460	
			_		-	
19,142	834	3,102	8,934	85 `	1,107	
93	•	21	52	-	20	
141	6	35	204	•	90	
108	41			1	40	
756	216	160	•	11	148	
_	•				111	
-72-4	204	-,0	<i>7</i> ~ °	_		
5 617.	125	31 7	5 17.0	- 1.	453	
•	=	-		4	455 101	
	Non- Permit Class (Tocal Traffic) 2,492 101 134 73 30 651 5,814 - 19,142 93 141	Non- Permit ler's Class Vehicle (Tocal Permits Traffic)  - 7 6 - 6 - 13  2,492 450 101 27 134 23 73 11 30 1 651 204 5,814 659 - 19,142 834 93 - 141 6 108 41 756 216 434 184  5,614 125	Non-	Non- Permit ler's Com- Class Vehicle mercial 24 hours (Tocal Permits Vehicles or less Traffic)  - 7 - 6	Non- Permit ler's Com- Length of Stay abroad Class Vehicle mercial 24 hours Over (Tocal Permits Vehicles or less 24 hours Traffic)  - 7	

<sup>(</sup>x) As Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island have no ports of entry adjacent to the United States boundary, vehicles proceeding to these provinces (with the exception of those travelling direct from the United States etc. by steamer) enter through ports in other provinces and are recorded in the latter.

	Foreign	Number of Vehicles	Inward	Canadi	Number of an Vehicles	a Traced
DECEMBER 1949	Non-	Travel	4.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	7 110/01/1
	Permit	ler's	Com-	Length of s	tay abroad	Com-
Port and Province		Vehicle	mercial	24 hours	Over	mercial
,	(Local	Permits	Vehicles	or less	24 hours	Vehicles
<del></del>	Traffic)				·	
New Brunswick - Cont'd.	•					
St. Croix	1,256	80	191	930	16	96
Saint John		_	·	-	-	, <u>-</u>
St. Leonard	7,176	1,030	∷∷" <b>3</b> 90	8,986	75~	427
St. Stephen	22,654	803	827	21,278	450	859
Union Corner	70	19	49	186	~/~	58
Upper Mills	359	2	25	336		29
Woodstock Road	2,657	529	181	2,835	56	-
·_		<del></del>	101	2,0))	<del></del>	335
Cotal,	_					
New Brunswick	70,036	5,305	6,737	58,833	756	5,224
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del>* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * </del>		<del></del>		<del></del>	
<u>Quebec</u>					·	
Abercorn	1,537	538	187	1,505	28	137
Armstrong	102	161	30	156	112	156
Beebe	1,819	72	75	981.	6 .	12
Chartierville	20	10	<b>.</b>	35	15	6
Clarenceville	140	65	6	191	í	26
Comins Mills	599	182	111	424	41	231
Dundee	1,247	· 73	37	1.674	44	57
East Pinnacle	24	22	Ŕ	77	2	27
Estcourt	18	51	111	56	69	228
Franklin Centre	109	44	28.	38	1	1
Frelighsburg	364	255	146	279	8	34
Glen Sutton	267	559	156	531	9.	
Hemmingford	1,115	200	215	936	17	79
Herdman	463	117	75	666		142
Hereford Road	490	45	58	288	13	94
Highwater	851	842	-		3	221
Jamie son's Line	- 117	21	477 11	627	15	73
Lac Frontiere	-	21.		35	=	-
Lacolle	4. 651	3 204	E10	3 220	4/0	en e
Leadville		3,296	519	3,239	863	280
Mansonville	20	3	12	94	<b>.</b>	-1
Morses Line	32	3	2	46	•	2
	51	213	46	122	6	44
Noyan	496	146	60	417	23	45
Philipsburg	308	3,708	445	991	243	333
Rock Island	5,030	1,183	451	3,788	122	240

		Number of		Number of			
DECEMBER 1949		Vehicles	Inward.	Canadi	an Vehicle	s Inward	
ondinate Lyay	Non- Permit	Travel- ler a	Com	Length of	stay abro	road Com-	
Port and Province	Class	Vehicle	mercial	24 hours	Over	mercia	
•	(Local	Permits	Vehicles	or less	24 hours	Vehicles	
	Traffic)						
Quebec - Contid.	,	,					
St. Armand	2	54	<b>ે</b>	33	2	<b>, 2</b> ,	
St. Pamphile	es.	9	<b>=</b>	==			
St Zacharie	14	10		91	41	43	
Stamope	173	714	11	668	97	306	
Trout River	945	398	74	1,510	38	70	
Woburn	293	87	65	21.8	89	105	
otal,					,		
uebec	17,301	13,081	3,416	19,719	1,908	2,995	
					**************		
<u>Datario</u>	194	68	3	125	18	· 3	
Brockville		, 06	<b>)</b>	147	20		
Cobourg		394	92	2,573	60	237	
Cornwall	2,803 125	55	74	29	4	2	
Courtright	-	6,468	1,026	10,401	620	455	
Fort Eric	38,280 3,654	70	124	2,444	26	1,106	
Fort Frances	بهرنور *	10	4.004	er detatet		-,	
		9.	: 5			_	
Kingston					. –	· .÷eas	
Kingsville		788	435	673	230	259	
Lanadowne		100	427	0,7	2,0	~//	
Leanington			· <u>-</u> ·	0	_		
Manni churc					. 69		
Morrisburg	28.394	4,327	308	25,496	1,118	1,844	
	111	4,52, 91	49	164		16	
Pigeon River	***	-	**************************************	_	100		
Port Arthur			1	R K	ນີ້		
Port Lambton	236	137		55 (30		. 30.	
Prescott	629	161		639	45	38	
Rainy River	238	15	3	592	3	74	
Samia	5,638	3 <b>,29</b> 6	174	2,196	423	233	
Sault Ste. Marie	2,034	172	60	2,681	107	42	
Sombra	268	78	en	83	17	24	
Walpole Island	175	20		149	3	6	
Windsor	110,917	10,527	5,833	13 ,011	2,935	1,224	
rotal,	11						
	194,288	26,668	8,128	61,311	5,757	5,557	
Ontario	T 74 9 200	20,000	ن ميدو	عدرو م	78171	19001	

		Number o		Number of				
DECEMBER 1949			s Inward	Canadian	Vehicles	Inward		
Port and Province	Non- Permit Class (Local Traffic)	Travel - ler's Vehicle Permits		Length of st 24 hours or less	ay abroad Over 24 hours	Com- mercial Vehicles		
Manitoba		7*************************************						
Bois sevain	63	46	8	32	26	6		
Cartwright	59	8	<u> </u>	57	6	•		
Coulter	52	20	1	145	12	15		
Crystal City	92	5~	5	36	<b>c</b>	5		
Emerson	1.721	511	64	731	390	119		
Goodlands	54	- 28		132	13	4		
Gretna	1.,203	34	120	754	10	65		
Haskett	146	12	3	310	1.7	13		
Lena	94	28	6	155	6	6		
Lyleton	44	26	8	129	4	11		
Middlebro	48	7	39	133	2	45		
Piney	109	<u> </u>	67	101	3	41		
Snowflake	49	3	=	115	· ·	<del></del>		
South Junction	122	· 8	55	72	4	16		
Windygates	57	18	20	61	ì	6		
Total.			·					
Manitoba	3,913	759	3 <b>9</b> 6	2, 963	494	352		
Baskatchewan								
Big Beaver	. 10	7	7	73	13	22		
East Poplar River	24	9	6	60	6	4		
Elmore	91	. 4	. 12	135	8	32		
Estevan	208	37	7	132	14	13		
Marienthal	20	7	. 3	153	2	21		
Monchy	. 14	10	. 0	31	68	3		
Northgate	225	9	35	427	21	93		
North Portal	310	115	296	831	159	105		
Oungre	12	32	~,·	49	19	18		
Reguay	32	- 58	11	80	63	66		
Treelon	63	4	-	35	17	18		
West Poplar River	9	3	ì	22	10	12		
Willow Creck	í	4	0	14	13	ĩ		
lotal,	<del></del>					<u> </u>		
Saskat chewan:	1,019	299	378	2,042	413	408		
Alberta								
Aden	. 5	1	1	20	. 3	6		
Carway	31	13	-	19	36	•		
Chief Mountain	-	ω		-/	-			
Coutts	893	467	- 111	1,200	415	215		
Del Bonita	. 278	41	164	142	49	54		
Wild Horse	8	5	2	13	ĩó	. 2		
rotal, Alberta	1,215	527	278	1,394	513	277		

DECEMBER 1949	Foreig	Number o n Vehicle	f s Inward		Number of an Vehicles	Inward	
	Non- Permit	Travel- ler's	Сол-	Length of	stav abroad	Com-	
Port and Province	Class (Local Traffic)	Vehicle Permits	mercial Vehicles	24 hours or less	Over 24 hours	mercial Vehicle	
British Columbia	·						
Aldergrove	372	484	17	1,042	180	127	
Boundary Bay	918	63	56	904	65	103	
Carson	280	93	15	198	. 10	85	
Cascade City	277	102	Ź	361	27	10	
Huntingdon	2,154	448	44	2,742	244	198	
Keremeos	6	9		6	3	- /-	
Kingsgate	49	120	20	186	244	27	
Midway	119	4	3	63	6	2	
Nelway	142	45	4	85	<b>5</b> 9	57	
Osoyoos	359	394	21	1,154	181	68	
Pacific Highway	1,336	6.767	216	5,638	1,427	187	
Paterson	112	82	11	421	137	47	
Pleasant Camp	-		*	-	-	=	
Powell River	-	•	<b>3</b> ₹	•	-	-	
Prince Rupert		8	<b>6</b> 2	•		-	
Roosville	45	. 7	4	47	5	. 5	
Rykerts	251	29	5	· 562	51	67	
Sidney	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Silver Heights	2	~		68		210	
Skagit	26	6	20	23	-	6	
Stewart	155	<b>-</b>	1	417	•	190	
Vancouver	٠	14	69	-	<b>=</b>	•	
Victoria		446	•	13	118	1	
Waneta	14	1	. 9	6	19	1	
		· <del></del>					
Cotal, British Columbia	6,617	9,122	448	13,935	2,776	1,391	
	-			<del>,</del>		·	
(ukon Territory							
Dawson		81	-	ī	<b>.</b>	<b></b>	
otal,	<del></del>					<del> </del>	
wkon Territory	-	81	<b>62</b>	1		-	
OTAL, ANADA	294 <b>,389</b>	<b>55,8</b> 55	19,781	160,198	12,617	16,204	

## TABLE 3. - SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS DECEMber. 1948 AND DECEMber. 1949

	NUMBER OF FOREIGN VEHICLES INWARD								
Province	Non-Perm Local T	it Class		ller's icle mits	Commercial Vehicles				
	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949			
			·,	30	•				
Nova Scotia			11	13					
New Brunswick	68,028	70,036	3,450	5,305	6,005	6,737			
Quebec	14,428	17,301	11,189	13,081	2,562	3,416			
Ontario	192,967	194,288	23,832	26,668	7,097	8,128			
Manitoba	3,304	3,913	472	759	241	396			
Saskatchewan	715	1,019	96	299	126	378			
Alberta	1.194	1,215	438	527	277	278			
British Columbia	5,845	6,617	7,849	9,122	559	448			
Yukon Territory	2	_	129	81	50	gps.			
TOTAL	286,483	294,389	47,466	55,855	16,917	19,781			
Percentage Change		+2.76		+17.67	•	+16.93			

# TABLE 4 - SUMMARY BY PROVINCES OF HIGHWAY TRAFFIC AT CANADIAN BORDER POINTS DECEMBER, 1948 AND DECEMBER, 1949 NUMBER OF CANADIAN VEHICLES INWARD

	Le	ngth of sta	y abroad	•			
Province	-24 h		24 h		Commercial Vehicles		
	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	
Nova Scotia	-		0	· e	······································		
New Brunswick	48,371	<b>58</b> ,833	440	756	4,658	5,224	
Quebec	16,371	19,719	1,865	1,908	.404ء 2	2,995	
Ontario	53,717	61,311	3,372	5,757	4,929	5,557	
Manitoba	2,144	2,963	462	494	318	352	
Saskatchewan	1,041	2,042	3 <b>9</b> 0	413	304	408	
Alberta	1,586	1,394	435	513	428	277	
British Columbia	12,304	13,935	1,234	2,776	1,119	1,391	
Yukon Territory	-	1	5		21	-	
TOTAL	135,534	160,198	8,203	12,617	14,181	16,204	
Percentage Change		+18.20		+53.81		+14.27	

TABLE 5 - NUMBER OF FOREIGN TRAVELLERS ENTERING CANADA FROM THE UNITED STATES BY RAIL, BUS, BOAT AND PLANE
BY PROVINCE OF ENTRY, NOVEMBER 1948 AND NOVEMBER 1949

D	Rail	(1)	Bus	s(2)	Во	at	Plar	ne(3')
Province of Entry	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949
Newfoundland		g-A		<del></del>		er ,	-	57
Nova Scotia	. =		, cu	•	28	2	43	6
New Brunswick	935	581	<b>28</b> 9	305	588	510	389	327
Quebec	13,194	10,929	1,452	1,315	·		1,883	2,087
Ontario	15,413	13,755	14,748	11,776	32 <b>2</b>	375	2,044	2,633
Manitoba	1,271	958	339	338		σ-	264	413
Saskatchewan	620	278	4	10	<b>e</b>	, ee3	12	11
Alberta	109	114	145	150	-	==2	884	617
British Columbia	2,334	4,056	2,661	2,628	2,948	1.626	1,562	1,406
Yukon Territory	-	-	<b>, ,</b>	, =	=		410	<sup>*</sup> 663
TOTAL	33,876	30,671	19,638-	16,522	3,886	2,513	7,491	8,220

TABLE 6 - NUMBER OF CANADIAN TRAVELLERS RETURNING FROM THE UNITED STATES BY RAIL, BUS, BOAT AND PLANE,
BY PROVINCE OF ENTRY, NOVEMBER 1948 AND NOVEMBER 1949

	Rail	_	Bus(4)		Вс	at	Plane	(5)
Province of Entry	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	1943	1949
Newfoundland	· = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	<b>e</b>	9	е		·	·	36
Nova Scotia	=	-			9	-7	,	1
New Brunswick	1,491	1.031	625	775	2,276	2,602	173	208
Quebec	11,088	10,903	1,707	2,201	6	800	1,531	1,637
Ontario	16,078	16,927	17,033	23,391	273	76	2,481	3,328
Manitoba	1,424	1,342	1,012	844	-	-	185	278
Saskatchewan	402	384	16	73	•	•	<b>.</b>	2
Alberta	76	46	231	165			96	111
British Columbia	1,614	1,989	5,307	5,787	652	1,135	870	905
Yukon Territory	3			=	- -		21	23
TOTAL	32,173	32,622	25,931	33,236	3,216	3,820	5,357	6,529

Travellers by rail and bus destined to Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island enter Canada through ports in other provinces and are recorded in the latter.

TABLE 7 - CUMULATIVE SUMMARY OF FOREIGN TRAVELLERS ENTERING CANADA FROM THE UNITED STATES BY RAIL, BUS, BOAT AND PLANE, BY PROVINCES OF ENTRY, JANUARY-NOVEMBER 1948 AND JANUARY-NOVEMBER 1949

Province of Entry	Rail	L(1)	Bus	(2)	Вог	at	Plan	e (3 <sup>5</sup> ) <sup>2</sup>
	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949
Newfoundland	-	<b>e</b>		<b>-</b>	co	· ·	<b>.</b>	990
Prince Edward Island .		60			٠, -	•		. 6
Nova Scotia	<b>-</b>	•		-	15,010	14,088	483	587
New Brunswick	21,998	17,676	9,330	9,512	7,455	8,393	6,102	6,633
Quebec	205,777	182,181	35,370	33,899	1,670	1,646	26,372	31,516
Ontario	238,374	225,381	385,413	328,545	177,708	141,280	31,786	40,177
Manitoba	21,162	22,564	6,065	2,498	-		4,683	6,056
Saskatchewan	17,126	14,120	195	885			345	239
Alberta	1,14,5	1,466	5,211	2,448		· .	10,730	9,047
British Columbia	41,160	48,879	34,262	36,053	130,202	132,355	23,370	25,963
Yukon Territory	-	-		<b>G</b>	12	4	4,394	6,294
TOTAL	546,742	512,267	475,846	413,840	332,057	297,766	108,265	127,508

TABLE 8 - CUMULATIVE SUMMARY OF CANADIAN TRAVELLERS RETURNING FROM THE UNITED STATES BY RAIL, BUS, BOAT AND PLANE, BY PROVINCE OF ENTRY, JANUARY-NOVEMBER 1948 AND JANUARY-NOVEMBER 1949

,	Rail		Bus(4)		Вог	at	Plane	e(5)
Province of Entry	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949	1948	1949
Newfoundland	e	<b>=</b>	***		C.7	2		589
Prince Edward Island .		<b>e</b> p	ea				-	2
Nova Scotia	-	· es	-		1,642	1,843	123	192
New Brunswick	18,290	17,239	8,740	12,229	28,076	34,209	2,414	2,896
Quebec	151,758	162,610	37,783	57,652	4,418	1,086	16,255	20,737
Ontario	214,754	239,881	264,058	357,557	40.875	40.754	31,677	41,485
Manitoba	19,521	26,334	17,881	9,235	<b>~</b>		2,502	3,292
Saskatchewan	7,361	7,359	632	1,037	es		59	72
Alberta	809	939	2,883	3,747	<b>-</b> .		1,192	1,214
British Columbia	26,332	38,909	71,962	89,880	19,813	25,879	11,328	14,709
Yukon Territory	ers .			i k	14		303	329
TOTAL	438,825	493,271	403,939	531,337	94,838	103,773	65,853	85,517

<sup>(1)</sup> After deducting in-transit passengers travelling across Southern Ontario. (2) Exclusive of local bus traffic between border communities, but including inetransit traffic. (3) Yukon passengers are practically all inetransit to and from Alaska. (4) Exclusive of local bus traffic between border communities. (5) Includes a relatively small number of passengers returning from overseas via the United States.

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The Following notes define briefly the classifications used in the tables:

- 1. "Commercial Vehicles" are trucks used for commercial purposes.
- 2. Highway Traffic not classified as commercial vehicles consists of automobiles, taxis, motorcycles and bicycles.

3. Foreign Vehicles Inward

(a) Non-Permit Class consists of local vehicles which are not required to make out formal Customs permits. They are restricted to travel within the jurisdiction of the port and may not remain in Canada more than 48 hours.

Also included are the repeat trips of commuters and others who cross the border frequently on commuting permits. (See below).

- (b) Traveller's Vehicle Permits are issued to all non-commercial vehicles which -
  - 1. Travel beyond the jurisdiction of the port of entry, or
  - 2, remain in Canada more than 48 hours, or
  - 3. leave the country by another port than the one by which they entered.

These permits are usually valid for periods of 60 days or 6 months, but more than 50 per cent of all permits issued each year are used for visits of less than 48 hours.

Also included in this class are commuting permits which entitle the holders to cross the border frequently during the tenure of their permits. Repeat trips after the first, however, are included in the non-permit class, as mentioned above.

4. Canadian Vehicles Inward

Canadian vehicles returning to Canada are classified by length of stay depending upon whether they are abroad for more or less than 24 hours.

Publication is made possible through the co-operation of Customs and Immigration officials across Canada.

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