



THE LABOUR FORCE NOVEMBER, 1954

Published by Authority of
The Right Honourable C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Special Surveys Division

9603-505 29-12-54

Price \$2.00 per annum

Vol. 10, No. 11

Historical Fila Copy

THE LABOUR FORCE

Monthly Survey, Week Ended November 20, 1954

Introduction

This report presents the results of the monthly labour force survey covering the week ended November 20, 1954. The survey is a continuation of the series begun in November, 1945, and carried out at quarterly intervals until November, 1952, when the first survey on a monthly basis was taken. About 30,000 households chosen by area sampling methods in approximately 110 different areas in Canada are visited each month. The labour force surveys provide estimates of the employment characteristics of the civilian noninstitutional population of working age. Persons are classified according to current activity during the specific weeks covered by the surveys.

Results of previous labour force surveys may be obtained from Reference Faper No. 35, "The Labour Force, November 1945 - March 1952", the regular quarterly reports for the weeks ended May 31, 1952 and August 16, 1952, and the regular monthly reports starting with the week ended November 22, 1952. The figures for 1953 and 1954 are not strictly comparable with those for previous years in the publications referred to, because of revisions based upon new age and sex distributions obtained from the 1951 Census. The figures for earlier years have been revised and summaries of the revised estimates appear in Table 1 of the report for April, 1954.

Definitions and Explanations

- (a) <u>Labour Force</u> The civilian labour force is composed of that portion of the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over that had jobs or that did not have jobs and were seeking work during the survey week.
- (b) Persons with jobs For the purpose of the labour force survey, "persons with jobs" are grouped into two categories:
 - (i) Persons at work those who did any work for pay or profit or who did unpaid work which contributed to the running of a farm or business operated by a relative;
 - (ii) Persons with jobs not at work those who had jobs but did not work because of illness, bad weather, vacation, industrial dispute, or temporary layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the time of being laid off. (Persons who had jobs but did not work during the survey week and who also looked for work are included in (c) below, "Persons without jobs and seeking work".)

While variations in the estimates of the total number of persons with jobs provide a valuable indicator of economic conditions, significant changes in the employment pattern may be concealed unless attention is focussed on the extend to which people worked less than full time. Table 1 provides an analysis of the reasons for which persons worked less than 35 hours in the survey week. Estimates of weekly hours of work are contained in Table 6. Persons with jobs who did not work during the survey week are classified in Table 7 by the reasons for their absence from work.

(c) Persons without jobs and seeking work - This category includes those persons who were looking for work in the survey week and who did no work. Persons who were temporarily away from their jobs during the whole of the survey week and were seeking work are considered as without jobs and are included in this category. In addition to those who actively looked for work, this classification includes persons who would have looked for work, except that they were temporarily ill, were on indefinite or prolonged lay-off, or believed that no work was available.

Persons who worked part of the survey week and also looked for work are not included in this classification. However, the number of such persons is shown in Table 3 which presents estimates of all persons looking for work.

(d) Persons not in the labour force - The non-working part of the population 14 years of age and over consists of those who are outside the labour force in the sense that they do not work for pay or profit or as unpaid workers in family enterprises such as farms or businesses and are not looking for work. Persons not in the labour force include, therefore, such groups as those going to school or keeping house, persons who are too old or are permanently unable to work for some other reason, and persons who are voluntarily idle or retired. Persons, such as housewives, students and others, who worked part-time are classed as persons with jobs, or, if they are looking for work, they are classed as persons without jobs and seeking work.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates are subject to sampling error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference between the estimate and the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count is less than that shown below.

Size of estimate	Sampling variability
10,000	4,000
50,000	8,000
100,000	11,000
500,000	25,000
1,000,000	33,000
5,000,000	54,000

The sampling variability associated with estimates of less than 10,000 is relatively larger.

Coverage

In the past, certain remote and relatively inaccessible areas of Canada have not been included in the estimates. In May, 1954, the sample design was altered so that totals would include estimates for these areas in Ontario, although, for cost reasons, they are given no chance of selection for enumeration. This resulted in an increase of about 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole and about 1.8 per cent for Ontario. These percentages can be applied to previous figures for purposes of comparability in all characteristics. Still excluded from the estimates of population 14 years of age and over are: Indians on reservations (68,000); inmates of institutions (128,000); and the population in remote areas of Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia (40,000). Also excluded are members of the armed forces and residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

Table 1. - Summary of the labour force characteristics of the population 14 years of age and over, week ended November 20, 1954, Canada (estimates in thousands)

	Nov. 20 1954	Oct. 23 1954	Nov. 21 1953
otal civilian noninstitutional population	(2)	(2)	10,107
Persons not in the labour force	4,917	4,850	4,791
Civilian labour force	5,417	5,461	5,316
Persons at work	5,093	5,153	5,036
35 hours or more	4,747	4,819	4,714
Less than 35 hours	346	334	322
Usually work 35 hours or more	139	123	128
(a) laid off for part of the week (b) on short time	39	31	11 49
(c) lost job during the week (d) found job during the week	*	*	*
(e) bad weather	20	23	*
(f) illness (g) industrial dispute	28	22	30
(h) vacation	*	*	*
(i) other	25	27	18
Usually work less than 35 hours	207	211	194
Persons with jobs not at work	110	129	129
Usually work 35 hours or more	107	125	125
(a) laid off for full week	11	11	26
(b) bad weather	*	*	**
(c) illness (d) industrial dispute	46	47	58
(e) vacation	13 26	38	22
(f) other	*	11	10
Usually work less than 35 hours	*	*	*
Persons without jobs and seeking work (1)	214	179	151

⁽¹⁾ Included here are only those who did not work during the entire survey week and were looking for work. For all those who sought work during the survey week, see Table 3.

⁽²⁾ Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4. * Less than 10,000.

Table 2. - Summary of the labour force characteristics of the population 14 years of age and over, week ended November 20, 1954, Canada (estimates in thousands)

	Total	Males	Females
otal civilian noninstitutional population	10,334	5,141	5,193
Persons not in the labour force	4,917	950	3,967
Civilian labour force	5,417	4,191	1,226
Persons at work	5,093	3,917	1,176
35 hours or more	4,747	3,738	1,009
Less than 35 hours	346	179	167
Usually work 35 hours or more	139	108	31
(a) laid off for part of the week (b) on short time	39	28	11
(c) lost job during the week (d) found job during the week	*	*	*
(e) bad weather (f) illness	20 28	19	*
(g) industrial dispute	*	*	*
(h) vacation (i) other	25	20	*
Usually work less than 35 hours	207	71	136
Persons with jobs not at work	110	91	19
Usually work 35 hours or more	107	88	19
(a) laid off for full week (b) bad weather	11	*	*
(c) illness	46	36	10
(d) industrial dispute	13	12	*
(e) vacation (f) other	26	21	*
Usually work less than 35 hours	*	*	
Persons without jobs and seeking work (1)	214	183	31

⁽¹⁾ Included here are only those who did not work during the entire survey week and were looking for work. For all those who sought work during the survey week, see Table 3. * Less than 10,000.

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4.

Table 3. - Persons looking for work during the week ended November 20, 1954, Canada (estimates in thousands)

	Total	Seeking full-time work	Seeking part-time work
Total looking for work	232	223	*
Without jobs	214	205	*
Worked 1 - 14 hours 15 - 34 hours	18 *	18 * 13	* *

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4. * Less than 10,000.

Table 4. - Age distributions, week ended November 20, 1954, Canada

(estimates in thousands)

	Total	14-19 years	20-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65 years
The Labour Force	5,417	514	708	2,523	1,460	212
Males	4,191	302	460	2,013	1,222	189
Females	1,226	212	248	505	238	23
Persons with jobs	5,203	473	673	2,440	1,411	206
Males	4,008	273	431	1,945	1,176	183
Females	1,195	200	242	495	235	23
Persons without jobs and seeking work	214	41	35	83	49	6
Persons not in the						
labour force	4,917	791	336	1,703	1,156	931
Males	950	351	46	54	114	385
Females	3,967	440	290	1,649	1,042	546

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4.

^{*} Less than 10,000.

Table 5. - Occupational status of persons with jobs, week ended November 20, 1954, (estimates in thousands)

	Total	Paid workers	Own account workers (1)	Employers (2)	Unpaid family workers (3)
Both sexes	5,203	3,973	717	298	215
Agricultural	838	112	494	73	159
Nonagricultural	4,365	3,861	223	225	56
Males	4,008	2,882	682	283	161
Agricultural	805	105	4.39	72	139
Nonagricultural	3,203	2,777	193	211	22
Females	1,195	1,091	35	15	54
Agricultural	33	*	*	*	20
Nonagricultural	1,162	1,084	30	14	34

(1) Without paid employees. (2) With own business, profession, or farm. (3) In a business or on a farm. * Less than 10,000.

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4.

Table 6. - Number of hours worked by persons with jobs during the week ended November 20, 1954, Canada (estimates in thousands)

	Total	0 hours	1-14 hours	15-24 hours	25-34 hours	35-44 hours	45-54 hours	55 and over		
All Status Groups Both sexes Agricultural Nonagricultural Males Agricultural Nonagricultural Females Agricultural Nonagricultural	5,203 838 4,365 4,008 805 3,203 1,195 33 1,162	110 # 102 91 # 84 19	73 * 64 32 * 29 41 *	145 16 129 73 12 61 72 *	128 13 115 74 12 62 54	2,756 133 2,623 2,006 124 1,882 750	1,228 247 981 1,023 242 781 205	763 412 351 709 405 304 54 *		
Paid Workers (Nonagricultural) Both sexes Males Females	3,861 2,777 1,084	93 75 18	55 26 29	108 52 56	99 53 46	2,468 1,749 719	812 630 182	226 192 34		

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4. * Less than 10,000.

Table 7. - Reason for absence of persons with jobs not at work during the week ended

November 20, 1954, Canada

(estimates in thousands)

	Total	Illness	Bad weather	Vacation	In- dustrial dispute	Temporary layoff (1)	Other
Both sexes	110	47	*	26	13	12	*

(1) Includes only those who had definite instructions to return to their jobs within 30 days of date on which layoff began. * Less than 10,000.

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4.

Table 8. - Marital status of females with jobs, week ended November 20, 1954, Canada

(estimates in thousands)

	Total	Single	Married	Other (1)
Total Agricultural Nonagricultural	1,195 33 1,162	639 11 628	435 18 417	121

(1) Includes widowed, divorced, and permanently separated. * Less than 10,000.

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6

per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage",

page 4.

Table 9. - Number of months looking for work for persons without jobs, week ended

November 20, 1954, Canada

(estimates in thousands)

	Total	Under 1 month	1 - 3 months	4 - 6 months	7-12 months	13-18 months	19 and over
Both sexes	214	75	82	29	18	νļκ	*

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage" page 4.

* Less than 10,000.

Table 10. - Class of non-worker of persons not in the labour force, week ended

November 20, 1954, Canada

(estimates in thousands)

	Total	Perman- ently unable or too old to work	Keeping House	Going to school	Retired or voluntar-ily idle	Other
Both sexes	4,917	165	3,444	702	589	17
Males	950	110	*	376	453	
Females	3,967	55	3,441	326	136	

Note Includes estimates for certain remote areas, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4. * Less than 10,000.

Table 11. - Regional distributions, week ended November 20, 1954.

(estimates in thousands)

	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I. N.S. N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man. Sask. Alta.	B.C.
The Labour Force	(1)				(1)		
Both sexes Agricultural Nonagricultural	5,417 845 4,572	105	410 51 359	1,559 196 1,363	1,979 252 1,727	926 316 610	438 27 411
Males Agricultural Nonagricultural	4,191 811 3,380	87 * 84	320 49 271	1,198 191 1,007	1,490 237 1,253	762 303 454	334 23 311
Females Agricultural Nonagricultural	1,226 34 1,192	18 * 18	90 * 88	361 * 356	489 15 474	164	104
All ages 14-19 years 20-24 years 25-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	5,417 514 708 2,523 1,460 212	105 12 17 48 25	410 45 52 181 113 19	1,559 192 230 721 369 47	1,979 158 240 929 566 86	926 79 121 431 256 39	438 28 48 213 131 18

⁽¹⁾ Includes estimates for certain remote areas in Ontario, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole and 1.8 per cent for Ontario in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4. * Less than 10,000.

Table 11. - Regional distributions, week ended November 20, 1954-- con.

(estimates in thousands)

	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I. N.S. N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man. Sask. Alta.	B.C.
Persons with Jobs	(1)				(1)		
All status groups	5,203	102	389	1,478	1,910	906	418
Males Females	4,008	84 18	301 88	1,129	1,431	746 160	317 101
Agricultural Nonagricultural	838	* 99	51 338	194 1,284	249	314 592	27 391
14-19 years 20-24 years 25-44 years 45-64 years 65 years and over	473 673 2,440 1,411 206	11 16 47 25	41 47 173 109 19	174 216 691 352 45	148 230 900 548 84	74 118 424 252 38	25 46 205 125 17
Paid workers	3,973	83	300	1,153	1,544	541	352
Males Females	2,882	66 17	221 79	832 321	1,104	398 143	261 91
Persons without Jobs and Seeking Work	214	*	21	81	69	20	20
Persons not in the Labour Force							
Both sexes Males Females	4,917 950 3,967	140 39 101	448 99 349	1,341 228 1,113	1,610 285 1,325	927 190 737	451 109 342

⁽¹⁾ Includes estimates for certain remote areas in Ontario, formerly excluded, amounting to 0.6 per cent for Canada as a whole and 1.8 per cent for Ontario in all characteristics. See section on "Coverage", page 4.

* Less than 10,000.

