

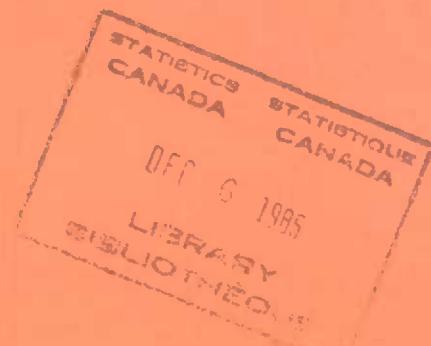


Statistics
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Labour Force Information

FOR THE WEEK ENDED
NOVEMBER 16, 1985

Information population active

POUR LA SEMAINE TERMINÉE
16 NOVEMBRE 1985

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1985

NE PAS PUBLIER AVANT 7 HEURES (HNE)
VENDREDI, 6 DÉCEMBRE 1985

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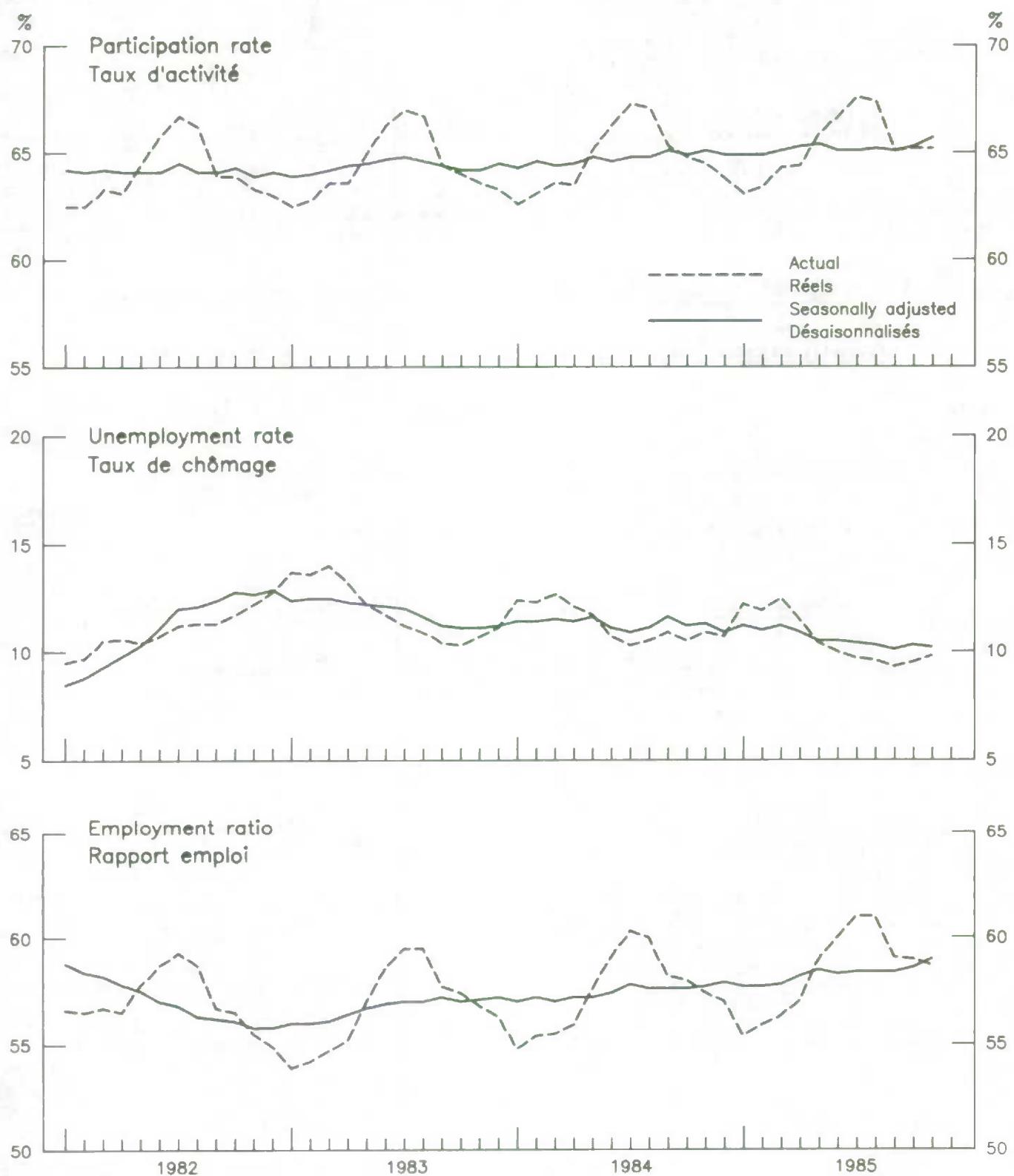
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Participation, Unemployment Rates, Employment Ratio, Canada

Taux d'activité, taux de chômage, rapport emploi, Canada

(Actual and seasonally adjusted – Chiffres réels et désaisonnalisés)



COMMENTARY

Overview

Estimates from Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey for November 1985 indicated a sharp increase of 83,000 in the level of employment, to 11,469,000. This gain in employment coincided with an increase in the labour force and consequently there was little change in the unemployment rate which edged down 0.1 to 10.2. The participation rate increased by 0.4 to an all time high 65.7.

COMMENTAIRE

Aperçu

Selon les estimations de Statistique Canada tirées de l'enquête sur la population active du mois de novembre 1985, le niveau de l'emploi a enregistré une importante hausse de 83,000, atteignant 11,469,000. L'augmentation de l'emploi coincide avec un accroissement de la population active et conséquemment, le taux de chômage a peu varié s'établissant à 10.2, en baisse de 0.1. Le taux d'activité affichait une avance de 0.4, ce qui le porte à 65.7, le plus haut niveau jamais observé.

Employment

The seasonally adjusted estimate of employment for the week ending November 16, 1985 was 11,469,000, an increase of 83,000 over the previous month. This increase reflects a smaller than usual seasonal decline in employment levels between October and November and benefited mostly those aged 25 and over in Ontario and Quebec. Nationally there was an estimated 50,000 increase among males and 26,000 among females in the 25 and over age group bringing their overall level of employment to 9,070,000. There was little change for the 15 to 24 age group, where employment was estimated at 2,399,000.

Emploi

L'estimation désaisonnalisée de l'emploi pour la semaine se terminant le 16 novembre 1985 s'établissait à 11,469,000, en hausse de 83,000 par rapport au mois précédent. Cette augmentation tient à une baisse saisonnière moindre que celles habituellement observées entre les mois d'octobre et novembre et a profité principalement aux personnes âgées de 25 ans et plus au Québec et en Ontario. Au niveau national, des gains de 50,000 emplois pour les hommes et de 26,000 pour les femmes portaient à 9,070,000 l'estimation du nombre de personnes occupées pour cette catégorie. Il y a eu peu de changement dans l'emploi pour les personnes âgées de 15 à 24 ans, catégorie pour laquelle on comptait 2,399,000 personnes occupées.

The estimated level of full time employment rose to 9,694,000, an increase of 74,000 mostly attributed to gains among males (63,000). Part-time employment rose by 10,000 to 1,778,000, 7,000 of which was among males.

Le niveau estimatif de l'emploi à plein temps s'élevait à 9,694,000 suite à une augmentation de 74,000 enregistrée principalement chez les hommes (+63,000). Le niveau de l'emploi à temps partiel a augmenté de 10,000, dont 7,000 hommes, pour s'établir à 1,778,000.

Employment increased by 25,000 in manufacturing, by 24,000 in trade, by 9,000 in the primary industries other than agriculture and by 8,000 in the construction. There was little change in the remaining sectors.

L'emploi a augmenté de 25,000 dans le secteur des industries manufacturières, de 24,000 dans le secteur du commerce, de 9,000 dans les industries primaires autres que l'agriculture et de 8,000 dans le secteur de la construction. Il a peu varié dans les autres secteurs de l'activité économique.

Unemployment

The estimated seasonally adjusted level of unemployment remained at 1,305,000 in November, 1985. Unemployment levels were stable for both the 15 to 24 age group (465,000) and for those aged 25 and over (840,000). While the overall level was unchanged, unemployment decreased by 15,000 among males while it increased by the same amount among females.

Unemployment remained stable or increased slightly in all of the provinces but Ontario, where it decreased by an estimated 22,000.

Unemployment Rate

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate declined by 0.1 to 10.2 in November 1985. The unemployment rate was estimated at 16.2 for those aged 15 to 24, down by 0.1, while it remained at 8.5 among the 25 and over age group. The unemployment rate for males decreased by 0.2 to 10.0 while it reached 10.5 among females, up 0.2.

Chômage

Le niveau désaisonnalisé du chômage s'est maintenu à 1,305,000 en novembre 1985. Les niveaux estimés de chômage sont demeurés stables aussi bien dans la catégorie des 15 à 24 ans (465,000) que pour les 25 ans et plus (840,000). Par contre, une baisse de 15,000 du nombre de chômeurs chez les hommes était compensée par une hausse égale du chômage pour les femmes.

Le niveau estimatif du chômage est demeuré stable ou légèrement à la hausse dans toutes les provinces sauf en Ontario où l'on comptait 22,000 chômeurs de moins que le mois dernier.

Taux de chômage

Le taux de chômage désaisonnalisé a fléchi de 0.1 en novembre pour s'établir à 10.2. Le taux de chômage estimatif diminuait à 16.2 (-0.1) chez les jeunes de 15 à 24 ans alors qu'il demeurait stable à 8.5 chez leurs aînés. Le taux de chômage pour les hommes passait à 10.0, un déclin de 0.2, alors que l'on estimait à 10.5 le taux de chômage chez les femmes, soit une hausse de 0.2.

The unemployment rate rose by 2.0 to 15.3 in Prince Edward Island, by 0.4 to 13.5 in Nova Scotia, by 0.2 to 15.2 in New Brunswick, by 0.4 to 7.6 in Manitoba, by 0.1 to 9.6 in Alberta and by 0.3 to 14.5 in British Columbia. It declined by 0.5 to 7.4 in Ontario and remained at 19.6 in Newfoundland, 11.8 in Quebec and 7.9 in Saskatchewan.

Participation Rate

The seasonally adjusted participation rate was estimated at 65.7, up by 0.4. It increased by 0.3 to 68.0 among those aged 15 to 24, with the gain of 0.5 among young males accounting for all of the increase. The increase of 0.4 in the participation rate for those aged 25 and over to 65.0, was equally attributed to gains for both males and females.

Employment/Population Ratio

The seasonally adjusted employment/population ratio rose by 0.4 to 59.0 in November 1985. It increased by 0.3 to 57.0 among those aged 15 to 24 and by 0.4 to 59.5 for the 25 and over age group. The ratio rose by 0.6 for young males and by 0.5 for those 25 years and over. It declined by 0.2 among females aged 15 to 24 and increased by 0.2 for the older age group.

Le taux de chômage a augmenté de 2.0 à l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard (15.3), de 0.4 en Nouvelle-Écosse (13.5), de 0.2 au Nouveau-Brunswick (15.2), de 0.4 au Manitoba (7.6), de 0.1 en Alberta (9.6) et de 0.3 en Colombie-Britannique (14.5). Il a diminué de 0.5 en Ontario pour se fixer à 7.4. Le taux de chômage est demeuré à 19.6 à Terre-Neuve, 11.8 au Québec et 7.9 en Saskatchewan.

Taux d'activité

En novembre 1985, le taux d'activité désaisonné s'est accru de 0.4 pour se fixer à 65.7. Il a progressé de 0.3 chez les personnes âgées de 15 à 24 ans (68.0). Cette augmentation découle entièrement du gain enregistré chez les hommes (+0.5) de cette catégorie. Par contre, la hausse de 0.4 du taux d'activité pour les personnes de 25 ans et plus (65.0) est également répartie entre les hommes et les femmes.

Rapport emploi-population

Le rapport emploi-population désaisonné a avancé de 0.4 en novembre 1985 pour atteindre 59.0. Il a augmenté de 0.3 pour les personnes de 15 à 24 ans (57.0) et de 0.4 pour la catégorie des 25 ans et plus (59.5). Le rapport emploi-population a avancé pour les hommes des deux catégories, de 0.6 pour les plus jeunes et de 0.5 pour les plus de 25 ans. Il a reculé de 0.2 pour les femmes de 15 à 24 ans et a progressé de 0.2 pour leurs aînées.

Unadjusted Data

The unadjusted estimate of employment for November, 1985 was 11,427,000, an increase of 379,000 (3.4%) over the level of the previous year. The level of unemployment was 1,246,000, 109,000 (-8.0%) less than a year ago. The unemployment rate was 9.8 in November 1985, 1.1 below the level of last year. The participation rate was 65.2, 0.7 above the rate of November 1984. The employment/population ratio was 58.7, 1.3 higher than the ratio of last year.

Données non désaisonnalisées

En novembre 1985, l'estimation non désaisonnalisée de l'emploi s'établissait à 11,427,000, en hausse de 379,000 (3.4%) par rapport à novembre dernier. Le niveau de chômage était de 1,246,000, soit 109,000 (-8.0%) de moins que l'année dernière. Le taux de chômage était de 9.8 en novembre 1985, 1.1 de moins que l'an dernier. Le taux d'activité était de 65.2, soit un gain de 0.7 par rapport au mois de novembre 1984. Le rapport emploi-population s'établissait à 58.7, ce qui représente une amélioration de 1.3 depuis un an.

Notes to Data Users

The November 1985 issue of The Labour Force (Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 71-001) contains an article entitled "40th Anniversary of the Labour Force Survey (1945-1985)". This note offers a brief review of the Survey's origins and examines its development into one of the major sources of information on the social and economic conditions in Canada.

Data are available on CANSIM on the day of release at 7 a.m. E.S.T.

For further information call:

Ray Ryan
Ken Bennett
Hélène Lavoie
Bruce Petrie

Notes aux utilisateurs des données

L'édition de novembre 1985 de La population active (n° 71-001 au catalogue de Statistique Canada) renferme un article intitulé "40^e anniversaire de l'enquête sur la population active (1945-1985)". Cet article donne un bref aperçu des origines et de l'évolution de cette enquête, qui est devenue l'une des principales sources d'information sur les conditions économiques et sociales au Canada.

Les données sont disponibles sur CANSIM dès 7 heures (HNE) le jour même de leur diffusion.

Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements, téléphoner à:

(613) 990-0998
(613) 990-9448
(613) 990-9448
(613) 990-6155

TABLE 1. MAIN ESTIMATES, CANADA

TABLEAU 1. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES, CANADA

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------------------------|------|-------|------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | NDV. | | NOV. | | YEAR/YEAR CHANGE | | | | | | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | JULY | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | 1985 | 1984 | NOV. | NOV. | VARIATION ANNUELLE | % | | | | | |
| D - N S - D A - S J - A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | 12,774 | 12,691 | 12,631 | 12,644 | 12,626 | 83 | 60 | -13 | 18 | 12,673 | 12,403 | 270 | 2.2 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 7,310 | 7,263 | 7,225 | 7,254 | 7,238 | 47 | 38 | -29 | 16 | 7,235 | 7,118 | 117 | 1.6 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 5,464 | 5,428 | 5,408 | 5,390 | 5,388 | 36 | 22 | -16 | 2 | 5,439 | 5,285 | 154 | 2.9 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 2,864 | 2,857 | 2,831 | 2,862 | 2,852 | 7 | 26 | -31 | 10 | 2,751 | 2,762 | -11 | -0.4 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 1,498 | 1,489 | 1,471 | 1,501 | 1,498 | 9 | 18 | -30 | 3 | 1,433 | 1,440 | -7 | -0.5 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,366 | 1,368 | 1,360 | 1,361 | 1,354 | -2 | 8 | -1 | 7 | 1,318 | 1,322 | -4 | -0.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 1,015 | 1,017 | 989 | 1,021 | 1,018 | -2 | 28 | -32 | 3 | 954 | 964 | -10 | -1.0 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 522 | 524 | 507 | 527 | 526 | -2 | 17 | -20 | 1 | 487 | 498 | -11 | -2.2 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 493 | 493 | 482 | 494 | 492 | - | 11 | -12 | 2 | 467 | 466 | 1 | 0.2 | | | | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 1,852 | 1,839 | 1,833 | 1,851 | 1,843 | 13 | 6 | -18 | 8 | 1,797 | 1,798 | -1 | -0.1 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 980 | 965 | 960 | 980 | 977 | 15 | 5 | -20 | 3 | 945 | 942 | 3 | 0.3 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 872 | 874 | 873 | 871 | 866 | -2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 852 | 856 | -4 | -0.5 | | | | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 9,910 | 9,834 | 9,800 | 9,782 | 9,774 | 76 | 34 | 18 | 8 | 9,922 | 9,641 | 281 | 2.9 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 5,812 | 5,774 | 5,754 | 5,753 | 5,740 | 38 | 20 | 1 | 13 | 5,802 | 5,678 | 124 | 2.2 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,098 | 4,060 | 4,046 | 4,029 | 4,034 | 38 | 14 | 17 | 5 | 4,120 | 3,963 | 157 | 4.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 8,511 | 8,457 | 8,440 | 8,425 | 8,408 | 54 | 17 | 15 | 17 | 8,527 | 8,288 | 239 | 2.9 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 4,885 | 4,861 | 4,850 | 4,849 | 4,844 | 24 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 4,879 | 4,779 | 100 | 2.1 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,626 | 3,596 | 3,580 | 3,576 | 3,564 | 30 | 6 | 14 | 12 | 3,648 | 3,508 | 140 | 4.0 | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | 11,469 | 11,386 | 11,349 | 11,337 | 11,312 | 83 | 37 | 12 | 25 | 11,427 | 11,048 | 379 | 3.4 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,581 | 6,519 | 6,515 | 6,524 | 6,507 | 62 | 4 | -9 | 17 | 6,548 | 6,353 | 195 | 3.1 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,888 | 4,867 | 4,834 | 4,813 | 4,805 | 21 | 33 | 21 | 8 | 4,879 | 4,695 | 184 | 3.9 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 2,399 | 2,392 | 2,374 | 2,407 | 2,393 | 7 | 18 | -33 | 14 | 2,315 | 2,280 | 35 | 1.5 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 1,225 | 1,213 | 1,208 | 1,238 | 1,235 | 12 | 5 | -30 | 3 | 1,178 | 1,169 | 9 | 0.8 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,174 | 1,179 | 1,166 | 1,169 | 1,158 | -5 | 13 | -3 | 11 | 1,137 | 1,111 | 26 | 2.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 824 | 821 | 802 | 837 | 833 | 3 | 19 | -35 | 4 | 775 | 770 | 5 | 0.6 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 409 | 408 | 401 | 423 | 424 | 1 | 7 | -22 | 1 | 380 | 387 | -7 | -1.8 | | | | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 1,579 | 1,572 | 1,565 | 1,580 | 1,566 | 7 | 7 | -15 | 14 | 1,540 | 1,510 | 30 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 819 | 805 | 802 | 822 | 817 | 14 | 3 | -20 | 5 | 798 | 782 | 16 | 2.0 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 760 | 767 | 763 | 758 | 749 | -7 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 742 | 728 | 14 | 1.9 | | | | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 9,070 | 8,994 | 8,975 | 8,930 | 8,919 | 76 | 19 | 45 | 11 | 9,112 | 8,768 | 344 | 3.9 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 5,356 | 5,306 | 5,307 | 5,286 | 5,272 | 50 | -1 | 21 | 14 | 5,370 | 5,183 | 187 | 3.6 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,714 | 3,688 | 3,668 | 3,644 | 3,647 | 26 | 20 | 24 | 3 | 3,743 | 3,584 | 159 | 4.4 | | | | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 7,769 | 7,719 | 7,715 | 7,673 | 7,648 | 50 | 4 | 42 | 25 | 7,810 | 7,516 | 294 | 3.9 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 4,495 | 4,461 | 4,468 | 4,452 | 4,440 | 34 | -7 | 16 | 12 | 4,510 | 4,357 | 153 | 3.5 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,274 | 3,258 | 3,247 | 3,221 | 3,208 | 16 | 11 | 26 | 13 | 3,300 | 3,159 | 141 | 4.5 | | | | | | | | |
| FULL-TIME - PLEIN TEMPS | 9,694 | 9,620 | 9,562 | 9,586 | 9,564 | 74 | 58 | -24 | 22 | 9,572 | 9,274 | 298 | 3.2 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,092 | 6,029 | 6,025 | 6,025 | 6,025 | 63 | 4 | - | - | 6,030 | 5,848 | 182 | 3.1 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,602 | 3,591 | 3,537 | 3,561 | 3,539 | 11 | 54 | -24 | 22 | 3,542 | 3,427 | 115 | 3.4 | | | | | | | | |
| PART-TIME - TEMPS PARTIEL | 1,778 | 1,768 | 1,785 | 1,738 | 1,751 | 10 | -17 | 47 | -13 | 1,856 | 1,773 | 83 | 4.7 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 496 | 485 | 492 | 490 | 482 | 7 | -3 | 2 | 8 | 518 | 505 | 13 | 2.6 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,282 | 1,279 | 1,293 | 1,248 | 1,269 | 3 | -14 | 45 | -21 | 1,338 | 1,268 | 70 | 5.5 | | | | | | | | |
| AGRICULTURE | 488 | 490 | 488 | 490 | 478 | -2 | 2 | -2 | 12 | 461 | 436 | 25 | 5.7 | | | | | | | | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 10,993 | 10,909 | 10,860 | 10,840 | 10,821 | 84 | 49 | 20 | 19 | 10,966 | 10,611 | 355 | 3.3 | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER PRIMARY - AUTRES INDUSTRIES | 308 | 299 | 288 | 295 | 291 | 9 | 11 | -8 | 5 | 303 | 289 | 14 | 4.8 | | | | | | | | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIERES | 1,996 | 1,971 | 1,966 | 1,970 | 1,976 | 25 | 5 | -4 | 6 | 2,012 | 1,988 | 24 | 1.2 | | | | | | | | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 598 | 590 | 578 | 584 | 582 | 8 | 12 | -5 | 2 | 616 | 591 | 25 | 4.2 | | | | | | | | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 2,034 | 2,010 | 1,988 | 1,974 | 2,019 | 24 | 22 | 14 | -45 | 2,045 | 1,967 | 78 | 4.0 | | | | | | | | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 901 | 898 | 899 | 893 | 882 | 3 | -1 | 6 | 11 | 898 | 844 | 54 | 6.4 | | | | | | | | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 631 | 628 | 639 | 625 | 622 | 3 | -11 | 14 | 3 | 633 | 637 | -4 | -0.6 | | | | | | | | |
| SERVICES | 3,708 | 3,700 | 3,698 | 3,691 | 3,653 | 8 | 2 | 7 | 38 | 3,667 | 3,523 | 144 | 4.1 | | | | | | | | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE | 819 | 811 | 807 | 809 | 798 | 8 | 4 | -2 | 11 | 794 | 774 | 20 | 2.6 | | | | | | | | |
| PAID WORKERS - TRAVAILLEURS REMUNERES | 10,289 | 10,218 | 10,163 | 10,136 | 10,112 | 71 | 55 | 27 | 24 | 10,245 | 9,885 | 360 | 3.6 | | | | | | | | |
| PAID WORKERS NON AGRICULTURE - TRAVAILLEURS NON AGRO-INDUSTRIELES REMUNERES | 10,125 | 10,048 | 9,996 | 9,963 | 9,949 | 77 | 52 | 33 | 14 | 10,098 | 9,746 | 352 | 3.6 | | | | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE | 1,305 | 1,305 | 1,282 | 1,307 | 1,314 | - | 23 | -25 | 7 | 1,246 | 1,355 | -109 | -6.0 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 729 | 744 | 710 | 730 | 731 | -15 | 34 | -20 | 1 | 687 | 765 | -78 | -10.2 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 576 | 561 | 572 | 577 | 583 | 15 | -11 | -5 | 5 | 559 | 590 | -31 | -5.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 465 | 465 | 457 | 455 | 459 | - | 8 | 2 | 4 | 436 | 481 | -45 | -9.4 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 273 | 276 | 263 | 263 | 263 | -3 | 13 | - | - | 255 | 270 | -15 | -5.6 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 192 | 189 | 194 | 192 | 196 | 3 | -5 | 2 | -4 | 182 | 211 | -29 | -13.7 | | | | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 191 | 196 | 187 | 184 | 185 | -5 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 179 | 194 | -15 | -7.7 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 113 | 116 | 106 | 104 | 102 | -3 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 107 | 110 | -3 | -2.7 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 78 | 80 | 81 | 80 | 83 | -2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 72 | 83 | -11 | -13.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 273 | 267 | 268 | 271 | 277 | 6 | -1 | -3 | -6 | 257 | 288 | -31 | -10.8 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 161 | 160 | 158 | 158 | 160 | 1 | 2 | - | -2 | 148 | 160 | -12 | -7.5 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 112 | 107 | 110 | 113 | 117 | 5 | -3 | -3 | -4 | 110 | 128 | -18 | -14.1 | | | | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 840 | 840 | 825 | 852 | 855 | - | 15 | -27 | -3 | 809 | 873 | -64 | -7.3 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 456 | 468 | 447 | 467 | 468 | -12 | 21 | -20 | 1 | 432 | 455 | -63 | -12.7 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 384 | 372 | 378 | 385 | 387 | 12 | -6 | -7 | -2 | 378 | 379 | 1 | -0.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 742 | 738 | 725 | 752 | 760 | 4 | 13 | -27 | -8 | 717 | 772 | -55 | -7.1 | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 390 | 400 | 382 | 397 | 404 | -10 | 18 | -15 | -7 | 369 | 422 | -53 | -12.6 | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 352 | 338 | 343 | 355 | 356 | 14 | -5 | -12 | -1 | 347 | 350 | -3 | -0.5 | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 1. MAIN ESTIMATES, CANADA

TABLEAU 1. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES, CANADA

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED RATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED RATES | | | |
|--|---------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
| | TAUX DESAISSONNALISES | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | TAUX NON DESAISSONNALISES | | | |
| | 1985 | | 1984 | | | NOV. | | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | NOV. | NOV. | YEAR/YEAR | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | JULY | NOV. | NOV. | O - N | S - D | A - S | J - A | 1985 | 1984 | VARIATION |
| PERCENT - POURCENTAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 11.3 | - 0.1 | 0.2 | - 0.2 | + 0.1 | 9.8 | 10.9 | - 1.1 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 11.2 | - 0.2 | 0.4 | - 0.3 | - | 9.5 | 10.7 | - 1.2 | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 11.4 | - 0.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.1 | - 0.1 | 10.3 | 11.2 | - 0.9 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 16.1 | 17.8 | - 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - 0.2 | 15.9 | 17.4 | - 1.5 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 18.2 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 19.3 | - 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | - 0.1 | 17.8 | 18.8 | - 1.0 | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 14.1 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 14.5 | 16.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.5 | 0.2 | - 0.4 | 13.8 | 16.0 | - 2.2 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 21.6 | 22.1 | 20.9 | 19.7 | 19.4 | 22.3 | - 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | - 0.2 | 18.7 | 20.1 | - 1.4 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 15.8 | 16.2 | 16.8 | 16.2 | 16.9 | 18.2 | - 0.4 | - 0.6 | 0.6 | - 0.7 | 15.4 | 17.9 | - 2.5 | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 14.7 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 16.5 | - 0.2 | - 0.1 | - | - 0.4 | 14.3 | 16.0 | - 1.7 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 17.7 | - 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | - 0.3 | 15.6 | 17.0 | - 1.4 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 12.8 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 15.2 | - 0.6 | - 0.4 | - 0.4 | - 0.5 | 12.9 | 14.9 | - 2.0 | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.3 | - | 0.1 | - 0.3 | - | 8.2 | 9.1 | - 0.9 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 7.8 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 9.0 | - 0.3 | 0.3 | - 0.3 | - 0.1 | 7.4 | 8.7 | - 1.3 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | - 0.3 | - | 9.2 | 9.6 | - 0.4 | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 9.6 | - | 0.1 | - 0.3 | - 0.1 | 8.4 | 9.3 | - 0.9 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 9.2 | - 0.2 | 0.3 | - 0.3 | - 0.1 | 7.6 | 8.8 | - 1.2 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 0.3 | - 0.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.1 | 9.5 | 10.0 | - 0.5 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 65.7 | 65.3 | 65.1 | 65.2 | 65.1 | 65.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | 0.1 | 65.2 | 64.5 | 0.7 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 76.9 | 76.5 | 76.1 | 76.5 | 76.4 | 76.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - 0.4 | 0.1 | 76.1 | 75.7 | 0.4 | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 54.9 | 54.6 | 54.5 | 54.4 | 54.4 | 54.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - | 54.7 | 53.7 | 1.0 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 68.0 | 67.7 | 67.0 | 67.6 | 67.3 | 66.9 | 0.3 | 0.7 | - 0.6 | 0.3 | 65.3 | 64.2 | 1.1 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 70.2 | 69.7 | 68.8 | 70.0 | 69.8 | 69.3 | 0.5 | 0.9 | - 1.2 | 0.2 | 67.2 | 66.2 | 1.0 | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 65.7 | 65.7 | 65.2 | 65.1 | 64.7 | 64.4 | - | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 63.4 | 62.2 | 1.2 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 53.2 | 53.2 | 51.7 | 53.2 | 53.0 | 52.2 | - | 1.5 | - 1.5 | 0.2 | 50.0 | 49.0 | 1.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 53.5 | 53.7 | 51.8 | 53.8 | 53.6 | 53.1 | - 0.2 | 1.9 | - 2.0 | 0.2 | 50.0 | 49.6 | 0.4 | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 52.8 | 52.7 | 51.5 | 52.7 | 52.4 | 51.3 | 0.1 | 1.2 | - 1.2 | 0.3 | 50.0 | 48.4 | 1.8 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 80.4 | 79.7 | 79.4 | 80.0 | 79.5 | 79.2 | 0.7 | 0.3 | - 0.6 | 0.5 | 78.0 | 77.0 | 1.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 84.6 | 83.2 | 82.7 | 84.3 | 83.9 | 83.2 | 1.4 | 0.5 | - 1.6 | 0.4 | 81.6 | 80.5 | 1.1 | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 65.0 | 64.6 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | - | 65.1 | 64.5 | 0.6 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 78.8 | 78.4 | 78.3 | 78.4 | 78.4 | 78.7 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - 0.1 | - | 78.7 | 78.5 | 0.2 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 52.1 | 51.7 | 51.6 | 51.5 | 51.6 | 51.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | - 0.1 | 52.4 | 51.4 | 1.0 | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 81.3 | 80.9 | 80.8 | 80.9 | 80.8 | 80.7 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - 0.1 | 0.1 | 81.4 | 80.7 | 0.7 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 93.8 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 93.6 | 93.6 | 93.7 | 0.3 | - | - 0.1 | - | 93.7 | 93.6 | 0.1 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 68.8 | 68.4 | 68.4 | 68.2 | 68.1 | 67.8 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | 69.2 | 68.0 | 1.2 | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT D'EMPLOI-POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 59.0 | 58.6 | 58.4 | 58.4 | 58.4 | 57.7 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | - | 58.7 | 57.4 | 1.3 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 69.2 | 68.6 | 68.7 | 68.8 | 68.7 | 68.0 | 0.6 | - 0.1 | - 0.1 | 0.1 | 68.9 | 67.6 | 1.3 | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 49.1 | 49.0 | 48.7 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 47.9 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | - | 49.1 | 47.8 | 1.3 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 57.0 | 56.7 | 56.2 | 56.9 | 56.4 | 55.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 | - 0.7 | 0.5 | 55.0 | 53.0 | 2.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 57.4 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 57.8 | 57.5 | 55.9 | 0.6 | 0.3 | - 1.3 | 0.3 | 55.2 | 53.8 | 1.4 | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 56.5 | 56.7 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 55.3 | 54.0 | - 0.2 | 0.8 | - | 0.6 | 54.7 | 52.2 | 2.5 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 43.2 | 43.0 | 41.9 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 41.6 | 0.2 | 1.1 | - 1.7 | 0.2 | 40.6 | 39.2 | 1.4 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 43.2 | 43.2 | 41.2 | 0.1 | 0.8 | - 2.2 | - | 39.0 | 38.6 | 0.4 | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 44.5 | 44.2 | 42.6 | 44.1 | 43.6 | 42.0 | 0.3 | 1.4 | - 1.3 | 0.5 | 42.3 | 39.8 | 2.5 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 68.6 | 68.2 | 67.7 | 68.3 | 67.5 | 66.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | - 0.6 | 0.8 | 66.9 | 64.7 | 2.2 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 70.7 | 69.4 | 69.1 | 70.7 | 70.1 | 68.5 | 1.3 | 0.3 | - 1.6 | 0.6 | 68.9 | 66.9 | 2.0 | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 66.4 | 66.9 | 66.4 | 65.8 | 64.9 | 63.8 | - 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 64.8 | 62.6 | 2.2 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 59.5 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 58.9 | 58.9 | 58.5 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | - | 59.8 | 58.7 | 1.1 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 72.6 | 72.1 | 72.2 | 72.0 | 72.0 | 71.6 | 0.5 | - 0.1 | 0.2 | - | 72.8 | 71.7 | 1.1 | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 47.2 | 47.0 | 46.8 | 46.6 | 46.7 | 46.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | 47.6 | 46.5 | 1.1 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 74.2 | 73.8 | 73.9 | 73.6 | 73.5 | 72.9 | 0.4 | - 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 74.6 | 73.2 | 1.4 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 86.3 | 85.8 | 86.1 | 85.9 | 85.8 | 85.1 | 0.5 | - 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 86.6 | 85.3 | 1.3 | |
| | 62.1 | 62.0 | 61.8 | 61.5 | 61.3 | 60.9 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 62.6 | 61.2 | 1.4 | |

TABLE 2. MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------------|------|------|------|--------------------|-------|---|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | MONTH-TD-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | NOV. | | NDV. | | YEAR/YEAR CHANGE | | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | JULY | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | 1985 | 1984 | NOV. | NDV. | VARIATION ANNUELLE | % | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AOUT | JUIL. | O | N | S | O | A | S | J | A | NOV. | NOV. | | % |
| NEWFOUNDLAND - TERRE-NEUVE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE (000'S) | 224 | 224 | 225 | 224 | 225 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 215 | 214 | 1 | 0.5 | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI (000'S) | 180 | 180 | 181 | 178 | 177 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | 173 | 170 | 3 | 1.8 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (000'S) | 108 | 108 | 109 | 107 | 107 | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 104 | 103 | 1 | 1.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (000'S) | 72 | 72 | 73 | 70 | 70 | - | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | 1 | 70 | 67 | 3 | 4.5 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE (000'S) | 44 | 44 | 44 | 46 | 48 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 42 | 45 | - 3 | - 6.7 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE (%) | 19.6 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 21.3 | - | - | - | 0.9 | - | 0.8 | - | 19.5 | 20.9 | - | 1.4 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE (%) | 52.8 | 52.8 | 53.2 | 53.0 | 53.3 | - | - | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | 50.8 | 51.1 | - | 0.3 | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 42.1 | 41.9 | - | - | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.2 | - | - | 40.9 | 40.4 | - | 0.5 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.7 | 51.0 | 51.0 | - | - | 0.5 | 0.7 | - | - | 1 | 49.2 | 49.4 | - | 0.2 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | 33.8 | 33.8 | 34.3 | 33.0 | 33.0 | - | - | 0.5 | 1.3 | - | - | 1 | 32.7 | 31.6 | - | 1.1 | |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND - ILE-DU-PRINCE-EDOUARD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE (000'S) | 59 | 58 | 58 | 59 | 59 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 57 | 54 | 3 | 5.6 | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI (000'S) | 50 | 50 | 51 | 51 | 52 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 48 | 47 | 1 | 2.1 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (000'S) | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 28 | 28 | - | - | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (000'S) | 21 | 21 | 22 | 21 | 22 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 20 | 20 | - | - | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE (000'S) | 9 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 28.6 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE (%) | 15.3 | 13.3 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 | - | 1.5 | 0.8 | - | 1 | 16.3 | 13.1 | 3 | 3.2 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE (%) | 62.1 | 61.1 | 61.1 | 62.1 | 62.1 | 1.0 | - | - | 1.0 | - | - | 1 | 59.9 | 58.2 | 1 | 1.7 | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | 52.6 | 52.6 | 53.7 | 53.7 | 54.7 | - | - | 1.1 | - | - | - | 1 | 50.2 | 50.6 | - | 0.4 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 63.0 | 63.0 | - | - | - | 1.3 | - | - | 1 | 59.5 | 60.5 | - | 1.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | 43.8 | 43.8 | 45.8 | 43.8 | 45.8 | - | - | 2.0 | 2.0 | - | 2.0 | 1 | 41.2 | 41.1 | - | 0.1 | |
| NOVA SCOTIA - NOUVELLE-ECOSSE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE (000'S) | 393 | 390 | 389 | 393 | 391 | 3 | 1 | - | 4 | 2 | - | 1 | 391 | 387 | 4 | 1.0 | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI (000'S) | 340 | 339 | 336 | 336 | 335 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 338 | 335 | 3 | 0.9 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (000'S) | 197 | 196 | 192 | 194 | 195 | 1 | 4 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 197 | 195 | 2 | 1.0 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (000'S) | 143 | 144 | 144 | 142 | 141 | - | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 141 | 139 | 2 | 1.4 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE (000'S) | 53 | 51 | 53 | 57 | 56 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 4 | - | 1 | 53 | 53 | - | - | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE (%) | 13.5 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 0.4 | - | 0.5 | - | 0.9 | 0.2 | - | 13.6 | 13.6 | - | - | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE (%) | 58.9 | 58.5 | 58.4 | 59.1 | 58.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 0.7 | 0.3 | - | 1 | 58.5 | 58.8 | - | 0.3 | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | 51.0 | 50.8 | 50.5 | 50.5 | 50.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | - | - | 0.1 | - | 1 | 50.6 | 50.8 | - | 0.2 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | 61.2 | 60.9 | 59.6 | 60.4 | 60.7 | 0.3 | 1.3 | - | 0.8 | - | 0.3 | 1 | 61.0 | 61.6 | - | 0.6 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 41.0 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | 1 | 40.9 | 40.9 | - | - | |
| NEW BRUNSWICK - NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE (000'S) | 310 | 306 | 303 | 303 | 304 | 4 | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 303 | 289 | 14 | 4.8 | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI (000'S) | 263 | 260 | 262 | 256 | 257 | 3 | - | 2 | 6 | - | 1 | 1 | 258 | 245 | 13 | 5.3 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (000'S) | 150 | 150 | 151 | 147 | 147 | - | - | 1 | 4 | - | 1 | 1 | 148 | 144 | 4 | 2.8 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (000'S) | 112 | 111 | 111 | 109 | 111 | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | 110 | 101 | 9 | 8.9 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE (000'S) | 47 | 46 | 41 | 47 | 47 | 1 | 5 | - | 6 | - | - | 1 | 45 | 44 | 1 | 2.3 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE (%) | 15.2 | 15.0 | 13.5 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 0.2 | 1.5 | - | 2.0 | - | - | 1 | 15.0 | 15.2 | - | 0.2 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE (%) | 57.6 | 56.9 | 56.3 | 56.4 | 56.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | 1 | 56.3 | 54.3 | 2 | 0.0 | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | 48.9 | 48.3 | 48.7 | 47.7 | 47.9 | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | 1.0 | - | 0.2 | 1 | 47.9 | 46.1 | 1 | 1.8 | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | 57.0 | 57.0 | 57.4 | 56.1 | 56.1 | - | - | 0.4 | 1.3 | - | - | 1 | 56.2 | 55.5 | 0.7 | - | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 40.4 | 0.3 | - | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | - | 1 | 40.0 | 37.1 | 2 | 2.9 | |

TABLE 2. MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------|--------|-------|---|---|--|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | NOV. | NOV. | YEAR/YEAR | | | | | | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | JULY | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUT. | JUIL. | D | N | S | D | A | S | J | A | |
| QUEBEC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | % | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 3,242 | 3,197 | 3,182 | 3,184 | 3,164 | 45 | 15 | - | 2 | 20 | 3,220 | 3,114 | 106 | 3.4 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 1,893 | 1,866 | 1,861 | 1,859 | 1,857 | 27 | 5 | - | 2 | 2 | 1,876 | 1,829 | 47 | 2.6 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 1,349 | 1,331 | 1,321 | 1,325 | 1,307 | 18 | 10 | - | 4 | 18 | 1,345 | 1,285 | 60 | 4.7 | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 2,860 | 2,819 | 2,814 | 2,821 | 2,795 | 41 | 5 | - | 7 | 26 | 2,849 | 2,721 | 128 | 4.7 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 1,673 | 1,642 | 1,650 | 1,654 | 1,651 | 31 | - | 8 | - | 4 | 1,668 | 1,610 | 58 | 3.6 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 1,187 | 1,177 | 1,164 | 1,167 | 1,144 | 10 | 13 | - | 3 | 23 | 1,181 | 1,111 | 70 | 6.3 | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 382 | 378 | 368 | 363 | 369 | 4 | 10 | - | 5 | - | 372 | 393 | - 21 | - 5.3 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 220 | 224 | 211 | 205 | 206 | - 4 | 13 | - | 6 | - | 208 | 219 | - 11 | - 5.0 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 162 | 154 | 157 | 158 | 163 | 8 | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 164 | 173 | - 9 | - 5.2 | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 11.7 | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | 11.5 | 12.6 | - | 1.1 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 11.6 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.1 | - | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | - | 11.1 | 12.0 | - | 0.9 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 12.0 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.6 | 12.2 | 13.5 | - | 1.3 | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 63.2 | 62.3 | 62.1 | 62.2 | 61.8 | 0.9 | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | 0.4 | 62.8 | 61.2 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 75.9 | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.7 | 74.7 | 1.0 | 0.2 | - | - | - | 75.2 | 74.0 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 51.1 | 50.5 | 50.1 | 50.3 | 49.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 0.6 | 51.0 | 49.1 | 1.9 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 55.7 | 55.0 | 54.9 | 55.1 | 54.6 | 0.7 | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | 55.5 | 53.4 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 67.1 | 65.9 | 66.3 | 66.5 | 66.4 | 1.2 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 66.9 | 65.1 | 1.8 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 45.0 | 44.6 | 44.2 | 44.3 | 43.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | 0.1 | 0.8 | 44.7 | 42.4 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| ONTARIO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 4,832 | 4,803 | 4,781 | 4,784 | 4,785 | 29 | 22 | - | 3 | - | 4,796 | 4,685 | 111 | 2.4 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 2,717 | 2,699 | 2,680 | 2,692 | 2,686 | 18 | 19 | - | 12 | 6 | 2,688 | 2,630 | 58 | 2.2 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 2,115 | 2,104 | 2,101 | 2,092 | 2,099 | 11 | 3 | - | 9 | - | 2,109 | 2,055 | 54 | 2.7 | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 4,475 | 4,424 | 4,395 | 4,400 | 4,401 | 51 | 29 | - | 5 | - | 4,466 | 4,287 | 179 | 4.2 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 2,529 | 2,494 | 2,476 | 2,493 | 2,484 | 35 | 18 | - | 17 | 9 | 2,515 | 2,414 | 101 | 4.2 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 1,946 | 1,930 | 1,919 | 1,907 | 1,917 | 16 | 11 | - | 12 | - | 1,951 | 1,873 | 78 | 4.2 | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 357 | 378 | 385 | 384 | 384 | - 22 | - | 7 | 2 | - | 330 | 398 | - 68 | - 17.8 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 188 | 205 | 204 | 199 | 202 | - 17 | 1 | - | 5 | - | 173 | 216 | - 43 | - 19.9 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 169 | 174 | 182 | 185 | 182 | - 5 | - | 8 | - | 3 | 157 | 182 | - 25 | - 13.7 | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 7.4 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.0 | 8.0 | - 0.5 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | - | 6.9 | 8.5 | - | 1.6 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.5 | - 0.7 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | - | 6.4 | 8.2 | - | 1.8 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 8.7 | - 0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.1 | 7.5 | 8.8 | - | 1.3 | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 68.2 | 67.9 | 67.7 | 67.8 | 67.9 | 0.3 | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | - | 67.7 | 67.2 | 0.5 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 78.9 | 78.5 | 78.0 | 78.5 | 78.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | 0.1 | 78.0 | 77.6 | 0.4 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 56.1 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.7 | 58.0 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | 58.0 | 57.4 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 63.2 | 62.5 | 62.2 | 62.4 | 62.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | - | 0.2 | - | 63.1 | 61.5 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 73.4 | 72.5 | 72.1 | 72.7 | 72.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | - | 0.6 | - | 73.0 | 71.3 | 1.7 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 53.5 | 53.1 | 52.9 | 52.6 | 53.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | 53.6 | 52.3 | 1.3 | | | | | |
| MANITOBA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 529 | 527 | 525 | 523 | 521 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 524 | 513 | 11 | 2.1 | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 489 | 489 | 485 | 478 | 477 | - | 4 | - | 7 | 1 | 487 | 471 | 16 | 3.4 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 276 | 275 | 275 | 270 | 270 | - | 1 | - | 5 | - | 275 | 269 | 6 | 2.2 | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 213 | 214 | 211 | 208 | 207 | - | 1 | - | 3 | 1 | 212 | 203 | 9 | 4.4 | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 40 | 38 | 40 | 45 | 44 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 5 | 1 | 38 | 42 | - 4 | - 9.5 | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 0.4 | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 | 0.2 | 7.2 | 8.2 | - | 1.0 | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 66.3 | 66.1 | 65.9 | 65.7 | 65.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 65.7 | 65.1 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 61.3 | 61.4 | 60.9 | 60.1 | 59.9 | - 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 61.0 | 59.8 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 71.1 | 70.9 | 71.1 | 68.8 | 69.8 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.3 | - | 70.9 | 70.3 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 52.0 | 52.3 | 51.8 | 50.9 | 50.6 | - 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 51.6 | 50.0 | 1.6 | | | | | |

TABLE 2. MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|----------------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | NOV. | | NOV. | | YEAR/YEAR CHANGE | | | | | | |
| | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | JULY | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | 1985 | 1984 | NOV. | NOV. | VARIATION ANNUELLE | % | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SASKATCHEWAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000's) | 495 | 493 | 489 | 490 | 493 | 2 | 4 | - | 1 | - | 3 | 489 | 477 | 12 | 2.5 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000's) | 456 | 454 | 452 | 450 | 454 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 4 | 451 | 437 | 14 | 3.2 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000's) | 263 | 263 | 263 | 262 | 265 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 3 | 259 | 257 | 2 | 0.8 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000's) | 191 | 191 | 189 | 188 | 188 | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 191 | 181 | 10 | 5.5 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE (1000's) | | 39 | 39 | 37 | 40 | 39 | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 1 | 38 | 40 | - 2 | - 5.0 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 7.9 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.6 | 0.3 | - | 7.8 | 8.3 | - 0.5 | | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 66.9 | 66.6 | 66.1 | 66.2 | 66.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.4 | 66.0 | 64.8 | 1.2 | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 61.6 | 61.4 | 61.1 | 60.8 | 61.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | - | 0.6 | - | 60.9 | 59.4 | 1.5 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 71.7 | 71.7 | 71.7 | 71.4 | 72.2 | - | - | 0.3 | - | 0.8 | - | 70.6 | 70.2 | 0.4 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 51.2 | 51.2 | 50.7 | 50.4 | 50.4 | - | 0.5 | 0.3 | - | - | - | 51.3 | 48.7 | 2.6 | | | | | | |
| ALBERTA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000's) | 1,256 | 1,260 | 1,252 | 1,253 | 1,244 | - 4 | 8 | - | 1 | 9 | - | 1,249 | 1,249 | - | - | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000's) | 1,136 | 1,140 | 1,137 | 1,132 | 1,126 | - 4 | 3 | - | 5 | 6 | - | 1,134 | 1,118 | 16 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000's) | 656 | 659 | 656 | 654 | 648 | - 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 6 | - | 652 | 639 | 13 | 2.0 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000's) | 480 | 481 | 479 | 477 | 477 | - 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 482 | 480 | 2 | 0.4 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE (1000's) | | 120 | 120 | 115 | 121 | 118 | - | 5 | - | 6 | 3 | - | 114 | 131 | - 17 | - 13.0 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.2 | - | 9.2 | 10.5 | - 1.3 | | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 72.0 | 72.3 | 71.9 | 72.1 | 71.6 | - 0.3 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 0.5 | - | 71.6 | 72.0 | - 0.4 | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 65.1 | 65.4 | 65.3 | 65.1 | 64.8 | - 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | - | - | 65.0 | 64.5 | 0.5 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 75.0 | 75.3 | 75.1 | 74.9 | 74.3 | - 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | - | - | 74.5 | 72.9 | 1.6 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 55.2 | 55.4 | 55.2 | 55.1 | 55.2 | - 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | - 0.1 | - | - | 55.4 | 55.9 | - 0.5 | | | | | | |
| BRITISH COLUMBIA - COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000's) | 1,442 | 1,442 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 1,426 | - | 22 | - | - | 6 | - | 1,429 | 1,420 | 9 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000's) | 827 | 827 | 815 | 822 | 821 | - | 12 | - | 7 | 1 | - | 819 | 816 | 3 | 0.4 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000's) | 615 | 615 | 605 | 598 | 505 | - | 10 | 7 | - | 7 | - | 609 | 604 | 5 | 0.8 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000's) | 1,233 | 1,237 | 1,235 | 1,227 | 1,226 | - 4 | 2 | 8 | 1 | - | - | 1,225 | 1,216 | 9 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000's) | 708 | 707 | 712 | 706 | 705 | - 1 | - 5 | 5 | 6 | 1 | - | 702 | 695 | 7 | 1.0 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000's) | 525 | 530 | 523 | 521 | 521 | - 5 | 7 | 2 | - | - | - | 522 | 521 | 1 | 0.2 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE (1000's) | | 209 | 205 | 185 | 193 | 200 | - 4 | 20 | - 8 | - 7 | - | - | 204 | 204 | - | - | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000's) | 119 | 120 | 103 | 116 | 116 | - 1 | 17 | - 13 | - | - | - | 117 | 121 | - 4 | - 3.3 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000's) | 90 | 85 | 82 | 77 | 84 | 5 | 3 | 5 | - 7 | - | - | 87 | 83 | 4 | 4.8 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE (%) | | 14.5 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 0.3 | 1.2 | - | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | 14.3 | 14.4 | - 0.1 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 14.4 | 14.5 | 12.6 | 14.1 | 14.1 | - 0.1 | 1.9 | - | 1.5 | - | - | 14.3 | 14.8 | - 0.5 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 14.6 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 13.9 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.7 | - 1.0 | - | - | 14.3 | 13.8 | 0.5 | | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE (%) | | 64.7 | 64.7 | 63.7 | 63.8 | 64.1 | - | 1.0 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.3 | 64.1 | 64.1 | - | - | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 75.6 | 75.6 | 74.5 | 75.2 | 75.1 | - | 1.1 | - | 0.7 | 0.1 | - | 74.9 | 74.9 | - | - | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 54.2 | 54.2 | 53.4 | 52.7 | 53.4 | - | 0.8 | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | - | 53.7 | 53.6 | 0.1 | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION (%) | | 55.3 | 55.5 | 55.4 | 55.1 | 55.1 | - 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | - | - | - | 54.9 | 54.9 | - | - | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES (%) | | 64.7 | 64.6 | 65.1 | 64.6 | 64.5 | 0.1 | - 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 | - | - | 64.2 | 63.8 | 0.4 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES (%) | | 46.3 | 46.7 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 46.0 | - 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | - 0.1 | - | - | 46.0 | 46.2 | - 0.2 | | | | | | |

TABLE 3 EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCE, INDUSTRY AND SEX, NOVEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 3 EMPLOI SELON LA PROVINCE, LA BRANCHE D'ACTIVITE ET LE SEXE. NOVEMBRE 1985

| | CANADA | N.F.L.D. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | QUE. | ONT. | MAN. | SASK. | ALTA. | B.C. | |
|---|--------|----------|--------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---|
| | T.-N. | I.-P.-E. | N.-E. | N.-B. | | | | | | ALB. | C.-B. | |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOTH SEXES - LES DEUX SEXES | 11,427 | A | 173 | C | 48 | C | 338 | C | 258 | C | 2,849 | B |
| AGRICULTURE | 461 | D | ... | J | 5 | F | 8 | F | 5 | F | 83 | E |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 10,966 | A | 173 | C | 43 | C | 329 | C | 253 | C | 2,766 | B |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 303 | D | 18 | F | ... | G | 14 | E | 11 | F | 49 | F |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIERES | 2,012 | C | 19 | E | 4 | F | 44 | E | 33 | E | 559 | D |
| CONSTRUCTION | 616 | C | 10 | E | ... | F | 22 | E | 16 | E | 142 | E |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 898 | C | 15 | E | ... | F | 25 | E | 26 | E | 225 | D |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 2,045 | C | 31 | E | 8 | E | 68 | D | 49 | D | 500 | D |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 633 | C | 5 | F | ... | F | 16 | E | 12 | E | 150 | E |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 3,567 | B | 57 | D | 15 | D | 110 | D | 85 | D | 940 | C |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE | 794 | C | 18 | E | 6 | E | 29 | E | 21 | E | 201 | D |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,548 | A | 104 | C | 28 | C | 197 | C | 148 | C | 1,668 | B |
| AGRICULTURE | 329 | ... | ... | 4 | | | 6 | | 4 | | 62 | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 6,219 | 103 | | 24 | | | 190 | | 144 | | 1,606 | |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 268 | 17 | ... | ... | | | 14 | | 11 | | 47 | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIERES | 1,452 | 14 | ... | ... | | | 34 | | 24 | | 399 | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 554 | 9 | ... | ... | | | 20 | | 15 | | 127 | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 684 | 12 | ... | ... | | | 20 | | 21 | | 170 | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 1,149 | 17 | 5 | 5 | | | 38 | | 27 | | 301 | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 259 | ... | ... | ... | | | 6 | | 4 | | 60 | |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 1,381 | 20 | 5 | 5 | | | 35 | | 28 | | 382 | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE | 471 | 13 | ... | ... | | | 20 | | 13 | | 120 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,879 | B | 70 | D | 20 | D | 141 | C | 110 | C | 1,181 | C |
| AGRICULTURE | 133 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 21 | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 4,747 | 69 | 19 | 19 | | | 139 | | 108 | | 1,160 | |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 34 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7 | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIERES | 560 | 5 | ... | ... | | | 10 | | 9 | | 160 | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 62 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 213 | ... | ... | ... | | | 5 | | 5 | | 55 | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 895 | 15 | ... | ... | | | 31 | | 22 | | 198 | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 373 | ... | ... | ... | | | 10 | | 7 | | 90 | |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 2,286 | 37 | 10 | 10 | | | 72 | | 56 | | 558 | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE | 323 | 6 | ... | ... | | | 9 | | 8 | | 81 | |

TABLE .4 EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCE, OCCUPATION AND SEX, NOVEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 4 EMPLOI SELON LA PROVINCE, LA PROFESSION ET LE SEXE, NOVEMBRE 1985

| | CANADA | Nfld. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | QUE. | ONT. | MAN. | SASK. | ALTA. | B.C. |
|---|--------|----------|--------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | T.-N. | J.-P.-E. | N.-E. | N.-B. | | | | | | ALB. | C.-B. |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOTH SEXES - LES DEUX SEXES | 11,427 | 173 | 48 | 338 | 258 | 2,849 | 4,466 | 487 | 451 | 1,134 | 1,225 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBERALES | 3,249 | 48 | 14 | 89 | 68 | 804 | 1,291 | 134 | 108 | 348 | 346 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 1,939 | 24 | 7 | 51 | 45 | 509 | 787 | 77 | 63 | 177 | 199 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 1,097 | 15 | 4 | 34 | 23 | 277 | 415 | 44 | 42 | 112 | 131 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 1,551 | 28 | 7 | 54 | 39 | 376 | 588 | 65 | 62 | 153 | 179 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 625 | 16 | 6 | 19 | 14 | 113 | 150 | 50 | 87 | 99 | 70 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATIERES PREMIERES | 1,518 | 19 | 4 | 40 | 29 | 430 | 675 | 57 | 33 | 96 | 135 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 631 | 11 | ... | 24 | 20 | 151 | 225 | 25 | 26 | 70 | 76 |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 413 | 8 | ... | 14 | 11 | 95 | 150 | 20 | 17 | 47 | 50 |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES METIERS | 405 | 5 | ... | 13 | 9 | 92 | 186 | 15 | 11 | 32 | 40 |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,548 | 104 | 28 | 197 | 148 | 1,668 | 2,515 | 275 | 259 | 652 | 702 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBERALES | 1,802 | 27 | 7 | 49 | 37 | 440 | 730 | 71 | 56 | 192 | 193 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 403 | 5 | ... | 10 | 8 | 128 | 171 | 16 | 8 | 27 | 28 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 610 | 8 | ... | 18 | 13 | 170 | 215 | 24 | 24 | 64 | 72 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 673 | 11 | ... | 21 | 15 | 178 | 257 | 26 | 24 | 64 | 75 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 503 | 15 | 5 | 17 | 12 | 94 | 116 | 40 | 67 | 80 | 56 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATIERES PREMIERES | 1,220 | 15 | ... | 33 | 24 | 339 | 523 | 43 | 30 | 87 | 122 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 621 | 11 | ... | 24 | 20 | 150 | 221 | 25 | 26 | 68 | 74 |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 386 | 7 | ... | 14 | 11 | 90 | 137 | 18 | 15 | 43 | 48 |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES METIERS | 330 | 5 | ... | 11 | 8 | 78 | 145 | 12 | 10 | 27 | 34 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,879 | 70 | 20 | 141 | 110 | 1,181 | 1,951 | 212 | 191 | 482 | 522 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBERALES | 1,448 | 21 | 7 | 40 | 31 | 363 | 561 | 63 | 53 | 156 | 153 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 1,536 | 20 | 5 | 41 | 36 | 381 | 616 | 61 | 56 | 150 | 170 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 487 | 7 | ... | 16 | 10 | 107 | 200 | 20 | 18 | 48 | 58 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 878 | 17 | 4 | 33 | 24 | 198 | 331 | 39 | 39 | 89 | 105 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 122 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 19 | 34 | 10 | 21 | 19 | 14 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATIERES PREMIERES | 298 | 4 | ... | 6 | 5 | 91 | 152 | 14 | ... | 9 | 13 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 27 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 13 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES METIERS | 75 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 15 | 41 | ... | ... | 5 | 6 |

TABLE 5 ESTIMATES BY METROPOLITAN AREA (1981 BOUNDARIES), NOVEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 5 ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION METROPOLITAINE (LIMITES DE 1981), NOVEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NOT IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TOTAL | EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | | THOUSANDS | MILLIERS | | | PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | |
| | | EMPLOI | CHOMAGE | | | | | | | | |
| ST-JOHNS | 112 | 72 | 62 | 10 | 40 | 64.0 C | 13.5 E | 55.4 | | | |
| HALIFAX | 217 | 146 | 134 | 12 | 70 | 67.5 B | 8.4 E | 61.8 | | | |
| SAIN T JOHN - SAINT-JEAN (N.-B.) | 86 | 54 | 46 | 8 | 32 | 62.4 C | 14.6 F | 53.3 | | | |
| CHICOUTIMI - JONQUIERE | 114 | 70 | 60 | 10 | 44 | 61.6 C | 14.3 F | 52.8 | | | |
| QUEBEC | 455 | 301 | 281 | 20 | 153 | 66.3 C | 6.8 F | 61.8 | | | |
| TROIS-RIVIERES | 93 | 55 | 49 | 6 | 38 | 59.2 C | 11.5 F | 52.4 | | | |
| MONTREAL | 2,310 | 1,505 | 1,330 | 175 | 805 | 65.2 B | 11.6 E | 57.6 | | | |
| OTTAWA - HULL | 597 | 409 | 382 | 27 | 188 | 68.5 B | 6.7 F | 63.9 | | | |
| SUDSBURY | 111 | 62 | 55 | 7 | 49 | 55.9 C | 11.2 F | 49.6 | | | |
| DOWNSIDE | 126 | 90 | 84 | 6 | 36 | 71.3 C | 7.1 G | 66.3 | | | |
| TORONTO | 2,526 | 1,807 | 1,707 | 100 | 718 | 71.6 B | 5.5 E | 67.6 | | | |
| HAMILTON | 442 | 295 | 279 | 16 | 147 | 66.7 C | 5.5 F | 63.0 | | | |
| ST. CATHARINES - NIAGARA | 243 | 147 | 134 | 13 | 96 | 60.7 C | 9.0 F | 55.2 | | | |
| LONDON | 230 | 158 | 147 | 11 | 72 | 68.8 C | 7.1 F | 63.9 | | | |
| WINDSOR | 189 | 115 | 104 | 11 | 75 | 60.6 C | 9.5 F | 54.8 | | | |
| KITCHENER - WATERLOO | 234 | 171 | 159 | 12 | 63 | 73.1 C | 6.8 G | 68.1 | | | |
| THUNDER BAY | 96 | 64 | 58 | 6 | 31 | 67.3 C | 9.8 G | 60.2 | | | |
| WINNIPEG | 485 | 325 | 301 | 24 | 160 | 67.0 B | 7.3 E | 62.1 | | | |
| REGINA | 139 | 97 | 88 | 9 | 41 | 70.1 C | 9.3 F | 63.6 | | | |
| SASKATOON | 130 | 88 | 80 | 8 | 42 | 67.9 C | 9.0 E | 61.8 | | | |
| CALGARY | 465 | 356 | 324 | 33 | 109 | 76.6 B | 9.2 E | 69.6 | | | |
| EDMONTON | 557 | 397 | 352 | 45 | 160 | 71.3 B | 11.3 E | 63.2 | | | |
| VANCOUVER | 1,087 | 716 | 618 | 98 | 371 | 65.9 B | 13.7 E | 56.8 | | | |
| VICTORIA | 196 | 117 | 103 | 14 | 79 | 59.9 C | 12.3 F | 52.6 | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR. FOR DEFINITIONS OF CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREAS, PLEASE REFER TO CATALOGUE 95X903.

ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

NOTA: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE LORS DE L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEUVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIAIBLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'ONT PAS ETE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'DNT PAS ETE PUBLIEES. SE REPORTER AUX REMARQUES FORMULEES A LA FIN DE LA PRESENTE PUBLICATION POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE. LA DEFINITION DES REGIONS METROPOLITAINES DE RECENSEMENT SE TROUVE DANS LA PUBLICATION NO 95X903 AU CATALOGUE.

LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981.

LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES

DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

TABLE 6. ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC REGION (1981 BOUNDARIES), NOVEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 6. ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION ECONOMIQUE (LIMITES DE 1981), NOVEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NOT IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|------|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TOTAL | EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | | DE 15 ANS ET PLUS | EMPLOI | UNEMPLOY- MENT CHOMAGE | POPULATION INACTIVE | TAUX D'ACTIVITE | TAUX DE CHOMAGE | | | | |
| | | | THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | |
| NEWFOUNDLAND - TERRE-NEUVE | 424 | 215 | 173 | 42 | 209 | 50.8 C | 19.5 E | 40.9 | | | |
| REGION(S) 010 | 185 | 102 | 83 | 19 | 83 | 55.1 C | 18.5 E | 45.0 | | | |
| 020 | 40 | 20 | 16 | 4 | 21 | 49.1 D | 17.9 F | 40.3 | | | |
| 030 | 95 | 52 | 40 | 12 | 43 | 55.0 C | 22.9 F | 42.4 | | | |
| 040 | 103 | 41 | 34 | 8 | 62 | 39.9 D | 18.7 F | 32.5 | | | |
| P.E.I. - I.-P.-E. | 95 | 57 | 48 | 9 | 38 | 59.9 C | 16.3 E | 50.2 | | | |
| N.S. - N.-E. | 667 | 391 | 338 | 53 | 277 | 58.5 B | 13.6 D | 50.6 | | | |
| REGION(S) 210 | 130 | 71 | 53 | 17 | 60 | 54.2 C | 24.6 E | 40.9 | | | |
| 220 | 126 | 70 | 59 | 11 | 56 | 55.6 C | 16.2 F | 46.6 | | | |
| 230 | 81 | 46 | 42 | 5 | 35 | 57.0 C | 9.9 F | 51.3 | | | |
| 240 | 101 | 53 | 46 | 6 | 48 | 52.2 C | 12.2 F | 45.8 | | | |
| 250 | 229 | 151 | 138 | 13 | 78 | 66.0 B | 8.8 E | 60.2 | | | |
| N.B. - N.-B. | 538 | 303 | 258 | 45 | 235 | 56.3 C | 15.0 D | 47.9 | | | |
| REGION(S) 310 | 136 | 65 | 53 | 12 | 71 | 47.9 D | 19.1 G | 38.7 | | | |
| 320 | 129 | 78 | 68 | 11 | 50 | 61.0 C | 13.7 F | 52.6 | | | |
| 330 | 128 | 76 | 65 | 11 | 52 | 59.1 C | 14.4 F | 50.6 | | | |
| 340 | 82 | 48 | 42 | 6 | 34 | 59.0 C | 12.7 F | 51.5 | | | |
| 350 | 64 | 36 | 31 | 5 | 28 | 56.1 C | 14.5 F | 47.9 | | | |
| QUEBEC | 5,132 | 3,220 | 2,849 | 372 | 1,912 | 62.8 B | 11.5 D | 55.5 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 411 | 86 | 42 | 35 | 8 | 49.2 D | 17.9 F | 40.3 | | | |
| 412 | 169 | 97 | 83 | 14 | 73 | 57.1 D | 14.2 F | 49.0 | | | |
| 420 | 234 | 139 | 119 | 20 | 95 | 59.3 C | 14.6 F | 50.7 | | | |
| 430 | 725 | 453 | 414 | 39 | 272 | 62.5 C | 8.7 F | 57.1 | | | |
| 440 | 363 | 214 | 185 | 29 | 149 | 58.9 C | 13.4 F | 51.0 | | | |
| 450 | 201 | 128 | 116 | 13 | 73 | 63.7 C | 10.0 F | 57.4 | | | |
| 451 | 834 | 542 | 488 | 53 | 292 | 64.9 C | 9.8 E | 56.6 | | | |
| 452 | 1,670 | 1,063 | 927 | 136 | 607 | 63.7 B | 12.8 E | 55.5 | | | |
| 453 | 249 | 159 | 143 | 16 | 90 | 63.8 C | 10.0 F | 57.4 | | | |
| 454 | 208 | 132 | 119 | 13 | 76 | 63.3 C | 9.8 F | 57.1 | | | |
| 470 | 190 | 128 | 115 | 13 | 62 | 67.5 C | 10.2 F | 60.6 | | | |
| 480 | 112 | 62 | 55 | 8 | 50 | 55.3 D | 12.3 E | 48.5 | | | |
| 400 & 490 | 89 | 61 | 50 | 10 | 28 | 68.7 C | 16.9 F | 57.0 | | | |
| ONTARIO | 7,083 | 4,796 | 4,466 | 330 | 2,287 | 67.7 A | 6.9 D | 63.1 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 510 | 283 | 177 | 163 | 14 | 106 | 62.5 C | 7.7 F | 57.7 | | |
| 520 | 220 | 132 | 125 | 7 | 87 | 60.3 C | 5.5 F | 57.0 | | | |
| 530 | 2,791 | 1,996 | 1,884 | 112 | 794 | 71.5 B | 5.6 E | 67.5 | | | |
| 540 | 564 | 396 | 368 | 28 | 168 | 70.2 C | 7.1 F | 65.2 | | | |
| 550 | 885 | 575 | 529 | 46 | 310 | 65.0 C | 8.0 E | 59.8 | | | |
| 560 | 382 | 257 | 239 | 18 | 126 | 67.1 C | 6.9 F | 62.5 | | | |
| 570 | 428 | 276 | 251 | 25 | 152 | 64.5 C | 9.0 F | 58.7 | | | |
| 580 | 210 | 134 | 125 | 8 | 76 | 63.8 C | 6.2 F | 59.8 | | | |
| 591 | 445 | 273 | 245 | 28 | 173 | 61.2 C | 10.1 E | 55.1 | | | |
| 592 | 175 | 116 | 106 | 10 | 59 | 66.5 C | 8.8 F | 60.6 | | | |
| 500 | 700 | 464 | 429 | 35 | 236 | 66.3 C | 7.5 F | 61.3 | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR A DESCRIPTION AND MAPS OF THE ECONOMIC REGIONS, AND FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR. ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

A WIDE RANGE OF DATA DRAWN FROM THE 1981 CENSUS FOR THESE ECONOMIC REGIONS IS AVAILABLE IN THE BULLETIN ENTITLED 1981 CENSUS OF CANADA, CANADA, PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC REGIONS, SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS (CATALOGUE NO. 93-975).

NOTA: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE DANS L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEUVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIABLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'ONT PAS ETE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'ONT PAS ETE PUBLIEES. VOIR LES NOTES AU DOS DE CETTE PUBLICATION POUR UNE DESCRIPTION DES ZONES GEOGRAPHIQUES CONTENUES DANS LES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, ET POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE. LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981. LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

ON PEUT TROUVER UN LARGE EVENTAIL DE DONNEES TIREES DU RECENSEMENT DE 1981 POUR CES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES DANS LE BULLETIN INTITULE RECENSEMENT DU CANADA DE 1981, CANADA, PROVINCES ET REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, SELON CERTAINES CARACTERISTIQUES SOCIALES ET ECONOMIQUES (NO. 93-975) AU CATALOGUE.

TABLE 6 ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC REGION (1981 BOUNDARIES), NOVEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 6 ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION ECONOMIQUE (LIMITES DE 1981), NOVEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NOT IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | POPULATION TOTAL | EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | | DE 15 ANS ET PLUS | EMPLOI | UNEMPLOY- MENT | POPULATION INACTIVE | TAUX D'ACTIVITE | TAUX DE CHOMAGE | | | | |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MANITOBA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REGION(S) | 798 | 524 | 487 | 38 | 274 | 65.7 B | 7.2 D | | | | |
| 610 | 51 | 34 | 31 | ... | 17 | 66.2 C | ... | | | | |
| 620 | 37 | 22 | 20 | ... | 15 | 58.6 D | ... | | | | |
| 630 | 84 | 55 | 52 | ... | 29 | 65.3 C | ... | | | | |
| 640 | 34 | 22 | 20 | ... | 12 | 64.1 C | ... | | | | |
| 650 & 680 | 71 | 46 | 42 | 4 | 25 | 64.7 C | 8.5 G | | | | |
| 650 | 52 | 32 | 30 | ... | 20 | 61.1 C | ... | | | | |
| 670 | 468 | 314 | 291 | 23 | 154 | 67.1 B | 7.4 E | | | | |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 740 | 489 | 451 | 38 | 251 | 66.0 B | 7.8 E | | | | |
| REGION(S) | 207 | 145 | 133 | 11 | 63 | 59.8 C | 7.9 F | | | | |
| 720 | 94 | 62 | 59 | ... | 32 | 66.0 C | ... | | | | |
| 730 | 204 | 138 | 126 | 12 | 66 | 67.7 C | 8.8 E | | | | |
| 740 | 81 | 48 | 44 | ... | 33 | 58.9 C | ... | | | | |
| 750 & 760 | 154 | 96 | 89 | 8 | 58 | 62.5 C | 8.0 F | | | | |
| ALBERTA | 1,745 | 1,249 | 1,134 | 114 | 496 | 71.6 B | 9.2 D | | | | |
| REGION(S) | 810 | 152 | 98 | 8 | 54 | 64.5 C | 7.8 F | | | | |
| 820 | 67 | 47 | 45 | ... | 21 | 68.9 C | ... | | | | |
| 830 | 547 | 415 | 380 | 35 | 131 | 76.0 B | 8.5 E | | | | |
| 840 | 74 | 50 | 44 | 6 | 24 | 67.2 C | 11.1 F | | | | |
| 850 | 99 | 71 | 65 | 6 | 28 | 71.3 C | 8.5 F | | | | |
| 860 | 610 | 435 | 388 | 47 | 175 | 71.3 B | 10.9 E | | | | |
| 870 | 85 | 61 | 57 | 4 | 24 | 72.2 C | 7.2 F | | | | |
| 880 | 111 | 73 | 66 | 7 | 39 | 65.4 C | 9.0 F | | | | |
| B.C. - C.-B. | 2,230 | 1,429 | 1,225 | 204 | 801 | 64.1 B | 14.3 D | | | | |
| REGION(S) | 910 | 44 | 31 | 26 | 5 | 70.5 D | 15.9 F | | | | |
| 920 | 76 | 47 | 38 | 9 | 29 | 61.9 D | 19.1 F | | | | |
| 930 | 189 | 114 | 98 | 17 | 75 | 60.4 D | 14.4 F | | | | |
| 940 | 88 | 56 | 48 | 8 | 32 | 63.8 C | 14.3 F | | | | |
| 950 | 1,211 | 792 | 684 | 107 | 419 | 65.4 B | 13.6 E | | | | |
| 960 | 400 | 234 | 199 | 36 | 165 | 58.7 C | 15.2 E | | | | |
| 970 | 135 | 94 | 79 | 14 | 41 | 69.5 C | 15.3 F | | | | |
| 980 & 990 | 87 | 60 | 52 | 8 | 27 | 68.8 C | 13.4 F | | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR A DESCRIPTION AND MAPS OF THE ECONOMIC REGIONS, AND FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR.

ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

A WIDE RANGE OF DATA DRAWN FROM THE 1981 CENSUS FOR THESE ECONOMIC REGIONS IS AVAILABLE IN THE BULLETIN ENTITLED 1981 CENSUS OF CANADA, CANADA, PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC REGIONS, SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS (CATALOGUE NO. 93-975).

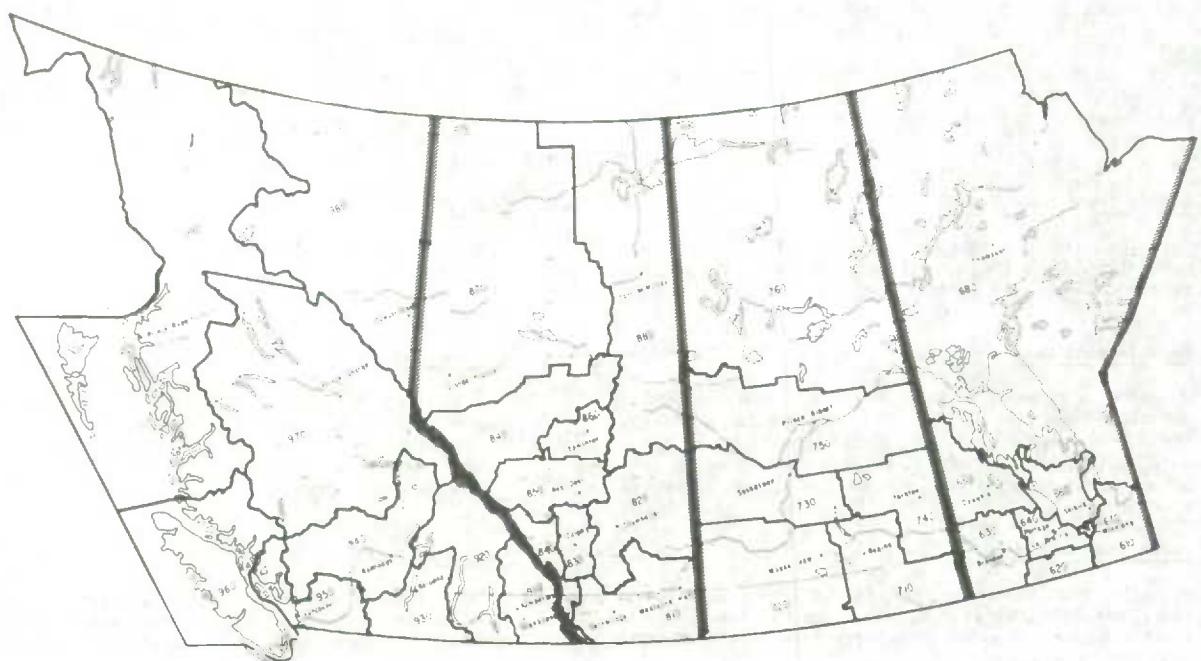
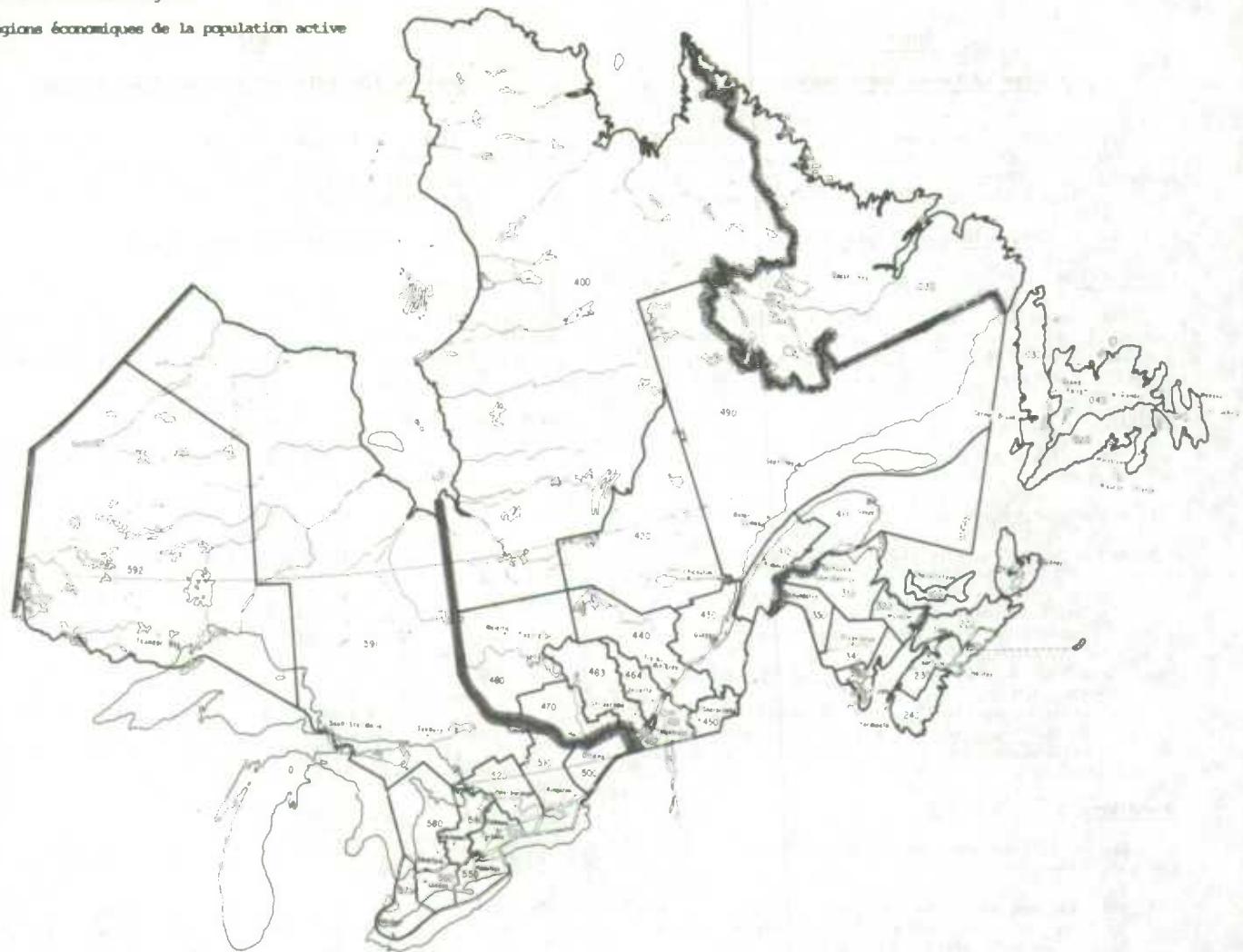
NOTA: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE LORS DE L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEUVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIABLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'DNT PAS ETE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'DNT PAS ETE PUBLIEES. VOIR LES NOTES AU DOS DE CETTE PUBLICATION POUR UNE DESCRIPTION DES ZONES GEOGRAPHIQUES CONTENUES DANS LES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, ET POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE.

LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981. LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

ON PEUT TROUVER UN LARGE EVENTAIL DE DONNEES TIREES DU RECENSEMENT DE 1981 POUR CES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES DANS LE BULLETIN INTITULE RECENSEMENT DU CANADA DE 1981, CANADA, PROVINCES ET REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, SELON CERTAINES CARACTERISTIQUES SOCIALES ET ECONOMIQUES (NO. 93-975 AU CATALOGUE).

Labour Force Economic Regions

Les régions économiques de la population active



NOTES

Scope of Labour Force Survey

The statistics contained in this report are based on information obtained through a sample survey of households. Interviews are carried out in about 52,800 representative households across the country.

Definitions and Explanations

Labour Force

The labour force is composed of that portion of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

Employed

The employed includes all persons who, during the reference week:

- (a) did any work¹ at all
- (b) had a job but were not at work due to:

- own illness or disability
- personal or family responsibilities
- bad weather
- labour dispute
- vacation
- other reason not specified above (excludes persons on layoff and persons whose job attachment was to a job to start at a definite date in the future).

Unemployed

The unemployed includes those persons who during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week), and were available² for work;
- (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had been on layoff³ and were available² for work;
- (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from reference week, and were available² for work.

Not in the Labour Force

That portion of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week were neither employed nor unemployed.

Unemployment Rate

The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a per cent of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the unemployment in that group expressed as a per cent of the labour force for that group.

Participation Rate

The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

NOTA

Champ de l'enquête sur la population active

Les statistiques figurant dans ce bulletin ont été produites à partir des renseignements tirés d'une enquête par sondage menée auprès des ménages. Environ 52,800 ménages représentatifs répartis dans tout le pays ont été interviewés.

Définitions et explications

Population active

La population active comprend la partie de la population civile hors institution âgée de 15 ans et plus qui avait un emploi ou était en chômage pendant la semaine de référence.

Personnes occupées

Entrent dans cette catégorie toutes les personnes qui, pendant la semaine de référence:

- (a) ont fait un travail¹ quelconque
- (b) avaient un emploi mais n'étaient pas au travail pour l'une des causes suivantes:
 - maladie ou invalidité
 - obligations personnelles ou familiales
 - mauvais temps
 - conflit du travail
 - vacances
 - autre raison non précisée ci-dessus (à l'exception des personnes mises à pied et des personnes qui devaient commencer à travailler à une date future déterminée).

Chômeurs

Entrent dans cette catégorie les personnes qui, pendant la semaine de référence:

- (a) étaient sans travail, avaient activement cherché du travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines (y compris la semaine de référence) et étaient prêtes à travailler²;
- (b) n'avaient pas activement cherché de travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines, mais avaient été mises à pied³ et étaient prêtes à travailler²;
- (c) n'avaient pas activement cherché de travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines, mais devaient commencer à travailler à un nouvel emploi dans quatre semaines ou moins à compter de la semaine de référence et étaient prêtes à travailler².

Inactifs

Les inactifs constituent la partie de la population civile hors institution âgée de 15 ans et plus qui n'avaient pas d'emploi mais n'étaient pas en chômage pendant la semaine de référence.

Taux de chômage

Le taux de chômage représente le nombre de chômeurs en pourcentage de la population active. Le taux de chômage d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est le chômage de ce groupe exprimé en pourcentage de la population active du même groupe.

Taux d'activité

Le taux d'activité d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est la population active de ce groupe exprimée en pourcentage de la population du même groupe.

Employment/Population Ratio

The employment/population ratio represents employment as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment/population ratio for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the employment in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

Seasonal Adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by trend, seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which movements occurring on a regular annual basis have been eliminated.

Using factors derived from previous data in the series, estimates for a particular month are adjusted to take account of the situation which usually prevails in that month, thereby leaving an estimate which reflects the underlying level of the series. For example, experience has shown that in January employment levels for men aged 25 and over are normally about 2.5 per cent lower than for the year as a whole, and the seasonal adjustment of the January estimate is designed to reflect this fact. Since the effects of regular seasonal fluctuations have been removed, the adjusted data enable a better assessment of the general direction in which a series of statistics, such as monthly employment data, is moving.

While seasonal adjustment allows a much better look at the underlying trend of series, the adjusted series still contain irregular fluctuations. Small changes between months may be due to sampling error or some other unusual, non-recurring event; therefore, in evaluating the most recent monthly estimate, users should examine the adjusted series over a number of months to obtain a clearer idea of the underlying trend. This is particularly important in the case of series which are small in magnitude (such series are subject to relatively greater sampling error), or series in which seasonal movements are small (irregular movements in such series may counteract or accentuate regular seasonal changes).

Reliability of Data

Sampling Error

The estimates in this report are based on a sample of household. Somewhat different figures might have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same questionnaires, interviewers, supervisors, processing, etc. as those actually used in the Labour Force Survey. This difference is called the sampling error of the estimates. In the design and processing of the Labour Force Survey extensive efforts have been made to minimize the sampling error. This sampling error is quite small for such main estimates as the employment level for Canada e.g., there are two chances out of three that the error of that estimate will be less than 0.5%. For smaller estimates such as unemployment in Prince Edward Island, the relative error is larger and more caution should be exercised, e.g., there are two chances out of three that such an estimate can vary by as much as 25.0%.

Non-sampling Errors

Errors, which are not related to sampling, may occur at almost every phase of a survey operation. Some of the non-sampling errors will usually balance out over a large number of observations but systematically occurring errors will contribute to biases. Non-sampling errors are reduced by a careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and a thorough control of the processing operation.

Rapport emploi-population

Le rapport emploi-population représente l'emploi en pourcentage de la population de 15 ans et plus. Le rapport emploi-population d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est l'emploi de ce groupe exprimé en pourcentage de la population du même groupe.

Désaisonnalisation

Les fluctuations des séries chronologiques économiques sont causées par des mouvements tendanciels, saisonniers, cycliques et irréguliers. Une série désaisonnalisée est une série dont on a éliminé les effets des mouvements revenant périodiquement chaque année.

A l'aide de facteurs tirés des données déjà publiées dans la série, les estimations d'un mois particulier sont corrigées en fonction de la situation habituelle du mois. L'estimation résultante fait ressortir la tendance sous-jacente de la série. Par exemple, il s'est avéré qu'en janvier, le niveau d'emploi des hommes âgés de 25 ans et plus est normalement inférieur d'environ 2.5 pour cent à celui de l'ensemble de l'année. La désaisonnalisation a pour but de mettre en évidence cette réalité. Puisque les effets des fluctuations saisonnières régulières sont éliminés, on est mieux en mesure d'évaluer l'orientation générale d'une série de statistiques comme les données mensuelles sur l'emploi.

Si la désaisonnalisation fait ressortir beaucoup mieux la tendance sous-jacente d'une série, la série désaisonnalisée n'en contient pas moins des fluctuations irrégulières. Les petites variations qui interviennent d'un mois à l'autre sont peut-être imputables à une erreur d'échantillonnage ou à un événement exceptionnel. Par conséquent, lorsque les utilisateurs évaluent l'estimation mensuelle la plus récente, ils doivent examiner la série désaisonnalisée sur une période de plusieurs mois pour obtenir une meilleure idée de la tendance sous-jacente. Cette démarche est d'autant plus importante lorsqu'il s'agit de séries de moindre envergure (l'erreur d'échantillonnage risque d'être relativement plus forte pour ces séries) ou des séries où les fluctuations saisonnières sont faibles (un mouvement irrégulier de ces séries peut compenser ou accentuer les variations saisonnières normales).

Fiabilité des données

Erreur d'échantillonnage

Les estimations présentées ici sont fondées sur un échantillon de ménages. On aurait pu obtenir des chiffres légèrement différents si l'on avait fait un recensement complet à l'aide des mêmes questionnaires, des mêmes enquêteurs, des mêmes méthodes d'exploitation, etc. que ceux qu'on a effectivement utilisés pour l'enquête sur la population active. Cette différence s'appelle l'erreur d'échantillonnage. Dans le plan et la mise en oeuvre de l'enquête sur la population active, rien n'a été négligé pour réduire au minimum l'erreur d'échantillonnage. Cette erreur d'échantillonnage est assez faible pour les grandes estimations comme celles qui portent sur le niveau de l'emploi au Canada; par ex., il y a deux chances sur trois que l'erreur de cette estimation soit inférieure à 0.5%. Pour les petites estimations, comme celles du chômage dans l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard, l'erreur relative est plus forte et il faut être plus prudent; par ex., il y a deux chances sur trois qu'une telle estimation puisse varier jusqu'à 25.0%.

Erreur d'observation

D'autres erreurs, qui n'ont pas trait à l'échantillonnage, peuvent se produire à presque toutes les étapes d'une enquête. Certaines de ces erreurs d'observation s'annulent après un grand nombre d'observations, mais les erreurs systématiques engendrent des biais. Il est possible de réduire les erreurs d'observation par une rédaction soignée des questionnaires, par une formation et une surveillance intensives des enquêteurs et par un contrôle serré de l'exploitation.



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Alphabetic designation of percent standard deviation

Désignation littérale de l'écart-type exprimé en pourcentage

| Alphabetic indicator | Per cent of estimates at one standard deviation |
|----------------------|---|
| Symbol littéral | % de l'estimation correspondant à un écart-type |
| A | 0.0 % - 0.5 % |
| B | 0.6 % - 1.0 % |
| C | 1.1 % - 2.5 % |
| D | 2.6 % - 5.0 % |
| E | 5.1 % - 10.0 % |
| F | 10.1 % - 16.5 % |
| G | 16.6 % - 25.0 % |
| H | 25.1 % - 33.3 % |
| J | 33.4 % + |

Estimates below four thousand, or with a sampling variability greater than 33.3 per cent, are not published and are indicated in tables by (...). - Les estimations inférieures à quatre mille ou avec une variance plus grande que 33.3 pour cent ne sont pas publiées et sont indiquées dans les tableaux par (...).

¹ Work includes any work for pay or profit. That is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes unpaid family work where unpaid family work is defined as unpaid work which contributed directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned or operated by a related member of the household.

² Persons in this group meeting the following criteria are regarded as available:

(i) were full-time students seeking part-time work who also met condition (ii) below. (Full-time students looking for full-time work are classified as not available for work in the reference week.)

(ii) reported that there was no reason why they could not take a job in reference week, or, if they could not take a job it was because of "own illness or disability", "personal or family responsibilities", or already had a job.

³ Persons are classified as being on layoff only when they expect to return to the job from which they were laid off.

¹ On entend par "travail" tout travail fait contre rémunération ou en vue d'un bénéfice, c'est-à-dire le travail fait contre rémunération pour un employeur ou à son propre compte. Il peut également s'agir d'un travail familial non rémunéré, c'est-à-dire d'un travail non rémunéré qui contribue directement à l'exploitation d'une ferme, d'une entreprise ou d'un bureau professionnel, qui est possédé ou exploité par un membre apparenté du ménage.

² On considère comme prêtes à travailler les personnes de ce groupe qui:

(i) étaient étudiants à plein temps cherchant du travail à temps partiel et qui répondent également au critère (ii) ci-dessous. (Les étudiants à plein temps qui cherchaient du travail à plein temps ne sont pas considérés comme ayant été prêts à travailler pendant la semaine de référence.)

(ii) ont déclaré qu'il n'y avait aucune raison pour laquelle elles ne pouvaient prendre un emploi pendant la semaine de référence; ou ne pouvaient en prendre un en raison "d'une maladie ou d'une invalidité", "d'obligations personnelles ou familiales", ou "parce qu'elles avaient déjà un emploi".

³ On considère comme mises à pied seules les personnes qui s'attendent à réintégrer l'emploi qu'elles occupaient avant d'être mises à pied.