

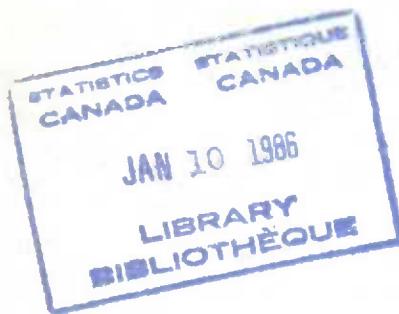


Statistics
Canada

Statistique
Canada

Labour Force Information

FOR THE WEEK ENDED
DECEMBER 14, 1985



Information population active

POUR LA SEMAINE TERMINÉE
14 DÉCEMBRE 1985



Price: Canada, \$5.00, \$50.00 a year
Other Countries, \$6.00, \$60.00 a year

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1986

NE PAS PUBLIER AVANT 7 HEURES (HNE)
VENDREDI, 10 JANVIER 1986

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | <u>Page</u> |
|------------------|-------------|
| Chart | 4 |
| Commentary | 5 |

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLESSeasonally adjusted dataTable

1. Main estimates - Canada 11
2. Main estimates by province 13

Unadjusted Data

3. Employment by province, industry and sex 16
 4. Employment by province, occupation and sex 17
 5. Metropolitan areas, all characteristics..... 18
 6. Economic regions, all characteristics..... 19
- Map - Economic regions 21
- Notes 22

TABLE DES MATIÈRES

| | <u>Page</u> |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Graphique | 4 |
| Commentaire | 5 |

LISTE DES TABLEAUX STATISTIQUESChiffres désaisonnalisésTableau

1. Estimations principales - Canada 11
2. Estimations principales par province 13

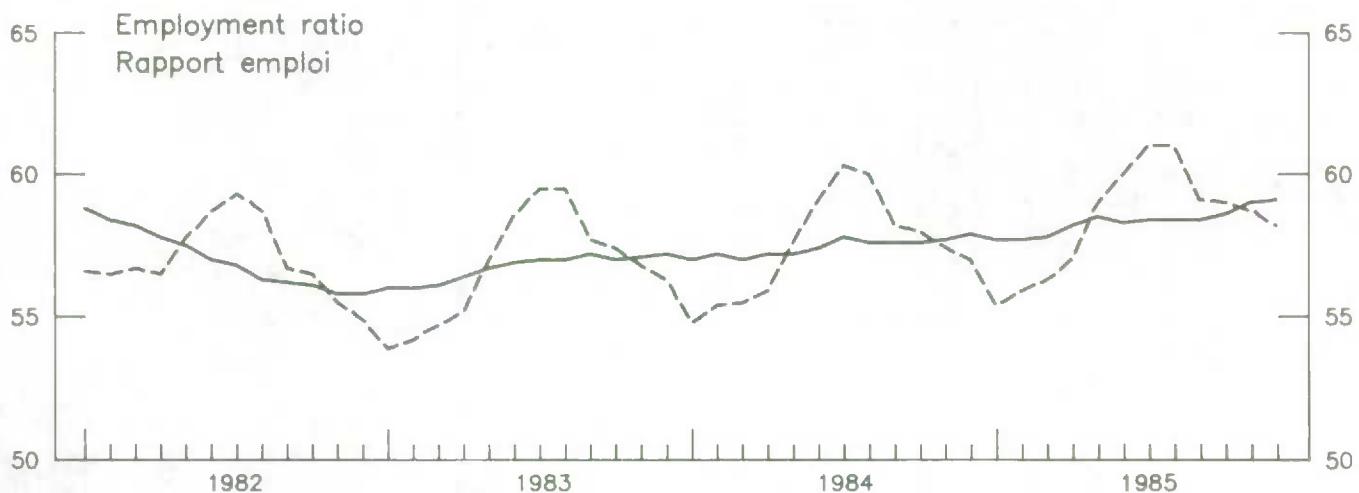
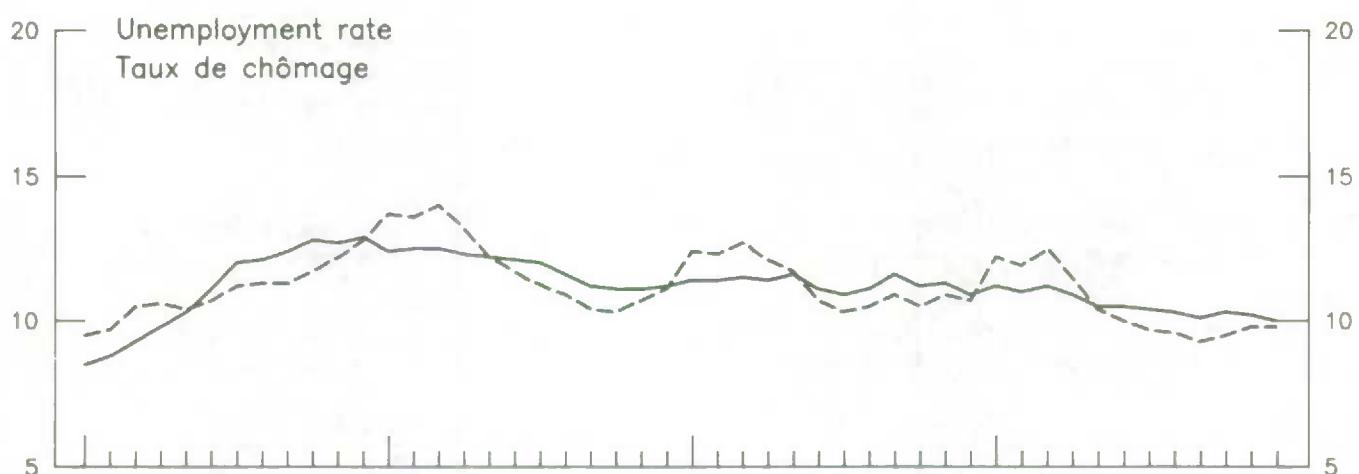
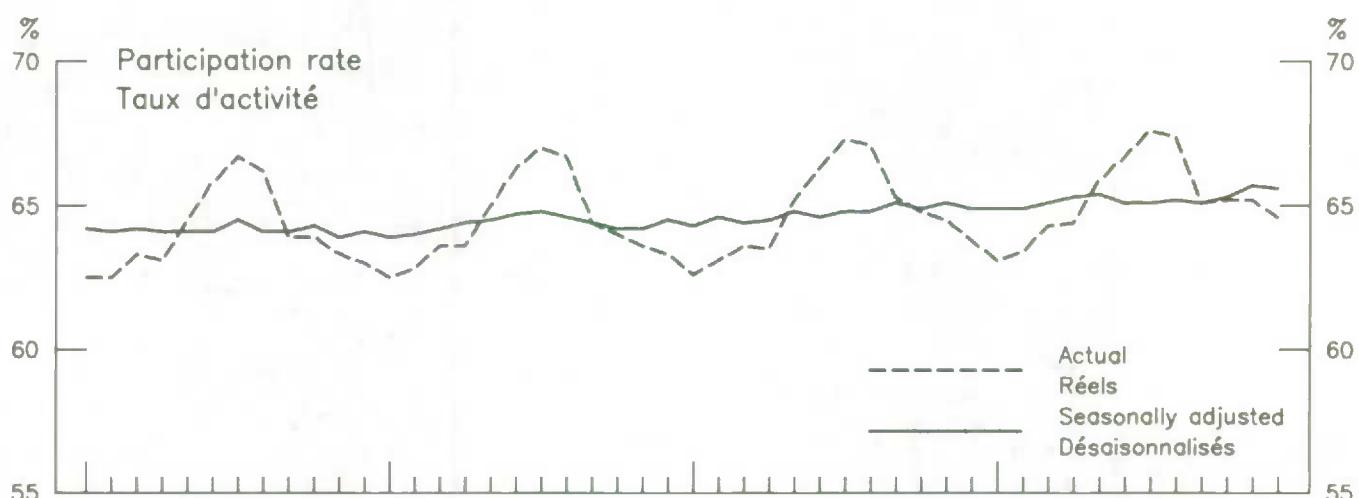
Chiffres non désaisonnalisés

3. Emploi selon la province, la branche d'activité et le sexe 16
 4. Emploi selon la province, la profession et le sexe 17
 5. Régions métropolitaines, toutes les caractéristiques..... 18
 6. Régions économiques, toutes les caractéristiques..... 19
- Carte - régions économiques 21
- Nota 22

Participation, Unemployment Rates, Employment Ratio, Canada

Taux d'activité, taux de chômage, rapport emploi, Canada

(Actual and seasonally adjusted – Chiffres réels et désaisonnalisés)



COMMENTARY

Overview

Estimates from Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey for December, 1985 indicate continued improvements in labour market conditions. The seasonally adjusted level of employment maintained the upward trend noted since the beginning of the year, rising by 34,000 over the November estimate. Unemployment declined by 26,000, on a seasonally adjusted basis. These two factors combine to lower the unemployment rate to 10.0, a decrease of 0.2 from the previous month.

Employment

The seasonally adjusted level of employment for the week ending December 14, 1985 was an estimated 11,503,000, an increase of 34,000 over that of November. Employment rose by 20,000 to 9,090,000 for persons aged 25 and over, of which 14,000 was attributed to females in this age group. Employment increased by 14,000 to 2,413,000 for persons aged 15 to 24. It rose by 19,000 for young men while there was a decline of 5,000 among young women.

The seasonally adjusted estimate of full-time employment rose by 37,000 to 9,731,000 in December, with increases of 21,000 among females and of 16,000 for males. Part-time employment was little changed at 1,780,000.

Employment increased in the finance, insurance and real estate (+ 19,000), manufacturing (+18,000) and construction (+ 12,000) industries. It declined in the services (- 22,000) and primary industries other than agriculture (- 4,000) while there was little change in the remaining sectors.

COMMENTAIRE

Aperçu

Les estimations de Statistique Canada tirées de l'enquête sur la population active de décembre 1985 montrent que les conditions du marché du travail ont continué de s'améliorer. Le niveau désaisonnalisé de l'emploi a poursuivi sa remontée amorcée au début de l'année, augmentant de 34,000 par rapport à novembre 1985. Le niveau de chômage désaisonnalisé a diminué de 26,000. Ces deux facteurs conjugués ramènent l'estimation du taux de chômage à 10.0, en baisse de 0.2 par rapport au mois dernier.

Emploi

Pour la semaine se terminant le 14 décembre 1985, le niveau désaisonnalisé de l'emploi est estimé à 11,503,000, soit 34,000 de plus qu'en novembre dernier. Il s'est élevé à 9,090,000 pour les personnes de 25 ans et plus, soit un accroissement de 20,000, dont 14,000 pour les femmes de ce groupe d'âge. Il a augmenté à 2,413,000 pour les jeunes de 15 à 24 ans, en hausse de 14,000. Pour les jeunes hommes il s'est accru de 19,000 et il a diminué de 5,000 pour les jeunes femmes.

L'estimation du niveau désaisonnalisé de l'emploi à plein temps s'est fixée à 9,731,000, suite à une augmentation de 37,000, dont 21,000 pour les femmes et 16,000 pour les hommes. L'emploi à temps partiel a peu varié, se situant à 1,780,000.

L'emploi estimatif a surtout augmenté dans le secteur des finances, des assurances et des affaires immobilières (+19,000), dans le secteur manufacturier (+18,000) et dans celui de la construction (+12,000). Il a diminué dans le secteur des services (-22,000) et celui des industries primaires autres que l'agriculture (-4,000). Il a peu varié dans les autres secteurs.

The estimated level of employment increased by 13,000 in British Columbia, by 9,000 in Alberta, and by 4,000 in New Brunswick. There was little or no change in the other provinces.

Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment for December, 1985 declined by 26,000, to 1,279,000. Among those aged 25 and over, unemployment was an estimated 824,000, a decrease of 16,000 from November. There were declines of 9,000 for females and of 7,000 for males in this age group, to 375,000 and 449,000, respectively. Unemployment decreased by 10,000 to 455,000 for persons aged 15 to 24, primarily as the result of a decline of 8,000 in the level for young males.

The estimated level of unemployment declined in British Columbia (- 5,000) and in Nova Scotia (- 3,000). There was an increase in unemployment in Newfoundland of 3,000 while little or no change was noted in the other provinces.

Unemployment Rate

The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for December, 1985 declined slightly, by 0.2 to 10.0. As the result of a 0.6 decline in the rate among young males, the unemployment rate for those aged 15 to 24 decreased by 0.3 to 15.9. The rate eased 0.2 to 8.3 for those aged 25 and over.

The unemployment rate declined by 0.6 to 14.7 in Prince Edward Island, by 0.7 to 12.8 in Nova Scotia, by 0.2 to 15.0 in New Brunswick, by 0.1 to 11.7 in Quebec, by 0.2 to 7.4 in Manitoba, by 0.2 to 9.4 in Alberta, and by 0.4 to 14.1 in British Columbia. The rate rose by 1.2 to 20.8 in Newfoundland and by 0.3 to 8.2 in Saskatchewan while it remained unchanged at 7.4 in Ontario.

Les niveaux estimés de l'emploi se sont élevés en Colombie-Britannique (+13,000), en Alberta (+9,000) et au Nouveau-Brunswick (+4,000). Ils ont peu variés dans les autres provinces.

Chômage

En décembre 1985, l'estimation désaisonnalisée du chômage a régressé de 26,000, pour s'établir à 1,279,000. Pour les personnes de 25 ans et plus, le niveau de chômage s'est fixé à 824,000, soit un recul de 16,000 par rapport à novembre 1985. Il a diminué de 9,000 pour les femmes (375,000) et de 7,000 pour les hommes (449,000). Pour les jeunes de 15 à 24 ans, il s'est situé à 455,000, soit une baisse de 10,000. Cette diminution est concentrée chez les jeunes hommes (-8,000).

Le niveau estimatif du chômage a fléchi en Colombie-Britannique (-5,000) et en Nouvelle-Écosse (-3,000). Il s'est accru à Terre-Neuve (+3,000) et a peu ou pas varié dans les autres provinces.

Taux de chômage

L'estimation désaisonnalisée du taux de chômage a légèrement reculé de 0.2 en décembre 1985 pour se fixer à 10.0. Suite à une baisse de 0.6 pour les jeunes hommes, le taux de chômage a diminué de 0.3 chez les 15 à 24 ans pour s'établir à 15.9. Il a fléchi de 0.2 chez les personnes de 25 ans et plus (8.3).

Le taux de chômage estimatif a régressé de 0.6 à l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard (14.7), de 0.7 en Nouvelle-Écosse (12.8), de 0.2 au Nouveau-Brunswick (15.0), de 0.1 au Québec (11.7), de 0.2 au Manitoba (7.4), de 0.2 en Alberta (9.4) et de 0.4 en Colombie-Britannique (14.1). Il a avancé de 1.2 à Terre-Neuve (20.8) et de 0.3 en Saskatchewan (8.2). Il n'a pas varié en Ontario (7.4).

Participation Rate

The seasonally adjusted participation rate for December, 1985 declined slightly (- 0.1) to 65.6. Among persons aged 25 and over, the participation rate was 64.9, a decrease of 0.1 from the previous month. The rate was 68.2 for those aged 15 to 24, an increase of 0.2. There was an increase of 0.6 for young males and a decline of 0.2 for young females.

Employment/Population Ratio

The seasonally adjusted employment/population ratio rose by 0.1 to 59.1 in December, 1985. It increased by 0.4 to 57.4 for persons aged 15 to 24 mainly as the result of an increase of 1.0 for young men. The employment/population ratio remained unchanged at 59.5 for persons aged 25 and over.

Unadjusted Data

The unadjusted estimate of employment for December, 1985 was 11,339,000, an increase of 372,000 (+ 3.4%) above that of the previous year. The unemployment level was an estimated 1,238,000, a decline of 78,000 (-5.9%) from December, 1984. The unemployment rate fell 0.9 from that of a year ago, to 9.8. The participation rate was 64.6 in December, 0.8 above the rate of the same month a year ago. The employment/population ratio was an estimated 58.2, an increase of 1.2 over the ratio of last year.

Taux d'activité

Le taux d'activité désaisonnalisé pour décembre 1985 a légèrement diminué de 0.1 pour se fixer à 65.6. Pour les personnes de 25 ans et plus, il est estimé à 64.9, une diminution de 0.1. Le taux d'activité a atteint 68.2 pour les personnes de 15 à 24 ans, une hausse de 0.2. Il s'est élevé de 0.6 pour les jeunes hommes et a diminué de 0.2 pour les jeunes femmes.

Rapport emploi-population

L'estimation désaisonnalisée du rapport emploi-population a avancé de 0.1 pour s'établir à 59.1 en décembre 1985. Pour les jeunes de 15 à 24 ans, il s'est accru de 0.4 (57.4), suite au gain de 1.0 pour les jeunes hommes (58.4). Il n'a pas varié pour les personnes de 25 ans et plus (59.5).

Données non désaisonnalisées

En décembre 1985, l'estimation non désaisonnalisée de l'emploi s'est établie à 11,339,000, soit 372,000 (+3.4%) de plus que l'année précédente. Le niveau du chômage s'est chiffré à 1,238,000, une diminution de 78,000 (-5.9%) par rapport à décembre 1984. Le taux de chômage a reculé de 0.9 point de pourcentage depuis l'année passée pour se fixer à 9.8 ce mois-ci. Le taux d'activité a atteint 64.6 en décembre, une hausse de 0.8 comparativement au même mois de l'an dernier. Le rapport emploi-population est estimé à 58.2, un accroissement de 1.2 point depuis un an.

Notes to Data Users

1. The 1985 annual averages will be published in this month's issue of The Labour Force (Cat. No. 71-001). The annual averages for the major labour force characteristics are:

| | <u>1985</u> | <u>1984</u> | <u>Change</u> | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | <u>Changement</u> |
| Labour Force | 12,639,000 | 12,399,000 | + 240,000 (1.9) | Population active |
| Employment | 11,311,000 | 11,000,000 | + 311,000 (2.8) | Emploi |
| Unemployment | 1,328,000 | 1,399,000 | - 71,000 (5.1) | Chômage |
| Unemployment Rate | 10.5 | 11.3 | - 0.8 | Taux de chômage |
| Participation Rate | 65.2 | 64.8 | + 0.4 | Taux d'activité |
| Employment/Population Ratio | 58.4 | 57.4 | + 1.0 | Rapport emploi-population |

2. The December 1985 issue of The Labour Force (Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 71-001) contains an article entitled "Hourly Earnings in 1984". This article is based on data from the Survey of Union Membership which was conducted as a supplement to the Labour Force Survey in December 1984. The analysis focuses on hourly earnings of paid workers by age, sex, marital status, educational attainment, full-time/part-time employment and province.
3. The release dates for the next year will be:

| | | | |
|----------|----|-----------|------|
| February | 7 | August | 8 |
| March | 7 | September | 5 |
| April | 4 | October | 10 |
| May | 9 | November | 7 |
| June | 6 | December | 5 |
| July | 11 | January | 9/87 |

Notes aux utilisateurs des données

1. Les moyennes annuelles de 1985 seront publiées dans le bulletin La population active (no. 71-001 au catalogue) du mois courant. En ce qui concerne les principales caractéristiques de l'activité, les moyennes sont les suivantes:

2. L'édition de décembre 1985 de La population active (n° 71-001 au catalogue de Statistique Canada) renferme un article intitulé "Rémunération horaire en 1984". Cet article s'inspire des données de l'enquête sur l'adhésion syndicale, qui a été effectuée à titre de supplément à l'enquête sur la population active en décembre 1984. L'analyse met en lumière les gains horaires des travailleurs rémunérés, selon l'âge, le sexe, l'état matrimonial, le niveau d'instruction, l'emploi à temps plein/à temps partiel et la province.
 3. Les dates de diffusion pour la présente année sont les suivantes:
- | | | | |
|---------|----|-----------|------|
| Février | 7 | Août | 8 |
| Mars | 7 | Septembre | 5 |
| Avril | 4 | Octobre | 10 |
| Mai | 9 | Novembre | 7 |
| Juin | 6 | Décembre | 5 |
| Juillet | 11 | Janvier | 9/87 |

4. The publication Historical Labour Force Statistics (Cat. No. 71-201), containing revised seasonally adjusted data and other historical series, will be published about the end of January 1986.

Data are available on CANSIM on the day of release at 7 a.m. E.S.T.

For further information call:

Ray Ryan
Ken Bennett
Hélène Lavoie
Bruce Petrie

4. La publication Statistiques chronologiques sur la population active (no. 71-201 au catalogue), qui contient les données désaisonnalisées révisées et d'autres séries chronologiques, sera publié vers la fin de janvier 1986.

Les données sont disponibles sur CANSIM dès 7 heures (HNE) le jour même de leur diffusion.

Pour obtenir de plus amples renseignements, téléphoner à:

(613) 990-0998
(613) 990-9448
(613) 990-9448
(613) 990-6155

TABLE 1. MAIN ESTIMATES, CANADA

TABLEAU 1. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES, CANADA

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------------------------|-----|-------|------|------|--------------------|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | | | | | | MONTH-TD-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | | | | | | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AOUT | N | D | O | N | S | O | A | S | 1985 | 1984 | VARIATION ANNUELLE |
| | | | | | | THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | DEC. | DEC. | % |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | 12,782 | 12,774 | 12,691 | 12,631 | 12,644 | 8 | 83 | 60 | -13 | 12,577 | 12,282 | 295 | 2.4 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 7,320 | 7,310 | 7,263 | 7,225 | 7,254 | 10 | 47 | 38 | +29 | 7,176 | 7,042 | 134 | 1.9 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 5,462 | 5,464 | 5,428 | 5,406 | 5,390 | -2 | 36 | 22 | -16 | 5,402 | 5,240 | 162 | 3.1 | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 2,868 | 2,864 | 2,657 | 2,831 | 2,862 | 4 | 7 | 26 | -31 | 2,725 | 2,721 | 4 | 0.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 1,509 | 1,498 | 1,489 | 1,471 | 1,501 | 11 | 9 | 18 | -30 | 1,419 | 1,419 | - | - | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,359 | 1,365 | 1,368 | 1,360 | 1,361 | -7 | -2 | 8 | -1 | 1,306 | 1,302 | 4 | 0.3 | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 1,036 | 1,015 | 1,017 | 989 | 1,021 | 21 | -2 | 28 | +32 | 962 | 946 | 16 | 1.7 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 541 | 522 | 524 | 507 | 527 | 19 | -2 | 17 | -20 | 495 | 485 | 10 | 2.1 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 495 | 493 | 493 | 482 | 494 | 2 | - | 11 | +12 | 457 | 461 | 6 | 1.3 | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 1,829 | 1,852 | 1,839 | 1,833 | 1,851 | -23 | 13 | 6 | -18 | 1,763 | 1,775 | -12 | -0.7 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 967 | 980 | 965 | 960 | 980 | -13 | 15 | 5 | -20 | 924 | 934 | -10 | -1.1 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 862 | 872 | 874 | 873 | 871 | -10 | -2 | 1 | -2 | 839 | 841 | -2 | -0.2 | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 9,914 | 9,910 | 9,834 | 9,800 | 9,782 | 4 | 75 | 34 | 18 | 9,852 | 9,561 | 291 | 3.0 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 5,811 | 5,812 | 5,774 | 5,754 | 5,753 | -1 | 38 | 20 | 1 | 5,757 | 5,623 | 134 | 2.4 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,103 | 4,098 | 4,060 | 4,046 | 4,029 | 5 | 38 | 14 | 17 | 4,096 | 3,938 | 158 | 4.0 | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 8,541 | 8,511 | 8,457 | 8,440 | 8,425 | 30 | 54 | 17 | 15 | 8,482 | 8,225 | 257 | 3.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 4,896 | 4,885 | 4,861 | 4,850 | 4,849 | 11 | 24 | 11 | 1 | 4,849 | 4,743 | 106 | 2.2 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,645 | 3,626 | 3,596 | 3,590 | 3,576 | 19 | 30 | 6 | 14 | 3,633 | 3,481 | 152 | 4.4 | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | 11,503 | 11,469 | 11,386 | 11,349 | 11,337 | 34 | 83 | 37 | -12 | 11,339 | 10,967 | 372 | 3.4 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,606 | 6,581 | 6,519 | 6,515 | 6,524 | 25 | 62 | 4 | +9 | 6,459 | 6,269 | 190 | 3.0 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,897 | 4,888 | 4,857 | 4,834 | 4,813 | 9 | 21 | 33 | -21 | 4,880 | 4,697 | 183 | 3.9 | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 2,413 | 2,399 | 2,392 | 2,374 | 2,407 | 14 | 7 | 18 | -33 | 2,301 | 2,267 | 34 | 1.5 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 1,244 | 1,225 | 1,213 | 1,208 | 1,238 | 19 | 12 | 5 | -30 | 1,159 | 1,149 | 10 | 0.9 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,169 | 1,174 | 1,179 | 1,165 | 1,169 | -5 | -5 | 13 | -3 | 1,142 | 1,118 | 24 | 2.1 | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 847 | 824 | 821 | 802 | 837 | 23 | 3 | 19 | -35 | 793 | 770 | 23 | 3.0 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 430 | 409 | 408 | 401 | 423 | 21 | 1 | 7 | -22 | 389 | 380 | 9 | 2.4 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 417 | 415 | 413 | 401 | 414 | 2 | 2 | 12 | -13 | 403 | 390 | 13 | 3.3 | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 1,563 | 1,579 | 1,572 | 1,565 | 1,580 | -15 | 7 | 7 | -15 | 1,509 | 1,497 | 12 | 0.8 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 812 | 819 | 805 | 802 | 822 | -7 | 14 | 3 | -20 | 769 | 769 | - | - | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 751 | 760 | 767 | 763 | 758 | -9 | -7 | 4 | -5 | 739 | 727 | 12 | 1.7 | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 9,090 | 9,070 | 8,994 | 8,975 | 8,930 | 20 | 76 | 19 | 45 | 9,038 | 8,699 | 339 | 3.9 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 5,362 | 5,356 | 5,306 | 5,307 | 5,285 | 6 | 50 | -1 | 21 | 5,300 | 5,120 | 180 | 3.5 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,728 | 3,714 | 3,688 | 3,668 | 3,644 | 14 | 26 | 20 | 24 | 3,738 | 3,579 | 159 | 4.4 | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 7,808 | 7,769 | 7,719 | 7,715 | 7,673 | 39 | 50 | 4 | 42 | 7,767 | 7,463 | 304 | 4.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 4,506 | 4,495 | 4,461 | 4,468 | 4,452 | 11 | 34 | -7 | 16 | 4,459 | 4,314 | 145 | 3.4 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,302 | 3,274 | 3,258 | 3,247 | 3,221 | 28 | 16 | 11 | 26 | 3,309 | 3,149 | 160 | 5.1 | | | |
| FULL-TIME - PLEIN TEMPS | 9,731 | 9,694 | 9,620 | 9,562 | 9,586 | 37 | 74 | 58 | -24 | 9,459 | 9,174 | 285 | 3.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,108 | 6,092 | 6,029 | 6,025 | 6,025 | 16 | 63 | 4 | - | 5,922 | 5,751 | 171 | 3.0 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 3,623 | 3,602 | 3,591 | 3,537 | 3,561 | 21 | 11 | 54 | -24 | 3,537 | 3,423 | 114 | 3.3 | | | |
| PART-TIME - TEMPS PARTIEL | 1,780 | 1,778 | 1,768 | 1,765 | 1,738 | 2 | 10 | -17 | 47 | 1,680 | 1,792 | 88 | 4.9 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 500 | 495 | 489 | 492 | 490 | 4 | 7 | -3 | 2 | 537 | 518 | 19 | 3.7 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 1,280 | 1,282 | 1,279 | 1,293 | 1,248 | -2 | 3 | -14 | 45 | 1,343 | 1,274 | 69 | 5.4 | | | |
| AGRICULTURE | 487 | 488 | 490 | 488 | 490 | -1 | -2 | 2 | -2 | 440 | 427 | 13 | 3.0 | | | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 11,021 | 10,993 | 10,909 | 10,860 | 10,840 | 28 | 84 | 49 | -20 | 10,899 | 10,540 | 359 | 3.4 | | | |
| OTHER PRIMARY - AUTRES INDUSTRIES PRIMAIRES | 304 | 308 | 299 | 288 | 296 | -4 | 9 | 11 | -8 | 287 | 276 | 11 | 4.0 | | | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFACTURIERES | 2,014 | 1,996 | 1,971 | 1,966 | 1,970 | 18 | 25 | 5 | -4 | 1,988 | 1,952 | 36 | 1.8 | | | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 610 | 598 | 590 | 578 | 584 | 12 | 8 | 12 | -6 | 577 | 547 | 30 | 5.5 | | | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 2,027 | 2,034 | 2,010 | 1,988 | 1,974 | -7 | 24 | 22 | 14 | 2,051 | 1,998 | 53 | 2.7 | | | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 906 | 901 | 898 | 899 | 893 | 5 | 3 | -1 | 6 | 904 | 856 | 48 | 5.6 | | | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 650 | 631 | 628 | 639 | 625 | 19 | 3 | -11 | 14 | 643 | 617 | 26 | 4.2 | | | |
| SERVICES | 3,686 | 3,708 | 3,700 | 3,698 | 3,691 | -22 | 8 | 2 | 7 | 3,668 | 3,542 | 126 | 3.6 | | | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRATION PUBLIQUE | 820 | 819 | 811 | 807 | 809 | 1 | 8 | 4 | -2 | 783 | 751 | 32 | 4.3 | | | |
| PAID WORKERS - TRAVAILLEURS REMUNERES | 10,321 | 10,289 | 10,218 | 10,163 | 10,136 | 32 | 71 | 55 | 27 | 10,159 | 9,789 | 370 | 3.8 | | | |
| PAID WORKERS NON AGRICULTURE - TRAVAILLEURS NON AGRICOLES REMUNERES | 10,152 | 10,125 | 10,048 | 9,996 | 9,963 | 27 | 77 | 52 | 33 | 10,024 | 9,667 | 357 | 3.7 | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT - CHOMAGE | 1,279 | 1,305 | 1,305 | 1,282 | 1,307 | -26 | - | 23 | -25 | 1,238 | 1,315 | -78 | -5.9 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 714 | 729 | 744 | 710 | 730 | -15 | -15 | 34 | -20 | 717 | 773 | -56 | -7.2 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 565 | 576 | 561 | 572 | 577 | -11 | 15 | -11 | -5 | 521 | 543 | -22 | -4.1 | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 455 | 465 | 465 | 457 | 455 | -10 | - | 8 | -2 | 423 | 454 | -31 | -6.8 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 265 | 273 | 276 | 263 | 263 | -8 | -3 | 13 | - | 260 | 270 | -10 | -3.7 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 190 | 192 | 189 | 194 | 192 | -2 | 3 | -3 | 5 | 163 | 184 | -21 | -11.4 | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 189 | 191 | 196 | 187 | 184 | -2 | -5 | 9 | -3 | 169 | 176 | -7 | -4.0 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 111 | 113 | 116 | 105 | 104 | -2 | -3 | 10 | -2 | 105 | 105 | - | - | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 78 | 78 | 80 | 81 | 80 | - | -2 | 1 | -1 | 64 | 70 | -6 | -8.6 | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 266 | 273 | 267 | 268 | 271 | -7 | 6 | -1 | -3 | 254 | 278 | -24 | -8.6 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 155 | 161 | 150 | 158 | 158 | -6 | 1 | 2 | - | 155 | 164 | -9 | -5.5 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 111 | 112 | 107 | 110 | 113 | -1 | 5 | -3 | -3 | 100 | 114 | -14 | -12.3 | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 824 | 840 | 840 | 825 | 852 | -16 | - | 15 | -27 | 815 | 862 | -47 | -5.5 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 449 | 456 | 468 | 447 | 457 | -7 | -12 | 21 | -20 | 457 | 503 | -46 | -9.1 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 375 | 384 | 372 | 378 | 385 | -9 | 12 | -6 | -7 | 358 | 358 | - | - | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 733 | 742 | 738 | 725 | 752 | -9 | 4 | 13 | -27 | 715 | 761 | -46 | -6.0 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 390 | 390 | 400 | 382 | 397 | - | -10 | 18 | -15 | 390 | 429 | -39 | -9.1 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 343 | 352 | 338 | 343 | 355 | -9 | 14 | -5 | -12 | 325 | 332 | -7 | -2.1 | | | |

TABLE 1. MAIN ESTIMATES, CANADA

TABLEAU 1. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES, CANADA

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED RATES | | | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED RATES | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|--------------------|
| | TAUX DESAISSONNISÉS | | | | | | | | | | | | TAUX NON DESAISSONNISÉS | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | | 1984 | | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | DEC. | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AOUT | DEC. | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | 1985 | 1984 | DEC. | DEC. | YEAR/YEAR |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | N - D C - N S - O A - S | | | | | CHANGE |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | VARIATION ANNUELLE |
| | PERCENT - POURCENTAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX DE CHOMAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.9 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.2 | -0.2 | 9.8 | 10.7 | -0.9 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 9.8 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.7 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.4 | -0.3 | 10.0 | 11.0 | -1.0 | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.0 | -0.2 | 0.2 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 9.7 | 10.4 | -0.7 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 15.9 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.1 | 15.9 | 17.0 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 15.5 | 16.7 | -1.2 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 17.6 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 18.3 | -0.6 | -0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 18.3 | 19.0 | -0.7 | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 14.0 | 14.1 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 14.1 | 15.6 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.5 | 0.2 | 12.5 | 14.1 | -1.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 18.2 | 18.8 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 18.0 | 19.2 | -0.6 | -0.5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 17.6 | 18.6 | -1.0 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 20.5 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 20.9 | 19.7 | 21.1 | -1.1 | -0.5 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 21.3 | 21.7 | -0.4 | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 14.5 | 14.7 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 15.8 | -0.2 | 0.2 | -0.1 | - | - | 14.4 | 15.7 | -1.3 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 16.0 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 16.8 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 16.7 | 17.6 | -0.9 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 12.9 | 12.8 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 14.7 | 0.1 | 0.6 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 11.9 | 13.5 | -1.6 | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 8.3 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 9.0 | -0.2 | - | 0.1 | -0.3 | 8.3 | 9.0 | -0.7 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 7.7 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.7 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 7.9 | 8.9 | -1.0 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 9.1 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 9.4 | -0.3 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -0.3 | 8.7 | 9.1 | -0.4 | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.3 | -0.1 | - | 0.1 | -0.3 | 8.4 | 9.3 | -0.9 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 8.8 | - | -0.2 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 8.1 | 9.0 | -0.9 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.0 | -0.3 | 0.3 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 8.9 | 9.5 | -0.6 | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX D'ACTIVITE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 65.6 | 65.7 | 65.3 | 65.1 | 65.2 | 64.9 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 64.6 | 63.8 | 0.8 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 76.9 | 76.9 | 76.5 | 76.1 | 76.5 | 76.4 | - | 0.4 | 0.4 | -0.4 | 75.4 | 74.8 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 54.9 | 54.9 | 54.6 | 54.5 | 54.4 | 53.9 | - | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 54.3 | 53.2 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 68.2 | 68.0 | 67.7 | 67.0 | 67.6 | 66.8 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | -0.6 | 64.8 | 63.4 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 70.8 | 70.2 | 69.7 | 68.8 | 70.0 | 69.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.9 | -1.2 | 66.6 | 65.4 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 65.5 | 65.7 | 65.7 | 65.2 | 65.1 | 63.9 | -0.2 | - | 0.5 | 0.1 | 62.9 | 61.3 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 54.4 | 53.2 | 53.2 | 51.7 | 53.2 | 52.3 | 1.2 | - | 1.5 | -1.5 | 50.5 | 48.2 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 55.5 | 53.5 | 53.7 | 51.8 | 53.8 | 53.4 | 2.0 | -0.2 | 1.9 | -2.0 | 50.8 | 48.5 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 53.1 | 52.8 | 52.7 | 51.5 | 52.7 | 51.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 1.2 | -1.2 | 50.1 | 48.0 | 2.1 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 79.6 | 80.4 | 79.7 | 79.4 | 80.0 | 78.8 | -0.8 | 0.7 | 0.3 | -0.6 | 76.7 | 75.1 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 83.5 | 84.6 | 83.2 | 82.7 | 84.3 | 83.2 | -1.0 | 1.4 | 0.5 | -1.6 | 79.9 | 79.8 | 0.1 | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 64.9 | 65.0 | 64.6 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.4 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 64.5 | 63.9 | 0.6 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 78.7 | 78.8 | 78.4 | 78.3 | 78.4 | 78.4 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 76.0 | 77.7 | 0.3 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 52.1 | 52.1 | 51.7 | 51.6 | 51.5 | 51.2 | - | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 52.0 | 51.0 | 1.0 | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 81.4 | 81.3 | 80.9 | 80.8 | 80.9 | 80.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 80.8 | 80.0 | 0.8 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 93.9 | 93.8 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 93.6 | 93.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | - | -0.1 | 93.0 | 92.8 | 0.2 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 69.1 | 68.6 | 68.4 | 68.4 | 68.2 | 67.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 68.8 | 67.4 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT EMPLOI-POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 59.1 | 59.0 | 58.6 | 58.4 | 58.4 | 57.9 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | 58.2 | 57.0 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 69.4 | 69.2 | 68.6 | 68.7 | 68.8 | 68.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 67.9 | 66.6 | 1.3 | | | | | |
| 15-24 YEARS - ANS | 49.2 | 49.1 | 49.0 | 48.7 | 48.5 | 48.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 49.0 | 47.7 | 1.3 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 57.4 | 57.0 | 56.7 | 56.2 | 56.9 | 55.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | -0.7 | 54.7 | 52.8 | 1.9 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 58.4 | 57.4 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 57.8 | 56.9 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -1.3 | 54.4 | 53.0 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| 15-19 YEARS - ANS | 56.2 | 55.5 | 56.7 | 55.9 | 55.9 | 53.9 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.8 | - | 55.1 | 52.7 | 2.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 44.5 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 41.9 | 43.6 | 42.2 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 1.1 | -1.7 | 41.6 | 39.3 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 44.7 | 44.5 | 44.2 | 42.8 | 44.1 | 42.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.4 | -1.3 | 43.3 | 40.7 | 2.6 | | | | | |
| 20-24 YEARS - ANS | 68.0 | 68.6 | 68.2 | 67.7 | 68.3 | 66.4 | -0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.6 | 65.5 | 64.2 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 70.2 | 70.7 | 69.4 | 69.1 | 70.7 | 69.2 | -0.5 | 1.3 | 0.3 | -1.6 | 66.5 | 65.8 | 0.7 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 65.7 | 66.4 | 66.9 | 66.4 | 65.8 | 63.5 | -0.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 64.7 | 62.5 | 2.2 | | | | | |
| 25 YEARS AND OVER-ANS ET PLUS | 59.5 | 59.5 | 59.1 | 59.1 | 58.9 | 58.6 | - | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 59.2 | 58.2 | 1.0 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 72.6 | 72.6 | 72.1 | 72.2 | 72.0 | 71.6 | - | 0.5 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 71.8 | 70.7 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 47.3 | 47.2 | 47.0 | 46.8 | 46.6 | 46.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 47.4 | 46.4 | 1.0 | | | | | |
| 25-54 YEARS - ANS | 74.4 | 74.2 | 73.8 | 73.9 | 73.6 | 73.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | -0.1 | 0.3 | 74.0 | 72.6 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 86.4 | 86.3 | 85.8 | 86.1 | 85.9 | 85.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 0.2 | 85.5 | 84.4 | 1.1 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 62.6 | 62.1 | 62.0 | 61.8 | 61.5 | 61.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 62.7 | 60.9 | 1.8 | | | | | |

TABLE 2 MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2 ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|----------------------------------|------|------|------|--------------------|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | DEC. | DEC. | YEAR/YEAR |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | | | | | | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | 1985 | 1984 | CHANGE |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | | | | | | N - O O N S - O A - S | | DEC. | DEC. | VARIATION ANNUELLE |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | % |
| NEWFOUNDLAND - TERRE-NEUVE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 226 | 224 | 224 | 225 | 224 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 210 | 209 | 1 | 0.5 |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 179 | 180 | 180 | 181 | 178 | -1 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 166 | 164 | 2 | 1.2 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 107 | 108 | 108 | 109 | 107 | -1 | - | - | 1 | 2 | 98 | 99 | -1 | -1.0 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 71 | 72 | 72 | 73 | 70 | -1 | - | - | 1 | 3 | 67 | 65 | 2 | 3.1 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 47 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 46 | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | 44 | 45 | -1 | -2.2 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 20.6 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 19.6 | 20.5 | 1.2 | - | - | - | 0.9 | 21.0 | 21.5 | - | 0.5 |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 53.3 | 52.8 | 52.8 | 53.2 | 53.0 | 0.5 | - | - | 0.4 | 0.2 | 49.4 | 49.8 | - | 0.4 |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 42.2 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 42.1 | -0.3 | - | - | 0.3 | 0.7 | 39.0 | 39.1 | - | 0.1 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 50.7 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 51.7 | 51.0 | -0.5 | - | - | 0.5 | 0.7 | 46.4 | 47.2 | - | 0.8 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 33.3 | 33.8 | 33.8 | 34.3 | 33.0 | -0.5 | - | - | 0.5 | 1.3 | 31.7 | 31.0 | - | 0.7 |
| PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND - ILE-DU-PRINCE-EDOUARD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 59 | 59 | 58 | 58 | 59 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 56 | 55 | 1 | 1.8 |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 50 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 51 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 47 | 47 | - | - |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | - | - | - | - | - | 27 | 27 | - | - |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 21 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 21 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 20 | 20 | - | - |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 9 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 8 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 12.5 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 14.7 | 15.3 | 13.3 | 11.5 | 13.0 | -0.6 | 2.0 | 1.8 | - | 1.5 | 15.4 | 13.8 | - | 1.6 |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 62.1 | 62.1 | 61.1 | 61.1 | 62.1 | - | 1.0 | - | - | 1.0 | 58.6 | 58.7 | - | 0.1 |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 52.6 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 53.7 | 53.7 | - | - | - | 1.1 | - | 49.6 | 50.6 | - | 1.0 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 61.7 | 63.0 | - | - | - | - | 1.3 | 57.8 | 58.7 | - | 0.9 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 45.8 | 43.8 | - | - | - | 2.0 | 2.0 | 41.6 | 42.9 | - | 1.3 |
| NOVA SCOTIA - NOUVELLE-ECOSE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 392 | 393 | 390 | 389 | 393 | -1 | 3 | 1 | - | 4 | 382 | 381 | 1 | 0.3 |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 342 | 340 | 339 | 336 | 336 | -2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 335 | 330 | 5 | 1.5 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 198 | 197 | 196 | 192 | 194 | -1 | 1 | 4 | - | 2 | 192 | 190 | 2 | 1.1 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 144 | 143 | 144 | 144 | 142 | -1 | - | 1 | - | 2 | 143 | 140 | 3 | 2.1 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 50 | 53 | 51 | 53 | 57 | -3 | 2 | - | 2 | -4 | 47 | 51 | -4 | -7.8 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 12.8 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 13.6 | 14.5 | -0.7 | 0.4 | - | 0.5 | -0.9 | 12.4 | 13.5 | - | 1.1 |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 58.7 | 58.9 | 58.5 | 58.4 | 59.1 | -0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 0.7 | 57.2 | 57.8 | - | 0.6 |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 51.2 | 51.0 | 50.8 | 50.5 | 50.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | - | - | 50.1 | 50.0 | - | 0.1 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 61.5 | 61.2 | 60.9 | 59.6 | 60.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.3 | - | 0.8 | 59.5 | 59.8 | - | 0.3 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 0.3 | -0.3 | - | 0.4 | - | 41.3 | 40.9 | - | 0.4 |
| NEW BRUNSWICK - NOUVEAU-BRUNSWICK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (1000'S) | 314 | 310 | 306 | 303 | 303 | 4 | 4 | 3 | - | - | 300 | 281 | 19 | 6.8 |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (1000'S) | 267 | 263 | 260 | 262 | 258 | 4 | 3 | -2 | 6 | - | 256 | 240 | 16 | 6.7 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (1000'S) | 151 | 150 | 150 | 151 | 147 | 1 | - | 1 | 4 | - | 145 | 142 | 3 | 2.1 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (1000'S) | 115 | 112 | 111 | 111 | 109 | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 111 | 98 | 13 | 13.3 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (1000'S) | 47 | 47 | 46 | 41 | 47 | - | 1 | 5 | - | 6 | 44 | 41 | 3 | 7.3 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 15.0 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 13.5 | 15.5 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 | - | 2.0 | 14.8 | 14.5 | 0.3 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 58.3 | 57.6 | 56.9 | 56.3 | 56.4 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | - | 0.1 | 55.7 | 52.7 | 3 | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 49.5 | 48.9 | 48.3 | 48.7 | 47.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | -0.4 | 1.0 | - | 47.4 | 45.1 | 2 | 2.3 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 57.4 | 57.0 | 57.0 | 57.4 | 56.1 | 0.4 | - | -0.4 | 1.3 | - | 55.1 | 54.7 | 0.4 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 41.7 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 1.0 | 0.3 | - | 0.8 | - | 40.1 | 36.0 | 4 | 1 |

TABLE 2. MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | | | | | DEC. | | DEC. | | YEAR/YEAR CHANGE | | | | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | | | | | 1985 | 1984 | DEC. | DEC. | VARIATION ANNUELLE | % | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| QUEBEC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000's) | 3,244 | 3,242 | 3,197 | 3,182 | 3,184 | - | 2 | 45 | 15 | - | 2 | 3,188 | 3,065 | 123 | 4.0 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 1,885 | 1,893 | 1,866 | 1,861 | 1,859 | - | 8 | 27 | 5 | - | 2 | 1,842 | 1,800 | 42 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 1,359 | 1,349 | 1,331 | 1,321 | 1,325 | - | 10 | 18 | 10 | - | 4 | 1,346 | 1,265 | 81 | 6.4 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000's) | 2,865 | 2,860 | 2,819 | 2,814 | 2,821 | - | 6 | 41 | 5 | - | 7 | 2,817 | 2,699 | 118 | 4.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 1,669 | 1,673 | 1,642 | 1,650 | 1,654 | - | 4 | 31 | 8 | - | 4 | 1,627 | 1,586 | 41 | 2.6 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 1,197 | 1,187 | 1,177 | 1,164 | 1,167 | - | 10 | 10 | 13 | - | 3 | 1,190 | 1,113 | 77 | 6.9 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000's) | 378 | 382 | 378 | 368 | 363 | - | 4 | 4 | 10 | - | 5 | 371 | 365 | 5 | 1.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 216 | 220 | 224 | 211 | 205 | - | 4 | 4 | 13 | - | 6 | 215 | 214 | 1 | 0.5 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 162 | 162 | 154 | 157 | 158 | - | 8 | - | 3 | - | 1 | 157 | 152 | 5 | 3.3 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE | (%) | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.4 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | 11.6 | 11.9 | - | 0.3 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 11.5 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.0 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 11.7 | 11.9 | - | 0.2 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 11.9 | - | 0.1 | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | - | 11.6 | 12.0 | - | 0.4 | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | 63.2 | 63.2 | 62.3 | 62.1 | 62.2 | - | - | 0.9 | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | 62.1 | 60.2 | 1.9 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 75.5 | 75.9 | 74.9 | 74.7 | 74.7 | - | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.2 | - | - | 73.6 | 72.8 | 1.0 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 51.5 | 51.1 | 50.5 | 50.1 | 50.3 | - | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 51.0 | 48.3 | 2.7 | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 55.8 | 55.7 | 55.0 | 54.9 | 55.1 | - | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | 54.8 | 53.0 | 1.8 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 66.9 | 67.1 | 65.9 | 66.3 | 66.5 | - | 0.2 | 1.2 | - | 0.4 | - | 65.2 | 64.1 | 1.1 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 45.3 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 44.2 | 44.3 | - | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | - | 0.1 | 45.1 | 42.5 | 2.6 | | | | | | |
| ONTARIO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000's) | 4,829 | 4,832 | 4,803 | 4,781 | 4,784 | - | 3 | 29 | 22 | - | 3 | 4,757 | 4,666 | 91 | 2.0 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 2,726 | 2,717 | 2,699 | 2,680 | 2,692 | - | 9 | 18 | 19 | - | 12 | 2,675 | 2,609 | 66 | 2.5 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 2,103 | 2,115 | 2,104 | 2,101 | 2,092 | - | 12 | 11 | 3 | - | 9 | 2,082 | 2,057 | 25 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000's) | 4,470 | 4,475 | 4,424 | 4,395 | 4,400 | - | 5 | 51 | 29 | - | 5 | 4,422 | 4,278 | 144 | 3.4 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 2,531 | 2,529 | 2,494 | 2,476 | 2,493 | - | 2 | 35 | 18 | - | 17 | 2,484 | 2,391 | 93 | 3.9 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 1,939 | 1,946 | 1,930 | 1,919 | 1,907 | - | 7 | 16 | 11 | - | 12 | 1,938 | 1,887 | 51 | 2.7 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000's) | 359 | 357 | 379 | 386 | 384 | - | 2 | - | 22 | - | 7 | 2 | 336 | 388 | - | 52 | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 195 | 188 | 205 | 204 | 199 | - | 7 | - | 17 | - | 1 | 192 | 217 | - | 25 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 164 | 169 | 174 | 182 | 185 | - | 5 | - | 5 | - | 8 | 144 | 170 | - | 26 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE | (%) | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 8.1 | 8.0 | - | - | 0.5 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | 7.1 | 8.3 | - | 1.2 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.4 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.7 | - | 0.2 | 7.2 | 8.3 | - | 1.1 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 7.8 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 8.8 | - | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.1 | 6.9 | 8.3 | - | 1.4 | | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | 68.1 | 68.2 | 67.9 | 67.7 | 67.8 | - | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | 67.1 | 66.9 | 0.2 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 79.0 | 78.9 | 78.5 | 78.0 | 78.5 | - | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | - | 0.5 | 77.6 | 76.9 | 0.7 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 57.7 | 58.1 | 57.9 | 57.9 | 57.7 | - | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | - | 57.2 | 57.4 | - | 0.2 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 63.0 | 63.2 | 62.5 | 62.4 | 62.4 | - | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.3 | - | 0.2 | 62.4 | 61.3 | 1.1 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 73.4 | 73.4 | 72.5 | 72.1 | 72.7 | - | - | 0.9 | 0.4 | - | 0.6 | 72.0 | 70.5 | 1.5 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 53.2 | 53.5 | 53.1 | 52.9 | 52.6 | - | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | 53.2 | 52.6 | 0.6 | | | | | | |
| MANITOBA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000's) | 530 | 529 | 527 | 525 | 523 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 524 | 512 | 12 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000's) | 491 | 489 | 489 | 485 | 478 | - | 2 | - | 4 | - | 7 | 484 | 465 | 19 | 4.1 | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000's) | 279 | 276 | 275 | 275 | 270 | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 5 | 272 | 263 | 9 | 3.4 | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000's) | 213 | 213 | 214 | 211 | 208 | - | - | 1 | 3 | - | 3 | 212 | 202 | 10 | 5.0 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000's) | 39 | 40 | 38 | 40 | 45 | - | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 40 | 47 | - | 7 | | | | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DE CHOMAGE | (%) | 7.4 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.6 | - | 0.2 | 0.4 | - | 0.4 | - | 1.0 | 7.6 | 9.1 | - | 1.5 | | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | 66.3 | 66.3 | 66.1 | 65.9 | 65.7 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 65.6 | 64.8 | 0.8 | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 61.5 | 61.3 | 61.4 | 60.9 | 60.1 | - | 0.2 | - | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 60.6 | 58.9 | 1.7 | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 71.7 | 71.1 | 70.9 | 71.1 | 69.8 | - | 0.6 | 0.2 | - | 1.3 | 0.7 | 70.0 | 68.7 | 1.3 | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 52.0 | 52.0 | 52.3 | 51.6 | 50.9 | - | - | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 51.7 | 49.7 | 2.0 | | | | | | |

TABLE 2. MAIN ESTIMATES BY PROVINCE

TABLEAU 2. ESTIMATIONS PRINCIPALES PAR PROVINCE

| | SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | | | | | UNADJUSTED ESTIMATES | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|-----|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|
| | ESTIMATIONS DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | | | | | ESTIMATIONS NON DESAISONNALISEES | | | | | | |
| | 1985 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | | | | | | MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES | DEC. | DEC. | YEAR/YEAR | | | |
| | DEC. | NOV. | OCT. | SEPT. | AUG. | | | | | | VARIATIONS MENSUELLES | 1985 | 1984 | CHANGE | | | |
| | | | | | | N | D | D | N | S | O | A | S | | DEC. | DEC. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | VARIATION | ANNUELLE | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | % | | |
| SASKATCHEWAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000'S) | 497 | 495 | 493 | 489 | 490 | 2 | 2 | 4 | - | 1 | 485 | 472 | 13 | 2.8 | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000'S) | 456 | 456 | 454 | 452 | 450 | - | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 443 | 432 | 11 | 2.5 | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000'S) | 264 | 263 | 263 | 263 | 262 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 255 | 254 | 1 | 0.4 | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000'S) | 192 | 191 | 191 | 189 | 188 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | 189 | 178 | 11 | 6.2 | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000'S) | 41 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 40 | 2 | - | 2 | - | 3 | 42 | 40 | 2 | 5.0 | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 0.3 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.6 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 0.2 | | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 67.2 | 66.9 | 66.6 | 66.1 | 66.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | - | 0.1 | 65.6 | 63.9 | 1.7 | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 61.6 | 61.6 | 61.4 | 61.1 | 60.8 | - | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 59.9 | 58.5 | 1.4 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 71.9 | 71.7 | 71.7 | 71.7 | 71.4 | 0.2 | - | - | 0.3 | 0.3 | 69.3 | 69.3 | - | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 51.5 | 51.2 | 51.2 | 50.7 | 50.4 | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 50.6 | 47.9 | 2.7 | | | |
| ALBERTA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000'S) | 1,264 | 1,256 | 1,260 | 1,252 | 1,253 | 8 | - | 4 | 8 | - | 1 | 1,248 | 1,235 | 13 | 1.1 | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000'S) | 1,145 | 1,136 | 1,140 | 1,137 | 1,132 | 9 | - | 4 | 3 | - | 5 | 1,139 | 1,111 | 28 | 2.5 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000'S) | 653 | 656 | 659 | 656 | 654 | 7 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 2 | 655 | 633 | 22 | 3.5 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000'S) | 481 | 480 | 481 | 479 | 477 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | 484 | 477 | 7 | 1.5 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000'S) | 119 | 120 | 120 | 115 | 121 | - | 1 | - | 5 | - | 6 | 109 | 125 | - | 16 | -12.8 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 9.7 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | - | 0.5 | 8.7 | 10.1 | - | 1.4 | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | 72.4 | 72.0 | 72.3 | 71.9 | 72.1 | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | 0.4 | - | 0.2 | 71.4 | 71.3 | 0.1 | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 65.5 | 65.1 | 65.4 | 65.3 | 65.1 | 0.4 | - | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 65.2 | 64.1 | 1.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 75.7 | 75.0 | 75.3 | 75.1 | 74.9 | 0.7 | - | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 74.8 | 72.4 | 2.4 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 55.2 | 55.2 | 55.4 | 55.2 | 55.1 | - | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 55.6 | 55.6 | - | | | |
| BRITISH COLUMBIA - COLOMBIE-BRITANNIQUE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LABOUR FORCE - POPULATION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACTIVE | (000'S) | 1,450 | 1,442 | 1,442 | 1,420 | 1,420 | 8 | - | 22 | - | - | 1,428 | 1,407 | 21 | 1.5 | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000'S) | 831 | 827 | 827 | 815 | 822 | 4 | - | 12 | - | 7 | 818 | 807 | 11 | 1.4 | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000'S) | 619 | 615 | 615 | 605 | 598 | 4 | - | 10 | 7 | 7 | 609 | 600 | 9 | 1.5 | | |
| EMPLOYMENT - EMPLOI | (000'S) | 1,246 | 1,233 | 1,237 | 1,235 | 1,227 | 13 | - | 4 | 2 | 8 | 1,231 | 1,201 | 30 | 2.5 | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000'S) | 717 | 708 | 707 | 712 | 706 | 9 | - | 5 | 6 | 6 | 704 | 684 | 20 | 2.9 | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000'S) | 529 | 525 | 530 | 523 | 521 | 4 | - | 5 | 7 | 2 | 527 | 516 | 11 | 2.1 | | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT-CHOMAGE | (000'S) | 204 | 209 | 205 | 185 | 193 | - | 5 | 4 | 20 | - | 8 | 197 | 205 | - | 9 | -4.4 |
| MALES - HOMMES | (000'S) | 114 | 119 | 120 | 103 | 116 | - | 5 | - | 17 | - | 13 | 114 | 122 | - | 8 | -6.6 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (000'S) | 90 | 90 | 85 | 82 | 77 | - | 5 | 3 | 5 | - | 82 | 84 | - | 2 | -2.4 | |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE - TAUX | (%) | 14.1 | 14.5 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 13.6 | - | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.2 | - | 0.6 | 13.8 | 14.7 | - | 0.9 | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 13.7 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 12.6 | 14.1 | - | 0.7 | -0.1 | 1.9 | - | 1.5 | 14.0 | 15.1 | - | 1.1 | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 14.5 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 12.9 | - | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 13.5 | 14.0 | - | 0.5 | | |
| PARTICIPATION RATE - TAUX | (%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D'ACTIVITE | (%) | 65.0 | 64.7 | 64.7 | 63.7 | 63.8 | 0.3 | - | 1.0 | - | 0.1 | 64.0 | 63.4 | 0.6 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 75.9 | 75.6 | 75.6 | 74.5 | 75.2 | 0.3 | - | 1.1 | - | 0.7 | 74.8 | 74.0 | 0.8 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 54.5 | 54.2 | 54.2 | 53.4 | 52.7 | 0.3 | - | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 53.6 | 53.2 | 0.4 | | | |
| EMPLOYMENT RATIO - RAPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EMPLOI-POPULATION | (%) | 55.8 | 55.3 | 55.5 | 55.4 | 55.1 | 0.5 | - | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 55.2 | 54.1 | 1.1 | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | (%) | 65.5 | 64.7 | 64.6 | 65.1 | 64.6 | 0.8 | - | 0.1 | - | 0.5 | 64.3 | 62.8 | 1.5 | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | (%) | 46.6 | 46.3 | 46.7 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 0.3 | - | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 46.4 | 45.8 | 0.6 | | | |

TABLE 3 EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCE, INDUSTRY AND SEX, DECEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 3 EMPLOI SELON LA PROVINCE, LA BRANCHE D'ACTIVITE ET LE SEXE, DECEMBRE 1985

| | CANADA | N.F.L.D. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | QUE. | ONT. | M.N. | SASK. | ALTA. | B.C. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|----------|--------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|---|-------|---|-----|---|-----|---|-------|---|-------|---|
| | T.-N. | I.-P.-E. | N.-E. | N.-B. | | | | | | ALB. | C.-B. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOTH SEXES - LES DEUX SEXES | 11,339 | A | 166 | C | 47 | C | 335 | C | 256 | C | 2,817 | B | 4,422 | A | 484 | B | 443 | B | 1,139 | B | 1,231 | B |
| AGRICULTURE | 440 | D | ... | J | 5 | F | 7 | F | 5 | F | 81 | E | 106 | E | 45 | E | 79 | C | 80 | E | 31 | F |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 10,899 | A | 165 | C | 42 | C | 327 | C | 251 | C | 2,725 | B | 4,316 | B | 440 | C | 364 | C | 1,058 | C | 1,200 | B |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 287 | D | 15 | F | ... | G | 15 | E | 11 | F | 45 | F | 56 | F | 7 | G | 13 | F | 71 | E | 52 | E |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFAC- TURIERES | 1,988 | C | 17 | E | 4 | F | 44 | E | 32 | E | 556 | D | 1,004 | C | 63 | D | 25 | E | 90 | D | 152 | D |
| CONSTRUCTION | 577 | C | 8 | E | ... | F | 19 | E | 15 | E | 124 | E | 225 | D | 20 | E | 23 | E | 69 | D | 71 | E |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNI- CATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 904 | C | 16 | E | ... | F | 25 | E | 25 | E | 220 | D | 323 | D | 46 | D | 33 | E | 94 | D | 119 | D |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 2,051 | C | 31 | E | 8 | E | 68 | D | 49 | D | 499 | D | 780 | C | 91 | D | 82 | D | 223 | D | 221 | D |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 643 | C | 4 | F | ... | F | 15 | E | 11 | E | 153 | E | 273 | D | 27 | E | 22 | E | 60 | E | 75 | E |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 3,668 | B | 56 | D | 14 | D | 111 | D | 86 | D | 942 | C | 1,365 | C | 153 | D | 136 | D | 369 | C | 435 | C |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRA- TION PUBLIQUE | 783 | C | 18 | E | 6 | E | 30 | E | 22 | E | 198 | D | 288 | D | 33 | E | 31 | D | 83 | E | 74 | E |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,459 | A | 98 | C | 27 | C | 192 | C | 145 | C | 1,627 | B | 2,484 | B | 272 | B | 255 | B | 655 | B | 704 | C |
| AGRICULTURE | 318 | ... | ... | ... | 4 | | 6 | | 4 | | 59 | | 73 | | 34 | | 58 | | 58 | | 21 | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 6,141 | | 96 | | 23 | | 186 | | 142 | | 1,568 | | 2,410 | | 236 | | 196 | | 597 | | 684 | |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 254 | | 14 | | | | 14 | | 11 | | 43 | | 49 | | 8 | | 12 | | 55 | | 47 | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFAC- TURIERES | 1,427 | | 13 | | | | 35 | | 24 | | 330 | | 711 | | 45 | | 19 | | 67 | | 123 | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 516 | | 7 | | | | 18 | | 14 | | 110 | | 202 | | 18 | | 21 | | 62 | | 63 | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNI- CATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 688 | | 13 | | | | 21 | | 20 | | 162 | | 244 | | 38 | | 26 | | 73 | | 89 | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 1,143 | | 16 | | 4 | | 36 | | 26 | | 300 | | 413 | | 52 | | 47 | | 127 | | 121 | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 261 | | | | | | 6 | | 4 | | 58 | | 115 | | 10 | | 8 | | 25 | | 34 | |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 1,381 | | 20 | | 5 | | 38 | | 29 | | 385 | | 506 | | 52 | | 43 | | 141 | | 162 | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRA- TION PUBLIQUE | 471 | | 12 | | | | 20 | | 14 | | 120 | | 169 | | 20 | | 20 | | 47 | | 46 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,880 | B | 67 | D | 20 | D | 143 | C | 111 | C | 1,190 | C | 1,938 | B | 212 | C | 189 | C | 484 | C | 527 | C |
| AGRICULTURE | 122 | | | | | | | | | | 22 | | 33 | | 11 | | 21 | | 22 | | 10 | |
| NON-AGRICULTURE - NON AGRICOLE | 4,758 | | 67 | | 19 | | 141 | | 109 | | 1,168 | | 1,905 | | 201 | | 168 | | 462 | | 517 | |
| OTHER PRIMARY INDUSTRIES - AUTRES BRANCHES DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 33 | | | | | | | | | | | | 7 | | | | | | 15 | | 5 | |
| MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIES MANUFAC- TURIERES | 561 | | 4 | | | | 10 | | 8 | | 166 | | 293 | | 20 | | 6 | | 23 | | 29 | |
| CONSTRUCTION | 61 | | | | | | | | | | 14 | | 23 | | | | | | 7 | | 8 | |
| TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION & OTHER UTILITIES - TRANSPORTS, COMMUNI- CATIONS ET AUTRES SERVICES PUBLICS | 216 | | | | | | 5 | | 4 | | 58 | | 79 | | 8 | | 7 | | 21 | | 30 | |
| TRADE - COMMERCE | 908 | | 14 | | 4 | | 32 | | 23 | | 199 | | 367 | | 39 | | 34 | | 96 | | 100 | |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE - FINANCES, ASSURANCES ET AFFAIRES IMMOBILIERES | 381 | | | | | | 9 | | 7 | | 95 | | 158 | | 17 | | 14 | | 35 | | 42 | |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 2,287 | | 36 | | 10 | | 73 | | 57 | | 557 | | 859 | | 101 | | 93 | | 228 | | 273 | |
| PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION - ADMINISTRA- TION PUBLIQUE | 312 | | 6 | | | | 10 | | 8 | | 78 | | 119 | | 14 | | 11 | | 36 | | 28 | |

TABLE 4 EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCE, OCCUPATION AND SEX, DECEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 4 EMPLOI SELON LA PROVINCE, LA PROFESSION ET LE SEXE, DÉCEMBRE 1985

| | CANADA | N.F.L.D. | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | QUE. | ONT. | MAN. | SASK. | ALTA. | B.C. |
|---|--------|----------|--------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | T.-N. | I.-P.-E. | N.-E. | N.-B. | | | | | | ALB. | C.-B. |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOTH SEXES - LES DEUX SEXES | 11,339 | 166 | 47 | 335 | 256 | 2,817 | 4,422 | 484 | 443 | 1,139 | 1,231 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBÉRALES | 3,239 | 46 | 13 | 91 | 67 | 805 | 1,275 | 133 | 111 | 343 | 354 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 1,924 | 24 | 7 | 51 | 45 | 506 | 767 | 78 | 62 | 180 | 204 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 1,121 | 14 | 4 | 33 | 23 | 279 | 432 | 45 | 40 | 118 | 134 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 1,562 | 27 | 6 | 54 | 40 | 378 | 590 | 68 | 61 | 157 | 180 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 579 | 13 | 7 | 17 | 13 | 102 | 135 | 46 | 85 | 98 | 63 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATERIES PREMIERES | 1,497 | 19 | 4 | 39 | 26 | 422 | 667 | 58 | 32 | 99 | 133 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 605 | 10 | ... | 22 | 19 | 139 | 218 | 23 | 24 | 68 | 77 |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 415 | 7 | ... | 14 | 12 | 94 | 154 | 20 | 16 | 46 | 50 |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES MÉTIERS | 397 | 6 | ... | 13 | 9 | 92 | 185 | 14 | 11 | 30 | 36 |
| MALES - HOMMES | 6,459 | 98 | 27 | 192 | 145 | 1,627 | 2,484 | 272 | 255 | 655 | 704 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBÉRALES | 1,802 | 26 | 7 | 50 | 37 | 443 | 721 | 71 | 58 | 190 | 198 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 391 | 5 | ... | 9 | 8 | 122 | 161 | 16 | 8 | 28 | 32 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 618 | 7 | ... | 17 | 13 | 167 | 224 | 25 | 22 | 66 | 75 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 680 | 11 | ... | 21 | 15 | 179 | 260 | 26 | 23 | 69 | 74 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 469 | 13 | 6 | 16 | 12 | 84 | 104 | 37 | 66 | 80 | 52 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATERIES PREMIERES | 1,199 | 15 | ... | 33 | 22 | 331 | 515 | 45 | 29 | 88 | 119 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 594 | 10 | ... | 22 | 19 | 137 | 215 | 23 | 24 | 66 | 75 |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 386 | 7 | ... | 13 | 11 | 89 | 140 | 18 | 15 | 43 | 48 |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES MÉTIERS | 320 | 5 | ... | 11 | 8 | 75 | 143 | 11 | 10 | 25 | 31 |
| FEMALES - FEMMES | 4,880 | 67 | 20 | 143 | 111 | 1,190 | 1,938 | 212 | 189 | 484 | 527 |
| MANAGERIAL, PROFESSIONAL, ETC. - DIRECTION ET PROFESSIONS LIBÉRALES | 1,437 | 21 | 7 | 41 | 30 | 361 | 554 | 62 | 54 | 153 | 156 |
| CLERICAL - TRAVAIL ADMINISTRATIF | 1,534 | 19 | 5 | 42 | 37 | 384 | 606 | 62 | 54 | 152 | 172 |
| SALES - COMMERCE | 503 | 7 | ... | 16 | 11 | 112 | 208 | 20 | 18 | 52 | 58 |
| SERVICE - SERVICES | 882 | 16 | 4 | 84 | 25 | 199 | 330 | 42 | 38 | 88 | 106 |
| PRIMARY OCCUPATIONS - PROFESSIONS DU SECTEUR PRIMAIRE | 110 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 18 | 31 | 9 | 19 | 18 | 12 |
| PROCESSING - TRAITEMENT DES MATERIES PREMIERES | 298 | 4 | ... | 6 | 4 | 91 | 152 | 13 | ... | 11 | 14 |
| CONSTRUCTION | 11 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| TRANSPORTATION - TRANSPORTS | 28 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 14 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| MATERIALS HANDLING AND OTHER CRAFTS - MANUTENTION ET AUTRES MÉTIERS | 77 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 17 | 42 | ... | ... | 5 | 5 |

TABLE 5 ESTIMATES BY METROPOLITAN AREA (1981 BOUNDARIES). DECEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 5 ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION METROPOLITAINE (LIMITES DE 1981). DECEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NOT IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TOTAL POPULATION DE 15 ANS ET PLUS | EMPLOY- MENT EMPLOI | | | | | | | | | |
| THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ST-JOHNS | 112 | 70 | 61 | 9 | 42 | 62.1 C | 12.8 E | 54.2 | | | | |
| HALIFAX | 217 | 144 | 133 | 11 | 73 | 66.5 B | 7.6 E | 61.5 | | | | |
| SAIN T JOHN - SAINT-JEAN (N.-B.) | 86 | 53 | 48 | 7 | 33 | 61.9 C | 13.1 F | 53.8 | | | | |
| CHICOUTIMI - JONQUIERE | 115 | 70 | 59 | 11 | 44 | 61.2 C | 15.6 F | 51.7 | | | | |
| QUEBEC | 455 | 299 | 275 | 23 | 156 | 65.6 C | 7.8 F | 60.5 | | | | |
| TROIS-RIVIERES | 93 | 56 | 49 | 7 | 37 | 60.3 C | 12.5 F | 52.7 | | | | |
| MONTREAL | 2,312 | 1,497 | 1,327 | 170 | 815 | 64.7 B | 11.3 E | 57.4 | | | | |
| OTTAWA - HULL | 598 | 415 | 384 | 30 | 183 | 69.3 B | 7.3 F | 64.3 | | | | |
| SUDBURY | 111 | 60 | 54 | 6 | 50 | 54.4 C | 10.4 F | 48.8 | | | | |
| OSHAWA | 127 | 86 | 81 | 5 | 41 | 67.5 C | 5.4 G | 63.9 | | | | |
| TORONTO | 2,528 | 1,794 | 1,693 | 101 | 735 | 70.9 B | 5.6 E | 67.0 | | | | |
| HAMILTON | 443 | 287 | 271 | 16 | 156 | 64.8 C | 5.6 F | 61.2 | | | | |
| ST. CATHARINES - NIAGARA | 243 | 143 | 129 | 14 | 100 | 58.7 C | 9.7 F | 53.0 | | | | |
| LONDON | 230 | 152 | 138 | 14 | 77 | 66.3 C | 9.5 F | 60.1 | | | | |
| WINDSOR | 189 | 115 | 103 | 11 | 75 | 60.6 C | 9.9 F | 54.6 | | | | |
| KITCHENER - WATERLOO | 234 | 172 | 162 | 11 | 61 | 73.7 C | 6.3 G | 65.1 | | | | |
| THUNDER BAY | 96 | 61 | 54 | 7 | 35 | 63.7 C | 10.7 G | 56.9 | | | | |
| WINNIPEG | 485 | 325 | 301 | 24 | 160 | 67.0 B | 7.4 E | 62.0 | | | | |
| REGINA | 139 | 97 | 87 | 10 | 42 | 69.6 C | 9.9 F | 62.7 | | | | |
| SASKATOON | 130 | 86 | 79 | 8 | 44 | 66.2 C | 8.9 E | 60.3 | | | | |
| CALGARY | 465 | 355 | 325 | 30 | 110 | 76.3 B | 8.4 E | 69.9 | | | | |
| EDMONTON | 558 | 397 | 354 | 42 | 161 | 71.2 B | 10.7 E | 63.6 | | | | |
| VANCOUVER | 1,087 | 718 | 636 | 83 | 369 | 66.1 B | 11.5 E | 58.5 | | | | |
| VICTORIA | 196 | 113 | 97 | 15 | 83 | 57.5 C | 13.7 F | 49.7 | | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR. FOR DEFINITIONS OF CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREAS, PLEASE REFER TO CATALOGUE 95X903.

ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

NOTA: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE LORS DE L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEUVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIABLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'ONT PAS ETE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'ONT PAS ETE PUBLIEES. SE REPORTER AUX REMARQUES FORMULEES A LA FIN DE LA PRESENTE PUBLICATION POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE. LA DEFINITION DES REGIONS METROPOLITAINES DE RECENSEMENT SE TROUVE DANS LA PUBLICATION NO 95X903 AU CATALOGUE.

LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981. LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

TABLE 6 ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC REGION (1981 BOUNDARIES). DECEMBER 1985

TABLEAU 6 ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION ECONOMIQUE (LIMITES DE 1981). DECEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NOT IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TOTAL | EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | | POPULATION DE 15 ANS ET PLUS | EMPLOI | UNEMPLOY- MENT | | TAUX D'ACTIVITE | TAUX DE CHOMAGE | | | | |
| | | THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | | | |
| NEWFOUNDLAND - TERRE-NEUVE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REGION(S) | 424 | 210 | 166 | 44 | 215 | 49.4 C | 21.0 E | 39.0 | | | |
| 010 | 186 | 99 | 81 | 18 | 87 | 53.3 C | 18.4 E | 43.5 | | | |
| 020 | 40 | 19 | 16 | 4 | 21 | 47.7 D | 19.1 F | 38.6 | | | |
| 030 | 95 | 50 | 38 | 12 | 44 | 53.3 C | 24.7 F | 40.1 | | | |
| 040 | 103 | 41 | 31 | 10 | 63 | 39.4 D | 23.5 F | 30.2 | | | |
| P.E.I. - I.-P.-E. | 95 | 56 | 47 | 9 | 39 | 58.6 C | 15.4 E | 49.6 | | | |
| N.S. - N.-E. | 668 | 382 | 335 | 47 | 286 | 57.2 B | 12.4 D | 50.1 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 210 | 70 | 54 | 16 | 60 | 54.1 C | 22.9 E | 41.7 | | | |
| 220 | 126 | 67 | 56 | 11 | 59 | 53.1 C | 15.8 F | 44.7 | | | |
| 230 | 81 | 45 | 42 | 4 | 36 | 55.7 C | 8.1 F | 51.2 | | | |
| 240 | 101 | 50 | 45 | 6 | 51 | 45.7 C | 11.0 F | 44.2 | | | |
| 250 | 229 | 149 | 138 | 11 | 80 | 65.0 B | 7.6 E | 60.1 | | | |
| N.B. - N.-B. | 539 | 300 | 256 | 44 | 239 | 55.7 C | 14.8 D | 47.4 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 310 | 63 | 51 | 11 | 73 | 46.4 D | 18.2 G | 37.9 | | | |
| 320 | 129 | 76 | 66 | 10 | 52 | 59.3 C | 13.7 F | 51.2 | | | |
| 330 | 128 | 76 | 65 | 11 | 52 | 59.2 C | 14.2 F | 50.7 | | | |
| 340 | 82 | 50 | 45 | 5 | 32 | 60.5 C | 10.2 F | 54.3 | | | |
| 350 | 64 | 35 | 29 | 6 | 29 | 55.0 C | 18.4 F | 44.9 | | | |
| QUEBEC | 5,136 | 3,188 | 2,817 | 371 | 1,948 | 62.1 B | 11.6 D | 54.8 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 411 | 40 | 32 | 8 | 47 | 45.0 D | 20.0 F | 36.8 | | | |
| 412 | 169 | 94 | 76 | 18 | 75 | 55.7 D | 19.5 F | 44.9 | | | |
| 420 | 235 | 136 | 113 | 23 | 99 | 57.9 C | 16.8 F | 48.2 | | | |
| 430 | 725 | 442 | 404 | 39 | 282 | 61.1 C | 8.8 F | 55.7 | | | |
| 440 | 364 | 212 | 185 | 27 | 152 | 58.3 C | 12.6 F | 50.9 | | | |
| 450 | 202 | 125 | 112 | 13 | 76 | 62.3 C | 10.4 F | 55.8 | | | |
| 461 | 835 | 541 | 486 | 55 | 293 | 64.9 C | 10.2 E | 58.3 | | | |
| 462 | 1,671 | 1,055 | 930 | 125 | 615 | 63.2 B | 11.9 E | 55.6 | | | |
| 463 | 250 | 158 | 141 | 16 | 92 | 63.1 C | 10.2 F | 56.6 | | | |
| 464 | 209 | 131 | 115 | 16 | 78 | 62.7 C | 12.4 F | 54.9 | | | |
| 470 | 190 | 130 | 117 | 13 | 60 | 68.5 C | 10.2 F | 61.5 | | | |
| 480 | 113 | 64 | 56 | 8 | 48 | 57.2 D | 13.1 E | 49.7 | | | |
| 480 & 490 | 88 | 56 | 49 | 9 | 31 | 65.2 C | 15.0 F | 55.4 | | | |
| ONTARIO | 7,092 | 4,757 | 4,422 | 336 | 2,334 | 67.1 A | 7.1 D | 62.4 | | | |
| REGION(S) | 510 | 175 | 160 | 15 | 105 | 61.7 C | 8.5 F | 56.5 | | | |
| 520 | 220 | 128 | 121 | 7 | 92 | 58.3 C | 5.2 F | 55.3 | | | |
| 530 | 2,794 | 1,977 | 1,866 | 111 | B18 | 70.7 B | 5.6 E | 66.8 | | | |
| 540 | 585 | 401 | 374 | 27 | 163 | 71.1 C | 6.8 F | 66.2 | | | |
| 550 | 865 | 555 | 518 | 47 | 320 | 63.8 C | 8.4 E | 58.5 | | | |
| 560 | 383 | 251 | 231 | 20 | 131 | 65.7 C | 7.9 F | 60.4 | | | |
| 570 | 428 | 277 | 250 | 27 | 151 | 64.6 C | 9.8 F | 58.3 | | | |
| 580 | 210 | 132 | 125 | 7 | 78 | 62.9 C | 5.2 F | 59.6 | | | |
| 591 | 446 | 270 | 244 | 26 | 176 | 60.6 C | 9.6 E | 54.8 | | | |
| 592 | 175 | 113 | 102 | 11 | 62 | 64.5 C | 9.4 F | 58.4 | | | |
| 500 | 702 | 467 | 429 | 38 | 234 | 66.6 C | 8.2 F | 61.2 | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR A DESCRIPTION AND MAPS OF THE ECONOMIC REGIONS, AND FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR. ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

A WIDE RANGE OF DATA DRAWN FROM THE 1981 CENSUS FOR THESE ECONOMIC REGIONS IS AVAILABLE IN THE BULLETIN ENTITLED 1981 CENSUS OF CANADA, CANADA, PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC REGIONS, SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, CATALOGUE NO. 92-5751.

NOTA: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE LORS DE L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIABLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'ONT PAS ETE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'ONT PAS ETE PUBLIEES. VOIR LES NOTES AU DCE DE CETTE PUBLICATION POUR UNE DESCRIPTION DES ZONES GEOGRAPHIQUES CONTENUES DANS LES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, ET POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE. LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981. LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

ON PEUT TROUVER UN LARGE ENSEMBLE DE DONNEES TIREES DU RECENSEMENT DE 1981 POUR DES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES DANS LE BULLETIN TITRE RECENSEMENT DU CANADA DE 1981, CANADA, PROVINCES ET REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, SELON CERTAINES CARACTERISTIQUES SOCIALES ET ECONOMIQUES, CAT. NO. 92-5751 AU CATALOGUE.

TABLE 6 ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC REGION (1981 BOUNDARIES), DECEMBER 1985
 TABLEAU 6 ESTIMATIONS SELON LA REGION ECONOMIQUE (LIMITES DE 1981), DECEMBRE 1985

| | POPULATION 15 YEARS AND OVER | LABOUR FORCE | | NO. IN LABOUR FORCE | PARTICI- PATION RATE | UNEMPLOY- MENT RATE | EMPLOYMENT/ POPULATION RATIO | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | POPULATION ACTIVE | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TOTAL | EMPLOYMENT | | | | | | | | |
| | | POPULATION DE 15 ANS ET PLUS | EMPLOI CHOMAGE | THOUSANDS - MILLIERS | | PER CENT-POURCENTAGE | | | | | |
| MANITOBA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| REGION (S) | 799 | 524 | 484 | 40 | 275 | 65.6 B | 7.6 D | | | | |
| 610 | 51 | 34 | 31 | ... | 17 | 66.7 C | ... | | | | |
| 620 | 37 | 21 | 20 | ... | 15 | 58.2 D | ... | | | | |
| 630 | 85 | 56 | 53 | 4 | 28 | 66.6 C | 6.3 G | | | | |
| 640 | 34 | 21 | 20 | ... | 13 | 62.2 C | ... | | | | |
| 650 & 680 | 71 | 45 | 40 | 5 | 26 | 63.6 C | 10.6 G | | | | |
| 660 | 52 | 32 | 29 | ... | 21 | 60.4 C | ... | | | | |
| 670 | 469 | 314 | 291 | 24 | 155 | 67.0 B | 7.5 E | | | | |
| SASKATCHEWAN | 740 | 485 | 443 | 42 | 255 | 65.6 B | 8.7 E | | | | |
| REGION (S) | 207 | 143 | 131 | 12 | 65 | 68.8 C | 8.3 F | | | | |
| 720 | 94 | 63 | 57 | 5 | 31 | 66.9 C | 8.5 G | | | | |
| 730 | 204 | 136 | 124 | 11 | 69 | 66.4 C | 8.2 E | | | | |
| 740 | 81 | 48 | 44 | 4 | 33 | 59.4 C | 7.9 G | | | | |
| 750 & 760 | 154 | 96 | 87 | 10 | 58 | 62.6 C | 10.3 F | | | | |
| ALBERTA | 1,747 | 1,248 | 1,139 | 109 | 499 | 71.4 B | 8.7 D | | | | |
| REGION (S) | 152 | 99 | 92 | 7 | 53 | 65.1 C | 7.2 F | | | | |
| 820 | 68 | 46 | 44 | ... | 21 | 68.5 C | ... | | | | |
| 830 | 547 | 413 | 379 | 34 | 134 | 75.5 B | 8.1 E | | | | |
| 840 | 74 | 50 | 45 | 5 | 24 | 67.2 C | 10.1 F | | | | |
| 850 | 99 | 72 | 66 | 6 | 28 | 72.2 C | 8.0 F | | | | |
| 860 | 611 | 435 | 390 | 45 | 176 | 71.2 B | 10.2 E | | | | |
| 870 | 85 | 61 | 57 | 4 | 24 | 71.5 C | 6.2 F | | | | |
| 880 | 111 | 72 | 65 | 7 | 39 | 64.9 C | 9.5 F | | | | |
| B.C. - C-5 | 2,231 | 1,428 | 1,231 | 197 | 803 | 64.0 B | 12.8 D | | | | |
| REGION (S) | 44 | 31 | 26 | 5 | 13 | 70.7 D | 16.5 F | | | | |
| 920 | 76 | 46 | 38 | 8 | 30 | 60.6 D | 17.6 F | | | | |
| 930 | 189 | 114 | 95 | 19 | 76 | 60.1 D | 16.9 F | | | | |
| 940 | 88 | 57 | 47 | 10 | 31 | 64.6 D | 17.8 F | | | | |
| 950 | 1,211 | 795 | 701 | 95 | 416 | 65.7 B | 11.9 E | | | | |
| 960 | 400 | 231 | 192 | 39 | 169 | 57.8 C | 16.7 E | | | | |
| 970 | 135 | 93 | 81 | 12 | 42 | 69.1 C | 13.4 F | | | | |
| 980 & 990 | 87 | 60 | 51 | 8 | 27 | 68.9 C | 13.8 F | | | | |

NOTE: DUE TO THE RELATIVELY SMALL SAMPLE SIZES FROM WHICH SUB-PROVINCIAL DATA ARE DERIVED, CAUTION SHOULD BE USED IN THE INTERPRETATION OF MONTH-TO-MONTH CHANGES IN THE ESTIMATES OF EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT. DATA IN THE 'G' AND 'H' GROUP, WHILE USEFUL FOR SOME PURPOSES, ARE NOT RELIABLE ENOUGH TO BE USED WITHOUT CAUTION AND QUALIFICATION. DATA IN THE 'J' CATEGORY ARE REGARDED AS UNUSABLE AND THEREFORE ARE NOT RELEASED. SEE NOTES AT THE BACK OF THIS PUBLICATION FOR A DESCRIPTION AND MAPS OF THE ECONOMIC REGIONS, AND FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ON SAMPLING ERROR.

ESTIMATES ARE BASED UPON BOUNDARIES FROM THE 1981 SAMPLE REDESIGN. USERS MAKING COMPARISONS WITH 1984 ESTIMATES SHOULD REFER TO THE REVISED DATA CONTAINED IN THE JANUARY, 1985 ISSUE OF THE LABOUR FORCE, CAT. NO. 71-001.

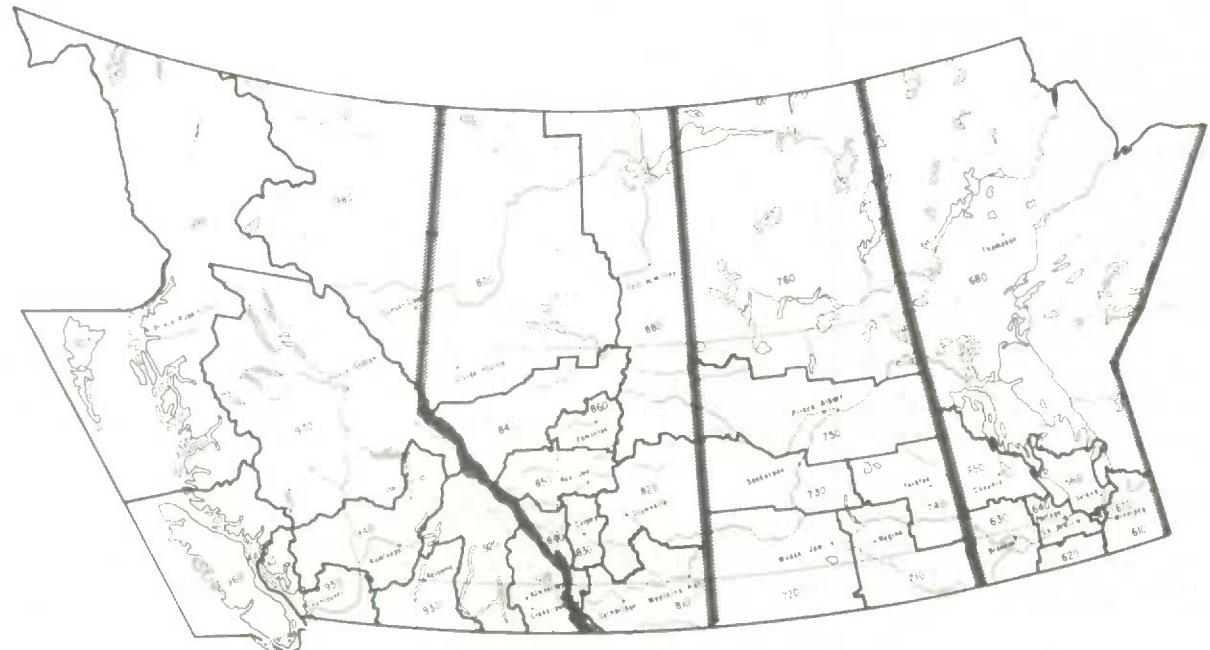
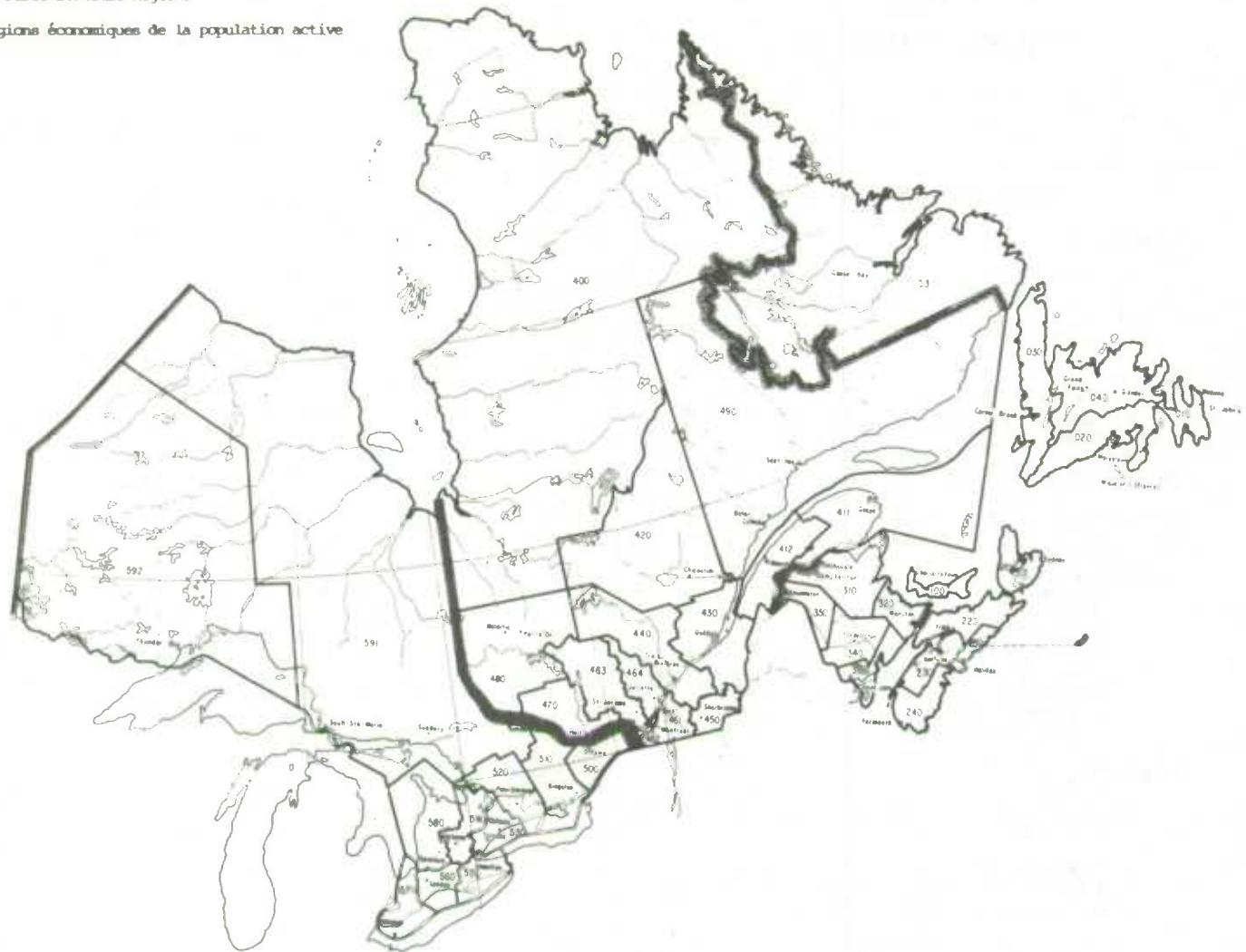
A WIDE RANGE OF DATA DRAWN FROM THE 1981 CENSUS FOR THESE ECONOMIC REGIONS IS AVAILABLE IN THE BULLETIN ENTITLED 1981 CENSUS OF CANADA, CANADA, PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC REGIONS, SELECTED SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS (CATALOGUE NO. 93-975).

NOTE: EN RAISON DE LA TAILLE RELATIVEMENT PETITE DE L'ECHANTILLON A PARTIR DUQUEL SONT ETABLIES LES DONNEES INFRAPROVINCIALES, IL FAUT FAIRE PREUVE DE PRUDENCE LORS DE L'INTERPRETATION DES VARIATIONS MENSUELLES DES ESTIMATIONS DE L'EMPLOI ET DU CHOMAGE. LES DONNEES DES GROUPES 'G' ET 'H', QUI PEUVENT ETRE UTILES DANS CERTAINS CAS, NE SONT PAS ASSEZ FIABLES POUR ETRE UTILISEES SANS PRECAUTION. LES DONNEES DE LA CATEGORIE 'J' N'ONT PAS ETRE JUGEES UTILISABLES ET N'ONT PAS ETRE PUBLIEES. VOIR LES NOTES AU DOS DE CETTE PUBLICATION POUR UNE DESCRIPTION DES ZONES GEOGRAPHIQUES CONTENUES DANS LES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, ET POUR PLUS DE RENSEIGNEMENTS SUR LES ERREURS D'ECHANTILLONNAGE.
 LES ESTIMATIONS SONT CALCULEES AVEC LES DEFINITIONS ETABLIES POUR LE REMANIEMENT DU PLAN DE SONDEAGE DE L'ENQUETE DE 1981. LES UTILISATEURS EN FAISANT DES COMPARAISONS AVEC LES ESTIMATIONS DE 1984 DOIVENT SE REFERER AUX TABLEAUX REVISES DANS LE NUMERO DE JANVIER, 1985 DE LA POPULATION ACTIVE, NO. 71-001 AU CATALOGUE.

ON PEUT TROUVER UN LARGE EVENTAIL DE DONNEES TIREES DU RECENSEMENT DE 1981 POUR CES REGIONS ECONOMIQUES DANS LE BULLETIN INTITULE RECENSEMENT DU CANADA DE 1981, CANADA, PROVINCES ET REGIONS ECONOMIQUES, SELON CERTAINES CARACTERISTIQUES SOCIALES ET ECONOMIQUES (NO. 93-975 AU CATALOGUE).

Labour Force Economic Regions

Les régions économiques de la population active



NOTES

Scope of Labour Force Survey

The statistics contained in this report are based on information obtained through a sample survey of households. Interviews are carried out in about 52,800 representative households across the country.

Definitions and Explanations

Labour Force

The labour force is composed of that portion of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

Employed

The employed includes all persons who, during the reference week:

- (a) did any work¹ at all
- (b) had a job but were not at work due to:

- own illness or disability
- personal or family responsibilities
- bad weather
- labour dispute
- vacation
- other reason not specified above (excludes persons on layoff and persons whose job attachment was to a job to start at a definite date in the future).

Unemployed

The unemployed includes those persons who during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week), and were available² for work;
- (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had been on layoff³ and were available² for work;
- (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from reference week, and were available² for work.

Not in the Labour Force

That portion of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week were neither employed nor unemployed.

Unemployment Rate

The unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a per cent of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the unemployment in that group expressed as a per cent of the labour force for that group.

Participation Rate

The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

NOTA

Champ de l'enquête sur la population active

Les statistiques figurant dans ce bulletin ont été produites à partir des renseignements tirés d'une enquête par sondage menée auprès des ménages. Environ 52,800 ménages représentatifs répartis dans tout le pays ont été interviewés.

Définitions et explications

Population active

La population active comprend la partie de la population civile hors institution âgée de 15 ans et plus qui avait un emploi ou était en chômage pendant la semaine de référence.

Personnes occupées

Entrent dans cette catégorie toutes les personnes qui, pendant la semaine de référence:

- (a) ont fait un travail¹ quelconque
- (b) avaient un emploi mais n'étaient pas au travail pour l'une des causes suivantes:
 - maladie ou invalidité
 - obligations personnelles ou familiales
 - mauvais temps
 - conflit du travail
 - vacances
 - autre raison non précisée ci-dessus (à l'exception des personnes mises à pied et des personnes qui devaient commencer à travailler à une date future déterminée).

Chômeurs

Entrent dans cette catégorie les personnes qui, pendant la semaine de référence:

- (a) étaient sans travail, avaient activement cherché du travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines (y compris la semaine de référence) et étaient prêtes à travailler²;
- (b) n'avaient pas activement cherché de travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines, mais avaient été mises à pied³ et étaient prêtes à travailler²;
- (c) n'avaient pas activement cherché de travail au cours des quatre dernières semaines, mais devaient commencer à travailler à un nouvel emploi dans quatre semaines ou moins à compter de la semaine de référence et étaient prêtes à travailler².

Inactifs

Les inactifs constituent la partie de la population civile hors institution âgée de 15 ans et plus qui n'avaient pas d'emploi mais n'étaient pas en chômage pendant la semaine de référence.

Taux de chômage

Le taux de chômage représente le nombre de chômeurs en pourcentage de la population active. Le taux de chômage d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est le chômage de ce groupe exprimé en pourcentage de la population active du même groupe.

Taux d'activité

Le taux d'activité d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est la population active de ce groupe exprimée en pourcentage de la population du même groupe.

Employment/Population Ratio

The employment/population ratio represents employment as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment/population ratio for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the employment in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

Seasonal Adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by trend, seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which movements occurring on a regular annual basis have been eliminated.

Using factors derived from previous data in the series, estimates for a particular month are adjusted to take account of the situation which usually prevails in that month, thereby leaving an estimate which reflects the underlying level of the series. For example, experience has shown that in January employment levels for men aged 25 and over are normally about 2.5 per cent lower than for the year as a whole, and the seasonal adjustment of the January estimate is designed to reflect this fact. Since the effects of regular seasonal fluctuations have been removed, the adjusted data enable a better assessment of the general direction in which a series of statistics, such as monthly employment data, is moving.

While seasonal adjustment allows a much better look at the underlying trend of series, the adjusted series still contain irregular fluctuations. Small changes between months may be due to sampling error or some other unusual, non-recurring event; therefore, in evaluating the most recent monthly estimate, users should examine the adjusted series over a number of months to obtain a clearer idea of the underlying trend. This is particularly important in the case of series which are small in magnitude (such series are subject to relatively greater sampling error), or series in which seasonal movements are small (irregular movements in such series may counteract or accentuate regular seasonal changes).

Reliability of Data

Sampling Error

The estimates in this report are based on a sample of household. Somewhat different figures might have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same questionnaires, interviewers, supervisors, processing, etc. as those actually used in the Labour Force Survey. This difference is called the sampling error of the estimates. In the design and processing of the Labour Force Survey extensive efforts have been made to minimize the sampling error. This sampling error is quite small for such main estimates as the employment level for Canada e.g., there are two chances out of three that the error of that estimate will be less than 0.5%. For smaller estimates such as unemployment in Prince Edward Island, the relative error is larger and more caution should be exercised, e.g., there are two chances out of three that such an estimate can vary by as much as 25.0%.

Non-sampling Errors

Errors, which are not related to sampling, may occur at almost every phase of a survey operation. Some of the non-sampling errors will usually balance out over a large number of observations but systematically occurring errors will contribute to biases. Non-sampling errors are reduced by a careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and a thorough control of the processing operation.

Rapport emploi-population

Le rapport emploi-population représente l'emploi en pourcentage de la population de 15 ans et plus. Le rapport emploi-population d'un groupe particulier (âge, sexe, état matrimonial, etc.) est l'emploi de ce groupe exprimé en pourcentage de la population du même groupe.

Désaisonnalisation

Les fluctuations des séries chronologiques économiques sont causées par des mouvements tendanciels, saisonniers, cycliques et irréguliers. Une série désaisonnalisée est une série dont on a éliminé les effets des mouvements revenant périodiquement chaque année.

A l'aide de facteurs tirés des données déjà publiées dans la série, les estimations d'un mois particulier sont corrigées en fonction de la situation habituelle du mois. L'estimation résultante fait ressortir la tendance sous-jacente de la série. Par exemple, il s'est avéré qu'en janvier, le niveau d'emploi des hommes âgés de 25 ans et plus est normalement inférieur d'environ 2.5 pour cent à celui de l'ensemble de l'année. La désaisonnalisation a pour but de mettre en évidence cette réalité. Puisque les effets des fluctuations saisonnières régulières sont éliminés, on est mieux en mesure d'évaluer l'orientation générale d'une série de statistiques comme les données mensuelles sur l'emploi.

Si la désaisonnalisation fait ressortir beaucoup mieux la tendance sous-jacente d'une série, la série désaisonnalisée n'en contient pas moins des fluctuations irrégulières. Les petites variations qui interviennent d'un mois à l'autre sont peut-être imputables à une erreur d'échantillonnage ou à un événement exceptionnel. Par conséquent, lorsque les utilisateurs évaluent l'estimation mensuelle la plus récente, ils doivent examiner la série désaisonnalisée sur une période de plusieurs mois pour obtenir une meilleure idée de la tendance sous-jacente. Cette démarche est d'autant plus importante lorsqu'il s'agit de séries de moindre envergure (l'erreur d'échantillonnage risque d'être relativement plus forte pour ces séries) ou des séries où les fluctuations saisonnières sont faibles (un mouvement irrégulier de ces séries peut compenser ou accentuer les variations saisonnières normales).

Fiabilité des données

Erreur d'échantillonnage

Les estimations présentées ici sont fondées sur un échantillon de ménages. On aurait pu obtenir des chiffres légèrement différents si l'on avait fait un recensement complet à l'aide des mêmes questionnaires, des mêmes enquêteurs, des mêmes méthodes d'exploitation, etc. que ceux qu'on a effectivement utilisés pour l'enquête sur la population active. Cette différence s'appelle l'erreur d'échantillonnage. Dans le plan et la mise en œuvre de l'enquête sur la population active, rien n'a été négligé pour réduire au minimum l'erreur d'échantillonnage. Cette erreur d'échantillonnage est assez faible pour les grandes estimations comme celles qui portent sur le niveau de l'emploi au Canada; par ex., il y a deux chances sur trois que l'erreur de cette estimation soit inférieure à 0.5%. Pour les petites estimations, comme celles du chômage dans l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard, l'erreur relative est plus forte et il faut être plus prudent; par ex., il y a deux chances sur trois qu'une telle estimation puisse varier jusqu'à 25.0%.

Erreur d'observation

D'autres erreurs, qui n'ont pas trait à l'échantillonnage, peuvent se produire à presque toutes les étapes d'une enquête. Certaines de ces erreurs d'observation s'annulent après un grand nombre d'observations, mais les erreurs systématiques engendrent des biais. Il est possible de réduire les erreurs d'observation par une rédaction soignée des questionnaires, par une formation et une surveillance intensives des enquêteurs et par un contrôle serré de l'exploitation.



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Alphabetic designation of percent standard deviation

Désignation littérale de l'écart-type exprimé en pourcentage

| Alphabetic indicator | Per cent of estimates at one standard deviation |
|----------------------|---|
| Symbol littéral | % de l'estimation correspondant à un écart-type |
| A | 0.0 % - 0.5 % |
| B | 0.6 % - 1.0 % |
| C | 1.1 % - 2.5 % |
| D | 2.6 % - 5.0 % |
| E | 5.1 % - 10.0 % |
| F | 10.1 % - 16.5 % |
| G | 16.6 % - 25.0 % |
| H | 25.1 % - 33.3 % |
| J | 33.4 % + |

Estimates below four thousand, or with a sampling variability greater than 33.3 per cent, are not published and are indicated in tables by (...). - Les estimations inférieures à quatre mille ou avec une variance plus grande que 33.3 pour cent ne sont pas publiées et sont indiquées dans les tableaux par (...).

¹ Work includes any work for pay or profit. That is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes unpaid family work where unpaid family work is defined as unpaid work which contributed directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned or operated by a related member of the household.

² Persons in this group meeting the following criteria are regarded as available:

(i) were full-time students seeking part-time work who also met condition (ii) below. (Full-time students looking for full-time work are classified as not available for work in the reference week.)

(ii) reported that there was no reason why they could not take a job in reference week, or, if they could not take a job it was because of "own illness or disability", "personal or family responsibilities", or already had a job.

³ Persons are classified as being on layoff only when they expect to return to the job from which they were laid off.

¹ On entend par "travail" tout travail fait contre rémunération ou en vue d'un bénéfice, c'est-à-dire le travail fait contre rémunération pour un employeur ou à son propre compte. Il peut également s'agir d'un travail familial non rémunéré, c'est-à-dire d'un travail non rémunéré qui contribue directement à l'exploitation d'une ferme, d'une entreprise ou d'un bureau professionnel, qui est possédé ou exploité par un membre apparenté du ménage.

² On considère comme prêtes à travailler les personnes de ce groupe qui:

(i) étaient étudiants à plein temps cherchant du travail à temps partiel et qui répondent également au critère (ii) ci-dessous. (Les étudiants à plein temps qui cherchaient du travail à plein temps ne sont pas considérés comme ayant été prêts à travailler pendant la semaine de référence.)

(ii) ont déclaré qu'il n'y avait aucune raison pour laquelle elles ne pouvaient prendre un emploi pendant la semaine de référence; ou ne pouvaient en prendre un en raison "d'une maladie ou d'une invalidité", "d'obligations personnelles ou familiales", ou "parce qu'elles avaient déjà un emploi".

³ On considère comme mises à pied seules les personnes qui attendent à réintégrer l'emploi qu'elles occupaient avant d'être mises à pied.