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CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
AGRICULTURAL BRANCH

WORLD TRADE IN WHEAT
CALENDAR YEARS
1926 - 1935

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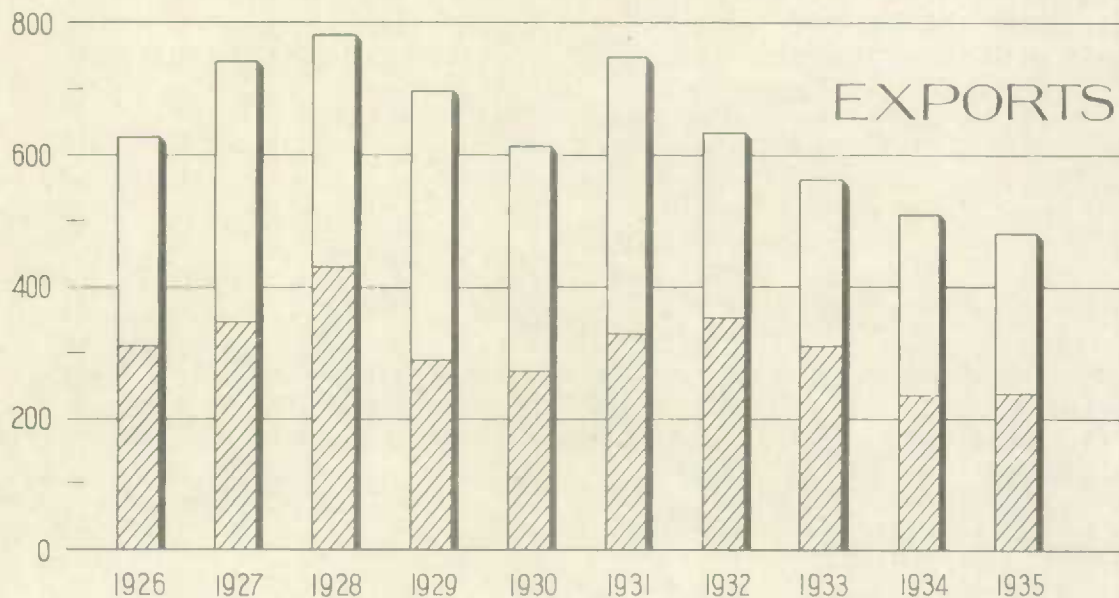
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WORLD EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF WHEAT

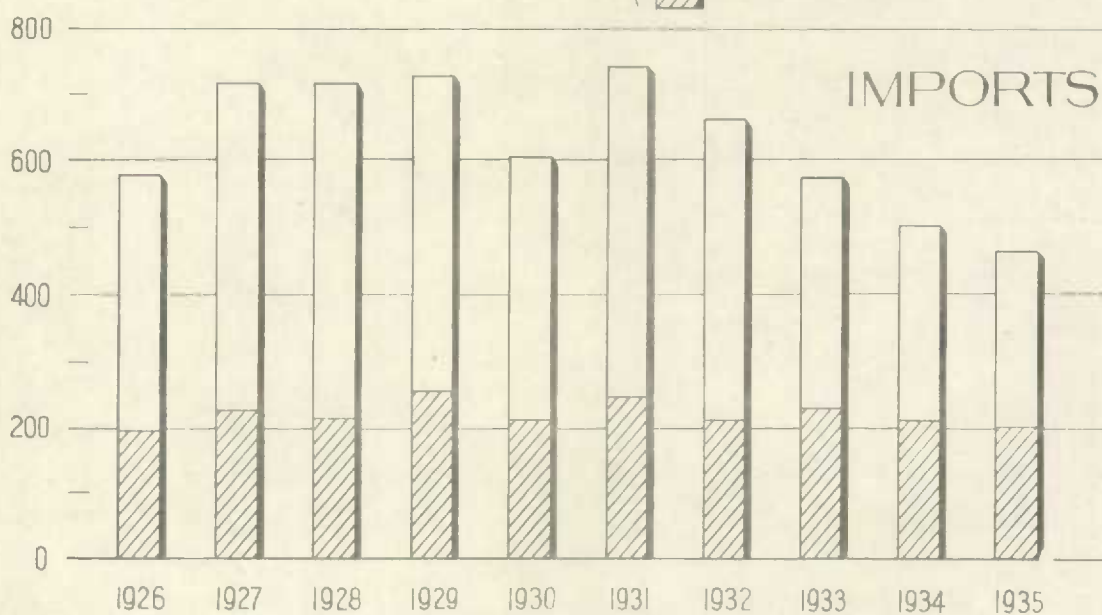
CALENDAR YEARS

1926-1935

MILLION
BUSHELS



WORLD { FOREIGN COUNTRIES
BRITISH EMPIRE



DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA
AGRICULTURAL BRANCH

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INTRODUCTION

The following survey shows by statistical tables and diagrams the world trade in wheat for the calendar years 1926 to 1935.

The first five pages of the report contain figures taken from the annual reports of the International Institute of Agriculture for the years 1926 to 1935. For the calendar year 1935, the figures were taken from "Monthly Crop Report and Agricultural Statistics", issued in Rome, Italy, and are of a preliminary nature. Tables published from page four to the end of this report are based on the Trade Returns of the various countries.

EXPORTS

According to the International Institute of Agriculture, the gross world exports of wheat for the decade 1926-35 reached their maximum in the years 1927, 1928 and 1931, when 740,453,820 bushels, 781,002,518 bushels and 746,879,754 bushels respectively were exported. Yearly declines are shown in wheat exports for the years 1932 to 1935, the result largely of importing countries taking steps to become self-sufficient in regard to wheat production.

The world exports when divided into British Empire and Foreign Countries for the five-year average amounted to 330,165,797 and 362,324,352 bushels respectively. In 1931 British Empire exports were 329,282,424 bushels, while those of foreign countries were 417,597,330 bushels. In 1932, exports of British Empire countries exceeded those of foreign countries, the former being 353,445,624 bushels and the latter, 281,436,436 bushels. Again in 1933, British Empire exports were greater than those of the foreign countries, amounting to 310,113,523 and 251,277,864 bushels respectively. During the years 1934 and 1935, the opposite situation developed, although the excess was of a lesser degree.

Canada is the largest exporter of wheat in the world, according to the five-year average (1926 to 1930). Canada's average for the five-years was 257,862,886 bushels compared with Argentina's for the same period of 149,785,696 bushels. United States was third with 116,210,230 bushels. During the last five years (1931 to 1935) exports from Canada averaged 189,779,890 bushels annually, again placing Canada as the leading exporting country. For the last five-year period, annual average exports from Argentina amounted to 144,481,566 bushels, placing Argentina again in second place, while Australia's average exports were 101,217,302 bushels, replacing the United States as the third largest exporter. The other principal exporters in order of annual average quantities exported during the last five years were as follows: Soviet Russia, United States, Hungary, Germany, Roumania, Algeria, France and French Morocco.

In comparing Canada's position during the calendar years 1931 to 1935, with that of the 1926-30 period when annual average exports amounted to 257,862,886 bushels, it will be noted that the exports dropped 63,037,232 bushels in 1931; 29,643,081 bushels in 1932; 65,587,985 bushels in 1933; 89,849,796 bushels in 1934 and 92,196,886 bushels in 1935. The average export for the five-year period (1931 to 1935) was 189,779,890 bushels, a reduction of 68,082,996 bushels from the previous five-year average. Australia's exports in contrast with Canada's, in 1931, were more than double those of the five-year average (1926-30), being 131,655,061 bushels in 1931 compared with 64,151,884 bushels, the five-year average. In 1932, they amounted to 123,734,722 bushels, an increase of 59,582,839 bushels and in 1933, to 115,194,432 bushels, which is 51,042,548 bushels above the five-year average. In 1934 and 1935, Australia's exports were slightly in excess of the 1926-30 average of 64,151,884 bushels. The average for the five years 1931-35 amounted to 101,217,302 bushels.

IMPORTS

Heavy world imports of wheat were noted for the calendar years 1927, 1928, 1929 and 1931. According to the five-year average (1926-30) the larger part of wheat imports were credited to foreign countries, the quantities registered being as follows: foreign countries 444,512,641 and British Empire countries 223,639,694 bushels. In 1931, 1932, and 1933, the foreign country imports were 491,510,270, 447,132,562 and 339,376,834 bushels respectively. In the years 1934 and 1935 they were reduced to 286,931,170 and 261,560,000 bushels respectively. The British Empire country imports remained fairly steady, the highest quantity imported being 248,613,641 bushels in 1931, which dropped to 204,038,000 bushels in 1935. The five-year average (1931-35) imports into British Empire countries were 222,388,935 bushels and into foreign countries 365,302,167 bushels.

The United Kingdom is the world's greatest wheat importer, the five-year average (1926-30) imports amounting to 196,671,671 bushels. In 1931, the imports were increased to 222,909,468 bushels, receding in 1932 to 197,184,701 bushels, but recovering again in 1933 to 209,761,379 bushels. The 1934 and 1935 imports were reduced to 191,562,823 and 189,318,000 bushels. The five-year average (1931-35) imports into the United Kingdom were 202,147,274 bushels.

The Irish Free State is the second largest importer in the British Empire countries. According to the five-year average, 10,404,307 bushels were imported. In 1931 and 1932, wheat imports showed slight increases over the five-year average but in 1933, the rose to 15,322,909 bushels. In 1934, a further increase was shown, the imports amounting to 17,616,207 bushels, but in 1935, a reduction took place, the imports being 14,108,000 bushels. Other British Empire countries importing minor quantities of wheat were: British India, Union of South Africa, Malta, New Zealand and Palestine.

The chief foreign importing countries were twenty-two in number and according to the five-year average (1926-30) Italy was the largest importer, averaging 80,094,094 bushels or 12 per cent of the world imports. For the years 1931 and 1932, France replaced Italy in the quantity imported, the amount of the importation being 86,928,450 bushels or 11.7 per cent and 77,970,986 bushels or 11.8 per cent respectively. During the years 1933 and 1934, Belgium was the leading importer of wheat, the quantities during these years amounting to 43,713,163 bushels or 7.6 per cent and 47,676,241 bushels or 9.5 per cent respectively. For the year 1935, the United States was the largest importer of wheat with 38,863,000 bushels or 8.35 per cent. Belgium was a close second with 38,703,000 bushels or 8.31 per cent. For the five-year period (1931 to 1935) France was the largest average

importer, taking 49,512,655 bushels or 8.4 per cent. Belgium was second with 46,131,453 bushels or 7.8 per cent, China third, with 30,698,572 bushels or 5.2 per cent and Brazil fourth, with an average importation of 30,201,992 bushels or 5.1 per cent. Average imports for Italy were 26,916,651 bushels or 4.5 per cent, Germany, 24,951,221 bushels or 4.2 per cent, Netherlands, 24,203,587 bushels or 4.1 per cent and Japan 21,058,826 bushels or 3.5 per cent. Importers of smaller quantities were numerous, chief of which were: The United States, Switzerland, Greece, Denmark and Austria. These are all indicated on charts appearing on pages elsewhere in the report.

The United States was never a heavy exporter of wheat in proportion to the crop produced, although it ranked as the largest producer outside of Russia and China. The average exports of wheat during the five-year period (1926-30) were 116,210,230 bushels, which in 1931 were reduced to 80,395,156 bushels, with a further recession to 54,943,886 bushels in 1932; while due to poor harvests in 1933, 1934 and 1935, only 8,039,343, 17,012,379 and 301,000 bushels respectively were exported.

Argentina's average exports for the five-year period (1926 to 1930) amounted to 149,785,696 bushels. With the exception of the year 1934, when 176,137,125 bushels were exported, Argentina's yearly exports were below the previous five-year average. However, the 1931-35 average of 144,481,566 bushels is less than the corresponding figure for the previous five years.

Summarizing, the 1931-35 period, some changes have occurred in the wheat-exporting world. The United States, formerly an exporter, is now a net importer of wheat. Canada has maintained her position as the chief exporter, although with reduced exports. Argentina has not increased her exports to any great extent except in 1934, when it was the largest exporter in the world.

The figures in this volume are all on a calendar year basis, because the annual trade returns of each country are revised and printed covering the calendar years. From experience it was found that more accurate trade figures were published in the Annual Trade Returns of any country than from their monthlies which contained figures of a more or less preliminary nature.

The Bureau is indebted to Mr. Gilchrist, Chief of the Foreign Tariff Division, for the information on tariffs and restrictions on wheat for the various countries covered in this survey.

The total wheat disappearance figure represents the amount of wheat retained in each country for all purposes except seed unless otherwise stated.

Note - Currency

The conversions are made at par rates of exchange owing to the fluctuations of current rates. Attention is called to the following table of equivalents in Canadian money at par and current rates of exchange.

	<u>Value at Par</u>	<u>Value at</u> <u>Current Exchange</u> December 15, 1936
	\$	\$
1. French franc	3.92	4.66
2. German reichsmark	23.82	40.18
3. Italian lira	5.25	5.25
4. Belgian belga	10.01	16.89
5. Netherlands florin	40.2	67.75
6. Switzerland franc	19.3	22.96
7. Norwegian krone	26.80	24.62
8. Swedish krona	26.80	25.26
9. Danish krone	26.80	21.87
10. Austrian schilling	14.07	18.67
11. Czechoslovakia krone	2.96	3.53
12. Greek paper drachma	1.30	.90
13. Spanish paper peseta	19.3	
14. Brazilian paper milreis	11.96	8.70
15. Japanese yen	49.85	28.47
16. Chinese gold unit	40	67.50
17. Finland markka	2.52	2.16

World Trade in Wheat

World Exports

World gross exports of wheat for the years 1926 to 1935 and the five years' averages 1926-30 and 1931-35, showing British Empire and foreign countries' exports separately were as follows:

	<u>Total World</u> <u>Exports</u>	<u>British Empire</u> <u>Exports</u> (Bushels)	<u>Foreign Countries'</u> <u>Exports</u>
1926	628,416,213	311,525,829	316,890,384
1927	740,453,820	348,983,127	391,470,693
1928	781,002,518	430,088,296	350,914,222
1929	698,349,243	289,135,967	409,213,276
1930	614,228,950	271,095,762	343,133,188
5-year average	692,490,149	330,165,797	362,324,352
1931	746,879,754	329,282,424	417,597,330
1932	634,882,060	353,445,624	281,436,436
1933	561,391,387	310,113,523	251,277,864
1934	509,244,156	235,479,955	273,764,201
1935 preliminary ..	481,483,000	237,039,000	244,444,000
5-year average	586,776,071	293,072,105	293,703,966

World Exports

The chief countries contributing to the British Empire totals were as follows:-

	Canada	Australia	British India	Other British Countries
		(Bushels)		
1926	250,116,466	52,774,783	8,302,544	332,036
1927	255,062,278	80,979,511	12,648,507	292,831
1928	365,428,637	58,422,977	5,832,357	404,325
1929	210,945,635	74,963,857	2,538,353	688,122
1930	207,761,412	53,618,291	9,159,026	557,033
5-year average ..	257,862,886	64,151,884	7,696,157	454,870
1931	194,825,654	131,655,061	2,572,160	229,549
1932	228,219,805	123,734,722	1,313,897	177,200
1933	192,274,901	115,194,432	1,486,479	1,157,711
1934	167,913,090	65,540,295	1,697,072	329,498
1935 prel.	165,666,000	69,962,000	353,000	1,058,000
5-year average ..	189,779,890	101,217,302	1,484,521	590,392

Notes:- Other British includes New Zealand, Palestine, United Kingdom and minor British countries.

The chief countries contributing to the foreign totals were as follows:-

	Argentina	United States	Russia	Hungary
		(Bushels)		
1926	74,763,879	138,274,698	38,473,266	14,830,504
1927	155,257,749	168,369,722	28,251,512	11,436,687
1928	194,585,395	96,364,567	122,292	10,449,238
1929	242,994,686	90,197,443	37	17,857,136
1930	81,326,773	87,844,720	92,994,398	12,758,659
5-year average ..	149,785,696	116,210,230	31,968,301	13,466,445
1931	133,696,457	80,395,156	91,819,464	13,258,770
1932	126,465,415	54,943,886	20,242,398	5,287,700
1933	144,371,834	8,039,343	27,492,951	16,547,803
1934	176,137,125	17,012,379	7,780,939	16,747,329
1935 prel.	141,737,000	301,000	22,152,000	11,428,000
5-year average ..	144,481,566	32,138,353	33,897,550	12,653,920

	Germany	Roumania	Algeria	France
		(Bushels)		
1926	10,533,876	9,984,757	4,045,570	605,045
1927	2,985,377	7,688,266	2,679,193	8,965
1928	10,027,982	1,025,941	7,112,685	15,517
1929	11,454,470	308,359	4,018,078	26,194
1930	824,739	12,356,043	10,565,857	16,398,045
5-year average ..	7,165,289	6,272,673	5,684,277	3,410,753
1931	10,604,489	36,248,134	4,291,116	50,272
1932	17,182,947	3,780,424	11,427,953	76,032
1933	19,697,300	225,794	8,580,190	2,219,467
1934	6,821,973	9,954	11,577,857	5,442,399
1935 prel.	478,000	7,448,000	3,949,000	30,155,000
5-year average ..	10,957,342	9,542,461	7,965,223	7,588,634

World Exports

The chief countries contributing to the foreign totals were as follows:-

	<u>Yugoslavia</u>	<u>Tunis</u>	<u>French Morocco</u>	<u>Turkey</u>
		(Bushels)		
1926	10,923,165	2,941,179	1,342,405	-
1927	2,353,513	300,702	3,783,702	656,357
1928	5,962,630	4,220,542	4,565,598	211,515
1929	20,356,115	6,215,790	4,673,693	13,228
1930	9,274,245	4,025,082	1,187,960	290,410
5-year average ..	9,773,934	3,540,619	3,110,672	234,302
1931	11,355,117	6,692,036	6,041,029	628,347
1932	4,888,883	10,008,989	6,962,428	1,161,732
1933	469,000	2,818,086	7,978,573	980,655
1934	3,597,194	2,147,627	6,047,955	3,190,315
1935 prel.	1,109,000	4,322,000	4,685,000	-
5-year aver.	4,283,839	5,197,747	6,342,997	1,192,210

	<u>Bulgaria</u>	<u>Poland</u>	<u>Belgium</u>	<u>Iraq</u>	<u>Other Foreign</u>
			(Bushels)		
1926	1,329,406	1,947,811	857,878	-	6,036,945
1927	1,448,997	231,717	691,145	322,432	5,004,657
1928	754,343	79,119	1,479,733	392,027	13,545,298
1929	122,946	71,091	1,163,536	238,716	9,501,758
1930	1,435,637	2,095,029	745,279	3,308,485	5,701,827
5-year average ..	1,018,265	884,953	987,514	852,332	7,958,097
1931	8,917,422	1,785,057	6,456,832	1,284,678	4,072,954
1932	6,353,756	2,430,450	4,103,392	478,531	5,641,520
1933	3,694,666	1,540,605	3,215,925	566,336	2,839,336
1934	1,274,967	2,907,691	2,734,010	301,573	10,030,914
1935 prel.	1,359,000	2,531,000	2,171,000	-	10,619,000
5-year average ..	4,319,962	2,238,961	3,736,232	526,224	6,640,745

World Imports

World gross imports of wheat with quantities imported from British Empire and foreign countries during the calendar years 1926 to 1935, with five year averages 1926-1930 and 1931-1935 were as follows:

<u>Calendar Years</u>	<u>World Imports</u>	<u>British Imports</u>	<u>Foreign Countries' Imports</u>
		(Bushels)	
1926	578,274,826	198,258,551	380,016,275
1927	715,388,798	228,360,385	487,028,413
1928	716,107,643	218,235,092	497,872,551
1929	728,758,758	256,880,301	471,878,457
1930	602,231,651	216,464,140	385,767,511
5-year average ..	668,152,335	223,639,694	444,512,641
1931	740,123,911	248,613,641	491,510,270
1932	660,842,627	213,710,065	447,132,562
1933	571,455,685	232,078,851	339,376,834
1934	500,435,291	213,504,121	286,931,170
1935 prel.	465,598,000	204,038,000	261,560,000
5-year average ..	587,691,102	222,388,935	365,302,167

Chief British Empire Importing Countries

The chief countries contributing to the British Empire totals were as follows:

	<u>United Kingdom</u>	<u>Irish Free State</u>	<u>British India</u>	<u>x Union of South Africa</u>
		(Bushels)		
1926	179,673,715	10,107,358	1,758,760	3,418,549
1927	206,142,050	11,896,325	3,398,951	4,759,348
1928	193,340,087	9,145,707	5,966,591	7,615,977
1929	208,627,594	10,948,823	26,901,744	6,458,356
1930	195,574,931	9,923,319	7,354,506	2,186,817
5-year average.	196,671,671	10,404,307	9,076,108	4,887,810
1931	222,909,468	10,520,148	9,331,061	3,487,585
1932	197,184,701	11,046,394	411,409	1,335,524
1933	209,761,379	15,322,909	2,474,938	301,609
1934	191,562,823	17,616,207	346,429	1,119,897
1935 prel.	189,318,000	14,108,000	411,000	11,000
5-year average.	202,147,274	13,722,732	2,594,967	1,251,123

	<u>Malta</u>	<u>New Zealand</u>	<u>Palestine</u>	<u>Canada</u>	<u>Other British</u>
			(Bushels)		
1926	1,068,537	1,697,392	135,949	130,401	267,890
1927	1,100,680	737,078	39,205	155,780	131,008
1928	803,623	761,049	356,151	110,931	134,976
1929	1,124,684	424,144	475,786	1,792,384	126,786
1930	804,968	280,129	90,976	180,949	67,545
5-year average.	980,498	779,959	219,613	474,089	145,641
1931	1,150,070	188,345	778,807	166,406	81,751
1932	1,117,780	1,361,387	787,956	90,994	373,920
1933	1,192,556	366,740	2,206,313	16,358	436,049
1934	951,911	111,894	1,673,538	4,663	116,759
1935 prel.	-	37,000	-	7,000	146,000
5-year average.	882,464	413,072	1,089,323	57,084	230,896

Chief Foreign Importing Countries

The chief countries contributing to the foreign countries totals were as follows:-

<u>Calendar Year</u>	<u>Italy</u>	<u>Germany</u>	<u>France</u>	<u>Belgium</u>
		(Bushels)		
1926	78,862,340	79,813,553	17,366,747	37,671,330
1927	84,808,917	95,978,386	79,686,701	45,214,012
1928	100,853,563	90,860,601	37,400,294	43,696,092
1929	64,845,803	78,660,687	51,879,986	43,284,838
1930	71,099,846	43,988,373	38,058,933	44,354,095
5-year average.	80,094,094	77,860,320	44,878,532	42,844,073
1931	54,562,328	29,307,766	86,928,450	53,767,372
1932	38,873,134	33,534,197	77,970,986	46,797,489
1933	17,109,094	28,304,786	30,862,881	43,713,163
1934	17,241,700	23,771,356	26,022,959	47,676,241
1935 prel.	6,797,000	5,838,000	25,778,000	38,703,000
5-year average.	26,916,651	24,951,221	49,512,655	46,131,453

x Includes Southern Rhodesia.

Chief Foreign Importing Countries

The chief countries contributing to the foreign countries totals were as follows:-

	China	Brazil	Netherlands	Japan	Greece
			(Bushels)		
1926	9,232,273	13,938,937	20,392,542	25,830,138	11,522,827
1927	3,754,223	21,881,876	22,735,704	17,176,808	15,103,398
1928	2,005,967	25,551,416	20,965,323	24,159,996	17,489,400
1929	12,580,709	27,417,624	24,056,002	27,185,900	21,969,034
1930	6,135,572	23,818,329	26,010,429	17,795,969	21,115,135
5-year average ..	6,741,749	23,721,636	22,832,000	22,429,762	17,439,959
1931	50,585,916	29,243,576	28,436,753	26,553,937	24,357,574
1932	33,506,650	28,379,573	27,875,094	28,012,973	22,103,007
1933	39,368,887	31,233,678	27,048,427	19,465,447	16,483,873
1934	17,083,407	29,756,131	18,150,665	18,044,775	9,556,219
1935 prel.	12,948,000	32,397,000	19,507,000	13,217,000	14,106,000
5-year average ..	30,698,572	30,201,992	24,203,587	21,058,826	17,321,335
	Switzerland	United States	Czechoslovakia	Denmark	Austria
			(Bushels)		
1926	16,109,141	14,142,761	7,820,795	3,868,031	9,175,928
1927	16,629,189	11,753,842	12,236,860	5,496,885	7,629,238
1928	16,833,506	18,847,663	10,980,738	9,388,196	8,438,872
1929	17,149,019	14,575,506	6,120,897	11,159,489	8,615,743
1930	17,630,945	19,968,372	10,844,145	5,074,744	9,356,612
5-year average ..	16,870,360	15,857,629	9,600,687	6,997,469	8,643,279
1931	20,503,921	15,690,219	15,339,113	14,366,111	11,103,610
1932	19,157,404	10,026,325	11,882,241	10,801,726	9,976,057
1933	18,730,743	10,317,620	10,286,922	10,943,253	10,786,003
1934	16,938,698	18,542,402	82,676	13,139,362	8,596,269
1935 prel.	17,644,000	38,863,000	3,490,000	13,275,000	6,813,000
5-year average ..	18,594,953	18,687,913	8,216,190	12,505,091	9,454,988
	Norway	Portugal	Sweden	Spain	Soviet Russia
			(Bushels)		
1926	3,281,148	3,959,062	6,652,217	133,256	60,788
1927	3,506,082	7,600,093	8,709,309	15,697	19,511
1928	3,631,247	11,335,154	9,670,523	11,610,985	9,015,801
1929	4,395,654	5,429,094	10,084,522	12,616,203	785,972
1930	4,799,413	5,423,230	6,446,981	198,001	253,079
5-year average ..	3,922,709	6,749,327	8,312,710	4,914,828	2,027,030
1931	4,785,759	2,844,658	4,494,670	58,767	-
1932	5,429,546	1,930,501	6,272,179	10,744,131	4,816,359
1933	6,196,959	680,034	1,948,718	33	249,449
1934	6,119,053	633,032	1,685,079	107	1,181,585
1935 prel.	6,731,000	367,000	1,566,000	29,000	-
5-year average ..	5,852,463	1,291,045	3,193,329	2,166,408	1,249,479

Chief Foreign Importing Countries

The chief countries contributing to the foreign countries totals were as follows:

	<u>Finland</u>	<u>Algeria</u>
	(Bushels)	
1926	36,181	833,532
1927	1,639	4,174,321
1928	17,255	1,028,517
1929	13,569	2,042,159
1930	31,346	241,920
5-year average	19,998	1,664,090
1931	471,274	3,735,936
1932	1,143,251	2,000,133
1933	1,499,361	887,269
1934	2,044,515	530,581
1935 prel.	2,176,000	356,000
5-year average	1,466,880	1,501,984

	<u>Peru</u>	<u>Other Foreign Countries</u>
	(Bushels)	
1926	2,714,154	10,598,594
1927	2,787,067	20,128,655
1928	2,772,337	21,319,105
1929	3,758,624	23,251,423
1930	2,501,059	10,620,983
5-year average	2,906,648	17,183,752
1931	3,788,353	10,584,207
1932	3,043,879	8,855,727
1933	3,100,350	10,159,884
1934	4,658,845	5,475,513
1935 prel.	-	959,000
5-year average	2,918,286	7,206,866

Quantities and Percentages Used in Wheat Charts

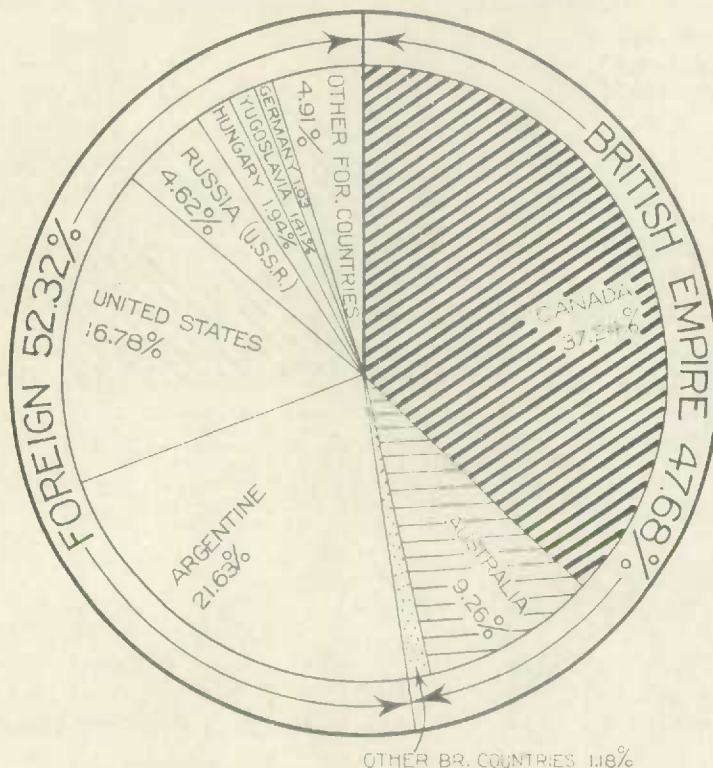
<u>Gross Exports</u>				
	Five-year Average 1926-1930		1 9 3 1	
	bushels	p.c.	bushels	p.c.
Total World Exports	692,490,149	100.00	746,879,754	100.00
British Empire Exports	330,165,797	47.68	329,282,424	44.09
Canada	257,862,886	37.24	194,825,654	26.09
Australia	64,151,884	9.26	131,655,061	17.63
Other British Countries	8,151,027	1.18	2,801,709	.37
Foreign Exports	362,324,352	52.32	417,597,330	55.91
Argentina	149,785,696	21.63	133,696,457	17.90
United States	116,210,230	16.78	80,395,156	10.76
Russia	31,968,301	4.62	91,819,464	12.29
Roumania	6,272,673	.91	36,248,134	4.85
Hungary	13,466,445	1.94	13,258,770	1.78
Yugoslavia	9,773,934	1.41	11,355,117	1.52
Germany	7,165,289	1.03	10,604,489	1.42
Other Foreign Countries	27,681,784	4.00	40,219,743	5.39
<u>Gross Imports</u>				
Total World Imports	668,152,335	100.00	740,123,911	100.00
British Empire Imports	223,639,694	33.47	248,613,641	33.59
United Kingdom	196,671,671	29.44	222,909,468	30.12
Irish Free State	10,404,307	1.55	10,520,148	1.42
British India	9,076,106	1.36	9,331,061	1.26
Other British Countries	7,487,610	1.12	5,852,964	.79
Foreign Imports	444,512,641	66.53	491,510,270	66.41
Italy	80,094,094	11.99	54,562,328	7.39
Germany	77,860,320	11.65	29,307,766	3.96
France	44,878,532	6.72	86,928,450	11.75
Belgium	42,844,073	6.41	53,767,372	7.26
China	6,741,749	1.01	50,585,916	6.83
Brazil	23,721,636	3.55	29,243,576	3.95
Netherlands	22,832,000	3.42	28,436,753	3.84
Japan	22,429,762	3.36	26,553,937	3.59
Greece	17,439,959	2.61	24,357,574	3.29
Switzerland	16,870,360	2.52	20,503,921	2.77
United States	15,857,629	2.37	15,690,219	2.12
Czechoslovakia	9,600,687	1.43	15,339,113	2.07
Denmark	6,997,469	1.06	14,366,111	1.94
Austria	8,643,279	1.29	11,103,610	1.50
Sweden	8,312,710	1.24	4,494,670	.61
Other Foreign	39,388,382	5.90	26,268,954	3.54

WHEAT

FIVE YEAR AVERAGE 1926-1930

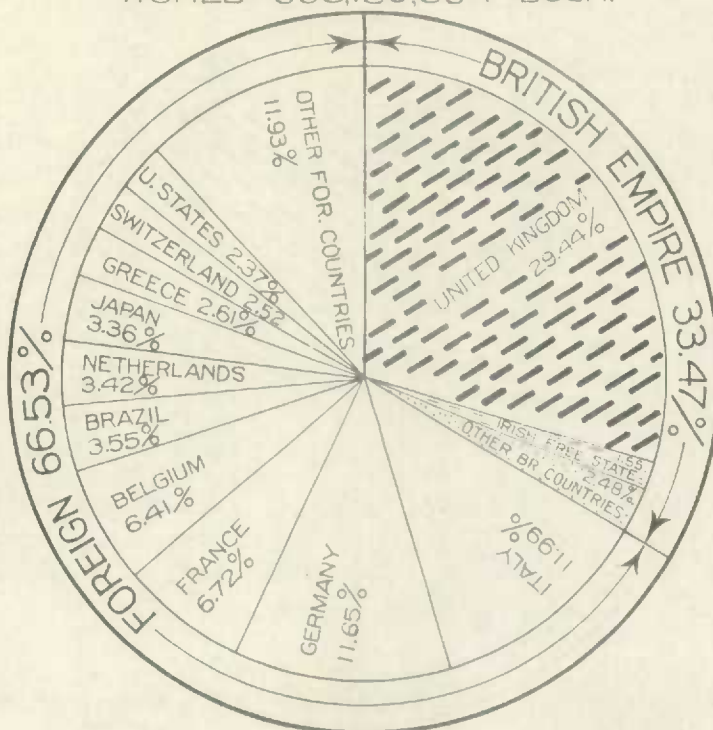
GROSS EXPORTS

WORLD 692,490,149 BUSH.



GROSS IMPORTS

WORLD 668,150,864 BUSH.

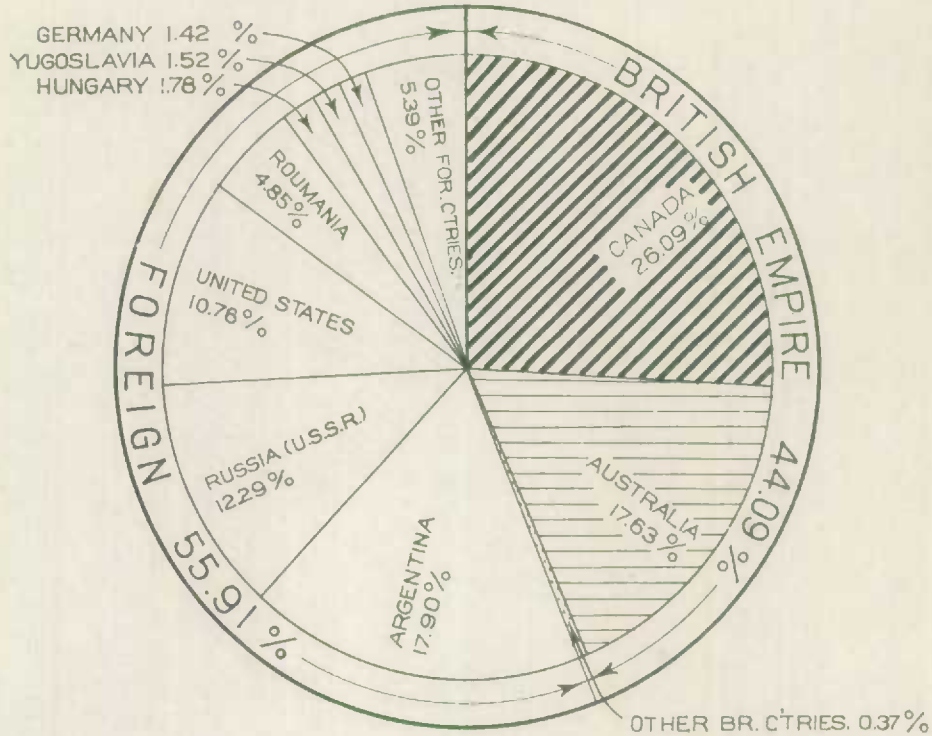


WHEAT

CALENDAR YEAR 1931

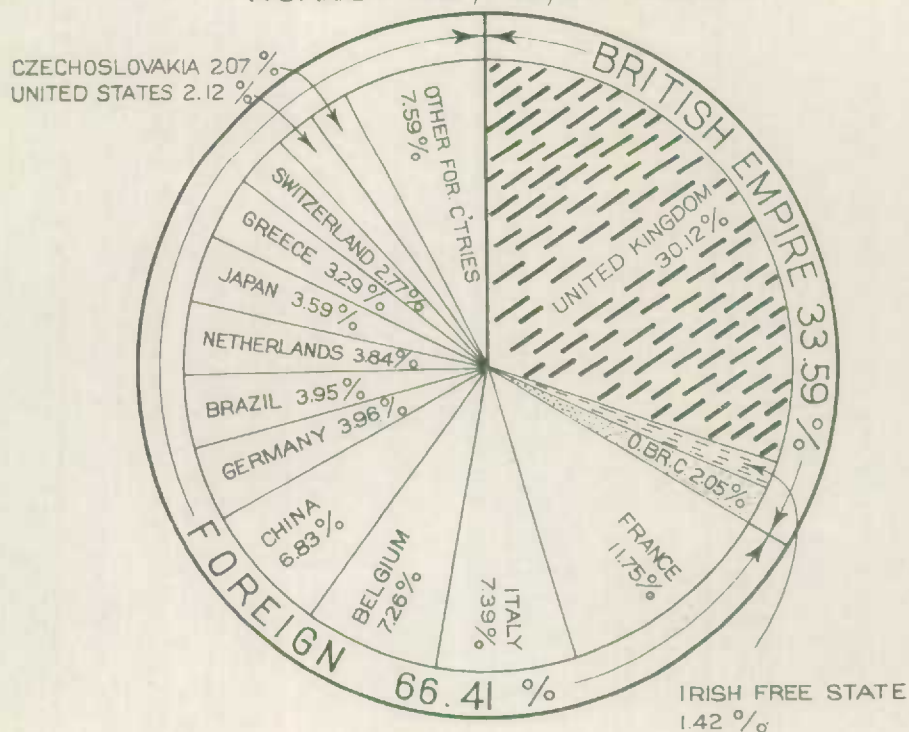
GROSS EXPORTS

WORLD - 746,879,754 BUSH.



GROSS IMPORTS

WORLD - 740,123,911 BUSH.



Quantities and Percentages Used in Wheat Charts

Gross Exports

Calendar Years 1932 and 1933

	1 9 3 2		1 9 3 3	
	bushels	p.c.	bushels	p.c.
Total World Exports	634,882,060	100.00	561,391,389	100.00
British Empire Exports	353,445,624	55.67	310,113,523	55.24
Canada	228,219,805	35.95	192,274,901	34.25
Australia	123,734,722	19.49	115,194,432	20.52
Other British Countries	1,485,097	.23	2,644,190	.47
Foreign Exports	281,436,436	44.33	251,277,864	44.75
Argentina	126,465,415	19.92	144,371,834	25.72
United States	54,943,886	8.65	8,039,343	1.42
Russia	20,242,398	3.18	27,492,951	4.90
Germany	17,182,947	2.71	19,697,300	3.51
Algeria	11,427,953	1.80	8,580,190	1.52
Tunis	10,008,989	1.58	2,818,086	.51
Hungary	5,287,700	.83	16,547,803	2.94
Other Foreign Countries	35,877,148	5.66	23,730,357	4.23

Gross Imports

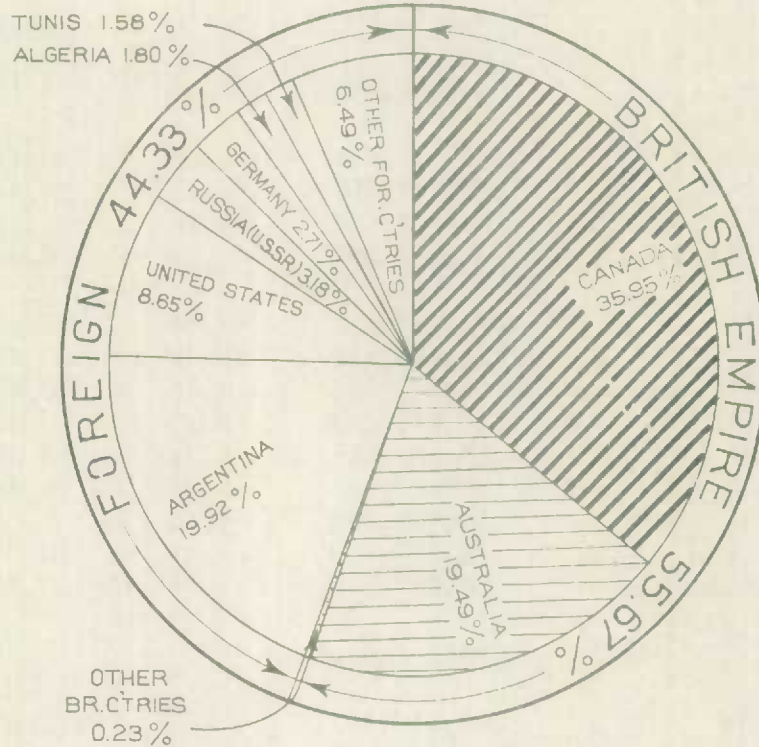
Total World Imports	660,842,627	100.00	571,455,685	100.00
British Empire Imports	213,710,065	32.34	232,078,851	40.61
United Kingdom	197,184,701	29.83	209,761,379	36.71
Irish Free State	11,046,394	1.68	15,322,909	2.68
British India	411,409	.06	2,474,938	.43
Other British Countries	5,067,561	.77	4,519,625	.79
Foreign Imports	447,132,562	67.66	339,376,834	59.39
France	77,970,986	11.80	30,862,881	5.40
Belgium	46,797,489	7.08	43,713,163	7.65
Italy	38,873,134	5.87	17,109,094	2.99
Germany	37,534,197	5.67	28,304,786	4.95
China	33,506,650	5.06	39,368,887	6.89
Brazil	28,379,573	4.29	31,233,678	5.47
Japan	28,012,973	4.24	19,465,447	3.41
Netherlands	27,875,094	4.22	27,048,427	4.73
Greece	22,103,007	3.34	16,483,873	2.88
Switzerland	19,157,404	2.90	18,730,743	3.28
Denmark	10,801,726	1.64	10,943,253	1.91
Czechoslovakia	11,882,241	1.81	10,286,922	1.80
United States	10,026,325	1.52	10,317,620	1.81
Austria	9,976,057	1.51	10,786,003	1.89
Spain	10,744,131	1.64	-	-
Norway	5,429,546	.82	6,196,959	1.08
Sweden	6,272,179	.95	1,948,718	.34
Other Foreign Countries	21,782,850	3.30	16,576,380	2.91

WHEAT

CALENDAR YEAR 1932

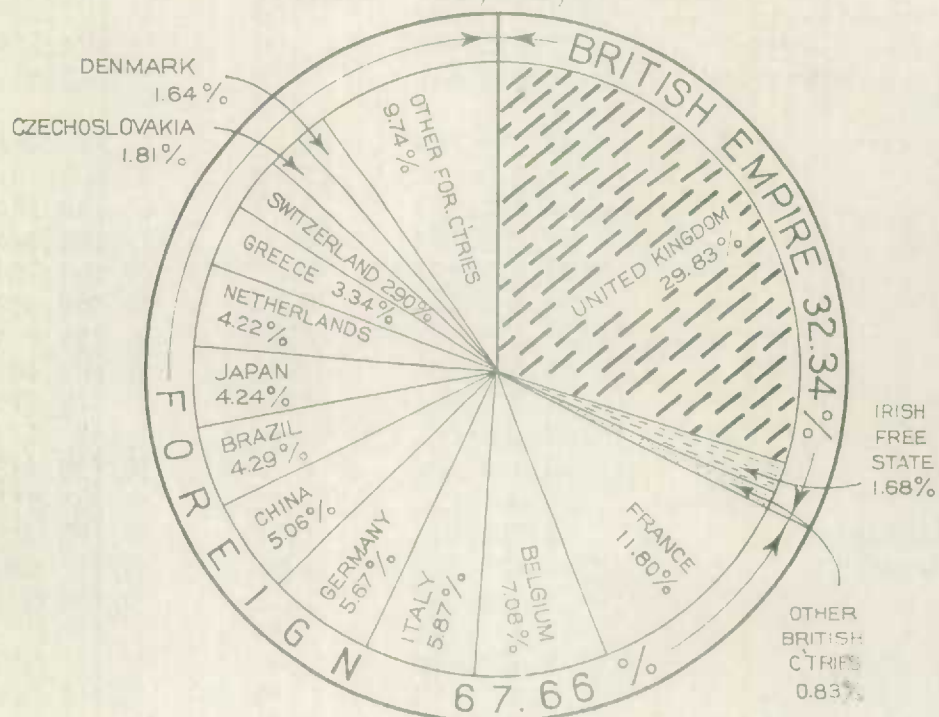
GROSS EXPORTS

WORLD - 634,882,060 BUSH.



GROSS IMPORTS

WORLD - 660,842,627 BUSH.

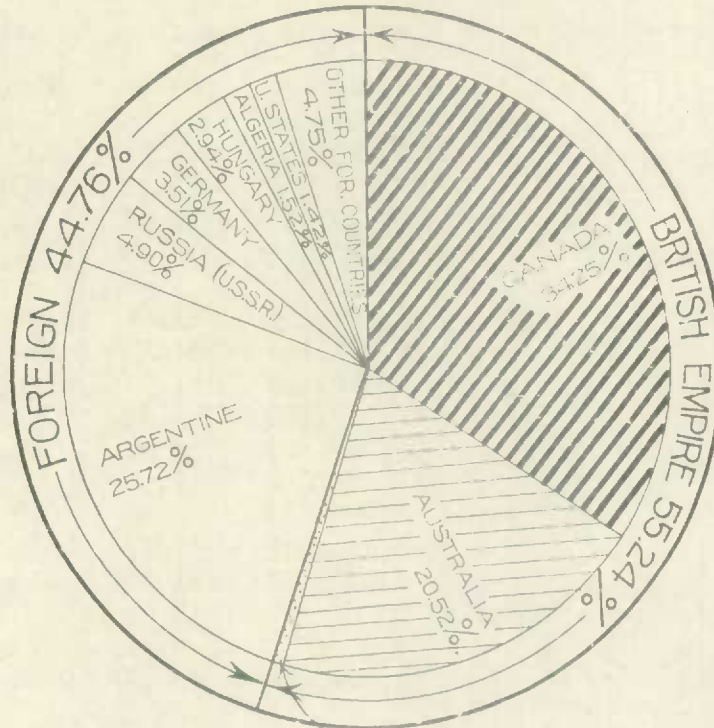


WHEAT

CALENDAR YEAR 1933

GROSS EXPORTS

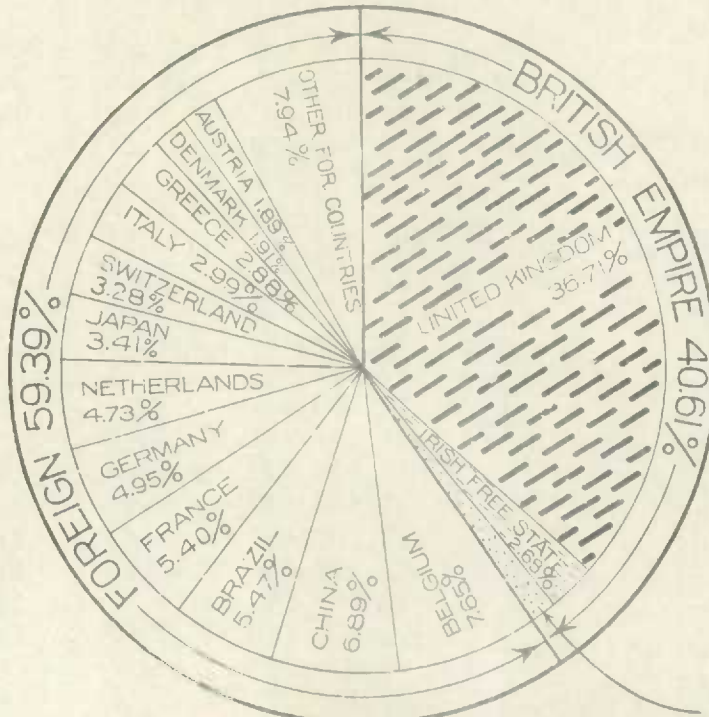
WORLD - 561,391,389 BUSH.



OTHER BR. COUNTRIES 0.47%

GROSS IMPORTS

WORLD - 571,455,685 BUSH.



OTHER BR. COUNTRIES 1.22%

Quantities and Percentages Used in Wheat Charts

Gross Exports

Calendar Years 1934 and 1935

	1 9 3 4		1 9 3 5	
	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
Total World Exports	509,244,156	100.00	481,483,000	100.00
British Empire Exports	235,479,955	46.24	237,039,000	49.23
Canada	167,913,090	32.97	165,666,000	34.41
Australia	65,540,395	12.87	69,962,000	14.53
Other British Countries	2,026,570	.40	1,411,000	.29
Foreign Exports	273,764,201	53.76	244,444,000	50.77
Argentina	176,137,125	34.59	141,737,000	29.44
France	5,442,399	1.07	30,155,000	6.26
United States	17,012,379	3.34	-	-
Hungary	16,747,329	3.29	11,428,000	2.37
Algeria	11,577,857	2.27	-	-
Russia	7,780,939	1.53	22,152,000	4.60
Germany	6,823,973	1.34	-	-
French Morocco	6,047,955	1.19	4,685,000	.97
Roumania	-	-	7,448,000	1.55
Tunis	-	-	4,322,000	.90
Other Foreign Countries	26,194,245	5.14	22,517,000	4.68

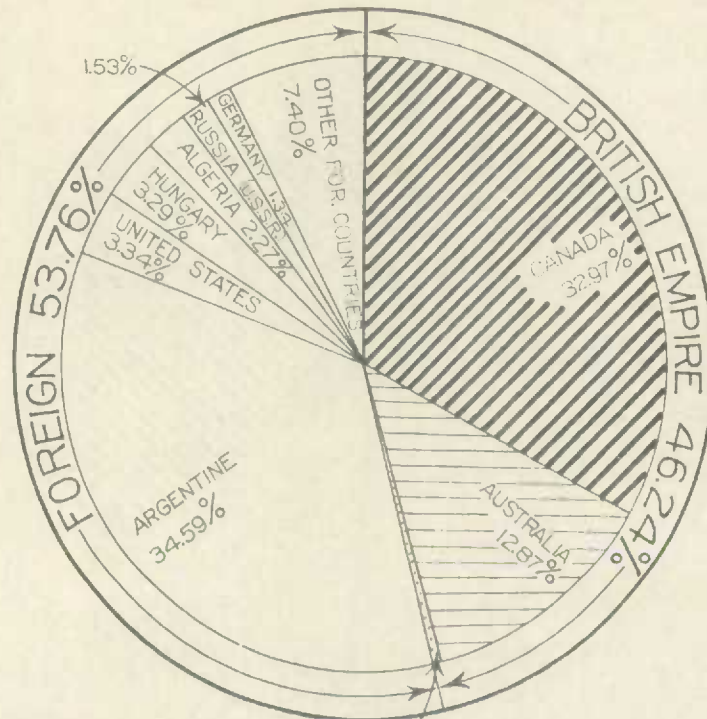
Gross Imports

Total World Imports	500,435,291	100.00	465,598,000	100.00
British Empire Imports	213,504,121	42.67	204,038,000	43.82
United Kingdom	191,562,823	38.28	189,318,000	40.66
Irish Free State	17,616,207	3.52	14,108,000	3.03
British India	346,429	.07	411,000	.09
Other British Countries	3,978,662	.80	201,000	.04
Foreign Imports	286,931,170	57.33	261,560,000	56.18
Belgium	47,676,241	9.53	38,703,000	8.31
Brazil	29,756,131	5.95	32,397,000	6.96
France	26,022,959	5.20	25,778,000	5.54
Germany	23,771,356	4.75	5,838,000	1.25
Netherlands	18,150,665	3.63	19,507,000	4.19
Japan	18,044,775	3.61	13,217,000	2.84
Italy	17,241,700	3.44	6,797,000	1.50
United States	18,542,402	3.71	38,863,000	8.35
China	17,083,407	3.42	12,948,000	2.78
Switzerland	16,938,698	3.34	17,644,000	3.79
Denmark	13,139,362	2.63	13,275,000	2.85
Greece	9,556,219	1.92	14,106,000	3.02
Austria	8,596,269	1.72	6,813,000	1.45
Norway	6,119,053	1.22	6,731,000	1.44
Other Foreign Countries	16,291,933	3.26	8,943,000	1.91

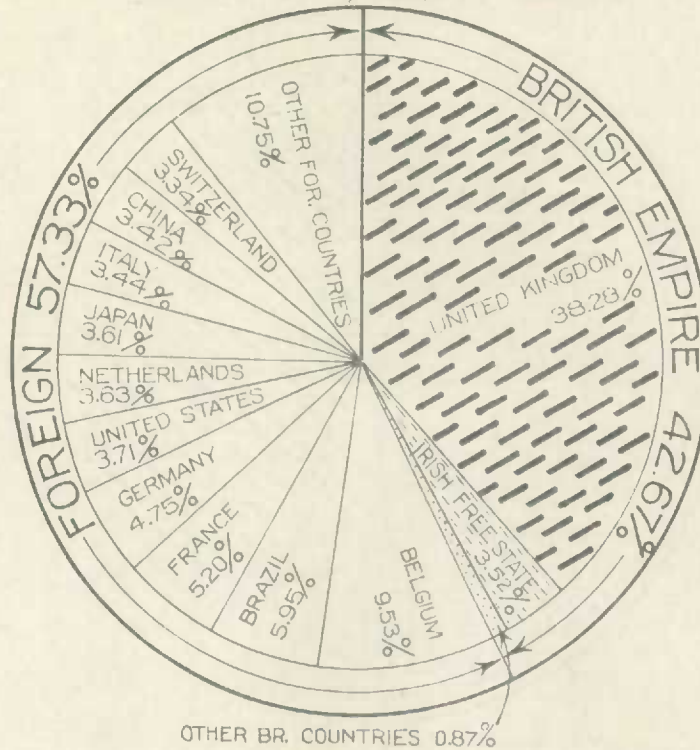
WHEAT

CALENDAR YEAR 1934

GROSS EXPORTS
WORLD 509,244,156 BUSH.



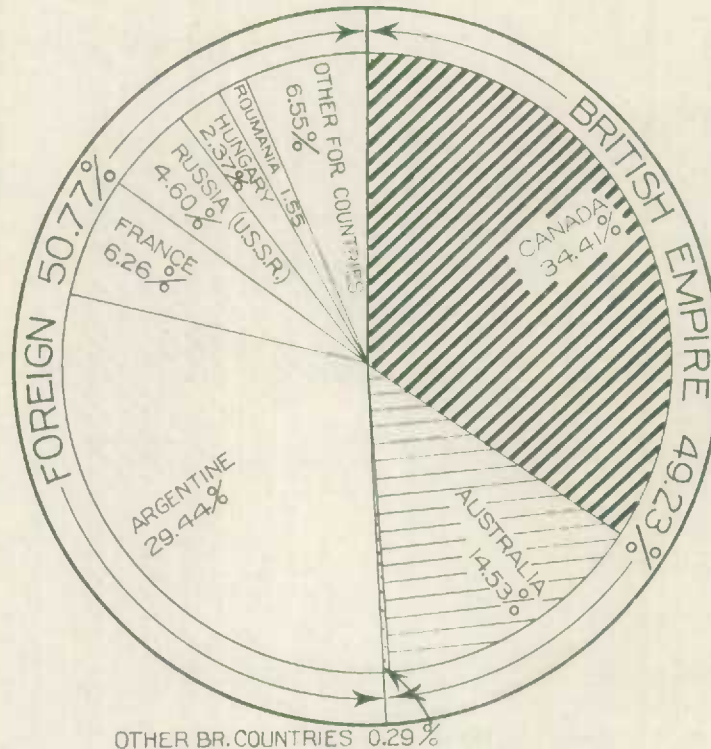
GROSS IMPORTS
WORLD 500,435,291 BUSH.



WHEAT

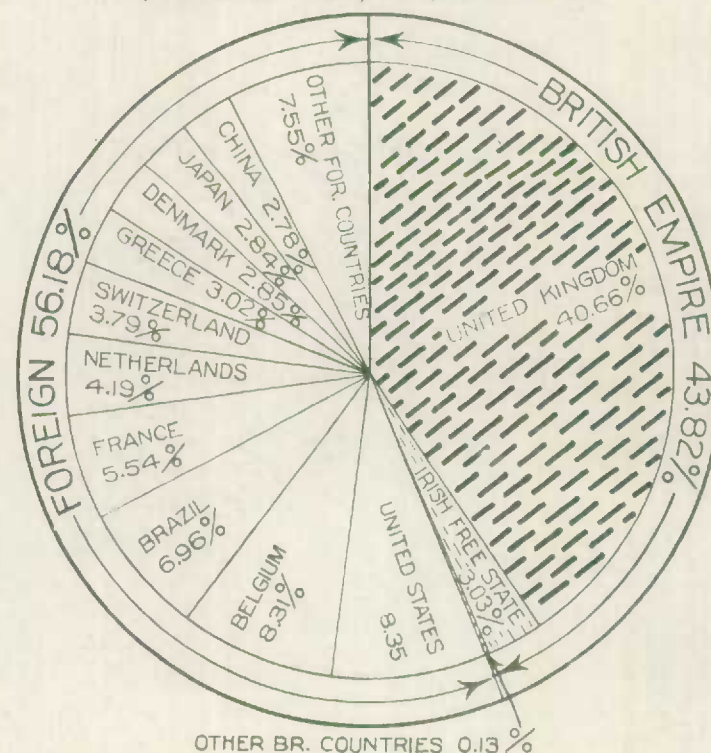
CALENDAR YEAR, 1935
(PRELIMINARY)

GROSS EXPORTS
WORLD 481,483,000 BUSH.



OTHER BR. COUNTRIES 0.29%

GROSS IMPORTS
WORLD 465,598,000 BUSH.



OTHER BR. COUNTRIES 0.13%

Quantities and Percentages Used in Wheat Chart

Gross Exports

	<u>Five-year Average 1931-1935</u>	
	<u>Bushels</u>	<u>p.c.</u>
Total World Exports	586,776,071	100.00
British Empire Exports	293,072,105	49.95
Canada	189,779,890	32.35
Australia	101,217,302	17.25
British India	1,484,521	.25
Other British Countries	590,392	.10
Foreign Exports	293,703,966	50.05
Argentina	144,481,566	24.62
Soviet Russia	33,897,550	5.78
United States	32,138,353	5.48
Hungary	12,653,920	2.16
Germany	10,957,342	1.87
Roumania	9,542,461	1.63
Algeria	7,965,223	1.36
France	7,588,634	1.29
French Morocco	6,342,997	1.08
Tunis	5,197,747	.87
Other Foreign Countries	22,938,173	3.90

Gross Imports

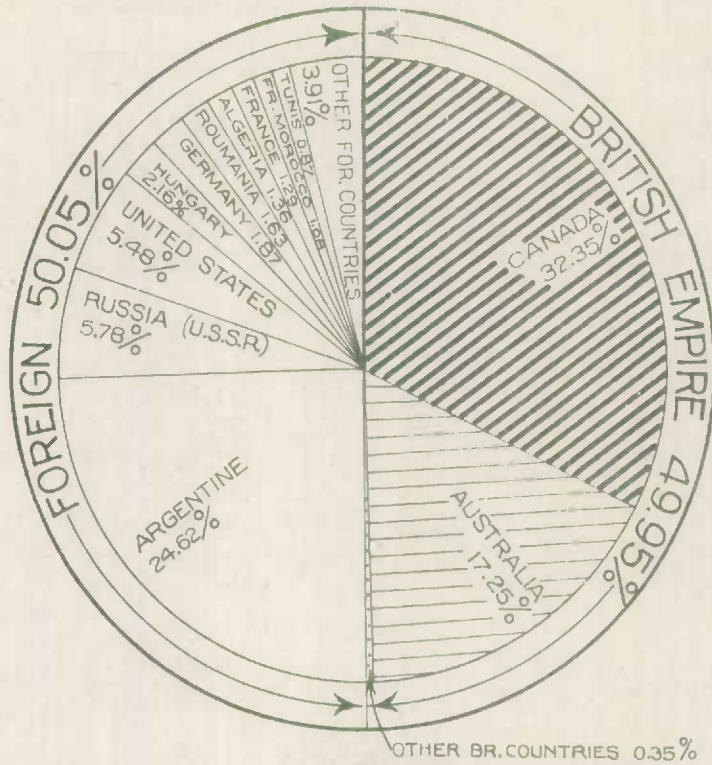
Total World Imports	587,691,102	100.00
British Empire Imports	222,388,935	37.84
United Kingdom	202,147,274	34.40
Irish Free State	13,722,732	2.33
British India	2,594,967	.44
Other British Countries	3,923,962	.67
Foreign Imports	365,302,167	62.16
France	49,512,655	8.42
Belgium	46,131,453	7.85
China	30,698,572	5.22
Brazil	30,201,992	5.13
Italy	26,916,651	4.58
Germany	24,951,221	4.25
Netherlands	24,203,587	4.12
Japan	21,058,826	3.58
United States	18,687,913	3.18
Switzerland	18,594,953	3.16
Greece	17,321,335	2.95
Denmark	12,505,091	2.13
Austria	9,454,988	1.62
Czechoslovakia	8,216,190	1.39
Other Foreign Countries	26,846,740	4.58

WHEAT

FIVE YEAR AVERAGE 1931-1935

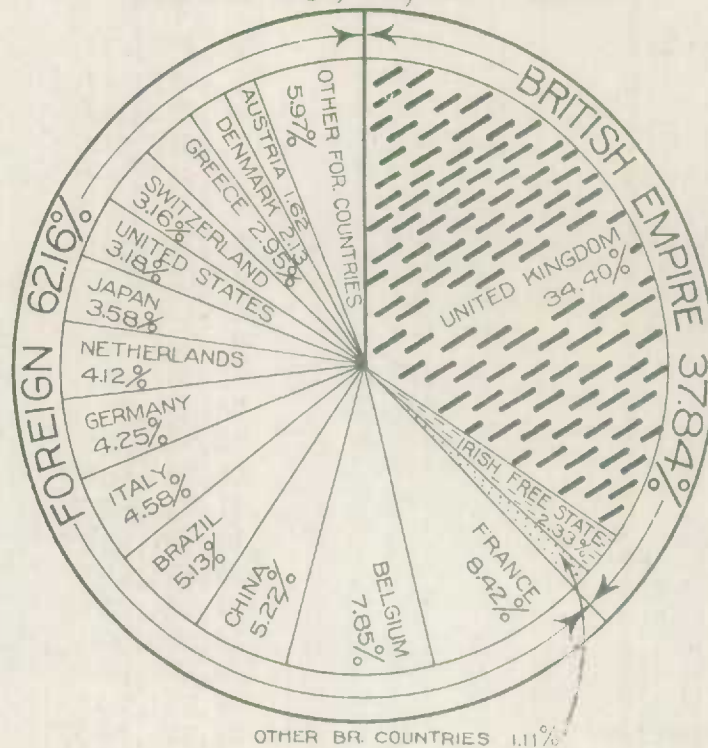
GROSS EXPORTS

WORLD 586,776,071 BUSH.



GROSS IMPORTS

WORLD 587,691,102 BUSH.



SUMMARY

As shown in the table below, it will be noted that the average wheat imports into the British Empire countries during the five years, 1926 to 1930, amounted to 223,639,694 bushels and the average for the period from 1931 to 1935 was 222,388,935 bushels, according to figures issued by the International Institute, Rome. Over 98 per cent of these imports were accounted for by the importation into the United Kingdom, Irish Free State, Union of South Africa and Southern Rhodesia, as taken from the Trade Returns of these respective countries.

Imports into British Empire Countries

	Five-Year Average 1926-1930	Per Cent of Total Imports	Five-Year Average 1931-1935	Per Cent of Total Imports
	<u>Bushels</u>		<u>Bushels</u>	
United Kingdom	196,676,267		202,078,422	
Irish Free State	10,404,532		13,723,168	
Union of South Africa	4,649,768		1,055,108	
Southern Rhodesia	238,858		264,303	
British India	7,944,966		3,001,500	
	<u>219,914,391</u>	98.16	<u>220,122,501</u>	98.98
Total Imports into all British Empire countries as taken from the International Institute figures	223,639,694		222,388,935	

Imports into Principal Foreign Countries

During the five-year period 1926-30, the average wheat imports into foreign countries amounted to 444,512,641 bushels and the average for the period from 1931 to 1935 was 365,302,167 bushels, according to the figures issued by the International Institute at Rome. Of these two amounts 93.13 per cent and 95.45 per cent were accounted for by imports into the eighteen countries as shown in the statement on the following page.

Imports into Principal Foreign Countries

	Five-year Average 1926-1930	Per Cent of total Imports into Foreign Countries	Five-year Average 1931-1935	Per Cent of total Imports into Foreign Countries
	<u>Bushels</u>		<u>Bushels</u>	
1. Italy	80,054,602		^x 26,916,651	
2. Germany	77,776,308		24,951,264	
3. France	44,872,647		46,054,682	
4. Belgium-Luxembourg	42,803,542		45,850,272	
5. Netherlands	22,822,924		24,185,275	
6. Denmark	7,253,937		12,629,716	
7. Switzerland	16,870,363		18,594,278	
8. Austria	8,656,960		9,468,538	
9. Norway	3,922,710		5,855,185	
10. Sweden	8,294,572		3,193,718	
11. Spain	4,914,828		2,166,592	
12. Czechoslovakia	9,594,228		8,186,339	
13. Greece	17,440,105		17,754,670	
14. Finland	19,998		1,467,058	
Total European Countries	345,297,724		247,274,238	
<u>American Countries</u>				
15. United States	15,857,626		18,689,389	
16. Brazil	23,721,635		30,202,038	
Total American Countries	39,579,261		48,891,427	
<u>Oriental Countries</u>				
17. China	6,743,066		31,114,186	
18. Japan	22,374,121		21,418,694	
Total Oriental Countries	29,117,187		52,532,880	
GRAND TOTAL	413,994,172	93.13	348,698,545	95.45
Total imports into all Foreign Countries according to International Institute figures	444,512,641		365,302,167	

x International Institute Figures.
/ Three-year average.

Part II.

Imports by countries of origin

	<u>Page</u>
British Empire countries --	
United Kingdom	24-29
Irish Free State	30
Southern Rhodesia	31
Union of South Africa ..	32
British India	33
Foreign countries --	
Italy	34-35
Germany	36-38
France	39-40
Belgium-Luxemburg	41-42
Netherlands	43-44
Denmark	45-46
Switzerland	47-48
Austria	49-50
Norway	51
Sweden	52-53
Spain	54
Czechoslovakia	55-56
Greece	57-58
Finland	59
Brazil	60
United States	61
China	62-63
Japan	64

United Kingdom

Total Wheat Imports

The United Kingdom is by far the chief wheat importing country in the world as well as in the British Empire. The average wheat import during the five years 1926-1930 was 196,676,267 bushels. In 1931, the imports rose to 222,913,890 bushels, but in 1932 they decreased 25,725,277 bushels and totalled 197,188,613 bushels. In the following year, 1933, they increased to 209,766,214 bushels followed by reductions in the years 1934 and 1935 to 191,567,240 and 188,956,152 bushels respectively.

Imports from British Empire Countries

The average five-year wheat imports from British Empire countries amounted to 87,809,291 bushels or 44.65 per cent of the total imports. In 1931, imports rose to 95,047,122 bushels, or 42.64 per cent, and in 1932 they increased to 132,506,672 bushels or 67.20 per cent. For 1933 they were further increased to 140,459,788 bushels or 66.96 per cent, but reductions were shown in the years 1934 and 1935 to 107,401,211 and 102,209,775 bushels which represented 56.06 and 54.09 per cent respectively. The chief countries contributing to the foregoing totals were: Canada, with a five-year average (1926-30) of 60,564,293 bushels or 30.79 per cent of the total import; Australia, 22,313,410 bushels or 11.35 per cent; British India, 4,755,474 bushels or 2.42 per cent and other British countries 176,114 bushels or 0.09 per cent. During the year 1931, imports from Canada dropped to 50,581,931 bushels or 22.69 per cent, while imports from Australia increased two-fold amounting to 43,492,428 bushels or 19.51 per cent. Imports from British India receded to 899,105 bushels or 0.40 per cent. The other British countries import decreased to 73,658 bushels or 0.03 per cent. In 1932, imports from Canada rose to 87,459,403 bushels or 44.35 per cent, almost double the previous year's import, while Australia's imports increased slightly to 45,016,712 bushels or 22.83 per cent. No imports were shown from British India and only 30,557 bushels or 0.02 per cent were received from other British countries. In 1933, wheat imports from Canada were practically maintained, amounting to 85,064,879 bushels or 40.55 per cent. Imports from Australia increased to 54,662,198 bushels or 26.06 per cent, while imports from other British countries were 732,711 bushels or .35 per cent. In 1934, imports from Canada receded to 66,645,520 bushels or 34.79 per cent and a reduction is also shown in the imports from Australia which amounted to 40,428,461 bushels or 21.10 per cent. British India appears again as an exporter, contributing 310,553 bushels or .16 per cent. Only 16,677 bushels were imported from other British countries. The 1935 imports show that 68,876,009 bushels or 36.45 per cent came from Canada; 33,035,895 bushels or 17.48 per cent from Australia; 297,793 bushels or .16 per cent imported from British India and only 78 bushels from other British countries.

In comparing the five-year average importation for the period 1931 to 1935 with the 1926-30 average, it will be noted that the United Kingdom average imports increased from 196,676,267 bushels in the period from 1926 to 1930 to 202,078,422 bushels in the period from 1931 to 1935. The British Empire countries increased their average imports from 87,809,291 bushels in 1926-30 to 115,524,914 bushels in 1931-35. Canada increased her average by 11,161,255 bushels, while Australia's average import was almost doubled in the last five years. The 1926-30 average totalled 22,313,410 bushels compared with 43,327,139 bushels in the last five years. Imports from British India and other British countries showed decreased averages.

Imports from Foreign Countries

During the five-year period 1926 to 1930, an average of 108,866,976 bushels or 55.35 per cent was received from foreign countries, in contrast with 87,829,291 bushels which were received from British Empire countries. In 1931, the imports increased to 127,866,768 bushels or 57.36 per cent of the total import, due to heavy imports from Russia. In 1932 imports from foreign countries receded to almost one-half of those of the previous year, amounting to 64,681,941 bushels or 32.80 per cent. For 1933 a slight increase is noted in the imports, the total amount was 69,306,426 bushels or 33.04 per cent. In 1934, they rose to 84,166,029 bushels or 43.94 per cent and in 1935 they further increased to 86,746,377 bushels or 45.91 per cent. The principal countries contributing to these imports were United States, Argentine, Soviet Republic, Germany, France, Roumania and other foreign countries. The United States contributed the largest quantity according to the five-year average (1926-30) and totalled 49,939,344 bushels or 25.39 per cent; Argentina averaged 43,425,470 bushels or 22.08 per cent; Soviet Republic, 8,783,075 bushels or 4.47 per cent; France, 2,275,395 bushels or 1.16 per cent; Germany, 1,564,645 bushels or 0.79 per cent; Roumania, 496,018 bushels or 0.25 per cent and other foreign countries, 2,383,029 bushels or 1.21 per cent.

In 1931, the largest import of wheat from any one country during the year was 54,004,258 bushels from Soviet Republic, or 24.23 per cent of the total import. Argentina ranked second with 38,702,953 bushels or 17.36 per cent. Imports from the United States dropped to 20,984,378 bushels or 9.41 per cent, less than half of the previous five-year average. Smaller quantities were received from Roumania of 6,651,593 bushels or 2.98 per cent, Germany, 4,295,502 bushels or 1.93 per cent, France, 35,073 bushels or 0.02 per cent and from other foreign countries 3,193,006 bushels or 2.98 per cent.

During 1932 imports from foreign countries decreased to almost half of that of the previous year. The amount imported was 64,681,941 bushels or 32.8 per cent of the total import. Decreases are shown in all the imports from foreign countries except Germany, which amounted to 8,792,904 bushels. Striking decreases are noted in Soviet Republic from 54,004,258 bushels of the previous year to only 6,113,237 bushels in 1932. United States exports to the United Kingdom were 8,653,222 bushels; France, 52,817 bushels or 0.03 per cent and Roumania, 911,001 bushels or 0.46 per cent.

The 1933 foreign imports of wheat into the United Kingdom, were 69,306,426 bushels, a slight increase over the previous year. Imports from the Argentine amounted to 46,111,281 bushels, which was an increase of 7,627,627 bushels over that of a year ago. Imports from the Soviet amounted to 10,741,339 bushels, an increase of 4,628,102 bushels over the previous year; France, 674,193 bushels; Roumania 1,398,245 bushels and other foreign countries 2,078,736 bushels, all of which showed increases. Imports from Germany were 8,293,213 bushels, a slight decrease, while United States exports were only 9,419 bushels, a large reduction of 8,643,803 bushels from 1932.

Despite the Ottawa Trade Agreement of 1932 which gave the British Empire countries a preference of 6 cents a bushel in the United Kingdom market, the imports from foreign countries increased while those from Empire countries declined. In 1934, the imports from foreign countries rose to 84,166,029 bushels from 69,306,426 bushels in 1933, due chiefly to increased imports from the Argentine, France, Roumania and other countries. Imports from the Argentine amounted to 65,484,581 bushels, France, 3,512,276 bushels and Roumania, 2,955,943 bushels and other foreign countries, 4,287,411 bushels. Smaller amounts were received from the United States, Russia and Germany.

In 1935, preliminary figures showed imports from foreign countries still increased. The quantity now shown is 86,746,377 bushels, of which Argentina contributed 42,468,753 bushels; Soviet Republic, 12,887,667 bushels; Roumania 3,419,027 bushels and United States, 1,106,987 bushels. As the foregoing figures are of a preliminary nature, a large figure is shown in the imports from other foreign countries, of 26,542,891 bushels, and a minor amount was received from Germany.

The average imports from foreign countries for the five-year period 1926-30 were 108,866,976 bushels, while those for the last five-year period 1931-35 averaged 86,553,508 bushels, a reduction of 22,313,468 bushels. Although there were increases in the amounts exported from most of the foreign countries to the United Kingdom in the last five years, these were not sufficient to offset the large decline in the exports from the United States, which dropped from an average of 49,939,344 bushels during the period, 1926-30 to 6,199,866 bushels in the last five years. Imports from France also showed a decreased average in the last five years, in spite of a large importation in 1934. By countries, it was shown that Argentina increased her average from 43,425,470 bushels to 46,250,244 bushels in the last five-year period; Soviet Russia 8,783,075 to 17,531,512 bushels; Germany 1,564,645 to 5,094,421 bushels and Roumania 496,018 to 3,067,162 bushels.

The average estimated production of wheat in the United Kingdom for the years 1926 to 1930 was 49,704,974 bushels and for the five-year period 1931 to 1935, 55,802,960 bushels. The total disappearance was calculated at 257,700,000 bushels annually for the period 1926-27 to 1930-31.

Wheat production was stimulated by the Ministry of Agriculture in the United Kingdom. The Wheat Act, which was put into force on May 12, 1932, encouraged production, as will be seen by yields for the three years ending with the 1933-1935 crops, averaging 65,880,000 bushels a year. The object of the Wheat Act was to make domestic production profitable for a limited quantity of wheat that could be grown to advantage in the United Kingdom. That quantity was fixed at 50,400,000 bushels, or about one-fifth of the total normal requirements. Under the act, the growers were guaranteed a price of \$1.32 per bushel for the period that sales did not exceed the specified requirement above mentioned. When sales exceed that maximum, the guaranteed price is reduced proportionately. Growers sell their wheat at the market price, but at the end of the year they are given a so-called "deficiency payment" which represents the difference between the average price obtained for millable wheat and the guaranteed price of \$1.32. This fund is raised by a levy on all flour consumed in the United Kingdom.

United Kingdom

According to the United Kingdom Trade Returns the chief sources of the United Kingdom imports were as follows for the five-year period 1926 to 1930 and for the calendar years 1931 to 1935.

Years	Total Imports into United Kingdom	Total British Empire Imports into United Kingdom		Canada	
	Bushels	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
1926	179,677,923	88,789,938	49.42	66,583,127	37.06
1927	206,146,855	97,178,013	47.14	60,071,863	29.14
1928	193,344,612	98,644,272	51.02	76,543,585	39.59
1929	208,632,476	75,199,314	36.04	50,756,257	24.33
1930	195,579,507	79,234,916	40.51	48,866,632	24.99
5-year average ..	196,676,267	87,809,291	44.65	60,564,293	30.79
1931	222,913,890	95,047,122	42.64	50,581,931	22.69
1932	197,188,613	132,506,672	67.20	87,459,403	44.35
1933	209,766,214	140,459,788	66.96	85,064,879	40.35
1934	191,567,240	107,401,211	56.06	66,645,520	34.79
1935 prel.	188,956,152	102,209,775	54.09	68,876,009	36.45
5-year average ..	202,078,422	115,524,914	57.17	71,725,548	35.49

Years	Australia		British India		Other British Countries	
	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
1926	17,147,978	9.54	5,030,082	2.80	28,751	.02
1927	27,697,424	13.44	9,359,913	4.54	48,813	.02
1928	19,102,244	9.88	2,886,300	1.49	112,143	.06
1929	23,888,484	11.45	263,515	0.12	291,058	.14
1930	23,730,920	12.13	6,237,562	3.19	399,802	.20
5-year average ..	22,313,410	11.35	4,755,474	2.42	176,114	.09
1931	43,492,428	19.51	899,105	0.40	73,658	.03
1932	45,016,712	22.83	-	-	30,557	.02
1933	54,662,198	26.06	-	-	732,711	.35
1934	40,428,461	21.10	310,553	0.16	16,677	.01
1935 prel.	33,035,895	17.48	297,793	0.16	78	-
5-year average ..	43,327,139	21.44	301,490	0.16	170,736	.08

United Kingdom

Years	Total Foreign Imports into United Kingdom		United States		Argentina	
	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
1926	90,887,985	50.58	58,208,129	32.40	22,211,869	12.36
1927	108,968,841	52.86	66,488,802	32.25	36,311,318	17.61
1928	94,700,340	48.98	44,169,976	22.85	44,545,348	23.56
1929	133,433,162	63.96	41,563,107	19.92	84,706,484	40.60
1930	116,344,591	59.49	39,266,720	20.08	28,352,337	14.50
5-year average .	108,866,976	55.35	49,939,344	25.39	43,425,470	22.08
1931	127,866,768	57.36	20,984,378	9.41	38,702,953	17.36
1932	64,681,941	32.80	8,653,222	4.39	38,483,654	19.52
1933	69,306,426	33.04	9,419	-	46,111,281	21.98
1934	84,166,029	43.94	245,325	.13	65,484,581	34.18
1935 prel.	86,746,377	45.91	1,106,987	.59	42,468,753	22.47
5-year average .	86,553,508	42.83	6,199,866	3.07	46,250,244	22.89

Years	Soviet Union		Germany		France	
	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
1926	4,233,094	2.35	4,186,987	2.33	59,227	.03
1927	4,590,843	2.23	532,316	.26	1,949	-
1928	152,564	0.08	2,918,953	1.50	49,924	.03
1929	-	-	3,129,288	1.50	45,338	.02
1930	34,938,885	17.86	609,435	.31	7,666,820	3.92
5-year average .	8,783,075	4.47	1,564,645	.79	2,275,395	1.16
1931	54,004,258	24.23	4,295,502	1.93	35,078	.02
1932	6,113,237	3.10	8,792,904	4.46	52,817	.03
1933	10,741,339	5.12	8,293,213	3.96	674,193	.32
1934	3,911,061	2.04	3,769,433	1.97	3,512,276	1.83
1935 prel.	12,887,667	6.82	321,052	.17	-	-
5-year average .	17,531,512	8.68	5,094,421	2.52	854,873	.41

Years	Roumania		Other Foreign Countries	
	Bushels	p.c.	Bushels	p.c.
1926	-	-	1,988,689	1.11
1927	-	-	1,043,618	.51
1928	-	-	1,863,580	.96
1929	1,625,075	.78	2,363,870	1.13
1930	855,018	.44	4,655,378	2.38
5-year average .	496,018	.25	2,383,029	1.21
1931	6,651,593	2.98	3,193,006	1.43
1932	911,001	.46	1,675,106	.85
1933	1,398,245	.67	2,078,736	.99
1934	2,955,942	1.54	4,287,411	2.23
1935 prel.	3,419,027	1.81	26,542,891	14.05
5-year average .	3,067,162	1.52	7,555,430	3.74

The United Kingdom Trade Returns include Canadian wheat exported via United States Atlantic ports as of United States origin; this must be deducted from the total import from foreign countries and the United States and added to the British Empire and Canada. The following table shows the adjusted figures:

Year	Total British Empire Imports into the United Kingdom	P.C. of Total Import	Canada	P.C. of Total Import
(Bushels)				
1926	105,172,000	58.53	82,965,000	46.17
1927	113,918,000	55.26	76,812,000	37.26
1928	123,033,000	63.63	100,933,000	52.20
1929	92,740,000	44.45	68,277,000	32.73
1930	92,334,000	47.17	61,966,000	31.67
5-year average .	105,439,400	53.61	78,194,600	25.12
1931	100,455,000	45.05	55,990,000	25.12
1932	134,677,000	68.27	89,580,000	45.40

	Total Foreign Imports into United Kingdom	P.C. of Total Import	United States	P.C. of Total Import
(Bushels)				
1926	74,506,000	41.47	41,826,000	23.28
1927	92,229,000	44.74	49,749,000	24.13
1928	70,312,000	36.37	19,781,000	10.23
1929	115,892,000	55.55	24,022,000	11.51
1930	103,246,000	52.83	26,168,000	13.38
5-year average .	91,237,000	46.39	32,309,200	16.43
1931	122,459,000	54.96	15,576,000	6.99
1932	62,582,000	31.73	6,553,000	3.32

As the wheat imports from the United States amounted to only 9,419 bushels for 1933, 245,325 bushels in 1934 and 1,106,987 bushels in 1935, there is no doubt that they are of United States origin.

Note: The adjusted figures represent the best method available for calculating the exports of Canadian wheat to the United Kingdom during past years and should be regarded as a minimum statement of the Canadian position in respect to the British market.

Irish Free State

During the five-year period from 1926 to 1930, the average wheat imports into the Irish Free State amounted to 10,404,532 bushels, of which an average of 3,070,256 bushels came from British Empire Countries, and 7,334,276 bushels from foreign countries. For the calendar years 1931 and 1932, 10,520,392 and 11,046,648 bushels respectively were imported. The wheat imports for 1933 increased to 15,323,214 bushels and in 1934 the quantity was further increased to 17,616,557 bushels. In 1935, imports receded to 14,109,031 bushels.

In comparing the sources of the imports for the years 1931 to 1935 it will be noted that they have increased considerably over the previous five years. The largest portion of the increased imports from Empire countries came from Australia. The imports from that country increased from the five-year average (1926-30) of 703,309 bushels to as high as 10,175,009 bushels in 1932. Imports from the foreign countries show a decline during the years 1931 and 1932, due to decreased exports from the United States, which formerly was the largest source of wheat imports into the Irish Free State. In 1934, the imports from foreign countries increased to 5,807,184 bushels, practically all of which came from the United States, but in 1935 they receded to 1,905,500 bushels, coming from European countries.

The average wheat production during the period 1926 to 1930 amounted to 1,207,534 bushels, while for the following five years they increased from 780,666 bushels in 1931 to 6,686,000 bushels in 1935. It was estimated that the Irish Free State domestic disappearance of wheat during the years from 1926-27 to 1930-31 amounted to 19,705,000 bushels. Wheat was imported only under permit and no customs duty was charged on imports. According to the Irish Free State's annual trade returns the sources of wheat imports were:

Calendar Years	Total Imports	Br. Empire Imports into Irish Free State	Canada	United Kingdom	Australia	Northern Ireland	Other British Countries
(Bushels)							
1926	10,107,595	2,672,060	1,579,791	485,889	424,672	181,708	-
1927	11,896,520	3,073,673	1,348,713	472,804	1,060,972	211,184	-
1928	9,145,920	3,158,097	1,548,101	820,738	447,328	285,932	55,998
1929	10,949,078	3,585,773	984,788	1,115,111	1,205,939	279,935	-
1930	9,923,548	2,841,677	1,102,251	928,849	377,632	432,945	-
5-year aver. .	10,404,532	3,070,256	1,312,729	764,678	703,309	278,341	11,199
1931	10,520,392	6,492,035	1,238,404	563,420	4,400,146	290,065	-
1932	11,046,648	9,460,084	1,842,271	11,338	7,606,475	-	-
1933	15,323,214	13,582,797	3,309,290	98,235	10,175,009	263	-
1934	17,616,557	11,809,373	3,849,531	4,467	7,955,263	112	-
1935 prel. .	14,109,031	12,203,531	4,221,691	156,572	7,714,278	110,990	-
5-year aver. .	13,723,168	10,709,564	2,892,237	166,806	7,570,235	80,286	-

Calendar Years	Foreign Imports into Irish Free State	United States	Argentina	Germany	France	Russia	Nether-lands	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)								
1926	7,435,535	6,535,489	120,069	253,397	-	-	-	516,580
1927	8,802,847	7,861,141	813,391	-	-	128,315	-	-
1928	5,987,823	5,783,699	76,907	70,528	-	-	56,689	-
1929	7,363,305	6,786,925	248,246	328,134	-	-	-	-
1930	7,081,871	6,415,182	74,667	11,362	377,164	138,882	18,683	45,931
5-year aver. .	7,334,276	6,676,487	266,656	134,684	75,433	53,439	3,737	123,820
1931	4,028,357	3,409,710	243,445	77,166	-	198,789	26,074	73,173
1932	1,586,564	1,160,783	222,447	138,171	-	20,923	41,104	3,136
1933	1,740,417	401,005	683,179	358,419	256,018	17,156	-	24,640
1934	5,807,184	4,154,099	885,463	233,278	300,456	-	30,203	203,685
1935 prel. .	1,905,500	-	727,007	-	446,365	266,160	262,124	203,844
5-year aver. .	3,013,604	1,825,119	552,308	161,407	200,568	100,606	71,901	101,695

Southern Rhodesia

During the last five years 1931-1935 the average wheat imports had risen to 264,303 bushels. The largest portion of this total (250,957 bushels) came from British Empire countries. As in the previous five-year period Australia and Canada furnished the chief contributions.

The average wheat production for the years 1926-1930 amounted to 38,040 bushels and for the years 1931 to 1933 the average yield was 64,754 bushels.

No figures of domestic disappearance have been compiled for Southern Rhodesia. According to the Imperial Conference Agreement, the Government of Southern Rhodesia granted one shilling per 100 pounds on wheat to wheat reciprocating countries at one shilling two pence per 100 pounds from foreign countries.

According to a proclamation gazetted July 31, 1936, Southern Rhodesia prohibits, except under permit from the Minister of Finance, the importation of wheat grown elsewhere than in Northern Rhodesia or in Africa south of the Zambesi River.

According to the Southern Rhodesia annual trade returns, the sources of the imports were:-

Year	Total Wheat Imports into Southern Rhodesia	British Empire Imports into Southern Rhodesia	British South Africa	Canada	Australia	British India	Kenya	Northern Rhodesia
(Bushels)								
1926	179,925	179,925	88,330	40,439	51,156	-	-	-
1927	170,773	167,062	57,158	47,530	62,374	-	-	-
1928	288,935	280,438	25,073	51,084	182,430	-	21,851	-
1929	273,649	266,192	64,456	51,556	116,299	-	33,881	-
1930	278,007	256,712	7,144	72,155	94,457	-	76,288	6,668
5-year average ..	238,258	230,066	48,432	52,553	101,343	-	26,404	1,333
1931	290,019	275,177	7,140	67,191	155,312	-	45,534	-
1932	256,540	232,482	79	66,145	156,842	-	-	9,416
1933	239,643	232,345	34	86,592	139,206	10	-	6,403
1934	233,269	229,536	102	97,963	128,350	-	-	3,121
1935 prel.	302,046	285,348	526	120,269	147,807	-	-	16,746
5-year average ..	264,303	250,957	1,576	87,632	145,503	2	9,107	7,137

Year	Foreign Imports into Southern Rhodesia	Argentina	United States
(Bushels)			
1926	-	-	-
1927	3,711	3,711	-
1928	8,497	-	8,497
1929	7,457	3,711	3,746
1930	21,295	21,295	-
5-year average ..	8,192	5,743	2,449
1931	14,842	14,842	-
1932	24,058	24,058	-
1933	7,398	7,398	-
1934	3,733	3,733	-
1935 prel.	16,698	16,698	-
5-year average ..	13,346	13,346	-

Union of South Africa

The imports of wheat into the Union of South Africa for the five years 1926 to 1930 averaged 4,649,768 bushels. British Empire countries contributed only 692,259 bushels. During 1931, the total imports of wheat amounted to 3,197,641 bushels of which 3,179,885 bushels came from Empire countries. Canada and Australia contributed 958,578 and 120,350 bushels respectively. For the period 1926 to 1930 the average production was 8,300,329 bushels, but since South Africa had comparatively heavy wheat crops in 1931 and 1932, the wheat imports are now at a minimum. In 1933 wheat imports receded to only 61,971 bushels, 39,248 bushels exported from Canada and 22,450 from Australia. The imports for 1934 increased to 886,653 bushels, all of which came from British Empire countries, Canada contributed 854,678 bushels and Australia 31,864 bushels. For 1935 only 50,266 bushels were imported from outside countries due to the heavy yield of 20,197,000 bushels. Almost equal portions were received from Australia and Canada.

South Africa had a domestic disappearance of 12,636,000 bushels, while the average production for the period from 1931 to 1935 was 14,274,169 bushels.

Preferences of 2/6 minimum and 2/8 per cwt. maximum tariff were granted on Canadian wheat by the Empire Agreement of 1932. According to the South African trade returns, the sources of the imports were:-

Calendar Years	Total Imports into Union of South Africa	British Empire Imports	Australia	Canada	Other Empire Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	3,238,701	3,047,092	2,164,367	772,540	110,185
1927	4,588,680	3,997,855	3,143,668	854,116	71
1928	7,327,208	5,935,226	5,055,421	879,712	93
1929	6,185,387	4,937,595	3,996,133	939,865	1,597
1930	1,908,863	1,869,778	204,569	1,665,180	29
5-year average ..	4,649,768	3,957,509	2,912,832	1,022,282	22,395
1931	3,197,641	3,179,885	897,730	2,281,144	1,011
1932	1,079,010	1,078,999	120,350	958,578	71
1933	61,971	61,971	22,450	39,248	273
1934	886,653	886,653	31,864	854,676	113
1935 prel.	50,266	49,242	24,934	24,195	113
5-year average ..	1,055,108	1,051,350	219,466	831,568	316

Calendar Years	Total Foreign Imports into Br. South Africa	Argentina	United States	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)				
1926	191,609	98,278	93,331	-
1927	590,825	480,105	110,337	383
1928	1,391,982	1,197,073	54,442	140,067
1929	1,247,792	1,187,201	26,344	34,247
1930	39,085	31,370	7,367	348
5-year average ..	692,259	598,805	58,364	35,009
1931	17,756	-	17,589	169
1932	11	-	-	11
1933	-	-	-	-
1934	-	-	-	-
1935 prel.	1,024	-	930	94
5-year average ..	3,758	-	3,704	55

Note:- The Union of South Africa comprises four provinces, viz., Cape of Good Hope, Orange Free State, Transvaal and Natal.

British India

British India being a large producer of wheat and sometimes an exporter, does not import large quantities except in years of reduced yields, caused by light monsoon rains previous to seeding. It will be seen from the tables below that the imports for the fiscal years 1928-29 and 1929-30 were quite large. During the five years from 1925-26 to 1929-30 an average of 7,944,366 bushels were imported, the greater part of which came from the British Empire countries. Australia contributed 7,543,327 bushels, Canada, 164,610 bushels, Strait Settlements and other British countries 18,816 bushels. Foreign imports for the above period averaged 218,213 bushels, mostly from Argentina and Iraq. For the fiscal years 1930-31 imports were 8,662,601 bushels; which in 1931-32 decreased to 4,154,042 bushels while in the last three fiscal years the imports receded to 1,230,232, 683,125 and 277,499 bushels, practically all of which came from Australia. The average domestic needs, including seed, for India during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31 amounted to 333,635,000 bushels, while the average production for the five-year period 1926 to 1930 was 332,410,507 bushels and for the last five years 1931 to 1935 the production amounted to 350,353,744

Wheat is dutiable at the rate of 1 rupee per cwt. (112 lbs.). The Indian rupee at par is worth 36½ cents; at current rate of exchange 38 cents or 19.6 cents per bushel. Under Finance Department (Central Revenue), Notification No. 33, dated June 22, 1935, wheat imported by or on behalf of any person who is engaged in milling flour for export is exempt from payment of import duty, provided that such person, before clearance of wheat for consumption or from bond, as the case may be, has produced documentary evidence to the satisfaction of the Customs-Collector that he has entered into a contract to sell a quantity of wheat flour representing 87 per cent of the quantity imported in respect of which exemption is claimed and that the said wheat flour is to be shipped to a destination outside India before a date specified in the contract. According to the British annual trade returns the sources of the wheat imports were:

Fiscal year ending March 31	Total Wheat Imports	Total Br. Empire Imports	Australia	Canada	Strait Settlements	Other British Countries
			(Bushels)			
1925-26	1,322,347	1,322,347	1,322,272	-	-	75
1926-27	1,511,103	1,511,066	1,509,797	-	-	1,269
1927-28	2,583,765	2,572,752	2,572,640	-	-	112
1928-29	20,978,272	20,422,416	19,766,469	570,379	77,691	7,877
1929-30	13,329,344	12,805,184	12,545,456	252,672	5,227	1,829
5-year average ..	7,944,966	7,726,753	7,543,327	164,610	16,584	2,232
1930-31	8,662,601	7,809,428	7,808,303	-	-	1,120
1931-32	4,154,042	4,101,626	4,101,626	-	-	-
1932-33	1,230,232	1,230,232	1,230,232	-	-	-
1933-34	683,125	682,341	682,341	-	-	-
1934-35	277,499	277,499	277,499	-	-	-
5-year average ..	3,001,500	2,820,225	2,820,000	-	-	224
	Total Foreign Imports	Argentina	Belgium	Iraq	United States	Other Foreign Countries
1925-26	-	-	-	-	-	-
1926-27	37	-	-	-	-	37
1927-28	11,013	-	-	11,013	-	-
1928-29	555,856	384,683	152,059	4,181	14,933	-
1929-30	524,160	225,867	-	297,099	-	1,194
5-year average ..	218,213	122,110	30,412	62,459	2,987	245
1930-31	853,178	-	-	848,960	-	4,218
1931-32	52,416	-	-	52,416	-	-
1932-33	-	-	-	-	-	-
1933-34	784	-	-	784	-	-
1934-35	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-year average ..	181,276	-	-	180,432	-	844

Note: The above five-year average figures for British India will not agree with those on page two on account of the former being on a calendar year basis, while those above are for the fiscal year ended March 31.

Italy

Italy was formerly the second largest importer of wheat in the world. According to the five-year average (1926-30) imports amounted to 80,054,602 bushels. In 1931, the wheat imports declined to 54,559,093 bushels while in 1932, they further receded to 38,810,745 bushels. Reductions in imports occurred also in 1933 and 1934 to 17,104,133 and 17,241,700 bushels respectively. These imports were less than one-half of the amount of the imports for 1932, and less than one-quarter of the total of the five-year average of 80,054,602 bushels. In examining the imports by countries, it was noted that Italy secured the greater portion of her wheat imports from foreign countries. During the five-year period (1926-30), only 29,890,946 bushels were received from the British Empire countries, while 50,163,656 bushels came from foreign countries. Of the first amount, Canada and Australia were the chief contributors, and for the second quantity, United States, Argentina, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and Roumania were the sources of supply. In 1931, imports showed that 20,287,666 and 34,271,427 bushels were received from British Empire and foreign countries respectively.

In 1932, imports were 13,446,064 bushels from British Empire countries and 25,364,681 bushels from foreign countries. Imports for 1933 totalling 4,294,680 and 12,809,453 bushels were received from British Empire and foreign countries. A reduction to 1,887,529 bushels from British Empire countries was shown for 1934, while increases were noted in imports from foreign countries and totalled 15,354,171 bushels. To date, imports by countries for the year 1935 are not available.

The drastic decline in the amounts of wheat imported during the last three years was due to the energetic measures taken to increase wheat production in the last four years. For the five-year period 1926-30 the average yield amounted to 223,047,813 bushels while for the last five years production increased to 265,279,248 bushels. The average domestic disappearance of wheat between 1926-27 and 1930-31 was estimated at 278,746,000 bushels.

Italy imposes a duty of \$1.07 per bushel on wheat imports. There is a sales tax of 2.5 per cent levied on c.i.f. value of the goods. A law of May 13, 1935 provided for a licence tax of 3 per cent ad valorem on all goods subject to a licence of import permit. A law of June 12, 1931, restricts the use of foreign wheat for milling. Since July 17, 1933, only 1 per cent is allowed. A decree effective January 28, 1935, subjects such wheat as is allowed to be imported to import licence. According to recent Italian tariff changes on wheat, the import on that commodity was reduced to 46 cents per bushel, effective November 2, 1936.

Lira = 5.26 cents par.

According to the Italian trade returns, the sources of the wheat imports were:-

Italy

	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia
(Bushels)				
1926	78,840,129	16,593,806	11,712,203	4,862,355
1927	84,786,373	31,629,934	18,695,173	12,919,113
1928	100,826,755	40,723,529	31,201,257	9,522,272
1929	64,719,909	29,756,829	24,064,264	5,692,565
1930	71,099,844	30,750,631	23,410,646	7,339,985
5-year average	80,054,602	29,890,946	21,816,709	8,067,258
1931	54,559,093	20,287,666	10,480,014	9,807,652
1932	38,810,745	13,446,064	4,696,797	8,749,267
1933	17,104,133	4,294,680	2,146,054	2,148,626
1934	17,241,700	1,887,529	1,581,239	306,290

	British India	Foreign Imports into Italy	United States	Argentina
(Bushels)				
1926	19,248	62,246,323	34,717,334	11,105,552
1927	15,648	53,156,439	36,401,888	9,472,168
1928	-	60,103,226	32,354,463	26,277,557
1929	-	34,963,080	15,396,813	16,047,177
1930	-	40,349,213	12,680,668	6,142,601
5-year average	6,979	50,163,656	26,310,233	13,809,011
1931	-	34,271,427	10,257,498	5,872,172
1932	-	25,364,681	7,281,931	10,124,010
1933	-	12,809,453	7,595,901	2,508,231
1934	-	15,354,171	7,534,577	959,913

	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Roumania	Hungary	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)				
1926	3,357,538	4,108,917	2,137,880	6,819,102
1927	4,626,086	904,375	487,488	1,264,434
1928	28,762	809,492	242,844	390,108
1929	-	142,672	1,958,401	1,418,017
1930	11,057,946	4,487,949	3,258,488	2,721,561
5-year average	3,814,066	2,090,681	1,617,021	2,522,644
1931	14,858,652	2,615,778	464,837	202,490
1932	6,525,538	582,084	35,825	815,293
1933	2,190,660	4,593	3,013	507,055
1934	1,336,677	37	3,543,836	1,979,131

Germany

Germany was the third largest wheat importing country in the world with an average import for the five-year period 1926-30 of 77,776,308 bushels. During the calendar year 1931, German wheat imports decreased to a little over one-half of those of 1930 and less than half of the five-year average. The imports for 1932 amounted to 37,534,197 bushels compared with 29,307,766 bushels in 1931 and 28,304,786 bushels in 1933. The figures below show that the foreign countries supplied the largest portion of the imports in 1932, whereas in 1931, 1933 and 1934, the imports from British Empire countries predominated, but foreign countries supplied the greater amount in 1935. A decrease is shown in the total imports of wheat in 1932 and 1933, but the imports from Canada increased by 5,088,405 bushels over the previous year's total and was the largest single contributor to Germany's wheat imports. In 1934, in spite of a reduced total import of 23,771,356 bushels, Canada's share was 15,944,040 bushels, but in 1935, out of a small import of 5,838,214 bushels only 316,641 bushels came from Canada. The largest exporters to Germany for the year were France and Turkey with initial contributions of 1,343,864 and 1,255,831 bushels respectively.

Germany like Italy has taken steps to increase wheat production during the last five years, which has been reflected in the imports. During the five-year period from 1926 to 1930, the average production amounted to 123,963,893 bushels. This was increased in the five years ending 1935 to 176,663,336 bushels. The domestic disappearance is estimated at 181,551,000 bushels for the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31. Germany exports small quantities of wheat from her eastern coast and imports wheat via the Rhine River.

The tariff and restriction on wheat were as follows:-

	<u>Rate of Duty</u>
Wheat, except where provision for free entry or reduced rate is provided under special laws, as enumerated below	35 R.M. 100 Kgs. or \$2.27 per bushel
Wheat imported through an office fixed by the Minister of Food and Agriculture	8.5 R.M. 100 Kgs. or 55.2 cents per bushel.
Wheat up to a quantity equal to that exported between August 1, 1933, and December 31, 1933	Free to July 31, 1937.
Wheat up to a quantity equal to that exported between January 1, 1934, and January 31, 1934	3/4 R.M. 100 Kgs. to July 31, 1937 or 4.9 cents per bushel.
Wheat up to a quantity equal to that exported in the form of milling products between August 1, 1933, and December 31, 1933	Free to July 31, 1937.
Wheat up to a quantity equal to that exported in the form of milling products between January 1, 1934, and March 7, 1934	3/4 R.M. 100 Kgs. to July 31, 1937 or 4.9 cents per bushel.

	Rate of Duty
Wheat up to a quantity of equal to that exported in the form of milling products between March 8, 1934 and July 15, 1934 ...	Free to July 31, 1937.
Wheat equal to quantity exported suitable for sowing between August 1, 1933, and May 31, 1934	Free to July 31, 1937.
Wheat for the production of wheat starch, under customs control, up to a total quantity during the period August 1 to July 31 in each year of 18,600 metric tons, of the wheat starch is produced under permit of an office to be fixed by the Minister for Food and Agriculture, under conditions to be laid down by the Minister of Finance	3.5 R.M. 100 Kgs. or 22.7 cents per bushel

An Import equalizing tax of 2 per cent is levied on duty-paid value.

The above computations are made with par value of Mark 23.82 cents par

A German law of July 4, 1929 restricts use of foreign wheat for millin. The law allows certain proportions of foreign wheat to be used. This proportion since August 16, 1931, has been fixed at 3 per cent of the domestic consumption except in the case of wheat imported in exchange for wheat exported. In the case of wheat imported in exchange for wheat exported 30 per cent was allowed up to July 16, 1934, when the percentage was reduced to 20 per cent.

According to the German-Canadian Trade Agreement recently negotiated, the Canadian exchange accruing in Germany from the sale of German goods to Canada is made available for the purchase of goods from Canada, and 35 per cent of the exchange so accruing is made available for the purchase of wheat.

According to German annual trade returns, the sources of the wheat imports were:-

Year	Total Wheat Imports	Total British Imports into Germany	Canada	Australia	British India	Other British Countries
			(Bushels)			
1926	79,792,337	31,580,014	24,282,926	7,297,088	-	-
1927	95,952,873	37,042,389	28,043,134	8,999,255	-	-
1928	90,836,449	43,004,951	39,198,382	3,734,370	72,199	-
1929	78,311,510	30,856,280	27,410,028	3,439,827	6,425	-
1930	43,988,373	17,547,883	17,480,445	67,438	-	-
5-year average.	77,776,308	32,006,303	27,282,983	4,707,596	15,725	-
1931	29,307,766	19,037,610	18,742,299	275,672	19,639	-
1932	37,534,197	17,949,383	17,557,665	391,718	-	-
1933	28,304,786	22,646,070	22,646,070	-	-	-
1934	23,771,356	15,951,690	15,944,040	7,650	-	-
1935	5,838,214	316,641	316,641	-	-	-
5-year average.	24,951,264	15,180,279	15,041,344	135,008	3,927	-

Germany

Year	Total Foreign Imports into Germany	United States	Argentina	Poland Danzig
(Bushels)				
1926	48,212,323	27,922,373	11,162,525	238,902
1927	58,910,484	25,339,237	26,269,854	158,405
1928	47,831,498	18,330,374	28,173,541	64,801
1929	47,455,230	8,457,112	35,532,146	67,372
1930	26,440,490	6,644,927	12,324,349	1,252,848
5-year average ..	45,770,005	17,338,805	22,692,483	356,466
1931	10,270,156	2,439,268	4,798,340	1,050,933
1932	19,584,814	7,533,419	7,607,806	1,895,720
1933	8,658,716	753,619	2,734,561	1,398,707
1934	7,819,666	583,947	1,704,564	1,929,200
1935	5,521,573	974	682,092	215,458
5-year average ..	9,770,985	2,272,245	3,505,473	1,298,004

Year	Union of Socialist Soviet Republic	Roumania	France	Turkey
(Bushels)				
1926	5,130,638	547,848	-	-
1927	5,715,310	417,085	-	-
1928	626,215	154,765	-	-
1929	-	406,656	-	-
1930	1,815,914	889,352	1,703,065	-
5-year average ..	2,657,615	483,141	-	-
1931	1,827,249	4,828	-	-
1932	487,180	180,574	2,436	-
1933	663,974	-	-	-
1934	1,314,775	3,035	-	-
1935	395,257	-	1,343,864	1,255,831
5-year average ..	937,687	37,687	269,260	251,166

Year	Hungary	Netherlands	Yugoslavia	Bulgaria	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	756,093	121,084	521,687	-	1,811,173
1927	349,415	91,333	91,881	-	477,904
1928	32,774	24,549	111,464	-	313,015
1929	1,096,747	464,625	228,753	31,620	1,170,199
1930	721,859	65,263	286,412	-	2,439,566
5-year average ..	591,378	153,383	248,039	6,324	1,242,371
1931	47,050	-	-	-	52,488
1932	1,494,390	34,355	112,122	95,282	141,530
1933	73,494	24,588	-	-	9,773
1934	364,763	15,627	466,270	-	1,437,485
1935	547	683	778,590	-	848,277
5-year average ..	396,048	15,050	271,399	19,056	497,910

France

The annual average imports of wheat into France for the five-year period 1926 to 1930 amounted to 44,872,647 bushels. In 1931 wheat imports rose to 86,928,435 bushels, which was the peak year of France's wheat importation. In 1932 they receded to 77,970,986 bushels and in 1933 a further reduction was noted of less than one-half of the previous year's total and amounted to 30,788,568 bushels. Wheat imports for 1934 totalled 25,978,328 bushels and in 1935 only 8,607,097 bushels. The reason for the large decline in imports in the last three years was due to abundant yields recorded, which made France a net exporter of wheat.

According to French trade reports, the sources of the imports show that the greater part came from foreign countries, with the exception of the year 1935, when the majority amounted to 7,844,016 bushels and came from Canada. From the tables on the following page it will be seen that for the five years 1926-1930, 12,797,012 bushels were of British Empire origin. Canada contributed 10,070,844 bushels, Australia 2,431,369 bushels and British India 294,799 bushels. The following years 1931 to 1935, Canada was the only country in the British Empire from which imports were received and they amounted to 31,606,315 bushels in 1931 and gradually declined to 7,844,046 bushels in 1935.

The average importation from foreign countries during the five-year period, 1926-30 was 32,075,635 bushels. Imports for 1931 increased to 55,322,076 bushels and declined slightly in 1932 to 52,753,737 bushels. For the year 1933, exports showed a reduction to 17,042,103 bushels which was less than one-half of the previous year's total. A greater decrease, however, was noted in 1934 when imports amounted to 16,371,863 bushels. In 1935, only 763,051 bushels were imported. The principal foreign contributors to the above totals were the French colonies of French Morocco, Algeria and Tunis, while United States, Argentina and Roumania forwarded substantial amounts in the years 1931 and 1932.

France replaced Italy in the years 1931 and 1932 as the second largest wheat importing country in the world.

The average production in France from 1926 to 1930 was 270,905,781 bushels and for the period 1931 to 1935 the average rose to 315,544,914 bushels. The estimated domestic disappearance of wheat in France was 295,933,000 bushels during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31. The following is the rate imposed on wheat entering France:

General tariff, 166.40 francs per 100 kilogs or \$1.78 per bushel at par; Minimum tariff (applicable to Canada), 83.20 francs per 100 kilogs or 88.9 cents at par. Par value of franc 3.92 cents.

A French law of December 1, 1929, restricts the use of foreign wheat for making flour. Since April 16, 1933, no foreign wheat has been allowed to enter except under the "temporary admission" system. This system permits entry under bond or on deposit of the duty of foreign wheat provided a corresponding quantity of wheat in the form of flour is exported. The exported flour need not be milled from the identical wheat imported but may be milled from French wheat. Foreign wheat imported under the "temporary admission" system may be mixed with domestic wheat for milling purposes.

A French law of August 15, 1936, provided for the creation of a National Interprofessional Wheat Office to control and regulate the French wheat market. Among the provisions of the law is the abolition of the "temporary admission" system referred to above. In its place is substituted a system whereby any exporter of wheat or its derivatives may afterward apply for permission to import equivalent quantities of hard wheat. The law also provides for fixing the amount of wheat each producer may sell, fixes the price of wheat, determines the extraction rate of flour, determines in view of crop results the amount of wheat which may be imported and, in case of excess crops, fixes the amounts and prices of wheat to be exported. The law is to be supplemented by a series of regulatory decrees which will define the powers of the Central Committee and advise as to the formalities which will be required.

France

According to the French trade returns the sources of the wheat imports were as follows:

Calendar Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports into France	Canada	Australia	British India	Foreign Imports into France
(Bushels)						
1926	17,366,747	1,960,373	1,483,054	425,680	51,639	15,406,374
1927	79,686,702	22,042,268	12,016,277	9,326,744	699,247	57,644,434
1928	37,400,294	11,938,847	10,300,575	1,114,043	524,229	25,461,447
1929	51,850,560	17,947,020	16,647,538	1,290,377	9,105	33,903,540
1930	38,058,933	10,096,552	9,906,778	-	189,724	27,962,381
5-year average.	44,872,647	12,797,012	10,070,844	2,431,369	294,799	32,075,635
1931	86,928,435	31,606,359	31,606,315	-	44	55,322,076
1932	77,970,986	25,051,122	25,051,122	-	-	52,919,864
1933	30,788,568	13,746,465	13,746,465	-	-	17,042,103
1934	25,978,328	9,606,465	9,606,465	-	-	16,371,863
1935	8,607,097	7,844,046	7,844,046	-	-	763,051
5-year average.	46,054,682	17,570,891	17,570,882	-	9	28,483,791
Calendar Year	United States	Argentina	Algeria	French Morocco	Tunis	Union of Socialist Soviet Republic
(Bushels)						
1926	4,378,977	1,509,689	4,378,958	345,117	2,999,802	742,240
1927	24,988,328	13,117,974	2,397,267	2,886,780	303,064	8,157,942
1928	5,569,093	5,294,949	6,762,836	3,126,360	3,508,503	325,364
1929	4,214,996	15,562,180	4,121,911	3,842,568	4,643,461	51,955
1930	5,391,197	1,552,469	9,922,239	1,670,382	4,392,384	2,251,922
5-year average.	8,908,518	7,407,452	5,516,642	2,374,241	3,169,442	2,305,884
1931	11,642,364	19,368,332	4,332,515	4,234,021	5,588,732	157,679
1932	7,881,244	16,360,721	9,474,715	5,521,680	9,234,504	-
1933	524,306	340,116	7,315,731	5,409,282	3,106,140	-
1934	139,804	840,616	8,293,847	4,824,828	1,951,283	294,614
1935	53,873	501,878	-	-	84	79,619
5-year average.	4,048,318	7,482,333	5,883,361	3,997,962	3,976,149	106,383
Calendar Year	Roumania	Belgium- Luxemburg	Bugaria	Germany	Hungary	Other Foreign
(Bushels)						
1926	-	-	-	-	-	1,051,591
1927	-	-	-	-	-	5,793,079
1928	-	-	-	-	-	874,342
1929	-	-	-	-	-	1,466,469
1930	2,383,036	106,074	60,358	95,911	-	136,409
5-year average.	476,607	21,216	12,072	19,183	-	1,864,378
1931	5,190,679	1,696,219	1,402,150	718,489	471,385	519,511
1932	1,273,156	526,694	574,324	218,449	493,926	1,360,451
1933	15,855	145,256	11,563	66,630	279	106,945
1934	1,503	9,840	4	11,163	-	4,361
1935	-	11,791	-	2,388	-	113,418
5-year average.	1,296,238	477,960	397,608	203,424	193,118	420,937

Belgium-Luxemburg

Belgium-Luxemburg imported an average of 42,803,542 bushels of wheat for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930. In the following five-year period actual increases were noted and averaged 45,850,272 bushels. In 1931 and 1932, Belgium increased her wheat imports to 54,093,850 and 46,645,083 bushels respectively. A year later they decreased to 42,139,059 bushels, but rose again to 47,676,241 bushels in 1934 and declined to 38,697,127 bushels the next year.

The largest part of Belgium's wheat imports came from foreign countries. The British Empire exports amounted to only 9,519,421 bushels for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930. Exports to Belgium rose to 10,174,811 bushels in the 1931-35 period. Canada contributed the total of the first amount and practically all of the latter, although small quantities were received from Australia in the years 1931 to 1934.

The imports from foreign countries averaged 33,284,121 bushels for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930, which was increased to 35,675,461 bushels for the next five-year period. The largest quantity imported in any one year was 45,389,891 bushels in 1931; the following years showed decreases in imports until 1935 when only 29,416,724 bushels were registered. United States and Argentina furnished the greater part of the imports up to the year 1933. The following year Argentina supplied 25,904,176 bushels of the 32,979,446 bushels imported. In 1935, the Argentine and Soviet-Russia forwarded 22,655,538 bushels and 3,053,646 bushels respectively. From the tables on the following page it will be observed that Argentina's exports to Belgium increased steadily, while decreases are noted in those from the United States, Netherlands and Roumania during the last five years. Russia and Bulgaria also showed increased exports for the above period. There is no doubt that some of the imports credited to the United States in the Belgium trade returns should be assigned to Canada.

Wheat production in Belgium averaged 22,774,344 bushels for the period from 1926 to 1930 and 15,897,512 bushels for the following five-year period. The average annual domestic disappearance is estimated at 55,909,000 bushels for the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31.

According to the tariff wheat is exempt from ordinary customs duty, but is subject to a licence tax of 10 Belgian francs per 100 kilogs or 55 cents per bushels and a turnover tax of 2.5 per cent ad valorem. A licence is required by the importer.

1 Belgium franc = 2.0 cents at par.

According to Belgium trade returns the sources of the imports were as follows:-

Belgium-Luxemburg

Calendar Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	
(Bushels)					
1926	37,743,966	8,156,005	8,156,005	-	
1927	44,961,838	8,997,143	8,997,143	-	
1928	43,684,477	14,493,012	14,493,012	-	
1929	43,273,332	9,923,569	9,923,569	-	
1930	44,354,096	6,027,375	6,027,375	-	
5-year average..	42,803,542	9,519,421	9,519,421	-	
1931	54,093,850	8,703,959	6,423,083	2,280,876	
1932	46,645,083	9,554,062	8,336,352	1,217,710	
1933	42,139,059	8,638,835	8,023,730	615,105	
1934	47,676,241	14,696,795	14,491,754	205,041	
1935	38,697,127	9,280,403	9,280,403	-	
5-year average..	45,850,272	10,174,811	9,311,065	863,746	
	Foreign Imports	United States	Argentina	Netherlands	
(Bushels)					
1926	29,587,961	13,157,322	8,796,116	1,224,340	
1927	35,964,695	17,166,427	11,651,350	2,000,222	
1928	29,191,465	10,216,327	14,566,052	2,964,090	
1929	33,349,763	10,443,143	18,386,007	1,668,307	
1930	38,326,721	16,992,041	10,470,472	-	
5-year average..	33,284,121	13,595,052	12,773,999	1,571,392	
1931	45,389,891	15,343,827	13,547,199	4,245,184	
1932	37,091,021	12,685,974	14,508,292	3,390,242	
1933	33,500,224	9,171,809	17,588,073	1,116,928	
1934	32,979,446	1,966,450	25,904,176	543,464	
1935	29,416,724	1,466,322	22,655,538	643,048	
5-year average..	35,675,461	8,126,876	18,840,657	1,987,773	
	Roumania	Russia	Bulgaria	Turkey	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	3,200,373	1,963,367	-	-	1,246,443
1927	2,369,899	1,267,094	-	-	1,509,703
1928	-	-	-	-	1,444,994
1929	-	-	-	-	2,852,306
1930	2,914,933	4,652,838	-	-	3,296,437
5-year average..	1,697,041	1,576,660	-	-	2,069,977
1931	6,809,073	2,172,748	1,831,045	-	1,440,815
1932	3,325,129	688,779	1,321,881	-	1,170,724
1933	1,078,498	2,391,208	1,640,958	-	512,750
1934	367,130	1,708,426	1,664,543	-	825,257
1935	-	3,053,646	55,078	738,948	804,145
5-year average..	2,315,966	2,002,961	1,302,701	147,789	950,738

The Netherlands

The Netherlands imported on an average 22,822,924 bushels of wheat from 1926 to 1930.

In 1931, wheat imports rose to 28,413,219 bushels. A slight decrease was noted in the years 1932 and 1933, when 27,875,093 and 27,040,554 bushels respectively were imported. During 1934 a further reduction occurred, the importation amounted to 18,150,662 bushels. Foreign countries shipped 19,446,837 bushels for the following year. Similar to Belgium, the greater portion of the wheat imports came from foreign countries.

The Netherlands increased their imports for the last five years in comparison to the previous five-year period. For the five-year period 1926-30 only 4,875,320 bushels were imported from British Empire countries, practically all of which came from Canada. In the latter five years British Empire imports increased to 6,186,207 bushels. Canada supplied the largest amount although considerable quantities came from Australia in the years 1931 and 1932.

From 1926 to 1930 the average importation from foreign countries totalled 17,947,604 bushels. Slightly perceptible was the increase in imports to 17,999,066 bushels for the next five years. Of the former amount the Argentine and the United States were the chief sources of supply. In 1931, Soviet Republic alone forwarded 11,590,537 bushels, which was the largest quantity imported that year. United States, Argentina, Germany and Roumania furnished 10,633,490 bushels. The following countries - Argentina, Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, Germany and the United States, exported in 1932 the greatest portion of the imports. The situation remained unchanged the next year with the same contributors of the largest quantities of the imports. The two years following, Argentina, Roumania and the United States forwarded the majority of the wheat imports.

Wheat production averaged 13,921,831 bushels for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930. The following five-year period the average yield was 6,100,075 bushels. The estimated domestic disappearance of wheat in the Netherlands amounted to 36,454,000 bushels.

According to the Customs Tariff of the Netherlands, wheat is free of import duty, except when packed in containers weighing 1,200 grammes (about 2½ lbs.) or less, but is subject to a monopoly tax of 2.00 florins per 100 kilogs, (21.9 cents per bushel at par.) Netherlands florin at par is worth 40.2 cents; at current rate of exchange 67¼ cents.

The restrictions on wheat imports are as follows. The Netherlands Wheat Act of July 4, 1931, as amended, provides that millers use a proportion of domestic wheat with all imported wheat in milling operations. A decree of February 13, 1933, fixed the proportion of domestic wheat at 35 per cent. Importers must secure licenses from the Government Monopoly Board.

According to trade returns of the Netherlands the sources of the imports are as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	United Kingdom	Other British Countries
(Bushels)						
1926	20,385,416	4,245,217	3,806,750	429,938	8,529	-
1927	22,727,107	5,674,909	5,089,857	581,057	3,995	-
1928	20,946,843	7,558,515	7,173,462	384,810	243	-
1929	24,047,917	4,055,875	3,747,388	308,487	-	-
1930	26,007,338	2,842,086	2,230,015	579,110	17,985	14,976
5-year average ..	22,822,924	4,875,320	4,409,494	456,680	6,150	2,995
1931	28,413,219	5,110,855	2,940,073	2,170,782	-	-
1932	27,875,093	9,437,583	7,163,928	2,273,655	-	-
1933	27,040,554	9,504,949	8,511,280	993,669	-	-
1934	18,150,662	3,317,056	3,245,506	-	71,550	-
1935	19,446,837	3,560,590	3,560,590	-	-	-
5-year average ..	24,185,275	6,186,208	5,084,276	1,087,622	14,310	-

The Netherlands

	Foreign Imports	United States	Argentina	Germany
	(Bushels)			
1926	16,140,199	9,133,375	3,533,144	1,043,927
1927	17,052,198	8,464,148	5,617,084	144,571
1928	13,388,333	4,610,456	7,164,646	843,393
1929	19,992,042	4,730,739	12,618,671	581,819
1930	23,165,252	7,876,316	6,336,699	129,348
5-year average ..	17,947,604	6,963,007	7,054,049	548,612
1931	23,302,364	3,977,588	2,954,292	1,907,004
1932	18,437,510	2,721,218	7,081,727	2,758,436
1933	17,535,605	1,621,443	7,715,630	3,016,265
1934	14,833,606	1,284,820	8,875,262	623,368
1935	15,886,247	1,265,983	11,638,303	360,376
5-year average ..	17,999,067	2,174,210	7,653,044	1,733,090
	Roumania	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Belgium- Luxemburg	Other Foreign Countries
	(Bushels)			
1926	205,952	1,500,620	677,893	45,288
1927	340,033	1,785,500	688,730	12,132
1928	78,946	9,306	661,772	19,809
1929	1,538,502	-	391,724	130,587
1930	1,485,934	4,630,174	725,676	1,981,105
5-year average ..	729,873	1,585,120	629,159	437,784
1931	1,794,606	11,590,537	723,325	355,012
1932	929,312	3,775,200	855,040	316,577
1933	1,401,081	2,840,369	349,758	591,059
1934	2,471,232	6,662,579	580,299	336,046
1935	-	906,820	455,174	x1,259,591
5-year average ..	1,319,246	3,955,101	592,719	571,657

Some commodities are imported for home consumption free of duty when they are really in transit. These goods when leaving the country are shown as exports of domestic produce. The amounts of wheat re-exported were:-

Year	Bushels	Year	Bushels
1926	453,983	1931	668,813
1927	274,192	1932	88,865
1928	330,122	1933	60,424
1929	326,609	1934	1,321,643
1930	365,153		

x Includes 820,143 bushels from Sweden and 351,264 bushels from Uruguay.

Denmark

The average imports of wheat into Denmark amounted to 7,253,937 bushels for the five years 1926-1930, the greater part of which came from foreign countries. During the above period, 6,007,804 bushels were received from foreign and only 1,246,133 bushels from British Empire countries. Canada supplied almost the whole of the British Empire imports, while United States and Germany contributed the majority of the imports from foreign countries. During 1931, the total imports of wheat into Denmark rose to 14,589,954 bushels and in 1932, decreased to 10,888,913 bushels. Imports increased to 11,001,466 bushels in 1933 and again in 1934 to 13,254,746 bushels. Increases in imports to 13,413,502 bushels were noted in 1935. In 1931, foreign countries forwarded 13,548,339 bushels of which Germany and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics supplied the greatest quantities. In 1932 and 1933, imports from foreign countries were reduced and amounted to 8,941,308 and 9,224,985 bushels respectively. The principal countries from which these imports were supplied were Germany, Argentina and the United States. For 1934 and 1935, foreign countries' imports increased to 11,910,375 and 11,953,258 bushels respectively. France and the United States contributed the bulk of this importation.

Wheat production for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930, averaged 10,475,276 bushels. In the next five-year period, 1931-1935, Danish production increased to 12,042,838 bushels. The average domestic consumption during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31 was estimated at 20,207,000 bushels.

According to the tariffs and restrictions wheat is admitted free under the ordinary tariff; by the Grain Law of April 7, 1936, import taxes may be imposed based on domestic fixed and foreign prices. Effective May 13, 1936, the tax on hard wheat was 3.05 kroner per 100 kilogs, or 22.3 cents per bushel at par. A law of December 6, 1932, restricting general imports to control exchange, was made applicable on April 6, 1933, to wheat. This law was amended December 18, 1935, to remain effective until December 31, 1937, provided that import permits will be granted at the discretion of a Foreign Exchange Committee, to all firms acting as importers in 1934 or recognized as new importers in 1935. Par value of kroner 26.80 cents.

According to the Danish trade returns, the sources of wheat imports were as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports into Denmark	Canada	United Kingdom
(Bushels)				
1926	4,043,383	701,565	685,707	15,858
1927	5,714,867	1,656,743	1,601,650	55,093
1928	9,700,744	1,042,876	976,114	66,762
1929	11,442,594	2,265,866	2,141,502	124,364
1930	5,368,096	563,613	455,515	108,098
5-year average ..	7,253,937	1,246,133	1,172,098	74,035
1931	14,589,954	1,041,615	548,883	492,732
1932	10,888,913	1,947,605	1,854,792	92,813
1933	11,001,466	1,776,481	1,654,751	121,730
1934	13,254,746	1,344,371	1,101,900	242,471
1935	13,413,502	1,460,244	694,209	766,035
5-year average ..	12,629,716	1,514,063	1,170,907	343,156

Denmark

Year	Foreign Imports into Denmark	United States	Germany	Argentina
(Bushels)				
1926	3,341,818	1,555,806	903,134	645,686
1927	4,058,124	1,768,794	930,677	919,055
1928	8,657,868	2,807,548	3,607,441	608,690
1929	9,176,728	4,151,011	2,572,204	664,179
1930	4,804,483	1,427,616	1,444,731	849,045
5-year average .	6,007,804	2,342,155	1,891,637	737,331
1931	13,548,339	1,389,595	5,514,261	1,422,362
1932	8,941,308	1,103,814	4,589,739	2,077,263
1933	9,224,985	1,524,688	5,548,631	1,651,533
1934	11,910,375	2,157,772	2,049,247	1,488,915
1935	11,953,258	2,882,772	102,172	945,418
5-year average .	11,115,653	1,811,728	3,560,810	1,517,098

	Sweden	Roumania	Belgium- Luxembourg	France
(Bushels)				
1926	152,146	-	-	-
1927	345,944	-	-	9,270
1928	1,474,603	-	-	2,241
1929	1,687,019	-	-	-
1930	219,511	-	-	199,728
5-year average .	775,845	-	-	42,248
1931	22,424	1,293,714	-	94,037
1932	53,751	212,952	-	-
1933	13,878	-	-	-
1934	548,244	-	-	4,180,013
1935	204,192	-	1,055,960	5,458,845
5-year average .	168,498	301,334	211,192	1,946,579

	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Netherlands	Poland- Danzig	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)				
1926	30,798	19,165	10,740	24,343
1927	40,160	14,969	-	29,255
1928	-	83,679	1,918	71,748
1929	-	34,065	-	68,250
1930	365,719	46,476	191,303	60,354
5-year average .	87,335	39,671	40,792	50,790
1931	3,172,634	419,456	156,915	62,941
1932	101,139	559,553	64,444	178,653
1933	40,763	299,475	-	146,017
1934	5,500	428,979	30,317	1,021,388
1935	-	464,168	410,821	428,910
5-year average .	664,007	454,326	132,499	367,582

Switzerland

Switzerland imported on an average 16,870,363 bushels for the five-year period from 1926 to 1930, of which 9,858,508 bushels came from British Empire countries. Canada supplied 9,672,494 bushels. Imports from foreign countries for the above period were 7,011,855 bushels. United States and Argentina shipped the greater quantities. In 1931, the total imports increased to 20,503,922 bushels but in the next year they receded to 19,157,378 bushels. For the years 1933 and 1934 they were 18,730,745 and 16,938,699 bushels respectively. A slight increase to 17,640,649 bushels occurred in 1935. The average for the last five years (1931-35) totalled 18,594,278 bushels, which was an increase of 1,723,915 bushels over the previous five-year period. Imports from the British Empire countries receded to 6,597,698 bushels which caused a great decline in Canada's exports.

The average imports from foreign countries for the five-year period 1931-35 increased to 11,987,391 bushels. In 1931, imports amounted to 11,757,664 bushels. Imports for 1932 were 9,024,527 bushels. A slight increase was noted in 1933 to 9,875,462 bushels. Again in 1934, there was an upward trend in the amount of imports to 13,746,514 bushels, while in 1935 the largest amount in the last ten years was imported and totalled 15,532,789 bushels. The United States and Argentina exported the largest portion of the imports for the years 1926 to 1930. In the latter years, Argentina increased her exports to Switzerland from year to year and considerable quantities were received also from Hungary and Roumania in the years 1934 and 1935.

The average wheat production for the period from 1926 to 1930 was 4,040,565 bushels while 5,286,119 bushels were produced in the years 1931 to 1935. The average estimated domestic disappearance of wheat was 21,097,000 bushels. According to the Swiss tariff the charge was 0.6 franc per 100 kilogs or 3.16 cents per bushel on wheat imported by registered dealers who guarantee to sell only to authorized millers or dealers and 25.6 francs per 100 kilogs or \$1.34 per bushel otherwise. A Swiss Federal decree of January 31, 1936, provided for an increase in duty on wheat from 0.6 franc to 1.0 franc per 100 kilogs or 5.2 cents per bushel. The date upon which the new duty becomes effective has not yet been announced. A decree effective February 1, 1936, established a stamp tax of 4 per cent of the duty. Swiss franc at par 19.3 cents.

Wheat may be imported only under special authorization of central syndicate of importers within limits of prescribed quotas. The countries (which include Canada) to whom these quotas are assigned are stipulated by the Federal Department of Public Economy.

According to Switzerland's trade returns the sources of wheat imports were as follows:-

Switzerland

Year	Total Wheat Imports	Total Br. Empire Imports	Canada	Australia
(Bushels)				
1926	16,109,141	10,680,609	10,680,609	--
1927	16,629,190	9,794,234	9,065,144	729,090
1928	16,833,506	10,606,315	10,483,703	122,612
1929	17,149,026	9,137,472	9,075,233	62,239
1930	17,630,845	9,073,907	9,057,780	16,127
5-year average ...	16,870,363	9,858,508	9,672,494	186,014
1931	20,503,922	8,746,258	8,678,687	67,571
1932	19,157,378	10,132,851	10,086,907	45,944
1933	18,730,745	8,855,283	8,829,560	25,723
1934	16,938,699	3,192,185	3,192,185	--
1935	17,640,649	2,107,860	2,107,860	--
5-year average ...	18,594,278	6,606,887	6,579,040	27,847

Year	Total Foreign Imports	United States	Argentina	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Hungary
(Bushels)					
1926	5,428,532	3,092,358	1,261,512	475,357	293,155
1927	6,834,956	5,258,382	1,024,861	493,045	--
1928	6,227,191	4,303,403	1,503,359	146,535	186,118
1929	8,011,554	2,764,588	3,579,046	--	1,566,215
1930	8,557,038	4,236,689	1,748,255	909,373	523,416
5-year average ..	7,011,855	3,931,084	1,823,407	404,862	513,781
1931	11,757,664	4,323,998	1,882,235	2,552,459	1,047,164
1932	9,024,527	1,752,021	4,347,535	402,976	214,881
1933	9,875,462	670,485	5,251,709	479,835	1,862,351
1934	13,746,514	--	7,454,653	827,749	3,345,507
1935	15,532,789	184	8,058,265	50,768	2,849,078
5-year average ..	11,987,391	1,349,338	5,398,879	858,757	1,863,796

Year	Germany	Roumania	France	Turkey	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	85,398	95,754	--	--	125,018
1927	--	--	--	--	58,668
1928	76,966	--	--	--	10,810
1929	82,606	--	1,176	--	17,923
1930	44,426	147,906	910,252	--	36,721
5-year average ..	57,879	48,728	182,286	--	49,828
1931	105,982	1,734,271	1,319	--	130,236
1932	1,161,934	877,565	867	--	266,748
1933	752,425	37,735	757,865	--	63,057
1934	714,179	7,202	--	--	1,397,224
1935	13,610	2,154,542	338,815	690,204	1,377,323
5-year average ...	549,626	962,263	219,773	138,041	646,918

Austria

The average imports by Austria in the five years 1926 to 1930 totalled 8,656,960 bushels. British Empire countries shipped 921,308 bushels. Canada supplied an average of 917,692 bushels. In 1931, the total imports of wheat increased to 11,101,781 bushels and in 1932 decreased to 9,968,149 bushels. Imports were again augmented to 10,786,003 bushels in 1933, but in 1934 and 1935 they again declined to 8,596,270 and 6,890,489 bushels respectively. The average total imports for the five-year period 1931 to 1935 was 9,468,538 bushels, a slight increase over the previous five-year period. British Empire imports averaged 1,150,844 bushels for that time, a small reduction from the previous five-year period. Canada contributed practically all of this, while Australia forwarded the remaining small portion.

Foreign countries shipped 7,735,652 bushels of the five-year average (1926-1930). One half or 4,978,076 bushels came from Hungary; the other contributors of the largest quantities were Yugoslavia and the United States. It will be seen from the tabulation below that Austria's wheat imports came almost entirely from foreign countries. The years 1931 to 1934 showed that imports of wheat from foreign countries remained almost stationary. In 1935 they receded to 6,638,691 bushels, although the five-year average for 1931-1935 was 8,317,694 bushels, a slight increase over the previous average. The sources of the largest part of the foreign supply were Hungary and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics in 1931; Hungary and Yugoslavia in 1932; Hungary and the Argentine in 1933; Hungary in 1934 and Hungary and Argentina in 1935.

Average wheat production in Austria for the period from 1926 to 1930 amounted to 15,113,767 bushels and for the last five years 1931 to 1935, the yield decreased to 13,342,617 bushels. Austria's domestic disappearance was estimated at 26,434,000 bushels on an average for the period 1926-27 to 1930-31. The tariff rate on wheat imports into Austria is 16 kronen per 100 kilogs or 61.4 cents per bushel at par. There is a turnover tax of 4 per cent levied on the duty-paid value. Schilling 14.07 cents.

According to Austrian trade returns the sources of the imports were as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia
(Bushels)				
1926	9,247,301	247,637	247,637	..
1927	7,629,237	849,302	839,021	10,281
1928	8,438,872	1,325,136	1,317,890	7,246
1929	8,612,766	828,546	827,995	551
1930	9,356,622	1,355,917	1,355,917	..
5-year average ..	8,656,960	921,308	917,692	3,616
1931	11,101,781	1,470,749	1,470,749	..
1932	9,968,149	1,576,103	1,576,103	..
1933	10,786,003	1,997,351	1,997,351	..
1934	8,596,270	458,220	457,955	265
1935	6,890,489	251,797	251,797	..
5-year average ..	9,468,538	1,150,844	1,150,791	53

Austria

Year	Foreign Imports	Hungary	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Yugoslavia
(Bushels)				
1926	8,999,664	6,397,089	23,122	776,188
1927	6,779,935	4,419,070	142,912	318,768
1928	7,113,736	3,749,005	1,808	1,329,707
1929	7,784,220	5,916,712	-	998,387
1930	8,000,705	4,408,503	106,706	2,318,156
5-year average	7,735,652	4,978,076	54,910	1,148,241
1931	9,631,032	5,131,494	1,149,082	513,981
1932	8,392,046	3,678,061	516,630	2,430,935
1933	8,788,652	4,194,166	314,220	494,647
1934	8,138,050	7,223,734	-	843,758
1935	6,638,691	4,074,068	359,594	573
5-year average	8,317,694	4,860,304	467,905	856,779

	United States	Argentina	Bulgaria	Roumania
(Bushels)				
1926	963,028	26,047	-	177,458
1927	938,540	557,014	-	46,605
1928	810,814	566,832	-	88,348
1929	232,452	199,989	-	18,482
1930	499,691	177,129	-	171,083
5-year average	688,905	305,402	-	100,395
1931	843,971	345,999	678,542	608,848
1932	592,339	269,918	417,358	101,573
1933	799,695	2,004,546	371,157	37,570
1934	47,002	14,271	-	1,955
1935	34,197	1,395,271	-	584,035
5-year average	463,441	806,001	293,411	266,796

	Germany	Italy	Other Foreign
(Bushels)			
1926	-	354,332	282,400
1927	-	182,558	174,468
1928	-	102,175	465,047
1929	-	76,267	341,931
1930	158,748	-	160,689
5-year average	31,749	143,066	284,908
1931	172,972	128,450	57,693
1932	373,420	10,207	1,605
1933	292,394	-	280,257
1934	4,148	-	3,182
1935	2,498	-	188,456
5-year average	169,086	27,732	106,239

Norway

The average wheat imports into Norway during the five years 1926-30 amounted to 3,922,710 bushels, of which British Empire countries supplied 1,564,357 bushels. The average from Canada was 1,490,102 bushels. In 1931, total wheat imports into Norway were shown as 4,795,541 bushels. An increase occurred in 1932 to 5,429,566 bushels, with a further ascent in 1933 to 6,196,944 bushels. A small reduction was noted in 1934 when 6,119,049 bushels were imported. An increase was effected in 1935 when the importation amounted to 6,734,827 bushels. The average importation for the last five years was 5,855,185 bushels, a substantial increase over the previous five-year period. British Empire imports were reduced to a few thousand bushels in the years from 1931 to 1934. The imports in 1935 were increased to 3,327,602 bushels, which was the largest amount exported from the British Empire countries to Norway in the last ten years. Canada contributed 3,327,345 bushels.

During the five-year period 1926 to 1930, an average of 2,358,353 bushels were imported from foreign countries, of which the United States, Argentina and Soviet Russia supplied the largest portions. In 1931, foreign imports rose to 4,278,146 bushels and continued to rise until 6,031,637 bushels was reached in 1934. These increased imports were all supplied by the above mentioned countries. In 1935, a reduction occurred in imports from foreign countries, the amount being 3,407,225 bushels. Argentina and Soviet Russia supplied the greater quantities.

Norwegian wheat production averaged 692,130 bushels during the five years 1926-30 which was increased to 1,001,143 bushels in the last five years. Domestic disappearance was estimated at 7,950,000 bushels during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31. No duty is placed on wheat imports. Since July 1, 1929, the Norwegian Corn Monopoly has controlled the distribution of cereals and cereal products.

According to Norwegian trade returns the sources of the wheat imports were as follows:-

	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	Other Br. Countries
			(Bushels)		
1926	3,281,148	873,267	649,137	224,130	-
1927	3,506,085	1,241,697	1,240,966	-	731
1928	3,631,248	2,371,688	2,280,989	90,699	-
1929	4,395,656	1,968,182	1,912,465	55,717	-
1930	4,799,412	1,366,950	1,366,950	-	-
5-year average..	3,922,710	1,564,357	1,490,102	74,109	146
1931	4,795,541	517,395	295,908	-	221,487
1932	5,429,566	309,304	-	140,947	168,357
1933	6,196,944	242,247	242,247	-	-
1934	6,119,049	87,412	87,412	-	-
1935	6,734,827	3,327,602	3,327,345	-	257
5-year average..	5,855,185	896,792	790,583	28,189	78,020

	Foreign Imports	United States	Argentina	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Germany	Other Foreign Countries
				(Bushels)		
1926	2,407,881	1,739,435	231,154	372,364	64,928	-
1927	2,264,388	1,196,981	528,693	521,066	10,625	7,023
1928	1,259,560	516,782	517,609	-	188,509	36,660
1929	2,427,474	447,471	1,161,219	-	297,187	521,597
1930	3,432,462	1,587,137	290,488	1,320,866	45,970	188,001
5-year average .	2,358,353	1,097,562	545,832	442,859	121,444	150,656
1931	4,278,146	1,854,157	559,728	1,358,003	-	506,258
1932	5,120,262	2,642,968	1,024,471	1,249,082	182,687	21,054
1933	5,954,697	2,199,111	2,126,103	968,107	456,864	204,512
1934	6,031,637	2,531,159	1,680,299	1,511,133	86,346	222,700
1935	3,407,225	-	2,517,160	533,583	-	356,482
5-year average .	4,958,393	1,845,479	1,581,552	1,123,982	145,179	262,201

Sweden

Wheat imports into Sweden during the five years 1926-30 averaged 8,294,572 bushels. British Empire countries supplied 2,366,532 bushels of which Canada forwarded an average of 1,756,309 bushels while Australia and the United Kingdom shipped the balance. In the year 1931 the total imports decreased to 4,494,669 bushels and increased again in 1932 to 6,274,805 bushels. During the years 1933, 1934 and 1935 imports had receded to small quantities owing to bumper crops in Sweden. The average for the last five years was 3,193,718 bushels less than half of the previous five-year average. Imports from British Empire countries were 1,022,924 bushels for the period 1931 to 1935, which was also less than the average of the previous five years. Canada was the chief contributor of the Empire countries.

Foreign countries exported for the five years 1926-30 on an average of 5,926,040 bushels. The United States, Germany and Argentina were the chief countries of supply. For the years 1931-35 the import average from foreign countries had receded to 2,170,794 bushels. The United States and Denmark supplied the larger quantities of this average.

For the period 1926-30, the average wheat production of Sweden was 27,094,666 bushels and in the last five years they averaged 24,476,231 bushels. The domestic disappearance for the period 1926-27 to 1930-31 was estimated at 22,307,000 bushels.

According to the Swedish tariff the rate of duty on imports was 3.7 kroner per 100 kilogs or 27.1 cents per bushel. There is a monopoly tax of 5 kroner per 100 kilogs or 36.5 cents per bushel on imported wheat and an import tax of 2.5 kroner per 100 kilogs or 18.3 cents per bushel on wheat imported for the production of flour or groats. (Converted at par krona = 26.8 cents.

A Swedish resolution of June 13, 1930, restricts the use of foreign wheat for domestic purposes. Since May 1, 1934, it has been compulsory for Swedish millers not belonging to the Swedish Millers' Association to use 100 per cent Swedish wheat in the domestic industry. Since September 1, 1935, millers belonging to the Association may use 20 per cent imported wheat.

According to Swedish trade returns the sources of the imports of wheat are as follows:-

Sweden

	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	United Kingdom
	(Bushels)			
1926	6,637,469	1,178,919	1,045,848	25,500
1927	8,708,838	2,271,914	1,400,597	203,089
1928	9,627,977	3,919,430	2,959,340	2,795
1929	10,039,686	2,650,349	1,730,046	384,660
1930	6,458,891	1,822,050	1,645,714	160,022
5-year	8,294,572	2,368,532	1,756,309	155,213
1931	4,494,669	1,437,604	1,427,013	10,591
1932	6,274,805	2,534,528	2,023,450	99,034
1933	1,948,709	766,020	719,584	21,652
1934	1,685,078	275,349	231,289	44,060
1935	1,565,327	101,119	91,214	9,905
5-year average ...	3,193,718	1,022,924	898,510	33,048

	Australia	Total Foreign Imports	United States	Germany
	(Bushels)			
1926	107,571	5,458,550	2,903,024	1,265,744
1927	668,228	6,436,924	2,620,777	1,613,661
1928	957,295	5,708,547	1,912,268	2,047,475
1929	535,643	7,389,337	2,240,175	2,362,615
1930	16,314	4,636,841	1,963,309	1,067,185
5-year average ...	457,010	5,926,040	2,327,911	1,671,336
1931	-	3,057,065	1,929,017	495,754
1932	412,044	3,740,277	1,616,106	784,854
1933	24,784	1,182,689	915,183	130,142
1934	-	1,409,729	995,498	64,237
1935	-	1,464,208	985,416	4,587
5-year average ...	87,366	2,170,794	1,288,244	295,915

	Argentina	Denmark	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Other Foreign Countries
	(Bushels)			
1926	299,184	312,808	653,584	24,206
1927	741,427	409,577	1,026,193	25,289
1928	1,100,352	397,394	26,163	224,895
1929	1,933,953	658,872	-	193,722
1930	699,121	519,388	-	387,838
5-year average ...	954,807	459,608	341,188	171,190
1931	93,444	224,401	202,846	111,603
1932	890,731	183,679	92,162	172,745
1933	33,194	77,456	-	26,714
1934	40,229	213,869	30,937	64,959
1935	18,310	245,197	6,614	204,084
5-year average ...	215,182	188,920	66,512	116,021

Spain

Statistics on the imports of wheat by countries for Spain are only available since 1928.

During the three-year period 1928-1930 the average imports amounted to 8,141,733 bushels, of which the British Empire supplied 2,368,076 bushels. Canada contributed 2,354,135 bushels. In 1932, the wheat imports increased to 10,744,131 bushels. British Empire countries forwarded 3,894,666 bushels. Canada and Australia supplied 2,052,334 and 1,842,332 bushels respectively. Imports for the year 1933 totalled only 33 bushels. The two years following imports amounted to 107 and 29,924 bushels, practically all of which came from Canada. Spain, the past three years has reaped large crops of wheat and has become a net exporter - hence the exceedingly small importation. Foreign countries exported to Spain during the above three-year period on an average of 5,773,657 bushels. Argentina and United States supplied the largest quantities. In 1931, only 81 bushels were imported from foreign countries, while for 1932 the amount was 6,849,465 bushels. As in the previous three years, Argentina and United States were the chief contributors.

Spain produced on an average of 159,528,570 bushels for the period 1926-1930. In the last five years the average production was 143,000,954 bushels. The average domestic disappearance is estimated at 126,660,000 bushels.

The following is the tariff rate and restrictions on wheat.--- A decree of May 29, 1930, prohibited the import of wheat into Spain until the price of wheat reached 53 paperpesetas per 100 kilogs, or \$2.78 per bushel at par which is equivalent to about \$1.98 per bushel at the current rate of exchange. A series of decrees were issued in 1932 permitting the import of certain quantities of wheat into Spain, presumably on account of the shortage of the Spanish wheat crop, the duty on which was fixed at such a rate as to make the landed price in Spain equal to 53 paper pesetas per 100 kilogs. A Spanish tariff consolidation issued in 1934 does not quote any rate of duty on wheat, but it is stated that the importation of wheat may only be made on authorization of the Minister of Agriculture, who fixes the quantity that may be imported and the rate of duty to be paid in each case.

According to Spanish trade returns the sources of wheat imports were as follows:

	Total Imports	Br. Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	
	(Bushels)				
1928	11,610,994	4,839,585	4,790,764	48,821	
1929	12,616,203	2,233,753	2,233,753	-	
1930	198,001	37,889	37,889	-	
3-year average ..	8,141,733	2,370,409	2,354,135	16,274	
1931	58,767	58,686	58,686	-	
1932	10,744,131	3,894,666	2,052,334	1,842,332	
1933	33	-	-	-	
1934	107	74	74	-	
1935	29,924	29,891	29,891	-	
5-year average ..	2,166,592	796,663	428,197	368,466	
	Foreign Imports	Argentina	United States	Roumania	Other Countries
	(Bushels)				
1928	6,771,409	5,573,587	1,038,231	59,105	100,486
1929	10,382,450	7,776,622	2,587,221	-	18,607
1930	160,112	125,790	34,311	-	11
3-year average ..	5,771,324	4,491,999	1,219,922	19,702	39,701
1931	81	-	-	-	81
1932	6,849,465	6,148,634	677,554	4,788	18,489
1933	33	-	-	-	33
1934	33	-	-	-	33
1935	33	-	-	-	33
5-year average ..	1,369,929	1,229,726	135,511	958	3,734

Czechoslovakia

Czechoslovakia is comparatively a young country only coming into existence since the world war. The average wheat imports during the five-year period 1926-30 amounted to 9,594,228 bushels of which the British Empire contributed an average of 117,545 bushels and foreign countries 8,450,675 bushels. In addition to the last two amounts 907,455 and 118,554 bushels respectively were imported, through the ports of Hamburg and Trieste. Of the 117,545 bushels contributed by the British Empire countries imports from Canada averaged 116,122 bushels, while for the average total foreign imports Hungary and Yugoslavia forwarded 4,587,155 and 2,383,545 bushels respectively.

In 1931 the imports of wheat increased to 15,215,226 bushels. This was the largest quantity imported since the year 1927. The amount taken from British Empire countries amounted to only 188,444 bushels of which Canada contributed 187,269 bushels. Imports from foreign countries were shown as 11,806,808 bushels; Roumania and Yugoslavia were the main sources of the supply. During the year 1932 the total imports receded to 11,843,841 bushels. British Empire imports amounted to 333,943 bushels, all of which came from Canada. Foreign country imports were 9,772,313 bushels. As in the previous year Roumania and Yugoslavia were the chief countries to forward wheat. In 1933 the imports still showed a decrease and totalled 10,285,797 bushels. British Empire imports, however, show a substantial increase; the amount imported was 1,299,152 bushels, all of which came from Canada. Imports from foreign countries were reduced to less than half the amount imported the previous year and were 4,198,782 bushels. In 1934 the imports had receded to the insignificant amount of 82,676 bushels received principally from Yugoslavia. Again in 1935 imports increased to 3,504,153 bushels and were shipped almost wholly from Yugoslavia. The average importation for the five-year period 1931-35 was 8,186,339 bushels, a slight reduction from the previous five-year period. Imports through the port of Hamburg increased to 3,170,757 bushels in 1931, compared with 907,455 bushels the average for the previous five-year period. In 1932 they decreased to 1,715,175 bushels and in 1933 increased to 3,026,724 bushels. Imports through Trieste decreased sharply in 1931 and 1932 when compared with the average of the period from 1926-1930, but increased to 1,783,363 bushels in 1933. The average wheat production of Czechoslovakia was 48,700,758 bushels for the period from 1926-1930 and increased to an average of 55,994,055 bushels for the next five year period. The domestic disappearance was estimated at 61,593,000 bushels from 1926-27 to 1930-31.

According to the General Tariff of Czechoslovakia the rate of duty was equal to 80.7 cents per bushel, plus varying surtaxes, at present 15.3 cents per bushel. A Conventional tariff applicable to Canada was 40.3 cents per bushel, plus varying surtaxes, at present 8.07 cents per bushel. There is a sales tax of 2.02 cents per bushel. On July 13, 1934, a law was passed setting up a Czechoslovakia grain monopoly which would have complete control over the trade in wheat. (Krone = 2.96 cents at par).

According to Czechoslovakia's trade returns the sources of wheat imports were as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	Br. Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	Great Britain
			(Bushels)		
1926	7,820,834	7,345	6,724	-	621
1927	12,234,553	353,035	347,134	5,306	595
1928	10,958,314	156,022	155,467	-	555
1929	6,117,171	25,790	25,790	-	-
1930	10,840,269	45,532	45,495	-	37
5-year average ..	9,594,228	117,545	116,122	1,061	362
1931	15,215,226	188,444	187,269	1,113	62
1932	11,843,841	333,943	333,943	-	-
1933	10,285,797	1,299,152	1,299,042	-	110
1934	82,676	99	-	-	99
1935	3,504,153	206	-	-	206
5-year average ..	8,186,339	364,368	364,051	223	95

Czechoslovakia

Year	Foreign Imports	Roumania	Yugoslavia	Germany	Austria
(Bushels)					
1926	7,686,748	965,524	2,378,091	145,187	58,241
1927	9,427,836	820,213	1,829,586	310,498	106,500
1928	8,849,790	558,010	2,459,572	1,193,170	32,209
1929	6,045,419	44,547	1,243,846	672,531	16,729
1930	10,243,583	1,164,580	4,006,629	88,617	106,408
5-year average.	8,450,675	710,575	2,383,545	482,001	64,017
1931	11,806,808	7,097,970	3,686,512	181,441	44,952
1932	9,772,313	4,037,174	4,636,417	42,104	72,141
1933	4,166,090	21,983	70,253	437	13,893
1934	82,577	37	64,716	496	11,776
1935	3,503,947	18	3,489,966	342	11,269
5-year average.	5,866,347	2,231,436	2,389,573	44,964	30,806
	Hungary	Argentina	Bulgaria	United States	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	4,063,386	2,862	-	1,679	71,778
1927	5,724,366	331,651	1,837	212,746	90,439
1928	4,244,923	258,558	25,562	38,169	39,617
1929	4,053,095	14,591	-	-	80
1930	4,850,001	-	-	8,782	18,566
5-year average.	4,587,155	121,532	5,479	52,275	44,096
1931	10,659	4,314	698,093	58,275	24,592
1932	240,906	83,230	658,660	1,517	164
1933	802,451	2,152,352	791,479	-	313,242
1934	5,534	-	-	-	18
1935	2,323	-	-	-	29
5-year average.	212,376	447,979	429,646	11,958	67,609

Quantities imported through the ports of Hamburg and Trieste -

Year	Hamburg	Trieste
(Bushels)		
1926	125,448	1,293
1927	2,071,752	381,930
1928	1,747,509	204,993
1929	45,411	551
1930	547,153	4,001
5-year average.	907,455	118,554
1931	3,170,757	49,217
1932	1,715,175	22,410
1933	3,026,724	1,793,831
1934	-	-
1935	-	-
5-year average.	1,582,531	373,092

Greece

Greece imported during the five-year period 1926-30 an average of 17,440,105 bushels of wheat, only 4,575,096 bushels of which came from British Empire countries, while 12,865,009 bushels were registered from foreign countries. Of the Empire countries, Canada was the chief contributor with an average of 4,131,629 bushels, while the United States forwarded the largest quantity from foreign countries totalling 9,124,701 bushels. In 1931 the total wheat imports into Greece increased to 24,356,853 bushels, but in 1932 they decreased slightly to 22,102,995 bushels and in 1933 a further recession was shown to 10,483,873 bushels. Analysing the 1931 wheat imports, it was shown that the Empire countries doubled their figures of import over the five-year average; Canada and Australia benefited by this increase. The foreign countries' imports amounted to 16,139,700 bushels and showed that the bulk of it came from the United States, Soviet Republic and Argentina. In 1932 the Empire imports declined to 1,392,086 bushels, the majority coming from Canada. The foreign countries' imports totalled 20,710,909 bushels. These were registered from United States, Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, Roumania and Yugoslavia. During 1933, the Empire imports rose to 3,685,811 bushels and came from Canada and Australia. Foreign countries' imports were credited chiefly to Argentina, Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and the United States.

In 1934 total wheat imports dropped to 9,556,219 bushels, of which the small amount of 153,586 bushels came from British Empire countries. The foreign countries supplied 9,402,633 bushels, most of which was shipped from the Argentine and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The imports for 1935 ascended to 16,273,409 bushels, almost double the amount imported the previous year. The British Empire and Canada forwarded the insignificant amount of 49,309 bushels, while the exports from foreign countries were 16,224,100 bushels, of which Argentina and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics supplied the largest portions.

Wheat production in Greece average 11,920,226 bushels for the years 1926 to 1930 and for the period 1931 to 1935 amounted to 21,751,880 bushels. The domestic disappearance was estimated at 29,682,000 bushels during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31.

According to the Grecian tariff the duties on wheat imports were as follows: The Minimum tariff on wheat is 90 paper drachmae per 100 kilogs or 31.9 cents per bushel and the Maximum tariff was increased ten-fold on November 28, 1931 to 1125 paper drachmae per 100 kilogs or \$3.98 per bushel. The foregoing duties are subject to a general surtax on imports totalling 75 per cent of duty and also to an import tax levied under a law of October 2, 1933, of 1.5 per cent of the duty-paid value. (Drachma = 1.30 cents).

The Maximum tariff applies to non-treaty countries, including Canada, except where modifications have been made. One of these modifications was a decree of July 1, 1933, which extended the Minimum duty to Canadian wheat on condition that Canada purchase Greek goods to the value of at least 30 per cent of the value of the wheat exported. Another was a decree of June 19, 1934, which provided for ordinary Maximum duty, i.e. 112.50 paper drachmae, provided the shipments were exchanged for Greek products of equal value. Greek decrees of March and April, 1936 granted authority for the purchase of 40,000 and 60,000 tons of wheat, respectively, from Canada at the Minimum rate of duty.

The importation of wheat is controlled by issuing of permits under direction of the Minister of National Economy.

According to the trade returns of Greece the sources of wheat imports were as follows:

Greece

Year	Total Wheat Imports	Total British Empire Imports	Canada	Australia	British India
(Bushels)					
1926	11,522,820	2,382,863	2,305,776	32,077	45,010
1927	15,103,399	3,045,378	2,703,153	301,477	40,748
1928	17,489,422	6,542,146	6,219,174	221,377	101,595
1929	21,969,030	6,365,963	5,272,598	1,082,269	11,096
1930	21,115,855	4,539,132	4,157,445	345,679	36,008
5-year average	17,440,105	4,575,096	4,131,629	396,576	46,891
1931	24,356,853	8,217,153	5,761,392	2,448,964	6,797
1932	22,102,995	1,392,086	1,143,262	248,824	-
1933	16,483,873	3,685,811	2,845,937	839,874	-
1934	9,556,219	153,586	124,338	29,248	-
1935	16,273,409	49,309	49,309	-	-
5-year average	17,754,670	2,699,589	1,984,848	713,382	1,359
Total Foreign Imports		United States	Argentina	Bulgaria	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics
(Bushels)					
1926	9,139,957	5,839,948	13,889	894,549	1,087,155
1927	12,058,021	8,816,286	829,402	679,711	641,535
1928	10,947,276	8,587,230	1,766,351	233,943	88,992
1929	15,603,067	11,011,797	2,061,104	138,889	367
1930	16,576,723	11,368,242	1,632,422	299,713	1,141,939
5-year average	12,865,009	9,124,701	1,260,634	449,361	591,998
1931	16,139,700	6,420,379	2,796,297	79,879	5,301,405
1932	20,710,909	10,479,279	425,632	1,102	6,001,581
1933	12,798,062	1,431,842	7,653,404	-	3,466,638
1934	9,402,633	845	5,806,071	588	2,241,550
1935	16,224,100	-	11,428,096	-	2,640,616
5-year average	15,055,081	3,666,469	5,621,900	16,314	3,930,358
Roumania		Yugoslavia	Turkey	Other Foreign Countries	
(Bushels)					
1926	453,886	569,187	36,009	245,334	
1927	287,625	505,916	32,518	265,028	
1928	132,165	52,873	10,178	75,544	
1929	479,240	546,554	5,585	1,359,531	
1930	458,554	595,716	166,777	913,360	
5-year average	362,294	454,649	50,213	571,759	
1931	703,336	259,112	352,954	226,338	
1932	1,308,789	1,150,794	277,337	1,066,395	
1933	11,868	20,466	52,653	161,191	
1934	53,351	2,535	86,897	1,210,796	
1935	-	-	21,384	2,134,004	
5-year average	415,469	286,581	158,245	959,745	

Note: "Other Foreign" includes British Possessions.

Finland

In Finland, during the five-year period 1926-1930, wheat imports averaged only 19,998 bushels, all of which came from foreign countries. For the five years 1931 to 1935 average imports rose to 1,467,058 bushels. Foreign countries contributed 1,009,635 bushels received mostly from Argentina, United States, Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and Germany. British Empire countries shipped only 457,423 bushels, the majority of which came from Canada.

The average production of wheat in Finland for the five-year period 1926-1930 was 923,335 bushels and for the last five years (1931-1935) it was 2,319,092 bushels. The domestic disappearance of wheat in Finland was estimated at 6,273,000 bushels for the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31.

According to the Finnish tariff on imports of wheat, 1.25 markkas per kilog is charged, which computed at par value of exchange amounts to 86.9 cents per bushel. Finnish mills grinding for general market and employing locally grown wheat are entitled to import an equal quantity of foreign wheat at a duty of 0.9 markka per kilog under conditions prescribed by the State Council.

According to the trade returns of Finland, the sources of the wheat imports were:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	British Empire Imports	Canada	Great Britain	Australia
(Bushels)					
1926	36,180	-	-	-	-
1927	1,638	-	-	-	-
1928	17,255	-	-	-	-
1929	13,569	-	-	-	-
1930	31,346	-	-	-	-
5-year average ..	19,998	-	-	-	-
1931	471,274	-	-	-	-
1932	1,143,250	272,274	229,729	-	42,545
1933	1,499,361	558,574	549,021	-	9,553
1934	2,044,515	642,868	618,672	24,196	-
1935	2,176,892	813,399	744,528	68,871	-
5-year average ..	1,467,058	457,423	428,390	18,613	10,420
	Total Foreign Imports into Finland	United States	Germany	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Argentina Netherlands Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	36,180	21,278	8,357	-	2,981 3,564
1927	1,638	-	-	-	- 1,638
1928	17,255	-	14,918	-	- 2,337
1929	13,569	-	11,210	-	- 2,359
1930	31,346	-	11,706	-	9,076 10,564
5-year average ..	19,998	4,256	9,238	-	2,411 4,093
1931	471,274	172,443	101,793	90,337	14,594 47,630 44,477
1932	870,976	351,819	117,883	132,029	203,865 21,987 43,393
1933	940,787	170,433	183,150	200,032	364,311 5,647 17,214
1934	1,401,647	456,314	94,014	162,267	603,256 30,200 55,596
1935	1,363,493	349,998	13,775	33,362	351,975 181,949 432,434
5-year average ..	1,009,635	300,202	102,123	123,605	307,600 57,483 118,622

Brazil

Brazil imported an average of 23,721,635 bushels of wheat during the years 1926 to 1930. Only 487,078 bushels were received from the British Empire or Canada. The average imports from foreign countries totalled 23,234,557 bushels, the greater part of which (21,802,713 bushels) came from the Argentine. In 1931 the total wheat imports rose to 29,243,576 bushels, in 1932 they decreased to 28,379,572 bushels and in 1933 they again increased to 31,233,686 bushels. The 1931 and 1932 wheat imports came wholly from foreign countries. For 1931, Argentina contributed the largest part, which totalled 24,885,209 bushels. In 1932 United States replaced Argentina as chief exporter to Brazil. The 1933 imports showed that Canada shipped 217,736 bushels to Brazil, while Argentina forwarded 28,682,763 bushels and the United States 2,314,937 bushels. In 1934, wheat imports into Brazil amounted to 29,756,132 bushels, of which the Argentine contributed 29,343,737 bushels. Canada shipped 234,065 bushels and the remainder came from Uruguay and Chile.

The estimated disappearance of wheat in Brazil during the period from 1926-27 to 1930-31 was 37,683,000 bushels. Brazil's average wheat production for the period from 1926 to 1930 was 5,137,979 bushels and for the period from 1931 to 1935 it amounted to 4,508,709 bushels.

According to the Brazilian general tariff, the duty on wheat is given as 27 cents per bushel. On the minimum tariff the rate is 22 cents per bushel. These rates are quoted from the Brazilian tariff effective September 1, 1934, but are practically the same as the old tariff. Converting the above at the current rate of exchange the rate under the general tariff would be 17.9 cents per bushel and the minimum tariff 14.6 cents per bushel. (Milreis taken at 8.68 cents).

According to the Brazilian trade returns the sources of the wheat imports are as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports		Canada			
			(Bushels)			
1926	19,938,936		2,230,275			
1927	21,881,874					
1928	25,551,415					
1929	27,417,624					
1930	23,818,330		205,118			
5-year average	23,721,635		487,078			
1931	29,243,576					
1932	28,379,572					
1933	31,233,686		217,736			
1934	29,756,132		234,065			
1935	32,397,226		4			
5-year average	30,202,038		90,361			
	Foreign Imports into Brazil	Argentina	United States	Uruguay	Chile	Other Foreign Countries
	(Bushels)					
1926	17,708,661	14,429,254	3,141,812	128,409	9,186	-
1927	21,881,874	21,174,318	238,783	468,773	-	-
1928	25,551,415	24,736,952	55	812,782	1,626	-
1929	27,417,624	26,810,265	118,703	488,656	-	-
1930	23,818,330	21,862,775	1,007,113	403,974	337,309	2,041
5-year average	23,234,557	21,802,713	901,293	460,519	69,624	408
1931	29,243,576	24,885,209	4,358,295	-	-	72
1932	28,379,572	9,919,800	18,457,350	-	-	2,422
1933	31,015,950	28,682,763	2,314,937	18,242	-	8
1934	29,522,067	29,343,737	2	165,485	12,843	-
1935	32,397,222	32,360,459	9,377	3,674	23,707	5
5-year average	30,111,677	25,038,393	5,027,992	37,480	7,310	502

United States

Although the United States is normally an exporter of wheat there was always a certain quantity of wheat imported. This wheat was not all consumed in the United States, the bulk was ground into flour by the United States flour mills for export. According to regulations based on the United States tariff, such wheat may be imported from Canada "Free", but the offal obtained therefrom is dutiable.

During the five years (1926 to 1930) the average wheat imports were 15,857,626 bushels all of which came from Canada. In 1931 imports were reduced slightly to 15,690,215 bushels. In the years 1932 and 1933, wheat importation into the United States for grinding in bond and consumption had receded to 10,026,320 and 10,317,619 bushels respectively. A large reduction is shown in the wheat production in the United States in both quantity and quality of the crops, for the years 1934 and 1935, with the results that large importations were necessary for consumption as feed for animals and for domestic consumption. The former paid a duty of 10 per cent ad valorem and the latter a full duty of 42 cents per bushel. During the above years the United States imported from Canada 18,542,395 and 38,870,398 bushels respectively, of which the greater part came under the above tariff rates.

The United States wheat production averaged during the five years 1926 to 1930, 858,858,000 bushels. For the last five years the yield was reduced to 661,422,400 bushels. The yearly domestic disappearance of wheat was estimated at 598,226,000 bushels.

Beginning June 18, 1930, a new classification, that of wheat unfit for human consumption was introduced by the 1930 Tariff Act. The rate charged under this item was 10 per cent ad valorem. Imports of wheat for consumption into United States pay a duty of 42 cents per bushel according to the United States tariff, effective July 1923.

Wheat for grinding in bond for export, enters duty free. Beginning June 18, 1930, the item includes wheat ground into flour in bond for export to Cuba, a second classification in the 1930 Act. (The duty on this wheat equals the reduction in Cuban duty and the reduction in consumption tax applicable by treaty to such flour imported into Cuba.)

According to the United States trade returns the imports of wheat into the United States were as follows:

Year	Total Wheat Imports	Br. Empire imports into United States	Canada		Other British Countries	Foreign Imports
			Dutiable	Free		
			(Bushels)			
1926	14,142,767	14,142,000	91,837	x14,048,859	1,302	761
1927	11,753,841	11,753,481	-	x11,753,472	9	360
1928	18,847,660	18,847,161	-	x18,847,161	-	499
1929	14,575,503	14,575,338	37,066	14,538,272	-	165
1930	19,968,367	19,968,270	20,709	19,947,561	-	97
5-year average	15,857,626	15,857,250	29,922	15,827,065	263	376
1931	15,690,215	15,690,006	42,329	15,647,677	-	209
1932	10,026,320	10,026,243	2,595,733	7,430,510	-	77
1933	10,317,619	10,308,778	2,755,078	7,553,671	29	8,841
1934	18,542,395	18,533,495	17,173,655	7,359,840	-	8,900
1935	38,870,398	38,870,398	31,351,946	7,518,452	-	-
5-year average	18,689,389	18,685,784	9,583,748	9,102,030	-	3,605

x These amounts are shown as dutiable in the United States trade returns and the only explanation that can be given is that the United States Customs collected duty on all imports and afterwards refunded same when the flour was exported.

Countries contributing small amounts to the Foreign imports of wheat into the United States were Germany, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, Panama, Russia, Syria and France

China

China imported annually for the five-year period (1926-1930) 6,743,066 bushels of wheat the greater part of which came from Canada and Australia.

The three following years, wheat imports increased to 50,605,838, 33,537,509 and 39,359,587 bushels respectively. The bulk of these amounts were received from British Empire countries. Australia was the chief contributor owing to more favourable exchange rates than with Canada and other exporting countries. The quantities exported by Australia during 1931, 1932 and 1933 were 33,056,277, 20,506,788 and 30,840,789 bushels respectively. Canada also increased her exports to China from the five-year average of 4,613,531 bushels to 7,343,877 bushels in 1931 and 6,075,707 bushels in 1932; but a decrease was shown in 1933 when the imports receded to 3,570,810 bushels. In 1934 imports declined to 17,083,406 bushels, less than half of the previous year's total. A departure was made in the sources of these imports; the largest quantities came from foreign countries. Only 1,892,655 bushels were registered from British Empire countries, of which Australia and Canada supplied the whole amount. In 1935 imports amounted to 14,984,589 bushels practically all received from Australia. Of the foreign countries who supplied wheat to China, the United States was the foremost, with a five-year average of 929,573 bushels. In 1931 imports increased to 10,198,484 bushels, of which United States forwarded 9,090,775 bushels and Soviet Russia 1,077,010 bushels. Foreign imports in 1932 were 6,937,498 bushels of which 6,650,608 bushels came from the United States. Foreign imports for 1933 were 4,947,968 bushels; Argentina was the chief contributor with 4,937,548 bushels. An increase was shown in the imports for 1934; the total was 15,190,751 bushels. Practically all of this was received from the United States and the Argentine. In 1935, imports from foreign countries were nil. The average production of wheat in China for the last five years was 656,495,581 bushels.

The domestic disappearance for the period 1926-27 to 1930-31 was estimated at 905,239,000 bushels.

The following is the rate imposed on wheat entering China: Wheat is dutiable at 0.50 customs gold units per 100 kilogs (220.2 lbs.) or 5.5 cents per bushel and in addition a surtax of 10 per cent of the duty, and wharfage and conservancy dues amounting to 4 per cent of the import duty. The customs gold unit at par is worth 40 cents (gold); at current rate of exchange 67½ cents.

According to Chinese trade returns, the sources of the imports were as follows:-

Year	Total Wheat imports into China	Br. Empire imports into China	Canada	Australia
(Bushels)				
1926	9,234,086	7,822,666	6,834,755	987,904
1927	3,754,961	2,914,251	2,914,122	-
1928	2,006,360	1,754,685	1,754,670	-
1929	12,583,165	11,659,301	9,430,234	2,209,530
1930	6,136,758	4,899,380	2,133,878	2,765,109
5-year average .	6,743,066	5,810,056	4,613,531	1,192,509
1931	50,605,838	40,407,354	7,343,877	33,056,277
1932	33,537,509	26,600,011	6,075,707	20,506,788
1933	39,359,587	34,411,619	3,570,810	30,840,789
1934	17,083,406	1,892,655	312,073	1,580,582
1935	14,984,589	14,984,589	37,198	14,947,391
5-year average .	31,114,186	23,659,246	3,467,933	20,186,365

Year	British India	Other British	Foreign imports into China	United States
(Bushels)				
1926	-	7	1,411,420	1,395,778
1927	129	-	840,710	840,334
1928	15	-	251,675	251,599
1929	11	19,526	923,864	922,802
1930	391	2	1,237,378	1,237,349
5-year average .	109	3,907	933,009	929,573
1931	13	7,187	10,198,484	9,090,775
1932	-	17,516	6,937,498	6,650,608
1933	-	20	4,947,968	1,926
1934	-	-	15,190,751	11,339,692
1935	-	-	-	-
5-year average .	3	4,945	7,454,940	5,416,601

Year	Argentina	Japan including Formosa	Korea	Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)					
1926	-	12,592	20	3,019	11
1927	-	276	100	-	-
1928	-	73	3	-	-
1929	-	913	149	-	-
1930	-	29	-	-	-
5-year average .	-	2,776	54	-	-
1931	-	30,699	-	1,077,010	-
1932	279,378	7,203	-	-	309
1933	4,937,548	4,101	-	-	4,393
1934	3,566,326	4,339	-	-	280,394
1935	-	-	-	-	-
5-year average .	1,756,650	9,268	-	215,402	57,019

Japan's imports of wheat averaged 22,544,127 bushels per annum for the five-year period 1926-30. The imports rose to 26,543,193 bushels in 1931 and to 27,433,540 bushels in 1932, but decreased to 18,784,825 bushels in 1933. Slight decreases were noted in 1934 and 1935 and exports to Japan totalled 17,979,218 and 16,352,698 bushels respectively. More than three-quarters of these imports were received from British Empire countries. Australia contributed the largest portion since 1931, with 18,859,395 bushels in that year; 22,630,030 bushels in 1932; 14,536,119 bushels in 1933; 9,821,860 bushels in 1934 and 12,253,741 bushels in 1935. The reason for the large increase in Australia's exports to Japan was the more favourable exchange rate. Canada furnished more than one-half of Japan's total wheat imports for this period.

Imports from foreign countries averaged 7,395,836 bushels for the five-year period 1926-30 the maximum came from the United States. During the years 1931 to 1933 imports from foreign countries receded to insignificant amounts. In 1934 an increase was shown. The imports amounted to 5,234,836 bushels, exported mostly from the United States. In 1935, only 2,154,881 bushels were imports, of which Argentina contributed 1,054,601 bushels.

The production of wheat in Japan in the five-year period 1926 to 1930 averaged 29,968,393 bushels, while for the period 1931 to 1935 the yield averaged 40,372,703 bushels. Japan adopted a plan to increase wheat production which met with success in 1933, as the wheat crop in that year amounted to 40,409,834 bushels, compared with 32,768,257 bushels in 1932. In 1934 and 1935 production increased to 47,660,236 and 48,721,000 bushels respectively. The following is the rate imposed on wheat entering Japan: Wheat is dutiable at 2.50 yen per 100 kin (132.3 lb.), 56.5 cents per bushel. Yen at par is worth 49.85 cents; at current rate of exchange 29½ cents. By Imperial Ordinance of June 25, 1936, wheat is subject to import license. According to Japanese annual trade returns the sources of the wheat imports were:

Year	Total wheat imports	Br. Empire imports into Japan	Canada	Australia	British India	United Kingdom
(Bushels)						
1926	25,831,085	18,641,363	9,209,794	9,412,871	18,698	-
1927	17,139,272	10,656,459	6,348,801	4,307,625	26	7
1928	24,157,317	15,354,132	12,328,198	3,025,984	-	-
1929	26,966,505	19,957,220	14,660,328	5,296,892	-	-
1930	17,776,427	10,282,202	6,520,334	3,761,848	13	7
5-year average	22,374,121	14,977,885	9,813,491	5,161,044	3,747	3
1931	26,543,193	24,586,301	5,726,906	18,859,395	-	-
1932	27,433,540	27,002,219	4,372,083	22,630,030	106	-
1933	18,784,825	18,669,007	4,132,888	14,536,119	-	-
1934	17,979,218	12,744,382	2,922,398	9,821,860	117	7
1935	16,352,698	14,197,788	1,944,047	12,253,741	-	-
5-year average	21,418,694	19,439,939	3,819,664	15,620,229	44	2

Year	Total Foreign Imports	United States	Argentina	China	Kwantung Province	Other Foreign Countries
(Bushels)						
1926	7,189,722	7,182,484	-	-	-	7,238
1927	6,482,813	5,751,118	-	577,532	138,801	15,360
1928	8,803,135	5,416,436	-	1,756,416	1,607,006	23,277
1929	7,009,285	5,378,476	-	495,992	971,050	163,767
1930	7,494,225	7,493,671	-	450	75	29
5-year average	7,395,836	6,244,437	-	566,078	543,386	41,935
1931	1,956,892	1,949,391	-	51	-	7,450
1932	431,321	431,306	-	-	2	13
1933	115,818	108,838	-	2	-	6,978
1934	5,234,836	4,896,138	297,249	39,287	-	2,162
1935	2,154,881	101,402	1,054,601	6,614	-	992,263
5-year average	1,978,755	1,497,415	270,370	9,191	-	201,779

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