## FARM FAMILY LIVING EXPENDITURE 1958



# DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS <br> Prices Division 

Consumer Expenditure Surveys Section

# FARM FAMILY LIVING EXPENDITURE 

1958

## PREFACE

This publication contains information on expenditures made for commodities and services used for family living purposes by families of farm operators. It is one of a series of publications arising from the 1958 Survey of Farm Expenditures and Income. The survey from which these results were obtained was part of a comprehensive survey of Canadian agriculture which was carried out under direction of the Agriculture Division with co-operation from the Canada Department of Agriculture and from other Divisions of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. An earlier report prepared by the Agriculture Division contained statistics of farm expenditures, receipts and farm capital.

Farm family living expenditures are presented in the form of average expenditure per family and percentage of families reporting for Canada, by region and province (excluding Newfoundland). This form of presentation follows the pattern of reports of urban family expenditure. Also contained in this report is a comparison of survey results with urban family expenditures obtained in an independent survey of expenditures made in 1959 by families living in urban centres of 15,000 and over.

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## SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:
.. figures not available.
... figures not appropriate or not applicable.

- nil or zero.
-- amount too small to be expressed.
p preliminary figures.
r revised figures.


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## INTRODUCTION

This publication contains the first release of information on farm family living expenditure obtained from the 1958 Survey of Farm Incone and Expenditure. First results from the farm business side of the survey were published in November 1962 by the Agriculture Division under the title 1958 Farm Survey Report No. 1, Expenditures, Receipts and Farm Capital (Catalogue No. 21-506). In the introduction to that report, the principal objectives of the survey were stated as follows:
(1) to secure direct estimates of farm business expenditures and receipts from farming operations:
(2) to estimate the income received by farm operators and families from sources other than the operation of their own farms;
(3) to obtain up-to-date data on the distribution of expenditure among commodities and services used by farm operators and their families;
(4) to determine the distribution of income among families by size and source of income.

This report presents data on farm family living expenditures which were obtained in meeting the third objective, that of obtaining information on the distribution of expenditures made by farm operators and their families. The primary need for information on farm family expenditures was for use in revising the content and weights of items included in the family living component of the Price Index Numbers of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers. However, the information collected is of much wider interest. In addition to delineating family living patterns for the use of those concerned with the welfare of the farm population, it provides, for the first time in twenty years, expenditure statistics for the farm population comparable to those obtained in surveys of urban family expenditure.

The 1958 survey was the third attempt to collect data on expenditures made by farm operators and their families. In 1938 a survey was carried out through the Agriculture Division which collected records on family and business expenses from crop correspondents across Canada. Information obtained in that survey became the basis of the weighting system employed in the index of commodities and services used by farmers. The 1947-48 survey of
income and expenditure, which sampled all civilian non-institutional population, attempted to collect information on farm family living and business expenses, but with such limited success that only non-farm results were published. During the next decade it became increasingly evident that the varied needs to be served by a farm survey and the peculiar difficulties involved in data collection demanded considerable expenditure of resources in planning and field work.

The 1958 farm survey, therefore, was developed as virtually two surveys, each involving a separate schedule and an independent sample of farms, although carried out concurrently and within the same survey organization. The survey was conducted under the general direction of the Agriculture Division with direct participation of the Canada Department of Agriculture and other agencies. An executive committee, with representation from all the departments involved, defined objectives and reviewed plans for survey operations. Field work was carried out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics with assistance from the Department of Agriculture. Both family and business schedules were edited and prepared for computer tabulation in the Agriculture Division, which was responsible also for checking tabulations for internal consistency and, in the case of the farm business schedule, for consistency with data from other sources.

After preliminary checking in the Agriculture Division, tabulations of family expenditure data were transmitted to the Prices Division which was concerned with the survey through all stages of planning, field work and tabulation, as a potential user of both business and family expenditure data in development of price indexes, and also because of the parallel surveys of urban family expenditure carried out by the Prices Division. The 1959 survey Urban Family Expenditure 1959, (Catalogue No. $62-521$ ) referred to all families and individuals in Canadian urban centres of 15,000 and over. Thus, the two surveys may be considered as complementary in that they cover, between them, slightly more than two thirds of the Canadian population. The unrepresented portion, rural non-farm population and urban population in cities under 15,000 accounted for about 30 per cent of families in 1961, according to the census of that year.

## DEFINITIONS

## Classification of Farms and Farm Families

The unit of observation in the family living survey was the farm family. This necessitated a twofold identification, that of the farm and that of the family or families associated with the farm. The classification of farms in this report follows that set forth in 1958 Farm Survey Report No. 1 (p. 8-10) from which the definitions below are quoted. Within this classification, tabulations puhlished herein refer to families who operated "Census" farms, the broadest class of farms, which was defined as follows: "land holdings on which agricultural operations were carried out and which were (1) three or
more acres in size, or (2) from one to three acres in size, and produced agricultural products valued at $\$ 250$ or more during the survey year. The holding may consist of a single tract of land, or of a number of separate tracts held under the same or different tenures and operated as a single unit. This conforms to the definition of a farm used for the 1951 and 1956 Census of Agriculture". ${ }^{1}$

[^0]Tabulations were also made for two narrower definitions of farm. The first of these, referred to as Famis, included "only those agricultural holdings classified as farms according to the Standard Industrial Classification, the industry classification system developed and officially adopted by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. It excludes forestry holdings, other non-agricultural holdings, agricultural services and institutional farms'".

The third definition, entitled Single-farm singlefamily farms, includes "only those own-account farms where net income from the farm accrues entirely to one family, which, in turn receives net income from only one farm. For this group, a one-to-one relationship exists between the farm and the family. It excludes partnership farms, managed farms, and multiple-farm single-family farms in addition to those excluded from the preceding group".

Families were classified according to the farm that they operated. Tabulations of family expenditure and income data relate to the three principal groups outlined in the foregoing, but exclude families of managed and institutional farms from each group, because the net income from such farms does not accrue to families of managers or administrators.

## Definition of Family

The concept of family used in the survey was that of spending unit, customarily used in surveys of family expenditure and employed in the continuing surveys of urban expenditure. The farm "family" was therefore defined as the farm operator and other persons who lived in the operator's household as their permanent residence during the survey year, and who were economically dependent upon him or who pooled their income with his to meet their common living expenses.

In the 1959 survey of urban expenditures, families of farm operators living in urban areas were excluded if the major source of family income was farming. There is thus a slight possibility of duplication between farm and urban expenditure surveys. About 6 per cent of families in the 1958 survey reported off-farm residences. The amount of duplication therefore would not exceed this percentage, and
would probably be considerably less, as it would comprise only farm operators' families in urban centres of 15,000 or more, for whom farming was a minor source of family income. The spending unit definition, which permits unrelated persons to be included in the spending unit, differs from other family definitions employed in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The Census family is defined as consisting of a husband and wife (with or without children who have never married) or a parent with one or more children never married, living together in the same dwelling. The phrase "never married" is significant in this definition. Once a son or daughter marries he or she ceases to be considered a member of his or her parents' family, even though continuing to live under the same roof. In the Survey of Nonfarm Incomes, on the other hand, a family is defined as consisting of two or more persons living in the same household and related by blood, marriage or adoption. This concept has also been used in census studies as an alternative classification under the title "economic family". In the majority of cases, the related family and the spending unit family ate one and the same. An unpublished study of definitional differences between the 1959 survey of non-farm incomes and the 1959 survey of urban expenditure indicated that there were approximately 2 to 3 per cent more spending unit families than economic families. However, it should be noted that the spending unit definition includes independent one-person units, which are not included in either of the two foregoing family definitions. In the farm survey the farm "family" may consist of the farm operator only, and thus be a one-person spending unit. In this publication no distinction is made between one-person units and families of two or more. It is intended that analytical tables included in later publications will include classification of expenditure data by family composition.

In the farm survey the place of residence of the farm operator was irrelevant. A family was designated as a "farm" family by virtue of relationship to a farm operator. In the 1961 census, however, families were defined as farm families on the basis of residence on a farm, regardless of income source. The survey of non-farm incomes distinguishes between farm and non-farm individuals on the basis of major income source, and excludes families in which any individual receives more than half of his income from a farm.

## SAMPLE DESIGN

For the survey of farm family living expenditures, a set of independent samples was drawn which covered all provinces except Newfoundland. In each province the sample consisted of a set of systematic sub-samples of area segments containing on average 8 farms per segment in 1951. Sub-samples were selected, using an independent random start, from a Master Area Sample Frame, or list of all segments in which farms were located. The overall sampling rate for Canada was of the order of 1 in every 140
segments. However, in each of four provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan and Alberta) there was one sample in which the sampling interval was doubled relative to the sampling interval used for other sub-samples in those provinces. Because all farms belonging to each segment were to be enumerated, and similarly all families associated with such farms, the sampling rate in terms of both farms and families was on average 0.7 per cent.

The frame from which the sample was selected was an ordered listing of rural area segments containing on average eight farms according to the 1951 Census. This was checked against the 1956 Census list to establish that no additional sub-divisions contained farms in 1956. Rural Census sub-divisions (municipalities or townships) were listed in a sequence which grouped together those which were similar in terms of type and size of principal farm enterprises in 1951. Within sub-divisions, enumeration areas were ordered by official census numbering. Geographic ordering of area segments within the enumeration areas was implicit, but delineation of area segments on maps was completed for only those enumeration areas identified as containing sample secments. ${ }^{2}$

Families of all operators of farms with headquarters in the sample segment were to be enumerated, provided they began operation of that farm on or before May 1. 1958. For resident farms, that is, farms on which the operator lived, the place of residence was defined as the headquarters of the farm.

[^1]For non-resident farms, the north-west corner of the most northerly tract of land operated by the farmer constituted the headquarters.

In the case of partnership farms, the family of each "active" partner of an eligible partnership farm was defined as eligible for the sample, provided the partner did not operate another farm on his own account.

## Sanple Allocation

The division of samples among provinces and the number of usable schedules obtained in each province are shown in Table 1. The expected total number of farms overstates the number actually found, due to the decline in the number of farms between 1951 and 1958 which was larger than expected. Although the number of families represented by usable schedules may differ from the number of farms because of the inclusion of farms with more than one family, approximately 99 per cent of farms in each province were one-family farms. The basic cause of difference arises because families of managed and institutional farms were excluded from tabulations and from the count of usable records

TABLE 1. Allocation of Sample and Usable Returns - Survey of Farm Family Living Expenditure. Canada, 1958

|  | Sample selection segments | Expected farms ${ }^{1}$ | Usable returns. families |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | number |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 10 | 75 | 61 |
| Nova Scotia | 23 | 172 | 131 |
| New Brunswick | 24 | 180 | 125 |
| Maritime Provinces | 57 | 427 | 317 |
| Quebec | 118 | 885 | 675 |
| Ontario | 126 | 945 | 776 |
| Manitoba ........................................................................................... | 40 | 300 | 253 |
| Saskatchewan | 95 | 712 | 579 |
| Alberta | 75 | 562 | 482 |
| Prairie Provinces ...................................................................................... | 210 | 1.574 | 1,314 |
| British Colurnbia .............................................................................. | 22 | 165 | 118 |
| Canada | 533 | 3,996 ${ }^{2}$ | 3,200 |

[^2]
## Survey Response

Response is summarizer in Table 2 which shows the percentage distribution of eligible families as (1) not identified, (2) no response, (3) editing rejects and (4) usable records. The number of eligible farms among unidentified farms was estimated to be in the same proportion as among identified farms, and for each eligible unidentified farm it was assumed that there was one eligible unidentified family. The response rate of 93 per cent, representing usable records as a percentage of eligible families, was unusually high for surveys of this nature. In contrast, the 1959 survey of urban family expenditure had an estimated response rate of 63 per cent which reflected higher refusal rates from
city dwellers and a much higher percentage of editing rejects. It should be noted in this connection that, in the urban survey, information was collected on changes in the family's financial position over the year, and schedules were rejected which showed large irreconcileable differences between receipts and disbursements. These rejects amounted to about 5 per cent of eligible families. Such a balancing test was not possible on the farm survey. The farm family living schedule collected information on gross farm income from sale of farm products and off-farm income but did not, in contrast to the farm business schedules, collect information on business expenses or change in assets or liabilities which would enable calculation of net farm income on individual schedules.

TABLE 2. Response to Survey of Farm Family Living Expenditure, Canada, 1958

|  | Eligible families |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Per cent |
| Not Identified | 32 | 0.9 |
| No response including refusals | 171 | 5.0 |
| Editing rejects. | 26 | 0.8 |
| Usable records .............................................................................................. | 3,200 | 93.3 |
| Total eligible | 3,429 | 100.0 |

## Sample Expansion

The overall sampling rate of 1 in 140 farms indicates that each expected farm was considered to represent 140 farms. Thus, if a perfect response were obtained, each sample aggregate would be multiplied by the inverse of the sampling rate to give an estimate of the aggregate for the universe. In practice, however, because of non-identified farms, non-response and unusable schedules, a correction was made at the segment level which
assigned a "weight" factor to each usable return in the segment. An initial weight (the inverse of the sampling rate) was given to each usable return, and this was adjusted upward to compensate for missing records. For example, if eight families were identified as belonging to a segment, but usable schedules were completed for only seven of the families, a correction for non-response was made as follows: assuming the inverse of the sampling rate to be 140 the weight would be adjusted by multiplying 140 by $8 / 7$.

## SURVEY PROCEDURES

The questionnaire used in obtaining farm family living expenditures (Schedule B) comprised fiftyseven pages, in which were specified some six hundred separate items, five hundred or more of which referted to family living expenses and the remainder to income and other information about the farm family. The expenditure detail was comparable to that requested in surveys of urban family expenditure which are considered the most difficult of the interview surveys undertaken regularly by the Domin1on Bureau of Statistics. There is no doubt that it profited by being carried out in the same organization and with the same type of controls as in the similarly complex farm business survey.

In both surveys the same steps were taken to minimize the non-sampling error; a detailed, pretested questionnaire, careful selection of enumerators, intensive training sessions, supervision and checking of enumerators' work in the field: all were measures designed to prevent or minimize the hazards of careless or inaccurate interviewing and reporting.

## Schedule Design

The farm family expenditure schedule was patterned after the schedule used in the urban surveys with adaptation to the special characteristics of the
farm family. For example, the farm schedule requested a valuation of consumption of home-produced items. The extent of detail employed on these schedules is intended to assist both interviewer and respondent in obtaining a complete record. The schedule was tested in the ficld ahout a year before the survey period, and subjected to a further revision on the basis of the pilot study.

## Selection and Training of Enumerators

Fnumerators were selected and hired through the Regional Statistics offices of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Agricultural background was a prerequisite for enumerators, who were also given written and oral tests to determine their suitability. As far as possible, women were employed as interviewers for the family living schedule.

Training of field staff was carried out at three levels, each level involving a five-day training period which covered both the farm business and family living schedules. A master training school was held in Ottawa at which officials from the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and the Department of Agriculture were trained in schedule content and instruction methods. These master trainers were assigned to each of five regional survey headquarters across Canada to instruct the field supervisors, who were responsible for training enumerators and supervising field work. Enumerator training schools were held in the week immediately preceding the survey, each school consisting of two field supervisors and two groups of seven enumerators. Each field supervisor was responsible for one of these groups, which comprised enumerators in both the family living and farm husiness survey. The first part of the enumerator training session dealt with features common to
both surveys, such as background information, and the sampling aspects of farm identification. The school then divided for separate training on the respective schedules. Each school was visited by at least one of the master trainers to check on the adequacy of instruction and to answer questions.

The first week of the survey was regarded as a continuation of the training perior. Enumerators submitted the results of their first interviews to the field supervisors who checked them for consistency and completeness, and returned to enumerators those which required further questioning for completeness or consistency. Attached to each regional office for the duration of the field work was a professional agricultural economist, who was assigned responsibility for checking and controlling the quality of the records.

Field enumeration was carried out at two different time periods. In the Maritime provinces, the Prairies and British Columbia, field work was carried out during November and December, 1958. In Ontario and Quebec the field work was done in February and March, 1959. In the earlier phase the survey period was defined as the twelve months ending October 31, 1958, whereas in the second phase, the survey period was the calendar year 1958. The accessibility of respondents during the relatively slack winter period determined the timing of field work and the difference in survey periods. This division was also advantageous in that it enabled a better allocation of master trainers and subject matter specialists to carry out training and assist in supervising the field work. Experience gained in the November-December survey by the headquarters staff and master trainers was valuable in the Jantu-ary-February survey.

## RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

Survey results are presented in the form of percentages of families reporting on individual items, average expenditure per survey family, and percentage distribution of expenditure among major expenditure categories.

All estimates are subject to error in varying degrees. In the first instance, sampling error, which results from the fact that in sampling only a part of the universe is observed, is related to the size and efficiency of the sample, the frequency of reporting on the item and the variation of expenditure for the item among farm families. The extent of errors from other causes, collectively termed "non-sampling errors', depends on the efficiency of the schedule and the enumarators, the co-operation of respondents and their ability to answer questions accurately. By means of sample design, schedule design, enumerator training and survey procedures, efforts were made to control and minimize both sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling errors are measurable, although in cases where the sample size is inadequate the estimates of sampling error are themsel ves subject to considerable error. Coefficients of vari-
ation published herein indicate the percentage sampling error associated with selected items. In each case there is a 95 per cent probability that estimates obtained from other samples of the same size would not diverge above or below the published estimate by more than twice the coefficient of variation. For example, if the coefficient of variation for an item is 4 per cent, chances are 95 in 100 that the estimate from another sample of the same size would fall within an eight per cent range below or above the given estimate.

The magnitude of the sampling error, as measured by the size of the coefficients of variation, shown in Table 6, indicated that, for the Canada composite, the sampling errors associated with the average expenditure per family for major expenditure categories were small. Thirty-three, of the thirty-six independent expenditure items listed, had coefficients of variation under 10 per cent of the estimate and, of those, 27 were 5 per cent or less. In most instances, each item is a composite, representing a considerable amount of detail. The three items for which coefficients of variation exceeded 10 per cent
were: rent for rented off-farm house ( 16.0 per cent), home-produced wool ( 14.5 per cent) and rent for rented on-farm house (11.2 per cent). For those three items relatively few families reported expenditures, 1.1 per cent, 3.4 per cent, 5.2 per cent, respectively. For expenditure categories on which a large percentage of farm families reported, the coefficients of variation, for the Canada composite, were small: 2 per cent for food on which 100 per cent of families reported, 1.8 per cent for household operation on which 99.9 per cent of the families reported, 2 per cent for clothing on which 99.9 per cent reported, 1.8 per cent for personal care on which 99.8 per cent of the farm families reported. However, it is expected that for the commodity detail within these groups the coefficients of variation would range considerably higher.

As one would expect, the sampling errors associated with provincial survey estimates were higher than those associated with the Canada composite estimates and tended to vary in magnitude inversely with sample size. The coefficient of variation for total food varied from 3.5 per cent of the estimate in Ontario and Saskatchewan to 17.9 per cent in British Columbia. For household operation, provincial coefficients of variation ranged from 2.2 per cent in Ontario to 19.9 per cent in British Columbia. For total clothing the coefficient of variation ranged from 3.8 per cent in Saskatchewan to 21.2 per cent in Prince Edward Island. The coefficient of variation for personal care ranged from 2.7 per cent in Ontario to 18.2 per cent in British Columbia.

Coefficients of variation for estimates from the smaller provincial samples were as high as 100 per cent for items infrequently reported. Prince Edward Island, with the smallest sample, registered the highest coefficient of variation for 20 of the 36 items in Table 6. British Columbia, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, with samples of 118, 125 and 131 families respectively, accounted for the highest coefficients among the remaining items. Although the Maritime provinces individually registered the largest coefficients of variation in the majority of cases, coefficients for the Maritime provinces as a group were in most cases below those for British

Columbia. The lowest coefficients of variation were associated with estimates for the Prairies as a group, Quebec and Ontario. The number of cases of lowest coefficient by province was greatest in Quebec, followed by Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Errors arising from non-response were negligible in this survey owing to the very high response rate. However, non-sampling errors resulting from inaccurate reporting may have been considerable, inasmuch as respondents were required to recall expenditures over a twelve-month period. In Ontario and Quebec, the recall period was a calendar year, but in the remaining provinces it was the 12 -month period ending October 31, 1958. The calendar year is considered to be the most effective period for twelve-month recall. However, for the majority of small, frequently purchased items, annual estimates are usually based on estimates of weekly or monthly purchases. Thus the chance of error associated with the year ending October 31, as opposed to the calendar year, was more apt to teside in the greater difficulty of pin-pointing occasional purchases made at the beginning of the period. Memory errors might be in either direction, i.e., in omitting purchases of in reporting purchases made outside the reference period.

Comparisons with independent data are difficult to make. Parallel series on a national basis are compiled by the National Accounts Division in the form of aggregates of personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. These estimates, which are projected on the basis of retail trade statistics, are dependent on benchmarks from the census of distribution and other information, including, to a very limited extent, estimates from urban expenditure surveys. Because they are national aggregates, not available separately for farm and non-farm populations, they can be compared only with a composite of estimates from expenditure surveys. Even when this is made possible by concurrent, or approximately concurrent surveys, as in 1958 and 1959 farm and urban surveys, the results of such comparisons are ambiguous because the rural non-farm population is missing, and because of the difficulty of deciding which series is in error.

## PRESENTATION OF SURVEY RESULTS

The tables in this report present information on farm family living expenses for Canada and for provinces and regions in the form of averages per family and percentage of families reporting expenditure on each item. In addition to averages per family, averages per family reporting and averages per person were also compiled but are not published because they are implicit in the data as published and may be calculated from them. Users who wish to obtain average per family for only those families who reported expenditure should divide average per family by the ratio of families reporting to all families. Average per person may be obtained by dividing average expenditure per family by average family size (year-equivalent persons).

Family expenses have been grouped under three categories, viz, current consumption; contributions and gifts; life insurance and annuity premiums. Current consumption expenses which comprise the bulk of family expenses include value at farn prices of home-produced consumption of food, wool and fuel as well as expenses incurred during the survey year for purchases in all consumption categories: food; housing and household operation; appliances and furniture; clothing; transportation; health care; personal care; recreation, reading and education; tobacco and alcohol; and miscellaneous items. ${ }^{3}$ The

[^3]term "expenses incurred" is significant; in each case the full purchase price excluding value of trade-in was recorded as the expenditure.

Expenses other than current consumption are shown for contributions and gifts (including gifts of home-produced food) and life insurance and annuity premiums. Information on income tax was not requested, because of the difficulties involved in estimating this item on the family living schedule which collected information on gross farm income from various sources but no information on farm business expenses. Life insurance and annuity premiums were the only items in the farm survey representing the group which in the urban surveys was characterized as "security". The other items included under security in the urban budget (mutual aid society payments, unemplovment insurance and payments to retirement or pension funds) were not enumerated in the farm survey. It is possible, however, that expenditures on these items were reported for employed family members under "other miscellaneous' expenses.

Where expenses might represent a composite of business and family outlays, the schedule was designed to obtain an estimate of the family living portion of the total expenses for such items. In the Transportation Section, all expenses (both business and family) for purchase and operation of cars or
trucks were requested, and, in addition, respondents were asked to state the mileage driven in the past twelve months and its allocation between business and home use. Net car or truck purchase and total operating expenses were adjusted on each schedule by the "house-miles ratio" to derive an estimate of family expense. Similarly, in the Householr Operation Section, respondents were asked to state total expense for each fuel and utility item and also the percentage household use.

The cost of depreciation on cars and trucks was estimated as 10 per cent of the estimated current value of cars and trucks owned. This figure was adjusted by the house-miles ratio to obtain the family share of depreciation cost. It was excluded from expenditure tables, but appears in Table 7.

Honsing expenses exclude house purchase or construction costs and payments on mortgage principal. Thus, the expenses shown in the detailed table comprise rent of rented house on or off the farm, property taxes and interest (estimated share for the farm house), house repairs and maintenance, house insurance, and other housing and legal charges. In the case of owned houses, on or off the farm, respondents were asked to estimate the rental value of their dwelling. This item is shown as an alternative item in Table 7 , but is excluded from the expenditure table.

## PATTERNS OF FARM FAMILY LIVING EXPENDITURE

Total expenditure on farm family living, excluding personal taxes, averaged $\$ 3,397$ per family in 1958 (see Table 3, page 19). Of this amount $\$ 3,193$ was spent on current consumption including consumption of home-produced items. This represented 94 per cent of total family expenditure exclusive of persomal taxes. The remaining fo per cent was divided between contributions and gifts (3.8 per cent) and life insurance and annuity premiums ( 2.2 per cent) in dollar amounts of $\$ 130$ and $\$ 74$ per family respectively.

Expenditure on food, including consumption of home-produced food, accounted for 36 per cent of total expenditure; housing and household operation including the value of home-produced fuel, 14 per cent; clothing 13 per cent; transportation for family living 10 per cent: house furnishings and equipment 7 per cent. Of the remaining consumption categories, health care ( 5 per cent) was the most important, followed by tobacco and alcoholic beverages (3 per cent). ${ }^{*}$

In average dollar a mounts, a total of $\$ 1,222$ was spent on food, $\$ 453$ on housing and household operation, $\$ 432$ on clothing, $\$ 327$ on transportation, \$251 on rouse furnishings and equipment, \$174 on health care, and $\$ 103$ on tobacco and alcoholic beverages.

[^4]Regional and provincial variations in total expenditure were relatively small, with total expenditure ranging from averages of approximately $\$ 3,100$ in the :Saritime Provinces and British Columbia to around $\$ 3,500$ in the central provinces. The highest expenditure was recorded in Quebec $(\$ 3,518)$ followed by Ontario ( $\$ 3,450$ ) and the Prairies $(\$ 3,390)$. However, Quebec with the largest family expenditure, also had the greatest number of year-equivalent persons per farm family, 5.94 compared with the survey average of 4.32 persons. On a per person basis average expenditure ranged from a low of $\$ 592$ in Quebec to $\$ 916$ in Alberta.

Differences among provinces in the allocation of expenditure among various categories can be attributed in part to family size differences. Quebec, with the greatest family size had the highest expenditures on food, clothing and education, Quebec food expenditure of $\$ 1,341$ per family included $\$ 389$ for consumption of home-produced food, and compared with Ontario expenditure of $\$ 1,136$ per family of which $\$ 253$ was home-produced. However, expenditures per person on food averaged $\$ 226$ for Quebec and $\$ 297$ for Ontario. Similarly, Quebec clothing expenditure of $\$ 543$ ranked highest in expenditure per family by province. On a per person basis, Quebec clothing expenditure of $\$ 91$ was below British Columbia and Ontario (\$100), and the Prairies (\$112), although higher than the faritimes (\$79).

Education expense for Quebec families was higher than other provinces both for family members at home and away from home, amounting to $\$ 79$ in total compared to the Canada average of $\$ 52$ and the Ontario average of $\$ 31$ per family. However, per person expenditure of $\$ 13$ for Quebec was exceeded by averages for Prince Edward Island, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Quebec expenses for health care were $\$ 178$ per family, only slightly above the Canada average of $\$ 174$. There was, however, a considerable difference in pattern between Quebec and other provinces. Quebec expenditure per family on premiums for prepaid care was $\$ 6$, compared with $\$ 23$ for the Maritimes, $\$ 39$ for Ontario, $\$ 48$ for the Prairies and $\$ 18$ for British Columbla. Itemized health care expenses are reported in two categories, expenses paid by families who reported prepald care and expenses paid by families who had no health plan. The major portion of Quebec expenditure, therefore, was in the category "no plan carried", under which 83 per cent of families reported expenditures averaging $\$ 154$. The percentage of families reporting premiums for bealth care plans has been omitted from the table, owing to an ambiguity in treatment of the count of the families reporting in Alberta and British Columbia where methods of financing provincial hospital plans by other than direct premiuns were employed. In 1958, provincial hospital insurance plans were in existence in the Prairie Provinces and British Columbia, but not in the :laritimes, Ontario or Quebec. Manitoba commenced its hospital plan on July 1, 1958.

Average expenditure on housing and household operation of $\$ 458$ or 13.5 per cent of total expenditure exhibiteda considerable range among provinces, both as a proportion of total expenditure (from 11.4 per cent in Quebec to 16.6 per cent in New Brunswick) and in dollars per family, which ranged from around $\$ 400$ for Manitoba, Alberta and Quebec to $\$ 542$ in Ontario and New Brunswick.

Housing expenses, which averaged $\$ 136$ for the Canada Composite, comprised rent paid for rented dwellings, the estimated share of taxes and interest referring to the farm house and also taxes and interest for off-farm dwellings, repairs and maintenance on dwelling, insurance on house, and other housing and legal charges. As an alternative to owner expenses, estimated rents for owned dwellings occupied by the family on or off the farm are shown in Table 7. Taxes and interest, repairs and maintenance and insurance, which approximate owners' current expenses amounted to $\$ 107$ per family, whereas average estimated rent for owned dwellings amounted to $\$ 359$. Estimated rent per owned dwellint averaged $\$ 378$ for on-tarm houses and $\$ 563$ for off-farm houses. Averaged over all survey families estimated rents were $\$ 330$ and $\$ 29$ for on-farm and off-farm houses respectively.

Among provinces, housing expenditure ranged from $\$ 92$ in Manitoba to $\$ 192$ in New Brunswick. : Ianitoba expenditures on taxes and interest, repairs and maintenance were lower than any oher province.

Expenditure on rent for rented living quarters on the farm averaged highest in Manitoba, although total rent for rented living quarters on and off the farm was slightly higher in Saskatchewan, where expenditure on rented off-farm houses was considerably above other provinces. Average rent expenditure per farm family was $\$ 18$ for Canada, ranging from one dollar or less in the Maritimes, Quebec and British Columbia to $\$ 36$ in Saskatchewan. These low values reflect the very low percentages of families reporting rented quarters. Farmers in the Prairie Provinces reported no estimates for the share of taxes ascribed to the farm dwelling, because farm assessments in these provinces are based on land values exclusive of buildings. The average shown for taxes and interest for -on-farm houses for the Prairie Provinces represents mortgage interest only, for which average expenditure was $\$ 8$. In the other provinces, average expenditure on taxes and interest relating to the farm dwelling ranged from $\$ 49$ for the Maritimes to $\$ 77$ for Ontario.

Expenditures on house repairs and maintenance were reported by 53 per cent of families, with an average expenditure of $\$ 45$ per farnily. Percentages reporting and average expenditures were highest in the Maritimes and central provinces. This was consistent with the average age of dwelling reported in the survey which was 62 years in the Maritime Provinces and Ontario, 60 years in Quebec, 27 in the Prairie Provinces and 22 years in British Columbia.

Expenses of household operation were lowest in Alberta (\$285) and Quehec (\$287) and highest in Prince Idward Island (\$382) and Ontario (\$359). Home-produced fuel was an important variable in these averages, and its exclusion produced a different pattern in which Quebec expenditure of $\$ 169$ for purchased fuel, utilities, household services and supplies was considerebly below other provinces. estimates of the value of home-produced fuel consumption declined from east to west, from $\$ 127$ in the Maritime Frovinces to around $\$ 40$ in Alberta and British Columbia. Expenditure on purchased fuel was lowest in Quebec where almost half of fuel purchased was wood. In the other provinces oil and coal were the predominant fuels, Wood purchases were significant also in the Saritime Provinces and British Columbia and gas in Alberta, Saskatchewan and, to a lesser extent, in British Columbia.

Expenditure on electricity (estimated share for house) was lowest in Quebec ( $\$ 43$ ) and highest in Ontario (\$76), with the percentage reporting approximately the same, about 95 per cent of families. In British Columbia where only 81 per cent of families reported expenditure on electricity, the average expenditure was $\$ 75$. The family share of telephone expenses ranged from $\$ 11$ in Alberta to $\$ 25$ in Ontario. The most important household services purchased by farm families were dry cleaning and household help, each of which accounted for $\$ 10$ out of a total expenditure on household services of $\$ 35$. Expenditures on dry cleaning were higher in the western provinces, whereas the Maritimes averaged the highest expenditures on household help.

Expenditure on appliances, house furnishings and equipment was highest in Quebec (\$292) and Ontario (\$257), reflecting, especially in Quebec, greater outlays on appliances. However, ownership of major household appliances in Quebec, as indicated in Table 9, was generally below Ontario. For house furnishings and equipment other than appliances Alberta registered the highest expenditure $(\$ 136)$ followed by Quebec ( $\$ 133$ ). In both provinces, expenditures for furniture and floor coverings contributed to the higher levels. Among floor coverings hard surface coverings were of major importance in all provinces except British Columbia, where wool rugs accounted for half of expenditure.

Transportation expenses ranged by provinces from $\$ 266$ in the Maritimes and Quebec to $\$ 382$ in Ontario. Variations were mainly attributable to the two automotive expenditure groups, net purchases of cars and trucks, and operation expenses. For both these items, expenditures represented the estimated family share. Average net purchase cost by province varied from $\$ 77$ in Prince Edward Island to $\$ 173$ in Ontario. As an alternative to the net purchase figure, the family share of estimated depreciation cost is shown in Table 7. These estimates were based on valuations of all cars and trucks owned by survey families at the survey date. The depreciation rate was 10 per cent and the adjustment for family use was made by the ratio of miles for home use to total mileage. This ratio averaged about 50 per cent and was reasonably consistent with the ratio of 47 per cent obtained on the farm business schedule. Estimated depreciation costs for the Canada component averaged $\$ 42$ for cars and $\$ 7$ for trucks. As might be expected, the range among provinces for these items was considerably less than for net purchases.

The family share of car and truck operation expenses varied from a low of $\$ 135$ in Nova Scotia and Quebec to $\$ 198$ in Alberta. Percentages reporting and average expenditures were very similar in Ontario and the three Prairie Provinces. Low motor operation expenses in Quebec were accompanied by high expenses for local transportation, especially for taxis. On the other hand, expenses for other travel averaged $\$ 5$ per family in Quebec against a Canada average of $\$ 11$ and a high of $\$ 20$ in Saskatchewan.

Expenditure on personal care varied among provinces between $\$ 60$ and $\$ 70$ per family. Personal care services accounted for from $\$ 18$ to $\$ 26$ and supplies from $\$ 38$ to $\$ 46$. The percentage of families reporting personal care services averaged 89 per cent for Canada, with 82 per cent of families reporting barber shop services and 59 per cent reporting beauty parlour services. Expenditure was broken down in approximately a $2: 1$ ratio between the services of barber shops and beauty parlours.

Recreation expenditure was lower in the eastern provinces, increasing from $\$ 44$ in Quebec and $\$ 50$ in the Maritimes to $\$ 91$ in the Prairle Provinces and
almost $\$ 100$ in British Columbia. Higher expenditures were recorded in all western provinces for admissions to movies, and on the Prairies for admissions to dances, concerts etc., and equipment for hunting and fishing. Alberta families spent considerably more than other families on all-expense holiday tours. Expenditure on purchase and upkeep of pets was highest in British Columbia.

Expenditure on reading averaged $\$ 12$ per family with $\$ 7$ being spent on newspapers, and slightly over $\$ 5$ on other reading material. The percentages of families reporting expenditure on daily or weekly newspapers ranged from a low of 61 per cent in Saskatchewan to 91 per cent in Manitoba and 97 per cent in Prince Edward Island. In the western provinces, higher percentages of families reported expenditure on books other than school and technical books. For school and technical books, which were reported under Education, the percentages reporting in Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and Saskatchewan were appreciably higher than in other provinces.

Expenditure on tobacco and alcoholic beverages averaged $\$ 103$ for Canada, and varied by province from $\$ 71$ in Prince Edward Island to $\$ 118$ in Quebec. Higher Quebec expenditure could be related to the greater number of adults per family. However, percentages of families reporting were also highest in Quebec for cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco, smokers' supplies and also for beer and wine purchased from stores. Beer purchases consumed on licensed premises were reported with greater frequency and in greater amounts by families in the Prairie Provinces. Average expenditures per family on liquor increased from east to west, from $\$ 8.7$ in the Maritimes to $\$ 18.2$ in British Columbia.

Miscellaneous expenses included highly variable items such as funeral expenses, wedding expenses, legal fees. Over 50 per cent of families reported miscellaneous expenditures, with the percentage reporting ranging from 70 to 80 per cent in the western provinces. Higher reporting rates were associated with relatively minor expenses, viz, purchase or rent of post office box and bank service charges.

Contributions and gifts, reported by 95 per cent or more of families in each province, averaged $\$ 130$, of which approximately half represented contributions to charitable and religious organizations.

Life insurance and annuity premiums were reported by about half of families on average, with provincial percentages ranging from around 40 per cent in the Prairie Provinces to around 60 per cent in Quebec and Ontario. Average expended per family was $\$ 126$ in Ontario, $\$ 87$ in Prince Edward Island and ranged from $\$ 50$ to $\$ 60$ in the remaining provinces. These amounts largely represented insurance premiums. The highest expenditure on annuity payments was registered in British Columbia at $\$ 11$ per family.

## COMPARISON OF FARM AND URGAN FAMILY EXPENDITURE PATTERNS

A comparison of family living expenditures between farm and urban families is shown in Table 4-1. Urban expenditure survey data refer to all families and individuals in urban centres of 15,000 and over in the calendar year 1959. On average, the farm survey family exceeded the urban survey family in size by approximately one person. Average number of persons in the farm family was 4.33 , consisting of 2.64 adults and 1.74 children. This compared with an average urban family of 3.37 persons, 2.20 adults and 1.17 children. In terms of year-equivalent persons ( 52 weeks of family membership equals 1 yearequivalent person) average family size was 4.32 for the farm family and 3.31 for the urban family. Average expenditures per person in the following comparison were obtained by dividing average expenditures per family by number of year-equivalent persons. Current consumption expenditure per person and total expenditure per person are sums of component items.

Because total expenditure is defined differently in the two surveys, the totals of current consumption and the percentage distributions within these totals are compared. Items not classed as current consumption are shown but not included in the percentage distribution. Additional items covered in the urban survey, but not in the farm survey, were personal taxes and security payments other than life insurance. The latter comprised mutual aid society payments and unemployment insurance payments. which were not listed on the farm schedule although they might have been incurred by family members in non-farm occupations.

In order to make a valid comparison with farm sub-totals, certain adjustments were made in the composition of urban sub-totals. Expenses for board and lodging of those attending school away from home were removed from Food and Housing and added to Education expenses. Items in the Shelter and Household Operations groups were re-grouped into Housing. Utilities, and Household Services and Supplies to permit a more meaningful comparison. Purchase and repairs of television, radios and phonograph equipment were transferred from Recreation to Furniture and Equipment.

Average expenditure on current consumption recorded by farm families was $\$ 3,193$ compared to $\$ 4,357$ by urban families. On a per person basis the difference was even greater, $\$ 739$ for farm as against $\$ 1,316$ for urban. If the value of home-produced consumption ( $\$ 407$ per family) is excluded from current consumption expenditure, the average dollar expenditure per farm person was $\$ 645$, a little less than half the average expenditure per urban person.

Food and housing together accounted for approximately the same proportion of current consumption, 42.4 per cent in the urban survey and 42.6 per cent in the farm survey. However, the proportions registered individually for food and housing differed considerably between urban and farm. Dollar values allocated to food, including home-
produced, were similar, but the relative importance of food in total current consumption was 27.5 in the urban survey, compared to 38.3 per cent in the farm. Housing averaged $\$ 650$ for the urban family and $\$ 136$ for the farm family, accounting for 14.9 per cent and 4.3 per cent respectively, of current consumption. This group consisted of rent on rented quarters, taxes, interest and insurance on owned living quarters, repairs and maintenance and other housing.

A comparison of the components of Housing shows that the greatest disparity between urban and farm averages occurred in average rents. This difference reflects mainly the very small percentage of farm families reporting rents, 6 per cent as compared with an urban 47 per cent. Implicit in rents in addition to reported owner (landlord) expenses such as taxes, interest on mortgage, repairs, insurance, fuel and utilities are other charges, viz, depreciation and interest on owner's equity, which are excluded from expenditures for owner-occupied housing which predominates in Canadian farming. Thus the greater proportion of renters in the urban survey might be expected to raise the level of the urban housing average. However, a sizeable difference also exists between urban and farm owner expenses, particularly between the averages of taxes and interest on mortgages. As indicated in the preceding section, averages for the Prairle provinces represent interest only, because of the fact that Prairie farm buildings are not assessed for taxes. Also, it should be remembered that both taxes and interest are estimates of the farm home share, and may reflect a bias towards farm business in the allocation of expenses. In spite of the higher percentage of owners in the farm survey, expenditure on repairs and maintenance per family averaged about 20 per cent below the urban survey, whereas insurance expenditure was approximately the same. Farm expenditure on Other Housing which included lodging away from home (excluding educational expenses) and legal charges was about one quarter of urban expenditure.

Although farm expenditure on utilities, fuel etc. was below urban, the percentage of total expenditure was greater for farm. Tenant costs for fuel and, in some cases, for utilities would be included in urban Housing as components of apartment rent.

Among the remaining consumption groups, differences in the percentage allocation of expenditure were not noteworthy. Although farm family dollar expenditures were lower than urban for all major groups except food and education the farm family devoted larger proportions of expenditure on current consumption to the following groups: food; utilities, fuel, etc.; appliances and house furnishings; clothing; health care; and education. In certain subgroups the amounts expended per farm family were greater than the urban averages. For major appliances the average per farm family was $\$ 114$ compared to urban expenditure of $\$ 104$. Expenditure on other electrical equipment was $\$ 15$ for farm as
against $\$ 12$ for urban. Farm expenditure on kitchen equipment was $\$ 10$, almost double the urban family average.

Higher urban expenditure per family on clothing was entirely the result of larger expenditure on women's clothing. For other clothing categories, average farm family expenditures exceeded urban expenditures, reflecting the greater number of persons in the farm family. Total clothing expenditure per farm person was $\$ 100$ compared to $\$ 140$ per urban person. For boys' and girls' clothing subgroups, farm expenditures per person registered slightly higher than urban, but these averages do not reflect completely the effect of differences in family composition between urban and farm. The farm family averages for children's clothing represent an expenditure of $\$ 99.7$ for 1.74 children, or $\$ 57$ per person under 16 , whereas the urban average of $\$ 77.3$, referring to 1.15 children, represents $\$ 67$ per person under 16. Similarly, adult clothing averages calculated on the numbers of adult family members were $\$ 116$ and $\$ 166$ respectively for farm and urban.

Urban transportation expenses were considerably in excess of farm expenses, particularly for "other transportation". On a percentage basis farm family transportation accounted for 10.2 per cent of current consumption, compared to a percentage of 13.2 for urban. The percentages devoted to automobile and truck operation were 5.5 per cent and 5.7
per cent respectively for farm and urban. The necessity of estimating family use from composite business and family expenses arose in hoth urban and farm surveys but was much more frequent on the farm survey.

Under health care, the major difference between farm and urban was in premiums for prepaid health care which were $\$ 34$ and $\$ 67$, respectively. The urban family also paid $\$ 8$ more than the farm family on other health care expenses. Detail in this group indicated that, excluding premium payments, urban families spent half as much on hospital care as farm families, slightly less on medical care, but considerably more for dental care and prescription drugs.

Educational expenses were $\$ 52$ for the farm family compared with $\$ 45$ for the urban family. Expense for education away from home was a major item in farm education, accounting for $\$ 30$ of education expenses. On a per person basis, the urban family spent slightly more on education than the farm family.

The following groups exhibited the greatest disparity between urban and farm, with bracketed figures indicating farm family expenditure as a percentage of urban: housing ( 21.0 per cent); reading (37.3 per cent); miscellaneous (43.5 per cent); smoking and alcoholic beverages ( 49.0 per cent); transportation (56.9 per cent).

Regional comparisons are similar in pattern to the Canada comparison. These are shown in Tables 4-2 to 4-6 inclusive.

## COMPOSITION OF FARM FAMLLES AND HOUSEHOLDS

The number of persons in the family or spending unit was counted on the basis of persons who were family members at any time during the survey year. A more precise average for calculating expenditure perperson was obtained by summing weeks of family membership and dividing by 52 to obtain an average of "year-equivalent persons". The difference between average number of persons and average yearequivalent persons amounted to .06 persons for Canada and ranged from . 03 to .08 for individual provinces.

The survey estimate of number of persons per farm family was 4.38. The coefficient of variation of 1.6 per cent indicates that there is a 95 per cent probability that the estimate from other samples of the same size would be within the range $4.38 \pm 2(1.6$
per cent) or 4.20 to 4.52 . The average family size of 4.5 for the farm population, obtained from the 1961 Census excludes one-person units and refers to a somewhat narrower family definition. (See Definition of Family, page 8). However, the survey household average of 4.59 persons (including .21 non-family persons) compares with the Census average of 4.6 persons per farm household.

Provincial survey averages of household size are as follows, with Census figures in brackets: Prince Edward Island, 4.48 (4.6); Nova Scotia 4.95 (4.3); New Brunswick 5.64 (5.2); Quebec 6.30 (6.0); Ontario 4.10 (4.2); Manitoba 4.11 (4.2); Saskatchewan 4.16 (4.0); Alberta 3.81 (4.1); British Columbia 3.60 (4.0).

## OWNERSHIP OF MAJOR HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES BY FARM FAMILIES

Table 9 lists the percentage of farm families owning each of 21 major household appliances, at the end of the survey year.

Of the electrically-operated appliances, washing machines, reported by 78 per cent, were more extensively owned than any of the other appliances. Next in importance were radios ( 72 per cent) and refrigerators ( 63 per cent). About one-quarter of the farm families had home or farm freezers. Only 35 per cent of the farm families had electric cooking stoves. Vacuum cleaners were owned by about twice
as many farm families as were floor polishers (43 per cent and 18 per cent respectively). Only about 28 per cent of the farm families owned electric sewing machines. The manual or pedal machine was still slightly more in use on the farm in 1958, with 36 per cent of the families reporting ownership.

The only appliance for which gas was extensively used as a fuel was the cooking stove. Nine per cent of Canadian farm families had gas stoves. Only 1.6 per cent of the families had gas refrigerators.

Cooking stoves, other than electric or gas, were in 63 per cent of the farm houses, and space heaters, other than electric or gas, in 19 per cent. Apart from those two items and battery radios, electricity and gas were the main sources of power for farm household appliances.

The incidence of electric or gas refrigerators and combination freezer and refrigerator varied from slightly over 50 per cent in Alberta to 86 per cent in Ontario. For home freezers Manitoba had a considerably higher percentage than any other province ( 37 per cent). The next highest was British Columbia, with 29 per cent of the farm families reporting possession of a freezer. Close to 90 per cent of the farm families in New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba owned electric washing machines. The highest level of ownership for electric cooking stoves was reported in Ontario ( 66 per cent) and Manitoba ( 56 per cent) with considerably lower percentages in the remaining provinces, especially in the Maritimes. The percentage possessing cooking stoves other than electric or gas was highest in the Maritimes and Quebec where the percentage of families with electrical stoves was lowest. Gas stoves were infrequent in the Maritimes and Quebec and most often found in Alberta ( 20 per cent of the families).

The proportion of farm families with electric sewing machines was highest in Quebec, at 38 per cent, followed by Manitoba, with 34 per cent and Ontario with 30 per cent. Possession of non-electric machines in Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba was approximately the same as for electric, suggesting that about 75 per cent of families in Quebec and 70 per cent of families in Manitoba had sewing machines. In Prince Edward Island, where only 7 per cent of families had electric sewing machines, 55 per cent of families reported owning non-electric machines. Vacuum cleaners were reported most frequently in Ontario ( 61 per cent) and least frequently in Quebec ( 22 per cent).

Around eighty per cent of families in New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba owned electric radios. Television sets were owned by 68 per cent of Ontario families and 60 per cent of

Quebec families, with other provinces recording lower percentages. Twelve per cent of farm families owned pianos, ranging from 5 per cent in Quebec and New Brunswick to 26 per cent in Prince Edward Island.

In general, the farm houses in Ontario had a higher percentage of electrical appliances than all other provinces, ranking highest in refrigerators, dryers, stoves, vacuum cleaners, floor polishers and television sets. Alberta ranked highest in the gasoperated appliances and Prince Edward Island was higher than any other province in refrigerators, stoves and sewing machines not operated by electricity or gas. The central provinces had highest percentages of electric radios and television sets. Ownership of television was greatest in Ontario (68.3 per cent) and electric radios in Quebec (83.4 per cent). British Columbia ranked highest in T.V.-radio-phonograph combinations ( 13.5 per cent) and HiFi ( 14.0 per cent) and Prince Edward Island had the highest percentage of pianos (26.1) and organs (13.0).

Prince Edward Island farm honses were less well supplied with electrical appliances than houses in the other provinces; the next lowest was Alberta which had a lower proportion of electric refrigerators, washing machines, radios and television sets than any other province.

Census figures showing ownership of convenlences by households indicate that percentage ownership increased from 1958 to 1961. As an example, the 1961 census figures showed that 82 per cent of farm households owned mechanical refrigerators, which compares with a farm survey percentage of 68 . The relative position of provinces in the Census was similar to that registered in the survey, with Ontario and Manitoba recording the highest frequency of households reporting the convenience, followed by British Columbia, Nova Scotia and Quebec. According to the 1961 Census, freezers were owned by 43 per cent of farm households and television sets by 70 per cent. Comparable farm survey flgures for 1958 were 23 per cent for freezers and 46 per cent for television.

TABLE 3. Patterns of Farm Family Expenditure, Families of Farm Operators by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

|  | Canada ${ }^{1}$ composite | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbla |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average famlly size (year-equivalent persons) ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ | 4.32 | 4.20 | 4.50 | 5.31 | 4.78 | 5.94 | 3.82 | 3.89 | 3.85 | 3.69 | 3.80 | 3.52 |
|  | Average dollar expenditure per tamily |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food (including home-produced) ......... | 1,222 | 1.157 | 1,132 | 1,162 | 1,149 | 1,341 | 1,136 | 1,209 | 1,218 | 1,284 | 1,239 | 1,134 |
| Housing and househoid operation (including home-produced fuel) $\qquad$ | 458 | 485 | 462 | 542 | 502 | 402 | 542 | 390 | 468 | 395 | 426 | 426 |
| Appliances, houge furnishings and equipment ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ | 251 | 170 | 166 | 170 | 169 | 292 | 257 | 233 | 252 | 243 | 245 | 245 |
| Clothing (including home-produced wool) ................................................... | 432 | 363 | 337 | 427 | 379 | 543 | 383 | 422 | 433 | 4.21 | 427 | 351 |
| Transportation .................................... | 327 | 280 | 244 | 280 | 266 | 266 | 382 | 306 | 358 | 333 | 338 | 286 |
| Health care........................................ | 174 | 170 | 146 | 203 | 174 | 178 | 174 | 169 | 186 | 162 | 174 | 141 |
| Personal care.. ................................... | 65 | 69 | 63 | 62 | 64 | 64 | 69 | 62 | 63 | 61 | 62 | 69 |
| Recreation ....................................... | 70 | 44 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 44 | 61 | 80 | 90 | 99 | 91 | 100 |
| Reading ............................................. | 12 | 13 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 10 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 19 |
| Education ......................................... | 52 | 61 | 34 | 50 | 45 | 79 | 31 | 51 | 53 | 52 | 53 | 44 |
| Tobacco and alcoholic beverages ....... | 103 | 71 | 84 | 107 | 91 | 118 | 94 | 109 | 104 | 103 | 105 | 98 |
| miscellaneous. | 28 | 6 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 32 | 26 | 35 | 24 | 36 | 30 | 27 |
| All current consumption ......................... | 3,193 | 2,889 | 2,746 | 3.077 | 2,912 | 3.369 | 3,169 | 3.079 | 3.259 | 3. 201 | 3.202 | 2,940 |
| Contrlbutions and gifts (including homeproduced food) $\qquad$ | 130 | 167 | 108 | 137 | 131 | 92 | 155 | 141 | 135 | 128 | 134 | 120 |
| Life insurance and annuity premiums ...... | 74 | 87 | 57 | 59 | 63 | 57 | 126 | 66 | 51 | 50 | 54 | 59 |
| Total expenditure | 3,397 | 3,153 | 2.911 | 3,273 | 3.106 | 3,518 | 3,450 | 3,286 | 3,445 | 3.379 | 3,390 | 3.119 |
|  | Percentage distribution of total expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food (inciuding kome-produced) ......... | 36.0 | 36.7 | 38.9 | 35.5 | 37.0 | 38.1 | 32.9 | 36.8 | 35.4 | 38.0 | 36.5 | 36.4 |
| Housing and household operation (Including home-produced fuel) ........ | 13.5 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 11.4 | 15.7 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 13.7 |
| Appliances, house furnishings and equipment' $\qquad$ | 7.4 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.8 |
| Clothing (including home-produced wool) .................................................. | 12.7 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 15.4 | 11.1 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 11.3 |
| Transportation ................................... | 9.6 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 11.1 | 8.3 | 10.4 | 8.9 | 10.0 | 9.2 |
| Health care........................................ | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| Personal care...................................... | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Recreation ......................................... | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Reading ................................................. | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 | .4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 6 |
| Education ............................................ | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 | . 8 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Tobacco and alcoholic beverages ....o.. | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Miscellancous ................................... | . 8 | . 2 | . 4 | .4 | .4 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 7 | 1.1 | . 9 | . 9 |
| All current consumption .......................... | 94.0 | 91.9 | 94.3 | 94.0 | 93.8 | 95.8 | 91.8 | 93.8 | 94.6 | 94.7 | 94.5 | 94.3 |
| Contributions and gifts (including homeproduced food) $\qquad$ | 3.8 | 5.3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
| Lifo insurance and annuity premiums...... | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Total expenditure ............................ | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

[^5]TABLE 4-1. Comparison of Farm and Urban Family Expenditure Patterns, Families of Farm Operators, Canada, 1958 and Families and Individuals, Cilies of 15,000 and over, Canada, 1959

| No. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of current consumption expenditure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per family |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{18}$ | 1,221.6 | 1.200 .1 | 282.7 | 362.6 | 38.3 | 27.5 |
| 2-6 | Houslng ${ }^{2}$.............................................................................. | 136.3 | 649.6 | 31.5 | 196.2 | 4.3 | 14.9 |
| 2 | Rent ............................................................................... | 18.1 | 322.4 | 4.2 | 97, 4 | . 6 | 7.4 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest ......................................................... | 49.6 | 217.8 | 11.5 | 65.8 | 1.6 | 5.0 |
| 4 | Repairs and maintenance ................................................ | 45.4 | 55.3 | 10.5 | 26.7 | 1.4 | 1.3 |
| 5 | Insurance ....................................................................... | 12.3 | 12.8 | 2. 8 | 3.9 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 6 | Other housing ............................................................... | 10.9 | 41.3 | 2.5 | 12.4 | . 3 | . 9 |
| 7 | Utilities, fuel, ${ }^{1}$ water, telephone and lce .............................. | 237.1 | 261.5 | 54.9 | 79.0 | 7.4 | 6.0 |
| 8 | Household services and supplles ........................................ | 84.3 | 140.5 | 19.5 | 42.4 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| 9-19 | Appliances, house fumlshings and equipment...................... | 250.9 | 295.0 | 58.1 | 89.1 | 7.9 | 6.8 |
| 9 | Major appliances ............................................................ | 113.7 | 104. 4 | 26.3 | 31.5 | 3.6 | 2.4 |
| 10 | Other electrical equipment ............................................. | 14.6 | 12.0 | 3.4 | 3.6 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 11 | Glass, china and silverware ........................................... | 5.4 | 5.7 | 1.2 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 1 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment ......................................................... | 10.2 | 5.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | . 3 | . 1 |
| 13 | Household textiles and plastics ..................................... | 23.6 | 29.0 | 5.5 | 8.8 | . 7 | . 7 |
| 14 | Fumiture ........................................e................................. | 37.8 | 68.2 | 8.7 | 20.6 | 1.2 | 1. 6 |
| 15 | Floor covering ............................................................... | 13.7 | 23.1 | 3.2 | 7.0 | . 4 | . 5 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous ................................................................. | 17.9 | 23.8 | 4.1 | 7.2 | . 6 | . 5 |
| 17 | Repairs to major appliances ........................................... | 10.3 | 12.0 | 2.4 | 3.6 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 18 | Fepairs and cleaning to furniture, etc., and rentals .......... | 1.4 | 6.6 | . 3 | 2.0 | -- | . 2 |
| 19 | Insurance on fumishings ................................................. | 2.1 | 4.8 | . 5 | 1.4 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 20-25 | Clothing ${ }^{1}$. | 432.0 | 463.2 | 100.0 | 239. 9 | 13.5 | 10.6 |
| 20 | Gitls 4 to 15 ................................................................. | 44.8 | 33.9 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 1.4 | . 8 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over | 137.6 | 217.9 | 31.8 | 65.8 | 4.3 | 5.0 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15. | 41.9 | 31.2 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 1.3 | . 7 |
| 23 | Men 16 and over | 166.8 | 148.3 | 38.6 | 44.8 | 5.2 | 3.4 |
| 24 | Children under 4. | 13.0 | 12.2 | 3.0 | 3.7 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 25 | Materials, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ clothing, services | 28.0 | 19.7 | 6.5 | 6.0 | . 9 | . 4 |
| 26-28 | Transportation | 328.6 | 573.9 | 75.6 | 173.4 | 10.2 | 13.2 |
| 26 | Automobile purchase (cars and trucks). | 125.3 | 220.6 | 29.0 | 66.6 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| 27 | Automobile operation (cars and trucks) | 175.6 | 247.1 | 40.6 | 74.6 | 5.5 | 5.7 |
| 28 | Other ............................................................................. | 25.7 | 106.2 | 5.9 | 32.1 | . 8 | 2.4 |
| 29-30 | Health care | 173.7 | 215.2 | 40.2 | 65.0 | 5.5 | 4.9 |
| , 29 | Prepaid Dlans, premiums | 34.0 | 67.1 | 7.9 | 20.3 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| 30 | Expenses ....................... | 139.8 | 148.1 | 32.3 | 44.7 | 4.4 | 3.4 |
| 31 | Personal crre ..................................anno............................... | 64.9 | 107.9 | 15.0 | 32.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 |
| 32 | Recreation ........................................................................... | 70.4 | 98.0 | 16.3 | 29.6 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| 33 | Reading ............................................................................... | 12.4 | 33.2 | 2.9 | 10.0 | . 4 | . 8 |
| 34 | Education .......................................................................e...... | 51.6 | 44.7 | 12.9 | 13.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcoholic beverages ...............................an....... | 103.0 | 210.1 | 23.8 | 63.5 | 3.2 | 4.8 |
| 38 | Miscellaneous | 27.8 | 63.8 | 6.4 | 19.3 | . 9 | 1.5 |
| 1-36 | Curreat consumption | 3.192.8 | 4,356.8 | 738.8 | 1,316. 2 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contrihutions and gifts ${ }^{1}$...................................................... | 129.8 ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | 167.0 | 30.0 | 50.4 | - $\cdot$ | - . |
| 38 | Life insurance and annuity premiums .................................. | 74.2 | 130.7 | 17.1 | 39.5 | -•• | . |
| 1-38 | Total expenditure ${ }^{\text {3 }}$...................................................... | 3,396. 5 | 4.654 .5 | 785.8 | 1,406. 1 | ... | - |

[^6]TABLE 4-2. Comparison of Farm and Urban Family Expenditure Patterns, Families of Farm Operators, Maritime Provinces, 1938 and Families and Individuals, Cities of 15,000 and over, Atiantic Provinces, 1959

| No. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of current consumption expenditure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per family |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{1}$ | 1.149.2 | 1.260 .8 | 240.3 | 323.3 | 39.5 | 31.9 |
| 2-6 | Housing ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 156.4 | 470.2 | 32.7 | 120.6 | 5.4 | 11.9 |
| 2 | Rent | . 5 | 218.4 | . 1 | 56.0 | -. | 5.5 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest | 65.4 | 147.3 | 13.7 | 37.8 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| 4 | Repairs and maintenance | 71.3 | 74.6 | 14.9 | 19.1 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| 5 | Insurance | 11.7 | 11.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 6 | Other housing | 7.5 | 18.0 | 1.6 | 4.6 | . 3 | . 5 |
| 7 | Utilitles, fuel, ${ }^{1}$ water, telephone and ice | 286.0 | 330.3 | 55.6 | 84.7 | 9.1 | 8.3 |
| 8 | Household services and supplies | 79, 4 | 132.0 | 16.6 | 33.8 | 2.7 | 3.3 |
| 9-19 | Appliances, house furnishings and equipment | 168.6 | 249.1 | 35.3 | 63.9 | 5.8 | 6.3 |
| 9 | Major appltances | 62.1 | 79.8 | 13.0 | 20.5 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| 10 | Oher electrical equipment | 9.6 | 9.2 | 2.0 | 2.4 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 11 | Glass, china and silverware | 5.0 | 8.2 | 1.0 | 2.1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment | 8.8 | 5.4 | 1.8 | 1.4 | . 3 | . 1 |
| 13 | Househald textiles and plastics | 19.0 | 30.0 | 4.0 | 7.7 | . 7 | . 8 |
| 14 | Furniture | 29.2 | 63.0 | 6.1 | 16.2 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| 15 | Floor covering | 12.4 | 16.0 | 2.6 | 4.1 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous | 14.4 | 20.5 | 3.0 | 5.3 | . 5 | . 5 |
| 17 | Repairs to major appliances | 6.1 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 18 | Repairs and cleaning to furniture, etc., and rentals | 1.3 | 5.3 | . 3 | 1.4 | -- | . 1 |
| 19 | Insurance on furnishings | . 8 | 4.2 | . 2 | 1.1 | -- | . 1 |
| 20-25 | Clothing ${ }^{1}$ | 378.8 | 389.6 | 79.2 | 99.9 | 13.0 | 9.8 |
| 20 | Giris 4 to 15 | 50.1 | 44.4 | 10.5 | 11.4 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over | 111.8 | 155.2 | 23.4 | 39.8 | 3. 8 | 3.9 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15 | 41.9 | 40.9 | 8.8 | 10.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 |
| 23 | Men 16 and over | 139.7 | 120.0 | 29.2 | 30.8 | 4.8 | 3.0 |
| 24 | Children under 4 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 2.7 | 3.6 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 25 | Materinls. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ clathing, services | 22.2 | 15.2 | 4.6 | 3.9 | . 8 | . 4 |
| 26-28 | Transportation | 266.0 | 436.8 | 55.6 | 112.0 | 9.1 | 11.0 |
| 26 | Automoblle purchase (cars and trucks) | 89.8 | 185.5 | 18. B | 47.6 | 3.1 | 4.7 |
| 27 | Automobile operation (cars and trucks) | 153.8 | 183.6 | 32.1 | 47.1 | 5.3 | 4.6 |
| 28 | Other | 22.4 | 67.6 | 4.7 | 17.3 | . 8 | 1.7 |
| 29-30 | Health care | 174.1 | 183.6 | 36.4 | 47.1 | 6.0 | 4.6 |
| 29 | Prepaid plans, premiums | 22.6 | 59.7 | 4.7 | 15.3 | . 8 | 1.5 |
| 30 | Expenses | 151.5 | 123.9 | 31.7 | 31.8 | $5.2^{\text { }}$ | 3.1 |
| 31 | Personal care | 63.8 | 102.6 | 13.4 | 26.3 | 2.2 | 2.6 |
| 32 | Recreation | 50.0 | 80.8 | 10.5 | 20.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 |
| 33 | Reading | 12.1 | 35.5 | 2.5 | 9.1 | . 4 | . 9 |
| 34 | Education | 45.4 | 33.8 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 1.6 | . 9 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcoholic beverages | 90.9 | 191.5 | 19.0 | 49.1 | 3.1 | 4.8 |
| 36 | Miscellaneous | 11.4 | 59.7 | 2.4 | 15.3 | .4 | 1.5 |
| 1-36 | Curpent consumption | 2.912 .1 | 3,956. 3 | 609.0 | 1,014.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contributions and gifts ${ }^{3}$ | 131.1 | 139.2 | 27.4 | 35.7 | $\cdots$ | " |
| 38 | Life insurance and annuity premiums, | 63.3 | 114.0 | 13.2 | 29.2 | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ |
| 1-38 | Total expenditure ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,106,5 | 4,209.4 | 649.6 | 1,079.3 | $\cdots$ | . |

[^7]TABLE 4-3. Comparison of Fam and Urban Famlly Expenditure Patterns, Families of Farm Operators, Quebec, 19 ss and Families and Individuals, Cittes of 15,000 and over, Quebec, 1959

| No. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of current consumption expenditure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per family |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{1}$ | 1.341 .0 | 1,339.0 | 225.9 | 375.1 | 39.8 | 29.9 |
| $2-6$ | Housing ${ }^{2}$.............................................................................. | 114.6 | 650.6 | 19.3 | 182.2 | 3.4 | 14.5 |
| 2 | Rent | . 9 | 430.8 | . 2 | 120.6 | - | 9.6 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest | 52.5 | 117.4 | 8.8 | 32.9 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| 4 | Repairs and maintenance | 40.3 | 52.4 | 6.8 | 14.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 5 | Insurance ....................... | 17.0 | 12.6 | 2.8 | 3.5 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 6 | Othet houslng | 3.9 | 37.4 | . 7 | 10.5 | . 1 | . 8 |
| 7 | Utilities, fuel, ${ }^{8}$ water, telephone and ice .............................. | 218.5 | 247.3 | 36.8 | 69.3 | 6.5 | 5.5 |
| 8 | Household services and supplles. | 68.5 | 129.2 | 11.5 | 36.2 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| 9-19 | Appliances, house furnishings and equipment | 252.0 | 262.6 | 49.2 | 73.6 | 8.7 | 5.9 |
| 9 | Major appliances ...................................... | 148.4 | 87.8 | 25.0 | 24.6 | 4.4 | 2.0 |
| 10 | Other electricul equipment | 16.8 | 11.9 | 2.8 | 3.3 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 11 | Glass, china and silverware | 5.0 | 2.3 | . 9 | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment ........ | 12.7 | 6.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | . 4 | . 1 |
| 13 | Household textiles and plastics | 23.7 | 24.6 | 4.0 | 6.9 | . 7 | . 5 |
| 14 | Furniture | 43.4 | 63.2 | 7.3 | 17.7 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 15 | Floor covering .................................................................... | 14.3 | 22.6 | 2.4 | 6.3 | . 4 | . 5 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous ............................................................... | 17.2 | 20.4 | 2.9 | 5.7 | . 5 | . 5 |
| 17 | Repairs to major appliances ........................................... | 7.5 | 10.7 | 1.3 | 3.0 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 18 | Repairs and cleaning to furniture. etc., and rentals .......... | 1.7 | 5.5 | . 3 | 1.5 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 19 | Insurance on furnishings .................................................. | 1.2 | 7.5 | . 2 | 2.1 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 20-25 | Clothing ${ }^{1}$ | 542.9 | 547.9 | 91.5 | 153.5 | 16.1 | 12.2 |
| 20 | Gills 4 to 15 | 52.0 | 36.5 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 1.5 | . 8 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over | 182.6 | 273.4 | 30.8 | 76.6 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15 | 53.5 | 33.7 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 1.6 | . 8 |
| 23 | Men 16 and over ............................................................. | 184.3 | 172.7 | 32.7 | 48.4 | 5.8 | 3.9 |
| 24 | Chlldren under 4 .................................................................... | 14.2 | 11.1 | 2.4 | 3.1 | . 4 | . 2 |
| 25 | Meterials, ${ }^{2}$ clothing, services .......................................... | 46.4 | 20.5 | 7.8 | 5.7 | 1.4 | . 5 |
| 26-28 | Transportation ....................................................................... | 265.8 | 491.2 | 44.8 | 137.6 | 7.9 | 11.0 |
| 26 | Automobile purchase (cars and trucks) .............................. | 90.2 | 151.9 | 15.2 | 42.5 | 2.7 | 3.4 |
| 27 | Automoblle operation (cars and trucks) ............................. | 135. 4 | 209.0 | 22.8 | 58.5 | 4.0 | 4.7 |
| 28 | Other .............................................................................. | 40.2 | 130.3 | 6.8 | 36.5 | 1.2 | 2.9 |
| 28-30 | Health care .......................................................................... | 177.7 | 232.2 | 29.9 | 65.0 | 5.3 | 5.2 |
| 29 | Prepaid plans. premiums ..................a.a........................... | 6.1 | 59.5 | 1.0 | 16.7 | . 2 | 1.3 |
| 30 | Expenses ....................................................................... | 171.6 | 172.7 | 28.9 | 48.4 | 5.1 | 3.9 |
| 31 | Personal cate ......................................................................... | 64.5 | 106.2 | 10.9 | 29.7 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| 32 | Recreation ............................................................................ | 44.4 | 86.2 | 7.5 | 24.1 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| 33 | Reading ............................................................................... | 9.8 | 31.6 | 1.8 | 8.9 | . 3 | .7 |
| 34 | Education ............................................................................... | 79.2 | 67.0 | 13.3 | 18.8 | 2.4 | 1.5 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcoholtc beverages ........................................... | 117.9 | 244.0 | 19.9 | 68.3 | 3.5 | 5.4 |
| 36 | Miscellaneous ...................................................................... | 32.4 | 43.3 | 5.5 | 12.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 1-36 | Current consumption .........................--................................... | 3,369.2 | 4.478.3 | 567.6 | 1.254.4 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contributions and gifts ${ }^{8}$.................................................... | 91.6 | 166.2 | 15.4 | 46.6 | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ |
| 38 | Life insurance and annulty premiums ................................. | 57.3 | 143.7 | 9.7 | \$0.3 | $\ldots$ | ... |
| 1-38 | Total expendture ${ }^{3}$ | 3,518.1 | 4,788.2 | 592.7 | 1.341 .2 | . $\cdot$ | - |

[^8]TABLE 4-4. Comparison of Farm and Urban Family Expenditure Patterns, Families of Farm Operators, Ontario, 1958 and Families and Individuals, Cities of $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 0 0}$ and over, Ontario, 1959

| NO. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of current consumption expenditure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per famlly |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{1}$ | 1,136.3 | 1.144.5 | 297. 1 | 355. 4 | 35.8 | 26.0 |
| 2-6 | Housing* | 183.5 | 699.5 | 48.0 | 217.2 | 5.8 | 15.9 |
| 2 | Rent | 19.3 | 280.5 | 5.1 | 87.1 | . 6 | 6.4 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest ......................................................... | 78.5 | 286.0 | 20.5 | 88.8 | 2.5 | 6.5 |
| 4 | Repairs and maintenance ................................................ | 61.9 | 67.9 | 16.2 | 21.1 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| 5 | Insurance | 14.0 | 13.9 | 3.6 | 4.3 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 6 | Other housing ................................................................ | 9.8 | 51.2 | 2.6 | 15.9 | . 3 | 1.2 |
| 7 | Utilities, fuel, ${ }^{1}$ water, telephone and ice ............................ | 275.6 | 273.3 | 72.1 | 84.9 | B. 7 | 6.2 |
| 8 | Household servlces and supplles ....................................... | 83.3 | 150.9 | 21.8 | 46.9 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| 9-19 | Appllances, house furnishings and equipment ..................... | 257.1 | 303.7 | 67.2 | 94.3 | 8.1 | 6.9 |
| 9 | Major appliances ........................................................... | 118.9 | 109. 9 | 31.1 | 34.1 | 3.8 | 2.5 |
| 10 | Other electrical equipment ............................................... | 12.3 | 12.5 | 3.2 | 3.9 | . 4 | . 3 |
| 11 | Glass, china and silverware ........................................... | 5.3 | 6.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment | 10.1 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 1.2 | . 3 | . 1 |
| 13 | Household texttles and plastics | 21.8 | 29.7 | 5.7 | 9.2 | . 7 | . 7 |
| 14 | Furniture ........................................................................ | 33.0 | 66.3 | 8.6 | 20.6 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| 15 | Floor covering ....................an........................................... | 13.8 | 25.3 | 3.6 | 7.9 | . 4 | . 6 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous ................................................................ | 21.2 | 24.8 | 5.5 | 7.7 | . 7 | . 6 |
| 17 | Repaits to tmajor appliances ............................................ | 15.8 | 13.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 18 | Repairs and cleaning to furniture, etc.. and rentals ......... | 1.6 | 6.9 | . 4 | 2.1 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 19 | Insurance on furnishings ................................................. | 3.2 | 4.1 | . 8 | 1.3 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 20-25 | Clothing ${ }^{1}$........................................................................... | 382.7 | 433.5 | 100. 1 | 134.6 | 12.0 | 9.9 |
| 20 | Girls 4 to 15 .................................................................. | 40.9 | 31.5 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 1.3 | . 7 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over .......................................................... | 131.4 | 199.2 | 34.4 | 61.8 | 4.1 | 4.5 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15 ................................................................... | 37.8 | 29.0 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 1.2 | . 7 |
| 23 | Men 16 and over ......................................................................... | 143.5 | 140.0 | 37.5 | 43.5 | 4.5 | 3.2 |
| 24 | Children under 4 ............................................................ | 10.0 | 13.8 | 2.6 | 4.3 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 25 | Materials, ${ }^{1}$ clothing, services | 19.1 | 20.0 | 5.0 | 6.2 | . 6 | . 5 |
| 26-28 | Transportation ................................................................. | 382.2 | 608.0 | 100.0 | 188.8 | 12.1 | 13.8 |
| 26 | Automoblle purchase (cras and trucks) ............................. | 173.0 | 244.4 | 45.3 | 75.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 |
| 27 | Automobile operation (cars and trucks) .......................... | 189.0 | 274.7 | 49.4 | 85.3 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| 28 | Other .............................................................................. | 20.2 | 68.9 | 5.3 | 27.6 | . 6 | 2.0 |
| 29-30 | Health care ....................................................................... | 174.0 | 224.9 | 45.5 | 69.8 | 5.5 | 5.1 |
| 29 | Prepaid plans, premiums ................................................. | 38.9 | 74.2 | 10.2 | 23.0 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| 30 | Expenses ..................0.n...................................................... | 135.1 | 150.7 | 35.3 | 46.8 | 4.3 | 3.4 |
| 31 | Personal care ................................................................... | 68.8 | 114.9 | 18.0 | 35.7 | 2.2 | 2.6 |
| 32 | Recreation ........................................................................ | 60.7 | 97.4 | 15.9 | 30.3 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| 33 | Reading ............................................................................ | 14.9 | 36.0 | 3.8 | 11.2 | . 5 | . 8 |
| 34 | Education .......................................................................... | 31.0 | 32.4 | 8.1 | 10.1 | 1.0 | . 7 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcoholic beverages ...................................... | 93.7 | 205.8 | 24.5 | 63.9 | 3.0 | 4.7 |
| 36 | Miscellaneous ..................................................................... | 25.6 | 74.2 | 6.7 | 23,0 | . 8 | 1.7 |
| 1-36 | Current consumption .............................................................. | 3.169. 2 | 4.399.0 | 828. 9 | 1.366. 1 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contributions and gifts ${ }^{1}$...................................................... | 154.6 | 177.4 | 40.4 | 55.1 | $\cdots$ | -•" |
| 38 | Life insurance and annulty premiums .................................. | 126.2 | 136.8 | 33.0 | 42.5 | - | $\cdots$ |
| 1-38 | Total expenditure ${ }^{3}$.......................................................o.o. | 3,450, 0 | 4,713,2 | 802.3 | 1.463. 7 | - | - $\cdot$ |

${ }^{1}$ Farm averages for food, fuel, clothing and gits contain estimates of home-produced food ( $\$ 252.9$ ), fuel ( $\$ 65.4$ ) and gitts ( $\$ 5.0$ ).
; Housing includes only out-of-pocket expenses. See Table 7 for estimated rental value on owned houses.

- Urban total differs from that published in Urban $F$ conily Expenditure 1959 (Catalogue No. $62-521$ ) because of exclusion of items not covered in the farm survey, viz. personal cares, unemployment insurance and mutual aid payments; and payments to retirement or pension funds, amounting to $\$ 499$ per family.

TABLE 4-5. Comparison of Farm and Urban Family Expenditure Patteras, Families of Farm Operators, Prairies, 1958 and Families and Individuals, cities of $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 0 0}$ and over, Prairies, 1959

| No. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of current consumption expenditure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per family |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Fam | Urban | Farm | Urban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{1}$ | 1.238.9 | 1,146.5 | 325.7 | 365.1 | 38.7 | 26.4 |
| 2-6 | Housing ${ }^{2}$ | 115.3 | 616.5 | 30.3 | 196.3 | 3.6 | 14.2 |
| 2 | Rent | 30.9 | 279.9 | 8.1 | 89.1 | 1.0 | 6.4 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest | 25.8 | 233.1 | 6.8 | 74.2 | . 8 | 5.4 |
| 4 | Repairs and malntenance | 33.8 | 58.6 | 8.9 | 18.7 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| 5 | Insurance ....................... | 9.7 | 9.8 | 2.5 | 3.1 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 6 | Other bousing | 15.0 | 35.1 | 4.0 | 11.2 | . 5 | . 8 |
| 7 | Utilittes, fuel, ${ }^{1}$ water, telephone and ice | 217.6 | 220.1 | 57. 2 | 70.1 | 6.8 | 5.1 |
| 8 | Household services and supplies | 93.4 | 137.5 | 24.6 | 43.8 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| 9-19 | Appliances, house furnishings and equipment | 245.0 | 344.6 | 64.4 | 109.7 | 7.7 | 7.9 |
| 9 | Major appliances ............ | 104.4 | 127.0 | 27.4 | 40.4 | 3.3 | 2.9 |
| 10 | Other electrical equipment | 16.0 | 13.0 | 4.2 | 4.1 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 11 | Glass, china and sliverware | 5.8 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 2.2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment .............. | 9.6 | 7.8 | 2.5 | 2.5 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 13 | Household textiles and plastics | 26.0 | 31.8 | 6.8 | 10.1 | . 8 | . 7 |
| 14 | Furniture ............................... | 40.2 | 85.9 | 10.6 | 27.4 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| 15 | Floor covering | 13.7 | 25.0 | 3.6 | 8.0 | .4 | . 6 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous | 16.9 | 23.2 | 4.5 | 7.4 | . 5 | . 5 |
| 17 | Repairs to major appliances ............................ | 9.2 | 12.2 | 2.4 | 3.9 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 18 | Repairs and cleaning to furniture, etc., and rentals | 1.0 | 8.4 | . 3 | 2.7 | - | . 2 |
| 19 | Insurance on furnishings ...... | 2.1 | 3.4 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 20-25 | Clothing ${ }^{1}$ | 426. 6 | 468.0 | 112.2 | 149.0 | 13.3 | 10.8 |
| 20 | Girls 4 to 15 | 44.1 | 33.3 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 1.4 | . 8 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over. | 125.8 | 219.8 | 33.1 | 70.0 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15 | 39.4 | 29.6 | 10.4 | 9.4 | 1.2 | . 7 |
| 23 | Men 16 and over | 176.1 | 154.8 | 46.3 | 49.3 | 5, 5 | 3.6 |
| 24 | Children under 4 | 14. 7 | 11.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | . 5 | . 3 |
| 25 | Materials, ${ }^{1}$ clothing, services | 26.4 | 18.6 | 6.9 | 5.9 | . 8 | . 4 |
| 26-28 | Transportation | 338.5 | 643.4 | 89.0 | 204.9 | 10.6 | 14.8 |
| 26 | Automobile purchase (cars and trucks) | 122.8 | 288.0 | 32.3 | 91. 7 | 3.9 | 6.6 |
| 27 | Automotile operation (cars and trucks) | 192.8 | 251.8 | 50.7 | 80.2 | 8.0 | 5.8 |
| 28 | Other .............................................. | 22.9 | 103.6 | 6.0 | 33.0 | . 7 | 2.4 |
| 29-30 | Health care | 174.4 | 213.0 | 45.9 | 67.8 | 5.4 | 4.9 |
| 29 | Prepaid plans, premlums | 48.4 | 84.6 | 12.7 | 26.9 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| 30 | Expenses ...................... | 126.1 | 128.4 | 33.2 | 40.9 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| 31 | Personal care | 62.4 | 103.6 | 16.4 | 33.0 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| 32 | Recreation | 90.9 | 119.2 | 23.9 | 38.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| 33 | Resding | 11.6 | 29.6 | 3.0 | 9.4 | . 4 | .7 |
| 34 | Education | 52.7 | 43.3 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcotollic beverages | 104.6 | 188.6 | 27.5 | 60.1 | 3. 3 | 4.3 |
| 36 | Miscellaneous .................. | 30.4 | 68.6 | 8.0 | 21.8 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| 1-36 | Current consumption | 3,202. 3 | 4,342.5 | 841.9 | 1,383.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contributions and gifts ${ }^{1}$ | 133.9 | 161.7 | 35.2 | 51.5 | ... | . |
| 38 | Life insurance and sanuity premiams | 53.9 | 117.6 | 14.2 | 37.5 | ... | -•• |
| 1-38 | Total expenditure ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 3,390. 1 | 4, 621.8 | 891.3 | 1. 971.9 | -.. | $\cdots$ |

${ }^{1}$ Fiarm averages for food, fuel, clothing and gifts contain estimates of home-produced food (\$365.4), fuel (\$42.4), wool (\$0.1) and gifts (\$8.8).
2 Housing includes nnly out-of-pocket expenses. See Table 7 for estimated rent on owned houses.
, yrhan survey, $\overline{\text { iz, personal taxes, unemployment insurance and mutual aid payments, and payments to retrement or pension funds, amounting to } 8507 \text { per famlly. }}$

TABLE 4-6. Comparison of Farm and Lrban Family Expenditure Patterns, Families of Farm Operators, British Columbia, 1958 and Families and Individuals, Cities of 15,000 and over, British Columbla, 1959

| No. | Item | Average dollar expenditure |  |  |  | Percentage distribution of curtent consumption expendture |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Per family |  | Per person |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ferm | Urban | Farm | Uiban | Farm | Urban |
| 1 | Food ${ }^{1}$ | 1,134.4 | 1,110.0 | 322.1 | 377.6 | 38.6 | 27.0 |
| 2 -6 | Rousing ${ }^{2}$ | 115.9 | 580.2 | 32.9 | 197.3 | 3.9 | 14.1 |
| 2 | Rent ............................................................................... | 1.0 | 269.3 | . 3 | 91.6 | -- | 6.6 |
| 3 | Taxes and interest ......................................................... | 62.4 | 219.8 | 17.7 | 74.7 | 2.1 | 5.3 |
| 4 | Repalrs and maintenance ................................................ | 27.3 | 46.7 | 7.8 | 15.9 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| 5 | Insurance ...................................................................... | 6.1 | 12.5 | 1.7 | 4.2 | . 2 | . 3 |
| 6 | Other housing ............................................................... | 19.1 | 31.9 | 5.4 | 10.9 | . 7 | . 8 |
| 7 | Utilities, fuel, ${ }^{1}$ water, telephone and lce ............................. | 223.9 | 286.6 | 63.6 | 90.7 | 7.6 | 6.5 |
| 6 | Household services and supplies ........................................ | 86.5 | 135.7 | 24.6 | 46.2 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| 9-19 | Appliances, house furnishings end equipment ....................... | 244.5 | 306.2 | 69.4 | 104.1 | 8.3 | 7.4 |
| 9 | Major appliances | 114.9 | 109.7 | 32.6 | 37.3 | 3.9 | 2.7 |
| 10 | Other electrical equipment ............................................ | 14.2 | 10.1 | 4.0 | 3.4 | . 5 | . 2 |
| 11 | Glass, china and sllveware ............................................... | 3.6 | 7.5 | 1.0 | 2.6 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 12 | Kitchen equipment ......................................................... | 8.0 | 8.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 | . 3 | . 2 |
| 13 | Household textiles and pinstics .................................... | 22.2 | 33.4 | 6.4 | 11.4 | . 8 | . 8 |
| 14 | Furniture ....................................................................... | 33.6 | 68.8 | 9.5 | 23.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| 15 | Floor covering | 13.2 | 17.0 | 3.8 | 5.8 | . 4 | . 4 |
| 16 | Miscellaneous ............................................................... | 19.4 | 30.7 | 5.5 | 10.4 | . 7 | . 7 |
| 17 | Repalts to major appllances ........................................... | 9.3 | 11.7 | 2.6 | 4.0 | . 3 | . 3 |
| 18 | Repsirs and cleaning to furniture, etc., and rentals ......... | 2.4 | 6.9 | . 7 | 2.3 | . 1 | . 2 |
| 19 | Insurance on furnishings ................................................ | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 1 | . 1 |
| 20-25 | Clothlng ${ }^{\text {P }}$....................................................................... | 351.3 | 397.5 | 99.8 | 135.2 | 11.9 | 9.7 |
| 20 | Girls 4 to 15 ................................................................ | 25.4 | 32.7 | 7.2 | 11.1 | . 9 | . 8 |
| 21 | Women 16 and over .......................................................... | 127.8 | 180.6 | 36,3 | 61.4 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| 22 | Boys 4 to 15 | 35.0 | 30.4 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 1.2 | . 7 |
| 23 | Men 16 and ove? | 136.7 | 128.0 | 38.8 | 42.9 | 4.6 | 3.1 |
| 24 | Children under 4 ........................................................... | 7.0 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 2.8 | . 2 | . 2 |
| 25 | Materials. ${ }^{1}$ clothing, services ....................................... | 19.6 | 19.5 | 5.6 | 6.6 | . 7 | . 5 |
| 26-28 | Transportation ..................................................................... | 285.8 | 632.6 | 81.2 | 215.2 | 9.7 | 15.4 |
| 26 | Automobile purchase (cars and trucks) ............................. | 100.4 | 237.2 | 28.5 | 80.7 | 3.4 | 5.8 |
| 27 | Automoblle operation (cars and trucks) ............................ | 163.0 | 260.5 | 46.3 | 88.6 | 5.5 | 6.3 |
| 26 | Other ............................................................................ | 22.4 | 134.9 | 6.4 | 45.9 | . 8 | 3.3 |
| 29-30 | Health care .............................................................................. | 141.1 | 153.8 | 40.1 | 52.3 | 4.8 | 3.7 |
| 29 | Prepaid plans, premiums .................................................. | 17.5 | 41.2 | 5.0 | 14.0 | . 6 | 1.0 |
| 30 | Expenses ...................................................................... | 123.6 | 112.6 | 35.1 | 38.3 | 4.2 | 2.7 |
| 31 | Personal cere ..................................................................... | 69.1 | 92.4 | 19.6 | 31.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| 32 | Recreatlon ............................................................................. | 99.5 | 112.6 | 28.3 | 38.4 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| 33 | Reading ................................................................................ | 19.2 | 28.9 | 5.5 | 9.8 | . 7 | . 7 |
| 34 | Education ........................................................................... | 43.7 | 43.9 | 12.4 | 14.9 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| 35 | Smoking and alcoholic beverages ........................................... | 97.9 | 177.2 | 27.8 | 60.3 | 3.3 | 4.3 |
| 36 | Miscellaneous .................................................................... | 27.3 | 72.3 | 7.7 | 24.6 | . 9 | 1.8 |
| 1-36 | Current consumption ........................................................... | 2,940.0 | 4.110 .1 | 816.2 | 1.398 .0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 37 | Contributions and gifts ${ }^{1}$................................................. | 119.8 | 148.2 | 34.0 | 50.4 | -•* | ... |
| 38 | Life insurance and annuity premlums ................................... | 58.8 | 98.7 | 16.7 | 33.6 | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ |
| 1-38 | Total expenditure ${ }^{3}$..................................................... | $3,118.6$ | 4,357.0 | 866.9 | 1,482.0 | ... | * $\cdot$ |

[^9]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

|  | Item | Canada ${ }^{1}$ composite | Prince <br> Edwara <br> Islana | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Martime Provinces | Guebec | Ontario | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mani- } \\ \text { toba } \end{gathered}$ | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average family size | 4. 32 | 4. 20 | 4. 50 | 5.31 | 4.78 | 5.94 | 3.82 | 3.89 | 3.85 | 3.69 | 3. 80 | 3. 52 |
|  |  | Percentage of families reporting expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-9 | Food | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100. 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1-7 | Frood, home-preduced | 94.6 | 94.9 | 94.9 | 99.2 | 96.7 | 98.9 | 94.8 | 94.5 | 91.0 | 92.1 | 92.1 | 94.3 |
| 1 | Meat | 60.3 | 39.3 | 49.4 | 56.5 | 50.5 | 69.2 | 52.4 48.7 | 64.4 67.9 | 66.4 63.4 | 62.1 66.7 | 64.5 65.5 | 36.7 39.9 |
| 2 | Poultry | 55.1 59.7 | 63.0 61.3 | 36.8 48.9 | 51.5 64.5 | 47.6 57.7 | 48.1 58.1 | 48.7 57.0 | 67.9 60.6 | 63.4 63.7 | 66.7 | 65.5 62.9 | 39.9 55.5 |
| 3 | Egas ............. | 59.7 73.9 | 61.3 80.2 | 48.9 81.6 | 64.5 82.1 | 82.4 | 91.7 | 69.7 | 74.3 | 64.7 | 78.8 | 68.6 | 43.5 |
| 5 | Potatoes ........ | 78.0 | 86.4 | 89.4 | 87.2 | 87.9 | 84.5 | 59.6 | 88.3 | 83.4 | 87.3 | 85. 8 | 58.8 |
| 6 | Fruits and vegetables | 61.1 | 84.8 | 65.9 | 58.7 | 66.4 | 61.8 | 79.0 | 73.5 | 43.7 | 38.5 | 48.1 | 667 |
| 7 | Miscellaneous farm products, honey, maple, etc. | 8.0 | 9.9 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 4.6 | 16.8 | 9.8 | 3.3 | 4. 2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.2 |
| 8-9 | Food, excluding home-produced ................ | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | Food, bought and eaten at home $\qquad$ Food, bought and eaten away from home ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.5 \\ & 91 . ? \end{aligned}$ | 100.0 92.8 92.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 99.3 \\ & 88.0 \end{aligned}$ | 100.0 88.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 99.7 \\ & 89.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.9 \\ & 87.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.8 \\ & 89.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99 . ? \\ & 93.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.4 \\ & 95.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99.6 \\ & 96.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99.0 \\ 95.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.0 \\ 87.6 \end{array}$ |
| 10-19 | Housing .................................................... | -• | . | . | * | $\ldots$ | -• | . | - | . | . | $\cdots$ | . |
|  | Rentea living quarters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 n \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | Rent, on-farm house $\qquad$ <br> Rent, off-farm bouse $\qquad$ | 5.2 1.1 | - | - | . 8 | .3 .3 | . 5 | 5.1 .5 | 9.6 2.1 | 10.2 3.3 | 7. 2.2 | 9.0 2.3 | . 8 |
| 12-13 | Owned living quarters, taxes and interest.. | 67.5 | 100.0 | 99.3 | 98.5 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 93.9 | 30.5 | 28.9 | 26.4 | 26.3 | 99.2 |
| 12 | On-farm house ...................................... | 62.4 | 93.8 | 95.6 | 96.2 | 95.5 | 98.5 | 92.9 | 16.3 | 13.0 | 19.2 | 15.8 10.7 | 97.6 1.6 |
| 13 | Off-tarm house .................................... | 5.2 | 6. 2 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 3.6 |  | 1.1 | 4.2 | 16.0 | 7.6 | $10.7$ |  |
| 14 | Repairs and mainterance for houses ......... | 53.3 | 53.9 | 74.5 | 66.0 | 67.1 | 46.1 | 58.7 | 47.0 | $53 . ?$ | 52.0 | 51.5 | 41.1 |
| 15-16 | Insutance on house | 44.2 | 36.0 | 41.2 | 45.0 | 41.8 | 59.8 | 54.9 | 44.1 | 30.5 | 27.5 | 32. 3 | 22.8 |
| 15 16 | Fire insurance Other insurance | 39.8 7.9 | 32.6 3.3 | 40.4 | 41.9 3.1 | 39.6 2.2 | 49.2 14.7 | 49.3 14.6 | 44.1 | 36.6 3.0 | 25.9 2.6 | 30.9 7.2 | 29.0 2.4 |
| 17-19 | Other housing and legal charges | 20.3 | 24.2 | 12.6 | 6.5 | 12.7 | 10.6 | 18.3 | 20.8 | 31.2 | 24.5 | 26.7 | 33.0 |
| 17 | Lodging, motels, hotels | 17.4 | 20.8 | 12.9 | 3.9 | 10.7 | 6.9 | 15.5 | 16.7 | 26.9 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 28.3 |
| 18 | Other sheltet costs | 2.0 |  | . 7 | 1.9 | 1.1 | . 3 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 4.0 |  |  | 3.2 |
|  | financing dwelitng .................. | 2.1 | 3.3 | - | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 |
| 20-51 | Household operation | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100. 0 | 100, 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100. 0 | 100.0 | 99.8 | 99.8 | 89.9 | 100.0 |
| 20 | Home-produced fuel | 61.9 | 71.7 | 74.5 | 83.4 | 77.7 | 8.7 | 59.6 | 51.4 | 49.0 | 52.1 | 50.6 | 57.6 |
| 21-51 | Household operation, excluding homeproduced fuel $\qquad$ | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100. 0 | 99.8 | 98.8 | 99.9 | 100.0 |
| 21-30 | Fuel bought | 76.2 | 89.1 | 59.9 | 53.5 | 62.7 | 42.4 | 79.8 | 80.3 | 94.5 | 96.3 | 92.2 | 88.4 |
| 21 | Bituminous | 29.9 | 50.4 | 30.2 | 7.3 | 24.5 | 4.8 | 11.1 | 48.8 | 50.7 | 65.4 | 55.4 | 24.4 |
| 22 | Anthracite | 8.7 | 9.1 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 29.9 | 5. 8 | 1.0 | . 4 | . 7 | 1.8 |
| 23 | Coke. | 1.6 | 6.6 | - | 3.3 | 2.6 | . 6 | 1.0 | 5.5 | 1.8 | . 4 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| 24 | Yood. | 13. 4 | 8. 6 | 26.0 | 21.8 | 21.0 | 18.8 | 12.4 | 9.6 | 8.4 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 29.5 |
| 25 | Kerosene | 17, 3 | 23.4 | 10.5 | 23, 8 | 18.4 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 30.3 | 35.5 | 27.4 | 19.9 |
| 26 | Naptha gas ..................................... | 9.1 | 22.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 4. 3 | 2.8 | 21.4 | 16.0 | 19,6 | 14.9 | 21.6 |
| 27 | Oil ................................................... | 31.2 | 38.4 | 19.8 | 11.8 | 20.0 | 15.5 | 35. 2 | 31.3 | 52.5 | 27.5 | 39.5 | 25.3 |
| 38 | Sawdust ........................................... | . 7 | - | - | - | - | - | . 1 | 1.9 |  |  | . 4 | 14.2 |
| 29 | Gas: Piped in | 3. 2 | 3.4 | .7 | - | . 9 | - | 7.0 | - | 1.5 | 6. 1 | 2.8 | 3. 8 |
| 30 | Bottlea. | 8.0 | 4.9 | . 8 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 1.2 | 16.3 | 18.9 | 14.0 | 10.3 |
| 31-34 | Uthities, ice and water ......................... | 89.4 | 87.9 | 96.3 | 96.9 | 95.0 | 96.7 | 97.3 | 94.9 | 83.0 | 68.6 | 80.5 | 84.7 |
| 31 | Electricity ....................................... | 84.5 | 76.1 | 94.1 | 9 9. 0 | 91.9 | 94.8 | 95.0 | 92.9 | 68.6 | 63.2 | 71.8 | 80.8 |
| 32 | Telephone | 64.2 | 64.5 | 55.9 | 46. 5 | 53.6 | 62.7 | 83.9 | 67.7 | 66.1 | 32.7 | 54.8 | 65.6 |
| 33 | Ice | 1.1 | 4.7 | - | - | . 9 | 1.17 | 3.2 | 3.4 14.9 | 1.9 | 8.6 | 1.8. 7 |  |
| 34 | Water charges ....... | 8.4 | - | - | - | - | 9.7 | 3.6 | 14.9 | 7.9 | 8.9 | 9.7 | 39.2 |
| 35-42 | Household services .............................. | 97.6 | 109.0 | 97. 8 | 99.2 | 98.7 | 95.1 | 98.1 | 98.6 | 99.2 | 96.1 | 98.0 | 100.0 |
| 35 | Laundry, sent out ............................. | $3{ }^{3.1}$ | 1.9 | 63.7 | 1. 53 | 62.5 | 4.0 38.4 | 3.5 77 | 85.1 | 2.0 84.2 | 73.1 | 2.2 82.1 | 6.7 80.0 |
| 36 | Dry cleaning. sent out ...................... | 70.1 | 74.3 | 63.5 | 53.8 23.6 | 61.4 18.0 | 38.4 10.8 | 77.4 | 85.1 14.6 | 84.2 13.4 | 77.5 10.0 | 82.1 12.5 | 80.0 |
| 37 | Wages for househotd heip ................. | 12.2 | 11.8 | 15.1 | 23.6 8.6 | 18.0 |  | 41.9 |  |  | $20^{\circ} \mathrm{I}$ |  |  |
| 38 39 | Pent for family food locket .............. Rent for furnishings and equipment .... | 26.6 | 24.8 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 11.5 | 9.5 .1 | 11.9 1.3 | 22.9 | 38.3 .3 | 20. ${ }_{\text {B }}$ | 28.8 .4 | 24.7 1.2 |
| 40 | Freight, express, moving charges ...... | 2.5 | - | 6.7 | . 8 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.0 |
| 41 | Postage, stamps, postcards .............. | 95.6 | 100. 0 | 96.0 | 96.2 | 96.8 | 93.2 | 96.9 | 97.0 | 97.7 | 91.5 | 95.4 | 98.3 |
| 42 | Telegrams. cablegrams .................... | 6.1 | 15.1 | 7.2 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 1.8 | 4.3 | 10.9 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 4.8 |

[^10]TABLE 5. Detalled Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada }{ }^{1} \\ & \text { com- } \\ & \text { posite } \end{aligned}$ | Prince Edward Island | Nova $5 \operatorname{cotin}$ | New Brunswich | Maritlme Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mani- } \\ & \text { toba } \end{aligned}$ | Sasketchewan | Alberta | Pralilie Provinces | Brttish Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Average dollar expenditure per famlly

| 1,221.6 | 1,157.4 | 1,132.1 | 1,162.0 | 1,149.3 | 1,341.0 | 1,136.2 | 1,209.3 | 1,217.6 | 1,284,2 | 1,238.9 | 1,134.4 | 1-9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 335.0 | 311.0 | 348.5 | 367.6 | 349.5 | 389.4 | 252.9 | 389.3 | 372.2 | 342.1 | 365.4 | 229.5 | $1-7$ |
| 88.9 | 45.1 | 44.4 | 69.2 | 54.8 | 109.1 | 77.5 | 96.6 | 102.6 | 91.0 | 97.4 | 43.1 | 1 |
| 22.0 | 24.8 | 9.4 | 19.9 | 16.6 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 29.2 | 30.9 | 32.8 | 31.2 | 15.8 | 2 |
| 28.7 | 26.1 | 25.3 | 45.4 | 33.8 | 39.5 | 25.3 | 24.6 | 23.0 | 26.0 | 24.4 | 29.0 | 3 |
| 142.6 | 162.8 | 201.8 | 181.4 | 186.1 | 157.8 | 84.2 | 172.8 | 170.6 | 154.1 | 165.4 | 105.6 | 4 |
| 21.8 | 18.0 | 30.4 | 33.2 | 29.3 | 32.2 | 10.8 | 20.3 | 25.0 | 21.6 | 22.8 | 11.0 | 5 |
| 28.1 | 31.1 | 36.7 | 18.1 | 27.9 | 26.7 | 37.7 | 45,1 | 18.8 | 15.8 | 23.2 | 24.0 | 6 |
| 2.9 | 3.0 | . 7 | . 3 | 1.0 | 9.0 | 2.2 | . 6 | 1.3 | . 6 | . 9 | . 9 | 7 |
| 886.6 | 846.4 | 783.6 | 794.4 | 799.8 | 951.6 | 883.3 | 820.0 | 845.4 | 942.1 | 873.5 | 904.9 | 8-9 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 827.5 \\ 59.1 \end{array}$ | 782.7 63.6 | 746.0 37.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 745.9 \\ 48.6 \end{array}$ | 752.8 47.0 | 898.3 53.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 835.6 \\ 47.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 742.8 \\ 77.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 772.6 \\ 72.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 872.5 \\ 69.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 800.9 \\ 72.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 859.4 \\ 45.5 \end{array}$ | 8 |
| 136.3 | 113.0 | 139.2 | 192.3 | 156.4 | 114.6 | 183.5 | 92.1 | 130. 7 | 109.4 | 115.2 | 115.9 | 10-19 |
| 15.0 | - | - | . 4 | . 2 | . 7 | 17.3 | 31.6 | 26.6 | 18.7 | 24.9 | 1.0 | 10 |
| 3.1 | - | - | . 6 | . 3 | . 2 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 9.3 | 3.7 | 6.0 |  | 11 |
| 49.6 | 27.6 | 53.3 | 94.1 | 65.4 | 52.5 | 78.5 | 21.5 | 25.9 | 28.4 | 25.8 | 62.4 | 12-13 |
| 40.3 | 24.6 | 51.4 | 58.5 | 49.3 | 52.2 | 76.6 | 16.2 | 5.6 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 60.5 | 12 |
| 9.3 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 35.6 | 16.1 | . 3 | 2.0 | 5.4 | 20.4 | 20.9 | 17.4 | 1.9 | 13 |
| 45.4 | 81.2 | 71.1 | 76.1 | 71.3 | 40.3 | 61.9 | 17.2 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 33.8 | 27.3 | 14 |
| 12.3 | 14.2 | 9.0 | 13.2 | 11.7 | 17.0 | 14.0 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 6.1 | 15-16 |
| 10.7 | 12.1 | 8.9 | 12.6 | 11.0 | 14.7 | 11.2 | 10.2 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 8.7 | 5.5 | 15 |
| 1.7 | 2.1 | . 1 | . 6 | . 7 | 2.2 | 2.8 | - | 1.8 | . 6 | 1.0 | . 7 |  |
| 10.9 | 10.0 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 9.8 | 8.7 | 20.2 | 12.2 | 15.0 | 19.1 | 17-19 |
| 7.2 | 7.5 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 2.3 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 14.8 | 17 |
| 2.8 | - | 1.8 | 4.6 | 2.6 | . 6 | 1.8 | . 5 | 7.0 | 3.3 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 18 |
| 1.0 | 2.5 | - | . 1 | .5 | 1.0 | . 4 | 1.6 | 2.0 | . 3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 19 |
| 321.4 | 382.2 | 323.3 | 350.2 | 345.4 | 287.1 | 359.0 | 297.9 | 336.9 | 285.3 | 311.0 | 310.4 | 20-51 |
| 71.0 | 98.5 | 112.7 | 153.8 | 127.1 | 117.9 | 65.4 | 46.4 | 42.8 | 39.4 | 42.4 | 40.7 | 20 |
| 250.4 | 283.7 | 210.6 | 196.4 | 218.4 | 169.2 | 293.6 | 251.5 | 294.1 | 245.9 | 268.6 | 269.7 | 21-51 |
| 84.9 | 128.8 | 80.9 | 45.2 | 67.0 | 35.8 | 107.5 | 81.5 | 113.1 | 93.6 | 99.8 | 74.0 | 21-30 |
| 20.3 | 38.7 | 23.4 | 5.0 | 18.6 | 2.7 | 11.4 | 34.2 | 33.6 | 37.9 | 35.2 | 15.4 | 21 |
| 9.2 | 7.0 | . 7 | . 4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 31.5 | ..$^{5}$ | . 6 | 2.1 | 1.1 | . 4 | 22 |
| 1.0 | 6.6 | 12.5 | ${ }_{23}^{1.1}$ | 15.7 |  | 8.9 | 3.6 4.3 | .8 2.2 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 14.8 | 23 |
| 8.2 | 5.2 | 12.5 | 23.0 | 15.5 | 16.6 | 6.4 1.2 | 4.3 | 2.24 | 3.8 4.2 | 3.2 | 14.4 | 25 |
| 1.9 | 3.7 2.2 | $\because$ | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 1.3 | - | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 26 |
| 33.9 | 56.2 | 22.9 | 12.7 | 24.9 | 11.1 | 44.7 | 37.2 | 58.2 | 21.9 | 41.3 | 24.2 | 27 |
| . 3 | 5 | - | - | - | - |  | . 5 | - | - | . 1 | 7.4 | 28 |
| 3.4 | 1.9 | . 3 | - | . 5 | - | 8.0 | - | 2.0 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 29 |
| 5.6 | 7.3 | . 4 | . 8 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 3.1 | . 6 | 10.4 | 15.1 | 10.0 | 6.1 | 30 |
| 81.2 | 83.7 | 68.0 | 70.3 | 71.9 | 64.8 | 102.7 | 90.2 | 79.4 | 61.2 | 75.4 | 109.2 | 31-34 |
| 59.4 | 58.6 | 46.3 | 51.6 | 50.8 | 43.0 | 76.1 | 65.6 | 61.4 | 47.5 | 57.5 | 74.5 | 31 |
| 18.9 | 24.2 | 21.6 | 18.7 | 20.9 | 17.6 | 25.4 | 19.1 | 15.4 | 11.0 | 14.6 | 23.7 | 32 |
| 8.2 | - 9 | - | - | .$^{2}$ | 3.5 | 1.2 | 5.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 11.0 | 34 |
| 34.9 | 26.5 | 36.9 | 33.6 | 33.6 | 21.3 | 34.6 | 33.7 | 48.2 | 39.6 | 42.2 | 32.1 | 35-42 |
| 34.8 | 1.1 | 1.5 | . 3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 4 | . 7 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.8 | 35 |
| 10.3 | 9.1 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 10.7 | 12. 2 | 12.8 | 14.8 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 36 |
| 10.3 | 2.3 | 18.6 | 20.7 | 16.4 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 13.5 | 10.1 | 11.4 | 4.0 | 37 |
| 5.8 | 4.4 | . 8 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 4.7 | 12.2 | 5.5 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 38 |
| + 1 | - | -5 | - | - | - | $\cdot 1$ | 3 | 5 | -1 | $\cdot \frac{1}{5}$ | .5 | 38 |
| 8.3 |  | 1.5 8.2 | 6.3 | 7.5 | 6.12 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 8.8 7.8 | 40 |
| 6.9 | 8.6 .8 | 8.2 | 6.3 .3 | 7.5 .4 | 6.2 .2 | 6.2 .1 | 6.7 .2 | 8.05 | 7.18 | 7.5 | 7.2 .2 | 42 |

TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


[^11]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada }{ }^{1} \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Prince <br> Edward <br> Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average dollar expenditure per family - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49.4 | 44.6 | 44.8 | 47.2 | 45.8 | 47.2 | 48.7 | 46.2 | 53.5 | 51.4 | 51.2 | 54.4 | 43-51 |
| 8.2 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 8.2 | 7.5 | B. 7 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 43 |
| 17.7 | 16.8 | 17.4 | ${ }^{17} \cdot 4$ | 17.2 | 17.9 | 18.6 | 15.6 | 17.8 | 16. 8 | 17.0 | 18.2 | 44 |
| 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 6.0 | 1.6 | 1. 6 | 2.4 | 2. 1 | 4.3 2.1 | 3.8 1.3 | 45 46 |
| 3.1 | 2. 6 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 2.6 | . 9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 47 |
| 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 48 |
| 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 49 |
| 3.4 | 2.48 | 4.8 | 3.0 3.9 | 2.0 4.0 | 2.7 | 3.7 2.4 | 2. 5 | 4.6 4.8 | 4.3 5.4 | 4. 18 | 4.8 5.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ |
| 250.9 | 170. 3 | 166.3 | 170.1 | 168. 6 | 292.0 | 257. 1 | 232.7 | 252.0 | 243.2 | 245.0 | 244.6 | 52-110 |
| 113.7 | 47.2 | 68.9 | 62.3 | 62.1 | 148.4 | 118.9 | 110.6 | 109.3 | 94.2 | 104.4 | 114.9 | 52 |
| 123.4 | 114.8 | 87.7 | 101.2 | 98.4 | 133.2 | 117.4 | 109.2 | 130.9 | 136.5 | 128.3 | 114. 4 | 53-105 |
| 14.6 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 10.1 | 8. 6 | 16.8 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 17.6 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 14.2 | $53-57$ 53 |
| 3.0 1.5 | 3.7 .5 | 1.6 1.0 | .8 1.8 | 1.5 | 4.6 2.3 | 1. 5 | . 6 | 4.5 1.6 | 5.6 1.4 | 4. 1.4 | 2.8 1.4 | 53 54 |
| 4.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 55 |
| 4.4 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3. 8 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 56 |
| 1. 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 8 | . 5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 57 |
| 5.4 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5. 0 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 6. 3 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 58-61 |
| . 8 | 1.0 | . 6 | 1.8 | 1.2 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | - 5 | 58 |
| 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 1.9 | 59 |
| 1.4 | . 6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 .8 | 2.6 .6 | 1.2 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1. 2.9 | . 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ |
| 10.2 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 11.5 | 8. 8 | 12.7 | 10.1 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 62-67 |
| . 2 | - | - | . 5 | .$^{2}$ | 3.11 | .$^{2}$ | . 2 | ${ }^{2} 2$ | 3.2 | 8.2 | 2.1 | 62 |
| 2.7 | . 6 | 2. 8 | 2.4 | 2. 2 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.6 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 63 |
| 3.1 | . 6 | 1.5 | 1. 6 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2. 3 | 1.4 | 64 |
| 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2. 8 | 3. 1 | 2. 8 | 2.7 | 66 |
| . 9 | 3.0 | . 7 | 4.2 | 2.6 | . 5 | . 5 | 1.9 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.1 | . 8 | 67 |
| 23.6 | 20.3 | 20.2 | 17. 1 | 19.0 | 23.7 | 21.6 | 24.9 | 27.3 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 22.2 | 68-79 |
| 6.4 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 3. 3 | 3. 8 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 5.9 | 68 |
| 3.1 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2. 8 | 2.5 | 69 |
| 2.3 | 1,2 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1. 8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 70 |
| 1.1 | + 8 | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 3 | 71 |
| 2. 8 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 72 |
| .7 | . 6 | - 4 | . 6 | . 5 | 1.5 | . 7 | . 4 | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 6 | 73 |
| 3. $\frac{1}{5}$ | 2.4 | 3.1 | .9 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.8 .3 | 74 |
| 2.9 | 1.4 | 1. 8 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 76 |
| . 4 | . 6 | . 1 | . 6 | . 4 | . 9 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | . 3 | . 4 | .2 | 77 |
| .2 .1 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 | .2 | . 4 | . 2 | .1 | . 3 | .1 | . 21 | .1 | 78 79 |
| 37.8 | 42.4 | 22.8 | 29.5 | 29. 2 | 43.4 | 33.0 | 33.3 | 36.9 | 46.1 | 40.2 | 33.6 | 80-91 |
| 7.2 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5. 2 | 8. 1 | 9.3 | 12.2 | 10.0 | 4.1 | 80 |
| 2.2 | - | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 4.1 | 1.7 | . 2 | 2. 7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | . 4 | 81 |
| .9 2.8 | 12.7 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 5.1 | 1.2 1.9 | .8 1.8 | 3. 7 | 1. 2.2 | 1.2 4.9 | 1.0 3.4 | 1.7 1.9 | 82 83 |
| 9.6 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 8.4 | 5.4 | 13.9 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 9.6 | 12.7 | 10.2 | 5.0 | 84 |
| 3.4 | 5.9 | 2.0 | 4. 1 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 85 |
| 4.6 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 86 |
| 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.6 | . 3 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.4 | . 4 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 87 |
| 1.6 | - | . 9 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.4 | 1. 8 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 88 |
| . 3 | - | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | .7 | . 2 | - | - | . 1 | . 4 | 89 |
| . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | 2.18 | 1. ${ }^{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 31 | 4.3 | 2. ${ }^{4}$ | . 5 | 3.4 | 7.4 | 90 |
| 2.9 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 2. 8 | 3.1 | 7.1 | 91 |
| 13.7 | 13.1 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 12.4 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 9.3 | 13.6 | 16.6 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 92-96 |
| 2.1 | 3.6 | - 4 | - | . 8 | - 8 | 2.4 | . 5 | 1.2 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 6.5 | 92 |
| . 2 | - | - 5 | - | - 2 | $\therefore 1$ | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | $\bigcirc$ | . 4 | 1. 6 | 93 94 |
| . 1 | 3 | - |  | . 2 | -- | . 1 | - | .1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 4 | 95 |
| 11.1 | 9.2 | 11,0 | 12. 4 | 11.2 | 13.4 | 10.7 | 7.9 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 4.7 | 96 |

TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1858 - Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 5. Detalled Average Expenditure on Fam Family Liviag, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Canadal } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Prince <br> Edward <br> island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie ProvInces | Brltish Columbla | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Average dollar expenditure per family - Continued

| 17.9 | 18.0 | 11.5 | 15.5 | 14.4 | 17.2 | 21.2 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 16.0 | 16.9 | 19.4 | 97-105 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.9 | 18.0 2.0 | 11.7 | 4.3 | 14.4 3.2 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 97 |
| 5.1 | 8.8 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 98 |
| 1.5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 9 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 99 |
| 1.1 | $-$ | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | . 5 | 1.5 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 2 | 100 |
| 1.0 | . 4 | . 4 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.4 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.3 | 101 |
| 1.5 | . 7 | .8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 102 |
| . 8 | . 3 | . 6 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.0 | . 5 | . 4 | . 6 | + 4 | . 5 | . 5 | 103 104 |
| 3.8 | .5 4.6 | .4 4.3 | .4 3.4 | 4.4 | .5 2.4 | .6 3.9 | 2.8 | 1.3 3.9 | 1.1 | 1. ${ }^{1} 1$ | .7 3,4 | 104 105 |
| 3.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 4.0 |  | 3.9 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 2.2 |  | 3,4 |  |
| 11.7 | 7.2 | 8.9 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 9.1 | 17.5 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 11.7 | 106-109 |
| 10.3 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 15.8 | 10.0 | 8.7 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 106 |
| 1.4 | . 8 | 2.8 | . 4 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.6 | . 9 | 1.2 |  | 1.0 |  | $107-109$ 107 |
| . 8 | . 6 | . 8 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.5 | . 7 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 5 | . 7 | : 4 | 107 <br> 108 |
| - 5 | -- | 1.8 | - 2 | - 8 | .1 | 1.0 | - 3 | -. | .4 | . 2 | 2.0 | 109 |
| 2.1 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.2 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 110 |
| 432.0 | 363.0 | 336.6 | 426.6 | 378.8 | 542.9 | 382.7 | 422.5 | 432.8 | 421.1 | 428.6 | 351.3 | 111-288 |
| . 8 | . 2 | . 9 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 3.2 | - | - | -- | .3 | . 1 | .2 | 111 |
| 431.2 | 362.8 | 335.8 | 425.1 | 377.8 | 539.7 | 382.7 | 422.5 | 432.7 | 420.8 | 428.5 | 351.1 | 112-288 |
| 44.8 | 41.1 | 49.0 | 55.2 | 50.1 | 52.0 | 40.9 | 46.0 | 48.8 | 37.0 | 44.1 | 25.4 | 112-152 |
| 12.3 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 16.5 | 14.4 | 13.3 | 11.2 | 12.5 | 14.7 | 10.0 | 12.8 | 7.0 | 112-122 |
| 2. 8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | .4 3.9 | .8 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 112 113 |
| 1.8 | . 8 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.5 | . 1 | 114 |
| . 2 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | , 1 | . 1 | -1 | - 1 | . 1 | . 2 | 115 |
| 2.1 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.2 | . 8 | 1.7 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.1 | 116 |
| .4 | - 3 | . 3 | . 5 | .4 | . 8 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 1 | 117 118 |
| 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 118 |
|  | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 120 |
| . 8 | . 8 | . 4 | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | . 7 | 1.1 | $\pm$ | 121 |
| 6.3 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 8.0 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 3.9 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 123-132 |
| 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | $\therefore$ | . 1 | -. | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |  | 125 |
| .1 | - | -. | . 1 | -. | -- | .1 | $\because$ | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | .1 | 128 |
| . 4 | . 1 | . 1 | . 6 | . 3 | 1.2 | . 1 | . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | - | 129 |
| 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.5 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.5 | . 7 | 130 |
| . 4 | . 2 | . 2 | . 8 | . 3 | . 6 | . 4 | . 2 | . 5 | 4 | . 4 | . 5 | 131 |
| . 8 | . 3 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 9 | . 8 | . 7 | 1.0 |  | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | 132 |
| 8.1 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 11.3 | 9.8 | 12.2 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 8.3 | 4.7 | 133-141 |
| 1.2 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 8 | . 5 | . 7 | . 2 | 133 |
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 134 |
|  | . 8 | . 7 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 7 | . 8 | . 5 | 136 |
| . 4 | .2 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | . 2 | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 4 | . 5 | . 3 | 136 |
| 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 137 |
| . 4 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | - 9 | . 2 | . 4 | . 3 | . 2 | $\cdot 3$ | - | 138 |
| . 5 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | - 7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | +6 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | $\stackrel{.}{9}$ | 139 140 |
| 1.2 | .7 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | . 8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.2 | - 9 | 140 |

TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


[^12]TABIE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

|  | Item | Canada ${ }^{2}$ composite | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia |  | Maritime ProvInces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Pralife Provtnces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percentage of families reporting expenditure - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Clothing - Continued: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 192-193 |  | 53.5 | 47.5 | 38.9 | 43.4 | 42.4 | 56.6 | 53.3 | 51.1 | 56.1 | 55.0 | 54.7 | 51.3 |
|  | Handbags, purses, wallets, umbrellas, belts | 40,4 | 32.8 | 28.2 | 35.3 | 32.0 | 46.3 | 37.3 | 41.0 | 4.2 .6 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 35.8 |
| 193 | Jewellery, watch and watch repairs | 35.7 | 26.6 | 25.5 | 23.5 | 24.9 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 32.3 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 36.5 | 36. 1 |
| 194-228 | Males, 4 to 15 years .......................... | 39.8 | 37.4 | 45.9 | 39.1 | 41.5 | 51.7 | 36.4 | 38.3 | 37.7 | 33.1 | 36.2 | 34.3 |
| 194-199 | Coats, jackets, sweaters $\qquad$ Winter coats: | 33.4 | 35.5 | 38.0 | 35.6 | 36,9 | 41.2 | 30.2 | 34.5 | 33.0 | 29.3 | 32.1 | 20. 1 |
| 194 |  | 6.2 | 6.218.0 | 7.68.3 |  | 6.08.6 | 15.4 | 4.910.0 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 1.7 |
| 195 | Duffle, carcoats, etc. |  |  |  | 4. 7 |  | 4.8 |  | 8.9 | 9.5 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 3.3 |
| 196 | Cloth topeoats, spring and fall .... | 2.17 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.3 | - | . 9 | . 6 | . 6 | . 8 |
| 197 | Raincoats .................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .3 | - | .1 | 2.6 |
| 198 | Sport jackets, parkas, skl suits, snow sults | $24.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.8 \\ & 22.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.4 \\ & 20.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.4 \\ & 15.5 \end{aligned}$ | 28. 2 | 22.3 | 21.7 | 29.9 | 29.2 | 23, 4 | 27.3 | 16.8 |
| 199 | Sweaters and sweater coats ....... |  |  |  |  | 19,0 | 26.1 | 14.4 | 15.0 | 17.7 | 13.3 | 15.6 | 7.0 |
| 200-205 | Suits and trousers | 38.0 | 34.3 | 43.7 | 35.2 | 38.4 | 46. 9 | 35.2 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 31.8 | 35.7 | 33.5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 201 \end{aligned}$ | Sults: <br> Wool and wool mixtures Other | 7.3 2.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.7 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { 3. } 8$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,3 \\ & 9,6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.6 \\ & 4.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22.2 \\ 2.8 \end{array}$ | 4.8 1.9 | . 9 | 3.2 1.1 | 2.4 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
|  | Dress trousers and slacks: | $\begin{array}{r} 18.8 \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21.2 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ | 21,9 | 21.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 21.6 \\ 6.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.8 \\ 3.5 \end{array}$ | 17.55.0 | 20.76.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,9 \\ 7,6 \end{array}$ |  | 20.16.7 | 13.43.6 |
| 203 | Synthetics ................ |  |  | 9.1 | 5,1 |  |  |  |  |  | 18.2 5.3 |  |  |
| 204 | Work pants, overalls, coveralls, smocks and jeans $\qquad$ | 32.5 | 34.3 | 42.3 | 30.4 | 35.9 | 29.5 | 31.6 | 37.2 | 34.5 | 30.4 | 33.7 | 32.7 |
| 205 | School and sport shorts, swim trunks, etc. $\qquad$ | 11.5. | 11.2 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 9,5 | 22.7 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 15.8 |
| 206-217 | wea! <br> Shirts: | 38.8 | 37.4 | 45.9 | 38.4 | 41.2 | 49.3 | 35.6 | 37.9 | 37.4 | 32.8 | 35.9 | 33, 5 |
|  |  | 25.613.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.8 \\ & 12.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.6 \\ & 12.2 \\ & 26,7 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 35.923.98.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.4 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 21.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 10.0 \\ & 26.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.2 \\ & 10.8 \\ & 23.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21.0 \\ 8.9 \\ 18.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24.0 \\ & 10.0 \\ & 22.3 \end{aligned}$ | 22.47.223.2 |
| 207 | Work ............... |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 23.2 \\ & 12.0 \end{aligned}$ | 22.812.226.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 208 | Sports and lelsure | 19,6 | 27, 2 |  | 24.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Work socks: Wool and wool mixture |  | 14.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 13.7 \\ 5.3 \end{array}$ | 16.0 | 14.73.9 | 20.0 | 12.05.2 | 19.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 11.2 \\ 3.7 \end{array}$ | 13.1 | 13.7 | 14.8 |
| 210 | Wool and wool mixture $\qquad$ Other $\qquad$ | 14.7 | 14.1 |  | 4. 1 |  | 2.8 |  | 5.1 |  | 4,3 | 4. 2 | 14.8 2.4 |
|  | Dress socks and anklets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.9 |
| 211 | Wool and wool mixture Synthetics $\qquad$ | 16.8 12.6 | 6.6 21.1 | 23.6 9.3 | 18.6 8.7 | 18.3 | 25.9 14.3 | 11.3 | 15.5 | 16.8 14.0 | 10.7 | 13.2 | 7.7 |
| 213 | Cotton ............................................ | 4.8 | 1.6 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 2.5 |
|  | Underwear: Shirts and sharts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27.7 | 26.5 |  |  |  |
| 214 | Shirts and shorts <br> Lifht welght combinations | 24.2 10.3 | 27.4 9.8 | 35.3 9.2 | 11.6 | 28.8 10.3 | 15.7 | 8.5 | 11.7 | 6.7 | 10.3 | 9.0 | 7.2 |
| 216 | Winter weight combinations ...... | 21.8 | 22.4 | 12.9 | 28.9 | 21.3 | 36.3 | 13.9 | 22.4 | 24.1 | 15.2 | 20.7 | 10.3 |
| 217 | Pyjamas and nightshirts ............ | 7.4 | 12.7 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 4.4 | 10.8 | 5.6 | 7. 9 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
| 218-221 | F'ootwear | 38,9 | 37.4 | 44.5 | 39.1 | 40.9 | 50.0 | 35, 3 | 37.3 | 37.5 | 32.9 | 35.9 | 33. 1 |
| 218 | Shoes, street, dress, school ....... | 35.6 | 33.9 | 40,5 | 36.9 | 37.7 | 44.1 | 33.0 | 33.8 | 34,4 | 30, 7 | 33,0 | 31.5 |
| 219 | Work boots ......................... | 14.9 | 11.2 | 8.4 | 16.7 | 12, 3 | 28,0 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 13.7 | 9.2 | 11.9 | 5.9 |
| 220 | Rubber boots, overshoes, etc. | 30.7 | 30, 4 | 37.5 | 35.3 | 35. 3 | 37.0 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 28,3 | 27.1 | 28.2 | 19.8 |
| 221 | boots, slippers etc.) | 11.6 | 11.5 | 21.7 | 6.5 | 13.5 | 7.7 | 12.4 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 11.4 | 12.5 | 14.5 |
| 222-226 | Other clothing ................................ | 35, 1 | 30, 8 | 33.5 | 33.8 | 33,1 | 45.4 | 30.7 | 35.6 | 35. 9 | 31.5 | 34.3 | 23.1 |
| 222 | Hats, caps, helmets .................... | 27.4 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 25.9 | 26.5 | 34. 3 | 20.8 | 31.8 | 30.2 | 27.1 | 29, 4 | 13.6 |
| 223 | Gloves, mitts ............................... | 28.5 | 11.2 | 18.5 | 22.7 | 18.9 | 38.3 | 25.6 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 26, 2 | 28.8 | 14.7 |
| 224 | Bathrobes, lounging robes ........... | 11.9 | 11.3 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 20, 4 | 1. 1 |  | 9.8 ${ }^{.6}$ | 6.11 |  |  |
| 225 | Ties, scarves, muffers ............ | 11.0 | 11.3 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 8,3 | 20.4 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 9.8 | 6.1 | 8.6 | 4.4 |
| 220 | Other, including handkerchieis. sport vests, etc. $\qquad$ | 7.0 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 4.0 | 12.5 | 4.1 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 4.3 | 6. 6 | 7. 8 |
| 227-228 | Accessorles .................................. | 19.7 | 14.3 | 22.0 | 16.1 | 18.1 | 26.1 | 15.6 | 17.7 | 22.2 | 18.0 | 19.8 | 17.0 |
| 227 | Wallets, belts. suspenders | 17.6 | 12.7 | 20,4 | 14.5 | 16.5 | 24.6 | 13.1 | 15.0 | 19.8 | 15.7 | 17.4 | 14.5 |
| 228 | Jewellery, including watch and watch repairs | 5.9 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.1 |
| 229-263 | Males, over 15 years | 98.7 | 100.0 | 97.7 | 100.0 | 99.1 | 98.7 | 98.2 | 99.2 | 98.3 | 99.6 | 98.0 | 87.6 |
| 229-234 | Coats, jackets, sweaters $\qquad$ Winter coats: | 72.2 | 70.6 | 62.8 | 80.6 | 71.6 | 72. 2 | 65.4 | 74.3 | 79.4 | 77.3 | 77.6 | 61.3 |
| 229 | Overcoats ................................ | 14.1 | 6,2 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 31.5 | 10.3 | 6.6 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 9.6 | 8.8 |
| 230 | Duffle, car coats, etc. ............ | 19.8 | 27,9 | 15.9 | 22.0 | 20.6 | 7.6 | 20.5 | 29.3 | 26.1 | 23, 7 | 26.0 | 10,8 |
| 231 | Cloth topcoats, spring and fall .... | 7.8 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 7.2 | 5, 1 | 17.4 | 7.1 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 8.8 |
| 232 | Raincorts ................................. | 4.4 | 8.4 | 2.2 | 4.8 | 4. 5 | 8.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 8,3 |
| 233 | Sport jackets, parkas, ski suits | 45.7 | 36.5 | 40.4 | 59.1 | 47. 4 | 35.2 | 35.4 | 53.4 | 58.5 | 57.2 | 57.0 | 43.8 19.6 |
| 234 | Sweater and sweater coatis ......... | 33.0 | 42,3 | 25.1 | 40.2 | 34.6 | 40.3 | 31.0 | 30.7 | 33,6 | 29,3 | 31.5 | 19,6 |

[^13]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada }{ }^{2} \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Pince Edward Is land | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Zuebec | Ontario | Manitobs | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, dy Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

|  | Item | Canada ${ }^{\text {: }}$ composite | Prince <br> Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percentage of families reporting expenditure - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Clothing - Continued: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 235.240 | Suits and trousers | 95.2 | 96.9 | 88.5 | 97.7 | 93.9 | 92.1 | 96.1 | 96.9 | 96.8 | 95. 4 | 96. 4 | 95.2 |
| 235 | Suits: <br> Wool and wool mixture | 25.8 | 28. 1 | 15.8 | 24.5 | 21.7 | 44.1 | 21.7 | 27.6 | 20.1 | 18.3 | 21.15 | 18. 2 |
| 238 | Other .............................e.. |  |  |  |  | 5.1 | 7.5 | 0 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |
| 237 | Synthettcs $\qquad$ | 36.6 | 24.3 | 24.0 | 48.2 | 34.1 | 31.6 | 33.5 | 40.8 | 45.5 | 37.4 | 41.7 | 34. 4 |
| 238 |  | 8.7 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 10.5 | 9.0 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 12.8 | 10.6 | 12.9 | 11.8 | 6.4 |
| 239 | Work pants, overalis, coveralis, smocks and jeans. | 91.8 | 95, 3 | 84.5 | 83.1 | 90.1 | 87.5 | 94. 1 | 84.3 | 94.1 | 93.0 | 93.8 | 83.5 |
| 240 | School and sport shorts, swim trunks, etc. | 7. 1 | 3. 3 | 7 | 8.1 | 4.3 | 8.1 | 10.3 | 5. 3 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 8. 1 | 9.1 |
| 241-252 | weas $\qquad$ <br> Shirts: | 96. 9 | 98.4 | 95. 2 | 98.3 | 97.1 | 97.0 | 95.8 | 97,7 | 97.8 | 97.7 | 97.7 | 97.6 |
| 241 |  | 57.8 | 53.1 | 43. 3 | 45.7 | 46.1 | 79.4 | 48. 2 | 60.6 | 57.3 | 54. | 56.8 | 43.3 |
| 242 | $\underset{\substack{\text { Business, dress and school .... } \\ \text { Work } \\ \text { We......................... }}}{ }$ | 74.7 | 79. 8 | 68.1 | 78.1 | 73.8 | 73.0 | 72.5 | 82.8 | 77.4 | 76.6 | 78.3 | 62.3 |
| 243 | Sports and leisure $\qquad$ Work socks: | 32.5 | 24. 4 | 30.5 | 33.2 | 30.5 | 19.0 | 37.7 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 30.0 | 35. 8 | 38. 2 |
| 244 |  | 59.7 | 39.1 | 44.8 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 44.3 | 58.7 | 70.1 | 68.6 | 72, 7 | 70.3 | 64.3 |
| 245 |  | 13.0 | 16.7 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 10.0 | 3.9 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 13.8 | 11.8 | 14. 5 | 7.6 |
| 246 | Dress socks and anklets: <br> Wool and wool mixture. | 37.8 | 18.2 | 26.9 | 37.9 | 29.8 | 54.5 | 28.3 | 34.9 | 36.2 | 38.2 | 35.9 | 45,9 |
| 247 | Synthetles .... | 24.1 | 42. 2 | 10.7 | 26.0 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 33,2 | 26.9 | 22.9 | 26.8 | 11.5 |
| 248 | Cotton Underwear: | 5.0 |  | 2.3 | 9.3 | 4.6 | 6.7 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 4.9 | 3.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 250 251 | Shirts and shorts <br> Light wetght combinatlons WInter weight combinations Pyjamas and nightsbirts | 33.8 61.9 | 38.8 63.7 | 49.3 | 74.9 | 62.8 | 75.0 | 47.2 | 66.5 | 64.7 | 65.7 | 65. 4 | 48. 0 <br> 29. 3 <br> 50.8 <br> 23.8 |
| 252 |  | 14.6 | 11.2 | 4.5 | 13.2 | 9.4 | 5.7 | 17.7 | 11.4 | 19.2 | 18.8 | 17. 4 |  |
| 253-256 | Footwear $\qquad$ <br> Shoes, street, dress, school $\qquad$ <br> Work boots <br> Rubber boots, overshoes, etc. <br> All other footwear (snow snd ski boots, slippers) $\qquad$ | 93.8 | 96.6 | 89.241.4 | 87.752.7 | 94.1 | 94.254.7 | 93.842.9 | 94. 48 | 93.051.5 | 94.952.0777 | 93.951.1 | 91.950.971. |
| 253 |  | 49.4 | 47.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 254 |  | 75.4 | 62.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 56.0 \\ 77.5 \end{array}$ | 75.6 | 65.480.2 | 77. 8 | 75.8 | 77.077.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 75.5 \\ 73.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 77.7 \\ & 77.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.6 \\ & 75.9 \end{aligned}$ | 61. 3 |
| 255 |  | 75.8 | 88.7 |  | 79.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 256 |  | 16.7 | 9.7 | 7.4 | 12.7 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 17.4 | 21.4 | 20.7 | 22.2 | 21.4 | 12.4 |
| 257-281 | Other clothing $\qquad$ <br> Hats, caps, helmets $\qquad$ <br> Gioves, milts <br> Bathrobes, lounging robes <br> Tles. scapves, muffiers $\qquad$ <br> Other, including handkerchiefs, sport vests, etc. $\qquad$ | 91.8 | 67.278.7 | 78.683.3 | 89.367.3 | 84.667.8 | 93.775.0 | 90.4 | 94.280.4 | 94.579.9 | 95.478.3 | 94.7 7 | 76.751.6 |
| 257 |  | 73.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 258 |  | 80.0 | 47.6 | 57.8 | 73.9 | 82.6 | 82.8 | 76. 6 | 88.1 | 86.1 | 67.3 | 86. 5 | 57.1 |
| 259 |  | 2.4 | 3.3 |  | 3.2 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 33.7 | 2. 2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| 260 |  | 34.4 | 17.7 | 14.4 | 27. 6 | 20.5 | 58.3 | 29.3 |  | 33.3 | 24.6 | 30.4 | 16.2 |
| 261 |  | 26. 2 | 24.0 | 12.0 | 25.0 | 19. 6 | 30.2 | 19,3 | 30.8 | 32.9 | 27.8 | 30.6 | 18.8 |
| 262-263 | Accessories | 59.640.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 58.8 \\ & 39.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40.6 \\ 23.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.6 \\ & 40.6 \end{aligned}$ | 48.633.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 65.1 \\ & 49.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.2 \\ & 33.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.0 \\ & 42.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.0 \\ & 44.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57.8 \\ & 37.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.3 \\ & 41.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.8 \\ 37.3 \end{array}$ |
| 262 | Wallets, belts, suspenders ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 263 | Jewellery, including watch and watch repalrs $\qquad$ | 39 | 36.5 | 24.9 | 25.4 | 27.3 | 39.4 | 38.0 | 43.5 | 44.7 | 40.3 | 42.9 | 38.9 |
| 264-277 | Infants' clothing........ | 27.5 | 27.9 | 22.3 | 31.2 | 27.0 | 38.7 | 21.8 | 29.2 | 27.5 | 24.0 | 26.7 | 16.2 |
| $\begin{array}{c\|} 264-274 \\ 264 \\ 285 \\ 266 \\ 267 \end{array}$ | Infants* wear $\qquad$ <br> Coats, coat sets, snow suits <br> Boots, shoes, slippers, rubbers. <br> Hoods, bonnets, mittens <br> Playsults, sun suits, overalls, <br> blouses and skirts, dresses <br> Sweaters, Jackets <br> Pants, panties, undershirts $\qquad$ <br> Dlapers and diaper Hiners $\qquad$ <br> Stockings. socks, bootees $\qquad$ <br> Sleeping garments, shawls, blankets, crib sheets <br> Layettes $\qquad$ <br> Other, bibs, rubber pants <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 27.2 \\ & 15.0 \\ & \text { 23. } 8 \\ & 11.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.9 \\ & 13.1 \\ & 24.8 \\ & 10.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22.3 \\ 7.8 \\ 18.4 \\ 4.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.5 \\ & 15.1 \\ & 27.2 \\ & 10.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 26.7 \\ 11.8 \\ 23.2 \\ 8.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38.1 \\ & 18.2 \\ & 34.8 \\ & 13.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21.5 \\ & 12.5 \\ & 18.5 \\ & 10.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.2 \\ & 16.4 \\ & 23.8 \\ & 13.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27.4 \\ & 17.4 \\ & 23.3 \\ & 14.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.8 \\ & 14.4 \\ & 21.8 \\ & 11.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 16.2 \\ & 22.8 \\ & 13.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.2 \\ 7.9 \\ 12.1 \\ 7.1 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 16.3 | 26.4 | 17.0 | 23.5 | 21.513.6 | 13.523.6 | 16.411.818 | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5^{\circ} \\ & 13.6 \end{aligned}$ | 22.9 | 19.6 | 21.7 | 12. 2 |
| 268 |  | 14.920.5 | 13. 28 | 12.3 | 14.921.4 |  |  |  |  | 14.9 | 12.5 | 13.8 | 5. 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 20.110.3 | 24.3 | 18.95.2 | 21.98.4 | 23. 6 | 18.8 | 21.6 | 13.8 |
| 270 |  | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.5 | 11.9 |  | 12.4 |  |  | 9. 1 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 4. 2 |
| 271 |  | 20.7 | 21.1 | 18. 5 | 22.7 | 20.7 | 27.0 | 15.6 | 24.6 | 22.4 | 18.6 | 21.5 | 12.6 |
| 272 |  | 12.3 | 10, 1 | 14.3 | 16.1 | 14.2 | 11.8 | 11.4 | 12.4 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 5.5 |
|  |  | 2.2 |  | 1.5 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3. 2 | 2.6 | . 8 |
| 274 |  | 12.4 | 14.8 | 9.4 | 16. 4 | 13.3 | 18. 2 | 11.7 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 9.4 | 11.3 | 6.6 |
| 275.277 | Infarts' accessofies ..................... | 16.1 | 15.0 | 13.5 | 19.3 | 18.2 | 26.2 | 10.7 | 16.5 | 16. 1 | 13.3 | 15. 2 | 7.1 |
| 275 | Baby bottles, nipples, etc.......... | 12.1 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 16.7 | 13.0 | 18.6 | 7. 1 | 13.9 | 12.8 | 11.1 | 12.4 | 4.8 |
| 278 | Baby powder, oil, etc.................. | 13.9 | 13.4 | 12.8 | 17.8 | 15.0 | 23.7 | 9.1 | 12.7 | 14.4 | 10.3 | 12. 6 | 6.3 |
| 277 | Carriage. go-cart, play pen, car seat. bassinets, etc. | 5. 3 | 4. 7 | 4.5 | 8.8 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 3.1 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 6.1 | 2.4 |
| 278-288 | Clothing materlals and services | 89.7 | 94.9 | 88.6 | 91.5 | 91.0 | 92.6 | 89.3 | 91.0 | 89.2 | 88.3 | 89.3 | 78.8 |
|  | Yard goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19.3 | 20.0 | 17.6 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 17.8 |
| 278 279 | Wool and wool mixtures $\qquad$ <br> Cotton | 22.1 51.3 | 39.4 | 44.6 | 54.2 | 47.6 | 51.3 | 48.4 | 55.8 | 56. 8 | 53.1 | 55. 3 | 34. 7 |
| 260 | Synthetics ................................. | 14.3 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 21.9 | 9.4 | 14.3 | 15.9 | 13.7 | 14.8 | 13.1 |
|  | Knitting and crocheting yarn: | 12.6 | 6, 8 | 6.8 | 8. 4 | 7.5 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 13,8 | 17,8 | 13.4 | 15.4 | 17.4 |
| 282 | Wool yam purchased.. | 33.2 | 71. 4 | 44. 2 | 58.0 | 55.0 | 36.2 | 27.8 | 32.4 | 32.5 | 28.5 | 31.1 | 26. 4 |

[^14]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Cansadas } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Prince Edward IsLand | Nova <br> Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average dollar expenditure per famly - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49.0 | 46.9 | 32.7 | 45.9 | 40.8 | 57.8 | 45.1 | 53.1 | 48.7 | 50.0 | 50.1 | 35.8 | 235-240 |
| 17.4 1.9 | 22.0 .8 | 9.0 1.5 | 15.1 3.6 | 14.0 2.2 | 30.7 3.3 | 14.3 1.3 | 18.8 2.4 | 13.6 1.1 | 12.7 2.4 | 14.4 1.8 | 9.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 235 \\ & 236 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6. } 6 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | 4.6 .7 | 3.5 1.2 | 7.5 1.4 | 5.4 1.2 | 4.7 .5 | 6.0 .8 | 7. 3 1.4 | 9.0 1.4 | 7.8 1.7 | 8.2 1.5 | 6.8 .8 | $\begin{aligned} & 237 \\ & 238 \end{aligned}$ |
| 21.4 | 18.6 | 17. 4 | 18.1 | 17.9 | 17.9 | 22.0 | 23.0 | 23.2 | 25, 0 | 23.8 | 18.6 | 239 |
| . 5 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | . 2 | . 5 | . 7 | . 2 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 240 |
| 42.9 | 36.0 | 32.1 | 40.2 | 36.2 | 44.8 | 36.3 | 45.8 | 46.3 | 50.3 | 47.6 | 41.0 | 241-252 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 7.3 \\ 9.6 \\ 3.2 \end{array}$ | 5.3 8.4 1.7 | 4. 8 8.0 2.1 | 4.7 9.2 2.3 | 4. 9 8.6 2.1 | 10.6 9.3 2.0 | 5.4 8.3 3.7 | 6.7 10.2 4.3 | 7.4 10.0 3.9 | 8.2 11.8 2.8 | 7.6 10.6 3.6 | 5.6 9.4 3.4 | 241 242 243 |
| 4.0 .6 | 2.0 .5 | 2.7 .3 | 4.0 .4 | 3.1 | 3.1 .2 | 3.7 .9 | 4.6 1.0 | 4.8 .6 | 5.2 .7 | 4.9 .7 | 4.7 .3 | $\begin{aligned} & 244 \\ & 245 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r}1.9 \\ 1.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | .7 2.0 -8 | 2.0 .6 .1 | $\begin{array}{r}1.6 \\ 1.5 \\ \hline .4\end{array}$ | 1.6 1.2 .2 | 2.7 .8 .1 | 1.3 1.0 .1 | 1.8 1.5 .1 | 1.7 1.3 .2 | 2.1 1.2 .2 | 1.8 1.3 .2 | 2.2 .5 .1 | $\begin{aligned} & 246 \\ & 247 \\ & 248 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3. 4 2. 8. 1. 1. | 3. 5 2. 7. 7 1. 1 | 3. 2. 5. - . | 2.9 2.5 9.6 1.0 | 3.2 2.4 7.8 .8 | 3. 2. 9 9.7 .4 | 3. 7 1. 5. 1.2 1. | 3.6 2.7 8.7 .8 | 3.4 3. 8. 1.9 1.6 | 3.4 3.2 10.1 1.5 | 3.4 2.8 9.3 1.4 | 3.1 2.0 7.5 1.8 | 249 250 251 252 |
| 28.5 3.2 10.9 8.3 | 23. 6. 6. ¢ 9.3 | 22.6 6.6 6.1 9.5 | 29.6 9.1 9.9 9.9 | 25.6 7.6 7.8 9.6 | 32.3 9.8 12.5 9.2 | 25.3 6.9 9.7 7.8 | 26.4 7.3 9.9 7.9 | 28.0 8.2 11.2 7.7 | 32.1 8.5 13.0 8.8 | 29.4 8.2 11.5 8.1 | 26.1 8.9 10.5 6.0 | $253-256$ 253 254 255 |
| 1. 1 | . 7 | . 3 | . 8 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | . 7 | 256 |
| 13.1 | 7.4 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 9.4 | 17.3 | 9.8 | 13.1 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 8.3 | 257-261 |
| 4.9 | 3. 2 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 6. 9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 14.6 5.2 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 2.8 | 257 |
| 5. 8 | 2. 7 | 4.0 | 5. 6 | 4.4 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 6. 4 | 6. 6 | 7.0 | 6. 7 | 4.8 | 258 |
| .2 1.4 | .5 .5 | . 6 | 1.3 1.2 | . 28 | .2 2.5 | .2 1.1 | 1.3 | .3 1.4 | .3 1.1 | 1.2 1.3 | .4 .5 | 259 260 |
| 8 | . 6 | 4 | . 8 | . 6 | 1.2 | . 5 | . 7 | 1.1 | . 8 | . 9 | . 8 | 261 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 7.4 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | 3.8 1.0 | 6.0 .7 | 5.9 1.4 | 5.5 1.1 | 8.7 1.8 | 6. ${ }^{1.2}$ | 7. 1.4 | 8.3 1.8 | 8.0 1.7 | 8.0 1.7 | 7.5 1.5 | $\begin{gathered} 262 \cdot 263 \\ 262 \end{gathered}$ |
| 5.9 | 2.8 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 6. 9 | 5.0 | 5. 7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6. 3 | 6.0 | 263 |
| 13.0 | 11.8 | 9.4 | 17. 2 | 13.1 | 14.2 | 10.0 | 14.1 | 15.8 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 7.0 | 264-277 |
| 11.2 1.8 2.3 .3 | 10.0 1.4 1.7 .2 | 7.9 1.9 1.6 .1 | 13.6 1.7 2.9 .3 | 10.6 1.3 2.2 .2 | 11.6 2.1 2.9 .4 | 9.0 1.6 1.9 .3 | 12.0 1.8 1.9 .4 | 13.9 2.1 2.4 .4 | 12.0 1.7 2.4 .3 | 12.8 1.9 2.3 .4 | $\begin{array}{r}5.9 \\ 1.8 \\ 1.2 \\ \hline .2\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 264-274 \\ 264 \\ 265 \\ 266 \end{gathered}$ |
| 2.0 1.8 1.0 .7 .7 | 2.7 1.5 1.7 .6 | 1.4 .6 .7 .6 .5 | 2.3 .9 1.2 1.0 .8 | 2.0 .7 1.0 .8 .7 | 1.0 1.0 1.0 .7 .8 | 1.8 .6 .7 .4 .5 | 2.8 .8 .2 .7 .8 | 3.0 .8 1.3 .8 .8 | $\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \\ .7 \\ 1.2 \\ 1.0 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | 2.8 .8 1.2 .8 .8 | 1.2 .4 .8 .2 .4 | $\begin{aligned} & 267 \\ & 268 \\ & 269 \\ & 270 \\ & 271 \end{aligned}$ |
| .9 .3 .4 | .7 -3 | .8 .3 .3 | 1.4 .3 .6 | 1. 11 | .8 .3 .8 | .7 .8 .4 | .7 .4 .4 | 1.1 .6 .5 | 1.0 .4 .3 | 1.0 .5 .4 | $\begin{array}{r}.4 \\ \hdashline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 272 \\ & 273 \\ & 274 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1.9 .4 .5 | 1.8 .2 .5 | 1.6 .3 .3 | 3.5 .5 .9 | 2.4 .4 .6 | 2.5 .5 .7 | 1.0 .2 .4 | 2.1 .5 .3 | 1.9 .4 .5 | 1.7 .4 .4 | 1.9 .4 .4 | 1.0 .2 .2 | $\begin{gathered} 275-277 \\ 275 \\ 276 \end{gathered}$ |
| . 9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 1.3 | . 4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 7 | 277 |
| 27.2 | 17.0 | 17.4 | 26.7 | 21.2 | 43.2 | 19.1 | 26.0 | 27.2 | 25.4 | 26. 3 | 19.4 | $278 \cdot 288$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 7.5 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | 2. 8 \% 7 | 1.5 3.8 .4 | 1.4 5.6 1.2 | 1.4 4.4 .7 | 7.5 10.0 3.0 | 2.4 5.6 1.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 8.5 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ | 2.3 8.4 1.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 7.8 \\ & 1.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 8.2 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | 1. 8 4. 1. 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 278 \\ & 279 \\ & 280 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} .6 \\ 2.9 \end{array}$ | 5. ${ }^{\frac{1}{8}}$ | 3. $\frac{2}{1}$ | 5. ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .3 \\ 4.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .6 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .5 \\ 1.8 \end{array}$ | 3. ${ }^{6}$ | 1.0 2.9 | 3.8 | 3. 9 | 2.68 | $\begin{aligned} & 281 \\ & 282 \end{aligned}$ |

TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada? } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotis | New Bruns wick | Maritime ProvInces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitaba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Praifle ProvInces | British Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Average dollar expendture per family - Continued


TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Proyince and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


[^15]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Canadaª } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Prince Edward island | Nows Scotia | New Brunswlek | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mand- } \\ \text { toba } \end{gathered}$ | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Pratrie Provinces | British Columbia | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Average dollar expenditure per family - Contlnued

| 64.9 | 69.0 | 63.4 | 61.9 | 63.8 | 64.5 | 68.8 | 62.5 | 63.3 | 61. 2 | 62.4 | 69.1 | 328-345 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.2 | 24.0 | 18.7 | 23.5 | 21.7 | 25.5 | 26.1 | 19.4 | 18.0 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 22.9 | 328-330 |
| 14.5 | 14.2 | 13.1 | 17.0 | 14.9 | 16.4 | 16.3 | 13.1 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 12.3 | 14.7 | 328 |
| 7.7 | 9.9 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 9.0 | 9.8 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 8.2 | 329 330 |
| 7. | 9.0 |  | 6.6 |  | . 1 |  | . 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42.6 | 44.9 | 44.7 | 38.3 | 42.1 | 38.9 | 42.7 | 43.1 | 45.2 | 43.4 | 44.2 | 46.2 | 331-345 |
| 6.4 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 6. 6 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 331 |
| 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 332 |
| 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 333 |
| 2.2 | .4 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 1,2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 334 |
| 2.4 | .4 | . | . .2 | 1. 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 3 | 335 |
| 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 336 |
| 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 337 |
| 4.8 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 338 |
| 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 339 |
| 4.8 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 340 |
| 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 341 |
| . 5 | -- | . 2 | . 6 | . 4 | . 7 | . 3 | . 5 | . 4 | . 5 | .5 | . 4 | 342 343 |
|  | $* 3$ 8.9 | 10.1 | $6 . \frac{1}{2}$ | 8.13 | .2 5.4 | 10.12 | 8.8 | 10.8 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 10.9 | 344 |
| 8.9 | 8.9 | 10.1 | 6.2 | 8.3 | 5.4 .1 | 10.2 .2 | 8.8 .2 | 10.8 | 9.0 .2 | 9.1 | 10.9 | 345 |
| 70.4 | 44.1 | \$1.6 | 51.2 | 50.0 | 44. 4 | 80.7 | 80.0 | 89.9 | 98.7 | 90.9 | 99.5 | 346-359 |
| 11.2 | 6.2 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 6.2 | 13.5 | 14.9 | 15.9 | 15.0 | 20.5 | 346 |
| 12.5 | 12.8 | 11.9 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 12.1 | 17.3 | 15.6 | 17.1 | 16.5 | 9.3 | 347 |
| . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 2.0 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 5 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | 348 |
| 1.8 | 1.9 | . 2 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 9 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 349 |
| 1.8 | . 7 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 3.4 | 350 |
| 5.0 | 3.2 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 8.2 | 5.0 | 8.6 | 5.5 | 351 |
| 7.0 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 352 |
| 7.4 | 2.5 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 13.3 | 10.8 | 7.5 | 353 |
| 1.7 | -- | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.7 | .7 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 354 |
| 1.6 | . 3 | . 8 | . 7 | . 6 | . 2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 355 |
| 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 356 |
| 2.8 | . 3 | 1.1 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 13.7 | 357 |
| 9.9 | - | 4.6 | 11.7 | 6.7 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 7.6 | 10.9 | 18.7 | 12.9 | 10.7 | 358 |
| 2.7 | 1.0 | . 6 | 1.0 | . 8 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 359 |
| 12.4 | 12.7 | 14.1 | 9.8 | 12.1 | 9.8 | 14.9 | 13, 0 | 10.5 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 19.2 | 360-362 |
| 7.2 | 8.9 | 10.4 | 6.5 | 8.5 | 5.9 | 10.4 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 11.1 | 360 |
| 4.4 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 6.4 | 361 |
| . 9 | . 1 | .2 | . 8 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 362 |
| 51.6 | 60.7 | 33.9 | 49.6 | 45.4 | 79. 2 | 31.0 | 31.2 | 53.4 | 52.5 | 52.7 | 43.7 | 363-366 |
| 8.6 | 7.0 | 4.8 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 11.8 | 9.7 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 11.6 | 363 |
| 3.8 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 8.5 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 364 |
| 5.1 | 5.4 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 2.9 | 4.6 .8 | 4.18 | 6.8 1.4 | 5.1.4 | 4.5 | 365 366 |
| 1.2 | 5.6 | 1.8 | . 9 | 2.1 | . 7 | - 8 | .8 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |  |
| 29.5 | 35.2 | 16.0 | 25.8 | 23.6 | 52.4 | 14.4 | 28.1 | 32.1 | 28.0 | 29,9 | 17.8 | 367 |
| 3.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 2.8 | . 8 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 388 |

TABLE 5. Detalled Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Concluded

| No. | Item | Canada ${ }^{1}$ composite | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatche wan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Percentage of families reporting expenditure - Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 369-380 | Tobacco and alcoholic beverages | 82.4 | 69.1 | 76.7 | 85.0 | 78.7 | 93.2 | 74.7 | 83.3 | 82.4 | 84.0 | 83.2 | 77.6 |
| 369 | Cigarettes: By carton | 12.6 | 3.1 | 7.8 | 9.7 | 7.7 | 16.4 | 13.5 | 7.8 | 8.7 | 15.4 | 10.8 | 16. I |
| 370 | By package | 39.5 | 46.5 | 35.3 | 37.7 | 38.4 | 46.1 | 33.3 | 40.5 | 43.0 | 38.7 | 41.0 | 30.9 |
| 371 | Clgars | 10.6 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 10.9 | 6.4 | 16.2 | 12.3 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 2.5 |
| 372 | Smoking tobacco | 42.7 | 28.8 | 40.4 | 52.6 | 43.3 | 56.4 | 33.8 | 36.8 | 41.6 | 43.4 | 41.2 | 33.4 |
| 373 | Other tobacco; chewing, snuff | 8.4 | 16.0 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 10.0 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| 374 | Smokers' supplies, e.g. pipes . | 37.9 | 28.5 | 33.3 | 48.3 | 38.6 | 49.1 | 31.0 | 32.0 | 39.9 | 35.4. | 36.7 | 36.6 |
| 375 376 | Beer: <br> Purchased from stores $\qquad$ Consumed on licensed premises $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50.6 \\ & 24.2 \end{aligned}$ | 20.2 8.0 | 28.0 2.2 | 37.0 6.0 | 30.3 4.9 | 64.4 17.1 | 43.7 15.2 | 55.7 36.4 | 50.0 33.6 | 53.8 41.9 | 52.5 37.1 | 50.7 27.4 |
| 377 | Liquor: <br> Purchased from Hquor stores | 47.0 | 21.7 | 24.1 | 34.0 | 27.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 378 | Consumed on licensed premises .......... | 3.9 | 8.0 | 24. | 2.6 | 2.6 | 7.1 | 2.3 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 5.4 2.3 | 3.1 | 56.6 8.0 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 379 \\ 380 \end{array}$ | Wine: <br> Putchased from Ilquor or wine stores Consumed on licensed premises $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20.9 \\ 1.2 \end{array}$ | 1.9 | 6.7 | 17.6 .8 | 10.3 1.5 | 31.7 2.0 | 9.4 | 24.7 1.1 | 24.4 1.1 | 27.8 1.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 25.6 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13.3 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ |
| 381-387 | Miscellaneous | 53.1 | 19.4 | 31.8 | 21.7 | 25.3 | 33.9 | 35.7 | 75.0 | 83.2 | 70.8 | 77.2 | 73.5 |
| 381 | Funeral expenses ................................. | 4.8 | - | 5.6 | 7.5 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 7.2 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 2.4 |
| 382 | Wedding expenses, not included elsewhere $\qquad$ | 7.3 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 12.7 | 7.3 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.1 |
| 383 | Legal and other non-farm fees, e.g, notary, marriage certiflcate $\qquad$ | 16.1 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 21.5 | 10.6 | 16.1 | 17.2 | 21.7 | 18.5 | 22.9 |
| 384 | Bank charges for service | 17.7 | 8.3 | 17.5 | 2.3 | 9.5 | 2.1 | 17.3 | 19.7 | 31.0 | 21.9 | 25.5 | 36.6 |
| 385 | Purchase or rent of P.O. Box | 26.2 | 1.6 | 7.5 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 53.3 | 66.2 | 45.4 | 56.3 | 40.3 |
| 386 | Money lost or stolen. | 2.1 | - | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | - |
| 387 | Other miscellaneous expense | 1.1 | 1.6 | - | 1.5 | . 9 | . 1 | . 2 | 2.8 | 3.6 | - 4 | 2.3 | - |
| 388-402 | Contributions and gifts, including homeproduced lood $\qquad$ | 97.8 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 98.7 | 97.7 | 96.9 | 99.2 | 95.0 | 97.3 | 95.2 |
| 388 | Gifts of food produced on farm ............... | 27.4 | 35.3 | 36.2 | 20.5 | 29.5 | 14.6 | 28.0 | 34.5 | 31.5 | 33.6 | 32.9 | 27.3 |
| 389-402 | Gifts excluding home-produced food ...... | 97.7 | 100.0 | 98.4 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 98.7 | 97.5 | 96.8 | 99.2 | 95.0 | 97.3 | 95.2 |
| 389 | Contributions to charitable, rellgious and educational organizations | 92.8 | 100.0 | 94.5 | 99.2 | 97.5 | 96.6 | 94.3 | 88.1 | 92.7 | 86.4 | 89.6 | 86.6 |
| 390-399 | Birthday, Christmas and other: Clothing $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 390 \\ 391 \end{array}$ | Women's and giris' <br> Men's and boys' | 4.08 38.8 | 58.3 54.2 | 55.3 46.5 | 29.9 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 44.7 35.9 | 22.0 14.6 | 57.5 52.5 | 46.8 39.8 | 46.0 40.8 | 60.7 4.7 | 51.2 | 35.8 32.2 |
| 392 | Infants' ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . . . | 27.4 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 22.3 | 26.3 | 17.1 | 59.9 | 31.1 | 40.0 30.0 | 49.9 35.2 | 43.7 32.0 | 32.2 17.4 |
| 393 | Household equipment a nd furnishings | 22.8 | 24.7 | 13.9 | 9.3 | 14.0 | 9.6 | 27.9 | 21.7 | 32.1 | 28.1 | 28.5 | 17.9 |
| 394 | Personal items, e.g. cosmetics ........ | 19.2 | 32.4 | 29.3 | 16.0 | 24.4 | 4.8 | 23.3 | 19.3 | 23.2 | 24.5 | 22.8 | 15.9 |
| 395 | Toys and sporting equlpment ........... | 25.6 | 39.0 | 25.3 | 20.2 | 25.7 | 9.9 | 26.2 | 31.3 | 31.6 | 34.5 | 32.5 | 29.0 |
| 396 | Tobacco, cigarettes, etc. | 15.4 | 13.0 | 15.2 | 10.7 | 12.9 | 9.9 | 15.7 | 16.2 | 18.7 | 21.2 | 19.0 | 8.8 |
| 397 | Food, candy, etc, (not home-produced) | 18.1 | 29.7 | 16.6 | 18.3 | 19.8 | 6.6 | 16.4 | 27.5 | 24.3 | 20.5 | 23.7 | 14.1 |
| 398 | Other gifts ....... | 18.0 | 19.2 | 20.7 | 12.5 | 17.0 | 4.1 | 21.2 | 26.7 | 26.0 | 18.5 | 23.6 | 11.4 |
| 399 | Unspecified gifts | 9.7 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 12.2 | 7.2 | 3.7 | 8.1 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 5.6 | 12.5 | 28.4 |
| 400 | Gifts of cash and securities ................... | 31.1 | 41.4 | 27.3 | 24.9 | 28.9 | 44.5 | 29.6 | 34.2 | 24.5 | 26.5 | 27.2 | 16.3 |
| 401-402 | Contributions and support of persons outside economic family. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 401 | Medical ............................................. | 2.6 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 3.15 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 |
| 402 | Other ................................................. | 2.8 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 4.2 |
| 403-404 | Life lasurance and annuity premiums ........ | 51.4 | 57.8 | 55.1 | 53.4 | 54.9 | 80.4 | 62.4 | 48.7 | 40.0 | 34.3 | 39.8 | 47.1 |
| 403 | Net premium payments for llfe insurance | 50.5 | 56.3 | 55.1 | 52.7 | 54.3 | 58.8 | 61.8 | 47.8 | 39.0 | 33.7 | 38.0 | 46.1 |
| 404 | Net premium payments for annuities | 2.6 | 1.6 | - | . 8 | . 6 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 4.2 |

[^16]TABLE 5. Detailed Average Expenditure on Farm Family Living, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Concluded

' Includes television, radio, phonagraph, etc.

TABLE 6. Averages and Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items of Farm Family Expenditure, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958


See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6. Averages and Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items of Farm Family Expenditure, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Continued


See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 6. Averages and Coefficients of Variation for Selected Items of Farm Family Expenditure, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958 - Concluded

| No. | Item | $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada }{ }^{1} \text { come } \\ \text { posite } \end{gathered}$ | Ptince <br> Edward <br> Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Susikatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25-27 | ilealth care: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting Expenditure per family | 98.6 173.7 | 98.4 170.4 | 98.4 145.7 | 97.7 203.1 | 98.1 174.1 | 97.7 177.7 | 98.5 174.0 | 100.0 168.9 | 100.0 186.3 | 98.0 162.4 | 174.3. 4 | 98.3 141.1 |
|  | Coefficlent of variation .................... \% | 2,4 | 30,0 | 12,6 | 18, 2 | 11.2 | 4,0 | 5.3 | 8. 7 | 4.6 | 6.9 | 3.6 | 18.2 |
| 25 | Prepaid health care, premiums: <br> Per cent of families reporting ...... <br> Expenditure per family <br> Coefficient of varlation $\qquad$ $\qquad$ \$ \% | 55,2 34.0 3.7 | 29.4 20.9 39.4 | 30.2 24.8 25.6 | 26,7 21,3 27.6 | 28.6 22.6 17.0 | 8.4 6.1 16.9 | 56.5 38.9 4.0 | 98.9 48,9 11.0 | 100.0 66.9 2.5 | 57.9 24.2 12.1 | 85.2 48.4 3.5 | 29.9 17.5 16.8 |
| 26 | Prepaid health care, additional payments made direct: <br> Per cent of families reporting <br> Expenditure per family $\qquad$ <br> Coefficient of variation $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{84.6}$ | 44.3 | 30.4 | 46.2 | 39.6 | 17.5 | 85. 2 | 118.9 | 119.4 | 130.5 | 123.2 | 98,3 123.6 |
|  |  | 3.6 3.6 | 37.6 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 7.1 | 9.8 | 6.4 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 19.4 |
| 27 | No plan carried, health care: <br> Per cent of families reporting <br> Expenditure per family $\qquad$ <br> Coefficlent of variation $\qquad$ \% | 35,6 55.2 4,6 | 67.5 105.2 35.8 | 68.2 90.6 14.4 | 71.0 135.5 19.5 | 69.2 111.9 12.5 | 88.1 154.1 5.2 | 40.6 49.9 11.7 | . 1.1 100.0 | - | 8.0 7.8 35.8 | 2.8 2.9 33.9 | - |
| 28 | Personal care: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of frmilies reporting <br> Expenditure per family $\qquad$ \$ <br> Coefficient of variation <br> - | 99.8 64.9 1.8 | 100.0 69.0 17.1 | 100,0 63.4 15,1 | 100.0 61.9 8.4 | 100.0 63.8 7.7 | 100.0 64.5 4.7 | 99.8 68.8 2.7 | 100.0 62.5 6.7 | 100,0 63.3 3.7 | 99.3 61.2 3.8 | 99.8 62.4 2.6 | 100.0 69.1 18.2 |
| 29 | Recrealion: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting <br> Expenditure per family $\qquad$ \$ <br> Coefficient of variation $\qquad$ \% | 93.2 70.4 3.1 | 91.9 44.1 22.1 | 86.3 51.6 17.7 | 90.3 51.2 8.7 | 89.0 50.0 8.9 | 86.4 44.4 8.3 | 95.1 60.7 5.9 | 92.6 80.0 11.4 | 97.5 89.9 5.4 | 96.6 98.7 8.3 | 96.2 90.9 4.4 | 94.0 99.5 18.0 |
| 30 | Reading: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting Expenditure per family $\qquad$ $\$$ Coefficient of variation $\qquad$ \% | 92.9 12.4 3.1 | 98.4 12.7 25.5 | 92. 6 14.1 18.2 | 95.4 9.8 10.3 | 94.9 12.1 10,4 | 94.4 9.8 5.8 | 93.0 14.9 5.8 | 95.4 13.0 10.6 | 89.6 10.5 4.8 | 91.6 12.1 8.0 | 91.5 11.6 4.3 | 93.7 19.2 24.4 |
| 31 | Education: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Education for family members living at home plus cost of school and technical books: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting ...... <br> Expenditure per family .................. \$ | 48.4 18.7 | 58.4 24.0 | 53.8 16.7 | 54.7 19.0 | 55.0 19.0 | 58.0 26.0 | 34.8 12.4 | 51.8 19.8 | 49.6 17.2 | 49.7 19.6 | 50.1 18.6 | 54.5 22.4 |
|  | Coefficient of variation ................ \% | 4.5 | 40.7 | 22.6 | 14.3 | 13.8 | 9,2 | 7. 2 | 8.9 | 10.8 | 14.3 | 7,1 | 30.9 |
| 32 | Education for family members away from home: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of familles reporting ...... <br> Expenditure per family | 7.6 29.5 | 9.8 35.2 | 4.0 16.0 | 5.3 25.8 | 5.7 23.6 | 13.0 52.4 | 4.8 14.4 | 6.6 28.1 | 8.5 32.1 | 6.5 28.0 | 7.4 29.9 | 4.9 17.8 |
|  | Coefficient of variation ............... \% | 6.8 | 60.8 | 83.2 | 54.1 | 37.2 | 10.0 | 15. 7 | 40,8 | 13.9 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 51.7 |
| 33 | Tobacco and alcoholic beverages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting Expenditure per family <br> Coefficient of variation $\qquad$ $\$$ | 82.4 103.0 3.0 | 69.1 70.7 12.8 | 76.7 83.7 17.5 | 85.0 106.9 19.3 | 78.7 90.9 11.5 | 93.2 117.9 5.7 | 74.7 93.7 7.1 | 83.3 109.3 11.8 | 82.4 10.4 5.5 | 84.0 103.0 6.3 | 83.2 104.6 4.1 | 77.6 97.9 23.8 |
| 34 | Miscellaneous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of familles reporting ..... | 53.1 | 19,4 | 31.8 | 21.7 | 25.3 | 33.9 | 35, 7 | 75.0 | 83.2 | 70, 8 | 77.2 | 73. 5 |
|  | Expenditure per family .................. \$ |  |  | 12.0 57.4 | 13.19 |  |  |  |  | 24.3 12.5 |  | 30.4 10.2 | 27.3 33.4 |
| 35 | Contributions and gifts including homeproduced food: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of families reporting ...... | 97.8 | 100.0 | 98. 4 | 100.0 | 99.4 | 98.7 | 97. 7 | 96.9 | 99.2 | 95.0 | 97.3 | 95.2 |
|  | Expenditure per family .................. \$ Coefficient of variation ................ \% | 129.8 3.2 | 166.6 36.4 | 108.1 14.5 | 137.2 14.4 | 131. 11.7 | 91.6 8.1 | 154.6 6.3 | 140.9 12.6 | 135.3 5.5 | 127.8 5,3 | 133.9 4.1 | 119.8 26.5 |
| 36 | Life insurance and annuity premiums: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Per cent of familles reporting Expenditure per family | 51.4 74.1 | 57.8 86.6 | 55.1 56.8 | 53.4 59.2 | 54.9 63.3 | 60.4 57.3 | 62.4 126.2 | 48.7 66.1 | 40.0 51.1 | 34.3 50.1 | 39.8 53.9 | 47.1 58.8 |
|  | Coefficient of variation ............... \% | 7.1 | 33.8 | 21.3 | 8.7 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 14.5 | 13,6 | 12.1 | 17.6 | 8.4 | 27.0 |

[^17]${ }^{2}$ Includes television, radio, phonograph, etc.

TABLE 7. Averages and Coefficients of Variat Ion for Estimated Rent on Owned Houses and Family Share of Depreciation Cost of Cars and Trucks, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

[^18]TABLE 8. Averages and Coefficients of Variation for Number of Persons in Farm Family and Household, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

| No. | Item | Canada ${ }^{1}$ composite | Prince <br> Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontario | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mani- } \\ & \text { toba } \end{aligned}$ | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Prairie Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of families in sample | 3,200 | 61 | 131 | 125 | 317 | 675 | 776 | 253 | 579 | 482 | 1.314 | 118 |
|  | Total persons in family in survey yeas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family ......................... No. | 4.38 | 4.25 | 4. 58 | 5.40 | 4.86 | 8. 02 | 3.86 | 3.96 | 3.93 | 3.75 | 3. 87 | 3.54 |
|  | Coefficient of variation ................... \% | 1.6 | 5.5 | 16.2 | 9.6 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 7.1 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 17.9 |
| 2 | Year-equivalent persons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family ...e.........omen........ No. | 4.32 | 4.20 | 4.50 | 5.31 | 4.78 | 5.94 | 3.82 | 3.89 | 3. 85 | 3.69 | 3. 80 | 3.52 |
|  | Coefficlent of variation ............an... \% | 1.6 | 6.0 | 16.2 | 9.5 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 18.1 |
| 3 | Adults 16 years and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family .......................... No. | 2.64 | 2.88 | 2.73 | 2.98 | 2.82 | 3.18 | 2.52 | 2. 98 | 2. 42 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.39 |
|  | Coefficlent of variation .................. \% | 1.7 | 9.6 | 14.6 | 9.3 | 7.2 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 17.8 |
| 4 | Children under 16 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family ......................... No. | 1.74 | 1.59 | 1.83 | 2. 43 | 2.03 | 2.84 | 1.34 | 1.48 | 1.50 | 1.33 | 1.44 | 1.15 |
|  | Coefficient of variation .................. \% | 2.4 | 7.0 | 20.6 | 12.2 | 9.6 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 8.8 | 5.2 | 6.3 | 3.7 | 19.4 |
| 5 | Adults 16 years and over, not at school: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family ........................ No. | 2.43 | 2. 46 | 2.55 | 2.69 | 2.59 | 2.96 | 2.35 | 2.29 | 2.22 | 2.18 | 2.22 | 2.15 |
|  | Coefficient of variation .................. \% | 1.7 | 8.9 | 14.1 | 11.1 | 7.5 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 7.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 19.1 |
| 6 | Chlidren, under 16, or 16 and over and at school: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Persons per family ........................ No. | 1.95 | 1.80 | 2.01 | 2.72 | 2.26 | 3. 05 | 1.51 | 1.67 | 1.70 | 1.58 | 1.65 | 1.40 |
|  | Coefficient of variation.................. \% | 2.2 | 4.7 | 20.6 | 11.4 | 9.3 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 17.4 |
| 7-8 | Other persons in household not in farm operator's spendlng unit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  | . 12 | . 12 | . 20 | . 16 | .17 | . 22 | . 13 | . 09 | . 07 | . 06 | . 07 | -- |
|  | Corfficient of variation .................. \% | 8.2 | 82.3 | 27.4 | 43.4 | 24.0 | 15.5 | 14.1 | 32.6 | 20.9 | 24.3 | 14.5 | 48.1 |
| 8 | Unrelated persons per femily .......... No. | . 09 | . 11 | .17 | . 08 | . 12 | . 06 | . 11 | . 06 | . 16 | -- | .10 | . 06 |
|  | Coefficient of variation ................... \% | 14.8 | 112.3 | 41.7 | 50.6 | 33.2 | 21.9 | 10.0 | 32.7 | 43.4 | 26.5 | 30.8 | 49.7 |

[^19]TABLE 9. Ownershlp of Major Household Appliances by Farm Families, by Province and Region, Canada, 1958

| Item | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canadar } \\ & \text { com- } \\ & \text { posite } \end{aligned}$ | Prince Edward Is land | Nova Scotia | New Brunswlck | Maritime Provinces | Quebec | Ontarlo | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | Pradile Provinces | British Columbia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | percentage of famllies reporting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refrigerator: |  | 55.2 | 65.7 | 55.5 | 59.5 | 60.5 | 80.9 | 77.5 | 49.9 | 44.2 | 53.7 | 65.0 |
| Gos | 1.6 |  | - | - | 59.5 |  | - | - | 3.2 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Other | 2.0 | 8.0 | - | - | 1.5 | 1.2 | . 4 | . 4 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 1.6 |
| Combination freezer and refrigerator: Electric. <br> Gas | 3.7 .2 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 2.6 | 6.5 | 5.4 .2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 .2 | 2.6 |
| Home or farm freezer: Electric. | 23.3 | 5.3 | 10.1 | 12.0 | 10.0 | 15.4 | 24.9 | 37.0 | 25.9 | 26.9 | 28.5 | 28.9 |
| Washing machine: | 78.3 | 68.0 | 81.1 | 91.4 | 82.9 | 88.5 | 87.9 | 88.3 | 63.3 | 57.5 | 66.5 | 76.6 |
|  | 9.0 | 12.3 | 8 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 22.6 | 19.0 | 16.9 | 4.8 |
| Dryer: Flectric | 3.2 | - | - | 1.1 | . 5 | . 8 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 1.8 |
| Combination washer and dryer: Electric. | . 9 | - | 1.1 | - | . 4 | 1.6 | 1.1 | - | . 3 | 1.0 | . 5 | - |
| Cooking stove: Electric | 35.0 | 3.1 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 23.0 | 65.9 | 56.1 | 24.2 | 17.6 | 28.5 | 25.5 |
|  | 9.2 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 10.7 | 1.1 | 14.2 | 19.8 | 13.4 | 9.0 |
| Other | 62.9 | 92.2 | 86.7 | 91.3 | 89.6 | 83.6 | 40.1 | 49.9 | 62.9 | 64.3 | 60.7 | 67. 1 |
| Sewing machine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric Other | 27.7 36.1 | 55.0 | 17.2 24.4 | 19.0 37.2 | 16.0 35.4 | 38.7 | 29.6 23.1 | 34.5 35.5 | 23.3 48.7 | 17.8 43.3 | 23.7 44.1 | 30.9 33.4 |
| Vacuum cleaner: Electric | 43.1 | 42.5 | 44.9 | 29.8 | 38.2 | 22.5 | 61.4 | 49.3 | 43.9 | 34.8 | 41.9 | 53.4 |
| Floor pollsher: Electric. | 18.4 | 16.8 | 15.3 | 9.6 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 26.4 | 22.4 | 16.7 | 14.5 | 17. 1 | 20.8 |
| Dish washer: Electric. | . 1 | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | - | . 1 | - | - | . 6 | . 2 | - |
| Garbage disposal unit: Electric. | . 1 | - | . 7 | - | . 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | . 8 |
| Air conditloner: Electric | . 2 | - | - | - | - | . 3 | - | . 4 | .3 | - | . 2 | 1.6 |
| Humidifler: <br> Electric. | . 2 | - | - | . 8 | . 3 | - | . 3 | - | . 6 | - | . 3 | - |
| Space heater: Electric | 3.9 | - | 3. 9 | 6.2 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 4.6 | 7.1 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 6.3 |
| Gas Other |  | 4.7 | 5. 3 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 18.4 | 30.1 | 7.4 | 17.9 | 18.0 | 15.8 | 18.7 |
| Radio: Electric | 71.5 | 66.3 | 73.5 | 83.2 | 76.2 | 83.4 | 78.6 | 82.1 | 59.4 | 51.7 | 61.5 | 57.4 |
| Other... | 12.9 | 23.4 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 7.2 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 26.5 | 32.0 | 23.7 | 20.6 |
| Television Electric | 46.3 | 47.4 | 37.0 | 37.5 | 39.2 | 59.5 | 88.3 | 35.5 | 31.7 | 20.9 | 28.8 | 34.8 |
| T.V. Ranlio phonograph combination: Electric Other | 6.1 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 8.5 | 6.9 .5 | 8.8 | 7.9 .2 | 13.5 |
| HIFi or phonograph: Electric Other | 8.4 1.1 | 4.7 | 12.0 3.2 | 11.0 | 10.2 1.3 | 9.3 1.7 | 9.7 .9 | 4.8 | 7.1 1.6 | 6.2 1.2 | 6.3 1.1 | 14.0 |
| Plano: Non-electric | 12.0 | 26.1 | 11.3 | 5.1 | 11.5 | 4.8 | 15.4 | 10.8 | 15.0 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 11.1 |
| Organ: Electric Other | 2.18 | 13.0 | 8. 5 | 7.2 | 8.8 | 1.1 | . 1 | .8 1.8 | 2.4 ${ }^{.2}$ | 1.5 | 1.8 | - |

[^20]
## APPENDIX

SCHEDULE B
FARM FAMILY LIVING EXPENDITURES
FARM INCOME AND EXPENDITURE SURVEY, 1958

| Province | Segment No. | Farm No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OFFICE USE

| Prov. | Sample | Segment | Sched. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## A. IDEMTIFICATION

1. Person in charge of holding (1.e. the person making the day-to-day decisions)
Print in Sumame or Family Name Given Names or inftials
Block
Letters Letters
R.R. Box or Street No.
Pobt office
Province

## 2. Locatlon and tenure

The first thing we would like to establish is the exact location of the land which makes up your Earm.

For all land which you operate, whether owned, rented, leased or managed, please locate separately each lot, section, quarter or other parcel, according to land description.
(NOTE TO ENUMERATOR - List on top line headquarters parcel of land)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sec. \& } \\ & \text { Qtr. } \end{aligned}$ | Twp. | R. M. | Number of Actes |  |  | Name and address of owner of rented, leased or managed land.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Owned and Operated | Rented \&LeasedfromOthers | Managed |  |
|  | Lot. | Conc. | Township |  |  |  |  |
| H.Q. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ; |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  | ; |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | - | ! |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | 01 | 02 | 03 | Total Acres Operated |

3. Number of acres of agricultural land whicb you own and rent to orhers

0 0s lacrea

## A. IDENTLFICATION - continued

4. SIze of operation

We would like to ask some questions on land use and numbers of livestock, in order that we will have an idea of the size of operation of the farm surveyed

Of the number of acres which you operated during the survey year, how many were in:

|  | acres |
| :--- | :--- |
| 01 |  |
| 02 |  |
| 03 |  |
| 04 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

a) crop (grain, hay, forage, fruit, vegetables, Eleld roots and other fleld crops) ..............................
b) improved land for pasture and grazing
c) summerfallow
d) woodland, bush lots and timber tracts
e) other land

Total (this should equal total on pege 1)
We would now like to know the numbers of your livestock. By your livestock we mean all animala belonging to you whether or not they are on your facm now, but excluding animals on your farm belonging to others.

|  | Animal |  | Number on Parm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cows and hetfers 2 years old and over ............) for milk | 05 |  |
|  | b) for beef | 06 |  |
| 8) | Yearling heifers ................................ a) for milk | 07 |  |
|  | b) for beef | 08 |  |
| h) | Steers 1 year and over | 09 |  |
| 1) | Bulls 1 year and over | 10 |  |
| 1) | Calves under one year | 11 |  |
|  | office use ............... | 12 |  |
| k) | Hogs | 13 |  |
| 1) | Sheep | 14 |  |
| m) | Hotses | 15 |  |
| n) | Chickens | 16 |  |
| a) | Turkeys | 17 |  |
| p) | Other poultry | 18 |  |

[^21]A. IDENTLPICATION - continued
5. HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

Could we please list persons who are living with you now, or who have lived here during the survey year as members of your houschold.

Could we first list those persons who were, during the burvey year, economically dependent upon the farm operator, or who pooled their incose with the operator's to meet common living expenses of them all.

| NAME | RETATLONSHIP TO OPERATOR | SEX | AGE | MARITAL <br> STATUS | PERIOD MEMBER OF ECONOMIC FAMILY | PRINCI PAL occupation in survey year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Operator |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $11 .$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The persons whon we have just isted are, for purposes of this survey, members of the operator's "economic family". This phrase "economic family" is used later in the schedule and the persons just listed are those referred to when it is used.
A. IDENTIFICATION - continued
6. HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION - (concludmi)

Could we now list those persons who are living with you now as members of the household, but who are not economically dependent on the farm operator or who do ot pool their income with the operstor's to meet common living expenses. (D0 NOT INCLUDE VISITORS OR GUESTS).


* NOTE TO ENUMERATOR - Name is not required but would be helpful - roomer, boarder. uncle, etc., is satisfectory.

The persons just listed are not members of the operator's economic family
but are members of the household
FARM FAMILY LIVING EXPENDITURE

## A. identification - continued

## 7. PARTNERSHIP

During the survey year did you operate this farm in partnership If yen,
a) how many months during the year $\qquad$
$\qquad$ 7 No
b) how many partners were there, including the operator interviewed $\qquad$
YesNo $\square$
If yes, d) for the partners who maintained s separate household, did any of them operate another farm on their own account $\qquad$ No
If no, So that we may obtain a schedule from them, could we please have their names and addreases.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(NOTE TO ENUMERATOR - Campleted schedules are to be obtained from those partnets whose names you have entered immediately above, that is partners who maintsined a separate household but did not operate another farm on their om account).
OPFICE USE - TenuTeT..0.T.MAN. $\qquad$ PART. $\square$
8. EDUCATION OF OPERATOR

We would like to know the highest level the operator of this farm reached in school and also the highest level coupleted.
EMUMERATOR NOTE: Check $(V)$ in the cable below both the highest level completed and the highest level reached.

|  | Grade School | High School | Agricultursl <br> School or <br> Diplowa Course | College or <br> University | Office <br> Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Highest level <br> completed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Highest level <br> reached |  |  |  |  |  |

A. IDENTIPICATION - concluded

## DEFINITION OF "TOTAL EXPENSE"

9. Before starting the questions on expenses, we would like to tell you exactly what we mean by the vords "total expense" which we will use time and again in this schedule.
10. Total expense INCLUDES the total cost or purchase price of items bought during the survey year whether or not they were pald for during the survey year. It excludes payments made on items that were bought prior to the survey year.
11. Totel expense covers members of your economic family only. (Enumerator must name these people to the respondent at this time). Exclude expenses of those who are not members of your economic family.
12. Total expense includes all purchases by all aembers of your economic family. Thus be sure to include expenses of a son, daughter or any member of the family on a car, movies, etc.
13. Expenditures made by any member of the family in connection with expenses of a boarder are also to be included.
14. Gifts are to be created in a special way.
a) Gifts given or exchanged within your economic family are to be entered as any other purchase.
b) Gifts to people outside your economic family are covered in a separate gift section.
In general throughout the schedule we wat the total cost of items bought by all members of your economic family during the survey year.
B. FOODS
15. FOOD PRODUCED ON YOUR FARM AND CONSUMED IN THE FARM HOME

Here we would like an estimate of the amount of home-grown foodstuffs which you have eaten. Please include stored or preserved farm foodstuffs which you ate during the survey year but exclude stored or preserved food not yet eaten. we also would like an estimate of the price per unit you would have received for such food if you had sold it rather than eaten it, ss well as the total value.

B. FOOD - continued
2. FOOD BOUGHT AND CONSUMED IN THE HOME DURING THE SURVEY YEAR

Now we would like to know your total expense for good bought and used a home during the survey year, as well as estmates of the annual expense for certain food ftems or groups of items. Perhaps it would be most convenient if we obtained expenses for the 1 tems 11 rst, then the total annual cost. If you do nor have a record of your annual expense please estimate your annual expense on the basis of typical weekly, bi-weekly, monthly, etc. food costs. Do not
include non-food items frequently bought in food stores such as soap, toilet aricles, cleaning supplies, etc. Please keep in mind that the past week is not necessarily typical. the season of the year may mean that purchases of certain foods were unusually high or low.

| Item | Ưsual <br> Expense \$ | Spectify <br> Time Period Uaed |  | Total Annual Expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. 1. Milk and cream (Eresh) |  |  | 01 |  |
| 2. Butter | , |  | 02 |  |
| 3. Eggs | , |  | 03 |  |
| 4. Meats, poultry and fish <br> - fresh and frozen .... |  |  | 04 |  |
| 5. Bread and bakery producta |  |  | 05 |  |
| 6. Flour - all sorts |  |  | 06 |  |
| 7. Sugar, syrups, molasses and honey |  |  | 07 |  |
| 8. Margarine, lard, shortening and cooking oils |  |  | 08 |  |
| 9. Beverages, tea, coffee, cocoa, soft drinks |  |  | 09 |  |
| 10. Fresh fruits and vegetables ... |  |  | 10 |  |

The list of itema we have just covered excludes a wide variety of food itema such as most canned foods and many grocery tems. Could we please now have your estimate of the:
b. TOTAL EXPENSE OF ALL FOOD BOUGHT AND Eaten at home during the survey year INCLUDING THE COST OF THOSE FOODS LISTED ABOVE.
complete records partlal records o records

B. FOOD - concluded
3. RESTAURANT MEALS AND OTHER FOOD BOUGHT AND CONSUMED AWAY FROM HONE IN SURVEY YEAR

How much do you estimate was spent in the last 12 months on food bought and esten wey from home by members of your economic fsilly normsily living at howe. exchude food expens exclude the cost of meals eaten during travel in connection uith farm or other business.
(a) Lunchea and meals
(b) Chocolete bers, other candy, ice cream, etc
(c) Soft $d r$ Inks

office use (food bought)......

office use (4a)
06No $\square$

- delry products
yesNo $\square$
(b) What are the min places in which you buy your groceries and meat


## NAME OR STORE

LOCATION
1.
$\qquad$
.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES

We are now going to ask you to recall expenses for clothing bought during che survey year. We would like these expenses separately for each individual member of your econouic family. (ENUMERATOR NOTE - if there are not sufficient colvins for all family members use extra clothing sheets provided).
WOMEN AND GIRLS 4 YEARS AND OVER

| Could we start with expenditures for clothing and accessories individually for all women and girls, 4 years old and over. (If there are no such family members, skip to C.33.) Transfer age from page 3 | Name Age | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age |  | Office Uqe <br> Total 4 to 15 inc1. |  | Office Use Total over 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITEMS READY TO HEAR | TOTAL \$ | TOTAL EXPENSE \$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { EXPENSE } \\ & \$ \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \quad \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ 1 |  | \$ |
| COATS, JACKETS, SUITS, ETC. <br> 1. Furs - costs, jackets, neck pieces, etc |  |  |  |  | 01. |  | 13 |  |
| 2. Other winter coats ... (include syntherle furs and fur trimed coats) |  |  |  | $!$ | 02 | ; | 14 |  |
| 3. Spring and fall coats |  | . |  |  | 03 |  | 15. |  |
| 4. All other casts ... (Include rafncoats). | : |  |  |  | 04 | : | 16. | ! |
| 5. Jackets, parkas, car coate, wind-breakers $\qquad$ |  |  |  | , | 05 |  | 17 | $\vdots$ |
| 6. Street and dress sults: <br> a) wool and wool mixture |  | ! |  | ! | 06 | , | 18 | ! |
| b) other ..................... |  |  |  |  | 07 |  | 19. |  |
| 7. Snow, ski and slack suite, alacks (all kinds) |  | , |  | ; | 08 | ! | 20. |  |
| 8. Sweaters and sweater coats: <br> a) wool and wool mixture. |  |  |  | , | 09 |  | 21 | - |
| b) other |  |  |  | , | 10 |  | 22 |  |
| 9. Other, specify |  |  |  |  | 11 |  | 23. |  |
| office use ( 1 - 9) ........ |  |  |  |  | 12 |  | 24 | : |

## C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

WOMEN AND GIRLS 4 YEARS AND OVER (continued)

|  | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age | Nsame <br> Age | Name <br> Age |  | Office Une <br> Total 4 to 15 1 ncl . |  | Offlce <br> Use <br> Totel <br> over <br> 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Items ready to wear | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | TOTAL EXPENSE \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENS: } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| DRESSES, SKIRTS, BLOUSES <br> 10. Blouses: a) synthetics $\qquad$ |  |  | ! |  | 01 |  | 22 |  |
| b) cotton | 1 | , | , |  | 02 |  | 23 | , |
| c) other . .......... | ! | + | ; | $\because \cdot$ | 03 | 1 | 24. |  |
| 11. Skirts: <br> e) wool and wool mixture ...... | ! | '. | ', | $\vdots$ | 04 | ! | 25. |  |
| b) cotton .......... |  | . | , | - | 05 | , | 26 | ; |
| c) other ........... |  | , | , | - 0 | 06 | ! | 27 | , |
| 12. House dresses ................. | , | , | . | - | 07 |  | 28 | - |
| 13. All other dresses: \#) cotton. |  | . | ', | $\bigcirc$ | 08 | ; | 29. |  |
| b) wool and wool mixtures. | , | i | ' |  | 09 |  | 30 |  |
|  | 1 |  | , |  | 10 | ; | 31 | ! |
| offlce use (10-13) .. |  | , | , | , | 11 | , | 32 | , |
| UNDERWTAR, NIGHTWEAR AND HOSIERY <br> 14. Nylon stockings ................ | ; | ! | $\vdots$ | i | 12 | ! | 33 | - |
| 15. Other atockings and socks of 111 kinds ........................ | ' | ! | ! | ! | 13 | $!$ | 34 | ! |
| 16. Slipe: s) synthetics ......... | , | ; | , | ! 14 | 14 | ; | 35. |  |
| b) other . | , | , | , | : | 15 |  | 36 |  |
| 17. Panties, vests, combinations, etc. | ! | ! | 1 | ! | 16 | ! | 37 | i |
| 18. Corsete, girdies, garter belts | , | 1 |  | , | 17 |  | 38. |  |
| 19. Brassieres .................... | , | , | . |  | 18 | ! | 39 | ! |
| 20. Nightgows and pyjemes ....... | , | , | ; |  | 19 |  | 40 | - |
| 21. Other |  | ; |  |  | 20 |  | 41 |  |
| office use (14-21) .. |  |  |  |  | 21 |  | 42 |  |

c. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

WOHEN AND GIRLS 4 YEARS AND OVER (concluded)

|  | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Office } \\ \text { Use } \\ \text { Total } \\ 4 \text { to } \\ 15 \\ \text { incl. } \end{array}$ |  | Office Use Total over 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITEMS READY TO WEAR | TOTAL EXPENSE \$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE }}}{\$}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| POOTWEAR <br> 22. Shoes: street, dress \& school |  |  |  |  | 01. | - | 16. |  |
| 23. Shoes for eport, casual and leisure wear (include slippers) | : |  | ! | i | 02. | i | 17 | - |
| 24. Overshoes, snow boots, ski boots, rubbers, rubber boots, etc ..... | L | ; | : | ! | 03. | ! | 18. | ! |
| office use ( $22-24$ ) .... |  |  |  |  | 04 | : | 19 | - |
| TTHER CLOTHING <br> 25. Play and sun suite, jeans, Tshirts, shorts, bathing sults and other sports clothes ..... | ! | ' | ': | ! | 05. | $i$ $\vdots$ | 20. | i |
| 26. Gloves and mitts |  | 1 | ! |  | 06. | ! | 21 |  |
| 27. Hats | i | , | , | 1 | 07. | + | 22. |  |
| 28. Scarver, mufflers, stoles | ! | ! | i | , | 08. | i | 23. | ! |
| 29. Housecoats and bathrobes | : | i | ; | ' | 09. | - | 24. | ! |
| 30. Other clothing purchases, e.g. aprons, handkerchieff, etc. .. | ! | $!$ | i | ; | 10 | ! | 25. | - |
| office use (25-30) $\ldots$. |  |  |  |  | 11 | ! | 86 | -i |
| ACCESSORIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31. Handbags, purses, wallets, umbrellas, belts | ; | ; | $!$ | ! | 12. | - ! | 2) | i |
| 32. Jewellery and costume jewellery, including watches and watch repairs | ! | ! | $\vdots$ | , | 13. | 1 <br> $\vdots$ <br> 1 | 28 | ! |
| office use (31-32) .... |  |  |  |  | 14. |  | 29. | i |
| office use ( 1 - 32) .... |  |  |  |  | 15. | 1 | 30. | 1 |

What are the main places in which you buy women's and girl's clothing Name of store $\qquad$ Location $\qquad$
$\qquad$
C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

## MEN AND BOYS 4 YRARS AND OVER


C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

MEN AND BOYS 4 YEARS AND OVER (concinued)

C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

MEN AND BOYS 4 YEARS AND OVER (concluded)

|  | Neme Age | Name <br> Age | Name <br> Age | Nime <br> Age |  | Offlce Use <br> Total <br> 4 to 15 inc: |  | Office <br> Use <br> Total <br> over <br> 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ITEMS READY TO WEAR | TOTAL EXPENSE \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \& . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { EXPENSE } \\ \$ \end{array}$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| OTHER CLOTHING <br> 52. Hats, caps, helmets |  |  | $i$ |  | 01 |  | 11 | ! |
| 53. Gloves, mitts | , |  |  |  | 02 |  | 12 |  |
| 54. Bathrobes, lounging robes ... | ! | , | , | : | 03. |  | 13 |  |
| 55. Ties, scarves, mufflers ..... | , | ! | , |  | 04 |  | 14 | - |
| 56. Other clothing purchases (include handkerchiefs, sport veste, etc.) | ! | ! | $!$ | ! | 05 | $\vdots$ | 15 | ! |
| office use (52-56) |  |  |  |  | 06 |  | 16 |  |
| ACCESSORIES <br> 57. Wellete, belts, suspenders .. | ; | ; |  |  | 07. | ; | 17 |  |
| 58. Jewellery, e.g. cufflinks, tie bars, etc. Include watches and watch repairs ... | ! | ; | ; | ! | 08. |  | 18 |  |
| office use (57-58) |  |  |  |  | 09 | - | 19 |  |
| office use (33-58) . |  |  |  |  | 10 | - | 20 |  |

What are the man places in which you buy wen's and boys' clothing Name of itore $\qquad$

Locetion $\qquad$
$\qquad$
C. CLOTHING AND ACCESSORIES - continued

CHILDREN UNDER 4 YEARS OF AGE
Here we would like total expense for clothing and accessorie for children under 4 years of age. (If there are none, skip to top of next page.)

## INFANTS' WEAR

During the survey year how much did you spend on:
59. Conts, coat sets, buntings, snow suits
60. Boots, shoes, sllppers, rubbers, overshoes
61. Hoods, bonnets, scarves, mittens
62. Play sufte, sun sults, valah sults, overalls, rompers, blouses and skirts, T-shirts, dresses
63. Sweaters, jackets
64. Pants, panties, and undershirts
65. Diapers and diaper liners
66. Stockings, socks, garters, bootees
67. Sleeping garments, robes, shawls, blankets, crib sheets
68. Layertes $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ office use (59 - 69)

## INFANTS' ACCESSORIES

70. Baby bottlea, pipples, Eterilizers, etc.
71. Baby carriage, go-cart, play pen, high chair, car sent, bsthinettes, bessinets, etc. .........................................

|  | total EXPENSE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ |
| 01 |  |
| 02 | ! |
| 03 | ; |
| 04 |  |
| 05 | , |
| 06 | , |
| 07 | , |
| 08 | 1. |
| 09 | 1 |
| 10 |  |
| 11 | ' |
| 12 | ! |
| 13 |  |
| 14 | ! |
| 15 |  |
| 16 | ! |
| 17 |  |

What ere the main places in which you buy infanta' wear. Name of store $\qquad$ Location $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
C. CWTHING AND ACCESSORIES - concluded

## PIECE GOODS, YARNS AND CLOTHING SERUICES

 survey year. Do not include yard goods bought for other than clothing, as these are asked for later in the schedule.

## CLOTHLNG MATERIALS AND SERVICES

During the survey yeer how much was spent on:
73. Yard goods: a) wool and wool mixtures
b) cotton
c) syothetics
74. Knitting and crocheting yara:
a) synthetics and cotton ....
b) wool yern purchsed
c) wool produced and used on farm, valued at farm price
\$
7. Finding: buttons, pacterns, zippers, thread, etc. charges and fur costs .............................................
17. Cleaning, storage and insurance on furs, costr, etc. .......
78. Dressmaking, tailoring, alterstions, repalis, service charges only
19. Shae repsirs, shines and shoe cleaning supplies ...............
80. Other clothing materisis and services expenses apecify items

$$
\text { office use }(73-80)
$$

$\qquad$

$$
\text { office use }(1-80)
$$

buy clothing taterials and services
What are the min places in which you buy clooning antion
$\qquad$

D. HOUSEHOLD FNRNISHINGS ARD EQULFREMT - continued

| MAJOR HOUSEHOLD ARPLIANCES - (coatioued) |
| :--- |

D. HOUSEHOLD PURNISHINGS AND BQUIPMEIT - continued

D. HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND DQUIPMENT - continued

MAOOR HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES - (concluded)


Whet are the wain places in which you buy jor household applinnces
Nase of store $\qquad$ Location $\qquad$
D. HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND BQULBYENI - continued

## cion

1. Alualnium pots, pant, coffee mers, tea kettlea etc. ........
2. Enamel, tron, steel and copper pots, pans, besins, etc. ..........
3. Kicehen crockery and glassure, inclading glass oven-ware,
(
4. Other kitchen equipment... (Include kitchen cutlery, ess beater, bread box, etc.) Specify $\qquad$
office use $(10-15)$................................ ${ }^{28}$
D. HOUSEHOLD PURNTSHIDGS AND PRUIPRENT - continued

D. HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPRENS - continued

|  |  | total expense |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | t |
| FURNITURE |  |  |  |
| 25. Living room sultes | 01 |  |  |
| 26. Dining roow suites | 02 |  |  |
| 27. Dinette, breakfast sets, a) wood | 03 |  |  |
| b) ta | 04 |  |  |
| 28. Bedroom suites | 05 |  |  |
| 29. Beds, cots, cribs, bed aprings | 06 |  |  |
| 30. Mattreanes | 07 |  |  |
| 31. Studio couches, sofe beds, etc. | 08 |  |  |
| 32. Chairs, upholstered, all types | 09 |  |  |
| 33. Porch and garden furniture | 10 |  |  |
| 34. Unfinished furniture and furniture kite | 11 |  |  |
| 35. Other furniture. ©.g., chairs, deaks, dressers, chests, vanities, buffet, kitchen cabinets, tables, bookcases, etc., specify | 12 |  |  |
| office use ( $25-35$ ) | 13 |  |  |
| FLoor coverincs |  |  |  |
| 36. Ruga and carpets, d) wool and wool mixture | 14 |  |  |
| b) cotton | 15 |  |  |
| c) other, specify | 16 |  |  |
| d) underpads | 17 |  |  |
| 37. Hardemyface type floor coverings e.g.: Linoleum, floor tile, etc. | 18 |  |  |
| office use (36-37) .. | 19 |  |  |

## D. HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND ROUIPMENT - concluded



## EPEAIRS AND CLEANING

47 Repair charges for other electricel equipment....(1ronis, tomaters, lampl, clocka, etc.
48. Repair and cleaning of ruga
49. Repair and cleaning of furateore

## office use

affice use


## E. RECREATION READING, PDUCATION CONTRIBUTIONS AND GIETS

| He would now like to ask about your family's expenses on items of entertainment and education, as well at how mach uss given as contributions and gifts. |  | Toinl Expense |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | $t$ |
| RECREATYON |  |  |  |
| During the survey year whet was the total expence for all members of your economic family on: |  |  |  |
| 1. Movies | 01 |  |  |
| 2. Adisiston to dances, concerts, faits, sports, etc. | 02 |  |  |
| 3. Prizes, decoratione and gevours for parties | 03 |  |  |
| 4. Musical instrumate including reatals, exclude purchase and repair of pianos and organs | 04 |  |  |
| 5. Records, sheet meic, album, song books | 05 |  |  |
| 6. Caseras, film and other photographic expenses | 06. |  |  |
| 7. Toys and play equipanent | 07 |  |  |
| 8. Guns and amanition, fishing tackle sad bait | 08 |  |  |
| 9. Hunting and fishing licensea | 09 |  |  |
| 10. Other sporting goods and hobby equipment, exclude boats | 10 |  |  |
| 11. Fees for sport, social, recreational and fraternal cluba and lodges | 11 |  |  |
| 12. Doge, birds and other pets = putchase, upkeep, 1icenses, etc. | 12 |  |  |
| 13. All expense holidey tours | 13 |  |  |
| 14. Other recreation expenses, exciuding clothing |  |  |  |
| Specify | 14 |  |  |
| office use ( 1 - 14) | 15 |  |  |

Allowncen you give to children may be spent largely on recreation. While we are on the aubject could we just make certain that purchases by the children with their allowances have
(ENUMERATUR NOTE: following any discusaion te the above footnote correct any sntry already made whers neceabary)

|  |  | TOTAL EXPENSE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | 1 |
| Leading and mpuchiten |  |  |  |
| 15. Newspapers, dally or weekly | 01 |  |  |
| 16. Magezines, fari papere, single copies and subecriptions Eaken out during the aurvey year | 02 |  |  |
| 17. Books (a) thool and technters | 03. |  |  |
| (b) other, Including library fees | 04 |  |  |
| 18. Educetion expenes for fanily member living at home <br> (a) tuition and feen | 05 |  |  |
| (b) supplies | 06 |  |  |
| (c) other educationsl expenses | 07 |  |  |
| 19. Education expenses for members in the aconouic fanily who live wway from while mitending achool. Whet kind of a achool van it |  |  |  |
| (a) fees | 08 |  |  |
| (b) boerd | 09 |  |  |
| (c) room | 10 |  |  |
| (d) other | 11 |  |  |
| (e) If unable to separate these expenses what was the totel | 12 |  |  |
| 20. Masic, dancing and ext lessons, etc. | 13 |  |  |
| ffice une ( 15 - 20) | 14 |  |  |

8. RECREATION, RBADING, BDUCATION, COMTRIBUTIONS AND GIFIS - concluded.


## 1. tobacco ard alcoaolic beveraces



H. HEALTH CARE EXPENSES

Do you and your famaly have any prapald medical and/or hospital plans, including health and accident Insurance.

$\square$
$\square$ (If no, skip to introduction to
question 2 at the top of tbe next page).

If yes:

1. During the survey year how much were the totel premiums due for:

H. HEALTH CARE EXPENSES - conc luded

2. houskiow opration

| Thie section deals with opersting expenses of the home. May we please have os good an entimete possible of the hourchold thare of mexpense where bill are paid for the whole farm operation. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { QUAN- } \\ & \text { TITY } \end{aligned}$ | UNIT | TOTAL $\$$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% POE } \\ \text { HOUSE- } \\ \text { HOLD USE } \end{gathered}$ |  | OFFICE USE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FUGL AND UTILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| What were the quantities used and totel expense of : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Conl (a) Bituralnous |  | tona |  |  | 01 |  |
| (b) Anthracite |  | tons |  |  | 02 |  |
| 2. Coke, briquettes |  | tons |  |  | 03. |  |
| 3. Fuel wood (s) bought...lize of cord |  | cords |  |  | 04 |  |
| (b) produced and used in the fasm home, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Kerotene |  | gale. |  |  | 05. |  |
| 5. Naphthe gap etc., for stovea and lanterne |  | gald |  |  | 06 |  |
| 6. Furnace mid Etove oil |  | $\mathrm{gal} \mathrm{m}^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 07 |  |
| 7. Sawdust, prestologs, etc. |  |  |  |  | 08 |  |
| 8. Gen (a) plped in |  |  |  |  | 09 |  |
| (b) bottled |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |
| office une ( 1 - 8) |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |
| 9. Electricity |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |
| 10. Telephone |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |
| office use (9 and 10) |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |
| 11. Ice |  |  |  |  | 15 |  |
| 12. Water charger (for household une) |  |  |  | $8 \times 8$ | 16. |  |
| office use (11 and 12) |  |  |  |  | 17. |  |
| offlce use |  |  |  |  | 18 |  |

1. HOUSEHOLD OPERATION - concluded

## HOUSEHOLD SERVICES AND SUPPLIES

Services
13. Laundry sent out including diapex service
14. Dry cleaning,dyeing and pressing clothes, hats, drapes, slipcovers, etc.
15. Wsges for household help, e.g., hired girls, babysitters housekeepers, etc
16. Rent of family food locker,... (include cutting and wrapping charges, etc.) ............................................................
17. Rent of furnishings and equipment
18. Freight, express and moving charges for household goods and equipment
19. Postage, stamps, stamped envelopes, post cards ...................
20. Telegramg, cablegrame

$$
\text { office use }(13-20)
$$

## Supplies

21. Cleaning supplies e.go, dish mops, steel wool, scouring powder and pads, floor wax, £urniture polish, ammonia, etc. ..........
22. Laundry and dishwashing soaps and detergents - bars, flakes and 1iquids ..............................................................
23. Laundry supplies e.8., bleaches, bluing, starches, etc. .......
24. Laundry equipment e.g., wash tubs, boilers, ironing boards baskets, pins, lines, etc.
25. Household wrapping and bag supplies - wax, synthetic and foil wrap, bags, cartons and cups for freezing, garbage bags, vacuun bags, paper towels, etc. .....................................................
26. Writing paper, envelopes, pens, ink, pencils, etc
27. Christmas, birthday and other graeting cards
28. Seeds, fertilizer, plants, bulbs, nursery stock, etc., for improvements arou
29. Matches, candles, lamps, lamp chimneys, flashlight batteries, etc.


| total expense |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | E |
| 01 |  |  |
| 02 |  |  |
| 03 |  |  |
| 04 |  |  |
| 05 |  |  |
| 06 |  |  |
| 07 |  |  |
| 08 |  |  |
| 09 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |

J. HOUSIMG RXPENSES

## Occupied Duellings

## FOR TRE ENDMERATOR

The house in which the operator and his family liven is, check ( $\mathfrak{n}$ ) which: (ask if you do not know)
oz
$\qquad$
ouned
or or rented
$\qquad$
From the above information claselfy the house in which the operator lives into aNE of the four following cetegorses. Check $(v)$ in the eppropriate boxand ask only the questions indicated by number beside the box checked.
A. Lives in OWNED home on the farm operacedask questions 1, 2 and 3.
B. Livee in RENTED howe ow the farm operated
C. Iivee in ouned home off the farm operated
D. Lives in RENTED bome orf the farm operated $\square$ sk questions 4 and 5 . ank question 9.
A. QuNS house located on the farm operated

1. a) During the survey year what were the property taxes, including school taxes and special asassments levied on your entire fara (exclude b) Could yo b) Could you give us an estimate of the amount of these caxes which relaces to the house
2. a) What were the mortgage interest charges on your faril for the survay year* ........................... b) Could you give us an estimate of the amount or proportion of intarest whec relates to the house note to enumatator - whether 2 a) answered or not 3. What is your estimete of the rental value of your farm house ......................................................
office use


- RENTS house locaited gn the farm operated

4. Daring ebe survey year what was the cocal rent dua a) cash
5. What is your eatimete of tha rent
b) cash
office use
 $\square$
J. HOUSING EXPENSES - continued
c. ONS HOUSE LOCATED OPF THE PARM OPERATED
6. During the survey year what were the total property taxes, including school taxes and special as sesaments levied on your house (exclude arrears)
7. What was the mortgage interest on your house for the survey yeart .................................................
8. What is your estimete of the rentil value of your house
office use

D. RENTS HOUSE LOCATED OFE THE FARM OPERATED
9. Doring the survey year, how much rent was due on your house .................................................


## HOUSE CHAPACTERISTICS

For the house in which you live
a) how raty room in your house (exclude bethroom) ............................

c) what is the approximate age of the houne
07) yeare

1) electricity
2) rumning water under pressure
3) bathroom (not chemicsl tollet)
4) central heating (furnace) .. office use
J. hOUSTMG EXPRNSES - Continued.

OTHER HOUSTNG AND LEGAL CTARGES

1. During the survey yese what vere your expense for hotels, motels, etc. for members of the fonily while away from home for other than educational purposes, excluding cost of meels
2. Other whelter costs of the fanly, including house tradlers. Specify .............................
3. Lepal and settlement charges in connection with purchase, sale or refinancing of the duelling or entire farm during murvey year

$$
\text { office use }(1-3) \text {................... }
$$

| TOTAL <br> EXPRNSE <br> $s$ | \% FOR EARM <br> BUSINESS | OFFICE <br> USE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 01 |  |
|  |  | 02 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 03 |  |
|  |  | 04 |  |

(EMnARATOR NOTE: do not forget $\%$ for farm business.)

## REAL ESTATE PURCPASES

1. Did you, during the aurvey year, buy the farm
$\square$
If yes
a) whet wat the totel cont including and, house and other bulldings
b) whet uss totel acrenge bought
c) what is your eatiate of the value of the ferm house
d) What 18 your estimate of the value of the other farm buildinga
2. If living in home wey from the farm which you operate, did you buy this home during the survey year.
Yes
$\square$
$\square$

If yes, what wes the totel purchese price of this of $\mathrm{f}-\mathrm{fer}$ home. ...........................

|  |  | OFFICE <br> USE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 05 |  |
|  | 06 |  |
|  | 07 |  |
|  | 08 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

3. housing Expenses - Continued.

## HOME CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

We would now like to ask questions concerning contruction and repalr expenses on


* For houne completed ready for occupancy, "totel cost" hould be total purchane price, or totel cost if built by the operetor, and not just expenses incurred during the eurvey year.


## J. HOUSING EXPENSES - Concluded

hore construction, maintenance and repairs
Excluding materinls and labour uned in the construction of a new house, an well as those purchased by contractors and sub-contractors whom you hired, for all of the slterations, addition, remodeliing, repairs and maintenance uhich you have just mentioned, what were your total expenses for:

|  |  |  | Totel <br> Expense <br> \$ |  |  |  | Total <br> Expense <br> \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NEW AND USED MATERIALS PURCHASED |  |  |  | Plumbing fixtures Including septic tanks. | 22 |  |
| (1) | Naile, ecrewe, bolts, etc. | 01 |  | (20) | Furnace and fumace pipe .. | 23 |  |
| (2) | Paint | 02 |  | (21) | Well paper | 24 |  |
| (3) | Cement and hydrated 1 ime | 03 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) | Masonry blocke | 04 |  | (22) | Kardware . . . . . . . . . . . ...... | 25 |  |
| (5) | Sand, gravel and crushed atone | 05 |  | (23) | Electricsil wire, plugs, switches, etc. ......... | 26 |  |
| (6) | Bricks | 06 |  | (24) | Screent | 27 |  |
| (7) | Galvenized or aluminum roofing | 07 |  | (25) | Other building materiala (1nclude ewvestrough, iron rallingn) ....................... | 28 |  |
| (8) | Asphalt ehingles, toll roofing, etc. | 08 |  |  | office use (Al-25) | 29 |  |
| (9) | Building paper | 09 |  | B. | payments to hired labdra |  |  |
| (10) | wood shingler ....... | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (11) | Plaster base wallboard and insulating board | 11. |  | (1) | Corpenter | $\frac{30}{31}$ | , |
| (12) | Plywood and hardboard | 12 |  | (3) | Brickiayer | 32 |  |
| (13) | Rough and framing lumber | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| (14) | Drenned lumber | 14 | , | (4) | slectrician | 33 |  |
| (15) | Plooring a) hardwood. | 15 |  | (5) | Puinter | 34 |  |
|  | b) softwood | 16 |  | (6) | Plastere | 35 |  |
| (16) | Hendows | 17 |  | (7) | Labourer (unakilled) | 36 |  |
| (17) | Doors | 18 |  | (8) | Other specify | 37 |  |
| (18) | Pipe, s) copper | 19 | , |  | Office use ( $\mathrm{Bl}^{\text {l-8) }}$ | 38 |  |
|  | b) galvanized | 20 |  |  | office use ( $(\mathrm{A})+(\mathrm{B})$ ) | 39. |  |
|  | c) plastic | 21 |  |  | offlce use | 40 |  |

## R. tennsportation and travel


E. thansportation and trangl - continued

R. TRANSPORTATION AND TRANEL - coneinued

AUTOMOBTLS AND TRUCK OPREATION - TOTAR EXPEMSE


## K. TRAHSPORTATION AND TRAVEL = concluded

| Durlng the eurvey year whit were your expenses for other travel and traneportation for family living* not ariaing from the operetion of your farm or any other business. |  | Total <br> Expense \$ | * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOCAL TRAVEL |  |  |  |
| 22. City bus and etreet cos fares | 01 |  |  |
| 23. Taxi faref, including eips | 02 | I |  |
| -ffice une (22-23) | 03 |  |  |
| OTHRE TRAVEL |  |  |  |
| 24. Highway but fares | 04 |  |  |
| 25. Rewlroad fares, including sleeper | 05 |  |  |
| 26. Air eravel faren | 06 |  |  |
| 27. Other, eprecify | 07 |  |  |
| office une (25-37) | 08 |  |  |
| MISCELLANBOUS TRANSPORTATION EXPRESES |  |  |  |
| 28. Purchnse cont of motorcycles, bicycles find triflera, other than house trallers | 09 |  |  |
| 29. Operating cost of motorcyeles, blcycles and traller | 10 |  |  |
| 30. Cost of boats and outbosed motors | 11 |  |  |
| 31. Operasing cont of boats end outbourd motors | 12 |  |  |
| 32. Rent of car, including cost of ges and ofl, if any | 13 |  |  |
| 33. Other transportation coste, apecify | 14 |  |  |
| office use (28-33) | 15 |  |  |
| office use (22-33) | 16 |  |  |

- Pamily living refers to travel for shopping, vielting, church, chool, clubs, recreation and plessure trips, vacations, etc. And


## L. IRSURANCE (LIFE AND OTHER) AND ANNUITIES

Here ve would like premium ectusily poid during the survey year for insurance you carry.

During the survey yemr what were:

1. Premium payments for life insurance including endowment sud/or penition type life ineurance policies (less annua dividends)
2. Premium payments on ennuities (less nnnual dividends) ...
office use ....................................
3. Fremilum paymenta for insurance on house furnishinga (flre, theft, water damage, etc.)
4. Premium payment for fire inaurance on
a) house
b) sll buildings if payment on house not know separately
5. Premilum payment for other inarance (11abllity etc.) on
$\qquad$
b) 11 butldings if not known for house
office use
anderator note: If a comprehensive policy (that is apolicy ith one premium covering a number of different forms of applicable - sak question 6 and check in table below type of protection carried.
6. Premium paymenta for an all-inclunive or comprehensive policy


## M. MISCELLANBOUS

We would like to pick up any wiscellaneous farm fanily
living expenses not already mentioned. During the
survey year what were your:

1. Funeral expense
2. Hedring expenses not slreedy included elsewhere ..........
3. Legal and other feen not for farm business, e.g. notary fees, martiage and birth certificates, ullle, unton and professtonel feen ....................
4. Bank charges for service, not for farm buefiness, including safety depoif boxes
5. Purchase or rent of post office box
6. Money lost or etolen
$\qquad$
7. Other miscellaneous expenses; apecify $\qquad$
office use

|  | TOTAL EXPENSE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | § |  |
| 01 |  |  |
| 02 |  |  |
| 03 |  |  |
| 04 |  |  |
| 05 |  |  |
| 06 |  |  |
| 07 |  |  |
| 08 |  |  |

N. CREDIT

In addition to expenditure data we need some information on amounts owed to people outside your economic family, to provide a picture of the financial position of conadian farm families. We are interested in obtaining information on your debts for femily living but not debts in comnection with the fanm or other businesses.

For seversl types of credit we would like you to indicete the dollar range into hich the debts for you and ocher family members fall at the present time.
(ENURERATOR NOTE: please show the reapondent thito page)

Total amsunt of credit of 311 kinds , outetending with
zero $\square$
$\$ 250$ or less $\square$
$\$ 251$ to \$500 $\qquad$ $\$ 751$ to $\$ 1000$

## 2. Loans from benks

zero $\square$
$\$ 251$ to $\$ 500$ $\qquad$ $\$ 751$ to $\$ 1000$ $\$ 1000$ or more $\square$
3. Other loans, from individuals, eredit unions, insurance coapanies and othere

office use ( $1-3$ ) $\qquad$ 1 4. What is the outatanding blunce owing on your cer \$ $\qquad$ 05


## DRPINITION OF TNCOAE

Before atarting the questions on income，we would like to explain what we mean by the words＂TOTAL VALUE Or SALES＂

1．The TOTAL VALUE OP SALES is the cotal return or income you realized on product sold during the eurvey year，whether or not the money was recelved during the survey yeer．Totel value include the landlord＇s share of the crop or livestock sold．It excluden money received for product that were sold before the etart of the aurvey year．

2．WBSTRRN CANADA－For crope delivered during the survey year to the Canadian Whear Board，for which only an initial price is rectived， should be valued at the initial price．Interim and final payment recolved durlng the survey year，on crope dellvered earlier，are asked for eeparately and are included as income for the survey year． Crope atill on your farm at the end of the survey year againet which you have received a cash advance，should be counted as sold for the eurvey year and valued at the cash－advance price．

3．Income from sources other then the sale of farm products is the totel money recelved during the survey year，before deduction of income tax，unemployment insurance fees，peraion contributions，etc． If such deductions have been made at the source，these should be added to the money recelpte．
o．nncome
We would now like to ak about the income you received from the sale of farm products during the survey yoar．
EnMERATOR NOTE：－re partnetship．Where you are interviewing a partner ask： What is the income sharing arrangement between partuers

Where a partnership existe＂income recelved＂may be reported for a）total income or b）this partnert shaie of income．．．．whichever ts easier for the respondent to provide． The amounts reported in the＂Income Received＂column are（check（ $A$ ）which）
a）Total income
INCOTE RECEIVED FROM THE SALE OF FIELD CROPS

| During the survey yesr whet was the income received from the sale of： |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { Rece1ved } \\ & \$ \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Office } \\ & \text { Use } \end{aligned}$ |  | Office Use |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Office } \\ & \text { Use } \end{aligned}$ |  | Office Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1，Whett＊． | 01 |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2．Participation payments on whear＊．． | 02. |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| office use（ $1-2$ ）．．．．． | 03. |  | 23 |  | 41 |  | 46 |  | 51 |  |
| 3．Oste，berley，corn，rye＊．．．．．．．．．．． | 04 |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4．Participation payments on oats and berley＊。 | 05 |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5．Ofl seeds－flex，sunflower， mastard，rape，soybean ．．． | 06 |  | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6．Pulses，e．g．peas，bearte．．．．．．．．． | 07 |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7．Other grain（exclude forsge crops for hay and seed）．．．．．．．．．． | 08 |  | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| office use（3－7）．．．．．．． | 09 |  | 29. |  | 42 |  | 47 |  | 52 |  |
| 8．Potstces ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10 |  | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9．Tobacco ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 11. |  | 31 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10．Sugar beets | 12 |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11．Forsse crops for hey and seed．．．． | 13. |  | 33. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12．Other Eleld cropa，specify | 14 |  | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| office use（8－12）．．．．．．．． | 15. |  | 35. |  | 43 |  | 48 |  | 53 |  |
| 13．Vegetabies（exclude potatoes）．．．． | 16 |  | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14．Tree fruite | 17 |  | 37. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15．Small fruits | 18 |  | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| office use（13－15）．．．．．．． | 19 |  | 39 |  | 44 |  | 49 |  | 54 |  |
| office use（1－15） | 20 |  | 40 |  | 45 |  | so |  | 55. |  |

＊Por Preirie Provinces only．
incose recelved from sale of wheat，oats and barley is to be priced at iaitial payment price．Participation payments are interim and fiam payments．

- thecore continued

Could you please tell us if stocks on hand now set higher or lower than one year ago for the following crops:

|  | Check <br> itema <br> where <br> tock: <br> higher <br> or <br> lover | for checked iteme only QUARTITY |  | office Use | office Use | Office Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity Unit | one year aco Ousatity \& Unit |  |  |  |
| Whent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onte |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bax ley |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| corn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pean |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Potatoes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobacco |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugarbeers |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Are there my other cropa where tocks on hand now se higher or lower than one year ago. If so what they

| List item | Quantity |  | office Use | office Use | Office Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { now } \\ \text { quentity Unit } \end{gathered}$ | one year aco Ouantity \& Unit |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

0. INcore - continued

INCOHE RECETVED FROM THE SALE OF ANTMAL PRODUCTS

0. IHCORE - continued

Gould you plesse tell uil if numbers of animals on hand now are higher or lower than one year ago for the following:


Could you please tell ua if there are any other iteme where stocks on hand now are higher or lower than one year ago.

0. INCOE - continued

We now would like to know what other income you recelved during the survey year, and the income of other members of your economic family from employment on other than the operator's farm.


* For self employant ve vould like net income (grose recelpte winut opernting expentes) from bustnese or profession in which the perion is employed on his own account with or without peid employees.
Include here net income from custom work, e.g. trucking, combining, plowing, biling, etc. end net incone from reasle of non-farm producti, e.B. prepared feeds, chemical fertilizera perticides, etc., and net income from the operation of a farm by other members of the economic family and net income from the operation of another farm by the operator.


## o. INCORE - concluded

During the survey year how much income was received from:
*) O1d sge pentions
b) Pamily allowance
c) Grose incore from roomers and boarders
d) Other income from government sources, e.g. veterens' pentions, disability allowences, unemployment insurance, welfare paymenta, workan's compensetions. Exclude P.F.A.A.
payments ................................................
e) Other pensions and ennuitites
£) Net rent from

1) farm land
2) buildinge
3) mechinery
4) non-fare property
g) Interest on stocks and bonds
h) Interest from mortgeges, other lows end saving:
5) 011 rights, royalities, patronsge,dividendu
6) Other money receipte, e.g.i. Inheritances 1 mmp um eetrlement of life or property insurance, income tax refunds, etc.......
office une ( $\mathbf{a}-1$ ) ...............
office une ........................


Casiv recervert from the scle of asset consumes gnors e. g. furnishing. cluthing etc.) of ei than appliances autos and trucks lor all ramily members. Specily $\qquad$
$\square$
$\square$



1010022155


[^0]:    1 The 1961 Census definition is more restrictive in that farm is defined as an agricultural holding of one acre or more with sales of agricultural products during the past twelve months of $\$ 50$ or more.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ See Census of Agriculture, 1956, 3uebec, 5ull. 2-5, DBS page xii.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Basis assumed average of 7.5 farms per semment.
    ${ }^{2}$ Effective number of eligible families was 3,429 . (See Table 2).

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ See Table 5 for content of consumption groups.

[^4]:    4 See Table 5 for content of consumption groups.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding Newfoundiand, Yukon and Northwest Territories.
    352 weeks of famlly membership is considered the equivalent of one person for the survey period.
    *Includes television, iadto, phonograph, etc.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Farm averages for food, fuel, clothing and gifts contain estimates of home-produced food ( $\$ 335.0$ ), fuel ( $\$ 71.0$ ), wool ( $\$ 0.6$ ) and gifts ( $\$ 6.2$ ).
    a Housing includes only out-of-pocket expenses. See Table 7 for estimated rent on owned houses

    - Urban total differs from that published in U'rban Family Expenditure 1959 (Catatogue No. 62-521) because of exclusion of items not covered in the farm survey, viz, personal tazes, unemployment insurance and mutual aid payments, and payments toretirement or pension funds, amountlig to $\$ 460$ per family.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Farm averages for food, fuel, clothing and gifts contain estimates of home-produced food (\$349.5), fuel (\$127.1), wool (\$1.0) and gifts (\$5.2).
    ${ }_{2}^{2}$ Housing includes only out-of-pocket expenses. See Table 7 for estimated rent on owned houses.
    ${ }^{2}$ Urban total difters from that published in U + ban Family Expenditure 1959 (Catalogue No. $62-521$ ) because of exclusion of items not covered in the farm survey, viz, personal taxes, unemployment insurance and mufutal a id payments, and payments to retirement of penston funds, amounting to $\$ 353$ per family.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Fram averges for food, fuel, clothing and gifts contain estimates of home-produced food (\$389.4), fuel (\$117.9), wool (\$3.2) and gifts (\$2.9),
    ${ }^{2}$ Housing Includes only out-of-pochet expenses. See Table 7 for estimated rent on owned houses.

    - Uphan total differs from that published In Urban Family Expenditure 1959 (Catalogue No. 62-521) because of exclusion of items not covered in the farm sutvey. viz, personal taxes, unemployment insurance and mutual aid payments, and payments to retirement or pension funds, amounting to $\$ 394$ per family.

[^9]:    Farm average for tood, fuel, clothlng and gits contain estimates of home-produced food ( $\$ 229.5$ ), fuel ( $\$ 40.7$ ), wool ( $\$ 0.2$ ), and gifts ( $\$ 6.8$ ).
    1 Housing includes only out-of-pocket expenses, See Table 7 for estimated rent on owned houses.
    3 Urban total differs from that published In Urban Family Expenditure 1959 (Catalogue No. 62-521) because of exclusion of items not covered in the farm survey, viz, personal taxes, unemployment insurance and mutual ald payments. and payments to retirement or pension funds amounting to $\$ 470$ per family.

[^10]:    See footnotes at ead of table.

[^11]:    See footnotes at end of table.

[^12]:    See footnote at end of table.

[^13]:    See footnote at end of table.

[^14]:    See footnote at ond of table.

[^15]:    See footnote at end of table.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding Newfoundland, Yukon and Northwest Territories.
    Excluding food eaten by family members while away at school and meals eaten by family members whille away on farm or other business.

[^17]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding Newfoundland, Yukon and Northwest Territories.

[^18]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excluding Newfoundiand, Yukon and Northwest Territories.

[^19]:    ${ }^{2}$ Excluding Newfoundland, Yukon and Northwest Territorles.

[^20]:    ${ }^{*}$ Excluding Newfoundland, Yukon and Northwest Territories.

[^21]:    * Name and address is requested to avoid duplication of rented land

